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## A TRUE AND DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE NEW ELDORADO. How to go, When to go, and What to do when you get there.

## THE AUTHOR'S CREDENTIALS.

(Special to the Chrietimas Rond.)
[In spite of the " hideous horrors" so graphically depicted by hysterical newspaper corresponcisate, in spite of the undoubted distrese sind diseppointment encountered by too hasty and insufficir nily equipped pioneers, in spite of everything and everybody. there will be a huge ruels to Klondike next spring! You may argue, you suay denounce, you may implone, but you cannol atop. it .That "Ruah" is going to take place, and it in no good shutting our oyes to the fact. There ia a good old English axiom which says, "What can't be cured must be endrred," and aoling apon it, I want to help those of my male readers who have Klondike before their eyes as a pleasant place to visit; to be wise in time-since they will go there-and to avail themselves of the opportanity which presents itself of finding out about this marvellous place all that is to be known.: In the valuable contribution whioh it is my pride and privilege to print helow you will fnd nothing exaggerater, aothing attenaated, nothing concialcd. Sach as the New Eldorado is, you will find it described, both by pen and pencil. There has heen no inducement to depiot things 1 siter then they are, nor worwe than they are. The most complete care has been observed in describing the country as it is, and not even as it may be-for that would be to travel into the regione of ancertainty with, which this article has nothing in common. Facts are our foundations, actual experience our support, and elear, common practical sense our inspiration. With this, my remmmendation, I leave my Contributor to wia 'is own way to your estimation, dear Reader, as he has made his way into the regione whither be would conduct you. Yoa n cely upon him implioitly, and need have no hesitation in following bim, if need be to the limits of the Arctio Circle itself -Turi Enron.]

## CHAPTER I.

## The Insvitable Introduotion.

 HE innumeraile barefaced lies and criminal deceptions which have already heen perpetrated in oonneotion with the Klondike Goldfilds, the many gross exaggerations as to their richnese on the one part, and the ignorant condemnetion of the fielde as a "frand" on the other, heve left the puiblio in a state of utter bewilderment. They knew not whet to believe ner what to die oredit; for, as has been only too truly observed, there has been s nefarious conspiracy between the Prees, promoters, and the American ateamship companies to pueh the boom regardless of consequences; while-although net publicly atated-I, nevertheless, unhesitatingly affirm that the true condition of affairs as regards the amount of gold found and sinippid has been wilfully mis-rtited by the Dominion Government for aufliciently obvions mis-minte
reasona.

As I write. constant news comes to hand of the tarrible trials and sufferings endured by the rash foole who persiatently ignored the only really good piece of advice, given from all aides ignored the only realy good piece of advice, given from alinaides alike not to start for the Klondike Region before the apring had
commenced. To-day their bones mark the rondway which will commenced. To-day their bones mark the romway which will
be trodden by nthers when the ice-bound Skagway ia released from the grip of winter. The thousands of men and animala who were caughtias trap hetween the sea and the summit of the Pama, $s$ diatance of but eighteen niles, miust remain-with auch of them as survive the awtul four monthe yet befory them-whers thoy are. Never are the eurvivors likely to forget the horrors of their situation, the impasseble boulders, the deadlv bog-holes, nor the alldeatroying terreats. Whatever amount of gold they eventually become poessessed of can never compensate them for a tiths of $\mathrm{F}^{2}$ at they will have endured this awful winter. Fancy the kind of Chriatmas that they will apend, blocked up inextricably in their ioy prison, atarving, fighting for dear life, cursing, and some eventually dying from crushed spirits or the lack of anmmal suatenance! Madmen as they are, let us pity them!

## An Invitation.

It la not with theee unfortunates, howevor deeply we may deplore their fatuity, that. we, gentle reador, need concern ourpilven. Our more pleasant, more profitable, object la to prepare for our vinit to the Eldorad of the North with the advent of spring. Out preparations wa will make quietly, unostentatioualy, 'yet thoroughly, taking plents of time and plenty of trouble belore our departute, forgetting nothing, omitting nothing, and profiting by the and but unoful axperienoe of others-disaitrous perhapa to them, hut of Incaleulablu value to us. Truat yourselves to my guidance and I will pull you through, no matter whether you proceed thither for businem or for pleasure, or for both. I know "the ropes," for I have been thero before. I am no noviee at the game of "explosition," nor need you fear your cwn inezperience If you have enflicient conflence in me, I will tell you how to get there by the quickeat, the most frequanted, and the leant trying route. I will arivieo you whon to start, what to take with you, and what to leave whon to start, What to tare with you, and what to leave claima when jou get there. If you Intend to go for the mose fun " of the thing I will ohampion your intoreete, and point out where the mcet "fun" in to be got; if you proced on serious businees, let the task be mine to pilot ron through the meehes of the "tough" and the "hustler," two genita of the American with whom you cannot have too little to do; If aport and pastime be your object, atill will I help you to attain It with a little trouble and es ilttle expense as possibla. The Fditor of The Road has entrusted you into my koeping. Say, will you come with me and see what I neo, do what $J$ do, and avoid what I condemn? "Yes"? Goon! Then off we go to Klondike

Without further prefsce, let me now torn to varticulars. And first it may be as well to say something sbout The situation of tha Now Eidorado
which, in apite of all that has been written on the suhject of late, remains to many slmost as vague to wan that in the original Bldorado to the old Spaninh adventurers.
It lies, then, in the extreme North-Weat of North America olone to th from the drearieat part of the Russian Finpire by Behring Straits. Of the distriet no thoroughly liable masp la jet in existenos, bocause until quith recently it was nor thought probable, or even posesible, that any pane person would ever want to go thero. Even of Alake, whinh wes sold by Rumeia to: the Onited States a long ago se 1867, there is, according to : well known travelier, "not a map that is worth the ink with which it in in with which it in printed": sud the begun some three or four years ago with the objeot of remedying this defect in atill far from. completion. rom. completion.


However, quita "this moad to niches."-(1) joneat. (2) priparna fon thin winter taip. sufficient in known both of Alaske and Klondike to establish the fact that the goldfields are

## Indloputably Aritlah Torritory.

As the auriferous region, so far as it has been prospeoted and developed, in well to the eest of the 141 st meridinu, which forme the boundary line between Alaake and the Dominion of Cannda, it le of course within the jurisdiction of the Ottaws Government, and consequently a part of that Empire on which the sun never sota; though it must be confewsed that he doet remarkably itttle of his shining on this particular frection of lt. A long and Arotic winter, a short and riny summer, make up Klondite's vear. Nothing but the prowpoot of gel 1 illimitable, or, to turn the eagles be gathered together. with the poet,
the phrase Into the familiar Johnsonese, "a potentiality of riches beyond the dreams of ararice," could tempt men to a apot eo sterile and uninviting. But wheresoevor the onrcane is there whall

No douht if is easy to maralise on the folly of this reoklens purnuit of riches $;$ to wonder that mon ahould ruah so lightly on Danglas, Euffaringe, and Privationa
for the make of a little filthy lucre; to rount the advantagen of hones toil and the blesslngs of humble contentament; to say
and 10 quote from than the. fable sbout the dog that dropped the aubrisuce for tho shedow. But all the moralining in the world will not alter tho fact that mon, when golden viaions are

dangled before their eyes, are not to be kept back by tho mont circumstantial sccounta of the terrors of the wilderness that stretcheo between them and the Promised Iand. The socounts may be trie sonough, but they never happen to epply to the individual who reade them. Beok adrenturer seta forth with tho calm camviotion that, whoever elee may fail or fall by the way, he in dentined to. be among the fortunate; jurt as overy ooldier marches into battle conflent thet, whetever may heppen to his comrades, he, at leats will be epered to march ont agoin. Dolumin of - jeremiads, whloh, if put together, wonld reach come distance to the moon, heve been printed sbout the dangert of the roed to Elondike; yet it la more than doubtial if single person who had serionaly remolved to try hir fortunc there hen boen ieterred thereby. On all such warnings aro thrown sway. Tou bay as will so whed woon the bench. You may ge well forty the mounteln phem. To wey thetr tofo tid to whe a mefor When buey are frotud whth the grown of howen ws seek to turn the resolute gold-meoker from his quent by any boluh cold as any eans of the kind. On the other hand, trustworthy inforantion most weicome to him. Better it is, therviore, do what is possible to minimise the dificulkies whlch he is tormined to face, by furniching him with that necemery ln stodge whloh may conable him to ourmount some and to svoid others altogether.
Vary important in thils connection is the queation of
The Time of Year
at which it is beet for the edventarer to meke his start. In accirling thin point it is necessary to take into conciderrition not only, the climate, but also the topography of the country, eppecially of Alyka, through which alone ann the diggiage at preaen
antiality of riches mon to spot 10 reses is there whall

If of thia recklees ruah so lightly on m the advantages of tentrisent! to noriat,"
dog that dropped mornlining in the golden vitions are

their eyen, are not- to by the most oiroum. of the terrors of the etretohes between Promised Iand. The be true enutagh, bets be true emply to the pen to apply to tho reth with the calm eos hoever she masy fail or , he is duntined to. be cuncte: juat as overy into battle conthdent - may happen to hls at leact, will be wioh il pot torgiter, wome diptance to the oon printed sbout the een printed about the - road to Klondire; - than doobtful if whe hax eserionaly rehir fortane there has A thereby. On all 3 are thrown aires.
 fortid the mountela resen. onad to mothono no. do maything thoin homi, from his quent by any trustworthy fnformption therelore, " da mhat is ch to is termined to meary In. Aiedig whioh aroid others altogether. the queation of
mike his start. In de - into. condidervition not I of the country, empeotthe diggiage prowe ntinued on page 755.
be approwched. It nhould be borne in mind that the IRussians wore not roml-makers when they were in poosasion of that torritory, and that the Government of the United Atates has not been a road-maker since. The only road-making that has been done in the direction of the Klondike any where in the neighbo irhood of Alasks is in the Stickeen Valley; where the Finglish have laid down a road lor 160 miles or mo, for the accommodation of thome. who have sescohed for gold on the line of that etream and its tributaries. The new discoveries in the Klondike have pronnted the provincisl Government of British Columhia to exprongted the provineis Government of British Columbia to extend thia road to the hesd-waters of the river Yukon Without
delay, and the work ia now going on. But in Alanks the Yukon is the only highway, and the nole aubatitute for the road is the

Only Ohoice
indeud, which he tas: He may ehoose between traversing it in ammaer and traversing it in enrly winter. Jut thin is littlo botter than a choice of ovils. It muat he remembered that during the anminer aeason it is generally raining in the North-West, particularly in the mountain regions, whet the downiall has been known to last for six or aeven weeks without a break. Under auch conditiona the soil becomes maturated with moisture, snd the trail is soon reported "goft," which means in plain Finglish that the ground will bear the weight of neither man nor beast. A tow loafod mulo traine will out up the buat trail in the North-Weat during the rainy acason to such an extent thst it is impsamable to anyone or anything. Then tho expedient of "corduroying" has to he adopted to make the trsil pasasile, and that amountes to problaiming that the line of travel has been couverted into a quagmire which will swamp overy living thing that attempts to crow it.
But, it tray bo anked, what in tho nome of Macadam is

Corduroying a Trall $P$
Truth to tell, it is an oparation more aimple than satiufactory. "Corduroying" a trail, good sir or madsm, is effected by laying naplinga side by aide acrose the traii, these being held together somo. thene being heid together nomo.
times by their own contact, and sometimen by pinning their cnda down with the trunks of treen laid end to end on either side of the "corluroy." This gives a man a reasonably secure footing, and esves him from heing immersed in the quagmire beneath; but for losisd animabs it is too often a mockery, s deluaion, and a snare, and many a good mule has come tu hopeless grief upon it. Bad

THE ROAD TO EICHRE."-r"THE TEES" eTVAYER IN sEAGWAY Habbout.
trail. As it will be necessary to refer to the latter frequently, it will not be out of place to give here a ahort description of

What a Tiall Ia.
Let not the sanguine imagine that it bears the most distant family resemblance to a rosdl When s trail is spoken of so exa isting between any two given points in the North-Weat, the word has no further meaning than thst a man, and possibly a beast of burden, may travel that way over tho natural eurface of the ground. Some of these trails are of the most fragmentary deacription, navigable lares and such sections of the streame as are navigable hy raft or canoe being utilised to make a continuous line of communication. Others consist of nothing more than n marked or " blased " path through the almost impenstrable wildernees, with ita tangle of undergcowth with tallen timber, and mey never have beea travereed by anyone,
except the hardy hunter or daring
prompector, who "blared" the trees as he went slong either to mark the location of his traps, or to aecure for himnelf safe retreat to the point of starting. Neither of these men has had the time or the inclination to remove the obstructions to trevel underfont, nor has he troubled himself about gredes. The route has been picked hap-hasard, with no other guide than the compass and the geps in the mountain ranges lying in the general conme to he taken; and the reault a a road which might be called truly infernal but that the comis a road which might be called truly internal but that the comparison would be unjust to the ronds of the nether w
re know, at least are peved-with good Intentions.

Euch is the Erail, and it behoves the Klondiker to make the ent of it, for he has got to tato it. It is the
this is, however, there is something worse. Of sll the torments which the homan foot hes ever been called upon to endure, few can equal those inflicted by

Tha Frozen "8oft" Trail
Every irregularity in the surface in converted by the frost into a sharp torturing point or edge which soon mskes itself felt through the stontest b oot. Bewides, the ground is as alippery as glass, and looting so insecure that the fesr of falling is ever proment to the mind, while falls are more than frequento Those who find their courage fail them before the "soft" track, and who therefore writ at some dismal camp liko Blagway for the track to freeae, will prohahly he appalled by the first dsy's tramp scross a froses traif. Waddling through the mire is not an
agreeable method of locomotion, by any nisenn, but "uhinning it" over ofrowen "soft" trall is even leme attractive. In

Fact, it la not a Pionio Ezouraion
either way. In the one case, sou tramp through the day from aumriae to uunset with the rain pouring in torrenta from above, snd the Slouyh of Despond in the form of a "molt" trail underfoot, the heary pack on your back growing, unlike C'hristian's, atendily henvier as the blanketa aboorb the woisture; sook the evening sbent of "Alup-jacka" and besnis and bacon meal of sire which the folling rsin in doing ite bent to extinguish; sul "turn in," after the frugal, half-cooked meal has been devoured, under the ahelter of a dripping pine-tree, enveloped in a wot blanket and wettor clothing. In the other caso, you tramp in the heart of winter over mountain and valloy, through a trailena terriof snow underfoot, trencherounly covering prostrate tree-trunke and undergrawth, and letting you down up to the arra-pita, or over the head in unnuspected pittalla, overy few yards through the trying march; slecp through the night under a hastily constructed bruah hut muade from the branches of the pines; and awake ln the morning with two feet of fallen anow banked up againet the blanket in which


you are wrapped. So pay your money and take your choice.

But though there is little difference between a hard trail and s soft, other consideratlons ought to weigh down the scale in favour of

## A 8tart in tha 8pring.

In the first place, the earlier the traveller reaches the traila the better condition ought he to find them in. At the leust, the risk of finding them "soft" is diminiehed, while there is none of finding them "hard.". Again, the mining aesson opene in June, and, as it is short, it is advisable to make the very most of it. Those who arrive at Klondike late will find the bleak winter upon
them almoat before they oavo had time to look about them, and them almoat before they aavo had time to look about them, and
will perforce have to espend many monthe doing nothing, at great expense, and in still greater discomfort. Upon the whole, it appears that the best methed of denling with this Tom Tiddler'e Ground of resl fife is to keep pretty elosely to the rulen to thie juvenile game of that, name: Stand by atid watch your opportunity, dart in and grab is much as you can, and then dash out again before you can be caught by winter, which plays the part of Tom. The territory ehould be

Raidad, Not Ocouplad.
With this object in riew, the adventurer should leave England not later than the beginning of April. After that dato © delay of a day is the waste of a day; while to set out late in the auminer can only end in orriving juet in time to be hermetically auminer can only end in orriving just in time to be hermetically
sealed up, in idlenean, for the winter; and to etart later than thet


is to run a very great danger of never arriving at all. Or, to aum up, after the fawhion of Mr. Wegg :

If in good time you would be thare,
In April for a atart propare it
If till July you choone to wait,
You'll be in time-to be too late;
If till September you delay,
You'll leava jour bonee upon the way.
Having eettiod when to go, the intending traveller must next decide what to take. And here it may be adrisable to drop

## A Word of Warning

against listening to the advice of good-natured friende who alwaya know everything that is required, whether one is boond for the North Pole or the Equatorin Provincea. Wherever it may be, they lnvariably are intimately acquainted with a man who has been there, and-can assure you, on his authority, that auch-and-suoh an article is "absolutely indiapensable." We, too, know that man; he comee from Sheffield. He who doee not turn a deal ear to these insidioue euggeations will, on arriving at the oritical: point of his journey, inevitably find himself saddled with an immense heap of "indispensable articlen," lmpoesible to transport, and uaeless could they be transpiorted. Bo it remembered that the eteamera only allow to each pastenger a limited quantity of baggage ; while for the land journey the impedimenta ahould obviously be kept within the most medest dimensions, Tothing should be carried except necessaries, which can best be obtained st the post where the overland trail beging. There it will be easy to ascertain exactly what is essential; "ind already there are plenty of .otores whleh make a special buainess of equipping the traveller. Let him keep hie money until then. What he lay: out in this country will, for the moat part, be wasted.
Ae for clothing, those who start in the spring and do not intend to remain througb the winter, need not it themaelvee out like Arctic explorers. The Klondike enmmer, though short, is often oppreasively warm. It is a trying climste for thermometern, the temperiture ranging from 98 in the obade to 80 below sero, or a variation of 178 dagrees. To adispt the verse sbout the little' girl with the curl on her forehoad, it may be eaid of Klondike that,

When $t$ is oold, It is very, very cold;
Nor are the uaupl producte of a hot climste sbeent, the moat irritating and objectionsble of insects being found in great abundance and of exceptional sisf and ferocity :
There, meatiered wide, the IIvellees of the sear, In band unclesa, are ble mosquitoen found; Thin inseot loves to buys pad watton there, Thia is no fancy picture. $\therefore$ Mr. Harry De Windt, who has "been there" is more aenses than one, reports thatitid
[Continued on page 759.
han, on oc awing to torment riven int

Next a availahle fr Allan or Do or twenty il
though, se $n$ element, $T$ Iuan del Fu Behring See ransfer ia Company'o J Dawson. $\mathbf{T}$ -must be to Dawson tak Mach passen

The aeco where tinoth arduous jour shorter, but though more comfortable : neither rou already been astute indiv havo been which are of making pible as $\mathbf{M}$ shele as M, Chief smong

## A Railroed

running in that Mr. De on lis prop tork to Par liberis-fully man in an linudian far and which $h$ thst Behring when he wi was not bea is to become railroud gird Ans-thirty des the imaginat passive Mr. hnooked intd hnooked int hat. Nor i
Trass-Siberian Traas-Siberian
down, shall down, shall h build a compa Strait, and an

at all. $O r$, to anm dvisable to drop
tured friend who tether ene is bound ncee. Wherever it ainted with a man bis authority, that onable." We, too, who does not turn on arriving st the imself saddled with imself saddred whin les,
ted. Be it rememted. Be it remempassenger s limited modest dimensions, which can beat be il beging. There it ontial ; "and already specia buaineas of bller. Let him 'keep hen. What he lays will, for the moat
thote who atart in not intend to remain f, need not int themtic explerers. The though shert, fis often a. It is trying meters, the temperi98 in the shade to the Ferse sbout the the Ferse sbout the e cunl on her fore; d of Klendike that,
$t$ in very, very cold
oft, tit is lorrid!
$t$ products of a had $t$ prodncts of ${ }_{3}$ most irritating and insects being found e and of exceptional
the livellest of the your,
a blg moequitoes foumd - blg moequilote foumd: arisy find wanton theres picture. ${ }^{2}$ Mr. Harry picturo. "O Mr. Eary there" in ins, been there theports thath ued on page 759.
lian, on occasions found it impornible to talk, sleup, or even eat, owing to the attarks of thems pentw, which have been known te forment dogx to death; whilo the deer and beara are often driven into the rivem and baken to ewoper from them. Jet un ano eneupe from them by turning to a lese perinful aubject.

Strait to eonnection with the railromla in C'asada and the United States. As for ltehring Ntrait itaet., it is so crowded with: islamia that it can be brulged ever, until not mere than thres milen will be left for ferriage, and boets can be built sufficiently strong to transport trains to the other side.

There in atwo mome talk of establina. ing, with the aid of ltrition capital, A 8triotly Canadian Route
by menas of a branch line from a point on the Conadian 1'acifie Inilmad to tho mouth-eatern part of Hudmon's Ifay, and a mervise of stealuers thence to the Yuken dintrict; but none of this line has yet been laind dewn, except on paper. And then, of courae, some day there will be the muehtsiked-of air-shlp-balloons have already been nug* geated-sailing sloft

Up above the world go ligh,
Like a atenmbont in the aky
(to take a slight liberty with ono of the masterpiecen of our literature), and enabling the miner to return to dimer at his club in town after esch day' werk, Unfortunately the air-ahip laboura under drawhack just the reverse of that whivh affecta the other achemes just mentiened. They are still in the cluuds, while the sir-ship yet is not. Deubtlean they will, one and all, be extremely apprecinted by these whe care to wait for them, and whe will probably arrive (in perfect comfort) st Klondike just sbout the time when thers is no longer snything to be got there. At longer snything to be got there. At
pregent, however-and it is with the present, howev
The Only Praotioal Routes

Next arimes the question of routee, of which there are two available from Vancouver, whicin is reached from Liverpool by Allan or Domimon Line and Candian Pacifio Railroad in sixteen or twenty days. For the sake of distinetion these may be called

The ses Route and the Land Route
though, se s mintter of fact, neither is exalusively confined to one element. The firmt is from Seattle, by why of the Straits of Ban tiementh The fimt in from Des, scross the Pacific to Dutch Harbour, then through Juan del Fucs, seross the Pacifio to Dutch Harbour, then through
Behring Ses and Nerton Sound to St. Michsel's Island, where a transfer is insde to one of the Nerth American Tranyportation Company'e river stesmers, which jeurney aleng the Iukon to Dawhon. The remainder of the distance-scarcely fifty miles -muat be travelled by land. In all, the journcy from Seattle to Dswan takes some twenty-five days, and coats sbout $\mathbf{2 3 5}$. Each passenger is permitted to carry 1501 hs of baggage.

The second route is by steamer from Victoria to Port Jumeau, whero nother boat may be ebtained as far sa Dyea, where the whero thother journey by way of the Chilkoot Pass begins. It is arduous journey by way of the Chilkoot Pass begins. It is
morter, but far more difficult, than the first mentioned, whieh, whorter, but far more difficult, then the
though more expensive, is both mere comfortable and mere expeditious. But neither route in perfect. This has already been fully recognised by many antuto individuals, and latterly there have been mooted eeveral schemes Which ary expected to heive the effect of making Klondike almont as ncoesible as Monte Carlo. As the poet thie as sionte cario. pisions, sbout. Thief smong these is the project of

A Railrosed from Paris to Klandike,
running in part over the same route that Mr. De Windt intendet to fellow on his proposed journey from New York to Paris, by wry of Alasks and I.iberis-fully described by that gentleman in an ioterview published in The Mindi, as far back as Nevember, $1896-$ and which he would have fellewed, but that Behring Strait belied its name when he wished to crose it, as it was not besring. Klondike, in fact, is to beconie s waygide station on s great railrosd girdling the globe in three-must-thirty days. The record aet up by the imaginative Jules Verne's, impassive Mr. Fegg will thus be knooked into the proverbial coeked hit. Nor is this all an idle dresim. When the grest Trans-Siberian Railroad, of which more than half is already laid down, shall have been completed, it will only be necensary to huild s comparatively short branch to the alnoren of Behring Strait, and another stretch of road from the Alsaksn side of the

"thy hoad to micineg."-THE TOWN OF GT. MiCHAEL, AT moUtil of yUEON.
with snowy berthe, a comfortable smoking-room, and as opaciona saloon in which nestly-unifermed stewarde flit briskly about long tables glittering witn glass and plate, will be laments'iy disappointed. Tho reality is rery different. In the firat delirious days of the fever stesmboats were snapped up anywhere and
equipped anyhow to meet the overwhelming demand. The "Portisnd," whioh really started the "boom" by arriving at Seatlle with

A Cargo of Mors Than a Ton of Oold
had previounly diatinguiahed hernelf an an opium amuggler, and then for stime had been employed in the more prosaic cosuting trade. The "Williamette" was a cargo-boat, and wat turned into something remotely rewemhling pasenger meamur at a moment'm notice and a cost of 22,000 . Between the time that ahe diachurged her cargo (of coal 1) and the hour of her departure $\rightarrow$ mutter of dayn-bunka, fully as luxurious an thome obtainable or twopeace a night in a metropolitan "does-house." were hurriedly conatruoted. It in true thet the bed-olothen were clean, complete new outfit of rheets, mattrenses, plllows, and cover lage having been bought for the trip. Space wan eonnomised to such m remarkable degree that the man who coald walk (except arbb-w(ee) between the tiers must have been thin, Indeed; and where the bagage wan to be atowed was a problem slmont to
can be depended upon to right itcelt, deemera will bo built, nil roadn laid down, now trailh discovered. But for mome time to come the pilgrim to Klondika munt be prepared to rough It, both on the road and at

## Dawion Clity,

which is the torminus of the ceeen route. Though called a city, and promiaing nooa to become one, Duwion, at the berianing of nutumn could only boant a population of ibout $c, 000$, which, however, in remurksble enough, considenny thut, lant tinter after the firnt rush, Ital in'ubltante aumbered only a third of tha total. And it is metll growing. That is the minchief. It in grow. ing too fant for its strength. Its reeources are not equal to lts population, which it can neither lodge nor feed. In the nummer a full half of its inhableant were living In tonta; but this winter, wlth the thermometer at 40 degrees below sero, a osnve house is little better than no house at all. Lamber command fubulous prices, loge from four to alx inchan in dimaneter, whioh have to be hauled or flonted from fifteen miles away, fetching from airteen to thirty-two ahillings aplece.

The Prioe of Food

dark as how the Djinn got into a bottle in the "Arabian Nighte." They were called "firnt class berthe "' Away down in the held, where the light of day only penetraten when the hatches are off, other bunka were construoted, but what tiley were called, depozeat with not Forwird were stalls for horses, mules, and butros.

The Bill of fapa
wea likely to be more uubetantial than eavoury, calvee' heade, sheep'u tonguea, and Frankfert esusagei being stowed erray in the lee-cheat, and huge carcasea of beof and mutton bung in unpleasant proximity to some of the berths. Yet men battled for those berths, although be who was fortunate enough to secure ome might truly siag :-
Thero's rather much society,
And not too mucb variety;
I've ahoep's tongue ranned for breakfact, and
l've calven' hasde for my tes;
I havè a bunk to lie apon
A papaper would cry fie! upon
hat'n what lt's like in far Klondike to travel by the aee !

One is not aurprised to hear that the Cnited States authorities were doubtful sbout permitting the reemel to mail in the con dition in which she was fitted up; but when they had ascertained that is life-helt was provided for each berth, that life-rafts were on every desk, and that pleaty of life-boats awung in the davite, they releated, with questionsble wisdom, and let her etart upon her irip. The condition of her pasengers, packed like sardines in a box, when the rongh water was reached, must be left to the imagination. But I eend you a sketch of the veseal itself for your information. (See next page.)

Pceaibly thinge may be better in the sprung, although the tremendous rush that is then certain to set in in likely to exceed all calculation and to upset all arrangementa, whatever preparations may have been made to cope with it, so that very simila shilts may have to be resorted to. Eventually, of courso, after temporary dislcoation, the relation between supply and demand
is even more slarming. By the hat sccount potatoen were four ahillingu a pound, egge six shillings each, and becen two ahillings a pound, and rialng. The wornt cigars known to man and raing. The worat cigara known to man obtainahle it any price. But there wat plenty of whaky! The managere of the two com panien which carry supplies up the Yukon River from 8t. Michael $\rightarrow$ picturasque and now important pleoe illuatrated herewith -appear to have cottled in their intelligeat miods that whisky, not bread, la the etafer of life, and hare acted accordingly. $A$ typical example of their policy is supplied by

Tha Chise of the 8teumar Alles.
She wan going up the river towing a large barge laden with eighty tons of whisky und winea, including a quantity of champagne, nad a good atore of provimions when, near Fort Xukon, about 200 mllee above Lawson, the barge took the ground, As the river was falling rapidly the barge had to ba reliered of her cargo, only a part of which could be marod They mined the whisky! Overboard went tons

of flous, becon, sugar, beans, and ounned goods of every kind, while the eighty tons of liquor were traneferred to the "Alice," which brought them salely to Daweon City, much to the indignation of the minere, who wantod flour, not whisky. One man acturlly weat ac far as to propone that the next fellew who brought in mosh as agallon of whilk should be strung up to encourage the others. Such a warning might have been salutary had it been given sooner, but it wa then too late. Even supposing that one or two atcamers ahould have got up after that date, thoy onn hardly have carried atoro huvficient to feed the people beyond Christmas. What in to become of them after that 1 At St. Miohsole there are provisions in oome of them after that ithe river hise once frosen all communict ubundance, but when the river has once frosen al communict lion with it is prectically cat of for the next nine montha. Bo
Dawson must fight its battle unaided. Not sgainat atarvation only. Not loag ago
[Continued on page 765.
there, and more wert Westher wa it la ainoer food nimy the rear d sidulition to appear, the yenerally b hefere the Dawion C Dawion Cit minern' ooms the man alit tributed the hile gooda a may manage hileck proe tend aguinat Harking Vancouver, now trace The Overlane through th coot Pane, hen alread itaelf ${ }^{m i n}$ atape of th ney in une enough, be steamer to toris In Columbis which It 1 A which it alyo by dean by dotean the metrop Alauka,
neatlen at th of rang mighty mo clad in nnow. E olenthe ago neau wea fille Wretches wh
peared peared to
chiefly on they could from trevelle riving ly ste or st least no otior nicans of tence. It hee a population more than and is ${ }^{\mathrm{r}}$ sinte of inid with fair regul and is lit thr out with the summer, to the unoe ains, the etre tiro hotels and if ploin, is to
day with lodgi day with lodgir
the town actua enpecially fur duatry, is the f of course, the o while a few ha esfer figure wo 1 list of the $m$ theing more
ill be boilt, rall or some time to or sough it, both
gh called 4 oity the berisning of at $c, 000$, which, mut, third of the ief. It is grow. not equal to ite In the In tha sumaner this zero, as cenver umber commands dianneter, which ray, fetching from piece.
the leet scoounta , pound, egge aix ahillings a pound, : known to man r was alment un theme wha plenty of the two come up the Iukon pioturenque sand their intolligen od, is the stall of ngly. A typical splied by

## Alice.

er towing a large nes of whiaky and of champagne, and 1 when, near Fort sove Dawson, the the river was falling be rolioved of her $h$ could bo surod. verbonrd went tona
anned goods ot liquor were trent $t$ them safoly to minera, who wantod far as to propose that - gallon of whink rs. Such sooner, bat to was a sooner, bat it was two steamers ahould heas. What is to behere are provisions in cosen all communict xt nine months. ${ }^{10}$ ot ngainst ettervalica

## Typhold Was Raging

there, and there wam onfy one lieenmed doctor in the place, though more were maid to bo on the way. The afymonch of the oold weather was, it is true, expected to drive away the ncourge, and it is aincerely to be hoped that it ham done mo. The muncrity of food may also have been monewhat alleviated ly the arrival if the rear divininn of geid-neekern and the atragylern, in whien ullition to the number of the community loy, parainaical wo it may appear, thoir chiel bope of malration. Men who truvel by land genemily bring in agood nupply of loodl and for nome time hefors the beginning of winter, whenerer a new comer reached Dawion City, he was promptly annuxed, peck and all, by the ininerw' onmmittee, whe took from the pack enough food to keep the man alive till the firnt aupply can reach the digginga, and din tributed the remainder pro rali,; of course paying the owner for hia goode at Klondike prices. By thew and othar meana thoy may manage to atruggle throught. Silll, at the beet, thairs' is a hlesk prospect, with famine, disease, and cold to contend againat.

The staple artielen of foml are fionir, beeon, heann, mugar, and tes: thene are necenanrien. Ham, canned meata, riee, milk, hutter, dried Iruits, and coffeg arn unualiy taken alm, aithough they arn regarted as flixirien by vutermil proppectorn of a Npartan turn, Whe would demitleme nimo frown on the ingenious lithe alieet-imn atove, which in, neverthelewn, a very dexiralle aldition.

An ordinary outtht will weigh about 400 lim , to th, man, although mome have been taken which would tip the realea at 1,600ibn. Nuch large eutfitn are, perhapa, no longer neceseary, of even adrixable, as eompetition hetween the trading companien at Forty Mile-s pont no eailed becaune it in forty milea below Fort Reliance-han mo reduced pricen that it doen not pay to take ur ore than a generoun allowance for the journey, as it in easier to lay the provinionn for the neamon'r prowpecting there. Better, however, to err on the mafe nide and to carry too much sather than too little, for if anything loe locking it cannot he ohtained until the Yukon ponte, eight hundred milen away, are reached. One fids farewuif to hoteln, rentarsinta, stemboste, and alorea-in a vorrl, to civilination-and in "his own mar.," to pursue hincourne whither and how he wiit, beyond ali the conventionalitien, artjfleiaititien, and re atraints of aociety, and practieally beyond all law. ether not sito the road
The Wild Juetice
of the Frontiar
in aternly and promptly administored, and grim Judge Lymeh hold Judge Lymeh holds Frequent in court. Fren in tha
frentio soramble certain amount of ayntem-of the mont rough and-ready de meription, but perpertly effective with al-han at timea been found neces mary. For instance when the headleng ruah in the miny westher made the traila impansable men with loaded rifloh were ntationed slong the road to koep everybody back whilst work wse being done to render travelling comparatively easy In the mesnwhil the miners' com mittee preserved perfect order. Two men who were caught stealing wer shot dead on the spot. One of them lived in a tent clone to the trail by which all mue pass, and his bullet riddled body, hung from a pole, gruenome sight to behoid, remained hefore it in the open ir for two whole days-a grim and ghestly warning. He hed atolen a sack of flour and 100 ibs of bscon. It msy seem terrible to think of a life being taken for so small a crime; but it must be remembered thst at that time, and in that place, food wss far more precioun than goid-it wes life itaelf. In the code of the Vigilsnts fow crimes are recognised; but for those few there is but the one puniahment-demth, awift and merciles. Judge Lyneh is emnhaticall: a "hanging" judge.' The same men accuse, try condemn, and execute-in one and at onee-like that too notoriou officer of Yeomanry, "The WBlking Gallows," whose epitapl ruй:

Here lie the bovee of Hempeastall
Judge, jury, gallewa, rope, and ell!
We return from this digression to Junesu, though only to leave that town. From this last ossis of eivilisation a dirty little steam launch, dignified by the name of o steamer, and generally londed far above ite proper capacity, conveys the travelier a hundred miles to

## Dyea,

which connista of a rude $\log$ store and a movable town of tenta,
onompied by digrers bound for the goldfelda. A dolay of some days oceurs here, while Inoman are procured to carry tonte and lagagage to the Iakes, twanty-four milem diatant from the Chisicoot I'asa. J'ainn mhould loe takes to nee that the provisiona, eapecially, are projerly jacked to guard againat damoge ly water and rough handling. Jous whould be made up to weigh shout 100 ibs., put in canvas baga, and then wrapped mecurcly in oll-cioth. Should they be exjomed to rain, dropped in wet anow, or erea imuersed for a short tinoe in the river, practically no dsmage wif result. The Indian porters usuaily carry ont such pack spoce, and the charge for the trip to the lakem is-or uned to bo-for soiners from nine to twelve dollars.

Demand for Doge.
Doge ure aloo bought here, and, great deal dependm upon them, thoy should be carefuliy eeiected. Pugyt bound doge eann: $\%$ be reommmended, being too thin-haired to atand the Aretie cllaate. The hardy breeds introdueed from Montans and Dakota are bett.er; but they sra far inferior to the Iukon breed, which is mid to le erombetween the Fiequimaux dog and the, timber wolf-an smiable slendl A good dog team is valued at 860; bought eingly the doge fotch sA spiece. They are of a groyish colour, with halr lihe that of a woal, and will eat anything grey can get. A sketeh of a typical Yukon road dog will be found on juge 767.

This arring additional iscilithen may be avaliable. From the parte round about Trocoma, in Wahington State, huge moh of hormes and mulem has been gathered together, and is to le transported to Alaske in Masch. Moreover, on attempt ls being made to atiline reindeer, of which animaln twenty were brought down thin wear from Point Clarence to Nt, Michael'm. The experiment, if succernful, ought to have far-resching consequences. Capltallath ueom to hare overionked the adventages to be derived from the introduction of these intelligent animala sa carriers of men and govels; but a few authorities regard the rolndeer an

The Beant of Burdan Doalgned by Naturs
to travel over thowe rast watea, and aid with tircless activity in their development. One great advantage he ponseasen over dogi and horees in that he can forage for hlmaelf, mubainting by diggiog and horee in that he can lorage for himaelf, mubaising by diggigg
roots and grasses from the fromen amow; while in en extremity roots and grasses from the froien anow; while in an extremity
l.e can aupply his master both with food and clothing. It is posl.e can aupply his master both with food and clothing. It is pos-
sible that he may play an important part this winter in hauling sible that he may play an important part this winter in hanling
supplies to Dawion City, and then help to relieve the food supplies to Dawion City, and then help to relleve the food confldence of Mones and the gloomineme of Joremiah. Certain lt in that those whe are best acquainted with him expresn the utaost confidence in hin powers, and declare that, in their opinion, the development of the more remote goldfields of Alsaks will be largely dependent on him. Under theae circumstancea, I think it in only falr to mend you so sketch of thit most valuabile think t, which will be found on page 771 .


Having procured the meavs of tranayerl, the traveller may now aet forward on the mont diffenit and dangeroun portion of him journey. Straight before him trowns the dreend Chilcoot Paes, Ihn Gateway of tha Goldan Land,
through which no many have pasned who shall return no more. At frrt the ancent in gradual, a rough and broken trail leeding ap from Dyes to Sheep Camp, which ls clone to the limit of tha timber line. High sbove it frowns the formidable Peas, bet hlgher atill the mighty ronuntain rears to heuren its rocky head crowned with ita "dindem of el ow." No further progreme can be made until a clesr dav, and sometimes the weuther continuas bed for two or three weeks together, the mountain top veiled in thick, rolling cloudn, and the jcy wind whirling the new-follen anow in every direction, or driving the atinging sloet in the face of any. hody bold enough to atir out of camp and peep at the precipitoun wall of ice and nnow which blocks the way snd cannot be scaled. On the first fine day

The Tug of War
begina. For the first few hours, the way lies over a succeman of mowy ledges, which, honey-ocmbed by numberlese wates courses, form a kind of cruat somo twenty feet above the ground Travelling liere is very dangerous. There is ne peth or trall to guide one, and here and there yawn huge crevessen whers the show has fallen in upon mome roaring torront. Thers are seven or eight of these ledgen, wuich Increane $\ln$ stecpnesk, until, helfway up the last, it becomes neremsary to crant painfully up the alippery slope on hand and knees. The lant part of the ascent ls even harder still, heing in places quilto perpendicular. Thore in no path of any kind, nar would it be poesible to mats one; for the rouks are loose and insocure, and the pranage of a man will often dislonge a huge boolder, and nead it thundering down, to the deaily peril d those below ; while there are twe a three placen when a slip meanm oertai death, notably one about thirty yenl from

## The 8ummit.

which cas only be reached after struggle oalculated to tax the streng!. and agility of the mont memonod = nkilful, mountaineers. "Try not Pasa," the old man said, to the amiow young lunstio who was running shea loose bearing a banner with that etriaf and ungrammatioal device, "Erochoior and really the old man showed acom sidersble amount of wisdom. To all the mont hardy, hie elvice may ber peated: Try not the Presel

So he who hes beth tried ind we mounted it may well indulge in a tonp rary feeling of exultation, as, rempln the blue gogglen which most be wors it guard against snow-blindness, he losl
[Continued on page 767.

TME ROAD TO
around him wit has come, and $h$ On one aide, th on the other, the Yukon-mainen and g

Rovgh guar Thither to The firat helt o miles a way ; an
without deiay. deet nnow-drit lower ground whillen ntreams be reaches Lake at lant he halte pent fully fifte Hia difficulti Not of gold entered through urfone ; it is raverse
thich still lies widle his own ust be folled epeated onalou ane far hack fic inon his little ecernary tools or the rest ropur care he erving his purp deted, but that toull be his mo do the worl mpatience of $d$ nexperience, pu eupmints to the anks of the $\mathbf{Y u}$ rosers and cairn Truly it is efore are

First is Lak me sir miles, 7 reetion for thre raversed from en

the traveller may angerous portion of irend Ohilcoot Pas, nd,
all retum no more. jken trail leading op to the limilt of the rmidablo Paen, but aven lts rocky heed ther progress can bo ther progress ass bo ea top relled in thick, o now-fallen mow is - now-falicn an any. ep at the precipitous ond cannot be oceled.
les over a auccemalion numberless water net above the ground. is no path or trail to ere and there yavm re the ohnw has fallen ing torront. There ff these ledges, wuch as, until, haliway op es nenesmaty to oram: ippery elope on hands ant part of the sacent being in pleces quilto - heing in pere in poth of any be possible to make a are loone and inse. ge of a man will often coulder, and send if to the desdly peril of file there aro two a - alip menna oertai - about thirty yand

Bummit,
be reached after to tax the strong e most aessoned err. "Try not n said, to the amind 0 Was running aber nner with "Exice, "Exelsior device, "Exeelstor 1 man ohowed a
of wiedom. To all his adivice may be re he I' se I
5 beth tried and oll indulge in a ten $p$ rultation, as, romoris Thich must be wom w-blindness, ho hrie inved on page 767.

apring op. After them the Lewin River is resched, and thinga noon become lively, the Grand Canon Rapid belng within a daya journey. Here the river contracts from a width of 350 yarda to one-tenth that breadth, and roahes for a full mile through perpezdicular walls of bualt at a pace so awift that the atream in four feet higher in the cantre than it is at the videe. In the hesit of it there is a basin full of seething whirlpools, and eddiea in whioh nething but a fish could lire for a moment. The aurfaee of the river la like milk, and ite roar ia like that of a heary cannonade. On the top of the sides of the canon grow denne foresta of epruce, which shut out the san and make the gully look like a deep, black thoroughfare pared with white marble, One breathee more freely when it hae heen left behind.

Aftor Scylla, Charybdie. Six miles tarther on are the White Horse Raplda-s place no fatal as to have camed the fil-omener? name of

## "The MInerla Grave."

Thin is a "box canon," about a hundred yarde long anc fifty vards broad-a "ohute" through which the river, which la nearly 600 feet wide juet shove, rushes with incredible force. The coims and wooden oromes are thick in lia vieinity. So day aftee day the lost glides, past hanka of clay fringed with forent, and frequented by wolven, bleck and grey, and brown and grizsly bears. Soon. comes the Pelly River, and the junution of the Pelly and the Levla form the Yukon proper. At this point atande Fort Se!kifk, the first trading station.

Next, Stewart River is passed on the right; then, on the left, the White River-to called on account of the milky-losking water. On the same side is Sixty-Mile Creek, which is sixty milea above Fort Reliance; and, a hundred miles below, the long lake-andriver journey of over six hundred milen comes at last to an end at Forty Mile City, whioh is the central point for

The Klondiks Goldfielde.
the Meces to which pilgrima have made thele way through perils and privatione not a few, in epite of frowning pass and treacherons lake and roaring rapld. The "city" Itself has not as inviting sppearance. It may be the paradise of the goldsacker, but it beara s strong resemblance to the Eden of "Martin Chuzzlewit." Situsted on a peninsula jutting out into the river, it consists of a few scores of aqualial log huts, sesttered about here and there es if shaken out it a pepper-box. The "etreots"that is to eay, tho interrening apaces-are littered with shavinge beef tins, and other rubbiah, while the stumpe of the trees out of which the huts have been inade etick up out of the ground un of which the huta have been made etick up out of the ground on
sll sidee. Huge and peetentious placards bearing the worda sll sidee. Huge and peetentione placardn bearing the worda
lowest description), sdorn soume of the larger buildings. As the nitustlon would auggent, the soil is marahy, and the climate in numuner unhealthy.

There in a police Larracks here, hut the nervices of the detachment quartered in it are netdom called for, the telasviour of the inhalitante leing in general excellent, although whisky is plentiful, sud

Soclaty at the Digginga,
needlean to may, rather mixed. Hither, an to the Cavo of Adulinm of old, hie everyoze who is in distreas, and everyone who is in debt, and everyone who in discontented, and miny others. When the gold fever lwoke nut in its full virulenee, a realexodus When the gold fever broke nut in its full virilenee, n real exodus
began from all parts of the Sintur, eqpecinliy from San Francisco
 reach of the infeetion conld not keep their servanta. Stokers abandoned shovelling coais in favour of digking gold; policement exchanged the clul for the piek; jentmen threw way the lettelagg and donned the paek. Frota all quarters

It is true that, in the meantine, to une his own words, "lie has lived"; and that is more than some denisena of crowded cities have been able to do. In brief, mont of the types which have been male faniliar to us by the works of liret Harte and Rolf Boldrewood are represented, except prifalp, the lleathen Chince, and, as hie has a keen meent for gold, he can be depended upon to put in a apeedy sppearance. The munner of his coming in a dark and fearsome myntery never yet explnined. One day two Chinamen-they olvays hunt in couples-drift into the eamp in an simlose manner, apparently from nowhere, and aettle themselves a littlo diatoniee apart from thin other miners. Next day they are eurrounded by a meore of thin othor miners. Next day they are aurrounded by a acore of
their countrymen, and in a week there in a Chinese quarter to the c.up.

## At For Life Upon the Yuken

it differs in mome reapeets from that which has been so graphically describell hy the two noveliets salready mentioned. By all

"Tife hoad ti nictira."-a mointed ki.dntike pulichman.

## All Sorls and Conditiona of Men

have been gathered together. Even tho bicycliat han put in an appearanec, machine and nll, though ho muat find the Yukon "Finstiet rather an linrd roud to travel on pneumatic tyres. Tho "Forty-Niner" who has been in every rush sinss the early days of Californin, is not niwsiug here. He in verging on the sero and yellow leaf, for he cannot he mneh lesa than aeventy, and law hasd nearly fifty years' experience of coll-mining; yet here he is, hpare and grizzled, and worn, but atill hopeful 1 He nhouid be useful as a kidd of objeet-lewon to enthusiastic young adventurers who confidently expect to "strike it rieh" immediately niter their arrical, and to return hime triumphantly in the niter their srical, and to return home trimphantly in the
nutivinn. The "Forty-Niner" is now ilsaring nenr the appointed limit of a life apent in hard work at all the mont famone gold-fielda of the eentury, and his fortune is atill to makel
accounta, the Klondike miner-ir summer at all eventa-in chief oceupied in waging war agsinst the mosquitoes, In his sper time he works his elaim. AB the ground in frozen sight down time he works has elaim. AR the ground in frozen sight down
tho bed-roek, fome eighteen to twenty five i lt below the ouras where slono the rich "jay.dirt" is etruck, he bas to edort method peculiarly slow and tedioue. The recognieed practice int remore the surface mass, which is eighteen inehes thick, and the buid a fire which burno all night. In the morning the ;ravel thawed down about twn feet. Thin is shovelled out, sal anothy fire is huilt; and in this slow and laborious war the ground remored down to the rock.

In the erenings the minors aesemblo in the saloone to iris) Fhisky; gamble, and talk of

The Lucky Ones;
of "cld man MeCormiek," who made the first discovery of gl"
in large gone, is the mo
long ag "diggin liggin and Wh in the
times o times o retirek heaide t to twely Yet, do not a De Win
in one 0 eide of descriptic apartmel
oull. Tl almost di féet. W midnight the Arcti of doys of dogs seemsed to giant in
boards fact that devoured of the bal being the of gold du of gold du eventeon
One cs lamentabl can as ye that has,
J. T. Wills heard of 'h proud clain

She has ton. Eigh North-Wee look round her first so quiet in W. What she drope out o as the pion as the pion
haker brea haker brea suwing for t]
the FI Dor dixoveries Wills at ond men. The and was no dipginge. disginge.
claia, but,
his own werds san some denisena In brief, mont to us by the workn represented, except at a keem scent for npeedy sppearanco. rsome myatery never her always hunt in hey alvays hunt in
menner, apparently manner, apparently
distanice apart from unded by acore of hinese quarter to the
has been so graphimentioned. $13 y$ all

at all events-is chief, bequitoes. In hie spar in frozen right down a is't below the surfece hek, he hes to adort recognised practice int n inches thick, snd the 10 morniog the sravel prelled out, wad anothy in the seloons to intir
e first discovery of gom ntinued on pnge \%\%1.

It large quantities at tho month of the Kiondize, whither he hed gone, in the spring of 1896, in quest of salmon; of Joo Leduc, the most persistent and successful ef the Yukon miners, who as long ago as 1883 was deacribed by Lieutenant Schwatks, as " jligging holes perseveringly, and finding precious little in them," and who is now the chief proprietor of Dawson City, whero land in the best situations fetches 825 s foot, and a millionaire many times over; of Clarence J. Berry and W. Stanley, who have netired with fortunes of 227,000 and 223,000 respectively, acquired ins fev weekn; snd of many others-comparstive minnews thaide these Tritons-who have realised sums ranging from one to twelve thousand pounds.

Yet, on oceasion, they linve other diversions, too; albeit theso do not appear to be of a wildly exhilfrating character. Mr, Harry De Windt, who attended

A Minera' Ball
in ono of the saloons at Circle City (which is on the Ameriesn side of the boundary line), has given the following ueattractive dowription of it :-"It was a mulancholy function. The long, low apsimient was festoonel with flags, and thero was a bar at ono end. Tho orclestra consiated of n vieolin nod a guitnr; it whs nimont drowned hy the din at tho bar and the stamping of heavy feet. Wrangles and foghts took placo nt intervals. It wra past midnight, but somo guttering eandles ntill ntruggled faintly with the Aretie twilight. The gueaty numbered sixty, and quito a seore of dogs had strayed in thrungh the open doorway. These latter scemed to excite no surprise, or even remark, until the M.O., a giant in shirt-slecres, proceeded to walk round and oprinkle the boards with powdered resin. He was quite unconscious of the fact that one of the hungry curs followed him clonely, and greedily devoured every atom as it fell. A gambling saloon opened out of the ballroom, and was in full swing-poker, roulette, and faro being the favourite games. Most of the players ataked little bsgs of gold dust-a recognised form of eurreney on the Fukon, fetching serenteen dollars an ounce."

One can guess that partners of the proper eex must have been lamentably scarce at that entertainments, for the Yukon goldfields can as yet hardly be considered as "woman's ophere," wide as that has now become. To be sure, there is the eelebisted Mrs.
and boundn, "elaim-jumping" was indnlyed in by divers dishonest perwona, and Mra. Wills has had to fight for her property. It is valued at $\mathbf{5 5 0 , 0 0 0}$. While holding on to it, she spends her luisure momenta in earning $£ 3$ a-dny ns head cook for the Alagks Commercisl Company st Dawson. As she herself says, sho "went through death" to neek Aluaks gold, so it is asiaffactory to find that, sfter all, she is atill very much alive-and cooking! Long may whe wavo the ladle!

In addition to this, " one of the most remarkable women of our countri; sir," geveral other ladies have started for the far North,

## Intent on Nuggets.

Farly in November, three plueky members of the fair sox, clac in aerviceahle suits of mackinaw, cut in the regulation "bloomer" pattern, started from the ". City of Seattle" for Klondike, the repert of difficulties shead having failed to weaken their letermination to accompany their husbands on the long snd dangerous journey. Their nanien nre Mrs. Neleon, Mrs. Shand, sni Mrs. Cecil. The husland of the latter is asid to be a nephew of Lord Saliahury. If so, ho enn find a procedent for lis setion in the provionn history of lis uncle, whe, as Lord Robert Cocil, worked for is time on the goldfiede, of Weaturn Australia. If I mistnke

J. T. Willis, of Tacoma, Washington, U.S.A. What You neves heard of her ? 0 Fame I where is thy trumpet? Why, it is her proud claim that she is.

## - The Pionsar of Pionears" !

She has pioncered it in New Mexico, Colorado, and Washing. tin. Eight years ago, she "struek" Theoms during the "reat North-Western boom, and merried J. T. Wills before he could hook round him. He was ber second husbend; she had buried her first some time before. As the boom subsided, it became too quicet in Wryington for Mrs. Willa and she journeyed to Alasks. What she had done with J. T. W. does net appear; he here drups out of her history. - In Alaskn his wife, or widow, flgured as the pioneer woman gold-hunter of the section. At flrat she biked bread and condueted a laundry at Gircle City, did phain st wing for the miners, and introduced the first starmed chirt into the EI Dorsdo of the North 1 Then the news of the grest gold diseoverice on the Klendike caice down the Yukon, and Mrs. Willa at once joined the atampede, ntarting with a party of cattleeien. The trip was rough nad exeitiag, hut she did not enmplain, sud was not s burden to the mon who led the rush for the new diggings. From Dawson she dashed with the best of them tor a claim, liat, as the value of the surrounding ground zoee by leaps
not, "Fortinbras" referred to his having seen the identical hut which was occupied by the present Marquis of Salisbury, sad which was referred to in his "All the Word Round."

Many other women have aceompanied their husbends part of the way, hut the majority of these lisve stopped short at Slagwisy $\rightarrow$ lunf-finished "town," situnted at the head of Lio cation leading to the White Pass-where at least they escape the worst privations. As a genera! rule, however, the wiven of Klondike adventurers stay at home ing comfort, if not ut ease. They are known as

Kiondike Widows.
There are acores of them on the Pucifo Slepo-particularly at Sunttle. Montly they sre plucky, true little wives, waiting pstiently fur the return of their lords with the nuggets of Klon-dike-and at the same time amusintg themselves witl. discretion. Some have given up their houner, and are boarding out, receiving oll the attention of "bellen," for it in no little dintinction to lo a Klondike widow. Let us not begrudge them their little hours of gaiety, poor thingal Ere now many of them may be widows indced.

Then there are the women who are mad to get to Klondika in any eapacity. Their name in legion, and, if they are not porsessed of deviln, they are certainly suffering from

has an jden of practising as s physicisn there-thin must be a "new wounsn." Iivt a fourth confesses with frank silnplicity, tlint she wants to get there with the view of msrrying s miner; whe must be an old maid. Inatances of similar folly might be multiplied many tinses, but let these suffice. Finough has been said to show that the Klondike mudnews is $s$ very real dinease, and that those whon it attacke dincase, and that those whom it attacks
are marcely respensible for their are marcely resjensiblo for their
metions. Wijen edarated, sum premetions. Fivil edidrated, suil pre-
smmaly intelligent, men have fallen hop eless victims to it. It has carried axay clergymen from their pulpits, docturn from their patients, lawyera from their liriefs. One clergyman is now officisting en purser on steamer hound for Nkagway; and there are many other phases of the manis, which has even spread to the restarants and the churdies. Thus, in Visncouver recently, the members of the Congregstional ('hureh gave s Klondike supper. The mrnu, as sdvertised in a local puper, mas be reprinted here as

## A Culinery Ouriosity. <br> MENU.

litizaly Beac Steak IPie.
lua, I'olsr Jear, with Bonanza Creek Gravy.
Wild Cst Steam Pudding.
Lyin Ctrops. Reindeer Cuttete. Klondike Sundboys, with Seat Trotters.

Sticen of Chilcoot Mo.
Arctic Swrerts.

Arctie Circle Berry l'ip,
Snowahoe Dumplinga.
1)awan City Ftapjacks.
Ktondike Snow, with Gold Ssuce.

> LRiNks. Ranide

White Horso Rapids. Hot ar Cold.
Gold Drippings.
So much for the Kleadike maduess. It now only remains to give a brief deecrijtien of the mschinery ly which the meniecs are contrelled-that is to say,

## The Government.

As has loeen the case with every gold-mining camp under Fuglish demiustion, a strict and impartial sdminietration of the law has leen witnessed from the date of the snnouncement of the disenvery of gold in the district. It is a wsy we have got. If gold be fuund in a territory not provided with a Colonisl form of government, sa was the case with British Columbis prier to lie diacovery of gold on the Lewer Frseer River in 1858, such a government is promptly areated by the Colonial Secretary, nad lnws are st once flrawn up for the protection of life snd propery, and menus furmished for their proper administration. In this respect our practice has differed from that of the United States. In the States, the miners who have flocked to the new diatricts have been left to create lawn for their ewa government, sud in unost cases to provide mesns for their administration. The Terri-

Klondike on the Brain ne severely as to give rise to serious sus picions of their sanity. One lasty is smbitious to atart the firat newspaper there, and is gaper there, and in going to set out
the spring with
s small hand - prews; small hand prens;
lier name-let it lue hur name-let it he
written on the Scrutl Written on the Nerutl
of Fsme!-is Mra. Crrotine Wenteott Doninion will be ex"hsils from" Chicago. Another is desirous of opening 3 store at Forty ${ }^{3}$ Itile Eity ; ;he indeMile Cits; ; sho in demeriben an shimy of
title," but otherwise title," but otherwise
prefers to remain in prefers to remsin in
the deep ehede of anonymity. A third
torisl and Federal Guve: ument have psid very little attention t. there unless the communities were well eatabliahed. The mame difference is observable in the poling which has been pursued cader the twe flagn with regard to thone public werks which are neecssary to fscilitate the development of the mineral wealth contained in the publio lands. Under the Unlon Jwak, trails and rosda, snd telegrajhe, sre promptly puahed into the new territory, under Government direction, to cheapen the cost of transport and to open direct communiestion with the seaboard and with civilination. Under the Stare and Stripes, these matters have been left largely to the miners themaelves sud to private enterprise.

In pursuance of the first-nsmed poligy, the Dominion of Canadn supplied the Klondike district, on the receipt of the newe of the diecovery of gold there, with sll

## The Machinery of Government,

for the protection of life and property, the preservation of peace, the care of Government luterests, and an equitable division of the gold-yialding "placera" ameng the adventurous spirits, whe, it Corcsaw, would sxek thither, in addition to those whe were slready on the ground. The Gevernmeat has, therefore, been present in the district frem the earlient date, with well-defined laws, regulating the general busineas of mining and the provection of individual rights.

Orilinarily, the suthunties have net required a large repre sentatien. In Caribwo one Guld Commianioner, who is vested with judicial suthority, and a small hand of conntsbles to execute hir orders and prenerve the peace, conntitute the whele force. In Klondike, however, the proximity of Alasks, and the greater rikk of infractions of the law arising eut of that proximity, have impelled the Dominion Government to fortify itwelf mere strongly agsinst possille contingencies. There if conse yuently $n$ larger detachment of the C'anadian Muunted l'ulice preseat there than has figured heretofere in any mining camp ever opened within the humndsries of the Deminion, snd it is probable that still more men will be pushed up in good time to deal with the great rush expected to set in with the spring. At present the force, which is stationed st Forty Mile City as the most convenient centry, is under Inspector Constantine, but it is expected that

## Major Walch

of the North-West Meuntad I'olice, of whom I append os pen and ink drawing, made especially for The Road, will be in supreme command next year. He has already been sppointed Dominion Gold Cummissioner for the District, and, in addition, it is believed that he will be given full eharge of the Wrops in the gold region. Major Waloh, whe commended the Mounter Piel rebellien auppression of the Louia Riel rebellien, is veteran campsigner, and should be well qualified to deal sharply and promptly with any difficultiee which mas arise on the gold flelds.


ME. HaERY DE windt.
TContinucd en page 775.

little attention ished. The same tas been pursued tas been pich are
works which ineral wealth conJack, trails and to tha new terri1 cost of transport, eaboard and with matters have been te enterprise. ominion of Cansda of the news of the
ervation of pesce, equitable division turous spirits, who, o those who were s, therefore, been with well-defined and the protection
ired a large repre ner, who is veated rity, and s suall to execute his the peace, conntine. in Klakna, and infractions of the hat proximity, have nien Gevernment to trongly agsinst pos-

There is conseatachment of the lolice present there heretofere in any opened within the Dominion, and it is more men will be time to deal with the d to set in with the the force, which is - Mile City as the entry, is under In, but it is expecteic

## Waleh

Meunted Police, of pen and ink drawHy for The Roarl, command next year. been appointed Dommiswioner for the dition, it is believed ron full charge of the cold region. Major handed the Mounted ression of the Touis - a veteran cani. d be well qualified to promptly with any hy arise on the gold.


DE WINDT. nued on page 775.
any. merioes mooble growing ont of that fact, the mounted polise will certainily demand the surrender of all such weapons at the frontiar. And this disarmament will be s very simple process. The "rusherm," who, ware they combined, ceuld give trouble, will arrive, unilke misfortune, not in battalions, but as single npies. Each man will be aager to eutstrip all others on the joumey, so that the line will be very atragging and attenusted when it reahes the border, and the police will consequently have little difficulty in dealing with it. Again, once in the mining district, tr.c gold-seeker will find that the feverigh deaire to get a rich claim will become the all-absorbing ides in his mind, and all theughts of opposition to the law and ita executors will speedily vanish.
The Formalitise and Fese Oonneoted With the Operation of 8triking Out a Cisim.
are as follows, In the first place, before even commencing to prospect, the intending miner must seek the Gavernment officis in oharge, and apply for a ciaim. a "Iree miner's certificate" or "miner's right" is then isuued to lim, at a charge of five dollars a year. If he get to work without the licence, he is liable to a fine of twenty-five dollars and all costs. The neat step is the locating and recording of the clasm, the entry fee for whioh is twenty-fre dollars for the first year, with an annual fee of a hundred dollars. "Dry" diggings are an nearly an possible rectangular- 100 feet square; oreek and river olaima are five hundred feet long. The former must be marked at the cemert by four pegs or posts, at leant four inehes square, on one of which must be written all necessary particulars, names, dates, and so forth. If a olain be left unworked for mere then seventytwo hours together, anyone has a right to step in and take posseasion of it. Besides these regulations, there are aeveral othera dealing with tunnels, drains, water righta, and ather pointe whiah need not be aet down here, but should be most carefully observed. Anyone whe crosses the berder with the intentinn of riding roughahod over laws, even the most seemingly insigiaificant, will commit


Ma. MAX W. NEWBERRT, A EPECLAL COLMYGPONDENT. A Very Foolish Aetion. Californians eapecially, who may be possessed of the iden that the Klondike mining district vill be something similar to all Californian mining campa in the earts sinys, and that the majority will rule, no matter what nationality is in conarol or what fing flies bove the soil, may be recommended to id themselves of the delusion-for auch it delusion-ios auch it fas quickly an possible. A aimilnr notion prevailed in the Fraser River Rush of 1858 but Governor Jamea Douglas soon knocked on the head. It fiourished with equal rigour in the mushen o Cariboo in 1862 Chib3 in 1802 and 1803 , and was ooted out with equal promptitude, On
reaching the goldreaching the gold-
fields the Califorpians felds the Califorpisns British law efficery were already in full control, and the laws of the Colony in fult force: and eo equitably were thowe lawn administered that at no time were there more than three Gold Coumissioners and half - a - dozen constalles stationed in a territory of nearly 100 minuare miles. this sumall furee hoid. ing jurindiction at anu time over a mining population of at lenst $30,000 \mathrm{r}$ iners, gathered from all parts of the world. And \$1 effective was the administration of law thene that during the first ten years of the history of that diatrict the number of deatha by vivieuse contd bu reckoned on the fiagers of une liand.

In Aueiralia,
Where the situation was complicated by the preaence of a large eriminal population, emanating from thu varisus conviet establiahznents, our syatem worked with equal amoothness and ucoes.


MAJOR WALAIF, TIE GOLD COMMESBONEA,
The episode of the Eureks Stockade st Ballarat, which would have been ridicutous had not blood been shed, only served to demenstrate that the Government had not only the determination, but also the power, to be master. So it will be at Klondire; so, indoed, it has beer until now. During 1896 only one aerieus shooting affray was recorded, and in the year new drawing to a close, crime of the graver sort has been conspicucus liy itm absence.

The truth is, miners, as a body, are naturally dispoaed in rully round the constituted suthorities, provided that the latter mho $0^{*}$ that they are determined to do "teir duty. Mont miners either have, or expeot to have, something to lose; and people in that poaition have a tendency to develop into

Enthusiats for Law and Ordsr,
partienlarly in a district where a contrary line of cenduct la liable to put their parsors and their jroporty in jcopardy. It is emphatiusly to their interent that the isw should be vigorously executed. Where it is nut, they are soon compelled, in aelf-defenee, to reart to the dangerous machinery of Vigilants and similar unastinfactory methods. These expediente are not required, and weuld not be tolerated, under the Union Jack. We have ne use for Judge Lynch on Britiah territory. All that is asked of the miner is

Pasiva Aasiatanca, 8ympathy and Goodwill.
These lu rarely faily tu give. Every luver of peace, every
renpecter wi law, everyone who values protection to his person and his property-no matter what hin nationality, whether he be British eitizen or alien, finda hin account in supporting the lawa and the oftivers alministering them. Jawless adventurers find themelves in an uncongenial atmosphere, end rowdica, who may have enterel the ilistrict with the prorounced intention of "running things" in their own way and tor their own benefit, soon awake to the diapiriting fact that they are in a hopeleas minority and jowerless to work a.y mischief. Let wteh gentry be antiafied of thia, Whatever lawa the Government of the Dominion may have provided affecting the Klondike fielde will most assuredly le earried ont in their entirety. In the pithy wonls which Anno of Britanay earvel at the base of the frowi.ing eitadel, whieh held the former "Hock Iepublie" of St. Malo in awe, it aaya to all and sundry

> Quic-en Grogne
> Ainay Sera
> Oest Mon Ptalsir !

It will be something new in the adminiatration of the law in Britisla miring eamps if the Government should r.a.t fail to execute its will in the single case of Klondike. But the Government Will Nat Fail.
The lawn of the 1hodinion are made to be executed and respected$\begin{array}{ccc}\text { not, an may } & \text { be } \\ \text { waid of } & \text { nome } & \text { of }\end{array}$ maid of rome of places not very far removed from it, to become a lead letter and to lie treated with contempt ; and it rould be the would be of folly
heigh for anyone to cross tho Canation bounclary with his line of conduct mapped wat beforehand, so as to fit in with the early break. down of the convituted Governnent, for the Cominion laas undoubtedly made provinion for made mergency crery will, in There quence, in be no more disorder in the new district than there has been in any other miluing camp in Britialh territory, for the laws will be administeret equitably and impartially for the benefit of citizen and alien elike, and more than this no reasonsble nun can ask


With this I close any sketeh of Kloodike as it is to-dar What it will he Iike a vear hence who ahall say? It in eminently unsafe to proplieng about mining districts. That the Yukon ilistrict is

Tha Riehast Region In tha World
appears to be beyond a douht. Nuggeta may not be precisely 8.
t'lick as autnumal leavees that strew the brookn
Op Fallorobrona, whers the Etrurian shades
Ifigh over-arched embower.
But the extraordinary richness of the alluvial deposits neemn to be eatablished on the clearest evidence. Fortunes of 520,000 have been mado in less than a couple of monthe, although the miners had only just commenced to work their claims An exstoker on a Yukon steamer, who, little more than a yaar ago, was enrning eight dollars a month and hia hoard, ia now worth more than $£ 30,000$. Some men are asid to have made money at the rate of

## Saventaan Doliara a Minuta.

In the earlier days of the rush. More than forty pounda' worth of gold has on occasion been washed out of a alngle pan eighteen
those perione whose thought are $\begin{array}{ll}\text { already } & \text { straying } \\ \text { fondly } & \text { thither }\end{array}$ may be warned to
hink Twlon Bofore 8tarting
for this Mecua of the Profits. So many and so great ace the difficulties to be encountered on this road, and the hardships to be endured on the fields, that only strong and experienced miners, ur men who havo been accustomed to rough it in wild and unaettled countrien, ought to face them; or, freins them, can hope to overcont them, And, equally with physisal strength, is a cer tain smount of money essential. Mr. De Windt, who apeaks, with authority, and not as. a scribu, jeolares thet it is - Iness to think starting from Fingland with Kingland with capital of leas than 2000, A circular of the Sinigranta' Information Office estimates the con at 5250 at least for conveysace and
inehes in circumference and four or five inchea deep, and an average of 810 th the pan has not been uncommon, Hired miners commant! from $\mathbf{8 3}$ to $\mathbf{5 5}$ A-day. These are facts. Nor in the diatrict likely soon to be exhausted ; na yet, indeed, it can acarcely he said to be fairly opened ups, No one can say how rieh it really is. There is good reason to believe that the Kuykuk River-*ome 600 milea below Circle (ity, where the Indiann, working with their crude rockera, have beer making from tea to twelve dollars s day the Pelly, the Lewes, the Porcupine, the Big Nalmon, the Tanana, the White, the Hootalinqua, and the Stewart Rivera, which are all navigable tributariea of the Yukon, will, when properly prospected, be found to rival the Klondike. On the American side of the boundary line are many aquare miles of territory where the prospector'a pich has never made a mark; rivers and creeks of which the waters have never been vexed by the introduction of aluice-boxes. There is probably gold in all of them, and the rus.t of thousanda of men, who will spread themedves over the country like the opening of a fan, will not leave them uninvaded. Pioneers will soon penetrate into all theae aunlean solitudes, and next year wo shall doubtlesa hear of new and great diacoveriea of gold in all directions.

Neverthelesa,
cannot be the jonrney faney will arrangenien Let them se with prude of neceasari cautions the be found a brars spoke raks spok No doubt

The Gover bilitiee in th communicatic temporary ft telegraph lin arranged), an entry at Dye that there sl out of a scarci the Stickean British territ the British sheel steame construet a $n$ Tha White $P$ which is of rine montha Fear, agsime three in whi riter is nav and can be ns well by triane as an a we to the Ch the best ivad ing now bee finitely ascert The total d y this lant ro 1,400 miles ictoria in Columbis, whi ocean route Michaels an to 4,000 miles All these All these will, of course, tugether for goorl of the dike district. surface of the region will tapidly tranafo $\mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{aw}} \mathrm{son}$, Forty and Circle will hecome citi very tact, with the resources conruniencen pities, and thriving town wifl soon towning nexide them. ike a threntenin mith the bugbea Yue bugbea fond for twelve montha, which it is necosasary to take-most necesnary, if there be truth in the tales of miners dying of atarvation, strutched on the ground, with aacke of gold dust for their pillows. The latter sum is the lowest limit consistent with prudence.
lut, indeed, prudence is a quelity in which many of the goldseekers neem to be singularly deficient. They ruth of st moment's notice,

## Without Inquiry and Without Preparation.

Their c.ee thought in to reach the mines as quickly as possible, and in their hate they do not atop for, or, in their madness, they throw away, the meana indisperasble to the safe accomplishment of the journey. Whien the trails were blocked last autumn, a United Statea official reported that people wero throwing away their packs and provisions and ruahing headlong for the mince "The anow ahall be their winding aheet!"
On the other hand, their'ignoranee la oometimes colossal. lartiea have been seen to set out on the tarrible overland journey eacumbered with horses, coops full of chickens, and ploughs, for all the world as if they were intending to sattle comfortably in the farming line in some amiling valley. One man had even provided himself with a mowing machinel a coffin would havi been not mueli more cuiabroun, and probsbly mora uneful. It
['Continmed on pran :io.
deep, and an Hired minera Ner in the , it dan scarcely of hem rich it the Knykul to the Indisin, kiog from ten the Porcupine, clinqua, and the linqua, and the is of the Ynken, Ithe Klondike. hes never made have never been is probably geld whe will apread , fan, will not enetrate into all enetrate hear of one. everthelesa, ose persens hose theught are resdy straying indly thither be warned
hink Twien Before 8tarting r thin Mecua o he Profits. $B$ uny and so great ce the difficulties - be oncountered ni the road, and he hardahips to be sadured on the strong and oxperistrong and miners, or enced miners, or beon accustomed to rough it in wild and ungettled countries, ought to face them; or, freing them, can hepe to overcons them. And, equally with physiosl strength, is a certain smount ol money whe speaks. with suthority, and not so scribe deas 3 chat it is olares theqs to think starting from England with capital of lens thas e300. A circular of the Euigrants Information Office estimaten the cost estima250 at least for oenveyance and tor take-most necesdying of atarvation, dying of atarvation, lust fer their pillows. it with prudence. It many of the goldThey ruah off st

## paration.

- quickly as posesible, $r$, in their madnees, the safe accomplishblocked last nutumm, were throwing sway dlong for the mines
sometimes colossal. ible overland journey ens, and ploughe, lot de comfortably in the man had even proman hed even pro bly more uneful. It med un paye $3: 30$.

"then noail to micter,"-oin tort aftikirk, on thy tppyn tidon.
cannot be too often rciterated that those whe centemplate making the journey in tho apring, wacu deultloss many a young man'a fancy will lightly turn to theughta of gold, should make their arrangenenta with all the eare of a genoral planning a campaign. Let them set to work with deliboration, make their preparations with prudence, and equip themselvos properly, without stint of necessarien, yet withuut uupcrfluitics. Even with these precautions the route by way of the Chilcoot and the Lakes will he found a journey requiring the heart of oak and threefold brass apoken of by tho poet-and lege ef, if possible, evon stronger miteriala

No doubt in time thero will he
Great Improvements.
The Government, as we have neen, is fully alive to its responsibilities in the matter, and is already engaged in improving the communication with Klondike. From tho United Statee temperary favoura are heing sought for the construction of a telegraph line across country (s monthly mail hes already been arranged), and the concession has been obtained of a sub-port of entry st Dyes, to facilitate the transportation of merchandise, so entry st Dyes, to facilitate the traibportation of meschandise, so that there shall be the least possible ameunt of distress growing
out of s mearcity of aupplies. Next summer will gee s roedway on the Stickeon route, passing sll the way to the Klondike through British territory, and that by s shert cut. By that time, too, the British Yuken Company expect to have placed twenty aternwheel steamers on the grest river; and later they intend to construct a narrow-gauge railway across
The White Pese,
which ia open for nine months in the year, sgainst the three in which the niver is navigable, and can be used as well by pedeatrimns as an alternative to the Chilooot, the beat rued haring now been de finitely ascertained. The total distance lyy this last route is 1,400 milea from Victeris in British Columbis, while the ocean routa to Bt. Sichsels mount to 4.000 miles.
Ali these thinga will, of course, work together for the good of the Klendike district. The surface of the whole region will be rapirtly transformed. Dawson, Forty Mile, and Circle Citiea will become cities in refy fset, with in very fiset, with sill conveniences and conreniences of of
cities, snd other thriving townahijas riid soon spring up exide them, The danger of ntarsation, which at preeent lowers ike s threatening pall ever them, will pase away and be numbered Nith the buguears of the past.
Yut, cven the beat, when these changes and othera shall Ill hnve heen acoomplished, the Klendike district will atill remain

Rude, Unhealthy and Inhnapitable.
For one thing, there will always he the olimate to contend sarainst-the climate of a place which lies less than two hundred miles south of the Arctio Circle, end in the summer, owing to the marked contrast in the soasons, seems to be situated just about the same distance from the infernal regiens. At its worat, indeed, the climate is far more rigorous than that of most of tho mainland lying within the Aretic Circle. As far as is known, at only ono ether place on either of the three continenta of which the northern extremitice lie within that Circle does a similar cendition of the alluvinm exist-namely, on the hank of the Lens, in Siberia, where the ground has been feund to be frozen solid at depth of over one hundred feet

## 8) Intanse is the Cold

of the Klendike winter that, when travellers are gliding scrose the frozen rivers, the sledge has sctually to be stopped st intervals, or the wind created by the rspid motion would freeze them to death. On one occasien a "tenderfoot"-the Ameriaan equi. valent for "s new chum" or "a greenhorn," derived from the aufferings of novices upon a trail-who was travelling by night on a sledge, dropped his pipe, and the sledge hasing been stopped, sent hie only companion-an Indian-back in search of his comforter. The dogs, which sre not controlled by reing, immedistely started off en their own sccount. Mile after mile thoy sped on, and when. at last they stopped of their own accord at Dawson, the passenger was stark and stiff, his sightlese eyes gasing straight shead. Se much for the climato in winter. In aummer, at the district lies low disease is low rife, and, in addltien, the miner hae to endure

A Deluge of

- Cataraot 8kies,
stench of old offal decaying, and infinite torment of fies - especially moequitoes, which rednce the hands and faces of those whe venture to go sbout unprotected sgainst their assaults into. mere masees of bleeding fleth. In comparibon with the more sensational hard ships of the roed these things may be thought little of hy those whe have experienced them; but, even if they stood aloze, the gold of Klen dike would yet net be lightly won And, at present tiley de not etand alone by any means, Our honeet fore. fatherm believed that the gold, stored in the inmost recessex of the mountains by gianta, was protected from the grasping elutch of mortala hy evil spirits. In a sense, this is true of the gold ef Klendike, which la Quarded by Thrae Grim 8peotres known ss Cold and Famine and Disease. Their tale of victima
ir already long. But the groans of the fallen are drowned by the peeasis of the vietora. It in necensary, therelore, to point out that thone whose noisy shouta of triumph are wafted no far ares ainal but a nmall minurity of thene who have get out for the fata felin in tho pride of atrength and the full fluah of hope. By
ingly atrong, being generally furnished with an iren handie, for the purpose of defence if neeensary. Others contain a apring, and by a audden jerk a small dagger ia thrown out at the handle, but care munt ho taken to keep the apring clean and free from runt, or it will he unelesn when required. Whips to which a loag lash can be attached are mokt naeful in many countriea infented with curs, both human and etherwise, which yelp at one's horsea' heeln; but a few well-applied cuta on the backe of theas creaturen soon keep them at a reapectful dintance. Mears. Zair'n whipa will he found uneful for those who have to travel the wolf-infested dittricts of tho Klondike, and also for keeping off other undesirablo "fellowers" in the alanpe of highwaymen and tramps. Mesarm. Zair ponsess such a large varicty of whips of every description that it ia very quentionable whether anyone who visits their entahlinhnuent would be unalle to find, after a whort menreh, precisely what he requiren.
Meama. B. C. Tippea \& Son'a Mmicakenta

Many of those who lesve this country will probsbly take with them
the most favourable empuntation the proportion of the greatly
 Cither lesve the conotry in diagunt aa poor as when they cutered it. or aicken and die there, or reasain to toil on fer a aimple livelihrod under conditions the moat onerous,

Briefly, those are the facte. Then let the aspirant after a share of the wealth of Klondike weigh them well in hia mind before he arriver at a decision which may involve oo much. If, neverthelesp, he should still reacolve to make the venture, then let him go forward with open eyea, not as upon on assured Royal Road to Riches, but ae upen acourse in whlch great riske aro coubterbalanced hy the poasibility of rewarde still greater; not cherishing too sanguine expectations, lut with a heart atout to endure, and $e$ apirit equal to cither fortune.
their own horse-medica.
mente, inasmuch as thowe which are known of menta, inasmuch as those which are known of reliable. In this direction nucil assiatance to thene whe intend to proceed to the Klondike might be afforded by Messre. B. C. Tioner and Sen, veterinary chemical menufacturere, of Balsal Heath, Birmingham, who are well, enough known to readers of thia journal ea makern of "Grul-oa," "Anti-gan," "Vitalia," horse halls, and some effective herse medicated powders. A dosen or twe bottles of the same manufacturera" "Fmbro" white-oils will also he found exoeedingly uaeful as a liniment for aprains, awellinga, bony enlsrgements, and rheumatiam, all of which ailmeata are hishly probable in cennection with horse-travelling in tha are highly probable in cennectinn with horse-traveling in tha Klondike region, where tho winter climate, as already stated, is
of the most rigorous character. Another hesling oil ia that known of the most rigorous character. Another hesling oil ia that known
na "Nigro," which will be found useful for most kinda of wounde.
aftly them for the sam

Mreas Ineamuc a rough an averaging fr thy necenait durable gle we would a ami Ce., of driving and oecasion to which haa which hea brortamen an occasion to
giove. The " giove. The o a oreat e This the glov tions referred mecessful re either wet er the patent "


## NOTES UPON NOVELTIES.

Mzasia. G. and J. Z.ata's Whieg.
Another requirement which those who risit Klondike will have to leok after is providing themselven with good and durable whipe, and perhape there ia no firm of makers who have had more experience in thin lire than Mesras G. and J. 7air, of Bishop Street Birmingham. The writer recollects some ycars ago, when travelling in Australis, that he had sone remarks to make upon the whipa which are made by Zair, and which are largely in use in that colony; but it ia not only in Greates Britsin that theae monufacturers are well nod favourahly knona, for a great number of those who require whips for use in the United Statea louy thone maile on this side, the faveuriter are the numal Einglish patterns and such as are sold hy the better class of saddlers in London and elnewhere, and come from the catabitish-
 ment of the Birmingham firm mentioned.

a speciality in the United Statea, anul these are made ly Messrs. Zair, ood can be obtained in almost every description of style and patiern. A apeciality of theirs also is a whip very much used by our countrymen in Sonth Americn and Atrien, and which in oxcecd-
kicks, serc ahoulders, and cracked heels ; while "Dysenteron" is - special drink made up for dysentery and diarrhooa in animak Asears. Tipper and Non will forward one of their little booket conoerning descriptions of all their mannfactures and how wo
an fron handie, Othere eontain is thrown out at spring clean and nired. Whipm to $s$ long lash can tached are mort in many countries in many countries human and otherwhich yelp at horses heela; Iew well-applied on the bscke of crestures soon them at s reapectlistance, Memara, whipe will ba Whipe will ba 1 useful tor thone hare to travel wolf-infested disof the Klondike, algo for keaping other undesirsbla lowers" in the te of highwaymen tramps. Messra, veriety of whips very deacription that a very quentionable ther nnyone who their extabliahfind, sfter a shot reh, precisely what requires.
ghara. B. C. Ttppea Non's Mflicamenth. ffany of those who ve this conntry will bably tsko with them ir own horse-medica he beat and most those who intend to d by Messrs. B. C. ufacturers, of Balsall known io resdera of gas," " Vitalie," horse powders. A dosen or mbro" white-oils will ent for sprains, owellall of which ailmente orse-travelling in the as already stated, in ling oil is that knowa nost kinds of wounde,


## SOR.

Thile "Dysenteros" dimrrhcea in mimak of their littla bookjety of their ittis hem to
aply them, to any reader of thin journal who choones to writo for the name.

Meassg. Fonnes Bros, and Co,'s Duivine Glover. Insamuch as a large amount of driving will be necessary acroan a rough and dangerous country, and in conuection with tesme averaging from four to eight horses or mules, or even reindeer, thy necessity for providing oneself with auflelently tough and durable gloves it one of some importance. In this direction we would suggest a pleit to the stors of Messra, Fownes Bros, and Co., of Graham Street, E,C., who are the makers of drivino and riding glovea par excellence. We have before had occasion to call attention to the famoua "Grip" driving glove which has been patented by this firm. This will be found by which has been patented by this firm. Thia will be found by
snortemen and travellers-and, indeed, by all who have frequent snortemen and travellers-and, indeet, by all who have frequent
occasion to ride or drive-to be a very excellent and well-wesring glove. The "Grip," which consista of raieed corrugstions, obvistoe, to a "reat axtent, what has been a long-Ialt snnoysnce, namely, the constant and tiring elipping of the reins through the fingers. This the glove entirely overcomes by means of the lesther corrugatinus referred to, which on the palm, fingers, snd thumb offer s successful rasistance to any slipping tendency of the reina, in either wet or dry weather. . We understand that the proprietors of the patent "Grip" glove hisve reccived many lattern from eportsmen and othera teatifying to its merita; and in all probalility those of our resdera who uee theee gloves upon their contemplated trip to the goldfialds of Klondike and British Columhis will be emabled upon their return
to proride Mespra. Fownes Bros. and Co. with an equally matisfactory testinoninl.

Spnattis Patent Dug Hiscuita.
It is queationable whether any public enterprise hss had more favourable pournalistic notices deroted to itw in. tereste minl pronpecta than Spratt's P'atent, Limited, A concern which is known, it may be suid without exay. eration, from one and of the world to end of the world to the other. Person. slly speaking, we have meen Npratt's
biscuite displsyed for vale, sud alway日


JACK M(QIEBSTRN, KNOWN AB lound it in every quarter of the glohe, snd as largely in Anierica as nnywhere else. We refer to the Sprstt's biscuits which urs made in this country and exported to the United States from this side, snd not to the biscuits whioh ara made in the United Ststes under, we believe, the American Apratt Company's licence. In our Klondike articles we have reforred to the neceasity of travellers taking a good supply of dog biacuits in order to feed their animala en route, snd which are made suel une of in traveraing the ce-bound regions of the North Insamuch as Spratt' himcuit rere used exclusizely by the Harmaworth-JackBon and the Nsnsen expeditions, and the members of which have given such excellent reports upon them, it may be taken for granted that thoee who aris proceeding to K! ondike could do ittie better than follow no grod a exsmple. Spratt's bigcuita will keep in any climate and for almost any length of time, and it is n noteworthy fact that they will be eaten by doge when no other sort of food can tempt them. The interesting particulars which are given in connection with the biscuit commissariat of the two expeditions above referred to, in another part of thin isaue, are well worth perusal.

## Mrgerg. Join Haly and

 Sons' (Lncrted) Smokerizsa Carthidere. Mesars. John Hall and Sons, Limited, of 79, Cannon Street, E.C., are the makers of some smokeless cartridgee which they claim it would be very difileult to nurpase for excellence of manufacture. Theso cartridgea are loaded with thirty-five grains of waterproof concentrated powier and 1 in. shot those who have used them pronouncing them among the moel perfect cartridgea yet introduced. fect cartridgea yet introduced.The firm's cheap nitro casea are loaded with forty-two are loaded with forty-two
grains of waterproof bull grains of waterproof bulkpowder, known aa "No. 2 coarse" grain, in contra diatinction to the concentrated powder which is "No. 1 fins" grain. The coarse grain cartridge contain 1 lin. shot, and are hard-hitting and pleasant to shoot with. The
powder made by Mesara, John Hall and Non, Limited, and whith in not inaptly described an the "King of smakelews powders," Ia entirely consumed in the gin harrels, there being no particles eft to how back and injure the eyes. Iteaders of this journal will recolleet the terrible acellent that onee happened when H11.1I. the l'rinee of Wales was oni nhooting will a parts of friende, and which, it is said, conld not possilhy have oeterred hail Canuonite powder heen in use on that oceasion. Thls powher contains no nitro-glyeerine, while it is waterproof thr jugheut and not merely on the surface. It han been raid that Cannonite may be monked in water and muhsepuently dried with linttiag pijur, when it is found an good as ever. Indeen, this powder is little, if nt all, nffected ly hent or damp, and there can be little deulat that the manufacturers of some of the older typea of nitro powidra have in Cannonite a cery severe sand powerful rival.
K.C. Powitan Company'a (Limitra) Spohtimi Pownen.

For those who would indulge in gane shooting, which it may be presmmed anany of our remares will do when they hava exhanstel the interesta centred in metking for gold, the amokelesa sporting powder of the B.e. Powder Company, Limited, should certainly prove of value. The records whieh have been olitained liy this powder at Harlingham and the Gun Club during the summer of 1895 and the winter of 1896 will prohally be freal in the memory of many of our readers, nore prizes being wen with that powder than with all the other powders comhined. To rerapitulate some of the trimmphe which the E.C. powier has won, wo mny mention that the successful competitors for the (fan ('lub International Cap won five cat of six cempetitiona, while uthern using this powder secured seven Memhers' Challenge Cupa at the Gun Clul, the Clsy 13ird Championship of America, and the two longest distance sweepstakes ever shot for at the Gun tha two longest distance aweelsitakes ever shot for at the Gun
Club, namely, 33 and 32 yards. The E.C. powder is quite free from sulphur or any other sul)atance which can have an injurious etfect upon metnh. Guns from which thic powder has been fired in no way become eorroded. With thia powder the nlight amount of deposit left in the barrel in granular, snd is removed each time hy the wals. Altogether, it may, we think, fairly be said that for game shooting the E.C. powder is diffecult to beat, insamuch as it is hard in grain, froe trom duat, and very reliahle in pattern and penetration. Derhaps one of the beat proofs of the preat merit and popularity of the E.C. powder is found in the fret that the sales have licen stendily increasing ever since the fort that the sales have been stan Company now manufacturing, it.

## Mi. F. J. Curncula's Güns,

Next to the important suliject of ammunition comes the question of the best kinds of guns or rifles, and perhaps our readers conld do little better than to pay a visit to the establishmen of Mr. W. J. Churchill, at 8, Agar Street, Strand, who has had many yeary' experience as a practical gun and rifle manufacturer and who perhspe knows as much shout guns and shooting as any man in the trade. To give a record of all the competitions won with Churchill's guns would occupy for mere space than, unfor tunately. I hare at my eommand, but I think I may mention that, although Mr. Churchill only started in business somes six years ago, he has already estahhished a werld-wida reputation amil in the courso of one week (Damely, in the menth of July last) over £1,100 whe won with weapons of hia manufacture. Mr. Churehill learnt his trude at the old extnblinhment of Jeffreys, of Derchenter anm lipmonth, after which he assisted Mr. Ilaker, of Fleet Street and Coekapur strect, for fourteen rears. At the prenent time lie is assisted by his son, who is promonncet ${ }^{1}$ good $n$ shet as his Isther.

Liknvor,
And now, gentle resder, the time has arrived for me to hid you farewell, or, it may be, au repoir. It is not at all improbabl! that I may be enabled, upon some future occasion, to offer you further connsel as to what rou should do in order to traverge "The Rond to Riches" But for tho time being I will content myself with merely expressing the hope that all With merely expressing the hope that all
of you who sre interested in the subject of Wout whe sre interested in the subject
of "Klondike; How to Get There, and of "Klondike: How to Get There, and
What to Do When Yeu arrive," may find ouy contribution of utility and attractiveness. I have endearoired to provide looth one and the other, and it is for you to way hote far I have aucceeded. But, in conchasion, I sm happy to say that if any of my readers desire personal silvice or replies to inquiries, the Editor of The Roved will allow ne to anawer all questions, either through these colmons or tions, either through these calmons or
direct. Letters should lie addreased to "direct. Letters sheuld he addreased to "Llondiker," eare of the

suggested 8y reading the "road to riches"
(With apologies fo the late Pory Latrbate.) Yeu must wake and call me early, Call me early, mother, daar; At a quarter after nine the ahip Is advertized to elear.

Eleven days I've steod it off And tried to keep it down; But I'll be hanged if I remaioThe only man in town.

Sy temperature ia going up, The fevers in mv vioa, I'll take it in large grains.

Quite long enough I've walked the street To save the cabby's fare: Two long the grindstone's dens ita worst; My nose wen't stand the wear.

The frozen North is getting warm With nuggets thick as fliea,
A man now has a chance to wha A fortune cre he diea.
I've pan and shovel, lots of grub, Warm olotling, rubler boots, So wake and call me early When the Klondike ateamer toats.


## Down the Road

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"'ine noad ro miches."-A view or juneat:,

## A CHOICE OF ROUTES.

## The Winter and Summer Roads.

THE PROS. AND CON8. SUMMARISED FOR THE GUIDANCE OF THE TRAVELLER.-WHAT THE CANADIAN GOVERN. MENT ARE DOING TOWARDS OPENING UP THE OOUNTRY AND PROVIDING TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES.

Fer the batter guidanoe and ronvenience of my resdsrs I appead herewith, the Three Prineipal-I may even esy, ths Three Only-Reutea to The Land of Rlehes. My feregoing remarks have alreedy teuched upon these same roads, bul the additional detaila whioh I give herewith will nevarthelees be feund of uce.

## noute 1.

The ouly possible winter route ia by Dalun's Trail (Cbilkat Pass), entailing an ex!rense for a year's supplies of at least a thonsand dollara. A great many pack horsea are nand dollars. A great many pack horsea arly rexuired for this trail, which probahly
accounts for its not being uacd instead of accuunts for its not boing uacd instead of
the Chilcoot and White router. It ia free fron heary ascents and easy to trsverse, but only a few have attempted it, so that it cannot be said to have borne the test of expefienee. The Lynn Canal ia left by the Chilkat Inlet, e long and narrow arm of the see. At the head of the inlet there is a smal! but good harbour, with shelter from the strong winds prevailing in this mountainoua region an exceptional advantage on thie part
of the Pacific Cosst. A mile north of the liarbour the tidal flats of the Cliilkst liver aro encountered, and twenty miles up the aro encountered, and twenty miles up the
Indian villnge of Klukwan ia reached, where Indian village of Klakwan ia reached, where
the Klaheels ltiver enters from the went. The Chilkat and Klaheela are navigglle for caroes, and e pack trail follows the Klahcela to its source. Thenee almost directly north to Fort Nelkirk, where the Pelly end Lewis sivers unite to form the Yukon; or if any of nyy readers dexired to talso advantage of water transportation at an carlier stage, the Jewis Itiver nay be ntruek st Five Finger lapids, mentioned above. Dalton, after whom the trail is named, gives the tine required as "nine daya light, twelve to forrrequired as "nine a load"; but prospectors who have used it more recently say three weeks.

There is an Indian trail from the Chilkat Phas, traversing the same country a little farsi, traversing east, but of this little is known.
further east, but of this Cittle in known.
At Bennett Lake tho Chilcoot aud Skag. way rontes nuite, but the pioneer is stillover five hundral wilea from the Klondyke, most of whieh, however, ean be done ly eanoe or boat. The adventurer has to carry his eraft with him in nections, or hew down trees and build it when he reaches the lakes, whieh means a delay of aeveral daya, as auitablo timber is not easy to ohtain. A emsll strenm conneeta Lakea Hennelt and Tagish, ana voyagers are carried ly a atrong current down to the heal of the hatter very quiekly. From Lake Tagiah they drift down to ano. ther small lake, named Lake Marsh, a long, shallow lody of water. After this the real
dilthoultine of the jomrung by water begith. lint an I anumo that stlec my oftexprensed ndvice no readern of the food would ifenm of starting fur "The Itwal to Iteches" until Noring - way in iptil, 1808, I nee I not fur-
 ter thente, lat will phas on to ltoute Ne. 2.

## ROUTE 2.

This rute, which in growhig in tavour, uwing to the dithcultive of the mountain Duswer, in ride the Nticheerll Itiver, also know. an the' "all C'onmlinn," bermune it in mail to be C'analian territory, It has the alditional recommenilation of being approved ly De.
 who travelleel liy way uf Temlin lake ten Whot travelled liy way if Tembindake win
yeam pre, and outurested the buithing of a yeak pue, and mevoestericue hend of navightion is atill eailed Telegraph Oreek, and thita route in dignifiel on the wap with the name uf "Government Trail." Whether it exiats noywhers bit on the maps may be doubted, nal the Gevernment, of courne, have accepted no rewponaibility beyond having the country explored. Still, people whe have conselved ly different router claim that this in the beyt. An ola pronpectar toll ma in the beat. All whe pronpectar tolit Tealin Lakea camot be more than a hundred and tifteen of a hundred and twenty milea long, and he dencribed the country as compara tively casy of travel. The trail ia fairly level, and though nome parta are swampy, there in plenty of timber to mike coriluroyi. c., to make a nolid road over the bog hy putting down brumbend and laying loga purown it a mefe if unt a rery confortable nerrons it, inate, if Tha river ia navigable for the ordinary flat-boltom beata from Salt Witer to Tulegraph Creek, a dintance of one lumireel and fifty milea. From Telegrajh Creek to Tralin Lanke in allout anot or one hundred and filty milen, through what in helieved to be a fint and not very diffloult romutry, but very little in known about it. Mr. St. Cyr, a aurveyor on the ntaff of the 1) partident of the Interior, is making a aurwy of the country at the prement time. From Tealin Lake thece is no difficulty whatrver, there being navigation for atern-wheel stemacers right down to the mauth of tha Yukun. If thia route provea prasticable, it will greatly facilitate ingresa snd egreas to and from tho Yukon country. There is a very general opinion an to the value of thi route, and, besides the Government Surveyor, the chicf enginecr of the Kootenay divinion of the Canadian Pacific Rsilway is investigating the locality with a vjew to the construction of a railway. Two routea are available from the co:st to Tealin Lakeone by the Sticheen River and Telegraph Creek, snd the other further north from the Takil Inlet. The former involves a strutch of momewhat nncerthin river navigntion, from Wrangwell to Telegraph Creek, white the latter has the alvantage of a deep-witer terminus open the year round. The Taku line han aceordingly been relected, with a mnximum graide of only three per cent. It is compuratively a direct route, being hat one hundred and sixty-two milen from Salt Water to Lake Terlin. A tmil will be lailt over the proposed ronte, and a aswmill will be luilt on Tealin Lake.

## ROUTE 3.

Still another route, which is elnimed to he ravicr, though i : is a long way round, is from the Canedian Pacific Rsilrond Station at Edmonton, in the North-Weat Territorica, hy wny of the Mackenzie River and Fort Macpherson. Bishop Clut, of Mackenzie liver, struagly recommends it. "It may take louger." lie shza, "but the difficultien the prospecters will have to overcome will he certainly very much less than in going


The White Horse Rapids.
(By One Who has Shat Them.)
The much-drealed White Horse Rapida may be avoided by portage-i.e., by carrying the boat overland till the fall ia pansed-but thia is a long and toilsome businesm, as the rapida are three-quartera of a mila long. Lake La Barge, which is thirty-five miles long and ten wide, is traversed withont difficulty, and is connected by Thirty Mile liver with the Hootalinqua, a tributary of the Lewin, which, at its junction with the Pelly River, forma the Yukon. Thirty Mile River is very rapid, and has sunken boulders, that make it dangeroua if cantion is not exercised. The lootainqua, too at times runs a mill-race and in ora der voyagera have drifted to within four milea of Five Finger Rapida, a distance of one hundred and twenty-five milea. Five Finger 1Rapidh are more dangeroun than Milea Rapida, but they may bo rur. by s prectised hanul. In running rapida everything depands upon skill and experience. Those without theae gifta liad botter take te the more laborious method of portaging. After Five Finger Itapide are pawed the voyege offere no particular difficulty.

The Yukan River.
(By a Traveller Who Knows It.)
The Yukon is uno of the greatest rivers on the American Continent. In many places it it more than five nilea in width, and in ethers narrower, but decp, and flowing with a mirong current. "You cannot by any means go to sleep ard let your bont drift," sayn a voyager whoas experiencen are worth qualing. There are a multitudco of islands, sometimes four or five abreast of each other, and as many channels, nome of which are very deep and clear of drift, while others are nhallow or narrow, and full of Irift. Such channela must be avoided. After leaving the laken, the current renders it easy to make a daily rua uf over one hundred miles until Dawson City is reached. It ia, however, quteation whether the Chilcoot or White Pask will be oped this winter, no The lowid realera' need koublo themselves but little about this part of the guestion for the mowent.


# THE MASTERPIECE <br> OF <br> MODERN CYCLES. <br> "THEBLSWICK" <br> <br> The Bociety Cycle. <br> <br> The Bociety Cycle. <br> QUALITY withstands FLUCTUATIONS: 

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OPINION of a LARGE LONDON AGENT who has sold £25,000 worth of ELSWICKS in 1897:
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## S.

## PERSOMAL PARAGRAPH8.

Individual 8tatemente of Experienced Traveliera.
(Summarised and Compited for The Cmistmas Roan.)

## A 8tory of Dieappointment.

(By a New York Correspondent.)
A party of disappointed gold-seekers, who started for the Klendils Goldfields, in charge of Major Wood, of Seattle, and Mr. Howard, have threatenad to take dreadful vengeance on their twu leaders. They were Ianded from the ahip "Elizs Anderson" at St. Miehsel, which ie the tradirg port fer the Yuken Valley, with ne prospect of reaching their deatination, and the ehipping company refuaed to feed tham. Their situation so infuriated the paasengers that thay made prisoners of the Major and Mr. Howard, and only the preserce of Uniter States troops saved thess two men from terrible vengeanec. It ia feared, hewever: that both men will yeu be massacred.

## Not Time Yet To Go

(By a Financial Authority.)
I am glad to eee that an efficial netice hes new been iasued by tho Emigranta' Information Office, warning intending emigrants and proapectora that the Klondike Goldfielda are not at preeent accessilile to ordinsry emigrants, snd urging them not to reply to attractively-werded advertizements withuut first msking inquiry at the office ir. Bresdway, or at that of the High Commissioner for Canada. If thone persons whe are susceptible to gold fever will only exercise a moderste nmount of caution on the firat appearance of the eymptome, much miaery to them and to theirs apperance of bed.

The MakIng of Good Reada.
( $\mathrm{By}_{\mathrm{y}}$ a Canadian Traveller.)
The Deminion Government are doing what they can, by semding ont aurveyors to choose the best routes to be made inte a good waggon road, the urgent need of this moment, though preparations are also being made with a view to railway and telegraphie commurication. Hut for a long time a grest deal must be left to the enterprise and judgment of individunl prospectors; and the experience of those whe have gene ever the ground is, therefore, of the utmost value. It will aiao be of service in giving thowe who think of aeeking fortune in the Klondike Geldfieldn nome idea of the difflculties they will have to centend with.

## A 8cotohmen's Experienoe.

(By A. E. McManus.)
The mesquitoen sre a terror day and night. Meals are still 1.50 del. esoh. Bresd sells at 50 cents s lesf. I aun working for wapes-an ounce of gold per day. I nhould like to lat all the boy unew about this place, but I do net want to
encenrage anyone to ceme in, fer, it in ne nae talking, it ia a rough trip, with dangers and privations and hardahips on every side. A young fellow left here on the last beat with 25,000 dela. He used to drive a drav in Vietoria. Twenty-five theusand ia used to drive sedrav in ietoria. hetteat town I ever struck. conomon luck herc. This is the hetteat town 1 ever struek.
Moose is 75 cents a pound, and aeme of it is abont is tough us Dawsen City. [This correspoudent, in terming the "town," or ereek, from which he addresses his letter, the "hottest town" lie ever atruek, refers, of conrse, to ita inhabitanta, and not to the climate.-FD. The Road.]

Frem Galgery to Klendike.
(hly a lecent Klondiher.)
The Canadians and the Americans are playing a game of bluff with each othor over Klondike, and the Camalians may he aafoly hacked to "come out on top," as they say aeross the Atlantie. There ia ne longer a doubt that the new goldfieldy are in Canadian territory. The Americans may discoper others for themselves on their ovn aide of the boundary, but they lisve had to give up their threatened claim to any of those already found. Still, they held all the existing gatewaya into the Yukon cruntry, and, spparently, they mean to make the most of that sdrantage. At Dyea and Skagway Bay they are enforcing the Dingley tariff to ita utmest rigeur againat the gold hunters, so many of whom are rushing te certain destruction. On every herse they take in with them they are charged 830 , and nany horser have had to bo left behind in eonsequence of their owners having no $\$ 30$ to spare. Naturally, the Canadians are sore at the unneiglibeurly treatment thev are receiving, sad oppertumities of getting even with Unele Sism are net likely to be neglected. It has been propeeed to reriae the Klondike regulations, and disqualify forcigners frem holding elaims. Secing that most of the existing clainas are in Ancrican hamds, that would be hard on them. Less aggressive means of retaliation are likely to be favourel. A very effective one would be to open up a purely Canalian route into tho Yuken conntry-one avoiding Alaskn altogether, and keeping out of the way of the Dingley tariff. That msy look at first sight far from casy, as the distance by the shortest trails from possille starting points on the Canadian Paeifie range from 1,200 to 1,500 miles. But the journey need net be all made by land. Thogreat rivers and Inkes of the North-W at may be ntilised for water carriage, sometimes for nereral hundre 1 niles at a stretch.

$$
\text { Mining in } 8 \text { ritish Columbia. }
$$

A correspendent writes:-"A claim simply cannet be obtnined in Klondike without first putting up as option maney $25,000 \mathrm{~d}$ lol. to $30,000 \mathrm{dol}$. (sny, $£ 5,000$ or $£ 6,000$ ), and even then it in diffieult to flad anything, good, as one that has leen tested cannet be bought at any price. If the Fnglinh people are wise they will turn their attention to the Kootenay country, Vencouver conntry, and other parts of Santhern British Columhis, and procure pronerties at reasonable figures while the mad craze is on fur Klondike."

## KLONDIKE REWS IH A RUTSHELL.

## "Serap'nge" frem the Read to Riehee.

The name Klondike is a eorruption of the Indian "Throndink," which means "water full of fish."

Twelve Klondike companies have been floated in New York reeently, with a eapital of no less than $60,000,000$ ciols.

The eraze in America for speeulstion in Klondike stocke la grenter even than the wild anxipty of the Lendoners to invest in Kiffira some two years ago.

It is said that the men of finance in New York da not touch these concerns, but it is those of moderate capital, the widewa with a small amount, who subseribe.

Co pany promoters are no longer content with promising a modest 10 or 15 per eent., but say that anything short of a dividend of 100 per cent. on the espital invested ia an inexcussble misuse of goed money.

There ia no mining esmp in the world which exista under such peacesble conditions as does Klondike.

Dawson City ia only just barely within the Britioh Nerth-West territory. Mount St. Elias is $1 \frac{1}{2}$ milea within the American boundary.

The actual frenticr lines will not he definitely fixed till next year, when the surveyera are enabled to get to work. No diffculty is anticipated.

Numerous cases of "lynch law" are being reported. A man named Johnson, whe stowed himself away on hoard a atenmer, wes hanged at Skagway for ransacking valiaea in search of food.

The Americans advise people to ge to Klondike vis the Chilcoot Pess, but these whe have returned say that the White Pass is the easier. Readers of The lload are advised to peruase what its Special Correspondent has to eay upen this subject.

It is a noteworthy fact that ever ainee the rush began, more or less perfect law and order have been preserved lyy a little band of Canalian mounted pelies, aeveral of whom were in London at the Jubilee celebration.

"THE nOAD TO RICHES."-TYPEB of BOME OF THE KLONDIKEMS.

The United States Government have extensive harrecks at Sitka, and there will also be a vessel atationed there, whleh will cruise sleng the cosst during the eoming summer.

The customs regulations af Klondike are the aame ns those usually enforeed. Jiners are allowed to carry throng. 1001 b . of food, blankets, and personal elothing, without paying daty.

In the summer nothing could be more lovely then the scenery, aud the elimate is perfect. Mesquitoes, however, are an awful pest. In the winter the thermometer drops to 50 deg or 60 deg . below zero.

Major J. M. Walsh, of whon an excellent portrait is published in this isaue, has lieen nppointel Aduninistrator of the Yukon district in the far North-West. Major Walah is well-known es a strong alut firm Governor.
The station haa ever been a popelar one, and there are alwaye plenty of volunteera for nerviee. It is a neteworthy fact that there have been few, if nay, desertiona, due no doult to the fact that the winter hardshijs of the journey to Klondike are known.

It was the North-West Mounted Police who persuaded the Sioux to surrender peacefully to the American Government after their massacre of General Custer and his force.

A grent many men of good family, and it ia even anid that thero is a los' smong theo and several 'Varsity graduates, are ineluded in the ranks of the Canalian police force.

As a rule, the Klondike transport steamers are entirely unfit for the use to whieh they are put. They are chiefly old vesesla which have been rejected for other purposes.

Passagee are booked quite irrespective of the aleeping accommodatirn on board, snd woe betide those unlucky mortals who are the last to sec.re tickets. .

The entering on a Klondike steamer ean hardly be compared to that of an ordinary Atlantic liner. It ia not quite ao gnod nor so eleanly.

The Yukon rush has made an enormous difference to thoae firma in New York supplying auitahle outfits. It is said that the auplly ia not nearly equal to the demand.
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d. A men s ateamer, h of food.
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ia even said that iy graduatea, are force.
are entirely unfit chiefly old vessels
e sleeping accomy mortale who are rilly bo compared quite so geod nor
iffercnce to thoae It is said that the

A concern called the "Womsn's Yukon-A laskit Mining and Investment Company" has been atarted at Seattle. It is run entirely by women.

Thie Company proposee to engage minele in the spring, clisrter a vessel, and convey the minera (who will work for them) and storea up the Yukon Ikiver to !)awson City.


THE VICEPREGIDENT OF THE WOMFN'S TUKON-ALAGEA MINING AND INVESTMENT COMPANY.


THE LAADY PRESIDENT OT THE COMPANY.
A rival Ellorado has aprung into exiatence at Cook Inlet, in Alaska. A party of miners are said to have obtained 200,000 dola. of gold dust there.

To own land yielding 80,000 dols. per aq. ft , in Kiondike is evea better than being proprietor of mpuare roods in the City of London. Sueh is the ease of Captsin Fllin of Klondike.

It in waid that a man having enough "grub" to last lim for five monthe ean obtain work at klondike at wages ranging irom ES to 54 per day.

It is reported from Victoria (British Columhia) that a grat number of miocrs who hefi a few werkis ago rlanting "Alontike or bust!" have returned-hint. Fonr simple feet uf show inal changel their plans!


MAJOR WALBII-ANOTHEL PONTRAIT.


The Lady aEcietany of the company.
Some of the aeekers after gold are finding the remains of mastodons, tuakn, leg-lones, et $\%$. But these are harilly what are required. They aerve, however, as a meana of defence.

Mans thinga point to the fact that at one period Alasks was tropical country. Remaing of tropical regetation are even now to be aeen in the ice.

Three adventurous men have run the Miles Cañon on tho Yukon liver, a distance of three-quarters of a mile, over which the current took them In two minites.

Alpother very dangerons place is The White Horse Rapids, hut it does not present lalf the difficulties of the Miles Cenon, through which the river rushes at the rate of ever twenty mils an hour.

The pack Inclians were "had" some time ago loy an enterprising Yank, who, after he got them to transport his goods, paid them in worthless paper money.
it is proposed to found an up-to-date "Utepis" on the Yukon, It will be called lirooklyn, and no liquors or gambling will be allowed. The inhabitants will be limited to one hundred.

A well-known man who has juet roturned from Klondlke, and was a caller at The load effices, considers that the amount of gold which will be obtained next year will amount to about 300 tons 1

When a new digger arrives at Dawson City, he is ot onee relievel of his "grub," and is given just sufficient to last him until frowh supplies can bo obtsinel, the rest being sold to the other diggers at Klondike prices.

It is hoped to keep up communication this wirtel between Iyea snd loawson City by means of dog-trains. The Gugs which will ho used are grest hsiry fellows, weighing 80lba, some times more. It is propoeed to feed them upon Spratt's biscuits, that being the beat sustaining food which can be olstained.

These same dogs aro harnessed to a sled in single file, usually four to a sled. They will travel sometimes even as far as 60 miles a day, with a load of 600lbs.

There is a good deal of talk of the possibility of uaing reindeer for traction purposes, and competent authorities have expressed opinions that reindeer wonld be found to be of far more use than either dogs or liorses. We give an illustration of the elk, now being largely used at Klondike.

"the noad to michze."-8wain nndane selarng funb to voyaoizs to fugon.

Champagno is selling at Dawson City at $\$ 50$ a bottle. Potatoes are now at slout four cents. each.

Mr. Ogilvis, Surveyor to the Dominien of Cansda, told an interviewer from The Raad that in twenty minutes he fouml 595 dole. worth of gold, wsahed out of one pan.

The Canadian Pacific Rsilway Company propose to run a line from Lake Tchu to Glenora. From Iake Tchu navigstion ia quite uninterrupted as far ss Klondike.

South Kootensy, in British Columbis, has up till now beaten Klondiko in the ameunt of gold exported. $\$ 5,540,243$ werth of ore hase been exported from the district during the last twelvo months.

> A British Columbian correspondent of this journal writes that Britiah aulhjecta will save themselven a grest deal of trouble and oxpense by entering through British territory. Provisions and outfits are being eold at Victoria at reasonshle prices.

There is a tremendeus demand for good horaes and dogs at Dyea. Good dogs fetch sbout 125dols. esch, snd horsea are at fabulous prices.

A grest many of the would-be gold-seekera will find, upon their arrival at the "sest of war," that their goods have been spoilt by damp, owing to bad packing.

All packagea should be put in canvas bags, and then sewn up securely in oil-cloth. If this is done, they may be exposed to rain and snow, and no end of rough handling without being damsged.

People aro paying as much sa 22 eents. per pound to get their freight cerriad over the passes. Thera is s scheme on foot to tow a large scow np the river by mesns of s atesm-launeh. It is probsble, however, that thie ides will fsll through, sa the launch itself cannot get up without help, much less can it tow a heavily-laden scow.

The ateamship Portland, of which we give an illustration on snother page, and whieh is new being used to transport miners and [Continued on paye 799.
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of using reindeer have expreased gr moro uso than of the elk, now

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ts. per pound to get to is acheme on foot ns of s stesm-isuneh. II fall through, as the II farch less can it tow
give an Illustration on to transport minerk and nued on page 790.

gold, han had a momewhet chequered career-smuggling opium and arms, tin-cannery business, and again Chinamencearrying and opinm-amuggling, and now the transportation of a motley crowd of gold-aeekern and thelr hoarde of hard-won gold.

A plague has broken out in Dawson City as a reault of the noufficiency and had quality of food. The quaity of food. The inhshitante csnnot get
sway, snd the plagie sway, sid the plague
is carrying them off in grest numbers. All the better for those who aurvive.

Food ls ot the prssent moment of more value even than gold. Filue even than gold. There sre 8,000 people in the city, and only ennugh food to last 4,000 , until the next supplies arrive. These sre expected daily.

The Hotel Cecil has had under its roof on individual who hes been lucky enough to get into Klondike and out again. This fortunateperson aeems to have made no amall pile, hut states


that he would not again go through the winter time he parsed in Klondike for untold wealth. But he is off there in the apring.

On landing et Skagway the first impression one receives is not by any means a fovourable one. A huge cliff, towering above an insignificant-looking oollection of squalid-looking hats, and bozes, packages, and trunks in apparently hopeless confusion, are seen on all sidea.

From Slagway to the head navigation hy way of tho White Pass is a distance of forty-ono miles. The route in deemed the beat, but of those who are waiting to traverse it now, prohably one-half will perish in the nttempt.

One of the great odvantages which the reindeer has over the dog is that it can exist where doge would starve, as it grubs up the snow and eats the roots and grass undernesth.

There are now 1,800 reindeer in Alank, whioh are distributed at four stations-vis., st Cape Prince four stations-ris., at Cape Prince
of Wales, Point Barrow, Cope Nome, of Wales, Point Barrow, Cepe Nome,
and Galopin Bay. Most of these and Galopin Bay. Most of theee
animals are trained to be driven in larness, and can draw heavy losds.
and
An enterprising gentleman at Liverpool la trying to arrange a party

"Tre Radad."

AMEA LADUR' GAWMILL AT DAWBON CITY
to ehsrter a stesmer anil set out for tho "Road to Riches." He proposes to lesvo Enyland about January 15th, going round Cape Horn, stenung up tho Yukon Itiver, and reathin Dawson City about June. I hope no libud realers will be foole enough to join him.

Thls individual entimates tho cont at about s170 for the "return" journey. This figure will nalso includo a life policy of £500. no that those having $£ 170$ to spare, and being in want of something to do, might take this offer unleas warned beforchand.

The Liverpool promoter has secured the services of a wellknown "sasessor of mining properties," who will set as a sort of gnide, philosopher, and friend-especially tho latter, I suppose. Donbtlens he will be needed, and I hope he will he found upon that occasion.

It is said that several of the passengers in the hosta which wero the last to get up the river had to sacrifice a grest part of their freight-carrying capacity to wines and spirits instead of food.

Ono barge being partly loaded with whisky and part'y wiih food stuck on s bank on the way up; to get her off tons of four, beans, sugar, rice, etc., were thrown overboard, but the whisky was kept. Of course it whs Pattisson's.

When the miners heard what had happened there wha $n$ very hig row, and it was proposed thet tho next man who brought any whisky, l'attisson's or anyone else's, into Dswion else e, into Dswan
City should be huny up as a terrille warnup as s terrible warn-
ing. What was to lie ing. What was to les
done with tho whisky done with tho whisky
deponent sayeth not.

At the present moment fully one-half of ment fully one-half of
the inhabitants of the inhabitants of
Dawbon City are living in tents. Whst they will do when the thermometer hows 70 or 80 degrees of frost nobody koows.

It is slmost as ex. pensive to build a $\log$ as it is to oupply oneself with food. Iogs couse in Dawson City spiece. Skulled miners are paid about $£ 3$ s day, lsbourers $£ 2$. I send an illustration of a miner huilding his log cabin.

## THE ROAD TO RICHES.

## The Finanoial Aspect Considered.

8ome of the Companles Which Have Oome inte Exiatence - A Preer nt Tetal Capital of $£ 5,500,000$, and Thero is More to Come.

Any article dealing with Klondike would be ineomplete were no reference to be made-even if it he of but a brief characterto the numerous companies which have been bronght out in this country from time to time to deal with the resources of that country from time to time to deal with rint resomething over remarkable land.
$£ 5,500,000$ of espital thas been offered to the 1 ritish publie, but $£ 5,500,000$ of espital has been offered to the difficult to say, inasmuch as there is no relying upon the figures which are supplied by the promoters of the varinus enterprises. I give herewith a complete list of the Klondike or British Columbian Companiea registered aml brought out ip to date, and nithough I caunot fiad sufficient apnce to denl with all of thene individuslly, I have aelected for mention anme few, and upon the remarks made thereon I think relinnce may be placed.

## The Capital laveeted Up to Date

Klondike and N.W. Torritorien Explorstion Co., Ltte.
£160,000

100,000
250,000
Kxploitera and Investors Trust
25,000
Ktendike Yukon Exploration
25,000
Ktondike Pioneer
100,000
Klondike and Cohmbian Goldfields
500,000
British Columbers and New Find 500,000
57,583
Britinh Empire Finanee ...
Sritish Columblian Exploitation
200,000
New Golden Twins
90,000
British Dominione Exploration 250,900
00,020
Klondike Gold Reefs Exploration
C. E. Exploration Syndicste

100,000
Klondike, Yukon, and Stewart Pioneers
206,000
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Kondike, Yukon, and Stewart Pioneers } & \text {... } & \text { 206,000 } \\ \text { New Klondike Goldfinders } & \ldots . & . . & \ldots & 18,000\end{array}$
New Klondike Goldsindern $\quad$ Hritish Colnmbian Fapleitation and Gold Fstates :

200,000
3lritish Klondike Mines and Finance Co. Ltd., 100,000
British Ainerican Fxploration Co., Ltd. Tri. 1,500,000
Dawson City (Klondike) and Dominion Trading Corp., Ltd.
Ineorporated Goldmines of 13ritish Columbis, Itd.

200,000

$$
£ 5,606,587
$$

Some of these companies do not profeas to expend the whole of their enpital in the Klondike field, lout all of them have put the attractions of the distriet on the forefront of their prospectuses. It is sufficient to present the mere figures, it in not necessary to repeat the expreasion of opinion that the whole matter is a gasoble. Generally speaking, the companies are net of such a responsible nature sa to provide any deflnite assurance that the arduona tnak mulertaken will be earried out with auceess; and in many easen the prospectuses have heen rague, undefined, eonveying the impression that the directors, though eager to obtain control of the shareholders' money, have no definite idea what can he done with it. Who nre the people who are thus willing to throw their savings into the wilds? This list eomprisea Fingliah companies only, and American apeculators have been quite ab wild as we have.

## The Flow of 8ritith Capitri.

Why companies formed to operate in the Klondike only ahould Reek $£ 50,000$ or more capital cannot well be underatood by these aequainted with the northern goldfielda. It is true the east of transportation and of any aupplies purchased there is exeeerlingly highi ; yèt the methods of mining adopted are simple and comparstively inexpensire. It seems ss if four or aix persons were ample for a party, and a more exteneive plan of action conld be only by a multiplication of pritics. A company in Portland (Oregon) and another in seattle (Washington) offer to bear the Exp. nee of taking a man to Dawson City, which neema to be the "luhl," and of supplying him with provicions for one year, for £100. Naking every allowance of providing for a atay of, eny, two years, £ 400 per man, or $£ 1,600$ for the party of lour, is as likely to protuee good resulta as a larger sum. But, of course, with companies ineluding Britirh Columbis as well as the Klondike in their field of operations the case in different. There will be a lig field for a stmng transportation company working with

CARNELLEY'S Hanting Fiukh, Sandyith Casea, *C. aro in so yeara thadinf, and


Edmonton, in the North-Weat Territories, as a starting peint; but already one has been organised, though there is likely to be more work than it can hande. As to obtaining concernions, that will probably be out of the question, as the Interior Department reens diaposed to retain all these to the Govermment, snd so aeverely was it criticised last year for granting aome privileges aeverely was it criticised last year for granting nome privileges tuat it will henitate before repeating aueh legialation. British
capital ahowa a tendeney to find its way to the Kootensya and capital showa a tendeney to find its way to the Kootelass and
South Yale as it never has before, and, where good judgment in exercined, to no place with bettor chances of excellent reminneratien. Sufficient work has been done to prove that the ore bodien are continuous. In the Slocan the lodes enntain lend in aufficient quantities to repay the enst of mining and tre". ; ; so that the silver, low though the priee may he, repre at the profits. In Trail Creek district, of whieh Roasland is the centre, the sulphide ores vield lower valaen to the ton, but oceur in immense lodes, showing invariably increased values an depth in reached. Another twelvementh, with the Crow'a Nent Jailwny traversing immense eoalfields will see the cost of treatment of these orea redneed to anch a price that a vahue nf £2 per ton will yield handsone profte, while the quantity of sueh ore that can be produced is past enloulation. The Trail district is ono for large capital, and that only-no longer for the prospector and labourer, as wages must niways remain comparatively low, and the utuost economy be exercised at every point to ensure profits; but, with this and proper management, inveatmenta may yield as good returns as Goverament bonds.

The K.londike and North-West Tarriterien Exploration Co., Ltd.
The directors of this enterprine have very sensibly conserveal their money until the proper time arrives for expending it in the moat profitable direetion, and I underatand that the Company's expedition will be one of the very firat to enter the Klondike diatrict in the eoming Spring. In another part of this issue will he found a map showing the Company's proposed acheme of operationa, and inasmuch ba it is pessessed of a capital of 560,000 , it will probsbly find itaelf amply enabled to carry out its promising and discriminating programme. Unlike aome of the nimilar Companies recently started, the Klondike and North-Weat Territories Exploration Company, Limited, has commeneed ita career with neveral properties already acquired, and the wintee monthe aro being employed by the directors in equipping an expedition for the purpose of having these claius worked as soon as the Spring enables the minere to proceed. Competent crities have proneunced this Company fully able to bosst of properties favourably reported upen, and with agents on the apot watching its interests. This is not a usual feature in connection with Kilondike enterprises, and is, thereforo, worthy of, note. Mr. William Ogilvie, one of the most reliable suthoritice, if not the most reliable, in Csnads, and who was sent out by the Dominion Government to inventignte the Yukon district, esys, "It is certain that millions will be taken out of the district this vesr. There are, at least, fifteen miles of this extraordinary richness, and the indieations are that there will be three or four times that extent."

The 8ritish Columbia Development Assoolation, Ltd,
This is one of the most respectable and best-conducted among the Columbian enterprisea, and I understand that the Company has reeeived numerous applientions for partionlars respecting the new goldfields on the Yukon Itiver, as well as the best way to get to them. The Company has issued a very neas little booklet, entitled "Klondike: the Yukon Mines and How to Reach Them," which may be had for the anm of 6d., and having perused the book I masy say that it is well worth the money. Inasmuch as the Company itself setn forth in snother part of this issue its sime and objects, it is orly necessary for me on the present occasion to point out that the property held by the Company is considered to be exeeptionslly valusble, being situated, as it is, ill that part of the dietrict which is likely to become in the near future the most srequented. This Combany virtually controls the White Pass route (described in this umber and very fully illustrated), by the ownership of the land and wharf st Skagway Bay at the head of the Iynn Canal, while it also holdn Parlis. mentary powers from the Dominion, Provincisl, and United Statea Governments, and it has, at its own expense, snd without any Government nid, construeted a practicable trail for men and nnimals from Skagway Bay to the Windy Arm of Tagieh Lake, and the undertaking seema to have exercised every Influenee whieh it possesses to reatrain emigrants from leaving England for the galdfielde before next opring, for whieh nound piece of adviee they deaerve the greatent credit. When the gentle apring-time comen, this Company will be found to have perfected arrangementa for dealing with a very large etream of traffic, and in the mesntime it may be ndvissble to point out two of the meet misleading atatementa which occur in a circular whieh was sent out ly snother and less scrupulous Company. In desling with thia matter I do not think that 1 ean do better than quete the worda
LRESONS to LADIES In PABK RIDING aDd BUNTING by a Iady i horea
 Square, N.W.
anging ssues of

# THE COMING KLONDIKE BOOM. 

# Cbe Condon \& Globe Finance Corporation Cid., OFFICES: 15, Austin Friars, London, E.C. 

Will Issue in the Course of a Few Days for Subscription Among Their Own Shareholders

# THE BRTISHA-MIIERPCR OOPPORTTIOII <br> LIMITED. 

## CAPITAL - £1,000,000.

the full prospectus will be ready on or about december ist next.

##  the lomdoy and gione finance--Important iwienview with ma, wwianer wrieht, <br> (From the Colunial Goldfields (Gazelte)

The nubject of the present intcrview has been recently described by a well-known journalist as being even more innccessible than the Grand Llame of Thibet. It was therofors with a certain amount of trepidation and dubiety that the representative of the Colonial Goldfields Gazette recently sought the presence of Mr. Whitaker Wright in order to gain from him, if possible, an expression of opinion as to the present and future of the London and Globe and its kindred companies, and also concerning the mueh-talked-of British America Corperation, Limited. Contrary to anticipation Mr. Wright received our repreaontative in a very cordinl manner, and as the conversation proceeded, his answers to the many queries put to him became readier and more ample until, in time, Mr. Wright did most of the talking, and our interviewer was well content to listen and take notes. The first question put to Mr. Wright was, "When will the Britieh American Corporation be issued to the puhlio?"

## The Daty or Irgue.

"As near to December lat next as possitle," was tho reply; "but, as you may imagine, it is no light matter arranging the detaila of one of the lurgest and nost important issues of its aort within recent times."
"But you have had this matter in contemplation for oome time, have you not 1 "
"Indeed we have-for many months, in fact, ever sinco the mines in British Columbin opened out so magnificently, and the great Yukon goldfields were discovered. My own personal acqusintance with the country, extending over many years, naturally directed my attention to the great gold discoveries there, and the marvellous reports of the recent developments in North-Weat Caneds were fully verified by the Hon. C. H. Macintosh, the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Weat, who is an old friend of mine, of eighteen years' standing. In the next place I obtained confirmatory evidence from practioal mising men upon the spot, who were in my confidence."
"May I ask if the London and Globe Corporation in elready intoreated in Canada, or does it merely intend to find capital for operations there?"
"The London and Globe for many montha paat, through its responsible agents, has been securing optioas upon, and entering into agreements in regard to the moquisition of, trinny of the leading properties in thin new Eldorado. At the
presont time there ure two fully-equipped prospecting partics exploring the Yukon country in our intereat."

## The Pringipal Properities,

"Do you object to give any epecifie information in regard to tho properties you liave acquired, or aro negotiating for!" "A apecification of the principal properties nequired and the contracts entered into will nppenr in due course, snd I venture to any that the publio will ho rather surprised at the extent of our activities in the quarter of the world to which you have referred. I may any, howover, that wo have secured acveral of the proporties the output of which has becomo the talk of two continenta, and has langely contrihuted to the present excitement in regard to theso gold-fields. We have what I consider unimpeachable ovidence as to their value; in fact, I have one report by a practical man which atates that one of the claims to which I refer is at the present mothent producing $£ 1,000$ to every square foot of earth exoavated. And the gold taken out from this property belongs by agreement to the Londen and Glohe, and will be turned over with the claim to the British Amerioan Corporation."
"What about British Columbia, Mr. Wright? Have you secured any interests there?"
"Yee, many, and among thent what I believe to he the Lake Views and Ivanhoce of that province."

## The Companies' Scoph.

"But the Britieh America Corporation, as I understand, is not to le oreated merely for the scquisition and working of mine 4"
"Oh, certainly not I We are acquiring, and, indeed, have nequired, various trading posts, warehouses, stores, and property, and we proposo to run a line of steamers to the fields for the tramsport, not only of our own atores, plant, and aupplice, but slso for general passenger and freight traffic. In this regard we propose to give special attention to the shortCanadian route. Coneerning this we are negotisting, and expect ahortly to completo arrangements."
"I presume you are being well advieed locally in regard to this important matter?"
"Tes; we receive information and advices from leading officials of the Canadian Goverument, whe are mest anxiou to forward the development of the country through reaponsible to forward the development of the country th
" It may be mid, therefore, that, apart from the Jondon anal Chlohe, the Britiah-America Corporntion starten under "specinlly favourable nuspices 1"
" No" company more su. It will be governed by a binal of directurs of the highest position and charncter, most of whom have a personnl nad practical knowledge of the Dominion of Caindn; and I may bere ald that we have ohtained many powers in regard to the development of the country ly menns of a $\quad$ precial Act passed by the Legislature of the Dominion and duly assented to by ller Majesty in Council."
" 1 see," said our representative, "that it in announced that only London and Glohe sharehobders will be permitted to "pply for ahnres in the British America Curpuration. An I understand, the ismue will le e $\mathbf{E 1 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0 \text { . Do you consider it }}$ wise to shut out the public from the oppurtunity of suir seribing?"

## The Fuhtivats Allottehn.

"Most certainly, and for several reamons. In the tirst place, the ahareholders in the London and Clobe are so numerous nal influential that they are perfectly able to take the entire capital in any ordinary issue we may deem it desirable to make. At the time we brought out the Lake View Consols the anount of money involved was no large that we fenred to rely entirely on the suliseriptioos of our own people, and thereforo called in the assistance of bankers, brokers, nnd others. Wo reecived, however, so many lettera frim shareholders in the Inondun and Globe criticising our action in this respect that we determined to put the mitter to a test in our next issue, and, if the result was matisfactory, to limit all our future issues to sulsaription ly our own people. Pursuant to this resolve, wo uffered the Jvanhoe to nur uwn shareholders without a penny of underwriting, and you kniw the phenomenal result. We asked for $\mathbf{f} 75 \mathrm{ta}, 000$, nid we had tenders for several miltions. This, to sny the least, was very gratifying, expecially an every allottee hnes nlready secured a 1 rotit of nenrly $£ 2 \mathrm{~m}$ share, and in the near future Ivanhoe should seore a moch higher premium. Seeondly, in allotting the shares of the British-America Corporation to holders of Lonlon and Globe shares our people practicnlly become the promoters of the former company, and thereby not only acerue the dividends that may be declared hy the British-America Corporntion, but also their pire rata slare of all the protits that will accurue to the Loondon and Globe ns a result of the flotation. I canot too strougly impress upon the shareholders of the London and Globe that practically they are their own promoters, and thant by reason of their membership in the Corporntiom they will secure pmorticjuntion in the benefits to be derived from our operations in British Colmalia and Yukun absolutely on the 'ground thare'-in other words, at acost, less the ordinary ruming expenses of the eompany."

## The Ivanhing Inmeg.

"You have roferred, in the course of your remarks, Mr. Wright, to the Lake View nud Ivnnhoe Nines, nnd 1 see it stated in a contempornry, on your authority, that the Lake View Consols will pay a dividend of bo fer cent every other month."
"Yes, I remember that interview," rejulied Mr. Wright, "but the interviewer made $n$ mistnke of une word in reporting me. He mande me state that the Lake View Consols would pay 50 per cent, every other month, wherens what I arid was, it could do so-and it ean. I could not say that it will do so without nrrogating to myself the prerogatives of the Board uf the Lake View Consols, of which I nan not a nember. The ndvice of the Landon and Globe Corporation to the Lake View directors is that they should declare a dividend of 50 per cent. as often as the receipt of bullion from the mine will permit, no matter whether it is ones a month, every other month, or every three months. Mr. Kaufmann has stated to us that next year the mine can pay from $£ 3$ to $£ 5$ per share in dividends, nnd if his conviction is realised it will be noost gratifying."
"And now, what in your opinion in reggard to the Ivanhoeq"
"As soon ns the new equipment of the mine is completed Ivanhoe shares, on the dividends which will be declared, will, no douht, rise to $£ 9$ or $£ 10$ in the market. Mr. Callnhan states that the erection of the plant on this great mine will oecupy ohout six months, and the rise in the price of the
shures whieh will follow alnost inmedintely thereon will be A very good protit for thuse who are now halding the shares, or who may purchase them in the near future."
"Can you say anything in regard to the other mines in Western Australin in which the Landen and Globe is interested, and which are not as yet upon n dividend-paying banis?"

## An Aipridaching Amaloamation.

"Yes. As moon after the imate of the British-America Corporation as possille, meetings of the companies to which you rofer will be enlled with a view to the amalgamation of their mines in a strong exploration compnuy, with $£ 500,000$ of working eapital. Several of the properties referred to were insued by the old West Australian Exploring and Finance Corporation, whith, as yom know, was amalgaminted with the London and Globe. The mines were selected with the greatent care, , und are monong the best in West Australia, the only difficulty in regard to them heing the lnck of water. The srame olistacle was met with in the early days of the Knf. goorlie Held, hat on developnient anuple water for milling purposes has been struck there, and there is every indicntion that the same thing will lappen in other distructs on further development. The nmalgamated or exploration company will also hold a large and promising acreage in the Jhanan's district, and it in further proposed to reserve for the amalgamated or exploration company 200,000 shares in the British Amerien Corporation-in short, there is no doubt in my mind that the proposed company will soon be a dividend-paying concern, and the shareholders in the various mines to be numplgmated will oceupy an eminently advantageous position."

Mr. Wright wan at length commencing to grow somewhat restive; hut our representative was not quite done with him.

## A Qubation of tine Futuak.

"One word more. I remember that some people considered the optimistic statement made by you about a year ago, during the depth of the West Australian depression. It was to the effect that in the opinion of the directors the London nud Globe would become in the course of time in issuing house second to none in the City of London. In view of your former successes, and of the recent Jvanhoe issue, it appears to me that that prediction is practically fulfilled, and we fact nust be very gratifying to you."

Str. Wright expanded once more. "Yes," he aid; "I believe inpplieitly in the London and Globe and its future. You will also remember that 1 stated at the last annuai meeting, when the vote was about to be taken on the resolution for the amalgamation of the West Australian Exploring and Finance Corporation with this eompany, that, in my opinion, the new shares should command a market price of not less than $£ 2$ per share, and to-day the price is $£ 210$ s; so you will see that my eonviction has been more than verified."

## A Rimalikaile Divionnd.

"But what of the future, Mr. Wright?"
"Well, in my upinion, the dividend for the current year will not bo less than 25 per cent., which will be equivalent to 10 per cent. upon the present value of the shares. I ralso expect that the report at the next mnnual meeting will diselose the fatt that the London and Globe Corporation holds unencumbered not less than $£ 2,000,000$ in Consols and kindred securities, in nddition to its speculative investments, such as Lake View Consols, J vanhoes, Victorian Gold Estates, British Amerian, Britiah Columbian, and other meritorious mining securities. Such being the case, in the opinion of many, the intrinsic value of London nad Globes is not less than $£ 5$ yer share. Even at that price they would pay 5 per cent., which, in view of the sound securities held, would be, to say the least, hiberal interest, leaving out of account the profits that necrue to the shareholders from the special privilego necorded them of malmerilhing to the company's issues at par."
"One question more, Mr. Wripht, and I have done. Is it your intention to pay an interim ividend this year 1 "
"I expect the London and Globe directors will declare sn interim dividend of 10 per cent., or at the rate of 20 per eent. per annum, next month. Good dayl"
and of Wh that " 588 espital. A Mr. J. d Mr. J. W
gene to necessary t anneunced called fors criticisins o been lodre pointed out mental cond -he should his name to bait to the pleasant fed one of th to in the if such s boar for obtaining of inventmer helieved, p insidious means the
the henefit the benefit company in
lis trusted Colony, I would be gu Nistinetly an pectus whi the Hon. J. any regard $f$ to repudiste altogether frd come of seme

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ritish-America anies to which mlganation of with $£ 500,000$ ug and Finance unted with the th the greateat ralin, the ouly of water. The ya of the Knlter for milling er districts on or exploration : acreage in the to reserve for 0,000 shares in rere is no doubt will noon be $n$
$a$ in the various ainently advan-
to grow somequite done with
me people conou nbout a year a dopression. It he directors the ourse of time nn London. In view
lvanhoe iscue, it :ally fulfilled, and

R," he -qid; "I e and its future. last annual meeton the resolution in Exploring and at, in my opinion, price of not laba £2 10日; во you han verified."
the current year 1 be equivalent to he eharee. I aleo neeting will disCorporation holde 1 Consols and kinative investment rian Gold Estates, other meritorioun
in the opinion of Globes ie net less they would pay 5 therities held, would ing out of account a from the special to the company's

I have done. Is it this year?" tors will declare an the rate of 20 per
of the experienced Chairman of the Company, Mr. R. Byron Joha and whith I therefore prenent to my readers in his ipse dixit.
Mr. Byrou Johtisen maya:-" 1 venture to point out to you that two most misleating statements occor in one of the paragrapins of a widely circulated circolar. In this paragraphare coupled the Chilkoot and Whita l'asses as being capable of tranait in two daya, and that by horaca or Indian carriers. The facts are an follows:-The Chilkoot Pars is absolutely impracticable for horsea, and dinficult and dangeroua for nien, in proof of which would refer to the letter of Mr. Harry do Windt (publinhell elsewhers in this isaue). The charges male by findians for carrying loajk on their backa to the summit only of the Chilkoot Pans has amounted to from 6d. to 10 d . per lb . The Chilkoot 1'asa debouchea on the head of Lake Bennett, whence a long and tedlons water-passage occura hefore the windy arm of Tagish Lake ia reached, with ahallow and diffeult rapida intervening, called Carihoo Croseing, where a long portage is usually nocessary. (Nea Dr. Dawnon's dap.) The result of thia in that latt spring a narty ol eight minera who went over the White l'ass (betore the trail now completed was conatructed) renched Tagisll Lake aome fourteen days before another party whe ntorted vid the Chil koot l'asa on tha same day. It la correct to describe the White Pass route as oceupying two daya (although our agent reeently sode through it and back in that time), but to reach the same point by the Chilsoot will occupy, under tha beas cenditlons, eight or ten daya. • truat we may look to you to set thia point right with the public, whom it nearly concerna, as there are numerous unscrupulous agenta ready to inveigie minera and othera knowing no better to make the transit by the Chilkoot Pasa, and the weight of a Governmental statement putting this route on equal terms with the White Pass would dwell unfairiy upon the publie and ourselves. I may add that we are prepared to furnish unqueationahle proof of these statementa,"

From what 1 know of thia enterprise and the board of directors, I think it may ba taken for granted that the intereats of the shareholders. will be studiously reyarded, and 1 have little hesita. tion in saying that $I$ look upon the Britiah Columbia Develop ment Asaociation, Limited, as one of the soundest and most aenaibly-conducted of the many enterprises which have made their sppearance to deal with Klondike and Britixh Columhla generally.

Dawson Oity (Kiondike) and Dominion Trading Corporation, Lid.
A far different enterprise ia that which came out some little time ago under the title of the Dawsen City (Klondike) and Dominion Trading Corporation, Limited, with a capital of $£ 600,000$, and of which it was ostentatiously announced in the prospectus that " 588,000 Ordinary shares would be devoted to working capital." The board of directora origiosilly conaiated of General Sir Mighael A. Slirapne! Biddulph, G.C.B., a Mr. Henry Heaven, a Mr. J. de L. Cohen, together with Mr. H. Cheater-Maater and Mr. J. W. Taylor, J.P. Even before the directora could have gone to allotipent, Sir Michael A. Shrapnel Biddulph found it necessary to withdraw his name from tho prospectua, and publicly announced his decision to that cffect, a fect which has naturally called for a coneiderable amount of adverse comment and journalistic criticiame of a mout unfavourable character; while protesta have been lodeed from shareholders end the public generally. It ja pointed out that if Sir Michael Biddulph know anything detrimental concerning the company at all-and this is quite poasible -he should not have remained on the board or ever have allowed his name to appcar upen the prospectua, as it merely acted as' a bait to the unwary of the public applicanta. Another most unpleassnt feature of the proapectua is the fact that the Hon, $J$, H. Turner, Prime Minister of British Columbia, who is mentioned an one of the "Advisory Board in British Columbis," is referred to in the following paragraph:-"With the opportunities which suoh a board of directora as thie of thin Corporation will posaess suoh a board of directora as thie of thin Corporation wilf posaess
for obtsining early and relisble information as to the best aources of inventment, thia part of the Corporation's bueiness should, it is of inventment, this part of the corporation's husiness should, it is
believed, prove a considerable source of profit." Now, if this believed, prove a considerable source of pront. Now, inthing,
invidious paragraph which I have quoted means anyter it means that the Hon. J. H. Turner aforessid will divulge, for the benefit of his brother directors and the shareholders in this company information which he would only be able to acquire in his trusted and reaponaible position as Prime Miniater of the C'olony. I do not think for a single moment that Mr. Turner would be guilts of such a crime, for orime it would be; but it is distinctly anticinated or forenhadowed in the terms of the prodistinctly aniticinated or foreahadowed in the terms of the pro-
spectus which I havo quoted. I think that the best thing that spectus which Ihavo quoted. I toink that the best thing that tho Hon. J. H. Turner can do, even at this late hour, it he hea
any regard for hia good name and his Mfinieterial reputation, is os ropudiate the meaning of this clause, or to withdraw his name altogether from the prospectua, which looks to me to be the outcome of some promotion of a very ahady character.

RATIONAL DOG FERDING concletw to giving wholesome add aftritiona food






## The Coming Klendike Boon.

Next year promines th be an active one as ergards railway construction. Then the western section of the Cruw s Nest hail way will he under way, and a line fiom the Columbia liver westwari, probably through Southern Iritish Columbia, to the woant is lakety to be comauncel. The coant citien are anxions for direct railway comamicuation with the mining region of Kootenay and to that end a charter hus boen mought for a company to haild from a point on the Gulf of Georgis, wouth of the month of the Fineer Itiver, ebatward to Hoper, on the Cshadian Dacitio Leaiway Thence through a pass in what are cemmonly called the Hope Mountains, by way of the Similkoruen disirict, south of Lake Okanagon, and eastward, following water-conrses to the Columbin Hiver. Two olatacles present theaselrewe the Hojue Mountains and the range weat of the Columbia; but engineens whe have explored the country at the Instance of promotern of the Company aflirm that a feasible route can be found. A rival seleme to thi ono, to follow practically the same route wentwanl from the Columbia litivor to Pendicton at the suathern end of lake Okana oon, is afoot at the instance of the proprietors of the emelter at Trail. This road would give an outlet to the rich gold-copper Company, South Yale, to the Columbia Itiver on the eastwaril, and to the westivard hy means of ateamships on Lake Okanagon and the Shuswap and Ukanagon Railway to the main line of the Canadian Pacifie Railway.

Tha Belter of the Two Lines.
The first-mentioned line, if carriod througl, would give a competitive routo from the Kootunsy Mines to be shorter in point of time and distance, and would traverae a region untouahed ty the other, which ia rich in copper, gold, and, it is said, silver-which the latter would not. Towards thia line a oonditional grant of money has heen made by the I'rovincial Government, and the Dominion ia to be aaked at next session for the usual subsidy of $\$ 3,200$ a mile, making a total of $\$ 7,200$ a mile. The promotera atate that upon eecoring this assintance London men have agreed to advance them the money requinite to build, equip, and operate the railway. The names of their sponnors thay do not make public. By the terus upon which the Canadian Pacific Railwsy wss grinted assiatance towarda the conatruction of the Crow's Nest Pass Railway it has agreed to allow other lines to use ita traek, so that the coast railway people, with Vietoria, Vancouver, and Esstern Railway Company, have the more ambitious end in view of being able, by means of a railwny through the North-West Territeriee and Manitobs, cventually to reach the Grest Lakea, and so give a aecond trane-Continental railway to Canada. Engineers from the Trail Company, with Columbia and Weatern, have gene inte the field, and it ia possible that construction may atart as soon ad practicable after the anows disappear in the spring, na there can be no doubt but that whichcver road ia built first will effectually shut out the other.

## Same Matheda of 8 windiling.

In view of the fact that many of our readers will be going out to Klondike with the ides of pieking up claims or buying intereate in others already pegged out, it is wise to give a few hinta as to the kind of swindlce and swindlers that will bo met with

Every trado has its tricks, but men who have gold mines to sell often perform tricks that would set a Hindoo juggler to guessing. The average maning speculator, or, in less complimentsry terma, say a shark, can pull the wool over the cyes of tho unwary as completely as say patent medieine faker or stage prestidigitatcur. Asesyers in particular should be handled with csre. An rssayer's reputation resta on making truthful reports. He can, therefore, afford to take no chances of heing imposed upon. Some may have learned by experience that it ia not anfe to allow anyone lut trusted nsasyers to enter the room where they do their work. In convorsing upon this very subject to e promiment assayer, whom I know well, he said, a few dnys ago:-"I have known a sample of ore to yield a heavy percentage of gold when its owner was present at the test, and none at all when he was absent. How can that he? Well, in one 'sance I wna conducting an assay in the presence of the nWn . of the sample, and noticed that he was chewing tobacco $V^{\circ}{ }^{\circ}$. Yigorously, snd ala going to the asary furnace to expectorate i, the fire. watehing him narrowly, I asw him apit into the crucible, and, acizing him
by tho throat, I forced out of his mouth the tobacco, and along with it a quantity of gold duat, which ho waa attempting to get into the crucible in order to make his away run high. It woult require very little geld thus added to an ounco of ore to make a difference of many hundrede of pounds per ton in the result."

## Further Instanoes of Sherp Prectlces.

Continuing his interesting revelationa, my informant went on: "My firm ence sent an assayer to Colorado to sample a nilvor mino. He was-entirely unmolested in the performance of his duty, and felt sure that he had a fair average sample. He took the precsution, however, to divide his sample into two lote, sending one lot by express and bringing the other with hira in his tronk. Both samples arrived with their aeals unbroken and the
logna apparently intact; but when we came to sanay them we tound nesrly double the amount of nilver in thone which liad come by expreas. Investigation nhowed that nomebody had punetured the hage which eame hy expresn with the penint of a syringe anil land mpuirted lin amung the ore a mange milution of nitrate of wilver, which, drying upon the ore, of comerse abled greatly to the asmay. The men to le mont feared by the anayyers are to the asmay. Tho men to lee mont teared by the annayers nere
the ' new procekn' charsetern, whe profesm to bo alite to find
 gold or tin or other metal in the must unlikely rown by nowret
means of their own. They come to us for certilicaten, and slways hunist on being present when their process is tried. Nometimes they will 'ealt' the ample or put golil into the crucible in spite of the greatent watchfulneas. (the of thene men made a contract with my partner to tent his proceen in his premence. The man sgreed lo give him the detailh of his process, outennibly to read over, mo sn to familiariae himaell with them. The procens wan supposed to oxtract gold from every varisty of rock where the ordinary methoila of ameny would not show it. My partner orlinary methoila of anMay would not miow it. aelected as harren roek and tested it careflily, and obtained no and put sway, and repeated the test in the cuan's prewence. A though the man did not seem to po wesr the cracilice, snd there was an axsistant present expecialify to watel him, the result of the second test was a considerable quantity of gold. The man paid his fee, leaving inntructions to have a certificate as to the efficiency of his auccens sent to his hotel. The certificste wha duly mado out, hit ntated that 'Mr. Blank's procens was triel twice, once in his abarnce and once when he was prevent, and that in the former cane absolutely no golld was ohtained from the rock, but in the latter such aid such man amount was yielded.' The but in the latter auch and nuch an amount was yielded. The
man never turned up main, as he evidently kaw that he was man never turned up ngain, as he evidently naw that he was
canght. To this day nobody knows huw the gold wan got into the sample. Hardly s week passes in our buainesw without some thing now and intereating or atartling conneeted with mines or awindlera. Is it any wonder that I allow none lint trusted asmayers to enter the roun where they are st work?"

## The Britith Amorica Corporation, Ltd.

Shortly ufter these lines appear in print the largent, and what wiil undoubtedly lee generally considered one of the mont important, of the Klondike companies, will have made its sppearance We refer to the eoming isaue to be unade by the London and (ilohe Finance Corporation, Limited, and which will he knowa under the title of the British America Corporation, Limited. The eapital of the tomprany will be $£ 1,000,000$ sterling. Unfortunately for the general public who may want to be "in," there will be no opportunity for them to acquire shares directly in this concern (although they can and should pick them up aubsequently) concern (although they can and should pick them up, subsequently)
which will be sllotted strictly to the alareholders of the London which will be allotted strietly to the phareholders of the London
and Globe Finance Corporstion, and in connection with which, in order to preclude any possibility of a misunderstanding, the transler-books are to be cloned from December 1nt to the 7th, both days inclusive. Thowe fertunate mareholders whowe names are inacribed on the register ly December 1nt will alone have the right to apply for ulares in the Rritivh Ameriea Corporation, limitel, which is orynised to exploit the Yokon gollfieldy in the provite of Britich columbia. It in atsted that the shares the provitue on company will be alloted in proportion to the aumler in the new company will be alloted in proportion to the binler ajplied for ly shareholdery in the londion notd forbe Finames Corporation, and not merely in proportion to the number of
Conoton and Globes held ly the applizants. Junnuoch an the nims and oljeets of the new C'orporation are net forth fully elsewhere in our alvertising columna, it is unnecessary to may very mueh about the same on the present occasion. However, it may be pointed out that in an "interview" between the representative of a flanncial newspaper and Mr. Whitaker Wright, the managing director of the London and Globe Finanee Coryoration, Limited, that gentleman spoke as follows:--
" gener since the mines of Britiwh Columbis opened out so magnificently and the grest Yukon goldfields were discovered. we have had the matter in contemplation. My own personal secquisiatance with the country, extending over many years nsturally directed my attention to the great gold discoveries there, and the marvellous rejorts of recent developments in North-Weat Canads were fully verified hy the Hon. C. H. Macintosh, the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Weent, who is an old friend of mine, of eighteen years' ntanding. In the next place, I obtained confirnstory evidence from practieal mining men upon the spot, who were ill my confilenee. As yon are aware, the London anil Whowe for puny poutha past, through its renponsible agonta ban Gloen hor many months past, thriongh upon, and entering into agreementa in been mecuriag options upon, and entering into ngreementa in regard to the acquisition of, many of the leading jroperties in
this new Fhlorado. At the presint time there are two fullyequipyed prowpecting parties exploring the Yukun country in our interest."

Continuing his remarks upon the mame subject, Mr. Wright nulded: "A specification of the principal properties acquired sum the contructs entered into will appear in due course, and I venture to eay that the public will he rather eurprised at the extent of our activities in the Yukon diatrict. I may say, moreover, that we linve sectured several of the properties, the output of
which has beeome tha talk of the twe continentm, and has largele emitrihutesl to the prenent exeitement in regarl to these golifielils. We have what 1 conaider unimpeachalse evidence an to their value; in fact, I have one report by a practical man which atates that one of the claimn to which I reler is at the prement moment producing $£ 1,000$ to every stuare foot of earth excevsted. Alt the golil taken out from this property helonge by agrectuent
 til the 3ritimh Ameriea Corporation. This Corporation is not to te crented merely for the miquixition and working of minea. We are aerquiring, and, indeed, have acpuired, various trading pontw, warehousea, stores, and property, and we propose to rma a line of steamern to the fielis for the tramport, not only of our own storen, plant, and wippliea, but almo for general pasmenger and Ireight traffic. In this regari' we propose to give apecial attention to the mhort Cansdian route. Converning this we are negotiating; and expect shortly to complete arrangements, having juat receiveil some valuable Infonmation and aaricea from leading ofticialt of the fanmelian Govermment, who are uost anxious to forward the developuent of the country, through responsible agencies with aniple capital at their back."

Tha Britist Coiumbian Land Exploration and Development Oo., Ltd.
The Britiok Volumbisic Land Exploration and Development Co., Ltd., which was formed a little over a year ago, has alraady attained celebrity an in enterprise having vast possibilitien. For s conuiderahte tirm past neveral well-known mining experts have loen engaged on behalf of the Compary in exsmining, prospecting, and developing some of the enormous properties which the Company ponsesses, and which lie, for the most part, in the famous Ihossland district, which is regaried by most of those who have visited that port of the world as quite one of the richent, or among the richest, dietricts. The ares of the property known an the "Young British America," upon which, it ohould be mentioned the Crown grant has been received, extenda to over 34 acren ; and it is also worth noting that there are only three claima between this property and the famous "Le Roi," which is known as the mine of the camp, and which has, we underatand, recently heen noxuired by a powerful organiastion in this country, and will be probsbly floated in due course as a separate euterprise. The claim nnown an the "Young British Americs," derives its value from the favourshle chsracter of the formation, which appears to be idendical with that in which the paying mines of the district are found, and also from ita locstion, being directly in the trend of some o the principal fissures on the mountain. The Britiah Columblan Lanod Exploration and Development Co., Ltd., which has a capital of $£ 250,000$, and m subscribed working capital of 225,000 , has engaged Mr. R. F. Tedd, s mining expert of coneiderable experience, to take charge of ite interests in Rossland; but the property mentioned is only one out of a large number of elaims which this Company owns, and to give s list of which would ocoupy far more pace than, unfertunstely, we have st our diaposal. We may say however, that reference to the Company's own official announce ment, which will be found upon pages 811 and 812 of this iseue, will aupply the informstion dexirable in this respert, and particular attention may be drawn to the conclading paragroph of such announceurent, wherem it is stated that the proponed railway from Crow's Nent Pass, whieh is now under construction by the Canadian Pacifie Railway Co., will pass in the immediste vicinity of some of the Coaupany's propertlea, no that aupplies can be carried into the country ss cheaply ss, if not cheaper than, in any other mining camp in the Province, while the working expensee will conse quently be considersbly reduced. It is underatood that the Britiah Columbisn Lasd Exploration and Duvelopment Co., Ltd. whieh is a Parent concern, will, in due course, have one or two, it not more, very promising sub-companies to offer, and to which those who sre desirous of investing money in British Columbis, will do well to give their attention.

## Need for Hurry.

(By Harold W. Ebba Canatan.)
The anow is coming down on the moantains, and getting nearer the bottom daily, which warns us to get to Dawson as juickly as possible. I cannot eatimate the cost of living in Dswnon, hut it mnst be very high. Last year flour cost as high as 150 dollsrs ( $£ 30$ ) a hundred (so Inspeetor Strickland, of the Mounted Poliee, told me). I shall have to build s shanty, very ikely. I want to get to work on a clain before the rush comes in; that is my idea in pushing on so quickly. There are mes on the trail representing large companies, and they are carrying largo sums of money. When they arrive, of consse, it will be more difficult for me to buy. There is a correspondent iof a New York daily paper in the trail, Mr. Scovil. He has his wife with him, and there sre others whom I have not met. It hes rained every day for the past week, and travelling is, of course, doubly disagreeable on that account. Betore this reaches you I hopo to be at my journey's end, in Daweon City.
found $n$
up-to-das
expeditic
and has largaly to theme gold. evidence as to jesl man which at the prument arth excavsted. a by agrcement with the elaint ration in not to of mineas worte, ot trading joske o to otar own anly of otar own 1 pasaenger allif special attelution
are negotiating ing just receiver og ofmcialn of the to ferwerd the te agencies with
lopment Co., Ltd. and Development r ago, has already poseibilities. For ning exparts have ining, proapecting, which tho Comith in the tamous If tho who have o richest, or among rty known as the nuld be mentioned, over 34 acres; and tee clalma between is known ss the recently heen untry, and will be erprise. The siaim erpise. The from the eppears to be idene diatrict are found, e trend of some of British Columbian British has a capital Which haa a capita
of $\mathrm{E} 25,000$, has tal of $£ 26,000$, has considerable expe d ; but the property of elaims which this ould oceupy far mere posal. We may say, Wn official announcend 812 of this issue, espert, and particular paragraph of such roponed rsilwsy from ction ly the Canadion te vicinity of come ol all be carried into the in any other mining expenses will censeetood that the Britiah nent Co. Ltd. which ve one or two, if not and to which those fish Columbis, will do
avan.)
ountaina, and getting to get to Dewson ss cost of living in Dew. flour cost as bigh as or Strickland, of the build a shanty, very before the rush comes ckly. There are men and they ere carrying and they ere carrying
of courso, it will be of courso, it will be a correspondent iot Scovil. Ha has his
I have not met. It a I have not met. It and trarelling is, of t. Before this reachee Dswaon City.

## What to wear at klondike.

The Froper Rig-out and Where to Get It.
Reindaer Coate and Trousers apectality, - The Military Equipment Storea Will Provide Evarything From a Rock Drili to a Biscuit,

LIow many among the thounamin of podentrisun who hourly pann through Watorloo Hace on buninean or pleanute bent have any flen that in the mupretentioun premines aitunted on the lefthand cerner, ocenpied by the Military Kiquipment Store, in to bo


HHNBLYH NKIN ovehcoat anl houth. (wu. 1.)
found a veritable auseum of every deseription sud sort of up-to-date effuipment, suited to individuals and to lerge or small expeditiona?

To this vorsatile establishment it apparently matters little or nothing whether an order has to be oxecuted in a week or with wix months' notice. The order once given, however, it is quite superfloous npon the part of the lntending purchsser to further troable his hrain about the matter. All that be has to do is to pay his aceount (the Company, curiously enongh, is particular upon this point), and take the goods which the gods, in the ahepe of the Company, provide.

Amonget the sforesaid thousands of people, we have notieed of lato a preponderance of squsre-ebouldered, bronzed, athleticlooting men marching along like "anthropophagi," with heade beneath their ahoulders, with knitted-lrows, sffording evidence of their mental wrestle with tho vexed question of the moment"How to get, with s wholo skin, to Klondike, and when there, how to renisin as long as they deaire ?" If enly some benetheent fsiry would direet their attention to the ministare aign board upon the lefthand corner house in Waterloo llace, in ebout two rancutes their manly brows would elesr, and their vision, in lien of being linited by the paving stones, would roam over a collection of outfite such as, in their wildest dreams even, they have never seen !

The Military Equipment Company is officered by a gentleman who is not ineruly interested in diaposing of the wares of his Company, Lut, who, heing a great traveller himself and a keen sportaman to boot, in able to, and does, interent himnelf personally in his elienta' wishes. The Company has lately fitted out seversl expeditions to the Yukon Distriet, and one of theno is a very large body, which leaves England with intention of reaching the District before the mnows melt. This expedition ntarts from a point in the Cansdisn Pacific this month (November) on an overland gleigh journey, of some 1,000 milen, taking with it a fall sad complete Arctio, miniag and sciontifio outfit, together with many tons of provinions. It neod ecarcely be said that a firm who can fit out such sn expedition from s roek-drill to a biseuit, and give absolute asatiafaction, is worthy of the sttention of intending explorers on the Road to Riches, and of thoee whose goal is the Northern Ehdorado. Among the thinga supplied by
the Storen are aome nperial demhle green Willewfen rantan tentes
 Ineger blanketn, reindeerekin mowkings, Ninlitzas ur reiblecer orer. coatm (nhown in our illistration, Fiy 1), Novike ur reindeer-mkin coatn, nutow nloen (nee illuntrition, Fig 2), nperial rubles and leather loootn, " lacknon" alomininm couking eanteren, folding enivas boota, green Willewden watergromf validen, wolfukin gloves, brown leathor jacketn (thamel-lined), greed Wildeslen ranvan lage,
 mocennsine, munguito nettimg, risshmere juttion, ritten, revolvern,
 lanterns, waterproof linthw, jowket tilters, ete, ete, cte,; while among the unmerous kinds uf eompranmed provisions, tea in tablotn, coffee in tabletw, lime juice in tabloidn, lemon juice, eonomitinted pea nouls, Itavril, llowril emergency fond, Itovril lime-jniee nodulen, cocon and milk, enndensed milk, army rationn, nrtented foods, bacon, ham, bisults (in one outfot the fompny are aembIag 5 tons of Spratt's cod-liver oil and ordinary himenitn), Aareharin, ete., etc., etc.

## ON THE ROAD TO KLONDIKE.

The Winter Routa Described In a Letter from Mr. Harold W. Ebbs Canavan.
How Progrese le Made.-Inoldents of Travel.-The Two Terrible Trells.- $\Lambda$ Successful Traveller.

A momewhat complaining bat interenting cedmunichtion is to hand frotu Mr. Haroli W. Hhbs C'snavan, tion is to hand frota Mr. Harold W. Ehbs Csasvan,
who has gone out in the interest of one of the Yuken who has gone out in the interest of one of the Yuken
Mining and Developing Companies. The letter in dated from Lake fiennett, and was postul up at Jake Traginh on Neptember 7th. 1t is sa follows: "At lant I ann liere, sud glad to report a safe arrival. From Skagway, I weat to 1yyoa. and was laoky enough to aecure some men to jrack who had jast come up on the steamer "Queon," and an the Indiann here are all engaged or too lazy to work, I thought myself fortumato in getting through ths quiekly, even theugh it cost forty cents (nay 1s. 81l.) pe: hundred for packing. IIad I remained at Skagway 1 would be stack on the trail like the other poor devils who are trying in vain to get through. None of the other pannenyers who esme uph by the ntegmer 'Islsuder' have got through this far.
[Continued on pufe swi.


[^1]The Dangare of tha Bkagway Route.
"They all went hy Nkagway, anil git their outfita nevernal milen up the trail before realising its condition. When they did it was too late to turn back. I cannot apenk lene neverely of the consduct of the people letervated in the tewnaite of shagnay in repart ing the White l'ass trail as being fit for travel. It their cfforta to beom the town they liave indacel thoumatials to rome that way, antl moat of them are now atuek there with their hursen mul entfita, which musid likuly meuna all their eapitto.

What tha Traila ara Lika
"I venture to may there are aeveral theunemide pontain" werth of outitm lying on the 8kagway trail. Not over one-lifth of it will got to Dawson thia wiuter aeason. I read a report in a late Victoria paper, said to come frum the Manayer of a Britinh Yuken Company, In whieh it in utated that the Nkagway trail was open and good, and horsea wero erowaing daily. If that report was true the man whe male it shonhl be neverely puniahed. The fact of the matter is that the trail in lined with lead hornes. The Dyen trail ia buhl, very hul, but better by far than any other at preaent.
"Tha Mounted Police whe canie np with me on the steamer are atill working their way over the Nkagway trail, and even with. all their men and herses they are wtill on their way. F'rem the lime I atruck Skagway till the preenent it has lwell a constant expense-tmoney for everything. Nothing will be done without it. Men with teama make from $£ 16$ to 820 a day, whilo wagea are all the way from $£ 1$ to $£ 4$ a day. The only way te get here was to buy mey wny threugh, and I wan furtunato in gettink what little I had ovar no quickly. ()ne man whe liad hia outht of 1,200 pounda offered $£ 200$ to liave it packell over here. Ile ix atill on the way. Ono who has not licen here and ecen fur himaelf
the cendition of things ceannet realive how wild people are to get the cenditien of things esnnet realine how wild people are te get
through thin winter, but every rejort is hetter than the last from Klondike.

## Paying Out Maney.

"I feel satiafied that I shall make a atrike, and an rushing on with that idea in riew an quickly as possible, but it in cooting a great deal of meney. Tuday I eame from I Iake linuleriean. six milea. in a ferry boat ; that coast ten dollars (any £2). I eatriul my atuff over the portage of three-quarters of a mile myself, and got it brought over to the nawnill here, two milen by boat ; that cout me five dollars (say 51), and no it goen. I linve the small satinfuction of knewing that others go through the same experience, and in ment casea get hit worse than I. I am now huiding the frsme for my eanvas canoe, and expect to finial, it to-niorrow. The little lumber I require (about four one-half inch bearda) I and getting at the mill here as a great favour (fer a consideration).

The mill in Requent.
"The mill (if I can eall it wueh) in working its full eapacity, and turns out, I should think, slont 1,000 feet a day-all of which gees to build hoate, and they ins ordera ahead mere than they ran hill. Boats fetch all the wey from 100 dollarm ( 120 ) to 400 dollare ( $£ 80$ ) each. Th: tret, perple are paying all prices,
 (£15) to 125 dollare (£25), Miv kri; ovor the pass was very rough,
and one of my paesers jlisye $\dot{d}$.v, and I took hin pack of eightyanll one of my packers jhary $i$, and 1 took hin pack of eighty-
five peunda, and carried it ope, mygelf in a pouring rain. The nther men were behind with the blanketa, and did not cateh up liat night ; the consequence was that I had to aleep on a table in a shanty (called a hotel, where mesls are 75 cents-say 3 s .) in wet clothes, without any blankets. Tho following night we alept just a little over the sumuit, above the timber line, and at tho foot of a glacier. There heing ne wood, we went to bed in the rain, without eupper, and it was litterly cold as well. I am trying to give you as gaod an account of my trip as possible. Of course, I an more or less used to experiences of thin kind, and they were not so hard on me as on those who are new in the mountains. I passad one grave on the trail to-dey, and I am blindy into harilahina for which they are entirely unfited, and it can only end in their losing their livea.

Some Experieroes.
"Had I bronglit a year's provisione with me, as I thought of doing, I eould never lisve got through. If the 'Islander' coulh have taken it 1 eartainly would have brought it. Luckily they would not take it, as they had all they could carry, and what I did bring I had to carry in my state-room. There are many did liring I had to carry in my atate-room. There are many
reporta about the ntate of thinge at Dawson, but I think there reporta about the ntate of thinge at Dawson,
will be no difficulty in my buging iny suppliaa there. Here everywill be no difficulty in my buging iny supplias there. Here every-
thing is charged for out of all reason. Where I camped last night thing is eharged for out of all reason. Where I camped last night (at the head of Iake Linderman) were a man to nteal even a piece
of bacon it weuld without doubt eost him hia life. Miners' law of bacon it would without doubt eost him hia life. Miners' law
prevaila all slong the troil. A man at Linderman offered me prevaila all along the trail. A man at Linderman offered may
five dollara for a late newnaper. I am travolling in company with Mr. J. A. Yraser, a Nova Scotian, and a cousin of the member of parliament of the same name. He has apent a geod many yeare quartz mining in the Statek, and was lately auperintendent of a mine in Colorado. His knowledge will be of much rervice to me. He is alharing the expenses of the canoe, and that will alao thelp me out."

## 60LD! 60LD! BOLD!

The folluwifg pmem wan writien by itm muthor maby yearn mse, nid, athough thin in the firnt time it meen tha light in print, it reads numeh like a pruplinay, an regurids the future of Klondike andid "Ihe I had a dream
hadd udream, an ntrange as any Jream.
There came mont marvellions tidings to the cara
If men from far-oiff regionas of the north.
The bong-mpight Fiden of the pellen jnat,
The land of Ophir, yea, the very mouree
Of all mani'n gidlenl hopen, was fuund at last.
The rookn were bewletera of the precioun gold;
The gently rising hilles were domase of gold
The waters gleamed with pelbbly wealth of gold.
No atrange, too, atrange it neemed to all at first,
Of wealth ao fabuloun within the reach
Of atricken poverty anil helplena want.
But atill the maryelloun tidilinger awift and oft
Flawhed round the girdled earth with lightning tonguen.
And alasent friemuls enriched, returned with joy
To tell the starting tale to gasping throngn
That waked them from their dreamy life of hope,
And aneh an usodus from homea and loven
The world ne'er naw before, One thought, one hope,
One pasalen-aye, one prayer-pervaded all.
bart h'a highways, choked with hurrying multitudea
From the Jour quarters of the teanling globe,
pouring oer hill and vale like mighty waven,
Preaned onward, an it were, with mighty wlade
Te the far reglen of enehanted land,
Until lasil burot the overflowing the
(If humsn aurgen on the new-found ahores.
Fiarth'a jubilee, the golden age, had come,
The heritage of wealth wan now for all.
The mendicant might lie a millionaire,
And atand the peer of moblea, merchants, kinga,
In all that purse-tilled Mainmem could procure.
No more the woll of hunger at the door,
No mare the wringing toil for daily bread,
No more the widow's aite to go for rent,
Or the one precious keepsske for the pawn,
Or erying starving children at the hearth
Where the last dying embera have expired.
The eager questiona found the ready "yee"
For every anxious heart of want and woe,
And blank Deapair lifted his head once more In expeetation of the better time.
And now the million-threaded telegraph
Wax more beesieged, hoth night and day, by frienda
To abaent frienill awift pushing on, or thenec
Returning frem the realm of all their hopen,
Full laden with the spoil of glittering wealth.
Fre long the apulence of א.iden atore
Caine pouring into every lind and town
And jeyoun hamlet of the waiting worl.l,
And everywhere the theme wan geld, gold, gold.
The daily jemranl neught no other newn,
The politician found nol other theme,
The teiling millions had ne other thought
Bint certain riches from the wendrous land.
The farmer left lis plough, the artisan
His shop. The mills were closed for want of saen.
The uhips were lying idle at the deck.
The wheels of commerce ceased their lusy round,
Only to furnialı food for those atill left
liehind, or carry hence the multitudea
To golden land.
At last the tidinga eame,
Astounding and ineredible, that waked
The startled fears of men abeve their hopes
Of earthly gsin. The marvellous fields of gold
Were spreading like an ulcer o'er the earth
On every side, and learing neught of food
Or life that could give surtenance to man.
All vegetation withered at its toneh
The lirida and heasts migrated to the lands
Beyend. and neemed astonished at the change
Beyend. and reemed astonished at the change
In their old leafy hanita. The rocks, tha oand,
In their old leafy haunta. The roeka,
The anil hecame transmnted into gold.
The lilla and mountaina leat their vernal lue, And faled into sickly desolatien.
The giant trees fell thundering here and there Tpon the blasted lfeath in rotting heaps,
Or raiked their naked arms to heaven in mule
Appeal. The fountains irried up in their course.
The purling streams expired. The rivere atank,
And bred dimease and death along their courne
As they receded befere the march of death.
Still, day by day, the line of doomed advanced
[Continued on page 809.

## Money

British Columiblu ing, gold-producing at Kloadike have nituated in the ner
unnecasary umecasary to nay, the region is diftitu
genarally found of genaraily lound of $r$ rem of acem gold itsolf, and by a Ogilvis, D.L.L., wb investigate the Yuka done to show of that cebnean, and the ind We mithe.
We might queto during the lant lew w
oonteata, nad it woul conteata, and it Woul
viewa of Mr, Oyilvia been telegraphed aad been telegraphed mad
Giraated, thea, that that thome powneming rich hurveat from min Expleration Company, may eanily prove au first in tha fleld of ${ }^{0}$ profitn fromi ite eurly a ably reported upon. terewts, and, with the pick np others equaliy companien at a very beea made by been made by individ
sueh rat thin in placed mon ry. The in placed
mos. nhare tha Stock Exchangs "Klondike Territories,",

Bradford 1
The Klondike and Limited, is the latest public insese of the ahar new field has been but bew held has been but
us that those exploratic are unually the beart.

Lancashire
Kiondike and North- K Which has been formed backed by nome propertie in freely at 2 s , prorta

The fact North Klondika affajry, and wi motion of companiea win Whola question of Klond a tone of importance whi necestary for me to eater the large number of ques boom in likely to bring anould be diseriminating and fiture enterprises of Khare is, for inatance, at pany, Limitedondike and pany, Limited, in connect "extraordinery rieh finda extraordinery rieh finda the elightent good charac the Klondike and of the limited, is one of the Nort prises, it may perhaps be is the present price of the dealt in at $2 s$, promium. which this company has
diatant dete worth fullv 4

## TEE COMING EOOM IN KKONDIEE.

 A KLONDIKE COMPANY WHIOH HAS GREAT MERITS.
# THE KLONDIKE \& N-W TERRITORIES EXPLORATION CO., LTO. 

## OAPIMAL 200,000, IN 120,000 BEAARES OF 10H. FAOEX.

These Shares (fully-paid) are now quoted at about 14 s .

## OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

## Money Market Rertew, August 14th, 1817.

Britinh Coluabla has hong been lowkel forward to us a numet promising gold-producing territory, nad the revent remarkubbe dimoveries at Klondike have increased the intereat in the country. Klondike is situated in the nurth-west of Brititis) Columbis, and in, it in perbpins unnecemary to nay, Britith territury. it would be idle to deny that the region in diffleult to get at, hut where gold in to be had a way 18
generally found of reacining it, and the next few nontha will wee nany generaily found of reaching it, and the next few noontbw will eten nany uew meann of acceun opened up. What we have to comsider la the
gold itself, and by all accounta the country ia full of it. Mr. Willam gold itself, and by all accoubta the country 18 full of it. Mr. William Oyivie, D.L.S. who wus aent out by the Dominion (Government to invontigate the Yukon diatrict, anym:-"It is certain that millions will
be taken out of the diatrict this yeur. Enougin prownecting has beea be taken out of the dintrict this year. Enougn pronpecting har beea
done to ahnw that there are at leunt 15 miles of thia extravilunry done to ahnw that chere are at ceant 16 miles of this extruarumy that extent."
We might quote pugea of telegruma received from the dixtrict during the lant lew weekn, but our readera must be funiliar with their contenta, and it would neem unnecesmary. Our reasion for quoting the viewa of Mr. Ogilivie is that they afford corroboration of all that has been telegraphed and written fately about the Klondike Goldfeld. Grunted, then, that the Klondike diatriet is rich in gold, it followa that thoee posweming properties in the district are hikely to reap a rieh harveat from mining then. The Klondike and N.W. Territoriee Exploration Company, Himited, lu just one of thone companies which msy easily prove au Eldorado to it uhareholders. It in one of the first in the field of operations, and, ua a ploneer, ahould resp large protita fromi its early efforts. An its title implies, it is un explaration company, but it atart, in possemsion of two propertien already favourably reportod upon. There are ayentu on the apot watching its in peresta, and, with the capital at itid diaponal, it should be able th pick up othera equally pronuaing and turn them over to cubsidary companies at as very nubutantial profit, Alrendy large iorzunes have nuch man thia in placed in a much better position for turning over iti money. The 10 s , aharea of the company are now being dealt with on
 "Klondike Territorlea," und an such they will always be known.

Bradford Daily Argur, August 13th, 1897.
The Klondike and Nurth-Weat Territoriea Exploration Company, Limited, is the lateat Klondike exploration company, and thungh no public iseue of the ehares has been nade, they are beiog dealt in at public isuue of tho ehares has been made, they are beiog dealt in at
sos. premium. There sems little doubt but what the riehnews of the
oew field hes been but little exagerated, and psst experience tellis ua that thoses exploration compraniea which are first In any new fisld ure unually the beat.

Lancaehire Daily E.rprens, August 13th.
Klondike und North-Weat Territuriew Exploration Company, 1imiteri, which has been formed to explore the now famoua Klondike district, and to acquire propertiee io the North. Weat, is, It is surmised, being
hacked by eome important people in the City, end the elharen are dealt is freely at 2s. premium.

## Northern Finance and Trade.

The fact that Mr. Whittaker Wright has given his attention to Klondile affairs, and will henceforth take an active part in the promotion of companies conneeted with this remarkable field, endows the whole question of Klondike finance with additional respect ability, and a tone ol importance which it has hitherto aadly lacked. It has been necessary for me to enter a word of eernest warning and advice as to the harge number of questionable enterprisea which the Kiondike gold boom is insely to briog into exiatence; but at the same linie care should be diacriminating and cautious enough not to class all preseut There is, for inatance, at least one proniniaing undertaking in existenco known an Klondike and North-West Territories Exploration Company, Limited, in connection with the proxpecte of which the celebrated traveller and independent expert, Mr. Harry do Windt, deelares thist "extraordinary rich finda have been made," and he generally givea the place a very yood character. Indeed, he enya that "there cannot be the elightest doubt of the richness of the country," and laamnuch se the Klondike and North-West Territuries Exploration Oonpsay, Limited, is one of the mont respectable of the latest Klundike enterprises, it may perhapa be worth the attentions of investors, especially ins the present price of the ehares in a moderote one, they being largely reait in at 2a. premium. If only a tithe of the remarkably good things which this company has in view mature, the nhares mbould to at ac
diatant date worth fulv 83 or $£ 4$.

Brilish Columbia Review.
The intiuesee of gold ia again illuatrated by the rieh discoveries at Klonilike. Indeed, the interent which has beon axeitod in thim cullnection is no leva phenmienima thans the wrath of gold deponit with
whell the dlatrict in credited. Whether in the Olub House, hotel, or Wheli the diatrict in ereelited. Whuther in the Gub house, hotel, or vtreet, the madin upia of convernation in the new goldifici. Neaing,
 weuk, it it extay to understand that expectutiona ran high. We do not identify ourseives with thows who think that it is only neconary probsblo that mone of the moderately capitslimed companiea leing promed herd to oxploit the coveted territory will achieve nuceens. 'The Klondike and N.W. Territorien Kxploration C'ompany, Limited, in oree of tho annmber which apprears to be of good pronime. Ith capital is 260,000 divided into 120,000 aluren of 10 . eaci, and we aro informed that they are being dealt in at a promiun oni dis Stock Exchange. The company has aiready acenired two properties, which have been favourably reportel upon, and the expedition it in mending out will be among the first to reach the rich grild centrea. There does not seem to be any reason why Klondike and N.W. Territoriea ahould not do well and give a good account of iteelf, for it will enjoy eveellent opportunity of securing without delay amie of the giod thinge to be whtained at Kinndike. We learn from the njpecial correnpondent of the "New York Journal" at Alaska that the changern of the journey to Klondike, an also the weverity of the winter there, have been purposely exuggerated with the ubject of keeping penple
 that tie eariy Esploration Companlen wir recure ming dite Kloadike plumin. That being no, the proupecten of Whe koudike and A. .1. wharea, for brevity'n sake, are known on the Stock Exchange as "Khares, for brevity" Territories,"

The Financier, September 13th, 1887.
It would be idle to deny that there are difficulties fo the way of ohtuining the iumnenw, riches which, on unimpeachable authority, ore known to exint in the KIondike diatrict of Britiah Columbia. Equally ubsurd would it be to dany that dhese difficulties will be surmounted. Well-exuipped expeditions, plentifully supplied with capital, end ulth a mann of oxperience and Intelligence at their head, will quickly tind a way to woilth, and the percentage of the conipanies recently formed to exploit the region will, no doubt, prove remunerative
lovestnente. a comptrents.
A compuny which menss to ponsexs all the attributer of nueceem in the Kloudike and N.W. Territorien Exploration Company, limited. It has alresdy heen referred to in thope colunuse, and may the aid recently utarted, the Klondike aral N.W. Terriluries Expioration recently wtarted, the Klondike ard N.W. Terriluries Expioration Compaay, Limited, begina its career with sevcral propertiea already tion for the purpose of having these worked. During the last few dion the whares of the company, which are known in the Stock Exehange as "Klondike Territories," have been dealt in in considerable amount.

East Anglian Daily Times, Auguat 16Lh.
The rueh for Kloadike atill continuen, and each company ia straining every nerve to be first in the field. The Klcudike and



Newcaslle Daily Journal, August 13th.
The Klondike and North-West Territories Exploration Cempany Limited, have nucceeded in securing some propertien in thu new gold fields, and an expodition will shottly be denpatched to proapect and acquire freah claims. The aharea are quoted at 2 . premium in the New British Columbian marketu on the Landon Stock Exchange. The Riallo, September 18th, 1807.
At last we have come acroms an undertaking that is able to bcast that it atarts in possessxion of two properties already favoumbly reported upon, and with ayente on the eppot watohing its interests. This unumal feature in a Klondike proposition la very signlficialt. The undertaking referred to is the Klondike and N.W. Territories Exploration Company, Limited, whoee nhare cspisial in 260,000 , and whove 10a. ehares are quoted at a prominm of 3s. 6d. In the new British Columbian market of the Stock Exchange. What meagnre
ef success will attend this "haby" it if, of course, premature to say rf success will attend this "Lhaby", it in, of course, premature to any,
but it ia at all oventa satinfactory to find that in one of the most but it ta at all oventa eatimfactory to find that in one of the mout
important reapeote it etarts on anch better footing than the important reapeats it etarts
majority of its predecesorat.

KLONDIKE \& N-W TERRITORIES EXPLORATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

This Company's Expedition will be one of the first to enter the Klondike district in the coming Spring.


## TION

In grim and silent terror cier the land, Destroying gardena, foreets, fruitful fields, And human hopea, an with the blast of Gol. From the retreating dying multitudes From the retreating dying multitudes Mingled with cursea long, and deep, and leud, Upon the now thrice-hated gold. Alas! ise No auccour came. Famine, and Peatilenco $\therefore$ And Death marched on with the dread nweep of doom.

- The ulcer spresd. No ocean marked ita bounds.

From continent to continent the line
Of golden deaolation pasaed. The towna
Hecame deserted. The spiree toppled into duat. These were the final citiea of the dead. Around apon the lifeleas, treoless plaina The corpsea lay unburied. Hungry thronga Were pressing on into the narrowing space Of life and nurture, only to be crushed In turne amid the atruggling mases. Food Was all in all, and hunger governed all, For kingn were only atarving paupers auw. The grain of wheat alone was gold, and ho Alone the king and millionsire who held it. Around the earth the line of doom had ewept.

Narrower and marrower grew the realm of life, Until the lart, lone Eden, liko the first, Hloomed as the fairy garden of our God,
Shut in by lurnished walla whieh none might fasm Where rents the curse of Heaven.

Thero the last man
And woman of God'a fair creation atood,
And gazed ugon the closing walla of time,
Moving upon them ineh hy inch like some
Relontleas fate while waiting their hrief dsy.
The final shadows esmo. The Alehemist
Of earth had passed his wand beneath their feet As the last tree was fading from their sight, And the last flower was bintted from the scene.
A roiee cane down from heaven: "O, meme thy jrayar Is answered. Now than hant thy fill of gold.
The first did covet that he needed not.
Behold! The first is last, the last is firat.
Six thouaand years thy soul has worahipped Mammon.
Thou hast thy god. The goldon world is thine.
Be aatisfied. Thous ahalt die rich at last;
Yet none ao pmo ne ine that leavea his god
And all his wenlth of heart and hope hehind."
Sojomon Stwier.

IONS.


Juncau City Cis ह! 3 -




## AN AMERICAN 8TAGE DRIVER'S TALE8.

8torles of the Old Coaohing Days of 8outhern California.
Recklasaness of the Old Drivers.-Thay Usually Got Through on Time. But Some of Tham Took Deaperate thaneas.

## (Special to the Chbiatmas Road.)

You have from time to time published many a stirring sod frseinsting story of cosching, and no deubt nome of your many readers may even think that your correspendents have covered all the ground that there is to cover. But I venture to think differently, and .ith your permission, Mr. Editor, I will relate a few of the ad enturea in my part of the world, at which I mainly assisted, and tue details of which I, at least, guarantee as being absolutely trustwerthy. First of ail, let me begin with the record of my one time chum, Bill Henderson.

## A Jahu of the Paelfio Cosat.

Bill Henderson was driver on the Los Angelea, Santa Ana, and San Diego stage line for twenty-one years. He was nne of the large number of remark. ally skilful je:us of the Pacifie Cost. For years he drove eight horsea regularly, and often ten horsee Everyone in Southern Californis knew Unde Bill, the stage-driver. The railroads have deprived the stage lines of their businean, and Uncle Bill, with a multitude of others of his class, has gone into retirement. He was in a reminiscent mood the other day as he ant in the bright eunshine of the porch at hia little ranch home. He in the bright ounghine of the porch at hia hitte ranch home. He newspsper, number of good stories of atrange experience in his life, and I have aelected the following as being some ameng the moat interesting :-

## A Pleacent Surpriae.

One bright, sunny morning, in carly autumn, about 1878 , said he, I had a big load of passengers-and a happier, more jovial and better-natured crowd I never had on boasd. Thone were reckless, don't-care daya, when Los Angelea was a sleepy old Maxican town. Songa, jokes, and stories enlivener the way and aeveral pocket fasks of mountain dew made each forgetful of danger. Near Capistrane Valley we reached a grade, and the eight horses eettled into a walk for the first time aince leaving the atation. We hac almost reached the anmmit visen tiwn robbers sprang into the roal from a fringe of bishes it front of my leaders, and yelled, "Stop!" in a manner that coused esch passenger to apring bolt upright and grab his pistol At the same instant, however, four sdditlonel highwaymer, all well armed, aprang out of the underbrush, and poked their guna ints our very faces, erying in unmistaksble tones, "Come off that perch 1" "Yon've gat the drop on us, boys," ssid I, laughingly for we had no chance to either fight or run.

## A Big Haul

"Yes, and we are going to keep it," replied the leader of the gang; "you hold those lines, and keep, your jsw ohut, and you won't be bothered." "Off the perch," was repested, and the
way those passengers hurtied off the top of the coach was comical, but they asw nething amusing about it. In a moment the highwaymen bad the whole twenty-nine in line like soldiers on parade, only there was no attempt to dresa ranks, for I noticed a amall cigar drummer flanked on one side by a tall miner, snc on the other by a fat merehant. He afterwards declared that he fold himeelf to be the biggeat man in the crowd, and knew that aeveral of the guna were aimed directly at him. Two of the nobbera atstioned themaelves where they could ake the whole line with their shots, while two more relieved the passengers of their val usbles. One man cartied a barley sack, while a nimble-fingered brigand rohhed the passengers, and threw watches, money, ringe, and other jewellry into the bag. Even the cigars and whisky were taken, though the boys kicked against this outrage. The fat man attempted to rest his hands for a mement, but at the command of "Up hands, fatty," ho had to raise them again, though it made him groan and awest $+n$ do it.

## And an Excz.pe.

"Pile in, and be off now," shon the the of inin when the lightfingered ohap reached the lact $\mu^{\prime}$, + in a trsider lot of fellows never boarded a coach, for $r$, vigars, and even their pistols had been taken. "TL ithen mang man," yelled the captain, and the sobbers us $f$; aproce aselk out of reach and gave my horses a free road. Ho, i ce itan a weapon la the crowd we would have given them "pirtir ? shot, but as it was we could only make time to the acx ith auon. The horees went on a dead run, and half an hour afterwards a dosen men started in pursuit of the road agents. I hired a man to drive, and helped to try to catch the thieves. We got near them oace, and had a lively akirmish, killing two rebbera and weunding a third, but the rest got away with the tremsure.

## A Orlitioal Moment.

I never loat my nerve but once; then my heart way in my month for twe or three minutes. We were descending the "Devil'a Inoline," a long, airaight, smooth hill, with twenty-two paseengers on board, two of them ladice occupring outside aeaty. One of the ladiea sat behind me; the other, $n$ handoome young married lady, was hetwee: 'i $r$ husband and me. When within a $n \times n+3$ of a mile from tide rittom of the bill my brake broke, e I This O that within os sterry! the coach, with its load of pasat weres 'ould dash forwaich wn wh horsea. The team wan
 broven if the passengers shet, attempi wo jump off, as they would be certain to if I gave titelu warning of their danger. There whs not an instant to loose, so I grasperl my whip, shouted to uy leaders, and cried, "Here is where we make time," and dowa the long, amooth hill we went on a run. If a horse should vhembip or fall it meant death to more than one passenger on nar '; but fertunately the road was smooth, and the animala .epi their fect. I plied the lash and again shouted th the leader es the big coach began to gain upon them.

Tha'Experience of a Llfetime.
The passengers grew frightened as the rehlele reeled and rocked under the tremendous speed. Several cried, "Stop Stop 1" but this wis inst what I could not do. The young hue. band believed me in: se for the moment, and, drawing a pistol, eried, "Now, hold up, or by heaven I'li put a bullet through your heart." Instead of attempting to comply, I again lashed my team, for in a moment or two the danger would be over. The

## Th

format of the the tr ment wo in chaz little

Mr.

# Che British Columbia Land Exploration and Development Company, Ctd . 

## DIRECTORE:

C. D. ROSE, Esq., Chairman. LIONEL R. C. BOYLE, Esq. ALEX. L. SECRETAN, Esq., Managing Director.

OFFICES:
13, Ausitin Friarg, London.
GENERAL MANAGERS IN NORTH AMERICA:
Messrs. OSLER \& HAMMOND, Toronto.
CONSULTING ENGINEER:
Professor JOHN D. HARDMAN.
BANKERS:
PARR'S BANK, LTD., Consolidated Bank Offices, London, E.C.
the dominion bank, Head Office, Toronto.

> SECRETARY:
> F. A. KENTFIDLD, Esq.

## CAPITAL - - - - £250,000

IN SHARES OF \&1 EACH.
Subscribed Yorking Capital - - - - e25,000.

In aocordance with the object for whioh this Company was formed, in July, 3896 , the services of several well-known experts in mining matters have been engaged on behalf of the Company in examining, prospeoting, and developing various properties in British Columbia, under the advioe and assistance of the Company's Managars in Toronto, Messrs. Osler and Hammond.

Various fropertie:, have already been acquired, and development work carried out or. the sane.

The Company has obtained controlling interest in a property in the Rossiand District, known as "The Young British America", upon which the Crown Grant has been received.

The area of this property is 34 aores. The looality is good, there being only three claims between it and the "Le Roi", the mine of tine camp.

The "Deer Park" claim on the south-western oorner of the mountain struok 100 dol. ore at about 75 feet. The vein they are working on rins through the "Young Amerioa".

The olaim derives its value from the favourable oharaoter of the formation, whioh appears identioal with tiat in whioh the paying mines of the District are found, and also from its location being directiy in the trend of some of the principal fiasures on the mountain. Development work is still being continued to prove its value, and the engineers in charge are confident that they have a good property, whioh after a little mors work will justify expectations.

Mr. R. F. Dodd, \& mining expert of considerable experience, is in charge of the Company's interests in this district.

The Compeny has, further, two-thirds interest over an area of about 29 acres of claims on the "Deor Park Mountain", adjoining the "Youns British America" property, and. the work which is being carried out on the "Young British America" will prove the values of these properties also, where mineralised diorite has already been found at different points.

Assessment work is veing carried out on the followirg olaims in the West Kootenay District:--

Upon 80 aores situated in Trail Creak Mining Division on Green Mountain, one mile from the Jumbo.

Upon the Franktown Claim, situated on Murphy Crsek, and on various clatma on the Deer Park Camp, in which the Company holde one-third . 3 st nver an area of about 500 acres.
on ine Toad Mountain Claims, situated on the West side of the Salmon River, about four miles scuth ot Hpil Creek, in the Nelson Division; and

Upon eight Claims known as the Salmon River Claims, situated on Poroupine Creek, on the Salmon River, whers the Company has staked out the full claims, and their ownership is recorded.

In the East Kootenay District the Company has a bond on a block of Claims situated about ten miles south of Fort Steele, lying immediately be\%ow, and adjoining the Dibble Claims.

A two-stamp portable testing mill, built by the Truro Foundry and Machine Company; of Nova Sootia, has been erected at the mouth of Sawmill Creek, where water and wood for fuel are both plentiful, and where the grades are favcurable for the bringing of ore to the mill. This mill is being worked by the Company for testing purposes for ores brought in from people owning properties in other parts of the distriot, as well as for the purposes of the Company, and much valuable information is acquired by this means respeoting other properties in the large District of East Kootenay.

Money has been spent on prospecting various other properties, but results have not justified further development work, and the claims have been abandoned.

Other properties are under consideration, and the Company's experts are making examination before definitely deciding to acquire en interest in the same.

All the properties have been reported upon and visited from time to time by Frofessor Hardman, and some of the claims by Mr. Susmanin, both of these gentlemen being well known as reliable authorities upon mining matters conneoted with Britieh Columbia.

Arrangements have been made by the Company's Agents to prepare an expedition for the Klondike District of the Yukon Gold Fields in the early part of 1898. The reports received by the Company confirm the enormous mineral wealth of British Columbia.

The funds whith have already been expended by the Company have been in connection with preliminary exploration, and so as to enable sufficient development work to be done to prove the properties in which an interest has been acquired, so that subsidiary companies may be formed to acquire and work the same.

The proposed railway from the Crow's Nest Pass, now under construction by the Canadian Pacifio Railway, will pass fin the immediate visinity of some of the above properties, so that supplies can be carried into this country as cheaply, if not cheaper, than in ary other mining oamp in the Province, and working expenses will consequently be considerably reduoed.




[^0]:    RATTON4L
    (Sprattis Pisna
    (Spratis PiLgn
    of Bprati's Fatery

[^1]:    ELONDIKGR ARRAYED IN SHDEPBKIN COAT, DHINDEELAKEIN TROUSERE, SNOW-SHOES, AND WOLFBKD GLOVEB. (FIU. 2.)

