

THE IRON SIGNAL

DEVOTED TO COUNTY NEWS AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCE

GODERICH, ONT., FRIDAY, APRIL 1, 1881.

Advertisements.
Drugs—George Rhynas.
Millinery—Miss Stewart.
Sheriff's Sale—R. Gibbons.
Something New—G. H. Old.
Dressmaking—Miss Weston.
Auditors Abstract—Anders.
Cottage wanted—Signal office.
Card of thanks—W. D. Shannon.
Auction Sale of schooner—Seager & Morton.

Travelling Guide.
GRAND TRUNK.
EAST.
Pass. Exp's. Mtd. Mtd.
Goderich Lv. 7.00am. 12.00pm. 3.15pm. 9.00am
Seaford. 7.25am. 12.25pm. 3.40pm. 9.25am
Stratford. Ar. 8.45am. 2.15pm. 6.30pm. 1.00pm

NEWS ABOUT HOME.
"A chief's amang ye, takin' notes,
An' faith he'll prent it."

TOWN TOPICS.
Dust,
Frost,
Sunshine,
And a snow storm,
Characterized the last week of March.
This is All Fools' Day—and don't you forget it.
The curling fever ran high on Monday and Tuesday.
The American Agriculturist for April, just received, is a very readable number.
Mr. E. Campion has removed his law office to the chambers above Sheppard's bookstore.
The Seaford *Expositor* remarks: "Mr. Attil makes things boom in Goderich. He is worth at least one good factory to the town."

The County Auditor's will meet on Monday next to audit the accounts of the first quarter of 1881.
The person who left a waterproof overcoat and pair of buckskin mits among Mr. Hilliard's goods, and have them on application to that gentleman.
Mr. Hilliard desires to express his most fervent thanks to the firemen and townspeople for their exertions during the progress of the fire.
AUCTION SALES.—Mr. John C. Currie, of Goderich, the popular auctioneer, had two "frotting good" sales in Ashfield this week. Cows averaged about \$40 in price, and the other articles sold in proportion. John C. is a success on the auction block.
AGAIN IN HARNESS.—We are pleased to state that Conductor Crawford resumed his duties on Monday last, after a month's cessation from work, caused by injuries received at the Albion fire. He still bears traces of having gone through an ordeal, but it is a pleasure to know that he can grasp his punch and call "Tickets" nearly as well as of yore.
Advertisements are the most truly cumulative business investment known. Advertise feebly and you will not be troubled with strong customers or heavy receipts of cash. Advertise widely and largely and you will make and keep the most substantial friendships, with a constantly widening and changing circle of customers, for every satisfied buyer can be reckoned your friend. Benjamin Franklin appreciated this when he said: "My son, deal with men who advertise; you will never lose by it."

Did March go out like a lamb?
Mr. Daniel McDonald has purchased the Dyett mansion for \$2,500. Mr. McD. has got a bargain.
PAINTING.—Mr. Harry Clucas's painting of the steamer "Chicora," now on exhibition at Toronto, is alluded to by the *Mail* as "a well executed oil painting." Mr. Clucas is working up a good reputation as a marine painter.
Dr. McDonagh, son of Mr. McDonagh, of Smith's Hill, returned from the Old Country this week, whither he had been obtaining additional degrees from Edinburgh University. We are pleased to learn that he has been eminently successful in his efforts, and congratulate him upon his success.
FIRE AWARD.—Mr. John Story has been awarded \$1,271.58 by the different companies interested in the fire which recently occurred in his store. The building was considerably damaged, but we are pleased to see that the energetic proprietor has set about putting things straight. The painters and other skilled workmen are busily engaged in renovating the premises, and Mr. Story thinks he will have everything as bright as a new quarter-dollar by Saturday next. He purposes holding a big clearing sale shortly, of which due notice will be given in our advertising columns.
THE PULPIT.—Mr. R. J. Thompson, of Hullett, a student of Knox College, preached in Knox church on Sunday morning, and also on the previous Lord's Day. Mr. Thompson is fluent, scholarly, earnest and clear in his preaching, and, if spared, will yet occupy a high place in the Presbyterian ministry. During the summer, Mr. Thompson will fill the pulpit of the McNabb street Presbyterian Church, Hamilton, in the absence of the pastor, Rev. D. H. Fletcher in Palestine. On Sunday next Mr. Turnbull, of Exeter, also an able and eloquent young preacher, will occupy Knox Church pulpit.

Mr. Geo. Rhynas will open with a new stock of drugs, etc. in a few weeks. The attempt to get up a curling match between London and Goderich fell through. London did not come to time.
Warden Kaine, of Gorrie, was in town last week on County business. He was looking as bright and cheerful as ever.
Mr. J. M. Mackid, recently of Clinton, is in town. He purposes crossing the line shortly, but has not yet decided upon his location.
The attendance of ladies at the Dyett auction sale yesterday was very large. The advertisement in *The Signal* drew many of them.
REMOVING.—Yesterday Mr. D. C. Strachan, grocer, commenced the removal of his stock to his old stand, from whence he had been forced to flee by fire some four weeks ago.
IS IT TRUE?—We learn that Charles Melton, better known as "Nigger Sam," died in Detroit recently. It is said that, previous to his death, he made a confession in the matter of the Park House fire, and acknowledged that he was paid \$100 by an interested party to apply the brand. Ugly rumors were rife at the time, and although the "peaching" of "Nigger Sam," cannot be accepted as gospel truth, yet it is sufficient to make the wisecracks shake their heads, and say, "I told you so."

ed out the stammering tramp, in a manner calculated to melt the heart of the sternest magistrate.
"From Kincardine?" repeated the Mayor.
"Y-y-y-yes," replied the other, "and we had f-f-f-f-forty-f-f-five o-c-c-cents in our p-p-p-pockets to get a l-l-l-l-load of b-b-b-b-bread with."
"And you're going to St. Thomas?" queried the Mayor, in a tone of evident sympathy.
"R-r-r-r-right off, air," eagerly responded the stammerer.
"Then I'll discharge you," said His Worship, with a pardoning wave of his hand.
"Th-th-th-th-thank you, air," ejaculated the discharged prisoner, and he and his more silent companion fled out of the chamber, and turned their faces eastward.

Dentistry.
M. NICHOLSON, SURGEON DENTIST, 171ST. Office and residence, West Street, three doors below Bank of Montreal, Goderich.

Real Estate.
FOR SALE.—LOT 9, LAKE SHORE
Twp. of Colborne, containing 112 acres, 20 acres cleared, balance covered with timber. Soil a good clay loam. As this property adjoins the Point Farm it is in consequence most eligibly situated. For particulars apply to J. Wright, March 1st 1881. 1776-41.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—AT
Dungannon, 12 miles from Goderich, consisting of 1 of an acre of land, well fenced, a frame house, a well and pump are also on the premises. The lot has been well improved. Terms reasonable. Particulars call on Mr. M. ROBERTS, Merchant, Dungannon, or R. E. BROWN, N. B. P. O. 1776-41.

HOUSE, AND LOTS NOS. 33 AND 34.
1/2 corner of Victoria and East streets in the town of Goderich, for sale cheap, or will be exchanged for farm property. For particulars apply to JAS. SHIELDS, Architect, office Crabb Block, or J. C. CURRIE, auctioneer.

SHEPPARDTON—FARM FOR
sale 60 acres, 50 acres cleared and well fenced. Brick Cottage 25x30, stone cellar full size of house. A large well and pump are also on the premises. For particulars apply to R. HAYNES, lot 16 Lake Shore Road, Colborne Township, or to GARROW & PRODFOOT.

FARM FOR SALE.—BEING LOT 9,
con. 13, Colborne, about seven miles from Goderich, comprising 59 acres, 50 cleared. A frame house, and a new frame barn 50x35 and a stable and other outbuildings are on the premises. A young orchard, good pump, etc. on the farm. The farm has a road on two sides of it. Four acres of fall wheat are sown. Distant only 1 mile from a post office. For particulars apply to Wm. SHIELDS, Sheppardton P. O. 1776-41.

SHEPPARDTON.—STORE, WITH
Post Office, stock all fresh and good. Will sell on very easy terms, having other business to attend to. For further particulars apply to E. T. HAYNES. Also 100 acres of land, West half of Lot 5, on the 3rd con. E. D. Ashfield, Good Orchard, Frame House, and stable. Fifty acres cleared and well fenced. Apply to GARROW & PRODFOOT. 1776-41.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.
Lot 6, Con. 8, Township of Colborne, Co. Huron, containing 98 acres 75 of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation. There is a frame house 20x25 with cellar under the whole, kitchen 16x20, wood shed 16x20, stable 18x25, and a fine stable 18x25. There is a well with a never failing spring, and a good young orchard with about 40 trees, selected. Terms, cash or on time. Apply to THOMAS WATSON, proprietor, Carleton or to GARROW & PRODFOOT, Goderich. 1776-41.

FARM FOR SALE.
Comprising Lots Nos. 18 and 19, Con. 3, in the Township of West Wawanosh, belonging to the late Mr. Charles McCracken, containing 100 ACRES in all. Over thirty acres are cleared. There are over 100 acres of good hard wood, and the balance cleared and in fine bush. A small Frame House and a Well are also on the premises. A good creek runs through the farm. For further particulars apply to THOMAS WATSON, Esq., Dungannon, or to Mrs. WARKOCK, Goderich, or to this office. 1776-41.

FARMS FOR SALE IN HURON.
A splendid farm of 100 acres, comprising north half of lot 27, con. 2, West Wawanosh, 30 acres cleared, and balance in good hard wood, and situated about a mile from Auburn P. O. The soil is good, and a neat frame house 24x30 and kitchen, and a small barn situated on the farm. There is a fine orchard, two good springs, and 30 acres are sowed with fall wheat on summer fallow. Also a 50 acre farm, known as north half of north half of lot 28, con. 5, East Wawanosh, with log house and nearly free from stumps, the balance being hard wood bush. 12 acres of fall wheat are sowed in summer fallow. A good spring runs close to the house. For full particulars apply to THOMAS NICHOLSON, hotelkeeper, Auburn P. O. 1776-41.

Auction Sales.
A SOLEMN BURIAL.—The Bradford *Expositor* says:—An unusually solemn scene was presented at the burial of the late A. B. McWilliams, at Burford, Thursday evening. The shades of night were gathering as the procession entered the village; the old church bell, that has summoned so many mourners on similar occasions, sounded out its mournful echoes; the stores were closed and hundreds were gathered in the cemetery, and the solemn Masonic burial service read by the flickering light of torches in broken tones, made up a picture of desolation long to be remembered. The bereaved wife was conveyed away from the scene in an almost prostrate condition, while the aged mother was unable to be present to take a last look at her loved one.

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A LIFE FOR A LIFE.

BY MISS MURDOCK. CHAPTER XXIV.

Oh, the happiness of knowing that one can make another happy—entirely happy! Oh, how good I ought to grow!

For the events which have caused him so much pain, and which he has yet to tell papa and me—they did not weigh much on my mind. Probably there is no family in which there is not some such painful revelation to be made;

But many a time the thought came, what if I should not be better to-morrow nor any to-morrow? What if, after all, I should have to go away and leave him with no one to make him happy?

Monday came. I was really better, and went about the house with Mrs. Granton all the forenoon. She asked me what time Dr. Urquhart had said he should be here;

After we had shaken hands, we sat down in silence. Then I asked him what he had been doing with himself all yesterday, and he told me he had spent it with the poor Ansdells.

"Yes, I am very glad you went." Dr. Urquhart of course I shall go on calling him "Dr. Urquhart," to people in general; nobody but me has any business with his Christian name.

"Did I? Something was amiss with you—I did not know what—but I saw it in your looks."

"I will tell you the truth; I am happier out of your sight than in it, just at present."

"God grant it." He was very much agitated.

The only woman he had ever wished for his wife. This, I was. And I felt like a wife. Talk of Penelope's long courtship—Lisbeth's marriage—it was I that was in love and soul, the real wife;

How strangely the comic and the serious are mixed up together, in life, and even in one's own nature. While writing this, I have gone off into a hearty fit of laughter at the recollection of papa's face when he saw us sitting there.

"Dr. Urquhart, I suppose I must conclude—indeed, I can only conclude one thing. But you might have spoken to me before addressing yourself to my daughter."

"Sir, I have been very wrong—but I will make amends—you shall know all. Only first—as my excuse," here he spoke out passionately, and told papa all that I was to him, all that we were to one another.

"Doctor, I forgive you; and there is not a man alive on whom I would so gladly bestow this little girl as you."

"My dear," papa interrupted, "go and tell him he may communicate them at whatever time he chooses. When such a man as Dr. Urquhart honestly comes and asks me for my daughter, you may be sure the very last thing I should ask him would be about his circumstances."

"Oh, Max, what is the matter? Oh Max!" I could say no more.

"My child!" He soothed me by calling me that and several other fond names; but all these things are between him and me alone.

"You are not an aristocratic, but a plebeian family. My thankfulness at learning this, you will understand afterward."

"You are quite better?" "Yes, and it is almost dark—it will be very dark across the moor. You must go."

He rose, and shook hands mechanically with papa and Mrs. Granton. He was going to do the same by me, but I loosed my hands and clasped them round his neck.

So he went away. That is more than a week ago, and I have had no letter; but he did not say he would write. He would rather come, I think. Thus, any moment I may hear his ring at the door.

I mean to communicate it face to face, by word of mouth. It will not seem so awful then; and I shall see the expression of your countenance on first hearing it.

But first I ought to furnish him with full information about things into which I have never yet dared to inquire. I shall do so to-morrow. Much therefore, depends upon to-morrow!

He will assuredly pity me. The thought of his own boy, your brother, whom you once mentioned, and who Mr. Johnston informed me "died young" after some great dereliction—this thought may make him deal gently with me.

My Theodora! Some day, when she comes to read a few pages which I seal up to-night, marking them with her name, and "To be delivered to her after my death," she will understand how I have loved her. Otherwise, it never could have been found out, even by her—for I am not a demonstrative man.

In case this letter, and those other letters, do reach you, they will then be your last mementoes of me. Read them and burn them; they are solely meant for you!

Should all go well, so that they become needless, we will, as I said, burn them together, read or unread, as you choose. You shall do it with your own hand, sitting by me at our own fireside.

A letter from him, giving no special reason for my joining him, but urging me to come, and quickly, mademe conscience-stricken from the Gehenna into which I was falling.

I started from London immediately, in great restlessness and anguish of mind; for though I had been no worse than my neighbors, or so bad as many of them—I knew what Dallas was—and how his pure life, sanctified, though I guessed it not, by the shadow of coming death, would look beside this evil life of mine.

I mention this only as a fact, not an extension. Though, in some degree, Max Urquhart the man has long since learned to pity Max Urquhart the boy.

Let me say a word or two more about my brother Dallas. If ever there was a perfect character on this earth he was one. Every creature who knew him thought the same. I doubt not the memory of him still lingers in those old cloisters of

St. Mary and St. Salvador, where he spent eight years, studying for the ministry. I feel sure there is not a lad who was at college with him—gray-headed lads they would be now, grave professors, or sober ministers of the Kirk, with country manors, wives, and families—not one of them but would say as I say, if you spoke to him of Dallas Urquhart.

Being five years my elder, he had almost ended his curriculum when I began mine; besides, we were at different colleges; but we went through some sessions together; a time on which I look back with peculiar tenderness, as I think all boys do who have studied at St. Andrew's.

You never saw the place, my little lady! You would like it, I know. To me, who have not seen it these twenty years, it still seems like a city in a dream. I could lead you, hand-in-hand, through every one of its quiet old streets, where you so seldom hear the noise of either carriage or cart; could point out the notable historical corners, and tell you which professor lived in this house, and which in that; could take you along the Links, to the some of our celebrated golfing match, calling over the names of the principal players, including his who won it—a fine fellow he was, too!

Also, I could show you the exact spot where you get the finest view of the Abbey and St. Regulus' Tower, and then away back to our lodgings—Dallas's and mine—along the Scores, where, of moon light nights, the elder and more sentimental of the college lads would be caught strolling with their sweethearts—bonnie lassies too they were at St. Andrew's—or we beheld them in all the glamor of our teens, and fine havers we talked to them along those Scores, to the sound of the sea below. I can hear it now. What a roar it used to come in with, on stormy nights, against those rocks beyond the Castle, where a lad and his tutor were once both drowned!

I am forgetting myself, and all I had to tell you. It is a long time since I have spoken of those old days.

Theodora, I should like you some time to go and see St. Andrew's. Go there, in any case, and take a look at the old place. You will likely find, in St. Mary's cloisters, on the third arch to the right hand as you enter, my initial 'D' and Dallas's; and if you ask, some old janitor or librarian may still remember "the two Urquharts"—that is, if you like to name us. But, go, if you can. Faithful heart! I know you will always care for anything that concerned me.

All the happy days of my life were spent at St. Andrew's. They lasted until Dallas fell ill, and had to go abroad at once. I was to follow, and stay with him the winter, missing thereby one session, for he did not like to part with me. Perhaps he foresaw his end, which I, boy-like, never thought of, for I was accustomed to his being always delicate; perhaps he knew what a lad of nineteen might turn out, left to himself.

I was "left to myself," in our Scotch interpretation of the phrase; which, no doubt, originated in the stern Presbyterian belief of what human nature is, abandoned by God. "Left to himself." Many a poor wretch's more wretched parents know what that means.

How it came about I do not call to mind, but I found myself in London, my own master, spending money like dross, and spending what was worse, my time, my conscience, my innocence. How low I fell, God knows, for I hardly know myself! Things which happened afterward made me oblivious even of this time. While it lasted, I never once wrote to Dallas.

I started from London immediately, in great restlessness and anguish of mind; for though I had been no worse than my neighbors, or so bad as many of them—I knew what Dallas was—and how his pure life, sanctified, though I guessed it not, by the shadow of coming death, would look beside this evil life of mine.

I staggered through the dark, silent town into a lane, and fell asleep on the road-side.

as circumstantially and calmly as I can. But first, before you learn any more about me, let me bid you remember how I loved you, how you permitted me to love you—how you have been mine, heart and eyes and tender lips, you know you were mine. You cannot alter that. If I were the veriest wretch alive, you once saw 'em something worth loving, and you did love me. Not after the fashion of those lads and lassies who went courting along the Scores at St. Andrew's, but solemnly—deeply—as those love who expect one day to be husband and wife. Remember, we were to have been married, Theodora.

I found my quickest route to Pau was by Southampton to Havre. But in the dusk of the morning I mistook the coach; my luggage went direct, and I found myself, having traveled some hours, on the road—not to Southampton but to Salisbury. This was told me after some jocularly, at what he thought a vastly amusing piece of "greenness" on my part, by the coachman. That is the gentleman who drove the coach.

He soon took care to let me know he was a gentleman—and that, like many young men of rank and fashion at that time, he was acting Jehu only "for a spree." He talked so large, I should have taken him for a nobleman, or a baronet at least—had he not accidentally told me his name; though he explained that it was not as humble as it seemed, and expatiated much upon the antiquity, wealth, and aristocratic connections of his "family."

His conversation, though loud and coarse, was amusing, and he patronized me extremely.

I would rather not say a word more than is necessary concerning this person; he is dead. As before stated, I never knew anything of him excepting his name, which you shall have by-and-by, but I guessed that his life had not been a creditable one. He looked about thirty, or a little older.

When the coach stopped—at the very inn where I am now writing, the White Hart, Salisbury—he insisted on my stopping too, as it was a bitter cold night, and the moon would not rise till two in the morning. He said that, I might as well.

Finally he let the coach go on without us, and I heard him laying a bet to drive across Salisbury Plain in a gig or dog-cart, and meet it again on the road, and Devises by daybreak next morning. The landlord laughed and advised him to give up such a mad "neck-or-nothing" freak; but he swore, and said he always went at everything "neck-or nothing."

I can remember to this day nearly every word he uttered, and his manner of saying it. Under any circumstances this might have been the case, for he attracted me, bad as I felt him to be, with his bold, devil-may-care jollity, mixed with a certain English frankness, not unpleasant. He was a small, dark man, hollow-eyed and dissipated looking. His face—no, better not call up his face.

I was persuaded to stay and drink with this man and one or two others, regular toppers, as I soon found he was. He appeared poor too; the drinking was to be at my expense. I was very proud to have the honor of entertaining such a clever and agreeable gentleman.

Once, watching him and listening to his conversation, sudden doubt seized me of what Dallas would think of my new acquaintance, and what he would say, or look he seldom reproved aloud—were he to walk in and find me in this present company. And supper being done, I tried to get away, but this man held me by the shoulders, mocking me, and setting the rest on to mock me as a "milkop." The good angel fled. From that moment, I believe, the devil entered both into him and me.

I got drunk. It was for the first time in my life, though more than once lately I had been "merry," but stopped at that stage. This time I stopped at nothing. My blood was at boiling heat, with just enough of conscience left to make me snatch at any means to deaden it.

The next thing I call to mind is being awakened by the cut of a whip across my shoulders, and seeing a man standing over me, I flew at his throat like a wild creature, for it was he—the "gentleman" who had made me drunk and mocked me, and whom I seemed then and there to hate with a fury of hatred that would last to my dying day. Through it all came the thought of Dallas, sick and solitary, half way toward whom I ought to have travelled by now.

How he—the man—soothed me I do not know, but think it was by offering to take me toward Dallas. He had a horse and gig standing by, and said if I would mount he would drive me to the coast, whence I could take boat to France. At least, that is the vague impression my mind retains of what passed between us. He helped me up beside him, and I dozed off to sleep again.

My next waking was in the middle of a desolate plain. I rubbed my eyes, but saw nothing except stars and sky, and this black, black plain, which seemed to have no end.

He pulled up, and told me to "tumble out," which I did mechanically. On the other side of the dig was something tall and dark, which I took at first for a half-way inn, but perceived it was only a huge stone—a circle of stones.

"Halloo! what's this?" "Stonehenge—comfortable lodging for man and beast—so you're all right. Good-by, young fellow; you're such dull company that I mean to leave you here till morning."

This was what he said to me, laughing uproariously. At first I thought he was in jest, and laughed too; then, being sleepy and maudlin, I remonstrated; lastly, I got half frightened, for when I tried to mount he pushed me down, I was so helpless and he so strong; from this solitary place, miles and miles from any human dwelling, how should I get on to Dallas—Dallas, who, stupified as I was, still remained my prominent thought.

I begged, as if I had been begging for my life, that he would keep his promise, and take me on my way toward my brother.

"To the devil with your brother!" and he whipped his horse on.

The devil was in me, as I said. I sprang at him, my strength doubled and trebled with rage, and catching him unaware, dragged him from the gig, and threw him violently on the ground. His head struck against one of the great stones—and—

Now, you see how it was. I murdered him. He must have died easily—instantaneously; he never moaned nor stirred once; but, for all that, it was murder.

Net with intent, God knows. So little idea had I he was dead, that I shook him as he lay, told him to "get up and fight it out;" oh, my God! my God! Thus I have told it, the secret, which until now has never been written or spoken to any human being. I was then nineteen—I am now nine-and-thirty; twenty years. Theodora, have pity; only think of carrying such a secret—the blood of a man, on one's conscience for twenty years!

If, instead of my telling you all this, as I may do in a few days, you should have to read it here, it will by then have become an old tale. Still pity me.

To continue, for it is getting far on into the night.

The first few minutes after I discovered what I had done, you will not expect me to speak of.

I was perfectly sober now. I had tried every means in my power to revive him; and then to ascertain for certain that he was dead; I forgot to tell you I had already begun my classes in medicine, so I knew a good deal. I sat with his head on my knee, fully aware that I had taken the life of a man, and that his blood would be upon me forever and ever.

Nothing short of the great condemnation of the last judgment-day could parallel that horror of despair; under it my reason gave way. I was seized with the delusion that, bad and cruel man as he was, he was only shamming to terrify me. I held him up in my arms, so that the light of the gig-lamps fell full on his face.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

All errors spring up in the neighborhood of some truth; they grow round about it and for the most part derive their strength from such contiguity.

One of the hardest lessons to learn in life is that the man who differs from you, not only in opinions but in principles, may be as honest and sincere as yourself.

Burdock Blood Bitters cures Scrofula and all humors of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and the Bowels at the same time, while it allays nervous irritation and tones up the debilitated system. It cures all humors from a pimple to the worst form of Scrofula. For sale by all dealers. Sample bottle 10 cents, regular size \$1.

Croup, that dire disease, has lost its terrors to those who keep Yellow Oil at hand. Yellow Oil also cures Sore Throat, Quinsy, Congestion and Inflammation of the Lungs. Now is the season to guard against sudden diseases. Ask your Druggist for Hagar's Yellow Oil.

When bitterness us from help is our eyes suffering in wait I strength help the or comfort their bel omnipots their tor who heat What able, gra we meet power of times shu cal inreason c presence preach i passes by her is to human more ths Eden of from he delight t trouble than. A true band's them to not irrit cur, wo most me languag quires. prone t let not a anything: ation. needs fo Men fremel uttered ful, too, for whil are right they are The fi underta thing. inculcat been to the form cide; b act. I to be pr is easy tuned which a temptat every at the mai most in lute an. 5 ures. he start found someth by the charme caught pace sh Wha who, w princip ance a dressed does n enters when l people's their f But th gentlet make mean. woman She is good-p and ni and i knows a yar other balloo She c fashio wings cor; i morni with how firmly afraid she b likes him v she s ters l a lett of hi stio her c tries about mak that her Si thot sent cini

Miscellaneous

all to mind is being... it of a whip across... a man standing... his throat like a... he—the... had made me drunk... when I seemed... with a fury of... to my dying day... the thought of Da... half way toward... have travelled by... soothed me I do... it was by offering... Dallas. He had a... ing by, and said if I... uld drive me to the... ould take boat to... hat is the vague im... mains of what passed... siped me up beside... f to sleep again... g was in the middle... I rubbed my eyes... cept stars and sky... lack plain, which... nd... I told me to "tumble... echanically. On the... g was something tall... ock at first for a half... ived it was only a... of stones... this?"... mfortable lodging for... o you're all right... ow; you're such dull... n to leave you here... said to me, laughing... rst I thought he was... ed too; then, being... in, I remonstrated... ighted, for when I... ushed me down, I... he so strong; from... miles and miles from... as, how stupified I get... as, who, stupefied as... ined my prominent... had been begging for... uld keep his promise... my way toward my... with your brother?"... horse on... me, as I said. I... strength doubled and... nd catching him un... n from the rig, and... r on the ground. His... t one of the great... it was. I murdered... ve died easily—n... never moaned nor... for all that, it was... t, God knows. So... e was dead, that I... h, told him to "get up... h, my God! my God!... it, the secret, which... ren been written or... an being. I was then... ow nine-and-thirty;... seodora, have pity;... ing such a secret—... on one's conscience... telling you all this... w days, you should... it, will by then have... Still pity me... it is getting far on into... nutes after I discov... er, you will not ex... sober now. I had... in my power to re... to ascertain for cer... ad; I forgot to tell... began my classes in... a good deal. I sat... y knee, fully aware... life of a man, and... I be upon me forever... the great condemn... judgment-day could... of despair; under it... I was seized with... ad and cruel man as... shamming to terrify... in my arms, so that... amps fell full on his... NTINUED.]... up in the neighbor... h; they grow round... he most part derive... such contiguity... t lessons to learn... who differs from you... ons but in principl... and sincere as... iters cures Scrofula... e Blood, Liver, Kid... e at the same time... vious irritation and... vilitated system. It... rom a pimple to the... la. For sale by all... tle 10 cents, regul... eanse, has lost it... keep Yellow Oil at... also cures Sore... ggestion and Inflan... . Now is the season... den diseases. Ask... Hagyard's Yellow

When time and space, wants, the bitterness, or the duties of life separate us from those we love so far that our help is useless to them, our voices silent, our eyes blind; when we know that suffering, illness, danger, death may lie in wait for them every hour, and no strength or longing of ours can avail to help them, where do they fly, what hope or comfort do they have who cannot give their beloved into the safe-keeping of an omnipotent God; who cannot pour out their tortured and anxious hearts to Him who heareth and answereth prayer? What is more charming than an agreeable, graceful woman? Here and there we meet one who possesses the fairy-like power of enchanting all about her; sometimes she is ignorant herself of the magical influence, which is, however, for that reason only the more perfect. Her presence lights up the home; her approach is like a cheering warmth, she passes by and we are happy. To behold her is to live; she is the aura with a human face. She has no need to do more than simply to be; she makes an Eden of the house; paradise breathes from her; and she communicates this delight to all without taking any greater trouble than that of existing beside them. Is not here an inestimable gift? A true wife will not cherish her husband's weakness by working upon them to her own advantage. She should not irritate him. If irritation should occur, women must expect to hear from most men a strength and vehemence of language far more than the occasion requires. Mild, as well as stern men are prone to this exaggeration of language; let not a woman be tempted ever to say anything sarcastic or violent in retaliation. The bitterest repentance must needs follow such indulgence if she does. Men frequently forget what they have themselves said, but seldom what is uttered by their wives. They are grateful, too, for forbearance in such cases, for while asserting most loudly that they are right, they are often conscious that they are wrong. The first requisite to success is not to undertake an unwise and impracticable thing. For this reason the advice often inculcated by wise and great men has been to give much time and reflection to the formation of plans. Be slow to decide; but having resolved, be prompt to act. It is not sufficient, by any means, to be prompt in beginning to act. That is easy to every one. It is the continued, persevering, unflagging activity which accomplishes great results. The temptations which beset a man's steps at every stage to divert his attention from the main pursuit he has fixed on are almost innumerable, and, if he is irresolute and weak, they are found irresistible. This accounts for numerous failures. If a man has not attained what he started for, it will almost always be found that he has been attending to something else. The song of the bird by the wayside fell upon his ear and charmed his senses, or the bright flower caught his eye and he lingered, when his pace should have been onward and firm. What is a Gentleman? What is a gentleman? He is a man who, with a good education and honest principles, combines an agreeable appearance and good manners; who is properly dressed and knows how to behave; who does not upset tables and chairs when he enters a room, or bottles and glasses when he dines; who does not treat on people's corners when he passes, or wound their feelings by harsh remarks about their weakness when he talks with them. But the most characteristic feature of the gentleman is his chivalrous heart, that makes him dislike everything low and mean. What is a lady—what is a woman with lady-like manners? She is a well educated, accomplished and good-principled woman, with a quiet and nice, but at the same time a decided and independent appearance. A lady knows how to wear a dress with a trail a yard long without inconveniencing others, and looks nice with acrolinole like balloon and without a starchen petticoat. She dresses becomingly, whether the fashion is a bonnet sticking out as the wings of a mill or a hat the size of a saucer; she looks pretty in her cambric morning dress, and in her rose-silk dress with the white tunic. A lady knows how to move properly; she treads firmly on the ground. A lady is not afraid of a gentleman, and why should she be? She looks at him as much as she likes in a railway carriage, she bows to him when she meets him in the street, she shakes hands with him when he enters her home, she writes in a bold hand a letter to him when she wants anything of him, and she joins gentlemen's conversation with a great pleasure, and gives her opinion about art and science, music and painting, home and foreign countries, education and traveling, and even about church and state matters, without making any excuse for her boldness, that, as a lady, she has an opinion of her own. Since the close of navigation about a thousand tons of pressed hay have been sent to the United States from the vicinity of Kingdon

Nobody Will See It. A short time ago our advertising agent called upon a certain party in business in the city and asked him why he did not advertise in the World. "Oh, because," he answered "What's the use? Nobody will ever see it." "You're mistaken," said we. "Even if they did read my ad., people would never think of it again. I don't want to advertise." "But—" "No buts at all. I don't want to advertise; don't bother me any more. I'm busy." And he walked back into his store and strangled a poor little fly that was helping itself from a barrel of sugar. Time passed, and the agent never again intimated "advertisement" to him, although meeting him daily. Yesterday the gentleman called at our sanctum, looking a little uncertain as to how he would be received. We cherished no hard feelings, and motioned him a chair. "I suppose you heard of that little affair of mine below?" "Oh, yes," said we, "that little escapade on Queen street night before last! Yes, we've got all the particulars." "Heh! Not so loud, please," said he. "Of course you are not going to say anything in the paper about it?" "And why not? It's a matter of interest to your friends and the public generally." "Heavens! Why it will ruin me!" "Oh no, guess not. Nobody will ever see it?" "Yes they will! And it will ruin me as sure as I'm sitting here. I'll be the laughing stock of the town. They will see it!" We rose and touched him impressively on the shoulder. "Well, we will admit that the people will see it; but then, you know, they will never think of it again." His words came back to him like a flash, and he trembled so violently that his eyeballs fairly jingled; and he was such an object of commiseration that we promised to keep mum. This little moral is drawn from above, which is applicable the world over: Ask a man to advertise, and he will immediately say in the minority of cases that "Nobody will ever see it," but advertise gratis some little indiscretion he may commit and he immediately grows indignant over the certainty that the whole world will know it. -Toronto World. The new Czar will reduce by from 40 to 70 per cent, the payments due from the Russian peasants due for lands allotted them on the abolition of serfdom. Several of the public buildings in London, England, are being watched to prevent Socialistic attempts to blow them up. The Prince Edward Island Government bill to abolish the Legislative Council, to fix the number of members of the next Legislative Chamber at twenty-two, and to reduce the number of the Ministers of the Executive from nine to five, has passed the Provincial House of Assembly. A pupil teacher in Hull (England), while engaged in striking a boy, let fall a pen from behind his ear into the left eye of another boy sitting by, which completely destroyed his sight. The law court gave damages of £100. The practice of carrying pens behind the ear began when quill pens were used. The steel pens now used are dangerous as arrows. It is getting quite clear that the days of the flour barrel are numbered. Barrels are beaten by bags at every point. Barrels cost 30 or 40 cents each, and cannot be brought back empty. Cotton sacks holding half a barrel cost only ten cents, and can be returned over and over again. Less flour sifts through bags than through barrels. Further, flour shipped in bags gains weight in crossing the ocean. It is said that a shipment of 1,200 bags of flour to Glasgow gained 1,800 pounds in weight on the voyage. Of course the substitution of bags for barrels will in the end increase the price to be received by the farmers. "PEACHING."—The following, respecting two well known athletes, will be read with interest: "E. W. Johnston, having dissolved partnership with D. C. Ross, has been opening out to a Providence reporter. He declares that all the recent contests in which Ross has figured have been put-up jobs, that the reported rows and disputes were all pre-arranged to draw crowds, that the championship belt which Ross shows was purchased for \$20, and that most of his medals were bought. When rogues fall out if honest men don't exactly get their dues they at any rate learn enough to warn them against being duped again." The sexton's sweetheart's name was Nell. And she was called the village belle: When hope had made the sexton bold, One night his love for Nell he told. While to his neck she fondly clung, And lovingly her hand he wrung; His sentiment with his just chimed, And his appeal she thought well-timed, And having told his love so well, She whispered he might ring the bell. ZOPESA FROM BRAZIL.—As a result of the new commercial enterprise just resuming importance with Brazil, is the introduction of Zopesa, so justly celebrated where it is known for the cure of Indigestion. The company have opened a laboratory in Toronto. Zopesa comes to us highly endorsed and recommended, its wonderful affinity to the Digestive Organs, its certainty to relieve and cure Dyspepsia and Constipation, makes this remarkable compound a necessity in Canada. The company make sample bottles at the trifling cost of 10 cents, to be had of F. Jordan, Druggist, Goderich

DEATH.—On Friday last Mr. Wm. Stovall, of the 11th con., died after a brief illness. He was one of the early settlers of the township, having come into it when it was a "howling wilderness." Of a genial disposition he soon gained many friends, whose friendship he retained until the last. For several years back he has been troubled with rheumatism, which prevented his moving about freely. He had a large family, all of whom survive him. His remains were interred in Bayfield cemetery, on Monday. Luskow. FINE.—Last week, Messrs. Snell and John Armstrong, "Temperance House" keepers, appeared before Reeves, Esq., and at his request made a deposit of \$20 and costs each, in the village Treasury. They sold liquor without a license. FARMS SOLD.—Mr. James Stroud has sold his 100 acre farm in Ashfield, for over \$5,000, half to his brother David and half to Mr. Robert Reid, and has purchased 200 acres in Kincardine Twp. from Mr. Hugh Lamont, for \$4,900, which is a very good bargain. Mr. Robert Ferguson has sold his farm, lot 3, con. 10, Huron Township, to Mr. John Jones, of Wawanona, for \$4,500. Goderich Township. GOOD HORSES.—Last week Mr. Jas. Baker, of the 11th con., purchased a span of mares of his brother John, paying therefore the sum of \$300. He will take them west with him. PERSONAL.—Mrs. Wm. Laithwaite, of the Maitland con., is still confined to her bed, but slowly improving. RETURNED.—Mr. Thos. M. Elliot returned from Dakota, on Saturday. He reports snow is still pretty deep out west, and states that emigration from Canada is simply immense. He goes back again in a few days, provided he can obtain a car load of horses. FARM SOLD.—Mr. Percival Evans, of the Huron Road, has purchased the 80 acre farm of Mr. John Maltman, being lot 38, 5th con., of Goderich township, for the sum of \$2,500. Mr. Maltman, like others, has the "western fever." Pierre Bureau entered the Christian Brothers' St. Ann's school, at Ottawa, on Thursday morning, and proceeded to kick up a row by clearing out all the small boys. He remained in possession until forcibly ejected by the Brothers. Sophie Peofsky, a female Nihilist, after arrest confessed to having given the signal to Hartmann for exploding the mine under the imperial train near Moscow, and also the signal to Roussakoff to throw the bomb which shattered the czar's carriage. The wife of an Indian at Bowmanville, whose feet got frozen during the winter, went to the chairman of the Poor Relief Committee stating her husband was dead, and asking money to bury him. The proper authority having been granted, the undertaker was requested to attend to the case, but when he presented himself he found the Indian alive and smoking a pipe. From a judgment delivered by Mr. Justice Osler in a case early this month, it appears that justices municipal justices must no longer rely on what they consider to be the actual value of their property. No qualification is good unless it is an ownership, by assessment, and not by market value, of \$1,500, clear of all mortgages and incumbrances. If a mortgage exists on the property a Councillor depends upon for qualification that mortgage must be taken from the assessed value for taxation of his estate, and not the value he himself or even a professional valuator may place upon it. The same rule applies to the leasehold qualification; the leasehold must be of a value of \$3,000 assessment, over and above all mortgages and incumbrances. The police authorities of Hamilton did the public a genuine service by making a raid upon a cock-pit in the vicinity of that city, seizing the birds, the number of about thirty, and "spotting" as many as they could catch of the participants in the "main." If there is one species of cruelty more cowardly and unmanly than another in the region of illicit sport it is the brutal pastime of cock-fighting. The law very properly forbids it, and prescribes a penalty for indulgence in it. In spite of this fact public sentiment and the law are alike set at defiance by those who are incurably addicted to this pernicious, cruel and degrading habit. The example set by the Hamilton police should be emulated by the authorities all over the country until it becomes a well-understood fact that this violation of the law cannot be perpetrated with any chance whatever of immunity from punishment. Newspaper Laws. We call the special attention of postmasters and subscribers to the following synopsis of the newspaper laws: 1. A postmaster is required to give notice by letter (returning a paper does not answer the law) when a subscriber does not take his paper out of the office, and state the reasons for its not being taken. Any neglect to do so makes the postmaster responsible to the publishers for payment. 2. If any person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether it be taken from the office or not. There can be no legal discontinuance until the payment is made. 3. Any person who takes a paper from the post-office, whether directed to his name or another, or whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the pay. 4. If a subscriber orders his paper to be stopped at a certain time, and the publisher continues to send, the subscriber is bound to pay for it if he takes it out of the post-office. This proceeds upon the ground that a man must pay for what he uses. 5. The courts have decided that refusing to take a newspaper and periodicals from the post-office, or removing and leaving them uncollected for, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

1881 NEW FRUITS. 1881 NEW VALENCIAS, NEW LAYERS, NEW CARRANTS, S. S. ALMONDS, WALNUTS, FILBERTS, CHESSNUTS. LAKE SUPERIOR TROUT, WHITE FISH & HERRING. SALT WATER HERRING AND CODFISH. ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF Teas, Sugars, And General Groceries; CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, AND CHINA. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder. Dr. Price's Lapsulin Yeast Gems. Chas. A. Nairn, THE SQUARE. 1758 W.S. Hart & Co., PROPRIETORS GODERICH MILLS, (Late Piper's.) A LARGE QUANTITY OF choice Buckwheat Flour ON HAND. ANCHOR LINE. UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMERS Sell every Saturday. NEW YORK TO GLASGOW CABINS, \$20 to \$30. STEERAGE \$10. These Steamers do not carry cattle, sheep or pigs. NEW YORK TO LONDON DIRECT. CABINS \$25 to \$45. Excursion at Reduced Rates. Passenger accommodations are unsurpassed. All State rooms on Main Deck. Passengers booked at lowest rates to or from any Railroad Station in Europe or America. Drafts at lowest rates, payable (free of charge) throughout England, Scotland and Ireland. For books of information, plans, &c., apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, 7 BOWLING GREEN, N. Y. Or to MRS. E. W. WARNOCK, Albion Block, Goderich, Ontario. Agent at Goderich.

Extensive Premises and Splendid New Stock. G. BARRY, CABINET-MAKER AND UNDERTAKER Hamilton Street, Goderich. A good assortment of Kitchens, Bed-room, Dining Room and Parlor Furniture, such as Tables, Chairs (hair, cane and wood seated), Cupboards, Bedsteads, Mattresses, Washstands, Lounges, Sofas, What-Nots, Looking Glasses. N. B.—A complete assortment of Coffins and Shrouds always on hand, also Hearses for hire at reasonable rates. Picture Framing a specialty.—A call solicited. 1751 G. BARRY

Red, White and Blue! Acheson GEORGE Acheson New Dress Goods, Gloves & Hosiery, JUST ARRIVED, SELLING CHEAP. BOUND TO GIVE BARGAINS! 1751

MEDICAL HALL. GODERICH. F. JORDAN, Chemist and Druggist, MARKET SQUARE, GODERICH. Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Drugs, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Dyestuffs, Artist Colors, Patent Medicines, Horse and Cattle Medicines, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, &c. Physicians' Prescriptions carefully dispensed.

Holiday Presents! At BUTLER'S. Photo and Autograph Albums in great variety, Work Boxes, Writing Desks, very suitable for presents for Teachers and Scholars. PRESENTS FOR EVERYBODY. ALL CAN BE SUITED. Stock is New, very complete, and consists of Ladies' and Gents' Purses, China Goods of all kinds, Ruby Glasses, Vases in many patterns, Flower Pots, Cups and Flowers, China and Wax Dolls! A Large Assortment. Smokers' Sundries—Merscham Pipes and Cigar Holders and Briar Pipes—100 Different Styles.

School Books, Miscellaneous Books, Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Sermons, WESLEY'S Hymn Books, Psalm Books, &c., &c.—Subscriptions taken for all the best ENGLISH, SCOTCH, IRISH, AMERICAN and CANADIAN Papers and Magazines at Publishers' lowest rates—now is the time to subscribe. A full stock of School Books, for Teachers and High and Model School Students All will be sold cheap, and Patrons suited. I have a choice and large selection of Christmas and New Year's Cards! THE BEST EVER SHOWN, AND CHEAPER THAN EVER, At BUTLER'S. Dominion Telegraph and Postage Stamp Office. 1762

The OLD Family Grocery. G. H. OLD, Square, Where fresh supplies are arriving every few days giving customers the benefit of having them always fresh! In the following lines: New Currants, Canned Fruit, Side Meat, New Layer Raisins, Canned Fish, Smoked Hams, New Valencia Raisins, Canned Oysters, Canned Lobsters, Breakfast Bacon, Seedless Raisins, &c., &c., &c. A full assortment of Sugars, Oranges and Lemons. Teas from 45c. Upwards. Also a Choice Assortment of CROCKERY including DINNER and DESERT SETS, TOILETS, &c. TRY OUR 45c. TEA—BEST VALUE IN THE MARKET. REMEMBER THE PLACE—O'DEA'S OLD STAND. G. H. OLD, Square. 1770. "Dominion Carriage Works," Goderich. MORTON AND CRESSMAN manufacturers of FIRST CLASS CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, etc. Opposite Colborne Hotel. We solicit an examination of our vehicles. REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

W. JOHNSTON & CO. Agents for the U. S. and Canada. DR. H. H. LITTLE'S GREAT PEPPERMINT CURE FOR BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, HOARSENESS AND THROAT AFFECTIONS. Prepared from the finest Red Spruce Gum. Superior to any medicine offered for all the above complaints. A scientific combination of the Gum which cures from the Red Spruce tree medicinal purposes. Every one has heard of the wonderful effects of the Spruce in cases of Lung Disease. In France the plant is regularly used for the cure of the same disease. The wood is cut into thin slices and dried in a special manner to drive out the volatile oils from the Spruce Gum. Its remarkable power in relieving certain forms of Bronchitis, and its almost specific effect in curing obstinate hacking Coughs, is now well known to the public at large. Sold by all respectable chemists. Price, 25 and 50 cents a bottle. The words "Spruce of Red Spruce Gum" cannot be put on Registered Trade Marks, and counterfeits and imitations are also registered. KERRY, WATSON & CO., Wholesale Druggists, Montreal.

THE HURON SIGNAL

Published every Friday Morning, by Mc Gillivuddy Bros., 25 West-Street, North St. (at the Square).

GODERICH, ONTARIO.

And is despatched to all parts of the surrounding country by the various mails and trains.

By general admission it has a larger circulation than any other newspaper in this part of the country, and is one of the most reliable sources of news and information in Ontario.

Terms.—\$1.50 in advance, postage pre-paid by publishers. \$1.75 if paid before six months; \$2.00 if not so paid. This rate will be strictly enforced.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.—Eight cents per line for first insertion; three cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Yearly, half-yearly and quarterly contracts at reduced rates.

FRIDAY, APRIL 1, 1881.

BROUGHT TO BOOK.

The editor of the Stratford Times, in wild with rage because we exposed his ignorance of the facts in connection with the investigation into the conduct of Judge Squier, and he rants furiously in consequence. He has been hit on the raw, and he writhes and wriggles accordingly. Last week, he raved at Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, and amongst other pieces of blackguardism penned the following:

It is true that the good work which Mackenzie did occasionally exhibits itself, and just now in the neighboring town of Goderich one of that hon. gentleman's pets is creating a sensation. Shortly before the historical fatal "17th of September," Mackenzie appointed to the Judgeship of Huron, a creature by the name of Squier—a man who had few qualifications for the office, legal or fidei-juris. His principal claims to the office were that he was a dildy Grit, and therefore fit to do any dirty work that the Grits required of him. Under the Grit regime no remedy could be had. Squier was a Grit: therefore was he not one of the elect—the anointed, so to speak?

The above is a fair sample of half a column of Billingsgate which this beauty-spot on the Conservative body politic dripped out as pabulum for his readers in the article in question, and although it might be nourishment to the intellect of the average subscriber of the Stratford Times, it certainly is not edifying to persons possessed of the semblance of intelligence. The fact that a journal that publishes such garbage as the above can find a field for its enterprise in the county of Perth, is a sad reflection on the intelligence of the inhabitants.

In reply to the Times' tirade against the Grit party and Mackenzie, we have this to say, that Mr. Squier was not appointed judge by the Reform Government until a petition signed by the bar of the County, asking that such appointment should be made, had been sent in. True, the first petition only aimed at the appointment of Mr. Squier to the junior judgeship, but surely if that gentleman was the monster which the Times man would have us believe, he must have been unfit for that position, and the Tory lawyers who advocated his cause must have been guilty of as great an indiscretion as were their Grit allies. As to the reflections on Judge Squier's ability and legal qualifications, which the editor of the Times throws out, it is not necessary for us to refute them; for during the present controversy, not even the petitioners or their counsel have advanced any insinuation to that effect. Certain it is that Mr. Squier was a brilliant student, and a comparatively successful lawyer previous to his appointment, and those who knew him in years past will place little confidence in the vain babblings of the Times. The charges, if any, pending against Judge Squier are those of drunkenness only, and on these alone will the report of Commissioner Irving be based. The other charges were not pressed, because, it is to be assumed, they could not be established. On the question of drunkenness there was no plea of guilty entered by the Judge's counsel,—there was no "throwing up the sponge," as stated in the Times article. The evidence given was considered as fairly representative of the grievance complained of, and the petitioners as well as the Judge were willing to let their case stand or fall by it. The matter is at present sub-judice, and the Times man makes another exhibition of his ignorance as well as malignity in his abusive and untruthful article. We give another extract from the Times which will excite the risibles of all intelligent readers:

"But times have changed. Another king is on the throne—King John A. fills King Sandy's chair, and justice must be done, even though the heavens fall.

In commenting on this assertion of the Times editor last week, we conclusively proved his ignorance of the matter under discussion, and showed that if credit was due any Government for bringing about the investigation, it should be given to the Reform Administration presided over by Hon. Oliver Mowat. The editor of the Times is in a bad fix, and endeavors to crawl out of the predicament, not by attempting to argue the case, but by personally abusing the writer of the article in the SIGNAL last week. Such pet names as "prayer-meeting extorter," "praise-God-barebones," "Godly brother," "Grit liar," etc., etc.

OUR TOWN PATHERS.

What They Did at the East Meeting and How They Did It.

Friday, March 25, 1881.

The regular meeting of Goderich Town Council was held this evening. Present—the Mayor in the chair, the Reeve and 1st Deputy Reeve, and Councillors Cameron, Dansey, Dunford, Humber, Jordan, McKenzie, Lee, Sloane, Swanson and Williams.

The minutes of meeting of March 4th and March 9th were read and approved.

The Treasurer presented a report showing amount of cash received since former report, \$138.25; expended, \$367.29; balance due Bank, \$376.78. Referred to Finance Committee.

A communication was read from Jesse W. Starr, jr., in reference to Water and Gas Works. The Clerk was instructed to reply.

A communication was read from the Electric Supply Company, Toronto, in reference to a fire alarm, which was referred to Finance Committee.

A communication was read from E. Howard & Co., in reference to payment for clock. Received and filed.

A communication was read from C. R. Dunford, Esq., Manager Bank of Montreal, Goderich, in reference to the resolution passed at the meeting of Council held March 4, 1881, relating to the discounting of the promissory notes of the town, and the legal opinion of Mr. Garrow thereon. Received and filed.

A petition was received from Mrs. Roderick Murray, asking that the taxes against lot 87, Wilson's survey, in the Treasurer's books, amounting to \$6.45 be remitted.

It was moved by Mr. Johnston, seconded by Mr. Dancy, that the prayer of the petition be granted.—Carried.

A petition was received from Wm. Knight and 18 others, praying for the graveling of Hincks street. Referred to Public Works Committee.

The following accounts were read and referred to Finance Committee: Rev. J. B. Waters, \$3; Star, \$6; John Hillier, \$2.62; E. Graham, \$1.25; E. Graham \$6.

REPORT OF PUBLIC WORKS COMMITTEE. The Public Works Committee reported as follows: (1) That they would respectfully recommend that a by-law be introduced prohibiting the removal of frame buildings from one place within the fire limits to another. (2) That they examined the matter referred to them in reference to the fish shanties under consideration, and cannot as yet make any recommendation, awaiting further particulars. (3) That they have instructed the Street Inspector to accept such quantity of the broken bricks and mortar from the Albion property as he may deem desirable. Respectfully submitted.

A. A. Humber, Chairman. It was moved by Mr. Humber, seconded by Mr. Campbell, that the report be adopted.

It was moved in amendment by Mr. Campion, seconded by Mr. Dunford, that no more broken bricks be accepted by the Public Works Committee without the consent of the Council.

After some discussion the amendment was withdrawn and the motion carried.

The Finance Committee presented the following: (1) That the following accounts be paid: D. Ferguson, \$16.56; E. Graham, \$6.53; E. Graham, \$3.50; Rowell & Hutchison, \$5.58; SIGNAL, \$7.50; Star, \$2.25; A. M. Polly, \$24; John Hillier, \$1.25. (2) That we have examined the Auditor's statements, and recommend their adoption. They are very neatly arranged. Also that the note of Mark Whitley, for \$130 be dropped from the town assets. (3) That the Messrs. Howard & Co., having furnished the required guarantee, we recommend that their draft for \$793.72, the balance thereon, be accepted at the rate of 100 per cent. from Feb. 11th, 1881. Respectfully submitted.

WILLIAM CAMPBELL, Chairman. On motion report was adopted.

Mr. Humber gave notice that at the next regular meeting of the Council he would move for the introduction of a by-law to amend the present Fire Limit By-law, in accordance with the recommendation of the Public Works Committee.

REPORT OF SPECIAL COMMITTEE.

The Special Committee appointed Jan. 21, 1881, to which was referred the matter of taxes of Buchanan and Parsons, reported, that they called upon Mr. Parsons, who stated that he would settle the matter in some way so that the town should lose nothing, but could not do so at present, we therefore recommend that the Co-lector be instructed to return the amount of the taxes for 1880. Respectfully submitted.

E. CAMPION, chairman. On motion the report was adopted.

Moved by Mr. Johnston, seconded by Mr. Humber, that the Fire Committee be requested to ascertain and report the probable cost of fitting up the hook and ladder truck for service.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Williams, seconded by Mr. Sloane that the Health Committee be instructed to report at the next monthly meeting of the Council on the advisability of procuring a piece of ground for the purpose of burying dead animals, and on any other points connected with the subject of health which they may think fit.—Carried.

By-law No. 5, of 1881, to authorize the issue of notes to the extent of ten thousand dollars for general and School purposes, was read a first and second time, when, upon motion of Mr. Johnston, seconded by Mr. Campbell, Rule 34 was suspended, and the By-law read a third time and passed.

Mr. Sloane gave notice that at the next regular meeting of the Council, he would move the introduction of a By-law to amend the present Fire Limit By-law, so as to reduce the area at present embraced.

On motion of Mr. Johnston, seconded by Mr. Sloane the Council adjourned.

Business Items.

SAVE \$20.—Saunders will sell sewing machines \$20 less than any peddler will. Wall papers in abundant variety, at Saunders' Variety Store. The Cheapest House under the Sun. Call and see.

LITERARY NOTICES.

Macdook's Magazine for March, published by THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING Co., 41 Barclay St., N. Y., is an unusually full and interesting number.

The first article, "Ireland under Ordinary Law," indicates that neither the present alteration of the law, nor coercion of a temporary nature, nor both combined, is likely to produce results satisfactory to Ireland. "The Private Secretary" is continued, and we have an account of the heroine's family and early life. Recent events in Greece will make the pleasant article, "Among the Albanians," long review, very acceptable, since it presents the views of a careful observer, and describes the social and political condition of the Albanians. Many readers are probably not aware that here is society made up of castes. Part III. of Lady Martin's papers takes up the character of Desdemona, and after detailing some of the writer's early stage experiences, she gives the story of the play and a beautiful description of Desdemona as she dreamed of her in those early days, and as she herself represented her on the stage. There are several articles besides these, but we have only room to note "Homer's Sea Epic rendered in Balaud-Massard," a long review, with numerous quotations of Sir Charles Du Cane's recent translation of the first twelve books of the Odyssey; and "Autobiographies No. II.—Lord Herbert of Chesham," brother to the "gentle poet and churchman George Herbert," and who combined in his person the apparently incongruous qualities of philosopher, diplomatist, and knight-errant.

East Huron Reform Association. The annual meeting of the East Huron Reform Association was held in the town hall, Brussels, on Friday last. Considering the almost impassable state of the roads there was a good attendance, each municipality in the Riding being represented except McKillop. The chair was taken by the President, Mr. Thomas Strachan, Reeve of Grey. After the transaction of considerable business, mainly of a private nature which elicited considerable discussion, chiefly of a conversational character, the following officers were elected: President, Thomas Strachan, Grey; Vice-President, John McMillan, Hullett; Secretary, J. W. Kerr, Brussels; Treasurer, P. Thompson, Brussels. The following gentlemen were appointed chairman of the local organizations in their respective municipalities: viz: Howick, Charles McLaughlin; Turnbull, George Fortune; Woodstock, Geo. Paulin; Morris, Geo. Hood; Hullett, Geo. Watt; McKillop, Alex. Kerr; Grey, Ed. Garrow; Brussels, J. R. Smith; Blyth, D. B. McKinnon. It was unanimously resolved to hold a mass meeting of the ratepayers of the Riding at Brussels during the last week of May of which due notice will be given. This meeting will likely be addressed by one of the members of the leading Reform members of the House of Commons. After the transaction of some further business the meeting adjourned.

Clinton. Property is unusually active. Scarcely a day passes without some changes in ownership being reported. There is a great demand for dwelling houses, which sell and rent at enormously high figures. Our townspeople have been awakened to an interest in school affairs, by the late irregularities in the promotion examination papers. The breeze threatens, at least, to disturb the dust of educational matters here.

Mr. Wm. Jackson and his bride, returned from New York, where they had gone on their marriage tour, last Thursday evening. A splendid reception awaited their return. They are now nestling peacefully beneath the guardianship of love. May long love and long life be theirs.

Easter cards are out, most of them may be taken as an invitation to a festival, as they have a nest of eggs hidden away in one corner. To a person of abstemious habits this appears to be a literal egging on to epicurean indulgence.

CARRIAGE HORSES.—Mr. W. W. Farman has purchased a fine team of carriage horses from a Mr. Routledge, of Lambeth, near London, paying therefor in the neighborhood of \$400. They are thorough Royal George stock, and very superior animals.

PROPERTY EXCHANGE.—Mr. G. H. Wright disposed of his stock in a lump, last week in "double quick" style. Mr. Plumsted offered to accept the stock and \$500, in exchange for the brick building occupied by him (Plumsted) and Mr. Wright accepted, on the instant. This was a quick business transaction.

FRUIT GROWING.—Mr. Wm. Wade, on the Base Line, is going somewhat extensively into fruit growing this year, and as a partial addition to his orchard, has ordered ten thousand raspberry slips, of different varieties. Other additions will also be made that will make him the most extensive fruit raiser in this section.

DROWNED.—News came late on Tuesday night of the drowning of Mr. James Manning of Almonte, brother of our townsman, Mr. A. H. Manning, barrister. The young man in company with the resident physician of Almonte, had been out boating, when the craft upset, and the occupants found a watery tomb. The deceased gentleman had taken an engagement in the store of Mr. Hodgins, of Clinton, and was soon to arrive here. The warmest sympathy of our town is extended to Mr. Manning.

New Era: A couple of weeks since we mentioned the departure of a young lady from this place for Manitoba, where she was to be married. As the event has transpired, it may not be amiss to narrate the difficulties under which it was consummated. It had been arranged for Rev. Mr. Greenway (brother of Thos. Greenway) to ride over from Crystal City to Emerson, a distance of ninety miles, and marry the couple upon the arrival of the train, which, of course, was expected to be on time, but when the minister got to Emerson, he learned that the train containing the intended bride was snowed up near Chatham. (Our readers can imagine the feelings of the would-be bride and the anxiety of

TO THE LADIES:

MISS STEWART has now at hand the closing consignment of her purchases of

SPRING & SUMMER MILLINERY.

for the season of 1881.

The novelties introduced this season are both numerous and pleasing, and Miss Stewart has succeeded in making a selection as various in description as in price, and which will be appreciated on inspection.

There are a myriad of extremely pretty new things this year, and the styles and colors are very materially altered from those of last season, so that the Ladies will be gratified to see that Miss Stewart has spared no pains and gone to great expense to have them all included in her stock.

As usual, her assortment of the Staples in Millinery, such as— SILKS & SATINS, (all grades and colors), LACES, GLOVES, HOBIERY, PARASOLS, FRENCH FLOWERS, FEATHERS, Etc., Tints and Colors are represented.

Miss Stewart has acquired the agency for Cornwell's Improved Self-Fitting Chart.

the expected groom.) Not wishing to disappoint the couple, however, he waited four days for the train. The Winnipeg Times briefly records what then transpired:—"An incident worthy of note in connection with the party took place at Emerson, where a young man was waiting to meet his betrothed. The happy couple exchanged the customary salutations and proceeded at once up town to a clergyman, where the twain were made one flesh." The lady's name was Miss Mary Fairhall, the gentleman's Mr. Luther Manning.

Millburn. New BUILDINGS.—Mr. Cumming is building a large workshop 30 x 28 feet, and Mr. Horton has just finished a comfortable stable.

Stock SALE.—Mr. James Clarke has just sold his fine calf for \$25 to a Goderich butcher, who will kill it for Easter.

Ashburn. At a congregational meeting of Knox Church, held on Saturday, the 26th March, it was decided to build some more sheds, provided the necessary funds could be raised. A committee of five were appointed to solicit subscriptions, and if they succeeded in raising the required amount, to let the contract and have them built as soon as possible.

Mr. David Dobie has returned from Toronto, where he has been attending the Normal School for the last three months.

MEDICAL.—We understand it is the intention of Dr. Hutchison, late of Mestford, and formerly of Blyth, to locate in this village for the purpose of practicing his profession.

Rumor said that Mr. Jas. Johnston, of West Wawanosh, has got a commission to take the census in that township.

Bluevale. FOR THE NORTH-WEST.—Mr. Seymour Thornton and Mr. R. R. McKinnon, left here on Tuesday last, the latter for Minnesota, where he intends teaching, and the former for Dakota, whither he has gone to take up land.

SAD.—A very sad and melancholy death occurred last week in this place. The eldest daughter of Mr. Wm. Duncan having been delivered of a daughter during the night. The parents apprehended no serious danger, but she died suddenly at 10 o'clock next morning. She was interred in the Bluevale cemetery. The parents have the sympathy of the friends generally owing to the melancholy circumstance.

RESIGNED HIS CHARGE.—Rev. D. G. Mackay tendered his resignation to the Maitland Presbytery, held at Wingham on 15th and 16th insts., of his charge at Bluevale and Eadie's stations. A commission was appointed of five ministers and elders, who were met on Eadie's congregation on the 21st inst., when they consented to accept Mr. Mackay's resignation, if Bluevale congregation would agreeably consent.

Ashfield. An adjourned meeting of Council was held at Young's Hotel, Kintail, on the 24th of March. Present—Messrs. Griffin, Clare, McMurchy and Whitley; Mr. Griffin in the chair. The minutes of last meeting were read and signed.—Circular from S. C. Wood, Commissioner of Agriculture. Certified copy of a motion of Kinloss Council of the 24th of February, granting \$100 to be expended on the boundary line of Kinloss and Ashfield, on condition that Ashfield township would grant an equal sum.—Laid over until next meeting of Council. The auditors' report was presented. Moved by Mr. Whitley, seconded by Mr. McMurchy, that \$50 be expended on the boundary between Ashfield and Colborne, provided the municipality of Colborne grant an equivalent sum for the same purpose. Moved by Mr. McMurchy, seconded by Mr. Whitley, that James Steel, be paid \$15, for board and lodging for Mrs. Wickham and child, they being destitute. Moved by Mr. Clare, seconded by Mr. McMurchy, that James Murdoch be paid \$5, for board and lodging for Thomas Richardson, an indigent. Moved by Mr. Whitley, seconded by Mr. Clare, that the auditors' report be accepted, and that the auditors be paid \$8 each. The following accounts were paid:—T. Henderson, killing wild cat, \$3; E. Pierce, statute labor, \$3; J. Steel, board and lodging for Mrs. Wickham and child, indigent, \$15; J. Murdoch, do for T. Richardson, \$5; A. C. Hawkins, auditor, \$7; J. S. Sullivan, do, \$8. The Council adjourned to meet again at Smiley's Hotel, Duncannon, on the 21st of April.—J. COCKE, Clerk.

Notice.

Bowmanville, Ont. March 22, 1881.

Whereas certain parties in the town of Seaford are advertising and offering for sale Organs and Pianos bearing our name. We hereby give notice that said parties have no authority whatever from us to sell our instruments and would advise all intending purchasers to deal with Messrs. Wade Bros., of Seaford, who are our only authorized agents in and for the County of Huron.

DOMINION ORGAN & PIANO CO. JOHN W. WATLEY Secy.

Goderich Township.

SCHOOL REPORT.—The following are the names of those pupils attending E. S. No. 1, Goderich Township, who took the highest number of marks in their respective classes at the examination held during the month of March. Fifth class, marks possible 500—1 Esther Orr, 425; fourth class, marks possible, 500—1 Jas. Edward and Alice Andrews equal 384; 3 Mary Rank 372; third class, senior division, marks possible 400—1 Robert Orr, 337, 2 Hattie Andrews, 326, 3 George Edward, 326. Junior division, marks possible, 350—1 George Gorham, 265, 2 Wm. Seegmiller 251, 3 Curtis Lawton, 238; second class, marks possible, 300—1 Ellen Bell, 224, 2 Thomas Dodd, 212, 3 Albert Johnston, 211.

Lord Beaconsfield Illness. A bulletin issued on Tuesday morning says that Beaconsfield passed a restless night, partly because of the pain of the gout. The paroxysms of the asthma were less severe, but frequent. His doctor says that an unusually severe cough prevented the patient obtaining the rest necessary to overcome the weakness produced by long confinement. He does not conceal the fact that there is considerable danger, especially when his greatage is considered.

London, March 31, 1881. 1:30 a.m.—Lord Beaconsfield's condition causes the greatest anxiety.

Mark Lane Express Weekly Review. London, March 28.—The Mark Lane Express, in its review of the British grain trade for the past week, says:—"Notwithstanding the unsettled weather and temperature during the last fortnight, a great deal of sowing has been done, but the season is still late, and the farmers are anxious. Frosty nights and cold winds have slightly affected young wheats. The backwardness, however, is not generally unfavourably regarded. In the whole, the wheat acreage, which is small, looks well. English wheats are still in small supply on account of the busy season, but facilities for threshing have materially improved the condition of samples. Millers' necessities have created a demand for English wheats, and the sale of sound samples is consequently up. The improvement in values was confined solely to the best samples. Others were practically unsaleable. Foreign wheats set the tone, the greater portion of Monday's advance, a reduction of fully 5d being necessary to effect sales. The attitude of buyers, unmoved by the crop prospects, the bare offshoot market, or American speculation, continues most reserved and cautious. Large California arrivals were readily absorbed. Because the relative cheap foreign supply at London was more than sufficient flour was quiet. Since Monday it has been easier in London and the Provinces. Foreign flour was similar in tone and in good supply. Barley quiet and drooping. Foreign barley dull and easier. British and foreign oats were in slack demand and weaker. Maize was more plentiful and weaker on Friday. The sales of English wheat for the past week, were 31,190 qrs. at 4s 11d, against 27,107 qrs. at 4s 3d in the corresponding period of last year.

A VERY MILD REBUKE.—The St. Mary's Argus has the following item from West Wawanosh: "The Methodist minister at Devises preached a sermon the other Sunday which offended a number of people who happened to be there. The next Sunday, when the minister went to occupy the pulpit, he found the cushion of the seat stuck full of pins with the points upward, which made it rather uncomfortable for him when he sat down. This kind of practical joking should be discouraged."

Sale Register. Parties getting their bills printed at this office will get a notice in this department free of charge.

Tuesday, April 12—Credit sale of Farm Stock and Implements. Property of the late Daniel Dalton, at Lot 1, corner W. W. Ashfield. J. C. Currie auctioneer.

THE BLAKE BANQUET.

Mon. Edward Blake Receives a Grand Ovation.

Montreal is a city of dinners, but the one on Tuesday evening, under the auspices of the Young Men's Reform Club, its youngest political association, exceeded all that had gone before.

Mr. Blake spoke in his best manner, referring briefly to what he characterized as the terrible crime lately committed in the House of Commons.

On Tuesday morning he passed a restless night, who took the marks in their respective divisions held March 29th.

On Tuesday morning he passed a restless night, who took the marks in their respective divisions held March 29th.

Report of the weather for the week ending March 27th, 1881.

REBUKE.—The St. following item from "The Methodist minister" reached a sermon the which offended a number appended to be there.

Considerable excitement prevails in Brockville over the resignation of the County Treasurer, Mr. Schofield.

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AUDITOR'S ABSTRACT.

MR. ROBERT HARRISON, TREASURER, in account with the Municipality of the township of Ashfield.

Table with columns for RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURES, listing various financial transactions and their amounts.

We the undersigned do hereby certify that we have examined the above accounts and compared the vouchers, and found the same correct in every particular.

HYMN BOOKS.

New Presbyterian Hymnal, in every variety published. New Methodist Hymn Book in all its forms.

LOWEST PRICES at SHEPARD'S BOOKSTORE. JOHNSTON'S INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP.

BOYD'S GALVANIC BATTERIES. HOP BITTERS. JAMES WILSON, Druggist.

NOTICE Giving up Photographing in Goderich. In returning thanks for past favors, would just say, those wishing a benefit will please notice former prices and present.

Life Size Photos, \$7.50. 8x10 Photos, \$2.00. Cabinets Photo per doz., \$3.00. Card Photo, per doz., \$1.50.

NEW TWEEDS, NEW OVERCOATINGS, NEW SCOTCH GOODS. A FINE SUPPLY OF Heavy Canadian Woollens.

OVERCOATS, all well made and reliable. CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER under my own supervision.

THIS SPACE HAS BEEN SECURED BY GEORGE RHYNAS, DRUGGIST. LOOK OUT FOR HIS ANNOUNCEMENT NEXT WEEK.

In Leaving Town

I wish to return my thanks to the public for their patronage during the past, and solicit the same in future, and to remind them that I have left a reliable person in charge of the business.

REPAIRING AND PICTURE FRAMING will be done on SHORTEST NOTICE, J. G. BALL.

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

Mr. Thos. Sneyd, who for a number of years has been in the employ of Mr. John Acheson, has entered into partnership with JAMES A. REID.

REID & SNEYD.

We have considerably enlarged the premises, and put in a very large stock of general Dry Goods, which has been bought entirely for cash.

REID & SNEYD.

MANCHESTER HOUSE, JORDAN'S BLOCK. Goderich, March 18th 1881. 1778-1m.

Banking. BANK OF MONTREAL. CAPITAL, \$15,000,000. SURPLUS, \$5,000,000. Goderich Branch. C. R. DUNSFORD, Manager.

CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE. Paid up Capital, \$6,000,000. Rest, \$1,400,000. President, HON. WM. MCMASTER. General Manager, W. N. ANDERSON.

MANITOBA EXCURSIONS. Greenway will start another EXCURSION TRAIN on WEDNESDAY, 6TH APRIL, 1881. Connecting with the one over G. W. R. same day.

SOMETHING NEW.

5 Per Cent. Discount for Cash on \$1 sales. 5 Per Cent. Discount on Monthly Accounts.

G. H. OLD HAS ON HAND (JUST ARRIVED) A CHOICE LOT OF FIRST CLASS GROCERIES.

Farmers Attention!

Barbed Fence Wire contracted for in any quantity at very lowest prices. I SELL EITHER 2 OR 4 BARBED FENCE WIRE.

Use Barbed Wire for Fences. NO SNOW DRIFTS—NO WEEDS—NO WASTE LANDS.

G. H. PARSONS, CHEAP HARDWARE, GODERICH.

CARD OF THANKS.

TO THE PEOPLE OF GODERICH I extend my best thanks to the townspeople who worked so well in endeavoring to save my goods at the recent fire.

D. C. STRACHAN.

REMOVAL.

I have removed my stock of general groceries to the corner of Blake's Block where I will be pleased to meet all my friends and old customers.

D. C. STRACHAN.

A LOT OF NEW SPRING PRINTS, and Meltons for Ladies' Cloaks and Ulsters. SPLENDID VALUE at Colborne Bros.

THEY KEEP THE CRIMPTON CORNET! THE BEST IN THE MARKET. COLBORNE BROS.

I HAVE BOUGHT THE

HARDWARE STOCK.

MR. D. FERGUSON VERY GREAT DISCOUNT!

Nearly all of said Stock, as well as my own original Stock, was bought before the Advance of Hardware. I am therefore in a position to sell Cheaper than any other House in the County.

MY STOCK OF

Farmers', Builders' & General Hardware is Complete,

which I want to run off quickly. COME AND BUY AT SUCH PRICES AS WILL PLEASE YOU.

Fresh Ground Water Lime in Stock. AGENT FOR BEST STEEL BARB FENCE WIRE.

R. W. MCKENZIE 1751-4m.

GRAND CLEARING SALE

Boots and Shoes, CAMPBELL'S BOOT and SHOE EMPORIUM, FOR ONE MONTH.

Previous to Stock taking. My Stock is Large and well-assorted, and

GREAT BARGAINS

will be given. TERMS - CASH WM. CAMPBELL.

Goderich, Jan. 13, 1881. 1769

The Poet's Corner.

The Battle of Hastings. The following lines were written by a lad of thirteen years, and show remarkable power for so young an author:— The Normans landed in our isle one fair October day, Descended slowly from their ships in long and bright array; Both horsemen in their armour bright and archers bold and strong, And the banners of a thousand knights flashed 'mid the motley throng. And there amid the glittering spears, amid the helmet's sheen, Bareheaded, with his hands upraised, the Norman duke was seen; And from the Sovereign Lady a blessing he called down Upon that vast array of men, and prayed for England's crown. But Harold he was far away on bonnie Yorkshire's moor, Where he had gone in haste to fight cold Norway's savage boor. And like a wolf upon the fold he burst upon their camp, And with the fiery Lostig's blood the heather bloom was damp. Delighted with their victory the Englishmen that night Sat round the blazing camp-fires and quaffed their mead so bright. When lo! across the distant plain they heard a horse's tramp, And a rider, all besmeared with mud, rode headlong in the camp. "To arms! to arms!" the stranger cried, "The Norman host is here; And southward march without delay if wives and friends are dear." Words cannot picture, pen describe, that scene of wild dismay; But daylight saw brave Harold's troops far on their southern way. Untiring, on their dreary march, day after day they went, Until at last foot-sore and sad they entered flowery Kent. A day passed on—at eye they stood and gazed with rising ire Upon the Norman chivalry, whose helmets flashed like fire. On one side stood the Norman, and smiled and jeered with scorn, To see the Saxon army with their flags and banners in haste to learn that hearts as warm as meat, Tho' they have rags upon their backs and shoesless are their feet. And so upon this warlike scene the sun sank down the sky; The Saxon spent the night in drink and song and revelry; But from the Norman camp was heard the monk's exhorting prayer, And the sounds of Ave Marias borne on the evening air. The night passed quickly on, and bright the morning sun arose; The Saxon sharpened the battle axe to fight Old England's foes. The armies now in long bright ranks stood waiting face to face, And each one hoped to win the day by God's especial grace. Then from the Norman horsemen there rushed a crested knight, And challenged any Saxon with him to wage in fight. There was a pause, a whisper, then and from the Saxon ranks A Saxon horseman pressed his spurs against his horse's flanks. They met between the awestruck ranks, they met with reeling clash; The Saxon axe swept through the air and brightly did it flash, Then crashing through the uplifted shield it laid the Norman low. Cleft from his helmet's spurring crest down to his saddle bow. Then from each Norman bosom up rose the avenging cry, And straightway from their tight strings bows the arrows were let fly; The Saxon ranks grew closer then, all glittering in the sun, And 'mid their shouts and Norman prayers the battle was begun. Then onward came the savage foes in ranks both full and long, And from their lusty throats rang forth brave Roland's warlike song; And as the approaching armies met loud was the battle's clash, The Saxon war axe shivered through the Norman mail like glass. Amid the invader's ranks was seen, mounted on charger white, Duke William, clad in triple steel, amid the thickest fight; On foot brave Harold led his men among the fiercest fray, And 'neath their flashing axes soon the Norman ranks gave way; But William rallied soon his men and louder waxed the roar, And all the flower-spotted plain was dyed with purple gore. Louder and louder grew the din and fiercer clashed the steel, And through the clouds of shining bolts the sun could not be seen. In vain the Norman tried to break the Saxon steadfast rows; The English war axe shattered down with dreadful force its foes. When lo! by vilest stratagem, the Saxon ranks are broke, The Normans drive them o'er the field as the north wind drives the smoke. A desperate halt at last is made and Harold leads them on, And the panic from their new formed ranks at last, thank God, is gone. Right bravely now they charged again with Harold at their head; When lo! was heard the dreadful news "our gallant king is dead." Whilst leading on his noble men an arrow pierced his brain, He fell and soon was covered o'er with heaps of gory slain, And as his pennon vanished from amid the struggling men, The thrice cursed panic seized upon the Saxon ranks again. Yet spiritless and wearily the battle still kept on, Until above the Western hills the car of Phobus shone.

Fun and Fancy.

And as the shades of evening fell across the bloody plain, All saw that England then had seen the last of Saxon reign. And as the placid moon shone forth in silvery shining beams, That served to show the ravens feasting with horrid screams. It showed the Norman faces with delight and victory flushed— It shone upon a nation with its noble spirit crushed. And o'er the blood-stained dead it shone—a halo it cast round, Full many a stiff and rigid form and many a blood stained mound. Alas! alas! for England, the zephyr seemed to sigh, Alas! alas! for Harold, so young, so fair, to die. And ere the morning sun had time to dry the glistening dews, A maiden fair, 'twas Harold's love, had heard the dreadful news; And came where 'mid the heaps of slain unknown his body lay, Fair Edith, with the swan-like neck, the last fond rites to pay.

Words of Wisdom.

Men are sometimes accused of pride, merely because their accusers would be proud themselves were they in their places. The more honesty a man has the less he affects the air of a saint; the affectation of sanctity is a blotch on the face of piety. The difficulty of the world is not that it does not know enough, but that it can't find time to practise what it does know. Slander is a voice that strikes a double blow, wounding both him that commits it and him against whom it is committed. True repentance has a double aspect; it looks upon things past with a sweeping eye, and upon the future with a watchful eye. Everything in this world depends upon will. We think everything in this world depends upon woman. It is the same thing. A man's fortune should be the rule for his sparing, not spending. Extravagance may be supported, not justified by affluence. Men of genius are often dull amidst common-place society, as the blazing meteor, when it descends to earth is only a stone. Memory is the cabinet of imagination, the treasure of reason, the registry of conscience, and the council chamber of thought. To rejoice in another's prosperity is to give content to your own lot; to mitigate another's grief is to alleviate or dispel your own. Every man's own besetting sin is the tempter. You love God; you walk upon the sea; the swelling of this world are under your feet. We should often have reason to be ashamed of our most brilliant actions, if the world could see the motives from which they spring. A helping hand to one in trouble is often like a switch on a railroad track—but one inch between wreck and smooth rolling prosperity. The silent usually accomplish more than the clamorous. The tale of a rattlesnake makes all the noise, but the head does the execution. Wealth in this world is just so much baggage to be taken care of, but a cultivated brain is easy to carry, and is a never failing source of profit and pleasure. What is colonial necessarily lacks originality. A country that borrows its language, its laws and its religion cannot have its inventive powers much developed.

The Bible on Total Abstinence.

The Bible wines controversy waxes hot in New York, between Chancellor Crosby on the one side and the advocates of total abstinence on other. Rev. Theodore Cuyler takes these positions on the question: (1) The Bible in various passages points out the evils of intoxicating drinks. It never pronounces a blessing on intoxicants, but often warns us against tampering with them. (2) The Bible in several passages commends abstinence from alcoholic beverages. But there is not a single line in God's word which condemns total abstinence. (3) The Bible is to be studied as a whole; and the whole spirit of this blessed word from heaven is the spirit of self-control, sobriety, purity, avoidance of temptation, and of self-denial for the sake of our fellow-men. On these views of the Bible Dr. Cuyler says the total abstinence army are a unit, and "against these views the gates of hell can never prevail."

How to Hang Pictures.

The majority of people hang pictures too high on the wall. Whatever the height of a room, the pictures in it should be hung on a level with the eye of an adult when an adult of an average height. Pictures are hung upon the wall, supposedly to be seen with both ease and pleasure; but when they are perched up nearly to the ceiling, they can be viewed neither with the ease feeling nor the other. When you have occasion to buy picture cord, buy, instead, wire, for hanging picture frames. Cord wears out, becomes moth-eaten, and some day down come your pictures with a crash. Hang your pictures so as to be nearly, if not quite flat against the wall. People who understand the art of hanging pictures will no longer hang them so that the top leans out from the wall.

Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam is the most safe, pleasant and perfect remedy known for all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. It cures Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, and all Pectoral Complaints, in the most speedy manner. A few doses will relieve the most troublesome cough in children or adults. For sale by all dealers, at 25 cents per bottle.

Fun and Fancy.

"Will you have some more beans, Johnny?" "No." "No what?" "No beans," said Johnny. A man being tormented with corns kicked his foot through a window and the pain was gone instantly. Scientists claim that smoking injures the eyesight. But this is not so. The boy with a cigar stump in his mouth can see his father ten streets away. If an untruth is only a day old it is called a lie; if it is a year old it is called a falsehood, but if it is a century old it is called a legend. A long-winded lawyer lately defended a criminal unsuccessfully, and during the trial the judge received the following note: "The prisoner humbly prays that the time occupied by the plea of the counsel for the defence be counted in his sentence." A hotel is to be built at Quebec over the place where Montgomery charged, and the charges there in the future will probably be a long way ahead of Montgomery's. A G. C. PRESCRIPTION.—An anecdote is told of a physician who was called to a foreign family to prescribe for a case of incipient consumption. He gave them a prescription for pills and wrote the direction—"One pill to be taken three times a day in any convenient vehicle. The family looked into the dictionary to get at the meaning of the prescription. They did well until they reached the word "vehicle." They found "car, wagon, carriage, wheelbarrow." After grave consideration they came to the conclusion that the doctor meant the patient should ride out, and while in the vehicle he should take the pill. He followed the advice to the letter, and in a few weeks the fresh air and exercise secured the advantage which otherwise might not have come.

RANIEL BASHEE WARMER, the president of Liberia, is dead. He was born near Baltimore, Md., in 1815, of slave parents, who, however, obtained their freedom shortly after his birth. He has been in Liberia ever since, and is represented as a statesman of considerable ability. The acquittal of Kalloch, for the murder of De Young, the San Francisco journalist, does not say much for the sense of juries or justice in California. The murder was deliberate and malicious, and there could be no doubt about the main facts. The feud between the Kallochs and De Youngs, though bitter enough, could not justify the murder; and the only thing that can be said of the plea of temporary insanity in the case is, that the malady appears to have taken possession of the jury.

A fair young mother, with a crying baby in her arms, sat in a western stage coach. On the opposite seat was a prominent politician of engaging manners. By-and-by he said—"Let me hold your baby, perhaps I can soothe him." "Oh, no; I am much obliged; you couldn't help me any," was the answer. "But," he persisted, "you had better let me try." You are very kind, but I know you couldn't help me, for he is hungry," replied the blushing mother. It seems that the barriers of to-day have not so much respect for the bench as they had ten years ago. They frequently come into the assize court, do their overcoats, and don their gowns before his lordship, which is a direct infringement of the laws of legal etiquette. They also rise to address the court without the necessary gown and white tie. In the days of Chief Justice Richards his lordship would say, "I do not see you." According to law etiquette it is considered bad taste for a barrister to rest one foot on the seat of a chair while addressing the court.

"Dean Buchanan," of Philadelphia bogus diploma fame, makes a startling confession. He gives the names of all the professors and business men who were engaged with him in the nefarious trade he drove, and details all the tricks by which the public were imposed upon. He figures that fully twenty thousand of his bogus diplomas are current in America, and forty thousand in Europe. He has given the names of many professional abortionists, and the means whereby they destroy life. That vile, hard-eyed wretch who attended the unfortunate and ill-fated Miss McCrae in Buffalo last year was a "graduate" of Buchanan's school. "That Boy"—Burdette has got a two-year old boy. He is a smart boy, at least his father thinks so, for this is what he says of him: "The boy must about 150 miles a day, and I wouldn't quit then if it didn't grow dark. He is very busy. He has all the care of me, and in addition to his regular routine duties, he manages a thousand things no one else would think of. Yesterday morning, before 10 o'clock, he picked and ate, regardless of maturity or color, a pint of wild strawberries. He followed a wagon half a mile down the road, got lost in the woods, choked up the fountain with gravel, fell out of a hammock, stung himself with a bee, ate some sort of wild berries that his mother knows are deadly poison, played with a mad dog, (his aunt says that she knows it was mad), talked to a tramp who came to kidnap him, (it was an honest farmer coming in to the circus, but the boy's mother and aunt united on the tramp and kidnapper question), stepped on a red lizard, built a dam and fell into the brook.

Yellow Oil is the great pain panacea, magical in its power over pain and inflammation. It cures Rheumatism and Neuralgia, Lame Back and Spinal Affections, Contraction of Cords and Muscles. Used externally and internally. For sale by all dealers.

EMER'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Emery has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctor's bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure Cocoa and a properly nourished frame. "Civil Service Gazette."—Sold only in Packets labelled—"EMER'S COCOA."—Homoeopathic Chemists, London, Eng.—Also makers of Emery's Chocolate Essence for after-dinner use.

GRAND DISPLAY! DETLOR & CO'S, New Scotch Tweeds! New Spring Hats! CHOICE PATTERNS! IMPORTED DIRECT! Bales of NEW CARPETS! THE NEWEST STYLES. SPECIAL VALUE. An IMMENSE STOCK TO CHOOSE FROM. BIG BARGAINS IN TABLE LINEN AND TOWELLING.

BOOTS & SHOES. We are receiving liberal shipments of SPRING GOODS, which comprise all the Desirable Lines of the Leading Manufacturers of the Dominion. The Prominent Features of Our Stock this Season will be:— THE VERY BEST QUALITY, THE LATEST AND MOST APPROVED STYLES, And PRICES LOWER THAN EVER.

Several New Lines of Our Own Make, in both Sewed and Pegged, which will be found all that the customer can desire. ORDERED WORK & REPAIRING. Promptly Attended to and Promptly Done. Call and examine for yourselves. We shall be pleased to show you the Goods and quote prices, whether you buy or not. E. & J. DOWNING. THE SQUARE, Goderich, Feb. 24th, 1881.

If You Want Good GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, CROCKERY, or GLASSWARE, GO TO D. FERGUSON'S Hamilton Street, Opposite Bailey's Hotel.

In addition to the ordinary lines of the Grocery and Crockery Trade, I carry a full stock of Flour, Meals, Pork and General Provisions. MY MOTTO IS, "Fair Dealing and Moderate Prices." Coal Oil also sold. See my Stock and get my prices. Goods delivered to any part of the D. Ferguson.

Daniel Gordon, Cabinet-Maker and Undertaker. Oldest House in the County, and Largest Stock this side of London! PARLOR SUITES, BED-ROOM SUITES, SIDE-BOARDS, EASY CHAIRS, LOUNGES, ETC., ETC. Cash Buyers will find it to their advantage to see my stock if they need a good article at close price. D. GORDON, West Street, near Post Office, Goderich.

KINTAIL Carriage Works! B. POINTER having leased the shop of Mr. P. Bayne, is now engaged in the manufacture of first class CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, WAGGONS, etc. Give me a call, and I will give you prices that cannot be beaten in the county. REPAIRING & JOBBING DONE. KINTAIL CARRIAGE WORKS, B. POINTER

GET YOUR AUCTION SALE BILLS. PRINTED at the office of THE HURON SIGNAL. North Street, Goderich.

VICK'S ILLUSTRATED FLORAL GUIDE. For 1881 is an Elegant Book of 128 pages, One Colored Flower Plate, and 600 Illustrations, with Descriptions of the best Flowers and Vegetables, and Directions for sowing, Only 10 cents. In English or German. If you afterwards order seeds deduct the 10 cents from the price. The Floral Guide will tell how to get and grow them. Vick's Flower and Vegetable Garden, 175 Pages, 6 Colored Plates, 500 Engravings, For 50 cents in paper covers, \$1.00 in elegant bindings. In German or English. Vick's Illustrated Monthly Magazine—30 Pages, a colored Plate every number, and many fine Engravings. Price \$1.50 a year; Five Copies for \$6.00. Specimen Numbers sent for 10 cents; 3 trial copies for 25 cents. Address: JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y. 1760.

SEE WHAT PHYSICIANS And People in Canada say about Scott's Emulsion Of Pure Cod Liver Oil WITH Hypophosphates of Lime & Soda AS A REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION AND WASTING DISEASES.

Belleville, Ont., Nov. 5, 1880. Messrs. SCOTT & BOWNE.—I have used and prescribed for some time "Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil," and find it an excellent preparation, agreeing well with the stomach, easily taken, and its continued use has brought me to the strength and comfort of the patient. A. H. PECK, M. D. Penn. Med. College. Amherst, Nova Scotia, Nov. 8, 1880. Messrs. SCOTT & BOWNE.—Gents: For nearly two years I have been afflicted with Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphates, and consider it the finest preparation now before the public. It is so palatable as an Emulsion with the pleasant flavor, makes it the great favorite for children, and I do highly recommend it for all wasting diseases of the system. Yours, very truly, C. A. BLACK, M. D. Halifax, N. S., Nov. 19, 1880. Messrs. SCOTT & BOWNE.—Gentlemen: I have prescribed your Emulsion for the past two years, and found it more agreeable to the stomach, and have better results from its use from any other preparation of the kind I have tried. H. M. CAMERON, M. D.

Belleville, Ont. I feel it a duty I owe not only to you but to the community, to make the following statement: About three years ago my only daughter was taken with a severe cold which settled on her lungs, and not withstanding all that her medical attendant could do, she got worse and worse, and appeared to be in the last and hopeless stage of consumption. The Doctor said he could do no more, but recommended your Emulsion, and the effect of it was in the opinion of every one who knew her, simply marvelous. Before she had used the first bottle she felt much better, and to the surprise of us all, she continued to mend so rapidly that in three months she was able to get about as usual, and has continued in such excellent health that she got married 15 months ago, and has now as fine and healthy a son as you can find in the county. WILLIAM BLAND. Elora, Ont., July, 1880.

This is to certify that my daughter has had Lung disease for some time, and very much reduced in flesh, and had not strength enough to walk across the street. She was advised by a lady friend to try Scott's Emulsion, and to our great surprise before she had used three bottles her health was completely recovered. I recommend it to every one troubled with the same disease. JOHN W. BOWEN.



THE GREATEST WONDER OF MODERN TIMES!—The Pills Purify the Blood, correct all Disorders of the Liver, Kidneys and Bowels, and are invaluable in all complaints incidental to Females. The Ointment is the only reliable remedy for Bad Legs, Old Wounds, Sores and Ulcers, of however long standing, For Brucellosis, Diphtheria, Coughs, Colds, Gout, Rheumatism and all Skin Diseases, it has no equal. BEWARE OF AMERICAN COUNTERFEITS.—I most respectfully request the attention of the Public generally to the fact that certain Houses in New York are sending to many parts of the globe spurious imitations of my Pills and Ointment. These frauds bear on their labels some address in New York. I do not allow my name to be used in any part of the United States. I have no Agents there. My Medicines are only made by me, at 535 Oxford Street, London. In the Book of Directions affixed to the spurious make is a caution warning the Public against being deceived by counterfeits. Do not be misled by the unprincipled Vendors at one-half the price of my Pills and Ointment and are sold to you as my genuine Medicines. I most earnestly appeal to that sense of justice which I feel sure I may venture upon asking from all honorable persons, to assist me, and the Public, as far as may lie in their power, in denouncing this shameful Fraud. Each Pot and Box of the Genuine Medicine bears the British Government Stamp with the words "HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT, LONDON," engraved thereon. On the label is also the name of the Manufacturer, and the name of the Ointment bearing any other address are counterfeits. The Trade Mark of the Genuine Medicines are registered in Ottawa. Hence any one throughout the British Possessions, who may keep the American Counterfeits for sale, will be prosecuted. (Signed) THOMAS HOLLOWAY Oxford Street, London, Jan. 1, 1879.

CINGALESE HAIR RENEWER. The growing glory of men or women is a beautiful head of hair. This can only be obtained by using CINGALESE, which has proved itself to be the BEST HAIR RESTORER in the market. It promotes a healthy growth of the hair, renders it soft and silky, strengthens its roots, and prevents its falling out, and acts with rapidity in RESTORING GREY HAIR TO ITS NATURAL COLOR. Try it before using any other. Sold by all druggists. Price 50 cts. a bottle. 1752-ly. AGENTS Wanted. Big Pay. Light Work. Constant employment. No Capital required. JAMES LEE & Co., Montreal, Quebec. 1762.

Farm and Garden.

Directions for Pruning.

M. DuBoreuil in a work on pruning and training fruit trees, published in France, lays down the following rules based on the fundamental principles underlying the whole method:
1. The permanency of form in trained trees is dependent on the equal diffusion of sap.
2. Prune the strong branches short, but allow the weak ones to grow long.
3. Depress the strong parts of the tree, and elevate the weak branches.
4. Suppress the useless buds on the strong parts as soon as possible, and as late as possible on the weak parts.
5. Nail up the strong parts very early and very close to the wall.
6. Delay nailing the weak parts as long as possible.
7. Suppress a number of the leaves on the strong side, and suppress all upon the weak side.
8. Allow as large a quantity of fruit as possible on the strong side, and suppress all upon the weak side.
9. Bring forward the weak side from the wall, and keep the strong side close to it.
10. The sap develops the branches much more vigorously upon a branch cut short than one left long.
11. The more the sap is retarded in its circulation, the less wood and the more fruit buds will develop.
12. To retard the extensive growth, either during the autumn's rest-prune, or remove the trees, or in the spring expose the roots to the sun, and keep manure and water from them; retarding the excessive vigor of the tree leads to its fruit-bearing.
13. Keep the fruit, as far as possible, vertical, and their stems lowermost.
14. Let the leaves lay over the fruit till nearly ripe, when the light as well as heat must be allowed to bear on the other side.

In a few weeks it will be time to make hot-beds for raising early vegetables and plants. The following, from the Rural New Yorker, gives information regarding them in a very concise and practical way:—Horse manure is preferable to any other readily available substance. Fresh manure recently removed from the stable or forest leaves are used in the bedding it improves the manure greatly for bed purposes. When ready to begin operations the manure should be forked over, shaken out finely, and thrown into a high conical heap; to heat; if any ways dry it should be watered until well dampened throughout the heap, leave it standing in this heap about a week and it will surely heat and begin smoking like a small volcano.
There are now two methods for forming the bed, some digging a pit and sinking the manure in it, and others simply building the manure up into a square bed and setting the frame on it. The first named method requires more labor, the second more manure; so we will let labor vs manure decide which will be adopted. After levelling the manure there should be three or four narrow boards laid across it, on which to rest the hot-bed frame, so that after the manure heats all will be settled together evenly, otherwise the weight of the frame and sash will force it down into the manure, and the centre of the bed will appear to raise and perhaps displace plants. Of course, a spot for the bed should be selected which is sheltered as much as possible on the north and west by some building or high boarded fence. The sash should slope gently towards the south or east, both in order to carry off the rain water readily and to catch the sun's rays and gain light and warmth. The most common sashes are 3x6 feet. The frame should therefore be made six feet wide and as long as necessary to accommodate the number of sashes to be used. A vital point always to be observed in making a hot-bed is to spread the manure down while hot; it then continues to heat; but if spread down cold it will heat very slowly and unevenly, or perhaps not at all. Early in spring, when considerable cold weather may yet be expected it will be necessary to use about a common wagon box full of manure to each sash, but later in the season, when forming beds in which to transplant seedlings, one-half that quantity will suffice. The soil to be used should be prepared in advance. It must be light, loose and rich. Good sods placed in a heap with alternate layers of cow manure and allowed to stand and decay for about one year, make a fine compost for starting a hot-bed. Soil should be placed on the manure to the depth of from four to six inches, and the glasses adjusted properly. After the soil becomes warm, sow the seed in rows about four inches apart and scatter them quite thickly in the rows. Never sow broadcast, as the labor of keeping free from weeds is much greater. When the seedlings are about three inches high, they should be transplanted into rows, say 3x6 inches, and as soon as these need more room or are in danger of running up spindling, transplant again. The temperature of the beds must be closely watched, thought may vary considerably. The mercury may run from 50° to 60°, though the mean 65° should be as closely kept as possible.

Educational.

A correspondent having questioned the accuracy of the published answers to the questions No. 3, page 137, and No. 1, page 138, in McLellan's Arithmetic, we were requested to give the correct solutions. We must inform our correspondent that the answers given in the book are correct, as will be seen by the following solutions:
Q.—A publican uses measures which are false to the extent of 5%; but his brewer gave him in every barrel only 30 gallons. The publican buys at \$5.04 a barrel and sells at 4 cents a pint. What does he gain on a sale of 200 barrels?
Ans.—He gets 35 gallons—200 pints in each barrel. By false measure he gives but 19-20 of a pint for a pint, .200 + 19-20 = 294 14-19 pints sold per bbl. 294 14-19 pints @ 4c = \$11.78 18-19 amt. received for each barrel, and \$11.78 18-19 x 200 = \$2357.89 8-19—total amount received. 200 bbls. @ \$5.04 = \$1008—total cost. \$2357.89 8-19—\$1008 = \$1349.89 8-19—total gain.

Q.—Two equal kegs are filled with mixtures of spirits and water in the ratio of 1 to 3, and 1 to 4, and the contents are then poured into a single keg. Find the strength of the mixture?
Ans.—In 100 parts of 1st keg there are 25 parts of spirits and 75 parts of water. In 100 parts of 2nd there are 20 parts spirits and 80 parts water. Adding these two there are 45 parts spirits and 155 parts water. Ratio of 45 to 155 = 9:31.

How to Prepare Calamine.

Soak one pound of white glue over night, then dissolve it in boiling water, and add twenty pounds of Paris white, diluting with water until the mixture is of the consistency of rich milk. To this anything can be given that is desired. Lila.—Add to the calamine two parts of Prussian blue and one of vermilion, stirring thoroughly, and take care to avoid too high a color. Brown.—Burnt umber. Gray.—Raw umber, with a trifling amount of lampblack. Rose.—Three parts of vermilion and one red lead, added in very small quantities until a delicate shade is produced. Lavender.—Make a light blue and tint slightly with vermilion. Straw.—Chrome yellow, with a touch of Spanish brown. Blue.—A small quantity of Prussian blue will give a soft azure tint. Dark blue is never desirable. Buff.—Two parts of spruce or Indian yellow and one part burnt senna. Delicate tints in the foregoing varieties of colour are always agreeable and tasteful, and so great care must be taken that they are not too vivid. The tints will always appear brighter than in the calamine pot, and the workman, or workwoman, must keep this fact in mind when adding the coloring powders. It is a good idea to give the ceilings calcimining two or three shades lighter than that on the walls, so it may appear merely a delicate reflection of their deeper tones. The ceiling can be calcimined with the lighter tint, and then more coloring added for the walls.

For other walls than hard finish an excellent whitewash is made by slaking lime with boiling skim-milk and adding (for half a bushel of lime) three quarts of salt, half a pound of whiting, and a pound of white glue, previously dissolved in water. This is hard and durable whitewash, does not easily rub off, and when tinted with any of the foregoing shades has about as good an effect as calcimine. A beginner in the art of calcimining is apt to bestow half the material on the floor, which is a needless waste. By taking a small quantity on the brush at a time all splashing is avoided, and after a little practice barely a drop will fall on the floor. A bright day should be selected for the work. The wash must be of the proper consistency—rich milk—or it cannot be applied evenly. The strokes should be straight and parallel with each other. After the first coat is dry, and never before, apply the second one across the first. An expert workman leaves no touch of the brush visible. When applying the first coat a round paint-brush should be used for thoroughly covering all corners and small spaces with the wash.

A Few Rules.

- The following rules should be strictly observed by persons having occasion to visit a printing office:
1. Enter softly.
2. Sit down quickly.
3. Subscribe for the paper.
4. Pay for it in advance.
5. Don't touch the type.
6. Keep six feet from the devil.
7. Don't talk to compositors.
8. Hands off manuscript.
Gentlemen observing these rules when entering an office, will greatly oblige the editor and not fear the devil. Ladies who bless us with their presence are expected to keep these rules strictly. Boy's unaccompanied by their parents are requested to keep their mouths and pockets shut. Girls are exempt from this rule. A girl just returned from a Boston high school said upon seeing a fire engine work: "Who would ever have dreamed such very diminutive looking apparatus would hold so much wattah?"

Wit in Parliament.

The question of the regency had been raised by the illness of George III., and Thurlow had been intriguing with both political parties. Having made up his mind that his interest was on the King's side, he left Woelack and addressed the House of Lords, concluding his speech with the impressive exclamation, "And when I forget my King may God forget me!" On hearing Lord Thurlow's impression, Pitt is said to have rushed out of the House, exclaiming several times, "Oh, what a rascal!" Burke, on the same occasion, muttered, "The best thing that can happen to you" and Wilkes, eyeing the Chancellor, advanced, said sotto voce, "God forget you, he will see you damned first."

George IV. was protesting that he could not do what he said, on his honor as a gentleman, he would not do. "Paradise me, sire," said the Duke of Wellington, "I don't agree with you at all. Your Majesty is not a gentleman." The King started. "Your Majesty, I say," continued the imperturbable soldier, "is not a gentleman, but the sovereign of England with duties to your people far above any to yourself."

When Fergus O'Connor was charged in the House with being a Republican he denied it, and said he did not care whether the Queen or devil was on the throne. "I don't care," he replied; "When the honorable gentleman sees the sovereign of his choice he'll enjoy, and I'm sure he'll deserve the confidence of the crown."

Lord Eldon is credited with a neat retort. He was presenting an anti-Catholic petition from the Glasgow company of tailors, when Lyndhurst, who had lately changed sides on the question of Catholic relief, said in a stage whisper, "Why do tailors trouble themselves with such measures?" "My noble and learned friend," replied Lord Eldon, "might have been aware that tailors cannot like turncoats."

On an occasion when Colonel Barre brought forward a motion on the British navy. Lord North said to a friend of his sitting near him: "Now how will give us our naval history from the beginning, not forgetting Sir Francis Drake and the Armada. All that is nothing to me; so let me sleep on, and wake me up when he comes near our own times." His friend at length roused him, when Lord North exclaimed: "Where are we?" "At the battle of La Hogue, my Lord." "Oh, my dear friend," said North, "you have woken me a century too soon."

Mr. Jennings recalls O'Connell's comment on the defense set up by a parliamentary reporter for misquoting the liberator's speech, viz: that the rain had streamed into his pockets and washed out his notes. "This," O'Connell remarked, "was the most extraordinary shower of rain he had ever heard of, inasmuch as it not only washed out the speech he did make, but washed in another and an entirely different one." Familiar is O'Connell's sneer at the fawning of Lord Stanley's personal adherents after some general election: "Thus down thy hill, romantic Ashbourne glides The Derby dilly carrying six inches. Equally ready was his parody on three members of Parliament, Col. Sibthorp, Percival and Verner, two of whom looked as if they never needed a razor, and the third as if he repudiated one: "Three colonels, in three distant counties born, Lincoln, Armagh, and Sligo did adorn; The first in matchless impudence surpassed; The next in bigotry; in both the last, The force of nature could no further go; To board the third she shaved the other two."

John Bright's scriptural illustrations are often marked by a singular beauty as well as pertinence. Referring to his own reluctance to accept office, he said he had always been charmed by the story of the Shunammite woman contained in a single verse of the Old Testament. In return for her hospitality the prophet wished to make her some amends, and said, "Shall I speak for thee to the king, or to the captain of the host?" Bright went on to say that it had always appeared to him a great answer that the Shunammite woman returned. She said, "I dwell among my own people." Sheridan described Dundas as one "who generally resorts to his memory for his wit, and to his imagination for his facts." Asked by some one, on the conclusion of his speech on the Hastings trial, how he came to compliment Gibbon with the epithet "luminous," which so delighted the historian, Sheridan answered in a half-whisper, "I said voluminous." But perhaps none of Sheridan's elaborate epigrams produced such an effect upon his auditors as an unprepared sentence uttered in the course of a debate on the liberty of the press: "Give them," said he, "a corrupt House of Commons, give them a tyrannical prince, give them a truckling court, and let me but have an unfettered press, and I will defy them to encroach a hair's breadth upon the liberties of England."

Some of our young men, who appear to think it an evidence of manhood to be profane, may find a rebuke in the quaint remark of an Oneida Indian, an ordained clergyman, who said he was thankful that "The Creator did not give the Indian enough language to allow him to be profane without first learning English."

How to Train the Memory.

Your memory is bad, perhaps, but I can tell you two secrets, that will cure the worst memory. One of them is to read a subject when interested; the other is not only to read, but think. When you have read a paragraph or a page, stop, close the book, and try to remember the ideas on the page, and only call them vaguely to mind, but put them in words and speak them out. Faithfully follow these two rules, and you have the golden key of knowledge. Besides attentive reading, there are other things injurious to the memory. One is the habit of skimming over newspapers, items of news, smart remarks, bits of information, political reflections, fashion notes, so that all is a confused jumble, never to be thought of again, thus diligently cultivating a habit of careless reading hard to break. Another is the reading of trashy novels.

"THEY ALL DO IT."—To beautify the teeth and give fragrance to the breath use "Teaberry" the new toilet gem. Get 5 cent sample. 1763

The best known remedy for all affections of the Chest, Lungs or Throat is GRAY'S SYRUP or RHO SYRUP GUM. It is constantly used by thousands of persons suffering from the above diseases, and in nearly every instance it affords immediate relief. In cases of trouble-some, tickling Cough, where the patient passes sleepless nights, one or two doses of the Syrup has such a quieting, soothing effect that the rest ensues and the Cough speedily disappears. Try it and be convinced. Sold by all chemists. Price 25 and 50 cents per bottle.—ad

A Wonderful Recovery.

If you are suffering with a Cough, Cold, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hay Fever, Consumption, loss of voice, tickling in the throat, or any affection of the Throat or Lungs, use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. This is the great remedy that is causing so much excitement by its wonderful cures, curing thousands of hopeless cases. Over one million bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery have been used within the last year, and have given perfect satisfaction in every instance. We can unhesitatingly say that this is really the only sure cure for throat and lung affections, and can cheerfully recommend it to all. Call and get a trial bottle for ten cents, or a regular size for \$1. F. Jordan, Goderich.

How to Get Rich.

The great secret of obtaining riches, is first to practice economy, and as good old Deacon Snyler says: "It used to worry the life out of me to pay enormous doctor's bills, but now I have 'truck it rich.' Health and happiness reign supreme in our little household, and all simply because we use no other medicine but Electric Bitters, and only cost fifty cents a bottle." Sold by F. Jordan.

Booklet's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all kinds of Skin eruptions. This Salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by F. Jordan, Goderich.

Record of the LYMAN BARB.

First Prizes awarded the "LYMAN BARB" at MONTREAL, QUE. HAMILTON, ONT. CINCINNATI, OHIO. FRANKLIN, N. Y. DAVENPORT, IOWA. EXHIBITIONS. EXCELLENCE and SUPERIORITY Over all Competitors. The Cheapest & Best Fencing in the WORLD.

Adopted and in use on 19 Railway Lines in the U. S. and Canada. See that our trade mark "LYMAN BARB" is stenciled on each reel. BUY NO OTHER. Send for prices and circulars to R. W. MCKENZIE & Co. Goderich. DOMINION BARB WIRE FENCE CO. 1775-8th. Montreal.

HOP BITTERS. (A Medicine, not a Drink.) CONTAINS HOPS, RUCHU, MANDEARKE, DANDELION. AND THE PUREST AND BEST MEDICAL QUALITIES OF ALL OTHER BITTERS. THEY CURE All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, and all other ailments, especially Female Complaints. \$1000 IN GOLD. Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in it.—Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you sleep. Take no Other. D. I. C. is an absolute and irrefragable cure for Brucism, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics. SEND FOR CIRCULAR. All orders paid by druggist. Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N. Y., & Toronto, Ont.

Carpet Weaving

in new Patterns and new Warp.

DINING-ROOM CARPETS!

and all work in the weaving line carefully neatly and promptly done. Kingston street, Goderich.

CRYSTAL & BLACK, Practical BOILER-MAKERS.

The Subscribers have bought the Tools and Boiler Business of D. RUSSELL & Co. lately carried on by the Goderich Foundry and Manufacturing Company, and having had an experience of over eight years in that shop, are now prepared to carry on the trade in all its branches. Any work entrusted to us will receive prompt attention. First-class work guaranteed. All kinds of Boilers made and repaired, also Smoke Stacks and Sheet Iron Work, etc., at reasonable rates. New Salt Pans made and old ones repaired on the shortest notice, and at PRICES THAT DEFY COMPETITION.

Chrystal & Black, BOX NO. GODERICH. (1787)

THOS. JAMES, Darlington, England, says: "The 'Only Lung Pad' is being thoroughly tried here. One lady has already received great benefit, who has suffered for years from Bronchitis and Asthma, and congestion of right lung. H. E. HODGE, Cambridge, Mich., says: 'I have been afflicted with Asthma for years. An 'Only Lung Pad' gave me immediate relief. I can recommend it as the greatest remedy ever produced. HENRY VAN NORTWICK, of Toledo, Ohio, says: 'A friend prevailed upon me to try an 'Only Lung Pad,' and I obtained immediate relief from a racking cough. I know the Pad helped me. At retail by all druggists. Wholesale by H. HASWELL & CO., Montreal, P. Q.

LIBERAL OFFERS FOR 1881.

Two Years for the Price of One!

THE REPRINTS OF THE BRITISH QUARTERLY (Evangelical), GOSDEN QUARTERLY (Conservative), EDINBURGH (WAg), W. WESTMINSTER (Liberal) REVIEWS, AND Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine, Present the best foreign periodicals in a convenient form and without abridgment or alteration. Terms of Subscription (Including Postage): Blackwood or any one Review... \$4.00 per an. Blackwood and any one Review... 7.00 " Blackwood and two Reviews... 10.00 " Blackwood and three Reviews... 13.00 " Any two Reviews... 7.00 " The four Reviews... 15.00 " Blackwood and the four Reviews... 18.00 " These are about half the prices charged by the English Publishers. Circulars giving the Contents of the Periodicals for the year 1880, and many other particulars, may be had on application.

PREMIUMS.

New subscribers may have the numbers for 1880 and 1881 at the price of one year's subscription only. To any subscriber, new or old, we will furnish the periodicals for 1879 at half price. All orders to be sent to the publication office. To secure premiums apply promptly. The Leonard Scott Publishing Co., 41 BARCLAY ST., NEW YORK.

PAY UP.

BRING now out of business on account of the fire, it is necessary that all debts owed me should be settled early. I take this opportunity of desiring all concerned to pay up at once. 1778-2m GEORGE CATTLE.

Seeds! Seeds!

The subscriber begs to draw the attention of the public generally to his large and varied stock of FARM and GARDEN SEEDS, consisting of CLOVER, HUNGARIAN, MILLET, PEAS, BARLEY, and choice WHEAT; also TURNIP, MANGOLD, CARROT, and all other GARDEN and VEGETABLE SEEDS, at rates that cannot be beaten. S. SLOANE, General Seed Dealer, Hamilton Street, Four houses east on Newgate street in a thorough state of repair.—S. S. 1774.

SEBOMILLER Chilled Plow

AND AGRICULTURAL WORKS. Having purchased the Goderich Foundry, I am fitting the premises for the manufacture of CHILLED PLOWS and AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS on a large scale. Mill Work, General Repairing and Jobbing will be continued. All work guaranteed. Mr. D. Russell is the only man authorized to collect payments and give receipts on behalf of the late firm of Russell & Co., and all persons indebted are requested to govern themselves accordingly. S. SEBOMILLER, Proprietor.

TO THE PUBLIC:—

Having disposed of my Photo Business in Goderich, I would take this opportunity to return thanks for the many favors received since commencing business here seven years ago. For my successor, Mr. Sallows, I bespeak a continuance of the patronage so kindly tendered me, and knowing him to possess superior ability, predict for him a successful business career. Respectfully, R. R. THOMPSON, Photo.

R. SALLOWS.

Photo, Blake's Block, Goderich. (Successor to R. R. Thompson.) N.B.—As I have all the Negatives made by R. R. Thompson previously to my taking the business, parties wishing duplicates will please send me their orders. R. SALLOWS, Photographer.

REMOVED. SAUNDERS' VARIETY STORE, to WEST ST. next door to the POST OFFICE. NEW GOODS opened out this week. WALL PAPERS, CRUET STANDS, PICTURE GOODS, FANCY BASKETS. TOWELS AT COST to clear out stock. Tinmith work attended to on shortest notice and charges moderate. "THE CHEAPEST HOUSE UNDER THE SUN." 1777

HURON CARRIAGE WORKS. T. & J. STORY, (SUCCESSORS TO JOHN KNOX), MANUFACTURERS OF



ANY STYLE OF VEHICLE BUILT TO ORDER. REPAIRING and JOBBING done with Neatness and Despatch, and at Reasonable Rates. Call and examine before purchase elsewhere. T. & J. STORY, HAMILTON STREET.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

The only Medicine that successfully purifies the Blood, acts upon the Liver, Bowels, Skin and Kidneys, while at the same time it allays Nervous Irritation, and strengthens the Debilitated System, perfectly and speedily curing Biliouness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Headache, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Nervous and General Debility, Female Complaints, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, and every species of Chronic Disease arising from Disordered Liver, Kidneys, Stomach, Bowels or Blood. THE BEST BLOOD PURIFYING TONIC IN THE WORLD. Sample Bottle, 50c. I. MURPHY & CO. SOLE AGENTS, TORONTO. Regular Size, \$1.00

Miss Freeman's Worm Powder is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worm in children or adults. Price 25 cents or 5 for \$1. Mrs. Freeman's New Domestic Eyes are perfect in every color. For brightness and durability they have no equal. Price 15 cents per package. Sold by JAMES WILSON, Druggist, Goderich.

GUIDE 8 pages, One Illustration, Flowers and wiring. Only if you after-ent to the world. The set and grow Garden, 175 cents. For elegant cloth. Magazine—35 number and \$1.25 a year; 12 numbers \$3 cents; hester. Y. 1762.

ANS alson or Oil

& Soda IMPTION EASES

Nov. 5, 1880. have used and Emulsion of cod-liver oil, prepared by Tomach, sent me greatly to my health. K. M. D. Med. College. Nov. 8, 1880. Gents: For united with it with Herpes, I prepared permanency as a cure, makes it ad I do highly cease of the uly. K. M. D. Nov. 19, 1880. Gentleman: I used the past two weeks to be able to the from its use I kind I have N. M. D.

Leville, Ont. Dear Sir: I used the cod-liver oil statement: daughter was settled on her that her medi- worse and last and hope- Doctor said he had your Em- a the opinion ply marvellous, of the all, she of us all, she in that three persons, I at that health and has now can find in the BLAND. I, July, 1880. riter has had d very much strength enough was advised by dition, and to id wound, and recovered. I was abled with the DOWES.

OF MODERN sod, correct all complaints in- isent is the only long standing, has, Colds, Gout, etc. it has no COUNTER- leave to call ally to the fact is sending to 17 IMITATIONS & frauds bear New York. I sold in any part Agents there. In the label is odon, where Hovey's Pills address or of these Medi- fice, who may or sale, will be FOLLOWAY 1879.

SEWER

r women is a only be ob- which has gket. Mr. renders t h rapidly in L. COLOR. Sold by all 1782-17.

Pay. Light employment. & Co. 1782.

DOORS,
SASHES, BLINDS,
MOULDINGS, and every
Description of Interior Finish.
STAIRS, HANDRAILS,
NEWELS and BALUSTERS
A Specially Selected for Price
LATH & SHINGLES,
LATH & LUMBER.
Estimates on applica-
tion. Address
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HURON HAPPENINGS.
Clippings from County Contemporaries.

Mr. W. Rogers, of Centralia, has removed to Crystal City, Manitoba, where he takes charge of the school there. He was accompanied by a brother who intends to go farming.

FAREWELL SUPPER.—Messrs. Richard Blatchford and Joseph Hogarth, of Hensall, were entertained at a complimentary supper by their friends, on Tuesday evening last prior to their leaving for Dakota.

Herbert Inman, of Brussels, who has been troubled greatly with his lungs, had an operation performed last week by his physician, in drawing the fluid from his lung. Over a pint was taken, and we are pleased to state that Mr. Inman feels much better.

SCALDED TO DEATH.—Last Thursday afternoon a little child about fifteen months old belonging to W. L. Fagan, station master at Ethel, was scalded to death by falling into a boiler of water that was on the floor. The poor little fellow was very badly scalded, his face and arms being about all that escaped. He died on Friday morning. Mr. and Mrs. Fagan have the truest sympathy of all in their sad bereavement.

DECEASE OF AN OLD PIONEER.—We have this week to chronicle the death of Mr. George Reynolds, father of Mr. R. Reynolds, of the Mansion House, Hensall, at the advanced age of 87 years and 8 months. Deceased was a native of Kent County, England, and was engaged in the military service, both at home and abroad, for many years. He immigrated to this country in the year 1842, and has resided for the greater part of the time in this vicinity.

STOCK PURCHASES.—By a Galt paper we notice that at the recent sale of thoroughbred stock at Colobour Farm, near that town, the following purchases were made by parties in this county:—Yeilding bull Sir Charles, Mr. Duncan McDonald, Grey, \$1000; yearling bull Juniper, Mr. S. Black, Morris, \$95; Cow, Ruby, Mr. John Webster, Wawanosh, \$90. We are glad to see additions of this kind made to the stock of the county, as they are a class of animals that will repay for the investment in them. We understand that Mr. H. Elford, of Holmesville, has recently added to his stock a number of good Southdown sheep, purchased somewhere east.

CENSUS ENUMERATORS.—The following are the names of the Census Enumerators appointed for North Huron:—Jas. Gardner, Belevale, Commissioner;—Howick—R. Mahood, Fordwick; Jos. Dewar, Fordwick; Thos. K. Boddy, Gore. Turnbull—John Farrow, Bluevale; B. Flynn, Wingham. Morris—Wm. Kelly, Blyth. Wawanosh East—Robt. Riley, Geo. Buchanan, Westfield. Wawanosh West—Wm. Ellis, Lucknow; Jas. Johnston, Duncannon. Ashfield; Thos. Hussey, Kingsbridge; Robt. Hamilton, Lochalsh. Wingham—Robt. Corry. Blyth—Wm. Clegg, Wroxeter—Geo. Stokes. Brussels—Jas. Stretton.

DR. MCKAY'S LECTURE.—The lecture delivered in Mr. Ross' church, Brucefield, on Friday evening last, by Rev. Dr. McKay, the Chinese missionary, was listened to by a crowded audience. The church was crammed to the very door. The lecture was intensely interesting, and gave unbounded satisfaction to all who heard it. At its close a collection was taken up, which amounted to the very handsome sum of \$160. The liberality thus displayed by the people of Brucefield and vicinity, and the active interest they manifest in mission work as shown by their liberal contributions, is most commendable, and their good example should be emulated by others.

A CENTENARIAN.—Mr. Patk Hughes, of Seaford, attained the great age of one hundred years, on Thursday last—St. Patrick's day. On that day he bought a cow four old from Michael Holland, of 7th con., McKillop, for \$29, and drove her home to Seaford, a distance of eight and a half miles the same night. Now if there is another man of Mr. Hughes' age in the County of Huron capable of performing a similar feat we would like to hear of him. Mr. H. was born in Tipperary, Ireland, on March 17th, 1781, and came out to America in the year 1818, and has been a resident of Seaford for the last eighteen years. He is still hale and hearty and bids fair to last for 20 or 30 years yet. He is a strict temperance man, not having tasted liquor of any kind in the last twenty-five years, and to this he attributes his great age and vigor. May he yet see many more St. Patrick's days.

Leoburn.
COLT SOLD.—Mr. Tobin has sold his two-year-old trotting colt to Mr. E. Shaw for the sum of \$80.

MOVING.—Mr. Linfield, who has been a resident of this place for six years, has rented Mr. James Thurlow's farm. Mr. Rome has rented the Point farm—but not the big hotel.

Colborne.
The "Illustrated Stock Encyclopedia" should be in the hands of every live farmer. Mr. P. Emery is now in Colborne township exhibiting the work.

CHEESE.—Mr. Gordon Young on Thursday began the manufacture of cheese for the season. He will use the milk of 35 cows for this season's make. Mr. Young has been manufacturing cheese for the market during the past eight years, and is perhaps the largest maker in Huron who uses only the milk of his own cows. He finds a ready sale for all of his cheese in Goderich, always gets top prices.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Adam Good, formerly of Brussels, has gone into business in Whitby.
Rev. D. J. Macdonnell defends Rev. Mr. Rainford for attacking Sarah Bernhardt.

It is said that decision in the Argentine election case will be given on the 15th of April.

A Collingwood mass meeting expressed itself opposed to grant a bonus of \$30,000 for a dry dock.

The crusade initiated by the priests, against the grog shops in Montreal, still continues.

A woman at Halifax has just sued for and obtained \$50 damages for breach of promise of marriage.

The Telegram of Tuesday says that Hon. James Patton has been appointed Collector of Customs at Toronto.

Rev. Canon Jarvis, aged 75, the oldest Church of England clergyman in the Diocese, died at Shediac, Saturday.

Dean Boomer, of London, had a quantity of harness stolen from his carriage house.

The London Collegiate Institute cadets have adopted a new uniform of serge faced with white.

Chamberlain, the bogus American detective arrested for larceny at Ottawa, has been committed for trial.

The Montreal police are looking out for a new kind of marauder who writes obscene verses on plate glass windows, and thus ruins the glass.

Mr. Peter McCallum, auctioneer, of Paisley, died very suddenly Saturday morning early, it is supposed of heart disease.

Mrs. and Miss Eddy, of Prince Alad, charged with burning the dead body of the latter's illegitimate son, have been discharged from custody.

Sir William Howland has consented to preside at the banquet to be given Hon. Edward Blake in this city on the evening of 21st April.

It is stated that over two thousand applications have already been sent in for situations as compilers in the Census Department of the Civil Service which will be formed.

Dennis Perrault, who threw the bullets into the procession on St. Patrick's Day at Montreal, confessed his guilt, and said he did the throwing to make a sensation and enjoy reading the newspapers.

Capt. T. Howard, Superintendent of the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company, has been appointed Harbor Master at Montreal in succession to Capt. Rudolf. The salary is \$3,000.

Mr. R. L. Bixel, of the late firm of L. Bixel & Son, lawyers, Ingersoll, was found dead in his bed on Sunday morning. Heart disease is supposed to have been the cause of death.

James Ward, the famous wing shot, is lying at the point of death in Toronto in an almost destitute condition. He has only one arm, but while strong was able to handle a gun with remarkable skill.

The Belleville street railway has been sold to a company in Winnipeg. The whole plant of the road, rails, cars, 'busses, horses, sheds, and all, are to be shipped to Winnipeg early in the summer.

The Goodrich Transportation Company has given notice that, on account of the ill feeling existing toward it, growing out of the Alpena disaster, it will run no boats between Grand Haven and Chicago this year.

Mr. John Howett died at the age of seventy-six. Deceased emigrated from England in 1834, and shortly afterwards made his home in Guelph township, where he has since resided. He was very wealthy.

It is now believed that the Oka Indian trials are at an end, and that the Seminary will prosecute no more of the Indians, Chief Joseph's death leaves but seven to be tried, and the case against them is admittedly weak.

John McLean, residing near New Montreal, is the owner of an ewe which is the mother of fifteen lambs inside of five years. Fourteen of them she raised herself, the fifteenth being raised as a pet. Who can beat this?

A colored lunatic named David Moss has been committed to the asylum at London from Windsor as a dangerous character. When being arrested he made a savage attack upon Police Magistrate Bartlett, coming within an inch of cleaving his head in twain with an axe.

A daughter of Mr. F. Blackie, of Sarnia, was accidentally poisoned on Monday, by an infusion of stramonium taken in mistake for senna. It was with the greatest difficulty that a fatal result was averted. Physicians pronounced her out of danger on Wednesday.

Some of our exchanges are of opinion that there is more money in butter than in beef for our farmers. They say what it costs to raise one steer to sell for \$100 would keep four cows a year, and their joint produce of butter would be worth \$160, or a profit of \$60 above beef.

The case of the London Gas and Heating Company, charged with watering their stock to the extent of \$60,000, was argued before Chancellor Sprague, and adjourned to Toronto. This is one of the most peculiar cases that has ever come before the Court of Chancery.

It is understood the Governor-General will leave for the North-west in June or July. He will go as far as Edmonton on the River Saskatchewan, following as nearly as possible the route of the Canada Pacific. It is said that he will be accompanied by a representative of one of the leading London dailies.

It is reported that J. G. Haggart, M. P., of Perth, and James Shields, of Toronto, have acquired a square mile of timber lands at Rainy Lake by private bargain with the Dominion Government. Rainy Lake is in the territory in dispute between the Dominion and the Province of Ontario.

An unusual event took place last week in St. James' Episcopal Church, Bidulph. A child having died, was interred in St. James' burial ground. Rev. Mr. McGatey, incumbent of the church, being unwell, the service was conducted by Rev. Mr. Russell, Methodist minister, who not only officiated at the grave, but preached a funeral sermon in the church.

NEWS OF THE WORLD.

Heavy floods are occurring in Nebraska, and doing great damage to railway and farm property.

The Lawson-Labouchere libel suit has terminated in the disagreement and discharge of the jury.

The King of Italy sent 5,000 francs to Nice for the relief of the sufferers by the Opera House disaster.

Earl Beaconsfield is suffering from gout and asthma, and his condition is such as to give his friends great uneasiness.

Dennis Keiley, aged 60, a graduate of Trinity College, Dublin, has been appointed street sweeper in New York at ninety cents per day.

Baroness Burdett-Coutts' husband is about to contest Mr. Bradlaugh's place in the House of Commons in the Conservative interest.

The Czar has issued a proclamation appointing the Grand Duke Vladimir regent in the event of his death before the Czar's death comes of age.

Grand Rapids clergymen have commenced a war upon the social evils, of whom they say there are between 500 and 600 in the city engaged in street walking and liquor selling.

The Sporting Life says that Cambridge are a strong and level crew, not finished oarsmen, but getting well together, and with judicious leaving alone will gradually improve further.

Rev. Wm. Fox, of the Detroit Conference, died at Bancroft on Saturday, aged 52. He came to Michigan from Canada, had been in the ministry about thirty years, and was widely known and esteemed.

At Bayonne, N. J., many people have been made sick during the past week by eating soft shell clams dug out of Bayonne Cove. It is said the clams are impregnated with oil which escaped from the oil works.

When Rev. Henry Ward Beecher dismissed his congregation on Sunday evening, he found his wife sitting rigidly in her pew, unconscious. She was hurried home in a carriage, and at last accounts was unable to speak.

The Crown Princess Victoria of Germany received an anonymous letter stating that Prince Frederick William will be killed at the approaching coronation in St. Petersburg. Prince Frederick William has started for Berlin.

Mr. David Kennedy, the well-known Scotch vocalist, is said to have lost a son and two daughters by the fire in the opera house at Nice. They were studying music at Nice under Signor Lamperte, and frequented the opera-house.

The terrors of the past winter in Nebraska did but to be eclipsed by the disasters of the spring. The Platte and Loup rivers inundated their banks, many people losing their lives and a vast amount of property being destroyed.

The disease known as "rot" is very prevalent again among English sheep. The disease arises from the presence of the fluke worm in the livers of the animals, and is very destructive in wet seasons. One farmer in Leicestershire lost three-quarters of his flock. A rise in price of English mutton is looked for as a consequence of the loss from this disease, and the increased consumption among the working classes.

The Wagner sleeping car "Judith," which passed through here on the G. W. R. Saturday evening, was fitted up with the new patent wire screen for preventing the occupants of berths from rolling out and thieves from reaching in. The device consists of a simple wire screen adjustable to the outer side of the framework of the berth, putting the sleeper in a wire cage, as it were. For a drunken man it would be especially useful.—(Free Press.)

Sir Henry Tyler, Manager of the Board of the Grand Trunk Railway, met the principal dealers in Canadian railway shares at the Stock Exchange, London, Friday afternoon, to give explanations with reference to the Western circular respecting amalgamation. Sir Henry Tyler declared that the Grand Trunk was always in favor of amalgamation by a fusion of net receipts, such fusion not to involve breaking of American alliances.

The estimated saving of \$200,000 sterling, greater than that which was expected, but within the mark. Not wishing to hurry an arrangement with the Great Western the Grand Trunk will always be ready to meet them in a liberal and friendly spirit.

The first train of Taylor's Grand Trunk party from Ottawa and Montreal, arrived at Winnipeg at 2 o'clock on Saturday morning, being nearly twelve days on the journey. The delay was caused partly by the snow blockade, but more generally, and chiefly, by the mismanagement of the passengers, who were women and children, are terribly fatigued, and attribute the sickness prevailing to having been left three days inhaling the stench of the stockyards in Chicago. The second train arrived two hours after the first. Over half of the passengers went to Dakota, it is thought by mistake, and the passengers altogether complain of the want of light, water, and wood on the trains.

Paymaster Tims, of the Canadian Pacific Railway, while out at Portage last week along with his assistant, Mr. Shea, paying the employees of the road, was surprised by four men after night just as he was about to enter the postal car, one of whom snatched his valise, in which there was at the time \$5,000, and ran down the embankment. Mr. Tims immediately drew his revolver and fired after them, but without effect, as the night was exceedingly dark and he could only see a few feet. Messrs. Tims and Shea then returned to the station and procured a lantern to make search for the thieves. The astetel was found intact and evidently been dropped at the first shot, the would-be robber having apparently stumbled in his efforts to escape.

Dr. Moslyn, late M. P. P. for North Lanark, and Jas. W. Manning, jr., son of J. W. Manning, Lincolnshire Inspector for the same Riding, left Almonte Monday for Appleton, five miles distant in a small craft. They did not return last night, as expected, and some gentlemen from Appleton being in Almonte, enquiries were made about what delayed the unfortunate gentlemen, and the information elicited that they had left for home at 4 p. m. last evening. Their friends became alarmed, and a search party started out. They found, about four miles from Almonte, the boat upset and down. The accident has caused a universal sad sensation, as both gentlemen were widely known. Dr. Moslyn sat in the Local Legislature from 1875 to 1879.

Medical.

H. G. MACKID, M. D., PHYSICIAN, I. L. L., Surgeon and Accoucher, Graduate of Toronto University, 110, opposite Cameron & Cameron's Bank, Lucknow. If not in office, enquire at the Bank. 1769-70.

D. McLEAN, PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, Coroner, Etc. Office and residence on Bruce Street, second door west of Victoria Street. 1751.

D. S. SHANNON & HAMILTON, Physicians, Surgeons, Accouchers, Etc. Office at Dr. Shannon's residence, near the Jail, Goderich. G. G. SHANNON, J. C. HAMILTON. 1751.

J. AIKENHEAD, V.S. (SUCCESSOR) to Dr. Duncan Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. Office, stables and residence on Newgate Street, four doors east of Colborne Hotel, N. E.—Horses examined as to soundness. 1751.

Legal.

GARROW & PROUDFOOT, BARRISTERS, 1751.

B. L. DOYLE, BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY, Solicitor in Chancery, Etc., Goderich, Ont. 1751.

SEAGER & MORTON, BARRISTERS, 1751.

S. MALCOMSON, BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR, Office—Corner of West Street and Market Square, over George Acherson's, Goderich, Ont. 1751.

F. CAMPION, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, Etc. Office over Sheppard's bookstore, on Newgate Street. Any amount of money to loan at lowest rates of interest. 1751-72.

CAMERON, HOLT & CAMERON, Barristers, Solicitors in Chancery, Etc., Goderich and Wingham. M. C. CAMERON, C. P. F. HOLT, M. G. CAMERON, Goderich, W. E. Macara, Wingham. 1751.

Miscellaneous Cards.

JAMES SMAILL, ARCHITECT, Etc., Office, Crab's Block, Kingston St., Goderich. Plans and specifications drawn correctly. Carpenter's plasterer's and mason's work measured and valued.

F. R. WATSON, HOUSE, SIGN and Ornamental Painter. Parlor decorating made a specialty. GRADING, GILDING, GLAZING, Shop on North Street, opposite the Registry Office, Goderich. 1751.

STRATFORD BINDERY—ESTABLISHED 1830. This establishment is chiefly devoted to job and library work, especially to those unique and economical half calf and morocco styles. In all cases the best of stock and workmanship, with strength and beauty combined. Bindery over John Dutton's drug store. GEORGE STONE.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL, DUNCANNON.—This first-class hotel, has recently been refitted and improved so as to furnish the best possible accommodation to the travelling public. Good liquors and choice viands a specialty. An attentive order always on hand, and excellent stabling and sheds, on the premises. THOS. SMILE, Proprietor. 1751.

Loans and Insurance.

\$500,000 TO LOAN. APPLY TO CAMERON, HOLT & CAMERON, Goderich. 1750.

\$75,000 TO LEND ON REAL ESTATE. TATE. Terms favorable. Apply to B. L. DOYLE, Goderich. 1751.

\$50,000 PRIVATE FUNDS TO LEND on good Farm or first-class Town Property at 8 per cent. Apply to R. RADCLIFFE. 1751.

MONEY TO LEND IN ANY amount to suit borrowers at 6 to 8 per cent. Private funds. Apply to SEAGER and MORTON, Goderich.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FIRST MORTGAGE at reasonable rates of interest and on terms to suit borrowers. Address JAMES STEWART, Saltford P. O. 1750.

MONEY TO LEND—A LARGE amount of Private Funds for investment at lowest rates on first-class Mortgages. Apply to GARROW & PROUDFOOT.

LOANS FREE OF CHARGE.—Money to lend at lowest rates, free of any costs or charges. SEAGER & MORTON, opposite Colborne Hotel. Goderich, 2nd March 1881. 1750.

MONEY TO LOAN, THE CANADIAN Landed Credit Company, Toronto—JOHN LAING BLAIR, Esq., President. Money is lent by this Company to individuals upon the same system as to municipalities.—Send for Circulars. HUGH HAMILTON, C. L. Agent, Goderich. 1751.

\$20,000 PRIVATE FUNDS TO LEND on Farm and Town Property at lowest interest. Mortgages purchased, no Commission charged. Conveyancing. Fees reasonable. N. B.—Borrowers can obtain money in one day if title is satisfactory.—DAVISON & JOHNSTON, Barristers, Etc., Goderich. 1751.

R. RADCLIFFE, FIRE, MARINE, Life and Accident Insurance Agent. Representing first-class Companies. Also agent for the CANADA LIFE STOCK INSURANCE CO. Money to lend on Mortgage, either in Town or Farm Property, in any way to suit the borrower. Office—(up-stairs) Kay's block, Goderich, Ont. 1751.

INSURANCE CARD.

BRITISH ASS. COY., TORONTO—Established 1853.

PHENIX INS. COY. OF LONDON (England)—Established 1780.

HARTFORD INS. COY. OF HARTFORD, Conn.—Established 1810.

Risks taken in the above first-class Offices, at the lowest rates by HORACE HORTON.

The undersigned is also Appraiser for the CANADA PER. LOAN AND SAVINGS COY., TORONTO.

Money to Loan on first-class security, from 7 to 8 per cent.—Charges moderate.

HORACE HORTON, Goderich, Sept. 10, 1880. 1751.

SEEDS FOR 1881.

Thanking the public for past favors, I take pleasure in stating that I have on hand a better stock than ever before of choice Wheat, Barley, Peas, Black and White Oats, Tares, Clover, and Timothy; also Peas, Vines, Clover, Alaska, Lucerne and Lawn Grass.

A first class assortment of FIELD, GARDEN and FLOWER SEEDS, selected with great care from the best seed houses in the country. Call and see. We keep the best and most genuine seed we can purchase.

COMPTON'S SUPERIOR CORN. The best field corn yet introduced. Ground or cake kept constantly on hand.

JAMES MCNAIR, Hamilton St. Goderich, March 25, 1880.

Goderich Markets.
Goderich, March 31, 1881.

Wheat, (Fall) 9 bush.....	\$1 00 @ \$1 02
Wheat, (Spring) 9 bush.....	1 00 @ 1 02
Flour, cwts.....	2 50 @ 2 75
Oats, 9 bush.....	0 40 @ 0 40
Barley, 9 bush.....	0 35 @ 0 35
Beef, 9 bush.....	0 55 @ 0 60
Potatoes, 9 bush.....	0 35 @ 0 35
Butter, 9 lbs.....	0 20 @ 0 20
Hides.....	0 15 @ 0 20
Pork.....	6 50 @ 7 50
Hides.....	5 50 @ 7 00
Salt per barrel.....	1 00 @ 1 00

DECEASED.
Dunsford—In Goderich, on the 21st inst., the wife of Mr. C. H. Dunsford, manager of the Bank of Montreal, Goderich, a son.

MARRIED.
McKay—Drennan—At Goderich on the 27th March, by the Rev. Dr. Free, Mr. Duncan McKay to Miss Isabella Drennan, both of Ashfield.

Auctioneering.
J. C. CURRIE, THE PEOPLE'S AUCTIONEER, Goderich, Ont. 1751.

Tonsorial.
W. KNIGHT, PRACTICAL BARBER and Hair-dresser, begs to return thanks to the Cambria patrons, and solicits a continuance of custom. He can always be found at his Shaving Parlor, near the Post Office, Goderich. 1750.

The People's Column.

COTTAGE WANTED.—NEAT COMFORTABLE well situated. Possession required about the middle of May. Apply at this office.

CARD OF THANKS.
To the Commercial Union and Royal Insurance Companies, for their prompt settlement of my claim for loss and damage to goods in the Cambria Road, near to the agents Mr. R. Radcliffe for the Commercial Union, and Mr. Geo. B. Johnston for the Royal W. D. SHANNON.

MISS WESTON, PRACTICAL Dress and Mantle maker, has removed to the house of Goderich that she has begun the business of dressmaking at her residence in the Cambria Road, near to the new and most fashionable styles. Agent for Cornwell's patterns. 1750-51.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.
County of Huron } By virtue of a Writ of Habere Facias issued out of Her Majesty's County Court of the County of Huron, and to me directed against the Lands and Tenements of Robert Brahan at the suit of George E. Jackson, Henry R. Jackson, and Semmon L. Jackson. I have seized and taken in Execution all the right, title and interest and equity of redemption of the above named Defendant in and to Lots numbers one hundred and ninety two and one hundred and ninety three, south side of Queen's Street, in the village of Hensall, in the County of Huron, which Lands and Tenements I shall offer for sale, at my office by the Court House, in the Town of Goderich, on SATURDAY, the SECOND DAY OF JULY next, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon.

ROBERT GIBBONS, Sheriff of the County of Huron. Goderich, March 24th 1881.

WALL PAPER.
MOORHOUSE
Would respectfully intimate to his numerous customers and the public generally that he has just opened out a
Fresh Stock
Of Paper Hangings comprising every Novelty in
GOLD & BRONZE PAPERS,
SATIN PAPERS,
MARBLE & OAK PAPERS,
CEILING PAPERS.

Dados—Decorations—Borders
suitable for
DRAWING ROOM,
DINING ROOM,
SITTING ROOM,
BED ROOM,
HALL, OFFICE and
KITCHEN.

All this Season's Patterns in
Window Shades,
Which will be found much superior to any thing yet shown in this county.

Prices the very Lowest.
A call solicited. No trouble to show patterns whether you buy or not.

T. J. MOORHOUSE.

BLANK BOOKS.
A complete assortment of every description of
BLANK BOOKS,
DAY BOOKS,
LEDGERS,
JOURNALS,
CASH BOOKS,
MINUTE BOOKS,
PASS BOOKS,
POCKET BOOKS,
MEM. BOOKS,
INDICES, &c.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LIBRARIES.
A fresh assortment of Books, specially selected and adapted for circulation in Sunday Schools.

SEEDS FOR 1881.
Thanking the public for past favors, I take pleasure in stating that I have on hand a better stock than ever before of choice Wheat, Barley, Peas, Black and White Oats, Tares, Clover, and Timothy; also Peas, Vines, Clover, Alaska, Lucerne and Lawn Grass.

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The best field corn yet introduced. Ground or cake kept constantly on hand.

JAMES MCNAIR.
Hamilton St. Goderich, March 25, 1880.