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# The Standard.

## OR RAILWAY AND COMMERCIAL RECORD.

E variis tumendum est optimum.—Cic.

No 16 SAINT ANDREWS, N. B., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20, 1853. [Vol. 20]

### LAW RESPECTING NEWSPAPER

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### European Intelligence.

#### THREE DAYS LATER FROM ENGLAND.

The steamship Europa arrived at New-York on Saturday 9th inst. with Liverpool dates to 26th March.

The market for breadstuffs continued inanimate, but no change in prices.

There is no particular news of interest; almost the only item is the settlement of the dispute between Russia and Turkey.

A terrific explosion took place in a coal pit near Wigan on the 23d. From 30 to 40 persons were killed.

The weather was unpropitious for crops, and sowing was much behind the usual time.

Cotton unchanged, but not quite so firm.

Madia, the Italian who was imprisoned by the Tuscan Government, is said to have become insane.

A full pardon has been granted by Radetzky to all concerned in the Milan insurrection.

FRANCE.—Beyond the alarm caused by the anticipated outbreak between Russia and Turkey, and which has now somewhat subsided, nothing of moment has occurred.

French funds have again advanced.

AUSTRIA.—Haynau's funeral procession moved through Vienna on the 17th towards Gratz, where he was to be buried.

Three of the Arch Dukes and other Austrian noblemen followed the body. Haynau has written a history of the Hungarian Campaign; the manuscript has been found among his papers, and will be published.

Several of the students of the University of Prague have been sentenced to be beaten with rods, for making wanton demonstrations in favour of Kossuth.

ITALY, LOMBARDY, AND PIEDMONT.—From Milan, 17th inst., it is announced that three persons had been executed for their share in the insurrection of 6th Feb. Five others had been condemned nominally for robbery, but in reality on the same grounds.

Of these five, three also had been hanged.—3000 stand of arms had been discovered secreted in a forest along the Ticinese frontier, and twenty persons are under arrest on suspicion of having placed them there.

The Parliament mentions that the refugees sent out to Genoa were nine in number. At Ferrara three persons had been executed for offences; ten others had been committed to death, but the sentences of seven had been commuted.

The Hungarian Garrison in Ancona is to be changed, as the soldiers are very much dissatisfied; so much so that it is thought the regiment will be disbanded from the Austrian service.

SWITZERLAND.—The brother of Capt. Ericsson has patented for him his calorific discovery.

Sale of the late Mr. Webster's Live Stock. The live stock of the late Hon. Daniel Webster, consisting of the cattle of the Alderney, Devonshire, Hereford, and Yorkshire breeds, sheep, horses, &c., was sold at auction by order of the executors, yesterday, at Marshfield, by Col. Thompson, of this city.

Many of the best specimens were bought in for the use of the farm by James W. Paige, Esq., but yet the number sold for removal from the premises was large. The buyers were mainly rich experimental farmers, and they paid high prices. The horses which were given to Mr. Webster by his New York admirers, in 1850, were sold for about \$400, and were purchased by Col. Thompson.

The number of persons present at the sale was quite large.—[Bos. Courier, 7th.]

RAILROADS IN MAINE.—In Maine there are 1070 miles of railroad authorized, 412 of which are built. The 412 miles in operation have cost over twelve millions of dollars, and when fully completed will carry the aggregate of expenditures as high as \$30,000 per mile. Ten millions of this expenditure have been made within the last five years—or a sum equal to two millions per annum has in that time been applied to the building of railroads in Maine.

A MISTAKE.—It is quite a mistaken idea, that a woman cannot keep a secret—nobody can so well. Trust her but with half, or try to keep it from her altogether, and she is sure to betray you, because her pride prompts her to find out what you wish to conceal, and then her vanity induces her to tell what she has found out; and this in order to show her power of discovery. Trust all to her, and she will never betray you; but half a confidence is not worth having.

CHURCH MUSIC.—Rev. John Cumming, D. D., an English clergyman, in his treatise on "Music, and its relation to Religion," makes the following remarks relating to the comparative value of the church organ and the human voice. He writes as if he thoroughly understood the subject, and his ideas

seem to us replete with good sense. We commend them to the attention of our readers.

"You have excommunicated the violin and consecrated the organ, and, like many kindred papal canonizations and curses, on very unsatisfactory grounds.—But the organ, grand as it is, is nothing to the human voice.

The Old Hundred, given by all the voices in this hall, is grander without than with the organ. The organ, in short, to express its true value, is a good auxiliary to bad congregational singing; but, like the use of a crutch, too long used it prevents our walking without it; or, like an ear trumpet too much had recourse to, it renders us unable to hear without it. The human voice alone is the wonderful organ. Intellect is visible through the eye; but the soul reveals itself in the voice. Man's soul is audible, not visible, as God gave an apocalypse of himself of old, not in the blazing fire, nor in the bursting earthquake, but in the still small voice." The sound of the voice alone betrays the flowing of the inner and inexhaustible fountains of the soul, otherwise inappreciable to man. Mercury may have made the lyre, Apollo the flute, Jubal the harp and organ; but God made the human voice, and the instrument shares in something of the perfection of the Maker.

• • • Nor do I wish to encourage a mere musical exhibition before the congregation. I want the whole congregation to be one grand choir, each member taking his part; and for this purpose there ought to be four leaders instead of one. I want not an organ to listen to, nor a choir for it to applaud; but one or other, just to sustain, lead, and regulate the congregation."

Arrest and Delivery to Canadian Authorities. We learn from the "Times," that the Sheriff of Kent county in Canada, together with officer Sprague, yesterday arrested a man accused of having stolen \$2000 from a colored woman in Chatham.

On searching him they found \$1,800 of the money secreted about his person. He was taken across the river and delivered to Her Majesty's officers to be sent to Chatham. We are informed that this man formerly owed the woman whom he had robbed, and had sold her on two occasions while living in the South; that she, finally obtained her freedom and removed to Illinois, where she purchased a small farm and where he, having become poor in circumstances, came and lived with her as her husband; that to get rid of him, she sold her farm at a large advance on its cost and removed to Chatham, where he again overtook her, and after living with her for a short time she was taken ill, when he robbed her of her money, found on him when arrested here.

The facts connected with the above case exhibit one of those rare vicissitudes of life, wherein the slave becomes the master of his former owner.—Detroit Advertiser.

### THE SIN AND FOLLY OF SCOLDING.

"Fret not thyself in any wise to do evil."—Psalm xxiv. 2.

1. It is evil, and only evil, and that continually. David understood human nature and says, "Fret not thyself in any wise to do evil." That is, if you cannot speak without scolding keep silence.

2. IT DESTROYS AFFECTION.—No one ever did endure or ever will love an habitual fretter, fault-finder, or scolder. Husbands, wives, children, relatives, or domestics, have no affection for the peevish, fretful, fault-finders. Few tears are shed over the graves of such. Persons of high moral principle may tolerate them—may bear with them.—But they cannot love them more than the sting of nettles, or the noise of mosquitoes. Many a man has been driven to the tavern, and to dissipation, by a peevish, fretful wife. Many a wife has been made miserable by a peevish fretful husband.

3. IT IS THE BANE OF DOMESTIC HAPPINESS.—A fretful, peevish, complaining, fault-finding person in a family, is like the continual chafing of an inflamed sore. Woe to the man, woman, or child, who is exposed to the influence of such a temper in another. Five-tenths of all domestic trials and unhappiness spring from this source.—Mrs. D. is of this temperament. She wonders her husband is not more fond of her company.—That her children give her so much trouble. That she cannot secure the good will of young people. The truth is, she is fretful and peevish. Children fear her, and do not love her. She never yet gained the affection of a young person, nor never will till she leaves off fretting.

4.—IT DEFEATS THE END OF FAMILY GOVERNMENT.—Good family government is the blending authority with affection so as to secure respect and love; indeed, this is the great secret of managing young people.—Now your fretters inspire fear, but they al-

ways make two faults where they correct one. Scolding at a child, fretting at a child, sneering at a child, taunting at a child, treating a child as though it had no feelings, inspires dread and dislike, and fosters those very dispositions from which many of the faults of childhood proceed.—Mr. G. and Mrs. F. are of this class. Their children are made to mind; but how? Mrs. F. frets and scolds her children. She is severe enough upon their faults. She seems to watch them in order to find fault.—She sneers at them—treats them as though they had no feelings.—She seldom gives them a command without a threat, and a long, running, fault finding commentary. When she chides, it is not done in a dignified manner. She raises her voice, puts on a cross look, threatens, strikes them, pinches their ears, slaps their hands, &c. The children cry, protest, sulk, and poor Mrs. F. has to do her work over pretty often. Then she will find fault with her husband, because he does not fall in with her ways, or chime with her as a chorist.

FROM CALIFORNIA PAPERS TO MARCH 16.

LOSS OF THE STEAMSHIP TENNESSEE.—The Tennessee left Panama on the 19th Jan., at 6:30 P. M. The Cortes sailed three hours previous. Arrived in Acapulco February 6th, at 7:30 A. M. The Cortes and Pacific in port. Sailed at 12:30 M. Pacific three hours previous, and Cortes one hour after.—February 27 to March 3. Cortes in sight.—March 5, passed the Pacific thirty miles southeast of San Miguel. The Tennessee was at the Heads at 1 A. M. on the morning of the 6th, and went ashore four and a half miles northward of the North Head, at 9:30.

The moment the danger was discovered, orders were given to back the ship, and though running slowly at the time, it was too late.—As soon as it was found that she would not back from the shoal water, headway was again given, to try, if possible, to clear it, but all to no purpose, the sea having almost entire control of her; a second and third attempt was made to back her.

During this critical time, the captain's presence of mind never forsook him.

The ship struck several times, and so heavily the first time that dishes were thrown from the table and broken. She rolled heavily for a short time. Almost as soon as she had struck, the first officer threw himself into the sea with a line, and swam for the shore; after reaching it he returned, in a nearly exhausted condition, to render that assistance which his position demanded.

Shortly after she had stopped, she swung broadside on, with her stern nearest the shore, which was high and dry at low water. The confusion and excitement when she first struck was great, but order was promptly restored.

As soon as the passengers were landed, sails, &c., for tents, were brought from the ship, and the passengers, with the exception of about one hundred, who had left for Saucelito, among whom were four ladies, were making preparations to adopt, for a short time, a camp life on the shore. Provisions, beds and bedding, were also furnished in abundance.

After the mails, &c. had been landed, the passengers held a meeting on shore, at which the captain, in reply to their high esteem for him, after reaching it he returned, in a nearly exhausted condition, to render that assistance which his position demanded.

The last accounts from the ship were, that she was going to pieces fast on account of the heavy surf.

The Tennessee had on board six hundred passengers, one hundred of whom were ladies and children—all saved.

FROM THE MINES.—Rush Creek.—The Marysville Express publishes a few facts concerning mining operations at this place, gleaned from a private letter:

"There are from fifty to seventy five men at work on this creek, and they are all doing a fine business—making from \$10 to \$20 per day each. They are a little cramped for provisions, but as the roads are becoming passable again, there is no danger of starvation. There is any quantity of country up there that will pay from \$6 to \$10 per day to the man, and I am under the impression there will be a crowd up here in the spring. On Rich, Indian and Smith's Bars, there is a good business done by those who are working; there are, however, but few people on the river. Several trains have succeeded in getting as far as Meadow Valley, and flour is worth 50¢ now, instead of \$1 50, as heretofore."

New and Rich Diggings.—New diggings have been discovered in a ravine near the lower end of the bar at Hess Crossing, on the Middle Yuba, and about five miles above where the middle flows into the main Yuba. The gold found in these diggings is in lumps varying from a few grains to half an ounce, and is free from quartz. The ravine promises to yield abundantly.

Curtisville Diggings.—Big Strikes.—The accounts from all the mining regions of the State, of the finding of huge lumps of gold, appear almost fabulous. The greatest excitement has yet been noticed seems to have been evoked at Curtisville, in some new diggings, where three Mexicans, in three days, took out thirty thousand dollars' worth of gold. Lumps "as big as bricks" are thrown out of these diggings almost every hour. It will be long, we think, before we shall chronicle an instance of good luck equal to the above.

TREMEMENDOUS CONFLAGRATION.—WEAVERVILLE BURNED.—The Santa Cruz Courier, of Tuesday March 5, gives the following account of the entire destruction of the town of Weaver-

"The fire broke out, about two o'clock yesterday afternoon, in the American House, and spread up and down the same side of the street with the rapidity of thought. From the Magnolia Saloon, it crossed over to the building immediately opposite, and then swept both sides of that street as far up as the Spanish Courthouse—a house of ill-fame. In the opposite to this from the American House, and upon the same side of the street only, it consumed every building to the Diana Saloon. Thus in a few hours, has almost of the most flourishing towns been almost consumed by fire."

We append a list of the losses hurriedly furnished us by Mr. Rowe. They may be somewhat incorrect in detail, but we are assured that in the aggregate the amounts will be found to be under, rather than over, the actual loss:

Property destroyed.—The American Hotel, owned by Mr. P. M. Eder & Bros., loss \$16,000; Building owned by Mr. Graham, 5,000; Post Office building, by Mr. Davidson, 3,000; Mr. Clifton's store and dwelling house, 9,000; Mr. McKenzie's dwelling house, 1,500; L. Delap & Co's store, 2,500; Spanish dwelling and barber shop, 1,000; a store house and goods, 1,500; a new bowling saloon, 2,500; Magnolia saloon, and 10,000; Clothing store adjoining, 1,000. Howe's large building, known as the Head Quarters, 3,000; Carpenter's shop, 1,000; Paint, shoe and blacksmith shops, 4,000; Dugle's meat market, 1,500; Union Hotel, by Lehman & Co., 8,000; gunsmith shop, 2,000; Mr. Van Meter's dwelling house, 3,000; two carpenter shops, 5,000; Wm. Woyet's blacksmith shop, 2,000; a two story dwelling house, with blacksmith shop in the rear, 5,000; Gallad & Isaac's clothing store, in front of the American Hotel, 4,000.

All the papers, &c., in the Post Office were consumed, the Postmaster barely having time to make his escape."

### CALENDAR FOR APRIL.

April, says the author of the "Mirror of the Moths," is spring—the only spring month we possess—the most juvenile of the months, and the most feminine—the sweetest month of all the year; partly because it ushers in May, and partly for its own sake, so far as anything else. It is worth two Mays, because it tells tales of May in every sigh; that it breathes, and every tear that it lets fall. It is the harbinger, the herald, the promise, the prophecy, the foretaste of all the beauties that are to follow it—of all the delights of summer, and all the "pinks, pinks, and pinks" of glorious autumn. It is fraught with beauties that no other month can bring before us and

"It bears a glass which shows us many more." Ah, April! April! this might have been thy character once, or in other climes, but we should scarcely recognize the portrait here. True, it has its flush of new green on the meadows, its crocuses, hyacinths, daffodils, and other gems of beauty; its gives us the first voice of the gentle birds, and a thousand awakenings of new life about us, but, all has it not its fierce winds, chilling frosts, snows and pelting storms from the eastern sky?

Teach us, April. Did it not send its heralds last year, the robin and the blue-bird, and sweet gales from the south, and ere their voice and fragrance had died away, the fierce North returned her way and poured her stores of icy winds and chilling snows into her lap. Where were the birds and the southern airs on the 7th of April, one revolution of the earth ago, when the roads were blocked with drifts, and the stone walls were out of sight?

But then we are thankful for April, fickle as it is, and couldn't well do without it, as it affords opportunity to make so many preparations for the busy season.

PLANS.—All the general plans of the farmers must be laid out now, if it has been neglected until this time. Do not enter the field by-and-by and wonder what crop you shall apply to this part or that, and hesitate whether you shall break up an acre or two in the hill or take another piece on the meadow. No, no, this is perplexing when the

day is waning and men and team are waiting.

So of the garden; take the plan in your hands when you carry out your seeds. Here is the spot for the beds, their length and width all laid down; the new pear trees are to occupy that vacant and sheltered spot in the south corner, the raspberries and straw-berries, the tomatoes, cucumbers and melons, the beans, peas and cabbages the early potatoes, corn, radishes and lettuce, all have their particular place assigned, and the mind is not distracted with the feeling that all must be done promptly, and yet it has not decided how to direct the operations.

Make as much garden as you can, it is the most profitable part of the farm. There is often more profit on a quarter of acre in garden than from 2 or 3 acres of the farm.—Get in early peas and potatoes. On the sunny side of a wall, spring up to briars and young bushes, clear up and put in seed for early potatoes; it is just such a spot as they like; the new earth is light and warm. You may have them by the 4th of July in perfection.

PRUNING.—The Messrs. ALLEN, in the American Agriculturist for 1842, page 65, say that pruning should be done "after that period when the excessive flow of thin and watery sap has subsided, and the leaves have fully matured, which happens in this latitude from 20th of June to the 15th of July." It is worth while to try this mode and see how it works. At any rate cut off no limbs in April!

Plowing.—Plow not while the soil is wet and mixes with mortar. It will take in lumps and remain so through the summer unless by dint of hard knocks they are broken up. Even though the season be late, it is doubtful whether any thing is gained by plowing before the ground is sufficiently dry to have it drop partially to pieces on its being turned over.

But plow deep—take hold a little lower than you did last year; an inch of yellow subsoil will soon become more than rich of black upper soil. Remember the proverb about having "corn to sell and keep."

The Acadian Recorder concludes a review of the past session of the Legislature of Nova Scotia in the following philosophical strain: "The observations of our contemporaries contain more truth than fiction."

"Nothing is more illusory than those prospects of great advantage to a people by discovery, or by legislation. Industry, sobriety, and perseverance, are the surest aids to honorable independence. Public places of trust, office and honor, may have attractions, and doubtless they have—may more, they are commendable incentives to laudable ambition—but, after all, it seems to us that the first and highest qualification for office, is the ability to live without it. Success in public life is but too much like success in private life. Each new acquisition increases the desire for further possessions, and after the giddy height becomes too much for poor human nature, the successful aspirant in a moment of triumph, reels and topples, and tumbles from the place it had cost him long, long years of toil to obtain."

One favorable season, a succession of good crops, will do more for the good of the Province than half a dozen of your successful Legislative Sessions. One lucky Mackarel season will bring more joy and gladness along our shores than a book full of Railroad Incorporations. A mild winter, an early spring, and a bountiful harvest, will add more to the public wealth than ten of your best Law Procedure Bills.

### A Soldier Drummed out of the Service.

From the British Whig 31st March.

Yesterday morning, a Private named Charles Martin, belonging to the Rifle Brigade, was drummed out of the Service in the customary disgraceful (to him) manner, in the Tete de Pont Barracks.

It would appear that this man, while confined in Jail for some civil offence last summer, applied to the Sheriff for permission to hang the Indian, Henry, his fellow prisoner, convicted of Murder, and as men of his stamp are rare to be met with, his services were accepted, and the disagreeable duty was done and paid for. This matter came to the ear of the Colonel of the Rifle Brigade, and as the man was still a prisoner when the Battalion left for Quebec, there was no disposition manifested to allow him to rejoin his regiment. Consequently he has remained in Kingston, confined to Barracks, ever since. Meanwhile application was made to the Horse Guards, and instructions were received to drum the fellow out, which as Col. Prince would say, was done accordingly. Owing to the kindness of Col. Young, who was present at the drumming, the fellow was allowed to escape out of the Back Gate of the Barracks, but had come out of the Front Gate, the crowd, waiting for his advent, many of them armed with sticks and stones, would not have allowed him to escape with his life.



## European Intelligence.

### ARRIVAL OF THE AMERICA.

The steamship America arrived at Halifax on Wednesday evening, with Liverpool dates to the 21st inst., and 98 through passengers. A prevailing subject of interest in England is revision of the Income Tax, and it is known that the Ministry cannot agree in their views respecting it.

A dinner and testimonial have been given to Sir George Grey at Alnwick, for his free trade exertions.

A slight shock of an earthquake was felt at Brecon, Wales, on the night of the 27th ult.

Another election riot has occurred at Blackburn.

The colliers at Glasgow have struck successfully for higher wages. Also the Liverpool Railway clerks; and the operations of the movement have extended to Manchester and most parts of the Country. At Southampton and elsewhere the merchants are entering into agreements with their clerks to remain with them for a certain number of years.

All classes of employees are receiving increased remuneration.

Sixty-four ships were up at Liverpool for Australia.

From Ireland the emigration sets chiefly to America.

A peace address from the London merchants has been presented to Louis Napoleon, which does not cause them to stand high in the public favour. Men of the John Bull stamp say they were but mean Englishmen who would kneel with a petition for peace at the feet of Louis Bonaparte.

The Canadian Company had held their annual meeting. Their affairs are flourishing. Surplus over the year's expenditure, £43,000.

Lemuel Dobbins, in the sperm oil and iron trade, has resumed payment.

Arrangements are completed by the anti-slavery committee to give Mrs. Stowe a public reception in Glasgow City Hall.

The steamship Great Britain, from Australia, arrived at Liverpool on the 2nd.

FRANCE.—The coronation has been postponed until August. The budget of the next year is much reduced by the Council of State. The proposed expenditure is within the income, with military and naval estimates placed so low as would indicate peace.

On the 25th, a deputation presented to the Emperor the address of the London Merchants expressing friendly feelings to France. The Emperor replied that he had faith in the good sense of the English people. That at the same time last year, he feared English opinion was misled respecting France. That he constantly laboured to develop the prosperity of France, and therefore, he said, like you, to draw closer the bonds which unite the two countries. The next day the Emperor received a deputation of the English Atlantic and Pacific Junction Company. Sir Charles Fox, President of the Company, explained the plans to the Emperor, who received them very warmly.

The Madiai are expected at Paris, where they will be met by a deputation of the London Bible Society.

Business is dull at Paris, both for manufacturers and storekeepers. At Nancy, and in the vine districts generally, inferior wines are lower, as are brandies.

RUSSIA.—A telegraph from Berlin says that a conspiracy had been discovered, and 20 persons arrested. Eighty houses had been searched, and arms and ammunition found. About 80 persons were arrested for wearing the Calabrian hat, a revolutionary symbol.

A disastrous fire had occurred at Cronstadt. All the principal timber wharves were burnt. Loss 600,000 roubles. Most of the houses in the timber trade suffer.

Armaments continue in the south of Russia, and stores for 15,000 men are said to be collected at Odessa.

AUSTRIA.—The Arch Duke Albert will take the place of Radetzky, in Italy.

GERMANY.—Matilda Hutzfeld, an American lady, apprehended recently at Hiedelberg, as an agent of the revolutionary committee, is condemned to six weeks imprisonment.

The Duke of Hesse Darmstadt, alarmed at the emigration going on, requests the neighboring potentates to arrest any of his subjects attempting to leave without his permission.

LOMBARDY.—A proclamation is published announcing an amnesty to all concerned in the recent troubles.

NAPLES.—From Genoa we have this despatch:—Rumours are rife of an insurrection in Palermo.

PERSIA.—A rumour is circulated in the Paris Bourse that Persia had broken off diplomatic intercourse with England, and sought the protection of Russia; but this requires confirmation.

AFRICA.—Via Madrid, it is announced that the Emperor of Morocco is dying, and disturbances are feared at his decease.

TELEGRAPH.—Telegraphic despatches from Constantinople, dated the 21st, announce the continuation of the conferences respecting the Holy Places, but present no clue to the ultimate result beyond the fact that the menacing attitude formerly assumed by Prince Menschikoff had given place to a more moderate and conciliatory tone.

Heavy commercial failures are reported at Smyrna, which will materially affect the commerce of the Zollverein.

The vines of Cephalonia are reported to be greatly affected by a alarming disease.

The Trieste Gazette states that the old Turkish party which at present preponderates in the Divan, is decidedly favorable to Russia, and that a treaty offensive and defensive, between the two countries, was in course of formation.

INDIA, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.—A despatch from Marseilles says that the Indian mail has China dates to the 10th, Rangoon to the 4th, and Calcutta to the 19th Feb. Rangoon had been almost totally destroyed by fire.

Australia dates per Calcutta steamship are to Jan. 15th, from Port Phillip. Accounts of Gold favourable. The miners at all the diggings number 400,000. Political state of the colony unsettled; the social condition is much worse. Trade at Sydney brisk; Flour £25.

The Van Diemen's Land Assembly refuses to vote the supplies unless England will promise to immediately abolish penal transportation to the Colony.

MARKETS.—The Liverpool Cotton market has advanced 1d on all descriptions of American, except the low qualities, which are partially 1d dearer. Sales of the week, 82,620 bales. Market closed with less buoyancy.

GRAIN.—The Corn market during the week was quiet. A fair request for wheat at previous prices, with partial sales at 1d lower.

Flour offered more freely at a decline of 6d to 9d. Indian Corn in fair request, chiefly for Ireland. Yellow being scarce sold at full price. The imports of breadstuffs were very small during the week.

It is said that the Baptist Missionary Society have determined to send ten additional missionaries to India, and that Mr. Feto, M.P., has engaged to give £1,000 a year for ten years and Mr. Gurney £500 a year for ten years in support of this object.

NEW DESCRIPTION OF STEAMERS.—A new description of steamer has commenced to ply on the Clyde, between Glasgow and Dumbarton. The peculiarity of her construction lies in her compactness, her paddles being much lower than her bulwarks; and, as her engine is on the rotary principle, it likewise occupies very little space.

The inventor, Mr. David Napier, says,—The advantages these engines have over others are, that they are more compact, consume about one-fourth less fuel, and require no engineer; the steamman, by a peculiar valve, moves the vessel ahead or astern, without communicating with any one. The furnace bars contain water, consequently the hot ashes, which are destructive to the common furnace bar, in this case tends to the production of steam. There is also a simple application of the fan to assist combustion.

FIRE AT SEA.—The burning of the British ship Governor Higginson, involving a loss of upwards of £36,000, took place on the night of the 27th of January last, in the Madras Roads, under circumstances which have led to a supposition that it was the act of part of the crew who were not Europeans, and who, it is said, displayed some ill-feeling after being shipped on board. The vessel belonged to Messrs. Blyth & Co., of London, and was 664 tons burden.

WRECK OF AN EMIGRANT SHIP.—On Saturday intelligence was received at Liverpool, that, at 10 o'clock that morning, a large Dutch vessel, called the Febro, had gone down on the Goodwin Sands. Immediately on the vessel striking, signal guns were fired and it being ascertained that she had 300 emigrants on board, the Deal boatmen and others put off in their luggers to render assistance and save the passengers. On reaching the vessel it was found that the sea was making a clear breach over her; and a line being got out, the women and children were dragged on board the luggers, and subsequently the men. Some of the latter, however, in their eagerness to escape, fell overboard, and were carried away by the sea. Six unfortunately perished. The remainder, however, were safely landed at Deal, where they received the most hospitable attention. Fortunately the weather moderated, and permitted the Deal boatmen to lighten the vessel by casting a considerable portion of her cargo overboard, and thus preventing her sinking into the sands; and it is hoped she will be got off with the flood. Unfortunately, however, in order to save the ship, the private effects of the poor emigrants have been nearly all sacrificed.

DEPARTURES FOR AUSTRALIA.—The departures from the port of London for the Australian colonies, during the past week, have again been numerous, but among them were several small vessels. They consisted of nine to Port Phillip, with an aggregate burden of 2899 tons; two to Adelaide, with an aggregate burden of 904 tons; one to King George's Sound, Western Australia, of 700 tons; one to Sydney, of 472 tons; and one to Hobart Town, of 221 tons. Their total capacity was consequently 5196 tons. Large shipments are still made of manufactured goods and general merchandise, but rates of freight show a further tendency to decline.

THE MARRIAGE BILL.—Dr. Rolph's Marriage Bill is exciting much anxiety amongst the sober minded and thoughtful portion of the people of Upper Canada. It is an Infidel, Socialistic affair, sought to be smuggled through Parliament; not only without being called for by the people, but without public discussion or the public knowledge. Let this vile measure be once adopted—let the sanctity of religion be expunged from the marriage rite—let the formality be nothing more—(as the Bill provides)—than a contract for the purchase of a cow, or the consummation of a partnership for mere commercial purposes; and what will be the result? Will not every year fill our Legislative Halls, and our law courts, with applications for divorce; and will not our whole country be plunged into a state of the most deplorable confusion and socialism? We call earnestly upon the members of the Legislature to pause ere they lend their sanction to the "delusion and snare" which the

"hoary-headed" Doctor has laid to entrap them. The title of the bill is a misnomer. It should have been named, "An Act to degrade Religion and to encourage Lust; by authorising every Warden, Mayor, Alderman and Justice of the Peace in Upper Canada, to secretly establish a GRETNA GREEN in his own house." (Toronto Patriot.)

## THE STANDARD.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20, 1853.

THE LEGISLATURE.—The labors of the "Collective Wisdom" is fast drawing to a close. Notwithstanding the oft-repeated statement, that "the present Session would be one of the greatest importance ever held in the Province," up to the present we have looked in vain for the important measures which were to be brought forward. The Election Bill occupied several days in discussing, and after all suits neither friend nor foe opposed to it. The principle of the Bill was sustained by a large majority. The only good feature in the Bill is the amendment introduced by Hon. Mr. Gray, rendering registration of voters necessary. A large number of grants have been passed in Supply, and we cannot help saying, that Charlotte County has not received anything like her proportion.

The House of Assembly has passed a grant of £150 to aid in the erection of a steamboat wharf at St. Andrews. Such a wharf is much required, as the present method of landing at the Market Slip, when it is low water, on the mud flats, is sufficient of itself to deter visitors landing here. We trust that the Commissioner for expending the money will select a convenient as well as suitable site for the erection of the proposed wharf.

Capt. Robinson moved for a sum for the erection of a steamboat wharf and landing in St. Andrews, at Light House point, in aid of individual subscription. Hon. Provincial Secretary made some objection. Capt. Robinson was surprised at the Hon. Secretary's questions—it appeared to him that there was a growing opposition in that House, to claims from the County of Charlotte. Hon. Secretary said his questions were to gain information. He had got that information from the gallant Captain, and as he always voted from principle, he would support the grant.

LICENCES.—Their Worship, at the General Sessions of the Peace held during last week, decided by a large majority to grant licences only until the 1st June next. We learn that for the last four years the County revenue derived from licences amounted to £150 per annum. What is to supply the deficiency in the revenue? The internal expenses of the County have, with strict economy, amounted to £400 per annum. The assessment for the present year is £2600. Where is the other £1600 to come from? Is it to be borrowed, and added to the County debt, and year after year, a Bill brought into the House of Assembly to "pay off the County debt," which, without doubt, will lose nothing in amount by delay. Let us not be misunderstood: we advocate a strict compliance with the law—as it is, probable the "liquor law" will go into effect in June; but how is the falling off in the County funds to be made up?

SEA BATHING.—One of the most delightful situations to be found in this Province, certainly not excelled if equalled, is within ten minutes' walk of St. Andrews—near the old Pottory on Joe's Point road. The place is well known to invalids who have visited this town for the benefit of pure air and bathing. The beach is hard, composed principally of pebbles and clear sand, and the situation as romantic as it is beautiful. At a trifling outlay commodious baths might be erected, with the usual appurtenances, and there cannot be a doubt but many persons would be induced to visit St. Andrews during the summer, for the purpose of enjoying the luxury of sea bathing, breathing the pure air, and partaking of the hospitalities of the place. The baths could be built in a short time, and fitted up in proper style, and would pay. Who will move in the matter?

The Quebec Morning Chronicle, of the 11th inst., says,—We are sorry to learn that His Excellency the Governor-General is laboring under an attack of erysipelas.

The Bible in the British American Colonies.—Under this heading the London Standard copies from our columns the greater part of Rev. W. Elder's Speech at the late meeting of our Auxiliary Bible Society. The Standard introduces the quotation with the complimentary remark that "the speech will be read with interest by the many friends whom the Rev. William Elder's truly estimable qualities secured him while a member of our Society."

## NEW-BRUNSWICK.

### PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

#### HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

Thursday, April 14.

The House was again occupied with the Election Bill. Mr. Cutler moved an amendment to the first section to the effect that all Public officers enjoying emoluments be disqualified from holding seats in the House of Assembly. The amendment was defeated 24 to 9.

Mr. Johnson moved an amendment to the effect that all Deputy Treasurers, Excise Officers, and all engaged in collecting the revenue, Clerks of the Peace, Registrars, Supervisors of Roads, Commissioners of Public Works, all Government Commissioners and Contractors be excluded from being members of the Assembly. Negatively by a vote of 24 to 11.

Mr. Cutler then moved a resolution to the same effect as his first amendment, making some exceptions.

Questions of order arose—much recrimination and excitement followed—the motion was denounced as factious by those who supported his amendment and the amendment of Mr. Johnson—and three hours were thus foolishly wasted.

This vote was at length taken, and the amendment was negatived—31 to 4—seven of its friends voting against it as factious—the majority being Messrs. Cutler, Johnson, Barberie, and Botsford.

The first chapter then passed, and progress was reported.

April 15.

The Election Bill all day under consideration. Needham proposed an additional member for every County and for City of Fredericton, lost. Taylor moved a member for Kings and York, Wilnot Goddard and one or two others voted in favour. Section then passed without amendment. Smith proposed amendment for Biennial parliaments, few supported, lost. Needham proposed universal suffrage, lost, yeas—Needham, Cutler, and Thomson. Harding proposed franchise be extended to persons on £25 real property or 250 pound personal, a long discussion followed—only Harding, Needham, Johnson, Smith, Botsford, Hatheway, English and McPherson supported.

Parlietow declared he wished it known that he is in favour of Ballot and franchise extended to persons assessed on real estate, but opposed to extension without the Ballot and would prefer the existing law; he wished the question of Ballot tried. Botsford proposed the Ballot, a fresh discussion. Gray pressed the necessity of registration, &c. Thompson argued that the Ballot would necessarily lead to universal suffrage.

For the Ballot—Speaker, Parlietow, Botsford, Smyth, Barberie, Williston, Rice, Ryan, Purdy, English, McPherson, Gilbert, Needham, Cutler, Hatheway, Harding, McLeod, Johnson, 18.

Against—Street, Wilnot, Gray, Thompson, Montgomery, Porter, Read, Lewis, Robinson, Jordan, Boyd, Hayward—17. Scullar in the Chair.

Gray then moved an amendment rendering registration necessary. Sustained by a large majority.

Taylor then proposed the Bill be postponed. Barberie seconded. Wilnot said he would oppose the Bill while Ballot is in it. Progress reported.

Parlietow brought in a Bill to amend the Currency Bill.

Committee of accounts reported on the accounts of the Penitentiary and Lunatic Asylum.

The Agricultural Committee reported. Several entries in Supply Book.

We have seen a plan in the hands of Mr. Thompson, the Engineer of the St. Andrews and Quebec Railroad, which exhibits upwards of thirty-five miles of the road graded, and about ten traversed by a locomotive. [Fredericton Reporter.]

### NOTICE.

HEREBY forbid all persons purchasing, or in anywise interfering with the piece of Land advertised at Sheriff's sale, lying between the road leading to St. Andrews and the Waverley river, extending from the first rocky point below the bridge near the mills to the Ross lot so called, excepting one acre sold to Abernathy, and also a building now a lath machine, formerly a carding machine, with the privilege of drawing water from the pond for the same; it being bequeathed to my wife Sarah, and her heirs, by her father, the late Samuel Connick in his will, and Mrs. Sarah Connick has no interest or claim or pretends to have to the same.

JAMES McKENNY.

April 16, 1853.

CROWN LAND OFFICE, April 6, 1853.

THE Petitions of the undermentioned persons, to purchase land under the Labour Act, are complied with, but subject to a condition which will be inserted in each Grant, that any ground hereafter required for the Line or Stations of any Railway, may be taken without compensation; and no Commissioner under the said Act is to allow work to be done in payment for any Land at present in the occupation of any other person.

Charlotte.

James Ash, Joseph Newell, Thomas Peel, Patrick Nowlan, William Boggs, Patrick Shea, James A. Dexter, Alexander Sinclair, John Farry, John Sinclair, William Hickey, Thomas Steen, Thomas Ind, James Woodin, John Lee, Richard Woodin, John Mulveney.

ROBT. D. WILNOT, Sur. Gen.

NOTICE.

THE Stockholders of the Charlotte County Bank, will meet at their Office on Monday the 21st May, at noon, to elect Directors and take into consideration such business as may be laid before them.

J. ROYGER, Cashier.

C. C. Bank, 23 Apr. 1853.

## TO LET.

From the 1st May next;

THE COTTAGE at present occupied by Captain GREEN, with the Lot of Land attached. This House is most delightfully situated on the side of the Hill and commands a view of the whole Bay.

Apply to G. D. STREET.

St. Andrews, April 20th, 1853.

Valuable Property for SALE.

THAT Property situated on the corner of Water and Wm. Henry streets, well known as "HAPPY CORNER," consisting of two lots, and one of the most eligible situations for business, in the Town of St. Andrews, will be sold at Auction, on TUESDAY, the 26th inst., at 10 o'clock, a.m., unless previously disposed of at private sale.

Terms made known at the sale.

A. KEITH, Per H. H. HATCH.

April 13, 1853.

Furniture, Furniture.

THE Subscriber has on hand and offers for Sale, Mahogany and Walnut CHAIRS; Mahogany, Walnut, Pine and Cherry BUREAUS; Mahogany, Walnut, and Cherry TABLES; Mahogany, Walnut, and Birch Bedsteads; Mahogany Sideboards; Mahogany and Walnut COFFEES and SOFAS; Hat Racks; Dressing TABLES; Walnut STANDS, &c. &c.

The above articles are made of the best Materials and by the best workmen, and cannot be surpassed in the Province.

UNDERSTANDING attended to, with Hearse and Palls.

MATTRESSES, CARPETS, BLINDS, &c., made at short notice.

ROBERT NISBET, Prince Wm. Street.

St. John, April 7.

KEITHS' ALE.

PERSONS requiring Keith's Ale, can obtain it, by making application to my agent, Mr. HARRIS HATCH, at St. Andrews.

April 12, 1853.

ALEX. KEITH, Halifax.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The Subscribers have this day entered into co-partnership, under the title and firm of Sinclair & Carey.

JAMES SINCLAIR, JAMES CAREY.

April 1, 1853.

Saddle, Collar & Harness MAKING.

THE Subscribers would respectfully announce to the Inhabitants of St. Andrews, and its vicinity, that they have commenced business next door to the Post Office, as

Saddlers and Harness Manufacturers, and trust that by attention to business, neatness of style and workmanship, in the manufacture of Harness, Saddlery, Fire Cuffs and Buckets, Hoses, and the various other branches in their line, to meet and receive a share of public patronage.

Orders executed with fidelity and despatch.

SINCLAIR & CAREY.

Water-street, St. Andrews, April 5, 1853.

NOTICE.

ALL HOUSEHOLDERS in St. Andrews, who are not provided with BUCKETS and LADDERS, on or before the 1st May next, will be prosecuted according to Law.

By Order of the FREEWALDS.

St. Andrews, April 1, 1853.

CROWN LAND OFFICE, March 29, 1853.

LEASE for three years of the Sea Wall in front of Dark Harbour. Grant Manan, will be offered for sale by Deputy Maitland at Saint Andrews, at noon on Tuesday the 4th day of May next.—Upset price, one pound per annum, to be paid on the 4th day of May in each year in advance.

(5w) R. D. WILNOT, Sur. Gen.

Boston & New York Packet.

The subscriber thankful for past favours, begs leave to inform his Mercantile friends and the Public generally, that he has purchased this new and splendid

SCHOONER J. C. WAID, 125 tons, copper fastened and well found, and will run regularly between St. Andrews, Boston and New York, as a Packet.

This vessel being a quick sailer, and having good accommodations for Passengers, and ample room for Freight, the undersigned trusts, by punctuality and despatch, to receive a continuance of that patronage hitherto given him.

For freight or passage apply to James W. Street, Esq. or to

JAMES CLARK, Master.

St. Andrews, April 6, 1853.

TO LET.

And possession given immediately.

THAT neat little COTTAGE, situate in the Church Block, adjoining Capt. Balson's residence; the house is adapted for one or two small families.

ALSO, The large SCHOOL HOUSE, which might be used as such, or converted into a neat dwelling, with the LOT attached, adjoining the Methodist Chapel. For terms, &c. apply to

D. BRADLEY.

St. Andrews, March 30, 1853.







**SHERIFF'S SALES**  
To take place at the Court House,  
Real Estate of James Hatt  
D. Sarah Connick and  
Thos. K. Connick  
June 25

To be Sold at Public Auction on Saturday  
the 10th day of September next, at twelve  
o'clock, at the COURT HOUSE in St.  
Andrews.

All the right, title, interest, claim and  
demand of JAMES HATT, of it  
and to the following Property, viz:  
All that certain piece, or parcel of land,  
situated on the Western side of L'Evang  
river, being lots numbers 6 and 7 granted  
to Francis Hatt in the second division of  
the grant to Neil M. Nichol and associates,  
trusting on L'Evang river, bounded north-  
easterly by lot No. 5 in the aforesaid grant,  
north westerly by the rear line of the said  
second division and south westerly by the  
lot No. 5, lately granted to Archibald  
McVicar, and containing in both lots 216  
acres, with ten per cent. allowance.

The same having been seized and taken  
to satisfy an Execution issued out of the  
Supreme Court, at the suit of Samuel G.  
Andrews, endorsed to levy \$300 and 11/2  
cents interest thereon from the 8th day of  
February, 1852, till paid, and also \$5 11/2  
cents, for memorial and postage, besides  
Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOS. JONES,  
Sheriff of Charlotte.  
Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews,  
Feb. 14th, 1853.

To be Sold at Public Auction on Saturday  
the 25th day of June next, at twelve  
o'clock, at the COURT HOUSE in  
St. Andrews.

All the E-state, right, title and interest  
of SARAH CONNICK and THO.  
MASK CONNICK, in and to the follow-  
ing described lands, privileges and pre-  
mises, situate at and near to Waveig, in the  
County of Charlotte, to wit:

The Farm Lot purchased by Samuel Con-  
nick, deceased, from William McKay, con-  
taining 330 acres more or less, and on which  
John K. Connick now resides; also that  
part of the Jones lot so called, lying on the  
Western side of the River Waveig, in the  
said County, both above and below the main  
road leading to St. Stephen, which the said  
Samuel Connick died seized and possessed of.  
Also 100 acres of the land purchased  
by the said Samuel Connick from Colin  
Campbell, lying on the south side of the old  
Frederickton road, in the said County, and  
bequeathed by the former in his last Will,  
in reversion to his son Samuel. Also, all  
the land of which the said Samuel Connick  
died seized, and possessed, situate on the  
Eastern side of the Waveig river, in the  
said County on both sides of the Freder-  
ickton road, with the Buildings thereon.  
Also, the strip or gore of Land lying on the  
Eastern side of the said Waveig river below  
the bridge bounded Easterly by the road  
leading to St. Andrews, Southerly by the  
Ross Lot so called, in the Penobscot Grant,  
and Westerly by the said Waveig river,  
except one acre sold to the widow Aber-  
nethy. Also, the Carding Machine and  
Water Privilege joining the saw Mill of  
Waveig aforesaid, with the privilege of  
drawing water for the same. Also, the  
Saw Mill and Grist Mill above and near the  
Waveig Bridge, with all their privileges  
and appurtenances. Also, all the Lands  
which the said Samuel Connick died seized  
and possessed, lying on the Eastern side of  
the Turner's Ridge Road, consisting of the  
Meadow Lot so called, about 200 acres,  
one half of the Lot called the McKenney  
Lot; the remaining half of the Lot called  
the Fountain Lot; and the remaining half  
of the Razin Lot so called.

The same having been seized and taken  
to satisfy an Execution at the suit of Rich-  
ard M. Andrews, endorsed to levy  
\$51 9 9, besides Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOS. JONES,  
Sheriff of Charlotte.  
Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews,  
Dec. 18, 1852.

**BRANDY, GIN, TEA, &c.**  
Ex the "Industry" from Liverpool & "Sir  
Harry Smith" from London. The Subscri-  
ber has received.

51 Chests Congou Tea,  
4 Tierces Crush Sugar,  
1 Ton best white & Yellow Paints,  
3 Tierces Whiting,  
16 Boxes Tobacco Pipes,  
6 Do. best P-land Starch,  
1 Do. "Hills" best Patent Starch,  
65 Casks & Doz. ea. London B. Stout  
J. W. STREET.

**NOTICE.**  
THE Subscriber having closed his busi-  
ness at Chambock, requests all per-  
sons indebted to him to call and settle their  
accounts.  
N. SMART.

**Molasses, Sugar,  
Flour, &c.**  
Just received per the "Defiance" from Boston.  
20 Hhds. prime retailing MOLASSES,  
10 Hhds. Muscovado SUGAR,  
100 Bbls. Extra S'fine Canada FLOUR,  
10 do. do. Rye Flour,  
5 Bags CORN, &c. &c.  
Which will be sold low.  
Nov. 3, 1852. J. W. STREET.

**JUST RECEIVED.**  
Flour, Tea, Sugar, Molasses,  
Candles, Soap, &c. For sale low  
by  
JOS. WALTON.

**JUDSON'S  
CHEMICAL EXTRACT OF**

**CHERRY AND LUNGWORT,**  
FOR THE CURE OF  
Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Spitting  
of Blood, Night Sweats, Asthma,  
Liver Complaints, and  
CONSUMPTION.  
DO NOT NEGLECT IT.

**CONSUMPTION**  
Can be and has been cured in thousands  
of cases by this only certain remedy.  
It is a compound of medicinal herbs, and  
CHERRY AND LUNGWORT,  
and no remedy has ever before been discov-  
ered that will certainly

**CURE CONSUMPTION.**  
The most strongly marked and devel-  
oped cases of Pulmonary Consumption  
where the lungs have become diseased and  
altered and the case so utterly hopeless,  
as to have been pronounced by Physicians  
and friends, to be past all possibility of re-  
covery, and at times thought to be dys-  
pnoea, has been cured by this wonderful re-  
medy, and are now as well and hearty as ever.  
It is a compound of medicinal herbs which are  
peculiarly adapted to and essentially neces-  
sary for the cure of

**COUGHS-AND-CONSUMPTION.**  
Its operation is mild, yet efficacious; it  
loosens the phlegm which creates so much  
difficulty, relieves the cough, and assists  
nature to expel from the system all diseased  
matter by excretion, producing a most de-  
lightful change in the breathing and chest,  
and this, aided by the pre-eminence of the  
best medical men and the testimonials of  
kind sorrowing friends and Nurses, have  
failed to give the smallest relief to the  
consumptive sufferer.

**THOUSANDS OF CONSUMPTIVE**  
persons have been deceived in buying  
medicines which were said to be infallible  
cures, but which have proved only pallia-  
tives, but this medicine is not only a pallia-  
tive but a cure for ulcerated lungs. It con-  
tains no deleterious Drugs and one trial will  
prove its astonishing efficacy better than  
any assertions or certificates in curing con-  
sumption and all diseases of the Lungs,  
such as Spitting of Blood, Coughs, pains  
in the side and chest, night sweats, &c. &c.  
About 1000 certificates of almost miracu-  
lous cures, performed by this medicine,  
from some of the first Doctors, Clergymen  
and Merchants, have been sent us for this  
medicine, but the publication of them looks  
too much like Quackery, [will show them  
to any person calling at our office.] This  
medicine will speak for itself and enough  
in its own favour wherever it is tried.  
**Caution.**—This medicine is put up in a  
large bottle and you must find the name of  
Comstock & Brother, Proprietors, New-  
York, on the splendid Wrapper around the  
bottle. All orders must be addressed to  
Comstock & Brother, No. 9, John St.,  
New York.

**TO OWNERS OF AND DEALERS  
IN HORSES.**

**CARLTON'S FOUNDER OINTMENT.**  
For the cure of Founder, Spilt Hoofs,  
Hoof bound Horses, and contracted and  
Feverish Feet, Wounds, Bruises in the flesh,  
Galled Backs, Cracked Heels, Scratches  
Cuts, Kicks, &c., on Horses.

**CARLTON'S RING-BONE CURE.**  
For the cure of Ring Bone, Blood Spavin,  
Bone Spavin, Windgalls, and Splint—a  
certain remedy.

**CARLTON'S CONDITION POWDERS  
FOR HORSES AND CATTLE.**  
The changes of weather and season, with  
the change of feed, have a very  
great effect upon the blood and sinuous  
fluids of horses. It is at these changes, they  
require an assistant to nature to throw off  
any disorder of the fluids of the body that  
may have been imbibed, and which, if not  
attended to, will result in the Yellow Water,  
Leaves, Worms, Boils, &c. All of  
which will be prevented by giving one of  
these powders, and will at any time cure it  
when any symptoms of disease appear in  
time. They purify the blood, remove all  
inflammation and fever, loosen the  
skin, cleanse the water, and invigorate the  
whole body, enabling them to do more work  
with the same feed. The action of these  
powders is direct upon all the secretory  
glands, and therefore have the same effect  
upon the Horse, the Ox, the Ass, and all  
Herbivorous animals—all diseases arising  
from or produced by bad state of the blood,  
are speedily cured by use.

Who would be without a  
**HISTORY OF THEIR COUNTRY?**  
DR. FRANKLIN.

**NOW PUBLISHING**, in parts at 1s. 2d.  
or Division, handsomely bound, at  
9s. 4d. Each part a Division illustrated  
with several maps or highly finished steel  
engravings.—John Tallis & Co., 97 & 101  
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*The History of England*, from the text of  
Hume & Smollett to the reign of George 3d.  
thence continued to include the fall of Mon-  
archy in Rome, and the Continental Revo-  
lution of 1848 to the exhibition of the in-  
dustry of all Nations in '51.—By Thos. Gas-  
pary, Esq.

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*The Universal Pronouncing Dictionary*.—  
By Thos. Wright, Esq.  
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eminent Personages of Great Britain.*  
*Hogarth's complete Works.*  
*Shakespeare, a beautiful illustrated edition,  
the best ever published.*  
*The American in Europe.*  
*Modern System of Fartory.*  
*History and description of the Chrysalis Pa-  
lar.*

*Goldsmith's Earth and Animated Nature*  
London Illustrated, or a complete Guide to  
the British Metropolis.  
With several other beautifully Illustrated  
Works.

**GEO. GAY,**  
Agent.  
The above Works are now publishing in  
semi-monthly parts, at 1s. 3d. each. Subscribers  
names received at this Office.

**SURROGATE COURT.**  
**COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.**  
In the matter of the estate of Daniel Cun-  
ningham late of the Parish of Saint  
David in the County of Charlotte, de-  
ceased.

**WHEREAS** Lachlan Doon adminis-  
trator of all and singular the  
goods Chattels and credits which were of  
the said Daniel Cunningham deceased at  
the time of his death, both this day filed  
his Account with the said Estate, and had  
prayed that the creditors and heirs of Kin  
of the deceased, and all persons interest-  
ed in the said Estate, may appear and state  
the passing and allowance to the said  
accountant.

**NOTICE** thereof is therefore hereby  
given, to all the Creditors and heirs of Kin  
of the said deceased, and to all persons inter-  
ested in the said Estate, and they are Agre-  
ed to appear before me at the Court of Pro-  
bate, to be held at the Office of the Regis-  
trar of Probates in Saint Andrews, in the  
said County of Charlotte, on Saturday  
the Tenth day of APRIL next, at the  
hour of one in the afternoon, to attend the  
passing and allowance of the Account of  
the said Administrator.

Given under my hand and the Seal of  
the said Court, this tenth day of  
December A. D. 1851.  
(Signed) H. HATCH  
Surr. Judge  
Geo. D. Street,  
Registrar of Probates.

**FRUITS &c.**  
Has just received a fresh supply of  
**FRUIT, SPICES &c.**  
among which are,

Boxes RAISINS, Zante CURRANTS,  
FIGS, APPLES, NUTS, CONFECTIONS  
SPICES, &c., 50 barrels CANADA FLOUR  
50 bags FRESH GROUND do.  
On board Schr. "SPRAY," lying at the market  
wharf.

60 Tubs Cumberland BUTTER, from 20lbs.  
and upwards.  
The above with a general assortment of Gro-  
ceries, will be disposed of at the lowest prices for  
cash.  
[December 24.]

**LAND FOR SALE.**  
FOR SALE, 250 Acres of Land, situ-  
ated on Pleasant Ridge, so called, in  
the County of Charlotte, being Lot No. 13  
on said Ridge. For particulars and a  
plan of said land, apply at the office of the  
subscriber in St. Andrews.

WILLIAM KER.  
Dec. 16, 1852.

**EX** the Libon from London, viz St  
John:  
10 Chests fine Congou Tea,  
4 Hhds. best Martell Brandy,  
6 Hhds. Pale Rotterdam Geneva,  
4 Boxes best blue Poland Starch,  
2 Casks D. & Martin's Japan Black-  
ing.

Also, to arrive per the Grace from Liver-  
pool—  
1 fine old PORT WINE,  
1 fine old Jamaica Rum,  
2 Hhds. old Port Wine.

20 Hhds. Best Cognac BRANDY  
5 Pipes of U. Vine Brandy  
Hhd. Brown Sherry,

**NOTICE TO PERSONS REQUIRING  
DOMESTIC SERVANTS.**

**GOVERNMENT EMIGRATION OFFICE.**  
St. John, N. B., 19th Nov. 1852.  
**A** COMMUNICATION having been  
received from Lord Courtenay,  
stating that there are in the Central Lon-  
don and North Surrey District Schools, a  
number of Children of both sexes, quali-  
fied, and many of them candidates for emi-  
gration.—It is requested that persons in  
all parts of this Province, who may desire  
to receive Children from 12 to 16 years of  
age, about May next, will give notice to  
the undersigned before the 20th December  
by letter pre-paid, stating the numbers, age  
and sex of such children as they may de-  
sire, and the nature of the employment for  
which they are required, in order that  
suitable arrangements may be made for the  
emigration to this Province of a sufficient  
number of those children next season.

M. H. FERGUSON,  
H. M. Emigration Officer.

Nov. 24—1m.

**NOTICE.**  
**WHEREAS** Licence to sell all the  
Real Estate of Nevin Thompson, late  
of Saint George in the County of Charlotte,  
yeoman, deceased, was, on the 25th day of  
September last past, duly granted by the  
Court of Probate for the said County, to  
me, the undersigned Administrator of all  
and singular the goods, chattels and credits  
of the said Nevin Thompson, for the pur-  
pose of paying his debts:

And Whereas, the real estate of which  
the said Nevin Thompson died seized, con-  
sists of the undivided moiety or half part of  
lot number Two, in the grant to Alexander  
McVicar and others, in Nova Scotia, in the  
said Parish of Saint George, and which be-  
longed to him the said Nevin Thompson is  
hereby assigned to the late Ebenezer  
Thompson, and which said lot is bounded as  
follows: On the West by land granted to  
Nevin McVicar; on the East by land owned  
by John McVicar; Northernly by land  
owned by John McVicar; and Southernly  
by the Campbell grant, (so called) and the  
same lot left to be conveyed to the said  
Ebenezer Thompson, by Alexander McVicar.

**NOTICE** therefore is hereby given, that  
I the undersigned, as Administrator aforesaid,  
shall proceed to sell the above  
described Real Estate, under and by virtue  
of the said licence by Public Auction, on  
Tuesday the 7th day of December next,  
at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Homestead, on  
the Premises.

Dated St. George, 25th October, 1852.  
JOHN MCNICHOIL,  
Administrator.

**Boiled and Raw Paint Oil.**  
Ex the "John Holderness" from Hull:  
14 Hhds. Doubled Boiled and Raw Lin-  
seed OIL; just received.  
For sale by J. W. STREET.  
May 24, 1852.

**BYASS' LONDON  
PORTER, STOUT,  
GENEVA PORT WINE &c.**  
OCTOBER, 1852

Ex "Acron" from LONDON, via St.  
John:  
JUST RECEIVED:  
ONE Hundred Casks Byass' London  
Porter, Stout, and Pale Ale,  
18 Hhds. best Pale Rotterdam Geneva,  
1 Hhd. fine Old Port Wine,  
1 Hhd. Old Jamaica Rum,  
1 Hhd. "Oronoco" from the Clyde;  
1 Pun. best Malh Whiskey  
J. W. STREET.  
St. Andrews, Oct. 12, 1852.

**Flour, Butter, Fruit.**  
THE subscriber has just received, per sch.  
"Enterprise," via New York,  
300 Barrels Not 1 Canada S. F. FLOUR.  
From St. John:  
100 Bags Flour,  
12 Firkins Cumberland Butter,  
30 Packages Raisins, &c.  
St. Andrews, Dec. 8, 1852.  
DONALD CLARK.

**ALMANACKS.**  
CHURCHES-AVERY'S, & ROBERT B.  
THOMAS' ALMANACKS for 1853, for  
sale by JOHN LOCHARY.  
St. Andrews, Dec. 27, 1852.

**SKIFF BOAT.**  
PICKED UP, between "Gannet Rock"  
and "Muir Ground," a SKIFF boat.  
The owner can obtain her by paying pro-  
perty and paying expenses, on application  
to H. HELM.  
Aug. 10, 1852.

**LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL CHAMBER.**  
Tuesday, 6th April, 1852.  
Ordered, That the Fourth Standing Order  
of this House be, for three months previous  
to the next meeting of the Legislature, published  
in the Royal Gazette, and also in a Newspaper  
in each County in which Newspaper is published.  
XL That no Bill, Resolution, or other Pro-  
ceeding, founded upon any application, address  
to the House of Assembly, be sustained by  
the Council, unless an application to the same  
effect, with such documents as may accompany  
the same, be also presented to the Council in  
General Assembly.

**PIANO FORTES.**  
**E. Willard & Co.**  
No. 328 Washington Street, Boston:

**B**EG leave to inform their friends in New-  
Brunswick, that they have on hand, and  
are manufacturing PIANOS of the most  
modern style, 6 1/4 and 7 octaves; not sur-  
passed in power, brilliancy and execution, varying in  
price from \$250 to \$450. Every instrument war-  
ranted to give satisfaction. Pianos for the Pro-  
vinces carefully packed in substantial boxes.  
Boston, May 12, 1852.

**PACKET SPRAY.**  
THE well known Packet Schooner SPRAY,  
will resume her trips about the 1st of Fe-  
bruary, sailing from St. Stephens and St. An-  
drews for St. John; this Packet needs no puff-  
ing with respect either to the qualification of the  
Master or the Vessel.

The subscriber begs to return his sincere thanks  
for the very liberal patronage he has received for  
his last four years, more especially the past one;  
in consequence of which he has been enabled to  
reduce the price of freight materially for the time  
to come, and respectfully solicits a continuance  
of patronage.

Particular attention will be given as usual to  
all business entrusted to him, which will be exe-  
cuted with punctuality and despatch.  
Good accommodations for Passengers—Fare  
2s. 6d., until the steamers commence running as  
usual.  
JOHN WALSON,  
Master.

St. Andrews, Jan. 19, 1853.

**ART UNIONS SUPER-  
NEDED!**

**Gratuit. Gratia. Gratia.**  
EVERY Subscriber to any of the undermen-  
tioned Works will, on their completion, be  
presented with a choice of one of the two fol-  
lowing Books, Engineering.  
The *Interest from the Cross*, from the original  
painting by Daniele Ricciardi.  
Our *Saviour bearing the Cross*, from the original  
painting by Raffaele d'Urbino. The original  
price, each 2s. 6d.

The *Family Devotional Bible*, by the Rev. M. Hen-  
ry.  
Family Devotions for every Morning and Even-  
ing throughout the year, translated from the  
German of Sturm and Tieck, by T. Gaspey,  
Esq.

*Life of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ*, by the  
Rev. J. P. Wood.  
The *Complete Works of Florence Josephine  
Foster's Book of Martyrs*, edited by the Rev. J.  
Kennedy.  
*Evangelical Pilgrims: Pilgrims to the Holy Land*, and  
other select Works of the author, with  
Lith. written by himself.  
The *People's Scripture Gallery of Engravings*,  
GEO. GAY,  
Agents.

The above Works are now publishing in  
semi-monthly parts, at 1s. 3d. each. Subscribers  
names received at this Office.  
St. Andrews, Sept. 25, 1852.

**NEW BRUNSWICK.**  
**HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.**  
The following were adopted as Standing  
Rules in the Session of 1851:

37th.—I have no Bill of a private nature,  
or petition for money or relief, shall be re-  
ceived by the House after the long session,  
day from the opening of the Session, both  
inclusive; and that the Clerk of this House  
do, one month previous to the meeting of  
the Legislature, cause fifty printed copies  
of this Rule to be sent to each of the  
Clerks of the Peace in the several Counties  
for distribution, and cause the same to be  
inserted in the Royal Gazette, and two  
Newspapers in each County where News-  
papers are published.

38th.—That this House will sustain no  
application for allowances to Teachers of  
Common or Parish Schools, unless it shall  
be certified by at least two Trustees of  
Schools for the Parish where such School  
has been taught, showing the time actually  
taught—the Teacher to be licensed—the  
cause why such Teacher was not certified  
to be Sessions in the ordinary way—and  
that such Teacher was not compelled to  
discontinue his or her School on account  
of any improvidence or conduct.

Jan. 16. CHAS. P. WETMORE, Clerk

**JUST RECEIVED.**  
THE Subscriber has just received from London  
per Steamer via Boston—  
TEX CASES, Ladies CLOTH and Prunella  
BOOTS.  
Also, an Elegant assortment of the Newest styles  
Ladies' Bridal Slippers,  
and Ladies' Evening Dress Slippers.  
Orders addressed to either Store will receive  
immediate attention.  
Dec. 13. 2w. S. K. FOSTER.

**HOUSE FOR SALE.**  
The Dwelling House and Pre-  
mises, owned by Mr. John K.  
McFarlane, and occupied by  
Dr. E. Bayard, in Water-street, immedi-  
ately opposite Mr. John Brown's, being Ca-  
sioned on the plan of the town plat of St.  
Andrews, as water lot, block letter A,  
Bulwer's division, with a frontage of 41  
feet 5 inches on Water street, and extend-  
ing about 74 feet back. The House is  
well finished, and faithfully built, contains  
two shops, fitted up with counters and  
shelves, and sitting rooms in the rear, with  
parlour, dining, and bed rooms on the se-  
cond flat. The land is held in fee simple.  
If not disposed of by private sale previous  
to the 15th day of September next, it will  
on that day be sold at public auction.  
For terms, and further particulars, apply  
to THOS. TURNER ODELL,  
St. Andrews, July 20, 1852.—(11.  
The above sale is Postponed until fur-  
ther notice.  
T. T. O.  
September 16, 1852.