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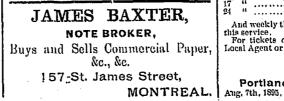
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907

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-LATE advices from the Fraser Rivesay the run of salmon has been good, and even better than was anticipated, as this is considered one of the "off" years. There is an immense hay crop in British Columbia, which is being well saved. The early varieties of grain are being cut at the Experimental farm at Agassiz, and the crop promises well. The weather has been, and

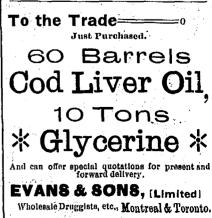
THE New Zealand Government has granted an annual subsidy of \$100,000 to the Pacific steamers for calling on both inward and outward voyages, and Canada will carry the New Zealand mails across the continent free of charge.

-IT is currently reported in Ottawa that Mr. John Lowe, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, who is at present in Manitoba, will be superannuated on his return, and that he will be succeeded by Mr. H. H. Smith, Commissioner of Dominion Lands

-THE Western Loan and Trust Company of Winnipeg has been incorporated under the acts of British Columbia.

-- THE Wholesale Baker's Association of New York City has raised the price of bread one cent a loaf.

-THE great Chicago drainage canal, when completed, will take away from the lake six hundred thousand cubic feet of water per minute, and will seriously interfere with navigation on the St. Law-







-TRE first sample of Manitoba wheat brought to Winnipeg weighs sixty-four pounds to the measured bushel. That is a fifteenth more than the standard, and means that the best price going will be paid for it in the world's market.

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---ANOTHER effort is to be made by the Scotch breeders to obtain the removal of the embargo on Canadian cattle. It is proposed that the British Government should remove the restriction until Christmas, so as to test the matter.

-THE New York Central Railway Company is trying to obtain an option upon the Thousand Island Park, included within the limits of the present park, and to purchase it at once. The rail-

-WALDRON, DROUIN & Co., Montreal, have just received a large range of the newest styles of Hats for the Fall trade.

way company has made a formal proposition, and it will be considered by the trustees in the near future.

-ERRATUM.--In the article, "Canada Under Protection," published in our impression of the 9th inst., the word "colonization" on page 256, left hand column, twelfth line from top, should read "canonization."

-THE propeller Bannockburn brought into. Kingston this week the largest quantity of grain that has ever been unloaded at that port. She had in tow the barques Winnipeg, Dunmore and Selkirk, loaded with grain and flour, which figured into wheat, meant nearly 250,000 bushels.

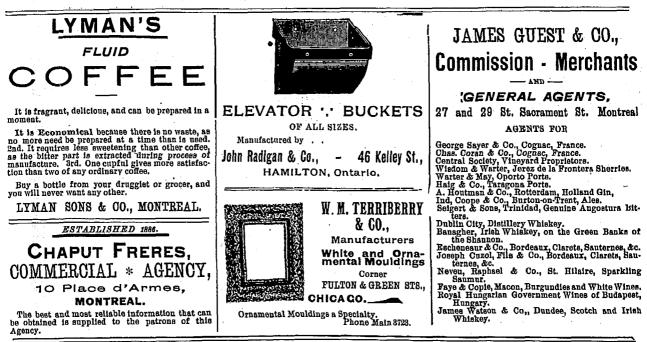
-IN the newest colors for Fall-Gold Brown, Seal Brown Coffee, and all the leading colors.-Waldron, Drouin & Co.'s (Montreal) stock is full.







THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.



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also an amount that has never been paralelled in the history of finance. The figures are colossal, and stated, as they are, in francs, they are beyond the grasp of the average mind. The total is \$660,000,000, of which \$410,000,000 is in gold.

-THE farmers in Prince Edward Island are reported satisfied with the prospects. Hay is a little short, especially that on the uplands. The early part of the season was dry. Oats will be a heavy crop and there should be plenty to ship. Other varieties of grain look well. The potato crop will be large, notwithstand-

--First come, first served, is the motto of Waldron, Drouin & Co., Montreal.

ing the bugs which the farmers had to fight for a time. Other cereals promise a good average yield.

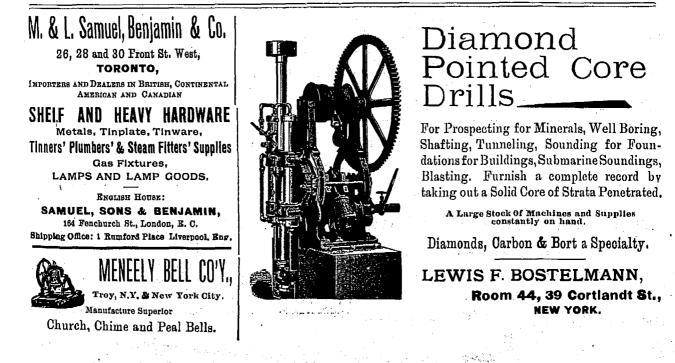
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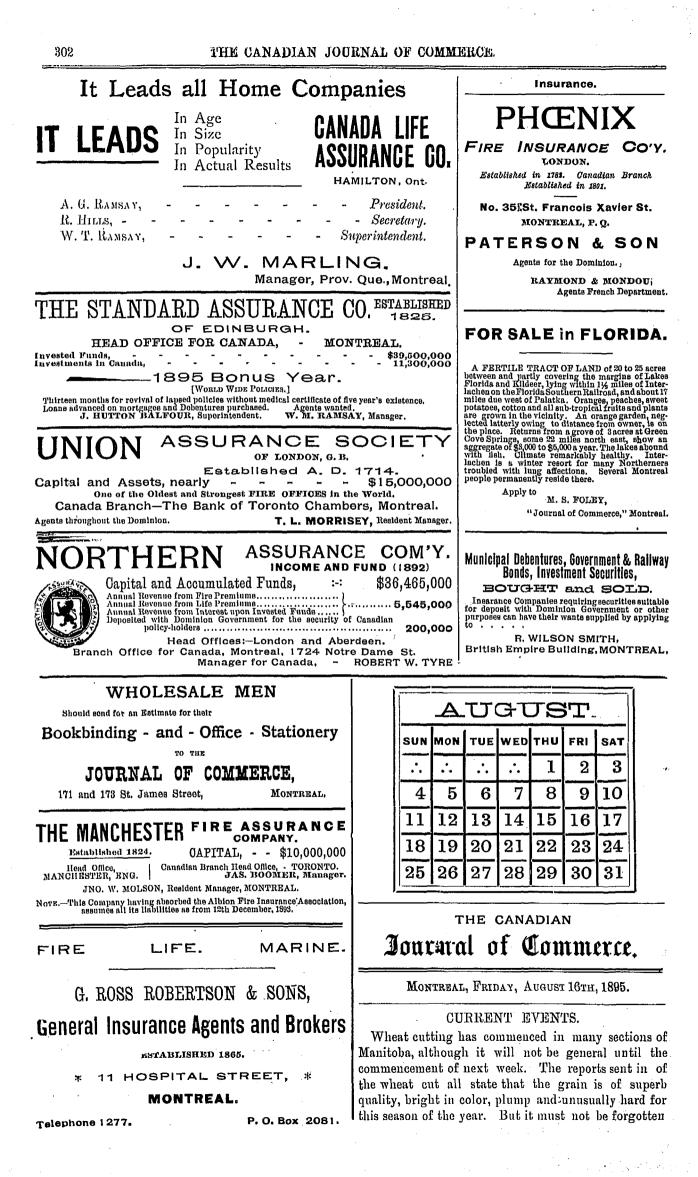
-THERE is a sound moral to be drawn from the fact that one great life insurance company paid during 1894 nearly 300 claims on men who had been insured inside of the year. These men had passed a strict medical examination, and had the prospect of long life, but they died less than a year afterward.

-INTENTIONAL injuries inflicted by another are now generally recognized by the courts as within the purview of an accident policy on the ground that they are accidental in so far as the insured is concerned. But a provision especially exempting such intentional injuries will be effective in its object, according to a decision of the Kentucky Court of Appeals.

-IT is stated that samples of a giant species of corn, unknown in North America, have been obtained from Peru by the U. S. Department of Agriculture, and it is believed that the plant may be turned to valuable account, which is altogether likely if reports do not err respecting its size and prolific quality. The grains are described as four times the size of ordinary maize, and the ears are of proportionate dimensions.

-THE New Stiff Hats are selling freely. Feodoras still maintain their popularity.-Waldron, Drouin & Co, Montreal.

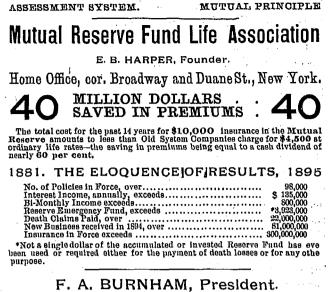




that these are the harvest of a few selected fields, and not the general crop of the country. One of the banks in Winnipeg received reports from 32 of its agents as to the time set for the beginning of harvest. Only one report fixed the present week, thirty placed it between the 18th and the 25th, and one as late as the first of September. At present the weather is said to be just what is required to push the grain on. Hot ripening days and cool hardening nights are helping forward the harvest. But it is probably safe to say that it will be from a week to a fortnight yet before the harvest is in full swing. As it is the rule in Manitoba to sow oats next after wheat and barley after oats, a good deal of the oat crop is even later than wheat in ripening and much of the barley is not materially earlier.

It has been decided by the Ontario government to lease the binder-twine factory at the Central Prison under certain well-defined restrictions, to a private company, and tenders for its operation will be called for towards the close of next week. This is not on account of any loss in running the factory, which is stated to have shown a fair profit, but because, now that the experiment has proved successful, it is deemed better that the government should not appear to enter into competition with private enterprise. Among the conditions that will be imposed upon the successful tenderers for the factory will be an obligation to sell the twine within a fixed limit of the cost of the fibre. They will be called upon to manufacture it on the piece price plan, the prisoners will be under the sole control of the prison authorities, and the contractor will supply the raw material and any expert labor required. Should none of the tenders be satisfactory the Ontario government will continue to operate the factory as at present.

The complaint is often made in times of reviving prosperity like the present that, while the prices of all other commodities are going up, that of labor remains stationary. To a certain extent this is correct. But only to a certain extent. Wheat, wool, cotton, hides and certain other raw materials have advanced in value it is true ; but then the workingman is not a consumer of raw material, but only of the finished products, and an examination of our price lists will show that there has been very little, if any, advance in these. The cost of most lines of raw material has gone up; but the severity of competition has, as yet, prevented the manufacturer from obtaining any corresponding increase in price for his output. The woollen mill-men, the tanners, the cotton and boot and shoe manufacturers, have all been forced to pay higher prices for their raw material without securing any compensating increase from their customers. Their margin of profit has simply been further cut into. What is there, then, in the situation to warrant any increase in wages? The cost of living to the working-man is no more than it was six months ago, when no one thought of clamoring for more wages. The orders for the fall trade have been placed at the old prices in spite of the steady rise in the values of the raw material, and although the outlook for the future is certainly promising, its actual benefit has not yet become apparent. At present there is no ground, therefore, for any advance in the scale of wages. In fact it depends upon the prices accepted for the output of 1896 whether it will be possible even.



D. Z. BESSETTE, General Manager, Prov. Quebec.

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then; for unless some marked improvement takes place in the schedule of manufacturers prices, of which the indications are at present vague, the question of wages must, perforce, remain in abeyance, and it can be permitted to do so without injustice to the wage earner.

Two important banking events took place in the United States during the week. The first was the announcement that the First National Bank of Chicago had written \$1,000,000 off its surplus to wipe out certain items of impaired bills, stocks of uncertain value, and several parcels of real estate which had come into the bank's hands in the course of the settlement of estates. This at least is the ostensible reason. The true one is that the burden of taxation upon banking institutions in the United States is now so heavy that it can only be borne when it is levied on absolute value, and therefore it is useless to leave impaired assets figuring on the books. Every one knows that the First National has a capital of \$3,000,-000 and a reserve of \$2,000,000 still intact. Indeed the directors state that there is no reason why the existing dividend of 3 per cent. quarterly should not be maintained. But it could not go on profitably while paying taxation on a million dollars worth of paper assets, and so it wisely wiped them off at once. The second instance of the severity with which the burden of taxation presses upon the banks is afforded by the Bank of America of New York, which has called a meeting of its shareholders to decide whether its capital shall not be reduced from \$3,000,000 to \$1,500,000. In the circular the directors say that the large capital is simply an encumbrance. It does not apparently assist them in securing deposits, it is subject to heavy local taxation, and it cannot be lent out at rates that would enable the bank to pay its present dividend of 8 per cent. For all these reasons they advocate a reduction. Nor are they alone in desiring such a step. In times of very cheap money, like the present, the question of the utmost economy presses heavily upon banking institutions, and it is no surprise that, in the existing condi-

MUTUAL PRINCIPLE

tion of the money market other American banks should be contemplating similar reductions.

The combination formed between the Baldwin Locomotive Works and the Westinghouse Co., assures the future of the electric locomotive, although it has hardly yet got beyond the trial stage in the Baltimore tunnel. With the Westinghouse people the application of electricity to locomotives is merely one branch of their extensive general electrical work. But with the Baldwins it is different. They are exclusively locomotive builders, and their compact with the Westinghouse Co. to manufacture the new engines shows their confidence in electricity as a coming motive power. As to the extent to which it will displace steam it is impossible to predict; but probably suburban lines, short subordinate links between main lines, and elevated and tunnel railroads will be the only ones operated with electric locomotives for some time to come.

STATE INSURANCE.

The question of the advisability of entrusting the business of fire insurance to the government or to the municipalities has been decided in the negative so often that it might be thought to be finally disposed of. But, like Banquo's ghost, it will not down. Every now and then the same specious arguments are brought forward again by some political or municipal reformer, only to be refuted the moment they are tried by the touch stone of common-sense, and presumably, so long as figures are capable of manipulation, the view that the government should control the business of insurance against fire will always find some adherents.

'The latest contributor to the literature upon this subject is Mr. Charles Acton Ives, of Rhode Island. His plan, as read before the Business Men's Association of Newport, R.I., is as remarkable for its simplicity as for its injustice. He proposes to levy a general fire tax upon all property according to valuation without any discrimination as to the character of the risk. The saw-mill owner, and the oil-refiner, are to pay no more premium than the citizen dwelling in a modern fitted house, and every one is to have complete re-imbursement for loss no matter what may be his hazard, what precautions he may have taken against fire, or how careless he may have been in inviting disaster. This would mean simply the absolute cessation of fire prevention were it ever to obtain the force of law; for who would go to the expense of sprinkler plants, stand pipes, water buckets, and fire watchmen, if he neither received the least reduction in his premium from their presence nor imperilled the recovery of his loss by their absence? It would mean that the careless man who takes no precautions against fire, as well as he who wilfully invites disaster, would stand on precisely the same insurance plane as the most carefully protected risk, and hence that they would benefit by the prudence of their neighbors without any stimulus to follow their example. There could be only one result from this. Precautions against fire would cease, and the volume of fire-waste would advance correspondingly.

As to the adjustment of losses Mr. Ives suggestion that it should be left in the hands of the assessors is equally open to criticism. Instead of being entrusted to the body of trained adjusters who now do the work, it is to be left in the hands of the very men who levy the tax. The

opening thus offered for boodling, for the exercise of political influence, and for the clannishness of neighborhoods, is too obvious to need comment. The extra assessors necessary would certainly have some political bias, or they would not receive their appointments, and the power they would wield would be of such importance that it would inevitably be seized upon for party purposes. A series of judicious fires, promptly and generously settled for, might carry a close election ; and then the opportunities for coercion such a system would afford are too manifold to be passed over by a politician. A delinquent partisan, or an open foe, might be whipped into line by a threat that in case of fire his loss would come before a hostile assessor, while the trusted adherent could be rewarded with a sum sufficient to recompense him for his services at the expense of the other tax-payers without any necessity to draw on the campaign fund. It would make all the difference in the world if a man were on good terms with the assessor or not, and thus a new class of autocratic officials would be created whose secret power it would be very difficult, if not impossible, to limit.

Upon the ordinary tax-payer such a plan would fall with crushing weight. In order to make one general rate that would cover every variety of hazardous risk, and make provision for unexpected conflagrations, his present rates of premium might have to be quadrupled. In fact the fire tax, now one of the lightest, might prove to be one of the heaviest of his burdens. No one expects that a government could carry on its fire insurance department with the same economy as the companies do, and even with them 30 per cent. is a fair average rate for expenditure. With a government. whether federal or provincial or state, the expenses would naturally be larger. Places would have to be found for friends in the new department, and soon it would have as large and unwieldy a staff as the other public departments have. All this would fall upon the tax-payer, until the present amount paid for fire premiums, large as it may seem to ambitious reformers, would become dwarfed in comparison. In fact his condition under government fire insurance control would be far worse than it is now. At present the severity of competition between the companies keeps premium rates at a fair level. But with this competition withdrawn, and an enforced monopoly of fire insurance vested in the political party in power, the opportunity to increase the revenue by a rise in premium rates might often prove too tempting to be resisted.

CANADA UNDER PROTECTION — ANOTHER VIEW.

Several of our contemporaries have alluded to the letters from Ottawa which appeared in the *Economist* as "articles" in that journal. This is regrettable, as it charges that eminent financial organ with a style of criticism of which it is not guilty. The back of every looking-glass is black, and the writer of those letters instead of holding the mirror up to nature simply presented the dark side. He gave a balance-sheet made up wholly of liabilities, omitting all reference to assets. We propose to complete the statement, to hold the mirror so as to present a picture of "Canada under Protection," as reflected when full light thrown on ts condition causes the reflection to be truthful.

THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.

Before giving a few statistical proofs of the advance inade by Canada since 1878, we will point out several points in the Ottawa letters, which are so wrong in fact, or so irrelevant to his argument, as to call for exposure. He condemns with much severity the placing a duty on imports of coal, which was done to encourage. the Nova Scotia mines, and develop inter-provincial trade by causing the fuel of that Province to go westward, and be paid for by the products of Ontario and Quebec. We have not much favored that policy, nor is it a fair specimen of protection, but the effect of it, as Sir Charles Tupper said on 27th Feby. 1882, was, to "lower the cost of coal to the consumer." Sir Charles proved this by quoting the prices of coal as follows:----

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| 1877. | 1878. | 1880. | 1881. |
|--------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Ontario \$4.45 | \$3.85 | \$3.04 | \$4.25 |
| Quebec 4.00 | 3.15 | 2.65 | 3.77 |
| Nova Scotia 3.74 | 2.93 | 2.58 | 3.70 |
| New Brunswick 4.00 | 3.46 | 2.81 | 3.75 |

The new duty opened the eyes of American colliery owners to the possibility of the Canadian market being closed to them by the Nova Scotia supply, a contingency which they met at once and continued to meet by reducing their prices so as to offset the duty, a clear proof that an import duty does not necessarily raise the cost of imported goods to the consumer. To denounce, then, the duty on coal as an outrage simply ignores the facts. The writer makes protection the cause of the debt of the Province of Quebec, but, as in all his other charges, he fails to point out the logical connection between the effect and its alleged cause.

The debt of Quebec has no conceivable relation to a protective policy. Some portion of it was incurred for wise and fruitful extensions of railways and other public works, some for most injudicious outlays, but for not a cent of the debt of this province is the fiscal policy of Canada responsible. For some increases in municipal debts protection however, is responsible, for those increases were made necessary by business so expanding in some localities as to require large expenditures for such improvements as prosperous communities need. Money lenders do not buy the debentures of a poverty stricken, decaying city, town, or village. The very fact of an increasing debt in any municipality is prima facic evidence that money lenders believe. in its being financially sound and its future assured. When a community voluntarily increases its debt in order to enlarge its conveniences it shows that the people are willing to increase their taxes, and this no people will do unless they believe their power to pay them is increasing, or that their resources will be enlarged by such expenditures as borrowed money enables them to make. Prior to protection. in 1878. municipal bonds bore 6 to 8 per cent. interest ; they now range from 31 to 5. If, then, it is just to make protection responsible for an increase in the municipal debts of Canada, it is also just to credit protection with having decreased the taxation such debts involve by from 30 to 40 per cent. The contention of the writer to the _____QUIST investigation by the managers of the Mutual Reserve _____QUIST investigation by the managers of the Mutual Reserve _____QUIST investigation by the managers of the Mutual Reserve _____QUIST investigation by the managers of the Mutual Reserve _____QUIST investigation by the managers of the Mutual Reserve _____QUIST investigation by the managers of the Mutual Reserve _____QUIST investigation by the managers of the Mutual Reserve _____QUIST investigation by the managers of the Mutual Reserve _____QUIST investigation by the managers of the Mutual Reserve _____QUIST investigation by the managers of the Mutual Reserve _____QUIST investigation by the managers of the Mutual Reserve _____QUIST investigation by the managers of the Mutual Reserve _____QUIST investigation by the managers of the Mutual Reserve ______QUIST investigation by the managers of the Mutual Reserve _______ the people of Canada, by becoming impoverished by their fiscal policy, have been enabled to borrow money on their credit at from $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 per cent., whereas before they became so poor they had to pay 6 to 8 per cent ! Readers of the Economist will find that a problem in finance which is insoluble. The writer makes Protec-

tion the cause of political corruption. He knows nothing about England, or he would avoid such folly. We give him one fact to think over :

- A few years ago it is known to us that, \$120,000 was spent in bribery in one English constituency by two candidates, both of them Free Traders. We could give instances of political "boodling" in England that would make our "boodlers" green with envy. Whatever advantages Free Trade has, it does not eradicate the corruption of human nature, for which, we submit, Protection is not responsible.

Against the sweeping assertion that Canada has made little or no progress since its present trade policy was established in 1879, we put the following facts : In January, 1878, the chartered banks held deposits to extent of \$68,916,089; last January they held \$180,-870,981, an increase of \$111,954,892. In the same period the note issues have increased close upon \$10,000,000. In June, 1878, the deposits in the Post Office and other Savings Banks were \$14,128,185; since then they have increased more than \$40,000,000. In 1878, the Loan Companies held on deposit \$8,270,000 ; this year they hold 10 millions more.

While, then, " Canada under Protection," as depicted by the Ottawa writer in the Economist, has been sinking deeper and deeper into financial distress, the people of Canada have enlarged their deposits in the banks of the country by \$162,000,000 ! This total of \$91,000,000 which our people owned and had stored up in 1878, they increased "under Protection" in 16 years to \$253,000,. 000, a sum sufficient to pay off the Dominion debt. In those 16 years the market value of the stocks of the six leading banks of Canada increased from \$35,640, 000 to \$57,000,000. In 1878 the total premiums paid by the people of Canada for life insurance amounted to \$2,610,000; last year the sum was four times that figure. The amount at risk under fire insurance policies has more than doubled in the same time.

Other assets and proofs of increased financial resources we refrain from stating; the list is too lengthy. But, we submit, the above facts amply demonstrate that "Canada under Protection" has enormously increased her financial strength and her earning capacities; as a people numbering only 5 millions could not have increased their deposits at an average rate of 10 millions a year, steadily for 16 years, unless their incomes had, to that extent, exceeded their expenditures; nor could they have been enabled to borrow money at such greatly reduced rates unless money had become much more abundant, and public confidence in the condition and the prospects of business more firmly established.

| GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY | COMPANY. |
|--|--------------------------|
| Return of traffic week ending August 1 | |
| Section and which the provide solution | 1895. 1894. ¹ |
| Passenger Train Earnings | 144,864 141,984 |
| do. do. | 188,224 184,333 |
| Total do. do. | |
| Increase, 1895. \$6,271. | They made and by |

West more the state -QUIET investigation by the managers of the Mutual, Reserve defraud the life insurance companies. The plan seems to have been to insure dying negroes under the claim that they were white people. Ten arrests have already been made. Among the other companies interested in the disclosure are the Michigan Mutual Life, of Detroit ; the Life Insurance Clearing Company, National Life Association, of Hartford, and the Massachusetts Benefit Association,

LA BANQUE DU PEUPLE.

Although there has been a good deal of talk about the condition in which the liquidators have found the affairs of La Banque du Peuple, there has as yet been nothing very definite given by them to the public. Óf necessity this is the case, as they have had comparatively little time yet to disentangle the affairs and to form even a more or less imperfect judgment of the position of the bank.

The Government statements have to be furnished as usual, of course. The latest one of these to hand is to the 30th June, but, as already stated, that did not disclose anything which could enlighten people as to the bank's actual condition or prospects. There is no doubt at all that its affairs were placed in a very misleading position so far as the Government statements are concerned for some time before the failure took place, and we repeat that the attention of the Government to this matter is very necessary. There are rumors, and we believe well founded rumors, of the misplacing of accounts, which showed the bank in a very much better position as to Reserves than it was entitled to. There is a severe penalty attached by the Banking Act to the preparation and publication of false statements, and we are strongly of the opinion that this is a case where the clauses of the Act should be invoked. In discussing the statements of the various banks with those well qualified to judge of them, the opinion is very often. expressed, "Well, the statement is good enough-if it is true;" and then the banker will shrug his shoulder and insinuate by the very gesture doubts as to its accuracy. It is a well known fact that figures, although they are said not to lie, can be made to show almost anything in the hands of a clever or unscrupulous accountant. We think bank statements, in view of the powers delegated by the Act to the Finance Department, could serve a more useful purpose than a mere publication in the Official Gazette and being pigeonholed thereafter without any further reference to them, and we must direct the attention of the Government to this matter. This is more or less a deviation from the. People's Bank affairs, but it is quite applicable to the position. t tan daya 3400 Q.

To the present time some progress has been made. in liquidating the bank's business; but it is a well known principle in matters of this kind, that the longer the liquidation of a bank is protracted, the slower are the returns from the assets. In other, words, a liquidation progresses much more quickly at the beginning than towards the end of it. This being the case, we should not be surp rised perhaps at the progress which has been made to the present time. Truly, a large reduction has been made in the Circulation of the Bank, but after a month of suspension it will scarcely be admitted that \$500,000 is a remarkable showing out of assets: amounting to, say \$8,000,000."" The liquidators have given notice that the "Circulation" will be redeemed on the 14th inst.," and this has meantime been done to within \$300,000, about \$125,000 having been received on the 14th alone. It was intimated pretty plainly that to pay all, they were about to borrow a further sum from a leading bank, pledggo of security, for the necessary funds an Under the pro-in a precarious, basis; of necessity so, having such a precarious basis; of necessity and such a precarious basis; of necessity so, having such a precarious basis; of necessity and such a precarious basis; of necessity so, having such a precarious basis; of necessity and such a precarious basis; and prec Inottelnory & Alaosti

until the liquidators give notice that they are ready to pay. Interest to the public will therefore, cease from Tuesday last, but the liquidators will have to pay it to the bank from which they may borrow the money. The Act compels the Liquidators to pay their circulation within sixty days from suspension, otherwise the Government is empowered to use the bank Redemption' Fund for the purpose, and if need be, assess the other contributing banks to make good the amount withdrawn. It was, therefore, not only an object to the People's Bank but to the other banks, that the Circulation should be provided for without the interference of the Government.

Of the amount advanced by the other banks in the city at the time of the liquidation, there has been repaid to them \$586,000 in all, but this is out of choice securities such as the lending banks were supposed to have taken, amounting to \$1,170,000. About \$170,000 repaid the banks, included in the \$586,000, was a portion of the advance which was not used by the People's Bank prior to suspension. A statement of the second T

There has been considerable appreciation in the value. of the stock during the past few days, but it is believed the advance was merely especulative, and for as few shares only. The purchase of the stock at the present moment cannot be safely recommended as a speculation. We expressed the opinion some weeks ago-referred to last week-that if the shareholders received 25 cents in the dollar of the stock. they would be doing well. We hold to that opinion, and if it is considered that they will not receive that 25 cents for two or three years to come, any intending purchaser can easily figure out its present value.

There is some talk of a reconstruction and a reopening, and the opinion has been expressed that this is desirable, in view of the position of the bank as an old French-Canadian institution-its directors being respectable and responsible men, and so on this however, is largely prompted by sentiment, and in dollars and cents, there is very little of that. There is some talk, too, of the effect of the failure on the Canadian Banking system, but we also fail to see a reason in that as favoring reconstruction. The Canadian Bank ing system has been pronounced about as good a one as could be framed for the needs of the country, but to suppose such a law; even if framed by the wisest manwho ever lived, could guarantee the stability or solvency of all the banks acting under it, would be a manifest absurdity, in view of the fact that the framers of the Act are not those who manage the banks constituted by it. No bank which is not honestly, efficiently and wisely managed can succeed if operated under all the best bank acts of the world boiled into one our ad house

The bank, itself, judging from recent developments. has been a blot on the Canadian banking system for years past. This blot has been removed by its failure, and we hope eliminated from "Canadian" banks for all' time! " notes dong there as the job is in adams) to adam

There is ample capital in the existing banks for all the needs of the country, indeed, a few more banks, could be spared without any loss to the commercial community. Toping gammond. 71 should be spared many which is in other of the writer makes Protein

THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.

a difficult class of assets to realize upon, as we have shown in the earlier portion of this article. Even under an agreement from the largest depositors to suspend their claims for six months or a year, there is a vast mass of small deposits which would inevitably be called for so soon as the bank opened its doors, and unless it was prepared with a very large reserve, much larger than it ever kept before, or even its directors imagined it had need for, or much larger than the solvent and active banks of the country require, it would be in the same shape in which it was scarcely more than a month ago, in a very few days after it re-opened,-and the other financial institutions and the commercial community generally would be on the rack just as they were before the suspension.

From reliable statements by those who have had access to the books of the bank, it is quite apparent that the grossest mismanagement took place. The books were inaccurately kept, and most unbusinesslike methods prevailed throughout the institution. To bring this state of chaos down to the hard lines of a well-managed bank, requires very strong treatment from very strong men.

While some of the large accounts held by the bank have been carefully nursed, others which were most instrumental in the trouble of the bank remain more or less problems; but while there is life there is hope, and although the way seems dark as yet and but little progress made, we can only wish that some practical way out may be discovered. "Lead, Kindly Light," should be the daily aspiration.

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THE U.S. TREASURY AND GOLD FOR CANADA.

The Treasury of the United States, and the Morgan-Rothschild syndicate seem to be as anxious about the gold reserve as a hen with a lot of newly hatched chicks. The syndicate have undertaken to raise and keep up the gold reserve to its minimum of \$100,000,-000. Just as this figure was reached a movement set in which threatens to reduce the stock considerably. One steamer this week took out \$1,500,000 of gold; this was met by a larger deposit so as to set off the withdrawal and meet expected ones. The banks of New York hold considerable stocks of the metal, but they have no desire to see them depleted. After the experience of 1893 and 1894) we can well understand how jealous the Treasury and the banks are of these reserves, form though business is reviving all over the States confidence in American securities in Europe' is not fully) restored. London just now has a glut of money, but the owners are showing considerable diffidence in placing it in American securities. Such a situation makes the Treasury and the United States bankers very sensitive to any movement which looks likely to reduce their gold reserves, as the timidity of European investors would be intensified were there to be any considerable shipments. This, what we may call touchiness," has led to a policy intended to restrain the withdrawalu of gold for use in Canada. There has arisen a demand for it here owing to the disturbance of confidence by the failure of the People's Bank. That has not been as great as might have been expected, but the con-tingency caused our bankers to look ahead, and provide for any unusual call for deposits.

As Mr. Clouston explained at the last meeting of the Bank of Montreal, they hold reserves in New York upon which they rely in case of emergency. To withdraw any part of those reserves in gold they have to present, "Legals" for redemption. The New York banks were not favorable to the operation of Canadian banks, using them as shippers of gold to Canada. Our banks-one or two at least-therefore utilized the set vice of the Express Company to draw legals and ship gold. Since Wednesday week this means of getting gold for Canada has been shut off. The Express Company, it is believed, have been notified by the Syndicate that, if they continue to draw Legals from the banks on Canadian drafts, and then get gold from the Treasury to carry to Montreal, they, the Syndicate, will "withdraw their patronage." The movement arises solely from the urgent necessity for keeping up the Treasury Reserve. It will not prevent our banks getting what gold they wish, but it will render the process, for those having no representatives in New York, less convenient.

The incident suggests an enquiry as to whether our bankers should not be more independent of another country for a supply of gold, when a special necessity arises for their stocks being increased? An able correspondent in the N. Y. *Evening Post* of the 10th inst. characterizes the conduct implied by the above attitude of the Syndicate as bearing "the appearance of "collusion between the country and its financiers"; an "unnatural and improper combination to avert de-"pletion of gold reserves, without which they would "disappear, redemption by gold cease, and repudiation "virtually prevail."

THE FRENCH VINLAGE.

Now that complete returns have been received from the various wine-producing areas of France, it is apparent that the vintage will be the smallest for many years past; and that it will not exceed the figures of the worst years of the phylloxera. The most optimistic reports only place the yield for 1895, at .550,000,000 gallons, which means a falling off of 308,000,000 gallons from the abundant, vintage of 1894. (It is (exceptionally unfortunate that it should be so at a time when the French treaty with this country was about to place) the sound wholesome clarets of France (within the reach of the most modest. Canadian purse, and when a genuine liking for light wines; was springing (up a mong a class of consumers in this country to whom they had not previously recommended themselves.

The cause of the unexpected falling off of the vintage is the spread of a new species of mildew; which in certain departments has been accompanied by those blanching and blackening diseases which are as fatal to the life of the plant as the phylloxera itself. What is still more discouraging is the amouncement that this disease is likely to continue through a succession of years, and that it is far more difficult to combat than an insect pest like the phylloxera, since it attacks all descriptions of yines impartially. The department of Herault may be cited as a sample of the whole. Be fore the arrival of the phylloxera it had, 550,000, acres of vineyards. Practically all these vines, were descriptroyed by the "innumerable" punctures of the dreaded insect. It was necessary to replaint the entire area

with American vines which the phylloxera will not touch ; but no sooner was this long and expensive operation completed than it was discovered that the American vines, although refractory to the phylloxera, brought with them certain new parasitical diseases of their own. One of these was the new mildew. On the back of their opening leaves was found a faint white efflorescence scarcely to be distinguished from their natural down. But, as it spread, the leaves curled up, dried, and fell off, leaving the vines without the means of respiration and the young grapes without shade from the burning sun. Even the vine stocks were in danger of dying. Ordinarily the weather in France is unfavorable to mildew ; but this year it was the reverse. At the end of May there were copious and continuous rains all through the west and south which were followed in June by fog and sultry heat which hastened the setting of the fruit blossoms. Even had the French peasants (notoriously opposed to new-fangled methods) been assiduous in applying blue vitriol to the plants, the rain would have promptly washed off the remedy. Mildew has to be taken at the start or it is useless to combat it. This year it was, impossible to do so, and the result is that the vines are as dry and leafless in many districts to-day as they are in the middle of December.

The vines that have suffered most are those of the south which produce the wines roughest and strongest in alcohol; which are used largely for mixing with the more delicate grades, and which are but seldom sold under their own names. The Rousillon wines will also show only one-third of the usual yield, and the prospects are far from brilliant in the Bordeaux and cognac producing districts. This will result, of course, in the larger importation of Spanish, Australian, Californian and Cape wines for admixture and reshipment as genuine French winc. Possibly their intrinsic worth may be just as good as the product of French vineyards. But the public do not think so, and therefore during the coming year they must scrutinize their clarets and sherries closely, and buy only reputable brands from standard houses, or they may chance to be sipping wine made from grapes that never saw a French sun. although they are masquerading under a French label and were duly shipped from Havre or Charente. Still worse, they may be enjoying a "pure" claret made by adding to a decoction of a pound of orris root in five gallons of water, one gallon of raspberry juice, two gallons alcohol, one gallon syrup and half a pound of "claret flavoring." This makes a very choice family claret, and it can be decorated with any description of label from Medoc to Chateau Lafitte, which makes it very convenient for restaurants and hotels whose cellars are not as extensive as their wine-cards.

ars are not as extensive as the

E-TIME United States are devoting more attention to Canada's export and import trade. A bulletin will be issued shortly by the Secretary of Agriculture, embodying the reports of thirty of the Consuls in Canada which will show the extent of the competition of the Dominion with the United States in foreign markets. It states that the total exports of Canada increased from \$80,000,000 in 1885 to \$118,000,000 in 1894, or thirty-three per cent.; the imports from \$109,000,000 to \$123,000,000, or thirteen per cent.; and the total trade from \$193,000,000 to \$241,000,000, or twenty-one per cent. During the years 1888 to 1801, inclusive, the trade of Canada with the United States exceeded that with any other country, but since then Great Britain has taken first rank, with the United States second.

THE ROSS-EDWARDS LUMBER CASE.

A case of considerable importance to the lumber trade has just been decided by the Lords of the Privy Council by their dismissal of the action brought by Ross & Co., of Quebec, against W. C. Edwards & Co. (Limited) of Rockland, Ont., which, under one form or another, has been before the Courts for the past six years.

The circumstances of the case are as follows: In 1887 W. C. Edwards & Co. sold to Hurteau & Frere, of this city, 4,000,000 feet of deals stored in their yard at Rockland. In January, 1888, about 1,500,000 feet of these deals were sold by Hurteau & Frere to Wm. Little at six months credit, and a delivery-order in his favor was issued and accepted by W. C. Edwards & Co. Mr. Little did not take immediate delivery of the deals and a short time afterwards finding himself pressed for funds, he endorsed the delivery order over as collateral to Ross & Co., in return for an advance of \$7,500, and W. C. Edwards & Co. also endorsed it. "Will hold within deals subject to order of Ross & Co." in recognition of the fact.

In June, 1888, after a small quantity of the deals had been delivered to Ross & Co., Mr. Little suspended without having paid Hurteau & Frere for the deals. The latter at once notified W. C. Edwards & Co. to deliver no more of them to Mr. Little's order. Ross & Co. insisted on delivery of the balance of the deals. Thereupon, in order to decide the ownership of the deals W. C. Edwards & Co. brought interpleader actions against Hurteau & Frere and Ross & Co., which resulted in the decision that, as unpaid vendors, their ownership rested with Hurteau & Frere. Ross & Co. at once sued W. C. Edwards & Co. for the amount of \$7,500 advanced by them to Mr. Little on the ground that their endorsation on the delivery order led them to believe that the deals. were Mr. Little's property and would be delivered to them when demanded. This suit was dismissed with costs, and the decision was unanimously confirmed by the Court of Appeals. The case was then carried to the Privy Council who have finally dismissed it with costs also. Their Lordships took the ground that there was nothing in W. C. Edwards & Co.'s endorsation equivalent to an undertaking to deliver the lumber to Ross & Co. in any event; that Ross & Co. were aware that the deals were not paid for, while W. C. Edwards & Co. were not; that the promise of the latter as bailees was vacated by the superior title of Hurteau & Frere to the, goods; and that there was no proof that Ross & Co. only paid the money-advanced on the strength of W. C. Edwards & Co. accepting the delivery order in their favor. and the state

CHATTEL MORTGAGES.

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The returns of the Ontario Bureau of Industries relating to the number of chattel mortgages issued in that province are now to hand, although they do not set forth the loans, seizures and sales under that form of security during, the year but only the number and total amount of these instruments on record and undischarged at the end of 1894. Curiously enough more than half the whole amount of chattel mortgages are against farmers; possibly because they are often drawn chiefly for the purpose of securing the fee for the drawing. A farmer who has neglected to be prompt with his payments is often required, on threat of a more costly legal action, to give collateral security in the shape of a chattel mortgage on his cow or horse. Such a chattel mortgage is often obviously of little or no use, the sole object of the demand being to secure the fee for drawing the instrument. This is one of the many reasons why the official returns of chattel mortgages may receive an unfavorable interpretation not warranted by the actual facts, and why the record of such instruments against farmers is made the subject of a special table in the report. At the close of the year there were 11,687 mortgages, representing \$3,446,884, recorded against them, the record for the previous year being 10,-684, representing \$3,059,857. During the two previous year, the number and amount varied but slightly. The return by occupations show that the merchants rank next to the farmers in issuing that class of security, their total chattel mortgage debts being slightly above \$1,000,000. Hotelkeepers and liquor dealers come third, with a total of \$836,-587, and lumbermen next with \$833,413. At the end of the year there were 21,759 chattel mortgages on record, amounting to \$11,220,205. Of these 21,276, representing \$10,603,393, were issued to secure existing indebtedness.

CARRIERS LIENS.

Merchants having goods returned upon their hands are frequently annoyed by having the outward freight added in the form of charges to the return freight, and these together with the question of the carriers right to collect these charges, are sometimes the subject of dispute. The law on this point is but little understood, although it has been laid down very clearly in recent decisions. According to these a carrier has a lien upon the goods in his possession to secure his own freight charges and also to reimburse him for advances he has made to other carriers from whom he has received the goods. But when he delivers up the goods his lien is lost, and if they afterwards come into his possession again the lien does not revive. It follows that if a carrier transports goods to a buyer who refuses to take them out of the carrier's possession the latter may return them to the seller and have a lien upon them for carriage both, ways. If the consignee takes the goods merely to examine them, with the understanding that in certain contingencies they are to be returned to the carrier, then they are constructively in possession of the latter all the time and his lien continues. If the goods are delivered to the buyer and he takes them out of the carrier's charge with no agreement that such taking is for a mere temporary purpose and subject to a carrier's right of lien, then the lien is lost. In that case when the goods are returned to the carrier and by him brought to the seller again he has a lien upon him to cover that carriage, including the drayage, but he has no lien for the freight charges on the transportation from the seller to the buyer.

REAL ESTATE MOVEMENTS.

According to the Real Estate Record there were 86 real estate transfers in the city wards and town of Westmount recorded at the registry offices during the month of July, amounting to \$410,739. The sales recorded during the month at Maisonneuve, Delorimier, Montreal Annex, St. Cunegonde, St. Henry and Verdun amount to about \$50,000, of which \$22,750, was contributed by St. Cunegonde, and \$18,500 by St. Henry. During the corresponding month of last year 130 transfers were recorded amounting to \$596,651. The real estate mortgage loans recorded during the month in Montreal West amount to \$398,963. Of this amount \$300,-000 was placed at 48 per cent, \$40,500 at 5 per cent., \$12,800 at 55 per cent., \$21,863 at 6 per cent., \$1,000 at 61 per cent. \$9,150 at 7 per cent., \$5,000 at 12 per cent., and \$8,650 at a nominal rate. In Montreal East the loans re-corded amount to \$623,547. Of this amount \$45,200 was placed at 5 per cent., \$40,765 at 51, per cent., \$110,500 at 6 per cent., \$424,932 at 7 per cent., \$100 at 10 per cent. and \$2,050 at a nominal rate.

Senor Alvarez, Mayor of Havana, who is at present in New York, is very outspoken in his views upon the attitude of the United States towards Spain on the subject of the rebellion in Cuba. He points out that the sudden insistence of the American government on the payment of the Moraes claims, which have been rejected by every board of arbitrators which have ever investigated them, at a time when Spain needs every dollar for war expenses, contrasts very strongly with their own refusal to pay the Behring Sea claims which every one recognizes as just, and he hints that the habit of the Americans of clamoring for arbitrations and then refusing to abide by the decisions unless they are in their favor, is bringing them into discredit with other nations. As to the supposed precautions taken to prevent the use of the American flag to cover filibustering expeditions Senor Alvarez thanks that they are simply formulated to prevent any. claim for damages by Spain after the war is over, and that they are openly evaded by Cuban sympathizers. Heasks what would be the action of the United States were Canada to foment rebellion within their limits, and intimates that it would be very different from the placatory policy Spain is following at the present moment. There can be no doubt that there, is considerable force in his arguments, and most fair-minded Americans will agree that the present attitude of the United States towards Spain is hardly that which should be permitted towards a friendly nation engaged in quelling a dangerous rebellion.

THE HAYNES-JENKINS CASE.

The evidence of the man Frederick Clarke, formerly employed as a salesman by Boyd Gillies & Co., as to his share in setting the fire which destroyed the firm's premises on the 26th May last, is the most important yet brought forward by the Crown. In addition to fixing the guilt of the two fire-bugs, Haynes and Jenkins' who are now formally committed to stand their trial on a charge of arson, it also implicates Mr. Andrew Boyd, the senior partner of the firm, directly in the deed. Clarke testified that Mr. Boyd furnished \$100 with which to purchase the oil and waste necessary to start the fire, and on this testimony it is probable that Mr. Boyd will be brought back from Edinburgh. Clarke packed the five cases of pens, pencils and stationery which were surreptit_ iously removed from the store on the day previous to the fire, and he was to have been the partner of Haynes in the stationery agency they were going to start with the proceeds of their share of the insurance as soon as matters had blown over. He has since been arrested at the instance of the Dominion Burglary Guarantee Co.

-J. A. GRENIER, general storekeeper of Louiseville, has assigned, with liabilities of \$11,000. He started about two years ago and worked up a very fair trade. But his capital was insufficient and the first pressure put upon him forced an assignment-H. J. Gendron, who has run a steam laundry in this city for the past six years, has assigned owing \$1,500. Of late competition has proved too much for him and he did not get sufficient work to make it pay-Charles Martel, grocer, Quebec, is in trouble again. He assigned last March and was understood to have come to an arrangement with his creditors. This, however, he has proved unable to carry out and so he has assigned again-Brethour & Co., tailors of Hamilton, are offering 30 cents in the dollar, secured, on liabilities of \$2,900. The business, which is in the wife's name and managed by the husband, has been steadily running down for some time past-George Anderson & Co., wholesale hatters of Toronto, have held a meeting of their creditors. No definite result was arrived at-Carlin & Lake, general storekeepers of Golden, B. C., became too extended last year and had to appeal to their creditors for leniency. An extension of 12 months was granted to them; but this seems to have been insufficient, for they have been unable to meet the payments and have been forced to assign. Their liabilities are very large and are supposed to be as high as \$70,000. But they show a fair surplus although in a locked up state--R. Pratt was started in the grocery business at Wolfville, N.S., by an uncle some, years ago. In January, 1894, he assigned and the business has since been run by the assignee. Pratt is anxious to get it back and is offering to settle at 25 cents in the dollar, cash.

-MR. GEORGE LUXTON, a well-known grain buyer, of Hamilton, Ont., died at his residence on Sunday from a stroke of paralysis.

"-Tur following list of United States patents, granted to Canadians inventors, July 10th and 23rd, 1895; is reported expressly for this paper, by James Sangster, patent attorney, Buffalo, N.Y: -Alexander Jobson, Beaverton, Canada ; cleaning attachment for dust-collectors ;- Edward Gurney, Toronto, Canada, boiler;-Eben Perkins, St. John, Canada, machine for making horseshoe nail blanks;-Robert P. Scott, Cadix, Ohio, and J. A. Chisholm Oakville, Canada, cleaning green peas;-David T. Baxter, Hamilton, Canada, autographic register;-Thomas J. Ryers, Eganville, Canada, carrying-case ;-Augustus A. Davidson, Victoria, Canada, device for baby-food regulators;-Robert G. H. Dillon, Long Point, Canada, hand-wheel cultivator;-Henry M. Dinning, Montreal, Canada, sash fastener ;-Grace H. D. Harris, Toronto, Canada, rug-fastener ;- Joseph Lachance, St. Francois, Canada, nut-lock;-Gedeon Pierard, and V. Guinet, Montreal, Canada, high or low water-alarm for steam-boilers;-Joseph P. Rogers, Toronto, Canada, oil-can and lamp-filler;-Charles H. Taylor, assignor of one-half to W. T. Ross, R. W. Sutherland, and H. Millen. Montreal, Canada; hydraulic-air-compressing apparatus; -Charles H. Taylor, assignor to J. R. Fair, and H. Millen, trustees, Canada; hydraulic-air-compressing apparatus;—William W. Towne, Danville, Canada; heating-stove;—Joseph A. G. Trudcau, Ottawa, Canada, alternating electric-motor ; Albert S. Weaver, Hamilton, Canada, bicycle,

-IT seems decided that the crop prospects for British Columbia are this season very much more favorable than they were one year ago, and in cereals and roots the yield will be enormous. probably twice as great as in 1894. In the interior the rainfall has been greater than for years past, with the result that instead of the dried-up look that the crops had last season, the grain fields have grown and headed out well ; in consequence, the harvest will be a fine one. In roots and fruits also, the yield will be good. On the lower Fraser River, the most important agricultural section of the province, there has been just enough rain to most benefit the crops, and in all descriptions the yield promises to be thoroughly satisfactory. This is the more gratifying because of the unfortunate experience last year of the lower Fraser farmers, when their crops were all destroyed by the disastrous floods. On Vancouver Island, as well as the islands of the Gulf Archipelago, the summer has been drier than on the mainland, but the yield, save on the higher lands and light soils will be good. A slight shortage will be felt on the high lands The prospects are that, taking the Province all over, British Columbia will yield double last year's crop of grains and roots, while the hay crop will be quite a third move.

FORTHER & Co., furniture dealers of this city, whose financial troubles have already been chronicled, are offering 25 cents in the dollar. The creditors refuse this and have given them time to increase their offer-Ernest Dionne, general storekeeper of St. Germain, has effected a settlement at 50 cents in the dollar, secured, and payable in two and four months-L. Seeburg, ship chandler, Quebec, has effected a settlement at 30 cents in the dollar, cash, on liabilities of \$2,500. Lack of shipping and dull trade forced him to run behind-Robertson & Ross, contractors, Fort William, are settling at 50 cents in the dollar owing to some recent contracts turning out losing ventures-W. Irwin & Co., milliners of Galt, have assigned. The estate is a very small one aud it is doubtful if ordinary creditors will get anything-B. A. Booth has run a small woollen mill at Odessa' for 'a number' of years. Recently he was burned out, and this has led to his as signment-J. F. Bryce, a photographer in a limited way at Toronto, is in difficulties.

DAVID GRENTER, general storekeeper at Beauport, has assigned owing about \$1,600. His stand was a poor one, about three miles from the village, and he has been going behind for some time past. This David Grenier must not be confounded with David Grenier, grocer of Beauport, who is considered perfectly responsible—Joseph A. Fontaine, grocer of Montreal, failed in the crockery line some years ago, after which he went back to a clerk-ship for a while. Last fall he started his present business, but without any better success. He owes \$2,100— David White & Co., dry goods merchants of Ingersoll, have assigned with liabilities of \$30,000. David White, the only partner, has been in business nearly forty years but seems to have tried to do a larger business than his capital warranted all along. Of late his load has been increasing, and it was only a question of time before he sank under it.

-IRVINE & Co., a small shoe concern at Aurora, in which the daughter of Andrew Irvine was the only partner, are endeavoring to effect a settlement with their creditors. Their liabilities will not exceed \$700-A. C. Barnett, shoe-dealer of Deseronto, whose troubles have already been noted, is now offering 40 cents in the dollar, cash—John Whitfield, maker of stamping machines at Toronto, has assigned. He had a fair, business and is a good mechanic ; but he does not seem to have been sharp enough as a collector and he has lost money by bad debts—J. R. Kyle, shoe dealer of this city, has succeeded in settling with his creditors on the basis of 75 cents in the dollar, secured, and payable in 30 and 60 days—C. D. M. Reay, shoe dealer of this city has settled with his creditors at 20 cents in the dollar, cash.

-The capacity of the furnaces in blast August 1 was 176,505 tons, which is greater than the capacity at the beginning of any month since May 1, 1893. It is about 2,500 tons greater than the capacity of furnaces in blast June 1, 1893. The increase since July 1 was 18 furnaces, but not much over 5,000 tons, showing how the increased prices have brought into operation the old and smaller furnaces which cannot compete with the newer and greater ones when the latter have a narrow margin of profit. The average capacity of furnaces in blast on the first of this month was 870 tons ; a month earlier, before the high price of pig had caused the blowing in of a lot of little furnaces, the average capacity was 925 tons ; but in June, 1893, it was only 713. The production since the beginning of the calendar year has increased nearly two million tons over that of last year. This increase is not much less than two-thirds.

By the arrest of the secretary the Provident Mutual Casualty and Relief Association of New Jersey was closed up last week. This association agreed to pay the beneficiary \$1,000 on the dath of a subscriber, but the attractive feature of the scheme was a promise to pay a subscriber \$1,000 in case he lost his sight, or both hands or both feet, and proportionate amounts for the loss of one hand, one eye, or one foot. The insurance ranged from \$1,000 for death or for permanent disability down to \$10 a week, for a certain number of weeks, for temporary disability. At first there was the usual list of officers but in a short time all the officers except the secretary dropped out of the company, and thereafter he ran the business himself. He issued the policies, collected the assessment of \$1 a month from each member, and as it now appears, did everything except pay benefits.

-THE Mona Saw Mills, belonging to Hon. J. K. Ward, in this city were destroyed by fire on Tuesday night. Fortunately the combined fire brigades were able to save the immense lumber piles and confine the flames to the buildings which were completely gutted. The total insurance amounts to \$14,800, of which the Etna, Guardian, London, Northern and Queen carried \$2,760 each, and the Lancashire \$1,000. Hon. J. K. Ward is now on a trip to his native place, the Isle of Man, after whose ancient name the mills were called.

-The branch lately established by La Banque Jacques Cartier at Paspebiac, Bay Chaleurs, in the hope that the announced railway terminus would not take years to materialize, is being closed, the bank being convinced that the movement was rather premature. Paspebiac is not the only place, where bank branches are found to be more expensive than profitable—where the money lying idle could be employed more profitable nearer home.

The dissolution which took place some time since in the wholesale hat and fur firm of Maclean, Waldron & Co. has been announced. The new co-partnership, which is known as Waldron, Drouin & Co., continues the business: in! the old premises, 507 St. Paul street. Mr. F. B. Drouin has long been an active factor in the house. Mr. Maclean is visiting New York markets to secure latest styles in hats, &c., for his new warehouse; the style of the new house is Maclean, Ross & Co.

-ON Saturday last Dr. J. R. Alexander, M. D., proprietor of the Turkish Baths in this city, died at the age of 55 years. The deceased gentleman was one of the many unfortunates interested pecuniarly in the suspension of the Banque du Peuple, and in his enfeebled state of health the resultant worry seems to have hastened the inevitable end.

The Eastern Townships Bank has opened a branch at Ste. Hyacinthe, Que., under the management of Mr. J. Laframboise, late manager of the Banque du People in that town. This makes ten branches of the bank in this province; the others being at

THE CARSDIAN INDIANS SHI TOMETRO THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.

Waterloo, Stanstead, Cowansville, Coaticook, Magog, Richmond, Granby, Bedford and Huntingdon.

-THE recent sales of California fruit in London, Eng., have been rather a disappointment. They arrived in poor shape and brought prices which were surprisingly low. Much of the fruit was over ripe and previous experiences with such fruit made buyers very cautious. French fruit brought comparatively much better figures.

-THE question of establishing the authority of Canada in the country surrounding the great Northern Sea at Hudson's Bay has been under the consideration of, the Department of the Interior, and it may act in conjunction with the proposed expedition to Hudson's Bay. Hers Left A. Lot (I(remail)) a march

THE C.P.R. directors, at the monthly meeting of the board decided to declare a dividend upon the preference stock at the rate of four per cent. per annum for the year ending June 30, the same to be payable on October 1. No dividend is to be paid on the ordinary shares.

-POSTMASTER-GENERAL Ward, of New Zealand, has instructed his Government that the expected additional subsidy from Great Britain to the Canadian-Australian cable would not be forth coming.

A TRAIN load of 15 car loads of cattle from the Chilcotin plains will leave Ashcroft, B.C., this month for the East, the cattle being destined for Liverpool. This is the first shipment of cattle from British Columbia to England. Sec. A.

-MR. JOHN WOOD, father of Mr. John F. Wood, Controller of Inland Revenue, died very suddenly at Brockville, aged 75 vears. Mon in the -Our attention has been directed to recent modifications in the policy of the Mutual Reserve Fund Association of New

York. The subject has not escaped us, and will probably come up for treatment shortly.

AN order-in-council has been issued placing fresh salmon on the free list. This is in return for the removal of the duty on fresh Canadian salmon enter ing the United States.

THE Northern Pacific railroad will this week commence putting in enough tracks at South Superior to store 400, wheat, cars, or double the number that can now be stored there. -FROM the 1st of October, postage rates by parcel post, between Canada and the United Kingdom will be reduced to sixteen cents for the first pound and twelve cents for each additional pound,

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Week ended Aug. 14th, 1895. The following is a record of transactions and cases in our Canadian courts of law, comprising Writs Issued and Judgments rendered for sums of \$250 and upwards, and chattel Mortgages and Bills of Sale for sums of \$500 and upwards:

WRITS ISSUED, PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

August 7th.

August 12th.

Grondines—A. Lefebvre vs. D. Hudon La Bale—D. F. Rheyume vs. J. N. Duguay \$ 500 650

376

August, 14.
Montreal—J. B. Caverhill vs. R. A. Barber, \$340; T.: Goulet et al vs. B. Franklin, \$209; H. Provencher vs. A. Joyal, \$467; Dme. M. C. Benoit vs. H. Paradis, \$1,076; Dme. M. H. Plummer vs. J. Snowdon, \$750.
Quebec—L. Blouin vs. Cie. du Harns de Quebec.

WRITS ISSUED, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO, MARCE

into we account man of all app. August 7th.

- 311

J. McDonald & Co., vs. T. D. Hodgins & J. Powell London-

Rat Portage A. Carmichael vs. J. Ray, dtcl and the state of the state

\$1,000 Note-In last week's issue, under date August 2nd, Writ reading A. Robinson vs. Frank Bros., Berlin, should read, Frank Bros., Guelph.

A. Robinson, vs. Frank Bros., Berlin, should read, Frank Bros., Guelph.
Brantford Tp-Margt. Donovan vs. J. Byron.
Harwich Tp-D. W. Putnam vs. D. Clarke, admrx.
410
Harwich Tp-D. W. Putnam vs. D. Clarke, admrx.
560
Hamilton-J. McDonald & Co. vs. T. D. Hodgins et al.
1,944
Ottawa Mary Byrne vs. J. & Mary, J. Byrne, \$850; Bank of Ottawa vs. G. W. McCullough, \$10,701; A. Gartshore vs. H. McRae et al, exrs. \$1,730.
Parry Tp-L. & J. Savage vs. S. Mills
Parry Tp-L. & J. Savage vs. S. Mills
McBean & Son, \$50; Jane Jackson vs. Olivia B. & G. C. Rogers, (Settled) \$310.
Party Conada L. & Son, \$50; Jane Jackson vs. Olivia B. & G. C.
Rogers, (Settled) \$310.
Party L. Conada L. & W. L. Con vs. W. & S. A. Hopkins \$2,045

Belleville-Canada L: & N.I.: Co: vs! W. & S. A. Hopkins \$2,045

Fort William—A. Gillis vs. J. King. Port Arthur—W. McBrady vs. Middleton & Conmee..... Toronto—W. McBrady vs. J. G. Whiteacre..... 608 274

WRITS ISSUED, MANITOBA.

-\$ 363 August 14.
- Calgary-Golden Lumber Co. vs. Vaulthart & Co...... \$ 345 Innisfail-J. S. Pearce vs. Innisfail Dairy & Stock Co.... 2,800 WRITS ISSUED, B. C.

August 9th.

August 7th.

- Vernon-E, O. Graham vs. M. Fireheiler...... \$ 251 JUDGMENTS RENDERED, PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.
- August 7th. Montreal-A. Laplerre agt. A. Labelle et al, \$376; C. L. Letang et al agt. J. H. Leroux et al, \$362.

August 12th.

- Montreal—A. Meunier agt. M. Besner et al, \$318; D. Moragh agt. J. Davis, \$270; A. C. Lariviere agt. H. J. Gendron, \$537; L. Favreau agt. Dme. J. Martineau, \$480.
- August 13th. eal-Hon, L. F. R. Masson agt. Colin Campbell, \$300; H. Lemire agt. J. S. Decary et al, \$304; Montreal L. & M. Co. agt. W. Ryan, \$288; Dme. Mary Shannon agt. M. J. Montreal-Scanlan, \$500.

JUDGMENTS RENDERED, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

August 9th. Hamilton-Union Switch & Signal Co. agt. J. W. Hendrie,

August 12th.

- August 13th.

- August 14.
- Galt-D. Moore Co. Ltd., agt. Anna Hutton..... Dover E. Tp-A. Ouelette agt. J. B. Blair, sr..... JUDGMENTS RENDERED, N. B.

August 7th.

Millstream-J. A. Fenwick, G. S. for \$1,784 August 8th.

- Cap Rouge-J. M. Boudreau agt. C. N. Robitaille 335
- August 12th. Campbellton-J. Alexander & Co. late G. S. for \$2,106 JUDGMENTS RENDERED, MANITOBA.

August 8th.

- Winnipeg-Bank B. N. A. agt. Stevens & Burns...... \$88,289 August 14.
- Winnipeg-Commercial Bank agt. A. H. Coreli, \$813; Molsons Bank agt. A. Stewart, \$14,866.

JUDGMENTS RENDERED, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

August 8th.

Burnaby-Yorkshire Guarantee & S. Co. agt. L. C. Hill., \$1,615 Horsethlef Creek-Carlin & Lake agt. C. C McKay, \$716; W. Dainard agt. C. C. McKay, \$349. New Westminster-Dom. Bldg. & L. Assn. agt. P. Latham,

\$2,589.

August 12th.

- August 13.
- Vancouver—H. B. Turner agt. F. D. Boucher, \$1,601; G. Cassady & Co., Ltd. agt. W. C. McKee, \$378; Creamer & Langley agt. L. Roy, \$443; S. & H. Borbridge agt. D. Wilson, \$477

- JUDGMENTS RENDERED, NOVA SCOTIA. August 8th. \$1,285 Yarmouth-W. B. Homer, Confec. for August 14. Oxford-R. Brownell, Machinist, for \$ 260 1.11 JUDGMENTS RENDERED, P.E.I. August 12th.
- Charlottetown-F. de C. Davies, drugs, for...... \$ 383 CHATTEL" MORTGAGES, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

August 7th.

| Chesley-F. & Mrs. A. Isehirhart to J. Hamel | \$ 518 |
|---|--------|
| Lindsay-F. & Irene Crandell to C. S. Blackwell | 5,000 |
| Treeton-Mrs. Sarah F. McRae to Ellen O'Connor et al | 1,500 |
| Woodhouse-Mrs. Sarah Waters to W. Porter | 500 |
| Angust 8 | th. |

| Almonte-J. Gemmill to J. A. McLaren | \$5,600 |
|---|---------|
| Brantford-J. R. Menhenick to J. S. Hamilton et al | 800 |
| Kingston-J. Driver to W. Short | 1,888 |
| Lindsay-T. & L. Crandell to C. S. Blackwell | |
| Peterboro-M. Connors to Hatton Wood | 650 |
| Foronto-Mrs. G. Edwards to S. Coulter | 742 |
| | |

August 9th.

August 12th.

| Chesley—F. & Annie Tschirhart to J. Hamel Parkhill—M. McKlnnon to W. Carr Woodstock—J. Horseman, jr. to H. McKay et al | 800 |
|--|-----|
| August | |

| Aurora-J. Bond to J. Whimster | \$1,200 |
|---|---------|
| Berlin-Abel Walper to Theresa Kuntz et al | 5,000 |
| Brautford-W. H. Turnball to McClary Mfg. Co | 1,292 |
| Hamilton-H. R. Free to J. Hardcastle et al | 500 |
| Hope-G. Powell to S. & J. Paterson | 800 |
| Madoc-D. W. Wright to W. Cross | 1,400 |
| Orillia-A. Clark et al to J. A. Cull | 918 |
| Ottawa-R. Venning & wife to Emma S. Magee | - 500 |
| St. Catharines-G. M. Neelon to R. W. Hamelin | 642 |
| Toronto-Ewart & Johnston to H. G. Langley, \$2,553 ; R. | Hearn |
| to Frontenac L. & I. Socy., \$10,000; Mrs. G. Southy | vick to |
| J. H. Oswald, \$1,089; R. Vernon to L. Reinhardt, \$1 | |
| Toronto Junat I T Gilmour to G B Smith | 1101 |

Toronto Junct—J. T. Gilmour to G. B. Smith . . . August 14.

CHATTEL MORTGAGES, MANITOBA.

August 7th.

- Newdale-Newdale Creamery Assocn. to T. Greenway. 505 August 14.
- - CHATTEL MORTGAGES, B.C. August 12th.
- \$ 845 Vancouver-D. Wilson to H. Collins August 13th.
- Armstrong-J. E. Ross to E. C. Cargill & Co..... \$ 619 BILLS OF SALE, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

August 7th.

- Pembroke-W. R. White to J. P. Millar..... \$2,000 Toronto-N. Manning to A. Park 500 August 9th.
- Toronto-J. Lumbers to Louisa E. Dewey..... \$ 702 August 18th.
- \$ 625 4,384 August 14.

BILLS OF SALE, N.B.

- August 7th. Hampton-R. Johnston, lumber mill, for..... \$1,780 August 12th.
- \$ 500 Moncton-P. S. Enman, drugs, for BILLS OF SALE, MANITOBA.

August 8th. Medicine Hat-V. S. St. George to Kate White \$ 700

THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE. 313 J. W. Mackedie & Co LEARING SALE 5 366 AND SUMMER CLOTHIN PRING We are SELLING OFF all the remainder of our Spring and Summer Stock at PRICES. -JOB - 11. A. A rare chance to pick up regular well made goods VERY CHEAP. STOCK MUST BE CLEARED. 瘢 TERMS: NET CASH 30 DAYS. MACKEDIE & CO. MONTREAL, April 19th, 1895. 33 Victoria Square BILLS OF SALE, N.S. Yarmouth -- L. J. Roy, cigar mfr..... \$1,800 August 8th. \$1,285 Pubnico—A. L. D'Entremont, trader, for...... Springhill—J. R. Burke, produce, etc., for..... BILLS OF SALE, B. C. August 12th. August 14. Varcouver—T. E. Atkins & J. Milner to McDowell, Atkins, Watson Co. Ltd., \$17,643; H. McDowell & Co. Ltd., to McDowell, Atkins, Watson Co. Ltd., \$28,761. \$1,066 \$6.515 for cables and 5-32 to 1/8 discount for New over the list. The following are the transactions of the week as per Charles York funds. Over the counter rates were Financial. 101% to 1014 for sixties, 103% to 1/2 for demand, 10% for cables, and 1-16 to 1/8 Thursday Ev'g., Aug. 15th, 1895.

The most interesting feature in financial circles during the present week was the payment of \$3,350,000 in gold by the bond syndicate to the Sub-Treasury in exchange for legal tenders and the announcement. that they had \$3,500,000 more gold in their vaults which they were ready to pay in, if necessary, in order to keep the Treasury gold reserve at the supposed safety point of \$100,000,000. Against this, however, the shipments of gold to Europe during the week have reached the sum of \$2,550,-000, and nearly \$7,000,000 has already been withdrawn from the Treasury for that purpose. At the present high rates of exchange, shippers of gold make \$3,000 on every million shipped, and this fact alone will cause the outflow of gold to continue. The only hope of the syndicate, therefore, is that the supply of bills may be increased, or the market so manipulated, that rates can again be brought below the shipping point. At present the sterl-ing exchange market is firm in tone. In New York posted asking rates for sterling were \$4.89½ to \$4.90 for long bills and \$4.90½ to \$4.91 for demand. Actual rates are: Long bills, \$4.891/2 to \$4.893/4; sight drafts \$4.901/2, to \$4.901/4, and cable transfers, \$4.90% to \$4.91. Francs are quoted at 5.161/4 to 5.155% for long and 5.15 to 5.143% for short; reichsmarks, 95% for long and 95% to 96 for short; guilders,40 5-16 to 403% for long and 40 7-16 to 401/2 for short. In this market the rates between banks are 9% to 10 for sixtles, 1014 to 3-16 for demand, 10 5-16

The second second

premium for New York funds.

Money continues cheap and plentiful in all the financial centres. In London call money is still only 1/4. per cent. and discount in the open market for three months bills 9-16 to 5% per cent. The Bank of England rate continues at its minimum of 2 per cent. In New York money on call rules at 1 per cent. Time money is quoted at 11/2 per cent. for sixty days, 2 per cent. for ninety days, 2½ per cent. for four months, and 3 per cent. for six months on good mixed Stock Exchange collateral. Commercial paper is quoted as follows : Prime endorsed bills receivable at 3 to 3½ per cent., choice single name paper at 4 to 4½ per cent., and good at 5 to 6 per cent. In this market call money is easy at 4 to 4½ per cent. and discounts unchanged at 61% to 7 per cent.

Business on the Stock Exchange may be classed as quiet, although the speculative stocks were fairly dealt in by room traders. The easiness of call money enables the speculators on the "bull" end to keep up prices, so that there is very little variation between the closing prices of to-day and those of a week ago despite of the fact that the business done was purely between professionals. About 11,200 shares changed hands, of which 379 were bank shares and the remainder in the miscellaneous list. Cable and New Street were the most active of the speculative stocks and comprised 57 per cent. of the total sales. Old Street, Toronto Street, and Gas were responsible for 3,500 more, and the balance of the trading was spread pretty generally

| Merenith & Co., stockbrokers : | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------|---------|---------------------|-----------|
| | | | 11. | |
| BANKS. | Shares. | Highest | Lowest. | Last Year |
| Montreal | 6 | 221 | 220 | 221 |
| Ontario | 82 | 90 | 90 | |
| Peoples | 62 | 4434 | 801/2 | 125 |
| Quebec | 4 | | 118 | |
| Union | 42 | 100 | 100 | |
| Merchants | 22 | 166 | 1651/2 | 164% |
| Commerce | 200 | 130% | 136 | 140 |
| Ville Marie | 11 | 73 | 18 | 70 |
| MISCELLANEOUS. | | | $\mathcal{U}^{(1)}$ | 1.2 |
| Can. Pacific | 150 | 5412 | 521/2 | 071% |
| Duluth | 100 | 71/8 | 7~ | |
| do. pfd | 150 | 131/2 | | |
| Cable | 3060 | 165 | 163 | 142 |
| Telegraph | 148 | | | 150% |
| R. & O | 100 | 100 | | |
| Toronto Ry. | 1150 | 86% | 8314 | |
| Mont. Street Ry. | 1461 | 2114 | | |
| New do Gas | 3295 1072 | 210 | 209 | 147% |
| Royal Electric. | 45 | 152 | 205¥ | 101 |
| Bell Tel | - 40 | | | 147% |
| Inter-Coal | 4 | | 2716 | 17178 |
| | | ~172 | ~ 72 | |
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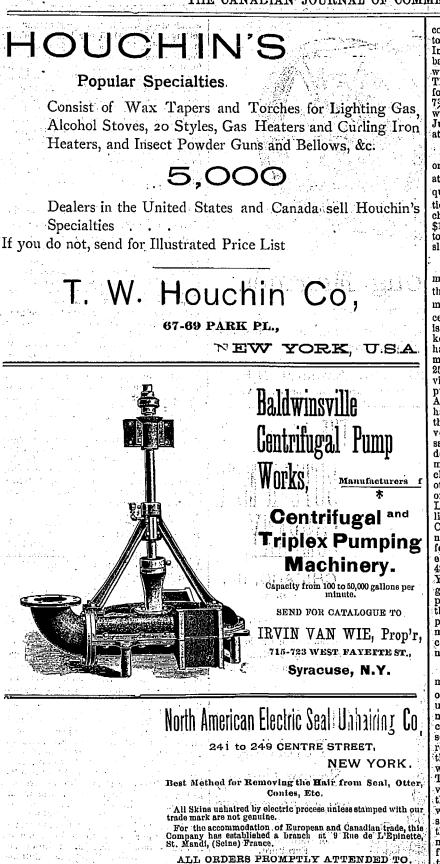
MONTREAL CLEARING HOUSE. Total for Week Ending Aug. 15, 1895. Clearings. Balances. \$11,412,826 \$1,875,810 Corresponding Week of 1894..... 9,373,808 1.120.089 1,522,984 " 1893..... 10,079,266 " 1892..... 11,564,278 1,783,513

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS

Thursday Evg., Aug. 15th, 1895

The usual lull, which always occurs in the middle of August when the farmers are all in the fields, has caused the past





frem England. Rubber and chemicals show but few new features, and the remainder of the markets may be characterized as quiet and firm without change in prices.

BOTTER AND CHEESE—The butter mar ket is extremely dull and very little business is passing. Prices are heavy and there is still a downward tendency manifest. Finest creamery sell at 17 to 17%c, Townships dairy at 15 to 15%c and Western at 18 to 14c. No demand for old or offgrade butter. Eggs are coming in largely and, as the demand is limited, receivers are unable to place the quantities arriving. The slackness of enquiry unsettles prices and values show a range of from 10 to 12c per dozen as to freshness of stock. Buyers have the market in their own hands, and insist on having the privilege of candling and an allowance. for loss. Potatoes are, quiet and steady at \$1 to \$1.25 per barrel and 35 to 45c per bag. There is no change in maple products. We quote sugar at, 6% to 7% of or new and 4 to 6c for old; maple syrup in wood at 4 to 5c per lb. and 50 to 60c per thi. Cheese values have again declined since our last writing and it is doubtful if the bottom is reached yet. There are very few hopeful signs apparent and the cable has gone' down to 38s for both white and colored. About 11,000 boxes Quebec make sold on Tuesday at an average of about 7c. Ontarlo makes are purely nominal so far as this market.

concerned. We quote finest Ontarlo 756 to 734, Townships 7560, Quebec 7 to 7560 In New York cheese is selling on the basis of 7560 for colored and 7560 for white. In Utica the ruling rate was 6560 The cheese boards of the week resulted as follows :-At Lindsuy 12 factories accepted 7560 for sections. At Picton 7550 first-half July sold at 8560. At Napanee 200 sold at 7560, 80 at 7.0-160, and 800 at 7540.

CEMENT AND FIREBRICKS Beyond one sale of 1,000 barrels English cement at \$2.05, business has been extremely quiet and only a few jobbing transactions can be noted. Prices are unchanged. In small lots we quote : \$1.90 to \$2.05 for British cement and \$1.80 to \$1.90 for Belgian. Firebrick move out slowly at \$15 to \$21 per M as to brand.

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS—The chemical market is quiet as usual at this season of the year. Business is only fair and the demand lacks spirit. In drugs the heavy receipts of opium at Smyrna, where prime is quoted at 6s 4d, has weakened the market for that drug. Quinine in second hands is quoted 24¼ c f.o.b. New York and manufacturers are still booking orders at 25c. Cocca butter is higher. London advices reported ½d advance there at the public sale ; 12½d was realized. In the Amsterdam market an advance of 8:16d has taken place, since the public sale there. The foreign markets, in short, are very strong and fairly active. The balsams generally are steady in price but the demand is confined to a jobbing movement. Shellacs are showing very little change in this market. No speculative or other large buying interest develops and ordinary trade demand is met at old prices. London cables reported that at public sale prices were firm but no. higher. Camphor is still somewhat unsettled but no radical change has taken place the past few days. Japanese gum is the disturbing element, being quoted at as low as 47 to 48c in bbls. and 54c in cases, f.o.b. New York. In the other gums, arabic and tragacanth remain very steady at, the line of prices that has ruled for some-time and there is nothing new develops in the market for other varietles. Gambler, cutch, indigo, and the other dyeatuffs show no change.

DRY GOODS.— The wholesale houses make very few complaints of the volume of the week's business, although this is usually a slack time, as the farmers are now all in the fields and trade in the country, stores is quiet. Travellers, are sending in a fair amount of orders and report more confidence in the outlook now that it is certain that crops in most lines will be good. In the city, trade is quiet. The class of tourists now visiting us spend very little money except at the hotels and the stores miss the number of their patrons who are out of town for the summer. The suburban trade keeps up well and is above the average of former years. Money does not come in as freely as it might, but failures are few and the general feeling in the trade is one of hopefulness.

FRUIT—The prospects for apple exporters are not encouraging. England has the largest apple crop for many years past and all the European countries show large orops, except France where it is only an average. Very few Canadian apples will be required except fancy varieties which must reach London in October. The last sale of California fruit in England brought better prices than at the previous ones. Bartlett pears of the best brand realized from 18 to 16s per case. Four hundred cases were sold, the average price being 15s. Peaches sold at from 4 to 5s per case. Choice lots brought 7s. Nectarines sold from 5s to 5s 6d. Mixed lots brought 9s. A choice lot of large fruit. plums brought from 8s to 9s per case. In this market trade is fairly active except for bananas



which are a drug in the market and are selling at 75c to \$1.25 per bunch. Watermelons bring 16 to 20c in a jobbing way. Pcaches are very scarce. We quote Californias \$2 per box and Georgians \$4 per carrier. Plums run from \$1.40 to \$1.75 per crato. Lemons are steady at \$4 to \$4.50 per box. Summer oranges sell at \$8 to \$3.50 per box for 200 size. Western Canadian apples are now coming in and sell at \$1.50 to \$2.50 per barrel. California pears \$2 to \$2.75 per box. Hudson, River \$2 to \$2.50 in kegs. Grapes, blue, in ten pound baskets sell at 60 to 75c. In six to eight basket carriers Delawares sell at \$3.75 to \$4, Niagaras at \$3 and Concords at \$2.50 to \$2.75.

FLOUR & GRAIN.—The tone of the flour market is weak, but as yet there is no change in the price list. The local demand for Manitoba grades continues moderate, but only small lots are changing hands. We quote winter wheat patents \$4.45 to \$4.50, spring wheat patents \$4.40, Manitoba strong bakers and straight rollers \$4.25 to \$4.85. Oatmeal is weak and lower in sympathy with the decline in oats. A quiet business is doing on the basis of \$3.90 for standard. Feed is firm and active under a good demand. We quote bran \$17, shorts \$19, and mouillie \$22 to \$28. The grain market shows no important change. The principal feature is the weakness in oats. Car lots have sold at 38 to 38½c in this market, and new mixed, middle freights. West at 27 cents.

quote bran \$17, shorts \$19, and mouillie \$22 to \$28. The grain market shows no important change. The principal feature is the weakness in oats. Car lots have sold at 38 to 38½ c in this market, and new mixed middle freights, West, at 27 cents. Cable advices to the Board of Trade were as follows: Cargoes off coast, wheat, steady and quiet; maize, quiet. Cargoes on passage and for shipment, wheat steadier; maize rather firmer. English country markets, partially 6d cheaper; French, firm. Liverpool spot wheat, steady. Minneapolis first bakers flour, 18s 8d. Liverpool futures, wheat is steady; August, September, 5s 5½d, October 5s 6½d, Cheber 5%2d, November 5s 6½d, December 5s 6½ d; maize, steady; August 8s 10¼d, September, October, November 3s 9½d, December 3s 9½d. Wheat in Paris, 19.85 August; 19.65 September; flour, 42.65 August; 43,15 September.

GROCERIES.—A very fair average trade is doing in groceries and wholesalers express themselves well satisfied with the overturn considering the season of the year. Teas are especially active and a big business has been done in them. The number of bids and enquiries is even larger; for most buyers do not yet fully grasp the fact that they cannot buy teas this year upon last year's basis, nor can they even buy to-day at last week's prices in Yokohama. The erop of Japan teas is certainly large but it has been absorbed almost as rapidly as it appeared, and the consequence is that Japans from 13 to 15c will be very good stock to carry. At present the range is from 13½ up to 25c on a brisk market; but with buyers and sellers apart in their ideas. Sugars are unchanged. Refiners maintain the 4½ rate for granulated for 50 barrel lots, but would shade it for larger lots in order to clear out their stocks to make room for raw sugar now coming in. Yellows run from 3½ c upwards. Syrups are dull and unchanged. In raw sugars news comes from Java that the United States buyers are heavily in that market, buying the next crop of sugars, while China is also a large competitor at the same basis as America is paying, and sellers are growing scarce. The Phillippines also are receiving the benefit of this early demand. The Cuban crop holds out remarkably in receipts. Evidently planters have not much faith in making next year's cop, and want to get all the cane ground this summer that they can. Coffee is dull. Accounts from Rio of the new crop are very favorable, and the beans are said to be heavier than those of the preceding year. The frost has damaged the young coffee trees in many districts of Brazil which will diminish next year's coffee crop which was



I. OICSS & DUIL, Slave Jointer, Planer, Veneer and other Knives, ROCHESTER, N.Y. Circulare "How to cut Timber for Stave and Heading Bolts," turnished on application.

note the market strong and advancing with prices fully 10c higher than last quotations. Cable advices from Spain for new crop Valencias quote 15s for off stalk and 20s for four crown layers. Futures in almonds are ruling high owing to the expected small crop. Prices are quoted at 54s 3d for regular quality, and 55s 3d for selected for September shipment. Buyers, however, are holding aloof.

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HAY-The hay market is weaker, owing to declining cables from England where Canadian hay is quoted at 64s Liverpool. 68s London, and 72s Glasgow. Exporters are paying \$8 to \$9 per ton for No. 2 export hay at country points, and \$9 to \$10, laid down alongside ship here, according to quality.

HIDES.—The hide market continues firm and unchanged. American buyers have cleaned up nearly all the held stock, except a few undesirable lots, and new hides come in very sparingly and are taken up as fast as they arrive. Locally prices are still $8\frac{1}{2}$, $7\frac{1}{2}$ and $6\frac{1}{2}$ c for Nos. 1, 2 and 8 to butchers, with tanners paying a cent more for sorting, curing and inspection, but it is said 10 cents has been paid for choice No. 1. No sheepskins are now in the market but lambs are more plentiful... We mark clips and lambskins up to 35c. Tallow is firm at 6 to $6\frac{3}{2}$ for prime refined and 5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ c for No. 2 quality.

Hors—Samples of new hops, the early Palmer seedling, have arrived in the market and were picked up at once by the lager beer brewers at fancy prices. This is the earliest on record that new hops have arrived here. The hops were of excellent quality and were much admired by the trade. Old hops are purely nominal as no one will buy old crop with the new crop so near at hand.

IRON AND HARDWARE—Trade is very quiet in the metals and hardware as is always the case in the latter half of August. But, notwithstanding this, prices are stiffening steadily and every change in the price list is upward. Copper has again advanced and ingot cannot be had under 12 to 12½ cents. The base price of cut nails has been increased at a meeting of manufacturers and it now stands at \$2.50 for iron and \$2.60 for steel nails with the usual trade extras as to size. Pig iron is dull; but prices of Carnbroe have advanced to \$18.50 to \$19 per ton. Steel tires have gone up to \$2, sleigh shoe steel to \$1.90 and machinery steel to \$2.50. Pig lead is again higher at \$3.25 and zinc spelter has gone up to 4%. The discriminatory rates against this province in the case of barbed wire and wire nails, still continue and Quebec dealers have to pay more than their Ontario brethren for their wire while in the case of nails the discounts are 75 and 5 f. o. b. Montreal for Quebec and 75 p. c. delivered for Ontario, Tin plates, are unchanged on the basis of \$2.50 to \$2.85 for I. C coke and \$3 to \$3.50 for I. C, charcoal. In the United States the comparative quietness noted for the past two weeks continues in the iron and steel markets generally. In raw iron there is much activity, while finished material is very active, and there have been large transactions in finished steel during the past two weeks continues of the trade productive capacity is fully employed. One feature of the market observable is the reluctance of either purchaser or seller to reach very far into the future, and little or nothing is being done beyond the close of the year. Generally prices are about as they were at last report, perhaps a shade firmer, with increased sales.

LEATHER-Trade in leather is slightly more active and promises to be more so next month when it is believed nearly all of the shoemen will be in the market. Shipments to England of splits and buff, continue, both from this oity and direct from the tannerles. Twenty tons of splits



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also stronger. The Belgian market is two points higher and stocks here are in very compact shape. This renders holders confident and travellers now out on the fall trip are sending in very satisfactory orders. Turpentine is easy and lower at 44 to 45c, owing to heavy receipts. Linseed oil is unchanged, Cotton seed oil is weak, and disposed to go lower. It is said a lot of 1,000 barrels, prime summer, yellow prompt delivery, was offered to all of the prominent buyers in the West at 28c loose; but could not find a taker until finally 20c loose, was bid by a Western packer and accepted. While refined oils are neglected, there is some demand, for crude, and a lot of 2,500 barrels was taken for Chicago at 19c loose at the mill. Some people however, are, inclined to doubt that any one would pay as much and intimate that the report was circulated for effect. PETROLEUM - Prices of American oil are lower and we quote in carllots prime'

PETROLEUM, —Prices; of, American, oil are lower and we quote in carllots prime white at 16% waterwhite at 18c, and as trai at 19c. In broken, lots the prices, would be one cent higher. Canadian oil is 14% c in car lots and 16c in single barrels. Benzine sells at 14% c to 16c for Canadian, and 28c for American.

dull and only a small jobbing business is doing. Canadian short cut is neglected at \$16 for clear, and \$17.50 for mess. City cured hams and bacon job at 9 to 11 cents. Canadian lard in pails sells at 9% to 10½c. Common refined 7¼ to 7¾ per lb. The weak tone already noticed in the Chicago provision market has continued, and pork shows a further. decline of 10c to 22½c, closing at \$9.25 August; \$9.30 September, \$9.37½ October, \$10.02¼ January. Lard closed 2½c to 5c lower, at \$6 August and September, \$6.60 October, \$6 January. Short ribs: closed at \$5.50 Å August; \$5.55 September, \$5.60 October, \$5.22½ January. In the Liverpool, provision, market lard was weak' again and declined 3d, to 31s. Pork was steady, at 573 6d; and bacon at 35s to 86s 6d.

RUBBER—The market for Para is gradually hardening especially for coarse grades which are scarce as usual at this season of the year. Late cables quote up-river 5,400 reis for fine and 8,500 reis for coarse. Exchange on London 10 11-16d. The English market closed at 36¼d. Central Americans of all grades are more active. Africans are dull.

anadian; and 28c for American. Halts 20 Woor.—The prices of Canadian [fleece Provisions.—The provision; market, is, are going up all the time. American

buyers have practically cleared up the market at 28 to 24c for fleece, 24 to 25c for clothing and 25 to 26 for combing wools, and, manufacturers, are beginning allo realize that they must come up in their views if they want to get wool. They seem to have plenty of orders; but apparently consider the fact of Canadian, wool being dearer than Cape is anomalous and hesitate in hope of a decline. The Albatross has not yet arrived; but about, 800 bales of her cargo have been sold at 100 wooled sheepskins in London, 1,780 balles of 'Cape of Good Hope and Natil were offered and all were sold. The demand was brisk, especially from the home trade. The purchases by Continental in operators were moderate and the demand for America was slack. Prices were firm throughout, advancing $\frac{1}{6}$ a $\frac{1}{6}$ d. Coarse grades showed the least improvement rate destinate ed.

TORONTO WHOLESALE, TRADE, o (Revised by Tolegraphi)?

TORONTO, Aug. 15, 1895.

Business this week shows little, change, there being but a moderate movement in wholesale departments. The outlook, however is bright, promising hetter results than last yoar. Prices of merchandise are firm. Retail dealers are buying cautionsly, and stocks in country's torget are said to the than usual. Remittances are said to the fairly satisfactory. Money is easy, at 4 per cent for call loans on bonds and 4½ on stocks. Prime commercial paper discounted at 6 to 56% per cents Sterling fex change is wery strong in sympathy with the New York market: UStocks active and irregular for the miscellaneous list. British 'America' Assurance is up to 110%, and Western at 163%, Cable sold at 163%, Toronto, Still Rystat; 83%, Tolephine, lat 157½ and Gas at 197. C.R.R. weaker at 63c. Commerce sold at 137¼, Toronto at. 243, Dominion Telegraph at 120, and London and Canadian Loan at 114.

BUTTER, &c.—The narket is steady, with supply fair. The best fublis footing, at 15 to 16c, medium 11 to 12c, and inferior 7 to 10c. Found Tolls 18 to 20c, large, rolls, 13, to 12c and creamery 18; to 20c, Eggs firm at 11c per dozen in case lots. =Cheese quiet at 8 to 8% c-in a jobbing way.

DRESSED Hocs-Offerings are limited and the demand small. Fresh are quoted at \$6.75 to \$7.

FLOUR AND GRAIN—Flour is dull, with little or no demand. Straight rollers are nominal at \$3.35 to \$3.50, Toronto freights and patents at \$3.85 to \$3.90. Manitoba patents still held at \$4.40, and strong bakers at \$4.20. Wheat dull with buyers and sellers apart. White and red sold west at 72 to 73c and new at 70c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is very dull, and easier at 80 to 91c. Toronto freights. Barley is purely nominal. Oats weaker at 33c on track, and 29c outside. New are iquoted at 20 to 27c ontside. New are iquoted at 20 to 27c ontside. Peas dull at 56 to 57c outside and ryc purely nominal. Bran firm at \$15.50 to \$16 and shorts \$10.). Oatmeal basy at \$3.75 to \$3.00 for car lots.

for car lots. a driobnall reaW 06 hos 81 GROCERIES—Trade is quiet and featureless. Granulated sugars are selling at 4¼c, and yellows at 3% to 4c, according to 'quality. Dried fruits steady. New Valencias to arrive sell at 6¼ to 6¼. Teas quiet at unchanged prices. Canned. vegetables firm at 90c for, corn and peas and 95c to \$1 for tomatoes.

HARDWARE-Trade is fair and prices rule firm.

HIDES AND SKINS—The hide market is quiet with no changes in quotations. Cured

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THE CANADIAN JUURNAL US CUMMERUE.

| SURETYSHIP. | STOCKS AND BONDS, | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--------------------------------|---|---|--|--------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|---|
| The only Company in Canada confining itself to this business. | NAMB. | Par Val'e. | Capital Sub- scribed. | Capital paid-up. | Rest. | Div. last 6 Ms | Dates of Dividends. | | Cash value per S. |
| The GUARANTEE Co. | British North Am Can. Bank of Commerce Commercial, Windsor. | 40 | 4,866,668 6,000.000 500,000 | 288,640 | 1,200,000 95,000 | 8 | Apl. Oct. June Dec. | 240 186¾ 105 | 584 40 68 25 42 00 |
| Capital Authorized, \$1,000,000 Paid up in Cash (no notes) - 304,600 Resources, 1,225,572 | Dominion Du Peuple Eastern Townships Hamilton | 50 50 50 100 100 | 1,500,000 1,200,000 1,500,000 -1,250,000 800,000 | 1,250,000 | 600,000 720,000 675,000 320,000 | 8½ 8½ 4 8&1 | May Nov Mch Sep Jan July June Dec June Dec | 1561/2 | 131 00 14 00 71 50 156 50 125 00 |
| *Deposit with Dom. Gov't, - 57,000 THE BONUS SYSTEM of this Company renders the Premiums in certain cases annually reducible until the rate of | Hochelaga Imperial Jacques Cartier Merchants' Can Morchants' Halifax Molsons | 100 25 100 100 50 | 1,968,600 500,000 6,000,000 1,100,000 2,000,000 | 1,962,5°0 500,000 6,000,000 1,100,000 | 1,156,175 235,000 8,000,000 680,000 | 4 3½ 4 3¼ | June Dec June Dec June Dec Aug Feb April Oct | 182 1143/ xd 166 159 | 182 00 57 37 166 00 159 00 188 75 |
| One-half per cent, per annum is reached. This Company is under the same experienced management which introduced the system to this | A Nationale. New Brunswick | 200 80 100 100 | 12,000,000 1,200,000 500,000 1,500,000 | 12,000,000 1,200,000 500,000 1,500,000 | 6,000,000 30,000 525,000 40,000 | 5 6 8 | June Dec Jan July June Dec | 220 785% 249 88 | 440 00 22 98 249 00 68 00 |
| continent over thirty years ago, and has since ac- tively and successfully conducted the business to the satisfaction of its clients. Over \$1.140,000 have been paid in Claims to Employers. | Ottawa People's of N. B Quebec. St. Stephen's Standard | 100 | 1,500,000 180,000 2,500,000 200,000 1,000,000 | 2,500,000 200,000 1,000,000 | 115,000 500,000 45,000 600,000 | 4 3½ 3 4 | June Dec Jan July June Dec April Oct June Dec | 1583 <u>(</u> 118 | 168 75 118 00 81 50 |
| President and Managing Director: EDWARD RAWLINGS. Vice-President. WM. J. WITHALL Secretary and Treasurer, ROBERT' KERR. | Toronto Traders Union (Hallfax) Union of Can Ville Marie | 100 100 50 100 100 | 2,000,000 608,400 500,000 1,200,000 500,000 | 608,400 500,000 1,200,000 | 85,000 160,000 280,000 | 9 8 3 | June Dec Jan July June Dec | 98 123 100¼ | 243 00 98 00 61 50 100 25 78 00 |
| SELKIRK CROSS, O.C., Counsel. RIDDELL & OOMMON, Auditors. IELD OFFICE: Dominion Square. | Agri. Sav. and Loan Co Bell Telephone Co Brit. Can. Loan & Inv. Co Brit. Mortg. Loan Co Building and Loan Assoc | 50 100 100 | 630,000 3,168,000 1,620,000 450,000 750,000 | 626,006 3,168,000 398,493 311,978 | 120,000 800,000 112,000 75,000 | 8 4°/2 31/2 31/2 | Jan July Quarteriy Jan July July Jan July | 1573⁄2 111 | 157 50 111 00 23 25 |
| Dominion Square, Corner Motcalfe St., MONTREAL *N.BThis Company's Deposit is the largest made for Guarantee business by any Company, and is not liable for the responsibilities of any other risks. | Can. Colored Cot. Mills Co Can. Landed & Nat'l Inv't Co Can. Perm. Loan and Sav Can. Sav. and Loan Co Central Can. Loan & Sav. Co. | 100 100 50 50 100 | 2,700,000 2,008,000 5,000,000 750,000 2,500,000 | 2,700,000 1,004,000 2,600,000 722,000 1,200,000 | 850,000 1,450,000 195,000 824,007 | 8% 5 3% 8 | Oct Jan July Jan July June Dec Jan July | 59 118 164 110. 122 | 59 00 118 00 52 00 55 00 122 00 |
| <u>ESTABLISHED</u> 1888. | Dominion Say, and Iny. Co Dominion Celegraph Co Dominion Cotton Mills Co Farmers' Loan and Say, Co Freehold Loan and Say, Co | 100 | 1,000,000 1,000,000 3,000,000 1,057,250 3,223,500 | 1,000,000 3,000,000 611,480 1,319,100 | 146,195 659,550 | 11/2 81/2 4 | July Der Jan-Qtly Mar-Qtly May Nov June Der | 1201/2 80 106 188 | 40 (0 60 25 80 00 53 00 138 00 |
| THE CANADA JUTE CO. MANUFACTURERS OF BAGS. | Hamilton Prov. and Loan Home Sav. and Loan Co Huron & Eris Loan & Sav. Co Imperial Loan and Inv. Co Landed Banking and Loan | 100 | 1,500,000 2,000,000 3,000,000 840,000 700,000 | 200,000 1,337,000 703,558 674,381 | 175,000 670,000 164,054 145,000 |) 81/2) 41/2 31/2 31/2 | Jan July Jan July Jan July Jan July Jan July | 185 166 112 115 | 123 50 135 00 88 00 112 00 115 00 |
| Importers of Twines, Hessians, Pad- dings, Buckrams, etc. 17, 19 and 21 St. Martin Street, | Lond. & Can. Loan and Ag London Loan Co, Lond. and Ont. Inv. Co Manitoba & North-W. Ln Co. Montreal Telegraph Co | . 1 100 | 5,000,000 679,700 2,750,000 1,500,000 2,000,000 | 659,050 | 405,000 74,000 160,000 111,000 |) 4) 3) 3½ | Mch Sep Jan. July Jan July Jan July Jan—Qtly | 104 | 58 00 52 00 113 00 95 00 65 80 |
| MONTREAL. | Montreal Gas Co Montreal Street Ry. Co Montreal Cotton Co | 40 50 | 2,500,000 1,800,000 1,400,000 | 2,497,704 1,800,000 1,400,000 |) , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | 6 4 | April Oc May Nov March—Qtly Feb Au | t 206 {old 210 [new 209] 110 | 82 40 |
| | Merchante M'fg Go Montreal Loan and Mortg Ont. Indus. Loan and Inv Ont. Loan and Deb. Co People's Loan and Dep. Co People's Loan and Dep. Co | 100 | 500,000 466,800 2,000,000 600,000 | 500,000 314,81(1,200,000 600,000 | 300,00 190,00 450,00 115,00 | 0 3 0 3½ | Mch Sej Jan Jul Jan Jul Jan Jul | 5 13254 7 35 7 128 7 45 | 33 13 35 50 64 (0 22 50 |
| JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS | Real Est. Loan Co Richelieu and Ont. Nav. Co Toronto Electric Light Co Toronto Street Railway Union Loan and Sav. Co | 100 100 100 50 | 581,000 1,850,000 500,00 6,000 1,000,000 | 679,64 | 250,00 20,00 20,00 | 0 8 0 2 Nil 0 4 | Jan Jul | 991 <u>/4</u> 160 88% y 116 | 85 50 99 50 160 00 83 75 58 60 |
| | Western Can, Loan and Sav. Western Loan & Trust Co | 50 50 | 3,000,000 | | 0 770,00 | | Jan Jul June De | y 150 c 981/2 | 75 00 |

sell at 9c to 9¼c. Green unchanged at at 8c for No. 1 and 7c for No. 2. Calf-skins 7c to 8c. Lambskins are firm at 40c, and pelts 40c. Tallow dull at 5¼ to 5¼c, the latter being the selling price.

LIVE STOCK-Receipts heavy this week and prices generally steady. Better cables gave better tone to the market: The best shippers sold at 43%c to The best shippers sold at 43%c to 41%c per lb. and others 83% to 4c per lb. Butcher's cattle steady, with choice quoted at 8% to 4c. Inferior butchers sell at 21% to 3c. Sheep are firm at 31% to 4c for export. Spring lainbs unchanged at \$2.50 to \$3.25 each. Hogs steady, the best bringing 5.00 to \$5.25, weighed off cars, and thick fats \$4.40 to \$4.60. Sows \$4.00 per hundred.

PROVISIONS - Trade quiet, and prices steady... Mess pork \$15.75 to \$16 steady. Mess pork \$15.75 to \$16 and short cut \$16.00 to \$16.25. Long clear bacon sells at 7% to 8c, hams at 11c to 12c, rolls 8 to 8½c. Lard is firm at 8%c for therees, 8%c to 9c for tubs and 9%c, for palls. Beans firm at \$1.70 to \$1.90. Potatoes sell at 40c per bushel for new. Dried apples 5 to 5%c, and evaporated 6% to 7c.

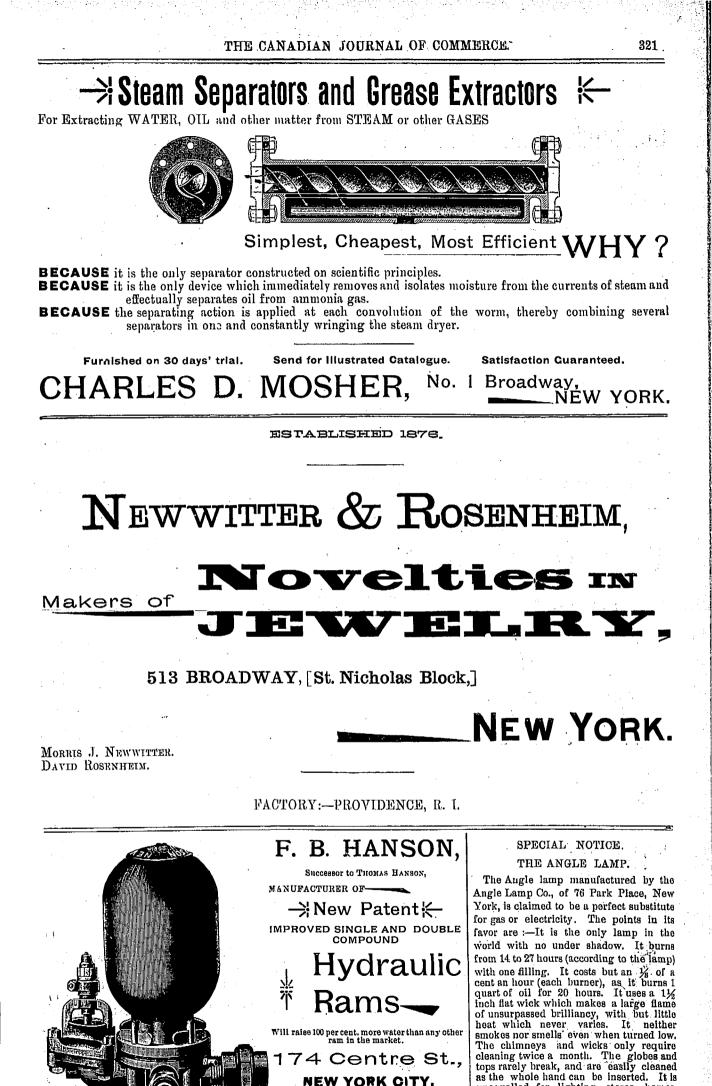
Wool.—The market is quiet with no. changes in prices. Fleece 23 to 24c, and unwashed 14 to 141/2c. Pulled wools dull at 201/2 to 211/2c for supers, and 22c to 23c for extrast,

THE Purdy Electric Centrifuge.

THE WOOD ELECTRIC MANUFACTURING CO. 18 and 30 West Randolph Street, CHICAGO,

3112 1

20 40.000 12. 1 01 97 same -E...... oh Ba dé palog



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unequalled for lighting stores, homes, churches, halls, billiard tables, bowling alleys, and all other places where good

light is desired.

THE CANADIAN JURNAL OF COMMERCE



A LOT WE AND A STREET WE AND A

THE UANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT-THURSDAY, AUGUST 15, 1895. Name of Article. Wholesale Name of Article. Wholesale. Name of A rticle. Wholesale Boots and Shoes. ogans or Cobourgs lit Balmorals \$ C 2 80 0 76 1 50 Men 80 1 10 1 20 Soda Ash..... Soda Bicarb..... Sal. Soda..... "Concentrated .. Boys. \$0 60 \$0 85 1 00 -1 20 1 00 1 25 1 10 1 50 \$ c. 2 00 2 50 0 50 2 00 \$ c. \$ c. 2 25 0 00 2 25 0 00 \$0 55 \$0 80 0 70 0 80 0 75 1 00 0 90 1 11 $\begin{array}{c}1 & 00 \\1 & 40 \\1 & 50 \\2 & 00 \\3 & 25 \\8 & 50 \\2 & 00 \\3 & 00 \\8 & 00\end{array}$ Roast Chicken 1-lb tins... Roast Turkey, 1-lb tins... \$0 1 1 2 2 1 20 1 35 2 15 2 25 1 40 2 25 2 25 Brooms. 0 00 0 00 1 25 1 50 1 50 2 00 0 00 0 85 1 00 0 00 1 10 1 00 Rose 4 varn. hand heavy.. Pansy 4 " " medium Thietle 4 " " " $\begin{array}{c} 3 & 25 \\ 8 & 260 \\ 2 & 525 \\ 2 & 265 \\ 2 & 265 \\ 2 & 400 \\ 2 & 10 \\ 1 & 605 \\ 1 & 265 \\ \end{array}$ Dyestuffs. Archil. con..... 0 29 0 08 0 15 2 50 1 75 1 00 0 08 0 15 Thiele 4 " " " Map Leaf A 4 stgs. B 4 " stained Shamrock A 4 " varn han B 4 " stained Daisy A 3 stgs varn handle " B 3 " stained " Tulip No. 1 3 stgs " " " Curling 4 " 0 65 0 76 0 80 0 70 1 35 1 35 1 35 1 75 0 90 8 50 Sumac.... 1022228221 Fish.
 Drugs & Chemicals

 Acid Carbolic Cryst medi.
 0 30

 Aloes, Cape.
 0 13

 Alum.
 1 50

 Borax, xtls.
 0 05

 Brom, Potass.
 0 55

 Camphor. Eng. Refoz.ck
 0 70

 Copperas, per 100 lbs
 0 75

 Cross Tartar.
 0 10

 Glycerine
 0 16

 Gum Arabic per 1b.
 0 20

 "Trag.
 0 50

 Morphia.
 1 76

 Oxalic Acid.
 0 67

 Potash Isichromate.
 0 10

 Otash Isichromate.
 0 10

 Potash Isichromate.
 0 10

 Patartar. Acid.
 0 35

 Strychnine
 0 30

 Tin Crystals
 0 30

 Heavy Chemicals.!
 1 30
 Drugs & Chemicals 3 75 2 50 4 50 3 00 8 00 2 50 $\begin{array}{c} 0 & 85 \\ 0 & 15 \\ 2 & 008 \\ 0 & 0502 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0502 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 255 \\ 1 & 000 \\ 1 & 005 \\ 1 & 000 \\ 1 & 055 \\ 1 & 000 \\ 1 & 055 \\ 1 & 000 \\ 1 & 055 \\ 1 & 000 \\ 1 & 055 \\ 1 & 000 \\ 1 &$ Name of Article. Wholesale. Name of Article. Wholesale \$c. 1 65 2 70 5 82 $\begin{array}{c} \$ \ c. \\ 1 \ 70 \\ 0 \ 000 \\ 0 \ 000 \\ 2 \ 000 \\ 1 \ 000 \\ 2 \ 100 \\ 0 \ 000 \\ 0 \ 000 \\ 0 \ 000 \\ 0 \ 000 \\ 0 \ 000 \\ 0 \ 000 \\ 1 \ 20 \\ \end{array}$ Corn Beef 1-1b " 2-lbs " 4-lbs " 6-lbs " 14-lbs Lunch Tugs 1-lb per doz. 2-lbs " Source 2-lbs Canned Goods.
 Build Tigs 740 per doz.

 "2:bs "

 Soups, 2:bs."

 Soups, 2:bs."

 Davided Beans.....

 Deviled Tong's. ½ ib."

 Ham, ½-lb. "

 Chicken, ½-lb. "

 Turkey, ½-lb. "

 "Car Congue, 1½-lb."

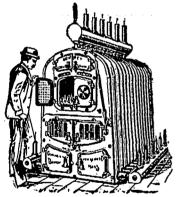
 "Car Congue, 1½-lb."

 "Car Congue, 1½-lb."

 "Car Congue, 1½-lb."

 "End the source of th 0 12 0 75 0 15 4 00 0 50 1 00 0 85 0 25 Flour. Minter Wheat..... Manitoba patent b brande. Straight roller... Superfine.... Manitoba Strong Bakers... Standard oatmeal, brl.... Bran.... Bran.... Moullie.... Heavy Chemicals. Bleaching Powder..... Blue Vitriol..... Brimetone.... Caustic Soda 60...... "70...... 5 00 6 50 2 25 2 25 2 25 4 50 1 75 1 90 2 15 Binder Twine. Good mixed Pure manilla..... 0 00 0 061 50 The AMERICAN" received the HIGHEST AWARD at the World's Columbian Exposition, Chicago, 1893, for : : : STORAGE BATTERIES, **DURABILITY and EFFICIENCY.** No other Storage Battery Made in this Country Received any Mention Whatsoever. •Contains no "Active Material" Artificially Applied, The "AMERICAN" BATTERY We have over 1,500 Cells in Successful Train Lighting Alone Send for new "LIGHT AND POWER" Catalogue. No " Paste " Used. For Further Information AMERICAN BATTERY CO., 25 So. Canal St., Chicago, III. PRODUCT OF THE Under Lice se of-The Consolidated Electric Storage Co. Svracuse Storage Battery Co. (The Brush Patent.) The BEST in every way for all purposes where it can be applied. Factory at PHŒNIX, N. Y. IMPOSSIBLE to buckle or short circuit. Office : 38 & 39 Herald Building, SYRACUSE, N.Y. All our work is made from Best Oak Leather Stock Kendrick Valve and Washer Co. 318 E. Water St. UNNOUTHE AND Multiple Mul Tubular Well Cups, Oll Well Valve Cups, Deop Well Cyliader Cups, Elevator Cups. Special Cup Leathers to order. Pumps Valves and Plungers, Leather and Fibre Washors. Special Leather Washers to order. order. Fun bre Washors PLUMBERS' SPECIALTIES. and the 13 8 **Get your Catalogues** printed at the RECEPTE Journal of Commerce,

| | MONTRE | AL WHOLESALE I | PRICES | CURRENT_THURSD | AY, AUG | UST 15, 1895. | |
|--|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|
| Name of Article. | Wholesale. | | Wholesale. | Name of Article. | Wholesale. | | Wholesale. |
| Farm Products. | \$ c. \$ c. 0 17 0 17 <u>1</u> 0 14 0 15 0 13 0 14 | Barley, malting "feed. per 66 lbs, añost In store Ryso Corn, in bond "duty paid | \$ c. \$ c. \$ c. \$ 0 00 | Molasses (Barbados)img Porto Rico Trinidad Cuba | | Vermicelli, Canadian Macaroni, " "talian Peel—Citron Orange Lemon | 0 10 0 13 0 20 0 00 0 14 0 16 |
| Finest Western , Medium to good Finest Townshipe' Finest Eastern East: Western culls Limed Shipped as strictly fresh | 0 071 0 073 0 00 0 000 0 071 0 00 0 071 0 071 0 00 0 10 0 00 0 00 0 10 0 12 | Croceries. Japan, com. to med., b "good med. to line "cholcest Y. Hyson, com. to good | 0 144 0 17 0 174 20 0 224 0 25 0 26 0 36 0 10 0 20 0 25 0 85 | Con. Cluster Extra Dessert. Royal Bucking'm Cluster Suitanas | 2 10 2 25 2 65 2 75 3 50 0 00 4 35 4 50 0 05 4 50 0 02 0 07 0 02 0 0 0 03 0 00 0 03 0 00 0 03 0 00 0 03 0 00 | do do Lillac do do do do Bronze do do do do White do do Uneswaet'd blue prem do | 0 50 0 56 0 50 0 56 0 58 0 66 0 65 0 74 0 78 0 88 0 38 0 42 |
| Hors: 1834, per b "Old | $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | Gunpowder, Moyune " good " Pingsuey, med to good. " "Ine to finest " Congou, common " "Congou, common " " good common. " " good common. " " med. to good " " med. to good " " Indian " Coffees, Mocha (green) Java " (Coffees, Mocha (green) Java " " Coffees, Mocha (green) Java " " Canadian do " " Chicory " Canadian do " " Chicory " Canadian do " " In bxs" " " in bxs" Powdered, in bris" " " half bris" " " a 100-1b brs" | $ \begin{array}{c} 0 & 17 & 0 & 20 \\ 0 & 25 & 0 & 35 \\ 0 & 11 & 0 & 18 \\ 0 & 22 & 0 & 23 \\ 0 & 11 & 0 & 18 \\ 0 & 22 & 0 & 23 \\ 0 & 11 & 0 & 18 \\ 0 & 12 & 0 & 23 \\ 0 & 11 & 0 & 13 \\ 0 & 10 & 0 & 23 \\ 0 & 11 & 0 & 10 \\ 0 & 19 & 0 & 20 \\ 0 & 11 & 0 & 20 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 &$ | <pre>Prunce, French</pre> | $ \begin{array}{c} 0 & 05 & 0 & 05 \\ 0 & 04 & 0 & 07 \\ 0 & 05 & 0 & 06 \\ 0 & 05 & 0 & 00 \\ 0 & 05 & 0 & 00 \\ 0 & 05 & 0 & 00 \\ 0 & 05 & 0 & 00 \\ 0 & 00 & 0$ | Starch: Can. Laundry Silver Gloss. Benson's Prep. Corn Can. Pure Corn Vinegar's Imp Trip, 1 brl Cote D'or. Crystal Pickling W. W. XXX. W. W. XXX W. W. XXX W. W. XXX W. W. XXX Pure Malt. Cider X " XXX Soap, Best Laundry " Common Matches: Telegraph " Star Nelson's Matchee: | 000 000 000 0000 000 000 0000 000 000 0000 000 000 0000 000 000 0000 000 000 0000 000 000 0000 000 000 0000 0000 000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 |
| Crain. Hard Manitoba, No. 1 "No. 2 Oats No. 2. | <u> </u> | Ex Granulated, bris Off grade gran'd Branded Yellows Syrup | 0 04 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 03 3 15-16 0 01 0 02 | Calibratic For an and a straight and straight and straight and a straight and straight and straight a | 4 25 4 40 | ll Mandung no. | $\begin{array}{c} 0 & 09 & 0 & 10 \\ 0 & 16\frac{1}{2} & 0 & 17 \\ 0 & 16 & 0 & 16 \\ 0 & 17\frac{1}{2} & 0 & 18 \\ 0 & 12 & 0 & 12 \end{array}$ |



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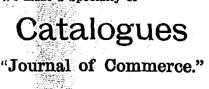
Every test strict-ly on own merits, proves exceptional reputation,

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| | MONTR | EAL WHOLESALE | PRICES | CURRENT-THUR | SDAY, AU | GUST 15, 1895 | |
|--|---|---|-------------------------------------|---|------------------------|--|--|
| Name of Article, | Wholesale | Name of Article. | Wholesale | 11 | Wholesale. | | Wholesale |
| Hardware-Continued. | 8 c 8 c | Sharpend flat pressed nalls 3 2% and 2% "ichextra 2% and 2% "ich. 1% and 1% "ich. 1% ich. 1% ich. 1% ich. 1% ich. 1% ich. 1% ich. 1% ich. 1% ich. 1% ich. i | 1 85 0 00 1 50 0 00 1 55 0 00 | IX Charcoal | 1 | No. I. ordinary solo | 0.95 0.96 |
| NEW OUT NAIL SOHEDULE. | | 2 and 2% " " | 1 85 0 00 2 50 0 00 | IX Charcoal IXX " D C " DX " | Usual Trade | | |
| Base-50d and 60d, f.o.b., Cut Nailsper keg Steel nails | 2 50 0 00 2 50 0 00 | 11/2 | 800.000 | | | Buffalo Sole, No. 1. | 0 00 0 00 |
| | 1 | Horse Shoes. | 2 50 0 00 3 50 8 75 | Russ. Sheet Trop | 5 50 5 75 | Zanzibar. | 0 00 0 00 |
| Cut nails, fence and cut spikes.—Hot cut. | i | 1 | 6 50 10 00 | Lion & Crown tin'd sh'te | 0 044 0 05 | a "No. 2 Zanzibar Slauphter. No. 1 "No. 2 Harness Upper, heavy Upper, light Grained Upper Scotch Grain Kip Skins, French English | 028 031 27 028 |
| 40a extra | 0 05 0 00 | Coil Chain—¥ chain Coil Chain—¥. 5-16 | 250 265 375 400 | | | Upper, heavy | 025032 03003 |
| UG. 16d and 12d 4 | 0 15 0 00 | 5-18 | 8 25 0 00 8 00 3 15 | 26 guage Lead: Pig, per 100 lbet Sheet, " Shot, per 100 lba | 8 25 0 00 | Grained Upper. | 03508 |
| 0d " d and 9d " d and 7d " | 025 000 | | 2 85 8 00 2 75 2 85 | Lord Ding non 100 11- | 000 070 | Scotch Grain Kip Skins, French | 0 82 0 85 |
| | 0 40 0 00 | | | Zinc: Sheet | 5 09 0 00 4 50 4 75 | English Canada Kip Hemlock Calf " Light French Calf. | 0 50 0 70 |
| d 14 | $100 000 \\ 150 000$ | Queen's Head, or equal | 5 00 5 25 | | | Hemlock Calf | 0 50 0 60 |
| d to 5d, cold cut not pol. or bl'd. " 1 " " " " " | 0 50 0 00 | | 010 100 | Machinerv scrap Wrot iron Powder :Canada Bl'stng | 0 00 15 00 | French Calf. Splits, light and medium. | 105 140 |
| ine blued natis- | 090 000 | Pig Iron : Siemens No. 1 | 17 00 17 50 | 1 * * W * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * | 200 000 | " amall | 0 20 0 25 |
| extra | 150000 200000 | Pig Iron : Siemens No. 1 Summerlee Gartsherrie Carabroe C.I.F.T.Riv.Chercoal iron No. 1 Ferrona | 19 00 00 00 | | | Leather Board, Canada Enameled Cow, per ft | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ |
| shook, and tobacco hox | | C.I.F.T.Riv.Charcoal iron | 18 50 19 00 26 50 28 00 | Bright No. 7, per 100 lbs Annealed No. 7 " "oiled " " | 2 65 0 00 2 65 0 00 | Glove Casta | 0 18 0 19 |
| 18116- 2d to 30d. | 0 50 0 00 | Den Zummen des 1 | 17 00 17 60 | Trade discount on above | 3 15 0 00 | Glove Grain. B. Calf. Brush (Cow) Kid Buff. Russetts, light. "heavy | 0 12 0 14 0 18 0 14 |
| and 9d | 0 60 0 00 0 75 0 00 | Bar Iron, per 100 lbs. Ord. Crown Best Refined | 1 60 1 65 | Berhad Wiro. | | Buff | 0 12 0 14 0 18 0 15 |
| d to 5d | 0 90 0 00 1 10 0 00 | Norway | 2 25 2 50 3 00 0 00 | Plain Trutet 2 and 2 | 3 00 0 00 | heavy | 085040026030 |
| d | 1 50 0 00 | Norway Sheet Iron 16 G & heavier. " " 17,18,20 G " " " 22,24 " " " 22,64 " " " 28 G " | 2 15 2 25 1 90 2 00 | Staples. Wire Nails-75 p.c., off list delivered for Onta- | 8 00 0 00 | "heavy" "heavy" "Saddlers' Imt. French Calf English Oak. | 0 20 0 25 8 00 9 00 |
| inch extra | 0 85 0 00 | " " 23, 24 " " " 26'G " | 1 90 200 | list delivered for Onta- | | Imt. French Calf English Oak | 0 70 0 75 0 38 0 42 |
| to 2½ · " | $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | " " 26 G " " " 28 G " Boiler plates, iron, 14 in | 2 10 2 20 | f.o.b. Montreal for Que | | Rough Dongola, extra | |
| 4 | 1 85 0 00 1 75 0 00 | Boiler plates, iron, ½ in. "" 3-16 in Boiler Heads, steel | | Hides and Tallow | | Boughan Oak Rough Uongola, extra "No. I "ordinary Colored Pebbles "Calf | 0 20 0 25 |
| 1 | 2 25 0 00 | | | Montreal Green Hidea | | Colored Pebbles | 0 15 0 17 |
| lating nails— | 0 85 0 00 | Band Imported | 0 00 2 00 | " No.1 per 100 lbs | 0 00 8 50 | Olla | 0.00 0.28 |
| 66 66 | 0 85 0 00 | Canada Plates : Good Brends | | Tannera Day \$1 extra for | 0 00 6 50 | Olis Cod Oil, Newfoundland Gaspe S. R. Pale Seal | 0 86 0 40 |
| OMMON DEFFEI DEIIe | 1 75 0 00 | Good Brands. Wro't Iron pipe, % to 2 in 70 p.c., over 2 in 67% pc Imported iron pipe | 2 10 2 50 | Sheeneking | 0.00 0.00 | S. R. Pale Seal | 0 00 6 00 0 36 0 37 |
| inchextra | 1 50 0 00 1 75 0 00 | | 0 00 0 00 | Lambalting and 1 | 0 85 0 00 | S. R. Fale Seal Straw Seal Cod Liver Oll, Nild " Norwegian Process Castor Oil | 0 00 0 00 0 05 0 75 |
| eel nails loc extra. | 2 25 0 00 | 14 inch, 65 p.c. 14 to 2 in 70 p c | | Calfskins, uninspected. | 0 08 0 00 | Process | 1 00 1 25 |
| linch nails- | | Steel contractly | 0 09 0 10 | Calfskins, uninspected. Horse hides west., each. ""City Tallow, rendered | | Castor Oil. Lard Oil, Extra | 0 06 0 06 0 70 0 75 |
| | 0 85 0 00 | " Tire. " | 2 50 2 75 | " rough | 2 00 2 50 | Lard Oil, Extra | 0 60 0 65 |
| and 2% " " | 1 00 0 00 1 15 0 00 | " Sleigh shoe, 100 lbs " Machinery | 000 190 | Leather | · [] | boiled Olive, pure | 0 61 0 62 |
| | 1 85 0 00 2 00 0 00 | Tin Plates: IC Coke | 250 284 | No.1 B. A. Sole | 0 26 0 28 | " Extra, qt., per case. " pts. do | 8 00 8 70 2 40 2 50 |
| Discounts on Noile ann)- | 2 50 0 00 | IC Coke IC Charcoal | 8 00 8 50 | No 8 11 11 | 0 24 0 25 | Olive, pure "Extra, qt., per case, "pts. do "½ pts. do Spirits Turpentine | 2 70 8 60 |
| Terms for Cut Casin | ig, Book and | mediate delivery, and for q I Shook, Finishing and Tobac | uantities na | med of each kind separate | ly. | | <u></u> 0 45 |

within 30 days. Discount on Bolts; Garriage and Tire, 75 to 80 and 10; Machine, 70 to 75 per cent. Terms, four months note or 3 per cent. off for cash Nalls and Horse Shoes, three per cent. off within 30 days. Horse Nails and Spikes, four months or 5 per cent. off in 30 days. Oils, Turpentine, Lead, Glass, etc

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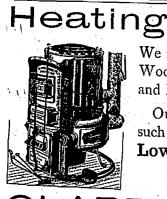


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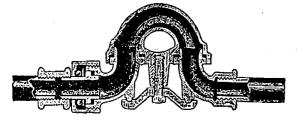
.. President

nes for all

325

MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT-THURSDAY, AUGUST 15, 1895.

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|---|--|--|---|------------------|---|---|
| Name of Article. | Wholesale. | Name of Article. | Wholesale. | Name of Article. | Wholesale. | Name of Article. Wholesale |
| Coat Oil: Car Lots Store, [2, p.e. off] Yater white Am. in car lots. do less quantities. Benzine American. do Canadian. Class. United inches, 60 to 25. do 126 to 40. do 26 to 40. do 51 to 60. do 10. Class. United inches, 60 to 25. do 10. do 51 to 60. do 70. do No. 1. do No. 2. do No. 3. do No. 3. do No. 4. do No. 5. do No. 6. do No. 7. do No. 8. do No. 8. do No. 1. do No. 8. do No. 8. do No. 8. do London, washed do London, washed do London, washed do Paris, do English Cement. Belgian Cement. Belgian Cement. French Caeks. do bris. Prencin White, bris. Coopers' Gluo. | $ \begin{array}{c} \hline \begin{tabular}{ c c c c } \hline \begin{tabular}{ll c c c c c } \hline \begin{tabular}{ll c c c c c c } \hline \begin{tabular}{ll c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ | Cunadian, Quarters Factory Filled per bag do Quarters Rice's Pure Dairy, per brill do Quarters Rice's Pure Dairy, per brill do Quarters Rice's Pure Dairy, per brill Cheese Sait per bag 210 Dh. Turk's Island per bush Tobacco duty paid. No. 1 Black Chewing, cada No. 2 do Oid Chum brit do sols. do do do 58. Mayy Bright Smoking 38. do do do 30. Derby Plug Smk'g sol. 128. do do do 38. Myrtle Navy Plug Smk'g sol. and R. & R 85. do Cut Smoking. 98. Myrtle Navy Plug Smk'g sol. and R. & R do Cut Smoking. 98. Can. Chewing do Smoking. Plug Wool. Fleece comb. ord do Combing Pulled North West B. A. Scoured Mines, Liquors. & C. Alc-Bass's | $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | Empir. Rye | $ \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} {\bf S} \ c. \ \ {\bf S} \ c. \\ {\bf 6} \ \ {\bf 75} \ \ {\bf 7} \ {\bf 50} \\ {\bf 6} \ \ {\bf 75} \ \ {\bf 7} \ {\bf 50} \\ {\bf 6} \ \ {\bf 75} \ \ {\bf 7} \ {\bf 50} \\ {\bf 6} \ \ {\bf 75} \ \ {\bf 7} \ {\bf 50} \\ {\bf 6} \ \ {\bf 75} \ \ {\bf 7} \ {\bf 50} \\ {\bf 0} \ \ {\bf 00} \ \ {\bf 000} \\ {\bf 210} \ \ {\bf 400} \\ {\bf 1.10} \ \ 1 \ {\bf 50} \\ {\bf 210} \ \ {\bf 400} \\ {\bf 210} \ \ {\bf 600} \\ {\bf 200} \ \ {\bf 500} \\ {\bf 210} \ \ {\bf 600} \\ {\bf 200} \ \ {\bf 500} \\ {\bf 210} \ \ {\bf 600} \\ {\bf 300} \ {\bf 100} \\ {\bf 300} \ {\bf 000} \\ {\bf 250} \ {\bf 000} \\ {\bf 1220} \ \ {\bf 000} \\ {\bf 1220} \ \ {\bf 000} \\ {\bf 000} \ {\bf 250} \\ {\bf 000} \ {\bf 000} \\ {\bf 1220} \ {\bf 000} \\ {\bf 000} \ {\bf 250} \\ {\bf 000} \ {\bf 000} \\ {\bf 000} \ {\bf 250} \\ {\bf 000} \ {\bf 000} \\ {\bf 000} \ {\bf 250} \\ {\bf 000} \ {\bf 000} \\ {\bf 900} \ {\bf 200} \\ {\bf 900} \ {\bf 250} \\ {\bf 000} \\ {\bf 900} \ {\bf 250} \\ {\bf 000} \\ {\bf 875} \ {\bf 900} \\ {\bf 800} \\ {\bf 875} \ {\bf 900} \\ {\bf 800} \\ {\bf 800} \ {\bf 800} \\ {\bf$ | Biankheynn & Nolet, Key gin, red cases S c. S c. Green cases 9 50 9 75 Green cases 9 50 9 75 475 500 Ponies 9 50 9 75 250 2 75 7785 Whitsky- Bushmills cs 9 50 000 Jno. Jameson&Sons, 1star 000 000 do do two stars 000 000 do do two stars 000 000 do do three stars 000 000 do do stars, qts 9 50 000 Geo Roe & Co. 1 star, qts 9 50 000 Geo Roe & Co. 1 star, qts 9 50 000 do do 3 stars, qts 9 50 000 Geo Sayer & Co's Geo. Sayer & Co's Geo. Sayer & Co's do do Co. Seo Geo. Sayer & Co's do do co. Seo Geo Coe & Co. 1 star, qts 9 50 00 Go do cases 1 star 01 50 1200 Ind Coope & Co. Rom -] qts 2 10 6 50 Geo. Sayer & Co's do do do ver gal 3 75 4 00 Jas Watton & Co. Dundee 3 star Glenlivet, per case. 9 50 10 00 do do per gal 3 75 4 00 Jas Watton & Co. Dundee 3 star Glenlivet, per case. 9 50 10 00 do do per gal 3 75 4 00 Jas Watton & Co. Dundee 3 star Glenlivet, per case. 9 50 10 00 do do per gal 3 75 4 00 Jas Watton & Co. Dundee 3 star Glenlivet, per case. 9 50 10 00 do do fate, per ce 3 for 50 6 50 Watson's Old Scotch qt. cs 6 50 7 50 do do pts, per ce 3 for 50 8 50 Watson's Old Scotch qt. cs 6 50 7 50 do do pts, per ce 3 for 50 8 50 Watson's Old Scotch qt. cs 6 50 7 50 do do pts per ce. Marie Brizard & Roger Liq Creme de Manthe glaclale verte. 00 00 11 75 Creme de Cacao. 00 00 11 30 Kurmel. Creme de Cacao. 00 00 11 30 Kirsch fae com., case. 9 55 12 75 Kirsch, fine. Rum, cases. 15 00 17 00 IPELJOINT |
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WHAT IS THIS FLEXIBLE JOINT ?

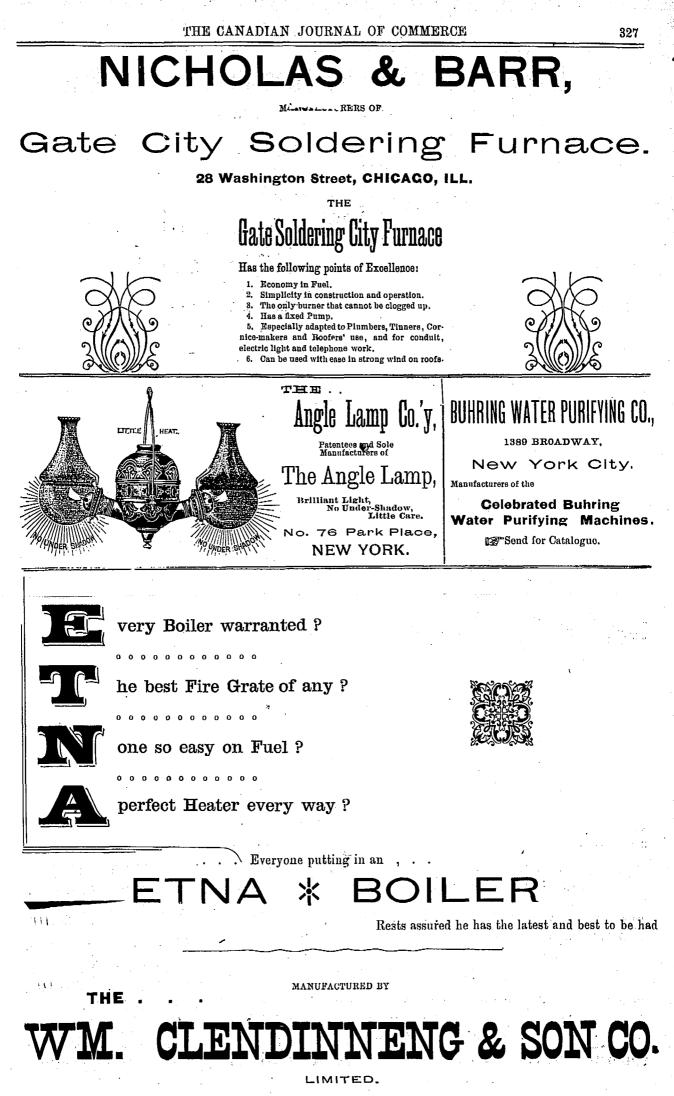
It is an absolute steam joint under any steam pressure It is a practical flexible coupling for metal pipe.

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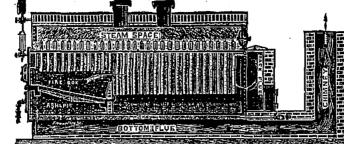




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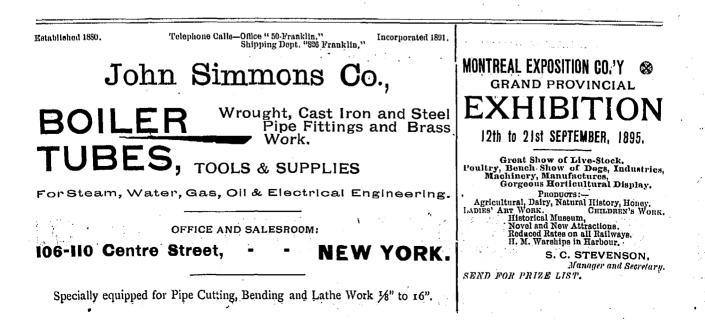
GEO. KINGSLEY, Patentee & Manufacturer. ST. JOHN, N. B.

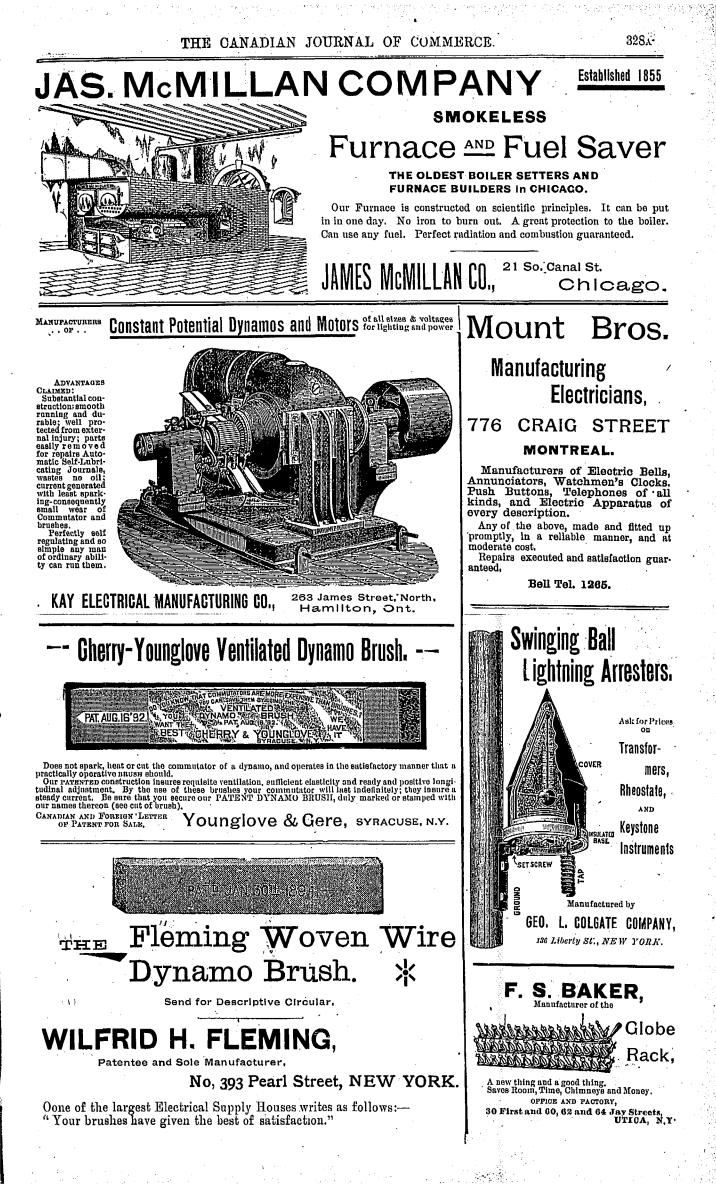
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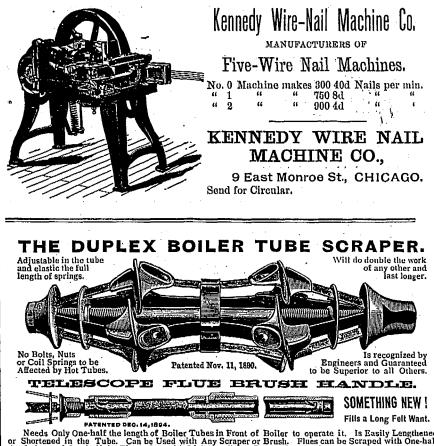












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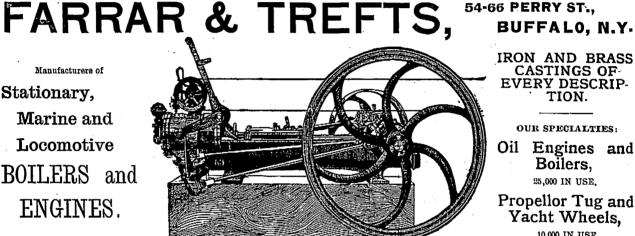
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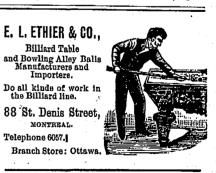
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| Thos. Malloy, Sec'y. SYRACUSE, N.Y. western Agent: G. W. Williams, 19 & 21 Wabash Ave., - Chicago. | Atlas British and Foreign Marin Caledonian Commercial U. Fire, Life a | e 67,000 21,500 and Marin 50,000 | 0s. p. 25 12s. 25 10 | 50 20 25 50 | 4 5 5 | £2414 £28-5-0 £8414 52-0-0 | £251% £00 £351% 00 | |
| EASTERN AGENT: C. S. Worden, Mercantile Exch., 6 Harrison Street, New York. | Edinburgh Life Fire Insurance Association Guardian Fire and Life | 5,000 100,000 | 5 734 | 100 £10 10 | 20 £2 5 | 52-0-0 % 9% 28% | 10% | |
| | British and Foreign Marin Caledonian. Commercial U. Fire, Lifes Edinburgh Life. Fire Insurance Association Guardian Fire and Life Imperial Fire. Lancashire Fire and Life Northern Fire and Life Queen Fire and Life Royal Insurance Fire and Scottish Imperial Life Scottish Provincial Fire an | | 20 p. s. i5 20 | 100 £10 20 40 25 10 | 2 8% . 12% . 2 | 5 41126 £57 | 291 <u>/4</u> 51 <u>/4</u> 00 50 | |
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| CHICAGO-NEW YORK, Electrical Apparatus and | Northern Fire and Life North Brit. & Merc. Fire a Phœnix Fire | 80,000 and Life 110,000 6,722 | 221/4 20 р. в. £13/4 р. в. 80 | St. 21 p.c. 100 25 50 10 20 10 50 | 10 6¼ 50 1 | 68 88½ £274 7 1–16 | 70 39½ £278 6 18-16 | |
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| 16, 18 & 20 Elk St., - | Buffalo, N.Y. | The M | utua | l Life | | URAN Mpan | | |
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| Concrement | | RICI | HARD | A. McCU | JRDY, F | resider | nt. | |
| Consumer | | STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING DEC'BER, 31st, 189 | | | | | | |
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| - Gordag | je Co. | Receipts from all Payments to Polici | sources cy-holders . | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | | • • • • • • • • • • • | 15,089,822 9 41,958,145 6 20,885,472 4 | |
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| St. Patrick St., 1 | montreal. | | | LINCE, Secretary, | U. L | | X1N, Manager. | |
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