

Chatham Tribune.

He Serves His Party Best Who Serves His Country Most.

VOLUME 2.

CHATHAM, FRIDAY, JUNE 30, 1879.

NO 25

Professional.

W. F. RUTLEY, Architect and Super-Intendent, Chatham, Ontario. 6 and 7 Eberle Block, next to Sheriff's Office.

J. L. NICHOLS, Surgeon Dentist, opposite the Market, King Street, Chatham, Ontario.

DR. SIVEWRIGHT HAS RETURNED to his old office and residence, opposite the Gas Works, King St., Chatham.

BOOK BINDING—Get your Books, Magazines, and Music bound at the Chatham Bindery, near McColl's church, Adelaide Street. J. W. BRESSEY.

ISAAC UNSWORTH, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, Conveyancer, &c. Office at Post Office Florence.

MYERS DAVIDSON, M. D., Physician and Surgeon Office at Residence, for the present, Calls promptly attended to. Florence, Ont.

ROBINSON & WILSON, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Notaries Public &c., Chatham, Ont. Office: Fifth Street. Over Post Office.

F. MARK BROKER AND COMMIS- sion Merchant, Cent'ral Block, next door to Messrs. Bank, King Street. Mortgages and other securities bought & sold.

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J. S. FRASER, Attorney-at-law, &c. &c. Office opposite the Market, over Isaac Smith's store, King Street.

CORNELIUS JOHN O'NEILL, Barrister, &c. Central Block, King St east, Chatham, Ont.

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D. G. FLEMING, Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, England, Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh, &c. Office in the Merchants' Bank Block, Residence No. 29, Forsyth St.

A. B. CLAYTON, Homoeopathic Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario. Office, over Young's Grocery store, King Street, Residence: No. 40, Wellington Street.

WILLIAM WEBSTER, Clerk Division Court, Commissioner of Plans and Specifications, and Dealer in Staple and Fancy Stationery, School Books, Wall Paper, &c. Telegraph Office, Florence, next door to the Post Office.

W. H. MORRISH, Issuer of Marriage Licenses & General Insurance Agent, (only first class companies represented), Office at his Book Store, 3 doors West of the Garner House, directly opposite Calder & Blair's, King Street, Chatham, Ont.

W. H. MALLORY & Son, Architects, and Superintendents of Plans and Specifications for all classes of Public and Private Building, with accurate estimates of the costs; also bill of quantities furnished to builders. Office, over Young's Grocery store, King Street, Chatham, Ont.

SHACKLETON & MCINTOSH, Civil Engineers, Real Estate Agents, Money Fund, Collecting Agency, &c. Any person having accounts for collection should correspond with us at once, as we are about starting a new system of collecting Agency. Maps of the County of Kent for sale.

LENNOX & WARREN, DENTISTS, have entered into a co-partnership for the practice of their profession, and are continuing the services of either can arrange by appointment at the office of King Street, formerly occupied by Chas. P. Murray. Messrs. Lennox & Warren, regularly different localities in the county, of which their friends will please take notice. The best skill and materials at as low rates as can be obtained elsewhere.

WARD'S NOVELTY SHOP. Sewing Machines a specialty. I clean and repair, put in new parts, and warrant Sewing Machines of every description. I get the parts direct from the factory, and do my own work, which enables me to make successful competition with any one in the west. Machines can be sent to me by Stage or Express. Shop east side of Market Square. A. F. WARD, Box 221, Chatham, Ont.

FIRST-CLASS CAB. JOHN CUMMING begs to inform the public that he is always ready to hire his Cab either by the Trip, Hour or Day, at Moderate Rates. If not found on the street, orders left at Mr. Wm. Green's Fruit Store, King Street, will be promptly attended to. Parties carried to any part of Town, from the Great Western Railway Station, or vice versa, baggage included, 25c. Weddings, Christenings, or Funerals, attended at Moderate Rates. Remember the name JOHN CUMMING. 25

AGENTS, READ THIS. We will pay Agents a Salary of \$100 per month and expenses, or allow a large commission, to sell our new and wonderful invention. We mean what we say. Sample free. Address, **SHERMAN & CO.**, Marshall, Mich.

S. F. GARDINER'S EXCHANGE BANK. King Street, Chatham.

Deposits received. Drafts issued on all parts of Canada and United States. Gold, American Currency, Silver, New York Exchange and Sterling Bills, bought and sold. Collections on all points a specialty.

MONEY TO LEND! Abundance of money always to lend on Mortgages, on the most advantageous terms for Farmers. Loans completed and money paid on day of application.

Passenger Agency of the Cunard Line of Steamships. Tickets issued at lowest rates from and to Chatham, too and from Great Britain, and other European ports.

Agency for the **STAR LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY** of London England.

Canadian.

The Quebec Legislature opened yesterday.

Fortage tellers are to be driven out of Montreal.

Diphtheria is raging in the public schools of Montreal.

The steamship Sardinian, which arrived at Quebec at midnight on Friday, was only five days and twenty minutes from land to land.

A yoke of fat oxen was sold at Waterloo on market day, which brought down the beam at 4,446 lbs. Four and three quarters was the price paid, netting \$212.

Total vote polled in East Kent, June 5th 1879, was 3,231, and Mr McCrancy's majority was 317. The total vote polled in 1875 was 2,854, and Mr McCrancy's majority was 164.

At last there seems to be a clue obtained to the murderers of the unfortunate man Queenville, who was killed in a lively stable in Montreal a short time since. They are supposed to have gone to Ottawa.

In the Roman Catholic general hospital at Ottawa there are twelve small-pox patients, and in the Protestant general hospital ten, making a total of twenty-two. Throughout the city there are probably not over twenty cases, at least there is less than that number known to the health officer, but a difficulty has been experienced in getting track of cases owing to families suppressing the fact as well as some medical men.

On Saturday morning last the residents of Williamsville, near Kingston, were startled by the news that the body of Mrs. Gales daughter of Mr. Archibald Wilkinson, had been found in the well adjoining the house. It appears that Mrs. Gales, who came from Westfield, Mass., about a week ago, had been in a desponding state of mind, caused by misfortune at home, in losing her house and furniture by fire. A little girl who lives in the same house went in the morning to call her, but the bedroom door was locked. A search was made for her, and the body was found in the well. "It is supposed that she must either have fallen or thrown herself into it during the night, suicide being the most probable cause of death.

A huge balloon disaster may be expected before many days. Prof. Lumley, the balloonist, is expected to arrive in Montreal with his monster balloon "Canada," on Monday, or Tuesday. This will give him ample time to get everything in readiness for the grand ascent on Saturday. The "Canada" is four times the size of the "City of Ottawa," in which he made his ascent last summer. It is 50 feet in diameter, and will stand 80 feet high when inflated; its lifting power is 2,500 pounds. The ascent of this balloon, the largest on the continent, will be of itself sufficient to excite the greatest interest. But the great feature of the exhibition will be the aerial car which will be attached to it. This is the invention of Messrs. Cowen & Page. It is the result of years of thought and work, as well as a large expenditure of money. It is patented in Europe, the United States and Canada.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Ontario Bank was held in Toronto on Tuesday last at the headquarters of the institution in that city. Sir Wm P. Howland, President, in the chair. A full statement of accounts for the year and report of the proceedings at the meeting will be found to be satisfactory. It will be seen from these that the paid-up capital of the bank is \$3,000,000, besides a rest of \$100,000 and a balance at credit of profit and loss of \$72,507. The profits of the fiscal year just closed amounted to \$230,612, of which \$179,805 was expended in two half yearly dividends of three per cent. each, and the balance of \$50,807 carried to profit and loss account. The deposits amount to nearly \$2,500,000. This statement of the bank's affairs cannot but be satisfactory to all connected with it.

The trial of Edward Thickpenny for the murder of Mrs. Catharine Thompson, at Markham, will commence on Thursday next at the York summer assizes, before Mr. Justice Cameron. The medical gentleman who has examined him as to his sanity will then give their opinions, which at present they withhold from the public. At an interview the prisoner, being asked his opinion on religion, said, "Well I have my own side of the future; I know a man can only die once, and I don't deny but that there is a future life, but there can be no greater hell for me than this world has been. I think that when I die I will get another body, and I have made up my mind what I'll work at when I get another body, but as for hell, why the earth is as bad for me as it can be any place else, and I am willing to take my chances anyhow. I am not afraid to die." He further said he expected to be hanged, and that he was ready to show how a man can die. He stated that he had his own opinion about the future, and, anyhow, he did not care a— about the scaffold, hell or Heaven.

American.

Wm. H. Vanderbilt arrived home from Europe on Saturday.

Mrs. Matthew C. Perry, wife of the late Commodore Perry, of the Japan Treaty, and mother of Mrs. August Belmont, died on Saturday at Newport, R. I.

Monday afternoon, at Pawtucket, R. I. Bridget McGough had her throat cut, probably fatally, by a stepson named James in a quarrel about a hen.

In the U. S. Senate Tuesday, a joint resolution directing the Secretary of War to appoint a Board of Engineers to consider the feasibility of a bridge over, or a tunnel under the Detroit River passed.

Last Saturday 150 persons took shelter in a lumber shed from a storm at Boswell, Ind. A thunderbolt struck the shed killing two men instantly, and fatally injuring two, while two were seriously injured.

The will of the late Edward Quintum, millionaire of New York, bequeaths \$40,000 to his sister, \$15,000 to his nephew, \$10,000 to his cousin; one of \$15,000 for life to three servants and to charitable institutions.

The Tribune reports that the police are looking for a negro, Bristow Francis, husband of Mrs. Hull's cook, suspected of being implicated in the murder of Mrs. Dr. Hull. The Times, on the contrary, says the police investigation shows a complete *alibi* for Francis.

Mrs. Segmund Von Low, of Vienna Austria, shot herself fatally at the St. Nicholas Hotel, Cincinnati, on the 14th inst. Her husband returned to Europe last month. She has had no communication from him since, and becoming despondent resolved to end her life.

Monday afternoon, at Memphis, during the trial of John O'Brien, for alleged seduction, Lizzie Voss, defendant, testified to his innocence. Lizzie thereupon attempted to shoot him, but was prevented by the Sheriff. Lizzie's father committed suicide last March on learning of his daughter's disgrace.

The N. Y. Sun says:—The decline in cotton consumption quite a panic on the Cotton Exchange yesterday, and caused the suspension of two firms who were operating for a rise. It is stated that the decline was caused by a threatened strike at Fall River, dull accounts from Manchester, and favourable reports of the growing crops.

Twelve cases of small-pox were reported to the New York Board of Health during the week. There was only six cases the week before. Contagious diseases, especially scarlet fever, are increasing. The Board of Health have asked for \$5,000 from the city for 50 extra physicians to visit tenement houses and prescribe for the inmates, and \$2,500 for fruit inspectors.

The U. S. Minister to Copenhagen reports the prevalence of the idea of a general European tariff league, for protection against the competition of American products in Europe. Another device is to label inferior European goods. He suggests a convention for the protection of trade marks. He thinks boots, shoes, and leather from the United States would find a ready sale in Denmark.

At Buffalo Gap, D. T., on Thursday night during the sudden rise and overflow of Beaver Creek, caused by a water spout, eleven persons were drowned, seven of them including three children, were emigrants on their way to the hills from Mills county Iowa. The others were men going from the hills to the railroad. Five minutes from the first alarm the whole country was flooded. The water subsided almost as suddenly.

The U. S. Indian Office has received requests from the Indians of almost every section of the far west to be permitted to obtain a title to land, and work like white men. The Indian Office has endeavored for some time to obtain from Congress permission to allot land severally to Indians. Until the permission is granted the request of the Indians cannot be complied with. It is thought if the Indians were allowed to obtain titles to land, not capable of alienation for a fixed period, almost all would before many years, become self-sustaining.

A freight train on the Buffalo, New York and Philadelphia Railroad, when a short distance from the State line Wednesday afternoon ran into a train which was used to roll logs across the track, throwing twelve cars loaded with coal and oil from the track, the engine and seven cars going down an embankment of fifteen feet. The engineer, Edward Squibbs, jumped off his engine and it is feared he is under the coal, which is burning fiercely, fed by the escaping oil. The engine was badly wrecked. Squibbs resides in Buffalo, and as a wife and child.

No wonder people are rushing to Fletcher's for Hats and Caps, he is now offering his entire stock at less than cost, and can sell good hats from 50c. to \$2.

Foreign.

The Reichstag voted the duties on woolen goods in accordance with the proposed Government tariff.

Plaised's new boat for the match with Nicholson is a very satisfactory one. Plaised and Nicholson are both in excellent condition.

The S. John's Eng. Colliery Company has failed, with liabilities of \$267,000. The failure is also reported of a firm of provision dealers, with liabilities of \$267,000.

The *Sportman* says Hanlan was so confident of the result of the championship match that he prepared on Tuesday the speech he delivered on Tuesday.

Sir Garnet Wolsey, before sailing for the Cape made his estimate of the cost of the Zulupampaign, which he places at over \$20,000,000 to \$30,000,000. He has over 25,000 men under his command.

Continued shocks of earthquake, attributed to the action of *Zena*, have occurred near San V. nere and Guardia. Several houses have fallen and others are in danger of falling. There has been some loss of life.

The column of troops which left Batna in Constantine Tuesday encountered six hundred insurgents, occupying a defile in the hills. The insurgents were dislodged by artillery. The column continues to march to Medina.

By a violent earthquake Tuesday, near the town of Aci, in Sicily, seven miles north east of Catania, five villages were almost wholly destroyed. Ten persons were killed and several injured. The inhabitants are fleeing in haste.

Turkey is again experiencing internal dissensions. Threatening documents have been circulated against the Sultan, and the guards at the palace have been doubled. Some of the servants of the late Sultan's eldest son have been arrested.

The Spanish Government has ordered the prosecution of energetic measures to obtain satisfaction from San Domingo for the outrage to the Spanish flag in the arrest last winter, and the subsequent surrender of two insurgent Domingo Generals, who had taken refuge on a Spanish vessel at Puerto Plata.

The *Sportman* in regard to the proposition to contest for the *Sportman* cup in America, says the trustees will doubtless carefully weigh the very potent objection raised to taking the cup abroad. We feel, however, convinced that the trustees realized that the design of the donors was to promote that the best of interests of sculling, and not necessarily in England alone.

In consequence of M. De Cassagnac's final insult to the Government in the Chamber on Monday, urgency has been voted for a proposal for a rule making repeating insults to the Government punishment with exclusion from the Chamber until the end of the session. The expunging of Mr. M. De Cassagnac's words from the official report by the order of M. Gambetta caused an altercation between the latter and the Minister Tard. M. Gambetta threatened to resign, but was satisfied by the passage of the order of the day, approving his action.

The agitation among the tenant farmers of Ireland continues to increase. The tenant farmers assembled in large numbers at Milltown, county Galway, on Monday. The Catholic clergy of the district endeavored to discourage the meeting on the grounds that the grievance might be redressed by other methods, but the tenant farmers claim that the public and united action is calculated to extort from the landlords the concessions demanded. At the meeting a number of banners were displayed on which were inscribed:—"The land is for the People," "Down With Tyrants," "Ireland for the Irish."

Advices from Cashmere becoming more and more distressing every day. The famine is assuming terrible proportions. It now appears to be true that the famine was caused by the cruel action of the Maharajah of Cashmere. He prevented the subjects from sowing crops at the proper time. Then he collected all the grain he could lay his hands on, and he and his agents, have made this corner in corn, are taking advantage of the rise in the price of food to enrich themselves. The Maharajah of Cashmere is a semi-independent prince, but the inhabitants of Calcutta of all races are anxious that the Viceroy should interfere and compel the Maharajah to freely disperse the stores of grain which he and his agents have under their control. The latest news from Cashmere states that it is impossible to exaggerate the distress which prevails in many districts of the province. Some of the towns and villages have been completely depopulated. The Viceroy has urged the Maharajah to act in such a way as to render it unnecessary for the English government to interfere, and he has to some extent complied. He is now at Serinagar with Mr. Fanshaw, assistant secretary of the Panjab Government, superintending some measures of relief.

Telegraphic.

Port Stanley, June 14.—Charles Payne, six years of age, son of John Payne, fell in the creek here this afternoon, and before assistance arrived life was extinct.

Salt Lake, Utah, June 14.—George R. Reynolds, bigamist, was today sentenced to two years imprisonment and \$500 fine. He is the first Mormon convicted of polygamy since the passage of the act of 1862. Every effort was made to prevent conviction.

Rome, June 15.—The waters of the Foggi still rising. In Merandola district 13,000 quintals of grain, 600,000 quintals of forage, and 5,000 cattle have been destroyed. Inundations on the Adria are also threatened. There has been destructive hail storms in North Italy.

London, June 16.—Hanlan won with great ease by nearly a dozen boat lengths. The weather was fine, though dull; the water beautifully smooth. There was an immense concourse of spectators. Twenty laden steamers followed the race. Five to two on Hanlan had been laid during the morning, but Elliott came into much better favor just prior to the start. Only a slight shade of odds was laid on Hanlan.

Elliott won the toes and took the northern shore after some delay. At 12:15 the men got off a capital start. Hanlan dashed in with a stroke at the rate of 42 to the minute, and at once drew to the fore. Elliott struck out at 40, and exerted all his enormous strength, but he splashed now and then and the boat did not travel well. Hanlan got a lead of four lengths at the Red Hugh Bridge. Time for mile, 6 min., 11 sec., the Canadian leading by five lengths. Hanlan now slowed down, and contented himself with keeping the advantage. He eventually won by eight lengths in the good time of 21.01. An enormous multitude was at Scotswood, who cheered Hanlan to the echo.

Bismarck, Dak., June 16.—The War Department has ordered Gen. Miles to go north of the Missouri River and drive back the hostile Indians from Sitting Bull's camp. The General has put two companies of the 6th Infantry in the field to run down the Indians who recently killed a wood chopper on the Yellowstone.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., June 16.—A terrific hail storm, six miles wide, passed from west to east near Germantown, Columbia county, last night. The stones were as large as hickory nuts. The glass in the farm houses was demolished, chickens were killed, fruit of every kind was destroyed, trees were uprooted, fences broken down, and near Clearfont one or two houses were unroofed. It is feared the damage east is more extensive.

Washington, June 14.—Returns to the Department of Agriculture indicate an increase in the area planted in cotton amounting to over 20 per cent. The average condition is 96, as against 99 last year. The average condition of winter wheat is 90 as against 98 last year. In spring wheat there is an increase of four per cent. over the average last spring. In the Territories wheat raising has advanced westward more rapidly than statistical inquiries have been able to reach.

Warsaw, June 17.—Seven bridges of the Warsaw and Vienna Railway have been carried away, in consequence of violent rains.

Odesa, June 14.—It is reported that the Receiver's office at Incherson, in Southern Russia, has been undermined and robbed of 1,500,000 roubles.

Madrid, June 17.—Delegates are expected from the South American Republics, to treat for a restoration of diplomatic relations now suspended for several years.

London, June 17.—A Berlin despatch says it is understood that the Great Powers are not prepared to allow Bulgaria to possess the Danube flotilla.

Versailles, June 17.—Minister Lepere assured the Chamber of Deputies that the disturbances in Algiers afforded no present cause for anxiety. The house consequently consented to the postponement of an interpellation of the subject for one month.

Algiers, June 17.—The column of troops which left Batna in Constantine yesterday, encountered 600 insurgents, occupying a defile in the hills. The insurgents were dislodged by the artillery, and the column continues to march to Medina.

Memphis Tenn., June 17.—This afternoon, during the trial of John O'Brien for alleged seduction of Lizzie Voss the defendant testified to his innocence. Lizzie here upon attempted to shoot him, but was prevented by the Sheriff. Lizzie's father committed suicide last March on learning of his daughter's disgrace.

A Berlin despatch says:—It is understood that the Great Powers are not prepared to allow Bulgaria to possess the Danube Flotilla.

Suburban.

Blackburn.

Business at Crawford's dock is looking up. Elm bolts are still coming in at the rate of twenty-five to thirty cords per day, while shipments continue satisfactory to the shipper, leaving him a fair profit on his investment. Lake freights still continue in favor of shippers. Rates are constantly made from this dock to Buffalo, Toledo, Sandusky and Detroit from eighty cents to \$1 per cord. The schooner New Dominion cleared last week with cordwood for Detroit, and another will immediately follow for Buffalo.

A rather amusing accident occurred here last Sunday evening (shall we say after dark) but as luck would have it without injury to the participants, although two buggies came to grief. It appears a young man in company with one of Ouvre's latest daughters was returning home from visiting some friends in Harwich, and when near the village was met by a dashing young Scandinavian and a bachelor Bohemian from a neighboring village driving at a two-forty rate, and not heeding Her Majesty's commands as to the passing of each other, the result was a collision, badly smashing both buggies and throwing the fair occupant out of the buggy in close proximity to the restless steeds, but without receiving any injury. The man of iron and cultivators, understanding the cause of accident, gallantly offered all assistance in his power to the young man and maiden, and charged the smash-up to his own reckless driving. Not so with the editor of the R. O. Roarer, for here his bachelor churlishness showed up in its true state, and instead of showing that true gallantry which is credited to the Fourth Estate toward Canada's fairest daughters, he commenced to upbraid the young man, and told him in words more emphatic than polite if he had not had his firm clasped so tightly around the girl's waist the accident would have happened. "Man at the Quill," you had better not pass through Ouvre unless after dark, or the maiden will show you the different modes of courtesy shown to Benedict and Bohemian bachelors.

Alvinston.

The Canada Methodist Church in this place has lately been completed, and will be dedicated on July 22. It is a commodious frame structure capable of seating a large congregation.

The members of the Temperance Union have put quite a number of names on the prohibited list, and have warned the hotel keepers not to sell intoxicants to these parties thus prohibited. As yet we see no change in the manner who profess the "noisy tenor of his way."

Dr. Crawford still continues to sport that cane with glass eyes which he used to sport. When he gives it one of those technical evolutions it produces a grand effect, and makes the mud fly in all directions.

Our band have engaged the services of Mr. Robin as bandmaster. Under his professional skill we will yet have a band of no little merit.

Sidewalks, verandahs, and other improvements are constructing simultaneously in our town; and we hope that a town bell will soon follow.

A good wool market has been opened by Messrs. Hayne & Clark. The highest prices are paid.

Bothwell Items.

The addition to Mr. Rosebragh's block is now complete. Mr. Geo. Bremr has moved into the apartments fitted up for him as a meat market.

The rooster owned on Elm street refused to crow on the morning of June 6, though fitted up expressly for the occasion.

One of our resident ministers is now the possessor of a fast team, and may be seen dashing down the street at a furious rate. Look out, person! the town by-laws prohibit fast driving, and Capt. Gordon has instructions to bring violators of the law before his Worship.

The Johnston block is slowly lifting itself upward, and when completed will be the finest store building in Toronto. Go on, Brother Johnstone, may success attend thee.

The editor of the *Times* avers that he was not aware that the quill driver of the *Tribune* was in town on the 9th inst. Had he known it he would not have meddled with him (he is positive on this point) but intends to lift him up to public gaze through the columns of the *Times*. Get a life preserver, friend Dobbyn.

The M. E. folks, with their Sabbath School, contemplate a fishing excursion next Monday.

Onry.

One more of the pioneers of this section of Kent must be added to the list of the departed; and the time must be near at hand when your present correspondent or some other will say, "No more; they have all departed." At present only some three or four are left to tell of the difficulties and trials encountered in settling the Lake Shore. We refer to the death of Mrs. Hoffman, widow of the late David Hoffman, which took place on 118, Township of Raleigh, last Monday evening, at the age of 73. Deceased and her late husband passed through many severe trials since the time they settled in this part of Kent; at that time a wilderness. She leaves a large family, all grown-up, and still residing at home. We are well aware that sneers will be cast at us for writing this article, but we only knew her by her good deeds, and they are many, as hundreds can testify. No person, morning, noon, or night, ever asked for food or shelter in much better circumstances would have pitched them out of doors. The funeral took place last Wednesday from the Union burying ground and was the largest we have ever seen in this neighborhood.

PILES OF GOODS

Are being sent to all parts of the county By SMITH, THE GREAT DRY GOODS MAN.

The people are all satisfied that his prices are the lowest in Chatham. Piles of Dress Goods at Half Price.

PARASOLS! PARASOLS!! At a wonderful sacrifice.

Call and see the SHIRTINGS. You will be surprised at the low prices.

For Cheap and Good Black Lustres Smith heads the List

SMITH,

He can satisfy your wants in every particular. Be sure you find the right spot.

Chatham Tribune. Independent in Everything. Neutral in Nothing.

CHATHAM, FRIDAY, JUNE 20, 1879. Firm Circulation - - 1,300

A Western University.

We notice this week that the prospects for establishing a university are somewhat brighter than one year ago.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

A Dialogue Between Great Communism and Common Sense, by Rev. D. Fenwick.

Generally, when men wish to propagate their own opinions or rebuke those of others, they take the direct method, defining their premises, laying down their propositions, and sustaining their positions in their best style.

The Canadian Poultry Review For June shows considerable care in its pages, and has very many suggestions well worthy of acting upon.

Mr. George P. Dolsen, miller, of this town, is on a prospecting tour throughout the State of Nebraska.

Poetry.

MY SON, IF REMEMBER ESTER REVER, CONSENT THOU NOT... BY JESSE CLERKE.

We hear that our Father, in accents sweet As the breathings of love from a friend...

CLERICALS.

A Composition Written at the Canadian Literary Institute, Woodstock, by Oliver C. Carey, of Euphemia.

There are four grand habits, which, if rightly practised, would be of immense use to us all, namely: Punctuality, accuracy, steadiness, and dispatch.

If the bloom of the grape is rubbed off, or the blush of the peach, there is nothing in art that can replace it.

The Thames Cigar Factory.

The most attractive from under which tobacco is now disguised, and that in which its use is becoming daily more popular, is that of the cigar.

On motion of Mr. White, the equalization of the assessment rolls was referred to the Reeves of the various municipalities.

that the four @ processes, in a usual degree, the tenacity of understanding who the trade want and getting up an action that will be sure to meet that want.

County Council.

The County Council met for the June session at the Council Chamber in the Court House on the 10th inst.

The Warden addressed the body on the business to come before them this session.

A number of communications were read by the Clerk, among the most important of which were the following:

From David Mills, M. P., stating that he had presented the petition in reference to the Morpeth harbor to the House of Commons.

From the Provincial Secretary, acknowledging the receipt of petition asking that power be given to townships to grant aid for the construction of harbors and other public works.

From the Clerk of Bothwell, reporting the election of Mr. Thomas Dillon as Reeve of that town, in room and stead of Mr. Boon, resigned.

From the Secretary of the Chatham Mechanics Institute, inviting the Council to the free use of the library and reading room during the session of the body.

From C. R. Atkinson, Esq., enclosing account for law expenses re E. & H. Railway suits.

From C. G. Charteris, Esq., Treasurer, laying before the Council an estimate of moneys required to meet the current expenses of the county for the current year.

Adjoined till Wednesday morning.

Wednesday, June 11.

Council met at 10 o'clock—the Warden and all the councillors present, except Mr. White.

Communications were read. From Judge Bell, complaining of insufficient accommodation in his chambers.

From Ridgetown Mechanics' Institute, soliciting grant; from Col Baxter enclosing petition of 213 ratepayers, asking grant to purchase instruments for new Volunteer Band.

Referred to Finance. The reports of the County Property and Printing Committees were read and adopted.

On motion of Mr. White, the equalization of the assessment rolls was referred to the Reeves of the various municipalities.

They report on the equalization of the group affected by the E. & H. bonus, and if the Reeve of any municipality having a deputy or deputies be absent, one of them may be appointed to act in his stead.

Mr. Holmes presented application for grant to the Horticultural Society.

Moved by Dr. Mitchell seconded by Mr. Stephens, that the Council appoint an engineer to inspect all roads and bridges under the supervision of the

County, and report from time to time as to necessary repairs, probable costs, &c., said engineer to act under the direction of the Warden.

A long debate took place on the motion, the majority of the members claiming that the appointment of an engineer would involve great expense.

Messrs H. J. Eberts and W. L. Tackeberry waited on the Council and invited the members to take part in the Dominion Day festivities as guests of the town.

Moved by Mr. Ferguson, seconded by Mr. McKerricher, that \$100 be offered for the apprehension and conviction of the party or parties who set fire and burned the buildings of Mr. Wm. Coll, Howard. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Wilson, seconded by Major Fox, that \$150, assessed against the county for Carless drain on Romney and Tilbury East townline, be sustained. Referred.

Mr. Dillon was appointed a member of the Building Committee in place of Mr. Boon.

A motion of Mr. Sherman, that \$30 be granted to re-plank Thamesville Bridge, was referred.

The reports of the School Inspectors for the East and West Ridings were read and referred.

On motion of Mr. Dillon, the Public Schools of Bothwell were placed under supervision of School Inspector for East Riding.

A motion of Mr. McFarlane, to grant \$50 to West Kent Teachers' Association was referred; also, motion Mr. Watson for grant to rebuild approach to Dresden Bridge.

A petition from the High School Trustees respecting the necessity for increased accommodation; also copy of report of Mr. Buchan, High School Inspector, relating to the same. On motion of Mr. White, the petition was referred to the Finance Committee with instructions to report without delay. Council adjourned.

Thursday, June 12.

Council met at the usual hour, the Warden and all the members present.

Mr. Morrison's motion to grant \$200 to assist in rebuilding bridges on diverted road, Raleigh and Tilbury townline, was referred.

Moved by Mr. Morrison, seconded by Mr. Whyte, that in the opinion of this Council two messengers are unnecessary and that the services of Mr. Robinson be dispensed with in future.

As the young messenger is now qualified to attend to the duties of said duties; provided the caretaker shall receive fifty cents per days for making fires in each session when fires are required to be made, and taking care of Council Chamber. Carried.

On motion of Mr. Langford, seconded by Mr. Cameron, the application of Judge Bell for new chambers was referred to County Property Committee, with power to act in the matter.

Motions by Messrs. Wilson, McArthur, and Dillon for grants for improvement of roads in their municipalities were referred.

Mr. White presented the report of the special committee on Drainage Assessment.

Moved by Mr. Hickey, seconded by Major Fox, that the above report be referred back with instructions that \$150 assessed town line between East Tilbury and Romney, be paid, as that assessment was made while the Council had charge of the line. Carried.

On motion of Major Fox, the motion was referred back with instructions to recommend that \$130, claimed for the Romney drain, be paid out of unexpended money at credit of Romney and Essex line. Carried.

On motion of Mr. Campbell, the Council went into committee to consider the advisability of erecting a poor house, when it was moved by Mr. Campbell, seconded by Mr. Holmes, that this Council provide a house of industry and refuge for the poor of this county. The question was discussed at some length, but the Council was decidedly against any movement in that direction. The motion was lost by a vote of 7 to 24. Council adjourned.

Friday, June 13.

Council met at 10 o'clock, the Warden and all the members present.

Moved and seconded and resolved that the Council meet on Wednesday instead of Tuesday at next December session.

On motion Mr. McKerricher was added to the Road and Bridge Committee.

A number of motions for grants to roads and bridges were read and referred.

A motion was made and carried that there be no grants to roads and bridges the present year, except special grants to assist in making permanent improvements.

The motion to grant \$50 to the East Kent Teachers' Association was referred.

The By Law repealing By Law making annual grant to Warden, was read a first time.

A motion was made and carried appointing a committee composed of Messrs Langford, Jackson, White, Ferguson, Mitchell and Stephens, to devise means of employment outside the goal walls for persons sentenced to hard labor, believing said employment will be beneficial to the prisoners and profitable to the county.

Moved and seconded that this Council accept the invitation tendered them through a deputation from the General Committee to become the guests of the citizens of Chatham during the celebration of the anniversary of the natal day of the Dominion on the 1st July next, and that the Clerk be instructed to make suitable acknowledgment and intimate the intention of the Council to avail themselves of the invitation to attend in a body. Carried.

The report of the Finance Committee recommending payment of a large number of accounts to members as fees, etc., also grant of \$15 to Horticultural Society; \$150 to High School for repairs; \$300 to military band; and \$50 for Ridgetown Mechanics' Institute. The Committee recommended that Mr. Atkinson's account for legal services be taxed before payment; that McGeorge be referred to Romney Council payment of his account; that Cooper's account for stationery be not paid; and that owing to the hard times no grants be made to East and West Kent Teachers' Association.

On motion the grant of \$50 to Ridgetown Mechanics' Institute was thrown out.

A motion to raise the sum to \$2,000 to repair the High School, and that the account of W. G. McGeorge be paid and charged to Romney was lost.

The report of the equalization Com. was then read and adopted.

Nine resolutions were read and referred to Road and Bridge Committee.

A motion instructing the Warden to sell or dispose of the property belonging to the county, was lost.

The By Law to appoint two additional inspectors of Public School Teachers was lost.

The By Law to raise \$15,298.07 from the municipalities grouped under By Law No. 314, to aid the Huron & Erie Railway Company was read a first time. Council adjourned.

BORN.

MAGGS—In Chatham, on the 12th inst., the wife of P. H. Maggs, of a son.

NEVILLE—At Chatham, on the 10th inst., the wife of James Neville, of a son.

DUCK—At Windsor, on the 11th inst., the wife of Mr. John M. Duck, of a daughter.

MARRIED.

SLADE—BELL—On the 16th inst., by the Rev. A. McGill, Mr. Richard Slade, of the Township of Chatham, to Miss Arvilla Annie Bell, of Bienville.

CHILD—CLEMENS—On the 17th inst., by the same, Mr. Aaron Childs, of Windsor, to Jennie, second daughter of Mr. Samuel Clemens, Chatham.

BARRETT—MORRIS—On the 18th inst., by the same, Mr. Frederick Barrett, of Dover East, to Miss Bertha Moran, of Raleigh.

ROLDAN—ELLIOTT—On the 11th inst., Mr. Geo. Roldan to Miss Elizabeth Elliott, both of Euphemia.

HOUSTON—DAVIS—On June 18, by Rev. Jas. Walker, Samuel Houston to Miss M. Jane Davis, both of Chatham Township.

DIED.

JORDON—On Monday, 16th inst., Lily May Jordan, daughter of Mr. Edward Jordan, Jeweller, Chatham, aged 2 years 8 months and 29 days.

BLACKBURN—In Chatham, on Sunday, 15th inst., Alice M., daughter of Edward Blackburn, aged 4 years and 8 days.

CURTIS—At his residence, Harwich, on the 18th inst., James Curtis, aged 8 years.

HUFF—In Harwich, Mr. Paul Huff, father of Mr. A. Huff, of this town, aged 83 years and 4 months. His body was taken to the family burying ground in Lambton.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE. The Municipal Council of Euphemia

At its Session held in the Town Hall, on Monday, the 31st day of July next, will take into consideration the passing of a By-Law to close that part of the North Sydneyham Road running through the East Half of Lot No. 29 in the 4th Concession of the Township of Euphemia and open another in lieu thereof on the Northern limit between Lots No. 28 and 29 in the said 4th Concession, from the Road allowance between the 4th and 5th Concessions; Westward along the North side of said limit to where the present North Sydneyham Road intersects it.

By order, W. M. ARMSTRONG, Town Clerk Euphemia, Euphemia, 16th June, 1879.

STRAYED OR STOLEN

On the night of June 18th, 1879, from Embro, Ont., a Dark Brown Horse, about 15 hands high; a little white on one hind foot; shod on all feet; heavy mane and tail, both of which are inclined to be wavy. The horse was last owned in Wallaceburg. Any one giving information as to the whereabouts of the horse either at the Chatham Tribune Office, or to the undersigned, will be suitably rewarded.

JAS. P. LAYCOCK, Embro P. O., Ont.

GREAT SALE

OF DRESS GOODS

AT STONE'S.

2,000 Yards Striped Lustres and Grenadines at 5c. per yard, worth more money.

3,000 Yards Fancy Dress Goods at 10c. per yard. Splendid value.

4,000 Yards New Fashionable Drab and Grey Lustres at One Shilling per yard, worth 20c to 25c.

A Lot of White Lace Striped Muslins at 8c., good enough at a Shilling.

A Few Pieces of Black Silk Striped Grenadines at 50c. Very fine, and worth double the price.

THE BEST VALUE IN BLACK AND COLORED SILKS IN THIS MARKET.

Full Lines in Black Cashmeres, Lustres, Cords, &c.

Cheap Prints, Cheap Cottons, Cheap Cottonades, Cheap Ducks.

FANS for the million at all prices.

THE NEW GARDEN AND CLOTHING ROOMS

Up stairs are well stocked with choice goods. CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER.

THOS. STONE. Stop! Flater is selling Men's Prunella Gaiters worth \$1.75 for \$1. Women's Prunella Gaiters, in No. 3, 40c., worth 75c.

New Advertisements.

St. Louis Dried Beef

Put up by the St. Louis Beef Canning Company; for sale only at

Rutley & Degge's

They having secured the sole Agency for same. Also,

CORN BEEF

In 2 pound Cans, put up by the same Company. Delicious article for Excursionists.

Cadbury's Mexican Chocolate,

The Best Quality Manufactured, and Guaranteed to be Pure Cocoa & Sugar, flavored with Vanilla.

Fresh California Canned Salmon,

\$2.50 per dozen to Private Families.

FRESH CANNED MACKERAL

Just Received. 20c. per Can, or \$2.00 per dozen.

FRESH PINE APPLES.

FRESH BANANAS.

FRESH ORANGES.

FRESH LEMONS,

FRESH PEANUTS.

FRESH STRAWBERRIES

FRESH FIGS.

NEW POTATOES, &c., &c., &c.

RUTLEY & DEGGE,

Fish, Fruit & Oyster Dealers

73 King Street.

DOMINION DAY!

PHILLIPS & MACFIE

Are Manufacturing

UNION JACKS

On Cloth, and will sell them at

8 Cts. Each.

LESS IN QUANTITY.

SECURE—SOME—EARLY.

WE HAVE ALSO

FLAGS of all NATIONS

Just a Few Dozen. Order Early and have your

STORES LOOK GAY ON DOMINION DAY

—ALL OTHER—

DRY—GOODS

At Usual Low Rates at the

DOMINION—HOUSE,

PHILLIPS & MACFIE.

FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATION.

The Campbell House,

WALLACEBURG, ONT.

The undersigned has refitted the building known as the Western Hotel, and is prepared to offer the public the very best accommodations as a Temperance House. A good stable and obliging hostler in connection with the House. Opposite the River House.

21 41 MRS. CAMPBELL.

THE CHATHAM TRIBUNE
 Published every Friday morning in Chatham
 the only daily paper.
 TERMS: \$1.50 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.
 Modes of Advertising.
 One Column, per annum \$20.00
 Half Column " " " 10.00
 Quarter Column " " " 5.00
 Single Col. " " " 2.50
 Professional Cards, " " " 1.00
 transient notices 5 cents per line for insertion.
 1 cent per line each subsequent insertion.
 Remittances at the risk of the subscriber unless made by registered letter, or by draft check or P. Order, payable to the publisher of the Tribune.
 W. R. DOBBYN,
 Editor and Proprietor

THIS PAPER may be found on file at
 G. B. S. HOWELL & Co's
 Newspaper Advertising Bureau, (19 Spruce
 Street) where advertising contracts may be
 made for it in New York.

The Novelist.

Capt. Spence, of the M. Morwood, was quite sick of some fever when he reached our port.

Our letter from Buxton was unavoidably left out last week. It appears in this issue on the inside of the paper.

The M. Morwood brought between fifty and sixty cords of stone from Kingston for Dr. Hohaes and Mr. Jno. Rice.

Strawberries came in by the bushel this week, and sold from 7 to 10 cents per quart. The Wilsons is the favorite.

Mr. Walker M. Crotty, of Ingersoll, has been engaged as local editor for the CHATHAM TRIBUNE, and we bespeak for him a cordial reception from our citizens.

The Marco Polo brought to our port last Wednesday morning 178,000 feet of lumber, 646,000 shingles, and 11,000 lath, all of which was delivered for Mr. Figgot.

The Caledonia came in with sixty thousand feet of lumber from the Sable for H. A. Patterson & Co. last Tuesday night. She will make her next trip for the same firm.

Mr. Jas. Burke, jr., near the Eau, has five and three quarter acres of strawberries this year. He has contracted with one man in Chatham for five thousand quarts.

Mr. W. W. Redick, who some time ago had his leg broken, is now able to be about with a crutch. We hope he will be able to work on his farm by the time the harvest comes in.

Messrs Fleming & Errett have sold three steam thrashers already this spring and summer. The universal satisfaction given by their thrashers last year has brought the firm into good repute.

We publish an essay written by Oliver C. Carey, Euphemis, which will be read by many friends in that and the adjoining townships. Mr. Carey is a young man of fair promise, and we are pleased to note his ambition.

A large excursion will run from Sarnia to Chatham on Dominion Day. They show their good sense by selecting Chatham as a retreat. We will give as nearly as we can the full programme for the day next week.

We publish a very beautiful poem from the pen of Mr. Jessie Clements, associate editor of the Chicago Inter-Ocean, in this issue of the Tribune. We hope all our young readers especially will read it and act on its teachings.

Messrs Ross & Boyes will soon have everything in readiness for the manufacture of plows and other agricultural implements. These men are energetic and enterprising, and will no doubt prove themselves worthy the patronage of our people.

Mr. Park sold three steam engines, for threshing machines, last Saturday. His new patent has attracted a good deal of attention, and is proving very successful, there being no danger of sparks getting from the engine so as to set fire to the straw.

Mr. Thos. Lowes brought in a single yolk hen's egg which weighed four ounces and measured between 7 and 8 inches in circumference. There certainly must be a competition among the hens of Kent this spring and summer, judging from the number of large eggs.

We must compliment Mr. B. B. Rogers on the success which is attending him in his canvass for subscriptions for Alma College. He began his work on the 7th May last, and at the 7th June he had the snug sum of \$768.50. This is doing a good work very successfully. Still greater success attend him.

Mr. W. G. McLachlan, B. A., paid us a flying visit on Wednesday morning. He has just finished his course in Arts at Toronto University, and is looking well. We notice, with much pleasure, that his degree has not taken away his enthusiasm, and he realizes that his life's work is just commenced.

A grand picnic will be given on the 24th inst., where two societies of the St. Jean Baptist will meet at St. Francis, better known as Tilbury Station. A good deputation is provided. Addresses will be given in English and French. All friends, irrespective of creed or nationality, are invited to attend.

Mr. W. P. Baker will have next year three acres in a strawberry patch. If he would have a quart of fresh berries in his studio for each customer, we have no doubt he would still add to his rapidly increasing business. This is only thrown out by way of suggestion for the good of Mr. Baker and the delight of his customers.

Messrs Rutley & Dogge have had their delivery wagon repainted.

Mr. McKin, one of Canada's greatest oarsmen, is in Chatham training Mr. Ball, jr., and Mr. B. Wells.

Seed & Baxter, grocers, of the Toronto House, have dissolved partnership. Mr. Baxter withdrawing from the firm.

A. O. Brown & Co. have sold this week on an average of 600 quarts of strawberries per day, and expect to sell 1,000 quarts to-morrow.

The Mabury Avenue Presbyterians of Detroit will visit our town to-morrow as an excursionist party, per the J. W. Steinhoff.

Our readers will remember that the William St. Baptist Church will have their excursion on the 26th inst. Tickets only 50c. for the round trip, and children half price.

Mr. David Wilson, of Harwich, who recently left for Liverpool with a herd of cattle for that market, has reached that port in safety, and disposed of his cattle to his satisfaction.

The postponed business meeting of the Y. M. C. A. took place last Monday night with a good attendance. They propose taking up the work of tract distribution, cottage prayer meetings, &c.

The North Chatham C. M. Church, which was re-dedicated last Sabbath, has been enlarged and very comfortably refitted. The seats are now cushioned, and the choir sing behind the pulpit. It presents a cozy appearance, and has seating room for at least 250 persons.

The W. C. T. U. will furnish meals at all hours on Dominion Day in the store lately occupied by Mrs. M. B. Gibson, Scane's Block, at 25c. per meal. We hope all the friends of temperance will patronize this organization, as it is doing much good in our town.

The excursion over the G. W. R. to Detroit, Wednesday morning, was well patronized, nearly two hundred bought tickets at the Chatham G. W. R. office. Considering the Foresters' excursion the day before, which is always popular with the citizens of Chatham, this was a splendid turn-out.

Mr. P. H. Magge has imported a superbly beautiful New Brunswick red granite monument from St. John's, N. B., the first introduced in this part of the country. It stands twelve feet high, and when lettered and ready for setting up, will only cost \$150. Mr. Magge is a young man and should be encouraged.

Mr. A. Mellish, Auctioneer, Chatham, wishes through the columns of the TRIBUNE to thank Messrs. Rose, Atkinson and Van Allen, Insurance Agents for the Queen's Insurance Co., for the very prompt and honorable way in which they paid his insurance, especially as they paid it only as a matter of honor, as the application had not yet been signed nor the premium paid.

Messrs Campbell & Wright, of Chatham, have imported a beautiful monument, standing ten feet high, and finished in the best style. Those who wish to see it, and it is worth the trouble of inspection, will need to call at once, as they purpose sending it to the Ridgetown graveyard in a few days. This firm will soon have a French grey monument at their marble works.

The formanship of the CHATHAM TRIBUNE Publishing House has been taken by Mr. Francis, who is a man of very large experience as a printer. He served his seven years' time in London, England, and afterwards worked for several years in its large book and jobbing offices, giving him an experience enjoyed by few printers in this country. All work will be promptly attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed.

The enterprising firm of K. Agur & Co. have purchased the last sailing boat, St. Clair, which will be engaged in supplying their lumber yards in Chatham. The St. Clair is a beautiful boat, splendidly rigged with a carrying capacity of 130,000 feet of lumber. She was built in Picton, and ran one season before this. We must congratulate our townsmen on their enterprise, and hope they may meet with all the success worthy their zeal in business.

We have been shown a self-adjusting ladder this week, which promises to be a great boon to all fruit growers. Mr. Stevens, the person who has the patent right for the Dominion, will be at the Rutley House on Wednesday of next week, to exhibit the ladder to all who wish to see it. There is no doubt that the article in question will be one of the most convenient a fruit grower could have. No matter how uneven the ground, even on a side hill, it always keeps itself level. It is well worthy an inspection.

The Foresters had their annual excursion to Detroit on Tuesday last per steamer Steinhoff. Owing to the efforts of the committee, who had supplied every convenience and pleasure for the excursionists, everything passed off satisfactorily, with one exception, when a hotel keeper named Ward earned for himself a well merited chastisement for obstructing the workings of one of the committee. It is a fact much to be deplored that on nearly every excursion some of that class of people are to be found who apparently wish to bring themselves into notoriety, and make their fellow passengers uncomfortable by engaging in a quarrel on the smallest possible pretext.

THE LINE THAT
SMITH
 THE GREAT DRY GOODS MAN,

Intends to fight it out on its
CHEAP GOODS.

He has marked his goods so low that the people are becoming convinced that

SMITH'S GOODS
 Are the Cheapest in Chatham.

This week he is making a special offering of

TWEEDS.

Having secured a choice lot of extra fine Canadian made goods he is offering them at

LESS THAN MILL PRICES.

Call and ask to see them, and when you learn the prices, you will be astonished that such fine goods can be sold so low.

SMITH

Is also showing a Special Line of LINTRES, in Grey, Drab and Fawn, that for Lowness of Price, Beautiful Coloring and Even Texture, is far ahead of anything ever shown in the county. It will do you good to see them.

SMITH

Has reduced the price of his **PARASOLS**

Twenty-five per cent., and is now offering them **LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES.**

SMITH'S

LACE CURTAINS
 Are the Wonder of the Age.

He has a beautiful assortment, and as regards price they are Astonishingly Low.

SMITH'S

WHITE AND COLORED QUILTS

Have only to be seen to be appreciated. Ask to see them.

If you want to save money hunt up Smith, he can do it for you.

Call and be convinced of the fact that

SMITH

Is the Cheapest Man in Chatham.

Be sure you find the exact spot
 Next Door to McKee's Hardware Store.
KING ST., CHATHAM.

Talk About Town and Country

THE LADDER—THE IDLER—THE SLUGGARD—THE DRUNKARD—FOUR IN ONE—AN UNEXPECTED VISITOR—A PARSON ON TRADESMEN—WANDERING WILLIE ON PARSONS.

A well-known writer said that it is of no more use to give advice to the idle than to pour water into a sieve, and as to improving him one might as well try to listen a dog's hound. This is not altogether correct, for advising an idler to sit in a billiard parlor, inhaling the impure air in that bed of loafers, or to lie in bed two hours each morning after honest men have commenced their day's labor, and see if he won't take your advice. As to improving him, that can be done, too, by locking the parson, standing behind him with a long whip and showing him something to do. Very few admire a lazy fellow; as a rule he is only admired by his mother and himself. Yet, idle fellows are common enough now-a-days, little as they are admired, and they seem to grow like thistles—without plucking or cultivation. Another man who stated that the quantity of wit among seven acres of them would never pay for rating, was not far astray. These young fellows are a mixture more injurious to society than patent medicine. They are a compound of fools and idlers; they are the stagnant waters which pollute the very core of society. Old Solomon, or Solomon of old, hit those young loafers when he said, "The sluggard is wiser in his own conceit than seven that can render reason."

Yes, wise, to hear them repeat bits of wit and wisdom, as repeated by some wiser tongues, and quoting scripture; you would think them wise in their own conceit—they do it parrot fashion. I know a parrot that was taught to say "God is good," and another that was taught to say "go to the devil." The latter expression is more common amongst idlers; that is, when their idleness permit them to use any expression.

The following respecting the sluggard from John Ploughman's talk is well worthy of the attention of some young men as very descriptive of themselves. John says: "The ugliest sight in the world is one of those thorough-bred loafers, who would hardly hold up his basin if it were to rain ice cream on a hot day, and who for certain would never hold up a bigger pot than he wanted filled for himself. If it were to shower beer or whiskey he might wake himself up a bit. To waken up early enough to go to church on Sunday morning, of course, is always out of the question; in fact, so waken up under any circumstances is like the camel trying to get through the eye of a needle. This is the slothful man in the Proverbs who "hideth his hand in his bosom." The slothful man of our day is worse than the one meant by the Proverbs, for it kills one of our modern loafers to get his hand higher than his pants' pockets, and prefers to have his idle paws into somebody else's pockets if he gets the chance. Every man ought to have patience and pity for poverty, but for laziness—a long whip. This would be healthy physic for sluggards. Some of our young loafers in Chatham were born with a silver spoon in their mouth, and like the spoon they will scarce stir their own tea unless some one will lend them a hand. They are like the dog we have read about that was so lazy as to lean against the wall when he barked. Sir, a sluggard grain by grain and you will find him all chaff—

A good-for-nothing lazy lout,
 Wicked within and ragged without;
 Who can bear to have him about?
 Turn him out—turn him out!

If parents were only wise enough to turn idle sons out and make them get their own living, it would be better for sons and parents, as well as to society at large; but this is not their way. Most parents if they are worth \$5.00 wishes to add more gentlemen to the community, and would almost faint if they were to see their darling boys with upturned sleeves wheeling a barrow. The old saying is true that if the devil catches a man idle he will set him to work, find him tools, and before long pay him wages. I would advise some of our worthy preachers to take the sluggard for their text now and then. Some of them may consider it rather a delicate subject to handle—those who dwell in glass houses, &c. I have known idle parsons in my time, but if I say anything against any of them I shall have to look out. I may say, however, that a sluggard parson is, according to some people's idea, fine material for the devil, and can make anything he likes out of him, from a bare-faced hypocrite to a murderer. John Ploughman was about giving his minister a list of the sins of one of his neighbors, and began with, "he is dreadful-lazy." The old minister said, "that's enough, John! all sorts of sin are in that one. He is a full fledged sinner, if he is lazy."

Our teetotal friends are at a loss as to the true cure for drunkenness; it is almost as difficult to find out as the philosopher's stone. As other doctors do at times, they try all manner of remedies and fire many a random shot at the enemy. So far the enemy prove iron clad and shot proof. Let me suggest a cure: Take all the loafers and sluggards, make them work steady twelve hours per day, and you have it. Comparatively speaking, there are very few, if any, thoroughly industrious men drunkards. I use to write in my copy book that "idleness is the great corruption of youth." I don't think it is good for middle or old age either. An idle man is a monument built of every grade of human rotteness. He may never get hung; there are only a few of those who deserve it get strung up. Sluggards unfortunately too often escape.

The worthy manager of the Consolidated Bank, Mr. Richardson, had his chambers over the bank somewhat disarranged on

Sunday afternoon by an unexpected visitor.

The intruder was no less a personage than a thunderbolt, entering the building in a hasty manner from the roof, taking his departure in a very abrupt manner through some aperture down below. During his flying visit he made a very deep impression upon the walls of two rooms, furniture, &c., kicking things about in a shameful manner, considering it was Sunday. Miss Benson, who was in the upper room, first received the visitor, but with his usual rudeness knocked down her bureau, looking glass, and all other nick-nacks peculiar to a young lady's toilet, breaking some to atoms, and covering the rest with plaster dust, &c. Miss B. was, however, left unhurt. Miss B. was not even surprised. It is said that this makes the third time she kept company with a thunder-bolt. Mr. and Mrs. Richardson next received the celestial on the way to *terra firma*, and report has it that they jumped at least two feet high; whether to meet him or avoid him is not stated. Mr. and Mrs. R. and Miss B.'s many friends will be pleased to learn that they are none the worse for what had happened. They had a narrow escape, but a miss is as good as a mile. The bank building is completely equipped with lightning rods, but the shaking Mr. R. got has shaken his faith considerably in lightning rods. Some knowing individuals assert that a cabbage on the top of a building is about as good a safeguard against lightning as the rods in use.

During my ramblings on Sunday evening I dropped into a church with a very tall steeple. The preacher, one would think, was under the impression that God was deaf or a long way off—probably the latter. Shouting in the pulpit does not seem to me to be at all necessary, but preachers know best, and if their lungs can stand, my ears must not object. The goodly preacher spoke for the most part on that inward monitor commonly known as "conscience"—an allusion to tradesmen's practice of misrepresenting their wares, or, in other words, lying to sell them, and saving their conscience over with the consoling thought that as others lie, so they must.

As a work of necessity was not very complimentary to tradesmen, reverend gentlemen sometimes make preaching a trade, and in holy raptures are known to misrepresent very, very much. I have known many a shoddy parson offer shoddy arguments and texts to his hearers for the genuine. Yet that don't prove that all parsons are liars, no more than his Reverence who shouted so loud in that church with the very tall steeple can prove by wide mouthed expressions that all tradesmen are liars and purveyors of diseased consciences.

Judge not thy fellow men so harsh;
 Charity thinketh no evil.
 WANDERING WILLIE

20 PACKAGES

MORE OF THE
 Cheap
 Staple
 Fancy

DRY GOODS

—THAT—
"The Right House"

Is Already Noted For.

Mr. B. Crofts,

The Principal of the Firm, has arrived with very

Large Additions to the Stock

In every Department, so that the premises must be enlarged immediately to make room for them.

A Call is Respectfully Solicited

No Trouble to Show Goods.

No Special Line Slaughtered to be made up on something else, but everything alike at

ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

CROFTS & CO.

"THE RIGHT HOUSE."

New Advertisements.

A Large Stock
 of
New Fur and Straw Hats
 at
The Little Palace.
A Large Stock
 of
NEW TWEEDS AND BERGES
 at
The Little Palace.
 Clothing Made to Measure, Cheap
 Nobby and to Fit.
 J. B. REED, Manager.

This Space for

Mr. Butler, Photographer

Look out for his announcement next week.

J. & J. F. SCOTT

Are Showing the Most Complete Stock of

MILLINERY GOODS!

They have ever opened in Chatham.

EVERYTHING—THE VERY NEWEST

The Most Stylish,

The Most Fashionable,

That can be had.

LADIES!

When making your SPRING PURCHASES do not forget that at

J. & J. F. SCOTT'S

You will get the best selection in Chatham.

May 24, 1879.

SPRING AND SUMMER

MILLINERY

A large and stylish assortment, at

Mrs. A. B. Gibson's

King Street East, next door to Rutley & Dogge's.

Fancy Glove and Handkerchief Boxes, Dolls, Slipper Patterns, Mattes and Mocha Frames, Ottoman Covers, Tables, Ladies' Mantles, Underclothing made to order, Berlin Woole, Fingering Yarns, all kinds of Frilling, Ladies' and Childrens' Hosiery, Millinery and Millinery Goods.

Agency for Mdm. Demorest's Patterns Stampings done to order.

MRS. A. B. GIBSON.

King Street, Chatham.

Agricultural.

Value of Shade.

A perfect sheep range implies plenty of shade at some airy point where the flock can, after feeding through the cooler hours of the earlier day, resort to escape the burning rays of the summer sun. In permanent pastures such shade can be had by planting trees where they do not naturally exist. Temporary shelters may be economically constructed from boards laid flat upon posts six or eight feet high, where timber is remote, or by throwing boughs or brush upon a rude framework of forks and poles, where these can be easily secured. The time and expense involved in the construction of such a shelter will be trifling in comparison to the advantage resulting to the flock. As elsewhere indicated, in discussing the need of water, the instinct of the sheep can usually be safely trusted as an index to its necessities. Sheep, as eagerly as man, seek shade when the heat becomes oppressive, and to deprive them of its enjoyment is neither economical nor merciful.

Like many other good things of life, this matter of shade for sheep may be abused if not carefully looked after by the flock master. In excessively hot weather, the flock may spend more time than necessary in the coveted shade. If such inclination is evinced, let the shepherd, at the proper time, walk quietly about the resting place, and, by somewhat scattering the animals, turn their attention towards the pasture. Again, the close huddling will encourage the development and spread of infectious diseases, should any traces of such exist. To ameliorate the danger in this direction, let the shelter, if temporary, be occasionally moved to fresh ground; or, if permanent, let the standing place be thoroughly scraped, the manure removed, and the ground turned over by plowing—thus bringing the cooler and purer soil in contact with the feet and bodies of the sheep. The expenditure of the few hours per week, and the small necessary outlay of money involved in the above suggestions, will come back more than four fold in dollars and cents to him who will act upon them, while in a less selfish view the satisfaction of contributing to the comfort of so meek and affectionate an animal should prove sufficient reward to the man who seeks to secure an approving conscience and a good name by being classed as one who is "merciful to his beast."

Green Peas and Oats for Cows.

Fodder-corn is almost universally raised to feed cows while on short pasture in the fall, and is so valuable an addition to their food that every dairyman should raise about one-eighth of an acre of it for each cow kept; but it should also be remembered that cows require a variety of food. It is not good economy to depend upon one kind of green food, and especially one containing so little albuminoid matter as fodder-corn. Clover and a mixture of meadow grasses may be relied upon alone, but corn should always be fed with some more nitrogenous food. It does very well with half pasture, for the grasses will supply the albuminoid matter.

There are other green crops that should be raised to feed with corn; and we know of none better than peas and oats, sown together—one-third oats and two-thirds peas—three bushels of mixed seed per acre, with a drill. On land in good condition a large crop may be raised, having a value second to no other. Peas and oats are equal to clover, and may be raised on a great variety of soils—a most important consideration. We have raised twelve tons of this green food to the acre, and this would feed twenty-four cows ten days, without any other food. The peas are rich in caseine—just what is required to make milk—and the oat is also rich in the elements of milk. These two crops grow well together, for the oats hold the peas up and prevent them from lying too flat on the ground. They mature so near together that they are both ready to cut at the same time. But the crop should always be cut when the peas are full and the grain in the milk. It is then very succulent and palatable, and will produce as much milk as any food we know of, aside from a large variety of pasture grasses in their most succulent state. If the dairyman has green fodder corn also, let him feed the corn, peas and oats together. He need never fear giving too much variety at once. In an old pasture cows find from twenty to fifty varieties of grass to be eaten at the same time. This is what gives such fine flavor to the milkers on old pastures; it gathers and concentrates the aroma of all these plants, and it must have a more delicious flavor than that made from one kind of food, such as corn or rye, or even red clover alone.

Our readers will pardon the frequent mention made of the importance of variety in the food of cows, which is too generally neglected. Study the tastes of your cows and they will richly reward you for the pains.—National Live Stock Journal, Chicago.

Harvest and garden tools of every variety at Wm Ball's.

The Future of Beef Production.

It has been fashionable at different periods of the progress of dietetic science to exalt vegetable over animal food—to speak of the moral considerations that should lead to the abandonment of the flesh of animals as food, and the substitution of a wholly vegetable diet. It is true that vegetable bodies contain the same elements as animal bodies, for the latter are produced from the former—animals are evolved from vegetables, and vegetables from minerals. And as the mineral is advanced and progressed by entering into the structure of the animal. An animal grown for human food represents all the food elements of vegetables in an improved state; and the flesh of the animal is not only more easily digested, but produces a larger force of vital energy. We might, therefore, expect that a people using a considerable proportion of meat in their diet would be characterized by greater energy and enterprise than a people whose diet is almost wholly vegetable. A comparison of the people of Europe with those of China will be a sufficiently striking illustration; but if we compare the people of the United States with those of the countries from which they emigrated, the doctrine will be still further demonstrated. The Americans are said to be the greatest meat eaters in the world, and their energy and enterprise, compared even with the parent stock, is in due proportion.

It is also a noticeable fact, that the consumption of meat has been constantly increasing, and more rapidly than ever during the last quarter of a century. The shipment of beef from the United States to England during the last few years has increased the use of meat among the laboring classes of this country, and will, in the near future, enlarge the demand for the flesh diet to an almost indefinite extent. If the per capita meat consumption of the United Kingdom equaled that of the United States, our surplus at present would be quite inadequate to supply the deficiency of their home production. It is evident that the consumption of beef is on the increase among the laboring populations of nearly all Europe, and this increase of the meat element in diet has steadily kept pace with improvements in feeding and rearing cattle. The average weight of bullocks at three years old has increased from thirty to fifty per cent. in the last twenty-five years. This has been the result of feeding for early maturity. And, perhaps, the most encouraging fact is, that prices have increased as steadily as the quality of the animals has improved, except occasional depressions, like the present, which are not owing to an oversupply, but to commercial derangement. Our present prices for good beef cattle are at least 25 per cent. higher than in 1860. In fact, beef cattle have held a more uniform market price than almost any other farm product. The fall in prices has been much less than in butter and cheese, or in pork. It now seems probable that consumption will keep quiet pace with production, although that is likely to increase even more rapidly in the future than in the past. The rationale of feeding—the different qualities of foods—is now much better understood by the stock farmer than at any other period in the history of agriculture; and this will have a marked effect in the beef production of the next twenty years. But we think that this branch of agriculture is less likely to be overdone than almost any other. The desire for the superior type of food will increase with the production. The countries of Europe produce much less than the population crave for, and our resources will be drawn upon as fast as we shall be ready to respond. The great Vanderbilt Stock Company is an indication of the drift in this direction. The intelligent cattle feeder may go on with the greatest confidence in the result; but he must remember that quality is more important than quantity. The best makes a market for itself.—National Live Stock Journal, Chicago.

A Mournful Romance.

A beautiful young gentleman had his ears boxed by a very pretty girl in the streets of Rome last winter. As soon as the girl looked at him she blushed, begged ten thousand pardons, and said she was mistaken—she had boxed the wrong man. Now, the gentleman could not forget the box, the blush, the apology, and all the rest, and he determined to see the girl again, if possible. He did see her—she was a shop girl; nevertheless, he fell so much in love with her that he offered her his heart and hand. She refused both, saying she was engaged. This time he tried to forget her, and had nearly succeeded in doing so when he received a letter from her asking him to go and see her at a hospital. He found the poor girl dying, and from her lips he heard her story—the old one, "love and abandonment." She asked him to not let her baby die of hunger. He promised, and when the girl died he took the child and placed it with proper people. He did more—he sent a challenge to the girl's seducer, fought him, and, though he did not kill him, disabled him for life.

Go to Jarvis & Harper, Dominion Telegraph Office, for Fire, Life and Marine Insurance.

Improved Telegraphy.

We referred recently to the proposed adoption of improved appliances in cable telegraphy by greatly reduced their tolls. Now comes a report of the organization in New York of the "American Rapid Telegraphy Company," who proposed to do the public a similar great favor on the land lines. They will use a new wire of cast steel, plated with copper, the invention of Prof. Moses G. Farmer, one of the U. S. government electricians, in connection with other new devices in telegraphy, including an improved duplex system by which two messages can be sent simultaneously over the same wire, not only from either end, but from intermediate or way offices; a multiple system quadrupling the above; a metric system for ocean cables which, it is claimed, will increase the hourly transmission from 1,000 to 10,000 words; a machine which, with one battery to operate it, will print messages in lines and pages, book-form; a machine which generates instantly sufficient electricity for circuits of 1,000 to 1,500 miles; a new speaking telephone, audible at distances of 300 miles, and a number of others. But the principal invention upon which the company bases its claim to existence is a sort of improved automatic transmitting machine which, it is asserted, is capable of being worked at the rate of 1,000 words a minute—60 times faster than the Morse instruments now in use—on 500 to 1,000 mile circuits. A peculiarity of the machine and its apparent improvement, is the use of a double row of letters, one above the other. In the old automatic machine there was but one row, and whenever it was attempted to do fast work the letters ran into each other so as to be indistinguishable. The skill is necessary, and the speed that can be attained is only limited by the ability of the receiver to register the dots and dashes of the Morse alphabet distinctly. The message, after being received, has to be translated and printed in Roman characters. That will be done by girls on typewriting machines of about twice the speed of ordinary writing.

The company proposes to charge a uniform rate of 25 cents for 30 words, and one cent per each additional word, on ordinary messages between points this side of the Rocky Mountains. Press messages will be sent at the rate of 10 cents per 100 words. Arrangements are being made with the Postoffice department by which the company will issue stamps similar to postage stamps. A New York or Pittsburgh business man can then inclose a letter of 50 words in an envelope, put on a 25-cent stamp and drop it into any lamp-post box. The letter carriers will make collections every half hour, and will at once deliver such letters to the telegraph company. The letter will bind itself to deliver them in Chicago within two hours to the time of posting. In the latter city, the copy will be sent to the Postoffice, and will be delivered by the letter carriers there. The company will pay to the Postoffice authorities 15 cents per letter for collecting, and 15 cents for delivering—the same that they now receive—and they will be at cost for transportation. Night messages of the same length, delivered before nine o'clock next morning, will cost but 15 cents. Each five additional words will cost 1 cent extra.

The company's confidently expect within three years to telegraph ordinary business letters, to and from all points of the county for ten cents. These promises cover a great deal of the ground, but we hope they may be fulfilled.—Am. Pottery Glassware Reporter.

A few months ago, according to a late Berlin newspaper report, a Jew named Isaac Roth visited a jeweller at Pesth, and asked him to appraise a small black jewel carefully wrapped in a piece of dry newspaper. "That," said the jeweller, "is one of the greatest of rarities—nothing less than a perfect black pearl; where did you buy it?" "A man left it with me in pawn; what is it worth?" "There is one dealer in the empire who could afford to buy such a thing—Biedermann, the Count Jeweller at Vienna." To him, went Isaac Roth, and the jeweller not believing so poor a man came by the unique treasure honestly handed him over to the police on suspicion. Roth said he was a pawnbroker at Grosswarden and had heard a tumult in the house of a neighbour named Gyuri, whose effects were being sold by the tax gatherer. On going in to ascertain what was the matter Gyuri had given him the pearl as security for a loan of 20 florins where with to pay the collector. Investigation showed that the story was true, and Gyuri declared that Count Louis Bathanyay, the Hungarian hero, whose servant he had been, gave it to him just before his execution as a reward for a long and faithful service. Becoming indigent Gyuri took the gold setting of the pearl to the jeweller and sold it, but retained the pearl as a souvenir, thinking it of no value. The English Government heard of the discovery, and identifying the pearl as one of three stolen from the crown jewels a century and half ago, purchased it at the price of 20,000 florins. How it came into the possession of Count Bathanyay cannot, of course, be ascertained, but probably he picked it up as curiosity and was as ignorant of its value as the dealer from whom he obtained it. Such is the story which, if true, will make the recovered jewel rank in point of interest with the blue diamonds stolen during the revolution of 1830 and never heard of again till the betrothal of Alfonso and Mercedes, two years ago, when an Amsterdam dealer came forward to sell them as the agent for a person whose name he would not divulge.

Go to Jarvis & Harper, Dominion Telegraph Office, to Borrow Money at 8 per cent. per annum, in large or small sums to suit Borrowers.

MRS. GREEN'S
Sour Syrup!
For the permanent Cure of
Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia,
Also Diseases of the **KIDNEYS,** and
FEMALE WEAKNESS.
Manufactured by Mrs. E. Merrill,
Queen St., Chatham, Ont.
PRICE: \$1.50 Per Bottle.

Two bottles warranted to cure any case of five years' standing—four bottles will cure any case.

ESTABLISHED IN 1843.
K. URQUHART,
Offers Extra Bargains in

China-ware,
Crockery,
Glassware, and
Woodenware.
Full Lines in
TEAS, SUGARS, SYRUPS,
TOBACCOS.

Good Supply of
GARDEN AND FIELD SEEDS
Including
CLOVER AND TIMOTHY.
Machine and Best Coal Oils
Always on hand.

A CARD OF THANKS.
MESSRS. KENNEY & CUNNINGHAM
Wish to intimate to the public that they have purchased the
Grist Mill
Property in Thamesville from MR. A. J. C. SHEPHERD. The mill has undergone a thorough repair, entirely new Belts and new run of Stones, and having all the latest improvements. We feel confident on being able to give entire satisfaction. Work done on short notice. Wheat taken in exchange for Flour.
A TRIAL SOLICITED.
KENNEY & CUNNINGHAM.

SPRING AND SUMMER
MILLINERY
A large and stylish assortment, at

Mrs. A. B. Gibson's
King Street East, next door to Rutley & Dugge's.
Fancy Glove and Handkerchief Boxes, Dolls, Slipper Patterns, Mottos and Motto Frames, Ottoman Covers, Ties, Ladies' Mantles, Underclothing ready-made and made to order. Berlin Wools, Fingering Yarns, all kinds of Frilling, Ladies' and Children's Hose, Millinery and Millinery Goods.
Agency for Miss. Demorest's Patterns Stamping done to order.
MRS. A. B. GIBSON,
King Street, Chatham.

CHAS. H. POILE
WATCH MAKER & JEWELER.
DEALER IN
SWISS AND AMERICAN WATCHES,
Has also on hand a fine assorted stock of French and American Clocks, Gold Jewelry, Spectacles, &c.
Gold wedding rings made to order.
Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Musical Boxes neatly repaired on the shortest notice and guaranteed.
CHAS. H. POILE,
Opposite the Market

CHRISTMAS
—AND—
NEW YEARS'
PRESENTS!
JUST RECEIVED
A Large and Miscellaneous Assortment of
Colored Gold Jewelry,
In the Latest Designs, consisting of
Gold Sets,
Brooches,
Ear-Rings,
Finger Rings,
Lockets,
Necklets,
Sleeve Buttons,
Studs, &c., &c.
A Large Stock of Gold and Silver Watches; Also a choice and varied selection of Silver and Electro-Plated Ware, from the Celebrated Messrs. Britannia Co.'s Works. Every article suitable for Christmas and New Years' Presents.
Prices to suit the times, at
J. MARQUAND'S JEWELRY STORE,
102 1/2 King Street, Chatham.
Call and see.
Chatham Dec. 19th, 1878.

Coltart & Neilson
MANUFACTURERS OF
Parlor, Bedroom
—AND—
Dining-Room Suites,
—ALSO—
WOOD AND CANE SEAT CHAIRS
OF ALL KINDS.
As we manufacture all our own Goods, having a three story work-shop fitted up with the latest improved Machinery and Steam Power, we claim that we make BETTER FURNITURE AND SELL CHEAPER, than any one else in the County.

We also make a Specialty of Picture Mouldings, Framing, &c.
Curtains, Shrouds, Gloves, &c.
Kept in Stock and FUNERALS promptly attended to. A GOOD HEARSE IN ATTENDANCE.
Chatham, July 19th, 1878. 25-yr.

PATENT FLOUR.
WHAT EVERYBODY SAYS
Must be True.
This fact being conceded, it must be taken for granted that the
Ghatham City Mills,
Is, under Webster's Improved System of making the Patent Flour, successfully turning out rare grades of that quality. It carries all the strength and nutriment that is in the wheat before grinding, consequently it rises in bread much sooner than flour made under the old system.
Buyers are requested to call and examine the articles for themselves.
Prices Moderate. Strict attention paid to customers.
I. HOLDEN,
Corner Colborne and Adelaide Sts., Chatham.

THE OLDEST
HARNESS SHOP
IN TOWN.

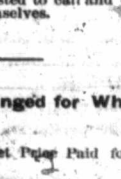
H. POILE
Thanking his Customers for past favors, and hoping to have a share in their trade, he announces to the public that he has
Whips, Harness and Saddles
of every desirable variety.
Repairing done on the shortest notice.
Shop opposite the Market, Chatham, Ont.

Fresh Bloss Coal
Cheap for Cash
Just received at
T. WRONG'S COAL YARD,
On Thames St., North Chatham, and at
MR. GIRDLESTONE'S OLD STAND,
Near Chatham Arms.
Coal of every variety kept on hand. Order promptly attended to.
T. WRONG.

WANTED.
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN
From every Township and County to buy
China, Crockery and Glassware
Of all descriptions, also GROCERIES of all kinds, at the very lowest price. One price only.
THOS. SNOOK.
A Mellish will sell at his Auction Rooms on Saturday, May 17th, at 10 a.m., and 2 and 7 p.m., an assortment of household furniture, also, one new organ. All should attend the Sale.

H. N'PHILEMY & SON
Manufacturers of all sizes of
Marine,
Portable and
Stationery
BOILERS
And Sheet Iron Work.
ALL SECOND HAND.
One Portable Boiler, 10 Horse Power.
One Portable Boiler, 35 Horse Power.
Tubular Boilers, all sizes, in first-class condition—warranted.
REPAIRING PUNCTUALLY ATTENDED TO
Corner of King and Adelaide Streets,
CHATHAM, ONT.

At Young's.
Boots and Shoes
OF THE BEST QUALITY.
EASTERN WORK
Purchased from the best makers, and none other. All kinds of
Custom Work Made to Order
Of the Best Material and Workmanship.
TERMS CASH
A. YOUNG,
Next Door to Malcolmson's.

THE OLDEST
HARNESS SHOP
IN TOWN.

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Comographs.

The following testimonial of a certain patient speaks for itself: "Dear Sir—Two months ago my wife could scarcely speak. She has taken two bottles of your 'Life Renewer,' and now she can't speak at all. Please send me two more bottles."

A seedy-looking individual stepped into one of our gentlemen's furnishing stores recently and asked for a pair of four-ply cuffs. The articles were handed him, and he examined them in a dubious sort of way, and then remarked: "See here! these ain't the right thing; I want the four-ply kind—them that you can turn four times without washing."

"My husband's will!" [She reads eagerly.] "Ah dreadful!" "What! has he disinherited you?" "Worse than that! Listen: 'I leave all my fortune to my wife.'" "Well, go on!" "On the condition that she shall marry at the expiration of a decent term of mourning. It is my wish that she shall not continue her racket under my name."

The Englishmen in Paris afford no end of amusement to the natives. The other day an Englishman called at the office of the Northern Railway and inquired the price of sending a corpse from Paris to London. He was told, and informed that he must bring his corpse around within six hours. "Aow!" said he, "there's no 'urry about it, you know. It's for me, you know—I want to be buried in England later on."

The circus camel has his back up for the season.

The same cholera which is doubling up the population of Upper India is also reducing it one-half.

"How can I leave thee?" said Adam to Eve. "She made no reply, but pointed calmly to a fig tree in the distance."

"Are you building castles in Spain, Mr Jones?" said a landlady to a boarder who was thoughtfully regarding his coffee cup. "No, madam, only looking over my grounds in Java," replied Jones.

An old bachelor, who particularly hated literary women, asked an authoress if she could throw any light on kissing. "I could," said she, looking archly at him, "but I think it's better in the dark."

A commandant of cavalry, a good soldier but rather rough to his men, understood that there were many murmurings against him. The commandant is a man of quick action, and when next a grand manoeuvre was ordered, he addressed his soldiers as follows: "I hear that some of you have complaints against me; now if any of you have anything serious to say, I would be glad to have you ride out from the ranks that it may be explained." At this the whole corps moved forward. The commandant looked a second, and then calling "Halt!" went on with the exercises without a word.

"What are you looking for?" asked one of the widow Bedot's two daughters, who were entertaining their young fellows on the piazzas rather late one night last summer, of their mother, who seemed to be hunting for something round the front yard. "The morning papers," answered the widow. The young man left.

A Horrible Story From Mexico.

A private letter from Col. T. H. Bringham, dated at Parral, Mexico, May 10, 1879, shows that the preparations for extensive and successful silver-mining operations are progressing very satisfactorily. In the latter, the Colonel gives the following narration:—"Last week in Chihuahua a woman went into a shoemaker's shop in front of his dwelling and was measured for a pair of shoes. The son of Crispin said to the woman:—'You have a very pretty foot.' 'Do you think so?' said she. He replied:—'Yes; that is the prettiest foot in Mexico.' The woman was to come back next day and leave \$1, when the shoemaker was to be commenced. The shoemaker's wife, hearing all, said nothing. The next day the shoemaker was out when the woman with the pretty foot called, according to agreement, and the wife got her into the back room and stabbed her to death. The wife then cut a steak out of her leg and packed the body under the bed. The shoemaker came home and eat his dinner. The wife asked him if he liked the meat. He answered that it was the best he had ever eaten. The wife then told him that he had eaten a part of the 'prettiest leg in Mexico.' He asked her what she meant. She showed him the body under the bed, and made a dash at him with a knife, but he escaped and ran to the Palacio and told the Judge what had happened. The Judge summoned a guard of soldiers and went to the house. He asked the wife if she had committed the murder, and when she answered yes, and attempted to justify the act, he ordered her to be shot on the spot, and his orders were promptly obeyed."

A Marvel of the Period.

If any one had said, even a short time ago, that Castor Oil could be made nice to take, he would probably have been regarded as a fit subject for a lunatic asylum; yet that is the fact to-day. Scott & Bowen have manufactured a tasteless combination of Castor Oil with glycerine which is more like cream than the abominable dose that was the horror of our childhood and the dread of older years. SCOTT & BOWEN'S PALATABLE CASTOR OIL—25 cents a bottle—is a treat instead of a repugnance to the palate.

It has been so long since we have heard anything through the columns of your paper from this place, we thought it not out of place to drop a few lines. Concerning the prospect of the crops, they are looking remarkably well, considering the cold and frosty spring, and the long spell of dry weather we had previous to the first of this month. We will not have as heavy crops as we had in '78, neither in the fall crop or spring, though there will be more grain according to the straw this year than last. The straw will, no doubt, be very short. The hay crop, too, will be far behind what it was last year, but to take it on the whole we cannot complain. The frost of last Friday morning done some damage to such as potatoes and corn that was on rather low land; other than that we think no damage done.

Mr James Ross, of this place, has purchased a new straw thrasher from Messrs Fleming & Errett, of your town. We seen the working of their threshers last fall, and can say that they did the work well and gave universal satisfaction. We are proud to think we have such manufacturing done so near at home, and must congratulate those gentlemen for their energy and enterprise as manufacturers.

As regards the past election, we must say that it has been one of the quietest we ever saw, and judging from conversation we must come to the conclusion that most all are satisfied with the result. We hope elections will always turn out as peaceful and favorable.

We are enjoying beautiful weather now; crops are growing fast, and the last shower has been very acceptable.

Mr J. E. Bennett has about finished his barn, which adds greatly to the value, as well as to the looks, of his farm. There has been considerable building done in these parts this season, and we hope there will still be a desire to push along and improve, for we are looking forward to the day when this place will be second to none as a farming district in the province.

Mr Riley, one of the parties that went west to Nebraska, prospecting for land, has returned, and gives glowing accounts of that place, and intends going in the fall.

Weddings are on the decrease, but we expect great things in that line later in the season.

Tisbury East Council.

The members of the Council met as a Court of Revision for the purpose of revising the assessment rolls of the municipality, on Thursday, the 29th day of May. The members severally made and subscribed the oath prescribed by law. There were no appeals.

It was moved and seconded that the assessment rolls of this municipality for 1879, as prepared by the assessor, be confirmed. Carried.

The Court then rose, and the members resolved themselves into Council pursuant to adjournment.

A motion was made instructing the Treasurer to lend the trustees of S. S. No. 4, till the 1st of January, 1880, the sum of \$130 on receipt of sufficient security for the repayment thereof.—Carried.

A motion was made and carried instructing the Commissioner of the 2nd Division to examine into the grievance alleged by John W. Harwick, with regard to a portion of No. 2 Gov. Drain, and to report to this Council at next meeting.

Moved and seconded that the assessor be paid the sum of \$51, being salary for 1879, in full, and that the Reeve give an order for the same. Carried.

The following sums were ordered to be paid:

J. R. Gemmill for printing.....\$45 00
James Kennedy and S. Sales & Son for assisting survey of Sable's Drain..... 5 00
W. G. McGeorge examination of Campbell Drain and report..... 5 00
John Hill, charity..... 5 00
Stephen Gibberty, collector salary for 1878..... 70 00

By-Law No. 6 to authorize the trustees of Union S. S. No. 2 Tisbury East to borrow the sum of \$750 for certain purposes therein mentioned, was read a third time and passed.

On motion John Graham was allowed to pasture his horses on the Town Hall lands on condition of attending to the gates and keeping the key of the Town Hall.

The report of the committee appointed to examine the head of the westerly branch of the McDougall drain was read.

The report of the committee appointed in the matter of James Stewart's application for repairs to the head of the westerly branch of the McDougall drain, recommending the scouring of eighty-four rods of said drain, was adopted, and Mr Mann instructed to let the said work.

Mr. McGregor's report on the letting of the work of repairs on the outlet to the McDougall drain was adopted.

The Clerk was instructed to communicate with the authorities of the G. W. R. in the matter of the petition of Narcisse Dauphin and others relative to the drainage of certain waste lands lying to the north of the G. W. R., and the report of Messrs Shackleton & McIntosh therein.

Council adjourned till June 16.
D. R. FARQUHARSON, Clerk.

1879. SPRING. 1879.

YOU CAN GET

THE

Best Value,

Best Fit

—AND THE—

Best Clothes

—AT—

Isaac Smith's

We are now receiving our

New Spring Stock

OF

Worsted and Fancy Coatings

and French Goods,

English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds.

A Fine Lot of

Ready-Made Clothing

Of Superior Work and Quality.

A Full Assortment of Gent's

Furnishing Goods.

Hats and Caps,

The best and newest styles in the market, consisting of Stiff and Soft Fur and Felt Hats and Straw Goods.

Our Tailoring Department

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Twin Spring Bed

48 Hensel Steel Springs.

PRICE, - \$5.00.

Read what is said of the Twin Spring Bed by a few who are now using them:

We, the undersigned, citizens of Chatham, having purchased Blackburn's Twin Spring Bed Bottom, cheerfully attest its superiority as an easy, substantial Bed, possessing the advantages of being entirely noiseless; adjusting itself to unequal weights when two persons occupy it; affording no place for vermin or dust; being neat, cleanly and durable.

Rev Mr Harding, Dr Stewart, Mr Springer, Sheldon Ward, John Wall, H. Macdonald, William Cooper, Dr Witherspoon, A. Berard, J. M. Dupper, H. K. Ridley, W. Currier, John Eches, John Weston, W. H. Dobbyn, and fifty others.

Manufactured by Isaac A. Blackburn,

CHATHAM, ONTARIO.

Orders left at Latimer's Picture Frame Manufactory, Opposite Rankin House, will be promptly attended to.

A GRAND OFFER!

"Cleanings from the Curious,"

SOLD FOR \$2;
"The Burlington Hawkeye,"
\$2 PER ANNUM, AND
"The Chatham Tribune,"
\$1.50 PER ANNUM;
ALL FOR \$4.25.

This is a great reduction on both papers, as well as a reduction on the book. The Publishing Co. offer to send \$2 to anyone who will send in 100 cleanings from the "Curious" and the book back to them, stating the cause of their dissatisfaction. This combination offer we have consented to use, and it will hold good for the year 1879.

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Note the Address—Thames Street, Chatham North opposite the Kent Mills.

The Story.

LETTER HALL.

A DOMESTIC TALK OF THE PRESENT TIME.

BY FAYST PEARL.
CHAPTER LXVII.
AS A MAN, HE WAS...

In one of the most beautiful houses in one of the most beautiful streets of a beautiful city, Mr. John Walker, with his legs crossed, sat in a chair, reading the light blue of his paper...

"What was she like?" exclaimed Mr. Walker, in a tone of interested interest and curiosity. "I can also be Mr. Walker, looking up the book, uncrossed the legs, took up the 'Standard' and received 'Play'...

"I have seen the letter in your hand," said Mr. Walker, looking over the morning mail. "I wonder in this room 'Play' be said, as he designated a compact little package. 'It bears the right postmark, and the handwriting is a masterpiece of the pen.' 'There's a character in that hand! I hope it's 'Play'..."

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After crossing the foot of the stairs, she went to her room, and there she found a letter for her. It was a letter from Mr. John Walker, and it was a letter that she had been waiting for...

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HOW TO INTEREST CHILDREN IN THE MISSIONARY CAUSE.

An Essay Written for the Chatham District Sunday School Convention by Mrs. Southard, and Read by Her before that Body June 11th, 1879.

That childhood is the most impressive period of life, and that impressions then made are nearly ineffaceable, no one doubts; consequently it is of the utmost importance that those having the care of children resting upon them should see to it that right impressions are stamped upon the tablets of the young minds.

Interest is what we wish to gain. When it is once thoroughly roused in the minds of children, on any subject, it rarely ever dies completely out; on the contrary, it more generally grows with their growth, and is intensified rather than diminished as they approach maturity.

It is much easier to get the young interested in this cause, for the time being, than it is to get the old, but what we want to obtain is something more than a mere passing interest. We want it to be so absorbing that they will not only be interested for the time being, but that they will continue to be interested to purpose all the way along; from childhood to youth; from youth to manhood and womanhood; and from that period to extreme old age, if they should live so long.

How to accomplish this, is the subject under discussion. And in the outset I would say, that whatever interest, in this or any other project is improperly awakened, either from a false premise, or from being founded on an unsound basis, had much better never have been awakened at all.

We should, then, begin our work with children, with very great care; carry it on with even greater care and prayerful watchfulness, and guard it with such care to the very end—rather to the end of our lives, for if the work has been properly begun and so carried on it will not end when we lay life's burden down, nor when our successors shall have done so.

There are scores of ways, each of them legitimate ones, in which children may be interested in this cause, if only an honest effort is made to interest; but do not expect the same method to succeed everywhere. Perhaps what would rouse the children of one section to enthusiasm would not produce the slightest result in another.

But while there are various methods of interesting children in mission work, there must be one plain, in my opinion, precede all others, but by no means supercede them. That plan is a thorough, systematic, course of instruction on the subject. Without instruction the interest awakened will not be intelligent and will not, therefore, be continuous.

If children are accustomed to hear the missionary cause ridiculed at home, or if even not hearing that their parents or friends treat all reference to it with cool indifference, or if the S. Superintendent shows an evident lack of interest in the matter, they will not be likely to take any great interest in it either.

As deeply interested as their seniors. Nor can a S. S. worker excuse himself from this work on the plea that he does not know much about the missions himself and has no tact in imparting what he does know; that he doesn't know how to set about it, &c. If he doesn't know something about missions and missionaries, he ought to. As regards tact, if we are very much in earnest ourselves we can make that earnestness felt by others. We can, and do, talk to children earnestly and simply enough about anything that we are really anxious they should understand; and this is just what we must do if we would have them interested in this good work.

From the commencement of the Christian era till the present, the name of Christianity and the cause of missions have been but different names for the same work; therefore there is not a single Sunday school lesson that does not admit of some incidental mention of missions. Not that I would recommend their being mentioned Sunday. If we follow the course of some of the lessons we have had I think you will see that they bear me out in this assertion. Take for instance, the Acts of the Apostles. It is a history of missionary work throughout inspired, it is true, but a missionary narrative, nevertheless. Have the lessons been, as they are this quarter, in the Old Testament? Even here is plenty of room for illustration. Was not the little captive maiden in far off Syria a veritable missionary? And did she not—like the female missionaries now in the Orient—aim at the healing of the body as well as the soul? Was not Jonah a missionary when he preached to the Ninevites? And thus we might go on with the entire series.

Children can be readily led to see that it would be a "dreadful thing to have to live in a country where there were no churches nor Sunday schools, either because the people were too poor to support them, or because they know nothing about God, and it will not be difficult for them to realize how dreadful it is, that there are many thousands of children so situated now, whom we might help some if we were only willing to make a little sacrifice, or exercise a little self-denial. They will be glad to know that good men and women are taking the gospel to these countries and provinces, and are trying to build churches and start Sunday schools; and they will be correspondingly glad to do what children can to help. The story of some adventure of a member of a missionary's family—as where Bro. Pomeroy's son was overtaken by the "Blizzard;" or an account of the conversion of some heathen child similar to the little Chinese girl who came begging to be taken at the mission house in San Francisco, might be told in short, pithy sentences, with good effect. But in telling these stories two points should be constantly kept in view. Don't get your geography, and the habits of the different heathen mixed; and be sure your stories are true in point of fact. There is no room for the play of the imagination here. The story of an imaginary missionary standing on the unfriendly shores of South America and with a grievous and aching heart watching the cruel Terredeluegan mother casting her shrieking babe into the dark rolling waters of the mighty Ganges, would not have a very salutary effect upon the minds of children of average intelligence. It has been already mentioned that all this oral instruction should come in naturally. It will not do to utterly ignore the subject for 51 out of the 52 Sabbaths of the year and the come on with a talk about the need and benefit of missions and the duty of supporting them, just when you want some money. Like older people, children are apt to think that stories told them are merely told for effect, and not their benefit.

But oral instruction ought to be supplemented by reliable missionary intelligence in the shape of attractive missionary reading. There is a sad lack here in nearly all our schools. Indeed there is not a large supply of books of the kind to be obtained as there ought to be. True there are in nearly every school, if not every one—two or three small volumes of narratives of mission work, either in foreign lands or nearer home; but they are printed in equally small type that it is a trial to the eyes, if not of friendship, to read them; and then I think the most of them were written by that very voluminous author, Dr. Dry-as-dust, or some of his kindred. If you want children to read books you must have them written in an attractive style, printed in good sized type and tolerably well bound. There are excellent biographies of Harriet Neville, and Ann Hasseltine, and Sarah Boardman—the two latter the first and second wives of Dr. Judson, the famous missionary to India. There is a biography of the last wife of Dr. Judson, but it is not so well written and at any rate the ground is covered by the first two. And, in addition to this, there are several biographical sketches of eminent Methodist missionaries, both men and women, which ought to be in every Sunday school library.

Young children, however, would care for these larger works, but they ought to be supplied with reading on the subject, suited to their comprehension. It would be well, too, I think for each school to subscribe for a monthly missionary paper—say the "Heathen Woman's Friend," a very interesting paper indeed. The children instructed, the next step is to get them to work. You will, I think, find them willing enough to begin if you only show them what you want them to do, and how to do it. The children's mite boxes and other collections have formed a considerable factor in raising money for carrying on general mission work, for several years past. In one year alone, in a sister body, within the bounds of Ontario, the juvenile collections amounted to \$11,000. In England I think children have done even more than in Ontario. Generally they are zealous workers; but there are a great diversity of opinion among wise and good men and women concerning the advisability of thus employing young children, or half-grown boys and girls—particularly girls. It is urged by the advocates of the plan, that it is good practice for the children; teaches them business habits, makes them more self-reliant, and accurate, and gives them a stronger interest in the mission work to so employ them, and in addition to this, that they gather up hundreds, if not thousands of dollars, which would not otherwise be obtained. But it is urged by those who disapprove of the plan that allowing children to circulate mite boxes and subscription cards has an injurious effect upon the children, that it is ruinous to their manners, and had even to their morals; that its tendency with girls is to make them flippant and forward, and with boys to make them unbearably impudent. It is claimed that where this plan is carried out to any great extent, as in large towns and cities, it becomes an absolute nuisance; that from the time the cards or boxes are given out till they are called in, one can scarcely see or speak to a child on the street over seven without being dunned for five or ten cents. Indeed that you can scarcely call on the most casual acquaintance without the process being repeated in the house, and that it is a vexation tax upon those who have already given liberally. I have known numbers of earnest Christian mothers who would not suffer their little daughters to have a mite-box, or circulate a card, for these reasons given. I think this view rather an exaggerated one, but yet I know that there is a good deal of truth in it, too. Another and perhaps a better plan of interesting children and securing their co-operation in this work is the organization of juvenile missionary circles, officered by the children themselves, but under the general supervision of some judicious grown person. Let the little people manage their own affairs—subject to advice. Let them do all their own work, keeping the records, and having charge of their own money; give them receipts for every cent they pay either to the Missionary Society or for incidentals; encourage them to hold monthly concerts, and let it be the business of their seniors to supply the circles with reliable intelligence from the mission they are helping. Has the money they have last sent been applied on the church at Marias, or at Morris, or elsewhere? Tell them so. Thenceforth they will feel a sort of proprietorship in that church, and take more interest in helping to sustain it. Try, in every proper way, to have them make their concert a success so far as the carrying out of a good programme is concerned. Encourage and help them in making it a financial success, by your presence at them and liberal contributions to the collection which they will take up at the close. Don't, for your own sake and the children's, permit Alexander the coppersmith to occupy any of the seats appropriated to the grown up people. Then there are in every locality timid children, who would like to do something in an unobtrusive way, but who could not be persuaded to circulate a subscription or take any active part in a circle, and who, from timidity, would fail if they tried. Give them some easy work, suited to their years and sex, which they may do in the hours allotted to amusement, and pay them honest prices for the work so done. There are numbers of little girls so sensitive that they would rather earn ten cents than solicit five; and their extreme sensitiveness out not to be ridiculed. There are none too many retiring children in this age. I have only briefly suggested to you an outline of a few of the many plans which might be adopted in, first, gaining the interest of the children of the church in missionary work, and afterward retaining that interest. I have not referred to any of the plans for this object which will be carried out in the observance of "Children's Day;" for these plans are as yet not perfected, and it would, therefore, be unwise to discuss them. In conclusion, then, I would say it would have the children truly interested in the missionary cause, we must so present the fundamental truths contained in each Sunday's lesson, as to lead each child to have an earnest desire for his or her own personal salvation. If the children are once truly converted—not merely led to say, or sing, that they "love Jesus"—every S. S. child does, in an accommodated sense, love Jesus, but if their little hearts are really renewed, and if their conversion is followed by judicious watch-care on the part of those under whose charge they are, we need not fear for their continued interest in this department of christian work; it will follow as naturally as summer follows spring.

tion. It would be well, too, I think for each school to subscribe for a monthly missionary paper—say the "Heathen Woman's Friend," a very interesting paper indeed.

The children instructed, the next step is to get them to work. You will, I think, find them willing enough to begin if you only show them what you want them to do, and how to do it.

The children's mite boxes and other collections have formed a considerable factor in raising money for carrying on general mission work, for several years past. In one year alone, in a sister body, within the bounds of Ontario, the juvenile collections amounted to \$11,000. In England I think children have done even more than in Ontario. Generally they are zealous workers; but there are a great diversity of opinion among wise and good men and women concerning the advisability of thus employing young children, or half-grown boys and girls—particularly girls. It is urged by the advocates of the plan, that it is good practice for the children; teaches them business habits, makes them more self-reliant, and accurate, and gives them a stronger interest in the mission work to so employ them, and in addition to this, that they gather up hundreds, if not thousands of dollars, which would not otherwise be obtained. But it is urged by those who disapprove of the plan that allowing children to circulate mite boxes and subscription cards has an injurious effect upon the children, that it is ruinous to their manners, and had even to their morals; that its tendency with girls is to make them flippant and forward, and with boys to make them unbearably impudent. It is claimed that where this plan is carried out to any great extent, as in large towns and cities, it becomes an absolute nuisance; that from the time the cards or boxes are given out till they are called in, one can scarcely see or speak to a child on the street over seven without being dunned for five or ten cents. Indeed that you can scarcely call on the most casual acquaintance without the process being repeated in the house, and that it is a vexation tax upon those who have already given liberally. I have known numbers of earnest Christian mothers who would not suffer their little daughters to have a mite-box, or circulate a card, for these reasons given. I think this view rather an exaggerated one, but yet I know that there is a good deal of truth in it, too.

Another and perhaps a better plan of interesting children and securing their co-operation in this work is the organization of juvenile missionary circles, officered by the children themselves, but under the general supervision of some judicious grown person. Let the little people manage their own affairs—subject to advice. Let them do all their own work, keeping the records, and having charge of their own money; give them receipts for every cent they pay either to the Missionary Society or for incidentals; encourage them to hold monthly concerts, and let it be the business of their seniors to supply the circles with reliable intelligence from the mission they are helping. Has the money they have last sent been applied on the church at Marias, or at Morris, or elsewhere? Tell them so. Thenceforth they will feel a sort of proprietorship in that church, and take more interest in helping to sustain it. Try, in every proper way, to have them make their concert a success so far as the carrying out of a good programme is concerned. Encourage and help them in making it a financial success, by your presence at them and liberal contributions to the collection which they will take up at the close. Don't, for your own sake and the children's, permit Alexander the coppersmith to occupy any of the seats appropriated to the grown up people. Then there are in every locality timid children, who would like to do something in an unobtrusive way, but who could not be persuaded to circulate a subscription or take any active part in a circle, and who, from timidity, would fail if they tried. Give them some easy work, suited to their years and sex, which they may do in the hours allotted to amusement, and pay them honest prices for the work so done. There are numbers of little girls so sensitive that they would rather earn ten cents than solicit five; and their extreme sensitiveness out not to be ridiculed. There are none too many retiring children in this age. I have only briefly suggested to you an outline of a few of the many plans which might be adopted in, first, gaining the interest of the children of the church in missionary work, and afterward retaining that interest. I have not referred to any of the plans for this object which will be carried out in the observance of "Children's Day;" for these plans are as yet not perfected, and it would, therefore, be unwise to discuss them. In conclusion, then, I would say it would have the children truly interested in the missionary cause, we must so present the fundamental truths contained in each Sunday's lesson, as to lead each child to have an earnest desire for his or her own personal salvation. If the children are once truly converted—not merely led to say, or sing, that they "love Jesus"—every S. S. child does, in an accommodated sense, love Jesus, but if their little hearts are really renewed, and if their conversion is followed by judicious watch-care on the part of those under whose charge they are, we need not fear for their continued interest in this department of christian work; it will follow as naturally as summer follows spring.

North Chatham Tin Shop. LEONARD FRANK. Is offering something new in the way of GRANITE IRON WARE. Patent Wood Box Stove Polish, at 10 Cents a Box.

Canada Business College. CHATHAM, ONT. The Proprietors of this Institution have secured a new and elegant suit of rooms in Urquhart's New Block, King St. East.

1879. GET THE BEST. 1879. Small's Improved Gang Plow. Manufactured only by J. C. SMALL, Chatham, Ontario.

GRAY'S WAGON WORKS. CARRIAGES. LATEST STYLES. WM. GRAY. ELGIN WATCHES. At VonGuntens, Geneva Watchmaker.

GRAYS DRUG STORE. SCANE'S BLOCK, KING ST. EAST. Where you will find a Good Assorted Stock of Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals and Dye Stuffs.

Printers' Outfit. For Sale Cheap. The Material is all New, and will be Sold Cheap.

ELGIN WATCHES. At VonGuntens, Geneva Watchmaker. For a Good American Clock.

ISRAEL EVANS. A Hack for Sale. CHATHAM, MAY 23, 1879.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS. HOLIDAYS! PHOTOGRAPH. F. P. BAKER'S. Opposite the Market.

HOME INDUSTRY! To the Printers OF CANADA. would beg most respectfully to call your attention to my Roller Composition.

No Shrinkage. Your Orders Respectfully Solicited. All communications promptly attended to.

R. J. PARKE, Manufacturer of the Latest Patent Pastry Sideboards. Will warrant to make bread in them in a room where there is no fire.

All kinds of Job Work Promptly Done. Satisfaction Guaranteed. No sure to call and look at those Pastry Sideboards.

GOOD NEWS! GOOD NEWS! The undersigned having opened A General Feed Store on William Street, opposite T. H. Taylor & Co's Factory, is prepared to deliver in any part of the Town.

CHATHAM Steam Laundry SHIRT FACTORY. Sixth Street, Chatham. SHIRT AND COLLARS made to order.

JAMES DALCARNO. Having purchased the Business, Stock and Tools lately owned by J. Kimmery, is now prepared to do all kinds of CARRIAGE PLATING.

J. KELLER. Tinsmith and Dealer in Stoves, Copper and Tin-ware. A good supply always kept on hand.

PAINTERS AND DECORATORS. Plain and Ornamental Painting, Freezing, Calcining, and everything pertaining to the profession of Painting promptly attended to.

Washington Letter.

Washington, D. C., June 17th. After running the gauntlet of a hard fight in the House, the Warner silver bill has been strangled in the camp of its friends. All the while the struggle was going on in the lower branch, there existed no doubt of the passage of the bill in the Senate if it were not for the fact that a number of Republican Senators were known to be naturally, and from local interests, silver men, and the Democrats were considered mostly favorable to the bill.

It is a little singular how politics go in Washington. A Southern Senator or member, like Mr. Lamar, makes a speech of rather pronounced opinions on his side, straightway the Republicans step forward and order the speech by the thousand to send to Northern constituencies. The speech of Lamar, in which he extolled Jeff Davis, will go into every school district by the dozen in the North. A Northern man of very pronounced radicalism makes a speech, denouncing the South in bitter terms. The Democrats from the South gobble up the speech and send it broadcast in the South. Lamar's speech incenses the people of the people of the North, and the other, probably by Gardfield, sets the ex-Confederates wild with anger.

We have been afflicted this week with another instalment of "Louisiana liars." It did not need these to satisfy the country that Louisiana politics have sunk to lower depths than can be fathomed. How much of all this the reign of such men as Senator Kellogg is responsible for can hardly be told; but that he is a prince of rascals is beyond question. The witness brought here in the investigation of Kellogg's right to his seat in the Senate are a bad lot. Before coming, some of them made affidavits to having received money for their votes; but upon arrival here they were intercepted by the wily Senator or his agents and "fixed," so that they go back on their first statement. This is what the Democrats say, and two of the slippery rascals have already been arrested for perjury.

There is every reason to expect Congress to adjourn next week. The bills can all be passed in four days, and if they come out in such shape as not to encounter a veto, that will end the matter. And now the over-worked and enterprising Washington Monument Commission have taken a rest for the summer. Nobody can discover anything they have done for months, but they came together the other day and solemnly resolved to suspend during the hot weather. When these poor fellows are put under the sod, perhaps somebody will suggest that the old rusty shaft now under their protection be dedicated to their memories.

Flater is selling a splendid line of Children's Prunella Shoes worth 75c. for 35c; also Men's Leather Gaiters worth \$1.75 for \$1.25.

Net Medicine Best Food.

The fall and early winter season is the harvest time of hooping coughs and debilitating forms of Catarrh, just as the later spring is the seed time of malarial fevers. To know a certain cure of the one, and a preventative of the other, is to have within our reach the most inestimable blessing of the period. We do know of them, for these really marvellous properties are combined in Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with the Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda.

There is no form of physical waste and prostrated vitality, that a bountiful use of the Emulsion, will not change to glowing health and full life and vigor, and then it is not a disagreeable medicine, but the most delightful kind of food.

A True Explanation.

Is the Tribune of June 6th, over the signature of Geo. R. Allen, there appeared an article headed "A Vindication," in which this man undertakes to deny ever having recommended himself as successor to Mr. Thos. Hurns, marble dealer. Now we will state a few facts, and invite the public to judge as to the truthfulness of his denial. In the first place, during last winter he called on Mr. James Hall, in Blenheim, and there seems to have made the statement and presented Mr. Hall with one of Mr. Thos. Hurns' business cards, after first having written on the back of it Geo. R. Allen; and Mr. Hall referred to one Mr. Campbell, in his marble shop in Blenheim, a successor of one of his workmen, that Mr. Allen had tried to take his order for a tombstone, stating that he had been in partnership with Mr. Hurns in Chatham, and that he had bought him out and was at that time carrying on the largest marble business in Chatham. Again he seems to have called at the residence of Mr. Hugh Reid, opposite Louisville, and there stated that he had bought out Mr. Hurns. He also seems to have called on one Mr. Higgins, near Boston Building, and there made a similar statement, and took his order for a tombstone, and as a result of such an understanding Mr. Allen came to our shop for his tombstone and there affirmed that Mr. Allen was carrying on the marble trade in Mr. Hurns' old stand, for he had told him so. And several others have come to our shop and made similar statements, and several have come for their tombstones and could hardly be persuaded but that Mr. Allen was carrying on business there, affirming that he had told them so. Then he goes on to state that the reason why he did not buy out Mr. Hurns was because he would not give Mr. Hurns what he wanted for his stock, but so near as we can ascertain the reason was that he was short of stamps, and that his credit was gone where he was known. He calls the stock we bought of Mr. Hurns, shoddy, and says that it has laid around the shop for years. Now the stock in there for inspection, it has not laid around the shop for years, and even if it had would it be any the worse for that, and as to its being shoddy, we have heard of shoddy cloth but whoever heard of such a thing as shoddy marble or stone? Evidently the man does not know anything about marble, or else thinks the public are entirely ignorant. Surely the man must have been excited when he went to say that our respect for truth is very limited, and such being the case we are quite capable of palming off this shoddy stock for good material. Now, what would Mr. Allen have done with this same stock had he bought it, as he admits he tried to do? Would he not say that it was only good material he used? He then asks the public if we are the kind of people with whom they would like to deal. Well, our Mr. Campbell has been in connection with the marble trade for over twelve years, is a practical workman and known in the marble line from St. Thomas to Windsor; and as Mr. Allen is not a practical workman in that line, neither has he been connected with the trade in any way only for a short time, we will leave the public to judge for themselves which they would prefer dealing with. Mr. Allen further states that were he wanting partners in business he would seek for men who have more regard for honor and truth than we have. Well we do not make a habit of blowing our own trumpet and spouting about our honor and truthfulness—we leave that for others who have tried us—and as to honor or truth we think Mr. Allen should be one of the last to make mention of anything of the sort. We know nothing of Geo. R. Allen at all, except what the public tell us, and that he has injured us some by representing himself as successor to Thomas Hurns. Should he mean undertake the like we will be obliged to have him punished according to law.

We have heard enough from parties who know him better than we ever expect to, to make us a little more cautious than we would otherwise have been, and a word to the wise is sufficient; and all we ask is, that those having occasion for anything in the marble or stone line would give us a call and satisfy themselves, they will find us at our place of business on King street, near the market, and will find the latch string outside the door.

CAMABELL & WRIGHT, Chatham Marble Works, King-st. East, Chatham.

Volunteers Attention. Clothing will be issued on Monday evening next at the Barracks, at 7 p. m. sharp, to those forming the Guard of Honor under the command of Major and Adjutant O'Reilly, for the reception of the Detroit Light Guards, who will visit Chatham on Dominion Day.

For Cheap Pants of every variety go to Green's Eberts Block, King Street, Chatham.

Chatham Markets. Chatham June 20th, 1879.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Wheat, Corn, Beans, Pork, etc.

From the sign of Arthur Andrew, dealer in Groceries of all kinds, 151 West King St., Chatham Ontario.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Chickens, Ducks, Hens, etc.

Great Western Time Table. G. W. R. TRAINS LEAVE CHATHAM.

Chicago Express, 7:30 a. m.; Mixed, 12:30 p. m.; Morning Express, 4:30 p. m.; Pacific Express, 8 p. m.; Windsor Accommodation, 6:30 a. m.; Steamboat Express, 5:15 a. m.

VICTORIA MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF CANADA.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS. President: W. D. BOEKER. Vice-President: G. H. MILLER, Esq. Secretary: J. H. HARRIS, Esq.

HONORARY DIRECTORS. W. PATTERSON, Esq., M. D. B. Stewart, James S. Evans, Esq., M. D., Dr. James A. Wright, Esq., M. D., Dr. James A. Wright, Esq., M. D., Dr. James A. Wright, Esq., M. D.

We have already published a report of the annual meeting of the policy-holders of the Victoria Mutual Fire Insurance Company, which was held early this week. From it will have been perceived that notwithstanding the amount of depreciation which still remains in all its insurances, the Company has survived and even prospered while other well-known institutions have gone down before the storm. The Victoria has well maintained the enviable position to which it long since attained, and having promptly met the losses incurred during the past year, and having been able to show such a satisfactory exhibit at the year's end, it stands as high as ever in the estimation of its policy-holders and of the public generally.

H. S. RICHMOND, Superintendent Western Division, to whom application for Agency may be made; P. O. Box 278, Chatham, Ont.

THE MERCANTILE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY. Incorporated by Act of Ontario Legislature. CAPITAL \$200,000.

J. E. BOWMAN, M. P., President. P. H. RIMER, Secretary. Insurances granted on all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire, at current rates.

THE ACCIDENT Insurance Company of Canada. Incorporated by Dominion Parliament, 1872. Authorized Capital—\$250,000.

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL. President: Vice-President: SIR A. T. GALT. JOHN HANKIN, ESQ. Manager: EDWARD RAWLINGS.

H. S. RICHMOND, P. O. Box 278, Chatham, Ont. Superintendent Western Division, to whom application for Agency may be made; also for Life and Accident Insurance.

Toronto Life Assurance COMPANY. ESTABLISHED 1872. Capital authorized by Charter, \$100,000.

With a view to bring Life Insurance within the means of persons who receive regular salaries or wages, paid monthly or oftener, the following Tables have been prepared.

They show how much Life Insurance can be had, under various kinds of policies. The first payment for all policies to be issued on this system will be Three Dollars, and one dollar a month is to be paid regularly thereafter.

All premiums will be payable on the first of each month, so that sending of a notice to pay is unnecessary.

A month's grace will be in all cases given, to cover unforeseen or unavoidable delays, but policy-holders who desire so to do, can pay any number of months in advance.

They can also have their policies changed, without expense, to those on which the premium is payable quarterly, half-yearly, or yearly.

This new method of saving small sums is particularly recommended to young men. One dollar per month, now perhaps spent in momentary pleasure, would provide quite a considerable sum.

For a young married man Life Insurance is a duty, but there is scarcely any one who has not some relative for whom he would wish to provide.

The security of the Company is undoubted, as it is licensed by the Dominion Government, and deposits each year with the Receiver-General, in approved Municipal Securities, three-fourths of its premium receipts.

SCOTT'S EMULSION PURE COD LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME & SODA. It is combined in a palatable form that is taken readily by children and most delicate persons without the slightest nausea.

FISH CAUGHT. But no family can get along without Boots and Shoes, especially when they can be bought WITH So small a sum of money. Goto FLATER'S, 79 King St., Chatham, and you may be satisfied that Goods never were so cheap.

SILVER. Question. Greenbacks, Gold or Silver are all the same to us. We can now sell Goods cheaper than a man can AT Very low prices. No trouble to show Goods. Don't forget the place, G. A. FLATER'S, 79 King St., Chatham.

The Massey Harvester. The Latest and Best. Wrought Iron Frame, Cutter Bar, Levers and Braces. Light, Strong, Durable, and extremely Convenient.

Massey Mower. IS UNEXCELLED. Sharpe's Rake. "No Equal or no Sale!" See Them Before You Buy. East Side Market Square.

TEN CASES of Mens' and Boys' New Straw Hats. H.K. RIDLEY. JUST TO HAND.

RIDLEY'S. The Very Latest and the Best Value for the Money in Chatham. At the Sign of the Big White Hat.

WHEN IN RIDGETOWN. Call and inspect the stock of Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, etc. For sale at THE CITY DRUG STORE. Opposite the Ross House.

MARTIN E. NEADS, Pharm. on May 23, 1879.

NOTICE TO FARMERS. Champion Reapers and Mowers. THE JOSEPH HALL MANUFACTURING COMPANY, of Chatham, have opened a Depot in Chatham for the sale of their Justly Celebrated Machines, and have placed the name in charge of Mr. J. C. SIBBALD, of the Farm and Plough Factory, who will attend to our customers, and also keep a supply of repairs on hand for all our machines.

THE MAXWELL REAPER. Beware of Imitations. The Genuine MAXWELL REAPER is manufactured only at PARIS, ONT. It has the SYMMETRICAL MARKABLE RAKE APERS that are put in every Reaper. Being the simplest Machine it has less parts to get out of order. It is as durable a Machine as any in the Market. The Rakes are driven directly by the Driving Wheel Shaft, with Patent Adjustable Friction Rollers. When Durability, Workmanship and Finish are considered It is the Cheapest Machine in the Market.

PLUGHS A SPECIALTY. The best Ploughs ever offered to the Farmers of Kent and Essex kept in stock. The finest and best finished general purpose Ploughs. The only Genuine All Steel Ground and Tempered Ploughs. The best fitted and the most economically kept in order are the Massey & Co. Patent Ploughs, and are justly having the largest sale.

AT J. T. WEST'S AGRICULTURAL ROOMS, KING STREET EAST, CHATHAM, ONT.

PIANO BLATTYPIANO. \$340.00 Piano Upright Parlor Organ, 5 Octaves, 13 Stops, 2 Knee Seals, for \$35 ONLY \$85.00.

Can be shipped to RIDLEY'S. If you want to get GOOD PRICES for your Goods get G. W. SIBBALD to sell them for you. Last Saturday he realized \$140 for Stock valued at \$115.

VALUABLE FARM PROPERTY FOR SALE. Consisting of Lot No. 23, 2nd Concession of Dwyer Township, Co. of Kent, three miles from Chatham. There are ninety-seven and a-half acres, forty of which are cleared and twenty acres chopped. It is a corner lot, a good road running on both sides of it; one-quarter mile from Town Hall and School, and in a good settlement. It is of a black loam, and there is plenty of rail and building timber. A good well and comfortable house upon it. This property is in a first-class settlement. To be sold at a bargain. Apply to Win. R. Dobby: TRINITY Office, Chatham, or to A. BONIER, Chatham.

TAILORING. WM. HAGART. Has opened a Tailoring Establishment in Ronald's Block, foot of Fifth Street Bridge, where he is prepared to give satisfaction in every particular. A First-Class Fit Guaranteed. W. HAGART. Chatham, June 6th, 1879.

Goto Jarvis & Harper, Dominion Telegraph Office, to Borrow Money at 8 per cent per annum, in large or small sums to suit Borrowers.