

The Glencoe Transcript.

Volume 44.--No. 40.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1915.

Whole No. 2282.

MISS GLADYS BOYD
Advanced Grade of Royal Academy;
also Trinity College (Senior),
London, Eng.
Receives pupils for Piano.
Address, Concession St. 804

CHANTRY FARM
Shorthorn Cattle and
Lincoln Sheep; also
S. G. Dorking Fowls
ED. DE GEN, Kerwood, Ont.

C. G. McNaughton
Agent for Fire, Life, Accident,
Plate Glass and Automobile
Insurance
Phone Bothwell U. & R. No. 44 P. O. Newbury
R. R. No. 2

Cream Wanted
Cash paid for cream delivered at
my sewing machine store, Main street
north, Glencoe, on Tuesdays, Fridays
and Saturdays—Tuesdays and Fridays
preferred. Cash for eggs.
5317 ALEX. MCNEIL

FOR SALE—
Pure Bred
Yorkshire Pigs
Six Weeks Old
SQUIRE BROS.
North Half Lot 19, Second Range
North L. W. R., Ekfrid.

Notice to Creditors.
In the Matter of the Estate of Robert
Johnston, Late of the Township of
Euphemia in the County of Lambton,
Farmer, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to the
Trustee Act, R. S. O. 1914, that all
creditors and others having claims against the
estate of the said Robert Johnston, deceased,
who died on or about the first of July, A. D. 1915,
are requested to send by post prepaid,
or to deliver to the undersigned Solicitor
for the Executor on or before the first of Novem-
ber, A. D. 1915, their claims and sur-
pluses, amounts and descriptions, and a full
statement of their claims and the nature of the
security if any held by them.

And further take notice that after such last
mentioned date the executor will proceed to
distribute the assets of the estate of the de-
ceased among the parties entitled thereto, hav-
ing regard only to the claims of which notice
shall have been given as above required, and
the executor will not be liable for the said
assets or any part thereof belonging to persons
whose claims or claims notice shall not
have been received by the undersigned at the
time of such distribution.
Dated at Bothwell, September 28, 1915.
W. R. HICKEY,
Solicitor for the Executor.

DENTISTRY
R. J. MUMFORD, D. D. S., L. D. S., Offices
over Howard's Furniture Store, Phone 16.

JAMES POOLE
Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance
Agent, representing the greatest fire in-
surance companies of the world, and the leading
mutual fire insurance companies of Ontario.
Office at residence, first door south of the
Presbyterian Church, Glencoe.

GEORGE WILSON,
Clerk of the Division Court, Conveyancer, &c.
Justice of the Peace for the County of Middle-
sex, Commissioner in H. C. J., Office—Main
street, over Lumber's first store.

**Western Farmers' Weather
Insurance Company**

Insure your buildings against wind
and tornado in the largest weather
company in Ontario. Insurance in
force, nearly 11 million. Our rate is
lowest permitted by government.

E. T. Huston, Agent, Glencoe

UNDERTAKERS
AND
FURNITURE DEALERS

Having taken over the Furni-
ture and Undertaking business
from Mrs. Mary D. McAlpine
of this place, we wish to state
that we will endeavor to give
our patrons the best service
possible. We are adding to our
stock and will at all times
show a large range in all lines
of Furniture. The Funeral
Direction remains under the
management of Mr. Wehlann.

J. B. GOUGH & SON
Day Phone 23 Night 93

A CLEAR HEALTHY SKIN.—Eruptions
of the skin and blotches which im-
pale beauty are the result of impure
blood caused by unhealthy action of
the liver and kidneys. In correcting
this unhealthy action and restoring
the organs to their normal condition,
Farnelle's Vegetable Pills will at the
same time cleanse the blood, and the
blotches and eruptions will disappear
without leaving any trace.

We Are OPTOMETRISTS

Recognized as eyestrain specialists for eye needs
in glasses, just as the dentist is for teeth needs.

WE ATTEND TO EVERY REQUIREMENT
in the examination of eyes for the fitting and
adjusting of glasses, thus reducing their cost.

Our MODERN Equipment

technical training and mathematic accuracy in eye
examination and in furnishing and adjusting quality
glasses of distinctive worth is fully assured for your
eye needs and eye comfort. We advise glasses only
when they aid or improve vision, holding your
eyes and our profession above selfish interest.

CONSULT US FOR YOUR EYE SAFETY.

C. E. DAVIDSON, Jeweler
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES OPTOMETRIST

Keith's Cash Store

Our FALL MILLINERY OPENING
takes place this week—Thursday, Sept.
23rd, and following days. We will show
all the latest in Paris & New York styles.
P. D. KEITH

We carry a full line of Harvest Wants

Also Builders' Hardware;
Paints, Oils and Varnishes;
Steel and Felt Roofing;
Wire Fencing;
Oil Stoves; Lawn Mowers,
and everything in the Hard-
ware and Stove line.

MITCHELL & HAGERTY

THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTED STOCK OF STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

kept in Glencoe.
Also Confectionery, Imported & Domestic Fruits, Meat, Fish, etc., carried
Our prices a little lower than elsewhere. Call and be convinced.
Good Butter and Eggs and other marketable produce taken as cash
at highest market price.

CASH FOR EGGS

TRY OUR SPECIALS IN BULK TEAS AND COFFEES.
Red Rose, Lipton's and Salada Packet Teas always in stock.

W. A. CURRIE

3 GOOD POINTS

about our D. L. & W. Scranton
Coal are NO SLATE, NO DUST
and UNIFORM SIZE. With
these you get long burning fires
and regular heat. Now's a good
time to order coal—you can't tell
when the price will soar. Free de-
livery; prompt service.

McPHERSON & CLARKE
Planing Mill and Lumber Yard
GLENCOE, ONT.

District and General.

Brant county has enlisted over 1,300
men for active service in defence of the
empire.

Elgin county, including St. Thomas,
has enlisted more than 700 men for
active service.

Twenty-five of the young men of
West Lorne have since the outbreak
of the war enlisted for active service.

One of the oldest pioneers of Zone
township, in the person of R. O. An-
drew, passed away on September 26th,
in his 92nd year.

Receipts from all sources in con-
nection with the Strathroy Fair total
amount to about \$3,000, and there will
be a small surplus.

Wm. F. Armstrong, of Cairo, was
seriously hurt through his horse being
frightened by an auto, throwing him
up against a fence.

The death occurred in Pontiac,
Mich., on Thursday, September 23rd,
of Mrs. Nancy McGaffey, relict of
John McGaffey, of Thamesville, at the
age of 85 years.

P. A. McVicar, auctioneer, of Rod-
ney, returned home last week from
Northern Ontario where he was en-
gaged for some time as superintendent
of colonization road construction.

Fire Thursday night caused a loss of
several thousand dollars to Jacob
Mistele, owner of the basket factory
at Rodney, when a building used by
him as a storeroom was destroyed.

There will probably be a big demand
for hay, oats and other fodder in Can-
ada this fall. The British War Office,
it is understood, is contemplating the
purchase of large quantities of the
above.

Malcolm Morrison, a farmer living
near Mount Elgin, was attacked in a
field by an Ayrshire bull, and was
only saved from death by the shooting
of the animal by an employee who
came to the rescue with a shotgun.

The country is swarming with
tramps and the public are warned to
keep buildings locked and report to the
police any tramps, who give a splen-
did patriotic address. Then followed
a keenly contested program of sports,
terminating in a tug-of-war between
the different schools and won by No.
6, Ekfrid.

Among the prize winners Ronald
Macfie came first in a seed naming
competition, having correctly named
nine of twelve specimens. Neil Kin-
nison took first prize for caring for a
solt, and Basie Perry won over his
brother, Bert Perry, in the contest for
caring for calves. Little Gerrie Lotan
also won a prize for a calf.

The following are the Appin School
Fair officers: Honorary president, D.
M. Webster; president, Berton Camp-
bell; first vice-president, Geo. Gates;
second vice-president, Emerson Hod-
son; secretary, treasurer, Dorothy
Thornicroft; directors—S. S. No. 13,
Dorothy Thornicroft, Myron McTag-
gart; S. S. No. 6, Emerson Hodson,
Glady's Warrington; S. S. No. 5, M.
Bert Campbell, Lae Boyd; S. S. No.
5, George Gates, Florence Graham; S.
S. No. 8, Neil Hyndman, Edna Poole;
S. S. No. 4, John Switzer, Anna Eaton;
S. S. No. 7, M. Esther Pearson, Walter
Fessenden.

School Inspector, H. D. Johnston.
Department of Agriculture—L. B.
Whale, R. A. Finn, F. Forsyth.

Fairs were held at Kerwood on Mon-
day and at Kilmartin on Tuesday.
One will be held at Melbourne on Oc-
tober 16th and one at Wardsville on
October 22nd.

Glencoe Council.

The regular meeting of the munic-
ipal council of the village of Glencoe
was held in the council chamber on
Monday, the 4th day of October, 1915.
Members present—J. A. McLachlan,
reeve; P. D. Keith, Allan McPherson
and A. J. Wright, councillors.

The minutes of last meeting were
read and signed.

Moved by F. J. James, seconded by
D. N. Munroe, that a grant of \$50 be
made to the Mosa & Ekfrid Agricul-
tural Society. Carried.

Moved by D. N. Munroe, seconded by
A. Gardiner, that the clerk be
heby instructed to request Stephen
Fennell, contractor on the McIntyre
drain, to arrange a settlement with
D. C. Gillies for damages for a cow
claimed by Mr. Gillies to have been
injured by falling into an open culvert
on the McIntyre drain through Con-
tractor Fennell's neglect. Carried.

Moved by F. J. James, seconded by
E. F. Reycraft, that a grant of \$20 be
made to the Wardsville school fair, \$10
to Kilmartin school fair and \$5 to
Newbury school fair. Carried.

Moved by E. F. Reycraft, seconded by
A. Gardiner, that Stephen Fennell
be paid \$70 for work done on the Mc-
Intyre drain, and the Municipal World
\$1.50 for supplies. Carried.

Moved by A. Gardiner, seconded by
F. J. James, that the clerk be herby
instructed to request Geo. A. McCub-
bin to make an examination of the
J. H. Robinson drain in the township
of Mosa and also to notify the village
of Newbury to put in a proper state of
repair the village portion of the said
drain. Carried.

The council adjourned to meet at
Newbury on the 18th day of October
at 10 o'clock a. m.
C. C. McNAUGHTON, Clerk.

MIDDLESEX SCHOOL FAIRS

Very Commendable Exhibitions at
Appin and Elsewhere.

The movement to interest boys and
girls in agriculture and to make farm
life and work more attractive to them
is receiving the earnest attention of
the London district Department of Ag-
riculture in a similar depart-
ments all over Ontario. This spring
potatoes, oats, mangels, sweet corn,
field corn and aster seeds were distrib-
uted among the children of the rural
schools of the district to be planted,
and also settings of eggs. At the
present time, a series of school fairs is
being held in various centres, at which
the young people are proudly display-
ing the results of their labors of the
summer months, including roots, the
grains and chickens. Spring calves
and colts which have been entirely
cared for by the boys are also being
exhibited. The fine arts are not for-
gotten, and samples of artistic skill
are displayed, while many are compet-
ing for the special prizes offered for
essays. The girls are especially proud
of their skill along the line of domestic
science as revealed in toothsome loaves
of bread, delicious cakes, sewing, knit-
ting, etc.

The school fairs are under the direc-
tion of L. B. Whale, superintendent of
the Department of Agriculture for
London district.

One of these fairs was held at Appin
on Thursday last and was attended by
four or five hundred people. The ex-
hibits, with the exception of live
stock, were attractively displayed in
tents pitched near the railway station.
Splendid samples of grain, fruits, veg-
etables, and other products of the soil
were shown and won enthusiastic com-
mendation from those present.

The proceedings opened with a pa-
rade of the school pupils early in the
afternoon, headed by the school fair
officials. In this No. 5 school, Met-
calfe, won first prize, No. 5, Ekfrid,
second, and No. 13, Ekfrid, third. A
public speaking contest prize was won
by Berton Campbell, who gave a splen-
did patriotic address. Then followed
a keenly contested program of sports,
terminating in a tug-of-war between
the different schools and won by No.
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tober 16th and one at Wardsville on
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Markets for Canadian Apples.

The latest Fruit Branch Circular of
the Ontario Department of Agri-
culture says:—The bulk of Ontario's
apple crop will find a market in the
Canadian Northwest this season.
Much of the winter apple crop has
already been sold there at good prices,
for the Northwest consumer is in a
position this year to buy fruit even in
the face of a short apple crop every-
where and corresponding high prices.
Flat prices being realized for Ontario
apples are in the neighborhood of \$3
or a little better per barrel for good
winter varieties, ones and twos, f. o. b.
shipping point.

Considerable of the Ontario crop
will also find its way over to Old
Country markets. Several cars of fall
stuff have already been shipped,
though early in the season it was
thought that considerable difficulty
would be experienced in getting space
across the boats.

The British Columbia winter apple
crop is practically all sold, chiefly in
Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba.
About two hundred cars, or perhaps
two hundred and fifty, are going into
Saskatchewan and Manitoba; about
three hundred cars into Alberta, and
about one hundred and fifty cars for
export, the balance to the Coast.

Prices for the bulk of the Ontario
winter varieties, ruled about \$1.30 per
box for No. 1 stock, f. o. b. shipping
point.

Nova Scotia apples are not in favor
in the Canadian West, this season,
that the bulk of the crop there will
likely find its way over to the Old
Country markets. Several boats have
already been chartered by the Central
Selling Association in Nova Scotia to
carry apples only. Much of their low
grade fruit will likely be disposed of in
Eastern Canadian cities, particularly
in Quebec Province, as the apple crop
there is very light and not nearly suf-
ficient for home demands.

The crop of fall varieties of apples in
Ontario is considerably better, rela-
tively, than the winter apple crop.
This fact was not generally recognized
with the result that fruit growers ex-
pected prices for fall stuff would rise
higher than has actually been the case.
At the time of writing, (Sept. 25th),
\$2.50 for ones and \$2 for twos appear
to be good prices for cars of mixed fall
varieties.

On the local wholesale market, in
Eastern Ontario and Quebec markets,
and in the Northwest, fall apples are
not moving very rapidly, even though
the stock generally is very good.

Large shipments of fall varieties
from Wisconsin and Minnesota have
no doubt been the prime factor in
keeping prices down in the Western
Provinces.

High School Notes.

Dr. H. B. Spotton, High School In-
spector, from Toronto, visited the
school for two days last week.

Field Day for the High School an-
nual sports has been chosen for Thurs-
day afternoon, October 14th, weather
permitting. A very interesting basket-
ball game will be played between Al-
vinston and Glencoe High School girls.
Don't fail to see this as well as many
of the other interesting events of the
afternoon. A game of football is also
being arranged for.

Methodist Church.

REV. W. G. HOWSON, MINISTER
Rev. James B. Currie, B. A., of Mel-
bourne, may be expected to preach
next Sunday, morning and evening.
Subjects—11 a. m., "Christian Ser-
vice," 7 p. m., "Divine Luminaries."
Mr. Currie has a good reputation as a
preacher. Hear him.

Mosa Pioneer Dies.

Alexander Cameron, one of the
early pioneers of this section, passed
away at his home on lot 3, first range
north, Mosa, on Wednesday night of
last week, after a prolonged illness.

The late Alexander Cameron was
born at Dundee, Huntingdon county,
Quebec, in 1836. He came west to
Glencoe first in 1854 and clerked for
the late Donald McElae for five years,
having charge of the post office when
Glencoe was known as Mosa Road.

On the death of his father he returned
home to Quebec, staying there for
twelve years. In 1855 he was married
to Elizabeth Moody, daughter of Rev.
Duncan Moody, Presbyterian minister
at Dundee.

In 1872 he came to Mosa
and purchased the farm on which he
lived from the late John Currie.

Mr. Cameron was an elder in the
Presbyterian church at Dundee and
was elected to a similar position in the
Glencoe church shortly after his ar-
rival here and was chairman of the
board of managers at the time the
present church was built. He was a
member of the Sons of Temperance
for 21 years. In 1880, along with his
brother Duncan, he established the
Glencoe Flour Mills, of which he was
the financial head. In March last Mr.
and Mrs. Cameron celebrated their
golden wedding. They have always
enjoyed the highest esteem of the
community.

The funeral took place from the fam-
ily residence to Oakland cemetery on
Friday afternoon. Rev. Mr. Weir,
pastor of the Presbyterian church,
conducted the funeral service and in
his address paid a very high tribute to
the moral character and integrity of
the deceased.

Besides his wife Mr. Cameron leaves
two sons and three daughters, and a
sister and one brother. The sons are
Hugh D., in Montana, and Charles, on
the homestead; the daughters, Mrs. J.
G. Baine, Newbury, Mrs. R. A. Web-
ster, Marwayne, Alberta, and Jessie,
at home. The brother, Dougald, and
sister, Mrs. D. A. Ferguson, are both
in the West.

Officers of the fair this year are as
follows:—President, Thomas Hender-
son; 1st vice-president, Duncan Mc-
Callum; 2nd vice-president, A. B.
Gillies; treasurer, J. A. McKellar;
secretary, R. W. McKellar; directors
—James Lethbridge, H. McTaggart,
Neil Graham, D. C. McKenzie, John
C. Gillies, Mungo Leitch, John Eddie,
C. N. Annett, James McElae, N. J.
McKellar, J. E. Hull, P. D. Keith, D.
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Sutherland.

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Callum; 2nd vice-president, A. B.
Gillies; treasurer, J. A. McKellar;
secretary, R. W. McKellar; directors
—James Lethbridge, H. McTaggart,
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C. Gillies, Mungo Leitch, John Eddie,
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McKellar

RECENT FIGHTING HAS CHANGED WHOLE ASPECT OF THE WAR

They Have Brought Eventual Victory for the Allies Within the Region of Calculable Certainty

The London Chronicle's military correspondent writes under date of October 1: "These last five days have changed the whole aspect of the war. They have brought eventual victory within the region of absolute and calculable certainty. They have shown that mastery in the west now belongs definitely to the allies in such a degree that whenever and at whatever point the hammer stroke is now delivered it will go crashing through the serried lines of fortifications upon which the enemy has spent twelve months of anxious attention and scientific ingenuity and upon the security of which all his hopes, not of victory, but of an honorable peace, as he calls it, are entirely based. Each new stroke will bring the inevitable end nearer. After a time it will cease to be a matter of chipping deeply at the surface. Suddenly a vital spot will be touched. This may happen any day, and then will come a sudden shrinking of the German line and the abandonment of a large part, perhaps all, of

the occupied territory. Such a point for example, is the railway junction near Grand Pere, north of the Argonne, upon which the French are directing their efforts from Massiges. The moment that railway is reached the position of the Crown Prince in the Argonne woods will become threatened and the long and costly German effort to turn the Meuse heights from the rear will have been brought to nothing. The abandonment of the Argonne would mean in the long run a general German retirement along the whole line, probably to the line of the Sambre and the French, by directing the British capture of La Bassée and Lens would be followed by a shrinkage of the whole German line before Lille. The tale of the booty, gratifying as it is, is nothing like so cheering as the clear and unquestionable proof that not merely the clearing of France and Belgium, but the definite defeat of the enemy, is within our power. That is the lesson of the last five days' offensive."

FRENCH GAIN MORE GROUND

Everywhere in Champagne the Great Offensive Movement Continues

A despatch from Paris says: More ground has been gained by the French, and everywhere in Artois and in Champagne the great offensive continues.

The booty captured in the first rush of the forward movement is growing rapidly as the work of counting is completed, so that now the seriousness of the German losses is much more clearly understood than was the case immediately after the first onslaught. The number of heavy field pieces taken in Champagne alone now totals 121.

A bombardment of unusual intensity of the newly won positions in Artois has failed completely to dislodge the French troops or even to shake the security of their hold. The latest entrenchments taken in this sector, on the heights between Souchez and Vimy, are being planted with heavy batteries.

At several points the French troops have gained a footing in the second line, and some of them even went right through, but encountering German reserves, were unable to maintain their progress. According to the German account these latter troops were captured. The Germans, however, admit the loss of Hill 101, to the north of Massiges, where the French are not far from the railway triangle, the possession of which has been of the greatest advantage to the Germans, as one of the lines has been used for supplying the Argonne army.

French Wounded in Paris. The wounded French soldiers now in Paris say that the system of wire entanglements built by the Germans was more intricate than anything they had dreamed of. Even after the big guns had literally churned up the earth many of the stakes and entanglements remained as a serious impediment to rapid advance.

It would seem that in Champagne particularly it was the cavalry that completed the rout of the Germans from their first positions. The charge of the horsemen, say the wounded, made a fine spectacle, and was the last thing needed to turn the Germans to flight.

Many of the men are wounded in the legs. It was the machine gun fire playing on them as they advanced that made the most wounds. A great many, too, are suffering from bayonet wounds.

Already large reinforcements for the Germans are arriving on the western front, and their presence has already had the effect of making somewhat the allies' offensive. But there is a possibility of the offensive breaking out on some other section of this front. In fact, the correspondent of the Cologne Gazette, at German headquarters announces that an attack was made east of Aubervilliers, which he says was repulsed.

Hope may bud when it is cloudy, but it blooms only in sunshine.

The Sahara Desert has an area of about three and a half million square miles.

The war larder of the Middle Ages was about sixteen feet long. The present day lance rarely exceeds eleven feet.

GERMANS ADMIT 47 SUBMARINES SUNK

No News Has Been Received From Crews of This Number for Some Weeks

A despatch from London says: The Daily Mail learns from its correspondent in Copenhagen that a Berlin report states no news has been received in well-informed naval circles for

some weeks concerning the fate of 47 submarines and that they are therefore supposed to have been lost. The Admiralty hitherto admitted only the loss of seven submarines.

GENERALS FOCH AND FRENCH CONFERRING ABOUT THE WAR



Gen. Foch, French commander of the army of the north, and Field Marshal Sir John French conferring at the headquarters of the latter. Gen. Foch, considered one of France's greatest strategists, is in absolute charge of the French army of the north.

Markets Of The World

Breadstuffs. Toronto, Oct. 5.—Manitoba wheat—New crop—No. 1 Northern, 97c; No. 2 Northern, 95c, on track lake ports, immediate shipment.

American corn—No. 2 yellow, 72c, on track lake ports.

Canadian corn—No. 2 yellow, 74c, on track Toronto.

Ontario oats—New crop—No. 2 white, 37 to 38c; No. 3 white, 35 to 37c; rejected oats, 31 to 34c, according to freights outside.

Ontario wheat—New No. 2 Winter, per car lot, 88 to 90c; wheat slightly tough, 80 to 85c; sprouted or smutty, 65 to 80c, according to samples and freights outside.

Peas—No. 2, nominal.

Barley—Good malting barley, 52 to 54c; feed barley, 43 to 45c, according to freights outside.

Buckwheat—Nominal.

Rye—No. 2, 85c, nominal, according to freights outside.

Manitoba flour—First patents, in jute bags, \$5.75; second patents, in jute bags, \$5.25; strong bakers', in jute bags, \$5.05, Toronto.

Ontario flour—New Winter, 90 cent patents, \$3.80, seaboard, or Toronto freights in bags, prompt shipment.

Millfeed—Car lots, delivered Montreal freights—Bran, \$24 per ton; shorts, \$26 per ton; middlings, \$27 per ton; good feed flour, \$1.80 per bag.

Country Produce. Butter—Fresh dairy, 20 to 27c; inferior, 22 to 23c; creamery prints, 30 to 31c; do, solids, 28 to 29c.

Eggs—No. 1, 26 to 27c per dozen, in case lots; extra at 27 to 30c.

Honey—No. 1 light (wholesale), 10 to 11c; do, retail, 12c to 15c. Combs (wholesale), per dozen, No. 1, \$2.40; No. 2, \$1.50 to 2c.

Poultry—Spring chickens, 20c; fowl, 16 to 17c; ducklings, 17 to 18c; turkeys, 22 to 24c.

Cheese—14c to 15c; twins, 15 to 15c.

Potatoes—The market is quiet, with car lots quoted at 65c per bag, on track.

Provisions. Bacon, long clear, 14 to 14c per lb., in case lots. Hams—Medium, 18c to 19c; do, heavy, 14c to 15c; rolls, 15 to 16c; breakfast bacon, 20 to 23c; backs, plain, 23 to 24c; boneless backs, 25 to 25c.

Lard—The market is easier; pure lard, tubs, 12 to 12c; do, pails, 12c to 12c; compound, tubs, 9c to 10c; do, pails, 11c.

Baled Hay and Straw. Baled hay, new—No. 1, ton, \$15 to \$16.50; No. 2, ton, \$13 to \$14; baled straw, ton, \$6.50.

Business in Montreal. Montreal, Oct. 5.—Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 79c. Oats—No. 2 local white, 43c to 44c; No. 3 local white, 42c to 43c; No. 4 local white, 41c to 42c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.85; seconds, \$5.35; strong bakers', \$5.15; Winter patents, choice, \$5.50; straight rollers, \$4.80 to \$5; do, bags, \$2.25 to \$2.35. Rolled oats—Bbls., \$4.90 to \$5; do, bags, 90 lbs., \$2.25 to \$2.30. Bran, \$23 to \$25. Shorts, \$25 to \$27. Middlings, \$30 to \$31. Meal, \$30 to \$34. Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$17 to \$18. Cheese—Finest westerns, 14c to 15c; finest easterns, 14c to 14c. Butter—Choice creamery,

31c to 31c; seconds, 30c to 30c. Eggs—Fresh, 35c; selected, 32c; No. 1 stock, 28c; No. 2 stock, 24 to 25c. Potatoes—Per bag, car lots, 65c. Dressed hogs—Abattoir killed, \$13.75 to \$14. Pork—Heavy Canada short mess, bbls., 35 to 45 pieces, \$28 to \$28.50; Canada short-cut back, bbls., 45 to 55 pieces, \$27 to \$27.50. Lard—Compound, tierces, 37c to 38c; wood pails, 20 lbs. net, 10c; pure, tierces, 37c to 38c; wood pails, 20 lbs. net, 12c to 13c.

United States Markets. Minneapolis, Oct. 5.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 98c; No. 1 Northern, 93c to 95c; September, 96c; December, 91c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 65c to 66c. Oats—No. 3 white, 32c to 33c. Flour and bran unchanged.

Birth, Oct. 5.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 96c; No. 1 Northern, 95c; No. 2 Northern, 93c; Montana No. 2 hard, 97c; September, 96c; December, 92c. Lined—Cash, \$1.82; September, \$1.82; December, \$1.77. New York, Oct. 5.—Flour easier. Spring patents, \$5.75 to \$6.15; Spring clear, \$5.40 to \$5.55. Rye quiet. Hops quiet. Hides steady. Leather firm.

Live Stock Market. Toronto, Oct. 5.—Best heavy steers, \$7.75 to \$8; butchers' cattle, choice, \$7.60 to \$7.75; do, good, \$7.10 to \$7.50; do, medium, \$6.50 to \$7; do, common, \$5 to \$5.40; butchers' bulls, choice, \$5.25 to \$5; feasters, good, \$5.75 to \$6; do, rough bulls, \$4.75 to \$5.25; butchers' cows, choice, \$6.45 to \$6.75; do, good, \$5.25 to \$6; do, medium, \$5 to \$5.75; do, common, \$4.50 to \$5; feasters, good, \$6.50 to \$7.25; stockers, 700 to 900 lbs., \$6.25 to \$7; canners and cutters, \$3.25 to \$4.75; milkers, choice, each, \$65 to \$95; do, common and medium, each, \$35 to \$65; Springers, \$50 to \$95; light ewes, \$5 to \$6; sheep, heavy, \$4.25 to \$4.75; do, bucks, \$3.50 to \$4.50; yearling lambs, \$7 to \$7.50; Spring lambs, cwt., \$8.50 to \$8.75; cives, medium to choice, \$7.25 to \$11; hogs, of cars, \$10.10 to \$10.25; do, fed and watered, \$9.75; do, f.o.b., \$9.40.

Montréal, Oct. 5.—A feature of the cattle trade to-day was the increased offerings of canning stock, and an active trade was done in bulls at \$3.75 to \$4.25 and in cows at \$3 to \$3.25 per cwt. The best steers offered sold at \$6.50 to \$6.75, and the lower grades from that down to \$5.50, while cows and bulls brought from \$4.50 to \$6 per cwt. The trade in small meats was active. Lambs, Ontario stock, at \$7.75 to \$8, and Quebec at \$7 to \$7.50 per cwt. Ewes, \$4.75 to \$5, and bucks and culls at \$4 to \$4.50 per cwt. Calves, \$3 to \$13 each, as to size and quality. Hogs, choice selected lots, \$9.75 to \$10, and rougher and poorer lots \$8.75 to \$9.50 per cwt, weighed off cars.

Listed Pots and Pans in the Kaiser's Home. A despatch from Geneva says: The Emperor's palace in Berlin was visited recently by the commission having in charge the seizure of metals for the war effort and a list of the metals at the Court was demanded. The members of the royal family make individual lists. By the orders of Emperor William all metals not in actual necessary use will be seized.

Five Persons Killed During Moscow Riot. A despatch from Petrograd says: A proclamation issued by the prefect of Moscow exhorts the inhabitants of that city to avoid a repetition of the regrettable incidents of the last two days, when five persons were killed and a number slightly wounded as a result of unwarranted interference with the police.

The prefect also requests the people not to gather in crowds, saying that ruffians await opportunities to begin disorders wherever people assemble, however casual. The proclamation has had the desired effect. It is universally admitted that the disorders began without the police in any wise being to blame, and also that there was no political design connected with them.

German Submarine Campaign Crushed. A despatch from Washington says: Great Britain has discovered and put into effective operation means of combating the submarine, which, according to official reports to the United States Government, already have resulted in a loss estimated at between 50 and 70 German submarines. The reports declare that the British Admiralty confidently believes it has crushed the German undersea campaign. New methods of offence and defence that may revolutionize naval warfare have been adopted. Within the last three weeks confidential reports to various Government departments from representatives in European capitals of neutral as well as belligerent countries have confirmed the British Admiralty's view that an effective means of dealing with the submarine has been found.

TURKS FLEE UP THE TIGRIS PERSUED BY BRITISH FORCES

Additional Details of the British Success Against the Ottoman Forces in Mesopotamia

A despatch from London says: J. Austen Chamberlain, Secretary for India, gave out additional details of the British success against the Turks in Mesopotamia, in which the previous report said that the Ottoman forces were in full retreat toward Bagdad, with the British in hot pursuit. The statement says the British cavalry entered Kut-el-Amarna, 90 miles south-east of Bagdad, on the Tigris River, last week. The town was found to be deserted and the Turks in flight toward Bagdad by road and river. Along the river gunboats and steam-

ers with an Indian brigade aboard in pursuit. An aeroplane dropped bombs on one of the Turk steamers. "The total prisoners captured aggregated 1,650," says the statement, "but more are coming in. The Turkish force, which is commanded by Nureddin Pasha, is estimated at some 8,000 regular troops, who are assisted by a considerable number of tribesmen. "The captured positions showed the trenches had been constructed with remarkable thoroughness, having communication trenches extending for miles and a system of contact mines."

GERMAN DEAD PILED FOUR DEEP

Capture of Loos One of the Most Glorious Exploits of the British Army.

A despatch from London says: A correspondent of Reuter's Telegram Company sends the following despatch from British headquarters describing the fighting in the great offensive of the allies on the western front: "The first charge made by our men from the Vermelles trenches in the grey light of morning, which carried them right through the village of Loos and to the summit of Hill 70 and beyond this, will rank as one of the most glorious exploits of the British army."

"Nothing could stop them. Two German trenches defending the village fell first; then a race across some open country and they were in the streets of Loos. Some hand-to-hand fighting with bombs and bayonets, and then out of the village to the slope of Hill 70, about half a mile to the east. The last desperate rush took them to the summit, some going even beyond until checked by a strong earthwork defence with numerous machine guns."

"The enemy's batteries had by this time begun to concentrate on the slopes of the hill, and therefore our men were ordered to dig in about a hundred yards from the summit. "Fierce fighting continued around the hill on Sunday and Monday. The new army battalions played an important part in the attack; men who had no experience in real fighting sprang forward to the sound of the officers' whistles with a dash and gallantry which nothing could stop. Paying no heed to the terrible fire poured on them from the hidden guns, they pressed forward at a steady pace, making their way through the barbed wire entanglements, forcing the enemy's trenches and bayoneting the Germans in them."

"Germans caught hiding in cellars, from which they kept up a steady fire on the men dashing through the streets of the village, were hauled forth; machine guns firing through holes in the walls of cottages were charged and captured."

SUDDEN STROKE TO BE LAUNCHED

French Close Swiss Frontier and Restrict Other Communications.

A despatch from Paris says: The War Office announced that the German casualties in killed, wounded and prisoners are in excess of three army corps, 120,000 on the fifth day of the fighting on the western front. The amount of booty is enormous. Already 79 cannons have been dragged to the rear of the French lines with a mass of uncounted material, including rifles, machine guns, ammunition and supplies.

The battle continues without respite. In Artois the French troops pressed forward step by step until they had reached the dominating height known as Hill 140, and the extensive orchards to the south. This hill, the highest in the vicinity, commands a great expanse of country to the north, and once the French guns are placed on its summit the German communications for miles around will be imperilled.

In Champagne the struggle continues no less furiously. French troops are gradually making their way up the Tahure heights and are closing in along the approaches to the village itself. These heights, like the crest of Hill 140 in Artois, will afford the French guns a clear sweep towards the German communications at the rear, and will make it possible to so embarrass the German operations that a continued defence of that region will be very difficult.

East of Tahure and north of Manisges, where the fighting was as bitter as at any other point on the entire front, the French made fresh gains in spite of the furious resistance being offered by the Germans. There is no doubt of the character of this resistance. The Germans are doing the stiffest fighting yet displayed by them in the west.

Perhaps the heaviest fighting since the offensive began is now going on, for the British are attacking the German third line of defence south of La Bassée Canal, and the Germans have brought up reinforcements against both the British and the French, and are making every effort to retrieve the lost ground. Belgium, despatches from Holland say, has been depopulated of troops, while German detachments are even being removed from the eastern front to meet the greatest effort made in the west since the armies took up their present positions from Belgium to Switzerland.

The Germans are trying to divert the allies by a heavy artillery bombardment north and south of the Aisne, but, plans having been made by Gen. Joffre, the French are striking with all their forces at their command at the points selected. The report that the German Emperor has arrived at the western front is confirmed, and he has already dismissed some of his generals for allowing their lines to be pressed back to almost the breaking point.

Great Britain Issues Dumba's Safe Conduct. A despatch from Washington says: Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British Ambassador, personally delivered to Acting Secretary Polk at the State Department a safe conduct under which Dr. Constantin Dumba, the Austrian Ambassador, will return to Vienna. The department asked for the safe conduct some days ago when Dr. Dumba telegraphed from the Summer Embassy at Lenox, Mass., that he had been ordered home, and requested that arrangements for his safe passage be made.

Difficulties of Language. The difficulties of the language have caused many nurses to have experiences which are both comical and serious. To translate from English into French is extraordinarily dangerous. "Je veux," says a nurse to an orderly, and he bristles with obstinacy; whereas, if she only knew enough to use the verb in another tense the orderly would be as obedient as she could wish. The food is yet another drawback, for there is no human being alive who appears to attach more importance to an "English breakfast" than the hospital nurse.

Great praise is given to the Scotch, the Canadian and the Provincial trained English nurses for their power to adapt themselves to anything and everything, and it seems as if resourcefulness were of greater value to the French front than perfect technique. It is, indeed, rather hopeless to be technically perfect in your work if you have not the necessary tools, and how often do not the English nurses in the military hospitals find themselves forced to do medical nursing and surgical dressing with the minimum of hospital necessities.

Not long ago a Parisian dressmaker put pretty girls to wear new dresses in the window of his establishment, in place of the usual wax models.

ENGLISH NURSES IN FRANCE

ARE VERY POPULAR WITH THE FRENCH PEOPLE.

Over 200 Have Been Working Since Last December Along the French Line.

We have grown as used to the uniform of the English nurse in the streets of Paris as we have to the khaki of the British soldier, and although they are to be seen in fewer numbers now than during last winter, when the British Red Cross had so many hospitals in the city, the nurses have not left us altogether, and we still speculate on the meanings of their different uniforms, writes a Paris correspondent.

The French people speak well of the "Nurses Anglaises," and in the hospitals behind the line where British or American nursing prevails the French soldiers consider themselves lucky. The comfort and cleanliness please them, and they grow accustomed to the hospital etiquette. But there are some British nurses of whom we have heard very little, although that little is of great account. They are the nurses on the front, the French front, who are working in French military hospitals under direct orders of the French military authorities and who are paid by the French Government.

Very quietly an Englishman offered to organize a staff of British nurses for this purpose, and as quietly the French military authorities accepted, so that since last December 200 British nurses have been working hard all along the French line. They have been in bombardments, they have fought with disease, they have tactfully made their methods of nursing acceptable to the French doctors.

Hardships and Dangers. They are paid at the rate of \$200 a year, and they pay all incidental expenses themselves. If they fall ill they fall ill they are sent home, and that is all that is done for them. They rank as officers and have their own mess and whatever privileges for personal comfort may be going. But comforts are rare in the danger zone of the armies, and the position of the British nurses has often been perilous. They work in bands of five or six, and they have orderlies to help them and a certain number of French professional nurses. Their first heavy work was among the typhoid patients and their value in such work may be easily imagined, particularly when we learn the dearth of modern conveniences in the hastily-installed hospitals where they were called upon to do their best. One nurse writes:

"This is certainly a weird place at night. One hundred and fifty patients in this block, and only three orderlies and one of ourselves on duty. Several men are delirious, and it is a constant chasing from one ward to the other to stuff them into their little beds."

From another part of the line we get French tributes to British nurses, and hear of their splendid courage under bombardment. They carried their patients into the comparative safety of cellars, they stayed by those whom it was impossible to move, and in all cases they showed a calmness and cheerfulness which proved of immeasurable help to those in authority. A nurse who had been nursing typhoid for many weeks, and who was tired beyond description, tells how, one day, after some difficulty with an orderly who did not understand her very broken French, she sat down on the foot of a soldier's bed and said with a sob, "I must go home. I can't stand it any longer. It's too awful." At which the soldier just put his head down on his pillow and cried like a child. "So, of course," said the nurse, "I couldn't go. If they find us as useful as that, no sacrifice is too great to make for them."

German Submarine Campaign Crushed

A despatch from Washington says: Great Britain has discovered and put into effective operation means of combating the submarine, which, according to official reports to the United States Government, already have resulted in a loss estimated at between 50 and 70 German submarines. The reports declare that the British Admiralty confidently believes it has crushed the German undersea campaign. New methods of offence and defence that may revolutionize naval warfare have been adopted. Within the last three weeks confidential reports to various Government departments from representatives in European capitals of neutral as well as belligerent countries have confirmed the British Admiralty's view that an effective means of dealing with the submarine has been found.

A despatch from Nish says: The following official statement has been issued at the Serbian War Office: "Hostile aeroplanes flew over Podjervatz, dropping 22 bombs and killing three men, but doing no damage of military significance. On the second visit they again dropped bombs, killing one man. The same day enemy detachments tried vainly to cross the Drina near Resnik. A similar attempt was made near Poracznitz."

From the Ocean Shore

BITS OF NEWS FROM THE MARITIME PROVINCES.

Items of Interest From Places Lapped By Waves of the Atlantic.

At St. John, N. B., a man was fined \$100 or three months for the "pocket peddling" of liquor.

August showed a decided increase in the Customs returns at St. John, N. B., a gain of more than \$90,000 over August last year.

Lorenzo Rensson, of Albert Mines, N. B., committed suicide by cutting his throat. Worry over business troubles led to the act.

The Patriotic Fund of Fredericton, N. B., is being spent at the rate of \$2,500 a month. There is only enough left for one month more.

Lieut. Barry, of the Wireless Garrison at Newcastle, N. B., was shot and badly injured when a revolver in his pocket accidentally exploded.

At a meeting held in Fredericton, N. B., Bishop Richardson and other leading citizens came out boldly in a resolution asking for conscription.

C. D. Clayton, Marystown, N. S., had his left forearm so badly mangled between the cylinders of a card machine that it rendered amputation of the limb necessary.

Joseph McVay and Sons, of St. Stephen, N. B., have been awarded the contract of dismantling the Suspension Bridge over the Reversible Falls at St. John.

At Gagetown, N. B., the Kincaid House, an old landmark, was torn down, after standing for 100 years. In one of the rooms was found an old Bible dating back to 1811.

Five cents was all that remained of a money package containing \$500, which formed part of the registered contents of the mail bag stolen from the mailroom in the rest house at the Union Depot, Moncton, N. B.

At Canterbury Station, N. B., three young men were charged with stealing liquor from Murphy. They were let go for lack of evidence, but Murphy was then charged with 20 offences against the Sect Act.

At Antigonish, N. S., Lewis McLean, an innocent bystander, was shot at a wedding celebration where guests were discharging revolvers on the streets. The bullet went through the fishy part of his shoulder.

Notwithstanding the financial depression, Amherst, N. S., has added this year to her already large area of permanent streets, 16,000 square feet of curbing and gutter, and 2,500 square feet of concrete sidewalk.

W. B. A. Ritchie, K. C., has been appointed chief recruiting officer for the Maritime Provinces with the rank and pay of a lieutenant. He will remain in Halifax for three months devoting himself wholly to the business of stimulating recruiting.

At the 62nd annual meeting of the Medical Society of Nova Scotia, held recently, the public were warned that "many" patent medicines containing large amounts of alcohol are neither foods nor stimulants as advertised." They also recommended that alcoholic liquors should only be used under advice.

Premier Clarke, of New Brunswick, received a letter from Prof. T. C. Copeland, of Harvard, containing a contribution to the Patriotic Fund. The letter said the contribution was "for hospital, relief or whatever will give most aid and comfort to my friends and neighbors of St. Stephen in the field—or families left at home. I wish I could do more. God save them, and England, and the allies."

The New Glasgow News says a story has come to light of a German agent who toured Cape Breton some time ago, holding up to the manufacturers pictures of glowing furnaces and giant industries which he would build with capital at his disposal and in this way he secured much valuable information relative to the resources and present industries of Cape Breton. After satisfying himself he "blew away" and was heard tell of no more. It is now stated that he was a German spy.

AUSTRALIAN FAUNA.

Foxes and Feral Cats Have Done Much Mischief.

The native wild animals of Australia are being rapidly exterminated. In the Scientific Australian recently, Mr. W. H. Le Souef wrote that foxes and feral cats—both these needlessly introduced into the country—have done much of the mischief. "The fox," he remarks, "will in course of time overrun the whole of Australia—it has overrun half of it already—and in consequence all ground game will suffer severely. The loss to Australia cannot well be computed in cash. Besides native game, the fox destroys young lambs, turkeys, geese, ducks, and other domestic poultry. Removing the timber and scrub, draining the swamps, and putting up miles of wire fences have led even more quickly to the destruction of many of the native animals. Wire fences alone have killed thousands of emus and kangaroos, which, since they have been prevented from making their customary migrations in search of water, have been doomed to die wretchedly of thirst."

GREATLY DISCOURAGED OVER BABY'S ILLNESS

Mrs. Jos. Gaudreau, Notre Dame des Bois, Que., writes: "Last autumn our baby was very sick and we were greatly discouraged. The doctor did not seem able to help him, and we began using Baby's Own Tablets, which soon made him a fat, healthy child." Thousands of other mothers give Baby's Own Tablets the same praise. The Tablets regulate the stomach and bowels, break up colds and simple fevers, expel worms, cure colic, and make teething easy. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

THOSE STRIPS OF COLOR.

What the Narrow Ribbons Mean on a Soldier's Coat.

When a man is in khaki it is impossible for him to wear the medals he has won so a small piece of the ribbon on which the medal is suspended, and which differs in color, according to the decoration, is worn on the left breast above the pocket of the tunic. By the colors of these scraps of ribbon a civilian who knows anything about decorations can tell what medals a soldier is entitled to wear, and incidentally what campaigns he has been through, for every survivor of a campaign is awarded a special medal at its conclusion.

The Crimean veteran would wear a ribbon with a broad, light blue stripe between two narrow yellow stripes. It might be mentioned here that on every medal-ribbon the stripes are vertical. The man who fought in the Indian Mutiny would wear three white and two red stripes placed alternately, in the Egyptian campaign three blue and two white stripes placed alternately, in the Matabele campaign four orange and three blue stripes, in the Sudan a broad yellow and broad black stripe divided by a narrow red stripe, and in the South African campaign, for which there are two medals, two red, two blue, and an orange stripe, or a green, white, and orange stripe, or both.

The former—the Queen's medal—was awarded by King Edward soon after his mother's death in 1901, and the latter, known as the King's, in 1902, to be worn in addition to the Queen's by men completing eighteen months' service in South Africa during the war. The Sudan medal was awarded by Queen Victoria in 1898 to the men who carried out the operations under Lord Kitchener, which led to the re-conquest of the Sudan.

Apart from the foregoing medals, there are a number of special decorations. The ribbon accompanying the Victoria Cross, the most coveted of these special decorations, is plain crimson for the army and blue for the navy; the Khedive's Star ribbon is plain blue; that of the Long Service and Good Conduct medal, which was instituted by William IV., and is awarded after eighteen years' service in the British army, and carries with it a gratuity of \$25 on discharge, is plain red; that of the medal for Distinguished Conduct on the Field, which carries with it a gratuity of \$100 on discharge, or an increase of 12 cents a day on the pension, is two red and one blue stripes, while of Roberts' Star, which bears the words, "Kabul to Kandahar, 1880," has one red, one yellow, and one blue, and two white stripes.

A DOCTOR'S EXPERIENCE

Medicine Not Needed in This Case. It is hard to convince some people that tea or coffee does them an injury! They lay their bad feelings to almost every cause but the true and unsuspected one.

But the doctor knows. His wide experience has proven to him that, in some systems, tea and coffee are insidious poisons that undermine the health. Ask him if tea or coffee is a cause of constipation, stomach and nervous troubles.

"I have been a coffee drinker all my life, and when taken sick two years ago with nervous prostration, the doctor said that my nervous system was broken down and that I would have to give up coffee.

"I got so weak and shaky I could not work, and reading an advertisement of Postum I asked my grocer if he had any of it. He said, 'Yes,' and that he used it in his family and it was all it claimed to be.

"So I quit coffee and commenced to use Postum steadily, and in about two weeks I could sleep better and get up in the morning feeling fresh. In about two months I began to gain flesh. I weighed only 146 pounds when commenced on Postum and now weigh 167 and feel better than I did at 20 years of age.

"I am working every day and sleep well at night. My two children were coffee drinkers, but they have not drunk any since Postum came into the house, and are far more healthy than they were before." Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Postum comes in two forms: Postum Cereal—the original form—must be well boiled. 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—a soluble powder—dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water, and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

Both kinds are equally delicious and cost about the same per cup.

"There's a Reason" for Postum.—sold by Grocers.

APTITUDE FOR LANGUAGES.

Russian Woman Knew Only Five, But Knew Them Well.

Writing of the aptitude of the Russians for acquiring languages, Richard Whiting tells in the current number of the Bookman of a woman he met in that country:

"I knew of one," he says, "who had four languages, besides her own, at her tongue's end—English, French, German, Italian. She spoke in them and wrote in them. And she had something to write about—a basis of solid studies in history, literature, and the commerce of life. She thought in them, wrongly enough sometimes, as I thought in my turn, but that was merely matter of opinion. The thesis was there, coherent and four square, with the power to hold her own in it. She was obsessed with the idea of a superior caste of mind, to which she and her intellectual set belonged. With all this she was a most accomplished musician, and had filled the Queen's Hall more than once for concerts given in her own name.

"I have a certain hesitation in saying all this, because it may seem founded on mere recollections of my reading of prodigies of the past, our own Admirable Crichton or the Continental Pico della Mirandola. As a lad, Crichton is said to have known a dozen languages. I wonder in how many of them he could have deceived the native. Gilbert Hamerton used to say that no more than two can ever be acquired in that perfection.

"The peculiarity in this lady's case, as a Russian, was that she was one of many, only less richly endowed. And I hasten to add, still with the purpose of saving myself, that the union of qualities precluded the marked bias for one that makes for success."

Joints Quit Aching Soreness Goes Away

NO MORE STIFFNESS, PAIN OR MISERY IN YOUR BACK OR SIDE OR LIMBS!

Wonderful "Nerviline" is the Remedy.

A marvelous pain reliever. Not an ordinary liniment—just about five times more powerful, more penetrating, more pain-subduing than any thick, oily or ammonia liniment. Nerviline fairly eats up the pain and stiffness in chronic rheumatic joints, gives quick relief to those throbbing pains, and never burns or even stains the skin.

"Rheumatism kept my joints swollen and sore for ten years. My right knee joint was often too painful to allow me to walk. In this crippled tortured condition I found Nerviline a blessing. Its warm, soothing action brought relief I had given up hoping for. I rubbed on quantities of Nerviline and improved steadily. I also took Ferrazole at mealtime in order to purify and enrich my blood. I am today well and can recommend my treatment most conscientiously. (Signed) C. PARKS, Prince Albert.

Not an ache or pain in the muscles or joints that Nerviline won't cure. It's wonderful for lumbago and sciatica; for neuralgia, stiff neck, earache and toothache. Nerviline is simply a wonder. Best family liniment known and largely used for the past forty years. Sold by dealers everywhere, large family size bottle 50c, small trial size 25c. Refuse a substitute, take only "Nerviline."

HOW HE LOST HIS FISH.

A Fisherman Had An Experience With A Bear.

An Easterner was spending his first summer in the West where he had a good opportunity to indulge in his favorite sport of trout fishing. One afternoon he had been unusually successful, but just as he was setting out for camp with a heavy string of fish he caught sight of a great pine that had blown down, and was lying with its top in the water, just the place for hooking a monster trout.

Pushing along to the fallen pine, he climbed upon it by dint of hard scrambling, holding on as best he could with his rod in one hand and his string of fish in the other. The tree was close to the bank, and the stream was running bank full. He was in the midst of the branches, crowding onward, when suddenly an immense bear rose up close beside him.

There was no hesitation. To run was impossible. On the impulse of the moment the man dashed his string of trout full in the bear's face. In doing so he lost his balance, and the next instant there was a tremendous splash, and he disappeared in the rushing water.

The fisherman emerged some distance farther down the stream, and scrambling to the bank, looked back. There on the pine sat the bear, intently watching the hole where he had disappeared. He did not go back to inform her that he was not there, but made for camp at good speed.

More Than Pleased.

Having fallen into pecuniary difficulties the landlord decided to increase the rents of his tenants. Meeting one of them shortly after, he said: "Mike, I have to inform you that after the end of this year I am going to raise your rent." "Troth, then, your honor," said Mike, "I'm more than pleased to hear it, for I'm at my wit's end to know how I'm going to raise it myself."

If Thin, Nervous Run Down, Depressed, This Will Help!

The wear and strain of life has tended in recent years to produce nervous debility in a large percentage of our population. Thousands are affected with a feeling they can't exactly describe. They are always tired and droopy, lack ambition, have poor appetite, look pale and suffer from depressing headaches and insomnia. This condition is full of peril. It is the stepping stone to invalidism, the beginning of a shattered constitution. We advise everyone in this condition to take a good medicine at once and try to get well while yet there is time. Probably no better advice can be given than to use regularly Dr. Hamilton's Pills which have become famous in restoring the sick to good health. A general toning up of the system at once takes place. The whole body is vitalized by richer and purer blood. The appetite is increased, food is digested and naturally strength rapidly increases. Headaches go because the bowels are regulated and all wastes are carried off. There is no experiment about using Dr. Hamilton's Pills because they certainly restore the sick as a trial will quickly prove. Just as good for the old as the young, and suitable to the needs of men, women and children. This grand family medicine should be in every home.

JUMPER DRESSES CHARMING.

With the advent of the full skirt and loose-fitting garments have developed many good-looking and novel style features, not the least interesting and charming of which is the jumper dress, suitable for afternoon wear. A delightful model is shown herewith in Ladies' Home Journal



No. 9087.

Pattern No. 9087. This frock is made to be slipped on over the head or fastened on the shoulder, and is confined at a low waistline by shirring or belts, and is embroidered with No. 14732, and costs 10 cents. The underskirt, having either long or short sleeves, is attached to a three-piece gathered skirt, lengthened by a ruffle. Pattern cuts in sizes 32 to 42 inches, bust measure, requiring in size 36 7/8 yards 36-inch material, 1 yard 36-inch lining for upper part of skirt.

Patterns, 15 cents each, can be obtained at your local Ladies' Home Journal dealer, or from the Home Pattern Company, 183-A George Street, Toronto, Ontario.

GERMAN STUDENTS IN THE WAR

Percentage Is Large, But Most Institutions Continue Courses.

The percentage of German students actively engaged in this war is greater by far than in any other war in history. And withal, with the exception of four forest academies, all German colleges have maintained their regular winter and summer sessions. The lists of matriculated students, however, have been markedly depleted.

In the fall of 1914 there were matriculated at the country's 22 universities, 11 technical colleges, 5 business colleges, 3 veterinary colleges, and 6 agricultural and mining colleges, 64,710 students, while 79,077 students were attending the 62 German high schools. Of these matriculated students there have been enrolled in the army of 36,000 university students, 8,000 technical, 6,000 business, 300



ED. 7. ISSUR 41-15.

RAVAGES OF RUST.

A Corps of Painters Are Constantly Employed on Forth Bridge.

Few people comprehend the extent of purely normal wear and tear. London Tit-Bits says that one large railway system suffers a loss of more than eighteen tons of metal daily, due solely to the effect of rust. Thus far, the only known preventive is to keep the metal surface always covered with a suitable paint. Some idea of the costliness of this remedy, however, may be gained from the fact that it requires about £1,000 annually to paint one large railway bridge alone.

A typical case of this kind is the Forth Bridge, on which a corps of painters are constantly employed, since the weather makes repainting of one end of this large structure necessary before the workers have reached the other. Although experiments have demonstrated that pure iron surrounded by oxygen does not rust, and that some acid, especially carbonic acid, is necessary for the production of rust, the secret of manufacturing rustless steel and iron remains to be discovered.

Dr. Jackson's Roman Meal is sold with this guarantee. It is simply a most delicious food. It makes porridge, pancakes, and all baked products. All may be eaten hot without distress and nourish better than meat. Be sensible, at least try it. Costs little, only 10 cents and 25 cents. At all grocers.

Corns Instant Relief

Paint on Putnam's Corn Extractor tonight, and corns feel better in the morning. Magical the way "Putnam's" cases the pain, destroys the roots, kills a corn for all time. No pain. Cure guaranteed. Get a 25c bottle of "Putnam's" Extractor to-day.

CROSS ROAD FOR CANADA.

Winnipeg Trying to Get Concrete Highway to Canada.

Reports from Winnipeg state that Central Western Canada will have a Federal Highway, if the project be urged by the Winnipeg Board of Control is carried out.

This project contemplates the construction of a concrete highway through the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and half way into Alberta, will be financed by the municipalities through which the roadway would pass. Several appropriations also will be sought from the provincial Governments. The project has been received with the greatest enthusiasm in a number of the larger cities along the proposed route.

It has been pointed out by the promoters of the highway plan that the land values of the prairie provinces would be greatly enhanced by the building of a permanent concrete highway, such as the Lincoln Highway, which has had such a wonderful effect upon the general road building in the United States.

Russia Buys Large Quantities of Tea. The Canadian demand for Indian and Ceylon teas increase yearly, and if one adds to this the many other contingencies brought about by the war, it can readily be understood why the cost of tea is increasing. Russia is taking enormous quantities, and their buyers pay the very highest prices. The abnormal buying has forced quotations up over 10c a pound higher than nine months ago.

INDUSTRY AND SOBRIETY.

A Man Need Not Be a Servant All His Life Long.

I do not believe that the principles of life have changed in 40 years, writes John Williams Streeter. I do not believe that an intelligent, able-bodied man need be a servant all his life, or that industry and economy miss their rewards, or that there is any truth in the theory that men cannot rise out of the rut in which they happen to find themselves. The trouble is with the man, not with the rut. He spends his time diligently searching for an outlet or in honestly working his way up to it. Heredity and environment are heavy weights, but industry and sobriety can carry heavier ones. I have sympathy for weakness of body or mind, and patience for those over whom inheritance has cast a baleful spell; but I have neither patience nor sympathy for a strong man who rails at his condition and makes no determined effort to better it.

Ingenuous. At one of the military camps some recruits were being put through the riding test. One man didn't know much about horses, but trusted to luck to get through.

He had not properly adjusted his saddle, and on mounting he swung—saddle and all—right under the horse's body between his legs, where he was suspended for a few seconds.

"Hi, there!" yelled the noncom, in derision, "call that riding, do you?"

"Oh, no, sergeant," was the instant answer, "that's a new trick for the Dardanelles. Riding under here's fine protection from the sun."—London Tit-Bits.

CAUTIONS.

"Had you the audacity, John," said a Scottish laird to his servant, "to go and tell some people that I was a mean fellow, and no gentleman?" "Na, na, sir," was the candid answer; "you'll no catch me at the like of that. I aye keep my thoughts to myself."

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited. Dear Sirs,—I can recommend MINARD'S LINIMENT for Rheumatism and Sprains, as I have used it for both with excellent results. Yours truly, T. B. LAVERS, St. John.

Also Embarrassed. "Hello, Bill! Glad to see you. I just got back from my vacation." "Sorry, old man. I can't lend you a cent. I'm just going on mine."

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff. Logical. "Now, Pat, tell the class why words have roots." "I guess, ma'am, that's the only way the language could grow."

FARMS FOR SALE. IF LOOKING FOR A FARM, consult me. I have over two hundred on my list, located in the best sections of Ontario. All sizes. H. W. Dawson, Brampton.

AGENTS WANTED. 50 DAY ALSO COMMISSION FOR Local Representative. Either Sex. Experience unnecessary. Spare time accepted. Nichols Limited, Sudbury Ave., Toronto.

NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE. PROFIT-MAKING NEWS AND JOB Offices for sale in good Ontario towns. The most useful and interesting of all businesses. Full information on application to Wilson Publishing Company, 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS. CANCER TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

THE RIGHT SCHOOL TO ATTEND! ELLIOTT Business College. Yonge and Charles Sts., Toronto. The demand for our graduates during August and September was four times our supply. Commence now. Calendar free. W. J. ELLIOTT, Principal.

ABSORBINE. Will reduce Inflamed, Strained, Swollen Tendons, Ligaments, or Muscles. Stops lameness and pain from a Splint, Side Bone or Bone Spavin. No blister, no hair gone and horse can be used. \$2 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Describe your case for special instructions and interesting horse Book 2M Free. ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for manking, reduces Strained, Torn Ligaments, Swollen Glands, Velvs or Muscles. Heals Cuts, Sores, Ulcers, Allays pain. Price \$1.00 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Book "Fiducium" free. W. F. YOUNG, P. O. F., 516 Lyman St., Montreal, Can. Absorbine and Absorbine, Jr., are made in Canada.

Slight Misunderstanding. The aged lady next door had been quite ill, so one morning Willie's mother said to her small son: "Run over and see how old Mrs. Smith is this morning." Willie reported, but in a few moments he came running back and said: "She says it's none of your business." "Why, Willie," exclaimed his mother, "what did you ask her?" "Just what you told me to," said Willie. "I said you wanted to know how old she was."

MILK WE BUY IT

Perhaps you have been sending your supply of Milk to a local factory,—then you do not know the advantages of sending to the Largest and Most Up-to-Date Dairy in Canada. LET US TELL YOU. WRITE NOW for information and copy of contract. Give your shipping station and railway.

City Dairy Co., Ltd. SPADINA CRESCENT TORONTO, ONT.

LADIES BUY MONARCH KNIT SWEATER COATS

Because Monarch Knitting Co. puts more fine wool, better finish and more perfect in fit than any other make. Extra Stylish Sweater Coats take the place of Spring and Fall Coats, and they are a Serviceable Coat the year around. We have a special display of High Class Novelty Coats that are selling fast at \$3 to \$5. Very Serviceable Coats and good values at \$2.25 to \$3.50. Misses' and Children's Sweater Coats in the new belted and Norfolk styles at 75c to \$3.

MEN, BUY BALLANTYNE SWEATER COATS

Because Ballantyne Co. specialize in Men's Coats. They are made to fit, to wear and to give comfort. Some strictly new styles just opened at \$3 to \$5, attracting the attention of the dressy young man who is looking for something better than the ordinary. Nifty styles and attractive patterns. Compare for value our Special Heavy Close Weave Sweater Coats at \$1.50, \$2 and \$2.50.

SAFETY IN UNDERWEAR WITH A REPUTATION

Watson's Underwear for Women has built a great trade in this store's underwear department because shrewd buyers recognize value. They go into details like quality of wool used, the finish, the sizing. They have tried and found out that there is a difference and they now insist upon Watson's for real value. We have placed double the usual order for this season's trade. Getting in on old prices in many cases will give our customers great advantages. Whether you buy at this store or not we advise you in buying early.

STANFIELD'S UNDERWEAR FOR MEN

has helped to increase volume of business in Men's Underwear Department. A complete stock all here.

COMBINATION SUITS OF UNDERWEAR

The demand each year is growing for Combination Underwear. Dressy young men will appreciate our styles and nice-fitting garments. Prices, \$1.50 to \$3.75 per suit.

Our store is now at its best for a Sweeping Autumn Trade, with the Goods and the Values coupled with the Service.

J. N. Currie & Co.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Dr. J. C. Ayer* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Ayer

In Use For Over 30 Years
The Kind You Have Always Bought



Many women with disfigured complexions never seem to think that they need an occasional cleansing inside as well as outside. Yet neglect of this internal bathing shows itself in spotty, and sallow complexions—as well as in dreadful headaches and biliousness. It's because the liver becomes sluggish, and waste matter accumulates which Nature cannot remove without assistance. The best

CHAMBERLAIN'S TABLETS

remedy is Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, which stimulate the liver to healthy activity, remove fermentation, gently cleanse the stomach and bowels and tone the whole digestive system. Sure, safe and reliable. Take one at night and you feel bright and sunny in the morning. Get Chamberlain's today—druggists 25c., or by mail from Chamberlain Medicine Company, Toronto.

CANADIAN PACIFIC S. S. LINE

Donaldson S. S. Line
Allan S. S. Line
White Star S. S. Line
Royal S. S. Line

Tickets issued both outward and prepaid for the above lines.
R. CLANAHAN - Ticket Agent
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The Transcript is agent for all the daily papers. Let us remit your subscription.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Ayer*

Another love affair is the best oment for a broken heart.

The Transcript

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THURSDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1915.

FAIR BETTER THAN EVER

(Continued from page one.)

Special by A. Duncanson, for best span agricultural horses.—Dan McIntyre.
Special by C. Young, best foal of 1915 sired by Percheron.—D. J. McKellar.
Special by Mitchell & Hagerty, best span agricultural horses.—Dan McIntyre.
Special by David Webster, best yearling sired by Stately Mac.—Neil McLean.
Special by C. C. Munroe, best foal of 1915 sired by Gatignol.—D. J. McKellar, Neil Munroe, John Little.
Special by D. C. Ross, M. P., best 2-year-old draft colt.—James Stevenson.
Special by D. C. Ross, M. P., best 1-year-old agricultural colt.—Cyrus McTaggart.

Carriage Horses
Brood mare—Chas. Osier, Dan McMillan.
Foal of 1915—1 and 2 Chas. Osier, 3 Dan McMillan.
Gelding or filly 3 years old, shown in harness—H. D. Paddock & Son, A. N. Artrew.
Gelding or filly 2 years old—John Mitchell & Son, A. D. Mullins, John Cann.
Colt or filly 1 year old—1 and 2 Chas. Osier.
Single gelding or mare in carriage—John Mitchell & Son, Murray McNeil, John Newell.
Span of horses, mares or geldings—Roy Goff, Munroe & Gilbert, Alex. J. Duncanson.

Roadsters
Brood mare—Wes. Tait, H. J. Jamieson.
Foal of 1915—H. J. Jamieson, Wes. Tait, Stanley Haines.
Gelding or filly 3 years old, to be shown in harness—J. W. Prangley, Dan M. McIntyre, Jos. M. Conway.
Gelding or filly 2 years old—Logan Lowrie.
Colt or filly 1 year old—Colin A. Munroe, Mrs. Robert Coulthard.
Single roadster—James Poole, Archie McMurphy, James Morrison.
Span of roadsters, mares or geldings—Neil McLean.
Saddle horse, ridden by gent—Chas. Young, M. A. McAlpine.

Ponies
Pony 3 years old and over—Willie Webster.
Pony under 3 years—Willie Webster.
Specials
By Royal Bank, for best animal, class 4.—Roy Goff.
By Royal Bank, best animal, class 5.—Jas. Poole.
Special by society, best lady driver—Jas. Poole, Roy Goff, James Morrison.
Special by T. Dymock, for best 2-year-old carriage—John Mitchell & Son.
Special by D. Lamotte, for best 2-year-old carriage—John Mitchell & Son.
Special by D. Love, for best 1-year-old carriage—Chas. Osier.
By J. B. Gough & Son, for best

carriage horse in harness—John Mitchell & Son.
By the Modern Shoe Repair Co., for best gentleman's road horse—Jas. Poole.
Special by C. E. Davidson, for best lady driver—James Poole.
Special by G. W. Weekes, for best high jumper—M. A. McAlpine.
Special by the Woodburn Milling Co., for best groomed and harnessed team on the grounds—Roy Goff.
Special by Wm. A. McCutcheon, for lady making best time in hitching, driving and unhitching a horse—Maggie McNeil, Alvinston, R. R. No. 1.

By Geo. Elliott, M. P., for the best high stepper—John Mitchell & Son.

Shorthorns
Bull 3 years and over—Squire Bros.
Bull 1 year and over—Geo. Adams, Thomas Henderson, D. N. Munroe.
Bull calf under 1 year and over 6 months—Dan Trestrain, D. N. Munroe, McLean & Son.
Bull calf under 6 months—Thomas Henderson, Dan Trestrain, McLean & Son.
Best cow—1 and 3 Thomas Henderson, 2 McLean & Son.
Cow 3 years old—1 D. N. Munroe, 2 and 3 Thomas Henderson.
Heifer 2 years old—Geo. Adams, D. N. Munroe, McLean & Son.
Heifer 1 year old—Abe Burchel, Dan Trestrain, Thomas Henderson.
Heifer calf under 1 year and over 6 months—1 and 2 Dan Trestrain, 3 McLean & Son.
Heifer calf under 6 months—1 and 3 Dan Trestrain, 2 Thomas Henderson.
Best herd, 1 bull and 2 females, registered—Dan Trestrain, Thomas Henderson, D. N. Munroe, McLean & Son.
Best bull, any age, any breed—W. Toohill.
Special by Geo. Elliott, M. P., for best 3 registered Shorthorn cows—Thomas Henderson.

Herefords
Bull under 1 year and over 6 months—A. E. Perry.
Bull calf under 6 months—A. E. Perry.
Best cow—1, 2 and 3 A. E. Perry.
Cow 3 years old—A. E. Perry.
Heifer 2 years old—1, 2 and 3 A. E. Perry.
Heifer 1 year old—1, 2 and 3 A. E. Perry.
Heifer calf under 1 year and over 6 months—A. E. Perry.
Heifer calf under 6 months—A. E. Perry.
Best herd, 1 bull and 3 females, registered—1 and 2 A. E. Perry.

Polled Angus
Bull 2 years and over—S. Bucanon.
Bull 1 year and over—Watt Bros., S. Bucanon.
Bull calf under 1 year and over 6 months—W. Toohill, Watt Bros., S. Bucanon.
Bull calf under 6 months—Watt Bros.
Best cow—1 and 3 Wm. Toohill, 2 S. Bucanon.
Cow 3 years old—1 S. Bucanon, 2 and 3 W. Toohill.
Heifer 2 years old—1 S. Bucanon, 2 and 3 W. Toohill.
Heifer 1 year old—1 and 2 Wm. Toohill, 3 S. Bucanon.
Heifer calf under 1 year and over 6 months—1 and 2 Wm. Toohill, 3 Watt Bros.
Heifer under 6 months—S. Bucanon, Watt Bros.
Best bull and 2 females, registered—Wm. Toohill, S. Bucanon, Watt Bros.

Jerseys
Best cow—Earl McDonald.
Grade Cattle
Best cow—1 and 2 McLean & Son, 3 A. Burchiel.
Best dairy cow, any breed—1 Thos. Henderson, 2 and 3 Abe Burchiel.
Heifer 2 years old—1 and 2 McLean & Sons, 3 Geo. S. Eddie.
Heifer 1 year old—1, 2 and 3 McLean & Sons.
Heifer calf under 1 year—1 and 2 Geo. S. Eddie, 3 McLean & Sons.
Steer 2 years old—1 Geo. S. Eddie, 2 and 3 McLean & Sons.
Steer 1 year old—1 and 2 McLean & Sons, 3 Geo. S. Eddie.
Steer calf—Wm. Toohill, McLean & Sons, A. E. Perry.
Best herd, registered, bull and 2 grade females, any age—1 and 2 McLean & Sons.
Best fat animal—1 and 3 McLean & Sons, 2 D. A. Coulthard.
Best herd of steers, 2 two-year-olds, 2 one-year-olds, 2 steer calves—McLean & Sons.
Special by McPherson & Clarke, for best herd, 1 male and 3 females—McLean & Sons.

Leicesters
Aged ram—McLean & Sons.
Shearling ram—1 and 2 McLean & Sons.
Ram lamb—1 and 2 McLean & Sons.
Ewe having raised lamb—1 and 2 McLean & Sons.
Shearling ewe—1 and 2 McLean & Sons.
Ewe lamb—1 and 2 McLean & Sons.
Best pen, 1 ram and 3 females—McLean & Sons.

Lincolns
Shearling ram—D. A. Campbell.
Ram lamb—1 and 2 D. A. Campbell.
Ewe having raised lamb—1 and 2 D. A. Campbell.
Shearling ewe—1, 2 and 3 D. A. Campbell.
Ewe lamb—1 and 2 D. A. Campbell.
Best pen, 1 ram and 3 ewes—D. A. Campbell.

Shropshires
Aged ram—Johnston Bros.
Shearling ram—1, 2 and 3 Johnston Bros.
Ram lamb—1 and 2 Johnston Bros.
Ewe having raised lamb—1, 2 and 3 Johnston Bros.
Shearling ewe—1 and 2 Johnston Bros.
Ewe lamb—1 and 2 Johnston Bros.
Best pen, 1 male and 3 females—Johnston Bros.

Oxfords
Shearling ram—Johnston Bros.
Ram lamb—Squire Bros., Johnston Bros.
Ewe having raised lamb—1, 2 and 3 Johnston Bros.
Shearling ewe—1, 2 and 3 Johnston Bros.
Ewe lamb—1 and 2 Johnston Bros., 3 Squire Bros.
Best pen—Johnston Bros.

Berkshires
Boar 1 year and over—W. A. McCutcheon.
Sow 1 year and over—W. A. McCutcheon.

Sow under 1 year and over 6 months—W. A. McCutcheon.
Boar under 6 months—1 and 2 W. A. McCutcheon.
Sow under 6 months—1, 2 and 3 W. A. McCutcheon.

Yorkshires
Sow 1 year and over—Squire Bros.
Boar under 6 months—1 and 2 Squire Bros.
Sow under 6 months—1 and 2 Squire Bros.
Sow and litter of 7 or more pigs, under 6 weeks old—Joseph Walker.

Tanworths
Boar 1 year and over—W. A. McCutcheon.
Sow under 1 year and over 6 months—Joseph Walker.
Boar under 6 months—1, 2 and 3 W. A. McCutcheon.
Sow under 6 months—1, 2 and 3 W. A. McCutcheon.
Special by D. D. Graham, best sow and litter of pigs, any breed—Joseph Walker, W. A. McCutcheon.

Old Fowl
Light Brahmas—Joseph Walker.
Buff Cochins—Geo. Daunt.
Barred Rocks—1 and 2 Walter Hailstone.
White Rocks—Geo. Daunt, Wm. Gould.
White Wyandottes—Wm. Gould, Geo. Daunt.
Indian Games—Joseph Walker, Geo. Daunt.
S. C. Rhode Island Reds—Geo. Daunt, C. Bechill.
R. C. Rhode Island Reds—John Gould, Geo. Daunt.
White Leghorns—C. Bechill.
S. C. Brown Leghorns—Geo. Daunt, Buff Orpingtons—1 and 2 Walter Hailstone.
Black Orpingtons—Geo. Daunt.
Houdans—Geo. Daunt.
Polands, any variety—Geo. Daunt.
Silver Spangled Hamburgs—George Daunt.

English Pheasants—Thomas Hagerty.
Exhibition pen, any variety—Walter Hailstone.
Bronze turkeys—Geo. Daunt.
Ducks, Pekin—Joseph Walker, Geo. Daunt.
Ducks, Rouens—Geo. Daunt, Geese, Toulouse—Geo. Daunt, Jos. Walker.
Geese, Emden—Geo. Daunt.

Young Fowl
Light Brahmas—1 and 2 Joseph Walker.
Barred Plymouth Rocks—1 and 2 Walter Hailstone.
White Plymouth Rocks—Geo. Daunt, C. Bechill.
Indian Games—Joseph Walker.
S. C. Rhode Island Reds—George Daunt, C. Bechill.
R. C. Rhode Island Reds—1 and 2 John Gould.
S. C. Black Minorcas—C. Bechill.
White Leghorns—C. Bechill.
S. C. Brown Leghorns—Geo. Daunt, Buff Orpingtons—Walter Hailstone, Houdans—1 and 2 Geo. Daunt.
Exhibition pen, any variety—Walter Hailstone.
Ducks, Rouens—1 and 2 Geo. Daunt, Geese, Emden—Geo. Daunt, Buff Cochins—1 and 2 Geo. Daunt.

Roots and Vegetables
Half bushel potatoes, Early Rose—D. A. Coulthard.
Half bushel potatoes, Early Harvest—John Gould.
Half bushel potatoes, Early Fortune—John Gould.
Half bushel potatoes, Dooley—D. A. Coulthard, Hugh McCutcheon.
Half bushel potatoes, any other kind, named—D. A. Coulthard.
Six mangles, long red—John Gould, Geo. Daunt.
Six mangles, Yellow Globe—Maier & Son.
Six mangles, any other kind, properly named—Geo. Daunt.
Six sugar beets—Maier & Son, John Gould.
Six swede turnips—Geo. Daunt, Hugh McCutcheon.
Six white carrots, long—Geo. Daunt, Maier & Son.
Six blood beets, long—Wm. Gould, Hugh McCutcheon.
Six turnip beets—Hugh McCutcheon, T. C. Reycraft.
Six table carrots, long—Wm. Gould, Geo. Daunt.
Six table carrots, short—W. Gould.
Six parsnips—Hugh McCutcheon, Wm. Gould.
Peck of onions from seed, yellow—W. A. McCutcheon, W. J. Watson.
Peck of onions from seed, red—Jas. Walker, Wm. Gould.
Peck of onions, prize taker—Wm. Gould, W. A. McCutcheon.
Four quarts of onions from small tops—W. A. McCutcheon, W. J. Watson.
Four quarts onions, English multi-pliers—Geo. Daunt.
Onions, silver skin, pickling—Hugh McCutcheon, Geo. Daunt.
Onions, small tops—Geo. Daunt.
White cabbage—Wm. Gould, W. J. Watson.
Red cabbage—W. A. McCutcheon, Maier & Son.
Cauliflowers—Wm. Gould.
Celery—Hugh McCutcheon.
Red peppers—W. A. McCutcheon, Maier & Son.
Cucumbers—D. D. Campbell, Maier & Son.
Citrons—W. J. Watson, Geo. Daunt.
Watermelons—Wm. Gould, Maier & Son.
Mammoth squash—Hugh McCutcheon, W. A. McCutcheon.
Hubbard squash—Geo. Daunt, Wip. Gould.
Squash, any other kind—Geo. Daunt, Maier & Son.
Tomatoes, red—D. D. Campbell, Geo. Daunt.
Pumpkins, field—John Gould, Walter Hailstone.
Pumpkins, long—T. C. Reycraft, M. M. McAlpine.
Radishes—D. A. Coulthard, W. A. McCutcheon.
Garden roots and vegetables—W. A. McCutcheon, Maier & Son.
Special by society, best collection of grain, roots, vegetables and fruit, exhibited by any school in Moss or Ekfrid—S. S. No. 9, Moss; Union S. S. No. 17.
Special by James Wright & Son, best collection of roots and vegetables—W. A. McCutcheon.
(To be continued next week.)

Old papers for sale at the Transcript office.

Your home merchant will back up our guarantee on this splendid range. Ask to see

McClary's Pandora Range

and let him demonstrate its many exclusive features to you. A McClary dealer in every town.

Sold by Jas. Wright & Son

DODGE BROTHERS MOTOR CAR

There is no shortage in the general motor car market.

But there is a shortage of Dodge Brothers motor cars.

It is not due to a small production, because the production has been large.

Thirty-two thousand of these cars have been distributed since January 1st.

This means a production in nine months as large as is usually attained in as many years.

And yet there is a waiting list of those who want to be owners in your city.

And there is a similar waiting list in almost every city and almost every town.

You will bear witness that we have made no extravagant claims for the car.

We have merely insisted on its goodness.

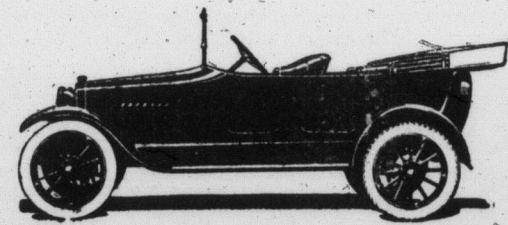
And still the car continues to be singled out as one worth waiting for.

The price of the car complete is \$1100 in Canada

Wm. McCallum, Dealer, Glencoe
TELEPHONE: Residence 95 r 2; Office 88

SAXON "SIX"

2,100 LBS. OF BEAUTY, SILENCE, POWER, COMFORT AND STRENGTH



SAXON "SIX" embodies the latest type of automobile design—the yacht-line body. In fact, this feature in cars of higher price has characterized the Saxon "Six" since it first appeared. From the tall, distinctive radiator to the curving back the lines of the Saxon "Six" slope away in easy graceful curves. The very design suggests the swift easy motion of a yacht, and the gliding movement of the car itself carries out the suggestion. In motor cars—as in clothes—fashion dictates the types that win popularity. The yacht-line body has won instant favor, and Saxon "Six" owners have the satisfaction of driving a car that is up-to-date. Come and see the beautiful Saxon "Six." Six cylinder Saxon, Continental motor, 30-35 h. p.; Timken axles, Gray and Davis electric starting and lighting, dry plate clutch, honeycomb radiator, vanadium steel cantilever springs, demountable rims, one man top, 112-in. wheelbase, 32 x 34-in. tires.

Saxon "Six" \$1,100



Roadster \$535

GEO. HURLEY DEALER

THE STORE for BIG VALUE

Big Value in Men's Suits
 " Men's Straw Hats
 " Men's Underwear
 " Men's Furnishings
 " Linoleum
 " Lace Curtains
 " Curtain Nets
 " Crepe Dress Goods
 " Voile Dress Goods
 " Ladies' Underwear
 " Whitewear
 " Ladies' Waists
 " Ladies' Fancy Furnishings

SEE THE BIG VALUE IN MEN'S SUMMER SHIRTS
 HIGHEST PRICES FOR BUTTER AND EGGS.

CHAS. DEAN

MRS. W. A. CURRIE
MILLINERY PARLORS

SYMES STREET, WARDVILLE
 GLENCOE, ONTARIO

BORN.
 MCGOWAN.—On Tuesday, Sept. 14, 1915, to Mr. and Mrs. Angus McGowan, 436 St. Patrick Square, Port Arthur, a son.

LOCAL.

There was no merry-go-round at the fair, and the little folk were sorely disappointed.
 Next Monday is Thanksgiving Day in Canada, the last public holiday before Christmas.
 Rev. D. McKay, of Cowal, has declined a call to the Presbyterian church at Dresden.
 It is reported that the 7th Canadian Mounted Rifles have left England for the front in France.
 Melbourne school fair will be held Saturday, October 16th, at Wardsville, Friday, October 22nd.
 Mike Curry is relieving his brother, John Curry, G. T. R. operator, Glencoe, who is holidaying.
 Potatoes are up to 85c and a 90c a bag on the Toronto market, a raise of 25c a bag within a week.
 West Middlesex Teachers' Institute will meet in Stratroy on Thursday and Friday of this week.
 Archie McKinnon, son of Mrs. McKinnon, Glencoe, has enlisted for the front as a wireless operator.
 The man who can't fight should do his best in assisting to equip and make comfortable the men who must.
 J. L. Hull shipped last week two cars of butcher's cattle to Toronto and one car export cattle to Jersey City.
 Simeon Hills has the foundation laid for a house on Victoria street south on the site of the Baptist church recently taken down.
 Wm. Hillman, Mosa, threshed 49 bushels of wheat to the acre off four acres. We have not heard of a better yield anywhere.
 London Presbytery will petition the Government to close all bars at 7 o'clock on week days and on Saturdays at 1 o'clock during the continuance of the war.
 The annual meeting of the Glencoe Book Club will be held at the home of Mrs. J. A. McLachlan on Tuesday afternoon, October 12th. A full attendance of the members is requested.

M. C. Allingham, of Ingersoll, has been appointed accountant at the Royal Bank instead of L. M. Nagle, resigned.
 The young people's society of the Presbyterian church has reorganized for the winter months and will meet on Tuesday evenings.
 Note for Thanksgiving Day: If we can't give thanks that we have licked the Germans, we can give thanks that they haven't licked us.
 Hear Walter McKay on "Canada and the Empire" in the Town Hall, Glencoe, on Tuesday evening, Oct. 19. Proceeds for the Red Cross Fund.
 Lambton county temperance forces, at a meeting in Petrolia on Monday, decided to organize for a Canada Temperance Act vote early next year.
 Prizes awarded at the Glencoe Fair will be paid at the secretary's office here on Saturday, October 16th—not the 9th, as stated in the prize list.
 Many in Glencoe and vicinity were greatly disappointed that they were unable to attend the fair at Wallace-town on Friday owing to the rain.
 Anniversary services will be held in the Presbyterian church at Tail's Corners on Sunday, October 17th, at 2:30 in the afternoon and 7:30 in the evening.
 J. D. Brown has moved to his garden farm at Woodgreen, and Gordon Wattsworth has moved from Woodgreen to Glencoe and is occupying the house vacated by Mr. Brown.
 Anniversary services will be held in the Methodist church, Appin, on Sunday morning and evening by Rev. H. Willans, of Camlachie, and in the afternoon by Rev. Geo. Weir, of Glencoe.
 The Queen's Hotel at Dutton, which has been closed and vacated for several months, has been reopened and is now being conducted as a temperance house by the owners, A. D. Urlin & Son.
 The thirty-third annual congress of the Salvation Army in Canada will be held in Toronto from Tuesday, October 12th, to Wednesday, October 20th, with five public gatherings at Massey Hall.
 The Frenzell Stock Company played "The Rosary" at the opera house on Monday evening to a well-attended audience, and on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings the Boyer-Vincent Company put on plays under the auspices of the firm.

Say, there, Mister!

Attended to Your Fall Shoe Wants Yet?

We know you have not and we are glad because we know we can give you the biggest bargains in Footwear you ever received.
 We have Light Shoes for Sunday and best wear and Heavy Shoes for working. They are all worth more money than we ask for them, but that is our funeral.
 You come in with the \$\$\$\$ and we'll guarantee to satisfy you.

Prices from \$3.50 to \$5

Modern Shoe Repair Store
 MAIN STREET

A LIFETIME OF SICKNESS

Worn Out, Thin and Miserable Until She Took "Fruit-a-tives"
 PALMISTON, June 20th, 1914.
 "Stomach Trouble and Distressing Headaches nearly drove me wild. Some time ago, I got a box of "Fruit-a-tives," your famous fruit medicine, and they completely relieved me. To-day I am feeling fine and a physician, meeting me on the street, asked the reason for my improved appearance. I said, "I am taking Fruit-a-tives." He said, "If Fruit-a-tives make you look so well, go ahead and take them. They are doing more for you than I can."

Mrs. H. S. WILLIAMS.
 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Many of the roads in the country need scraping and in some cases deep holes require a little gravel. Path-masters will save the good condition of the roadways by giving immediate attention.
 A general meeting of the Glencoe Patriotic Association will be held at the town hall this (Thursday) evening at 8 o'clock. A good attendance of all interested in patriotic work is requested.
 A moving picture show for the benefit of the Junior Red Cross will be given in the town hall on Saturday evening, October 16th. Specially selected films will first be shown in program interspersed. See posters for particulars.
 That excellent weekly newspaper, the Amherstburg Echo, has moved into a handsome new building after being published for 41 years in the same spot. We congratulate the Echo on the advancement made. It is a good, lively sheet and deserves a handsome home.
 In the birth of a son to Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Morkson, of Onondaga, New York, on Sept. 27th, Mr. John Hills, of Glencoe, became a great-grandfather. Mrs. Morkson is the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Nightingale, of Valley, Nebraska, and a granddaughter of Mr. Hills.

PERSONAL MENTION

—Mrs. McKay, of Detroit, is visiting relatives in Mosa.
 —W. D. McIntyre, of Detroit, was in Glencoe on Monday.
 —W. E. Weekes has gone to London to attend Medical School.
 —Miss Sadie Currie is home from Windsor for a week's holidays.
 —Miss Frances Ruce, of London, was visiting at the manse for a few days.
 —Rev. G. J. Kerr, of Dorchester, spent a few days with relatives here last week.
 —Mrs. Rathburn, of London, has been spending a few days with friends in Glencoe.
 —Mr. and Mrs. Norman McLachlan, of Petrolia, spent Sunday and Monday in Glencoe.
 —Earl McCallum, of Winnipeg, son of A. D. McCallum, of Ekfrid, has enlisted for the front.
 —James Southin is visiting his mother, Mrs. Kate Southin, after an absence of several years.
 —Messrs. Balkwill and Vair, of St. Thomas, motored to Glencoe on Wednesday to attend the popular fair.
 —Calvin McAlpine, of the Royal Bank staff, is holidaying for a few weeks and is at present in Toronto.
 —Mrs. Thos. Luckham and Mrs. A. Hagle, of Warwick, spent a few days last week with Mrs. J. L. Luckham.
 —Mrs. S. D. Walker, of London, spent the week-end with her brother, W. H. Watterworth, McRae street.
 —Miss Jennie McGowan, of Mount Brydges, has left for Toronto University to take a course in Science and Art.
 —Mrs. Wm. Dymock, Mosa, has returned home after spending a year with her daughter Charlotte in Detroit.
 —Miss Ada Small, of London, and Mrs. Levi Smith attended the funeral of the late John Neil at St. Marys on Friday.
 —J. S. Cameron, of Olean, N. Y., was here on Friday attending the funeral of his uncle, the late Alexander Cameron.
 —Alex. Craig has returned from Detroit and is at present employed at Copeland's evaporating factory at Midland.

—Misses Gearldine and Kathleen Elliot, of Onondaga, visited their brother, F. J. Elliot, of the Merchants Bank, last week.
 —Mrs. Rev. M. M. Bennett, of Moosejaw, and Mrs. J. Naftyker, of Adrian, Mich., are visiting at the home of J. R. S. on Monday.
 —Miss Tena Marsh left last week to attend the Normal School in London. She has been ill, and was unable to go when the school opened.
 —Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Waters, of Mount Brydges, visited Mrs. Waters' brother and sister, Edward Dr. Nais, and Margaret Berdan, here last week.
 —Mrs. Ann McCallum has returned to her home here after spending some months with her daughters, Mrs. Kerr, at Iona, and Mrs. Needham, at Ilderton.
 —Wilfred Miller, of Lawrence, and G. C. Squire, of Glencoe, graduates of Glencoe High School, are attending the University at Toronto—Faculty Department.
 —Mrs. J. A. Scott and children are at Stratfordville for a couple of weeks, visiting Mrs. Scott's sister, Mrs. Nais, before leaving to spend the winter at Oklahoma City.
 —Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Moore, of Walkerville, returned home on Monday after spending several days visiting relatives and friends in Brooke and in Glencoe and vicinity.
 —Warren McAlpine, who has been occupying a mission station in the West for the summer, has returned to his studies at Toronto University and was at his home here over Sunday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Rose Watterworth and little daughter, of St. Thomas, spent the week-end with Mrs. Watterworth's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Dobie, Glencoe, while returning from a trip to Detroit.
 —Rev. Neil D. Keith, principal of the Alberta Ladies' College at Red Deer, is spending a few weeks in Ontario in the interests of that institution and was with his brother, P. D. Keith, here for the week-end.
 —Miss Flossie Tait, M. A., who has been spending the past month at her home here, left on Wednesday of this week for Banff, Alberta, and will spend some time en route with her sister, Mrs. P. D. McCallum, Regina.
 —D. L. Cameron, of Joplin, Mo., is stopping for a few days with his cousin, Chas. Cameron, Mosa. Mr. Cameron has been a locomotive engineer in Missouri for some years and is moving to Guelph to take a position with the Hydro-Electric Department.
 A few of the old-time residents who attended the fair last week were: Colonel Davidson, Toronto; Miss Galbraith, Detroit; Neil Leitch, Stratroy; Mack Leitch, St. Thomas; Roland Balkwill and Wm. Vair, St. Thomas; Mrs. James, Mt. Brydges; Duncan Hamilton and James Souter, Western Canada; Miss Ashplant, London; Jim Hillman, Stratroy; Mrs. Hillman, Rodney; Mrs. Julia Lyman, Detroit; James Southin, Blenheim.

SPECIAL NOTICES

Cash for eggs.—G. A. McAlpine, 88c.
 Neal's 1 1/2 lb. Aloaf bread for 6 cents at J. B. Henry's.
 William Gilbert wishes to purchase a new milch cow.
 Best Manitoba flour for sale at McLachlan's Bakery.
 For first-class shoes, go to Semsmith's Repairing a specialty.
 Private greeting cards for Christmas. Order early at The Transcript office.
 See the new Overland car. It will surprise you.—S. Humphries, Agent, Glencoe.
 Fence posts and second-hand pipes for sale.—Gootson & Co., 30, Main Street, St. London.
 House belonging to P. B. Wade, Simpson street, for sale or to rent. Apply to Neil Graham.
 For sale—residence of the late Margaret McAlpine, King street, Glencoe. Apply to Neil McAlpine.

Apples wanted at the Glencoe Evaporating Factory. All kinds suitable for peeling, 40c per cwt.
 For sale—large baseburner, with oven, used one season; installing furnace.—J. L. Hull, phone 18-19.
 The Overland is the simplest and most up-to-date car on the market.—S. Humphries, Agent, Glencoe.
 Hear Walter McKay's patriotic programme on October 16th in the Glencoe Opera House in aid of the Red Cross Fund.
 Buy a curler's broom at Keith's Cash Store. Seven dozen to hand. Will wear twice as long as an ordinary broom. Price, 60c and 25c each.
 Glencoe photo studio open every Tuesday. All work finished promptly and in the latest style of finish and mountings.—A. E. Cautelone, photographer.
 Come to the fowl supper in the basement of Knox church, Newbury, on Thanksgiving night, 5:30 to 8. Concert in town hall at 8. Admission to both, 40 cents; children, 25 cents.
 All notices in this column are strictly cash. If orders are telephoned The Transcript, kindly arrange to pay the amount the first time you are in town, so they will not have to be carried through the books.
 If, before purchasing, you have a desire to know what entertainment a photograph will give you in your home, a free trial without any charge can be obtained by dropping a postal card to the following address:—Daniel H. McKrae, Glencoe, Ont.
 Our fall shoes are now on sale—a larger and better assorted stock than ever. We are prepared to offer our customers some of the best values in shoes ever offered. Call and inspect our stock before buying your fall footwear.—G. George.

Pianos, organs, phonographs and all kinds of musical instruments sold on easy monthly or yearly payments without a cash payment down and payments arranged to suit customer. Particulars apply as follows:—Daniel H. McKrae, Glencoe, Ont.

AUCTION SALES

Clearing sale of farm stock and implements, on north half lot 12, range 2 north of L. W. R., Ekfrid, on Thursday, October 7th, at 1 o'clock. Simon Winger, proprietor; L. L. McTaggart, auctioneer.
 On lot 13, second range south, (Bend Road), Mosa, on Thursday, October 14, at 1 o'clock sharp—1 Percheron mare, 7 years old, 1,400 lbs.; 1 heavy mare, 12 years old, 1,500 lbs.; 1 driving mare, 1 Percheron filly, 2 years old; 1 Percheron gelding, 1 year old; 1 spring colt, Percheron; 1 cow, 8 years old, in calf; 1 cow, 9 years old, supposed to be in calf; 1 cow, 3 years old, in calf; 1 dry cow; 3 spring calves; 1 bull, 2 years old, Shorthorn; 2 two-year-old steers; 2 yearling steers; 2 yearling heifers; 5 spring calves; 1 brood sow, Berk., with 19 pigs; 1 Massey-Harris mowder; 1 Massey-Harris binder, 6-ft.; 1 International steel hay loader; 1 Corn King manure spreader; 1 Massey-Harris two-horse corn cultivator, with bean puller; 1 hay rake; 1 Cock-shutt riding plow, foot lift; 1 walking plow, Fleury; 1 Massey-Harris disc harrow; 1 lance-tooth harrow; 4 wooden harrows; 1 hay rack; 1 stock rack; set knee sleigh; 2 sets heavy harness, one brass mounted; Melotte separator, 500 lb.; 1 Daisy churn; 2 iron kettles; 2 refrigerators; set log bunk; set platform scales, 1,000-lb. capacity; 1,500 face brick; gravel box; 1 flat-bottom boat; 1 Wisner drill; 1 Henderson fanningmill; about 2 dozen grain bags; about 20 tons timothy hay; 475 bush. oats; 150 bush. oats and barley; 7 acres corn in shock; 1 bedroom suite; 1 dresser; 1 couch; kitchen chairs; forks, whiffletrees, etc.; 1 double buggy pole, new; a quantity of seasoned lumber, H. C. Sparling, proprietor; L. L. McTaggart, auctioneer.
 On west half north half lot 3, con. 3, Ekfrid, on Friday, October 15, at 1:30 o'clock—1 team of horses, matched, weight 2,800 lbs.; 1 team of 3-year-old horses, matched, gelding and mare; 1 general purpose mare, 10 years old; 1 mare, driver, supposed to be in foal; 1 three-year-old gelding, by Lord Harry; 1 one-year-old colt, Percheron; 2 one-year-old colts, by Uno; 1 sucking colt, by Heather Jack; 1 sucking colt, by Drefus; 8 cows, supposed to be in calf; 1 cow, due to calve; 1 new milch cow; 10 yearling heifers; 6 yearling steers; 1 two-year-old heifer; 1 cutter, nearly new; 1 good top buggy; 1 buggy; 1 extension ladder; 1 fanning mill with bagger; 1 set of scales, capacity 2,000 lbs.; 1 car, rope and pulleys; 1 set of double heavy harness; 2 sets of light single harness; 1 robe; 1 horse blanket, rug and duster; about 15 tons of hay, clover and timothy; quantity of straw to be fed on the farm; quantity of oats. The farm, which is the south half of lot number fifteen in the first range south of the Longwoods Road in the township of Ekfrid, will be offered for sale at the same time and place, subject to a reserve bid. Wm. G. McCallum, administrator; L. L. McTaggart, auctioneer.
 Farm stock, implements, household furniture and effects and real estate of the late Richard Hands, on lot 30, con. 6, Euphemia, on Wednesday, October 20, at 12:30 o'clock. J. P. McVicar, V. S. Newbury, administrator; Elliott & Moss, Glencoe, solicitors; P. A. McVicar, auctioneer.

Screen Doors and Windows	Useful Lines at Special Prices	Lawn Mowers at all prices to suit the pocket
Hammocks	Oil Stoves	Harvest Tools in Every Variety
Builders' Hardware and Glass		

JAS. WRIGHT & SON
 THE CHINAMEL STORE BINDER TWINE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS' PAINTS

Complete line of **GENTS' FURNISHINGS**
 Style and Quality of the best.
New Fall and Winter Suitings
 Come in and get your Clothing hand-tailored to your measure. Fit, workmanship and style guaranteed.
TOMLINSON
 The Shop For Men, Glencoe



The Rexall Stores ARE CANADA'S FAVORITE DRUG STORES

THE REXALL STORE

means affiliation with that wonderful chain of over 8,000 Rexall Stores throughout Canada, Great Britain and the United States. Their buying powers are unlimited—the profit of jobber and wholesaler has been eliminated, and the public gets the benefit.

How We Save You Money

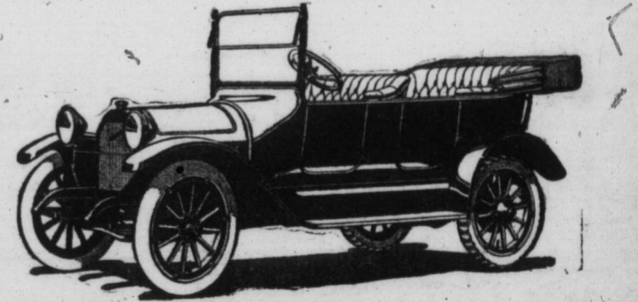
Pink Pills	35
Chase's Pills	19
Castoria	25
Electric Oil	19
Dodd's Pills	35
Castile Soap	19
Bland's Pills, 100 in bottle	25
Harmony Boston Soap, 2 for	25
Fountain Syringes (\$2.00)	\$1.50
Hot Water Bottles (\$2.00)	\$1.50
Yucca Talcum (35)	25
Cherry Bark Cough Cure	25

Our Guarantee
 Your money back if not satisfied.

J. A. Scott

WE ARE HERE TO SERVE YOU

FORTY H. P. FOUR, \$1,195



Show us the hill that this new Studebaker can't climb

Show it to us—that's all. Or show us a hill that you THINK it can't climb. And we'll show you the most amazing motor that you ever set back of. This 1916 Studebaker Four is the MOST POWERFUL car ever priced at less than \$1,300. It develops 40 horse power—POWER in abundance—and power with marked economy of fuel. See it today.
GEO. A. PARROTT, AGENT - GLENCOE

It's good for little girls, too

Everybody— young and old— loves the rich, delicious flavor of

EDWARDSBURG "Crown Brand" CORN SYRUP

It is a daily treat—the perfect sweet. Just what the children should have on Bread—costs far less than butter or preserves. Delicious with Hot Biscuits, and Batter Cakes. Gives a new delight to Baked Apples, Blanche-Mange and Puddings. Makes the best Candy you ever tasted.

"LILLY WHITE" is a pure white Corn Syrup, not as pronounced in flavor as "Crown Brand". Your Grocer has both Brands, in 2, 5, 10 and 20 pound tins—or can easily get them for you.

The Canada Starch Co. Limited, Montreal

The Vicar's Nephew; or The Orphan's Vindication

CHAPTER I.

"So this is what you call a good road hereabouts, is it?" said Dr. Jenkins.

He had stopped half-way up the hill, to look about him, and to let Timothy, the fisherman who had met him at the station, put down the heavy bag and rest a bit before climbing any further. Behind them the steep road wound in and out between rough granite blocks and tussocks of dwarf gorse. Before them it rose up sharply, a stony track bordered by wet and withered heather tufts; and turned, passing out of sight round the shoulder of a lichened rock. For the rest, a waste of barren moorland; an angry sun going down, red in a fiery glow; a fierce north wind that rushed by, shrieking curses; and below the cliffs a sullen, moaning, desperate sea; that was all. On summer days the moor might wear a brighter face among the gold and purple glories of its flowering time; even this ashen sea had doubtless green or blue delights to show on sunny mornings after rain; but this was the doctor's first glimpse of Cornwall, and in the December evening everything seemed to him chill and bleak and desolate.

The sun dipped, leaving a long red trail across the water; but this was the doctor's first glimpse of Cornwall, and in the December evening everything seemed to him chill and bleak and desolate.

"It's not so far now, sir; we shall be in before dark. Eh, why surely that be Maester Richards' from Gurnard's Head, and the old woman with him. Good evening, maester!"

A pony-cart laden with apples jogged round the projecting shoulder of the granite rock. Farmer and pony walked side by side; but for the difference in the number of legs they might have been twin brothers, so much alike they were in expression, in roundness of comfortable figure, in solid evenness of tread. In the cart, among the apples, sat an old woman, half asleep.

"This is the new doctor for Porthcarrick," said Timothy. "We shall have two doctors now, for old Dr. Williams is stopping on, though he's past much work. Are you rested now, sir?"

They climbed a little further, while Farmer Richards and his pony jogged slowly down the hill.

"Hullo!" said the doctor, looking round. "Something's wrong with the old fellow's cart. Look, he's making signs to us. What is it?"

The farmer was gesticulating frantically with his whip, and trying to shout louder than the angry wind. "Police! Police! Help! Police!"

"In all time of my tribulation!" gasped the old woman, folding her hands. "It's the gang."

A big, muscular, black-haired boy, with a skin tanned almost to coffee-color, and a face which struck the doctor as repulsively ugly, came tearing over the brow of the hill. A score of minor demons followed at his heels, brandishing sticks and yelling furiously. The gang descended with such suddenness, that before the farmer could defend himself the pony was unhooked from the shafts and the old

woman stood wailing by the roadside, wringing her hands at the sight of the overturned cart and the apples rolling in the mud. As Timothy and the doctor came running back, the farmer recovered heart of grace and laid about him with his whip. After a sharp scolding the gang broke and fled in all directions down the hill, yelling and screaming, with bulging pockets crammed with apples. Pursuit seemed to be hopeless; but in the act of escaping, one of the boys, a freckled, lanky, hobbledehoy, caught his foot against a stone and fell sprawling. The farmer pounced upon him instantly.

"Jack!" shrieked the captive. The leader bounded to the spot, tripped up the top-heavy farmer with a dexterous twist of one foot, dragged the fallen boy up by the collar, and despatched him with a headlong pace downhill by a thump between the shoulders. Then he glanced round to see if any one else were in need of help. It was evidently an established convention that he should be the first to charge and the last to flee. As he turned to follow the gang a hand dropped on his shoulder.

"I've caught one, at any rate," said Dr. Jenkins. "No, don't hit him," he added, intercepting the farmer's fist. "And all that bad language won't get you any farther up, my man; Timothy, help him with the cart, and leave the boy to me."

The farmer, still swearing, went to join Timothy, who was trying to lift the cart; the old woman meanwhile collecting the scattered apples.

"Well, you're a promising young devil," said Dr. Jenkins to his prisoner, who was wriggling in his grasp like a conger eel. "What's your name?"

"Lord bless you, sir," said Timothy, "that's Jack Raymond. He be nephew to our Vicar."

"And own son to Beelzebub," the farmer muttered from between the wheels.

The swarthy imp grinned at the compliment, showing his white teeth. "Nephew . . . to the Vicar!" Dr. Jenkins repeated incredulously. "Here, stand up, boy; don't wriggle about so. I won't hurt you."

Jack's eyes opened wide in scornful amazement, and the doctor saw how luminous they were.

"I should just about think you would!"

He left off kicking, however, and stood up straight. His ugliness was of an unfamiliar, barbaric type; but there was nothing degenerate about it, notwithstanding the heavy jaw; his head, indeed, was finely shaped, and the deep-set eyes would have been really magnificent, but for their sullen, morose expression. The singular breadth between them, and the black line of the brows meeting above, gave to the face a look of strength and concentration more appropriate to a bison than to a child.

"So you're the captain of the Bad Boys' Gang, are you?" said the doctor. "And what's your special line, if one may ask? Stealing poor men's goods and frightening old women out of their senses, eh?"

"Yes," said Jack, looking straight at him; "and stinging when we get a chance, like that hornet on your beard."

Dr. Jenkins, forgetting the season, instinctively put his hand up to his face. Immediately he received a violent blow, delivered with admirable precision; and by the time he realized that a trick had been played on him, Jack was racing downhill at break-neck speed.

The doctor leaned against a rock and laughed till the tears ran out of his eyes. It was impossible to feel angry, the thing had been so neatly done. "What a little devil!" he gasped, as soon as he could speak. "Oh, what an outlandish little devil!"

"And that boy," said Timothy, as they walked on again after the cart had been righted, "has been brought up in a godly house and has had the

advantages of Christian precept and example ever since he was six years old. But 'tis no use; what's bred in the bone will come out in the flesh."

"It strikes me," the doctor remarked, "that a good thrashing would have more effect on that urchin than Christian precept and example. He wants the nonsense taken out of him."

"Why, sir," said Timothy, "there's no boy in Porthcarrick that gets the cane so often as Jack Raymond, anyway, since the Captain died."

"Who?"

"Captain John, the Vicar's youngest brother. He was drowned three years ago last October, saving life in rough weather off Longships way by Land's End. The Vicar has no children of his own, so he took in the orphans, for they were left ill-provided, and he's done his duty by them, as a Christian man."

"There are more children, then?"

"There's one little girl, sir—eight years old; and a sweet little maid she is, no more like this imp of darkness than a white dove as a cheryman's wife. She takes after the Raymonds."

"And the Vicar is strict with the boy?"

Timothy screwed up his lips. "Well, sir, there be some gentlemen on the school board, and a bit too strict; 'the flogging parson,' they call him, because he's all for more caning in the schools. But to my mind he's right, sir; the human heart is corrupt, and desperately wicked, and how else to 'ee rote' instil the fear of God into a boy?"

"It doesn't seem to have got instilled into this one."

"Ah, that's the bad blood in him. Many a fear he's got from Captain John. You must know, he comes a very respectable family, up St. Ives way; good church people, all of them, and not used to such goings on. She's a godly, pious woman, and good to the poor, as a cheryman's wife should be, and she's cared for those two children as if they'd been her own, though they're none of her kin. Little Molly's the apple of her eye. She's tried her hardest to coax the devil out of the boy, and the Vicar's tried to thrash it out, and you might as well plant potatoes on the Rannel Stone. He's his mother's own boy."

"Who was she?"

"A scarlet woman, sir; a play actress from London that Captain John brought home when he was young and wild, to carry shame into a decent house. Lord knows what she'd been before he married her. If you'll believe it, sir, she'd smoke tobacco like a man, and her foot was never inside a place of worship. And then her flaunting skirts and her lewd ways—it was enough to make the old folks turn in their graves! She'd trapes about under the cliffs in dirty weather singing to herself, with her hair streaming down her back, for all the world like a madwoman. Why, I've seen her myself sitting half-dressed with her bare feet in a rock-pool and a crazy artist fellow from London painting her portrait—great mazed antics! She was as ugly as sin, too; you can tell by the boy; but Captain John was fair mad about her. However, she went the way of damnation after the little maid took to her an engagement," he called it, and ran off to Paris to her play-acting; as 'tis written in the Scriptures: 'the dog returneth to his vomit, and the sow to her wallowing in the mire.' And there she took the cholera, and died like an unrepentant heathen, so I've heard tell. 'Tis plain it was a judgment. And the Captain, poor silly fool, instead of being duly grateful to Providence for a good ridance of bad rubbish, he took on as if his heart was broken in him, and never held up his head again—"

"Is this Porthcarrick?" the doctor interrupted as a sharp turn of the road brought them to the bank in the hills and a fishing village nestling between two great cliffs.

"Yes, sir, and that's the lighthouse beyond Deadman's cliff. The white house there is Mr. Hewitt's school; a lot of gentlemen send their sons there—the Vicar's trustee, as it is called, a big-one higher up is Heath Brow, where the Squire lives."

"And the old house by the church, all over ivy?"

"That's the Vicarage."

The next morning, when Dr. Jenkins returned from his first stroll through the village, he found on his table a card bearing the inscription: "Rev. Jos. Raymond, The Vicarage, Porthcarrick, Cornwall."

"The Vicar said he'd call again," said the landlady. "He seemed in a great taking; I suppose it's that devil's limb Jack again; they do say he scared poor old Mrs. Richards fair to death on the cliff road yesterday; smashed the cart and lamed the pony and—"

"Come, come," said the doctor, "it's not quite so bad as that. I was there myself. Has the farmer been complaining?"

"Yes, sir; they say the Vicar had a long bill to pay him this morning; he threatened to bring an action for assault and battery."

"Oh, that's absurd. I'll go round to the Vicar after dinner and tell him the truth of the story myself."

As he entered the Vicarage garden a sound of light feet running came from behind the fuchsia hedge. Before he had time to draw back, a small creature in a holland pinafore dashed round the corner and came in a headlong rush against his legs, then started away, tossing back a tawny mane.

"Oh, I'm so sorry! Did I hurt you, sir?"

The doctor looked down in surprise, wondering if this pretty child could really be Jack Raymond's sister.

"Hurt me? What, by treading on my toes? I was afraid it was I that had hurt you, were you Mr. Raymond's little niece?"

"I'm Molly. Did you want to see uncle?"

She led him into the house; he, meanwhile, unsuccessfully trying to draw her into conversation. He was fond of children; and Molly, clean and wholesome throughout, shy yet not awkward, freckled and tanned with sun and wind, appeared to him a

creature altogether delightful. Charming as she was, however, she would certainly not grow up beautiful; for, though so unlike her brother in coloring and expression, she possessed, in a modified form, the same obstinate mouth and heavy jaw; but her eyes bore no resemblance to Jack's; they were deliciously limpid and blue.

The Rev. Mr. Raymond was an iron-grey man, serious and cold, with eyes as lifeless as his grizzled hair. He held himself erect like a soldier, though without a soldier's ease. There was about him an antiquated stiffness, yet withal a patient dignity, as of one mindful that he was made in the image of God. His sense of order would not tolerate useless growth of any kind; therefore he was clean-shaven, showing the nakedness of the worst thing in his face—a Chinese insensitiveness, at the corners of the mouth.

A little more curve and pointing of the lines might have rendered the face a fine one, impressive if not sympathetic; but as it was, he seemed a diagram of virtue drawn in monochrome.

(To be continued.)

NEARLY \$100 A HEAD IN BANKS.

Canadians Have \$691,891,000 Deposits Drawing Interest.

The banking system of Canada is regarded by many high authorities as being more perfectly adapted to the conditions it has to meet than any other in the world. In nothing is this system more beneficial than in the encouragement it gives to people throughout the country to save small sums of money. The banks have their agencies everywhere throughout the country, and so closely do they follow development that no community of any importance is left without banking facilities.

When the great Klondike rush took place in the late nineties the bank men were on the ground, all ready to do business, before any but the first prospectors had turned their faces in that direction. Later, in the silver and gold rushes of Cobalt, Gowganda, and Porcupine, the tent to house the branch bank was always one of the first to go up in the camp made at the site of a new "strike." Likewise in the agricultural West—as soon as a new section is to be settled, the bank is there and ready to afford all the facilities given to business men of the great cities.

According to a recent report, there were no fewer than 3,000 branch banks in Canada. Every one of these branches receives savings of even the smallest sums, down to one dollar, and allows interest on the whole balance at the depositor's credit. The withdrawal of money, while necessarily and properly restricted, is not attended with any difficulty or burdensome formality. The money is always at the depositor's command, but, in his own interest no less than in that of the bank, he is offered inducements to leave his savings intact.

The banks come so close to the people, and their reputation for soundness and proper business methods is so high, that a tremendous inflow of savings is entrusted to their care. The funds that are strictly for savings purposes and those more or less made out for current transactions cannot be separated by any sharp line of distinction; but for ordinary purposes of estimate it is usual to count as savings those funds in care of the banks that are withdrawable only after notice.

In the period since 1901, while the population of Canada has not nearly doubled, the savings deposits in the chartered banks have increased more than three times. According to the latest report available these deposits now make up the tremendous sum of \$691,891,000. This is an average of almost \$100 for every man, woman and child in the country.

The existence of these savings is proof that there is a strong element of thrift in the Canadian people. The fact that so many people have taken advantage of the facilities afforded by the chartered banks to place their spare cash where it will be safe and always earning, while available at any time in case of emergency, should encourage every follower of the new fashion of thrift to open an account.

THE GOLDEN RULE.

Forms of it Occur in Greek and Roman Authors.

Five hundred years before Christ, writes J. A. S. Wilson in the Saturday Review, Confucius enunciated the Golden Rule "Do not unto others what you would not they should do unto you." The Chinese sage's maxim is similar to Hillel's: "What to thyself is hateful, to thy neighbor thou shalt not do" (Tobit iv., 15), and other forms of it occur in Greek and Roman authors.

But the Golden Rule of our Lord as given in the Gospel according to St. Matthew, vii., 12, is: "Therefore all things whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them." The latter rule is "positive," the other is "negative"; and, as the Right Rev. Charles Gore points out in his practical exposition of "The Sermon on the Mount," "One great superiority of our Lord over other teachers lies in the positive character of His teachings. His will is not simply that men should abstain from wrong-doing, but rather that they should be occupied in right-doing."

Kangaroos, of which there are fifty-six species, can sometimes leap as far as twenty feet. The male kangaroo stands from six to seven feet high.

Fresh from the Gardens of the finest Tea-producing country in the world.

"SALADA" TEA

Sealed Packets Only. BLACK GREEN or MIXED. Try it—it's delicious.

A PICTURESQUE VILLAIN.

Gilderoy was a "Bonny Boy" of Six Feet Ten Inches.

"Higher than Gilderoy's kite"—we have all heard the expression, but not many of us know who or what Gilderoy was.

"Gilderoy was a bonny boy, Had roses tull his shoone, His stockings were of silken soy, W' garters hanging doune."

The old Scotch balladist's description suggests, surely, a gay and harmless youth in all the bravery of his knotted garter ribbons and rosetted shoes, setting forth to court some pretty lassie; but the old-time ballad of broadsheet and itinerant singer too often corresponded to the blood-and-thunder dime novel of to-day in glorifying worthless criminals out of all knowledge.

The unpoeitized Gilderoy of fact was young, and dressed with gaudy richness; but he was a "bonny boy" of six feet ten in his stocking feet, a hulking giant with glittering eyes, a shock of black curls, and a scarred cheek. His strength was enormous, and when, after a series of brutal robberies and murders, he had been overpowered by a posse of soldiers, tried and condemned to death, it enabled him to break his bonds and escape to France.

He did not venture, in a new country, to resume his crimes of violence, but he devoted himself instead to thievery, and became before long the very king of cutpurses.

One day when the king and court with the great Cardinal Richelieu had gone in state to attend mass at St. Denis, the King's eye was caught by a towering stranger in magnificent attire, and caught at the moment the stranger's hand moving gently toward the unnoting cardinal's pocket and dexterously extracting his purse.

Moreover, at that instant the pickpocket lifted his eyes and met those of the king. Seizing his own chance, Gilderoy smiled and made a slight signal to the king to keep silence. Convinced that the theft was merely a friendly wager or jest, King Louis delightedly complied, and as soon as the service was ended approached Richelieu and inquired if he had perchance a purse of gold about him, as not having his own he desired to borrow a coin.

Richelieu immediately felt for his purse and discovered his loss; but the king's laughter was soon checked when he discovered that not only was the theft genuine, but the light-fingered dandy who had ventured to make a "pal" out of the king of France had not hesitated also to empty the royal pocket on his way out of the chapel.

"Which shows," commented a contemporary chronicler, "as indeed His Majesty with some shamefastness has admitted, that though all must laugh when he discovered that no man with a keen head for finance, and a hard debater, while his wit and repartee have enlivened many a meeting inside and outside the House."

Her Fate.

"Hullo, Binks, how are you getting on?" "Oh, I've just got married."

"That's good." "No, it's not. She's a regular Tartar." "That's bad." "No, it's not. She's got plenty of money."

"That's good." "No, it's not. She's awfully mean." "That's bad." "No, it's not, because she has to keep me, anyway." "That's good." "No, it's not. I'm half-starved." "That's rotten."

No Longer Exists.

The natural comment on this strange but veracious story would be that all was well that ended well, but, temporarily, the consequences are serious. Captain Belmont having been officially returned dead has no longer a civil existence. He has been wiped out of the book of living Frenchmen and can no longer give or receive or sign or buy or sell. He is excluded from society, and though he is alive and well, his wife is a widow, and if a child were born it would be a posthumous one. It will probably take months and cost no small sum for him to regain his place in the sun.

It's so Handy



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THE "DEAD" SOLDIER'S DOUBLE

FRENCH WIFE MOURNS GERMAN AS HUSBAND.

Captain Belmont of French Army No Longer Has Any Official Existence.

The following is a true story of one of the German methods of spying. Captain Belmont had been dangerously wounded in an action in the Champagne country, and was carried to a hospital in a little neighboring town, where he shortly died without regaining consciousness. On searching his pockets when he was admitted the authorities had found a letter addressed to his wife, with the note: "Please forward in case of dangerous wounding." The letter was sent, and Mrs. Belmont was able to reach the hospital from Paris before her husband was placed in his coffin. The nursing sister who had attended the captain received her and tried to break the news as gently as possible, but at the first words the widow understood and fell fainting into her arms. The sister, who knew that the dead man's face was fearfully mutilated, managed to persuade the wife not to insist on seeing her husband's features again, so as "to keep in her memory the face as she had last seen it."

Letter From Husband.

Mme. Belmont returned to Paris and shut herself up with her friend, declining the offer of her mother to go and stay with her. Three months passed, and then one morning the post brought a letter, dated on the envelope from a hospital, with the address in the writing of her husband. As if turned to stone she held the letter in her hands, gazing at it with fixed eyes and not daring to open it, and scarcely breathing in the mad conflict of feelings that overwhelmed her. Finally she drew out a letter, and as she read it line by line she fancied her reason was leaving her. There were only a few words, in a trembling hand, to say that her husband had been wounded in Champagne and sent to a hospital on the Normandy coast. He had hung on the edge of death for months, and it was only now that he was saved and had the strength to send her these few lines.

Truth Came Out.

The dates he gave of his wound and admission to the hospital corresponded with those given by the nursing sister, and the wife was left in a haze of doubt and mystery until she went to Normandy, and then the truth came out. There the captain told her that he had been left for dead on the field, and when he came to himself after many hours he found himself stripped of his uniform and cap, and a man dressed in his clothes was standing looking at him. Snatching his revolver, that had fallen by his side, the captain fired point blank in the face of the man who had robbed him, and remembered no more. It was whilst still unconscious that the ambulance men had found him, as well as the other man, and sent them to different hospitals.

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NEW BRUNSWICK TO ACT.

The Survey of Crown Lands to be Proceeded With.

The Government of New Brunswick has announced that in the near future it will appoint a provincial forester and proceed with the survey of Crown timber lands provided for in the Act of 1912. The Crown lands comprise an area of over ten thousand square miles, or approximately one-third the total area of the province. The proposed action is entirely logical, in view of the fact that the province derives an annual revenue of over half a million dollars from these lands. A careful stock-taking, together with a thorough and scientific investigation of the questions of reproduction and rate of growth, will be required to determine the means necessary for the perpetuation of the forest and of the revenues resulting from its exploitation.

Felt Acquainted With Her.

Mrs. Jones frequently amused her neighbors and friends by implying that she was acquainted with some of the most exclusive people, although her own social position was ordinary. One day she chanced to mention a certain most exclusive lady quite as if she had a calling acquaintance with her. "Do you know Mrs. G—?" asked the neighbor. "Well, not to say personally, but in a way, I feel acquainted with her—in a way. You see, we both get our milk off the same man."

Here's Why

PRESIDENT SUSPENDER

NONE SO EASY

NOTES AND COMMENTS

While Germany is doling out food under Government regulation and has cut heavily into meat rations to the civilian population, Russia alone has gathered a grain crop of two billion bushels. Even after allowing for the needs of its immense population, the Czar's empire will be able to export virtually half a billion bushels of grain to its allies in the west. The situation is significant from several points of view. It demonstrates, of course, that the spectre of starvation is not likely to swerve Russia from its course, and it calls attention to an immense advantage the Allies possess over the central empires, the advantage of easy access to food supply.

Official reports to the contrary notwithstanding, the Teutonic Empires cannot provide themselves with a bountiful food supply, and the very facts of Rumanian grain purchases and official supervision of food prove it. France, England and Italy are in a position to buy grain from Canada, Argentina, and the United States, and to have it delivered; but in view of the already enormous trade balance in favor of the western hemisphere, it is quite likely that sentiment and sound interest will unite to make Russia the preferred granary in their eyes. The more trade the Allies can give to one another, the better off that combination will be when war ends. Russia's excess of grain stored in the Black Sea region awaiting free transport to the Mediterranean thus becomes a great prize and a fresh incentive to the forces now attempting to capture the Dardanelles.

Many efforts have been made to coin a term sufficiently broad and comprehensive to be really descriptive of the conflict now raging openly in Europe and more or less covertly in every land and nation. In this war the mechanical ingenuity of man has been put forth as never before to maim and slay his fellows. In view of that outstanding fact David Lloyd George, the British minister of munitions, seems in the speech he made to the trade union convention at Bristol to have suggested a more comprehensive and descriptive term.

He told his hearers flatly that the mechanics of Britain would win or lose this war. "With you," he said, "victory is assured; without you our cause is lost." And it is easy to see why. With all their valor the soldiers in the field cannot prevail over their foes unless the mechanics in the workshops at home supply them with more tools and better than the foes are supplied with by their mechanics in the workshops at home.

Mechanical organization—workshop efficiency—must support military organization as never before. The side whose workshops are most efficient, since equal valor in the field may be assumed, will win the war. So let us call it by the name of the places where it will be finally lost and won. Let us call it "The War of the Workshops."

MORE PAY FOR SERVANTS.

Problem of Finding English Help Grows Daily.

Domestic servants can demand, and are obtaining more wages than before the war, as they are becoming increasingly difficult to find in London, England.

So many opportunities exist now for women to obtain work previously given to men that young women who were, or would have become, domestic servants, now seek less monotonous employment, with more free hours and more spare cash to spend.

The large majority of housewives, therefore, who were accustomed to have one or two servants, have now to pay wages of from \$100 to \$125, it is said at a West End registry office, in order to attract to their service girls who before the war would work for \$80 or \$100 a year.

Many curious advertisements appear in different journals which publish demands for women workers.

The old question, "What to do with our girls?" is quite dead, even with reference to the girls who have to turn out and earn a living without having any experience.

Any woman nowadays can get some kind of work if she wishes.

The war has effectively killed snobbery, and the girl who now cuts up the bacon in the provision shop may have received a better education and be of better birth than many of the customers she serves.

"Wanted, a vegetable maid, \$2.50 weekly and all found," is one advertisement recently noticed.

In this case the vegetable maid would be sufficiently better off than many girls in the City on a \$6.25 a week salary, with omnibus fares to pay and lunches out.

During the first three centuries of the English Parliament, all who served in it were paid. In the fifteenth century the amount was two shillings a day.

Tablecloths and sheets should be taken off the line before they are quite dry, then folded smoothly and laid on one side to be ironed the next day.

A motor-car fitted with a horn, which warned pedestrians of its approach by playing, "We won't go home till morning," was heard in London not long ago.

About the Household

Selected Dishes.

Currant Jelly Sauce.—Make sauce of three tablespoons browned butter, four tablespoons flour, one cup milk or brown stock, and one-fourth teaspoon salt. Add one-half cup currant jelly and one teaspoon lemon juice.

Toasted Corn.—After boiling new corn six minutes to insure partial cooking, remove to bread toaster and toast over hot coals or in broiler of gas oven until evenly browned. The delicious flavor imparted this way is worth the extra trouble.

Pineapple Pie.—Cream one-third cup butter with half a cup of sugar, add two cups grated pineapple which has been heated to the boiling point. Then add two beaten egg yolks mixed with half a cup of rich milk and one tablespoonful lemon juice and the grated pulp of a lemon. Fill pie, bake and cover with a meringue made of the whites of the eggs.

Vegetable Jardiniere.—For this dish use cauliflower, green string beans and carrots. Cook vegetables separately, seasoning each with butter, pepper and salt. Arrange on serving dish, with cauliflower in centre, carrot tubes at each end and beans at the corners. Pass platter, allowing each person to help himself to vegetables desired.

Duck Stuffed with Potato.—Choose young, fat duck, with webbing of feet soft. Dress, stuff and truss for roasting, as chicken. For potato stuffing, have ready two cups hot mashed potato, one-half cup salt pork cubes, two tablespoons onion, one teaspoon poultry seasoning, salt and pepper. Cook onion in pork until yellow; add remaining ingredients.

Apple Soup.—Wash, quarter and remove cores of six tart apples, but do not peel. Put into saucepan with two quarts water, one teaspoon salt and one-half cup rice. Cook until tender, rub through sieve and return to fire, with one-half teaspoon ground cinnamon and one-half cup finely chopped citron added and sugar to taste. May be served hot or ice cold.

Cornmeal Muffins.—Sift together a cup of cornmeal and a half cup of flour, a teaspoonful of baking powder and a half teaspoonful of salt; into a pint of milk whip three beaten eggs, a tablespoonful of melted butter and two tablespoonfuls of granulated sugar. Make a hole in the meal mixture and gradually pour the liquid into this, beating steadily. Beat hard for about five minutes, pour into greased and heated muffin-rings and bake in a gas oven.

Bread Sauce.—Put crumbs from a stale loaf into a saucepan containing one pint of water. Tie in a cloth a few peppercorns and one small onion and a blade of mace. Boil a few moments and then remove them. The sauce must be very smooth. Add a piece of butter and a little salt. Add before taking from the fire a spoonful of milk; this will give it a nice color. The sauce must not be too thick. Serve in a sauce boat.

Baked Omelet.—Heat 6 tablespoonfuls of milk and melt a small piece of butter in it. Do not let it boil. Take 6 eggs, beat the yolks with a teaspoonful of salt, a dash of pepper and a tablespoonful of oil. Stir into the hot milk, adding lastly the stiffly beaten whites and a little parsley. Pour into a well-buttered frying pan. Put into a hot oven. In a few minutes it will have risen, delicate brown. Slip on a platter, folding it in the middle.

Corn Omelet.—To 2 eggs, the yolks and whites of which have been beaten light and separately as usual, add the pulp from 2 ears of corn grated. Season with salt and pepper and add a little parsley if liked. Mix with 2 tablespoonfuls of water. Cook in a hot skillet in the usual way, fold, and serve on a buttered platter. Many variations may be played on this theme, just as with other omelets, using tomatoes, cheese, etc., if desired.

Hints for the Home.

Canned fruits make excellent puddings in winter.

To keep suet fresh, chop roughly and sprinkle with a little granulated sugar.

Add a little ammonia to the water in which you wash silver and glass-ware. It brightens both of them wonderfully.

Before baking apples make a small slit all the way round each with a knife. This will prevent their splitting when cooking.

When preparing rhubarb dip each stalk into boiling water. This will not injure it, and it will require less sugar in cooking.

To prevent blue from streaking clothes, mix one dessertspoonful of soda in the bluing water. Baking soda, of course.

Old brass may be cleaned to look like new by pouring strong ammonia on it and scrubbing with a brush. Rinse in clear water.

To get onion juice, slice off the root end and proceed to put half of the onion as you would half a lemon in the juice extractor.

If the stains on a dirty mackintosh will not come off with brushing take a raw potato, cut it in two, and rub the soiled parts with it.

Washing fabrics that are inclined to fade should be soaked and rinsed in very salt water to set the color before washing in suds.

To remove paint and varnish stains from woodwork, apply Javelle water

by means of a brush. Repeat if necessary and rub with a cloth.

When grease is spilt on the kitchen table or floor pour cold water on it at once to prevent it soaking into the wood. It will quickly harden and can be lifted with a knife.

To prevent the juice running out of a fruit pie make a roll of clean paper, hold it upright, and insert it through the crust. The steam then escapes, and the juice remains in the pie.

For white spots on furniture hold a hot stove lid over the spots and they will soon disappear. They can also be removed by applying spirits of camphor or ammonia.

The flavor of an apple pie may be improved by sprinkling the fruit with lemon juice after it is filled into the crust. Then cover with tiny pieces of butter, and add sugar and nutmeg or cinnamon.

Always scrub the way of the grain of the wood. Have plenty of clean warm water. Only scrub so far as the arm can reach at a time, then wash and dry that part. Change the water as soon as it is dirty. Do not use more water than is necessary to clean the boards. When scrubbed clean rub the boards well with a clean flannel wrung out of clean water, and then dry with a dry cloth, rubbing the way of the grain. After scrubbing wash the brush immediately and hang up to dry, so as to harden the fibres.

THE SUNDAY LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON. OCTOBER 10.

Lesson II.—Elijah Taken Up Into Heaven, 2 Kings 2. 1-12a. Golden Text: Psa. 16. 4-11.

1. Elisha Refuses to Leave Elijah (Verses 1-6).

Verses 1. When Jehovah would take up Elijah—The narrative of to-day's lesson was, of course, supplied by Elisha, as only he was present when Elijah was caught up in the chariot of fire.

From Gilgal.—Not the Gilgal of Josh. 4. 19; 5. 9, 10, but a place of the same name in the hill country of Ephraim, probably alluded to in Deut. 11. 30.

2. Tarry here—Elijah knew how hard the parting would be, so he wanted to spare Elisha as much pain as possible. He realized how much the last few moments in his presence would mean to Elisha, however, and so does not insist on making the younger man remain behind.

Jehovah hath sent me—The whole of the last journey of Elijah had been divinely pre-arranged. A fitting gift for such a man of God.

As Jehovah liveth, and as thy soul liveth, I will not leave thee.—See Judg. 8. 19; Ruth 3. 13; 1 Sam. 14. 39. Also 1 Sam. 1. 26; 17. 55; 20. 3; 25. 26; 2 Sam. 14. 19. "Elijah's master may be withdrawn from him; he will not be withdrawn from his Master."

3. Hold ye your peace—It would seem that others besides Elisha had intimations of Elijah's coming departure. But these others did not notice the prophet's solemn aim, nor, like Elisha, appreciate the full significance of the fact. So Elisha told them abruptly to hold their peace.

II. At the Jordan (Verses 7-12a).

7. Fifty Men—The life of a prophet was not secure under the reign of such kings as Ahab and his children. Men who were giving themselves up to the sacred calling seemingly bound themselves together in groups and far from the time being lived in retirement. Such bands are mentioned at other places also.

8. Wrapped it together—Made a sort of rod out of it, reminding one of Moses and his rod at the Nile (Exod. 7. 17, 20).

9. When they were gone over—In crossing the Jordan, Elijah stood again on the slopes of his native Gilead.

Before I am taken away—Elijah at last mentions the fateful event. A double portion—The birthright of the first-born (see Deut. 21. 17).

10. A hard thing—The Spirit of God was not in the power of Elijah to bestow. It must come from God himself. Elijah was careful to let Elisha know that only as he (Elisha) put himself in close touch with God could he come into possession of God's Spirit.

11. A chariot of fire and horses of fire—Compare 2 Kings 6. 17.

12. My father, my father—A title given by the younger prophets to the older prophets.

Humors of the Pulpit

The advice given by a famous parson that the three essentials of a good preacher were that he should "Stand up, speak up, and shut up" has become axiomatic.

Failure to act according to that advice had led to many humorous incidents, but for all that it is far from easy to follow such excellent counsel. There is not much difficulty in standing up, but many preachers, particularly at first, find that speaking up requires a considerable amount not only of assurance but of knowledge of the subject. As for shutting up—well, that is a sheer impossibility to that rather large class of preachers who are either so earnest that they lose all sense of time and proportion, or are "inebriated with the exuberance of their own verbosity."

One of the classical stories concerning the long-winded type is that of the preacher who was holding forth at interminable length on the major and minor prophets. "And now, brethren," he said, after an hour, and a half or so. "We come to Habakkuk. What place shall we give to Habakkuk?"

"Habakkuk can have my place," called out a man at the back, as he rose and left the church. The speaker, who is necessary to the man who wants to speak up. Lack of that quality, it has been alleged, was the secret of the ill-success of the local preacher who tried to begin a sermon on Zacheus, who, it will be remembered, climbed a tree to see Jesus pass. Vain was the preacher's efforts to collect his scattered thoughts, but out of his confusion came a statement of stature, but he wasn't as little as I feel myself to be now; he was up a tree, and so am I; and he made haste and came down, which is just what I shall do myself." The preacher suited the deed to the words forthwith.

Pulpit and pew have a humor all their own, and often enough it is at each other's expense that the jokes are made. In the sense of a famous prize-fighter turned evangelist the pulpit had the best of it. The former boxing friends of the revivalist were unnecessarily annoyed because he had cast off his old-time habits, and one day they decided to spoil his meeting. So a row of them took their seats immediately below his rostrum, which was quite a small affair, bearing a particularly heavy Bible. From the outset they interrupted frequently, despite their quondam boxer's earnest appeals for better treatment. At last the old Adam rose in the preacher, and he issued not an appeal, but a warning. "If the men just below the pulpit did not behave themselves he would have to make them do so," he said. The interruption proceeded. Then something happened. "If the brethren will not heed the Word," said the preacher, "they shall feel it." And lifting the big Bible in that powerful

right hand which laid many opponents low, he leaned over his rostrum and swept three of his hearers out of their seats. Thereafter the sermon went on in quietness.

In Disagreement.

The story that used to be told about Bishop Bloomfield is one illustrating a "score" by the pew against the pulpit. When he was a rector Bloomfield went to preach at a neighboring village, and forgot to take his sermon with him. It was too late to return, and so, for the first and only time in his life, he preached extempore, taking for his text the words, "The fool hath said in his heart there is no God." Anxious to know how he succeeded, he asked one of the congregation on coming out how he liked the sermon. "Well, Mr. Bloomfield," replied the man, "I liked the sermon well enough. But I can't say that I agree with you. I believe there is a God."

Of witty sayings attributed to gentlemen of the cloth the list is endless. Possibly some of them are too good to be true, and others too bad. A High Church clergyman, writing to the famous Dr. James Freeman Clarke, dated his letter "Candlemas Day," whereupon Dr. Clarke, with a rare sense of fitness of things, dated his reply "Washing Day."

Dr. South was a witty divine of the time of Charles II. A young curate once complained to him that he had received only £5 for preaching a sermon at Oxford. "Five pounds!" exclaimed the doctor, "why, I wouldn't have preached that sermon for £50!" It is not said whether the curate appreciated the keen satire.

A Shrewd Proof.

The people of a certain parish were not less shrewdly reproved by the clergyman who, at the close of the sermon one day, announced to his congregation that in the course of the coming week he expected to go on a mission to the heathen. His parishioners crowded round him, reproaching him for having kept his intended departure a secret till the last minute, begging him not to go, and asking him what they should do when he had gone abroad.

"Oh," said he, "you will see as much of me as ever; I do not expect it will be necessary for me to go beyond the boundaries of the parish."

We have already mentioned the cutting wit of Dr. South, and another story of that cleric, who must have been capital company, comes to mind. On one occasion when South was preaching before Charles II. and his profligate Court he soon perceived that his reluctant congregation was asleep. He stopped short in his harangue, and, changing his tone, he called out to Lord Lauderdale three times. His lordship stood up.

"My lord," said South with inimitable dignity, "I am sorry to interrupt your repose, but I must beg of you that you will not snore quite so loudly lest you awake His Majesty."

Sidney Smith.

Many are the good stories of the

The Treasures of Darkness

Everything Is Not Misfortune Because It Comes to Us With a Frown.

"Tribulation worketh patience; and patience, experience; and experience hope."—Rom. 5. 3.

Who would have imagined that hope would be the child of tribulation? But, then, who would have dreamed that the beautiful yellow pond-lily would have been born and nourished in its slimy ooze? Who would have thought that from coal-tar we could extract colors whose brilliance would make Solomon's glory seem dim.

Who would have thought that from this same coal-tar, with its oppressive smell, we should derive some of our most delicate and exquisite perfumes? In coal-tar we can find the beauties of the dawn and the scent of the new-mown hay! And in tribulation we can find the strong grace of patience and the radiant grace of hope.

There is no dark experience from which we cannot obtain the stuff of noble character. We can make the apparently unfortunates of our life pay homage to our souls. "The clouds that ye so much dread are big with blessing." A gracious gift can come to us in a gay and tinted envelope, but it can also come to us in an envelope

with a black border. And therefore it is part of the ministry of believers in Christ Jesus to show to the world what benediction may hide in dark things. We are to be experts in growing lilies of peace in most unlikely places, and in deriving lovelier tints for the affections in the gloomy experiences of disappointment and apparent defeat. We are to make manifest that "the things what happened to us turned out to be the furtherance of the Gospel."

Now graces, like diamonds, resting on dark velvet shine most resplendently against a foil of gloomy experience. It is so with peace in the midst of tribulations, it is so with hope in the time of general fainting, it is so with the joy of the Lord in the dark and cloudy day. When "the noisome thing brings forth perfume the scent is felt to be of a superlative kind. In Christ Jesus we are made competent to give this witness before the world. It is the promise of His word:—"All things work together for good to them that love God." Yes, even the dark things become the ground-bed of everlasting flowers. "Tribulation worketh patience and patience hope."—Rev. J. H. Jowett, D.D.

From the Ocean Shore

BITS OF NEWS FROM THE MARITIME PROVINCES.

Items of Interest From Places Lapped By Waves of the Atlantic.

Fredericton has nightly recruiting meetings in the open air. Pocket peddling of liquor is frequent on Sundays in St. John. About 700 families in St. John are assisted from the Patriotic Fund.

Ross Wheaton was electrocuted while at work at the Halifax terminals. The Nova Scotia steel plant at Trenton, C. B., is working night and day.

The war tax has cost the St. John branch of the Patriotic Fund \$40 a month. A baby was born to a Fredericton woman in an auto on the street at night.

New Glasgow, N. S., with a population of 12,000 had but five deaths in July. Sydney has supplied 672 recruits to the army out of 2,200 from Cape Breton.

The Union of Nova Scotia Municipalities has decided to meet next in Halifax. Mrs. James Russell of Lower Newcastle, is dead; she lived 86 years in Miramichi.

About 1,750 coal miners of Nova Scotia have enlisted in the Canadian war forces. The store of Hurlbut Bros., Hartford, N.S., was destroyed by fire and the house adjoining.

Fire did \$10,000 damage to Hillcrest Apartments at Halifax, burning out five families. F. L. Potts, of St. John, is the new president of the Union of New Brunswick municipalities.

New Brunswick, according to population, has contributed 40 cents a head to the Patriotic Fund. Another party of Scottish settlers is on the way to Fredericton to take up land in New Brunswick.

Igonish and Victoria County fishermen have been shipping swordfish to Boston at 4½ cents a pound. Vandals did much damage to the old Government House at Fredericton; it was wanted mischief.

The I.O.F. in St. John and Fairville will give a field kitchen to the 26th New Brunswick Battalion. Lumbering on the St. John River shows about the results of last year, about 56,000,000 superficial feet.

J. A. Gillis, of Redbank, N.B., shot a young man for stealing beer from his shop; the victim will recover. Austen Kane, Dartmouth's hockey player, reported killed in France, is in training as an aviator in England. For allowing a drunken man in his saloon and threatening a policeman, Wm. O'Keefe, of St. John, was fined \$130.

Halifax was surprised at its August gale when 3½ inches of rain fell in nine hours with a 40-mile-an-hour wind.



SMART SIMPLICITY FOR SCHOOL.

With the opening school days, the young ladies will all have to be provided with suitable clothes for the Fall semester. The Ladies' Home Journal patterns shown herewith are excellent for the purpose. Pattern No. 8804 is a Ladies' and Misses' Single-breasted Box-coat, having a notch collar, full-length sleeves with turn-back cuffs, and is made with or without patch pockets. Sizes 32 to 42, 36 requiring 2½ yards of 42-inch material. The Skirt to go with it, No. 8938, is made in three gorges, opening in front and having slightly raised waistline and with or without the

pockets and cuffs at lower edge. Sizes 14, 16, 18 and 20, size 18 requiring 3½ yards 42-inch material. The other pattern, No. 8899, in a Misses' Dress opening in the front and consisting of a blouse in shallow yoke effect, standing collar, which may be worn high or turned down, full-length sleeves, with shaped trimmings, and a three-piece crenular skirt. Sizes 16, 17, 18, size 18 requiring 5½ yards 36-inch material with ¾ yard 36-inch contrasting goods.

Patterns, 15 cents each, can be obtained at your local Ladies' Home Journal dealer, or from the Home Pattern Company, 185-A George St., Toronto, Ontario.

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Concerning the NEW FALL STYLES

Three Reasons Why the Real Smart Dressers Come to This Store

- (1) They are sure of getting the very latest.
- (2) They are sure of getting it at the very lowest price possible.
- (3) They are sure of individuality, of someone else in town not having the same as theirs.



The Very Latest in Millinery

A walk through our showroom will reveal to you what is being worn in hats in all the larger cities. Never have we had such good style and such a variety to choose from. When you are up town call in. It is a pleasure to have you. We keep adding new hats to our showing.

Are Your Feet

headed this way? Just out. Handsome new ideas in FOOTWEAR, ready here.

We are ready with all the new ideas in Fine Footwear for autumn for men, women and children.

A Few Moments

spent in looking through our stock of New Fall Clothes for Men and Young Men and Boys will put you in touch with the greatest collection of smart styles to be seen anywhere.

E. MAYHEW & CO.

APPIN LUMBER YARD

We handle everything in the building line, including lumber, lath, shingles, lime, Pedlar roofing and siding, also fence posts and Beaver Board.

Contracts made for building. Quality first. Get our prices.

W. R. STEPHENSON
APPIN, ONT.

COAL!

Now is the time to get your bin filled with

Screened D. & H.

SCRANTON COAL

It satisfies. Prompt delivery

ALSO GOOD HARD WOOD

G. A. McALPINE

Flour & Feed Phone 8

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

THANKSGIVING DAY SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

Good going October 11th, 1915. Valid for return date of issue only.

First Class Fare and One Third Good going October 9, 10 and 11, 1915. Valid for return until October 12, 1915. Return tickets will be issued between all stations in Canada east of Fort Arthur and to Detroit and Port Huron, Mich., Buffalo, Black Rock, Niagara Falls and Suspension Bridge, N. Y.

Panama Pacific Exposition Reduced fares to San Francisco, Los Angeles and San Diego.

Tickets and further information on application to Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Thanksgiving Day Excursion Fares

Between all stations in Canada, Fort William and East, and to South Ste. Marie, Detroit, Mich., Buffalo and Niagara Falls, N. Y.

Single Fare, good going Monday, October 11th; return limit Monday, October 11th, 1915. Minimum charge 25 cents. Fare and One-Third, good going October 9th, 10th and 11th; return limit Tuesday, October 12th, 1915. Minimum charge 25 cents.

Apply to any C. P. R. Ticket Agent for particulars, or write Wm. FULTON, M. G. MURPHY, Asst. Dist. Pass. Agt., Dist. Pass. Agt., Toronto Cor. King & Yonge Sts., Toronto

Real Smart Young Men's Suits at \$12, \$15 and \$18.50.

We Invite You to Visit This Store and see the fine display of Ladies' and Children's Coats

Stunning in style and very moderately priced.

Why Not Compare Prices?

Then you would do your Fall Shopping here.

Every Department a Record-breaker for Bargains.

Newbury

As the song says, "Are we down-hearted?" the echo comes back, "No." On Friday morning when the eyes of this community opened on a rainy day, the store of pluck and courage had to be drawn upon. The school fair was on, and all the previous day preparations had been made. Nothing daunted, wagons and express wagons and wheelbarrows were busy conveying the exhibits into their several positions. The large tent was well filled with an excellent display of potatoes, corn, pumpkins, etc., flowers, fancy work, collections of wood and penmanship, canned beets, and so many, many fine exhibits space would not permit nor could pen do it all justice in description. Outside the tent the collection of chickens was equal to any big fair, and the calves were good also. Owing to the rain the coats were not brought out. Rev. B. Snell, as judge of the chickens, took out prizes, giving the pupils much commendation. All athletic sports were called off. But the few friends who braved the downpour, and the children, with their energetic teachers, were all sorts of credit for the excellent fair, the weather being beyond local arrangements. A splendid concert was put on in the town hall in the evening by George B. Johnson and Mrs. (Dr.) Bell, of Chatham, and local talent.

A quiet wedding took place at the residence of John A. Robinson on Monday evening when his sister Estelle, of Detroit, and Russell Jeffrey were married. Mr. and Mrs. Jeffrey will live on their farm on the Fansher road.

Pre. Atfield, of the 33rd, spent the week-end in town.

D. J. Batsner, wife and son Graydon left for Cincinnati on Thursday last in their automobile.

Rev. Mr. Williams, of Alvinston, occupied the pulpit in Christ church on Sunday afternoon.

Miss Mildred Pryne left for her home in Brussels on Tuesday after an extended visit with her sister, Mrs. F. Robinson.

Wm. J. Armstrong and Finlay McRae spent the week-end in Detroit.

A peculiar thing happened recently at the Cashmere school, where Miss Ruth Hammett is teaching. A large bird flew against the building and fell dead on the ground. The bird proved to be a partridge.

Richard Gay and wife, of London, visited his brother, John Gay, last week.

Friends here will sympathize with Mrs. J. G. Bayne in the death of her father, the late Alex. Cameron. Deceased was known to many and was highly respected.

On Sunday, Oct. 10th, Knox church will hold their anniversary services at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Rev. J. Tolmie, of Detroit, will preach at both services. On Monday (Thanksgiving evening) a hot fowl supper in the basement and concert in the town hall.

Posters are out with full particulars. Mrs. MacElliott paid Dr. and Mrs. McVicar a farewell visit at "Ingleside" last week. Mr. Elliott and family are moving from Dorchester to Edmonton.

Mr. and Mrs. Sparling Clarke, of Melbourne, spent the week-end with her aunt, Mrs. B. T. Jeffery.

The Ladies' Aid of the Methodist church intend having a bazaar and concert on Oct. 15th in connection with the anniversary services on Oct. 17 at which Rev. Mr. Agnew, of Mt. Brydges, will preach morning and evening. Posters will soon be out.

Miss Alma Badgley, of Moosejaw, Sask., visited Miss Ella Jeffery on Saturday.

Miss Viola Kennedy and Miss Bernadette Walters, of Detroit, have returned home after spending their vacation with Miss Ella Jeffery and friends here.

Miss Mary Batsner returned from a pleasant visit with Windsor friends on Tuesday.

The Newbury Women's Institute will hold its next monthly meeting on Wednesday, Oct. 13th, at 2.30 p. m., at the home of Mrs. Dan King. A full attendance is requested.

Do not forget Presbyterian anniversary services, Newbury, Sunday, Oct. 10th, Rev. J. C. Tolmie, of Windsor, will preach at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m.

STRATHBURN.

Miss Ethel Simpson, who has been spending a couple of weeks at Dutton, Wallace town and Tyrconnell, returned home on Sunday.

James Thomas, of Detroit, spent the past week with his niece, Mrs. Nat. Currie.

Corp. Harry Halstone, of the 70th Battalion, London, spent Sunday with friends at Strathburn.

If Miller's Worm Powders needed the support of testimonials they could be got by the thousands from mothers who know the great virtue of this excellent medicine. But the powders will speak for themselves and in such a way that there can be no question of them. They act speedily and thoroughly, and the child to whom they are administered will show improvement from the first dose.

Appin

Mrs. Young and niece, of Toledo, Ohio, are visiting at the home of Mrs. Young's father, George Scates.

D. L. McIntyre shipped a carload of cattle to Toronto on Saturday.

Mrs. Patterson and daughters are moving into Appin.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. English, of Hamilton, have returned home after attending at the deathbed and funeral of Mr. English's mother.

Mrs. M. R. Brown has gone to Brownsville, where her mother is very ill.

Lance Banks has been on the sick list for the past week.

Valter Harris, who has been with W. R. Stephenson, has left for his home.

Ladies' Patriotic Fund. Last report acknowledged \$944 74 Interest 4 24 Net proceeds of lawn fete 213 02 From booth, fair day 29 00 From tags, fair day 75 24 Total amount raised \$1266 84

Means Big New Auto Plant at Flint

New Chevrolet Company is Incorporated for Twenty Million Dollars.

Their Headquarters and Principal Factory to be Located in Michigan City.

Flint, Mich., Sept. 30.—Announcement that Flint is to be the home of another large automobile corporation was made in telegrams received here from New York last evening.

William C. Durant, promoter of automobile industries, who formerly lived here and established in Flint the Buick Motor Co.'s mammoth plant which is the nucleus of the General Motors Corporation, engineered the new deal—the organization of the Chevrolet Motor Co. of Delaware, a \$20,000,000 corporation which was incorporated Tuesday.

The new concern has for its purpose the manufacture and distribution of Chevrolet automobiles. The company's main plant is located in Flint.

More than a month ago it was announced that the principal parts of the cars here and ship them to assembling plants in various parts of the country. Assembling plants are already located at Troy, N. Y., New York City and Toronto, Ont., and others are to be established at once in St. Louis and Oakland, Cal.

It is stated that in addition to large plant additions to increase the output of parts there will be a large new assembling plant begun in Flint at once. Rumors of the enlargement of the Chevrolet plant have been current here for months and it is known that the Chevrolet company has taken options on many blocks of city property surrounding its present plant.

Since the recent big dividend declared in General Motors stock in New York and the big flurry in Wall street, with General Motors stock being boosted in price daily, rumors were current here of the merging of a number of Flint plants. This rumor was given impetus when it became known that W. C. Durant and his friends had acquired "much General Motors stock. These rumors were dispelled yesterday, however, when a telegram sent to A. B. C. Hardy, general manager of the Chevrolet company, by Mr. Durant, was made public.

The telegram follows: "There is not enough money in this country to buy Chevrolet or Consolidated Chevrolet, or take from our little crowd control of Chevrolet. The Chevrolet is my newest, latest and best-prized baby, dedicated to and controlled by the men who built it up against terrific odds."

One of the eastern capitalists who figured most prominently with W. C. Durant in bringing about the organization of the new concern is Louis G. Kaufman, president of the Chatham and Phoenix National Bank of New York. Kaufman formerly lived in Marquette, Mich.

School Reports. S. S. No. 8, Ekfrid.

Report of S. S. No. 8, Ekfrid, for September:—

Class IV.—Clarence Uryhart 49, Alex McRae 47, Neil Hyndman 23, Class III.—Anna B. McRae 34, Geo. Coulthard 38, A. D. Duncanson 32, Mildred Dobie 202.

Class II.—Catharine Duncanson 43, Stanley Hyndman 39, Florence Reeves 38, Philip McRae 34, Evelyn Poole 216, Barbara McRae (absent).

Part II.—Gladys McEachren 283, Flora McRae 281, Percy Reeves 242, Mac McRae 243, William Treastain 173, Jessie Allan 165.

Primer—(a) Jim Coad; (b) John Allan, Ross Allan. Teacher—B. B. OLIVER.

S. S. No. 3, Mosa.

The following is the report of exams held in S. S. No. 3, Mosa, during the month of September. The figures show the average percentage obtained by the pupil, a means absent for 1 exam, x means perfect in attendance:—

Sr. IV.—Lawrence Harvey 92, Tom Simpson 77, Rosella Wright 69.

Jr. IV.—Frank Brown 81, x Florence Simpson 70, x Annie Wakefield 69, Verna Waterworth 41.

Sr. III.—Lloyd Simpson 95, x Fred Whitfield 87, Walter Whitfield 83, Allan McDonald 57.

Jr. III.—Raymond James 72, x Hugh Whitfield 65, Cecil Moore 49, Conny Moore 30.

Sr. II.—a Norman Winger 86, Elliot Whitlock 78, Wm. Whitlock 70, John McDonald 30.

Jr. II.—x Roy Whitfield 85, a Nelson Whitlock 81, x Alice Harvey 80, 1—x Edith Lumley 93, Blanche Whitlock 83.

Primer—(a) Richard Fry 100, Margaret McDonald 90, Glen Wright 80; (b) Donnie Coyne 100, Marion Grover 100, Jean Moore 100, x Frank Walker 100, Earl Harvey 80, Helen Whitlock 30, Lewis Moore 30, x Willard Edwards 20; (c) x Ross Edwards 100.

No. on roll 36, average attendance 32. WARD LEITCH, Teacher.

S. S. No. 11, Aldborough.

Report of S. S. No. 11, Aldborough, for September. Subjects, Reading and Spelling. Average per cent. given, a means missed exam.—

Fourth—Jean McRae 91, Bessie Blain 89, Eva Downie 89, Muriel McIntosh 87, Clayton Liddle 84, Emerson King 82, Agnes Campbell 70, Myrtle Downie 78, James O'Hara 77, Ray Downie 68, Albert Downie 70, a Elsie Sutton 57.

Third—John McLean 91, Mary Winger 88, Florence Blain 85, Sadie Geary 84, Blanche Geary 82, Norman Sutton 81, Douglas Stricker 79, Percy Winger 76, Grace Stricker 57, a Sanford Gardiner.

Primer—Annie McLean, Rhea McRae, Orval Pickering, Norman Geary, Gladys McMaster. L. C. McMAHON, Teacher.

Holloway's Corp Cure destroys all kinds of corns and warts, root and branch. Who, then, would endure them with such a cheap and effectual remedy within reach?

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

CAPITAL PAID UP - \$ 11,560,000
RESERVE FUND - \$ 12,560,000
TOTAL ASSETS - \$187,000,000

Savings Department—Interest allowed on deposits of one dollar and upward and credited to accounts half yearly.

Farmers' business solicited. Loans made to responsible farmers for the purchase of cattle, etc. Sale notes cashed or collected.

Glencoe Branch - E. M. DOULL, Manager

MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Established 1863 Head Office, Montreal
Capital, paid up \$7,000,000 Reserve Fund \$7,248,134

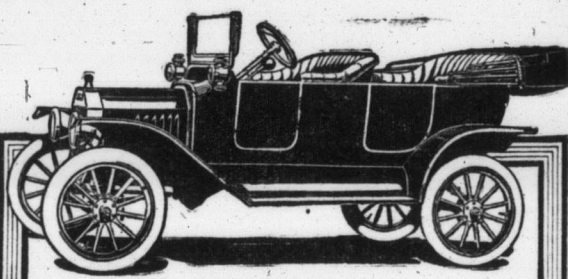
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

We give special attention to Savings Accounts. One dollar only is necessary to open an account. Interest allowed at highest bank rate, and added twice a year without application or presentation of pass-book. No delay in withdrawals. Two or more persons may open a Joint Account, and either party can withdraw money.

FARMERS' BUSINESS

Money advanced to Farmers at Reasonable Rates. Sales Notes handled on most favorable terms.

J. A. McKELLAR, Manager GLENCOE BRANCH



"MADE IN CANADA"

Ford Touring Car
Price \$530

Ford Runabout
Price \$480

Ford Town Car
Price \$780

The above prices f.o.b. Ford, Ont., effective Aug. 2, 1915. No speculation in this year's equipment, otherwise cars fully equipped. Cars on display and sale at

ALEX. DUNCANSON'S - GLENCOE



BEFORE DECIDING ON A CAR SEE THE

OVERLAND

MANY REASONS WHY

It has the reputation for being the most reliable car.

It has all the latest improvements.

It is easy to handle.

It is easy on gasoline.

It is easy on oil.

It is an easy riding car.

1916 Model, 5-Passenger, 35-Horsepower Touring Car, reduced from \$1,275 to \$1,050.

FOR DEMONSTRATION APPLY

S. HUMPHRIES, GLENCOE

Agent for Mosa, Ekfrid, Euphemia and Zone

The Transcript.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1915.

Wardsville

Wardsville, Oct. 5.—T. English is visiting his sister, Mrs. H. Carson, at Waterdown.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Humphrey have returned home after spending a few weeks in Detroit.

Mrs. C. Wilson is visiting her sister, Mrs. F. Smith, at Arner.

Mrs. M. O'Hara, of Port Lambton, spent last week with friends in town.

Mrs. (Dr.) B. E. Wilson and family have returned to London after spending the summer here.

Mrs. M. Elliott and children, who have been visiting Mrs. Elliott's mother here, left for their home in Edmonton on Monday.

C. Banning, of Detroit, is renewing old acquaintances in town.

Miss D. Edington returned to her home in Woodstock on Thursday after visiting her sister, Mrs. B. Snell, for two weeks.

Mrs. A. Nevills and baby girl and Mrs. Root, of Windsor, are visiting Mrs. J. Humphrey.

Mrs. Aitchison and Miss Bessie Reilly are visiting friends in Windsor.

A TIME FOR EVERYTHING.—The time for Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is when group symptoms appear in the children: when rheumatic pains beset the old; when lumbago, asthma, coughs, colds, catarrh or earache attack either young or old; when burns, scalds, abrasions, contusions or sprains come to any member of the family. In any of these ailments it will give relief and work a cure.

MOSA.

John Mitchell's fine driver has been afflicted with paralysis of the brain, but is recovering.

Mr. and Mrs. James intend moving to Appin soon.

At Glencoe Fair No. 9 school, taught by Miss Emery, took first prize in fruit and vegetables.

Mr. and Mrs. Dillon motored from Detroit to J. E. Corbett's.

Mr. Emery has returned to Stratford.

Miss Emery spent the week-end at Riverview Farm.

Melbourne

Melbourne, Oct. 4.—Everything is in shape for the big fair on Wednesday. A number of race horses are already quartered at the stables and entries are coming in larger than ever before. If good weather permits, some fair will be the result.

Miss Lillie Collier is confined to her bed with a severe cold.

John Acton and family moved to St. Thomas on Saturday, where he has proceeded a job with a firm manufacturing ammunition.

Lieutenant Moncrieff, of the 70th Batt., London, is visiting in town for a few days.

Anniversary services will be conducted in the Methodist church next Sunday.

H. D. Mackenzie, of this place, won second prize at the Mt. Brydges fair on Friday with his fine carriage horse.

Fall Fair Dates.

Alvinston..... Oct. 7 and 8
Blenheim..... Oct. 7 and 8
Delaware..... Oct. 13
Florence..... Oct. 11 and 12
Leamington..... Oct. 6-8
Ridgetown..... Oct. 11-13

We carry a Full Line of

Tin, Enamel and Galvanized Ware, Sinks, Bathtubs, etc.

Plumbing, Furnace-work, Roofing, Eavtroughing, Repairing, etc., done by a Practical Mechanic.

J. M. Anderson

Tinsmith Plumber

Important Notice.

At November 1st next all Transcript subscriptions then two years or more in arrears will be cancelled, and the accounts for same will pass into other hands for collection, with interest and costs of collection to be added.

With war rates prevailing for everything necessary for newspaper production, subscriptions MUST be paid promptly or cease.

Look at your label: it costs us too much to be continually mailing accounts.

Business and Shorthand

Westervelt School

Y. M. C. A. Building

London, Ontario

College in Session Sept. 1st to July

Catalogue Free. Enter any time

J. W. Westervelt, Principal