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MONTREAL, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 31, 1892.

PRICE 5 CENTS.

TEMPERANCE RALLY!

TOTAL ABSTINENCE CONVENTION AT INDIANAPOLIS.

Father Doyle of New York, Manager—Bishops, Priests and Noted Laymen Present—Father Elliott's Address.

The Total Abstinence Union of America held its twenty-first annual convention in Indianapolis last week. The delegates gathered from all parts of the union to the number of over 300. It was presided over by Rt. Rev. J. B. Cotton, Bishop of Wisconsin. Archbishop Elder of Cincinnati was present at the proceedings, and Bishop Cardinal sang the Pontifical Mass. Letters of commendation and hearty sympathy were read from Archbishop Corrigan and many other prelates.

A recess was then taken to attend Pontifical High Mass. The Cathedral was filled by delegates and visitors. The floral decorations in the church were exquisite. The vestments of the bishops and priests, together with the music of the choir, will be long remembered by all present.

Father Elliott's Sermon.

Following the Mass, Rev. Walter Elliott of the Paulist House, New York, entered the pulpit and spoke upon the theme of Total Abstinence. He spoke in substance as follows—

"We have for every reason to thank Almighty God for our assemblage here today before the altar of His divine Son, to witness the infusion of His holy spirit upon the proceedings of our convention. It is one of those happy privileges that is occasionally accorded us that we have the Rt. Rev. Bishop of the diocese to celebrate pontifical mass on the opening day of our meeting; for our movement is strictly religious. It has a very touch of conscience. The taking of the pledge as it is done under the auspices of the Catholic religion is done for the love and honor of our Lord Jesus Christ, and His sacred blood upon the cross and for the advancement of the spiritual condition of those who take the pledge; and those who depend upon them for their happiness. Of course, a number of persons are glad if a man takes the pledge who needs it. That is saying very little. It is well, however, if more could express this openly even to that extent. For the taking of the pledge by a large number of persons, for drunkenness is a great evil in our midst.

"There is scarcely a family represented here today but that has some heart-burn on the score of intemperance by some one near and dear to their hearts. I have scarcely a day in my experience, a single family in that prays have been offered up for this one or that one would take the pledge to quit drink totally. But we go a great deal beyond that. We go into the immediate contact with each other. We bind ourselves together, and have a name, a place of meeting, and a congenial life and action, because we do more than to simply say it is good for men who need it to take the pledge, for we say it is good for those who don't need it.

"Those who take the pledge who need it need brotherly love to encourage them. It takes a special grace of God for one to go to such a person and say take the pledge with me, I will stand by ground with you. It matters not whether I need it for myself or need it for your sake. The business of the society is to have men take the pledge who need it, even to the remote necessity of saving many of the young from intoxicating drink by having them join the Catholic Total Abstinence Union. We should secure those who are entering upon life from bending their foot-steps to that blood-stained track that leads from the saloon to the home, to the poor-house and to the jail. We are to take council together how it may best be done; to distribute literature, to hold meetings, to attract public attention.

"The power of sympathy is one of the bonds that binds us together. There are men who can no more resist the appetite for liquor than they can stop their breath, unless they can be most judiciously and most lovingly aided to do so. Science tells us there are large numbers who inherit this appetite. It is a defect of nature transmitted from parents to child, and coming to a man in that condition he must carefully guard himself, that he may if he drink moderately, after a time come upon the brink of the precipice. For such a one to take the pledge in early days is a God-giving, and that is the help we extend to him.

"As a member of the society approved by the Church and applauded by society he is safe. The vice of intemperance, although it is a sin against nature, it is nevertheless, also a sin against religion. It is to save the integrity of faith, to hold men as true Christians, to enlighten men as consecrated again unto God that we have formed our societies.

"The third council of Baltimore, which struck a straight blow against intemperance and drunkard-making received its information from the members of the

Catholic Total Abstinence Union. So there is very good reason for the annual assemblages. It is necessary for us, if we are going to succeed, that we have some great central force to meet the liquor interest and the saloon interest, which depend upon drunkenness, are organized for the purpose of selling more drink, which will make more drunkards. I suppose there is nothing that deters the liquor interest from going beyond bounds more than the Catholic Total Abstinence Union. It is never difficult to find out what the Church teaches, what it will prevent or condemn. Organization in the Catholic religion is brought to perfection. She stands at home to-day on the new civilization in this land of liberty, and none is better qualified to assist men in good life and character than the Church is on this question of intemperance.

The convention was remarkable for the warm-hearted, generous welcome given to the delegates by both the ecclesiastical and civil authorities.

Bishop Chatard, in the greeting that he extended to the delegates, said: "When the convention assembled here some years ago, a committee was appointed to communicate with our Holy Father the Pope, to present an expression of filial submission to him at the head of the Church and the successor of St. Peter. You received a brief from the Holy Father in which he approved of your association and besides, with this brief, came a rescript, giving a very large number of very important indulgences. You look upon it as a spiritual favor. I also look upon it as an act of law, for it has placed your society beyond experiment and gives it a place."

"It is not lawful for any Catholic to cast a slur upon an association of this kind, and all must aid in a charitable and proper way to enable you to keep up your work."

On motion of the Rev. Father Conaty, of Worcester, Mass., the committee was made to consist of the president of the convention, Mgr. Besonnes, and Dr. Conaty, of Worcester, Mass. Bishop Cotton said that it was peculiarly fitting that this communication should be sent from this convention for it was in answer to the petition sent from the Indianapolis convention in 1878 that the Holy Father at Rome had returned his pontifical approval of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of America and his blessing upon its work.

On the monster public meeting held in Tomlinson Hall, Ira B. Chase, the Governor of the State, and Mr. Sullivan, the Mayor of the City of Indianapolis, spoke earnestly in advocacy of the Temperance cause. The Governor said: "It gives me a great pleasure to welcome those who labor for love of the souls of men and for right and truth. I do most cordially welcome these workers in the cause of temperance to our State. There is no State in the Union, as I believe, in which there is more sympathy with your work than our own commonwealth of Indiana or will welcome you more heartily."

"We believe in the methods of work for temperance which you have adopted. We believe in the gospel of temperance, realizing that no law will be respected until it is established in the hearts of the people. Your plan brings fruit through the education of the individual and establishment of homes. There is no place on earth so near paradise as the home, but good homes must first have good individuals. The order is the individual, then the home, and then the state. You can't begin at the top and work down. As the individual is the foundation of the state. There you vitalize the social structure, so to speak, with the blood of uprightness and stability. [Applause.] We are all learning to understand that we must begin with the hearts of men. When we begin with each man we are on the right road to success."

The Convention was remarkable also for the work it accomplished. Perhaps the more important part of this work was the establishment of the Temperance Truth Bureau. Rev. A. P. Doyle of the Paulist Fathers of New York was made the manager. Its office will be at 415 West 59th St. The object of this Bureau is the printing and dissemination of Catholic Temperance Literature, and widespread literature on the temperance question has been long felt and its undoubted power to change and mould public opinion, to arrest attention, to produce conviction, and to induce to action, is more and more acknowledged by all who are working in the temperance movement.

DR. CONATY'S LETTER TO HIS HOLINESS.
Dr. Conaty of Worcester, Mass., reported the following as the letter to be sent to the Pope:
To His Holiness Pope Leo XIII.
Most Holy Father—Your devoted children of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of America, remember with filial love and deepest gratitude your paternal solicitude for our union, banded together as it is in holy Church, in the sacred cause of the great cardinal virtue of temperance. When our general convention met in the city of Indianapolis, in the United States of America, in 1878, your Holiness received our humble prayer for a blessing on our work, and you not only granted the blessing, but you also extended to our members most valuable indulgences. From that day our union was placed on the high plane of a Catholic society approved by the supreme pastor of the faithful, entering into our free homes with the blessings of the higher freedom from the dangers of intemperance.
To-day we again assembled in Indianapolis, and we rejoice to renew in a still stronger de-

gree our protestations of loyalty to the See of Peter in which you, our Father, have won the admiration of the world and the love and veneration of your children.

From the day you blessed us we have prospered, until today not only the 45,000 pledged members of our union, but the hundreds of thousands of others into whose lives the light of Catholic virtue shines, bless you because of that approval you have given to us, whereby by the hands of our leaders have been held up to the great battle for home, Church and God. Accept, Most Holy Father, the homage of our grateful hearts and in loving confidence we humbly ask you to grant again the apostolic blessing which will cheer the noble men and women in the great battle against intemperance.

John O'Brien of Stillwater, Minn., treasurer of the Fr. Mathew chair to be established in the Catholic University, Washington, when \$25,000 shall have been secured, reported that the fund, with interest, now amounted to \$24,355.76, of which amount \$278.05 had been received since the last convention. The convention was a great success in every respect.
—N. Y. Democrat.

From La Semaine Religieuse.

Rev. Abbe Proulx has been retained, for three years more, as vice-rector of Laval University in Montreal.

The Sisters of Providence have just opened an orphanage, at Manchester, (Maine), on the invitation of Rev. Mr. Chevalier, rector of the Church of St. Augustin, in that city.

On the 1st. September, the Ladies of Sacred Heart, will open a free school, on Bleury Street, for poor children. Such an establishment is the completion of each of their convents.

On the feast of St. Joachim, patron saint of His Holiness the Pope, on the 21st. August, there was a public reception at the Vatican. A number of eminent people paid their respects to the Sovereign Pontiff.

On Monday, the 23d. His Grace, Archbishop Fabre left Montreal to assist at the jubilee festivities in honor of Cardinal Taschereau of Quebec. On Wednesday of last week, His Grace performed the ordinations at Joliette. On Thursday he presided at the blessing of three bells and an organ for l'Epiphanie. A great number of the clergy and faithful also assisted on that occasion.

The following appointments were made by His Grace the Archbishop of Montreal. Rev. Mr. Laurent Cousineau, vice-chancellor of the Archdiocese; Rev. Mr. J. Anbin, parish priest of Ste. Rose; Rev. Mr. A. Belanger, curate of Ste. Camille; Rev. Mr. A. Quenel, curate of Pointe aux Trembles; Rev. Mr. Jamin, curate of Ste. Therese; Rev. Mr. Forbes, curate of Laclolle; Rev. Mr. Cabana, curate of St. Barthelemy; Rev. Mr. Carriers, curate of St. Jerome; and Rev. Mr. Beauriant, curate of St. Janvier.

The *Moniteur de Rome* says that a large Mexican pilgrimage is being organized, and will go to Rome for the episcopal jubilee of Leo XIII. Five hundred very wealthy Mexicans have chartered a vessel for the trip. They will present the Holy Father with considerable offerings; also will they make offerings to the Church of St. Joachim, which is to be the jubilee gift of the Catholic world. These gifts will partly consist of precious stones and marbles, taken from the Sierras, to pave the Church. The same vessel will carry the jubilee donations. These pilgrims will visit Lourdes, Paray-le-Monial, Lorette and Jerusalem.

With pleasure we reproduce the following good news that we find in the *Missions Catholiques*.

Lately Holland has witnessed several conversions to Catholicity. Merely speaking of the prominent people, we can cite the richest property holder of Someren (Holland Brabant), who, with all his family turned over to the Catholic Church. The wife and daughter of the Protestant minister of the same place, became Catholics. Mr. Krusing, Protestant rector of the lyceum of Bois-de-Duc, abjured heresy and so did all his family. Also another Protestant Minister on the Belgian frontier.

Canon McCarthy's Views.

Rev. Father McCarthy, Canon of St. Bridget's Church, Ottawa, preached Sunday morning upon the importance of education and referred incidentally to the necessity of separate schools. Education, he said, to be taught properly, had to go hand in hand with religion, and it was for that reason alone that Roman Catholics considered the teaching of religion in schools as an absolute necessity. An eminent authority in Boston, after making a study of the principal causes of evil, attributed it to a large extent to the falling-off of the young from the state of grace into channels of vice, on account of the lack of religious education in schools. It was the duty of all parents to see that their children were thoroughly educated both from a worldly and religious point of view.

Conversions are becoming frequent in Holland. We gave account of some recently, and now we have to swell the list with those of the greatest landowner of Someren in Dutch Brabant, who has come over with his entire family, and of the wife and daughter of the pastor of the Protestant Lyceum, of Bois-le-Duc, has abjured Protestantism with his whole household, and the Protestant pastor of Budel, on the Belgian frontier, has followed his example.

GLADSTONE'S STAND.

THE MINISTRY RE-ELECTED.

John Morley's Career; His Return from Newcastle; a Sketch of His Public Life.

In response to inquiries as to the truth of the rumor mentioned by the London Chronicle, to the effect that Mr. Gladstone would retire from office in the spring, Mr. Gladstone telegraphs from Hawarden that the whole story is utterly groundless.

NO REFLECTION MEANT. The Associated Press representative here learns that Mr. Gladstone has sent a letter to Mr. Labouchere saying that he alone is responsible for not appointing Mr. Labouchere in no wise reflect upon Mr. Labouchere's public career or services.

HARCOURT HAS A WALKOVER. Sir William Vernon Harcourt was re-elected by an increased majority, receiving 6,508 votes against 1,610 for Farmer Atkinson. In the recent general election Sir William received 7,507 votes and his Conservative opponent 5,549. With the exception of Sir William Vernon Harcourt and Mr. John Morley, all the new ministers have been formally re-elected without opposition. Mr. Gladstone was re-elected by acclamation.

THE HOME RULE BILL.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The Chronicle this morning gives the following as the main lines of the Home Rule bill, as believed to have been agreed upon between Messrs. Gladstone, McCarthy and Dillon.
First.—That the present land legislation shall not be disturbed for five years.
Second.—That the police and judiciary shall be in the hands of an Irish Parliament.
Third.—That the balance of the Irish Church fund shall be at the disposal of the Irish legislature.

Fourth.—That the English Receiver-General of the bill of 1886, be dispensed with.
Fifth.—That, on the other hand, there shall be only one customs department, and that the Irish Parliament shall not have power to levy separate duties.
Sixth.—That the only veto shall be a royal veto, to be exercised on the advice of the English ministry.
Seventh.—That 30 Irish members shall be retained at Westminster.

The Chronicle believes that Mr. Gladstone abandoned with great reluctance the idea of a Receiver-General in deference to the wishes of the McCarthyites.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—Mr. Morley's return for Newcastle is an immense relief to the Liberals, who have been watching for the result with breathless anxiety. The party never expended money and energies so profusely to secure a local election. While the Unionist candidate relied solely on local influences, Liberals imported, to strengthen Mr. Morley, fourteen members of the House of Commons, eight ex-members and fifteen preachers—Episcopal, Catholic, Methodist and Quakers. All were in the field daily. The contest became one of national importance when some adherents of the Labor party joined the ranks of the Unionists. It was only the eight hour section of the Laborists, but as this is now a strong political factor in the country, its adhesion to the Unionist cause almost marked an electoral epoch. Mr. Morley's reputation as a high-minded and honest politician, never shone better than when he declared that he was ready to risk his seat and his office rather than submit to the demands of the Laborists.
But apart from his success, the leading outcome of the contest is the definite rupture of the Laborists with the Home Rulers. The Laborists throughout the country resent Mr. Davitt's threat that the Irish members would foil the Labor demands in the House of Commons if the Laborists opposed Mr. Morley. The Labor leader, Mr. Champion, replies that they have power to destroy all chance of Home Rule. As Mr. Morley has triumphed, Mr. Davitt may now seek to reconcile the Laborists, otherwise the feud may bring disaster to the Gladstone government.

A SATISFACTORY APPOINTMENT.

Mr. Morley's short visit to Dublin has confirmed the national confidence in him. It soon became known that he had selected as private adviser and probably under secretary for Ireland, George Fottrell, a man whose veiled influence in Irish affairs has long been recognized by both English and Irish leaders. Mr. Fottrell stands so well with the Nationalists that his reported appointment as under secretary was hailed with general delight, as the advent of a genuine Irish administration sealing the end of the obnoxious castle domination. The Irish leaders will be satisfied if Mr. Fottrell is appointed.

THE HOME RULE BILL.

Regarding the Home Rule bill, the London Chronicle's travesty of the result of the negotiation between Mr. Gladstone and the McCarthyites is not deemed worthy of notice by the Irish party. Mr. Dillon's statement that the retention of the whole of the Irish mem-

A REAL RELIC.

JACQUES CARTIER'S COMPASS.

Now in the Possession of Mr. Alexander Daly; to be Sent to the World's Fair.

Last Friday THE TRUE WITNESS sanctum was visited by one of the pioneers of this province, in the person of Major Alexander Daly, late Crown Land Agent for the Lower Ottawa District in this province. Major Daly is now in his 85th year; he is a surveyor by profession, and he has seen many of our famous engineers and men of science when children. He was here when the city of Montreal was very far different from the Commercial Metropolis of our day. Mr. Daly is strong and healthy, and says that he is good for a few score years more. It is his intention to visit Chicago next year, on the occasion of the World's Fair. He resided during five years in that city and has two sons still living there.

After a lengthy conversation, upon the days gone past, the times when the lumber trade flourished and the Ottawa and St. Lawrence were filled with rafts of square timber; after anecdotes of the days of John Egan and the good old times of forty, fifty, and sixty years ago, Mr. Daly entered into the object of his visit to THE TRUE WITNESS. He said that he came for a twofold purpose; one was to see and the other to cause to be seen. He came to see the editor, in whom he was greatly disappointed, for he had imagined him a fellow six feet high, in his stockings, and somewhat of modern giant in other physical proportions. However, if he did not succeed in finding a man built after his pre-conception of such people as editors, he succeeded most admirably in interesting us with what he carried under his arm in an old wooden box, brown and worn with the lapse of centuries.

After uncovering his parcel, Major Daly laid upon the table a compass or circumferenter that was once the property of Jacques Cartier, the famed discoverer of the St. Lawrence and founder of Canada. The instrument is in a very good state of preservation. Some sixty years ago, in the fall of 1833, our friend saw this compass in the hands of a Mr. O. Quinn, a Provincial Land Surveyor. He was then living in the County of Montcalm, in the present Province of Quebec. This relic had been fished out of the wreck of the vessel "La Petite Hermine," which was found imbedded in the spot where Cartier abandoned her in 1536. Then a lapse of 307 years had taken place, all during which the compass had been at the bottom of the lake. In 1865 when running a boundary line between Joliette and Montcalm Counties Mr. Daly used this instrument. He then bought it from Mr. Quinn. Mr. Quinn, who was well known in Quebec, and whose demise only took place a few years ago, had secured the relic treasure from Lieutenant Colonel Bouchette, late Surveyor-General of this Province and of Canada in 1832. Garneau's history of Canada refers, with illustrated notes, by Andrew Bell, to this compass. (Vol. 1, page 58). The inscription upon the outside is in French, and reads thus: "The compass of Jacques Cartier, Distinguished Mariner, Paris, 1542-43." Over the brass semi-circular table of degrees is the name of the maker and the great Discoverer's name. It reads thus: "Maquart, Paris: St. Malo, 20 Avril, 1534: Jacques Cartier, Mariner."

The interesting relic will be forwarded this week to the Chicago World's Fair. We are grateful to Major Daly for his kindness in allowing us to see and examine the compass.

Funeral Rites.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Blanche Milloy took place last week, and was largely attended. The funeral left the residence of deceased's son, Mr. James Milloy, shortly after 8 o'clock, and proceeded to St. Patrick's church, where a solemn requiem service was held, Rev. Father Fahey officiating, assisted by the Rev. J. A. McCallen, S.S. The chief mourners were Mr. James Milloy, Mr. J. J. Milloy, Mr. R. Milloy, Mr. William Milloy, Mr. P. A. Milloy, sons of deceased; Mr. Richard Milloy, and Mr. James Milloy, grandsons, and other relatives. Amongst those present were Mr. James Connaughton, J. P. Nugent, Ald. W. H. Cunningham, Messrs. A. Martin, M. J. F. Quinn, B. Tansey, J. H. Feeley, P. Coleman, Sub-Chief Jackson, J. J. Costigan, Thos. Nicholson, P. Doyle, James Trainor, M. J. Murphy, A. Brogan, N.P., E. McIntyre, John Barry, E. Greene and about two hundred others. Mrs. Milloy was widely known for her kindness of heart and her love for all those who were dear to her, as well as her universal courtesy to all whom she met with. She was a fervid Catholic and died surrounded by all the blessings of the Church.—R. I. F.

A Mrs. Greenbaum, of Marion township, Mich., went berry-picking, leaving her child asleep. When she returned she found only a mangled foot. The child having been devoured by a wild animal, supposed to be a panther which was seen in the neighborhood.

Great Britain has received an invitation from the United States Government, to take part in the naval parade in April next in connection with the Columbus celebration, and has accepted it.

FAME.

What, Fame, art thou? An empty sound,
Ae, nothing more nor less,
Ae, nothing sought, and seldom found,

CARDINAL TASCHEREAU.

A SKETCH OF HIS LIFE.

His Youth, Education, Ordination, Consecration, and Final Elevation to the Cardinal's Hat.

His Eminence Cardinal Elzéar Alexandre Taschereau, whose golden wedding, or 75th anniversary of his ordination, has been celebrated with so much éclat...

The family of the family in Canada was Monsieur Thomas Jacques Taschereau, originally of Touraine, France, who settled in New France at the beginning of the eighteenth century...

His Eminence Cardinal Elzéar Alexandre Taschereau was born at St. Marie de Beauce, at the manor house of the family, February 17th, 1820...

The Italian Minister of Public Worship has ordered the restoration of the Church of St. Lawrence in Pansperna, where Leo XIII. received episcopal consecration...

Rev. Father Hugh McNamee, of Santa Cruz, Cal., was taken to Ireland after nineteen years faithful service in the Church on the coast...

El Centenario is the title of a new review started at Madrid and devoted to the celebration of the Columbus centenary. It will publish a number of important documents bearing upon the discovery, and its editor is very appropriately Don Juan Valera...

The Holy Father is preparing an Encyclical Letter on his forthcoming episcopal jubilee. His Holiness is assisted in the labour by his secretaries, Mgr. Volpin, who compiles the briefs to Princes, and Mgr. Tarozzi, who takes charge of the Latin letters...

Mgr. Boujean, of the Oblates of Mary Immaculate, Archbishop of Colombo, has succumbed to a malady which has been undermining his health for several months past. He was in his sixty-ninth year, and had been engaged on the mission in Ceylon since 1865...

It is consoling to notice the religious stamp given to the celebrations in honour of Christopher Columbus in Catholic Spain. In Switzerland we have to signalize a kindred feeling. An industrial exhibition has been started at Fribourg in Switzerland, and the ecclesiastical authorities were officially invited to bless it...

The Silesians have founded a new agricultural colony in Galicia, in the district of Miejsce, under the auspices of an exemplary Polish priest, Father Bronislaw Markiewicz. There are rich mines of petroleum in the neighborhood, which may make it a sort of European Pennsylvania some day.

ORANGEISM.

ITS WORDS AND ITS DEEDS

A History of Its Career During the Last Century - Its Profession of Loyalty and Acts of Disloyalty.

(From the Dublin Freeman, July 20)

In the history of Orangeism there is nothing more amusing than the loud-responding bellying of the brethren of the lodges on the eve of every reform during the last century, and the complete absence of performance which followed on these storms of words...

The game of bluff began with the Union. "The gallant Orange Yeomanry who fought in Ninety-Eight"—as one of their songs has it—helped to crush the Rebellion because, probably, they considered its success would mean the end of their unbridled ascendancy over their Catholic fellow-countrymen...

It was, however, in the Church Disestablishment period that the Orangeism was seen in all his glory as a mouthpiece of words "of sound and fury signifying nothing" as a wielder of a painted sword, and as a vower of vows made only to be broken...

"We are arrived at a stage of thrilling interest in the fearful crisis through which we are passing, from the reckless and unprincipled conduct of a statesman, who, having sworn to advise his sovereign 'for her honor,' may shortly dare to advise her for her dishonor, and in such a way as to shake the very foundations of her Majesty's throne, and impair the succession in her illustrious house."

But the Rev. John Finnegan did not confine himself to publishing pamphlets. He appeared at several Orange meetings in Ulster, and delivered the most belittling utterances. Here is the famous extract from his speech at Newbliss, Co. Monaghan, on March 29, 1868:

"If they dare to lay unholily hands on the Church, 200,000 Orangemen will tell them it shall never be. Protestant loyalty must make itself understood. People will say, 'Oh, your loyalty is conditional.' I say it is unconditional, it must be explained as such. Will you, Orangemen, endorse the doctrine of unconditional loyalty? (Repeated cries of 'no, never!')

It appears wonderful that there is one thing upon which we can confidently throw ourselves, and which has been overlooked by all speakers—I mean the Queen's Coronation Oath. She should be reminded that one of her ancestors, who swore to maintain the Protestant religion, forgot his oath, and his crown was kicked into the Boyne. [The speaker then read the oath, taken by the Queen, in which her Majesty swore to 'maintain and preserve inviolably the settlement of the united Church of England and Ireland, and the doctrine, worship, discipline, and government thereof, as by law established.'] Will any Minister (he continued) dare to ask the Queen to perjure herself? Will any Minister come and ask us to surrender our rights? We must tell our gracious Queen that if she breaks her oath she has no longer any claim to the Crown. Let us not put our trust in man, but trust in God and ourselves—

"Put your trust in God, my boys, And keep your powder dry."

The Coronation Oath was the great argument of the Rev. John Flanagan. But after all it was merely a compact between the Queen and the nation, and by passing the Irish Church Disestablishment Act the nation released her Majesty from the compact.

The Rev. Mr. Flanagan was also in magnificent form at a meeting at Ballybay, on June 2nd, 1869. Dealing with the effect of Disestablishment on the Act of Union, he said:—"We must have the Act of Union in its entirety or not at all; and I contend that the minute the obnoxious Disestablishment Bill receives the sign-manual from the Queen the solemn compact is repealed, is broken, and is therefore in all equity void. We will reject the iron roof of England, and get rid of Papacy at the same time—driving two serpents out of the island at once."

These utterances of the Rev. John Flanagan are excellent specimens of the vaporing indulged in on hundreds of Orange platforms during the Disestablishment agitation. But then and now the Orangemen were joined in their crusade against Mr. Gladstone's Bill by the "loyal Protestant minority" through Ireland, who were unconnected with the Orange institution; and then, as now, the orators of that "loyal minority" rivalled the Orangemen in the brag and bluster of their speeches. Mr. Plunkett, Q. C. (now known as the Right Hon. David Plunkett, M. P., First Commissioner of Works), made a celebrated speech at a great Diocesan Conference held in the Chapter Room of St. Patrick's Cathedral, Dublin, on March 21st, 1869. His grandfather, the famous orator of the Irish Parliament, in the course of a speech on the Union, in the Irish House of Commons, declared that if the nefarious measure were carried he, like Hannibal, would bring his sons to the altar and make them swear eternal enmity to the Union, and, if necessary, transmit the oath to his children's children and to the children of his children's children until Ireland's ancient liberties were once more restored. "Hannibal Plunkett's promise" was never fulfilled. He accepted the Union, for it brought him office. His grandson, however, went almost to the altar of St. Patrick's Cathedral to vow that he would take the field if the Church Disestablishment Bill were passed. He said:—"We appeal to our brother Protestants in England, Scotland and Wales to stand by us in this last awful hour of our fortunes. * * * We call upon them not to allow these provisions to be made law which are calculated to hamper and injure our organization in the future; and we call upon them not to drive us again to that old kind of material, physical resistance, which accompanied the protestings of our forefathers."

The Irish Church was disestablished, but Mr. Plunkett followed the example set by his grandfather, accepted the inevitable, and with it office in a Tory administration. X-bravely who knows the estimable Recorder of Dublin (Mr. Falkner, Q. C.) would suspect him of ever having entertained the notion of taking to the hills against England. Yet, at a meeting of the Central Protestant Defence Association, in the Metropolitan Hall, Dublin, on April 15th, 1869, he declared:—"We must tell Mr. Gladstone that if we cannot valiantly succeed we can nobly die."

All over the country at that time prophecies were freely indulged in that "fearful scenes of bloodshed and carnage in a civil war" would inevitably follow Disestablishment. But these prophecies have happily never been fulfilled. The present threats of civil war are certain to go the way of the others and swell the huge category of unfulfilled Orange vows. We shall have no civil war after Home Rule.

Orange riots have occurred at regular periods—about every four or five years—since then. In 1857 the rioting was so terrible in Belfast that a Royal Commission was appointed by the Government to inquire into its causes. Here is an extract from the Commissioners' report:—"The Orange system seems to us now to have no other practical result than as a means of keeping up Orange festivals and celebrating them, leading as they do to violence, outrage, religious animosities, hatred between classes, and too often bloodshed and loss of life."

There were riots in 1830, riots in 1864, riots in 1872, riots in 1875, riots in 1880, riots in 1886. It is easy however, for the authorities—if they lend themselves absolutely to the task—to curb these outbreaks of Orange ruffianism. It was admirably done by Thomas Drummond while he was Under-Secretary for Ireland to the Melbourne administration. "I am busy with the arrangements for the 12th of July—the day on which the Orange demons walk (Drummond wrote to his mother on July 10th, 1836). It is very difficult to allay their fiendish spirit, but we are improving."

50 Years Perry Davis' Pain Killer

Has demonstrated its wonderful power of KILLING EXTERNAL and INTERNAL PAIN. No wonder that it is found on The Surgeon's Shelf, The Mother's Cupboard, The Traveler's Valise, The Soldier's Knapsack, The Sailor's Chest, The Cowboy's Saddle, The Farmer's Stable, The Pioneer's Cabin, The Sportsman's Grip, The Cyclist's Bundle.

ASK FOR THE NEW "BIG 25c. BOTTLE."

CASTLE & SON MEMORIALS AND LEADED GLASS

CHURCH FURNITURE MEMORIAL BRASSES FONTS LECTERNS

LA BANQUE DU PEUPLE. DIVIDEND No. 112.

THE ST. JAMES Hat Store. SILK and FELT HATS.

OUR Spring stock is now complete. PRICES: LOW. An inspection invited.

ROBERTSON & CO., -220- ST. JAMES STREET.

COVERNTON'S NIPPLE: OIL.

COVERNTON'S Syrup of Wild Cherry.

COVERNTON'S Ointment.

DOHERTY & SICOTTE. (Formerly DOHERTY & DOHERTY.) Advocates: and Barristers, 180 ST. JAMES STREET, City and District Bank Building.

WM. H. HODSON, Architect and Valuator, 242 ST. JAMES STREET, Montreal. Telephone 9334.

HOTEL BALMORAL, MONTREAL—NOW under an entire change of management, is unrivalled by any hotel in Canada. The equipment is most complete, the cuisine is unexcelled and every consideration is given to the comfort of guests. It is in the heart of the city and within a few minutes walk of the R. R. depots and steamboat landings. Terms \$2 to \$3 per day. JAMES SMITH, Proprietor, 22 St. James Street.

Have your Job Printing done at "The True Witness" Office.

Montreal: : : : ROOFING : : : : Company, GENERAL ROOFERS and CONTRACTORS ROOFING In Metal, Slate, Cement, Gravel. ROOFS REPAIRED. Before giving your orders get prices from us. OFFICE and WORKS, corner Latour Street and Busby Lane. Telephone—Bell, 120; Federal 1028. Post Office Box 100.

Furniture! We have on hand a line of Bed-room and Dining-room Furniture which we offer at prices cheaper than any regular furniture house in Montreal. As furniture is not our regular business, we will give you goods cheaper even than at auctions. See our Oak Dining room parlor. JOHN LORIGAN, Mantel and Grate Manufacturer, 1828 Notre Dame Street. P.S.—Cheapest Bed-room Suites in the city.

T. CHRISTY, Plumber, - Steam - and - Gas-fitter, Importer and Dealer in ALL KINDS OF GAS FIXTURES and FANCY SHADES. No. 138 Bleury Street, MONTREAL. House Drainage and Ventilation a specialty. Steam, Hot Water and Combination Furnaces fitted up. All kinds of Roofing attended to! BELL TELEPHONE

P. N. Y. CO. PIANOS and ORGANS. This Company still leads in fine American PIANOS and ORGANS. They are now receiving their full supply of the beautiful Weber, Decker, Vose and Hale PIANOS. Fine specimens of which can be seen in the stores, No. 228 ST. JAMES STREET. It is a fact not generally known to our readers that this Company sells beautiful new Upright Pianos at \$225. They have also a large number of Second-hand Pianos at from \$50 upwards. Our readers should call and examine the stock and prices at P. N. Y. CO.'S STORE.

MENEELY & COMPANY, WEST TROY, N. Y., BELLS. Favorably known to the public since 1828. Church, Chapel, School, Fire Alarm and other bells, also, Chimes and Tuba.

THE LARGEST ESTABLISHMENT MANUFACTURING CHURCH BELLS & PEALS. FURST BELL METAL, COPPER AND BRASS. Send for Price and Catalogue. McHANE BELL FOUNDRY, BALTIMORE, MD.

RICHELIEU & ONTARIO NAVIGATION CO. 1892—SEASON—1892. The following steamers will run as under and call at the usual intermediate ports. To QUEBEC—Commencing about 25th April, the Steamers QUEBEC and MONTREAL will leave Montreal daily [Sundays excepted] at 7 p.m. To TORONTO—Commencing Wednesday, 1st June, leave daily [Sunday, excepted], at 10 a.m., from Leaside at 12.30 p.m., from Coteau Landing at 4.30 p.m. To the SAGUENAY—About 3rd May will leave Quebec every Tuesday and Friday at 7 a.m., and from 28th June to 15th September four times a week—Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays. To CORNWALL—When canal ready, the BOHEMIAN will leave every Tuesday and Friday at noon. To THREE RIVERS—Every Tuesday and Friday at 1 p.m. To CHAMBLEY—Every Tuesday and Friday at 1 p.m. To BOUCHERVILLE, YARROUVER, VERCHERES and BOUT DE LISLE—Daily [Sundays excepted], per Steamer "REBONNE" at 8.30 p.m.—Saturdays at 2.30 p.m. LONGUEUIL FERRY—From Longueuil 5 a.m. and every subsequent hour. From Montreal commencing at 5.30 a.m. Last trip 8.30 p.m. See time table. To LA Prairie—From La Prairie—From 18th April to 2nd May, 7 and 10 a.m. From Montreal—8 a.m. and 1 p.m. EXCURSIONS—Commencing Sunday, May 1st, by Steamer "Terrebonne" every Saturday at 4.30 p.m. for Vercheres, and Sunday at 7 a.m. for Contrecoeur, returning same evening at about 8 p.m. For all information apply at Company's Ticket Office, Richelieu Pier, Windsor Hotel, Balmoral Hotel. ALEX. MILLOY, JULIEN CHABOT, Traffic Manager, General Manager.

possible to others surely is possible to you; this is an electric age, not one of the old stage-coach; you must get out of that groove or break down in it; you must begin to attempt or you will fall behind.

It is due to our Catholic youth that the doors of their own institutions should be as widely open to them and the courses as inviting as those of Protestant high schools and colleges.

OUR CITY PARKS.

We intended to speak this week of the important question of the Sunday closing of our city parks, especially beer, in our city parks.

It is being argued on the one side that the parks are the property of the State and that the State has the right to regulate their use.

From the very first we desire to state that the opinions above expressed are based upon a false conception of the case.

The Canadian says that "such a resort is calculated to prevent young men from stunting themselves up in badly ventilated dens."

The Patrie contends that our population require honest amusement, and should not be condemned to the house all day on Sunday.

citizens who have signed a petition on behalf of the Sohmer park, and not to the Witness which is alone in its opposition to it.

The result is simply license to commit every kind of evil. When liquor is sold in the park, prostitution of virtue and degradation of manhood and womanhood are the haunting spirits that frequent the by-ways and recesses of what might be the abode of innocent enjoyment.

Will you devote a little of "Pat's" money to having him photographed and sending me a copy?

Mr. Charles J. Holden, of the G. T. R. has just returned to Montreal from an extensive holiday trip out West.

St. Mary's Boys' Commercial Academy. The new commercial academy, that has been established this year in St. Mary's Parish (East End), opened under the able direction of Rev. Father O'Donnell, on Monday the 29th instant.

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THE EARL OF ROSEBERRY.

The Interest He Took in the Work of the Late Father Drumgoole.

A party of gentlemen, interested in one of New York's numerous charities, met the other evening, and after settling the business for which they had come together, began to exchange a few informal remarks before leaving.

"Are you aware," said Father McNichol, assistant at the Mission of the Immaculate Virgin, "that the Earl of Roseberry has visited New York more than once, when as a young man he was travelling over the world, and acquiring that intimate knowledge of Governments which so well fits him for the position of Minister of Foreign Affairs."

Being urged to speak further on the matter, the Father related the following interesting account of the Earl's meeting with Father Drumgoole:

My dear Father, I cannot get away to say goodbye to you to-day, but I must in the first place send my address to you, 2 Berkeley square, London W. 1.

Will you devote a little of "Pat's" money to having him photographed and sending me a copy?

Roseberry became a frequent visitor to the humble quarters of the priest, and it was not unusual to see the present Minister of Foreign Affairs sitting on the side of Father John's little iron bedstead, for chairs were never numerous in Father John's room, engaged in earnest conversation.

In his letter, as perhaps you noticed, he prays God to bless Drumgoole and his work—God has done that—from a tumble-down warehouse in Warren street to the splendid ten-story fire-proof building in Lafayette Place there is perceptible progress, from the wretched cramped quarters in Warren street to the mile of farm with its noble buildings and trade schools on Princes Bay there seems a complete answer to the Earl's prayer.

On Tuesday a novena, preparatory to the Feast of the Nativity, commenced, at seven o'clock in the evening, at the Cathedral chapel.

LUBY'S PARISIAN HAIR RENEWER. RESTORES GRAY HAIR TO ITS NATURAL COLOR. STRENGTHENS AND BEAUTIFYS THE HAIR. CURES DANDRUFF AND ITCHING OF THE SCALP. KEEPS THE HAIR MOIST AND THE HEAD COOL. IS NOT A DYE, BUT RESTORES THE HAIR NATURALLY. FOR THE HAIR. IS A DELIGHTFUL DRESSING FOR LADIES' HAIR. RECOMMENDS ITSELF, ONE TRIAL IS CONVINCING. IS THE BEST HAIR PREPARATION IN THE MARKET. IMMEDIATELY ARRESTS THE FALLING OF HAIR. DOES NOT SOIL THE PILLOWSLIPS OR HEAD-DRESS. Sold by all Chemists and Perfumers, 50 cents a Bottle. R. J. Devins, GENERAL AGENT, MONTREAL.

THE CHOLERA.

IT REACHES ENGLAND.

Spreading East, South and West—Precautions in New York.

LONDON, August 28.—The steamer Calveza arrived at Grimsby from Hamburg with two sailors suffering from symptoms of cholera.

THE CHOLERA IN HAMBURG. HAMBURG, Aug. 28.—The official returns show that on Friday there were reported in this city 416 new cases of cholera and 150 deaths.

THE GERMAN IMMIGRATION. It was announced yesterday that another passenger who arrived at Gravesend on Thursday from the steamer Germania from Hamburg, had died from cholera at the Gravesend hospital.

THE GERMAN SLEEPS INTERVENTION. The permission given by the health officials at Middlesbrough for the landing of the crew of the steamer Germania from Hamburg promises to have most serious results.

KEEPING UP IN FRANCE. HAVRE, August 28.—Seventy-one new cases of cholera and 25 deaths from the disease were reported in this city yesterday.

TAKING ACTIVE PRECAUTIONS. LONDON, August 29.—The Standard's Vienna dispatch says: The Emperor has abandoned his proposed visit to Lemberg, and unless the sanitary condition of Europe improves all military manoeuvres will be abandoned.

PRECAUTIONS AT NEW YORK. NEW YORK, August 28.—The outgoing transatlantic steamships yesterday carried very small passenger lists, which is due to the prevalence of cholera in Europe.

ALL THE U. S. REVENUE OFFICERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST are watching for the smuggling schooner Halcyon, which left Victoria, B. C., last week with a \$30,000 cargo of opium.

THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT has received an official invitation from Washington to send a squadron to take part in the great naval review that will be held in New York harbor and the vicinity in connection with the Columbus celebration.

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OBITUARY.

Mrs. Martin Hickey. Montreal has lost another of its worthy citizens, in the death of Bridget McCabe, the beloved wife of our esteemed fellow-citizen, Mr. Martin Hickey.

Death of Mrs. Hugh McCulloch. With deep regret we chronicle the death of one Montreal's most worthy citizens, in the person of the late Catherine McDonald, widow of the late Hugh McCulloch.

FROM-STEAD, the scene of the famous labor troubles, is a parish in the Pittsburgh diocese, and possesses two Catholic Churches, one for the English-speaking people, and the other for the German-speaking Catholics.

Our preparations for the Fall trade of 1892 are now pretty well complete; some very heavy consignments of goods having been received this week.

John Murphy & Co's ADVERTISEMENT.

THE GREAT MANTLE HOUSE.

Our preparations for the Fall trade of 1892 are now pretty well complete; some very heavy consignments of goods having been received this week.

FALL MANTLES!

We have put to stock over 30 cases of Fall Mantles this week.

THOUSANDS OF JACKETS, HUNDREDS OF ULSTERS,

HEADQUARTERS FOR MANTLES, JOHN MURPHY & CO., 1781 and 1783 NOTRE DAME STREET, AND 105, 107, 109, and 111 St. Peter St. TERMS CASH AND ONLY ONE PRICE. Telephone 2183.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

BY FRED DEVINE. What does it mean in this planet of ours, With its mountains of snow and its gardens of flowers...

IRISH NEWS.

Mr. Denis Killride, M. P., is seriously sick at his home in Athy. Mr. William Masterson has been appointed a Justice of the Peace for the borough of Belfast.

COMMERCIAL.

FLLOUR GRAIN, ETC. Flour.—Extras have been placed for the city trade at \$2.35 to \$2.40. Strong bakers' in round lots have been sold at \$2.40 for choice elite brands...

LIVE STOCK.

The Montreal Stock Yards Company, Point St. Charles, report: The stock of live stock at these yards for week ending Aug. 27, were as follows: Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Calves...

THE HORSE MARKET.

At the Montreal Horse Exchange, Point St. Charles, the receipts for week ending August 27th were: 121 Left over from previous week...

Baby Was Sick.

Dear Sirs,—My baby was very sick with diarrhoea, and every thing we tried failed. But on trying Mr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry we found it gave prompt relief and very soon cured him completely.

The Children's Friend.

Gentlemen.—Last summer our children were very bad with summer complaint, and the only remedy that did them any good was Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry.

LADIES.—We secured three first prizes and diplomas at Montreal, Ottawa and Sherbrooke, 1891, for the extra quality of our manufacture of Silver-Ware and replating old goods equal to new.

THE CANADA PLATING CO'Y.

763 Craig St., Mon're 1.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION

OVER ONE-QUARTER OF A MILLION DISTRIBUTED

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

Incorporated by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes in 1876, by an overwhelming popular vote. To Continue Until January 1, 1895.

THE MONTHLY \$5 DRAWING

WILL TAKE PLACE AT THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC, NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1892.

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$75,000.

100,000 Numbers in the Wheel.

PRICE OF TICKETS:

Whole Tickets at \$5; Two-Fifths \$2; One-Fifth \$1; One-Tenth 50c; One-Twentieth 25c.

IMPORTANT.

Send Money by Express at our Expense in Sums not less than Five Dollars.

Give full address and make signature plain.

CONGRESS HAVING LATELY PASSED LAWS PROHIBITING THE USE OF THE MAILS TO ALL LOTTERIES...

THE PROVINCE OF QUEBEC LOTTERY.

DRAWINGS IN SEPT., 1892:—Sept. 7 and 21.

3134 PRIZES WORTH \$52,740.00.

CAPITAL PRIZE WORTH \$15,000.00.

Ticket, \$1.00 Do, 25c.

Ask for Circulars.

3134 Prizes worth \$52,740.00 S. E. LEBEVRE, Manager, 81 St. James Street, Montreal, Canada.

A LITTLE GIRL'S DANGER. Mr. Henry Macombe, Leyland St., Blackburn, London, Eng., states that his little girl fell and struck her knee against a curbstone. The knee began to swell, became very painful and terminated in what doctors call "white swelling."

HOW THEY ENJOY IT. JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF. Is a good food for children, supplying as it does the material that forms "Flesh," "Muscle," and "Bone."

ALL THE WORLD OVER. JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF. It is used as a strength-giving Food. For Invalids, Convalescents and Dyspeptics. For Athletes when training and in domestic cookery for making Soups and Gravies.

THE E. B. EDDY CO. MAMMOTH PAPER MILLS HULL, P.Q. LARGEST - IN - CANADA. Toilet, Tissue, Manilla, Brown Wrapping, News, White Print, Woodboard, Duplex Board, etc.

ASK FOR THE E. B. EDDY CO.'S PAPER. And you will get the best made. MONTREAL BRANCH (Telephone 1619) 318 ST. JAMES Street.

AMERICAN SELF-RAISING FLOUR. Prepared with PROF. HORSFORD'S Phosphate of Lime or Cream of Tartar Substitute. M. HICKEY, 1061 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.

MONTREAL PAPER MILLS CO. St. Lawrence Paper Mills, 588 Craig Street, MONTREAL, P.Q. Manufacturers of and Dealers in Book, Toned and News, Prints, Colored Posters, Bleached and Unbleached Manillas.

THE MONTREAL BREWING CO'S ALES - AND - PORTERS. Registered Trade Mark—"RED BULL'S EYE." INDIA PALE ALE, Capsuled. SAND PORTER. XXX PALE ALE. STOUT PORTER.

THE PROVINCE OF QUEBEC LOTTERY. DRAWINGS IN SEPT., 1892:—Sept. 7 and 21. 3134 PRIZES WORTH \$52,740.00. CAPITAL PRIZE WORTH \$15,000.00.

Montreal Exposition Company. GRAND PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION, MONTREAL. 15th to 23rd September, 1892. SECOND ANNUAL FAIR!

Great Show of Live Stock. Magnificent Horticultural Display. FINE COLLECTION OF HISTORICAL RELICS. ANTIQUARIAN AND NUMISMATIC SOCIETY. Extraordinary Attractions.

BRODIE & HARVIE'S Self-Raising Flour. as THE BEST and THE ONLY GENUINE article. Housekeepers should ask for it and see that they get it!

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY. HARVEST EXCURSIONS. Round trip excursion tickets will be issued from all Canadian Atlantic, Grand Trunk and Canadian Pacific Railway stations.

MOTHERS! Ask for and see that you get DAWSON'S CHOCOLATE CREAMS, the great Worm Remedy.

MEXICAN LOTTERY. Beneficencia Publica (PUBLIC CHARITY) ESTABLISHED IN 1876 IN THE CITY OF MEXICO. The Only Lottery Protected by the Mexican National Government.

THE NEXT MONTHLY DRAWING. Moresque Pavilion in the City of Mexico. THURSDAY, AUGUST 18, 1892. THE CAPITAL PRIZE BEING \$60,000.00

By terms of contract the company must deposit the sum of all prizes in a bank before selling a single ticket, and receive the following official permit: CERTIFICATE—I hereby certify that the Bank of London and Mexico has on deposit the necessary funds to guarantee the payment of all prizes drawn by the Lottery de la Beneficencia Publica.

Have your Job Printing done at THE TRUE WITNESS OFFICE.

home and money. Paek-Beresford so far has both, and it will be interesting to watch what he will do with Mrs. Water's farm. Persecution of Nuns in Carrickmacross. —A meeting of the Carrickmacross Board of Guardians was held on Aug. 2, to consider the unsatisfactory state of the river from Stranton's Lake through the grounds of the Catholic convent.

What does it mean that the kernel of grain Possesses a secret that none can explain, Which makes it to grow and yield of its kind, Abundance of food for the wants of mankind? What does it mean, this mysterious life, With its joys and its sorrows, its labors and its strife?

What does it mean that where does it go, And what its location—does any one know? What does it mean when it's taken away, And our bodies surrendered to death and decay, That we never return and are never more seen, Oh, what does it mean? Oh, what does it mean?

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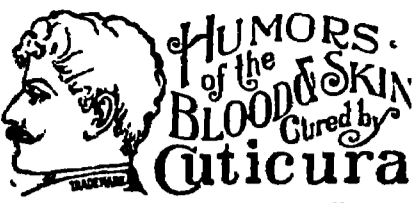
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... road wharf at Southport, New Orleans. gave way, precipitating into the river a warehouse full of cotton and other merchandise.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

EUROPEAN.

The intense heat continues in Europe. The French wheat crop will be nearly an average. An Irish cricket team left Dublin last week for America.

CANADIAN.

The election of Premier Greenway, of Manitoba, is to be protested. Mr. James Fleming of Brampton has been appointed inspector of legal officers.

AMERICAN.

There is a corner in August oats in St. Louis. Quietness prevails at Coal Creek, Tennessee. Heavy rains and washouts are reported from New York state.

OUR FRENCH VISITORS. MASS UPON THE "ARETHUSE." Different Preparations Made and Programmes Carried Out in their Honor.

The French admiral and the officers of the "Aretouse" and "Hussard" were royally entertained during the whole of Saturday.

The French admiral and the officers of the "Aretouse" and "Hussard" were royally entertained during the whole of Saturday.

The special feature, on Sunday, was the solemn Mass on board the "Aretouse."

Among those who attended High Mass were Messieurs Rolland, Mathien, Dugas, Dandurand, Obalski, Lafontaine, A. La-roque, Faucher de St. Maurice, Messrs. Marchand, Perrault and Rolland, Mr. Faucher de St. Maurice, Recorder de Montigny, Mr. Capron, of St. Pierre-Miquelon, and Lieut. Chartrand, of the 27th Foot Chasseurs.

Cure Sentenne announced, on Sunday, that in all probability the admiral with the officers and men of the warships would attend mass in the church of Notre Dame on Sunday next.

The French officers fittingly entertained by the 65th Battalion.

The co-patriots of the gallant tars who are now visiting the port of Montreal, seem to have made up their minds that they shall not return to the motherland without having, not only the most lively but also the most enjoyable recollections of their North American trip.

Various entertainments have been gotten up in their honor, but it is safe to say that the ball given in their honor last evening by the officers of the 65th regiment was the chief d'œuvre of their visit so far.

The room above the armory, in which the dancing took place, could not be recognized by reason of the military decorations.

On every side the glitter of armor flashed its silver radiance upon the handsomely dressed ladies and gentlemen, and to the strains of the band of the entertaining regiment they danced the grand fantastic until an early hour in the morning.

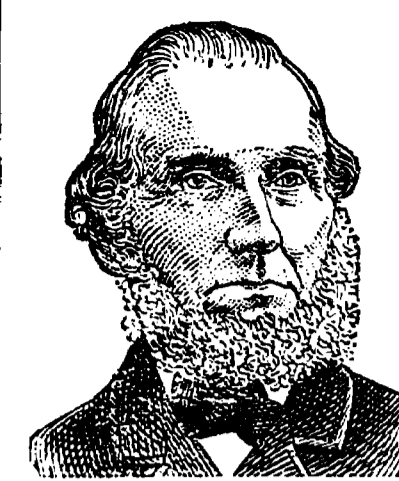
This delightful program, however, was interrupted by the veteran caterer, J. T. Dixon, notifying the master of ceremonies that supper awaited the guests in the armory room below, which had been specially decorated for the occasion.

The supper having been concluded, the happy guests once more returned to the ball-room, where dancing was kept up to a late hour.

The committee of Reception were: Lt.-Col. Prevost, Major Labelle, Major Hebert, and Capt. and Adj. Roy, A. J.

Amongst those present were the admiral and officers, Lt.-Col. Baker, 64th; Lt.-Col. Dufresne, 80th; Lt. Tschereau, 87th; Lt. Belanger, 85th; Capt. Carriere, 85th; Major Dixon, 53rd; Lt.-Col. Houghton, D.A.G.; Lt.-Col. Mattice, B.M.; Lt.-Col. Dugas, 65th; Hon. Judge Wurtelle, Mrs. Wurtelle and Miss O'Brien, Hon. Judge and Mrs. Mathieu, Recorder and Mrs. deMontigny, Lt.-Col. and Mrs. Hughes, Judge Dugas, Mayor and Mrs. McShane, Dr. Mount, Honore and Mrs. Beaumond, R. Dandurand, C. St. Louis, Viscount de la Barthe, H. Brault, A. Hubert, Viscount de Turenne, L. Heanbren, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Schwab, Vice-Consul Girard, Lt.-Col. Denis, 84th; Mrs. de Gonzague, the Misses Tasse, Mrs. Andrews, N. Y., Miss Bolte, Toronto; Miss Olivier, Miss Senecal, Miss Farrell, Miss Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. Huot, Mr. and Mrs. R. Masson, Mr. and Mrs. K. Laroque, E. Robidoux, Mrs. McLane, Toronto; Major D. Orsonnens, 85th. A. Id. Farrell, L. O. David, city clerk; O. M. Harris, A. Id. Rolland, A. Id. Cresse, etc.

The band of the regiment, which was stationed outside the regiment's quarters in the drill shed, discourse a choice selection of music which formed the well elected program.



Mr. David M. Jordan of Edmeston, N. Y.

Colorless, Emaciated, Helpless. A Complete Cure by HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA.

This is from Mr. D. M. Jordan, a retired farmer, and one of the most respected citizens of Edmeston Co., N. Y.

"Fourteen years ago I had an attack of the gravel, and have since been troubled with my liver and kidneys gradually growing worse."

"I feel well and eat well. All who know me marvel to see me so well." D. M. JORDAN.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner Pills, assist digestion, cure headache and biliousness.



CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Sick headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as dizziness, nausea, dyspepsia, distress after eating, pain in the side, &c.

ACHES. It is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our greatest boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge.

FATHER KOENIG'S NERVE TONIC. Feel Very Good. VII.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Mr. J. Lamberjack writes under above date: My 11-year-old boy had St. Vitus Dance, so that he was unable to use his limbs and had to be fed. We doctored for about six months, without any improvement.

DELHI, Ohio, Feb., 1890. A young man 28 years old who is subject to a rush of blood to the head, especially at the time of the full moon, and he at such times raves and is out of his mind.

FREE. A valuable book on Nervous Diseases sent free to any address, and your patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge.

KOENIG MED. CO., Chicago, Ill.

In Montreal by E. LEONARD, 113 St. Lawrence Street.

CARPETS!

Carpets for the most cultivated desires in art. Carpets for the thrifty and humble household.

Carpets that will look and wear well at moderate prices. Carpeting houses of every description a specialty.

Carpeting of Institutions and Public Buildings carefully attended to.

Church and office Carpets, special designs. Curains, Shades and Draperies.

Rugs, Mats and Art Squares. Anglo-Indian Border Carpets.

Thomas Ligget,

1884 NOTRE DAME ST. GLENORA BUILDING. THE SUNBEAM, a monthly paper for Catholic youth; 50 cents a year, send for sample copy. 761 Craig Street, Montreal, P. Q.

GAVAN DUFFY.

An interesting interview on the subject of the Revival in Irish National Literature.

Sir Charles Gavan Duffy was interviewed recently by a newspaper representative in Dublin, on the subject of the revival in Irish national literature.

"How is the scheme to be managed?" the veteran Irishman was asked.

"Like all companies—by directors. The shareholders will choose five or seven directors, and they will manage the business."

"Will their management include the literary question and the selection of books?"

"There will, I trust, be two or three literary men among the directors who will necessarily exercise large influence on this question. But to make sure that the project which I have designed may answer its purpose, and obtain public confidence by a rigid adherence to the principles on which we set out, I will ask the shareholders to give me such a general control over the scheme as I exercised over the Library of Ireland from its projection to its completion, and I will take care that the books are worthy of confidence."

"Do you object to a literary committee in Dublin taking an initiative in the selection of books?"

"Not at all; such a committee if it were chosen by a vote of the shareholders or appointed by the directors might perform a very useful function. They might propose books which they considered it advisable to publish, and it would be for the directors to determine whether or not they approved of their suggestion. You cannot have too many men's minds engaged in the project if their single desire be to help it, and if young men they will necessarily know more of the wants and wishes of their generation than older ones."

"Will the publication of the books take place in Dublin?"

"Certainly, but it will take place simultaneously, I hope, in London, New York and Melbourne. The business of publication in Ireland is quite paralyzed. We hoped to form a syndicate of publishers, and perhaps this will be done, as several of the existing publishers concur in the idea."

"Why is it necessary to have recourse to these foreign countries to accomplish an Irish work?"

"I do not consider Irishmen in America or Australia any more foreigners than Irishmen in Munster or Leinster. Quite otherwise, indeed. They will make greater sacrifices for the cause, those exiled Irishmen, than Irishmen at home."

"Would it not be better that all work of publication was done here—offering the books afterwards to America and the Colonies to take if they will?"

"That method, I think, would ensure a total failure. My personal experience is that England, America, and the Colonies buy Irish books, and that in Ireland you must sell them at a low price or give them away."

"Will shilling books cover the whole field of national literature?"

"Why not? The price of a book has no relation to its value. I bought in London the other day at 4s. a volume of a library containing Edmund Burke's Reflections on the Present Crisis, the greatest political pamphlet written for 150 years. Besides, the terror of a literary renaissance spreads upwards as well as downwards. Mr. George Smith, of Hodges & Smith told me that he never would have ventured to publish O'Donovan's 'Translation of the Four Masters,' or Petrie's 'Round Towers,' both costly books, but for the mental heat created by the Young Ireland movement; and Butt and LeFanu, who were at the time active Conservatives, told me that in writing 'The Gap of Carriger' and the 'Cock and Anchor,' Irish historical novels of a singularly generous character to emanate from Conservatives, they were constantly thinking of what the men of the Nation, as they called them, would say to their achievement."

"Are you now confident that the company will be formed?"

"Yes, I may say I am, as a company can be formed by seven persons, but whether the shares will be taken up with avidity I cannot venture to predict."

"A few men will take a hundred pounds' worth each, and nearly all who attended the conference will probably take a few shares, more or less. The necessary documents will be prepared immediately and submitted to legal supervision, and afterwards circulated amongst those likely to desire shares. The Press, which goes everywhere, can help it effectually, and if it does, I think the project will succeed."

"The Archbishop of Cashel has volunteered to take fifty shares."

"Panic in a Church. The Roman Catholic Church, three miles from Forestville, Mich., was burned to the ground on Sunday and the following people were injured: Miss Tilly (Gustin), 16th; William Grant, seriously; Mrs. Jane Armstrong, seriously. The fire was discovered while the service was being held and a wild panic ensued among the members of the congregation. Women and children were trampled upon and many of them were badly bruised. Miss Gustin, who was totally burned, was so seriously hurt during the mad rush for the door that she was unable to make her escape and was caught by the flames.

The City of Paris arrived at New York yesterday morning from Queenstown after a run of five days and 22 hours. She was greatly delayed by fog and heavy weather.

The entomological section of the United States Agricultural Department reports a very dangerous insect enemy of the potato. It is known as the potato tuber moth, and has been exceedingly destructive in Australia. It first appeared in this country in California, last November. Efforts will be made to stamp it out by destroying potatoes infected with it, and if necessary suspending potato culture for a year or two where the moth has appeared.

Professor Henry, of the Wisconsin experiment station, found, by thorough experiment, that of \$100 worth of corn product \$37 was in stalks and \$63 was in the ear. It may be well to bear this in mind the present season, and see if some practical means can not be put in action to save the stalks in better shape. There has been and will be great quantities of money already earned in the shape of wasted corn fodder. Some farmers say they have not had enough to have the fodder cut up by destroying potatoes infected with it, and if necessary suspending potato culture for a year or two where the moth has appeared.

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S. Carsley's Column

NEW MANTLES.

NOW ARRIVING. Large Deliveries of New Mantles. LATEST FALL NOVELTIES.

From the Principal Fashionable Centers of Europe. NEW MANTLES.

In all the newest and most stylish materials for the coming season, and all handsomely and most appropriately trimmed.

ALL PREVIOUS SEASONS. Our trade has been very successful, and this season it is anticipated that with the stock now coming in, All Records will be Beaten.

S. CARSELY. Mail Orders carefully filled.

NEW JACKETS.

JUST UNPACKED. And put into stock a most superb assortment of Black and Colored Cloth Jackets, including SEVERAL LINES.

Which have been manufactured specially for us. LADIES.

Who require something really serviceable, and of equal good style, will do well to inspect our stock before purchasing. New Black Cloth Jackets. New Colored Cloth Jackets.

S. CARSELY. Mail Orders promptly attended to.

NEW PELERINES.

MORE NOVELTIES. In New Pelerines of various lengths, and made of Plain and Fancy Cloths in every new shade.

New Pelerines in Fashionable Lengths. New Pelerines in All Materials. New Pelerines in Every Shade.

MODEL PELERINES. In Fancy Mixed Twelves. In Plain Colored Cloths. In Black Cloths.

New Pelerines, Braided. New Pelerines, Embroidered. New Pelerines in All Styles.

S. CARSELY. Mail Orders receive careful attention.

Waterproof Cloaks.

NOW REPLETE. The stock is now replete with every new style of Waterproof Cloak for the Fall.

Waterproof Cloaks in all materials. Waterproof Cloaks in all sizes. Waterproof Cloaks in all styles.

Scotch Tweed Waterproof Cloaks. English Tweed Waterproof Cloaks. Paramatta Waterproof Cloaks. With Long and Short Capes.

JUST RECEIVED. A complete assortment of Rigby Waterproof Cloaks for Ladies' wear. The best and most comfortable garment made.

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Every Requisite in High Class Table Naperies and Household Linens will be always found in stock at S. CARSELY'S.

LINEN GOODS.

HIGH-CLASS TABLE LINENS. From the Looms of the Leading Manufacturers of the World.

Fine Scotch Table Damasks. Fine English Table Damasks. Fine Irish Table Damasks. In All Widths.

Hand Loom Table Damasks. Silver Bleach Table Damasks. In All Widths. S. CARSELY.

First be Sure you are Right, then go ahead. If you take cold and lose your health you cannot properly attend to your business. If you do not attend to your business you will not succeed in it.

If you wear Rigby Waterproof Gowns, you reduce your chances of catching cold, with its attendant disastrous results, to a minimum. Ponder this over and form your conclusions, then buy.

S. CARSELY. 765, 1767, 1769, 1771, 1773, 1775, 1777, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

Carsley's Column