

# The Standard.

OR FRONTIER GAZETTE.

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## THE STANDARD.

SAINT ANDREWS, WEDNESDAY, MAY 2, 1841

### BIBLE SOCIETY.

We have great pleasure in noticing the Meeting of the Saint Andrews Branch Bible Society, on Tuesday evening the 25th ult. at Paul's Hall. The Rev. James Thomson the accredited Agent of the British and Foreign Bible Society, arrived in town on Monday night last, and waited on the President, Vice President, and others, of the Branch Society, to offer some information on the principles of its operation, and of its progress in those countries which he had visited, in order to carry out the views of the Parent Society, for the dissemination of that most blessed book of all books, the Bible, in the simple text of the most pure and literal translations, unaccompanied by any note or comment. A very respectable and rather numerous meeting took place at Paul's Hall at 8 o'clock on Tuesday evening the 25th ult., the hall having been fitted with a platform for the accommodation of those gentlemen who addressed the meeting, and convenient seats for all present. We observed a number of the most respectable families present. On the platform were the Hon. H. Hatch, President of the Society, Hon. T. Wier, Vice President, Rev. Jas. Thomson, Captain Owen, M. P. P., Rev. Mr. Desbross, Dr. S. Frye, and the Treasurer and Secretary.

The President having stated the object of the meeting, the Rev. Mr. Thomson opened the meeting by giving out a hymn and offering up a prayer.

The learned and reverend gentleman proceeded to explain to the meeting in terms truly artless, simple, and eloquent, which the truly simple spoken most ever be—1st. The interest all mankind ought to feel in the dissemination of the Holy Scriptures, not only as a present and temporal benefit, but more peculiarly, as containing the only sure and unquestionable record of God's promises, to man, of a life to come, in our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ, which shall endure to all eternity, for ever and ever. 2nd. He gave a very lucid and pleasing account of the origin, rise, progress, and operations of the Society, and as to their success in Mexico, and Spanish South America, in which part (as totally unexpected) the Rev. gentleman's narrative of his proceedings with the Archbishops, Bishops, and Clergy of all ranks in those Roman Catholic countries was listened to by all present with a feeling of evident rejoicing, and most profound attention.

He stated that he had been prepared to expect a direct and hostile feeling on the part of the Roman Catholic Clergy in South America and in Mexico, but confiding in God only for the protection of his own cause, he, whenever it was possible, addressed himself directly to the heads of the Clergy, who, so far as he had any relations with them were good and sincere men. And so far from experiencing any hostility, they generally removed out of his way obstacles to the diffusion of the Bible, which he could not have otherwise surmised.

And here we may ask ourselves, whether much of that apparent reluctance to receive the Holy Scriptures from Protestant hands, and with Protestant explanations, may not arise from the pertinacity of protestant agents, in insisting on, and believing they are doing God service in disseminating the Scriptures, surreptitiously, or by no means approved, by the persons charged, in this world, with the care and superintendence of their morals and religious education?

The learned and reverend gentleman carried with him throughout his speech of an hour and a half, the most hearty and unanimous sympathy of the audience, which was more sensibly felt and marked in those parts, which showed us that the great Spanish nation on this continent of America, had at length with joy opened a door to the pure word of truth. 3d. The learned and reverend gentleman also gave a very interesting account indeed of his success with the Negroes in the several Islands of the British West Indies, amongst the slaves, that is, they were slaves at the time of his being among them, but now thank God, the name is unknown to Britain in any of her own possessions, and we thought that he dwelt with more delight on this part, when narrating his recollections of the past, among the 'artless, comparatively innocent, and cruelly degraded and enslaved children of Ham.'

4th. The learned gentlemen as the result of all his observations, pressed on the attention of the meeting, the necessity of doing something on our side, for the honor of God, and he explained by the best and most cogent remarks, that independent of our final salvation and our interests in our future inheritance, our most sure way to prosperity and honor in this world, was by so doing, for those who honor God, he will honor—and of such evident manifestation of God's special providence, he furnished many apposite examples. We regret that our notes do not enable us to analyze the entire speech of the learned

gentleman which was received by all present with marked gratification, and on the motion of the Honble. President he received their unanimous thanks.

Our worthy townsman Dr. Frye, rose and expressed himself in his usual clear style and stated that the Branch Society felt grateful for the Rev. Mr. Thomson's visit, and that no doubt, much good would result from it—After which Capt. Owen, one of our Representatives addressed the meeting in a few words, principally meant to shew from his own experience, that in Arabia, even the very birth place of Mahomet and his religion, when no christian had for 1200 years, and more over ventured even to name Jesus Christ and his religion, that he had found their Sultans, Princes and Kings, greedy for the Bible, which concurrence in a hungering and thirsting after the pure word of God, we take to be one of the most gratifying signs of the times and the days of universal peace on Earth, even the days of our own Lord for whom we have so long waited. When the knowledge of the Lord shall cover the whole earth, even as water cover the sea. The Captain's speech was short but comprized also many other interesting notices which we are unable to furnish our readers with.

The Honble. President then made a very appropriate address to the Ladies and Gentlemen, thanked for their attendance and again called on Mr. T. to conclude with a hymn of praise and benediction.

### BURNING THE WILL.

A TALE OF REAL LIFE.

It was dusk, as Algernon Sloper opened the door of a sumptuous apartment, in which was a nurse, now murmuring a prayer, and now falling back, half asleep, in her arm chair; and the bed was so arranged, that any one entering the room could perceive the livid face of the old man who a few hours before had breathed his last. The noise made by Algernon, awoke the nurse from her slumbers. She shook her head.

'Good morning, sir, you come to look once more at your poor uncle? Say one would think he slept; a smile is on his countenance. Alas, those eyes are closed, for ever more.'

'Yes, Margaret, answered Algernon; but you had better go and rest yourself. I will watch over the corpse.'

'But, sir!—'

'Go to the dining-room, nurse; your breakfast is ready—go.'

And under this benevolent clause he gently pushed her out of the room, and sat down on the chair she had occupied, after which casting a last glance at his dead uncle, he opened the bed-curtains, and got up.

'He is dead at last! I shall be rich now!'

No sooner had he pronounced these words than he withdrew a bunch of keys from under the pillow; ran to the desk in which the will was contained; opened it, and began reading—

'I constitute my nephew, Algernon Sloper, sole executor.'

'It was time,' exclaimed the heir, 'I am entitled to what the law and society acknowledged my right.'

And Algernon, who, for more than two years, had feared that his uncle would forget him, continued thus—

'I will, &c. to Margaret and Joseph the sum of £2000 each, for the care bestowed on me by them during thirty years.'

'Two thousand pounds each to these people, who are rich enough with what they have stolen? What folly! Come, this is but an old man's madness. However, I will pay the £5000 as it is impossible to do otherwise.'

'I bequeath to Pierrot, my valet, the sum of £500.'

'What! to that Pierrot who should have been expelled long before now—*Quel Dieu le Diable tempeste!*'

'To Mr. Martin, my notary, £2500. I wish this sum to be added to the fortune of Marianna, his daughter, and my god-daughter.'

'Two thousand five hundred pounds to that fellow Martin! an old notary retired from business, who has got a handsome house at Kensington! What can be the meaning of this? It is a loss at cards, perhaps to Martin, which my uncle has been ashamed to name. Oh, uncle! the story was true. This I will certainly not pay. I will see Martin, and make him understand the disgrace that would infamously befall him, were he to accept such a legacy; and if he persists, we will go to law. More still!' exclaimed the heir, turning the leaf over.

'I bequeath £5000 to Miss Chesterfield, daughter of a brave officer, killed on the field of battle, whom I do not wish to know want.'

'To her! Why the cross grained dirt has rejected me! She shall not touch a penny of it. Ah! here's another protégé.'

'There is now living in London, a young barrister, whom my nephew Algernon knows perfectly well. He is poor, but virtuous and talented—I bequeath to the said Edward Ingestrie the sum of £5000.'

'Five thousand pounds!' exclaimed Algernon, throwing the will on the floor. 'Five thousand pounds to Ingestrie, my rival—my successful rival, in the affections of Isabel Chesterfield, Never!'

Algernon got up, approached the window, opened it, notwithstanding the cold, overtook a landscape of beautiful meadows, on which innumerable flocks were resting. The Thames rolled his waters through the estate; and further on were forests, forming part of the succession he was entitled to.

'All this is mine now; the wool of these flocks; these forests; the produce of these fields; all belong to me by right. I am the heir, and almost the only relation, to the late possessor. Shall I defraud myself by paying frivolous legacies? Suppose, now, said he, after he had shut the window and resumed his seat near the fire, 'suppose my uncle had not made any will at all, to whom would all these riches come? To me only—to me they lawfully belong; and all abstracted therefrom is theft at my expense.'

And the evil spirit of avarice, cupidity, and selfishness, took possession of this ungrateful nephew. He forgot that he never had been loving and dutiful to his uncle, but the reverse. His disgraceful conduct had, indeed, frequently irritated his rich relative. Interested views alone had caused him to approach for two years past; and now without any moral consideration whatever—just listening to ascertain whether there was any one coming—his thief the will into the fire.

In the mean time, I must introduce the reader to the young barrister, who, by the nefarious act just described, is left in a state closely allied to destitution. Edward Ingestrie was denizen of an apartment on the second floor, in a street but far removed from the locality of Scotland yard. There in the agony of defeated hopes, heightened by the impulses of an affection ever increasing, he paced to and fro, glancing ever and anon at the last note from his beloved—his own Isabel. 'At length he ejaculated, "my soul is made up for the worst—we cannot be united, I will write to that effect. The sweet dreams of years is annihilated! Alas now a blank—a curse—darkness!—Thou wilt quit England forever!'

To return to the chamber of death.

There was a knock. Algernon hastily shut up the desk, replaced the keys under his uncle's pillow, and opened the door. It was Mr. Martin, who came to look once more at his deceased friend, and give some instructions to his heir.

'I am very sorry to see you here alone, Mr. Algernon; but to be sure you are one of the party most interested!'

'One of the parties?' said Algernon, eagerly.

'Yes, one of the parties,' answered the notary, with a piercing look. 'You will find a will.'

'Quite possible,' answered Algernon.

'Is certain, for Mr. Sloper told me so last night, a few hours before his death.'

'Then it will be found,' added the heir.

'It is in that desk,' said the notary, pointing to the desk, and Mr. Algernon is to enforce its being looked for directly. All the servants must be present.'

'Do what you think proper,' rejoined the nephew.

The people in the house were called; the keys were withdrawn from under the pillow; the desk was opened, and the search, of course, was of no avail whatever. The old notary, ordering every body out, remained alone with Algernon.

'It is impossible, said he, that there should be no will, for your uncle engaged before me to make one, and he assured me yesterday that he had kept his word.'

'Was my uncle's honor, sir?'

'It is very strange that you should have been found here alone; but I do not suspect any body's honor, said the notary; nevertheless listen to me. Your youth has been dissipated: your uncle deemed it vicious. Many a time you have deserved the wrath of one, to whom, though you expected a fortune, your conduct was such two years ago, that you were expelled from his house! He would have disinherited you but monstrated that you were the son of a brother he dearly loved, and of a sister-in-law to whom he had promised to think of your future prospects. I was but too happy to restore you to his esteem. Since that time you have behaved better, or at least you have appeared so to do. God knows whether your conversion has been sincere. Your uncle doubted it much.'

'Was my uncle's unjust?' exclaimed Algernon.

'I have had the greatest trouble to institute your heir.'

The old fox has not forgotten himself, thought Algernon.

'The notary continued—Another person was also mainly instrumental in procuring your will for your uncle—your friend Edward Ingestrie.'

'Ugh!' observed the heir, sarily, 'I thank him not.'

'Now let us suppose that this testament is not found, what will you do?'

'What shall I do?' answered the young man, 'I will enjoy my uncle's fortune.'

'Of course, but you cannot think that your uncle would forget such persons as his servants, for whom he always said that he would provide.'

'If he had wished that,' exclaimed Algernon, 'he would have made the necessary provision.'

'I must now tell you a secret, which, in all probability is news to you. Your uncle has a child.'

'Come, sir, rejoined Algernon, jokingly, you calumniate my uncle, your friend. How is this?'

'I am in earnest, sir, replied Mr. Martin angrily. By a private and unfortunate marriage he became the father of Edward Ingestrie, as he had been named; he is an excellent young man though, by his mother's fault, benighted the parental roof until of late. Do you not mean to fulfil at least this portion of your uncle's intentions?'

'Let that alone; my uncle would never have committed himself so far—I have too much veneration for his memory to believe it.'

'It is a fact, and I can assure you that many a time he has thought of instituting this son his absolute heir.'

'Nonsense! I will hear no more, sir!'

'The notary insisted on the will being produced.'

'The will!' exclaimed he, 'the will? where is the will? Perhaps, sir, you were expecting a legacy.'

'The notary coolly replied, No; you are well aware that I am satisfied with what I have, and do not covet more, but for the sake of your uncle's old servants, of Edward, conduct yourself honorably: separate some fragments of your rich legacy. Be just, my friend, and—approaching the death bed—don't make me repent of what I promised your uncle. His intention was to leave to others the fortune which he was at liberty to dispose of as he pleased—I have craved him—I have restored you to the favour which you had lost, now, if the will be not found, do for others what they would have done for you, or else I shall be obliged to exact justice.'

Affecting to obey the notary, Algernon opened all the drawers of the desk, in which Martin suggested that the will ought to be found.

'You see, sir,' exclaimed Algernon, you must have misunderstood the meaning of my uncle's words, or he could not have been conscious at the time.'

'You are certain then, sir, that your uncle left no will.'

'So it seems, and you must now be of the same opinion.'

'We shall see,' said Mr. Martin, opening the door to all the persons in the adjoining room. Two years ago, Mr. Sloper made a will, which he deposited in my hands; therein he disinherits his nephew, and acknowledges a young man of the name of Edward Ingestrie as his heir; I have directions to enforce the execution of this will unless one of a later date be found.'

By a mere accident the nurse opened the window through which Algernon had viewed his flocks, and Mr. Martin perceived near it a small bit of paper half burnt, on which he distinguished Mr. Sloper's handwriting.

'Ah!' remarked the good notary, it is plain enough. Let some one instantly post to town, and apprise Edward Ingestrie of his good fortune. Are you going, Jephson, 'Tis well, you are an honest fellow, and to you I will confide, also, another charge. Here is my card; call at—, and present it, and bring with you, at the same time, a young lady, named Isabel Chesterfield. Edward, if I conceive right, would have no objection to her as a companion on a much longer journey than this!'

*Singular and Affecting Incident at Sea.*—Through the kindness of one of our friends at Scarborough, we are enabled to communicate to our readers a singular affecting incident at sea. On Sunday afternoon, the 4th inst., 3 little boys, of the names of Davis, (15) Carlisle, (14), and Foster, (13)—the two former fishermen's sons—were amusing themselves with an excursion on the sea, at Scarborough, in a small boat about 12 feet long, having with them only one oar and a small sail. The little fellows scuffled them out to a distance of a few miles from land, when thinking they perceived some other boys coming out in a boat to fetch them back again, they hoisted their small sail, and, the wind blowing out from the shore, the boat was unfortunately carried out a further distance to sea. To their inexpressible grief, the land at length entirely disappeared; and, after making several fruitless attempts to regain the shore, darkness put a stop to all further exertions, and a strong gale of wind forced them to still greater distance into the ocean.

When the morning returned, not a speck of land could be discerned, and no sail bore in sight. The situation of the three boys now became distressing, not one of them knowing how to make land, and not a single mouthful provisions on board their frail bark. To add to their distress, the oldest boy, Davis,

fell sick, and continued in that state the whole of the day. The sun again set, leaving them no prospect of rescue from a watery grave. The feelings of their poor parents & friends on shore, all this time, were heart-rending, while all endeavors to discover them proved futile. Tuesday morning dawned, and after straining their eyes the whole of the day in search of a sail, or land, and wearying themselves with fruitless toil, night again came on, and the poor little fellows, overcome with fatigue, hunger, and benumbed with cold, laid themselves down at the bottom of the boat to the mercy of the wind and waves. On awakening in the morning they were horror-struck to find their companion Davis, dead. The little distressed mariners described this as the worst of all. Fortunately, the sea all this time was tolerably calm, but the third day passed over with still less hopes of deliverance. Wednesday night approached, but no friendly hand was stretched out to save the two youthful mariners, who, with the lifeless corpse of their companion, continued to float upon the bosom of the waters, during the fourth night. In the afternoon of Thursday, they descried a sail in the distance, and with eyes filled with tears they beheld a ship bearing toward them. She proved to be a Dutch vessel, bound for Amsterdam. The captain immediately took the two boys on board his own vessel. They were in a dreadful state of suffering, having never tasted food from Sunday afternoon. While the poor little fellows were being received in the Dutch vessel, they perceived some of the sailors about to throw the body of their companion overboard. With affecting accents they besought their deliverers to let them have the dead body of Davis to take back with them to Scarborough to their friends; but their entreaties were followed by a heavy splash in the water, and the body of the poor unfortunate fisherman's boy was lost from their sight. The captain of the vessel, and the whole crew behaved with the greatest kindness to the boys; and upon the vessels reaching Amsterdam, they forwarded their charge to London, from whence the 2 young adventurous youths set out for Hull, and to the inexpressible joy of their distressed and agonized parents, they arrived in Scarborough on Wednesday evening last.—*Halifax Guardian.*

*The Spirit of God speaks to All.*—My friend art thou young—full of hope and expectation? Dost thou appear as a fairy land, covered with a fresh verdure, lit with a golden light and crowded with a sweet perfume? The spirit of God speaks to thee. It speaks to thee in the history of human nature, in the ruins of confident hopes, in the sad disasters, the broken careers, the broken hearts, the weary and sad hours of millions, who have trod earth's pilgrimage before thee. It speaks to awaken thee from thy dreams, to call thy young affections, thy vigorous thoughts, thy warm desires, to the contemplation of the beauty of holiness—the power of religion, the bliss of heaven! My friend, art thou old? Dost thou look back on a weary life of change? Are the friends of thy youth gone? Is thy step feeble, thine eye dimmed, thy body weakened? Art thou almost ready to exclaim, all is vanity? Well then the spirit of God speaks to thee. It speaks in the events of three-score years and ten. It tells you that the fashion of earth passes away, and you think of a better world, and prepare your soul for its Maker's presence. My friend, art thou a parent? Hast thou a parent's hope, a parent's fears. Desirest thou the welfare of thy offspring. Oh! how solemnly speaks the spirit of God to thee.—It speaks in that little band of immortal souls around you. It tells you how by every careless word, by every irreligious act, by the worldliness of your life you are perhaps bringing on them destruction terrible as it is sure. It bids you think as a father should think, fear as a mother should fear; and to remember God has no retribution more fearful than that laid up for a faithless parent. My friend, art thou a man? Hast thou an immortal soul? Dost thy heart never beat against the sides of thy prison house, that thy longing desires may be released. Is thy mind never moved by quick stirring thoughts? Art thou pressing ever onward, and upward? Art thou conscious of powers? Wouldst thou exerting them to the full? Knowest thou that thy capacities are boundless, and wouldst thou satisfy them? The spirit of God speaks to thee.—It bids thee fill thy language with heaven's truth, warm thy affections with an exalting love of holiness, make busy thy mind in making all things work together for good. Thus speaks, thou hear'st, the spirit of God.—And now, wilt thou, youth?—Wilt thou, age—and thou, father—and thou, mother—and thou, man—wilt thou preach the spirit of God?—*T. B. Foster.*

*Cinnamon.*—Cinnamon is the inner bark of the younger branches of a sort of laurel, which grows in the Island of Ceylon and other parts of the East Indies. Cinnamon is the bark of another sort of laurel. It is thicker and coarser than cinnamon, but of a similar taste. It is mostly imported from China.



# COMMUNICATIONS.

TO THE FREEHOLDERS OF THE COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.

Gentlemen,

I observe on looking over the last Saint Andrews Standard, that Capt. Owen has addressed you at some length on the subject of the County Meeting held in this place on Saturday the 22nd inst., and although I cannot subscribe myself as he has done "M.P.P. for Charlotte," still I am one of yourselves; and as a Freeholder of the County, interested in all that concerns its welfare, feel myself fully as much entitled as he is to address you on any subject affecting the public interest.

If Capt. Owen had given a faithful account of the proceedings which took place at this meeting, and had not attempted to mislead you as he has done with regard to the objects intended by it—most truly stating it to be a mere mask to cover an intrigue for electioneering purposes, and that the parties who prepared the resolutions were the very same who had been implicated with Dr. Robert Thomson in the proceeding for which he was expelled from the House of Assembly, together with other misstatements which I shall shortly notice, then, gentlemen, I should not have troubled you with this communication. Indeed, it is with great reluctance that even under the present circumstances I come forward, for I have no desire needlessly to involve myself in the discussion of public affairs, and I only on this occasion appear before you under a conviction that it is my duty as one chiefly instrumental in procuring a public meeting of the Freeholders of the County, to take care that neither the proceedings of the meeting nor the motives for calling it should be misrepresented.

Capt. Owen first mentions that a requisition very respectfully signed by two Magistrates and 114 others, and the call of the High Sheriff summoned him to attend before the constituency of the County, and in a subsequent part of his address, he states that he did not see one magistrate present at the meeting except himself. Now I know that five magistrates actually did sign the requisitions, and I saw, besides Capt. Owen, Chas. R. Hatheway and Wm. Babcock, Esqrs., both present; there was also James Brown, Jr., there, but whether in addition to the multitudinous appointments that gentlemen hold under Government, he has arrived at the dignity likewise of a Justice of the Peace, I have not taken the trouble to enquire.

Capt. Owen after giving an explanation of his views regarding his own responsibility, to you proceeds to state that he found himself before a respectable but very small portion of your body, that is, about one-fiftieth of your number, but that there were none, amongst them to whose opinions he or you could refer as a fair index to those of the constituency of the County. It will appear to you on reading the resolutions offered at this meeting that there must have been at least seventy-five persons present whom Capt. Owen himself confesses were respectable, for the first amendment proposed to the first resolution admits that the meeting consisted of that number; now, as this amendment was proposed for the express purpose of breaking up the meeting, and preventing public enquiry, and supported by the opposition consisting of five or six persons only, it is evident that the number of persons would not have been overrated in the amendment—then if there were seventy-five respectable freeholders present, it is obvious that there must have been at least one for every twenty of your entire body at this meeting, and not one for every Fifty as Capt. Owen has represented. Besides this, it does appear to me that Capt. Owen must be a greater favourite among you and far better acquainted with your sentiments than he is believed to be to warrant his assertion that there were none amongst those assembled at the meeting whose opinions could be treated as the fair expression of the constituency of the County. Capt. Owen knows as well as I do that the Sheriff gave eight or nine days public notice in this paper, the only one printed in the County of the time and place at which this meeting was to be held, that he also published the requisitions he had received, shewing the object of calling it, and had handbills struck off containing notice to the same effect and put up in different public places; he must have been aware also that at this season of the year, when all agricultural and manufacturing business is most pressing upon individuals, that many could not have attended from a distance however much the whole of you might have felt yourselves interested, and that consequently the meeting was numerically, as well as it is individually respectable.

Thus continued, Capt. Owen (referring to the meeting) goes on to say, that Mr. Richard Andrews read and proposed a very long and objectionably worded resolution? In reply to this part of his statement I may say, that it is not the length but the matter of a resolution which ought to condemn it, and that Capt. Owen does not seem to object to the matter, but to the words in which the matter is expressed, and I shall cheerfully leave it to the public to determine whether the resolution is in fact objectionable on that ground, at the same time protesting against the opinion of Capt. Owen, whose opinions on any subject I for one have no sufficient reason to respect.

If this resolution embraced facts and there was nothing objectionable in it but the language, would it not have become Capt. Owen as one of your Representatives to assist the mover of it, and while he contributed his aid to improve the wording without destroying the sense, have done the little he could do to see that it was properly submitted to the meeting? But the very reverse of such an intention plainly appeared in the conduct of your two Representatives then present; their object, as far as I could judge, was to get rid of the meeting, to interrupt and delay the proceedings, to prevent all expression of public senti-

ment and weary out the patience of those who went there to do business to that degree, that to use Mr. Brown's expressive language in his late speech delivered in the House of Assembly with closed doors, they should all "be sent empty away."

If I pleased to dwell upon this part of the subject I might with great deal of propriety, I think, quote the language also of Capt. Owen, your other worthy Representative and say to you, that their conduct at this meeting "marked the character of their whole proceedings as being a mere electioneering trick" to defeat anything like public enquiry into their own misdoings and gull the people if it were in their power by any means to do so.

I could now to another part of this veracious detail of Capt. Owen's, it is as follows, "It was evident, they meant to pass all the resolutions prepared by the gentlemen who were recognised as the very same who had been implicated with the learned gentleman (Dr. Thomson) in the proceeding for which he was expelled from the House of Assembly." This assertion, Capt. Owen must have well known to be false when he wrote it; he knew that I was opposed to Dr. Thomson as a candidate at the last general election, and that I voted for himself, a mistake I must own that I have never ceased to regret since, although I have this excuse for it, that I was very imperfectly acquainted with him at the time—Capt. Owen has no reason to identify me with any party, I never belonged to one except it might be the independent party, if there be such in this County, and it was in the pure exercise of my right as a Freeholder at that election, that I opposed Dr. Thomson, with whom I was on friendly terms, because I thought he was not suitable for a Representative, and supported Capt. Owen, a perfect stranger to me, because I became persuaded he was so.

Capt. Owen has in different portions of his address to you, which I think, may, to a certain extent, be characterized as a *feeler* to serve some electioneering purpose of his own in the event of a dreaded dissolution of the House of Assembly, been particularly offensive to me, forgetting himself and the truth, so far as to rank me with a party, and to insinuate that although the Petition which would doubtless be sent round the County for signatures should not contain one word of truth, names will be found, or manufactured and appended to it—truly, your friend Capt. Owen has much fear of this contemplated Petition, he is afraid lest you should be led astray by the designing, and become tools in the hands of the wicked ones to make shipwreck of the House of Assembly; If such a disaster was to happen, to what part of the wreck could he cling for safety? The parishes of West Isles and Grandmanan have already cast him adrift, for in a Petition to the House at the last Session some 150 or 200 of their people declared that he had utterly forfeited their respect, and had lost every particle of their confidence; then to what plank can he throw out his hand in such an emergency? Why, only to that upon which your friend Brown is now struggling, it is even now nearly sinking under his weight and a leather added to its burthen would leave them both on the wide waste of waters to perish.

This subject is not yet nearly exhausted, and will therefore be continued in subsequent papers. In the meantime, I am Gentlemen, Your Obedient Servant, R. M. ANDREWS. St. Andrews, 31st May, 1841.

To the Editor of the Standard.

Sir, A few days ago a list was presented to me, containing the names of persons who were requested to attend what was entitled a Public Ball, to be held in honour of the birthday of Our Most Gracious Sovereign. The loyal sounding intention of such a celebration found a ready approval from my inclinations, and I for the moment was picturing to myself a scene of enjoyment, by the participation in its pleasures of all those who, from their standing and character were entitled to the term of respectability, and whom the managers of previous affairs of this kind had the courtesy to invite, rendering in reality what the present paper falsely termed a Public Ball. But what was my surprise on examining the names contained therein, to find the names of several of those left out, who from their character and standing, would have no reason to consider themselves very highly honoured by attending such an assemblage, nor would require to resort there without a knowledge of those rules of politeness, the observation of which is required of persons moving in genteel society. But when the parties come to consider who they have to thank for this invidious distinction, they may well express their astonishment, that he, of all men in St. Andrews, should attempt such a piece of impertinence in forming the list to the exclusion of those, of whom not one would consider himself honoured by moving in any circle in which he would be admitted. I am really at a loss to account for the aristocratic assumption of the worthy manager, and should desire to be informed of the ground upon which he rests his claims—whether it is upon the possession of those talents which will no doubt be fully appreciated by his fellow townsmen, when their existence shall be at once ascertained, or whether it may not be upon his wealth; a very prevalent idea however, seems to award to him a small portion of the latter, and scarcely exceeded by the quantity he possesses of the former. Perhaps it is upon his high and long standing, which I am certain he would more conclusively prove by his height and length in inches than by referring to a long line of ancestry. As from the list he appears to have a decided partiality for the title of Esquire, having none on his list to whom he does not confer the title, he may, perhaps, have some hopes of such an append-

age being added to his name, but I am rather inclined to believe he will have to wait rather long ere he becomes entitled to use the appendage by a commission from Government. It may perhaps be considered that these remarks are uncalled for, and that from their personality may be considered improper to be published, but, Sir, when you consider the publicity and personality of the cause which drew them forth, they will be found neither improper or unmerited.

Yours &c., UNMASK'N. St. Andrews, May 28th, 1841.

## THE STANDARD.

SAINT ANDREWS, FRIDAY, JUNE 4, 1841.

Charlotte County Bank. Hon. HARRIS HATCH, President. Director next week—J. W. Street. DISCOUNT DAY—TUESDAY. Hours of business, from 10 to 2. Bills and Notes for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Monday, otherwise they must lie over until next week.

Alms and Relief House. Commissioner next week—John Parkinson.

Marine Insurance Association. Director next week—R. M. Andrews. Office Hours from 10 till 3 o'clock, every day, Sunday excepted.

Saint Stephens Bank. WILLIAM PORTER, Esq., President. Director next week—N. Marks. DISCOUNT DAY—SATURDAY. Hours of business, from 10 to 1. Bills and Notes for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Friday, otherwise they must remain in his hands until the following discount day.

LATEST DATES. London, —May 3. Montreal, —May 25. Liverpool, —May 4. Quebec, —May 25. Paris, —May 1. Halifax, —May 30. Edinburgh, —May 1. New-York, May 28. Toronto, —May 25. Boston, —May 31.

No later European intelligence.

TO CORRESPONDENTS. In consequence of our correspondents becoming so numerous, and their productions of such unusual length, and further, as the paper is none too large to give the necessary intelligence from Europe and the Colonies, we have resolved not to insert any more communications without their being paid for at the rate of a penny a line, we must please the many not the few.

The verses of J. W. M. are received—if the writer will call at our office we can show him some lines printed, so much like those purporting to be original to E. that we almost thought he had copied them. Let our correspondents who sent us poetry, for the future, either say *original* or *selected*, but not attempt to deceive.

Dr. Robert Thomson's letter is received, but too late for publication this week—it will be inserted in our next.

BIBLE SOCIETY.—On our first page will be found an account of the last meeting of the Bible Society in Paul's Hall. On the Rev. Mr. Thompson's return from St. Stephen he delivered an address in the Scotch Kirk on Monday evening last in continuation of his first address. We are credibly informed that the Reverend gentleman held a meeting on Tuesday evening last, at St. George in the Baptist Chapel which was numerously attended. He recommended the formation of a Bible Society, which was readily attended to, and a meeting is to be held on next Monday evening for that purpose, at the close of the meeting a subscription list was opened, and in a few minutes the sum of £18 17 6 was subscribed.

We were visited with a heavy thunder storm on Wednesday evening accompanied with vivid lightning. A tree at the corner of the Hon. James Allanshaw's yard was struck by lightning and the bark peeled from the top to the bottom about an inch in width and at the foot a large splinter was struck off.

We beg to call the attention of the public to Mrs. Sutton's advertisement and to her extensive and elegant assortment of Goods received by the latest arrivals which are well worth inspection.

—000—

TIMBER DUTIES. At a public meeting held in the Court House St. Andrews, on Tuesday, 25th May, at noon, pursuant to a requisition made to the High Sheriff; Mr. Sheriff Jones having opened the business of the day, in a neat and appropriate Speech setting forth in strong colours, the interests involved in the question about to be discussed, their extent and great importance, concluded with expressing a wish that unanimity might prevail and the result of the proceedings prove favorable to the object which all had in view.

The Hon. T. Wier then proposed, the Hon. James Allanshaw as Chairman, which was carried unanimously, Mr. John McKeane was appointed Secretary, when the following Resolutions were carried:

Moved by the Hon. Thomas Wier, seconded by Mr. Sheriff Jones.

Resolved, That this meeting do fully concur in the views of the Chamber of Commerce of this Town, embodied in a copy of the Petition now read and transmitted by last mail, to the Right Hon. Lord John Russell, to be laid before the Queen.

Moved by James W. Street, Esq., seconded by Edward Wilson, Esq.

Resolved, That the Tariff of duties lately proposed by the President of the Board of Trade in the House of Parliament if carried, will at once annihilate our intercourse with our West Indian Colonies, and prove destructive to our property in vessels engaged therein together with the mills, and other permanent establishments connected therewith, and only useful when such trade is in active operation.

Moved by the hon. H. Hatch, seconded by J. W. Chandler.

Resolved, That our anxiety and alarm have been much increased by the language of His Excellency the Governor General that changes were also in contemplation relative to the Duties on Timber and Deals when imported from hence into the United Kingdom, a measure fraught with fearful impost to every person resident in and connected with the North American Colonies.

Moved by John Wilson, Esq., seconded by Capt. Baker.

Resolved, That a humble Petition be prepared without delay to Her Most Gracious Majesty, craving Her Royal interposition in favour of her devoted and faithful subjects in this Province, not only on the ground of public policy alone, but also shewing their pecuniary interests involved in the trade to the West Indies and United Kingdom, and praying that both may be presented to their unchanged by the maintenance of the present Colonial system.

Moved by Wm. Babcock, Esq., seconded by C. R. Hatheway, Esq.

Resolved, That Petitions be also forwarded to both Houses of Parliament.

Moved by the hon. Thomas Wier, seconded by Geo. F. Campbell, Esq.

Resolved, That the hon. Messrs. H. Hatch, and James Allanshaw, and John Wilson, Esq., be a Committee to prepare a Petition based on the foregoing resolutions.

Moved by Geo. F. Campbell, Esq., seconded by C. R. Hatheway, Esq.

Resolved, That the Petition subsequently handed in by the hon. Harris Hatch, one of the committee be received and adopted.

Moved by Geo. D. Street, Esq., seconded by hon. Thomas Wier.

Resolved, That the committee appointed to forward the Petition do obtain signatures thereto with as little delay as possible.

Moved by Thomas B. Wilson, Esq., seconded by Geo. F. Campbell, Esq.

Resolved, That the hon. James Allanshaw do leave the Chair and that the Hon. Thos. Wier be requested to take the same.

It was then moved by John Wilson, Esq., seconded by Colin Campbell, Esq.

That the thanks of this meeting be given to the hon. James Allanshaw, for his impartial conduct in the Chair.

J. McKEANE, Secretary.

St. Andrews, 25th May, 1841.

The Petition will be inserted in our next.

We observe in addition to the other Agricultural Societies which are forming in the northern section of the Province, that one has recently been organized in the County of Kent. This course is highly laudable; as whatever may be the result of the determination of Parliament with reference to the Timber Duties, there can be no doubt but that the agriculture of the Province must be more generally attended to; and its inhabitants must become less dependent upon other countries for their supplies of the necessities of life.

The investigation we spoke of in our last relative to the rumor of Capt. Bowman's having seen the hull of a vessel which he supposed to be the President took place on Tuesday afternoon before the British Consul, but nothing was elicited beyond the fact that the Captain saw, or thought he saw the hull of a large vessel, but none of his crew saw it. He was acquitted of any charge or blame for not attempting to bear down to the supposed wreck, on the ground that from the position of the two vessels it was not practicable. A report has been circulated, on the authority of a letter received from Southampton by a gentleman at Baltimore, that Mrs. Power had received a letter announcing that a vessel had arrived at some port in England, from Madeira, and that the people on board saw the President entering that port just as they were coming out. This letter was dated the 19th of April, and represented Mrs. Power as being then at Southampton, a thing not at all likely, as London would be the place she would have the best chance of getting early accounts from all parts of the Kingdom. A similar report was circulated in London five or six days previous. Another report was that she had put into Barbadoes, but this also remains unconfirmed. The avidity with which every rumour is received and the earnestness with which their probability is discussed prove that the interest felt for the fate of the President is not in the least abated. The arrival of the Caledonia will perhaps clear up the mystery—and we hope satisfactorily.—N. Y. Emigrant.

THE SEASON.—The Buffalo Commercial Advertiser says.—We do not recollect to have seen vegetation so backward since the spring of 1816. On the 20th May of that year, snow fell in Chenango county, in that State, to the depth of 8 inches, and sharp frosts were experienced every month in the year. Corn was carried in waggon from Chattanooga county, 250 miles to Oneida and Madison counties, and thousands of families were compelled to do without bread for 5 months in the Eastern part of the state. The cold season of '16 and '17 gave the first strong impulse to emigration to Western New York, Penn., and "way to the Western Reserve," in Ohio. Well, here are on the far famed shores of Lake Erie, on the 21st day of May, 1841, and not a leaf to be seen larger than a mouse's ear!

Demos Jos. Socobasin is dead! He died at Pleasant Point, in this State, on the 8th, aged about 60. He was of the Passamaquoddy Tribe, and was well known at Augusta and Washington, as a representative of his people to the State and National Legislatures, at various periods.—Portland Argus.

Report of the President.—We extract the following paragraph from the Marine Intelligence in the Halifax Royal Gazette of Wednesday last, 26th inst. received by Mail this morning. The steamer reported to be lost if the report be true, is in all probability the President, about whose fate so much anxiety has been expressed for the last month or two: Arrived, 25th, schr. Corsair, Morrisey, Fortune Bay, (N. F.) 7 days. Six days before sailing a boat belonging to Fortune Bay arrived from St. Pierre, the skipper of which reported that a vessel from France had arrived at that Island, which had picked up the captain and 16 seamen of an American steamer, and had reported that 50 other persons, who had been in the steamer were lost—the said vessel had floundered in consequence of running foul of an iceberg. The skipper stated that he had seen the Captain of the steamer at St. Pierre.

Quebec May 19. A most distressing accident, occurred this morning at about eleven o'clock, a large mass of Cape Diamond, with the wall from the Governor's Garden to the base of the Citadel gave way, and buried under masses of stone and earth the houses in Champlain-st. opposite the Custom House. About 8 buildings in all are destroyed. Part of the inmates were at work, but it is supposed that between 20 and 30 persons were in the houses. Thirteen dead bodies have been taken from the ruins. Some were alive and taken to the hospital. The military are assisting in removing the rocks and earth and searching the ruins.

The accident in Champlain-st. on Monday the 17th inst. has proved more disastrous than we represented it to be at the time.—The following list of persons known to have been in the houses at the time of the calamity, has been politely furnished by the City Clerk, and we fear it is yet incomplete:—

William's House.—Mrs. Williams and 2 children dead; Jane Crawford and Ellen Reid, dead; Miss Williams and sister, injured.

Power's House.—Mr. Power, Mrs. Power, and 2 children, uninjured; Mrs. Hayes, do; Ptk. Hayes, (child) dead.

Considine's House.—John Considine, dead; Joseph Considine not found; Peter, Mary, and Michael Considine, (children) injured; Mary Ryall, injured.

Connors' House.—Mrs. Connors and daughter dead; Mrs. Gallagher, dead; D. Gualey, dead; Ptk. Doherty, dead; Robert McKibbin, (Police-man), dead; J. Fisher, dead; Eli McGuire, not found.

Gaulin's House.—Mr. Gaulin, dead; Mrs. Gaulin, injured; Miss Gaulin, dead; Mr. Gaulin's child do; G. Jones, do; Mrs. Jones, and child, do; Lucie Labadie, do; Leon Leonards, do; D. Fitzpatrick, do; H. Cole, do; Francois Chartier, do; Julie St. Laurent, not found.

Young's House.—Miss Young, dead.

O'Sullivan's House.—Ann Sullivan, injured; Mrs. McCluskie, not found; Mrs. McCluskie's infant, uninjured.

Roy's House.—All the family, (5 in number,) uninjured; Angele Guilmet, injured.

RECAPITULATION. Dead, 26.—Saved, 22.—Not found, 6.

The following extract from the Quebec Mercury of yesterday, gives some account of the state of the sufferers conveyed to the Hotel Dieu.

The religious ladies of the Hotel Dieu, with their characteristic benevolence, have received 7 of the injured persons into that establishment, although there were no vacant beds in the regular wards at the time of the calamity.

It is almost unnecessary to say that every care, skill and attention is shown to the unfortunates on the part of the Medical attendants as well as the Nuns, and that the whole of these cases promise to do well.

The Coroner held an inquest on the bodies of the following persons previous to 1 o'clock this day:—

Robert McKibbin, Mary Connors, Margaret Connors, Dominique Grealy, Ptk. Doherty, Mary Gallagher, Jane Crawford, John Considine, John Fisher, Park Hayes, Mary Williams, E. Williams, Rose Anne Williams, Ellen Hall, wife of Robt. Reid, Margaret Young, Henri Cole, Jos. Gaulin, Julie Gaulin, and Marie Gaulin.

The following have since been found:—Dennis Fitzpatrick, George Jones, Madeline Jones his wife, Madeline Jones an infant, Leon Leonards, Lucie St. Laurent, Francois Chartier.

The exertions of the Military, the Mayor, several members of the Corporation, Mr. Simes, J. P. and the Police, have been meritorious; and Mr. Wells, foreman of Mr. Black's ship-yard, with a number of hands employed in the yard, have been conspicuous among the citizens who assisted in searching for and recovering the bodies of the sufferers from under the ruins of the houses, and the masses of rock under which they were buried.

It would not be doing justice to the character of benevolence which the citizens of Quebec have always maintained, to suppose that they will not do everything in their power, to alleviate the sufferings of the survivors of the present calamity.

Montreal, May 6, 1841.

Before Mr. Justice Gale, and a special Jury. W. H. Harris, Esq. vs. E. E. David, Esqrs.—action for Crim. Con. Damages at £10,000.

The Plaintiff, Captain in the 24th Regt. Defendant, late a Barrister-at-Law, and Major of the Montreal Cavalry. The trial excited the greatest interest, and throughout the

day the court was crowded with spectators, and the case in one of the eloquent speeches we heard when reading the letter note wife of the Plaintiff on the night of the accident that the learnedly able to proceed. The made out and the course from the husband although the Sol. Gen. able and ingenious de amount of damages, the length by the Honorable absence of about 15 m diet for the Plaintiff, i at £8,500 currency.

Counsel for Plaintiff Smith, L. H. Lafontaine, Esq.

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day the court was crowded. Mr. Smith opened the case in one of the most affecting & eloquent speeches we have ever heard, and when reading the letter left by the unfortunate wife of the Plaintiff to the bereaved husband on the night of her elopement, was so affected that the learned gentleman was hardly able to proceed. The case was most fully made out and the concealment of our interest from the husband clearly proved, and although the Sol. Gen. endeavoured by a most able and ingenious defence to mitigate the amount of damages, the Jury (charged at some length by the Honorable Judge and after an absence of about 15 minutes) returned a verdict for the Plaintiff, assessing the damages at \$2,500 currency.

Counsel for Plaintiff—Messrs. Fisher and Smith, L. H. Lafontaine, Esq. and A. P. Hart, Esq.

Counsel for Defendant—The Solicitor Gen. W. Bagdley, Esq. and T. J. Judah, Esq.—Herald.

It is stated that Her Majesty's Government are about contracting for the conveyance of the Mails to these Colonies weekly, and that His Excellency Sir Wm. Colebrooke intends representing the advantages of the additional steamers coming to St. John. In this measure he will be heartily seconded by all classes, and we trust his praiseworthy efforts may be successful.

The passage money in Mr. Canard's steamers, from Liverpool, is now fixed at 38 guineas, including provisions, but without wines, or liquors, which can be had on board, steward's fee, one guinea. The charge, heretofore, was 34 guineas to Halifax, and 38 to Boston, including provisions and wines, besides the steward's fee.

The New-York Commercial Advertiser states that the British Queen is in future to ply between Liverpool and that port, but was not expected to leave on the 10th of May, as advertised.—Courier.

**MARRIED.**

On Monday, the 24th May, by the Rev. Dr. Alley, Mr. HERBERT HARVEY, of this Town, to Miss ELIZABETH ANN YOUNG, of the Parish of Charlotte.

At St. John, on the 27th inst. by the Rev. the Rector of this Parish, Mr. John Campbell, to Miss Catherine McGowan, both of St. John.

**DIED.**

At St. John, on the 29th inst. after a lingering illness, which she bore with pious resignation to the Divine will, Elizabeth, wife of Mr. John Anning, aged 58 years.

Fell overboard and was drowned from on board the barque Vibilia, on her passage from Demerara to St. Andrews on the 28th April last, SAMUEL SHAW, aged 19 years, second son of Tyler P. Shaw, Esq. of Saint George.

The deceased was a young man of most amiable disposition, universally beloved and respected by all who knew him, and bid fair not only to be a credit to his parents, but an ornament to society—seldom has there a death occurred which has created more sympathy, and although God in his allwise and gracious Providence has seen fit to take him away in the prime of life, it is a great joy and consolation to his parents and relatives to think that they are not left to mourn as those without hope. The Precious Bible was the constant companion of the deceased, having read it through several times, and always slept with it under his pillow, it was the last thing in his hands by night and the first thing in the morning, and when at home in his room always read it on his knees—he was a zealous and active teacher in the Sunday School in Saint George—Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord.—Communicated.

**Shipping Journal.**

**PORT OF SAINT ANDREWS.**

**ARRIVED.**

May 31, schr. Lark, Aberman, Digby, N.S. Cordwood, master.

June 1, brig Pearl, Shaw, New Orleans, Provisions, to John Wilson.

2, schr. Mary Jane, McMaster, Eastport, Sundries, to sundry.

2, brig Water Millock, Brown, Sunderland, Coal, and Earthenware, to E. & J. Wilson.

2, brig Jenny, Bowak, Montego Bay, Jamaica, Rum, Hides, &c., to J. Watt.

2, bgn. Germ. Porter, Yarmouth, ballast, to John Wilson.

3, brig Kathleen, Sparke, Windsor, N.S., ballast, E. & J. Wilson.

**CLEARED.**

May 29, brig Argyle, Brown, Lumber, Barbadoes, by William Ker.

29, bge. Vibilia, M. Keller, Lumber, Barbadoes, by Wm. Garnett.

29, brig Matchless, Watson, Liverpool, Deals, by John Wilson.

29, brig Isabella, Payson, Demerara, Lumber, &c., by Wm. Babcock & Son.

June 1, schr. Lark, Hilton, Yarmouth, Salt, to master.

It is reported in Town that a ship called the Wallace, of and from St. John, from Lis with a general cargo of Merchandise, ran ashore on a ledge near Grand Manan, and became a total wreck.—The captain and crew were saved.

**Road Work.**

THE subscriber will let by Auction on Monday, the 11th of JUNE, that part of the Road leading from Weymouth to Cressy's Cove, as far as the Legislative Grant of £50 will extend.

JOHN J. ROBINSON, Commissioner.

May 31, 1841.

**SALE AT AUCTION.**

**THIS DAY (FRIDAY) AT 11 O'CLOCK, A.M.**

THE following articles will be sold at Public Auction, at Mr. Boyd's vacant Store on the Market Wharf:—

12 Barrels best Mess BEEF,  
25 Ditto Kin dried and bolted MEAL,  
57 Gallons Raw Lined OIL,  
3 Pieces Ravius Duck,  
Blue cloth JACKETS and Pantaloon,  
Coarse Trowsers, Jean Coat,  
Moleskin Jacket,  
Orleans Cloth, Drab Cassinett,  
Black Silk VELVET,  
Pieces of black FERRET,  
Long black Silk GLOVES,  
Black cotton STOCKINGS,  
White do.  
Wick Yarn,

**ALSO.**

**A LOT OF HARDWARE,** consisting of:  
Slide Rules, Board Rules,  
Long jointer Planes, Sailors' Palms,  
Coal tar Brushes, Scrapers, Lamps,  
Papers of Pins, Tailors' IRONS,  
Writing Slates, Iron and Brass Screws,  
Butt, H and Chest Hinges,  
Penknives and Scissors, Saw Sets,  
Table and tea SPOONS,  
Brass Knobs and Drawer Handles,  
Awls, shoe Tacks, shoe Knives,  
Bees' Wax, Shoemakers' Pincers,  
Brass Cocks, Turkey Oil Stones,  
Needles, Buttons, &c.

**TERMS.**—All sums under £10, Cash,  
£10, and under £20, 2 months,  
above £20, 3 months.

JOHN M'KEAN, Auctioneer.

June 4, 1841.

**Public Notice.**

WHEREAS ELIZA MCKENZIE, late ELIZA THOMPSON, Administratrix of PETER THOMPSON, deceased, has this day filed her Petition duly verified in the Court of Probates for the County of Charlotte, for Licence to sell the Real Estate which the said PETER THOMPSON died seized of, or some part thereof, for the payment of the Debts due from the said Estate; Notice is hereby given to the Heirs of the said PETER THOMPSON and all other Persons interested, that the said Petition will be taken into consideration at a Court to be holden at the Office of the Surrogate Judge of Probates, in Saint Andrews, on TUESDAY the Twenty-second day of JUNE next, at the hour of noon.

Dated the 29th day of May, 1841  
By the Court,  
GEO. D. STRETT, Registrar.

29th 1841.

**PICKLED OYSTERS.**

Pickled Oysters, John Bull Sauce, Aderman of London, do. Valouts, French Olives, Harveys, do. Ginkins, Anchovy, do. Essence of Oysters, do. S. T. GOVE, Surgeon, &c.

June 1.

**POST-OFFICE.**

SAINT ANDREWS, THIRD JUNE, 1841.

THE Mail to meet the sailing of Her Majesty's steamer ACADIA, from Halifax on the 18th instant, will close at this Office on SUNDAY, the 13th instant, at 6 P.M.

GEO. F. CAMPBELL, Postmaster.

**FROM LONDON.**

**FARINACEOUS Food** for Infants and persons of weak digestion; best Hair and Tooth Brushes in sets; Paint and Varnish brushes; London Pickled Oysters, best Durham Mustard in Bottles; White Brown Windsor, and other Fancy Soaps.

For sale by  
June 2, 1841.

**Candles, Soap, &c. &c.**

Ex SOPHIA, from London, via Saint John, 60 BOXES best London SOAP.  
30 Do. fine moulded and speckled Candles  
5 Hogsheads D. Stout and Pale ALE,  
18 Casks (4 dozen) D. Stout and Pale Ale, do (6 dozen) Do. Pine,  
Ex WOODSTOCK, from Liverpool, 69 Boxes Yellow SOAP,  
3 Packages comprising a very general assortment of HARDWARE,  
2 Ton POTS and Bake Ovens,  
18 Dozen N. E. SCYTHES, 38 and 40 inch,  
3 Bnls 3, 3, and 4 ton sheet LEAD,  
"Bill" Har d ANVILS,  
1 Ton sheet IRON,  
1 Ton SLOOT, assorted, from BB to 9  
8 Casks best Horn and Ox NAILS,  
36 Bags Nails and Spikes, &c. &c.

JAS. W. STREET.

June 1, 1841.

**JUST RECEIVED**

From London by way of St. John.

20 PACKAGES containing Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Paints and Oils, Vermorel, Macaroni, Russian Isinglass, London Confectionary, &c.

For Sale by  
June 3, 1841.

S. T. GOVE, Surgeon, &c.

**VALUABLE PROPERTY**

FOR SALE.

ON Friday the 16th day of April next, will be sold on the premises that valuable Brick Building now occupied by the CHARLOTTE COUNTY BANK, together with the freehold property connected with the same, lately the property of Mr. SAMUEL WATTS. Further particulars made known at the time of Sale or upon application to—

L. H. D'VEBER, Trustees for the said Property.  
GEO. D. ROBINSON, }  
March 13, 1841. 11vi

The above Sale is postponed until further notice.

L. H. D'VEBER.  
GEO. D. ROBINSON  
April 16, 1841.



**OLYMPIC ARENA.**

**AND NEW YORK CIRCUS.**

UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF  
S. B. HOWARD.

**THIS DAY (FRIDAY)**

Will be exhibited this splendid Establishment on the GREEN adjoining the residence of James Boyd, Esquire.

The Entertainments will commence with a splendid

**WALTZ and GALLOPADE.**

Entree on Eight beautiful and superbly caparisoned Horses led by Mrs. COLE, (formerly Miss Cooke) the most celebrated Female Equestrian in America, from Mr. Cooke's celebrated Amphitheatre, London.

**NEGRO DITTIES.**

By the Scientific

**MASSA BYRNES.**

**GYMNASTICS and TUMBLING!**

To be succeeded by the inimitable and incredible Feats of

**MR. COLES.**

**EDUCATED DOG BILLY.**

A Splendid Act of

**HORSEMANSHIP.**

Never surpassed on 1, 2, 3 and 4 Horses, by

**MR. BIGELOW.**

And a variety of Acts and Feats never before witnessed.

For Particulars see large and small Bills. Doors open at half-past 2. Performance commences at 3.

Admittance to the Boxes, 2s. 6d. Pit 1s. 3d.

June 4th, 1841.

**LIST OF LETTERS,**

Remaining in the Post Office, Saint Andrews, FIRST JUNE, 1841.

A	Anderson William	Knowles William H			
B	Austin Mrs Jane	Kerr George			
C	Archibald David	L	Long Robert Esq		
D	Armstrong James	M	Lloyd John		
E	Atlan James	N	Leeman Mrs William		
F	Brown John	O	Layton James		
G	Brown Benjamin C	P	Laskey John K		
H	Bullington George	Q	Morrison Daniel		
I	Burgade Malheur	R	Murphy John		
J	Brown John	S	Murphy Thomas		
K	Brews William	T	Mayne John		
L	Bullington William	U	Miligan John		
M	Bartlett Caleb	V	Manningham William		
N	Canfield D L	W	McGhiekin George		
O	Blakeley Miss Hannah	X	McMaster S		
P	Blakeley David	Y	McBride B		
Q	Buckley Captain James	Z	McCluskey Henry		
R	Coley Bartholomew		McMull James		
S	Collier Matthew		McNeill John		
T	Collins Michael		McDonald Hugh		
U	Connolly Miss Catherine		McFreyden Duncan		
V	Conners Bridget		Mary McCrigh or		
W	Craft William H		Pat. McEldier		
X	Cord James		McMough John		
Y	Chamberlaine Hiram		McDonnell John		
Z	Cunningham John		McVittie Arthur		
	Caughey John		McMeekin Andrew		
	Dow Peter		Nale Mary		
	Davison J H		O'Brien John		
	Eastman David		O'Greedy John		
	Edwards James		Palleys Robert		
	Fitzgerald Thomas 2		Platt Captain Thomas		
	Foley William		Quinn John		
	Fowler James		Quane Thomas		
	Fernington Calvin S		R	Regan Dennis	
	Gibbs Mrs		S	Rigg Henry	
	Gourlay John		T	Ryan William	
	Grisham William		U	Smith John	
	Gray Hugh		V	Savage Margaret	
	Glennan William 3		W	Sung R chard jun	
	Gill Miss Sarah		X	Seabright Margaret	
	Griffin Captain		Y	Short John	
	Gillis John Esq		Z	Stevenson Alexander 2	
	H			Sweeney John	
	Hatton Charles			T	Townes Evin
	Hickey Mary			U	Thompson Mr
	Hibberty John			V	Thompson Andrew
	Hitchings Henry			W	Thompson Cornelius
	Homan Robert			X	Talbot Mr C
	Hunsuckle Lucy D			Y	Tait James
	Hall Mary			Z	Tatten James
	Huntley Mr				Twomey Miss Margaret
	Hutchings Mrs Elizabeth				Taylor Richard Ashe
	Henry James				Vail William
	Hill James				Williams John
	I				Wyer George
	Irwin David				Waycott
	J				
	Jacobs Robert				
	Jenkins Henry				
	K				
	Kean John				

**PROVISIONS.**

**IN STORE.**

100 BARRELS American PORK,  
32 Barrels Canada Do,  
75 Barrels American BEEF,  
50 Do do FLOUR,  
50 Do do BREAD,  
Bnls MEAL.

The above will be sold for liberal payments.

WM. BABCOCK & SON,  
May 29th 1841.

**THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE**

35 TONS Coudage assorted sizes, including Standing Rigging and Hawseas

2 Tons Oakum,

3500 Lbs. sheet Copper and Copper Nails,

1150 Barrels Prime PORK

875 Barrels Prime BEEF

72000 Lbs. Sides, Shoulders, and Hams, bulk PORK.

750 Bushels CORN.

420 Bnls. Put and Navy BREAD,

50 Bnls. White Beans

275 Puncheons superior Porto Rico Molasses,

210 Hogsheads do Sugar,

1000 Bushels Liverpool Salt,

10 M White Oak Hogshead heading,

75 M P. O. STAVES,

45 M W. O. Barre STAVES.

All of which will be sold at extremely low rates.

ALSO—On hand 1500000 ft. DEALS, at Chamcock Mills which can be shipped dry.

JOHN WILSON.

Chamcock, May 10th, 1841.

**TIMBER & NAVAL STORES.**

Ex Brig ISABELLA from Wilmington.

140 tons Pitch Pine Timber, extra quality and lengths for Ship building,

100 Bnls. Tar.

80 Do Pitch.

WM. BABCOCK & SON.

May 28th 1841.—21xi.

**GENTLEMEN'S Fashionable Ready Made Clothing.**

On consignment—ex Joseph Porter, from Liverpool.

1 TRUNK containing fashionable assorted Cassimere and Doeskin Trowsers, Rich Velvet VESTS, Silk Do, Black Cloth Do, Fashionable Frock Coats, Summer Coats, &c. &c.

JAMES W. STREET

May 26th, 1841.

**SALT AND FISH.**

80 Bushels Liverpool SALT,  
70 Bnls. Pickled Fish  
100 Quintals Pollock Fish,  
50 Do. Cod Do,  
40 Do. Haddock Do,  
200 Boxes smoked Herrings,  
10 Casks screwed Codfish.

For Sale by  
WM. BABCOCK & SON.

May 28th, 1841.—21xi.

**SCHOOL MASTER WANTED.**

WANTED to engage a SCHOOL MASTER immediately, in the Parish of West Isles, in the upper District (so called) at Chocolate Cove.

Apply to—  
C. R. HATHWAY

Saint Andrews, May 15th, 1841.

**CHARCOAL.**

WANTED to purchase, about Two HUNDRED Bushels of CHARCOAL, for which cash and a fair price will be given.

Apply at this Office.

Saint Andrews, May 20th, 1841

**Notice.**

THE Subscriber will make advances on cargo consigned to his friends in Barbados, to amount of \$3 per M on Lumber and \$2 per M on Long Pine and Cedar Shingles by drafts on Messrs. Cavan Brothers & Co., London, a 90 days sight, or Messrs. Howland & Aspinwall, New York, on receiving Bill of Lading to insure the cargo in London.

The Bill of Exchange for the advance to be endorsed on the Bill of Lading in Sterling money. The Premium to be settled in the West Indies, where the Shipper of the Cargo will have the advantage of receiving a higher premium than here.

The Vessels after touching at Barbados will be allowed to proceed to the following Islands provided the markets are better to leeward than at Barbados on their arrival—namely:—

TOBAGO, ANTIGUA,  
GRENADA, DOMINIQUE,  
ST. VINCENT, ST. KITTS,  
TRINIDAD, TORTOLA,  
ST. LUCIA, NEVIS, &c.

WM. KER.

Saint Andrews 17th March, 1841.

**NOTICE.**

ALL Persons having any demands against the Estate of the late HEBBERT LABRETT, of Saint Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested within three months from this date; and all those indebted are requested to make immediate payment to—

ELIZABETH LABRETT, Administratrix.

Saint Andrews, May 12th, 1841—19trm

**TO SELL, OR LEASE.**

THE subscriber offers to sell or lease for a year or term of years (as may be agreed on.)

**FISH WEIR PRIVILEGES,**

in this Parish, with the Buildings and Appurtenances thereto belonging, with a Dwelling House and Smokehouse attached. The situation of which he thinks are not surpassed, if equalled in the Bay of Fundy.—Tens, will be liberal and made known on application to—

WILFORD FISHER,

Grandmanan, May 1 1841.—un18

**MOLASSES & SUGAR.**

JUST RECEIVED THIRTY FIVE HOGS- heads Prime Retailing MOLASSES, extra quality.

30 Hogsheads SUGAR,  
10 Chests East India Company TEA,

Also for Sale while lasting.

WM. BABCOCK & SON.

April 30th, 1841 6517

**VESSEL FOR SALE.**

THE Subscriber offers for Sale on liberal terms a new Vessel pure building of the Timber of this Island, from 175 to 190 tons (old measurement.) Burthenome and well calculated for the West India Trade, and can be launched at an early Day. For further information apply at this Office, or to the Subscriber at Grand Manan.

WILFORD FISHER.

March 10 1841.

**SPRING GOODS.**

**FASHIONABLE ASSORTMENT.**

EX "LADY FLORA HASTINGS," From Liverpool.

Among which are the following:

STRAW and Tuscan Bonnets, Bride's dress Caps; Flowers, silk Blouses, Railroad and washing do; Quillings and Lace, white and black; black and coloured Crapes; plain and figured satins. Persian do, fancy muslin, French ditto for Dresses, Cambrics do, printed Calicoes, Navy blue do, plain and figured Orleans, Shalloe do, Mous de lains, Saxony, Canteons for Boys dresses; white and grey Calicoes, superfine Broadcloths; Gentlemen's black and fancy silk Handkerchiefs, white Cambric do, a large and elegant assortment of Shawls, Turnovers, Hkis and Scarfs, Ladies and gentlemen's Kid, Lace, Embroidered, Plain, Silk, Cotton, and Luste thread GLOVES; Ladies and children's Boots and Shoes, German Wools of all colours, Patterns for Working; Counterpanes, Marcellie Quills, cotton Sheets, Ottoman's Parasols silk Umbrellas, polishing Paper, Old Windsor Soap, Toilet Perfume do, Tortoiseshell Combs and boxes inlaid with pearl, Dressing Cases, Razors, Knives, Scissors, &c with a large and varied assortment of China, Rosewood, Tin, and Tumbidge Toys.

All of which the subscriber will sell at the lowest prices.

M. SUTTON.

May 6, 1841.

**JAMES CORKER,**

LATE OF MR. E. STEPHENS' ESTABLISHMENT, SAINT JOHN.

**COPPER TIN PLATE, AND SHEET IRON WORKER.**

RESPECTFULLY informs the inhabitants of St. Andrews, and its vicinity, that he has commenced business on his own behalf in the Establishment formerly occupied by Mr. AMES, where he will carry it on in its various branches. He will have on hand DISH COVERS and other Block Tin work, and hopes, by prompt attention to give satisfaction to those who may favour him with their orders.

Copper Binnacle Lamps, Scuppers, Lockers lined Ships Cooking Utensils, &c. &c.

J. C. will supply Wholesale Dealers on as liberal terms as they can obtain elsewhere.

May, 6th 1841.

**THE CHARLOTTE COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.**

HAVE Imported a quantity of SEEDS direct from Scotland, viz:—

25 Bushels of Sandy Oats, 25 Do. Hoperton Do, 25 Do. early Angus Do, 10 Do. Potatoes Do, A few Bushels of Ch-valley Barley } obtained A few Do. South Do. } from the Agricultural Museum of Sterling and said to be very fine.

THESE SEEDS have been imported with a view of ascertaining the most desirable for cultivation in this part of the Province, and were selected by a Gentleman who thought the three first Varieties most suited in the climate, better than any other for general purposes; it is very desirable that those Farmers who cultivate either of those Seeds, should give them a fair trial, and save the produce free from mixture in order to test the value of each species by an experiment. They are for sale at Mr. T. TURNER, and a quantity of good grass seed imported from the State of Maine.

D. D. MORRISON, Secretary.

May 14th, 1841.

**NOTICE.**

I HEREBY forbid all Persons trusting my WIFE after this date, as I will pay no Debt of her contracting.

BERNARD FITZSIMMONS.

May 26, 1841.

**DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.**

NOTICE is hereby given, that the partnership heretofore subsisting between the subscribers Saint Stephen, under the firm of BOYD & COE, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; all debts due and owing to the said partnership are to be received by the undersigned WM. T. ROSE, and all persons to whom the said partnership stand indebted are requested to send in to the said Mr. T. ROSE, their respective accounts in order that the same may be examined and paid—as witness our hands—

JAMES BOYD, WM. T. ROSE.

Saint Stephen, May 20, 1841.

**C. C. AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY**

IN order to encourage the application of Lime as a manure, The Society have concluded to offer a bounty of \$5.94 per hoghead of not less than 90 gallons—and not to exceed 20 hogheads to any one person. Any person claiming the bounty, must give a full account of the nature of the soil, the previous situation—the manner of application and the result.

Per order of the Board.

St. Andrews, May 8, 1841.

N. B.—A quantity of new seed wheat raised last year in the County of Sunbury, may be had on application to Mr. T. Turner, and a large quantity of Grass & Clover Seed hourly expected.

**SUGAR, OIL, PAINTS, &c.**

JUST RECEIVED

Ex "CANTON," FROM LIVERPOOL, VIA ST. JOHN.

3 HRDS. LOAF SUGAR,  
4 Hbds, boiled and raw L. OIL,  
10 Cwt. best white PAINT,  
24 Qr. Barrels GUNPOWDER,  
2 Do. do Gunster POWDER, 3LSD,

20 Tierces Bright SUGAR,  
5 Chests E. I. Congo TEA,

For Sale low by

JAMES W. STREET

May 13th 1841

**LAST NOTICE.**

THE subscriber, ADMINISTRATRIX of the late NATHANIEL AMES, being about to leave this Province hereby notifies all those indebted to or having unsettled accounts with the Estate of her late husband as well as those indebted to herself, that unless payment of a satisfactory settlement is made of the amounts due within Two Months from this date, they will then be handed to a man of business for collection.

HANNAH AMES.

Saint Andrews March 30th, 1841 nm18



Original issues in Pa  
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