## IMAGE EVALUATION TEST TARGET (MT-3)





Photographic Sciences Corporation


## CIHM Microfiche Series (Monographs)

## ICMH <br> Collection de microfiches (monographies)

## Technical and Bibliographic. Notes / Notes techniques et bibliographiques

The Institute has attempted to obtain the best original copy available for filming. Features of this copy which may be bibliographically unique, which may alter any of the images in the reproduction, or which may significantly change the usual method of filming, are checked below.

Coioured covers/
Couverture de couleur

## Covers damaged/

Couverture endommagée
Covers restored and/or laminated/
Couverture restaurée et/ou pelliculée

Ccre: ititle missing/
Le titre de couverture manque
Coloured maps/
Caı tes géographiques en couleur

Coloured ink (i.e. other than blue or black)/
Encre de couleur (i.e. autre que bleue ou noire)

Coloured plates and/or illustrations/
Planches et/ou illustrations en couleur

Bound with other material/
Reliè avec d'autres documents
Tight binding may cause shadows or distortion along interior margin/
La reliure serrée peut causer de l'ombre ou de la
distorsion le long de la marge intérieure

Blank leaves added during restoration may appear within the text. Whenever possible, these have been omitted from filming/
II se peut que certaines pages blanches ajoutées lurs d'une restauration apparaissent dans le texte, mais, lorsque cela était possible, ces pages n'ont pas été filmées.

L'Institut a microfilmé le meilleur exemplaire qu'il lui a été possible de se procurer. Les détails de cet exemplaire qui sont peut-étre uniques du point de vue bibliographique, qui peuvent modifier une image reproduite, ou qui peuvent exiger une modification dans la méthode normale de filmage sont indiqués ci-dessous.

$\square$
Coloured pages/
Pages de couleur

Pages damaged/
Pages endommagéesPages restored and/or laminated/ Pages restaurées et/ou pelliculées

Pages discoloured, stained or foxed/ Pages décolorées, tachetées ou piquées

Pages detached/
Pages détachées


Showthrough/
TransparenceQuality of print varies/
Qualité inégale de l'impressionContinuous pagination/
Pagination continueIncludes index(es)/
Comprend un (des) index

Title on header taken from:/ Le titre de l'en-téte provient:


Title page of issue/
Page de titre de la livraisonCaption of issue/
Titre de départ de la livraisonMasthead/
Générique (périodiques) de la livraison

Additional comments:/
Commentaires supplémentaires:

This item is filmed at the reduction ratio checked below/
Ce document est filmè au taux de réduction indiqué ci-dessous.


The copy fllmed here has been reproduced thanks to the generosity of:

University of Cuolph

The Images appearing here are the best quallity posalble conaldering the condition and legibility of the original copy and in keeping with the filming contract apecificetions.

Original coples in printed paper covers are filmed beginning with the front cover and ending on the lest page with a printed of lllustrated impres. sion, or the back cover when appropriate. All other original coples are flimed beginning on the firat page with a printed or lllustrated impresslon, and ending on the last page with a printed or lliustrated impression.

The last recorded freme on each mierofiche shall contain the symbol $\rightarrow$ Imeaning "CON. TINUED"), or the aymbol $\nabla$ (meaning "END"). whichever applies.

Maps, plates, charts. ote., may be flimed as different reduction fatios. Those too larges to be ensirely included In one exposure are flimed beginning in the upper left hand corner, left to right and top to bottom, as many frames as required. The following diagrema lllustrate the method:

L'exemplaire filmd fut reprodult grâce ala odndrosité de:

University of Cuelph

Les images auivantes ont díd reprodultes avec le plus grend soin. compte tonu de la condition ot de le netrete de l'exemplaire flimb, or en conformito avec les conditions du contrat de flimage.

Les exemplaires originaux dont is couverture en papier est imprimde sont filmés on commencent par le premior piat ot en terminant soit par la dernidre page qui comporte une empreinte d'Impression ou d'illustration, soit par le second plot, selon le cas. Tous les autres oxemplaires originaux sont filmds en commencent par la premidre page qui comporte une empreinte d'Impression ou d'illustration of en terminant par ie dernidre pege qui comporte une telle emprointe.

Un des aymbolea suivants apparaitra sur la dernidre image de chaque microfiche, selon te cas: le aymbole $\rightarrow$ signifie "A SUIVRE", le symbole $\nabla$ signifie "FIN".

Les cartes, planches, tableoux, otc.. peuvent detre filmés des taux de réduction différents. Loraque lo document est trop grand pour etre reproduit on un soul clicht, Il eas filmód a partir de l'angle supérieur gauche, de gauche droite. ot de haut en bas, en prenant lo nombre d'images nócessaire. Les diagrammes suivants lliustrent la múthode.


## AL

 COLOUR, SHAPE AND DENSITY.

CATALOGUES AND SAMPLES FURNISHED ON APPLICATION.
CAPACITY UNLIMITED. $\bullet \circ$ ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

ED．
Presented to
The Library
University of Guelph
By
ALMA いがに FUN



## "The Tourist Route of america."



OF SCENERY REACHEI BY THE

# GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY AND CONNECTIONS 

INCLUDING

Niagara Falls, Thousand Islands, Rapids of the St. Lawrence, Montreal, Quebec, and the Mountains of New England.

Comph!meniv Ragacnacr Department
THE GRAND TRLNK RAILIVAY CO.

## ...Tourist Tiekets...

## Are on Sale at the Principal Station Ticket Offices, also at the following Outside Ticket Agencies:




## district and traveling passenger agents:

## BOSTON, MASS.

 200 Washington St.
BUFFALO, N. Y.
T. D. Shemban, Narthern Phesenger Agent

177 Washington St., Cor. Exchange.

## Chicaco, ill.

 103 South Clark St.
DETROIT, MICH
D. s. Waontaff, Mimigali and Sohthwentern fabay C. Porent, Jravering Pasenger Agent

Cor. Jefferson and Woodword Aveoue

## EUROPEAN AGENCIES

12. Quins, Elifogean Traffe Igant.

 ablall Mall, Manchester, Buglenind.

## HALIFAX, N. s

IL. F. Abmathong. Geneml Agent for Maritime Provines.

134 Holils Street
MONTREAL, P. Q
D. O. Pease, District Prisheager Ageot. J. Quinlan, Traveling Pasemger Agent.

Bonaventore Station.
*- OFFICERS


SOSEPII Hobson
OHI RONEVEAR
OIf Tuvloht...

1. K. ITPCili

NEW YORK, N. Y.
F. P. Jwsun. Saxtrirn Passenger Agent Chleago 273 Broadway.

OGDENSBURG, N. Y.
ii. 13. Oxweli.., Cuntral Paskenger Agent.

## TORONTO, ONT.

i. ' ': Inrkans. Mastriet PaAsenger Agent.

Cor ar. King
and 20 Yonge Street
Strect

LONDON, ONT
a. W. Graven, Travellag Passenger Igent

Fintern Dlatijet Frelght Agent. Montreal, Que
 sumerinendint
Meral Manatger
Isef Fngher.........................
hatef Ehy \& N. We. IMv, b. W. Nont Ont

sththorry Akent....
Ceneral Baggage Agen

## s, also at the



EW YORK, N. Y. linntern Pansenger Agen! Chleago
ifuld Trunk Lallwat 273 .
273 Broadway.
densburg, n. y.
Contral Prasenger Agent. Traveling lansenger Agent.
ORONTO, ONT.
Mitcrif Rasenge Agen.



```
ONDON, ONT.
```

l'ravelling Passenger Agent.
Fridgh Agen! Monural


 (…............... Mamition, Ont. Momireal, Que. Agcuit ............

# Pen and Sunlight Sketches. 

## INTRODUCTORY.

耳HE fifth edition of this work is now presented to the traveling pullic. For four years in the past, the publication has met with a most cordial reeeption at the hands of a critical and appreciative pullic, and its yearly issue has come to be eagerly looked for, as an acknowledged representative art publication. While devoted largely to Canadian scenery and the commercial interests of the Dominion, its chief object will be to give the reader some idea of the scenic attractions afforded by a trip over the lines of Tile Grand Trunk Rallway and its connections, which has now come to be recogurized as the Great Tourist Route of america. In the furtherance of this object, we do not rely on glowing descriptions, which are too often dependent on the mood of the writer, and therefore only to be seen through his vision; but, as heretofore, have quite extensively invoked the aid of the arist's camera, our illustrations being exact reproductions from photographs, "uncolored and elladorned." This enables the reader to obtain a few glimpses of the scenery which lies scattered all aloug the journey, over what we confidently declare to be the most pieturesque and attractive tourist route of America; embracing, as it does, the most popular summer resorts on the continent, and coviring the widest range of rural, urban, river, lake, sea-coast and mountain scenery to be compassed by a journey of similar extent anywhere in the world.

Should the readers of these pages be asked to mame the most poputar pleasure resorts of America, the first, on which there would doubtless be entire unanimity, would be the great Cataract, which attracts visitors, not only from all parts of America, but from over the Atlantic, to gaze on the majestic waterfall, the sight of which has inspired the pen of many a poet, and the pencil of multitudes of artists, that to which neither pen nor pencil can do more than faint justice, inspiring though the sight of its mighty waters may be. Following Niagara, with greater or less accord in giving then precedence, would come the White Mountains, the Thousand Islands, and the Rapids of the St. Lawrence, Saratoga, Lake George, the Adirondacks, Portland, the seaside resorts of the Maine coast, or the bedutiful lakes and islands of the Muskoka and Parry Sound districts, which during the past few years hive gained a continsutal reputation. For cities of special interest to summer tourists, those of Canada are deservedly prominent. Toronto, the bustling city by the lake; Ottawa, the Dominion capital; Montreal, its commercial metropolis; quaint old Quebec, with its medieval air, its fortified walls and foreign surroundings; these all come to mind, in connection with this subject, as delightifut places to visit in a summer tour, either from the salubrity of their climate, the charm of their situation and surroundings, or of the associations comected with their history.

In considering this long list of summ:- resorts, if the reader's attention has not already been called to the subject, he may be surprised to learn that mearly all of them are located on, or reached by, The Grand Trunk Railway, with its mumerous divisions and immediate connections. This great highway of travel, reaching from the Atlantic coast to the great lakes, crossing and re-crossing the Canadian border, and serving alike the commercial and business interests of the United States and British America, has justly acquired the tille of "The Great International Route." To this appellation it is fast adding, and with equal propriety, that of -
"The Great Tourist route of america."


## - THE • ST. • CLAIR • TUNNEL •

 cultes ; and when that stremin is hroat atery if inlas eommeree, renderine a lyide impractionde, a railway ferry is the usual alternative. This, alu, hots its drawhates, syecially when the strean is choked with ike, either mod or lroken. The Grand Tromk System has for many yars been wrestling with the ditticultion incideth to crossing Ietween Sarnia amal Port Hurno, until the neesestice of a hetter methal ampalked the constructum of the marvel of enginering sill known as the tamous St. Chair Tumed, whath is, in some reppets, the mas remarkalle in the world. It is apperpriately termed, "the link that hink two great matims," whed over it thew atl the "alers of the
(ineat lakes, which later fumble wer the cliff all Nagara Fills, and eventmally reath the delatic ats the majestic St. lawrence River.

A few staistics, only a tow, as uf pectial interest, may he given here. The kength of the tumed propel is (x)25 feet, and of the open portals, or appoaches, 5,603 fed adtional, or more than two miles in all the longest sub-marine lemast in the world. It is a comtimots irom tuhe, nineteen leet, ten inches in dimmeter, put tusether in sections as the work of boring proceded, and tirmly bolted together, the total weisht of the iron asgregating $5(0,(n) 0,0 \boldsymbol{0})$ prounds.

The work was commenced in September, 1888 , and it was opened for freight tratic in Octolere, 1891; a little more than three years lecing repuired for its completion, lassenger trains legan luming through it December 7, 189t. The work wats hegun at both sides, and carried on until the foro sections met in mid-tiver, and with such acouracy that they were perfectly in line as they came toesther. Throughout its entire length, it perforates a led of blue clay, and with the exception if an vecasional


[^0]"pocket" of quicksand and water, with once in a while a rock or loulder, the clay was the only material met. The horings were made by means of cylindrical steel shields, with cutting edges, driven forward by hydraulic rams, and as fast as the clay was cut away, a section of the iron wall of the tumel was bolted to its fellowsection, and thus the wall was completed, as the work progressed.

The accompanying illustrations will give a good idea of the nature of the river bed, as well as the general contour of the tumel. It will be seen that the clay overlays a comparatively level bed of rock, and in some

plates is itself overlaid with a hed of sand. Had the ledges pushed upward into the clay, to any extent, or the simb pockets penctrated downward, the work would have been much more difficult.

The rails of the track rest upon cross-ties, only six inches apart, laid on stringers, which in turn rest on a hed of brick and eoncrete, tilling the bottom of the tube.

The engines used to pull the trains through the tumel and up the steep grade after emerging, are the largest III the wolld, having ten driving wheels, and weishing mearly 2 (\%),ono prouds the boilers are 74 inches in diameter, the firehoxes 13212 inches long and 42 rb inches wide, and the cylinders are 22 inches in dianneter, with 28-inch stroke. These monster engines were built especially for this service by the celdrated Baldwin Locoshotive Works, of Ihiladelphia, I'i.


The cost of this
 sreat tumel was $\$ 2,700,000$, and when it is understood that 4,000 cars can be daily moved through it, and this is contrasted with the slow and lanorious trmsfer ly ferry, it will readily appear that the enormous expenditure was one which will yield a quick and protitable return. The honor of promoting the enterprise is due (1) Sir Henry Tyler, of England, I'resident of the Grand Tronk Railway, and he has heen ably assisted by Sir loseph Hickson, late General Manager. The engineers of the work were: Joseph Hobson, chief engineer; T. E. Hillman, first assistant engineer; M. S. Blaiklock, second assistant engineer. The success of undertaking his placed tha forand Trunk Raihway far in advance of all its competitors in the matter of crossing the river, and thus made easy of solution the moblem of rapid transfer, to which this stream has heretofore presented 1) many obstacles.
was the only material met. Iriven forward by hydraulic el was bolted to its fellow-

## hed, as well as the general

 bad of rock, and in some
re clay, to any extent, or rs, which in turn rest on remerging, are the largest

moved through it, and the enormous expendiIf the enterprise is due anly assisted by Sir tobson, chief enyineer; success of mudertaking - of crossing the river, as heretofore presented

THE ST. CLAIR TUNNEL.
The St. Clair Tumel, aside from its commercial importance, may truly be regarded as a monument to the engineering and mechanical skill of all engaged in its construction. The fact that unforeseen obstackes were successfully met and conquered, and that every requirement in the progress of the work was provided for by the ingenuity of the engineers and artisans whose services were called into requisition, is a tribute to the ability un Canadian and American mechanics well deserving of a record in these pages. In the brief space necessarily allotted to this chapter, we name the firms and individuals to whom, in detail, this great enterprise owes in a large measure its success.

After much preliminary experimenting as to the most desirable method of construction, the shied system was fimally decided upon. Engineer Hobson conferred with Mr. Teiper, consulting engineer of the Hamilton Bridge Company, and under their supervision, this Company constructed the great cutting shields, patterned somewhat after the Beach shield, used in an experimertal tunnel under Broadway, New York, hut with many


VENTILATING DEVICE, FOR REMOVING SMOKE.
vital improvements. The shields were forced ahead by twenty-four hydraulic rams, fumished by WaTSON \& Stillman, of New York City.

As fast as the cutting progressed the cast-iron segments were inserted and bolted, each to its fellow seyment. An ingenious segment hoist was employed for rapidly lifting the segments into place. This was designed by Mr. Teiper, and constructed by the Hamilton Bridge Company. The bolts used were furnished by the Ontario Bolt Co. for the Canadian side, and by the Michigan Bolt and Nut Works for the American side. A portion of the castings were furnished by the Grand Trumk shops, but the larger share were from the Letroit CaR Wheel Co. These were planed on their radial surfaces, with a planer built for the purpose, by Manning, Maxwell \& Moore. The packing used in joining the segments at their sides was furnished by the Standard Paint Co. of New York, and is known to the trade as the famous "P. \& B." brand.

The stone used in the construction was from the quarries of WILLIAM GibSON, who also supervised its setting. The brick was furnished by R. H. Hall, of Detroit, for the American side, and James Riciardson, of Kenwood, for the Canadian side. The cement used was furnished by the Estate of John Battle, proprietors of the well-known "Thorold" brand. All the lumber used in the tunnel was creosoted at the Eppingek \&

## HAMILTON BRIDGE COMPANY,

(HNITIは!)
Cable Addruct "Itivonme:"
Hamilton, Ontario, Can.


STEEL IRROPELLER, soff. by 40 ft., 15 It. Hold.

Bull.ders of...
Steel and Iron SHIPS

AND
BOILERS
For All Purposes


CbLELLLELLEL Have Built many llitides, All Sitex and Ditaraslons, for the Grand Trunk


Railway, And dLi, RIILEITS in the Dominien.
EKDEEKBLEEELG
HIGHWAY BRIDGES Built in nearly Ali Counties in Canada.


The Shicids Used in the Great St. Clair Tunnel were designed by C. Teiper, and BUILT BY THE HAMILTON BRIDGE CO., Limited, HAMILTON, ONTARIO, Canada.

## IPANY,



Manufacturers of
Steel and Iron
Bridges
SWISG BMDGESS, TURNTABLES,
Round-House and Drill-Shed Rooof, ELtc., ELc.,

 OTHES HEIIY PYRPOSRS.
 llave Kupplied Bridges for - + He . .

Canadian Pacific Railway cotver. LEWLEEEEMEEG ed by C. Teiper, on, ontario, Canada.

Russell Crosoting Works, i. \% Island Ciiy. The comatract for exavating the aproaches was pertormed by
 Marion, Ohio. The derricks were furnished by bobise \& Stenkt, of Thorow.

The system of lighting and ventilation daring the progress of the work was most excellent. It ned hardly he stated that electric lights were employed, and the phatt for this was furnished by the Ebtion Company on the Amarican side, and by the Ball Electhic ligut Company, of Toromio, on the Canadian side. Incaudescent hamps were used, and the work was well-lighted in the shields and air locks. The latter were furnished by the betrote bringe and tron Works. They were supplical with fresh air by two Root Slowers at cach end, through pipes which were extended as the work progressed. These were furnished ly the Abendrotu \& Rent Manufacturing Company, of New York. When the work reached the river, the employment of compressed air lecame neessary, the men working in an atmosphere under pressure of from ten to tweaty-cight promds above normal. The requisite pressure was maintained by the use of two lugersoll


TUNNEL ENGINE EMERGING FROM PORTAL. air compressors at each end, which were supplided by the Ingersolle Serceant Drill Compant, of New york.

In addition to the supplics made especially for the tunnel, there was comstant demand for artieles of general hardware and iron supplies. These were furnished by the well-known bouse of Chas. Mackinzie, Murif. \& Co., of Saraia. In addition to the machine work done at the special shops, thuilt for the purpuse, much


FERRY DOCK AND TRANSFER STEAMER.-"THE OLD WAY." exta repair and shop work was dona by Francos Dlaikie, of Sarnia, and the Plienix thon Works, of Poil Huron.

The accuracy of the surveying was simply marvelous, and due credit should be given to the instrumens employed. The theodolites, and other apparatus, were furnished by Stackiole \& Brotimer, of New York, and were the finest to be had.

No one can pass through this tumnel sithout being impressed by the per manent character of its construction, and if will remain as a lasting monument to its projectors, and a tribute to the indomitalle energy and vast resources of the Grand Trunk Railway Company, who have in this tunnel again successfully overcome nature's barriers, as they had previously done hy fo... coretruction of the Victoria and Suspension bridges,



## Niagara Falls.



VER a precipice one hundred and sixty-four feet in height, the waters of take Erie come tumbling in one grand 'plunge on their way to Lake Ontario. A grander spectacle is not to be seen on the American continent, if in all the world. Waterfalls there are of greater height, but the immense volume of all the upper lakes, with the sheer descent in one unbroken plunge, give a sublimity to Niagara that height alone cannot impart. The rapids above the Falls, the deep gorge below through which the river flows, and the many points of observation from which the scenery may be viewed, all conspire to render this resort the most celebrated on the continent.

To describe Niagara is impossible. The finest writers in the English language are compelled to acknowledge the feebleness of words in attempting to convey to their readers an impression of the grand spectacle. One of the most graceful of modern English writers, Charles Dickens, describes his feelings on first beholding Niagara, in his "American Notes," and probably no description has been more widely read or more frequently quoted. He says: "At length we alighted; and then for the first time, I heard the mighty rush of water, and felt the ground tremble underneath my feet. The bank is very steep, and was slippery with rain and half-melted ice. I hardly know how I got down, but I was soon at the bottom, and climbing, with two English officers who were crossing and had joined me, over some broken rocks, deafened by the noise, half blinded by the spray, and wet to the skin. We were at the foot of the American Fall. I could see an immense torrent of water tearing headlong down from some great height, but had no idea of shape, or situation, or anything but vague immensity. When we were seated in the little ferry boat, and were crossing the swollen river immediately before the cataracts, I began to feel what it was; but I was in a manner stumned, and unable to comprehend the vastness of the scene. It was not until I came on Table Rock, and looked-great Heaven, on what a fall of bright-green water!--that it came upon me in its full might and majesty. Then, when 1 felt how near to my Creator I was standing, the first effect, and the erduring one-instant and lasting-of the tremendous spectacle, was Peace. Peace of mind, tranquiliity, calm recollections of the dead, great thoughts of eterna! rest and happitess: nothing of gloom or terror. Niagara was at once stamped upon my heart, an image of beauty: to remain there changeless and indelible, until its pulses cease to beat forever. Oh, how the strife and trouble of daily life receded from my view, and lessened in the distance, during the ten memorable days we passed on that enchanted ground! What voices spoke from out the thundering water; what faces, faded from the earth, looked out upon me from its gleaming depths; what Heavenly promise glistened in those angels' tears, the drops of many hues, that showered around, and twined themselves about the gorgeous arches which the changing rainbows made!

To wander to and fro all day, and see the cataracts from all points of view; to sland upon the edge of the great Horseshoe Fall, marking the hurried water gathering strength as it approached the verge, yet seeming, too, to pause before it shot into the gulf below; to gaze from the river's level up at the torrent as it came streaming down; to climb the neighboring heights and watch it through the trees, and see the wreathing water in the rapids hurrying on to take its fearful plunge; to linger in the shadow of the solemn rocks three miles below; watching the river as, stirred by no visible cause, it heaved and eddied and awoke the echoes, being troubled yet, far down beneath the surface, by its giant leap; to have Niagara before me, lighted by the sun and by the moon, red in the day's decline, and gray as evening slowly fell upon it; to look upon it every day, and wake up in the night and hear its ceaseless voice: this was enough. I think in every quiet season now, still do these waters roll and leap and roar and tumble, all day long; still are the rainbows spanning them, a hundred feet below. Still, when the sun is on them, do they shine and glow like molten gold. Still, when the day is gloomy, do they fall like snow, or seem to crumble away like the front of a great chalk cliff, or roll down the rock like dense white smoke. But always does the mighty stream appear to die as it comes down, and always from its unfathomable grave arises that tremendous ghost of spray and mist which is never laid; which has haunted this place with the same dread solemnity since darkness booded on the deep, and that first thood before the deluge-light-came rushing on creation at the word of God."

ALL THE BEAUTIES of the NIAGARA FALLS and RIVER

# The Niagara Falls Park in River R'y, 

THE NEWEST, MOST SOLIDLY BUILT AND BEST EQUIPPED
ELECTRIC RAILWAY ON THE CONTINENT.


Between Queension and Chippewa, two of the most historic towns in Canada, this line is situated on the brink of the Niagara Rlver, and passengers do not for a moment lose slght of the seething waters of four Inland oceans, as they rush downward to Lake Ontarlo.
of Queenstem theights and specially designed Ohservation Cars can he had the best possible views ot the battle fields the Whirlpul, the Whirlpont Raphids, the American and therseshoe Falls, and the Ropkis Monament, the awtul Gurge of the Outen Vieteria luhilee Bark is crossed at the very edershe Falls, and the Rapids aluve the Falls. The whole aleled hy means of three immense steel hridges, which span portions of the rourine reautitul Dufferin tslands are A shert distance abowe Chipewa, connection is mate with thens of the roaring river.
RICHELIEU \& ONTARIO NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMER, "COLUMBIAN,"
Which makes recular daily trips between that point and BUFFAI.O.
For rates, pamphlets, maps and other information, apply to
ROSS MACKENZIE, Manager, Niagara Falls, Canada.

## The Bell, Lewis \& Yates goal Mining 60 . beynoldsville coal and coke region,

Rochester, Sandy Lick,

## Soldicr Run, Sprague, Hamilton

and Pleasant Valley Mines.
Sole Agenits for the Rochester \& Pittsturgh Coal \& Iron Co, Walston, Adrian, Eleanora and Beechtree Mines. GENERAL OFFIGES, BUFFALO AND ROGHESTER, N. Y.

## NAGARA FALLS.

Since this description was penned, the river helow the Falls has bea spanmed with bridges, hotels have sprung up on either shore, and facilities of approach have been multiphied, affording e:lsy aceess to the surging throug of visitors from all parts of the world. The governmeats, of New York on the one side and Canada on the other, bave won the gratitude of all by wresting from speculators the most desirable points of aceess, and creating free public parks, enalling the scenery to be enjoyed by visitors wiblout the endess clamor for "hucksheesh" in the way of tolls, etc., such as formerly characterized this resort

Prospect Park, on the Americun side, is retched from Suspension Bridye by electric street railway, handing pas sengers att the very gate of the Park, while on the Camatan side the tinest and mos complete view of the Falls and the river can be had from the cars of the Nagara falls pafk and River rallway. This tinely constructed electric line extends from Chippawa, above the falls, along the Canalian bank in full view of the Horseshoe and American Falls, passing through Vicioria Park abd abong the margin of the river past the rapids, spaning the gorge mear the whirlpool, on a viaduct 500 feet hong and 135 feet high, and continums onward to Queenston, opposite Lewiston, N. Y., where the placid waters are reached, and the river commences to expand into hake Outario. This new line, twelve miks in length, affords opportunity th see the Falls, and what is of almost equal interest, the gorge, the rapids and the whirlpool below, hertofore matatiable except at large expense for carrige hire, and even then, in many cases, from less desirable points of olservalion.

queen victorta niagara imis park.
Niagara Falls is admitted to be the greatest natural wonder in the world. It is the first objective poim for tourist travel from the West; is 517 miles eastward from Chicago, and 182 miles from Port Huron. it is the eastern terminus of the Southern Division of the Grand Trunk Railway. The Niagara River below the Falls is spanned at this point by Suspension Bridge, justly ranked as one of the great bridges of the world. The height of the railway tracks above the water is 258 feet. The length of the bridge between towers, 822 feet,

Aside from its scenic attractions, the eutire vicinity of Niagara abounds in historic lore, as well as ancient tradition less authentic. Indian legends are comected with almost every point of interest, and stories of border skirmishes, and battles more or less sanuguinary, some of them of national importance, may be heard from the more hutelligent carriage drivers, who combine the oftice of historian with that of coachman, and often possess a fund of information worth fully as much as their fare.

The winter views of Niagara are scarcely less charming than those of summer, as the ice bridge, frozen spray, and other features peculiar to the reign of "Jack Frost," combine to render it a scene of gorgeous splendor,
especially in the dazzling sumlight.


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { GRAND TRUNK RALLWAY SUSPENSION BRIDGE, AT NIAGARA FALLS. }
\end{aligned}
$$




##  DAILY LINE 日etween ROCHESTER, M. Y., and all points in CAMADA.

 Via Grand Trunk Railway From PORT HOPE, ONT.

Charlotte, N. Y., (port of Rent ind and North. Arrives at Charlotte every evening (except Saturday) at 4 P. M. Through Ticketa and Bagall railway lines East, West and South Leaves
C. F. GILIDERSLIEEVE, Gen1. MgI., ININGISTON, ONT.


# John Prootop \& 60 . 

IMPORTERS OF Iron, Stecl, : Railway Supplics
Old Iron and Stecl Rails :

Wrought and Cast Scrap Iron, Etc. ()

## HAMILTON, : ONT.

# Steamboat Con 

r.tl: BAY OF QUINTE,

The Bay of Quinte. This delightful resort, in the immediate vicinity of the Thousatud Islands, is deservediy beoming inore widely known as its nomeroms attactions presut themselves to the yearly increasing homgs of visitors. A tourist who bas enjoyed at visit to this famots resort, thas describes his trip:

Uur steamer, "llerre," a swift and hamisume shde-wheler, leaves Kingston every week day bur the head of the Buy at 3.3n I. M, and

 the linsare, Canata's largest institutions of their kind. Seven mikes from our starting point we pass three small istands, kmonn as "the Hroblers," and here we may see numeroms spurtsmen, fishing for bass, which abound in this heality.

The irst call is made at the vill.ge of Stella, situated on a pretty little bay, near a liverite pience and camping ground, across from which, on the main shore, is the village of bith, moted as the place where was built the first stembuat that phed the waters on lake enturiu. The anthetarkn will here lind many interesting histerical reminiseences, while the health-secker will be rewarded with sadulerhus atmopphere and other faverable conditions his a summer sejourn.

Following the matin share west, we come to Frederickshurg, uphosite which Is leringers Cove, a famens fishing ernumb, while three miles
 On me occaslon a gentleman exhibited on the Steamer llero as the result of his catch seven muskalonge, the smallest weighing iv pumas while the largest turned the scales at 37 1-2.

From this point west the shores become hollor and the chan ael narrower, offering the greatest varictry, of scenery the most artistic eye could desire, the well-wouded dells, the high and rocky blutis throwing their derp shadows over the phacia waters of bie layy as cour vessel glides swiftly on. Rounding two mall ishams, called the "Twin Sisters," a eall is made at Adntphostown. This bistoric spot is espechally interesting, being the landing place of the United Empire Loyalists who, at the chose of the war separating the Ameriean Coh mies from Great Britain, settled in this porthon of Canada, naming the fownstipes alowe them after the members of the reigning family of George IV, viz,
 and two memurtal churches have heen erected to the memory of those brave people.

Four miles further on, on the sumth shore, is Glenura, at the fout of a high memontain, on top of which is lomod a charming little bake
 fumb, the the ory leing that, as it is on the same level as Lake Erie, it is fed by subterranean streams. It is known as the "Lake on the Mountain."

Turning northward the visitur Is astonished with the delighlful panorama of nature which is exposed to view. Not only can he see the channel of the Bay he has just possed throush, but four others spreading out like the thomb and fingers of an open hand; and it is from this natural formathon that the Bay derives its mame, "Quinte." Directly "ppusite Glenora is Davy's Island, the vieinity of which is eelelrated for its muskalonge.

Following the thumb of this watery "hand," we come to the town of Picton, a description of which can be given in one word, picturesque. Nestling as it dues in the busum of surruunding hills, at the extremity of a narrow bay, it offers from the deck of the steamer a view, the heauties of which will not sean be forgotem.

A short drive of ten miles, almost the entire distance throush an avenue, brings the hurist to the Sand Banks, a great natural curiusity, being mounds of the tinest white sand, driven in by the wind anil waves of Lake Ontarin. The s.m.l coatinually drifts inland, swallowing up trees, buildings and larms with unusual rapidity. It is said that snow may be found the hottest day in sammer anmen these hills 1 y mertif:
 and is patromized by large numbers of towriats amoally. In this vicinity are two small lakes, joining Lake Ontario, called East and West Lakes, which abuund in black bass.

To proced with our trip from Picton, the steamer is obliged to torn completely around, and retrace her course down the thumb and nip the forefinger of the open band, so to speak, passing through the "Long Reach," a marrow chanmel whose high and precipitons banks resemide very closely the palisables of the Hudson River, until Deseroato is reabed, a thrifty and prosperous town, having lirge manufacturIng and shipping interests. This place was formerly called "Indian Womms," it being the reservation of the Mohawk ladians. Here an ahrupt turn in the Bay to the west is made, the steamer passing many points of interest, and seon Sanguin Bay stretches to the left a hette further on, and afords excellent fishing, beins situated ia chose proximity to Massasaga Park, where good hole aceommodithens are always afforded. A few miles further on we tind oursedves entering the harhor of Belleville, "The City of the Bay," a sity of magnificent churches, shady strects and handsome residences. Here the steamer ties up for the nisht, to await her return voyage the following morning.

Parties can here take the Steamer Nartio King, a splendid l.ke vessel of the same ownership, which traverses the few remaining miles of the Bay, passing Trenton, a lumbering town, and proceeding on Lhrough the Marray Canal, comecting the waters of the Bay with Lake Ontario. Fiity miles of rapid steaming across this inland sea lorings the vessel to Charlolte, port of Rochester, N. Y. The trip just completed by the Steamer North King is a wedky occurrence. Leaving Charlotte every Saturday at + B. M., she crosses Lake Ontarn, through the Bay of Quinte, to Kingston, arriving 10 A. M. Sunday morning, from which place during' July and August her cruise is continued among the Thonsand Islands, taking in both the Canadian and American chamels, remaining at Alexandria Day several hours, and returning by the same resute to Ruchester, arriving there Monday moming.

Possibly no more comprehensive view of the special attractions of this locality could be crowded into a brief space of time than that afforded by the trip above described. The ready connection with the boat line by rail enables even the through tourist to make this pleasing side trip, and the contrast with the rail jouroey will be found most refreshing. Kingston being the objective point of so many St. Lawrence tourists, and so ready of access by rail and other boat lines, it is not a matter of surprise that the Bay of Quinte is fast gaining a degree of envable popularity. And not only is the trip itself a most enjoyalle one, but the numerous resorts in the Bay of Quinte neighborhond, with their spleudid opportunities for tishing and hunting, prove an atraction to the lovers of ren' and gun, and a temptation to a more or less extended sojotrrn.

## THE

# Richelicu \& Ontario Navigation CO. 


ROYAL MAIL LINE

## BETWEEN <br> TORONTO, KINGSTON, MONTREAL and INTERMEDIATE PORTS,



## THE MONTREAL \& QUEBEC LIME,

Composed of the magniticent large Iron Steamers, "OUEBEC " and



## THE SAGUENAY LINE,

omposed of the beautiful iron steamer, "Carolma," recently, purchased at Baltimore; the splendid steel steamer, "Canada,"



State-rooms may be set id and tickets obtaned on appleation to
J. F. DOLAN, -

Offices in the l'mited tites :med Canada.
气. F. GILDERS:I 1 VE, General Manager
W. F. CLONEY, Asst, Trafflc Manager.

Fenc: at orficem, zzest. paul St., Montreal.

## rigation Co.

## IE

## ERMEDIATE PORTS




SEASON

0F
1894.


1. by Ilaygry A Licuthera.
wille, Port Hope Cobourg, Kingston connecting with the steaners for Gue e of the Thousand Islands and the ex

LINE,
II leave Montw:al dang (Sundays e ming mornity . " ting with steat
splendid steel steamer, "Canada," nings of Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday Chicoutimi, combecting at this place

Windsor Hotel, Montreal. Napoleon Wharf, Quebec
W. F. CLONEY, Asst, Trafflc Manager, ent





## - THE • RIVER • ST. LAWRENCE •

 OT so wade as the Amazon, nor so long as the Mississippi, not so famous for historic traditions as the Hudson, nor for ruined castles as the Rhine, yet the St. Lawrence is more attractive to the tourist than either, and suffiers by comparison with neither nor all of them. As the channel through which all the waters of the great lakes tind their way to the ocean, it could not be otherwise than majestic, and being navigalle its entire length, it presents unusual attractions and delightful contrasts to the voyager who takes a day. light trip among its charming scenery.
Leaving Niagara Falls in the carly evening, the tourist arrives at Kingston Wharf in the morning, where the mats of the lechelieu \& Ontario Navigation Company are in waiting to receive such of the passengers as may chowse to continue their jonrney by water. On alighting from the train, the broad expanse of water, and the pleasant situation of the city of Kingston, form a most refreshing picture. Our artist has happily reproduced a charming view, as shown on the preceding page, which is but one of a sucession of delights, as the very inception of the voyage brings us in the midst of the wonderful archiplago.

os: the rideau river, four miles east of kingston, ontario.

## DFAIINIING TOOIS, EITO.

D. F. JONES MANUFACTURING CO., LIMITE GANANOQUE, ONT.

## DREFHR上'S <br> RAILROAD : CAR: COMPOUNE 10,00O MHILES <br> PER PACKING.

Now Used on the Best Railioad Service in tile United Staties anid Canada. RAILROAD LUBRICANTS A SPECIALTY. Manufactured only by
Manufactured only by THE DREHER MANUFAGTURING CO., 249 Front St., New York, U. S. A
F. G. FUNMEALL,

## 

Ofince and yard, 143 York Street, LONDON, ONT., © CANADA.
 I buy and keep in stock

61 to 65 Dundas St., LONDON, CAN. PAINTERS All Prefer TWINE BRIDLES.

Having secured the right to use JENKINS' PATENT BRIDLE CATCH, they will be attached to all our large Palnt Brushes without extra cost. THOS, BRYAN, Brush Manufacturer, 2804.

## ${ }^{\text {VORks, }}$

The vicinity of Kingston aiounds in lovely scenery, and the onward journey by rail is scarcely less attractive than the trip by steamer. The railway crosses numerous streams, which empty into the St. Lawrence, and occasionally a charming bit of scenery is presented to the view of the observant traveler, as the train dashes through some lovely glen or skirts the shore of some quiet lake. Our artist has selected a sample view, where the railway crosses the Rideall River, on the occasion of a quiet picnic and fishing party.

The steamers of the Richelieu \& Ontario Navigation Company have been much improved for the passenger service, which is largely increased between Kingston and Montreal during the season of summer travel. The trip occupies the entire day, and from its inception at Kingston wharf to the landing at the dock in Montreal, is a succession of changing delights, embracing a panorama of shifting scenery in endless variety.

As the lake hegins to contract to a river, it would seem as though the land disputed its onward progress, and in the struggle for supremacy the resistless current has broken the firm earth into a thousand fragments, some larger, some smaller, which vainly endeavor to entangle the waters in their downward course to the sea. A more picturesque river archipelago probably nowhere exists, and while much has been written in its praise, the attractions of the locality have never been overdrawn, nor can they be fully described. The islands number more nearly two thousand than one, and are of every conceivable size, shape and appearance, from the merest dot on the water to an extensive tract of many acres. "At times the steamer passes so close to these islands that a pebble aight be cast on their shore ; while looking ahead, it appears as though further progress were effectually barred. Approaching the threatening shores, a chamel suddenly appears, and you are whirled into a magnificent amphitheatre of lake that is, to all appearance,

on the st. lawrence river, near king.ston, ontario. hounded by an immense green barik. At your approach the mass is moved as if by magic, and a hundred little isles appear in its place."

As the journey progresses, the vision is greeted, not by castles in ruins, as in a tour of the Rhine, but by the view of castellated towers in modern architecture, in a most comfortable state of repair, heing the summer homes of some of America's celebrities. These may be less picturesque than crumbling ruins, but are exceedingly suggestive of ease and luxury, for which this locality is celehrated. Nor is this comfort confined to castles, as evidenced by the less pretentious summer villas, and the tiny cottages which nestle here and there along the shores, while an occasional tent gives indication that camp life here presents its attractions to those who are disposed to "rough it" for the sake of a temporary sojourn in this health-giving climate.

The artistic grouping of views which makes up the preceding page is composed entirely of photographs taken among the Thousand Islands. It will readily be seen that, aside from its popularity as a watering place, this resort has more than ordinary attractions for the artist, who here finds abundant material in nature for summer sketching to adorn many a canvas in his winter work.

The first landing made after leaving Kingston is on the New York shore at Clayton, a tlourishing town of some commercial importance, and quite a popular summer resort. Passing several large istands, on one of which

## THE RIVER ST, LAWRENCE.

is the celehrated Thousand tsland Park, Alexandria Bay is reached also on the New York shore. This is ont of the most widely known of summer resorts, and has been aptly termed the "Saratoga of the St. Lawrence.' Its hotels and villas are elegant and commodious, and here in the immediate vicinity may be found some of the tinest summer residences on the river. The islands adjacent are dotted with cottages, parched upon rocky Wuffs, or nestling in some heautiful cove, springing into view as if by magic as the boat rounds a curve, or assuming shape and propurtions as a nearer approach separates them from the rokk of which they seem a part. Some of the islands "are bristling with firs and pines, others lie open and level like a filld awaiting the husbundman's cate. Some are but an arid rock, as wild and picturesque as those seen among the Faroe Islands; others have a groul of trees or a solitary pine, and others bear a crown of flowers or a little hillock of verdure like a dome of malachite, among which the river slowly glides, embracing with equal fondness the great and the small, now receding afar and now retracing its course, like the good patriarch visiting his domains, or like the gral Proteus counting his snowy theks. In the old Indian days this beautiful extent of the river was called Manatoma, or Garden of the Great Spirit, and well might the islands, when covered with thick forests, the deer

steamer of richelifu \& ontario navigation co.. running the lachine rapids.
swimming from wooded isle to wooded isle, and each little lily-padded hay nestling in among the hiils and bluffs of the island, and teeming with water fowl, seem to the Indian in his half-poetic mood like some beautiful region dedicated to his Supreme Deity."

The locality is also a favorite resort for sportsmen, as the hunting, fisbing and boating facilities are excellent. Many tine yoclits are kept by the summer residents, and with a "favoring breeze" the white-winged craft will often be seen skimming ove, the lroad expanses of water in trials of speed.

The last of the Thousand Islands are called "The Three Sisters," from their proximity and rescmblance to each other. They are nearly opposite Brockville on the Canadian shore and Morristown on the New York side, the two towns being directly opposite each other. The former was named after General Brock, and has received the title of the "Queen City of the St. Lawrence." Its glittering towers and church spires give it an appearance of splendor, which the tourist will observe as a peculiarity of the Canadian cities to be seen in his trip, the metal with which they are covered retaining its brightness in a remarkable degree, owing to the purity and dryness of the atmosphere.

Ogdenshury and Prescott, also on opposite shores, are passed in our trip, then Massena Landing, and we begin the approach to the famous Rapi is of the St. Lawrence.
the New York shore. This is one the "Saratoga of the St. Lawrence." ate vicinity may be found some of with cottages, preched upon rocky gic as the boat rounds a curve, or he rock of which they seem a part. level like a field awaiting the hushose seen among the Faroe Islands; flowers or a little hillock of verdure with equal fondness the great and triarch visiting his domains, or like utiful extent of the river was called covered with thick forests, the decr

the lachine rapld.
stling in among the hiils and bluffs alf-poetic mood like some beautiful
: and boating facilities are excellent. breeze" the white-winged craft will
their proximity and resemblance to Morristown on the New York side, ter Gencral Brock, and has received I church spires give it an appearance cities to be seen in his trip, the degree, owing to the purity and
p, then Massena Landing, and we

## RaPiDS OF THE ST. LaWrence.

While the current has, in many stages of our journey thus far, been swift, the smonthness of the water has given no suggestion of the speed which is imparted to the steamer. The first rapids, the Gallopes, and the du Plat, are comparatively imimportant, and the enthusiasm and excitement of the passengers are not fully aroused until the arrival at the Long Sault. These are nine miles in length, divided in their center by several islands, forming two channets, both of which are navigable. The scenery in the passage of these rapids is grand and beautiful. The surging waters, in their onward rush, are here and there thrown into witd commotion like the ocean in a storm, while occasionally a line of breakers reminds one of a dangerous reef at sea. The steady, onward motion of the boat, guided by the keen eye and unfaltering arm of the trusty pilot, gives exhilaration and zest to the trip, and awakens the keenest interest of the passengers. Occasionally a raft will be passed, with a crew of adventurous lumbermen struggling with the current, or singing merrily as they glide along, apparently regardless of the hardships of their voyage. Scattering logs, held by a projecting rock, or lodged along the shores, aftest the fate of some raft which has preceded them, but still the precarious ventures are made, and with less fatality than would be imagined, as we see their frail craft whirled hither and thither

simoting the lachine rapids in a rowboat.
by the seething river. The upward journey around these rapids is by means of the Cornwall canal, eleven and onc-half miles in lengih. At the lower end of the Long Sault Rapids, the currents from the two channels unite, meeting with no little violence, forming what is called "the big pitch."

Betow the long Sault, the river expands into a lake, tive and a half miles wide and twenty-five miles long, known as Lake St. Francis. The ride over its placid surface, past its many little islands, forms a notable contrast with the previous descent of the rapids, and serves to prepare for the next tumultuous rush through the eleven miles of Coteau, Cedars and Cascades, three sections, thus named, of almost continuous descent. The Cedars are also called Split Rock, from a prominent feature in the channel. The Cascides are thus named from their resemblance to a series of short, leaping fall. Passing the Cascades, the river again expards, forming Lake St. Louis, which receives the waters of the Ottawa River, and is twelve miles long by six miles wide. We here get a glimpse of Mount Royal, twenty-seven miles distant, and the ride through the lake is annther stretch of tranquil saiing, a titting preparation for the tumultuous passage of the lachine Rapids. On the way we pass Nun's Island, a high mound of peculiar shape, near the mouth of Chateaugay River, belonging to the Grey Nunnery, in Montreal. Other islands are also to be seen, diversifying the view, and rendering the scenery, attractively picturesque.

## Dominan Bridge Compan

LIMITED,




For Railways and Highways.

## íRON ROOFS, TURNTABLES, IRON PIERS AND TRESTLE: BRIDGE RODS (Right and Left Hand), SLEEVE NUTS AND TURNBUCKLES,

## All Kinds of Structural Metal Work

FOR BRIDGES, BUILDINGS and ROOFS.

A LARGE STOCK OF
ROLLED STEEL JOSSTS, ANGLES, TEES and PLATES Alwars on Hani

Works at
LACHINE LOCKS, P. Q.

## COMPAMY

As the banks of the lake again approach each other, the quickening current indicates the proximity of the tamous Lachine Rapids. Eager expectation dispels any indifierence begotten of the quietness of the previous hour, and the passengers seek available positions for observation. Just ahead, the waters of the river are lashed into foam, and here and there the spray is thrown high in air, as the current dashes against a rock, and eddies and circles in miniature whirlpools, or leaps over the obstruction as if in angry detiance of the attempt to check ifs mad career. The boat settles as she glides over the rapids, only to settle again at the mext
descent, instead of rising on the crest of the wave, being in this respect unlike the motion of a vessel at sea. The sensation is a novel one, and when experienced for the first time, the passenger is likely to hold his breath involuntarily until accustomed to the motion. Steam is shut off, and the boat is propelled solely by the torce of the current. The devious windings of the channel compel the closest attention of the men at the wheel; and as an additional safeguard, the tiller at the stern is mamed by an adequate force, and for the supreme moment all atten. tion is given to the course of the steamer.
 The more timid among the the wheel, realizing, if The intrepid nerve never before, the all-important meaning of the term, "trusty pilot." in the illustration on the preceding page to navigate a rowboat through this tortuous chamel is well exhibited
 in company with a friend, under the guidance of the intrepid Indian chief, "Big John," with two of his trusty men at the oars.

In our view on this page, showing a section of Victoria Bridge, made from an instantaneous photograph, it will be seen that a lumber raft, with all its belongings, has successfully made the perilous run of the rapids, and is still intact. To the hardy lumbermen who make these trips, the work partakes more of hard labor than of novelty; but to the occasional passenger, who "tempts Providence" by venturing the passage, it affords an experience full of starting sensations, and thronged with memories not soon forgoten.

After passing the Lachine Rapids, the river widens again, and a turn in the channel reveals ahead of us he famous Victoria Bridge, under which we glide, and are soon at our wharf in Montreal, a. the close of a day that has been filled with a succession of delights, unapproachable in a day's experience elsewhere on the American Continent.

## ESTAELISHED 1EOO. <br> Frotungham 8 Workman. General Hardware Merchan <br> IMPORTERS, MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN <br> RAILWAY, STEAMSHIP, MINING AND BUILDERS' SUPPLIES. <br> MANUFACTURERS OF

Shovels, Spades, Scoops, Picks, Mattocks, Crowbars, Hammers, Iron Washers,
Wholesale Dealers in Bar, Hoop and Sheet Iron; Steel and Iron Boliler Plates; Cast Machinery and Spring Steels; Chalns, Anchors, Wire Ropes; Ingot Tin and Copper: Plg Lead, Spelter and Metals Ceneraliy; Cut Nalls, Splkes, Bolts, Nuts, WIre, Anvils, Vises, Etc., Etc., with a fuil assortment of
English, German, American and Domestic Shelf Hardwar
warehouse, office and sample room,
395 to 399 and 405 to 409 St. Paul Street, MONTREAL, CANADA.

## JAS. W. PYKE \& CO., 35 st. Francois Xavier street, MONTREAL, <br> Representatives for the Dominion of Canada of the Cast Steel Works of <br> <br> FRIED. KRUPP, <br> <br> FRIED. KRUPP, <br> ESSEN, GERMANY. <br> Locomotive Tire Axles, <br> Crank-Pins, Cast Steel Driving W <br> Centres, <br> Steel-Tired Whee <br> Steel Forgings <br> Up to Seventy Tor <br> Pig Iron, <br> Boiler Plates, Boiler Tubes, <br> Steei and Iron, <br> Cotton Waste, Hellesen Dry Batteries, <br> Wrought Iron Steam and Gas Pipe. <br> Jas. W. Pyke <br> (Successor to the late Gieorge Reaves) <br> 35 St. Francois Xavier Street, MONTREAL.

Uoriman

## Merchants

## JEALERS IN

## P, MINING

 PPLIES.Hammers, Iron Washers, Et
and Iron Boiler Plates; Cast ire Ropes; Ingot Tin and
y: Cut Nalis, Spikes,
c., with a full

## stic Shelf Hardware.

 ROOM
## St. Paul Street,

כA


Locomotive Tires, Axles,
Crank-Pins, Cast Steel Driving Whee Centres,
Steel-Tired Wheels, Steel Forgings
Up to Seventy Tons.

## Pyke

te Cienobe Reaves)
IR0N 酭 STEEL,
; Xavier Street, REAL




## Standard Varnish Works

## MCGESKLL, DOUGOLL \& CO.



Our Goods are Second to None in the World! EXCLUSIVE SUPPLIERS to three GREAT TRUNK RAILWAY LINES of the Dominion. Used in ALL the Leading carriage ehops.

## The - CANADIAN • RubBER • COMPANY



WORKS, PAPINEAU SQUARE, MONTREAL. WAIREFROMS,
Nos. 333-335 St. Paill St., MONTREAL, Gor. Front and Yonge Sts., TORONTO, Princess Street, WINNIPEG.

## Norks

## Co.

Dougall.

## the World!

## - MONTREAL • AND • VICINITY .



AS THE commerial metropulis of the lomainion of Camala, it witl readily he setn that Montreal takes rauk as the chief city of Brition North America, While this fact combributes largely to its interest and antativeness for the tourist, its beatiful location, its charming surromdings, and the delightom sontrasts of ancient and mokern art and architecture presented to the oherver, all conspine to render a visit to the plate an event of rare interest.

The apporth by the river presents a picture surpassingly teantiful. The solid stome piers and massive warehonses in the freground, the brishtronfod huiblings and glistening chureh spires in the midelle distance, with the noble Moust Royal in the loac round delight the artistic sense, and inspire emotions of the keenest pleasure. Viewed from the momatain itself, the picture, while fotally ditferent, is mone the less attrative. The fich of view is greatly extended, and the eye takes in a gromd pamorama of river and monntan sentry, with the city below in ne:an perspective. Almost at your feet, and excavated from the solid rock in the side of the mombatin, is the storage reservoir of the city water works. Farther down, and sloping away from the foot of fle momatan, the streets of the city intersect each other, adomed with public and private buidings, and beautifully shaded with trees and foliage. As far as the vision extends to the right and lett, the sparkling waters of the St. lawrence are to be seen, a throbhing artery of inland commerce, dotted with shipping, while the distant background is made up of mountain ranges, some of which are in Canada, while dimly outlined on the horizos: are the peaks of the Green Momntains of Vermont.

A brief sketch of the city, in this comection, will be of interest to the general reader. It is situatea on an island of the same name, about thirty miles long and ten miles wide, formed by a branch of the Ottawa on the north, and the St. lawrence on the south. It is at the head of ocean mavigation, and its port may be said to form the connecting link between this branch of commerce and that of the great lakes and rivers. Its commercial importance will thus be apparent at a glance. It occupies the site of an Indian village, named Hochelaga, which was visited by Jacques Cartier, in 1535 , and seven years later Europeans began to settle here. A century later the place was duly consecrated, and commended to the "Queen ' of the Angels," and named Ville-Marie.

victorta souare.


Hot Water
BOILER

 "The Best and Most Durable Gast - Iron Segtlonal Heater."
 Soil Pipe and Fittings and STEAM FITTINGS.
Sole Agts, and Mirs. In Canada of the "New York Safely Dumb Walter." STABLE FITTTNGS A SPECILITY.

# trden King \& Son <br> Manufacturer: in GPENct:'S PATENT 66 A 

 MONTREAL Street, -
MCNTREAL,

## The <br> Shedden <br> (I.IMITEL)) <br> Company

 CONTRACTORS, WAREHOUSEMEN, FORWARDERS AND CARRIERS. CARTAGE AGENTSFor Grand Trunk Railway Co., of Canada, Chicago \& Grand Trunk Railway Co., Northern Pacific and Manitoba Ry. Co., Etc.


 Shipments Consigned to Our Care Receive Prompt Attention. Storage Facilities at Ail Points. Impooters ano Breeders of Thoooughbee Clivoesole ano Other Hooses. Head Office: 188 St. James Street, MONTREAL, CANADA.

## ing d Son

ST99 mornar hat
 Yinte bula memmon mit ho

## BOILER

 I Fivery Kird and Deacrlption, an, materer cxhilitud in compwition, for beln. arable Gast-Iron Sectlonal Heater:"



## and Fittings

EAM FITTINGS.
ta of the "New York Safety Dumb Waller."
INGS A SPECIALTY,
 MCNTREAL, QUE.
mpany
USEMEN, IERS.
ENTS
nada, o., Etc.
N. TORONTO. H.EMHITON, mout the linttod states.

## mittes it Al Points.

## and Other Horses.

AL; CANADA.

## MONTREAI, ANO VICINITY.

(35)

Carticr had given to the momatin the name of Monnt Royal, from which the present title of the city is derived To see the city at its ley, the services of a "colter" shond he sectred. These hackmen are to le found in all colarters of the c3y, and as their taritl is regulated by haw, the triveler caln powern his riding by his inclination, with mo contentions at the and of bis journey. The drives in and thent the city are charming, The roads are macadamiad for miles in every direction, and as the ishand is remarkable for its fertility, the sulurlan trips are make amidst the "garden of Camba." The ride aromblthe muntain, and to its summit by the casy grade of its carriage read, brings to view same beautiful scenery, the dimax of which is the gloriens prospect frum the tup, to which allusion has alleady wetn made.

The publie buiklings of the city, motally its churches, are of more than ordinary interest. Notre bame, with its twin towers 220 feet high, one of which contains a chime of lells, the other the monster "Gros


Bourden," will well repay a visit, and the climb to the fower will be rewarded with a grand view. Other churches present rich interiors, adorned with fine paintings and shatuary, while numerrons hospitals, maket huildings and husiness edilices will attract attentinn in the ride throwh the city. The water works, with its reservoir on the mometain side, and the pullic parks and parade grounds, are also warthy of notice. But among all the objects of interest, conspicuous both as a feature of the landsape and for the magnitude of its conception, is the famous tulular Vicrorad BRI Ge, which croses the St. Lawrence, and comects the island by rail with the south shore. It is the property of the Grand Trunk Railway, and cost more than six millions of dollars. With its approaches, it is nearly two miles in length, and rests upm twenty-four piers of sa, id masonry, heside the alutments. The center span is 330 feet wide, and the center tule is 60 feet aloove the water. It is, altogether, a splendid triumph of engineering skill, and a credit to the company it so grandy

## JAS. HUTTON \& CO.

 15 St. Helen Street, MONTREAL. .. sole agents for.THOS, FIRTH \& SONS, Lttl, Sheffield, Cast Steel, Forgings, etc. STEEL, PEECH \& TOZER, Lttl,, Sheffield, Tires, Axles and Spring Steel, JOSEPH RODGERS SONS, Ltol,, Sheffield, Cutlers to Her Majesty,
W. \& S. BUTCHER, Sheffield, Files, Razors and Edge Tools, WM, MARPLES \& SONS, Sheffield. Edge Tools, etc. WM, HUTTON \& SONS, Ltto., Sheffield. Stering Silver and Electro Plate. BURROUGHES \& WATTS, Ltol, London, Mirs, Billiard and Pool Tables.


## Importers and Commission Merchants.



MONTREAL,
CANADA.

## a co. JNTREAL.

teel, Forgings, etc. xles and Spring Steel. ers to Her Majesty, and Edge Tools. e Tools, etc. ilver and Electro Plate. illiard and Pool Tables,

ESTABLISHED 1861

## Merchants.

## nts

Serves. The lew railway station of the same Company, shown on preceding page, is a model of $^{f}$ convenience, and ann ornament to the city. Its comfortalle waiting rooms, for both tirst and scond class passengers, are spacious and convenient. An clegatht dining hall, serving meals and finches at all hours, is kept in connection.

Aside from the charming scenery in and about Montreal, several delightful
 side trips furnish at-

PAKK DRIVE, MOU'NT KOMAI.
From "Allumerated Sontrat."
tractions to the tourist with time at his disposal. If his approach to the city has not been made by way of the rapids, a pleasing trip will be by rail to Lachine, returning thence through the rapids, in the market steanter, Which makes its daily moming trips to the city. St. Helen's lsland, directly opposite the city, is a beauliful resort, and a portion of it has been set apart as a public park. It is easily reached by ferry, and is therefore the favorite resort of the masses on holidays. Athletic games and sports, picnics and various society celebrations, serve to render it a lively place during the summer season, and the visitor will seltom fail to tind opportunilies of enjoyment at any time. Swimming baths, belonging to the Montreal Swimming Club, are located

place fiarmeg, montreal.
Prom "Plustrates Montreal."

## JAS. TH. SOAITIAAIN, 

DUiAON \& CO., Tournai, Belgium, "Dagger Brand" PORTLAND CEMENT. O'HARA \& HOAR, London, England, FULLER'S EARTH, DRY COLORS, Etc. JNO. TAYLOR \& CO., Loughborough, England, - CHURCH BELLS, Etc. UNION GLUE CO., San Francisco, Cal., "Challenge" LIQUID FISH CLUE.
Room 502 Board of Trade Building, telephone 2451.
MONTREAL THE PULSOMETER PUMP
"THE CONTRACTOR'S FRIEND." OVER 80,000 in Use. often imitated, mever equalled.

IMPORTAMT RECEHT IMPROVEmEHTS.
THE MOST HANDY, SIMPLE AND EFFICIENT STEAM PUMP FOR
General Mining, Quarrying, Railroad, Irrigating, Drainage, Coal-Washing, Sewer and Bridge Contractors' Purposes, etc.
MUDDY and GRITTY LIQUIDS HAMDLED WITHOUT INJURY TO PUMP.
CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION. $\}$
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED. $\}$
THE PULSOMETER STEAM PUMP CO., ェ²,
General Metal Merchants
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { STEEL RRILS, PIG IRON, } & \text { WROUGHT IRON PIPE, IRON AND STEEL WIRE, } \\ \text { STEEL PLATES, } \\ \text { IRON BEAMS, BOILER TUBES, }\end{array}$ STEEL PLATES, IRON BEAMS, BOILER TUBES, TIN PLATE, ETC,

## Dominion Ornamental Iron Company,

ARCHITECTURAL ANO STRUCTURAL IRON WORK, FOUNDRY. SE NAZARETH STREET.
Also Sole Canadian Agents for THE Otis elevator Co., of New York.
TOROXT0 OFFICES, 24 Frent Strect, East.
Board of Trade Building, MONTREAL.
D. DOININETLT, T,

ICE DEaLRR.
I deliver omly the vert best quality op
S'P. LAWRENCE RIVER ICE,
Guaranteed to be Cut from above The Graud Truak Ry. "VICTORIA BRIDGE."


## AIN, AGENCIES

$\because$ PORTLAND CEMENT. PTH, DRY COLORS, Etc.
CHURCH BELLS, Etc. e" LIQUID FISH clue.

MONTREAL Hi B D D
'S FRIEND.' บse.
RTAMT RECEWT IMPROVEMEHTS. r steam pump for ng, Drainage, Coal-Washing, Purposes, etc.

## rHOUT INJURY TO PUMP.

PUMP CO., was witioty s.

## CO.,

RCHANTS
RON AMD STEEL WIRE, TIM PLATE, ETC.

## Company,

## IRON WORK,

of New York.
ding, MONTREAL.

## 2,

the very best qualitt oy NCE RIVER ICE, rand Trank Ry, "victoria bridge." ind Trunk Kailwiy for more than twenty years cot, MONTREAL.
$\qquad$
on its southeastern shore, and the remmants of depurted militiry glory in the shape of a dismanted battery, some ancient bock houses and harracks, and a graveyand, are reminders of the fact that it was once occupied as a point of considerathe importance, commanting the approach to Montreal harber.

melfeil mountains.
One of the most attractive summer resorts in the vicinity of Montreal, and one which is rapidly growing in popularity, is the beautiful and elevated plateau known by the above titte. It is reached by the trains of the Grand Trumk Railway to St. Hilaire, and the frequent train service on the Portland and Quebec line makes it very accessilhe, there being five duily trains each way hetween Montreal and St. Hilaire. This resort, in addition to the attractions of delightful scenery and a heatthful, invigorating atmosphere, affords excellent fishirg, boating and bathing, a magniticent lake in the vicinity furnishing abundant opportumity for these recreations. There is a tine hotel, delighlitfully located or a high talde rock, commandmy a charming view of the adjacent country. There are also delightfiul promeniades, sectuded groves, and what is of the highest importance at a summer resort, the purest of spring water and perfect drainage.


SUMMER SCLINL, AEAR LAPKAIRIE.



## QUEBEC•AND•THE•SAGUENAY .



N interesting side trip from Monteal is that to the ancient walled city of Queber, a focality of much historic interest, and equally pleasing trom a scenic point. Thousands of tourists visit the city in the season of summer trave, on their way to the famous Saguenay River, or the equally famons White Mountain resorts. So tourist who has the time at his dieposat shoust fail to make the trip, either ly rail or boat, or at combination of both, facilities for which are at his command.

The route from Miontreal to Quetec is aite the Grand Trumk Railway, or ly the Richelien \& Ontario Steanship Line tive the St. Lawrence, as the tourist's inclination may lead. The view of the city, as approached from the river, is singutarly impressive. Unlike any other city on the American continent, its situation and surroundings make it an object of striking interest. The fortitications, with their towers and battlements, frown upon you from the Plains of Abraham and from the lower town, and there surrounds the place an air of medizevalism


VHW GKOM THE FOKTHICARION.
at once novel and attractive. It is one of the oldest cities of America, as well as one of the most metesting. It was founded in 1608 , and its history is replete with erents of tremendous importance The sene of many a battle and of mitold carriage, the crowning event of all was the memoralle engagement which transferred half a contment from France to Britam, and immortalized the names of loth the victor and the vanquished.

The city, consists of two divisions, known as the upper and lower town. The upper town includes within its limits the Citadel of Cape Diamond, which covers the entre summit of the promontory, embracing an area of more than fonty acies. It rises to the height of 345 feet above the rivel, and from its commanding posi. tion and the strength of the fortitica tion, has keen not inaptly entitled the "Gibraltar of America."

## QUEBEC AND THE SAGUENAY.

The shape of the coty is trangular, the St. Lawrence and St. Charkes rivers forming the two sides, with the Plains of Alvalam for the base. The river fronts are defended by a continuous wall on the very brow side cint, with thaking towers and hastions, loopholed for moskerry and pierced for cammon. On the west side, a heavy triple wall, with trenches between, formerly guarded that approach, but much of it is now demolished.

The nationality of the inbahitants is strongly French, and at visitor trom the States call easily fancy himself in a city in France, so decidedly wis-American are all his surromdings. The quaint honses, the steer and tortuens strets, cepecially of the oldest portions of the city, and the almost miniversal use of the French lan. guage in the ordinary chamels of trade, require no stretch of the imagination to practically trausport one to the old world, and give a glimpse, as it were, of a foreign country. This characteristic is even more marked in the suburbs of the city, being empha-

 to its elevation, is surpassingly grand and comprehere every kind, stretcles before the vision in both directions, The majestic St. Lawrence, alive with sailing craft of the scene and giving animation to the picture. Directly below lie the crook of glistening metal, beautifying

fabriguk street, looking toward reauport. teeming with hum ower tow, ty, while its busy population, so far beneath, seem like pigmies, and you look upon the glistening roofs of the houses and down the very throats of the chimneys, into which it would seem an easy matter to toss a pebble. Looking to the eastward, the Plains of Abraham are spread out before you, together with the bluffs scaled by Wolfe and his brave soldiers in the preparation for the assault that ended in victory, but cost the lives of both commanders. The spot where Wolfe fell is marked by a handsome monument. Directly across the river is the settlement of Point Itví, ald down the stream the beautiful Isle of Orleans may be seen. This pleasant resort may lee reached by ferry fiein and other objects of anderds delightful drives, giving views of the Falls of Montmorenci, the Laurentian Mountains, and other objects of interest. The Falls of Montmorenci are among the most interesting of the obecte which secure the visits of tourists to Quelee, both on account of their own attractiveness and the pleasant
ivers forming the two sides, with minuous wall on the very brow arced for camon. On the west but much of it is now demolished.

.
view from the Citadel, owing ence, alive with sailing craft of of glistening metal, beautifying ad streets of the lower town, eming with humanity, while its sy population, so far beneath, m like pigmies, and you look on the glistening roofs of the uses and down the very throats the chimneys, into which it uld seem an easy matter to toss ebble. Looking to the eastward, Plains of Abraham are spread before you, togelher with the is scaled by Wolfe and his ve soldiers in the preparation the assault that ended in vic; but cost the lives of both manders. The spot where fe fell is marked by a hande monument. Directly across -iver is the settlement of Point tsant resort may lee reached Montmorenci, the Laurentian the most interesting of the ttractiveness and the pleasant
()UEBEC AND THE SAGUENAY
drive by which they ace reache. The "earters" of Quelec are as mumerous as those of Montreal, and the roads around the city and in the country adjacent are among the finest to be found anywhere. The ride of eight miles all too quickly lvings you to the River Montmorenci, and here you gaze upon hisforical gromd, it feing the scene of the battle of Montmorencl, which immediately preceded Wolfe's timal victory at Quehec. Leaving bour carriage, and paying a small fee for the provilege of crossing private grounds, you decend the bank of the river to look up at the fall from below. The river here pours over the eliff into the St. lawrence, broadening at the edge to about 50 feet, and falling 250 feet, in a sheeny vail, half water, half spray, not sublime, nor even grand, but exquisilely beautiful,

Returning to Quebec, the views of the city are enlivent by the peculiar feature of glistenitg towers and rents, so noticeable in cennection with many Canadian cities, The sundight, giancing from the metat-covered roofs, spires and dormer-windows, which, owing to the fortuons windings of the streets, are set at every conceivatle angle, produces a sparkling effect. The road leads through quaint ohd hambets, and the cottages with their picturesque dor-mer-windows, the thatched-roofed outhuildings, and the pasant-like appearance wf the people, almost leads one to fancy that the rural districts of France or Switzerland are the scenes through which his trip is made.

## THE SAGUENAY RIVER.

This is the largest affluent of the St. Liwrence, which it joins about 130 miles bow Quelse. The scenery of the Saguenay is strikingly grand and romantic, and unlike anything else east of the Rocky Mountains. It is usually visited by boat, and the trip down the St. Lawrence to Tadousac, at the junction of the two streams, and up the Saguenay, among its wild scenery, should be made, even at the expense of slighting some other point of interest lying in the highways of fashionalle travel. Leaving Quebec by the steamers of the Richclieu \& Ontario Navigation Co., you pass through some remarkally fine scenery, in which the noble St. Lawrence abounds, the river being in some places thirty mules in width, and dotted with a multitude of islands, abounding in game. The Falls of St. Anne are on the river of that name, which enters the St. Law-
 rence off the lower end of Orleans Island, through a bold ravine. The quarantine station on Grosse Isle is passed, and is associated with sad memories of the famine in lreland. It received twenty thousand plague-stricken emigrants, of whom six thousand now lie in a single grave, marked by a stone monument.

Ninety miles below Quebec is the fashionable watering place known as Murray Bay. The river is here twenty miles wide, and the tides have a range of twenty feet in height. On the south shore of the rover, still further down, is Riviere du Loup, a place of some importance, and six miles below it is Cacouna, already fuite famous as a pleasure resort, and yearly increasing in popularity. Across the river from Cacouna is Tadousac, at the mouth of the far-famed Saguenay, formerly a place of some commercial importance as a post of the Hudson Bay Company, and one of the first towns on the St. Lawrence fortified by the French, it has a good hotel, near which is a little church over 250 years old.

## QUEBEC AND THE SAGUENAY.

The Saguemay River is remarkalle, not only for its great depth, but also for the marvelous height of its kanks. It seems to tlow through a rift in the Laurentian Mountains, which appear to be cleft, as it were, to the very foundations, the height of the clitfs rising from the edge of the river leing equaled only by the depth to which they descend below the surface. The source of the river is t 30 miles fron its junction with the St. Lawrence, in Lake St. John, which is fed by eleven rivers, draining an immense watershed, the great volume tesultant pouring through this renarkable gorge, in many places unfathomahle. At St. Joln's Bay, 27 miles alove Tadousac, the water is one mile and a half in depth, and hut little less at Eternity Bay, six miles heyond. At the later place, the wonderful capes, Trinity and Eternity, like giant sentinels guard the entrance, rising 1.500 and 1,900 feet, respectively, athove the water.

cape eternity, saguenay river.
Ha-Ha Bay is sixty miles above Tadousac, and is mine miles long by six wide. It has also been named Grand Bay. The tirst-mamed title is said to have come from the exclamations of delight which sprung from the lips of the navigators of the river on its discovery ; and in contrast with the gloomy and forbidding aspect of the lower portions of the river, it would seen that such an outburst might he perfectly natural. The mountains around Ha-Ha Bay abound in whorteherries, or bluelerries, as they are here called, and a very inportant andustry with the natives is the gathering and shipment to market of the loomtiful harvest thus kindly furn:shed by mature, the pieking season extending from the middle of July until the falling of the snow, and the supply heing inexhanstible.

Chicoutimi, a few miles beyond, is at the head of navigation, the river being obstructed beyond this poist by rapids and falls. Lumbering is one of its important industries, the immense forests of the vicinity being as yet almost in their virgin state, and the harbor accessible to the largest vessels, thus giving it natural facilities of great value.
for the marvelous height of its uppear to be cleft, as it were, to being equaled only by the depth es from its junction with the St. nse watershed, the great volume

At St. John's Bay, 27 miles less at Eternity Bay, six miles fiant sentinels guard the entrance,

dide. It has also been named of delight which sprung from gloomy and forbidding aspect perfectly natural. The mountcalled, and a very important I harvest thus kindly furn:shed of the snow, and the supply
obstructed beyond this point forests of the vicinity being bus giving it natural facilities

QUEBEC ANL THE SAGUENAY.
The fishing in the Saguenay River and its trioutaries is one of the chicf attractions to the sportsman. Salmon atound, and the quality of the tish taken from such deep, cold water can reatily be inferred by the disciples of Walton. Game also abounds in the forests, some specimens being well worthy of the skill and nerve of the trained humer. Those to whom the hunting grounds of the more densely propulated sections of

hadha hat, sAGUENAY RIVER, country have become tame and uninteresting will here find novely, with an nceasional spice of genuine excitement.

An interesting feature of Trinity Bay, inclosed as it is with frowning walls, is its wonderful echo. The whistle of the steamer or the discharge of a camoun is the usual test (f) its powers of reptition. On the cocasion of the visit of the Prince of Wales and his suite, a heavy os-phmer was fired from the deek, near Cape Trinity. The result is thus described by one of the party: "For the space of halt a minute or so after the discharge there was a dead silence, and then, as if the report and concussion were hurled back upon the decks, the echoes came down crash upon crash. It seemed as if the rocks and crags had all sprung into life under the tremendous din, and as if each was tiring 68 -pounders full upon us, in sharp, crashing vel!eys, till at last they grew hoarser and hoarser in their anger, and retreated, bellowing slowly, carrying the tale of invaded solitude from hill to hill, till all the distant mountains seemed to war and groan at the intrusion."

But we must take a regrefful leave of the Saguenay, with the feeling that but faint justice can be done to its wonderful attractions. It has been tersely described by a writer as a "region of primeval grandeur, where art has done nothing and nature everything; where, at a single bound, civilization is left behind, and mature stands in unadorned majesty; where Alps on Alps arise; where, over depths unfathomable, through mountain gorges, the steamer ploughs the dark thood on which no sign of animal life appears." A better summing up of its peculiar features, in so few words, it would be difficult to find, and the tourist who visits the locality will find no occasion for regrets, unless it be that want of time permits only hurried glances where hours and day; might be enjoyed in realizing the sublimity and grandeur of the locality.

chicoutimi, saguenay river,

## QUEBEC STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

## toune to tim troptos.

## BERMUDA and WEST INDIA LINES of the QUEBEC STEAMSHIP COMPANY.



 Xerth Kiver, Sew Sork, eerery Phurstiey

st. Thomas, st. Croix, St. Kitts, Intigua, Cumbialoupe, Iomm inica, Martinique, St, latia, Darbates.

The lirst-rlitss from Ste:emships," Madlana," 3.100 tons:
 1.100 tonss and "Muricl," 1, voo tons, s:all from pier 17, Sorth Rwer, New Sork, alternately Every Ten Days.

The steel Stemmship, "Miramichl," 1,000 tons, laving firm class accommodition for passengers, will sail from Blontrei for licton, N. S., ralling at Ducher, Father Point, Cabpue, 1 a
 at 4 p . si every alternate Jonday during the seamon of nat tation, sailing from tuebere the following 'Tuesdays at 2 in. At Pistom the

## IN TERCOLONIAL RAILWAY TRAIN

Is taken for Ilalifan, whence comections can be made for Johns, Nifll., Si. John, N. R, I'rorliaud, Boston and Sew Yor

Opening of the. Chicoutim! Extension 1st July, 1893,


THE NEW ROUTE FARR-FFMED SAGUENAY, And the only RaIL route to the Dellghtful Summer Resorts
North of Quebec, through the GANADIAN ADIRONDFGKS. Patlor and Sieeping Cars,
Magnificent Scenery, Beautiful Climate. HOTEL, ROBERVAL, LAKE ST. JOHN, U14 firat-cliss arcommunations for soo giests, and is run in cumection wh the

 0,000 spuare miles, are free th the



 Bouk Tree on application. ALEX. HARDY,
J. G. SCOTT,
qUEBEC, P. q.
WM. MeCANN

THE DELIGHTFUL SUMMER RESORTS OF NORTHERN MIGHIGHN

REACHED py the
Grand Rapids \& Indiana

${ }^{*}$ The
Fishing
Line.'


MACKINAC ISLAND,
and the many resorta reached therefrom; Saltt Ste. Marie, Marquette,
PE'TOSKEY AII BAY VIEW, int, Wequetonsing, Charle voix, etc., located in the
mmediate nelghborhood.
TRAVERSE CITV,
and the Neighbaring Resorts, Omenta, Ne-ah-ta-wanta, Old Miasion,
Elk Rapids, ete.
The many l, akes and Streame atford the fin
celebrated (irayling, Black Baiss and whe finest of Fishing, the Brook Tiun Tin That train service of the Grand Raphds and Indiama Ratimul bish. 1904 vill be complete in every particular and Imliana Ralifoad tur the seneun

THROUGH SLEEPING CARS letworn Cincinnati, Petnskey iunil MackInaw.
Retween Detrote, Petnakey Kahmazin. Machigan Celitral Railrond an Retween Defrnif, Petnskey and Macklnaw, wia the Michlgan Central Rails an TOURISTS' TICKETS can te pur
duced rates. For descriptive natter, time carcls any nf the above points at re
C. L. LOCKWOOD,

Gen. Pass. ani Ticket Agt., GRAND RAPIDS, MICE

## COMPANY.

 LOE.
## TEAMSHIP COMPANY.

## LISE TO MARITIME PRovicces.

1 1, "Miramichl," 1,000 tons, having firyt or pitssengers, will satil from Montr: o at Gueber, Fither P'oin, Gaspe, XI: I'. I. I., and Charlonteown I. I:. I. te Wondiyy during the seasom of nave ucleer the following Tinesdays at 2 ,

## SNIAL RAILWAY TRAIN

annections can be made for sa - P, Purlland, Moston and New York , Secretary, Quebec, Cani.

## FUL SUMMER RESORTS

 THERN MIGHIGAN EACHED fy the pids \& IndianaAILROAD •+E-
79
e.'


INAC ISLAND, ed therefrom ; Saritt Ste. Marie, Marquette, anss, etic

## V and bay view,

 Wequetonsing, Charlevoix, etc., located in theediate neightorhood.
iERSE CITY,
ts, Omena, Ne-ah-ta-wanta, Old Miasion,
Elk Rapida, ett. offord
its offord the finest of Fishing, the Brook Tran d Rapids and ladiana Railme haib.
Sticulir.
SLEEPING CAFS

## nat1, Petnskey und MackInow,

Mackinow, via Alichigan Cewtral Railroall an
Kitlamizoo. Mackinaw, via the Michigan Central Railra e purchesed to
e purchased to any nf the above polnts ot re
C. L. LOCKWOOD,
ass. and Ticket Agt., GRAND RAPİS, MICB.

## TIT war J. Mccans

evedore
5 OUR SPECIALTY. ree. Portlañd, Me.

Among the attractive trips to be mate from Guctece is that to lake St. Whan. The trains of the guthee \& lake St. John Railway traverse a lertile sectum of the country, interspersed with wibl harest semery, and quaint hamlets and Indian settements. The lake is 10 ) mikes from (Quehec, and is the largest in the Prowince It is the source of the famous sammaty kiver, and is fed by soveral large strams, lts waters ahoma in tish, comprising fresh waler salmon, picketel, pike, tront, cosk, perch, dace, etc. The village of Roberval, om the shore fif the lake, is becoming famous as a simmer resort, and has a commodious luotel, of excellent repute.

The scenery of the Lake St. John region is peculiarly impressive, and when (t) this attraction is added the ahondance of lish and game, it is not to be wondered at that the locality is every year hecoming more widely known and more extensively visited by tourists, especially by those who desire to study nature in hor wilder moods. This lake, and its tributary waters, are the home of the anamaniche, or fresh waier salmon, the gamiest fish that ever tested the skill of the angler. From early in June to late in September, the most exciting sport is to be had here, and the followers of Wilton come from art parts of the couniry to match their skill against his frowess. When captured, the game is well worth the conquest, its thesh heing comsidered superior to that of the ordinary saltuon. The tributary streams aloomd in spected trout, many of which are of large size, weighing from ten to fourteen pounds each. The forests afford mive sport for the buntsman, who will be able to test his markmanship on bears and other large game. In short the region is a veritable sportsman's parWlise, and well worthy a visit from the lover of the rod and gun.

A favorite sport with the more venturesome is that of shooting the rapids, which are numerous on the streams flowing into the lake. The descent to Chi-

odiatchouan falles. cuutimi by canoe, through the Belle Riviere and Lakes Kenogami and Kenogamichiche, is a grand trip, excelled ouly by the shooting of the wild rapids of the Grande Disclarge, a distance of some forty miles, to the head (if steamboat navigation on the Saguenay, interrupted by a few portages around cascades which are too perilous (1) be passed in boats. This trip should he made in charge of the experienced canomen who make it a specially, and who are thoroughly acouainted with the channel, and fully competent to guide a canoe through

## LAKI: SANF IOIIN

The New Route to the Far-Famed Suguenay. - I Jc upatag of the castern extonsion of tha Quch \& Lake St. John Railway, from Lake St. Ahlat to Chicoutimi, is a very important addition to the system, by which

 America.

Pasengers leave Quehec at 8. 30 A. A., daily, exeept Sunday, arriving at Roberval, Lake St, dohn ( 10 on mikes), at $4.50 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M}$. The train rums to the done of the new and magniticent Hoted Roberval, which has accommodations for $\mathrm{bon}_{\mathrm{g}}$ ghests, and is cquiped with laxarions furaiturs, hot and cold water baths, electric light, and every convenime of a dirst-class city hotel. Here the traveler can enjoy an excellent dimer, and if he does not desire tor make a longer stay, he may take the train the same evening for Chicoutimi. The ran to that lown (o4 mikes will be made in two hours and a half, over a well-tinished, well-hallasted road, huilt in the most sulstantial mannel.
 and thoroughly eguipped. As the route lies through a section of new country. the tomist is presented with the striking contrast of luxurious modern travel in the midst of primeval forests, whose echoes are thus rudely awakened by the screm of the "iron horse."

Trains will rim to the steamhat wharf at Chionutimi, connecting there on Tusday, Wednesdily, Friday and Saturday with the magniticent Saguenay stemers of the Richeliew \& Ontario Navigation Co, unti: Septomber touls, and on Tuesday and Friday therafter. The rum down the Saguenay will the made by daylight, the steamer reaching Riviere du loup at ahout tive in the afternoon, where passengers may aither drive to the Cacoma Hotel, or take trains for points on the Intercolonial Railway, or ${ }^{\text {g }}$ on by stemer to Murray Bay and Qualec. A longer stay at Roberval is however advised. In addition to excellent hotel accommadation, Lake St. John and the comentry surrombling it offer immmerathe attractions

The dotel Rolerval is rom in connection, and is in daily communication, by steamer, with the "Island House," a new and commodions lootel built on an island of the Grand Discharge of Lake St. Jehn, in the center of "Onaminche" (frest:water salmon) lishing grounds. These botels control the lishing rights of lake St. John and tributaries, all of which are free to their guests,
The railway, from Quehec to Roherval, rums through a country of mosurpassed panoramic magniticence Which has been appropriately named the "Canadian Adirondacks"

The climate at Lake St. John is beatifua, and bas heen prononned by beadine physicians to be very beneticial for invaids. A substantial, elegantly equipped steel-framed stemmer, the "Wistassini," with a capacity for 400 passengers, runs on Lake St. John, especially for the service hetwen Hotel Rollerval and the tishint grounds of the Grand Discharge. Besides this most popudar resont att the morthern end of the road, there ars numerous other phaces on the line, such ats latke St. loseph, St. Kaymond and lake Edward the latter famous for the timest trout tishing in America), which are fully described in the raibwy fobler, in a hoalntifully illustrated guide book, and in the several books and pamphlets issued hy this company, copies of which a:e mailed free to applicants.

Passengers preferring to return to Quekee by rail may leave Chicourimi daily, except Sunday, in the afternoon, and Roberval daily, except Suthrday, at $\$ 30$ P. M., arriving at (sulvec at 6 A. M. daily except Sunday.

All day trains are equipped with elegant parlor cars, and might trains with comfortable sleeping cars. Upwards of a million dollars have heen expended in improving the main line since it was opened for tratfic from Quebec to Roberval, in the way of reducine grades and curves, additional hallast, new rolling stock, and in terminals at Quebec,--and it is safe to say that the rowd is olle of the lest timished and equipped lines in Canad.
the ellatern extension of the Quecte Int aditition to the system, by which thence to Chicoutimi by mail, and ners of the Richetien \& Ontarion deur of scenery, is unequaled

Werval, Lake St. Johm ( 10 ) mikes herval, which has aceommodation or baths, electric light, and everv merer, and if he does not desire in The ran to that town ( 64 miles, It in the most sulstantial manne, ugh a section of new country, of luxurions molern travel in is rudely awakened by the scream
outimi, comecting there on Tues nifient Saguenay stemers of the toth, and on Tueslily and Friduy by daylight, the stamer reaching ere passengers may dither drive the Intereolonial R:illway, or g' Ler stay at Rowerval is howeser ation, Lake St. John and the
is in daily communication, ly oblous hoted built on an istand enter of "Otumaniche" (fresl. the tishing rights of Lake St. guests.
pased panoramic magniticence
Mading physicians to be ver : "Mistassini," with a capract lonel Rewerval and the fishime ern end of the road, there ars and Laike Edward (the latter the railway fobler, in a heatthis company, copies of whish

Jaily, except Sumday, in the 6 A. M. dutily except Sunday. th comfortalle sleeping cars nce it was opened for traffic billist, new rolling stock, and and equiped lines in Camat.


TORONTO VIEWS.

4, Vomentier Monvement
G. Mus Exmurmon Der.

## the Queens

Of Old Renown, is apecially adapted to VISITORS and TOURISTS during their atay in the Queen City,


## 2 N <br> THE CUISINE

 Hotel every few minutes, connecting with all parts of City.

Leaves Nothing to to Desired,

THE SANITARY ARRANGEMENTS

Are Perfect.舜
THE MOST HOMELIKE AND GOMFORTABLE HOTEL IN THE DOMINION, The Gardens, on both sides of the Hotel, sre besutifully arranged and are a cool retreat in the hot days of summer. McGAW \& WINNETT, Proprietors.


Can now be had with
Improved Flexible Bridles

can be kept elean be removed and replaced in a moment. Brosbes can be kept elean and will laxt jonger, as the brastles moment. Ir

Full Descriptive Price Lists, Clrculars, Etc., Sent on appication. Patentel tin Conath Inneet


## CHAS BOECKH \& SONS, 8rush Manufacturers,

TORONTO, ONTARIO.
80 York St., 158 to 168 Adalaide St. w.

## GEO. W. REED,

Slate. Metal and Gravel

## Roofing Materials,

783 and 785 Cralg St., MONTREAL


Trinidad .
. . Asphalt,
Gravel -
. . Roofing
asphalt and concrete floorings
. For Basements, Cellars, Yards, Walks, It:
Sheathing and Roofing Felts, Blue Belt and
$\because$ other Brands.
MANUFACTURER ANI DEALER IN
. . Refrigerators, Galvanized Iron Cornices and Skylights.

## Toronto, Ontario,

 . Canada. .
## r stay in the Queen City

 at Wharves.
## 4 <br> THE CUISINE

Leaves Nothing to $b_{0}$ Desired,

THE SANITARY ARRANGEMENT!

Are Perfect.路

THE DOMINION,

## REED,

 d Gravel Roofer
## - TORONTO, $\cdot$ THE • QUEEN • CITY •



EAUTIFUL.LY situated on the north shore of Lake Ontario, surrounded with lovely matural scenery, ornamented with charming puhlic parks, elegant buikdings, and hundreds of church edifices, Toronto has an undoulted right to the tithe of "The Queen City of Canada," as well as a goond clam to the sub-title of "The City of Churches."

The tow'll was founded by Govemor Simcoe, in 1794, and was given the name of York, by which title it was known until its incorponation as a city in 1834, when it received the froquois name it now hears. At that date it had a population of less than ten thousand, hat gave promise of rapid growth, which has heen fully realized, inasmuch as competent judges estimate the present population at little if any less than two hundred and twenty thousand.

This phenomenal growth is due largely to the energy and pullic spirit of her people, who have given substantial aid and encouragement to the location of new enterprises, and a hearty welcome to all new-comers,


UNION DEPOT, TORONTO,
As a summer resort, Toronto has many attractions. "Its climate, tempered by the lake breezes, is salulurions and delightful. Its beautiful bay, protected by the island from high winds or heavy currents from the lake, alfords alundant facilities for aquatic sports, and regattas, carnivals, yachting trips and water excursions of every surt. Multitedes of steamers and ferry boats ply letween the city and the plensant parks and groves in the vicinity, and the pleasure-loving inhabitants and visitors give them ahundant patronage. Hanlan's Point is the resort of the masses, and on pleasant days throughout the summer its avenues and waks are thronged with picnic parties and casual visitors. Lome Park is about fourteen miles west from the city, and is a detightful piece of woodland, beautifully laid out, and free to all. Steamers make frequent trips to this resort, as also to f.ong Branch, Victoria Park and the Humber River,

## B. GIBSON,



FOR . . .

## ALL FORMS of CONSTRUCTION WORK,

 SUCH AS $\qquad$Railways, Bridge Piers, Water Works, Subways, Public Buildings, etc.

I am now engaged in executing the important contract for all the additions to, and improvements upon, the grand trunk railway's umion station at torohto, Comprising the Stone, Brick and Concrete Work, Platforms, Approaches, etc., etc.

Among the other public improvements upon which I have
been engaged in the past, may be mentioned:-

> - Portion of Ontario \& Quebec Railway, - $\quad$ Port Perry \& Lindsay Railway. - Ping Street Subway, City of Toronto.  $\quad$
$\qquad$
Have been employed by GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY FOR OVER 40 YEARS, upon various kinds of CONSTRUCTION WORK . . . .

## TORONTO, THE QUEEN CITY.

The city itself is more than ordinarily attractive. Many of its streets are broad and beantifully shaded, adorned with elegant residences and stately church editices. Within its limits are many heautiful parks, and its outlying suburbs, in several directions, are magniticent tracts of woodland, taid out in tine drives and broad avenues. High Park, at the western terminus of the Queen Street car time, is a beautifut tract of i;o bundred acres, with undutating surface, and wooded heights. Rosedale, at the northeast, is adorned with tine residences, while Queen's Park, the Horticultural Gardens, and other charming resorts are found in the heart of the city.

The suggestive title of the "City of Churches" will strike the visitor as singularly appropriate, in view of the multiplicity of church structures, representing all denominational interests, in an endess diversity of architecture. The St. James Cathedrat, on King Street, is conspicuous by reason of its spire, said to be the highest in Americ., while a multitude of other costty and imposing edifices greet the eye on every loand.

Toronto is the centre of the public system of education for Ontario, and in its successful workings the prople take commendable pride. Educational atfairs are placed in charge of a department of the Government, presided over by a Minister of the Crown, responsible to the Lewin? The public schools in Toronto a de adex of popular sentiment on this srumunt question of education. The buildings are thoroughly modern, the teachers efficient, and the system the embodiment of the best suggestions. At this writing there are in Toronto 52 public schools with 475 rooms, accommodating 27,000 pupils. The separate schools carried on under public authority by the Roman Catholics are large and efficient institutions. There are three collegiate institutes, a Normal School for the training of teachers, and the great University of Toronto, the keystone of the educational arch. The beautiful and historic building of the University was destroyed by fire in February, 1890 , but has been restored to its former greatness, and in some respects even improved in its efficiency. This desirable result was accomplished through the assist-


St. James Cathedral.
ance of the Provincial Government, the City Council, and the generous contributions of the many liberal friends of the University throughout the Dominion, who felt that the restoration of this important educational institution was little less than a public necessity to the cause of education.

Among the other institutions of learning in the city, maintained by the public, are the Model Sethon and Upper Canada College, the latter an institution of historic interest, and the alma mater of some of the most distinguished men Outario has ever produced. Toronto is also the seat of Trinity University, McMaster University, and Victoria University, as well as a number of great colleges affiliated with the University of Tomonto. There are hesides two Medical Schools, a College of Pharmacy, a Veterinary College, a School of Practical Science, two great

## DOUGLAS BROS.,

 Slate, Tile an Metal Roofers,
## BUILDERS' SHEET-METAL WORK, METALLIC SKYLIGHTS,



## filletallic



All the Metallic Roofing, Cornices and Skylight Work in the New Grand Trunk Railway Depot and Train Sheds at Toronto, were Made and Erected by Us.

Estimates Given. Send for Catalogne.
12,4 ADELAIDE ST., WEST,


## UNION STATION, TORONTO

TT"HIS new Station, which is being constructed by the Grand Trunk Railway Company for the joint use of that Company and of the Canadian Pacific, will, when completed, be one of the most convenient and best arranged stations in Canala. There will be two large train sheds, each shed. The for the use of eist-loound and the other for west-lount trains, with three tracks through room to accommodate as many hase an atverage length of about 1,000 feet, and there will be ample The approach to the stul the level of which is sufficiently hirh ibove will be by means. of an entrance from Front Strect, over the tracks to any platform, by mans of bre ratls to enable passengers to pass from the street various platforms being accessible from the overhead rooms and bridng to ascend any steps, the to them.

The passenger who is leaving by train enters the station at the main entrance on Front Strect, opening into a spicious and lofty entrance hall, fifty feet square and thiryy-five feet in heeight, on one side of which are ranged the ticket offices, and upon the opposite side the baggage counter. across which he can claim his bagrgare, and have it cheeked for its destination. This entrance hall is being finished in red sandstone, imported from Scothand, and pressed brick work, the floor beeing laid in marble, the whole presenting an appearan ee equal in artistic elegrance to that of the main waiting room in most of the large modern stations on the American continent.

Having taken his ticket and checked his bagrgage, the passicnger will proceed th..rough a hamblsome arcale, with shops on cither side, where travellers' requisites can be purchased, or where he can pass any leisure time he may have before leaving to much advantage.

This arcade opens att its southern end into a magnificent waiting room, cighty feet square and forty-five feet high. The lloor will be of marble, and the walls, for a height of ten feet, will be of the same material, highly polished; above that in will be finished in carved red samdstone and dome in the centre of from upper-story windows on all sides. There will be a colored glass open from this room on the ceiling. First-class waiting-rooms, lavatoriess and lacties' retiring rooms the south ead of this maie cast, and a luxurious restiauriant and a smoking-room on the west. $\Lambda_{t}$ constructed a closed bridge, twenty-rem the cast-bound train shed is reached, and across it is becing an overflow waiting-room. From-sin ieet in width, fitted up so that when required it will serve as convenient stairways, and still further to the access down to the platform is obtained by varions open to the shel, gives access by stairways to other platifforms.

These platforms cxtend both eist and west, and the bridges centre of their length, so that the distince from the stairwity betges are ats nearly as possible in the no mater where the train is stamding. All the phatforms to the cars is made as short ats possibibe, which extend beyond the ends of the train sheds will bems are being laid with a sisphatt, and those

The exterior of the building, of which the pod of Credit Villey brown stone ind rewl wich the principal front is on Front Street, is being constructed tower will form a noticeable feature in the limdscape. The very hamdsome . devaion. The lofy modite the general offices of the Grand Trunk and Canue upprer hoors of this building will accom-


Wragge, that the work of construction is heing executed.
lBarnabas Gibson, of The new Union Station, and it is from theit designs, mider mstructions from Mr forms, approaches, ete., etc.

The red sandstone used in the constructer Dumfries, Scotland,

The Central Bridge and Eugincering Co., Ltd of Puth for shath train shed, and the berms and columns for the waiting-room block and the furning the irun arches and all other iron sthperstructures block, also the foot bridge throngh the Ont, are furnishing the columas, beams and iron lluoring foret foot bidge.
also the foot bridge throngh the north train shed.
used in the coastruction of the station Douglas Bros., Turonto station.
Taylor Bros., Toronto, are furnishing the enamelled and fine pressed brick iron work, roofing and skylights
blocks and bridge blocks, anto, carpenter and builder, has the contract for the wood and je of the station.
The Longford Stone Co, Longford Mills, Ongh the north train shed.
R. Longrord Stone Co., Longford Mills, Ont, furnished all the fon

Bennett \& Wright, plumbers, suppled lumber, lime and some stene for the statione for the station from their quarrics,
dotec now as a
Owen Sound Cement Co., Owen Sound On permit.
解
Goldie \& NcCulloch Gavit On., Cleveland and Toronco, are laying the asphalt pavementst for the station.
As there is much work yet to be done on the slation, some contration station.
mpany for the be one of the e train sheds, acks through will be ample time.
Front Street, om the street y steps, the s descending
ront Strect, n height, on age comiter, entrance hatl : floor being of the main
ugh a handor where he
square and t, will be of listone and lored glatss ring rooms west. 1 t it is becing ill serve ats by various his bridare.
ble in the spossible. and those
instructed The lofy ill accom-
cheral super ons from Mr e work, plat. at Quarries, erstructures a the budge brown stone
atting-room aich can be
tioned.
$\square$


NEW UNION STA

# CREDIT VALLEY Brown Stone 

## CARROLL \& VICK, Credit Forks, Ontario.


iaain entrance to the harliament bulldings, tokonto.
The modest tone of this steme harmonizes most beatififuly in combination with red or crean colored brick, and standing alone throws out a hue to met the changes in the weather. This latter fact is strongly veritied in the new Parliament Buildings, Toronto, which were built by Carroll \& Vick of CREDIT VALLEY BROWN STONE, from their (Ouarries at Credit Forks, Ont., Cm.

The use of this stone for the Houses of Parliament and many other public and private buildings, has caused the actuve development of cur quarries. The Main Entrance to the Parliament Buildings, shown in the picture, prexedts a sriking example of the attractiveness of this quality of Brown Stone.

Many portions of the thest residential sections of Toronto have heen hedutitied by Credit Valley Brown Stone
而
We are equipped with all moder Facilitles.

Our Quarries possess an unlimited supply of Stone suitable for Bridge and Causeway Works, Sills, Heads, Rubbles, Promiscuous, Large Block and Dimension Stone.

## CARROLL \& VICK,



## THE CENTRAL BRIDGE and ENGINEERRG CO_, whate

sole makers in canada for the ramapo safety switch stands.

bridge at camprellford, ont., erected by the central. bridge co.

Architectural Work and all klnds of General Englneering Works; also LAW'S PATENT SURFACE CATTLE QUARDS, and Law's Patent 'Optimates " Power Hammers. LAW'S STEEL FLEXIBLE JOINTS

## BENNETT \& WRIGHT,-

 Steam and Electrical Engineers. Manufacturers and Contractors.Fine Sanitary Plumbing, Gas, Electric and Combination Fixtures, Electric Supplies.


Warming and Ventilating of Buildings by Steam or Hot Water
The Lighting, Healling and Plumbing work in the majority of the government and business bulldings and private residences has been dono by us.
also agents for
The Western Electric Co., Chicago. The Crane Elevator Co., Chicago. The Sturtevant System of

Heating and Ventilation.
Sole Canadian Agents for
The Eddy Eiectric Motors.

72 QUEEN ST. EAST,
TORONTO. CANADA.


## TORONTO, THE QUEEN CTTY.

Calleges of Musi, and many other institutions of karning. The Public l.ilvary is in truth a palliz librant maintained wholly and directly by pullic funds, and open frely to all classes. It is accommodated in a spacious and degant building, well arranged for the purpose, and has on its shelves, at the present time, something over eventy-five thansund volumes

The Board of Trade Building, a view of which we give below, is a fitting illustration of the city's commercial enterprise, This element if Tomonto's prosperity is well set furth in the remuk of a Chicugo husiness man who was aked his impressions of Tirfonte, to which he replicel, in words more foreible than degan, "Well, she is husiness from the word ge""

In addition to being the heading business and colucationall sentre in Canada, Tormento is also the sat of government for the I'rovine of Ontario, and the new l'arliament Building, in the Ouen's Park, opened hast April for the tirst time, is ahmolant evidence of the prosperity of the Province and the importance of the city. This buiding, situatad in the most prominent position in the city, is the most interesting feature in a city alrendy more than usmally attractive, and it

blazd of trade bullding.


Рчвцс цинкакх,
is chaimed that it is one of the finest structures in Camada, and is excelled by few on this continent. Alout $\$ 1,500,0 \infty 0$ have ben expended in its eree tion, and it has been some five years in building Although everything comected with it is the hest obtainalle and the Legistative Chamber and Mem hers' Litrary are perfect models of richness and beauty, experts say it is ? cleapest huilding of its kind ever erected in America. Its erection has evidently leen free from the corruption and "jobbery" which so freguently attends the construction of public buildings. The bealuty of it, exterior may be judged from the full-page illustration which follows.

Toronto is also a favorite point for excursions and summer tours. The trip across Lake Ontario by steams, and thence by rail to Niagara Falls, is one which meets with much favor among summer visitors, and is comparatively inexpensive. The Richeliet \& Ontario Navigation Co, also make this the starting point for the St. Lawrence River trip to Montreal, Quelec and the Saguenaly River, complete illustrated deccriptions of which localities will he found elsewhere in this publication, with their atractions specificaliy set forth.
a pahis librars ted In a spacions $\therefore$ something over
est structures in this continent. cd in its erecars in huilding. it is the best her and Memrichness and st lyuilling of ts erection has ion and "jobre construction , exterior may ion which fol-
for excursions Lake Ontario Niagara Falls, amongr sumpensive. The so make this ice River trip River, comlocalities will m , with their


ONTARIO'S NEW PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, TORONTO.

## Sash, Doors, Blinds and Mouldings.

PLANING, SAWING, MATCHING.
CONTRACTOR FOR THE CARFENTER ANO JOINER WORK OF THE NEW UNION STATION OF THE GRAND TRUNK RAILWAV.

Oifice, Factory and Yards, 2 Yorthcote Ave., near (0ueen St., TORONTO, ONT.

aLL CLASSES OF DIMENSION LIME STOME aLways or hand.
All the FOUNDATION STONE used in the construction of the New Union Depot at Toronto, of the Grand Trunk R'y, was supplied from Our Quarries.

LONGFORD MILLS, Ontario, Canada.

| JOHN LUCAS, pmesiotnt, 377 Spadina Ave., Tononto. | R. P. butchart, managen, smalldw lake. | JOHN CORGE . SEC. TAEAB. Ecx 24, owen Bound. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

F THE OWEN SOUND PORTLAND (EMENT COMPANY, (LIMITED) IF sachatrasturime or mitr

this cement was used exclusively in the construction of the new union station at toronto.




# －Montreal • to • the • Mountains • and • the • Sea 



THIN the compass of a dis＇s ride，is the fourney by the Portand Division of the Grand Truak Railway from Montreal to the sea－：hore，passing through the very heart of the White Mountains on the route；hut the day thus nccupied must live long in the memory of those who have enjoyed its majestic beauties．

> The ticlols swell upreats On every side
> and hils; beymat
> 作解 the blue distance, rive
> The mountain columns with which earth props heavene"

Nowhere in the space of a day＇s ride on the American cormen＇，an there le found crowdel into the short pact of＂from sun to sun＂a more diversitied collection（i bedulifur landscape seenery than that spreat nut In of and panorama before the occupants of a parlor car of the rete ainut to be brietly described．

Crossing the great Victoria Bridge at Montreal，the trail roms near to broad St．Liswrence River for some distance，affording views of the rich and stately city on the op aite theie．Passing the Boucherville Moumains on the left，it soon crosses the Richelien River，under the very ．．．ddows of Beloeil Mountain（mention of which has heen made in a preeding clapter），with the high ridges of Rougemont farther distant．For some distance on，the route is over a rich and level country，inhabited by ain industrious French peasantry，and affords con－ finuous views of the Yamaska Mountains，until the populous French town of St．Hyacinthe is reached，its quaint appearance and the great Roman Catholic colleges attracting attention．After crossing the Yamaska River， a considerable expanse of open and compara－ tively level country is traversed，with quaint little hamlets seen now and then on either side． From here on，for the space of an hour，the route lies through a thinly populated forest country，until descending into the valley of the St．Francis the line crosses that river on a bridge 320 feet in length，and the charmingly picturesque village of Richmond is reached，this keing the junction of the Quelece branch of the Grand Trunk Railway．

The banks of the beautiful stream of the St．Francis are followed after leaving Rich－ mond for twenty－seven miles．Seldom does the eye rest on a more lovely combination of rich valley scenery，especially if viewed with the glimmer of the early morning sum upon it．Passing the romantic island－strewn rapids of Big Brompton Falls，and traversing many an extensive cutting and costly embankment， the line reaches the prosperous and busy town of Sherbrooke，situated at the junction of the Magog and St．Francis Rivers，amidst a beauti－ ful surrounding country．Near the village are the long Rapids of the magog．

rapids op the magog，at bherbroooke，got．

## The STEWART HOUSE

Picturesque ISLAND POND, Vermont.

## PERFECT Natural grainage. absolutely pure water from mountain springs.

## The Stewart House

is a mortern structure, eligibly lieatel possessing large romms, combortably flarnished. From the romens and the broid verandahs, gnests are affariferl most delightint viens of the momatains and the lake.
All Trains Stop at this station frum one 4:) two homes for examiation of travelers' baggage tgoing to or coming from Camadas, thus allowing ample sime fir the
enjoyment of the buntitul tal fismass enjogment of the buuntiml tal riwals
spread at the Stewart House, for which it spread at the stewart Mouse, for which is
is justly noted. Terms \$2 per day; \$7 to \$10 per week, according to romms selectel! Finmlics or tonrist parties will bud it th their at-
vantage to cummunicate with the pr pricvantage to communicate "ith the pr pric-
ter for special terms ant accommodatioms for for special terms anel accommodations lor lang ur short periads.
Early Trains leave island Fond every morning for the Fiast and Wesh, thas aflording to thavelers that greatest ath honas, it cefreshing aight's sleep and a pertect rest. A sojomrm of a tew weeks at the Stewart House, amid the variet scencrand ashand Pond, is a rate treat, ind one never to be forgotten, by even the must casual ebserver. $\qquad$


## Island Pond, Vermont,

Is in tuwn of 2,000 inhabitants, situate in the exireme northeast end uf Sermont near the bonndary line of Canada, and is 1,500 feet ibuve the sea level. This local Ity is the natural water shed between the Gratic fceath on the sauth and the Gul The. Lawfence an the noth
The Name, "I sland Pond," suggests a cose priamity to water, and the town is de mong tane is the most charming in he many heautitnl lakes, which, with it our fanc, hare made the state on tor
The Lake is two ard a luif whits
The Lake is two and a haif miles long. ircling watens at hust lugan withius its eln mpe thisty acres in extent thoring mumer seaseres in extent. During the ond lanser crate are chading lack and forth over the bosom of the lake and anom the lake, the seene is a most enliven ing one
The Roads are in excellent condition, rentering driving must pleasurable and affording the sisitor aboudant opportunity for the full enjoyment of the grand scenery which abmands un every hand.
C. M. DYER, Proprietor, ISLAND FOND, VERMONT.

The next point of interest on the route is Lemoxville, at the confluence of the St. Francis and Massa. wipli Rivers, This is the seat of Bishops' College, an institution of ligh repute, under the care of the Episcopal church, with preparatory schools attached. It has been called "the Eton and Oxford of young Canada." Copper mines are worked in the vicinity, while not far distant is the bealutiful Lake Massawippi, nine miles long by about one and one-lalf miles broad, swarming with many kinds of fish, among them tront, pike and bass.

A little beyond, the line enters the valley of the Coaticoke, which it ascends to the United States frontier. The foot-hills of the Green Mountains are seen on the right, Norton and Middle Ponds being passed on the west. Ascending the pretty valley, the train soon reacles Island Pond, Vt., the frontier station, with its well-appuinted summer holeds and railway dining-rooms. The traveler having passed from the dominion of Her Majesty, sees again the "hroad stripes and lright stars," thater whese protection the remainder of the

on the connecticut kivek, is in nohth sthatforb, n. in

Portland Division, Grand Trunk Railway

## mont.

## Vermont,

bitants, situate in end of Vermont. of tomada, and is evel. This localshed between the with and the Gul! whth, ond," suggests a . and the town is most charming of s, which, with it the State of
t the world. t the world.
halt miles long ng within its en autital lssand of ent. Waring the e tiny batk camocs ng back and forth
mast pleasurable enjoynent of the
tailway Station.
und Massa.
E Episcopal
di.." Copmiles long

journey to the mountains and the sea will be accomplished. The waters of tsland Pond are ahout two miles in length, surrounded by a hard beach of white guartz sand. The views from Bonnyleag and ofher adjacent hills are of much interest and extrome heauty. Many of the drives in the vicinity are famous, The streans and waters in close proximity ahound in many varieties of tish, chief of which is the spotted brook trout.
The route now follows a natural terrace, past Spectacle Pond, down the fong Nulhegan valley, thence through a vast forest, whose ridges rise in rapid succession. Soon after crossing the Connecticut River, North Siralford is reached. This is the junction of the Upper Coos Railroad, for Colehrook and I ixville Notch. The line follows the Commecticut valley for about twelve miles, passing

devil's slide and stark villatie.
Forlhand Division, Grame Trunk Railway,
heautiful meadows, prolitic with vegelation, and bordered by momatans on either side. The scemery is a combination of the beautiful and the frowning, and of high interest to the traveler. The whitened summits of Percy Peaks soon appear to the left, and remain in sight for about eight miles as the road showly rounds them. Beyond Stratford Hollow the line leaves the Comecticut valley, and passes over to the Ammonostic, Cape Horn ard

beklan falls, on the androscoggin river. Hirland Dinston, Citand Trunk Rallway.

Pilot Mountains appearing on the right, with the rich plain of Lancaster beyond, and we reach Groveton Junction, where the Grand Trumk meets the Concord \& Montreal Railroad (White Mountains Division), and passengers for Lancaster, Bethlehem, Fabyans and the Franconia Mountains change cars, Falyans being only forty miles distant, and close connections being made with all trains. There is some remarkable scenery in the vicinity of Groveton. Coming from the south toward the village, the Percy Peaks will attract the attention of the most indif ferent observer, on account both of their symmetrical form and color. The village itself

## montreal. to the mountains and the sea.

is surounded by mountains, Cape Honn, three miles from Groveton (elevation 2735 feet), can be ascended without difficulty.

Soon after starting from Groveton Junction, the train crosses the Ammonoosuc River, with Cape Horn and Mt. Bellamy on the right, and the Percy Peaks and Bowback Mountains on the left and front. Portions also of the Stratford and Sugar-loaf Mountains are seen to the north, and on the other side the Pilot Mountains soon swing into view. As the train speeds to the east, the south peak of the Percies advances over the higher north peak, ani adly eclipses it. The line leaves ie river for atont four miles and runs under the Pilot Mountains, then crosses the river and stops at Stark, with the precipice of the Devil's Slide on the left and Mill Mountain close at hand on the right. The former is a sheer cliff 600 feet high, and bears evidence of ancient natural convulsions. Mill Mountain is 2000 feet high, and is sometimes ascended from Stark by a walk of one and one-half miles through the wood. Beyond Stark water-station tine views are given on the right and in retrospective, including the Pilot and Crescent Ranges, the Percy


ON THE ANDROSCOGGIN RIVER, NEAR GORHAM, N. H Poriland Dlvision, Grand Trunk Railway.

Peaks, Green's Ledge (sharply cut off on tue south). The summits are seen to good advantage across wide and apparently level plains, and present a specially tine prospect. Just before and after leaving the station at West Milan, the traveler who looks forward from the right side of the train gains a beautiful, distinct view of the Presidential Range, arranged in stately order. The view down the river from Milan is very beautiful, includ-

gormam, n. if., the gateway to the white mountains, Burtanat Divison, cirand Trmuk Railway ing the vast forms of Mounts Washington, Adams and Madison. The line now leaves the banks of the rapid Armonoosuc, and follows the course of a Dead River. At the lonely water-station of Milan, the track is 1080 feet above the sea. Head Pond is soon passed on the right, and the traveler gains frequent glimpses of the White Mountains. The train soon crosses to the course

## MONTREAL TO THE MOUNTAINS AND THE SEA.

of another Dead River, passes a small pond, and approaches Berlin Falls. On the left, over the diverging track of the Berlin Lumber Company, the far-away blue peak of Goose Eye is seen; and the train soon passee the fine cliffs of Mount Forist, and stops at Berlin Falls.

At Berlin Falls station we are only six miles from Gorham. it is the site of the great mills of the Berlin Lumber Company. The falls are within a few rods of the station, and ate reached by a foot-bridge over the gorge. Just before descending to this puint, the path crosses a ledge from which a fine view of the Presidential Range is to be had. It was much lauded by Rev. Thos. Starr King. The following words are from his pen:-
"We do not think that in New England there is any passage of river passion that will compare with the Berlin Falls. . Here we have a strong river that slrinks but very little in loug droughts, and that is fed and descending incarly 200 feet in the course por a a mide" clean and powerful tide through a marrow granite pass, Berlin Falls is the point io in for follows a rapidly descending grade, the track falling at the rate of about fifty feet to the mite until Gorhan is reached. Glimpses of the silvery Androscoggin River are gained on one hand, while on either side tower the lefty peaks of the White Mountain range. Mount Adanis, as seen from the right about nate and one-half miles before reaching Gorhan, is said to be the highest elevation which we can look at in New England from any point within a few miles of its base. Indeed it is the high-


ANDROSCOGGIN RIVER, NEAR BERLIN.
Porthand Division, Grand Truik Railuay. est point of land overlooking a station near the hase, that can be seen east of the Rocky Mountains. The peak of Mount Adams ( 5794 feet higli) is seven miles distant from the poini of observation, whose elevation is 868 feet, above which it towers mearly 5000 feet. From the same point is also enjoyed a magnificent view of Mount Moriah, 3785 feet alove the valley. We are in the heart of the mountains. Gorham is the nearest village to Mount Washington, and also the nearest viliage to the great northern peaks. It is in fact, as $m$ mame, "the Gateway to the White Mountains." Not only as an objective point from which to attack the mountains, but also as asummer tourist resort, it affords imsurpassed advantages-in ideal momtain village. The Rev. Thomas Starr King spent several seasons here, writing his most charming book, "The White Hills." listen to his glowing tribute to this beautiful village and its surroundings:-
"No point in the mountains offers views to be gained by walks of a mile or two that are more nohie and memorable. . . For river scenery, in connection with impressive mountain forms, the immediate vicisity of Gorham surpasses all the other districts from which the highest peaks are vishle. The Androscoggin sweeps through the viltage with a broader bed, and in larger volume, than the Connecticut shows at Lancaster or Littleton. As a general thing, Gorham is the place to see the more rugged sculpturng and the Titanic brawn
of the hills."

The village is 812 feet above the sea, the air dry, bracing, livigorating and heathful. The nearness of the great paks of Washington, Madison, Jefferson and Adams gives rare grandeur to the view's of the minvons. The drives and excursions almost without number in close proximity to Gorham, have had much to do with
its great popularity, Add to these many atractions a tirst-class, home-like and well kept hotel (the Alpine House, under the management of Mr. (3, D). Straton), and what more can be desired?

Space will permit of but very brief mention of a few of the many attractive feate" ; in and about Gorham." One of the delightfal drives in the vicinity of Gorhan is known as the Milan Road, which follows the Androscoggin through Berlin Falls to Milan Corner, the distance being about founteen miles. Starr K.ary laments that riage drives in America is taken this ride and empoed its superl prospect. Another one of the most motable carAndroscoggin and back to Lead Mine Gorham through Shelburne to the Gilead Bridge on the south baik of the tains offers more varied interest in the beaty on the north bank. "No drive of eyual length among the momNear the point where the Lead Mins. Bry of the scenery."
obtained a magniticent view of Mount Madison, with a charming fom the Shellume road, is a hill whence is


The Lead Mine Bridge is about midway between Gorham and Shelhurne village. From its center a noble vew is obtained of Mount Madison with Adans and Washington, the river forming a beautiful foreground. The hest time to make the visit is between five and seven of the afternoon. Then the lights are softest and the shadows richest on the foilage of the river, and on the lower mountain sides. And then the gigantic gray pyramid of Madison with its pointed apex, back of which peers the ragyed crest of Adans, shows to the best advantage.

As the train leaves Gorham, and at a distance of ahout a mile from the station, one of the finest views from a railway train to be found anywhere, is secured from the right and rear. Its chief features are the noble prospect of Mounts Moriah, Madison and Adams. Just before reaching Sheiburne, what splendid sym metry bursts upon the view when the whole mass of Madison is seen throned over the valley, itself o'er-topped 'y the ragged pinnacle of Adams. For many leagues the ronte traverses a region of remarkable beanty and
pictures ing str djacent the rigt

Arm on R
ord Falls
from Bry
to be the
New Engl
Leavir
soon disco
ing the $m$ and appr levels of $t$ try leading

South is the railw
Hill, a ple ated on a teresting los square; gree other miner

Tudor
the same ti tectural beat most impos

Leaving ure for Pol tion of som the far-fame pleasure or veying the to track to the

## orhan,"

 Androt.s that We car: of the moun-picturesqueness. The effects of cultivation are apparent in the rich meadows which border the gracefully windadjacent mountains the right are the ledges of Sparrow Hawk of Bethel are reazhed, lock Mountain rises on the left, while on Bethel, Maine, is a pleasaut ond
On account of its elevation above the interve old village on the Androscoggin River ( 1000 feet above the sea). beauty of these intervales add greatly to the chates, it is sometimes callet Bethel Hill. The richness and fertile the bold mountains on the north. The clams of By semery in the vicinity, and are a striking comtrast to King "the North Conway of the eastern slope" Bethel as a summer resort are many. It was called by Starr ing to quiet and sequestered districts. It is the printes in the neighborhood are pleasing and diversified, lead-

Leaving the Androscoggin valley at Bethel, reach Bryant's Pond. We are still 700 feet above the stravels a wild and mountainous comutry, until we rounded by mountains, its waters abounding in bass and other varieties of fish, while trout tishing is abundant at no great distance. Bryant's Pond is the point of departure for Andover and South Arm on Rangeley Lakes, Rumford Falls, reached by stage from Bryant's Pond, is said to be the grandest waterfall in New England.

Leaving Bryant's Pond, we soon discover that we are leaving the mountains behind us, and approaching the lower levels of that stretch of country leading to the sea coast. South Paris, the next point, is the railway station for Paris Hill, a pleasant hamlet situ-


BRYANT'S LOND, ME.
Portand Divition, Grand Trunk Railway ated on a hill 83 t feet high. Mount Mica is near Paris Hill on the east, and is claimed to be "the most interesting locality for rare minerals in the State of Maine." Here are found plates of mica six to ten inches square; green beryls; limpid, smoky and rose quartz; hack, green, blue and red tourmaline; feldspar; garnets and

Tudor says that Paris is "a place as little resembling its European original as a cotta. does a palace. At the same time it may be said, that to the extent in which it falls short of its great prototyne as to architectural beauty, does it exceed it in the beauties of nature, being surrounded by a circle of mountains of the most imposing and romantic features."

Leaving South Paris we approach Danville Junction, twenty-seven miles from Portland, the point of departure for Poland Springs, South Poland, Me. It is situated about five miles from Danville Junction, at au elevation of something over 800 feet above the sea. Its high altitude and invigorating atmosphere, in connection with the far-famed Poland Springs water, render the resort one of the most charming spots for tourists traveling for pleasure or in search of health. A fine line of six-horse coaches meed the Grand Trunk trains on arrival, contrack to the hotel.

## GAS60 BAY STEAMBOAT GOMPANY



The Three Hundred and Sixty-Five Rere Island Route neere


Mail Service all the Year Round.---Six Trips Daily.


From June first to October first the Company make direct connection betzeen the Grand Trunk Railway and Cushing's, Peak's, Little and Great. Diamond, and Long Islands, the Gems of Casco Bay.
Landing in Portland at Custom-Hotse Whiarf. J. B. CLIRTIS, Prestdont.
C. IV. T. GODING, Genl. Mynager. month, and about three miles from Portland crosses the Presumpscot River on a bridge 300 feet in length, and view of the hauatiful Ce of the salt water is obtained, and a moment later, on the left, is spread out the first hotel and summee cothges Pay, with its three hundred and odd islands, Cushing's Istand with its fashionable mit the innunctahie other islands, stretching away in the distance surrouded hotels, cottages and boarding houses, We have reacluch Longfellow's "City by the Sea," Porthe distance, surrounded by the bue waters of the Atlantic.

## THE SEASHORE.

PORTLAND, MAINE, AND THE BEAUTIFUL CASCO BAY.



E coast of Maine is abundantly rich in all that goes to make a complete summer resort. Speaking of Casco Bay, of which the harbor of the City of Pottland, the eastern terminus of the Grand Trunk Kailway, forms a part, the following extract from the peil of Edward H . Elwell, in his admirably written work entitled "Portland and Vicinity," will be found truthful and concise, and convey as well as words can, some conception of this heautiful resort by the sea:-
"Here is a little bay, extending from Cape Elizabeth to Cape Small Ponnt, a distance of about eighteen miles, with a denth of about twelve miles, more thickly studded with istands than any water of like extent on the coast of the United States, there being something over 300 islands in Casco Bay. Unlike the low sandy islands of the Massachusetts coast, these are of the most picturesque forms, while bold headlands and peninsulas jut far out into the waters. There is the greatest possible variety in the form and grouping of these islands. Some lie in clusters, some are coupled together by connecting sand-bars, bare at low water, while others are solitary and alone. Nearly all of them are indented with beautiful coves, and crowned with a mingled growth ef maple, oak, beech, pine and fir, extending often to the water's edge, and reflected in many a deep inlet and winding channel. In the thick covert of the firs and spruces are many green, sumny spots, as sheltered and remote as if far inland, while beneath the wide-spreading oaks and beeches are pleasant walks and open glades.
"For the most part they rise like mounds of verdure from the sea, forest-crowned, and from their summits one may behold on the one hand the waves of the Atlantic, breaking almost at his feet, and on the other, the placid waters of the bay, spangled by multitudinous gems of emerald, white in the dim distance he discerns, on the horizon, the sublime peaks of the White Mountains. It is impossible to conceive of any combination of scenery more charming, more romantic, more captivating to the eye, or more suggestive to the imarination."

All the varieties of fish that frequent the New England coasts are to be caught in al.mdance in season, either directly from the rocky portions of the shores or in its immediate vicinities.

Portland, Maine, is, undoubtedly, the loveliest city on the Atlantic coast. It stands on a high peninsula some thise or four miles in length. At its outer, or north-eastern projection, the peninsula swells into the bold height of Munjoy's Hill, crowned with a light-honse and an observation tower, from which the grand panorama of Casco Bay stretches out in the foreground, while in the other direction the magniticent range of the White M~ntains closes up the vista.

## PORTLAND STEAM PACKET CO., <br> Daily Line Between Portland, Maine, and Boston, Mass.



PORTLAND, 2283 Tons.
t 6 Peave Fronkin Whart, portiand, throughont the year, at


THE MOST ENJOYABLE ATE fitted with every medern appliance for Combont ind hivury.

T. 13. COYED, Maxinex.
5. 5. LIECOMTB, Gon'l Agent undi Trean.

PORTLAND and NEUU YORK DIRECT LINE. TOUCHING AT COTTAGE CITY, MARTHA'S VINEYARD.


Suab mind Yew England Coast: "Long Sland Sound the new elegant and swift steamships (Buill Expressiy for this Roule), COTTAGE CITY, capt. John Bennett. 2000 TONs. 2000 TONS.
Leave Franklin What Portland 2000 TONs.
Pier 34, East River, thot of Market St. New Yesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 p. m. Leave day. Time between New York and Pturtiand aloont 26 hours., every Tuesday, Thursday and SaturSteamers ure duc to arrive and lentiol abont zo homirs.

## at 6 A. M.

 the New England Coast, and a Day Trip on the seers an enjoyable "ocean vovage" along thoronghfire of steamers nud simil to and frome the City of New York land Sound, the fanuous SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CIRCULAR.H. HALL, Agent, J. B. COYLE. Through Tickets at C. T. Ry. Stations. new ronk.
portlano.
J. F. LISC
portiano.

## "TOWARD•THE•SUNRISE."

Eastern Maine and the Provinces
By one gr the palatial steamers of the INTERNATIONAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, WILL PROVE
A PLEASURE LONG TO BE REMEMBERED.

SEnd FOR foldrr or illustrated book to $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { J. B. COVI, E:, Manager, }\end{array}\right.$
Portland, Maine.

E. नt. WALDHON, Gen'l Agt., Com'l Wharf, Boston.

## IHE SEASHORE.-THE BEAUTIFUL CASCO BAY

Mach has heen written, in poetry and prose, of the leauties of Casco Bay, of which the hark of Portland forms a part, longfellow and Whittier being most remembered. The house in which Longfellow was born still stands at the corner of Fore and Hancock streets, Portland, while next doner to the Pretle House stands the ancestral Wadsworth mansion, Longfellow's later residence and still the abiding place of the Longfellow family. A magnificent statue of the famous poet occupies one of the delightful squares for which this beautiful city is so noted.

The drives around fortand probably offer as delightful and varied attractions as can be found anywhere in this country. Among the most intersting may be mentioned the one leading by East Deering and the United States Marine Hospital to Falmouth Foreside, some eight or ten miles, with magniticent views stretching over Casco Bay, and its many isliands; or over the shell road to Deering's Oaks and Woodford's; or to the beautiful Evergreen


Cemetery with its many mona
ful drive leading down the coast by the ge p and favorbly known summer resort, called Capedocks and the ship-building hamlet of Kinghtivile to the ancient Head. The shores on this side of the Bay are mendous surf rolls in upon the unyiuldin and remarkably bold and rocky, and after a hard blow a tre-

Further down on this rocky coast stands the Ocean of spray, and a roar heard for miles.
the "Two Lights." Scarborough Beach lies still beyond. House, and not far away the ligthouses, known as
One of the delightful excursions by boat from
made daily. A few of the scenes on the Hapell is to Harpswell, to which several round trips are line are shown above.
$r^{\prime}$ ! ges, Big and Little Diamond Istands istand, with its hotels and upon which stands the well-kept Waldo House Chebeaque, one of the most attractive islands in the Bay, and 2,000 acres, and has a considerable population of farmers hotel for summer guests. Great Chebeaque covers several summer hotels; Long Island, with hotels, boarding heses and, schools and churches, good roads and

## PORTLAND STONE WARE CO., (WINSLOW \& CO., Proprletors.)


smoxe Jucxs for rounohouses.


PORTLAND F: JE ECHIMNEY LININGS.
LOCOMOTIVE FIRE BRICK A SPECIALTY. Branch House, 42 Oliver St., BOSTOS. geo. c. dunge,

Factory at POR'TLAND, ME.
E. B. HOWARD \& CO., Tin Plate id Sheet Iron

WORKERS

AND DEALERS If
. . Sheet Metal . . Workers' Supplies.

GALVANIzED
IRON GUTTERS.

RAILROAD SIGNAL LANTERNS.

No. 1 Franklin Street, PORTLAND, = MAINE.
J. J. GERRISH \& C0.

##  <br> SUPPLIES

Brass and Wrought Iron l'ne and Fittings.

BELTING, PACKING, HOSE, OILS, ETC.

41 coritiercial st..
PORTLAND, ... .. .. MAINE.

## THE SEAShore. the deautiful. casco bay.

hotel. Furfher cha, munkerkess Whands gem the nlue waters; crowned with tall trees and shelering many a howely cove and sandy beach. Those who conale hither for a summer vacation should mit fall to brlug Mrs, Stowes romance, "The Pearl of Orr's istand," whose scenes were lad here among the gutek tisher folks, who for cenhries bave dwelt :anong these seflestered coves

Orrss latad lies chose to Harpswell, and is joined to it ly a highway bridge. Off in the Buty, five miles, is Reigged Islad, with its aucient honses, the scene of Elijah Kellogg's "Elm Ithend" stories; wor should be forgotWhittier's leautiful ballad, "The I ead Ship of Harpswell," preserving an old legend of these pomantic shores.
On a great many of the islands, and aloo upan the main land on hoth sides of the Bay are mumerous cottages and summer resoris. It is not an exaggeration to say that many thousands of summer tourists can be provided for in this delightful vicinity.

ottawa house, cushing's Jsland.
Cushines's 1hand, is the betutiful Casco Bay, is two and one-balf miles from the city of Portand Maitu, eastern ferminus of the Grand Trunk Railuay, it contains about 250 acres of land. The Ottawa Hesw, one If the tinest hotels on the coast of Maine, is situated on the island, on an eminence of over too feet ahove the sel, commanding from its broad veranda umrivaled views of the ocean, islands, main-land, harbor and city, with fir th the westward the peaks of the White Mountains in the horizon. The botel accommodites 300 gusts; average comperature late number of cotiges on the Island, many of which are in comection with the hote. The orating sa breezes which continutly fonths is sixty-six degrees, and becanse of its altitude and the invigWand has long leen famed for its reno its shores, and the balsamic odors from its fir and spruce groves, the vang and health giving powers. England and the Nui Fngled the oljective point of fourist travel, as from it all the resorts of New hours' ride, those hetter known add in are easily accessible, most of them with but a few minutes' or a few ough Beach, Iskes of Shork Portsmouth He closest proximity being: Old Orchard Beach, Pine Point, Scarbor-

## THE GTTAWA FQUSE，

Has Unquestionably
One of the Finest Locations To be found on

The Atlantic Coast

CUSHING＇S ISLAND，PORTIAND，MAINE，
＇「＂1E ishand is full of interest and beanty．From its eastern extremity The Famoue from the sea to a height of nearly 150 of majestic 1 ropertions，rises almost vertically for many years have been familiar with feet，to ils extremo western limit．Those whio never tire of lescribing its chanms nud soundiny itstins of this＂Gem of Caaco Bay，＂ beantiful conves and biys along its ahore；the phy its praises．The woods，the rockr，the ties for Bathing，Yachting and Fishine；the grand occan scenery；the superior facil． rating uir；the lecautiful and Fishing；the walks and drives，the healuful uer facili－ render this one of The Millas and the capacious and well－appointed hotel mind invig． render this one of The Most Perfect of Seaside Resorts．
THE GREAT RESORT FOR SUFFERFRS FROA Seaside Resorts．
＇JHE NEW OTTAWA HOUSE was fuilt in the sprine of
miln cleated ground，commanding magnificent viewng of 2888 ．It is slluated Hos lolty praks of the White，the shore of Cape Elizalneth，and in and bay，the has wide fies of the White Monntains．The husaineth，and，in the distumee， open firpplaces，and parions and airy dining hall，an ample din a generous scate， so arranged that pathors provided with similar ，an ample drawhy rom with well ventilated that manter of them mity be combinury．The roons（which are sell ventilated，handsonety furnished and bupplied with a single suite）are lighe eleceric bells，For terns，address and supplied with incandescent lights and M．S．CIBSON，MAnager，

HEVER．O－
Accommodates 300 Guests． Acknowledged to be －One of the Finest Hotels －On the Coast of Maine．

## Goldie \＆McCulloch Co．，Ltd． －MANUFACTURERS ．．

Steain Engines，Boilers，Turbine Wheels，Flouring Mill Machinery，Wool Machinery，Wood Worklng，Saw Mill，Shingle and Stave Mach－ inery，Fire and Burglar Proof Safes，Vault Doors，etc．

Are You Going to the Seashore？
You Want Airy，Comfortable Rooms．First－class Table and Attendance．Reasonable Rates for Short or Long Periods．Modern Conveniences．Unobstructed Vlews of Old Ocean and the Country Around You．Broad Verandas． Accessible to All Lines of Railroads and Steamboats． All these and more
you will find at


## The White Mountains.



HE distinguishing peculiarities which render the White Mountains more attractive to summer tourists than any other range or group of mountains on the American con tunent are their ease of access, and the wonderful diversity of scenery they afford under varying conditions and from different points of view. Within a few hourss veniences of Montreal, Quetec or Portland, they are rendered accessible by the conformer years. With almost in none of the hardships characteristic of they attract old friends and new in larger resources of entertainment for the visitor,

The point of approach, conceded by all the with each recurring season. ains to be the most impressive and chat the most ardent admirers of the mountThat delightful book from the pen of Rev. has become a standard authority on the mountains, was largely inspired and. Starr King, "The White Hills," which this vicinity. The village of Gorham has long and pre-eminently enjoyd written during the author's sojourn in the mountains." It is the nearest village to Mottut Washington, and the distinction of being the "gateway to mountain authority, as occupying a "position with respect to the and is pronounced by Drake, another eminent any other town lying on the skirts of the mountains, and accessible by rais summits more advantageous than that of to the points of interest in and about Gorham in a previous chae by railway." Passing allusions have been made many delightful drives and walks which may occupy the visitor's chter, and our limits forbid even a mention of the grand panoramic view of the presidential range, however, must not be omitted ang entire season's sojourn. The As a pordian of the village, erecting its rocky rampart over it, like the precipices This is had from Mount Hayes,
"The chair set by which to view Mount Washington, Starr King entitles it -
sumnits are hidden the Creator at the proper distance and ancte
back of Madison and Adams, and se great advantage of not looking along a chaln, hut oy his kingly prominence. All the lower of the ridges that climb from the Pinkngly disconnected with them, slanding just enour to seeng we monarch himself soar alone, liness and grace. It completely dimmed road up over Tuckerman's Ravin, io a con the south to atlow an unobstructed view noble proportlons and that haughty peace glory of Mount Adams. The eye crest moulded and poised with indescribable state gazing upon." and that haughty peace. . . . . . It was satisfactory, artistic mountaincemated and still hungry, upon those

The approach to the mountains from Gortem is by few remaining vestiges of "mountain staging." Six-in-hand of the Glen, and the ride by carriage is one of the Railway at Gorham, for the Glen Site and the summit of Mount washes meet the trains of the Grand Trunk the Peabody River, which flows into the Androscoggin at Gount Washington. The road lies along the course of

The road to the Glen is in a southwesterly direction, and fre having its sources far up among the mountains. as the journey progresses. The views from the Glen, the site frequent glimpses are given of the noble mountains grand and impressive. The five greatest peaks of the White Moun the Glen House, recently destroyed by fire, are eye takes in Washington, Clay, Jefferson, Adams and Madison, the group are here visible, and at one sweep the Washington, but more fully revealed by a slight change of the point ocond being partially obscured by a spur of the Glen in greater sublimity and grandeur than from any other point of view. These five peaks are visible from from base to summit, are clearly revealed, without the peculiar "fort of observation. Their massive proportions, noticeable elsewhere. In a clear moming, shortly after sumrise "fore-shortening" effect of intervening foot-hills, so their rocky summits, ragged ravines, and scarred sides, with the they stand out in bold relief against the sky, while cinate the beholder and command the admiration of even the wooded slopes in the foreground of the picture, fastheir sharp outlines against the illuminated sunset sky present m pitextensive European travelers. In the afternoon, And when the Storm King sweeps over theil summits, crowning the no less attractive, though differently lighted. vesture, embroidered with the gold and tinsel of the lightning's flas anem with clouds or wrapping them in fleecy


THE WHITE MOUNTAINS.
broken sunlight, still another majestic and gorgeous scene is presented. So that, with all the verymg moods of moimtain atmosphere, the changing scenes, and the new groupings presented from different localities, coupled with the many attractions to be found in the immediate vicinity, the Glen is a most delightful spot.

A walk or ride of about a mile from the Glen brings us to the Emerald Pool, a view of which we present, and which camot be improved upon by a description. It is a most restful place, the river itself here seeming to pause in its madly merry race toward the ocean, as if resting for the long, long journey to the broad Atlantic. Another mile, and a guide-board is reached, which points the way, by a diverging path, to Thompson's Falls. A short walk up the lower slope of Wildeat Mountain, and we reach a brook which rushes down the mountain side on its way to Peabody Kiver. Over ledges of granite it comes plunging in a series of cascades, to which the name of Thompson's Falls has been given. From the upper height of the falls a view is afforded of Tuckerman's Ravine, while high above, the summit of Mount Washington looks frowningly down. The view thus atforded is declared by experienced tourists to be one of the best in the mountains, and it has been reproduced in "Picturesque America." The wildness of the scene amid the sechusion of the forest, the glistening of the cascade in its journey among the leafy surroundings, with its musical cadences falling softly on the ear, all conspite to render the spot most exquisitely charming to the lover of nature, and the visitor feels well repaid for the trip.

Returning to the road, another mile brings us to the path which leads to the Crystal Cascade, said to "divide with Glen Ellis the honor of being the most beautiful waterfall of the White Mountains." The path extends through the woods a distance of some three-eighths of a mile.

Glen Ellis Falls are about four miles south of the Glen Site, on the Fllis River, at the base of Wildeat Mountain. Their old name of Pitcher Falls, given from their shape, has now tully given way to the more poetic but less suggestive title of Glen Ellis, bestowed by a party of visitors in 1852. A graceful writer thus describes a visit to the spot:-
"Descending ty slippery stairs to the pool benenth it, I saw. eighty feet above me, the whole stream foree its way through a marrow cleft and stand in one untroken column, superbly erect, upon the level surface of the pool. The sheet was as white as martle, the prol as green as malachite. As if stumned by the fall, it turns slowly round, then recoverinc. precipitates itself down the rocky gorge with greater was one white feathery mass, sliding downward wither of the fall was shot with sunlight, aud shone with enchanting brillancy. All below

In addition to the cascades and waterfalls which noiseless movement of an avalanche of tresh snow."
spots all along the mountain streams, and among the have been already mentioned, there are numerous charming artist, and not a few of them have heen transferred to leafy glens, many of which have delighted the eye of the at the Glen. To the lover of the rod, the mountain brooks as a permanent reminder of the delights of a summer speckled trout, and many a famous" "catch" has delighted furnish the added attraction of being the home of the epicure. already described. The Cuter Range lies to the ere great Presidential Range are scarcely less imposing than those Imp Mountain, Mount Moriah and Wildcat, are promin the Glen, and the peaks of Carter Dome, Mount Carter, from the grotesque protile which is visible from the fine view of the Presidential Range can be had as a road above the Glen House. From the summit of Wildeat a

But by far the most wonderful mountain gorge in that for an hour's climb.
Washington, known as Tuckerman's Ravine. This is hest entire vicinity is the chasm in the east side of Monnt Washington. About two miles from the Glen Site, the peth dived from the carriage road to the summil of Mount Thompson tridle path to Hermit Lake, thence following the diverges from the carriage road, and follows the old One remarkable feature of this gorge, to be seen nearly the ent of the streath into the very depths of the Ravine. sun are excluded from the Ravine except during a short porture season, is the snow arch. As the rays of the snow often remains until autumn. The mountain streans portion of each day, the winter's accumulation of ice and an arch, often of great beauty. The walls of the ravine gradually melt out the mader side of this deposit, forming
"No other word expresses it, and that comes snontaneously measuremenl to fit itself for an appreciation of its scale and sublimity. the lips. The eye needs some hours of gazing and comparative come in to perfect a primitive volanic sketch. One might easily fancy it the Steems as though Titanic geometry and trowels must have temple reared by ancient Anaks long before the birth of man, for which the domenge of a Pre-adamite race,-the mareofed ruins of a tower. There have been 'andslides and rock-avalancles as terrible in that ravine of Mount Washington was piled up as the western rath as pitiless, the desolation of the cliffs is as complete, bul the spirit of the phe Dixville Notel,-the teeth of the trosts have ance, as thenwin or dispiriting. . . In Tuckerman's Ravine there is a grand battle of granite against stoomy as at Dixville,-is sublime


## THE WHITE MOUNTAINS

The Mount Washington carriage road from the clen to drive, and no visitor should miss the exhilarating trip. Then to the summit, furnishes opportunity for a delier 77 the ascent being accomplished by a winding course, with The roadway itself is a fine piece of highway construction of the carriages are strongly built momtain wagons, each drawn grades, not exceeding one foot in eight on the average. increases, the who know every turn of the road. The traveler will sturdy roadsters, driven by experienced "knights summit the bare and desolate ging way to stunted shrubs, and these in turn to changes in veretation as the altitude year. mate, which indeed does pievail the large: part of the weeks. The view frise furmishes shelter to the visitor, whether his stay be for a bounds a circle nearly a thousand mites indescribable. Its immensity is an forst a few hours only, or for days or dark forests, smiling villages, and in fact an cimmerence; and within that circle are lubelming. The line of vision to the differeat points of the compass. In a condess variety of scenery, ever cakes, rivers, mountains, valleys, land harbor, to the southeast. In the on a clear day, the distant glimmer of the changing as the gaze is directed with a glimpse of the remote Adirondacks idection, the horizon is broken by the Atlantic may be seen, off PortThe view is greeted with a new pichareks in New York. All around are by Green Mountains of Vermont, dawns upon you that you stand over a mile every turn, and as the eye learns to mountains, rivers and villages. in New England without the aid of a balloon. a third above the level of the sea distinguish distaices it gradually

The following description of a sumrise on Mout land of America:"-
from the pen of the author of "The Switzerthe inmates of the house are roused, and sucsla as point of onservation is to he had at the rising of the sum.

here and there indicary contrast with the lisht of den orh of day.' Beneath you the valleys prosition on the platform early dawn summits tront wiscale the location of bedies at dawn which already illumines the moment inl it view. All eyes are turned expect water, and possibly overhanging a mountain peaks around youl. Banep khom upon his glorious reign crimson or perhips a kolden hure the east, which is bexinning to shoy partially hade some of the mountain sun is then discernible, Suddenly one point in the eastern a fitting couch trom which the brillwa a faint rusy tinge, deepening every
 the full golden sunsline. Lonking then into the valleys until the hroad face of the sreat lumirary so all the rest, and the disc of the of light and shade: and not until shadows are iust beginning to tlit is transcendently beautitul. While the dhe eye as to compel a forth the lingering remmants of nivht," some minutes have elapsed does the
and day reach down into the deepest valleys tontrasts by the Mount Washington Rilor may return to the Glen by stage, or may descend the ot base of the mountain with the con, illustrated and described on the opposite pare the other side of the mountain reaching nearly all the celebrated resords of MONTFEAL Rall Road, one of the great This railway connects at the where comnection is made with the Muw this region. Six miles from the base is highway: of mountain travel, beyond, on the Concord \& Montreal At Bethlehem Junction connection is by the Concord \& Montreal.

Tourists from the west may make connection with the direct for Fabyans, or at Berlin or Gorham, by way of Jeffersons of the Concord \& Montreal at Groveton Junclion, summit, descending by them from the north, is by way of Gorham a favorite "tour of the mountains" with many terest, thence returning to tatway to Fabyans, from which piace side trips the Glen, induding the stage ride to the be reversed, the tourist leaving Gand Trunk Railway via Groveton Junctions may be made to all the points of ine Grand Trunk at Groveton, thence to Fabyans, and oyer the Or this trip may
and ond over the moin, by rail as second only to the Crawford Notch in point of subbimity Notch is a pleasant journey, and is regarded by many Here also, at a short blast of a bugle is repeated again and attractiveness. Here may be seen the beautifull correct view of which is given on the hotel, is the giant profle known as thombanous walls that surround it. of days or even weeks, with whithe opposite pire. Other attractions in the vicinisy "Old Man of the Mountain," a of days or even weeks, with which the excellent hetel accer attractions in the vicin!y tempt the visitor to a sojumll


## Muskoka Lakes and Georgian Bay.



OOKING upon the map of Ontario, at the section of country lying north of Toronto and Havilton, you are struck with the curious commingling of land and water. Islands of every size, and almost without number, dot the larger bodies of water, while lakes, big and little, diversify the surface of the land. It suggests the idea of some pre-historic upheaval on the great decp, resulting in a nearly equal division of the surface, for many hundreds of square miles, into land and water.

It may readily be inferred that such a section of country must present many attractions to the tonrist in search of seenery (i) sport, and the reader will not he surprised to learn that this region is constantly gaining in populatity as its advantages become more widely known. Ready access to this section is had by the trains of the Midland, and Vorthem \& Northwestern Livi-
 with special reference to making close counction whed schede is arranged to accommontate the traveling pubic, gation Company, which ply upon the Muskoka

bathafatith.

The Muskoka district, known as "the Highlands of Ontario," has some eight hendred lakes, varying in size from a mere pond to twenty or thirty miles in length, the largest being Muskokil, Rosseau and St. Joseph. Their elevation is seven hundred and tifty feet above Lake Ontario, and the healthfulness of the region is provertial, while the hunting and fishing are not surpassed anywhere.

The chief port for the Muskoka steamers is Gravenhurst, at the southern extremity of Lake Muskoka. Here the tourist may embark for a most delightinl water trip throngh the chain of lakes. The route to Bracelradge comprises ten miles of lake and six miles up Muskoka River. At Bracebridge are io be seen the High Falls and the Great South

## Sturgeon Bay Mills, JAS. PLAYFAIR \& CO., Proprietors, STURGEON BAY, ONTARIO, CAN.

- 4 LUMBER, SHINGLLES, LATH, (6xy GENERAL CONTRACTORS


## Railroad Lumber Supplies.

 ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
SAIL MAKERS
Knox's Celebrated "KILBERNIE" Gilling Nets a Specialty.


## MUSKOKA LAKES AND GEORGIAN BAY.

Falls, both notable attractions. The trip to Bala, the outlet of the lake via Musquash River, comprises twentyone miles. At Bala, the water makes an abrupt descent of some twenty feet, forming an attractive waterfall.

Port Carling is twenty-one miles from Gravenhurst, and on the way you may tarry at Bracebridge, bealllifully situated on Tondern lsland, with splendid bathing and tishing facilities in the vicinity. Reaching Port Carling, by way of the Indian River, the passage into Lake Rosseau is made through the locks; and bere romes in the title of "interlaken." Rosseau is at the upper extremity of the lake, and Maplehurst is near by, and from here there are daily stages to Parry Sound, on Georgian Bay.

At Port Sandtield, Lakes Rosseall and loseph are connected by a short canal. Passing into the latter lake, the journey is confinued, amid charming scenery, to Stanley Bay, twelve miles from Port Sandfield, while five miles more brings us to Port Cockburn, at the head of the lake. Besides the three principal lakes thus particularized, there are momberless smaller ones, scarcely less attractive, which may be reached overland, or by canoes up the streams which connect them with the larger lakes; and as many of these lakes and streams abound in fish, the angler will tind !imself well repaid for the trip.

North from Muskoka :ies what is known


THE Link between lakes rosseau and joseph. ds the Magnetawan district, comprising the river bearing the name, with the rhain of lakes which it connects. This recrion is reached by rail at Burk's Falls, where connection is made with a steamer for a run down the river, though Cecebe Lake, thence into Ah-mic lake. The trip covers something like forty miles, and the river itself is as crooked as the proverbial "ram's horn." The region is comparatively new, but its beauties have been discovered by explorers, and keen-eyed sportsmen have found it to be a pleasurable and protitable resort. The St. Butnard Lominion Chl, composed of members of the St. Bernard Commandery of Knights Templar,


THOMPSON'S ISLAND, GEORGIAN BAY, the largest commandery but one in the world, will erect a handsome club house on St . Bernard Island, in Lake Ahmic, furnished arid equipped throughout with everything necessary for comfort, and with Col. Hy. Turner, Capt. H. G. Purinton, H. O. Shepard and John G. Neumtister as leading spirits in the enterprix, a merry holiday season for the cluk members is asured

GEORGIAN BAY:- This great arm of Lake Huron, almost rivallng the lake itself in extent, is a wildly romantic body of water. Its mothern and eastern shores are particularly

## Muskoka Georgian Bay Navigation Co. THE HIGHLANDS OF ONTARIO, CANADA. <br> THE

LAKE REGION
OF
MUSKOKA
POSSESSES
UNSURPASSED
ADVANTAGES
Excellent Raizuay and
FOR
HOLIDAY
OUTings TO ALL

CLASSES
OF THE COMMUNITY.
(Gravenhusst), Twice Daily,
M. and 9.30 P . M., also with Muskok min station) at 8.30 ing at 10.35 A. 11 .

With trains leaving HAMILTON daily (via Allude)
6.40 A . M., and Toronto at 0.20 A , a also (via Allandale) at

Toronto), connecting with Pacific Express. at 6.55 P. M. (via
I. S. PLA IYFAIR, Pest. Cards apply to the Ascents of the Grand Trunk Railway.
Unique . . .

## . . . Durable

No Encasement
Every Part Exposed
Price Moderate

## WRITE FOR PARTICULARS

- . THE . . .

Toronto Steel-Clad Bath and Metal Co. (limited)
t. G. B00 TB, Sec,-Treas.

- 23 Queen Street East, TORONTO, ONT.

Fir further particulars as to Rates and Time Curls classes of the community


Passengers via Night Express can remain in the sleeping car at Muskoka Wharf until 7.15 A. M. and breakfast on board the morning Steamer leaving for up the lake at 7.15 A. M. Passengers arriving pe Mall Train and Muakoka Express will find dinner awaiting them on
board the Steamers. board the Steamers.
-rIding and boarding-house accommodation has been generally ex tending and improving to suit the various tastes and circumstances of
all classes of the comp

The STEEL=CLAD BATH.

BRANCH WAREHOUSES:

- 706 Craig St., Montreal.
- 56 Beekman St., New York, N. Y.

PATENTED IN . . Canada, United States, . . England, Australia.

attractive, the waters here being thickly studed with islands, while mumernus coves, bays and inlets contrimuta to the fertuons windings of the chamels in the sondrous archipelago, and to the picturespueness of the scenery. The islands in the bay are not less that 25,000 in number, and range in size from the merest dot on the water to the Great Manitoulin, many miles in extent. They also present a picturesque variety as to their general apparance. Some are bare and rocky; others are clothed with verdure to the very water's corHere, one rises alrupily in castellated pimacles, and anon another is densely wonded, with inviting shades, offering delightful shelter to the camper.

The steamers of the Muskoka and Georgian bay Navigation Company afford a delightful trip among this charming scenery, connecting with the Grand Trunk trains at Midland and Penetanguishene for Parry Sound, passing through Indian Harlor, 1avid's Bay, Moose Bay, Starvation Bay, and several narrows. From here, the journey may be extended to Point aux Baril, Byng lulet and French River,

frencif river, mear eagle's nest clify. returming thence to starting point, or to Coliingwood, where direct comection may be made fc, Torontr and Hamilton, by rail.

If a longer journey by water is desired, the trip along the north shore to Sault St. Marie and Mackinac island, is one worthy of high commendation. This is accomplished by the steamers of the North Shore Navigation Company, and of the Great Northern Transit Company, hoth of which liees are finely cupuippel for this
 service. The hoats touch at the principal ports along the north shore and on the large islands, and the passengers tind frequent opportunities of enliveming the trip by a run on shore, or a flying visit to some of the many points of interest to be found on the journey.

The round trip from Collingwood, Meaford or Wiarton, occupies about six days, and as the ticket includes meals and berths, the appetizing intluence of the lake breezes and the excellence of the cuisine conspire to make the journey one of both health and pleasure as well as mexpensiveness.

## HENDRIE \& C®.

AGENCIES:
Toronto, . . Canada.
Chatham, . . "
St. Thomas


ESTABLISHED 1855

## AGENCIES:

St. Catherines, Canada.
Grand Rapids, . Mich.
Milwaukee, . . Wis.

## CARTAGE AGENTS

For the Grand Trunk Railway Co. of Canada and its Connectlons in the United States.

## CONTRACTORS

For Construction of Steam railiroads and Electric street rail.ways.
HORSE CAR LINES reorganized and fully equipped with the Most Approved ELECTRIC SYSTEMS for STREET RAILWAY SERvice.
Head Office tor Canada: HAMILTON, ONT. WM. HENDRIE

Head Office for United States: DETROIT, MICH. GIO. HENDRIE.
$\overline{I m P E R I A L}$ Oil Company, HEAD OFFICE, $\qquad$ $-$

## Refineries, Lubricating and Paraffine Works,

Petrolia. Canada. railway oils a specialty. ST. JOHN, N. B.
MONCTON, N. B.
halifax, n. s.

QUEBEC.
-BRANCHES:
montreal. gingeston.

TORONTO.
LONDON.
winnipeg.
VANCOUVER, B. C.

## SOME CANADIAN CITIES.

## THEIR AITRACTIONS FOR SUMMER fOURISTS FROM THE States of elsewhere.

, MICH.

## $Y$



HE visitor to Canada from the States will find much to interest in the thriving cities of the Dominion. In some of these he will find a marked contrast " the sities over the border; in others, equally marked similarity; ln still others, a striking contrast in different sections of the same city. The latter is particularly true of some of the older cities, in which the mark of progress is being felt, and there seems to be a stru sle tor supremacy between the ancient and the modern,

Hamilton.-At the extreme western end of Lake Ontario, on its high terraced shores, stands the city of Hamilton. The approach from the lake presents a striking picture, while the view of the city from the railway trains, in either direction, is almost equally picturesque. The surrounding country is quite elevated, and from the higher portions of the city the streets slope gradually to the water's edge, while across from the city lies the broad expanse of Burlington Beach, five miles in length, and from 600 to 1,000 feet wide. Still beyond, meeting the sky in the dim distance, are the blue waters of Ontario. Burlington Bay, protected by the long beach, forms the yuiet harbor of Hamilton, adding much to the commercial importance of the city, which is also highly favored with railroad facilities, heavy manufacturing enterprises, and valuable surrounding agricultural resources.

The scenery in the vicinity of Hamilton, as viewed from the railway trains, is especially attractive. The view on the following page is one among the many which delight the eye of the lover of the beautiful, and the visitor will find the drives in all directions from the city to be very attractive. Dundas valley, a few miles west of Hamilton, is one of the most picturesque spots in Canada, and a comprehensive view of its charms may be had from the trains of the Southern division, as they wind around the mountain side. The roadbed is cut in the side of the mountain, which iowers up far above the track on the one hand, while on the other side lies the charming valley, with the town nestling arıong the trees. As the train winds its way around the side of the mountain, glimpses of the valley are given here and there, and at the "summit" the whole scene is spread out in panoramic beauty, affording a picture of surpassing loveliness.

St. Catharines.-Twelve miles from Niagara Falls, pleasantly situated on the Welland Canal, is the thriving city of St. Catharines. A mineral well of large capacity, and recognized remedial value, has given the place a wide reputation and the title of "the Saratoga of British North America." it has fine hotels, and the surrounding country is more than ordinarily attractive from a scenic , wint, and visitors are thus entertained while "taking their medicine" from the nuineral well.

London. - Western Ontario has for its chief city an aspiring imitator of its great namesake, having a River Thames, a Hyde Park, a St. Paul's church, and other interesting names borrowed from over the Atlantic. It is a progressive city of some forty thousand people, and with several quite extensive manufacturing interests.

Ottawa. - The political capital of the Dominion is a point of interest, both from its importance as a city and from the beauty of the scenery which surrounds it. Some of the most picturesque landscapes in Canada are to be found in its vicinity, and the drives about the city and its suburbs are more than ordinarily attractive. The government buildings are magnificent, occupying a site of four acres, on the river bank, and are built in the italian gothic style. The view they present from the river is picturesquely beautiful.


## IMAGE EVALUATION TEST TARGET (MT-3)



Photographic Sciences



## The Adirondacks and Other Resorts.

The Adirondacks are reached by severall routes. Dealing first with the route of the Delaware \& Hudson Railroad, the inception of the journey is by way of Montreal; thence by trains of the 1). \& H., starting from the Bonaventure station of the Grand Trmk Railway, Montreal, by way of Rouse's Point and Plattshurg. This line also reaches the Catskill Mountain region, and forms a link in the route between Montreal and New York.

A fine illustrated book of the Adirondacks, Lake Champlain, Lake George, Saratoga, and the resorts reached via the Delaware \& Hudson Railroad, has been pullished by the passenger department of that company. it is called "The D. \& $I I$ " and a copy will he mailed free to any address, upon application to J. W. Burdick, There is also to
Bonaventure station of the Grand Trunk Rail of the Central Vermont Railroad, whose trains also start from the Fort Ticonderoga.

Then, again, there is the route of the Ot which connects with the trains of the Grand Thurg \& Lake Champlain Division of the Central Vermont line, Navigation Company, at Ogdensburg, N. Y. (opposite Railway, and the steamers of the Richelien \& Ontario Adirondacks lies by way of Norwood (M. (opposite Prescott, Ontario), and whose route to and through the way). Leaving the line at Norwood, we come to Northern Adirondack Railway for Paul Smith's; thence on twenty-two miles east, whlch is the junction of the and St. Albans, where the route joins the main ine from Mrough Malone and Chateaugay to Rouse's Point

Eastward from the Adirondack System, and mosily with Montreal for Burlington, Fort Ticonderoga, etc. attractive summer-resort country, known usually as the within the State of Vermont, is some very heautiful and Vermont Railroad System. It is very pleasantly described in Mountains, and which is reached by the Central titled "Green Mountain By-Ways," a copy of which will be a recent publication issued by that company, ento S. W. Cummings, General Passenger Agent of the Central Vermonter of charge to any person on application also deals with the Adirondack region, Lake Champlain the south and west sides of the White Mountain Chain Lake George, as also Falbyans and the resorts on connection with the Central Vermont Line." This corpany rwis by way of Montpelier and Wells River in Trunk and Chicago \& Grand Trunk Railways.

The Rangeley Lake region, and the coumtry way of prolitic hunting and fishing grounds, a delight, offers unusual attractions to the summer tourist in the accommodations. The sportsman will find this a veritalle summer climate, and goxil hotel and boarding-house It may be of interest to the reader to veritalle paradise. Columbian Exhibition, is the western terminus of the the City of Chicago, the site of the great World's way line from the Atlantic seaboard to Chicago, and Grand Trunk System, which is the only continuous railfair.
unusual facilities to visitors to the great notice, which it would have been a pleasure to exceeded, and many localities have received only a passing altogether, as only the most noted and prominent coulbe more fully. Others have necessarily been omitted and also other points of interest reached by the Grand receive attention. Full iuformation as to these resorts, publications. The pamphlet, "Summer Resorts," which Trunk System, may be obtained from the Company's gives complete information as $t$ ' routes, rates of fare may be had of the Company's agents on application, to the summer tourist.

## G. P. MAGANN <br>  <br> 174 King St. East, TORONTO, CANADA. Branch Office and Mills, SOUTH LYONS, MICH., U. S. A. <br> Railway Contractor,

- . Makes a Specialty of

RAILWAY
-. TIES,


## WHITE OAK for Car Building, Etc.

And all other Kinds of LUMBER and TIMBER

Required for RAILWAY and BRIDGE Purposes

East,

TROY FIRE BRICK WORKS.

## Ostrander Fire Brick Company,

TROY, NEW YORK.


Tile, Blast Furnace Blocks, Stove Linings, Locomotive Arch Blocks, and Special Shapes The FIRE BRICK ARCH BLOCKS
their Locomotives, are Grand Trunk Railway Co., of Canada, foMINERS OF FIRE 309 and 3II Second St., below Cana! Ave.,

AND FIRE SAND.

- © GONTIENTS ©



| I'agr. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21 | Montrcal to the Mountain | Patik. |
| $2{ }^{22}$ | The Seashure Mnuntain | 69.6\% |
| 23-29 | The White Monintai | 67.71 |
| $31 \cdot 39$ 11.45 | Muskoka Lakex nnd Geo | 73.77 |
| 47.48 | lome Canalian Cities | 18.83 |
| 49.67 | The Afirondack | 86 |
|  |  | 87 |

 The White M
Muskeka Lakkes nnt Georgian Bay
lurington Bay
T

Alphabetical Index of Advertisers.




Pank.
Portland Strain Paeket Company Pasik. Portland Stonewara Cumpmany Proctot Juhn, \& Co Rumpany f'ulkom \& A, \&team Pumilway Suppliea Pvke, :" W. \& Co., Iron and Stry
()uphency) : Quebee and Lake St. John Railwny
Quebee Steamahip Complen quevec Steamahip Company Rathban, Gen
Reed, Gen. W., Building Contractor Richelien and i, Ronfer
Rose, Johy intario Asvigation Coming Rumball, F. \& Co., Hardware . Scanlan, Jas. T., Cardwood Limmber Shedden Company, Cart, Colors, etc Steward Hompeny, Cartage -
Strachan \& Co.
Sturgeon Bay Milla, Gitt Edge" Sonj $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Trironto Steel.Clin, Lumber } & 60 \\ \text { : } & 18\end{array}$
pany Steel-Chal 1 ath and Metel Com.

## 


[^0]:    

