

The Union Advocate

VOL XLVI.

NEWCASTLE, N. B., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1913

NO. 41

NEW UNDERWOOD TARIFF WILL HELP NEW BRUNSWICK FARMER

The New Tariff Bill Gives Canada More For Nothing Than We Would Have Received Under Reciprocity.

The new Underwood tariff, is of considerable importance to this province. The sweeping reductions which are made must have a noticeable effect upon the production of and traffic in the goods which are now subject to lower rates of duty.

It is impossible to anticipate the full effect of the new tariff, as this can be learned only as the readjustment of trade conditions occurs and the result is shown in the actual market transactions.

There is no question, however, regarding the value of the new legislation to the farmers of this province. The larger market which was sought through reciprocity has now been partially opened up, not to such a beneficial extent, as under reciprocity, but still enough to be of considerable value to the producer.

Farm products and food stuffs were the chief items affected by the new bill and the great reduction in the duty on these offer the farmer of New Brunswick a new market of vast extent. At present the only farm product in which the province produces a surplus of important size is the potato crop, and this has always been seriously affected by the lack of adequate markets. The New Brunswick potatoes are of better quality than those raised in almost every part of the United States, except the neighboring state of Maine, where conditions are similar, and there will be little difficulty in disposing of all the potatoes which this province can produce. Judging from recent quota-

tions of prices on both sides of the line, the return to the potato growers will be much greater also.

Hay is another produce which will benefit by the new tariff but, apart from these, the province has little in the way of farm produce to export. It is expected that the reduction in the duties will make shipments in the States profitable and will afford a large market the lack of which has been the chief obstacle to successful farming on a large scale.

Predictions have been made that the new tariff will have the effect of bringing greater prosperity to the farmers of the province, and of opening up new land for agricultural development.

The duty on lumber, of \$1.25 per M. has been wiped out by the new tariff, but local operators say that they cannot tell what effect this will have until they learn from experience. At present there is practically no market in the United States, owing to low consumption and even the difference made by the elimination of the duty might not produce a marked effect upon the market. As business begins to pick up again and shipments go forward they will learn of the effect on their business.

A Fredericton despatch says:—"Exporters of lumber and farm produce in this section are looking forward to a big trade with the United States this season as a result of tariff changes. One lumbering concern has been holding thirty-five million feet of lumber pending the passage of the new tariff law."

COUNTY TEMPERANCE CONVENTION HELD ON THURSDAY AFTERNOON

Representatives From Different Parts of the County Present—Resolution Adopted Forming Meeting Into a Temperance Alliance.

NEARLY \$100 PLEDGED TO WORK OF ALLIANCE

A County Temperance Convention was held here Thursday afternoon. F. S. Spence, of Toronto, President of the Dominion Temperance Alliance and Rev. R. H. Stavert, of Harcourt, N. B., Field Secretary, being present, the former presiding.

Representatives present were: Black River Bridge Division, S. of T.—Miss J. M. Cameron.

Miramichi Division, S. of T. Burnt Church—Mrs. Wm. Anderson.

Caledonia Division, S. of T., Douglstown—Stirling Wood.

Whitneyville Division, S. of T.—Wm. J. Sherrard.

Nelson Division, S. of T. Miller on—Rev. J. A. Ives, Mrs. James Lyon.

Millerton W. C. T. U.—Mrs. Christie Miller, Miss Margaret Miller.

Newcastle Division, S. of T.—Ald. James Falconer, W. C. Day, Principal L. R. Hetherington, Rev. S. J. MacArthur, Mrs. F. N. Atkinson, Miss Ella O'Donnell, Miss H. M. McLeod, Miss M. J. Dunnett.

Newcastle W. C. T. U.—Mrs. A. B. Leard, Mrs. L. R. Hetherington.

Newcastle Methodist Church—Rev. Dr. William Harrison, Mrs. Harrison, Ald. H. H. Stuart.

Newcastle Catholic Church—T. W. Butler, barrister.

Mr. Spence addressed the meeting, urging all Christian people to go in to politics to elect clean temperance men to the legislature. In 1898, the vote in favor of prohibition in New Brunswick was 26,919, with only 9,575 against, yet New Brunswick had not since elected any man to a legislature that had stood up to demand prohibition. This was because the temperance men adhered strictly to their party and allowed the rum element to control nominations in both the Conservative and Liberal conventions. He would not discuss which party was the worst.

Ald. Stuart said that the Socialist Party of Canada provided all the machinery by which the will of the majority of the people can be crystallized into law within twelve months after any given date. Had a Socialist government been in power in 1898 the plebiscite would have been a referendum and the will of the majority would have immediately become law. The objections urged against the other political parties re temperance laws did not apply to the Socialist.

Rev. R. H. Stavert said the Temperance Alliance stood for the suppression of the liquor traffic. He moved the following resolution.

"1—That this meeting hereby resolves itself into an association of Temperance workers to be known as the Northumberland County Temperance Alliance, to be constituted of those present and other persons appointed from time to time by churches, societies and other organizations favoring the suppression of the liquor traffic;

"2—That the officers of this Alliance shall be a president, a number of vice-presidents, a secretary and a treasurer, who shall be chosen at the annual meeting of the Alliance and shall hold office for one year or until their successors are chosen;

"3—That there shall be an executive committee composed of the officers named and ten other persons to be chosen at the annual meeting under the same conditions as the officers;

"4—The Executive shall carry on the business of the Alliance between the conventions of the representatives, five members of the committee to constitute a quorum."

Ald. Stuart asked to have the constitution of the Dominion Alliance read. He wanted to know if it said anything about who should manufacture the alcohol allowed for industrial purposes.

Mr. Spence replied that the Alliance dealt only with the liquor manufactured and sold for beverage purposes. After the prohibition of its sale for such purposes was obtained it would remain for the Dominion Government to deal with the alcohol needed in industry.

Principal Hetherington seconded Mr. Stavert's motion.

Mr. Butler objected to the use of the word "churches" in the motion and moved that it be eliminated. This was seconded by Rev. Mr. MacArthur.

Rev. Dr. Harrison thought that the meeting was too poorly representative of the county to give the desired effect to any resolution it might adopt.

Ald. Stuart said that every church in the county had been notified and requested to send delegates two clear Sundays before the convention and that notice had been sent to every temperance society—to the Sons of

Temperance directly and to church temperance associations through their pastors.

T. W. Butler told the meeting that if ten other temperance men besides himself would put up \$20 apiece to retain another lawyer he would undertake to dry up the liquor business in Newcastle. His offer was referred to the Executive. Mr. Butler submitted a copy of a letter he had sent outside liquor dealers warning them not to ship any more liquor to Newcastle for illegal purposes.

Rev. Mr. MacArthur spoke in favor of the amendment. He was a prohibitionist, and so were the Presbyterian General Assembly, yet he had no such mandate from his congregation. The name did not count.

Rev. Mr. Ives did not want the churches debarred from sending delegates to the Alliance. He suggested the substitution of "religious bodies" for "churches." To this Mr. Butler and his second agreed, and the motion thus amended was received and considered section by section.

Section 1, 2, 3 and 4 were adopted, and on motion of Dr. Harrison and T. W. Butler, the resolution was adopted as a whole.

After short recess the following officers were elected:

President—Ald. James Falconer.

Secretary—Ald. H. H. Stuart.

Treasurer—Principal L. R. Hetherington.

Vice-President—Harold C. Stothart, Ferry Road, and official heads of temperance organizations in the county.

Ten additional members of the executive were left to be nominated by the above members.

On motion of Stirling Wood, seconded by Rev. Mr. MacArthur, Mr. Butler's challenge re enforcement of the C. T. A. was referred to the Executive. (Mr. Butler has since extended the time to Saturday evening, October 11th.)

On motion adjourned.

Evening Meeting

A mass meeting with Ald. Falconer as chairman was addressed in the opera house by Messrs. Stavert and Spence. Nearly \$100 was pledged to the work of the Alliance. Miss Lucy Lingley gave a reading and an efficient choir of 25 rendered music.

Parish Alliances will be organized throughout the county.

ATTEMPTED TRAIN WRECK NEAR JONES' CROSSING

Conductor Stephenson's West Bound Special Strikes Sleeper on Rail—Two Cars Damaged Investigation Should Follow

Another attempt to wreck a train was made about 2 o'clock this morning at Jones' crossing, about a mile east of Newcastle, and in about the same place where a similar attempt was made last July, when the Maritime express had a very narrow escape from being badly wrecked.

As Conductor Stephenson's west bound special was coming along at her usual rate of speed, they struck a tie lying across the track. Fortunately it did not derail the train, but broke part of the air brake gear between two cars, bringing the train to a standstill.

Upon examination they found the sleeper cut into two pieces and two cars badly damaged. These were brought into Newcastle and the matter reported.

If an investigation follows, the matter should be taken up more seriously than was the case with the Maritime, when the opinion was expressed that the tie had fallen off a passing train and stuck in the ballast. The fact that the sleeper was cut into two pieces would show that it was lying directly across the rail, and could not get into that position unless placed there by some persons or persons with criminal intent. It is also a singular thing that it should happen in about the same place as before.

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GOT MOOSE WITH 62 INCH SPREAD

American Hunters Got Three Moose, Three Caribou and a Bear, Best Heads of the Season

Mr. T. P. Lindsay and wife, of Southboro, Mass., and Elton Clark, of Framingham, Mass., who have been enjoying a three week's hunting trip in the Miramichi forests, left for home Saturday morning, with the honor of having taken the largest moose head that has been shipped for a number of years, having a spread of 62 inches.

Besides securing such a magnificent head, Mr. Lindsay got an exceedingly fine caribou with 36 points. He also got a bear. Mrs. Lindsay was successful in getting a moose and caribou, and Mr. Clark also got a moose and caribou.

The heads were brought to town on Friday evening, and those who saw them say they were the finest they have seen for some time. They were shipped by the Maritime Express Monday morning.

SIXTY THOUSAND SIGN PETITION

To Save the Life of Charles Gibson Convicted for the Murder of Joseph Rosenthal

The Gibson case was discussed at the meeting of the Ministerial Association Monday at the Young Men's Christian Association, and a general endorsement of the petitions was given and the president and secretary were instructed to send a telegram to the Minister of Justice, asking that clemency should be exercised.

Sixty thousands persons have signed the petitions scattered all through Toronto asking that the death sentence imposed on Charles Gibson, following his conviction for the murder of Joseph Rosenthal, be commuted to life imprisonment. Up to Sunday night 37,200 had affixed their signatures. By 10.30 o'clock Monday morning six thousand more had joined the number asking for mercy.

Never before in the history of Ontario have such vigorous efforts been taken to save a man from the gallows. Between 700 and 1,000 petitions were placed in every part of the city—churches, car barns, restaurants, hotels, drug stores, garages and on street cars.

Fred White, in front of the City Hall between the hours of 10.30 and 11.30, obtained four hundred signatures. People almost fought to get near him.

Ottawa, Oct. 6.—Herbert Lennox, K. C., Rev. Mr. Laing, of Bloor street Presbyterian church, Toronto, Claude MacDonnell, M. P., and Dr. Preston, M. P., met Premier Borden, Hon. W. T. White, acting minister of justice, Hon. T. W. Crothers, and Hon. A. E. Kemp to-day in regard to the final effort to save the life of Charles Gibson, under death sentence at Toronto. The evidence was fully gone over and the cabinet's decision is expected any time. Though it is most unusual to re-open a case already passed upon by the cabinet, and concurred in by the representative of the Crown, there is a precedent in a

ST. JOHN CITIZENS VERY INDIGNANT

Board of Trade Makes Vigorous Protest Against C. P. R. Will Send Delegates to Ottawa

The Board of Trade of St. John held a big indignation meeting in the Nickel theatre Monday evening, protesting against the C. P. R. for withdrawing the Empresses from that port and sending them to Halifax. The citizens, irrespective of politics, are very indignant and are making a vigorous effort to induce the Dominion Government to take steps to rectify the injury done their port.

A strong resolution was introduced by Senator Thorne and seconded by Senator Daniel, supported in strong speeches by other leaders of the Conservative party and carried unanimously.

Another resolution providing for the organization of a delegation of twenty prominent citizens to go to Ottawa and urge the claims of St. John was introduced by D. F. Pidgeon and seconded by W. E. Foster and others and was also passed.

The question at issue is whether it was a fair deal to use the government road, the people's railway, to deprive St. John of her position it had gained by giving the C. P. R. discriminating rates. Not only St. John, but the people of Canada had an interest in the question, they had to bear any loss the I. C. R. would incur, and also they had to suffer a delay in the mail service if the statements of the C. P. R. officials were true that much quicker dispatch could be made by landing the mails at St. John. If arrangements can be made to arrange an interview with the government, a delegation will leave at once for Ottawa.

ATTEMPTED MURDER FREDERICTON JCT.

A warrant has been issued at Fredericton Jct. for the arrest of John Segee, of Tracy Station, charging him with attempted murder.

The warrant was issued by Magistrate George Smith on the complaint of Lewis Golden and Hazen McClary, two young men and who are employed on the C. P. R. Up to the hour of writing it has not been definitely learned as to whether or not an arrest has been made.

Messrs. Golden and McClary were on a hunting trip and were walking along without paying any particular attention, when suddenly they were led to believe that they had struck the war zone of Mexico, for shots were whizzing by them and they put in an uncomfortable few minutes. From a window in his home Segee was doing the shooting with a rifle. In all he fired four shots at the two young men, but fortunately none of these took effect. Segee is doubtless mentally unsound, and if not arrested will probably be placed in the Provincial Hospital at Fairville, having formerly been a patient there. He is a middle-aged man.

Harry Martin, of Chatham, is spending a two weeks' vacation in Boston and New York.

Montreal case of last winter, and the big petition brought down from Toronto has led to the decision to again go into the Gibson case.

GOVERNMENT HAS SPLENDID RECORD

Some of the Things That Have Been Accomplished by Borden Government

It is now only two years since the Borden government was returned to power. The administration has a record of achievement for its two years of office of which it can well be proud and which is unparalleled in Canadian history.

The extension of the boundaries of Ontario, Quebec and Manitoba.

The Aid to Agriculture Bill appropriating ten million dollars over a period of ten years for agriculture instruction throughout Canada.

The West Indies Agreement with improved steamship service.

The reduction of cable rates to the West Indies and the British Isles.

The inauguration of a greatly improved tri-weekly mail service between Canada and Great Britain.

The new arrangements in regard to marine insurance on the St. Lawrence and reduction of rates to Halifax.

The magnificent dry dock under construction.

Quebec, with similar dry-docks proposed at Halifax, St. John, Quebec, Montreal, Toronto, Hamilton, Port Arthur, Fort William, Vancouver and Victoria.

The bill to provide for penitents to the Fenian Raid veterans.

The Naval Bill (defeated by the Senate).

The Highways Bill appropriating \$2,500,000 for road construction in two years. (Defeated by the Senate).

The Branch Railway Bill, providing for the acquisition of branch lines in Quebec and the Maritime Provinces to build up the Intercolonial Railway. (Also defeated by the Senate).

The bill to establish parcels post system, which will be inaugurated shortly.

The development of national harbors at Halifax, St. John, Quebec, Montreal, Toronto, Hamilton, Port Arthur, Fort William, Vancouver and Victoria.

The completion in such a short space of time of the National Transcontinental Railway.

The construction of the Hudson Bay Railway so far advanced that 150 miles have been graded and one-half of the work finished in 1913.

The contracts awarded for two out of three sections of the Welland Canal, with two more sections to be called for shortly.

The construction of a government-owned terminal elevator at Port Arthur to handle 2,000,000 bushels of wheat.

The establishment of a policy of interior terminal elevators owned by the government for which two contracts have already been let at Saskatoon and Moose Jaw.

ADMITS KILLING SIXTEEN PERSONS

Henry Spencer, Arrested by Murder of Mrs. Roxroat Confesses to Crimes

The police began their gruesome investigation of the almost unparalleled confession of Henry Spencer, that he is the murderer of sixteen persons, possessing evidence to support his admission that he killed Mrs. Mildred Allison Roxroat, the tango dance instructor on Sept. 25th. The authorities are convinced that they will in a short time confirm Spencer's guilt to many, if not all, the crimes of his criminal career.

Following his arrest for the Roxroat murder, which was made at the home of a woman who had notified the police of his coming, detectives went to Spencer's room, where they found the rattle suit case, which the tango teacher had taken with her on her fatal trip to Wayne. She was lured there on the pretext that she was to instruct a class in the new dance. In it was part of her clothing, and not far away the revolver with which Spencer ended her life.

Enroute to the detective bureau, Spencer admitted to chief of detectives, John F. Halpin, that "You got the goods on me; I know I'll swing for this job." Then began his extraordinary recital of the murders he has committed, the list of victims growing longer as the investigation continued on through the night.

By morning Spencer had asserted that he had sent sixteen to their graves and told repeatedly the manner of their going.

The man who claims this almost unbelievable record is a Chicago product. He does not know his real name, and the first he remembers he was in the home for the friends as, located within a block of the scene of his arrest. He has spent half his 32 years in the state penitentiary at Joliet. He was sentenced twice for wholesale robbery and was returned twice following violation of paroles. He is short, weighs about 145 pounds, wears glasses and has the appearance of a clerk whose life had known little excitement. He has been a devout worshipper at the prayer meetings.

"Gillie," a man named Barnes, while playing cricket on the western lawn at Balmoral, G. B., with Prince John, hit a cricket ball through the window of a room in the castle where valuable old china which belongs to Queen Mary, and being taken care of for Dowager Empress of Russia, is stored. The ball smashed a Dresden figure worth \$10,000, which was presented to the Empress by the late King Edward.

FREDERICTON MEN SHOOT CALF MOOSE

A "Spike Horn" Head was Found in Wagon on Their Return From Trip

Two Fredericton men are on trial in Burton, Sunbury County, charged with having violated the game law by shooting a calf moose at the Bartlett Mill Stream.

They were returning from their hunt some days ago when the Game Warden of the district met them and inspected the game they had with them. The head of a moose with "spike horns" was found on their wagon and thus the Game Warden laid the information against them.

Section 4 of the game law declares it to be an offence to shoot a calf moose and explains that the "term calf shall be construed to mean that the animal is a calf until it is at least three years old and has at least three points, or tines, not less than four inches on each horn." The penalty for such an offence is a fine of not less than \$100 or more than \$200, or imprisonment, from one to three months.

Figures tabulated by Controller Prendergast, of New York, show the interesting fact that New York spends more money for the education of the public than the combined cities of Chicago, Philadelphia, St. Louis, Boston, Cleveland, Baltimore and Pittsburg. These cities together spend \$30,236,234, and their combined population is 6,744,958. New York spends \$30,753,423, and its population is 4,766,883. Boston spends the most money per 1000 of population, however, the tabulation revealing that the Massachusetts city puts out \$6,589.60 and New York \$6,451.50.

STRUCK HAND CAR ON CANADA EASTERN

Marauders Ran it to Durham and Left it on the Track

During Friday night some party or parties broke into the car shed at Covered Bridge on the Canada Eastern division of the I. C. R. above Marysville and stole the handcar which was stored there and which is used by the section crew.

They ran the handcar to Durham Bridge and there left it on the track. The next morning the outgoing freight from Fredericton struck it, the handcar was demolished and the step broken off the locomotive of the freight train. Section Foreman Norman Van Horne reported the matter to Station Master Hallett at Marysville Saturday morning.

The I. C. R. authorities will doubtless cause a rigid investigation of the affair.

SOLD FOXES FOR \$12,500

Ald. E. A. Fryers, on behalf of the Coverdale Black Fox Co., Saturday, sold and delivered to Mr. J. C. Kendrick, of Charlottetown, of the Massachusetts Black Fox Company, a pair of black foxes. The cash was handed over for the purchase to the amount of \$12,500. These foxes were raised in Coverdale, within three miles of the city of Moncton. This purchase was made under an option given in March last. Subsequently to that option being given, the company was offered \$30,000 for two pairs of black foxes, but the company determined to retain the young stock on its own ranch rather than sell it.

SAD DEATH OF LOGGIEVILLE MAN

Finger Crushed in Cogs—Passed Away While Having Joint Amputated

A very sad death occurred at the Hotel Dieu Hospital Saturday evening, the outcome of an accident, which at first was not considered serious.

Frank Brideau, while at work in A. & R. Loggie's box mill, Saturday afternoon, his fingers in some cog wheels. As he was working he was not at home at the time he went to the drug store to have it temporarily dressed until the doctor's return. On being advised to have it properly attended to at once by a surgeon, Mr. Brideau drove to Chatham and was taken to the hospital for treatment. It was deemed necessary to amputate the finger, and the young man passed away while under the anesthetic before the doctors had completed the operation.

The news of the unfortunate young man's death came as a great shock to his relatives and friends, and was at first hardly credited. Deceased was about 38 years of age, and leaves a wife and two small children to whom the sympathy of the community is extended. Quiet and industrious, the late Mr. Brideau was well liked by his fellow workmen and respected by all who knew him.

The funeral was held yesterday morning at Loggieville and was largely attended.—Chatham Commercial.

Thomas Carson, a retired I. C. R. section foreman, died at his home in Elmsdale, N. S., Wednesday, October 1st, aged 82. Mr. Carson began his railway career when the Nova Scotia Railway to Truro, was under construction.

ITEMS OF GENERAL INTEREST CULLED FROM ALL SOURCES

Four boys were born lately to Mr. and Mrs. Pearl Yates, who live at Centralia, Ill. Physicians believe all will live.

Whoever is responsible for the feminine fashions of this year has a great deal to answer for.—Boston Globe. Wrong. Very little.—New York Telegram.

Scientists have found 56 areas in the oceans where the water is more than three miles deep, 10 where it is more than four miles, and four where the depth is greater than five miles.

The largest log ever landed in Northern California was recently sold for \$300. It measured eight feet through, and with two other logs from the same tree produced 10,812 feet of lumber.

A reunion of the largest family in the United States took place recently in Pasadena, California. There are 15 members, who together weigh 1,554 pounds. The average individual weight is 222 pounds.

In North Attleboro, Mass., when ever a fire alarm blows in a red light on the main street warns trolley cars entering the city, in order that they may avoid collisions with fire apparatus.

On trying to restart his motor car after a brief halt at Liverpool, G. B. recently, a driver found that his engine began to misfire and, raising one side of the bonnet, he found a kitten sitting on the top of the magneto in such a position as to cause a short circuit.

Hobble skirts appear to interfere with the graceful climbing of stiles. It was stated at a meeting of the Hockey, Essex, G. B. Parish Council that the stiles in that district are largely used and that women who wear the narrow skirts so fashionable now have great trouble in getting over them. The council debated the matter with becoming seriousness and ultimately decided to come to the aid of the fashionable dwellers of their district by inserting another step in the stiles and so making the climb less steep.

The very important concession was made by the British Admiralty recently of officially recognizing trades unions. In reply to the demands of the dockyard men the Admiralty agreed hereafter, in the event of disputes, to meet deputations of the workmen either in London or at the dockyard. It also not only accorded permission to the men in Government employ to select their own representatives from dockyards, but will allow them to be accompanied by trade union leaders not employed in the dockyards.

A husband should use diplomacy with his wife, that is, when a trifling He will preserve the domestic calm, he should tell it gravely and well. This is the substance of a judicial opinion of Judge George L. Phillips in the divorce action of John F. Grigolett. Mr. Grigolett went to lodge meetings and then told his wife, although she did not approve said Judge Phillips.—"A wife objects to lodge meetings. Why tell her about them? What she doesn't know, won't hurt her." The Judge refused a divorce.

The Aurora, a light cruiser of an entirely new type, was launched at Davenport, Eng., and added to the British Navy. She was described by Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, as a "Destroyer of Destroyers." The vessel displaces 3,500 tons, and was designed for a speed of 30 knots. She is to use oil fuel for her motive power. She is protected with a five-inch belt of armor over her whole length, and is armed with guns sufficiently powerful to deal with the most formidable destroyers. Eight of this type of vessel are under construction for the British Navy, and a further eight are to be laid down next year.

\$100 REWARD
The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.
Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

An electric spanker has been installed in two schools in Huntington, Va.

The men who are building the tunnel through the Rocky Mountains at Selkirk, B. C., will live in houses raised on 8-foot stilts. The reason is that in winter the snow usually drifts so high as to make this elevation necessary.

Through a gift of \$1,000 made by Mrs. Russell Sage to the New York Women's League for Animals, additional watering places for horses have been established in different parts of the city.

Reports from Shaunavon, Sask., a new C. P. R. town, announce a sale of lots which broke all town site sale records. Three hundred and seventy-five lots were sold, totalling over \$200,000.

What is thought to be the largest one piece flagpole in the world is in Vancouver, B. C. It is 200 feet long, weighs five tons dressed and after being seasoned six months was erected in a solid foundation 10 feet deep.

Dreaming that he was removing furniture, a laborer named Thomas Kelley, of Earlestown, near Warrington, G. B., got out of bed, opened the window, climbed out and fell into a yard, receiving injuries which proved fatal. Before he died he related his dream.

King George has provided a new club at Sandringham, a village on the Sandringham estate, for his workmen. Each village on the Royal estate now has its club, where the men go for reading, games and other recreations.

A New York paper says "Shep," of Anacosta, Mont., is finally dead after having waited six years outside a bank door for his master, who has never come out. The dog has refused to leave his post even since his owner died suddenly of apoplexy inside the bank.

Including 673 seamen and 825 passengers who perished in the Titanic disaster, 2,644 lives were lost during 1912 by wreck, drowning or other accidents to British ships. The total number of seamen who lost their lives was 1,893 and of passengers 841.

While M. Archain, the foreman of a factory at Asnières-les-Bains, France, was walking there his large dog, in showing its affection, jumped up at its master and struck the trigger of a pistol in his trouser pocket. The pistol went off and M. Archain was wounded in the leg by a bullet.

After holding two inquests on children who had been killed in the streets by motor cars, a Birmingham, G. B., coroner said that in the past sixteen years he had had only two cases before him in which the conduct of motor drivers reached criminality. People, he said, must get used to motor cars in the same way as they had got used to bicycles. He suggested the provision of more refuges.

An English paper says a picnic party boating from Seaton, on the Devonshire coast, to Branscombe, encountered myriads of dead flies. With the bodies were flocks of bluetits, and the boatmen stated that when the wind had been blowing from the land, he had occasionally noticed many dead flies in the water. The trail of drowned flies was some feet wide, and stretched for five miles from Seaton to Branscombe, and past each of these places.

Born eighty-two years ago, Albert G. and G. Alfred Hall, twins, celebrated, Saturday, at Washington, their start for the eighty-third milestone in life's journey. The two probably are the oldest telegraph operators in the country, the latter having sent out the first flash of the nomination of Abraham Lincoln for Presidency in 1864. G. Alfred Hall resides at Chicago, while the brother makes his home in Doylestown, Pa.

Golf—as a sport for all classes—threatens to enter into active competition with baseball, with the extension of golfing facilities in Chicago parks next year. Father, mother, sister and all the grown up brothers are taking keen interest in clubbing the little white ball over the public courses at Jackson Park. Time was when golf was distinctly the pastime of Chicago's leisure class. All that has been changed. Jackson Park has two courses—one of 9 and the other of 18 holes, Lincoln Park is to have public links next year, and other recreation grounds may be provided with courses if the park commissions are successful in negotiating for additional land.

Constipation
Impossible to be well. The foe to good health. Correct at once. **Ayer's Pills**. One at bedtime. Sold for 60 years.
Ask Your Doctor.
Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

The sky reflections of the lights of London, Eng., has been seen in favorable weather 50 miles distant.

The oldest University in the world is in Pekin, China. A granite register consisting of 320 stone columns contains the names of 66,000 graduates.

More than 12,000 butterflies, all carefully set, arranged and labelled, the collection of her late husband, have been presented to Leeds, Eng., University by Mrs. A. H. Clarke.

France again carried off the victory recently in the contest at Rheims for the international aeroplane cup. The flight of Maurice Prevost, over the course of 124.28 miles, was accomplished in the record time of 59 minutes, 45.35 seconds or at a speed of over two miles a minute.

One English observer thinks that the Suffragette trouble is caused by unmarried women, and would seemingly find a remedy by encouraging matrimony. It is suspected he is married himself, and safe. It would be hard on the quiet living man to sentence him for life to be the mate of a window breaking, letter burning, fire-raising member of the Pankhurst sorority.

A despatch from Doaktown says: Kenneth M. Fiske of the staff of the Conservation Commission, Ottawa, has been in this vicinity for several days making a farm survey with the idea of establishing one of the demonstration farms being conducted by the commission in all parts of Canada.

The agriculture possibilities of Northumberland were strikingly demonstrated at the recent Chatham exhibition and the attention of departmental authorities has been attracted by the excellent display. It is something of a coincidence that Mr. Fiske's brother, S. M. Fiske, of Florenceville, N. B., is also in the county on a similar mission, acting as judge in the field crop competition.

Discussing the report sent out regarding the potato crop in Algoma, Ont., yielding 400 bushels to the acre, Mr. Fiske said this hardly surpassed the crops which he had seen here, as one of the winning farms turned out eighteen good potatoes to the hill.

Much joy is in store for the wearers of X-ray gowns. Just exactly the thing they have been looking for has arrived at the psychological moment from the Philippines.

Formerly the Philippine X-ray cloth was too thin for use anywhere except in the tropics, but now that American women have adopted the diaphanous skirt it becomes appropriate as dress material and several local department stores have ordered large consignments of the fabric.

It is more diaphanous than the thinnest of voile, more pellucid than the most clinging crepe de chene and more transparent than the finest of crepe meteor. It can be doubled several times and still be transparent. In one layer it has no more thickness than a cobweb.

It is called pina cloth because it is made of half silk and half pineapple fibre. It comes in all colors and in stripes of all designs. It can be bought for twenty-five cents a yard in the Philippines, but probably will sell for forty-five cents here. It is all hand-made and of uniform strength and fineness, and has been examined with great admiration by hundreds of women.

JOHNSON'S
ANODYNE
LINIMENT
Is the never-failing remedy. Keep it in your home and be ready for both internal and external use.
IN USE 103 YEARS
Sole and everywhere
L. S. JOHNSON & CO., Inc.
Boston, Mass.
Parsons' Pills
Relieve constipation and headache

Painting, Paper Hanging, and Kalsomining
Done in first-class style
All work guaranteed
All orders given prompt attention.
JOHN DUPUIS,
ROYAL HOTEL,
Newcastle

Little fabric dusters are far more hygienic than feather dusters.

To protect telegraph poles from rotting in the ground a new French practice is to surround their ends with earthenware pipes and fill the pipes with melted resin and sand, which solidifies and becomes water-proof.

The Holy Name Society of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, has decided not to have a procession this year, because of opposition, partly religious and partly political, it would appear. The Holy Name Society is a Roman Catholic organization, whose object is to check blasphemy and swearing. This continent may not be worse than others in the matter of the taking of God's name in vain, but there are not many who travel about it who do not feel at times and places that there is real occasion for the work of such an organization, and that it should be encouraged. That there should be objection in Pittsburgh to parades of the Society of the Holy Name suggests that some Pittsburghers are less broad-minded than they should be, and that intolerance in religious matters on this continent does not belong to Canada alone.—Montreal Gazette.

WOMAN A GREAT SUFFERER
Tells How She Was Restored To Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Tilbury, Ont.—"I could praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound all round the world because it has done so much for me. For two years I was so run down that I was unable to do my work. I had female weakness and dread-ful periodic pains, constipation and a headache, but now I am well of all these things. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, Liver Pills and Sanative Wash. I give you permission to publish this letter to help others."—Mrs. WILFRED MARCHAND, Box 464, Tilbury, Ontario, Can.

Case of Mrs. Tully.
Chicago, Ill.—"I take pleasure in writing to thank you for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I suffered with such awful periodic pains, and a displacement, and received no benefit from the doctors. I was advised to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and am now as well as ever."—Mrs. WILLIAM TULLY, 2062 Ogden Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. **HANDBOOK** on Patents sent free. Oldest issue 75c for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the **Scientific American**.
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The Business College
W. J. OSBORNE, PRINCIPAL
OUR SEPTEMBER CLASSES are the largest since the school was established.
Classes will be formed during the first week in October and the first week in November for those who were not able to enter at the beginning of the term.
Send for free catalogue.
W. J. OSBORNE, Principal
Frederickton, N. S.

Now is the Time to Enter
Full staff of skilled and experienced teachers. Up-to-date courses of study. Light, airy, cheerful rooms. Complete equipment. Over 40 years experience of the needs of the public, and of success in meeting those needs.
Catalogue mailed to any address.
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St. John's, N. S.
Principal.

Good, Homemade Bread—Made of
"Beaver Flour"
—light, flaky biscuits made of "Beaver" Flour—these are real foods for growing children. "Beaver" Flour is a blended flour. That is, it is made of exact proportions of nutritious, delicately flavored Ontario wheat and a little of the stronger Western wheat.
"Beaver" Flour is both a bread flour and a pastry flour—and makes the real nutty flavored home-made bread and delicious pastry such as cannot be made with any purely Western wheat flour.
DEALERS—Write us for prices on Feed, Course Grains and Cereals.
The T. E. Taylor Co., Limited, Chatham, Ont. 144

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BUILDER AND CONTRACTOR
WHITNEY, N. B.

Contract Entered into for the Erection, Alteration or Removal of Buildings.
All Work receives careful and prompt attention.

Agent for all kinds of Wood and Metal House Furnishings

HIGH GRADE
HARDWOOD FLOORING
Always in Stock. Also
Dry Spruce Flooring and Sheathing and Spruce Clapboards
NEWCASTLE PLANING MILL
J. ANDER, General Manager
Phone 139 Newcastle

The largest turning lathe in the world is to be installed in the Washington Navy Yard. It is 185 feet long and will be used for manufacturing guns for dreadnoughts.

For the first time a tea party was given aboard an airship last week near Berlin, Germany. The party lasted an hour and three-quarters and there were 20 guests.

There's a Man Who Would "Jump at the Chance" to Buy Your Property at Your Own Price
He is not known to you. He knows nothing about your property, but he wants it—needs it—will buy it. You will find him only by advertising your property properly in The
Union Advocate
"Not Otherwise"

Synopsis of Canadian Northwest Land Regulations

ANY PERSON who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency for District. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions, by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.
Duties: Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within five miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.
In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$3 per acre.
Duties: Must reside upon the homestead or pre-emption six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patent) and cultivate fifty acres extra.
A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may enter for a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3 per acre. Duties: Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$500.
W. W. COFFY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
N. P.—Unauthorized publication of his advertisement will not be paid for.

ALL-THE-WAY-BY-WATER

Eastern Steamship Corporation

INTERNATIONAL LINE

Autumn Excursion
NEWCASTLE TO
Boston and return \$14.00
Portland and return \$14.10
Commencing September 20th and continuing until October 17th, inclusive, Excursion Tickets will be sold at above rates. Good for 30 days from date of issue.

COASTWISE ROUTE

Leave St. John at 9:00 a. m. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays for Eastport, Lubec, Portland and Boston.
Returning leave Central Wharf, Boston, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 9:00 a. m., and Portland at 5:00 p. m., for Lubec, Eastport and St. John

MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE

Leave Franklin Wharf Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 6:00 p. m. Fare \$3.00 each way.
Through tickets at proportionately low rates, on sale at all railway stations, and baggage checked through to destination.
L. R. THOMPSON, T. F. & P. A.
A. E. Fleming, Agent,
St. John, N. B.

Newcastle Steam Ferry

TIME TABLE

(Every day except Sundays)
Leave Newcastle—A. M.—6:50, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30, 12:00
P. M.—1:15, 1:45, 2:15, 2:45, 3:15, 3:45, 4:15, 4:45, 5:15, 5:45, 6:15, 7:15, 7:45, 8:15, 8:45, 9:15, 10:00.
Leave Chatham Head—A. M.—7:15, 7:45, 8:15, 8:45, 9:15, 9:45, 10:15, 10:45, 11:15, 11:45.
P. M.—12:15, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:15.
SUNDAY TIME TABLE
Leave Newcastle—A. M.—9:00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:20.
P. M.—12:20, 1:45, 2:15, 2:45, 3:15, 3:45, 4:15, 4:45, 6:15, 6:45, 7:15, 7:45, 8:20, 8:40, 9:25.
Leave Chatham Head—A. M.—9:20, 10:0, 10:40, 11:40.
P. M.—12:40, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:45.
During the months of May, June, July, August and (unless previous notice of a change be given) September, and up to and including the 15th day of October
After the 15th October the last boat will leave Newcastle at 8:45 unless otherwise advertised.
If more teams are waiting on wharf than boat can take in one trip, it will return for them immediately.
D. MORRISON,
Managing Director

Mr Dunstan G. Leeke-Roe
A. R. C. O.
Professor of Music
Organist and Choirmaster of St. Mary's Church, Chatham.
Accepts pupils for Tuition in VOICE PRODUCTION, PIANOFORTE Theory of music, harmony, etc.
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39-1m.



Workers or Shirkers

Those dairy farmers who are carefully noting the total production of each of their cows for the season are finding some curious differences. For instance, in one Ontario herd the yield of a 9 year old grade that freshened March 5th was 4,880 pounds of milk up to the end of July; her stable mate, also 9 years old freshened March 12th, receiving the same feed and care gave only 2,370 pounds of milk. Over half a ton of milk in that short period indicates a considerable difference in income between the two cows.

In another herd at the same factory between two six year olds that calved April 2nd and 4th, there is a difference of 1,400 pounds of milk and 60 pounds of fat up to the end of July. This means between fourteen and fifteen dollars that one cow earned more than the other. Are your cows workers or shirkers? Dairy records alone will provide the means of ascertaining these facts beyond question. Forms for weighing milk either daily, or on three days per month, are supplied free by the dairy division, Ottawa. In your letter of application state which you want.

To Produce Seed in New Brunswick for Alfalfa

The Provincial Department of Agriculture has completed arrangements for carrying on a series of experiments in connection with the growing of alfalfa in New Brunswick.

Mrs. J. B. Dargett, secretary for agriculture, has announced that the department had been notified of the acceptance of the offer made to Mrs. F. A. Coates, Boston, for a plot of seven or eight acres of land at Havelock, Kings County, which was one of these that had been selected for carrying on the experiments.

The experiments will continue over a period of five years and it is hoped to produce New Brunswick grown seed of a hardy nature such as will insure the success of alfalfa growing in this province, experts declaring that with home grown seed New Brunswick will be well suited for growing alfalfa. The seed for carrying on the first experiments will be brought from North Dakota.

To disinfect, clean the coops and then wash thoroughly with water containing five ounces of sulphuric acid to one gallon. Spade up the runs and scatter carbolic or lime freely about the house.

Sheep sorrel grows most abundantly in thin or worn out meadows. Breaking the meadow and raising corn or some other cultivated crop will usually subdue the weed. The land should be enriched with barnyard manure before re-seeding to grass, and an effort should be made to secure a thick stand. On meadows or pastures that cannot be plowed, top dressing with manure and sowing additional grass seed will be beneficial. The addition of lime to the soil is also said to aid in thickening the grass and crowding out the sorrel.

When is a Milch Cow at her Best

The age limit or greatest usefulness has never been very definitely fixed for a cow. In men, one of the leading physicians of the country thought he had laid down a law which could not be broken safely that a man who reached sixty was done, so far as any work of a successful nature is concerned. But his arguments have all tumbled down in the face of facts presented by men who at seventy or even eighty have been doing the greatest things of the world.

I suppose most men would argue that the cow which has come to the age of eight years is at her prime and should not be kept much longer. But on our farm we have at the present time a Jersey cow which has reached the age of thirteen and is still doing good work. For a number of years we have thought this would be the last season we could keep her, but she raises such the calves and gives such good milk and in such plentiful supply that we have kept her on and on to her present good old age.

I milked this cow this morning and could not help wishing we had several more as good.

Now, the age of the other extreme of life when a cow begins to be really useful is quite poorly defined. I have seen heifers at three or four that seemed to be as good as they ever were. The fourth year is called by many the poorest year of all. These men say you cannot tell what a heifer will be till she has passed that year. And yet, I have heifers in my herd now that at two are surely proving that they will be some day very valuable members of the herd. It is true that other heifers do not develop quite as early. Some never get to be worth keeping.

Because of this element of uncertainty in young cows, there are a good many farmers who would rather buy their cows all matured and with established reputations. I have a brother in law who never thinks of raising a cow. He says it costs too much, and then you do not know after you have raised your cow what she will turn out to be. So when he wants a cow he steps out and buys her. There is some grain of satisfaction to me, however, in watching the development of the cows of my herd from the little calf up through. When I get a cow of that sort I know her in all her ways, and what is quite desirable, she knows me. This mutual understanding is, as I look upon it, a very desirable matter.

But the range of usefulness does in the most of cases lie between three and ten years of age. The cows younger than three or older than ten which are really worth keeping in the dairy are the exception and not the rule.

Dairy Thoughts

He is in no wise a public benefactor who keeps two cows to do the work of one.

The best thing for any dairying locality is the organization of local cow test associations.

Selling the Old Hens

More old hens are sold in August and September than all the other months put together. It is a time when a satisfactory clearance can be made, and although prices are not always good in some quarters yet a man who is wide awake, understands the various markets, and does not mind putting up with a little extra work, can always do well with his old birds, while another man who wants to get rid immediately has often to sacrifice them at a low figure. Just now the poultry yard will be probably full to overflowing with various kinds of stock, big quantities of sturdy cockers are still on hand, and with the old hens dropping into moult, most of the pullets have not satisfactory accommodations, and are considerably short of room. It will be a good plan to get rid of the cockers and hens as soon as possible just to give the young pullets a chance to grow at a rapid rate, to put on the adult plumage, and grow their laying tails under conditions that are absolutely ideal, where there is not the least sign of overcrowding.

It seems a pity that so many people have little idea just when their old hens should be sold. For a long time I have advocated keeping nothing but pullets if the yearling birds can be cleared at a reasonable figure, but nothing older than two years should be allowed on any utility poultry farm. It is impossible to tell by appearance when birds actually cease laying and even after examination of the vent bones there is always a possibility that one or two hens will be sold for killing which would possibly have laid a few more eggs, but this risk is worth taking. It is not a good plan to wait until one or two hundred birds have commenced to moult. A lot of food is then wasted, and this is why a poultry keeper who wants to do the very best out of his stock must leave nothing to chance. He must go round to the houses at night and handle the birds individually, and if they have been rinned he will be able to tell at a glance the age of them and in a few years if his poultry have been a success in the past, he will have worked up a system which will make a huge difference to the balance sheet.

Any system of tenancy is a menace to successful permanent agriculture. When pullets are too fat too much animal heat is apt to be created, which is likely to throw them in moult out of the season.

In agriculture Canada is in a state of transition, but great interest is being shown all along the line and the outlook for the future is bright.

The farmers must make up their minds that conditions in this country will never be right until they are doing their own business co-operatively. The common people of Britain saved themselves from absolute slavery by means of co-operation, and the same means will prove our salvation here.

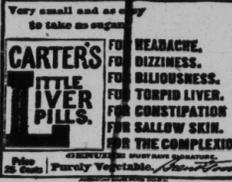
ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of



See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.



CURE SICK HEADACHE.

FLOCK AND YARD

It takes three months to grow a broiler.

The goose lays a score or two of eggs in a year.

No brooding pen should contain over 50 chickens.

Broilers shriek about a half pound each when dressed.

The shell of an egg contains about 50 grains of salt or lime.

Forty dressed ducklings are packed in a barrel for shipment.

From 35 to 40 ducks and drakes are allowed in a pen.

The duck averages 10 dozen eggs in about seven months' laying.

Build the house ten by ten feet for 10 fowls and the yard ten times larger.

Ducklings are marketed at five pounds weight, which they attain in ten weeks.

Ten dozen eggs is the average estimate given as the production of the hen.

Duck feathers sell at 40 cents per pound, goose feathers bring double the amount.

Thirteen eggs are considered a setting, though many breeds are now giving 15.

Between 40 and 50 degrees is the proper temperature to keep eggs for hatching during winter.

Eggs intended for hatching should not be kept over four weeks. They must be turned over every day or so.

It will require seven pounds of skimmed milk to equal one pound of lean beef for flesh forming qualities.

One dollar per head is the average cost of keeping a fowl a year, and the same amount is a fair estimate of the profits.

The eggs of the White Leghorn, Black Minorca and Haudan are of about the same weight as those of the Light Brahma.

In an egg of 1000 grain, 600 belong to the white, 300 to the yolk and 100 to the shell.

For good results in egg production, the hen house during the winter should not be allowed to become colder than 40 degrees.

In one hundred parts of the white of an egg about 80 per cent is water, 12 1/2 per cent albumen, one per cent mineral water and two and a half per cent sugar, etc.

A light Brahma hen's egg will weigh from two and a quarter to two and a half ounces, or about one pound and 12 ounces per dozen.

In mating ducks about seven are allowed a drake in the beginning of the season, more as the weather grows warmer, until a dozen are reached.

A New German Butter Cooler

The Department of Trade and Commerce has received a sample of a porous earthenware butter cooler from the Canadian Trade Commissioner in Hamburg. The Trade Commissioner states that this article has recently been placed upon the German market and is having a great sale. He believes the article is one well suited for the summer season in Western Canada in the agricultural districts where ice as a rule is not to be had, and it is of so simple a character that he thinks it could be readily made in Canada by some of the Canadian industries manufacturing earthenware articles. The butter cooler retails in Hamburg at a price equivalent to 35c. Canadian currency, and at that price shows a large profit with a popular sale.

The butter cooler is intended to contain the ordinary table supply, and consists of a round earthenware pot, standing about two inches high, with a diameter of about six inches, in which there is a glass receptacle, over which an earthenware cover fits.

The sample can be seen at the Department of Trade and Commerce.

A good cow of inferior breeding is not qualified to drop a good calf. We need not only develop a good working stomach on a calf but a good acting heart.

This cannot be done without pure air, sunlight and plenty of exercise.

A WOMAN WHO MAKES GOOD

The woman who has in stock never less than 2,000 pigs, and who makes an annual income from the sale of live porkers of \$12,000.00, is just the sort of woman we would like to welcome to New Brunswick. The Boston Herald recently gave a photograph of this handsome, cultured, locking woman, together with views of her beautiful farm of 400 acres at Woburn, on the line of the Burlington railroad. The property which had been in her husband's family for generations had been disposed of by him prior to his death, but was bought back by his widow, who since 1890 has managed it entirely herself, employing some 30 to 50 assistants. She disposes of the milk from some 26 cows, makes use of the same number of horses, and manages a stall in the Boston market, sending in each market day a double load of produce, and yet finds time for household duties and social relaxations. She speaks of her enterprise as "Fascinating." "Farming," she says, "is a pleasure. There is no such thing as monotony about it, although my friends often ask me how I stand the changelessness of it all. That is because they do not understand. Every day brings a new outlook and a score of new duties. There is variety a plenty. It's fun for me and it's business, too."

Mrs. Cummings' advice to those who would make farming pay, and she says that women can make it pay as well as men—is: "Concentrate." She thinks that a farmer may do a variety of things, but should have one speciality. Her speciality is pigs. She considers him a sure thing, as he will not wilt or spoil if he is kept over from day to day and does not feel so much the caprices of the market, which make the sale of other farm produce uncertain.

Speaking of the secret of success in running a farm, Mrs. Cummings lays great stress on the quality of the help; but says "the successful woman farmer must be content to give her attention to the work all the time and must not overlook details and must be willing to take the good seasons with the bad. In selling produce she will always find that there is an element of chance. When she sends a load to market it will be subject to market conditions. If she is lucky she may get from \$5 to \$100. Then again, if there is an oversupply, she may get only \$30. This year one crop may be a success and the next year a failure. She has to face the fluctuations of the weather."

"Farming, after all, is a good deal of a gamble; but to me there is zest in that. I like the chance of it and the change of it."

During the summer months Mrs. Cummings spends her time about the farm, keeping a keen lookout as hard as the head of any other large business during the months from May to November, but she always takes several months' vacation during the winter season, going abroad annually, studying agricultural methods in the countries of the old world. Next winter she plans to go to South Africa and Australia. During her absence her foreman, who has been with her ever since she undertook the enterprise, manages the farm, and all winter her wagons go to market just as regularly as when she is at home. Spring and the Mistress return together, and "From then on there is always something to interest me," she says. "That's why I like it so dearly."

Properous and contented agricultural people are necessary to the best interests of the whole country. Successful agriculture makes business possible.

The horses like to have a roll in the evening when the harness is off. It's natural and it does them good.

COULD NOT BUNCO THIS MAN

Has No Use For Peddlers Selling Worthless Medicines



I was pestered last week with a travelling agent who said he had heard that I was troubled with Rheumatism. I told him I had been and he wanted to sell me some of his medicine. I answered that I was using GIN PILLS, the only medicine that did me any good. I told him that I had tried various other medicines, but none had done me any good but GIN PILLS and that I always kept a box in the house. GIN PILLS have done me more good than any other medicine I have ever taken.

JOSEPH STEVENSON. Don't be imposed upon. Don't accept substitutes. If your dealer won't supply you with GIN PILLS, at the regular retail price of 25c, a box, 6 for \$2.50, send direct to us. Sample box free if you write National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto. 205

YOURS TO ENJOY



You'll Like the Flavor
35¢-40¢-50¢ Per Pound

Our young Men's Suits are special models, originated expressly for young men.

The patterns, too, are most suited for youthful faces and figures.

\$15. to \$35.



Russell & Morrison,
Newcastle.

For Baking Success — This Oven Test

Success on some baking days can be expected no matter what flour you use. But constant success is rarer. It can be assured in only one way. The miller must select his wheat by oven test. So from each shipment of wheat we take ten pounds as a sample. We grind this into flour. Bread is baked from the flour. If this bread is high in quality, large in quantity, we use the shipment from which it came. Otherwise we sell it. Constant baking success comes as a matter of course from flour bearing this name

PURITY

"More Bread and Better Bread" and "Better Pastry, Too"

MASTER WORKMAN



SMOKING TOBACCO



It is a continuous strain for a builder to watch his buildings go up.

A pipe-full of MASTER WORKMAN tobacco is a great soothing when some deep thinking has to be done. This world-famous brand may now be had at all tobacconists for 15c. per cut.

Penmans Underwear

is that kind of underwear you want—the kind that cannot sag or lose its shape. Every suit bearing the famous triangular trademark is actually knit to form—knit with exacting care to fit distinct types of men, women and children.

No. 95 natural wool garment is probably just what you are looking for—ask to see it.

Penmans Limited, Paris, Canada

Underwear Hosiery Sweaters 97



The Union Advocate
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER
Established 1867

Printed and published every Wednesday by the proprietors, the Miramichi Publishing Company, Limited at their office, Castle Street, Newcastle, N. B.
Subscription \$1.00 per year.
To the United States \$1.50 in advance.
Copy for changes of advt. must be in this office by 12 o'clock noon on Tuesdays.

J. H. ERGON,
Managing Editor.

WEDNESDAY OCTOBER 8TH 1913

A SELFISH VIEW

The people of St. John appear to be taking a very narrow as well as a very selfish view of the action of the steamship companies in making Halifax the terminal for the Atlantic mail boats. No matter what running rights it may be able to secure over the Intercolonial between St. John and Halifax, the C. P. R. will naturally prefer to take as much as possible of both its outward and inward business to St. John, thereby giving it the all-rail haul, and doubtless the big company will continue its general policy of the past in regard to the New Brunswick port. It must, however, be guided by business principles and it has been evident for a long time that if Canadian lines are to be active competitors for Atlantic passenger business it must be by the safest and shortest ocean voyage. The new arrangement with two mail boats a week, will be of immense advantage to the Intercolonial. It will result in a largely increased traffic and revenue and consequently will be beneficial to all parts of the provinces. Nor does there seem to be any reason for the hysterics of the people of St. John. When the plans of the government are matured it will probably be found that there is sufficient business for both St. John and Halifax. In the meantime the people of the provinces, excepting, perhaps those of St. John, view the proposed change with the greatest satisfaction. And when the harbor improvements at St. John are completed, that port, as the President of the C. P. R. intimates, may be a competitor for mails and passengers as well as freight. This is Canada's growing time and our winter port business is yet at the beginning of its greatness.—Moncton Times.

CONSERVATIVES JUSTIFIED

By a comparison of the new United States tariff, signed by President Wilson, with the schedules of the reciprocity agreement, made by a well-known tariff authority at Ottawa, the result shows a complete justification of the stand taken by the Conservatives in 1911.
The Conservative contention in their fight against reciprocity was that the incoming Democrats would reduce the duties against imports from Canada, and that Canada ought not to make the concessions involved in the Fielding agreement in return for what eventually would be given to them for nothing.
Canada is not only getting what the Liberal government hoped to get, but is getting an increase of \$105,677, by a comparison of figures of the reciprocity agreement with those of the new tariff, without any concession whatever.
That this new legislation will benefit the farmers of this province there is not the slightest doubt. Farm products and food stuffs were among the chief items affected by the new bill, and the great reduction in duty on these give to the farmers of this province a much more widened market.

ELECTRICITY AND POULTRY REARING

Recent discoveries made in Egypt reveal the interesting fact that five thousand years ago incubators were in use and that the temperature was gauged by applying the eggs to the tender skin of the eyelids. That means a considerable lapse of time during which no very considerable advance has been made. But now comes electricity, that universal servant of man, whose capabilities are only coming to be known. The latest of its extraordinary developments is noticed in a report of Mr. E. D. Arnaud, trade commissioner in the Bristol district of England, which appeared recently in bulletin No. 504, issued by the Dominion department of trade and commerce.

Eggs, he remarks, hatched in incubators sometimes yield a percentage of weak chicks, so that many die during the first few days. If, however, electric currents are applied these have such a stimulating effect that they not only preserve the life of the weakly chicks but enable them to gain weight on their normal amount of food, becoming in about two months as heavy as chicks grown for three months in the ordinary way. It is estimated, he quotes The Poultry Keepers' Journal as saying, that a farmer could by the application of electricity to his poultry farm produce nearly fifty per cent. more chickens per annum at a cost which works out very much lower than the cost of producing the electrification. Assuming this to be correct, the commissioner adds, it will be of considerable interest to farmers and poultry raisers in Canada and especially so to those in New Brunswick and elsewhere who are within reach of a cheap supply of electricity.

OUR FISH EXPORTS

According to statistics compiled by the Customs Department, the Canadian fishing industry is in a most flourishing condition.
The exports for the first four months of the present fiscal year shows surprising increase. Canada exported \$5,022,999 of domestic fish for the first four months, compared with \$3,748,090 for the corresponding period of last year.
There is a slight falling off, however, in the exports of animals and their produce. For the first four months of the fiscal year \$13,653,000 were exported, as against \$13,630,950 for the same period of 1912.—Macintosh's Investment News.

Saturday was the forty-fourth anniversary of the Sable gale which occurred on Oct. 4th 1869.

We acknowledge receipt of Rod and Gun for October. It contains its usual amount of interesting reading.
The St. John Globe says:—"During the reciprocity campaign, a Carleton county man said:—"Personally I would like to see a wall fifty feet high so that none of our produce could get into the United States market." When President Wilson signed the revised American tariff on Friday, this Carleton County patriot had two thousand barrels of potatoes ready to be rushed across the lowered wall."
—[We did give the Globe credit for having a little more starch than this.]

LUDLOW AND BLISSFIELD

Mrs. Bate of Newcastle and Mrs. C. Sargeant of Nelson visited this parish last Tuesday and addressed meetings on behalf of the Women's Auxiliary. Branches were formed and excellent meetings were held.
The Church of England congregation in Bolstown had a most enjoyable supper last Tuesday evening. There was a good attendance and the affair was most successful.
Quite a number of men have left the district to-day for the woods, there are to be several camps in the neighborhood and there is every prospect of work being plentiful this winter.
A very quiet wedding took place at MacNamee's on Wednesday evening last when Mr. Charles Norman Stewart was married to Miss Sadie Munn of Haysville. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Henry Waterton.
The Harvest Thanksgiving service at St. James' Church, Ludlow, was held last Sunday evening, the sacred edifice was prettily decorated, and there was a large congregation. The Rev. H. Waterton preached from Matt. XIII:30.

CRIED DAY AND NIGHT

Mrs. Adelaide Oullette, St. Bruno, Que., says: "My little boy cried night and day from stomach trouble and nothing seemed to help him till I got a box of Baby's Own Tablets. They soon made him well and happy again. I have also found them valuable at teething time." Thousands of other mothers have the same praise to offer not only for stomach trouble and teething troubles but for all the minor ills of little ones. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Rev. Father Bourgeois, curate of St. Bernard's church, Moncton, leaves in about two weeks time for Rome, where he is being sent by His Lordship Bishop LeBlanc, of the St. John diocese, to make a special study of canon law. It is expected that Father Bourgeois, who is a doctor of theology, of Laval University, will be absent for one or perhaps two years.
As to who will come to St. Bernard's in the absence of Rev. Father Bourgeois has not yet been decided.

LOVE'S YOUNG DREAM IS RUDELY SHATTERED

St. Croix Girl Put One Over on a Milltown Lover. He Takes the Count when His Money is Gone

One of the principals in one of the many weddings marking the closing days of September in Fredericton was the young woman who came from the St. Croix Valley in company with a young man who she said was her brother-in-law, having married her sister, who had since died, and who she declared was anxious to marry her.
The young woman later got herself in the police reports as the result of having taken some bedding material and a shawl from a hotel which she placed in a suit case for the purpose of deceiving her friend into believing that the suit case contained her clothes, whereas she had left them in another hotel with the idea of deserting her friend and remaining there instead of going back to the Border with him.

The young man on his return to St. Croix evidently told of his experiences, for the following appears in this week's edition of the St. Croix Courier:
"A Milltown man, who, a few weeks ago was enjoying 'love's young dream,' decided to take the 'fair one' to witness the Exhibition in Fredericton, and forthwith placed, as he states himself, \$50 in his pocket, and both hid themselves to the capital. After attending all sessions of the Exhibition and the young man had only one dollar and two return tickets in his vest, he decided that they had seen the sights, and both started to take the train for home. But on the way to the depot the young lady borrowed the last and only dollar from her escort, stating that she would purchase some chocolates to take home, and passed him a dime to buy souvenir post cards. As he returned from the post card shop, his prospective bride had disappeared and he was left with a dress suit case, two return tickets and no money and far from home.
"After doing the 'Wandering Willie' act for some time, he returned to the hotel, where he deposited the dress suit case, and he states, not having any money, he was only able to secure two meals from Saturday night until the next Monday evening when he returned home, alone, tired and hungry.
"On Thursday of last week an idea came into his mind that his idea might be held in captivity by some friends, and he borrowed \$20 and left by C. P. R. for Fredericton, and going directly to the hotel he came in contact with the dress suit case which, upon opening, he found contained bed clothing and many other articles, and found also that he experienced some difficulty in explaining to the hotel man how the contents of the bed room got into the suit case."

FUNERAL OF THE LATE JOHN BLAINE

The funeral of the late John Blaine whose tragic death so startled the community was held Wednesday afternoon and was attended by a very large concourse. The service at the house commenced at three o'clock and was conducted by Rev. George Wood and Rev. D. Henderson. Lead kindly Light and other hymns were sung and at the conclusion the long procession was started for Morefield cemetery, where interment was made. The casket was heaped with the floral tributes to the memory of the bright young life so quickly quenched and consisted of wreaths from L. O. L. No. 90, Millbank Athletic Club and from Mrs. Snowball, as well as a large number of cut flowers from many other people. The pallbearers were Allan Stewart, Gordon McDonald, Alex. Creighton, George Grey, William Currie, Robert Currie.
At the graveside the services were held by Rev. George Wood and the Orange burial service was conducted by Ross Hardin, acting Worshipful Master and A. T. Ross, acting Chaplain.—Gazette.

CURVENTON

Mrs. William Curtis has returned from visiting friends in Boston and Lawrence.
Mrs. Herbert Estey and Mrs. Bernice Manderson of "The Bridge" were week-ends of Mrs. Geo. Estey. Miss Helen Whitney is spending a few days with Mrs. Jas. Matchett.
Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Harris of Seville, were guests of Mr and Mrs. A. E. Hare last week.
Mr. and Mrs. Murdoch Hare were guests on Sunday of Mrs. H. Curtis.
Mr. Cuthbert Whitney visited relatives in Whitteville one day last week.
Miss Addie Stables returned from a visit to Fredericton on Saturday.

REPEATING RIFLES Pump Action
REMINGTON UMC
Solid Breech Hammerless Safe
THOUSANDS of sportsmen have first chosen a Remington for its looks—its balance—its speed—its accuracy—and have been delighted to find that they had an arm that was a little faster—a little more accurate than any rifle they ever owned.
22 Repeating Rifle—easy take-down—straight line feed. 25, 30, 32 Remington high power rifles.
An interesting booklet simply explaining many of the more technical points of modern rifle construction is yours for the asking. Your name and address on a postcard brings it by return mail.
Remington Arms-Union Metallic Cartridge Co., Windsor, Ontario

MORTGAGE SALE

To George D. Stewart, of the Parish of Blackville, in the County of Northumberland, in the Province of New Brunswick, Trader, and Charlotte E. Stewart, his wife, and to all others whom it may concern:
Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage, bearing date the eleventh day of October, A. D. 1898, and made between the said George D. Stewart and Charlotte E. Stewart of the one part, and James Bean, of the Parish of Blackville aforesaid, Merchant, Mortgagee of the second part, registered in the Office of the Registrar of Deeds, in and for the said County of Northumberland, in volume 74, on pages 201, 202, 203 and 204, and numbered 155 in said volume, there will, for the purpose of satisfying the moneys secured by said Indenture of Mortgage default having been made in payment thereof, be sold by public auction, in front of the Post Office, in the Town of Newcastle, in the said County of Northumberland, at twelve o'clock noon, on Friday the twelfth day of December next, the lands and premises described in the said Indenture of Mortgage as follows:

"ALL that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the Parish of Blackville aforesaid, in the Lockstead Settlement, known as Lot No. 108 containing 100 acres more or less on the west of Highway Road, on the north by lands owned by Alex. Ferguson, on the west by Crown Lands, and being the same property presently in the occupation of the said George D. Stewart and Charlotte E. Stewart, his wife, and upon which they presently reside. ALSO one quarter acre of land on north side of Highway Road bounded on Church Land, on the east and by James Dale on the west containing in all 1 1/4 acres with butcher shop and ice house."
Together with all and singular the buildings and improvements thereon, and the rights, members, privileges, hereditaments and appurtenances to the same belonging or in any wise appertaining, or with the same held, used or enjoyed, and the reversion and reversions, remainder and profits thereof.
DATED this eighth day of October, A. D. 1913.

FOR SALE

JOHNSON FARM FOR SALE
15 minutes from growing town of Newcastle, 45 acres highly cultivated, 60 acres wood and timber lot. Ideal for fruit, vegetables and milk. Milk trade established and increasing. 4 cows, 2 extra good ones. Good team and complete modern machinery. Will sell as going concern. Apply to
REV. S. J. MACARTHUR,
20-Im. Box 192 Newcastle

NOTICE TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS

In future, as near as we can live up to the rule, this paper will go to press early enough on Wednesday to have the town mail in the post office and sorted so that our town subscribers may get their papers at the 3 o'clock delivery. Our advertisers will please make a note of this change, and have their copy for changes in this office not later than 12 o'clock noon on Tuesdays.

SEALED TENDERS

addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Wharf Extension and Dredging at Chocolate Cove, N. B., will be received at this office until 4 p. m., on Wednesday, October 23, 1913, for the construction of an extension to the Wharf and Dredging at Chocolate Cove, Charlotte County, N. B.
Plans, specifications and form of contract can be seen and forms of tender obtained at the Department and at the offices of G. G. Goodspeed, Esq., District Engineer, St. John, N. B., and on application to the Postmaster at Chocolate Cove, N. B.
Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures, stating their occupations and places of residence. In the case of firms, the actual signature, the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the firm must be given.
Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque or a certified bank payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works equal to ten per cent (10 p. c.) of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender is not accepted the cheque will be returned.
The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.
By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, September 30, 1913.
Newspapers will be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.—47348. 41-2

TEA
RIDGEWAY'S TEA
In FANCY 5 O'CLOCK, OLD COUNTRY and CAPITAL HOUSEHOLD. Prices 40c., 50c., and 60c.
One of the finest Teas the World Produces, in BLUE, RED and GOLD LABELS Prices 35c., 40c., 50c.
Is Good Tea. PURE INDIAN and CEYLON. Prices 30c., 35c., 40c. and 60c.
RED ROSE TEA
RED CLOVER TEA
GIVES GOOD HONEST VALUE. Prices 30c., 35c. and 40c.
The above Teas in 1/2 and 1 lb. packets
Armstrong & Ferguson
PHONE 144
NEWCASTLE, N. B.

Fall Suits and Overcoats
Now is the time to leave your order for your Fall Suit or Overcoat. Fit and Finish Guaranteed by
"MY TAILOR"
A FULL LINE OF SUITINGS AND HEAVY COATINGS
LADIES' TAILORING A SPECIALTY
J. D. KENNEDY, [Next Door to Maltby's Tinware Shop] Pleasant St.

We have on hand a complete range
--- of ---
HEATING STOVES
All Styles All Prices
CALL AND TAKE YOUR CHOICE
B. F. MALTBY
PLUMBER AND TINSMITH
Next Door to Post Office Phone 121

Now Is The Time
TO HAVE YOUR CONCRETE WORK DONE
We also do all kinds of Brick and Stone Work
CONCRETE BUILDING BLOCKS
In Various Patterns a Specialty
On all orders coming in after August 15th to be delivered in September, we will make a reduction in price.
JAMES T. FORREST
Concrete Block Manufacturer
Telephone 64 Newcastle, N. B.

NOTICE OF SALE
To the heirs of Margaret Russell, John Russell and Annie Russell, late of the Parish of Newcastle deceased and all others whom it may concern.
TAKE NOTICE that there will be sold at Public Auction on Monday the thirteenth day of October, A. D. 1913, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, in front of the Post Office in Newcastle in the county aforesaid All that certain piece or parcel of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Parish of Newcastle aforesaid and bounded and described as follows:— In front by the Miramichi River, upper or westerly side by lands owned and occupied by heirs of the late McEwan, rear by lands owned and occupied by Oscar Druett and lower or easterly side by lands owned and occupied by John Stothart, save and except therefrom that part of the said lot conveyed to Charles A. Macroe by the said John Russell in his lifetime being the same piece of land devised to the said John Russell by his late father by will dated the sixth day of June, A. D. 1872.
The above sale is made under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage made by the said Margaret Russell, John Russell and Annie Russell and

Timber Limits for Sale
I am instructed by MRS. JOHN McLAGGAN to sell at Public Auction in front of the Post Office, in the Town of Newcastle on WEDNESDAY THE FIFTEENTH DAY OF OCTOBER NEXT, at Twelve o'clock noon, the following parcels of land.
Two lots of land, numbers 11 and 13, with an island, being part of J. J. Donald property in the parish of Blissett, containing 130 acres more or less.
200 acres on Bartholomew River, being the upper or westerly half of the Fowler lot so called, adjoining the part of the said lot sold to Thomas May.
Also the Lowe property containing about three acres situate on both sides of the Kings Highway in Blackville being part of the land known as the Dutton place.
TERMS:—10 per cent at time of Sale, and balance on completion of Deed. For further particulars apply to W. A. Park, Newcastle.
Dated 18th September, 1913.
J. L. LAWLOR,
Auctioneer.

T. W. BUTLER
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY AND CONVEYANCER
Offices: Lonsbury Bldg., Newcastle

THE UNDERWOOD TARIFF HAS BECOME LAW IN U. S.

The Bill Was Formally Signed by President Wilson Friday Night--Presented Gold Pens to Representative Underwood and Senator Simons.

That the new Underwood tariff now being adopted in the United States gives the Dominion the benefit of a greater total reduction of articles enumerated in the reciprocity agreement than was offered in the Knox-Fielding agreement itself, is shown by a comparison which has been made and which may be depended upon as absolutely accurate.

The comparison made does not take any account of the long list of reductions in the Underwood tariff on articles not specified in the reciprocity agreement. It is made only in regard to articles specified in the reciprocity agreement, and is based on importations into the United States from Canada during the fiscal year 1910, according to the return submitted to parliament by Hon. W. S. Fielding in January, 1911.

On that basis the reduction by the United States in favor of Canada under the reciprocity agreement amounted to \$4,849,933. Taking the same quantities and values, the reduction under the new Underwood tariff would be \$4,955,610. In other words, there is an increased reduction under the Underwood tariff amounting to \$105,677 without any concession from Canada.

The Conservative contention in the fight against reciprocity was that the incoming Democrats would reduce the duties against imports from Canada, and that the Dominion ought not to make the enormous concessions involved in the fielding agreement in return for what would in a very short time be given to them for nothing. The comparison quoted also shows that what they are getting under the new American tariff is actually more than was offered them under reciprocity on articles contained in the adjunct agreement.

Surrounded by the leaders of a united democracy, President Wilson signed the Underwood-Simmons tariff bill at 9:09 o'clock Friday night at the White House. Simultaneously telegrams were sent to customs collectors throughout the country by the Treasury Department putting into actual operation the first Democratic tariff revision since 1894.

A happy group of legislators, members of the cabinet and friends encircled the President as he smilingly sat down, slowly affixed his signature with two gold pens. He presented to Representative Underwood the pen that had written the word "Woodrow," and the one which completed his name to Senator Simons, both of whom bowed their appreciation.

In impressive silence the President

rose and delivered in easy natural tones an extemporaneous speech that brought prolonged applause.

The President declared that the journey of the legislative accomplishment had only been partly completed; that a great service had been done for the rank and file of the country, but that the second step in the emancipation of business was currency reform. He earnestly called upon his colleagues to "go the rest of the journey" with fresh impulse.

"Gentlemen, I feel a very peculiar pleasure," said the President, "in what I have just done by way of taking part in the completion of a great piece of business. It is a pleasure which is very hard to express in words which are adequate to express the feeling; because the feeling that I have is that we have done the rank and file of the people of this country a great service. It is hard to speak of these things without seeming to go off into campaign eloquence, but that is not my feeling. It is one of profound gratitude that, working with the splendid men who have carried this thing through with studious attention and doing justice all around, I should have had part in serving the people of this country as we have been striving to serve them ever since I can remember.

"I have had the accomplishment of something like this at heart ever since I was a boy, and I know men standing around me who can say the same thing—who have been waiting to see the things done which it was necessary to do in order that there might be justice in the United States. And so it is a solemn moment that brings such a business to a conclusion, and I hope I will not be thought to be demanding too much of myself or of my colleagues when I say that this, great as it is, is the accomplishment of only half the journey. We have set the business of this country free from those conditions which have made monopoly not only possible but, in a sense, easy and natural. But there is no use taking away the conditions of monopoly if we do not take away also the power to create monopoly; and that is a financial, rather than a merely circumstantial and economic power.

"So I feel to-night like a man who is lodging happily in the inn which lies half-way along the journey, and that in the morning with a fresh impulse we shall to the rest of the journey and sleep at the journey's end like men with a quiet conscience, knowing that we have served our fellowmen and have thereby tried to serve God."

PERSONAL

Mrs. John Rae is visiting relatives in Chatham.

Guy Mersereau of Chatham was in town Monday.

Rev. F. L. McCurdy, of Redbank, was in town Monday.

Mrs. Annie Keating and son, William, left Monday for Boston.

Mr. James Beveridge, of Millerton, has returned from a western trip.

Rev. Fr. Murdoch and R. A. Murdoch, of Renous, were in town Monday.

Mrs. T. N. Vincent, of St. John, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. James Caie.

Mr. and Mrs. John Williamson are spending a vacation in Charlotte County.

Ephraim Kirkpatrick, who has been six years in the West, is visiting in Douglastown.

Mr. Harry McKeen of the Bank of Nova Scotia, Montreal, is visiting Mr. Ray Morrison.

Miss May Wright has accepted a position on the staff of the North Shore Leader.

Miss Bessie Whitney of Whitneyville was the guest of Mrs. C. C. Hayward on Monday.

Miss Gladys Foley who has been attending the Charlottetown Exhibition has returned home.

Miss Bessie Young has returned from a pleasant visit spent with friends in Moncton.

Mrs. Wm. McGrath and Mrs. James Duffy spent the week-end with relatives in Chatham.

Mr. and Mrs. Giles and Miss Florence Giles are spending a few weeks in Boston.

Mrs. Geo. D. Murray has returned to Cross Creek after visiting her son, Amos Murray, of this place.

Mr. Gordon Turner of Moncton was visiting Mr. and Mrs. Henry Ingram the latter part of last week.

Mr. Melvin Allison of the Nova Scotia Bank, Campbellton, is spending his vacation at his home here.

The many friends of Mrs. Patrick Keenan will be sorry to hear of her illness at her home in Moncton.

Mrs. H. D. Morris and Mrs. Michael Donaher, of Chatham, were visiting Mrs. Daniel Saunty, last week.

Mr. Jack Creaghan is spending a few days at his home here, prior to going to Dalhousie College, Halifax.

Miss Lily Miller of the N. B. Telephone Co., Chatham, is spending a few days with her parents in town.

Mrs. J. Mitchell Falconer and family left Thursday for Calgary, and Mrs. C. C. Falconer returned to Winnipeg.

Messrs. Horace Kethro, Wm. Sinclair and Herbert Estey are enjoying a two weeks' hunting trip at Mullin Stream.

R. L. Peck and Winfield Peck, of Chicago, with Edward Meazies as guide, went up to Bald Mountain, Monday for a three week's hunt.

Rev. S. J. Macarthur is attending the annual meeting of the Presbyterian Synod of the Maritime Provinces being held in St. Andrew's Church, Sydney, this week.

Mrs. William H. Whitney of Burlington, Washington, who is visiting her former home in Whitneyville, spent the week-end with Mrs. S. A. Russell.

Miss Belle Lindon, who has been spending the past two weeks at her home here, left yesterday to resume her duties at the N. H. State Hospital, Concord, N. H.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *W. D. Hoagland*

MORTGAGE SALE

To Weldon McTavish, of the Parish of South Esk, in the County of Northumberland, in the Province of New Brunswick, laborer, and to all others whom it may concern:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the fifth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twelve made between the said Weldon McTavish of the one part, and George Stables, of the Town of Newcastle, in the said County of Northumberland, merchant, Mortgagee of the other part, registered in the Office of the Registrar of Deeds, in and for the said County of Northumberland, in volume 93, on pages 15, 16, 17 and 18 and numbered 11 in said Volume, there will, for the purpose of satisfying the moneys secured by said Indenture of Mortgage default having been made in payment thereof, be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, in front of the POST OFFICE, in the TOWN of NEWCASTLE, in the said County of Northumberland, at TWELVE O'CLOCK noon on THURSDAY, THE FOURTH DAY OF DECEMBER, NEXT, the lands and premises in the said Indenture of Mortgage described as follows:

"All that piece of parcel of land situate lying and being in the Parish of South Esk, in the County of Northumberland, and abutting and bounded as follows, viz:—Northwesterly or in front by the North West Branch of the Miramichi River, on the upper or westerly side by lands owned and occupied by Joseph Ferguson, on the lower or easterly side by lands owned and occupied by James McTavish, and extending southerly or in rear to the full extent of the original grant, being the same lands and premises which were devised by the late Hazen McTavish to Ethel Jane McDonald and by her conveyed to the said Weldon McTavish by Indenture bearing date the sixth day of July, A. D. 1912."

TOGETHER with all and singular the buildings and improvements thereon and the hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging or appertaining."

DATED this twenty-ninth day of September, A. D. 1913.

GEORGE STABLES, Mortgagee.

Navigable Waters Protection Act

Notice is hereby given that the Dominion Pulp Company, Limited, of Newcastle, in the County of Northumberland, in the Province of New Brunswick, is applying to His Excellency, the Governor General of Canada in Council, for approval of the area plans, site and description of a proposed extension to the said Company's wharf, situate on the northerly side of the Miramichi River in front of its mills, in the Parish of Newcastle aforesaid, and has deposited the area and site plans of the proposed works and description thereof with the Minister of Public Works, at Ottawa, and a duplicate thereof in the office of the Registrar of Deeds for the said County of Northumberland, at Newcastle, N. B.

Dated this twenty-sixth day of August, A. D. 1913.

The Dominion Pulp Company, Ltd., Petitioner.

per WALTER C. STEVENS, Manager.

STATIONERY

A FEW NEW LINES IN
Turquoise Bond Tablets
Sea Shell Linen Tablets
Roman Fax Tablets
Aristocrat Linen Tablets
We have the newest in papereries, the gut lined envelopes and deckled edged papereries. These are strictly new and exclusive.
Remember we have Moore's Push-Pins and Pushless Hangers.

FOLLANSBEE & CO.

HOTEL MIRAMICHI

J. A. WHELAN, Manager.
Most Luxurious and Up-to-Date Hotel in Northern New Brunswick
NEWCASTLE, Miramichi, N. B.
FEATURES OF HOTEL MIRAMICHI
Telephone Connections in every room.
Artistically Furnished Rooms with Private Baths.
Building is of Brick with Adequate Fire Protection.
SITUATION—The Heart of the Sportsman's Paradise.
Best Fishing Privileges on the North Shore Provided.
Imported Chefs.
Fine Sample Rooms.
Livery Stable in Connection.
Rates \$2.00 and \$2.50 a Day

NOTICE OF SALE

Valuable Timber Lands at Auction Containing About 800 Acres

There will be offered for sale at Public Auction, in front of the Post Office, in the Town of Newcastle on Wednesday, the fifteenth day of October next, at twelve o'clock noon the following lots of land situated in the parish of Northesk:—

Lot numbers 3 and 4, on the easterly side of the North West Branch of the Miramichi River, commonly called the Peninsula Lot.

Lot number 6, on the westerly side of said branch, originally granted to A. Nicholson.

Lot number 12 on the westerly side of said branch, originally granted to John Stewart, and known as the Gillon Lot.

Further description will be made known at sale, or on application to W. E. Fish, Esq., Newcastle.

Terms Cash. Ten per cent, at time of sale, and balance on completion of Deed.

By order of the Trustees of Saint James' Church, Newcastle.
Newcastle, 3rd September, 1913. 37-6

MEN WANTED

Men wanted at QUARRYVILLE, formerly Indiantown, for all kinds of work in and around Quarry. Steady employment. Good wages. MIRAMICHI QUARRY CO., LTD., Quarryville, N. B. 400

MYSTERY SOLVED OF MAN'S DISAPPEARANCE

Antone Jensen, Norwegian, Aged 33 Years, Drowned Some Days Ago

The body of Antone Jensen, a Norwegian who came here some months ago on board a steamer loaded with sulphur for the Dominion Pulp Co., was found in the river Wednesday afternoon.

The body was first seen by Dick Walker, the Snowball Company's stevedore, and a rope was put around it to secure it to the wharf. Then Chief Coughlan, Officer Naggar and Steve Flemming towed the remains from the wharf to the rear of the Miller Foundry property where it was brought ashore and identified by several people. Among these were John Olsen, a fellow Norwegian, who stated that Jensen was 33 years of age.

Jensen left the sulphur boat while it was in port and for some time was working on the block boats at the Miramichi Lumber mill and boarding at Tom Murphy's, Duke street. On Sunday night, Sept. 21st he went to work at the usual hour but did not return home next day and enquiries were made as to his whereabouts without any information being gleaned. It was finally concluded that he had left town as he had spoken of going to Newcastle and the mystery was only solved by the finding of his dead body Wednesday. It is stated that Jensen reported for work Sunday night, but owing to the fact that he was in an intoxicated condition he was told by the stevedore not to go on the boat but to come around later. It is thought that he must have wandered to the edge of the wharf away from the crowd and there fallen overboard without anyone seeing or hearing him fall. His body had only one bruise, a nasty cut on the face.

After Coroner Benson viewed the remains he ordered its burial and the Almshouse commissioners had it interred in the Riverside cemetery.—Chatham Gazette.

GOOD BLOOD THE SECRET OF HEALTH

To be Healthy You Must Keep the Blood Rich, Red and Pure

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are useful in any disease caused by thin or impure blood, and the list of such diseases is astonishingly large. Anæmia literally means a condition in which the blood is thin and watery. Chlorosis is a form of anæmia most common to growing girls. In rheumatism the blood becomes thin more rapidly than in any other disease. After an attack of a gripe or acute fevers the blood is always thin and impure, and Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the tonic to use during convalescence. When the blood is poor and thin the stomach suffers. The food ferments, gas and certain acids form and the trouble is pronounced indigestion or dyspepsia. The nerves receive from the blood all of their energy and repair waste or damage. Some forms of paralysis are caused by thin blood. The progress of locomotor ataxia is stopped in many cases when the blood is made pure, rich and red. This is only a partial list of the troubles having their origin in impure watery blood and all can be cured by supplying the blood with its missing constituents.

This is exactly what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills do. Their chief mission is to make rich, red blood, and this good blood reaches every organ and every nerve in the human body, thus driving out disease and bringing renewed health and strength to thousands of weak, despondent people.

Ask your neighbor. There is not an inhabited corner in Canada where Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have not restored some sufferer, and all over this country there are grateful people who do not hesitate to say they owe health—in some cases life itself—to this great medicine. If you are ailing begin to cure yourself to-day by using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Sold by all dealers in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Soft; yet strong!

Soft as a baby's cheek; soothing to tender skin. Yet strong men cannot wear it out quickly!

STANFIELD'S Unshrinkable UNDERWEAR

First Prize

Bread made from Regal Flour bought at Our Store was awarded First Prize at the Chatham Exhibition. Good Cooks always want the Best Flour obtainable and naturally select "Regal" Sold in Newcastle by

D.W. STOTHART

Pinney Block Phone 97

Sportsmen

Look into Our Window and come in and examine our new Fall Larrigans. We have them in 3-4 and 10 inch leg, with and without leather sole and heel. Also 6 inch leg Larrigans with the "Drawstring" sewing as well as the plain.

MACMILLAN'S SHOE STORE

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INCORPORATED 1869.

LIABILITIES	
Capital Paid up	\$ 11,560,000.00
Reserve Fund	12,560,000.00
Undivided Profits	10,219.00
Notes in Circulation	10,385,376.69
Deposits	136,729,483.41
Due to Other Banks	3,118,902.00
Bills Payable (Acceptances by London Br.)	3,352,148.77
	\$178,316,130.29
ASSETS	
Cash on hand and in Banks	\$30,476,000.19
Government and Municipal Securities	3,778,533.88
Railway and other Bonds, Debentures and Stocks	12,622,217.20
Call Loans in Canada	9,189,279.16
Call Loans elsewhere than in Canada	10,660,229.65
Deposits with Dominion Government for Security of Note Circulation	578,000.00
	\$67,304,260.08
Loans and Discounts	\$105,363,239.92
Bank Premises	5,648,630.29
	\$178,316,130.29

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BUSINESS ACCOUNTS CARRIED UPON FAVORABLE TERMS
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In the Bank's Steel Lined Vault, rented at from \$5.00 per annum upwards. These boxes are most convenient and necessary for all possessing valuable papers such as Wills, Mortgages, Insurance Policies, Bonds, Stock Certificates, etc.

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E. A. McCurdy, Manager

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF PLANED LUMBER

Call at Our Mill. We always have in stock
DRY SHEATHING FLOORING CLAPBOARDS
Prices Moderate
SWEDISH CANADIAN LUMBER CO., Ltd.
NORDIN, N. B.

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All outstanding accounts not paid within the next 30 days will be handed to our attorney for collection with cost.
RUSSELL MORRISON
Sept. 24th 39-0.
Over Russell & Morrison's store.

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Centrally situated, with every convenience. Also quantity of new furniture to be disposed of at low prices in order to clear out. Those who come early will secure bargains.
R. MORRISON,
Over Russell & Morrison's store.

THE WOMEN'S PAGE

WHY BEAUTY IS WEALTH'S MOST LIKELY LUXURY



The Price of Cosmetics Rises With the Cost of Living, and Exclusive Surroundings Pile It Up

BEAUTY bills are beginning to make themselves felt, even by those who haven't worried much about the high cost of living. With the onward march of progress, the time has arrived when dollars can be turned into good looks most any old day one has them.

Public parlors are all very well for those who must count their pennies, but are sparsely patronized by the billionaire class. Experts come to the homes of the latter, and daily visits are the rule with those who would look well against all odds.

Even the traveling beauty doctor, however, has become too common for the real elect. First to realize it was the new Mrs. John Jacob Astor, who has installed a complete beauty parlor in her new Fifth avenue home—the first of its kind in America.

THE ways of nature are a joke to the beauty doctor. Growing old and ugly, she points out, is a habit with those who can't afford to keep young.

In the bright lexicon of the ultramodern women, of the dollar princesses and the banknote dowagers, there is no such word as age. Advancing years merely mean that more money will be required to keep them from showing.

At least such has been the common supposition until the undeniably young Mrs. John Jacob Astor yielded early allegiance to the good-looks specialists and installed a beauty parlor in her new home for her own exclusive use.

With some horror, a few of the old-fashioned mammas heard of the innovation. With them a beauty parlor was held to be the abode of unrighteousness on general principles. Besides, what business had a matron who was barely of age with the follies that properly belong to grandmothers?

Answered then the beauty doctors to the effect that the really wise person was Mrs. Astor, and that she would never reach the stage when she would look as old as her critics, no matter how unkindly Father Time might treat her.

The real and only genuine way to treat wrinkles and blemishes, in the words of these producers of artificial youth, is never to let them appear. If the face and bust are properly treated, they maintain, there will be no invasions of blackheads or crow's feet, no gradual withering away, no loss of peach bloom.

When some of the worldly wise ones hinted that the youthful Mrs. Astor was looking forward to the wedding bells again, the doctors retorted that if she went and did not use the services of the beauty parlor, she would be sure to lose the very beauty parlor that caused all the comment. By the terms of her late husband's will, the Fifth avenue palace is to revert to the Astors, and the widow remarries. In the latter event, Vincent Astor would gain possession of the city home of his father, and might install therein his mother, Mrs. John Astor.

What woman would want to give up a beauty parlor that is said to be a desirable adjunct to a house, but he has never been considered a necessity—hardly even as much of a luxury as an onyx-tipped manicure table. Many women have husbands, but few indeed can boast of such a manicure table as adorns that beauty parlor that Mrs. Astor owns.

MANY ELECTRIC THRILLS

Nor is the table with the onyx top more than a mere accessory to the parlor. Other little odds and ends include a gold-plated comb, a jeweled set of cuticle scissors and knives, marcel iron, imported hairnets, nail polishers and what not.

When it comes to the real furnishings, there are mirrors galore, so that whichever way the young widow turns, she may see herself front, back, sideways—in fact, any angle. There is also reclining chair, which is used for the administration of treatments. It is something like a barber's chair, only much more gorgeous. Of carved wood, it is, and it revolves as well as reclines.

Electricity plays a large part also. Common, ordinary men have taken largely to the electric massage for the last ten years or so; but the buzzers that eat up a half a dollar in a few minutes in the tonorial parlors are as nothing compared to the appliances that are guaranteed to burnish a jaded complexion into the bloom of perfect beauty and innocence after a 5 A. M. dance.

There is, for instance, an "applicator" of intense rapidity for the arms and an exceedingly delicate buzzer for the cheeks. On the latter a powder is placed, and with it there is rubbed into the skin a delicate glow that can't be detected from the real thing. For face bleaching there is a bell-like machine that is likewise fed by a current.

The latest thing in hair-dryers is another accessory. Press one button, and there comes a draught of hot air that any Tammany politician would envy. By combining the two, any degree of frigid or warmth may be obtained.

Besides all these, there are aseptic cabinets for the sterilization of instruments, towels, etc. No coarse, vulgar germ will have a chance in them. If the fashion is followed, tetanus will lose its standing with the elite, and scarlet streptococcus will never break into the 400.

And yet, while these arrangements for Mrs. Astor may seem somewhat elaborate to the prejudiced woman who is trying to make ends meet on twenty "per," they are only a shade more pretentious than those of the women who must struggle along on the income of a million or so.

Look over the list that accompanies this article, and you will begin to appreciate what a voracious appetite beauty has. The great majority of the articles given are of sufficient quantity to last only a week, at the prices quoted.

Take face powder, for instance. In the delicate shades and exquisitely perfumed varieties that the ultramodern woman affects, there is barely sufficient, at the price, to last several days. The box in which it comes is as dainty as its scent. For \$8, in the first quality, one gets only a few thimblefuls.

Also, you may begin to realize that a woman can't

Mrs. John Jacob Astor, One of New York's Most Beautiful Young Matrons

be beautiful from her head up or her feet down. There's lots that come in between, and nothing is slighted. From her hair to her toenails, the services of experts are required to keep nature in subjection. Treatments for this purpose come from \$2 to \$5, as a general rule. These figures would not hold for the classiest experts, but they are perfectly good for the beauty doctors who go from house to house as they are needed.

The woman who wants to look as if she "belonged" must have at least one treatment every day. Even among the rich, there are some distinctions. For the everyday rich a doctor-of-all-work will do. Usually of the feminine gender, she will render such first aid to hair, complexion and teeth as will serve for ordinary purposes.

Yet, for those more particular, there must be hairdressers, manicures, complexion coaxes, chiropodists, dentists, massagers and maids of all degrees. There are delicate depilatories to be gone through with, for

it is just as important that no hair should show where it isn't wanted as that there should be plenty where it will look best. When one of these busy persons gets to work a gray hair hasn't a show and eyebrows and eyelashes are brought into speedy subjection.

Then the face must be massaged, pummeled, steamed and otherwise massaged, until all the blackheads are brought out and all the pimples jammed in. Next come cold creams, powders and the like, with electric treatments, when the appliances are available. Lips and teeth must not be forgotten, and it is just as desirable that the arms and shoulders should be of snowy whiteness and downy smoothness as that not a hair in an eyebrow should be out of place.

Next we come to the bust, and the rubbings and poundings that are needed to keep that within bounds are known only to the women who are afraid they are going to get as fat as some other women they know. From there down to the toes there is not an atom of cuticle that dare be overlooked, for mildy

must feel as thoroughly well groomed where she isn't seen as where she is, if she is going to hold her head up among her kind. As for the feet, they require fully as careful attention as the hands, and not alone from sentimental reasons. A careful hostess can't afford to be bothered

THE WEEKLY "BEAUTY" PACKAGE

To be Used After a Daily Treatment by a "Beauty Doctor"

- Cold cream, 25 cents
- Flourishing cream, 25 cents
- Moisturizing cream, 25 cents
- Crease of oxide, 25 cents
- Vegetable cream (peroxide), 25 cents
- Whitener, 25 cents
- Freckle cream and skin whitener, \$1.25
- Massage powder, 25 cents
- Eye powder (white and red), 25 cents
- Eye powder (black), 25 cents
- Eye powder (small box), 25 cents
- Lotion for phages, 25 cents
- Eye powder and eyelash powder, 25 cents
- Complexion roller, 25 cents
- Toothbrush, 25 cents
- Hair tooth, 25 cents
- Facial powder, 25 cents
- Violet soap, 25 cents
- Perfume, 25 cents
- Medicated shampoo (4 oz.), 25 cents
- Corn plaster, 25 cents
- Oleander or decorative nails, 25 cents
- Almond meal, 25 cents
- Scalp treatment, 25 cents
- Foot bath, 25 cents
- Foot powder, 25 cents
- Foot powder, 25 cents
- Nail enamel, 25 cents

by a beautician when she wants to appear at her best. So the pedicure and the manicure run a close race for favor. Nor must the same cosmetics be used. For the toes there are special preparations, and no self-respecting woman would try to get along without them.

With all these things to be looked out for, a fair creature would have no difficulty whatever in taking up a whole day with her beauty doctors. Very often, indeed, she comes mighty near it in actual practice.

And as to the cost? That's largely a matter of her pocketbook. If she makes not a great many pretensions her treatments may be kept down to \$50 a week. If she is a little ambitious to shine, she can easily spend \$100. A couple of hundred is very easily dispensed with, and after that the sky is the limit.

Some months ago a Chicago woman, Mrs. George A. Trude, declared in open court that her annual beauty bills were \$175. This caused some surprise among those who were not in the habit of paying such bills; but, as a matter of fact, the sum was comparatively moderate. There are thousands of women in New York, Philadelphia, Boston and other large cities who make that amount look sick.

What with expensive cosmetics, the services of experts and the attention of ordinary beauty doctors, \$10,000 to \$15,000 a year is nothing unusual.

Speaking of the fortunes that women of fashion spend on their faces, a well-known expert, who has parlors in New York, Philadelphia and Atlantic City, recently said:

"I do not believe there is a wealthy woman in New York who hasn't enough sense to have herself properly cared for. They have awakened to the fact that if they spent thousands of dollars on their clothes and hundreds of dollars on their hats, they shouldn't neglect their faces.

In Philadelphia I cannot say that every woman who appears in the social register takes good care of her looks, for there are still some matrons of the old school who stick to hygienic conventions and very foolishly have frowned on the use of cosmetics. But they are the ones who suffer, as they have probably found out by noticing the features and faces of women of their own age and set who do understand the matter.

Those of the advanced set realize that the beauty parlor is no longer a joke. Indeed, this is shown by the fact that we need experienced attendants, need the best, and that there is a great demand at the present time for young women to take up the work. But it demands intelligence, and no one can go into it without study and training. A knowledge of anatomy is one of the essentials. The up-to-date establishment is really a training school for these women. When they are proficient they can make an independent living without any trouble.

Young girls are taken in by fake schools. It is a shame, for instead of teaching the pupils, they ruin them; and it is hard for them to start from the beginning again when they realize their mistake. Girls go out from these schools and give treatments for 50 cents. They put a lot of paint and powder on their faces and make a big fuss while they do it. Why, it's an outrage! Fifty cents! That wouldn't pay for the proper kinds of cream and powder, well-located, and highly cultured women take in this subject. They make a thorough study of the matter, and follow their instructions to the letter."

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As Suffragists Would Reform Their Dress



How Constance Collier, a Real American Beauty, Would Appear in Chinese Costume



As Palatre, the Parisienne, Appears in Oriental Dress



Dr. Maria Pelletier, as She Would Appear in the Chinese Garb She Favors

SHOULD suffrage for women bring with it an outward and visible sign of its inner and spiritual grace? And if so, how spirituelle can it make the gentele suffragists look?

No one has ever yet discerned anything spirituelle in a badge, or in a banner, or even in a gold medal, which all American suffragists deserve for good conduct. They may be outward and visible, but they are painfully material and coarse.

But if you could tell a suffragist a mile away, not by the sublime expression of her countenance, which is a short-range distinction, but by her whole

glorious appearance, wouldn't that equally please and impress?

MANY, many suffragists, beautiful and otherwise—suffrage is for the oppressed, whatever their age, sex and condition—have longed to be able to let their light shine before men without the necessity of talking about it. Not all of them are eloquent; and many are retiring, if not taciturn. Any simple expedient of costume, particularly if it were becoming, would meet the emergency

and, should it have the high good fortune to grow into a fashion, would make the greatest recruiting agency that was ever open for the ranks of suffrage.

Now, years after the pioneers of woman's rights fought through the ribaldry that attended the bloomers which popular mockery identified with their ambition for the vote, Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, with the genius of a real general, has proposed a suffrage uniform that is based on beauty as well as utility.

She has gone to China for it. "Drop all these Parisian frills and fal-lals," says Mrs. Catt. "Discard the corset. Avoid the tight skirt. Throw away our awful hats. Follow the lead of the graceful, delicate, flower-like Chinese women. Enjoy at once a comfort and health our sex hasn't known for hundreds of years, and be more beautiful than we've dared be within the memory of the oldest inhabitant."

It has proved a fascinating suggestion in its interest, if not in its practical possibilities. Paris, of course, has hooted at it, as Paris will hoot at anything which threatens the loss to its trade of a single franc. But artists have wondered over the possibilities and doctors even in Paris have hastened to give Mrs. Catt credit for wisdom.

This, however, is a matter of looks. There has never been a time when woman's attire was not a matter of looks, and there will probably never be a time when it won't be. If Mrs. Catt had the power to command all the suffragists in the United States to

make choice between suffrage and the fashion, how long would the campaign for the suffrage escape a sudden death?

Let us, for the sake of argument, call this the Chinese fashion, proposed if not accepted. And let us try a glimpse of some famous beauties as they would look.

There's Constance Collier, one of our own. She's a real American type of loveliness and, as you see her in the garb of a Chinese lady of rank—trying hard to remove from the vision the recollection of her entrancing graces in the gowns she's accustomed to wear—doesn't she embody as much of charm and seductiveness in her strange, flowing robes? Doesn't she seem peculiarly dainty and appealing; and doesn't she sheer femininity of her receive an additional emphasis from the fashion of Peking?

Or consider Mme. Pelletier. Does she forget any of her classic piquancies? Either of them might attend a fancy dress ball in their Chinese costume and be occupied all evening with smiling acknowledgments of the compliments offered them. Or the dashing Polaire, of Paris, as she looks in the dress of the Orient—does there any charmer, from Bombay to New York, whose features and figure appear to better advantage?

Whatever artists may say of it, and is likewise approving the doctors may be, Mrs. Catt's idea is hard to linger among those pretty dreams of dressing that never come true. Yet there's no telling when all-powerful Paris, distracted in its desire to give a season's fashion the touch of originality which has been its claim to pre-eminence—they're trying for some royal road to novelty now—will turn to China for a whole round of costumes. And there have been very few times, when Paris spoke the word, that the world failed to obey.

It is a mistake to imagine that all the women of China are so different from our own, or that there is any special racial type which adapts their costume to them and not to us. The Manchu women, who are as slender as any fair ornament of Fifth avenue, do not bind the feet, and they go Fifth avenue one better in the matter of Louis quins, heels by having them about twice as high and set forward directly under the instep. Their admirers find that their walk is the gentle swaying of a lotus stem in the water fanned by loving breezes. Even Fifth avenue hasn't evoked such splendid brocades for the outer garments, and the hair of the Manchu woman is black as night and is dressed in all which make a hair not only its beauty, as a hat is an insult, many a time, but that is brown, red and golden. Her features, instead of being inclined to flatness, have a Chinese regularity, and her complexion may be as fair as the lily to which her admirers love to compare her.

The Chinese woman affects, generally, a short saque and pantalons that are reminiscent of pajamas and the outer garments are of silk, often hand embroidered in exquisite designs. The hair is dressed in all which make a hair not only its beauty, as a hat is an insult, many a time, but that is brown, red and golden. Her features, instead of being inclined to flatness, have a Chinese regularity, and her complexion may be as fair as the lily to which her admirers love to compare her.

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Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought in Use For Over 30 Years

Something Original—that's the Cry of Every Buyer of Printing

If every print shop could or would work character into their product there wouldn't be such common place printing. We'll be glad of an opportunity to prove to you that when your printing is placed with us, there will be character to it.

The Advocate Job Dept. Phone 23 Newcastle, N. B.

NEWCASTLE STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LTD.

TIME TABLE STR. "DOROTHY N."

Commencing on April 25th, the Str. "Dorothy N." will run on the Red Bank route, daily (Sunday excepted) calling at all intermediate points, as follows:—

Tuesdays will be excursions days from Redbank and intermediate points to Newcastle, return fare 35 cents.

Saturdays will be excursion days from Newcastle and intermediate points to Redbank and Millerton, return fare 35 cents.

Excursion tickets good for date of issue only.

Freight on Saturdays will be held over until early Monday morning trip.

Str. will be open for engagements for excursion parties every day, except Saturdays, from 10 a. m., until 2 p. m., and on evenings from 7 p. m.

Freight Rates 100 lbs., 15c. 200 lbs., 60c. 1-2 ton, \$1.00, one ton, \$1.50.

Furniture and machinery charged by bulk. FREIGHT AND PARCELS MUST BE PREPAID.

THE NEWCASTLE STEAMBOAT CO., LTD. D. MORRISON, Manager.

Sir Thomas Vansittart Bowater, who has been elected Lord Mayor of the City of London and will assume office on November 9, is the first Lancastrian to attain to that high position.

"WOMAN AND MOSES"

(Continued) "Do you wish me to write to Doreen?" she asked, almost irritably. "If you would." The tone was very grateful. "But—" "Yes?" from Avril. "It seems a lot to ask."

"It's a miserable business," said the young man, despondently. "And I feel so sorry for him," was all Avril remarked by way of consolation. "Yes, everybody is sorry for him. The voice was rather surly. "She has tried him so."

"Anr hasn't he tried her? Hasn't he neglected her, traisted her, scolded her, till from sheer despair she has taken refuge in the friendship of men who admire her?" Avril was silent, cowed almost by the passion with which the young man spoke.

"I will get mother to ask her here," she said presently. "It's awfully good of you." Avril could not help smiling at the relief in his voice. "Take Groben Papers to Mortimer."—Trefusis.

George Farquharson stood in the study at Bruton Street two days after his return from Redleigh, with the telegram in his hand, and a very disturbed mind. The safe in which all papers of importance were put away stood open, but the Groben Papers were absent. A cold sweat came over George Farquharson.

"There's the woman as comes to clean, and I go in to close the shutters every night." "You are sure no one else has been in?" On his lips were the words. "Some papers are missing," but he checked them.

"Mrs. Trefusis may have been in, sir, when she comes to town, but no one else." "Thanks, all right," as the man lingered, scenting a tragedy, and Farquharson resumed his writing, or pretended to.

"Trefusis must have taken them and forgotten it," he repeated to himself, for only he and his chief had a key. Yet he knew well enough that Trefusis had not removed them. He remembered now the day she had tried to obtain them. It was Doreen who had got them. His first instinct had been to telegraph to Trefusis that the papers were missing.

No one knew how glad Doreen had been to receive that letter, for she too had troubles which, if they were of her own making, were none the less difficult to bear. Perhaps this fact increased them. She was not popular in the neighbourhood, and fond of Mouché as she was, yet the companionship of a child of seven hardly sufficed one of her restless adventurous temperaments.

Beginning with a lot of instructions to the agent and gamekeeper, full of messages for Mouché, and ending with an implied threat, "I hope you are being quietly. I need hardly remind you that I should not overlook any fresh escapade of yours, and our whole future depends on your conduct during my absence." The letter did what, perhaps, it was intended to do, to wipe out the remembrance of the one moment of weakness, when he had clasped her in his arms at parting.

"I suppose he doesn't imagine that I am going into a convent, while he goes off to amuse himself, I shouldn't wonder if they had all sorts of odd women on board with them." This she knew was not true, but she resented the tone of his letter, which was not a wise one to write to a woman of Doreen's temperament.

"You must come, for I have something of the utmost importance to tell you, and I daren't write it." She was more than curious, she was a little terrified at this passage in Avril's letter, and she had good reason to be. It was therefore the morning after Avril's arrival that she received the telegram that had been posted to her by her housekeeper.

Before nine o'clock she went to Avril's bedroom in her dressing gown. "Avril, can I possibly have a trap to take me to the station? I am dreadfully sorry, but I must go to London. I'll be back by the 4.45." Avril did not receive her so amiably as she had expected.

TO BENEFIT OTHER SUFFERERS

You May Publish My Letter About "Fruit-a-tives"

Mr. Jones is proud to acknowledge the great debt of gratitude he owes "Fruit-a-tives". He is glad to have his letter published in order that other sufferers may be induced to try these wonderful tablets.

SARNIA, ONT., FEB. 5th, 1911 "I have been a sufferer for the past 25 years with Constipation, Indigestion and Catarrh of the Stomach. I tried many remedies and many doctors, but derived no benefit whatever. Finally, I read an advertisement for "Fruit-a-tives". I decided to give "Fruit-a-tives" a trial and they did, exactly what was claimed for them. I have now taken them for some time and find they are the only remedy that does me good. I have recommended "Fruit-a-tives" to a great many of my friends, and I cannot praise these fruit tablets too highly!"

PAUL J. JONES. See a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

ter made a movement towards the door, as if to stop her egress. A cold feeling of terror came over Doreen.

"Well, I won't then, but let me go, she said. "I'm awfully sorry, little one."

But Doreen slipped out hurriedly, glad to breathe other air, and conscious that however long she stayed she would not get back the papers.

Outside she did not notice that a man hovered round the door, and hailed a cab when she did.

She wished now that she had brought Avril with her. What a fool she had been! Silly and brainless as she was she still saw that there were only two courses to pursue, both, perhaps, equally dangerous.

The one to write and confess to Arthur, the other to follow Captain Lancaster's advice and try and persuade George Farquharson not to say a word till the papers returned. Then a fearful thought rose in her mind. What if the papers never returned? Oh, it was too awful to think of.

"It's all up this time," said the butler to himself as with tear-stained face she rushed past him, asking hurriedly whether Mr. Farquharson was in the study. So upset was she that she could not speak for a moment. George Farquharson guessed what was the matter, and got up to close the door after her.

How could she tell him all the depths to which she had descended? She stretched out her two hands to him appealingly.

"If I tell you, you will not think too badly of me?" "For heaven's sake tell me the whole truth," said the young man. He felt genuinely sorry for Doreen, but he could not have denied that his feelings had undergone a decided change, as those of Doreen's admirers were apt to do.

Apart from her having fallen in his esteem, for her act of treachery to her husband he could not but realize that had she had the least regard for him she would not have placed him in this position, whereas her having done so for Captain Lancaster proved apparently beyond doubt that she was deeply in love with him. He realized that he had undoubtedly burnt his boats as regarded Avril, without a chance of being consoled for their loss by Doreen.

"I suppose you despise me dreadfully," was all she said, as she sank into the chair. "Oh, I am, as the doctor used to say, as sick as a dog, and I have lost all my friends, and my tears came anew, but the story she told George Farquharson did much to soothe his feelings. She told him how she had grown to hate Captain Lancaster, how the price of his silence had been the production of the documents. How she lived in dread of him, and how he had promised to return the papers in a few days.

"The cat! the hound!" muttered George Farquharson between his teeth. Then, as she ended her recital, she noticed that his face glowed with resolve.

"Really, Avril is right, he is very like a horse chestnut with the glow on it," she said to herself, without knowing that the thought had passed through her mind. There was something almost divine in the young Scotchman's face as he said impressively:

"Mrs. Trefusis, there is only one way out of this. Let me go off to the Mediterranean and tell your husband the whole thing. He is bound to find it out. He will, I know, believe me. Perhaps, who knows, it will be the beginning of far better times for you both.

There is nearly always a moment in a life when if we have the courage to follow our first instincts we would do right. After-thoughts belong to the devil.

"Oh, you don't know him as I do; he will never, never forgive me."

"Ayer's Sarsaparilla Changes tendency toward disease to tendency toward health. No alcohol. Sold for 50 years. Ask Your Doctor. Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A."

"But, Mrs. Trefusis he is bound to know. You may be sure he has written to Mortimer and mentioned that the papers are with me. If they don't hear from me in a day or two they will send for them, and then what am I to say? All the fat will be in the fire."

"Couldn't you, don't you think, go away for a fortnight? You were to have gone this week. If you don't answer he will think you have gone."

George Farquharson felt she was asking too much. Yet he feared, as he did, that the revelation would be the finishing stroke as regarded Trefusis. He loathed to be false to his chief. He loathed still more to be the one to throw a woman down from the ladder she can never ascend again.

"Don't ask me, Mrs. Trefusis," he said, and he sat with his elbows on the table and his head in his hand.

"How did you get at the safe?" he asked presently.

"Oh, Captain Lancaster managed it somehow," she said evasively. How could she tell this honest, upright youth that she had taken the key from her husband's chain and that Captain Lancaster had had it copied? How ugly, how infamous it all looked now that she thought it all over.

"Just my luck," she said to herself. "I shall be divorced for a man I loathe and would rather die than marry."

He was asking himself what he should do. Had he been a little older he would have realized that no woman in the world, Doreen least of all, perhaps, was worth the sacrifice of his honor, yet what he was now contemplating as the ruin of his whole life. To him it seemed the only alternative. To fly away with her and bear the double scorn of his chief's wrath. Then the face of Arthur Trefusis, the straightforward, kindly, trusting employer, rose before his face, the face of his old father and mother floated in space. What would they say when they heard that their son had stolen his chief's papers and bolted with his wife? His brothers and sisters. Did he not owe them something in life? No the idea was too absurdly quixotic and with its dispelling came the practical remembrance that he and Doreen would have nothing to live on even if she consented to run away with him, which he felt sure she would only do under the compulsion of the great terror she was in.

"Do, do let me go straight to your husband," he pleaded, and she never knew of the devoted thoughts of self-sacrifice that had passed through him. But this Doreen would not do. In despair she resorted to the weapon she had found so powerful in so many cases.

"I thought you cared for me," she said, and he looked up with surprise that was not feigned. She had known it then all the time.

"So I do," he said. "So I do, you don't know how I would serve you if I could, but you don't understand that this means dishonour."

All the womanhood in Doreen shivered at the thought that this man must needs teach her the meaning of her action.

"Then I suppose it's all up," she said, with the flippant tone with which she disguised strong emotions.

"I trust not, but you will remember Mrs. Trefusis, whatever happens, 'tis I am your friend."

Doreen laughed a little sceptically. "You don't believe it," because she can't do what you ask, but some day perhaps you will know."

The earnestness of his voice touched her.

"What will become of Mouché?" she asked.

"Oh, it isn't so bad as that yet," he said cheerily. "Perhaps it will be better than you think." Which showed that he did not know Trefusis as well as he thought he did, and that he had forgotten the man who watched the house. One thing exercised George Farquharson's mind a good deal more than it did Doreen's, after she had floated down the stairs and out into a hansom, and that was the wonder of what the result would be to Trefusis of those papers having been given to Lancaster. He knew that on the result Doreen's fate would depend a great deal. If the papers were returned and no harm done the position might yet be softened, but if, as he feared, Captain Lancaster had possessed himself of the mine and a cool quarter of a million fell through Arthur's hands by his wife's treachery, George Farquharson could not but confess to himself that his chief would be a creature more than human and little less than sublime if he ever forgave Doreen. Unfortunately it is our worst anticipations that are generally apt to come to pass, and what Farquharson dreaded was exactly what had happened. Captain Lancaster and his confederates had possessed themselves of the mine, and as yet Trefusis and his friends had no actual title to it would be a knotty point of law whether Trefusis could proceed criminally against him or not. Captain Lancaster never for a moment imagined that Trefusis would attempt this on account of the part his wife had played in it, but he intended to make certainty more sure by placing the Atlantic between himself and the irate M. P. When Doreen had called at his rooms he was practically ready to start, and at the very hour when George Farquharson knocked at the door of his rooms in Duke Street, intent on discovering all he could about the unfortunate affair before he saw



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wear as well as you as comfortably and lead a much more graceful and a perfect fitting glove. Get a pair to wear with your new gown. You will be charmed with them. Model 715 is suitable for slim, girlish figures. For medium figures, we recommend Model 85.

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For sale in Newcastle by the J. D. CREGHAN CO. LTD.

his chief, Captain Lancaster was stepping into the train for Liverpool. The same evening George Farquharson, having telegraphed to Trefusis to announce his arrival, started for Spezzia, which was the place Trefusis had last telegraphed from. What Doreen would never realize was the unpleasantness of the mission he had undertaken for her sake, when it would have been far easier and simpler to write the whole case to Trefusis, or to telegraph for him to return. What he hoped was that he would be able to prevent Trefusis returning till time had softened his anger. Still more he hoped to be able to impress upon his chief the fact Doreen had succeeded in impressing upon him, "that there was no harm between her and Captain Lancaster, only a harmless flirtation which the latter had taken advantage of to terrify her with."

CHAPTER X It was many days before George Farquharson was able to follow up the track of Arthur Trefusis' yacht. They had left Spezzia, and he had the grim pleasure of finding his telegram waiting at the hotel for its owner.

These days were not wholly pleasant ones at Redleigh. The anxiety Doreen was in till she received news of George Farquharson, made a marked difference in her behaviour. She was so conspicuously quiet, that Avril in whom she had not confided, centred all mischief, naturally, coupling Doreen's mood with her last trip to London. It was, perhaps, natural that Avril resented Doreen's reticence, and in turn, grew cold and somewhat harsh towards her friend. It was also not an easy ordeal to go through to have to converse daily with Doreen about Arthur. It was much as she could do to listen to the restricted petty picture Doreen painted of his character, without defending him, yet from very fear of betraying her love she was silent.

"Do you know, I believe you are in love with Arthur?" Doreen ventured one day.

"And if I were, it would not be very odd, considering what a charming man he is," Avril had retorted, exasperated beyond endurance.

"Oh, you needn't be cross, I don't mind, I assure you, only I don't see why, too, should he be so down on me. You know you both flirted shamefully under my very nose, all the summer, but if I speak to a man, there's a row at once. I suppose it's the old story, 'One mayn't look over the wall, etc.'" This was followed by a sigh. Avril was about to reply angrily, but something in Doreen's words struck her as if with whipswords. It seemed as if someone had held a lantern to her heart and bade her look upon the infamous thoughts that had lain there. Who was she to blame Doreen? She who cared for the husband of another? Yet it would never do to let Doreen foster this idea.

(To be Continued)

Avoid draughts while filling preserving jars, and a great many cracks will be avoided.

EVERY WOMAN is interested and should know about the wonderful "Whiting Spray" "Marr's Douche"

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARR'S, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions for use to ladies. WINDSOR SUPPLY CO., Windsor, Ont., General Agents for Canada.

I. R. C. TIME TABLE

The I. R. C. summer change of dates which went into effect on Sunday, June 2, 1912, is as follows:

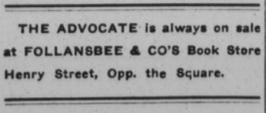
DEPARTURES—EAST Night Freight, No. 40, 2.50 Local Express, No. 36, 10.45 Maritime Express, No. 34, 5.10 Ocean Limited, No. 200, 13.22

DEPARTURES—WEST Night Freight, No. 39, 3.20 Local Express, No. 35, 14.10 Maritime Express, No. 33, 24.10 Ocean Limited, No. 199, 16.25

INDIANTOWN BRANCH Blackville, dep., 8.30 Renous, dep., 8.54 Millerton, dep., 9.29 DeLy Jet., 9.50 Newcastle, arrive, 10.05 Newcastle, dep., 16.35 Millerton, dep., 17.10 Derby Jet., dep., 18.50 Renous, dep., 18.01 Blackville, arrive, 18.35

The way freight carries passengers and runs daily between Moncton and Campbellton, but has no stated time for arriving and departing at the different stations.

THE ADVOCATE is always on sale at FOLLANSBEE & CO'S Book Store Henry Street, Opp. the Square.



Chas. Sargeant First Class Livery

Hack in connection with Hotel Miramichi meets all trains and boats

Horses for Sale at all times.

Public Wharf. Phone 61

Advertisement for NA-DRU-CO RUBY ROSE COLD CREAM. Imparts a soft and velvety charm to the complexion and counteracts the effects of raw cold winds and over-dry indoor air. Splendid for cracked lips and chapped hands. In 25c opal glass jars, at your Druggist's. 200 NATIONAL DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED, MONTREAL.

Advertisement for Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Changes tendency toward disease to tendency toward health. No alcohol. Sold for 50 years. Ask Your Doctor. Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

ROUND THE TOWN

If you want a good quick lunch, go to Allan Russell's Restaurant. 36-0

Erecting Steel Work
The Miramichi Foundry and Machine Works Co., of Chatham are erecting the steel and iron structural work at the wireless station.

MAID WANTED
General maid wanted. Apply to Mrs. Henry Ingram, 41-0 Regent Street.

Congratulations
Congratulations are being extended to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Arsenault on the arrival at their home of a daughter.

Vital Statistics
The birth of twenty-eight infants, sixteen boys and twelve girls was recorded during the last week. Twenty marriages were reported to the registrar, J. B. Jones.—Gleaner.

Was one of the Winners
The county scholarship for the University of New Brunswick, valued at \$30 per year for two years were awarded at a meeting of the faculty on Friday. Among the winners was William V. Vaughan of Newcastle.

The Stothart Mercantile Co
The Stothart Mercantile Co. are showing a window display of lumbering supplies which should interest the farmers, the mechanic, the fisherman and the sportsman. You will profit by buying your supplies at this store.

Masonic Visits
Grand Master F. J. G. Knowlton, Past Grand Master, Dr. Thos. Walker, and Dr. H. S. Bridges, Grand Chaplain J. T. Hartt and Grand Director of Ceremonies J. H. Crockett, left this morning on an official visit to points on the North Shore from Moncton to Campbellton. They will spend the week visiting different lodges officially. Among the places visited will be Richibucto, Chatham, Newcastle, Bethurst, Dalhousie and Campbellton.—Monday's Globe.

Dangerously Ill at St. John
Word has been received by friends in town of the serious illness of Mr. David Moore, who is a well-known mill-man on the Miramichi. Mr. Moore in company with his brother, Stephen, have been running a portable mill here for the past two or three years, cutting the lumber for Messrs. Crandall & Harrison. They closed this season's work about three weeks ago and went home to St. John. Shortly after their arrival there Mr. Moore took sick with fever and was taken to the hospital. He was just about able to be around again when pleurisy set in, with the result that very little hope is entertained for his recovery.

An Amusing Incident
An amusing incident happened on Main street, Moncton the other evening. A Chinaman who just landed in the city on the Maritime express from Halifax, and who has only been in Canada a short time was noticed knocking at Lounsbury and Company's door on Main street. When asked as to what he wanted, he stated in broken accents that he came to Moncton to work in this laundry. The sign of Lounsbury had misled the Chinaman and he thought it read "laundry." Three citizens who were standing nearby saw the stranger's plight and they kindly guided him to his future working place, for which the native son of China was very grateful.

Reduced Fares to New York
Announcement is made by the Maine Steamship Line of the Eastern Steamship Corporation that commencing October 1st, the fare between Portland, Me., and New York will be reduced to \$3.00; a reduction in the price of staterooms will also become effective at the same time. Reduced fares will be in effect also from all points in Maine and the Provinces via Portland and the Maine Steamship line to New York and beyond. The public will doubtless be quick to avail themselves of the low fares which will remain in effect until further notice. The Steamships of this route are most comfortable and the trip from Portland and to the wonderful city of New York a most attractive one at any season.

If you want a good quick lunch, go to Allan Russell's Restaurant. 36-0

Oyster stews at Johnston's Restaurant. 41-1

New Hudson Car
A new Hudson five passenger 1913 model car arrived here on Saturday for Mr. Hubert Sinclair.

Showy Window
A very nice assortment of pipes are being displayed in the window of Dickison & Troy's drug store.

Young girl wanted as maid. Liberal wages offered. Apply to THE ADVOCATE OFFICE. 39-0

Has Taken Foley House
Mr. J. D. Kennedy, who is carrying on a tailoring business here, has moved into the Foley house on Pleasant street.

The Acadia Bulletin
We are in receipt of the Sept. 1st issue of the Acadia Bulletin, published at Acadia College, Wolfville, N. S. It contains quite a lot of college and personal news.

Hon. Mr. Morrissey Here
Hon. John Morrissey, Minister of Public Works, arrived by I. C. R. from Newcastle at noon to-day and is at the Barker House. He will spend several days this week inspecting bridges on the St. John river and will probably go as far north as Grand Falls, returning here for the meeting of the Provincial Government the latter part of the week.—Monday's Gleaner.

King's College
The many friends of the University of King's College, Windsor, N. S., in Newcastle and on the Miramichi will be glad to know that the college commences the new academic year in a most flourishing condition. The number of students registered is seventy-two, of whom twenty-three are freshmen. Sixteen students hail from this province, six being new ones—Messrs. R. P. Orchard, R. W. Hewson, G. E. Trueman, C. J. Markham, R. C. Purdy and M. Byron.

Rural Deanery Meeting
The following Anglican clergyman attending the Deanery meeting in this town are guests at St. Andrew's Rectory—The Venerable Archdeacon Forsyth of Chatham, the Rev. F. W. M. Bacon of Richibucto, the Rev. H. T. Montgomery of Derby, and the Rev. Henry Waterton of Ludlow. These will all be at the special Deanery service this evening (Wednesday), when the Rev. H. T. Montgomery will preach the sermon. The Rector of the parish looks for a good congregation.

Band of Hope
Saturday afternoon's meeting of the Frances Atkinson Band of Hope, S. of T., was an open one, and several visitors attended and were greatly pleased with the proceedings. On the programme carried out were: An address by Rev. Dr. Harrison, Readings by Cecil O'Donnell, Eulah Stuart, and Ella O'Donnell, a solo by Helen MacMichael and chorus—"I am a temperance advocate," by the Band. The Band has 84 members and meets every Saturday afternoon, under the presidency of Mrs. F. N. Atkinson.

Everybody Loves Music
"It is an important to cultivate one's musical talent as it is to acquire a taste for good literature. It enlivens the home with an atmosphere of refinement laying at your door for a nominal cost. The untiring efforts of the world's best composers at your service, any moment at your fire side. In the majority of homes only one or two enjoy the pleasure and real enjoyment. Why not investigate the Human Touch Player Piano that has taken the most worthy lead among all others. The Lounsbury Co. Ltd. of Newcastle, are sole agents for the Mason and Risch, Nordheimer, Steinway and Karn pianos and organs. Great bargains in used pianos and organs. Special terms this week for new ones. You had better see them.

A preparatory meeting was held in the Assembly Hall of St. Michael's Academy, Chatham, Sunday evening, for the purpose of making arrangements for the Sisters of the Hotel Dieu annual fair. There was a very large attendance of the ladies of the parish and all showed a willingness to cooperate in making the fair a grand success.

Douglstown School Standing.

The standing of the leading pupils of Douglstown school for September is as follows:

- Grade X—John Wood, 76; David Gulliver, 70; Ruth Henderson, 66; Eliza Simpson, 64; Kathleen Benn, 63; Vincent Pittman, 62; Myrtle Kirkpatrick, 61; Hafry Anderson and Iris Howe, 58; Eric Benn, 57.
- Grade IX—Harry Spencer, 52.
- Grade VIII—Andrew Simpson, 62; Bella Ryan, 57; Gladys Anderson, 53.
- Grade VII—Marguerite Craig, 75; Kathleen Cameron 65½; Wm. Jessamin, 65; Florence Breen, 59; Flora McKenzie, 57½; Burton Anderson, 57; Annie DeWolfe, 52; Hazel Wood, 51.
- Grade VI—Mary Nowlan, 84; Annie Been, Arthur Wood, 69; Sylvie Thibault, 68; Bella Sickles, 64; Robt. Wood, 63; Norman Dickens, Stewart Geikie, 52; Bertha Dickinson, 50.
- Grade V—Jessie McKenzie, 74; May Russell, 70; Janie Vautour, 66½; Johnston Geikie, 66; Mary Hutchison, 64; Clara Brown, Wm. Sickles, 63; Barbara Craig, 57; Annie Young, 53. Perfect attendance—J. McKenzie, A. Young.
- Grade IV—Rudvard Henderson, 94; Marion Gray, 78; Margaret Simpson and Josie Breen, 75½; Harold Mullin, 75; Gladys Sleeth, 72½; Dora Holmes, 71; May Kirkpatrick, 70. Perfect attendance—G. Sleeth, J. Breen, M. Gray, Y. Vautour.
- Grade III—Elvin McKenzie, 92; Marion Cameron, 86; Jack McCosh, 82; Annie Lloyd, 69½; Isabel Wood, 68½; Arthur Young, 66½; Jessie Cameron, 65; Harriet Dickie and Marguerite Thibault, 64; Dorothy Atkinson, 63; Andrew Lee, 59; Linda Wood, and Marion Sleeth, 57; Bessie Kirkpatrick, 50. Perfect attendance—A. Lee, A. Young, J. Cameron, L. Wood, M. Cameron, Margaret Williston.
- Grade II—Audrey Bule, 90; Emmet Hagarty and May Sickles, 87½; Muriel Russell, 86; Frances Thibeau, 85; John Craig, 82½; Regina McDonald and Emily Daigle, 72½; Harry Simpson and Patrick Lloyd, 70. Florence Mullin, Helen Dickens and May Dinan, 67½; Agnes Wood and Leitha Spurr, 65; Frank Russell, 59. Perfect attendance—H. Simpson, F. Mullin, A. Bule, A. Wood, F. Thibeau, E. Hagarty, L. Spurr.
- Grade I—Elsie Anderson, Helen Kirkpatrick, Kathleen Young, 50; Willie Howe and Burton Howe, 78; Cecelia Lee, 75; Genevieve Geikie, 70. Perfect attendance—C. Lee, F. Young, Fred Vye, E. Anderson, H. Kirkpatrick.

HARKINS ACADEMY

The standing leaders in Harkins Academy for September is as follows: Grade VIII—Ida Dutcher 1; Lars Oquist 2; Frank Morrel 3. Grade VII—Elva McCurdy 1; Jack Nicholson 2; Ethel Crocker 3. Grade V—Muriel Scribner 1; Hubert Russell 2; Margaret Fogan and Janie Matheson 3. Grade IV—Lottie Whitney 1; Karin Oquist 2; Elizabeth Nicholson 3. Grade III—Florence Cassidy 1; Ira Miller 2; J. Walter Stuart 3. Grade II—Chester Murray and Lilian Crammond 1; Willie Campbell 2; Margaree McCurdy 3. Grade I—Olive Lindon 1; Elizabeth Hill 2; Myrtle Delano 3.

Annual Meeting
The annual meeting of Agricultural Society No. 122 will be held in the town hall, Newcastle at 2 p. m. Wednesday, Oct. 15th.

Large Consignment
J. A. Buckley, butcher, of Chatham, shipped a second consignment of young cattle, consisting of 100 head to Calgary, Monday morning.

Product of a Home Industry
Noteworthy among the various articles manufactured by the Canadian Gear Works, and of particular interest to a lumber section as ours, is a portage and lumber wagon, one that also can be used for heavy trucking. This wagon is built with tubular steel axles, of the same make as those used by the United States and English Governments in the construction of their heavy gun carriages, and when properly adjusted will run 1,000 miles without re-oiling and at a reduction of draft of from 33 to 55 per cent, this practically enabling one horse to do the work of two. There are a number of these wagons running in this vicinity, carrying loads for several miles, of 8,000 lbs. and over, with one pair of horses, something that would not be attempted with the wooden axle wagon now commonly in use.

MILLERTON

Miss Jennet Stymist left for her home in Tabusintac, Saturday, where she will spend some time.

Miss Richardson who has been the guest of Miss Lingley, Newcastle, is now visiting Miss Jean Thurber.

Miss Anna Crocker after spending the summer months home, returned on Saturday to Welsford.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas Robinson and Miss Robinson left Saturday for Montreal.

Mr. Felix Hill of Montreal came last week to attend his brother's wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Hill left on Monday for Montreal, where they expect to reside.

Mr. Weldon Robinson and Mr. Jas. Esson are spending a few days up river on a hunting trip.

Miss Lulu Mersereau of Chatham was the guest of Mrs. John Betts last week.

SUNNY CORNER

Mrs. Chas. Mullin entertained some fifty of her friends Thursday afternoon and evening. A most enjoyable time is reported.

Miss Rosie Tozer is visiting her cousin, Miss Kathleen Dunnet, Whitney.

Mrs. John Stewart has returned to her home in Boom Road, after spending a few days here among relatives.

Miss Annie Quinn, Newcastle, was the guest of Mrs. Allan Tozer, Thursday and Friday.

Mrs. Alfred Nowlan spent Friday with Mrs. John Matchett.

Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Blackmore Redbank, called on the later's sister the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Nowlan, Redbank, called on relatives here Sunday.

Sunny Corner joins in wishing Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Keenan a happy journey through life.

BOWLING

The Crooks took the measure of the Shamrocks in a bowling game Thursday night, winning by 44 points. Following is the score:

SHAMROCKS			
Demers	66	65	77 208
Driscoll	70	75	81 226
Kingston	69	77	70 216
O'Brien	82	78	83 243
Arseneau	101	90	95 286
	388	385	406 1179

CROOKS

McMurray	75	84	76 235
Fraser	84	90	77 251
Brown	83	77	85 245
Lank	79	85	82 246
Henssey	85	85	76 246
	406	421	396 1223

There is some talk among the bowlers here of starting a contest for a suitable trophy, taking in Chatham, Campbellton, and possibly Moncton and Fredericton, and any other outside teams that would be likely to enter. By having a trophy making it worth the while for outside teams to take part, this could indeed be made a very enjoyable pastime during the winter months. It could be run along the same lines as hockey, by drawing up a schedule of games for different dates in each of the towns taking part, and there is no doubt a lively interest would be taken by all interested. Each contesting team could subscribe an equal sum of money for the purchase of a cup or other suitable trophy, and each team could bear its own travelling expenses. The matter is being carefully looked into and we hope to have something more definite for next season.

POLICE COURT NEWS

Randolph Jardine and Patrick Donovan, both of Renous, were arrested by Sheriff Irving and Chief Dickson on Monday morning and brought to Newcastle on a charge of theft of a quantity of oats from James Schofield, also of Renous. They came before Magistrate Maltby Monday morning, and were remanded until the 10th. They are out on bail.

The case of Joseph Wall, who was arrested last week on a serious charge laid against him by Chas. Edmunds of this town, came up before Police Magistrate Maltby Monday morning, but was dismissed, the charge being withdrawn, each paying their own costs.

DEATHS

The death occurred at Redbank on Saturday, October 4th, of paralysis, of Alexander Harris, aged 70 years. The funeral was held on Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock, at Redbank.

Mrs. Daniel Sutherland of Cassilis who has been ill for several months past with cancer, died Friday, October 3rd, aged 63 years. The funeral was held at Redbank on Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

BORN

On Wednesday, Oct. 1st, at Beaver Brook, to the wife of Victor Fournier, a son.

On Saturday, Oct. 4th, at Nordin, to the wife of Hans Hanson, a son.

At Cameron, Missouri, Sept. 26th to Prof. and Mrs. J. E. Layton, a son.

Mr. Blair Hutchinson, teller in the Royal Bank, is spending his vacation at Molus River, Kent county.

Boston Caps

Our last week Importation of BOSTON CAPS is the "Last Word" in Caps.

We Desire to have THIS STATEMENT DOUBTED in order that it may Excite Curiosity and thereby Impel Investigation.

JOHN FERGUSON & SONS

Phone 10 Lounsbury Block

One of the Greatest Antiseptics Science has Produced

Rexall Peroxide of Hydrogen

Used Internally for diseases of the nose, throat, etc. Used externally for cuts, sores, and skin trouble of a "Puss" nature. No home should be without it.

Three Sizes: 1-4 pint 15c. 1-2 Pint 35c. 1 Pint 50c.

DICKISON & TROY

The Rexall Store. Phone 75 DRUGGISTS AND OPTICIANS Newcastle and Millerton

THE LAST SHOT

That is not the way with us. We want everything by the first train. We are knee deep with FALL GOODS this season. You can hardly mention anything in the HARDWARE Line that we cannot supply to your entire satisfaction.

THE STOTHART MERCANTILE CO., LTD.

Newcastle, N. B. Phone 45

Deering Binders, Reapers

Moody Threshers

I. H. C. Engines

Are The Best on Earth

Get Our Prices

THE LOUNSBURY COMPANY, Ltd.

Newcastle Chatham Tracadie

Gourlay Pianos

We have lately secured the agency for this County for the High Class



Gourlay Pianos

than which there is no better made in Canada

We have a beautiful Louis XV style Gourlay now in our new show-room on the Public Wharf, and we invite all intending Piano purchasers to call and see it and test its superb tone.

We also handle

BELL ORGANS AND PIANOS

which have been so well and favorably known for the last 50 years. If you buy an Organ, you do not get first quality until you buy a "Bell"

A man can make no better purchase to make home attractive than by buying a Bell or Gourlay Instrument.

MIRAMICHI FARM IMPLEMENT CO. LIMITED.

Newcastle Tracadie Neguac Rogersville

A BACON SLICER

The First to be Used in Newcastle

WHAT CAN I HAVE FOR BREAKFAST is the question often asked. Why not order a pound of DAVIS & FRASER'S BACON, sliced as you like it, a pound of STABLES' SPECIAL BLEND COFFEE, a roll of ROBINSON'S CELEBRATED BREAD and a pot of DUNDEE MARMALADE. This makes a breakfast hard to beat.

SAUSAGES arriving Daily. Sold over 300 lbs last week. KIPPERS twice a week and HADDIE weekly for Friday. CAPE COD CRANBERRIES. GRAVENSTEIN APPLES. LAMB and CHICKEN

GEORGE STABLES

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PURE DRUGS

are the only kind to be found in this pharmacy. Unless Drugs are pure and fresh they are worse than worthless. All medicines made up at this drug store will do all that is expected of them, whether they are doctors' prescriptions or simple household remedies.

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MORRIS' PHARMACY, E. J. Morris, Prop.