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We have never shown a more extensive line of
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Metal Cornices, Skylights, \&c., Cement and Tile Floors, Cement Washtubs \&c.
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tric railway service. Address the owner M. tric railway service. Address the owner, M. \&
FOLEY, Editor and Proprietor of the "Journail, of Commerce," Montreal, Canada.

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Chatham.
Stratiord, " Lethbridge, Alta. \(\begin{array}{lll}\text { Chatham, } \\ \text { Cornwall, } \\ \text { Degeronto } & \text { Stratford, Mary's, " } & \text { Regina, Ass'a. }\end{array}\) Deserontn, " Toronto, " Winnipeg, Man
Ft. William, "
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\hline "Pt. St.Charles & Copper Cliff, & Rossland, B. \\
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in 1840.
\begin{tabular}{l}
\(\& 1,000,000\) \\
850,000 \\
stg \\
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J. H. Brodle, OF Ed. Arthur Hoare John Janes Cater, H. J. B. Kendall,
Gaspard Farrer, taspard Farrer,
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Dundas Dandas, Georgetown, Morden, Man.
Gorrle,
Niagara \(\mathrm{F}_{\text {all }}\) Grimsby, Orangeville, Hsmilton, E.ERd Owen Sound British, Correspondents, Witional Provncial British Correspondents:-National Provincial Bank of Eingland [Ltd. I London. American Correspondents :-New York-Fourth
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NOTICE is hereby given that \& Dividend of \(2 \frac{1}{2}\) per cent. upon the C8pital Stock of this Institution has been declared for the current quarter. that the same will be pavable at the Banking House, in this city, on and after
Thursday, the first day of A ugisit next. The transfer books will be closed from the 20th to the 31st July next, both days inclusive.
By order of the Board. Toronto, June 26th, 1901.

\section*{The Standard Bank of Canada Capital Paid-up, \(\quad \$ 1.000,000\)
Reserve Fund Reserve rund
HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.}
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W. F. Allan, Fred. Wyld

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\(\begin{array}{ll}\text { Bowmanville, Chatham, } & \text { Markham, } \\ \text { Brantford, } & \text { Colborne, } \\ \text { Parkdale, Toronto }\end{array}\) Bradford, Durham, Picton,
\(\begin{array}{ll}\text { Brighton. Forest, } & \text { Richmond Hill, } \\ \text { Brissels, } & \text { Harriston, } \\ \text { Stouffill }\end{array}\)
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\(1,665,000\) Rest,

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13 Years as a Specialist in Gold Mining and Milling Bell Tel:-Maln 2xim, GONTHIER, Accountant ditior. SoLis REPREEKNTATIVE FOR THE PROVINOE OF
Tho \(\triangle C C O U N T, ~ A D D I T ~ \& ~ A S S U B A N O S ~ C 0 ., ~ L t a, ~\) OF NEW YORK.
11 \& 17 Place d'Armes Hill, MONTBEAL, QUB,

\section*{Commercial Summang.}
[is Merchants, Manufacturers and ether business men should bear in mind that the "Journal of Commerce" will not accept advertisements through any agents not specially in its employ. Its circulation-extending to all parts of the Dominion-renders it the best advertising medium in Canada-equal to all others combined, while its rates do not include heavy commissions.
-Negotiations are stated to be under way for a Carnegie library, at Halifax, N.S.
-The Canada Atlantic Railway Co. will test acetylene gas as an illuminant for passenger coaches.
-The Welding Compound Company of Paterson, N.J., has decided to establish a branch at Hamilton, Ont., for Canadian and export trade.

The Government have adopted regulations for the governance of a ferry across the River St. Lawrence \({ }_{n}\) between Morrisburg, and Waddington, N.Y.
-The total tonnage entered inward at the port of St. John, N.B., for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1901, was \(1,076,382\) tons, compared with \(1,081,769\) tons in 1900, a decrease of 5,385 tons.
-Plans for the new hotel at Toronto have passed inspection at the City Commissioner's office, and the permit is issued. The cost has been \(\$ 1,000,000\), to include everything but the furnishing.
-The Bell Telephone Company is making arrangements to try an experiment with the Marconi system of wireless telegraphy in Kingston, Ont. One of the instruments will be placed on Garden Island and the other on the mainland.
-The Commissioner of Crown Lands has received a pamphlet by M . Romanet du Gailland of Paris. Franee, on the nickel deposits of the Sudbury region. M. Gailland speaks of the Sudbury nickel deposits in the highest terms, and regards prospects of a great development of them as most encouraging to Canada.

\section*{FLEMING'S}

The "TEON" BELT is guaranteed to work effectually in Heat, Steam, Damp, Water and Out-of-doors in all weathers.

The "TEUN" BELT is
'TEON' unrivalled for high speeds, variable loads and difficult drives.

\section*{BELTING.}

\section*{Fleming, Birkby \& Goodall, Ld, \\  \\ 'Teon' Belting Mfts.
OLDEST MAKERS of CARD CLOTHING}

LARGEST AND OLDEST MAKERS of CARD CLOTHING
FOR FLAX, TOW, JUTE, HEMP, \&C., ALSO SILK COMBS.
-The existing financial situation in Berlin is stated by a leading banker there to be due more to the crimes of a few directors of banks and industrial companies than to the industrial status. Some are confident that the worst has passed, and do not expect any more great failures. Directors of other banks take a less cheerful yiew. Several say the crisis has not yet run its course, and that other failures are to be expected.
-The Hamilton, Ont., Radial Railway Company has made arrangements for the extension of its line from Burlington to Oakville. According to the terms the railway is to have free right-of-way, and in return has promised to commence building operations before August 1, and to have cars running through to Oakville before June 1 of next year. The agreement stipulates that the return fare between Oakville and Hamilton is not to exceed 50 cents, and school children's tickets are to be sold at the rate of 6 cents a trip.
-A resident of Barrie, Ont., has written the Premier of the province forwarding samples of badly-rusted wheat grown in that vicinity. He says that the loss sustained from rust in wheat grown within reach of the harmful influence of barberry hedges in that neighborhood cannot be calculated. He asks that the Government come to the aid of the farmers and says that the law passed last summer does not meet the case. The letter was handed to the officials of the Department of Agriculture, who replied forwarding a copy of the act respecting the barberry shrub and pointing out that the extermination of the shrub is a matter which rests entirely in the hands of the Municipal Council and that neither the Government nor the Department has the power to cause its removal.
-If reports may be relied on Kentucky will shortly be producing a marketable commodity harder and more durable than Bourbon whiskey or moonshine distilled. A Chicago letter states that a syndicate of St. Louis capitalists, backed by the I.C.R.R. has been formed for the purpose of developing the iron fields of Kentucky, and as a beginning has purchased sixty thousand acres of land in Trig County and has started two one hundred ton furnaces at Grand Rivers. Based upon months of investigation by experts the members of the syndicate declare that the Kentucky lands will, within a few years, become the greatest source of supply for iron ore for the United States. This belief is also shared by another syndicate headed by a Milwaukee capitalist, whose name the Illinois Central officials refuse to disclose at present. It is announced, however, that the Milwaukee coterie has leased 6,000 acres and has put up a 50 -ton furnace at Paducah. It is the purpose of the Milwaukee Company to buy or get long-term leases on many thousand acres and to erect a number of large furnaces in the near future. One of the chief movers in the enterprise said: "Before deciding to engage in the enterprise we had extensive tests made and became convinced that the iron ore supply of Kentucky is practically inexhaustible. There is enough ore in the lands we have purchased to meet the entire demand of the country for the next ninety years. In my opinion, it will not be long before the principal supply field for iron will be be Kentucky, The furnaces we have established at Grand Rivers are only a beginning, and we will expand our enterprise as rapidly as possible."

\begin{abstract}
-American manufacturers of machinery and metal goods have appealed to the President and the Secretary of State not to accept the resignation of Colonel James G. Stowe of Missouri from the office of Consul-General at Cape Town, Cape Colony. They have offered to contribute enough money annually to provide him with a liberal compensation. They are willing to make Colonel Stowe's compensation more than that of the best paid consul at Cape Town, the German, who receives \(\$ 7,000\) more than the American representative. It has been necessary \({ }_{n}\) however, for the President to decline these liberal offers as a consular officr cannot, under the law, receive compensation from private parties. It is hoped by the State Department officials that Colonel Stowe will remain at Cape Town until Congress has the opportunity of considering his statement about his ability to maintain the dignity of the United States at one of the most expensive consular posts in the world, where the trade interests of the United States are more important than those of any other nation, at a smaller salary than is paid to any foreign consular officer there.
\end{abstract}
-Ottawa advices state that Justice Burbidge delivered judgment recently in an action brought by the Ham-burg-American Packet Company against the Dominion of Canada for damages for injuries to their steamer Arabia and cargo in the St. Lawrence channel in September, 1897. The company claimed that the accident was caused by the negligence of an officer or servant of the Crown in permitting a boulder or some other obstruction to remain in the channel, or in not maintaining a depth of \(271 / 2\) feet, as appeared by the Government gauge at Sorel, and claimed \(\$ 180,000\) damages. His Lordship holds that the Government was in no way responsible for the accident, and dismissed the action with costs.
-The strike of the salmon fishermen against the Fraser River canners has been adjusted, the Vancouver Board of Trade having acted as a mediator. It has been agreed that the fishermen shall receive \(121 / 2\) cents per fish for a quarter of the pack and ten cents for the remainder.

> MATTHEW, REID \& CO, Kilmarrook Forge, - - KILMARNOCK scotiano.

> Manufacturers of

spades and shovels.


Spectal reduction to Canadians under the new tariff made with England.

\section*{The "CUNDALL" \(\square\) — Patent}


Economical, Reliable, Easily Managed and Safe. Makers of the Largest Oil Engines in the World.

\section*{R. CUNDALL \& SONS, Limited}

\author{
Best Power for FARM, DAIRY, WOOD CUTTING, \\ IIINING, \&c.
}

\title{
SFIPIEY, \\ ENGLAND.
}

\begin{abstract}
The American Express Company, which has operated in Manitoba in connection with the Northern Pacific Railway, has, says a Winnipeg dispatch, decided to withdraw its interests in Manitoba and will wind up its business in September, leaving the field to the Dominion Express Company, which will work in connection with the Canadian Northern System.
\end{abstract}

We learn from Toronto that Messrs. W. H. Smith and G. B. Fraser have been appointed by the creditors as inspectors to act with the Provincial Trust Company of Ontario, the assignee, in winding up the estate of C. W: Thomson, whose difficulties were referred to in a recent issue. The liabilities total \(\$ 28,289\) and the asssets ar valued at \(\$ 16,300\), consisting of equity in the paper mill at Newburg, \(\$ 12,750\); stock in the Hunter, Rose Company, \(\$ 200\); book debts, \(\$ 1,550\); factory and fixtures, Toronto, \(\$ 2,180\). Among the creditors the Ontario Bank ranks for \(\$ 27,000\), that amount being paper endorsed by Mr . Thomson for the Cousolidated Pulp \& Paper Company, with which he was connected.
-Ottawa bakers, we are informed, are looking for another beneficial change. Last April they made a demand for \(\$ 15\) per week for ten hours work, and on May 1 this was granted. They have, however, become dissatisfied again, and wish to do away with night work. This will necessitate the building of additional ovens. A committee of the masters and the men met recently and talked the matter over, and Saturday night the men again met and gave the committee power to give the masters until May 1 to put in their new ovens, so that they could start on day labour. When the masters gave the men the advance in salary on the 1st May last they put up the bread one cent to meet this extra expense, but the public would not have it. One baker said that he was losing in extra salary alone nearly \(\$ 1,500\) a year. His net profits, however, he did not diselose, probably for reasons not altogether a secret.
-An Odessa dispatch, via London, says that according to the reports of special agents the Siberian crops appear to be nearly a total failure. In the great grain-producing regions of Minussinsk and Krasnoyarsk almost the entire growth of cereals has perished as a result of the two months' drouth. The conditions are almost equally deplorable in the Transhiakalia, Krasno-Oofimsk, Perm and Schadrinsk regions, where such a hot and dry summer has not been experienced in ten years. The South Russian crop may be described upon the whole as fairly average, yet there are disastrous shortages in the populous districts in the Ekaterinoslaff Government, and an instance is cited of the utter destruction of about 40,000 acres of grain by hailstorms and the Hessian fly. The same agencies have blighted large tracts of grain in the Taurida and Don country and in the Kouban and Terek districts in Northern Cancasus. The worst of all are the Volga provinces. The peasantry of this vast region are already practically destitute. They have sold the cattle and horses they could not feed and have consumed nearly their whole scanty stock of food, seed and grain. The Russian Minister of Ways and Communications is making active provision for the transportation of food, grain and other supplies from the south. All local authorities have been instructed to take instant measures for obviating the horrors of the famine threatened for next winter.

The secretary of the Wallaceburg. Ont., Sugar Company, Limited, has written, informing the Minister of Agriculture that the company expects to have the contract for their building let during the coming week, and the work of construction will be proceeded with immediately, and has forwarded for the approval of the Minister a draft form of contract with farmers for raising sugar beet.

\footnotetext{
-Worthless \(\$ 2\) bills of the State Bank of New Brunswick, New Jersey, are reported from Washington as being extensively circulated.
}

\title{
Craig, Taylor \& Co.,
}


\title{
Shipuuildes, Engineers and Repaires,
}

\section*{Thornaby Shipbuilding Zard,}

\author{
GRAVING DOCK
}

570 Ft. Long.

\title{
Stockton-on-Tees, England.
}

Special estimates to Canadians underthe New Tariff.
-Official returns received at Ottawa show that importations to the West Indies have greatly increased in butter, cheese, flour and oats, The following figures show:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Produce. & 1899. & 1901. \\
\hline Barrels flour & 2,737 & 16,399 \\
\hline Bags oats & 924 & 7,852 \\
\hline Packages butte & 992 & 2,389 \\
\hline ackages & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

These figures embrace Canadian products only and are for the first six months of each year.
-We learn from St. John's, Nfld. that Mr. Bond, the Premier, introduced the new railway bill in the Legislative Assembly on the 22nd instant. He explained that the Government had been influenced in insisting upon recovering the ownership of the \(3,125,000\) acres of land accruing to Mr . Reid, the contractor, under the previous contract by the following alleged facts: Mr. Reid had already been granted 495 miles of land on the sea coast and he applied for 635 miles more, making 1,130 miles altogether, whereas the French Shore, so prolific a source of trouble for two centuries, only included 800 miles. Mr. Reid's grant included 50,000 acres of homestead lands, occupied by squatters. without legal title, but whose occupancy was usually recognized in the colony. All these would be liable to eviction at the will of Mr. Reid. The grant also included 274,000 acres of timber lands already leased and worked by other parties, who, on the expiration of their leases, would see these acres, together with mills, houses and other erections upon them, become the absolute property of Mr. Reid. Finally, the Reid grant included 25,000 acres of mining lands, which were similarly situated.

Our Teeswater, Ont., correspondent writes: I. \& H. Field, hardware merchants of this place, have sold out to Mann \& Ewing, who carry on business next door. The agreement is not to be completed until Oct. 1st prox. In connection with this Mann \& Ewing have, I am informed, leased the premises of I. \& H. Field for 10 years from that date. -Mr. McBeeth of Underwood, this county, has purchased from Dugald Campbell, of Toronto, the store here occupied by V. Voisin, and will carry on business therein as soon as he gets possession. - Mackie's new brick carriage factory buildings are well under way and will make a fine addition to the industrial buildings of the place.-I am sorry to say that matters are not looking as bright for the farmers as in the earlier part of the season, owing to long continued dry weather. Hay is a good crop and well saved. The fall wheat was a good crop, except owing to the great heat the berry will be small and shrunken. The spring crops, wheat, oats, and peas will be short and unless copious rains come at once the grain will be small. Root crops are from same cause looking very backward.
-The Department of Trade and Commerce, Ottawa, has received a report from Mr. E. Tripp, dated Port of Spain, Trinidad, July 1. Favourable anticipations are confirmed of the satisfactory progress of trade for the last quarter. Decreases occurred in the importations of cheese and meats but the improvement generally has been gratifying and noticeable. The importations of butter, flour, oats, and potatoes, show large increases. The exportation of pure sugar shows a large increase. In view of the success which has attended the introduction of cold storage on the New York and Royal Mail liners, he anticipated that the enterprising firm who supply the Canadian vessels will soon follow suit. The increase in the importation of butter is due to the excellent quality sent.
-A Dublin firm writing to the Department of Trade and Commerce, Ottawa, asks for the names and addresses of manufacturers of butter and egg boxes. The firm is prepared to take 5,000 unmade butter boxes weekly. They have communicated with a few firms of Canada but could not get satisfactory replies. The need of advertising in Canadian commercial journals, having a wide circulation in England, Ireland, and Scotland, such as is shown by the Journal of Commerce, is here apparent.
-The Ontario Government is re-stocking the Grand River and its tributaries with parent bass, and in order to co-operate in this movement the Dominion Government will prohibit the taking of bass in these waters until well into the fall. By this means the regular close season will be extended, and the breeding of bass in the Grand River and tributary streams facilitated.

TYNE IRON SHIPBUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED,

\section*{Steel and Iron Shipbuilders and Repairers.}


Willington-Quay-on-Tyne,
ENGLAND


Agents wanted throughout Canada. SPEGIAL TERMS UNDER NEW TARIFF.

\section*{A. HIRST \& SON, Limited,}
blectrical and mechanical engineers,
Crescent Works, VIOTORIA DEWSBURY, ENG.

\section*{MAK}

-The Pacific Packing \& Navgation Company has been incorporated at New Jersey, U.S., with a capital of \(\$ 25,-\) 000,000 .
-A London cable of the 23rd inst., states that the wheat harvest started in Kent this week is an earlier commencement than usual, the tropical heat having rapidly developed the grain. Estimating the wheat prospects, the Mark Lane Express says the wheat will be fine both in quantity and quality on five per cent. of the area sown; average on twenty-five percent. but the remaining seventy per cent. of area sown will inevitably produce a short crop. The straw crop will be the smallest since 1893. In its preliminary trade estimate the Express puts the Russian wheat crop at \(58,000,000\) quarters, against \(56,000,000\) in 1900. On this basis the export surplus should be \(18,000,000\) quarters.
-Reports received at the Fisheries Department, Ottawa, from British Columbia, in regard to the runs of salmon coming up the rivers are decidedly discouraging. The canners and fishermen anticipated big runs but so far the incoming schools have been small on the Fraser, where fishing formerly commenced before the end of June, the salmon, according to late advices, have not yet appeared. F'or some years the period at which the fish have been entering the Fraser River has been later, season by season, and this summer the big run appears to be unusually delayed. In northern waters a similarly unsatisfactory state of affairs exists. At Rivers Inlet, the fishermen and canners, judging from the latest reports, have done practically nothing up to date. On the great Skeena River, fishing operations have been seriously hampered by an outbreak of smallpox.
-According to a recent report from the Canadian Agent in Australia, to the Department of Trade and Commerce, Ottawa, there are some Canadian manufacturers adopting careless, if not dishonest, methods with their Australian customers. In this report Mr. Larke says:"I have had cases during the month with complaints of very inferior goods shipped from Canada. In two cases the complaints were not limited to one or two lots, and the recipients have declared that they will do no further business with these manufacturers. The trade had grown to considerable proportions, and although it may not be wholly lost, it will require time to recover lost ground. The effect of sending inferior goods is not limited to the business of the firm so erring, but it extends to other lines and shakes the confidence in Canadian business which has been slowly secured. A wholesale house showed one day last week three orders from the country, which specified that they must not be filled yith the goods of a Canadian manufacturer. Accidents will arise that cannot be avoided that may cause a defective shipment, but I regret to learn that the feeling prevails that the trouble is due to careless inspection in one case \({ }_{r}\) and in another to the deliberate shipment of goods that were too bad for the home market. In two cases the goods were paid for in advance, but no further business can be obtained. In another instance the defective lines were returned to the Canadian manufacturer, entailing considerable loss. Very marked improvement has been made in the shipment of goods from Canada, but it is by no means perfectly done. I have previously pointed out that when goods are ordered to be packed in cases, as specified, the intention often is to forward such eases directly to the retail buyer, without opening them."

Standard Blends of Fine Scotch Whiskies, of all ages from new to 20 years old. Buyers' own Brands or Labels alone used when desired.
Boṇded Stores \& Office :-44 to 64 James Watt Street, Glasgow, Scotland. aceats wanted in montreal amd toronto. ta

-It is reported from St. John, N.B., that a pork famine exists there, all the wholesale packing houses being short of stock.
-Late Winnipeg advices state that the demand for farm labourers for the Manitoba harvest is becoming greater as the harvest approaches maturity. So abundant is the crop that the farmers are becoming alarmed on account of the scarcity of labour and are offering \(\$ 50\) a month and board for the harvest season. July has been ideal for the heading out of the grain and the heads are now fully developed. At present, hot, bright weather prevails, just the kind wanted for the hardening of the grain.
-Our Charlottetown, P.E.I., correspondent writes: The directors of the Full Electric Light Co., Ltd., the Prince Edward Island Electric Co., and Charlottetown Light \& Power Co. Ltd., have agreed to amalgamate. The Full plant is to be taken over at \(\$ 32,000\); the P.E.I. Electric Light Plant at \(\$ 30,000\), and the Charlottetown Light \& Power Co.'s plant at \(\$ 19,000\). Shareholders of the Full Co. and Light \& Power Co. to take all in stock and the P.E.I. Electric Co. to take \(\$ 15,000\) in stock and the remaining \(\$ 15,000\) in bonds of the new company. These terms have yet to be ratified by the shareholders of the various companies. The bulk of the shares of the P.F.I. Electric Co. are held by the Royal Electric Co.n of Montreal. The contract for the city lighting had been awarded to the Full Co. at \(\$ 69.50\) per lamp. This no doubt led to the proposed amalgamation.
-The following railways have been constructed in British Columbia during the last twelve months by the Canadian Pacific Railway. Between Vancouver and North Arm, of the Fraser River six miles. The Arrow Lake and Kootenay Railway, between Lardo and Trout Lake, has been extended ten miles and construction of the remaining portion, about twenty-six miles, is proceeding; a subsidy having been granted by the Dominion Government. The Proctor extension of the British Columbia Southern, twenty-one miles, is completed. The Canadian Pacific Railway is operating 114 miles of new line of the Columbia and Western branch of its system, as follows: Robson to Midway, ninety-eight miles; Phoenix branch, ten miles; Mother Lode, six miles, and about five miles of spur lines to various mines branching therefrom. These lines are all standard gauge. The construction of the Crow's Nest Pass Southern Railway. This line will connect the collieries with the Great Northern system at Jennnings, distance about 60 miles, It will form an important connection for the collieries, and a largely increased output of coal will follow.

The following Ontario joint stock companies have been been incorporated: The Otonabee Power Company, capital \(\$ 125,000\); head office at Peterboro'. The Uwanta Manufacturing Company, to manufacture and deal in drugs, capital, \(\$ 40,000\), head office Ottawa.-The Hamilton ToQl Company, capital \(\$ 20,000\); head office Hamilton.-The Tuthill Pharmacy, capital \(\$ 40,000\); head office, Toronto.-The Oshawa Gas Company, capital \(\$ 40,000\); head office, Oshawa.-The Lindsay Gas Company \({ }_{n}\) capital \(\$ 40,000\); head office, Lind-say.-The Harriston Shoe Company, capital \(\$ 50,000\); head office, Harriston.-The Guelph Provision Company, capital \(\$ 250,000\); head office, Guelph.-The Ontario Portland Cement Company; capital \(\$ 450,000\); head office, Brantford.The Tuckahoe Lithia Water Company, capital \(\$ 20,000\); head office, Toronto.- J. H. Withey, to manufacture minced meats and preserved fruits, capital, \(\$ 40_{n} 000\); head office, Toronto.-The Crystal Beach Steamboat and Ferry Company is given a license.-The Welland Hotel and Sanitarium Company is authorized to change its name to the St. Catharines Mineral Springs and Sanitarium Company. -The Preston Furniture Company is authorized to increase its capital from \(\$ 25,000\) to \(\$ 75,000\).-The Canadian Salt Company is given a Provincial license. - The Good Roads Machinery Company has been incorporated with a capital of \(\$ 40,000\), head office Hamilton. The Electric Supply Company has been incorporated with a capital of \(\$ 40\),-
000 , head office, Hamilton.- The Electric Supply 000, head office, Hamilton.- The Electric Supply Company of Hamilton is made a limited liability company, with a
captal of \(\$ 30,000\).
-A meeting of the committee appointed to provide a suitable exhibit of Ontario butter and cheese at the PanAmerican, in competition with all America, was held recently at Brantford, Ont. Mr. Hately, the secretary, submitted a report which he had received from the superintendent of the dairy division of the Pan-American of the judging of the cheese. The showing is a remarkable one. Not only does Ontario sweep the board with its export cheese, being the only class in which it exhibited, but the exhibits are all of such high excellence of quality that each and every one of the fifty-seven exhibits has received a premium. The committee decided to make an exhibit of August cheese at the September competition.
-The Department of Fisheries has under consideration a scheme for the systematic cultivation of oysters in the Island of Cape Breton. The matter is one which has been urged by Dr. Kendall, M.P., and Mr. Kemp, the Department's oyster expert, is now looking into it. Catalon Lake, one of the places suggested for oyster culture, has been found unfavourable, but the Mira would be suitable if
cleared of weeds and debris.

\section*{"PERFECT" SCOTCH WHISKY.}

This Whisky has been well known for nearly a century. During that period it has not varied in character. There is nothing finer in the market. Made solely from home-grown barley, and sold perfectly matured when seven and ten years old.

Special price to Canadians under the new tariff.

\section*{J. \& R. WILLAMSON,}

> 17 Roval Exchanve Souare, GLASGOW, - SCOTLAND.


\title{
Lang Brothers, tu
}

Scotch Whisky Distillers and Blenders, GLASGOW \& KILLEARN.

Proprietors of Tam ó Shanter Scotreh Whisky asp gold Medal Bayana Rum. Distillery GLENGOYNE, STIRLINGSHIRE, Offices and Bonded Warehouse: 10 to 20 0swald Street, GLASGOW, SCOTLAND.

-A Boston syndicate, is reported to have recently bought the ferries running between Sydney and North Sydney, N.S., and the Sydney electric light plant \({ }_{n}\) and will at once begin the construction of an electric railway between Sydney and Glace Bay, N.S., at a cost of \(\$ 175,-\) 000 . This will connect a number of points in which the coal company has interests.
-The Premier of Tasmania has requested the Fisheries Department, Ottawa, to furnish to his colony a supply of salmon ova to be planted in Tasmanian waters. An officer of the Tasmanian Government will arrive in Canada next month for the purpose of securing the eggs and taking them to Australia. Three varieties of ova wilf be sent, the sockeye and quinnat from the Pacific coast, a quarter of a million from each, and a similar quantity of the eggs of the Atlantic salmon.
-The Hamburg-American Line steamer Deutschland, which left New York July 11, arrived at Plymouth \({ }_{\text {r }}\) on the morning of the 17 th , passed Eddystone Lighthouse at 6.21. The Deutschland made the passage from New York in five days, eleven hours and five minutes, at an average of 23.51 knots an hour, over a distance of 3,082 knots. The vessel's highest day's run was 557 knots. This establishes a new eastward speed record. The highest previous eastward speed record was made by this steamer June 19 of this year, when she covered 23.38 knots in one hour. The highest day's run of 557 knots is also an eastward record for a day's run. The best pervious day's record, going east, 552 knots, was made by the Deutschland in August of last year.

Cable Address:-W bimpt, BrLfast.
A. B. C. Cods.

Vin's lish Preserves.
The Best Old Country Jams to be had.
Made from Irish Grown Fruit. WARRANTED PURE.

No finer Jams in the world much cheaper than some...
WM. VINT \& SONS,
BELFAST, IRELAND.
SPECIAL TERMS TO CANADIANS UNDER THE NRW TARIFF,
Af Supplled to Ris Majesty's Government.
-The Americans have no sooner got a square hold of Cuba, than they begin competing in the growth of her main industry. A Boston letter of recent date refers to the visit there of Secretary Wilson of the Department of Agriculture, and Dr. Milton Whitneyn Chief of the Bureau of Soils, as incidental to a trip which they have just taken through portions of the Connecticut valley in the interests of the future cultivation of tobacceo on a large scale. In a brief chat the Secretary waxed enthusiastic on the subject of tobacco raising. At the present time, he said, there was annually a \(\$ 6,000,000\) crop of the weed brought into this country from Sumatra, and it is his belief that this can be saved to the New England farmer if they only set to work in the right way, for he has every advantage, especially in the soil, and the quality of the tobacco now raised in parts of Connecticut and adjacent portions of Massachusetts is exactly the same as that of tobacco imported from Sumatra.
-A commercial invasion of China appears to be the next move. A despatch from Shanghai says the Russians, through the Belgians, are endeavouring to buy the Kai Ping collieries, in Northern Chili Province, the strategic value of which is incalculable. The Kai Ping collieries are now largely supplying the navies of the powers in the Far East with coal.
-Mr . Wilbrod Fraser, engineer of the Public Works Department, Ottawa, has left to survey the north channel of Lake Huron, in furtherance of the scheme for improving the French River.

\section*{THOMAS C. KEAY, \\ Engineer and Machine Merchant,}

Mill Furnisher, Shuttle, Bobbin and Picker Maker, 17 BALTIC STREET, DUNDEE, SCOTLAND.

ALL KINDS OF NEW AND SECOND-HAND FLAX, IUTE, HEMP AND TOW MACHINERY.
SPECIALITIES. - \(\begin{aligned} & \text { Second-hand machines as above thor- } \\ & \text { oughly overhauled and repaired in first } \\ & \text { olass order. }\end{aligned}\) class order.
Maker of Sack Printing Machines for marking in one or more Colours.

SACK CUTTING AND SEWING MACHINES.
All kinds of Shuttles, Pickers and Bobblns for Jute and Linen Traden - Enquiries Solioited

> " Drink the Famous University GINGER ALE AND CREAM SOJA"

Special Quotation
under New Tariff. JOHN \(\underset{\&}{ }\) HOLMES Export Bottlers and Cordial Makers, UNIVERSITY AVBNUE Belfast. Ireland.

\author{

}


Special Prices to Canadians under New Tariff.

\section*{" ROSEBA NK'}

\title{
SILGNTMLHTWHIEY,
}

\section*{(Distilled exclusively from the Highest Quality of Scotch Malt.) ROSEBANK DISTILLERY, Ld., FALKIRK, SGOTLAND.}

\begin{abstract}
-The British ship Troop sailed recently from Philadelphia, U.S. for Fiban, Corea, with the first cargo of petroleum shipped to that country from the United States. Russia has heretofore supplied the petroleum used there.

Ottawa contractors have received from Mackenzie and Mann the contract for the first five miles of the James Bay Railway, from Parry Sound. The price is \(\$ 50,000\), and the section is to be oompleted before the coming winter.
\end{abstract}
-Arrangements have been completed by the Canadian Pacific Railway to run farm laborers' excursions, second class, to stations in Manitoba and Assiniboia, west, southwest and northwest of Winnipeg, as far as Moose Jaw, Estevan and Yorkton, August 8, from stations in Ontario. Sharbot Lake, Sudbury, and east, the fare being \(\$ 10\); and on the following day from stations in the Province of Quebec, Megantic and west. Certificates will be issued to purchasers of second class tickets good to return to the original starting point on or before November 10, at \(\$ 18\). -The president of the Nova Scotia Fruit Growers' Association stated, in a recent interview, that from the most reliable information obtainable, the apple crop generally is a comparative failure in Ontario, and the same is true of the apple crop in New York, and most of the Eastern States, and a general average of the apple producing territory east of the Mississippi River, gives less than 50 per cent. of an average crop. The Nova Scotia crop may be safely estimated at 70 per cent. of good apples, and if packed strictly in accordance with the fruit market act now in force shippers may reasonably expect the highest price paid for apples during the past ten years.

\footnotetext{
-The plans now under consideration for the two new armored cruisers authorized by the U.S. Congress, says a Washington dispatch, contemplate such a new departure in steaming capacity that these ships will be able to make voyages far exceeding any of the ships now in commission, and equalling, if not exceeding, the long distance trip of any naval warships afloat. They provide for a combination of three screws, so separated that any one can work independently. By using all three screws the ship could develop great speed, from 22 to 23 knots, so that she would be listed as a \(23-\mathrm{knot}\) ship. By alternating the screws, using but one at a time, the big craft could make a voyage of 10,000 miles without a stop to recoal, and at the time she would always have her three screws in readiness to develop a 22 or 23 knot speed, in case of necessity.
-Our correspondent at Bedford, Que.. writes under date July 23: Montreal buyers bought here to-day 538 boxes creamery butter at \(19 \mathrm{c} ; 100\) boxes cheese at \(9 \mathrm{c} ; 64\) packages dairy and separator butter at 16 c to 18 e lb . Two carloads hogs were shipped to Montreal price, 6e to 7e per lb.
}
-Late advices from several leading fruit growers in the Niagara, Ont., district do not entirely concur as to the size of the crop to be harvested this season. The estimates show a possible result of from 50 to 75 per cent. of last year's big crop. One dealer said: "Despite the talk about short crop, there will be sufficient peaches to fill the needs of the market. Some who have been through the fields hold that the crop will not be more than 35 per cent. of last year's, but taking the consensus of opinion, the average is put much higher, and the later reports from the peach districts are said to be more favorable than a fortnight or three weeks ago." This is an off year for apples, and taking in all Ontario it is expected there will be but half a crop. Plums a few weeks ago were reported a fair crop. but reports during the past few days indicate that the quantity will, in some districts, be less than previously expected. Pears will be a good crop generally. The work of estimating the fruit of Ontario is stated to be becoming more difficult each year, owing to the increase in the area over which fruit is grown. This year the counties to which the wholesalers usually look for the supply of cherries produced little, while the market was well supplied from Huron County, hitherto practically unknown to the principal markets. The plum, apple, and pear crop is also being spread over the province, while peaches are almost wholly grown either in the Grimsby-Niagara district, or about Leamington and Ridgetown.

The Great Northern Railway is being continued from Marcus to Republic, both in the State of Washington, via Cascade and Carson in British Columbia. The distance is 150 miles. Neither of these will receive subsidies. The city of Victoria has voted assistance towards a ferry service between the terminus of the Victoria and Sidney Railway, and the Mainland near Point Roberts, from whence a railway will be constructed to Chilliwack, through an agricultural country, south of the Fraser River. This line will connect with the Great Northern system, and the cars of that railway will be brought to Victoria. A charter for the Mainland Railway has been obtained and the railway must be constructed and the ferry established within a few months, otherwise assistance will not be given.
-The Caledon Shipbuilding and Engineering Company, Limited, Dundee, Scotland, has launched a steel serew steamer, built for the Canadian lake trade to the order of Mr. James Playfair, Midland, Ont. The dimensions of the vessel are: Length, 225 feet; breadth, 42 feet 6 in.; depth, 23 feet 8 in .; with a gross tonnnage of 1,900 tons and a carrying capacity for 110,000 bushels of grain. The new vessel, the Midland Queen, has sailed for Manchester, Eng., where she will be loaded for Montreal and Chicago, and is expected to arrive in Montreal about August 10.

\title{

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Inventors of
SODA WATER, Dublin, IRELAND.
(.Established 1799,


IIMMTED.

\section*{Manafactarers to}

Her Majesty the quieen
为 and
H.R. the Princo o TWales.
-We learn from St. John, N.B., that it has been decided to issue a decree for the foreclosure and sale of the Parks Cotton Mills. All attempts to keep the mills running have failed and most of the operatives have left the city within the past six months. These cotton mills, two in number, were St. John's largest labor employing industry.

\begin{abstract}
-The Canadian Packers' Association has, it is reported, disposed of all last year's pack, and the canneries are all operating on the lines laid down last spring, whereby the pack was to be reduced 30 per cent. as compared with last year. The arrangement, it is stated, is working smoothly, with the prospects for the canning industry better than for years.
\end{abstract}
-The Department of Trade and Commerce has received a report from Mr. C. E. Sontum, commercial agent in Norway, Sweden, and Denmark, dated Christiania, July 4th. He notes that the price of wood goods is exceedingly low, while the lumber men are holding out for high prices; thus very little business is being done. The Finnarken cod fishing has fallen off this year by some six millions of cod. The official blue-book for the trade of Norway is published, and shows that the slight increase in the bulk of trade which has taken place during the last five years has been maintained. The Noyes Bank has just passed a new series of bank notes, thousand, five hundred \({ }_{n}\) one hundred, one hundred, and fifty-kroner denominations. This will be supplemented by an issue of ten and ivekroner bills in a few months.
> "Every Factory in Canada should "use the best Belting. Our "EXTRA" brand

\section*{The J. C. McLaren Belting Co,}

\section*{FACTORY:}

MONTREAL, TORONTO, VAMCOUVER.
-It is reported that negotiations are on foot looking to a consolidation of large mixed paint concerns in the United States. One report has it that the company will engage in all branches of the paint business, including pigments, oils, turpentine, varnishes, chemicals, brushes, and glass, and that a \(\$ 100,000,000\) company will be organized. It is known that several members of the trade have been approached, but no definite progress is reported.
-Mr. .W. Beaumont, basket-maker, Stony Creek, Ont., has received an order for a large supply of fruit baskets for a firm in Cape Town, South Africa.

\section*{THE OELEBRATED}
"Casite Band" ":Casiltenne" Household Specialities.
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\section*{}

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\section*{MONTREAL.}

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Thirteen monthe for revival of lapsed policies without medical certificate of five years' existence Loans advanced on mortgages and Debentures parchased. Agents wanted.
D. M. MeGOUN, Manager.
J. HUTTON BALFOUR, Secretary.

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\begin{abstract}
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\end{abstract}

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\text { Cash Reserve Fund } & - & -\quad 870,375.00
\end{array}
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\section*{THE CANADIAN}

Journal of ©ommerce.

Montreal, Friday, July 20tif, 1901.

\section*{OUTSIDE SPECULATION.}

One of the most dangerous pitfalls that beset the modern banker is outside speculation upon the part of his customers. Against the ordinary losses and adverse periods of their legitimate business he can easily secure himself, and so long as they confine themselves to the trade in which their expert knowledge and business experience are valuable his losses will seldom be large. But it is an entirely different thing when they plunge without his knowledge into speculations so widely differentiated from their own brand of commerce that their expert training and even their natural business acumen can be of little avail to them. In this case they may gradually sap their financial strength without ever arousing the suspicion of the banker, whose attention is fixed upon the fluctuations of their legitimate business and R, P. Templaton, Assistant-Manager,
c. R. G. JOHNSON, Resident Agent, MONTREAL. 1728 Notre Dame St.


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\section*{G. ROSS ROBERTSON \& SONS, General Insurance Agents and Brokers \\ ESTABLISHED 1865. \\ * 11 HOBPITAL BTREET, * MONTREAL.}

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who has no idea of the secret drain on their resources. Their own business may be profitable, at a moment when they are trembling on the verge of insolvency. The paper they are floating with him may be sound commercial notes. But of the accommodation they are financ-

\title{
Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association frederici a. burnham, prisionet.
}

EIGHTY.ONE THOUSAND POLICY-HOLDERS. Total Assets, \(\$ 12,264,838.21\).

\section*{THE TWENTIETH ANNUAL STATEMENT Shows that the 1900 Business Brought \\ An Increase in Assets. An Increase in Income An Increase in Surplus AND.. \\ An Increase in Jnsurance in Force,}

Net Surplus, - \(\$ 1,187,617.68\).
Total Death Claims Paid since Urganization, over FURTY-FIVE MILLION LULIARS.


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\section*{UNION ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF LONDON.}
 Capital and Aecumalated Funds exceed, . . \(\$ 16,000,000\)

ONE OF THE OLDEST AND STRONGEST OF FIRE OFFICES.
Cor. St. Jamas and MeGill Braroets, - MONTREAL.
T. L. MORRIBEY, Manager

mg in other ways he often has no inkling until the crash comes. A man of solid business reputation can work his credit to breaking point long before his bankers take the alarm; providing he is ostensibly doing a safe and fairly profitable business in his own line. They cannot tell the hidden leaks, the "flyers" he takes, the quiet hypothecations he can make, and the carefully concealed accommodation he can negotiate. It is only when the rope of sand is strained that the whole inner working is revealed. Then everybody is ready to prophesy after the event. Everybody knew it all along. Everybody points the finger of scorn at the banker who failed to perceive what was patent to everyone else. Nobody will admit that they were just as muich in the dark as he was. But is this fair? Is this just? No doubt some one must figure as the scapegoat. But if it be anyone it should be the respectable insolvent who has used his reputation as a sound business man as a cloak for his instincts as a gambler.

THE BANK STATEMENT FOR JUNE, 1901.
The bank returns for June have seldom any attractive features that have developed in that month. It is, however, one of the most important months of the year, as June usually decides the question, "What will the harvest be?" For Canada the decision was most favourable and July, so far, has confirmed it, as there is every prospect of a heavier yield of cereals than any on record, Locally, the hay crop is unusually heavy. while the hay, root and fruit crops will reach an average. Canada's income, therefore, in 1901 will be so exception-
ally large as to give assurance of business prosperity for another year. This is all the more gratifying as a conviction is gaining ground in banking circles that the tide which set in a few years ago, and has been flowing in ever since, has reached high water mark. Mr. Clouston, General Manager of the Bank of Montreal, intimated at the last annual meeting that this was probable, and another banker, of even longer experience, has recently express\(\epsilon d\) to us his opinion that, after 1901, there will in all likelihood be a lull in trade activities that may develop gradually into a relapse.
Two sources of financial danger are giving ominous signs. The general prevalence of stock speculating, both here and in the States, is a menace to financial stability. One local victim is being much spoken of this week, and rumour is busy with other traders who have found that he who enters the maelstrom of stock speculation is very liable to go round its circling currents intil engulfed. Another danger is the commotion in labour circles. The vast combines of the age are developing equally vast combines of labour. In these days When entire industries are becoming concentrated into a few organizations, which camnot be struck against except by equally extensive organizations of labour. The battle between capital and labour is now a war of giants, and the whole industrial sphere is drawn into the struggle. One need not be at all pessimistic to be fearful that these prodigious strikes will inflict serious damage upon industrial interests and help to turn back the tide of prosperity.
In England the outburst of speculation in South African mining stocks is an evil portent. There is enough capital being invited for mining schemes to buy out all the treasures of the Transvaal several times over. This and the great falling off in railway earnings in the past half year, are depressing the English money market. The rise of \(1-8\) th per cent. in sterling exchange on 22nd in New York started talk about gold being sent to Europe, where it is wanted, as Russian bank failures have created a general desire for strengthening bank reserves. The price, however, is not high enough to draw gold from this side at present.

The following synopsis of the bank returns for the twelve months, June 30th, 1900, to June 29, 1901, will be found highly interesting as an exhibit of the monthly changes in past year in the more important periods. The year 1900-1901 is the first complete one since the present form of the bank statement was adopted:
Capital \begin{tabular}{c} 
Reserve \\
Fund.
\end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{c} 
Circula'n
\end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{c} 
Depts in \\
Canada.
\end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{c} 
Dept out- \\
side Can.
\end{tabular}
1900.
\(\begin{array}{llllll}\text { July } .43,974,000 & 29,528,128 & 25,303,238 & 272,849,602 & 13,896,237\end{array}\) Oct. . 49,310,400 \(32,347,947 \quad 28,775,146 \quad 276,216,200 \quad 19,003,500\) 1901.
\(\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { Feb. } & 50,293,900 & 33,389,719 & 32,404,830 & 275,226,990 & 20,042,270\end{array}\) \(\begin{array}{lllllll}J m . & 56,974,800 & 33,573,539 & 41,199,281 & 282,872,134 & 23,226,980\end{array}\)

The total increase in deposits since June, 1900, was \$40,173,200 ; in call loans, \(\$ 19,972,800\), and in current loans, \(\$ 19,353,200\).

Our usual comparative table is appended and the complete statement for June appears on a later page:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline June, 1901, 74,875,332 & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { May, } 1901 . \\
74,875,332
\end{gathered}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
June, 1900. \\
79,108,664
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
June, 1891. \\
\(75,258,665\)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Capital subscribed .. .. .. 68,156,427 & 68,149,251 & 65,781,358 & 62,085,112 \\
\hline Capital paid-up.. .. .. .. 67,095,718 & 67,009,280 & 64,735,145 & 60,742,365 \\
\hline Reserve fund .. .. .. .. .. \(36,437,736\) LIABILITIES. & 36,402,943 & 32,792,608 & 23,007,678 \\
\hline Notes in circulation . . . . . 49,119,479 & 46,148,234 & 45,577,387 & 31,379,880 \\
\hline Due Dominion Government. . 3,647,790 & 2,587,097 & 5,127,918 & 4,482,634 \\
\hline Due Provincial Govts. .. .. 2,869,298 & 3,084,004 & 2,801,461 & 1,564,811 \\
\hline Deposits on demand .. .. .. 92,897,813 & 93,500,053 & 99,702,599 & 59,383,403 \\
\hline Deposits after notice .. .. ..222,877,616 & 222,175,847 & 177,554,117 & 83,249,806 \\
\hline Deposits outside Canada .. .. 21,638,289 & 22,210,588 & & \\
\hline Loans on bks in Canada, sec.. 1,415,336 & 1,353,036 & 478,032 & 249,000 \\
\hline Depts on demand in Can. bks 2,539,758 & 2,664,686 & 2,322,434 & 2,240,452 \\
\hline Due agencies in U.K. .. .. .. 6,906,088 & 5,913,531 & 5,304,936 & 3,841,322 \\
\hline Due agencies abroad .. .. .. 2,855,151 & 1,020,265 & 808,945 & 141,340 \\
\hline Other liabilities . .. .. .. 10,554,072 & 10,827,360 & 484,059 & 2,382 \\
\hline Total liabilities .. .. .. ..417,320,761 ASSETS. & 411,484,789 & \(340,295,278\) & 188,337,504 \\
\hline Specie .. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. 11,695,053 & 11,983,876 & 10,185,868 & 6,673,974 \\
\hline Dominion Notes .. .. .. .. 19,088,896 & 19,862,775 & 18,035,608 & 10,734,520 \\
\hline Daposits securing circulation. 2,442,124 & 2,402,973 & 2,130,421 & \\
\hline Notes \& cheques on other bks. 11,880,928 & 12,181,471 & 10,012,221 & 7,270,397 \\
\hline Loans to other bks in Can., sec 1,360,911 & 1,328,036 & 445,138 & \\
\hline Depts on demand in Can. bks. \(3,808,555\) & 3,502,630 & 3,925,552 & 3,856,907 \\
\hline Due from bks, \&c., in U.K... 4,440,719 & 2,907,383 & 6,665,016 & 1,805,893 \\
\hline Due from foreign bks, etc. .. 11,446,617 & 10,063,023 & 19,833,013 & 15,289,185 \\
\hline Dcm. and Prov: Govt. secs. . \(12,318,007\) & 12,068,287 & 4,501,727 & 2,482,765 \\
\hline Can. municipal \& other pub. sec. \(13,037,085\) (Not Dominion.) & 11,975,805 & 17,376,603 & 6,605,025 \\
\hline Railway and other secs. .. .. 31,618,845 & 30,252,406 & 14,378,066 & \\
\hline Call loans in Canada .. ... 33,573,539 & 32,961,442 & 29,272,904 & 16,309,409 \\
\hline Call loans outside Canada .. 41,199,281 & 39,166,397 & & \\
\hline Current loans in Canada .. ..282,872,134 & 287,205,997 & 285,488,152 & 151,211,660 \\
\hline Current loans outside Canada. 23,226,982 & 22,773,453 & & \\
\hline Loans to Govt. of Canada & & & \\
\hline Loans to Provincial Govts. .. 3,167,483 & 3,486,053 & 2,099,815 & 2,048,052 \\
\hline Overdue debts .. .. .. .. .. 1,794,876 & 1,489,225 & 1,873,564 & 2,841,071 \\
\hline R. E. besides bk premises .. .. 907,985 & 920,975 & 993,560 & 1,003,218 \\
\hline Mortgages on real estate .. 650,372 & 614,619 & 643,664 & 814,029 \\
\hline Bank premises .. .. .. .. .. 6,541,498 & 6,480,130 & 6,103,359 & 4,303,362 \\
\hline Other assets .. .. .. .. .. 11,232,048 & 7,727,309 & 6,165,994 & 2,509,151 \\
\hline Total assets .. \({ }^{\text {. }}\). .. .. \(528,304,110\) & 521,354,459 & 440,348,102 & 269,491,153 \\
\hline Loans to directors \& their firms \(11,852,421\) & 12,049,007 & 10,147,112 & 6,579,121 \\
\hline Average specie for month ... 11,869,498 & 11,954,516 & 10,429,174 & 6,650,442 \\
\hline Av. Dominion notes for mo. . 19,170,742 & 19,558,235 & 17,759,712 & 10,691,416 \\
\hline Grt'st circulation during mo. 49,630,106 & 48,178,204 & 46,859,110 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{THE GREAT STRIKE.}

It looks as if the United Steel Corporation were destined to go through precisely the same experience as that which proved so costly to the British employers in their ten months' resistance to the great engineering strike of 1897-98. And there is but little doubt that the result in the United States will be-as it was in Britain-the curbing of the power of the unions and the teaching to the men the utter futility of any attempt to reverse the action of the natural laws prescribing the relations between employer and employed.

No doubt the Amalgamated Association is one of the most powerful organizations of skilled labour in the United States. But it is neither as strong nor as wealthy, either absolutely or relatively, as the monster aggregation whose effort to control the iron and steel industry of Britain failed a little over three years ago. The British unions had far more ample resources to draw upon than either the Amalgamated Association or the International Association of Machinists. Yet they failed,

Not because the manufacturers were stronger; but because they were moving with the wave of industrial evolution instead of opposing it. Can we, then, expect a similar policy upon the part of the labour leaders to succeed in America any better than it did in England? Hardly.
For one thing, they have chosen an inopportune moment for the strike in all but one factor. And that one is that their action may render the public timid of industrial stocks and thus hinder the placing of the United Steel Company's securities in the hands of investors. In all other lines the big trust is in an exceptionally strong position. The practical collapse of the machinsists' strike, which sought to enforce the same form of demand for the regulation of their employers' business, has given the directors confidence. They feel that the fight was bound to have come sooner or later. It has been evident all along to all who have studied the relation between labour and capital on this continent that the moment was certain to come when the contest for the supremacy of the unions in the management of the workshops of the United States would have to be fought out. And now that is has come it would be futile to evade the struggle or to attempt to compromise. It will have to be fought to the bitter end, unless the union collapses sooner than is now looked for. The Trust dares not yield. Even if it has to see trade slip away from the Tnited States as it slipped away from England in 1898, it must maintain the fight in order to maintain its own existence. And the interests of the men themselves will be best served by the defeat of the demands made by the union on their behalf. The freedom and strong common sense of the American skilled labourer have been the main factors in bringing prosperitv to the country and to himself. And both of these advantages will be rendered nugatory if the union is to do his thinking for him and he is to sink into an automaton. He has been the best paid workman in the worfol because he was the most productive. And it was this productiveness that has given him the supremacy in machinery and machine tools acainst competitors whe starter long before him in the race, but who were hopelessly fettered by trades unionism. If, then, he deliberatelv elects to submit himself to union dictation just when his principal competitor has largely freed himself from the shackles and is able once more to enter on a fairly equal contest in the worlds' market, he must be saved from the consequences of his own folly. And he will be. Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan has clearly intimated that the position of the operating companies has his uncualified annroval and that there can he no compromise possible. This means that the contest will continue until the Amalgamated Association finally withdraws its demand that the union shall be awarded a veritable control over the management of the Trust. It will be a contest that will strain the resources of both parties to the limits, and may very nossibly result in the transference of a portion of the American machinery trade to Great Britain and Germany. But is an inevitable one. And it must be faced as an unpleasant necessity.
-At a recent meeting of shareholders of the Maritime Sulphite Fibre Company, at Chatham, N.B., a resolution was passed to cease business. Accordingly the mill was closed down for an indefinite period. About 250 hands are affected. It is supposed the action is cansed by financial matters,

\section*{CROP CONDITIONS.}

The uneasy feeling in the speculative wheat markets is readily accounted for by the contradictory character of the estimates of foreign crops, and more especially by the conflicting accounts given of that of Russia. We were first told that the crop was an utter failure, and that in the provinces of Samara, Saratoff, and the other Volga governments there were apprehensions of famine. Then, like a bolt from a clear sky came a consular report to the effect that while the winter wheat suffered heavily in some provinces from lack of snow and in others from drouth, while the greater part of the Vistula crop was killed by frost, the loss would be balanced by the amount of spring wheat grown, of which the heavy rains in May gave promise of a good harvest.

The speculative market sagged at once. Yet a little examination shows that this report was issued too early to be of any value in estimating the crop. In fact, it is an account taken from a bulletin issued in the first week of June, and dealing practically with the erop condition during May. The London Statist, writing at close of June, says: The Russian crop prospects, which up to a few weeks ago were considered to be unusually promising, have sadly deteriorated of late, it being now reported that the important spring wheat crop has been badly damaged by the great heat and prolonged drouth." One week later the Statist referred to "the unfavourable crop reports recently received from Russia." Still later is a dispatch from London quoting an Odessa dispatch to the Daily News that "there is no longer the slightest hope of saving even a moiety of the crops in the Volga districts of Samara, Saratoff, and Kasan, as well as in many districts of the neighbouring governments. Indeed, the latest dispatches from Odessa confirm the worst reports from the Volga provinces, specifying other districts where the crops have been greatly damaged by drouth and storms, and describing the complete destruction of cereal crops in large regions of Siberia, where the summer has been the hottest and dryest in ten years. The South Russian wheat is not above a fair average; elsewhere the wheat is generally from poor to an entire failure. In Hungary much the same condition of affairs prevails. Official statements place the current crop at ten million bushels less than that of last year, and indicate that the statement that the RussoHungarian crop of the present year would exceed that of a year ago, was based upon erroneous data, and that it has long since been falsified by the true facts in the case.

So far as the Indian crop is concerned, we are dealing with an accomplished fact, so far as circumstances will permit of its ascertainment. The figures are the official estimate; and they bear out the statement that this year the crop is a good average, and the belief that ten or fifteen million bushels will be available for export is correct. But this quantity is very much less than the exports in the years 1895-6, 1898-9, and 1899-1900. The yield this year, as officially stated, is considerably more than this in excess of the local requirements; but in view of the fact that last year there was a famine and the reserves are completely gone, it is not likely that the whole surplus will find its way abroad, though a very high price might cause it to do so. Ten or fifteen inillion bushels is a reasonable estimate of the amount that will reach Europe unless the price should go much higher than the very heavy crop in this country makes it likely.

The estimates of the French crop tend downwards steadily. A week ago the lowest estimate was 280,000 ,000 bushels, which was that made by the organ of the French farmers. The millers' and the official figures exceeded these by nearly thirty millions. But the last number of the Statist says that some authorities believe the crop will not exceed from \(240,000,000\) to \(280,000,000\) bushels. A crop somewhere between these figures would require an importation of \(80,000,000\) bushels, more or less. If France should require so large an amount, the Statist says, the European requirements would fall little if any below \(440,000,000\) bushels, besides 40,000 ,000 bushels required by Indo-European countries, such as the Cape, China, the West Indies, etc. It assumes that this continent can spare \(280,000,000\) without drawing upon old stocks, which does not vary much from the best estimates available, but there is no reason why those old stocks should not be very considerably drawn down. At present, however, the Statist finds the situation not very favourable for wheat holders, "the supplies being too ample and the demand extraordinarily poor." The American prospective supply is too large to render a general shortage, and the inevitable high prices, at all likely, but the conditions are extremely favourable for the sale of more than \(280,000,000\) bushels of American wheat for export.
Yet, perhaps much of this jubilation over the American crop may be premature. Mr. Snow, the statistician, has received reports from one-third of the counties of South Dakota showing very serious crop deterioration during the past few days. The decline in the condition averages fully 25 points so far as reported. The heat has caused premature ripening and harvest has begun fully a week before it should. Similar reports from Nebraska are showing even more crop decline. Material declines are also reported from Southern Minnesota. The greater part of Northern Dakota and Northern Minnesota are holding their own remarkably well, but the crop is in a critical position. This has a very different tone to the roseate accounts we have heard of late from across the line. Fortunately, in Manitoba weather conditions continue most favourable, the harvest will commence inside of a week, and the only thing feared is a scarcity of harvesters.

Reports received from all parts of Manitoba and the Territories indicate from forty to forty-five bushels of wheat to the acre in many localities. Warehouse Commissioner Casell estimates the total vield at sixty million bushels. Mr. McInnis, assistant C.P.R. traffic manager, places it at fifty-five million; T. F. Bready, regarded as an authority, puts it up to sixty-five million. It has simply been a marvellous season. There are forty thousand farmers now in the west, and it will require 25,000 harvest laborers to take off the crop, which is heary and thick, and will take at least eight million pounds binder twine. In a word, people of the west are face to face with the question of handling and harvesting the biggest wheat crop ever raised on the prairie lands of western Canada. The yield is phenomenal and barring accidents, ten days will see a start made on a harvest unsurpassed in Canadian history.

So far as the corn crop is concerned, it is evident that the scare over the drouth has been based on exaggerated estimates. The Mississippi Valley is subject every summer to waves of great heat. These reach as far east as Springfield, Illinois, but not to Chicago, because that is in the lake basin, and extremes of heat and cold are modi-
fied by large bodies of water. But to the West these heat waves extend through and beyond the Missouri Valley. They extend as far north as the northern boundary of Iowa, and occasionally go beyond it. It is a very rare summer when the thermometer does not go above 100 in the river towns of Iowa and westward through Kansas. Much of the last-named State is in what used to be called the Great American Desert. In the western end of the State, beyond 100 degrees of longitude, agriculture is precarious, and in the central part of the State rain is apt to be scanty. The present hot wave in Kansas seems to have gone somewhat higher than usual and has lasted longer, but the phenomenon it presents recurs every year. The dry winds, the absence of rain, are normal at this season, and there are always apprehensions they may last long enough in greatly injure the crop, and there are always estimates of the amount of loss that will result if rain does not come very soon. There are not uncommonly announcements that irreparable injury has already ononered. For farmers are always prone to exaggerate (ल), danage, and their misgivings have been prompty givell frill publicity by the speculative contingent.

\section*{MIDSUMMER COUNTRY TRADE.}

The relaxation of energy which a wise provision of nature has allotted to man during the excessively hot weather, which all dwellers on the continent are now passing through, is apt to be displayed to a greater degree in the country village than in the bustling cities. On occasions of extreme cold or heat dwellers in the districts pay more attention to bodily comforts from the reason that having but a limited list of happenings to occupy the mind more thought is naturally given to that which, for the time occasions more than passing notice. The rural population at such periods is as one large family, referring experiences and suggesting antidotes until many consider the question of "getting safely through" of paramount importance, and are apt to allow trade to grow temporaily slack if it must rather than oppose its inclinations through the adoption of energetic means. But not so with the live city dealer. If he loses energy to the extent his inclination might lead, because the thermometer registers 90 in the shade, he also loses the sale of a considerable quantity of bargain straw hats, tan shoes, neglige shirts, extreme patterns in Scotch zephyrs, pique challies, hot weather collars, ties, serge, linen, flannel, or alpaca suitings, novelty handkerchiefs, picnic foods, outing and excursion materials, in short anything and everything which goes to constitute hot weather necessities or desires must not only be shown by the city dealer behind glittering windows, but must be ticketed, advertised, attractively displayed and constantly changed around if he is to keep "in the swim," be it a hot or cold one.

All city dealers do not keep stores up to this standard at times like the present, when even their sales suggest the end of a \(\log\) in some remote corner of another county or province, where the red dots on the sides of the wily trout might be more pleasant counting than the dull monotony of the numbered list of sales on the reverse side of their daily cheque-book. And becanse this is so all city dealers do not succeed in business, but beln fill the list of failures from which the more energetic in city and country keep afloat. The retailer who is willing to go slow because the weather is hot is also
willing to go slow when the weather is in favour of acwiny. Better a week or month entirely aloof from lusiness, giving it over to the care of another, while a rest is being obtained and fresh vigour created, than to stay at the helm and permit trade to take its quiet course for the time being as against the better effort of some competitor who, a judge of human nature, is quick to take advantage of an opportunity and draws trade to his store while he gets cost or better out of the balances of numerous lines which might otherwise be inclined to extend their stay after the weather for which they were intended has departed.

The energetic country merchant need not be behind in hot weather material with which to attract attention. His chances are not wanting in the purchase of job lines of straw hats - all kinds - to sell at 5e each. If all are not sold the carrying of them will not involve expense. No wholesale house but has lines of wash materials of which it is desirable they be closed out at even below cost. This is the month which decides many styles for the coming seasons and accordingly there are bargain assortments brought out through this source, of which the wholesale firms are first familiar and or which the keen retailer has a limited standing order with the man who helps take care of him in the purchasing line. No matter how small these bargain lots may appear, each announcement of them by the town or village dealer-if only through a large display sign outside his store-helps to keep trade coming his way and proves to his customers and the community that if there are any bargains going he has a share; if there is a "big drive" in hats, tan shoes, wash fabrics, inferior spool cotton, ribbons, embroidery, anything which attracts in the neighbouring city, he is not found thinking over results as he scans the city 'ad' but is rather showing to transient callers the same goods on his own bargain tables at perhaps even a trifle less cost than advertised by the man in the city who would thus coax his trade away.

\section*{THE AIR FULL OF RUMOURS.}

For some days past the air has been full of rumours with regard to the financial position of one for many year prominently connected with the export produce trade of Canada. Although it is understood that the banks interested have granted some assistance, and will wee that matters are carried through, it is unavoidable that comment should be heard among the trade.

It will be remembered that last season was one of the least profitable that the produce export houses have experienced for many years. The drop in cheese values at the close was almost continuous. Cheese purchased at \(11 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}\) and 12 c had to be sold eventually at \(9 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}\) and even 9 cents, after having been carried so long that shrinkage in weight, deterioration of quality, and the charges for cold storage, interest, etc., had added very considerably to the cost. Indeed, it is estimated that the losses of the export cheese trade in Montreal reached about a million dollars. And these losses were so evenly divided over the trade that it is currently reported only two houses escaped without serious loss, and not one could boast of making absolute profit.

Naturally, in this untoward condition of affairs in the produce trade, the merchants looked to other sources to recoup themselves. And, unfortunately, many of them thought that a favorable opportunity was afforded by mining stocks, the popularity of which had not then be-
gun to wane. As each investor recommended his particular mine or stock to his friends, the holdings of mining securities by the export produce trade became very large. Then came the gradual depreciation which has wiped out the so-called values of mining shares in a manner and to a degree rarely if ever paralleled. and it came so gradually that in their efforts to hold on to their inrestments in the hope of the rise - which never camethe speculative merchants were compelled to realize on their other resources and pour them all into the pit. While the oft-quoted lines of Montrose -

> "He either fears his fate too much
> Or his desert is small-
> Who will not put it to the touch,
> To win, or lose it all"-
may do in war or politics, they are not a safe guide in business affairs.

Such mining shares as Republic, Montreal \& London, Big Three, War Eagle, and others whose names are now forgotten, figure in the assets of some produce firms. It is no wonder therefore, that rumours are rife, that men speak of real estate hypothecated, of accommodation paper floated, and of banker's investigations. Fortunately, nothing overt has taken place as yet. But the situation is still freely discussed, especially among the trade, and in "the Street," The timely action of three banks infused some confidence, and it is hoped and believed that business troubles may not result, at all events not in any degree. We reserve comment as any inconvenience arising heretofore is purely of a personal nature, and in nowise affecting any particular large house in the trade.

\section*{THE ADJUSTMENT OF CLAIMS.}

The adjustment of claims, involving as it does the heaviest disbursement of an insurance company, whether its field be life, fire or accident, is one that involves more careful judgment upon the part of the manager than any other department in the science of insurance. It is all very well to say that the company which makes it a rule that no claim capable of being settled fairly and intelligently on the proofs at hand shall go overnight unpaid has no need to settle dubious ones for the sake of the advertising it will give them. No doubt a certain amount of business will come to such a company. And it will be of a kind worth having. But many of the claims must necessarily be of a class which cannot be intelligently settled at sight, And herein does the judgment and tact of the management come in.
It must be borne in mind that the average insurer is an honest man. Firms selling goods on the instalment plan state that 90 per cent. of their customers pay their instalments faithfully and honestly, and that only ten per cent. ever default. And there is no reason to believe that the percentage in insurance is any larger. But in no other business is the rivalry keener, or the struggle for supremacy more fierce, than in insurance. And in no other business is there less harmony and community of effort and interest than with insurance managers. This renders every manager fearful as to the results of too close an interpretation in the case of loss. For if rival agents can once succeed in impressing the public that his company is one that contests claims, the effect on the volume of business may be very marked, while an opposite reputation may make the task of his own solicitors much more facile even if it have to be secured by recognizing claims that might be fairly contested.

No doubt intelligent men to-day fully understand that insurance provides only indemmity for a loss actually sustained, and that it is not intended to provide for the mere occurrence but for the genuine loss arising therefrom. Further, in the case of accident insurance, that it does not cover all losses that may be so sustained, but only those definitely provided for in the policy, or at the most, not definitely excepted therefrom. With these premises borne in mind, the honest claimant will not make a claim that the manager will have to stretch a point to settle, unless he suffer from a case of mental astigmatism.

The dishonest claim by the dishonest claimant will always be with us so long as human greed exists. But if this class is recruited from honest insurers the managers and adjusters have only themselves to blame. That the rushing in to pay a claim that would bear close investigation in order to get ahead of a competitor, or to secure some more or less valuable advertising, should lead to an increase in this class of claims is only natural. The payment of a claim not fairly falling within a liberal construction of the contract, for policy's sake, is an object lesson to the claimant that considerations outside of the contract brought before the company with sufficient force, are just as effective in securing recognition and payment as if the claim were the most typically just one. And he very naturally does not tail to turn that knowledge to the best advantage. On the other hand, the adjuster cannot fall into a more grievous error for his company than to deny a just claim on purely technical grounds. The public at once jump to the conclusion that his contracts are rather worded to evade than to fix liability. And, thereafter, the disappointed claimant is one of the strongest workers against the company which he feels has unjustly decided against him.

The manager who succeeds is the one who has but the one policy-absolutely fair and courteous treatment to all, never taking advantage of technicalities except when the claim itself is subject to grave suspicion, and in all cases of reasonable doubt giving the benefit of the doubt to the claimant. Such a company will never need to pay shady claims to well known or notorious people for the sake of the advertising it will gain thereby. The pubiic will seek it out. And it will be that section of our business men who carry insurance for protection only, and not for gain, who will form the majority of its customers.

\section*{THE PRICE OF SILVER.}

There is very little encouragement for the owners of silver-lead mines in the Slocan and Kootenay districts in the examination made by the U.S. Treasury experts into the prospects of metallic silver rising permanently above its present low point. No genuine recovery has yet been possible from the sharp break in the value of silver bullion which followed the closing of the Indian Mints in 1893. The Bryan candidacy brought the value of metallic silver in 1896 temporarily high enough to make the silver dollar worth intrinsically 54 cents. But it soon fell to 52.2 cents; and it has since steadily declined until at the close of the last fiscal year the bullion value of the Bryan dollar was 46.5 cents, and from present indications it will be lower still before the close of the calendar year.

The trend of the price of silver bullion in London has been so uniformly adverse during the past eight years
that no serious or permanent rise can be looked for there. For there is no indication that any important nation proposes to adopt the silver standard. Purchases of bullion for subsidiary coinage are naturally taking place from time to time and prevent the absolute collapse of the silver market, and if the United States should decide upon some purchases of silver for supplementary coinage in the Philipppines it might create a temporary flurry. But it is not believed that it would cause a p.rmanent advance in the price of bullion which would carry the value of the standard dollar above fifty cents. There are reports in circulation that the silver miners propose to take advantage of their combination to advance the price of silver, partly by their control of the market, but partly also probably by shutting down the poorer mines and thereby diminishing the output. Such a policy, it is thought, may stiffen quotations somewhat, but is hardly likely to advance them by any considerable amount. The production of silver throughout the world is now so large that, in spite of its growing use in the manufacture of toilet and other articles, a material advance in price is not generally looked for. Such in advance would inevitably tend to curtail the use of the metal in those fields which it has invaded through its cheapness and would counteract the effect of the restricted production which is thought to be the policy of the American miners. Hence the prospects of such curtailment would only stimulate our British Columbia mines temporarily. They might take advantage of the closing of American mines to rush their own ore to market. But this opportunity would soon be past. The only practical method to improve their situation lies in vigorous attempts to cheapen the cost of production and lower the price of smelting.

\section*{EXCEPTIONAL CUSTOMERS.}

In every community there is found one or more individuals of a temperament so peculiarly adverse to contentment that any bargain, deal, purchase, or sale in which they are interested, showing a cent of profit for any save themselves is met by hostility, argument, criticism, hesitation and, if not postponement, at least such waste of time and undesirable contention that the good is knocked out of the transaction even though a real profit is shown. Every merchant has to deal with one or more of these. Nor are they all alike. If they were it would be a simple matter for the retail associations to specify them in their periodical reports and tell the remedies which were found to best suit the case. A merchant may move from one county or province to another and by way of consolation for his trouble recall that he is at least getting rid of one or more customers whose periodical approaches towards his store eventually caused him to become impressed with the superstitious belief that their coming foreshadowed bad trade, not only as regarded themselves, but for the entire day. An experience of a few months, however, would tell him that like lightning, sheriffs, tax collectors and other undesirable visitors, they are everywhere, and to make the best of them is the only prudent course.

An extreme case of this "rough side of business" was encountered in a Western city recently. The storekeeper, luckily, was possessed of experience long and varied, and had solved more than one such problem across the counter. His experience in this case is best
told by a verbatim reproduction of his letter on the subject: "My first knowledge that we had a genuine 'crank' customer in the vicinity was by being called one morning to the shoe department by the head clerk, who asked if I would kindly use my endeavours to sell a pair of shoes to a man who evidently would not be suited. 'I can do nothing with him,' said he, 'when the sices picase him, the price does not, and he is really making his presence objectionable by comments, an i the mischief of it is that he persists in seeing more stoccis until I've the whole department pulle. in pieces with him.' I went over and found him as stubborn as reported. To make matters worse he said he had to have a pair of si:ues that morning as he was going to a funera!, adding that he was told to come here and that he would get what he wanted at a low figure. 'See,' said lra, 'If you can't find me a pair something different to those I've looked at.' I told him we had all weights and latest styles, in grair, box calf, dongola and regular calf stock, as he had already been shown; that we had but one price, and if it was impossible for him to get suited, that he might l,ols around and then return if anything in our stock pleased him better. But that did not do him. He kept going over the shoes again, asking price, kind of leather, ete., and finally went away, expressing disappointment and regret at his loss of time.
"About a week afterward I had just got in from lunch when I saw my former visitor of pleasant memory over in the men's furnishings department. I attend to that department while the local manager gets his meals, so as I approached him I extended my hand, saying, 'Well, how are you to-day?' He replied: 'What's the matter with your ties? I want to get a tie and some other things, but this man here, it seems, is not particular about selling them.' Well, sir, I vowed I'd have patience and sell to this man if such a deal was possible, but no. As with the shoes, he took up over twenty minutes' time, handled and inspected all the goods I showed, commented freely and unfavourably on all, and finally told me that I had no ties to suit him, or that those that did were too dear; he'd not bother looking at any underwear collars or hosiery for he supposed he'd not find just what he wanted. He went away. He returned that same night and, after some hesitation, bought a 10c black silk bow. That man would come in every few days for groceries, and other articles but displayed no improvement. Finally, after about six months, he met me at the men's furnishings counter again after I had exhausted some patience on a persistent salesman who took up an hour of my time as I was about going out on a purchasing trip. This time he wanted to see some colored shirts. He began his usual inquiries, commenting either on quality, make, pattern, or price.
"I let him proceed for about five minutes, then I said: 'Now, I want to tell you right here that this house does not want your custom at all. We are being injured, not benefitted, by your trade. Your coming in the store seems to me like a forerunner of calamity. The day you show up my spirits drop down, trade appears to get dull and the clerks dull also. I don't want to sell you any goods and I'm not going to try.' It may appear strange, but that man's disposition was so thoroughly cross-grained that he actually opposed me even then. He said: 'Oh! I didn't intend to harm your business or get you out of humour. Wrap me up two of these shirts and,-let me see, I want some socks as well-two pair of these at fifteen cents will do all right, and give me these suspen-
ders. I suppose Ill have to pay you forty cents for them if you won't come down.' He paid his bill, took the goods, and went away. I made enquiry of the assistants but no one saw him for couple of weeks. He then returned and wanted a suit of clothes. He appeared to get offended at the price asked for a pair of trousers, and was showing it by walking toward the door, remarking that he didn't want to get robbed face to face, when I overheard him and requested his return. I took a package containing a suit of slate-colored worsted that had been purchased specially for another customer, and which I felt confident would fit him, and said: 'Now, here's a suit I bought for myself and they are slightly too large. I paid \(\$ 11.85\) wholesale for them and if you want them you can take them along at the same money. But I won't delay a minute. I'll have them adjusted by a tailor if they need it. Now, say the word. Will you take them or not?' He handed out the money, took the clothes and departed. I felt we nad got partially the best of him at last, for the suit cost but \(\$ 7\), less \% per cent."

\section*{BRITISH LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES.}

SUMMARY of their revenue accounts for 1900.
The following returns are compiled from an official report recently published, the sterling being converted into currency:-


The above form of presenting the statements of life assurance companies is not in accordance with the custom on this side of the Atlantic. The balance brought from preceding year and the one carried on to next year represent assets, but not the whole of them. The items,
"Increase in value of investments," and "Decrease in value of investments," are not aproved by many engaged in insurance business, and some financial experts regard them as objectionable, but the British system is to take stock, as it were, of the securities held at the close of the year and take their market value at the time as the amount to be recorded in the annual statement.

\section*{CANADA IN BRITISH EYES.}

It is evident from the interest displayed in the higher class English periodicals that the Colonies have ceased to be meaningless terms to the average Briton. He sees us now as already young nations, following our own ideals and civilizations, but linked to the Mother Country by the ties of blood and tradition. It is an old saying that the British have no sense of geographical possession, They are a great nation. But their lard is a mere incident in their power. Yet they recognize that with us it is different. In the colonies wide ambitions are joined literally and directly with wide territories. We have room to move, breathe and expand. And Britain can now realize the palpable evidences of our power as factors in the Empire.
"He must be a dull man, indeed," says the Londun Spectator, "whose spirit is not fired by the contempiation of Canada, the oldest, most prosperous and most mature of British colonies. To ourselves Canada has always seemed something apart from the others, with more of the old European culture, more long-descended, more northern, and so in some ways more akin to ourselves. The stock of her population was drawn frorn our best. The hardy, thrifty settler who went out to clear the forest is a universe away from the treasurehunter and the speculator. Bands of Scottish enilgrants, from the ' 45 to the present day, have gone west to Manitoba and Assiniboia, and founded new Badenochs and Lochabers in a country which has much of the character of their own. As General Iar Hamilton sati, the Gordons and the Royal Canadians who fought si. by side at Paardeberg were nearly connected--first sousins, if not half-brothers. Canada has never been made the reservoir for the surplusage of other nations, the wandering alien has not seriously troubled her, and her settlers have been picked men of our own blood. Canada has a land, too, of immense extent and endless rat riety. Surely in no country in the world is there so great a choice of scene, from the apple-orchards of Nova Scotia, the populous cities of the St. Lawrence, and the ice-fields of Labrador, to the prairies of the North-West and the canyons of the Pacific. All, or nearly all, is well watered, and no part is without some form of agriculitiral wealth. Her climate is temperate, in few places inimical to life and labour, and well suited to a strong and healthy race. It is a platitude that the nature of a country and climate has a great share in forming the character of a people. To men whose root stoch is Saxon, or at least northern, some vigor in the elements and the landscape is necessary for the maintenance of true moral and physical manhood. Canada is ossentially a country of the larger air, where men can still face the old primeval forces of nature and be braced into vigour, and withal so beautiful that it can rendily inspire that romantic patriotism which is one of rine most priceless assets of a people. The tall men in the Cauadian contingents, with their curious brightiess of ey?. which comes from looking over vast prospects of coun-

try were more than volunteers of Manitoban stociriders. They were to the observant man the visible sign of a masculine and unwearied nation."
"There is but one attitude which Britain can adopt to these 'sons of her household.' Long ago, befare we understood the true theory of Fnglish colonization. we talked of 'dependencies' and 'plantations,' and triecl to force our young countries into the strait-clothes of imported constitutional forms. We were nervous about about anything which might impair their close rela tionship with ourselves, not seeing that a perpetual pupilage is not the best mode to secure a child's well-being or affection. In those days we regarded the colonies from our point of view; now, when cur eyes are open, we can look at them from their own. Much false rhetoric and foolish sentiment have been expended on this newly discovered colonial kinship, but no inanities can quite obscure the real grandeur of the conception at the back of all the drums and cheering. Our colonial policy is simple; we do not wish to impose any scheme of federation, any ready-made links of cornection; we wish only to see each colony prosper, for in the furtherance, of its prosperity we see the surest promise of union. The wise father who seeks the well-being of his child does not ask him to remain always at home, or to follow the same profession, or to imitate him slavishly in dress and conduct. He desires the child to make his way in the world, and he helps him to this end, knowing that thus far closer ties of affection will be established than if he had coerced him into his own ways. When Canadian federation was first proposed, it was currently supposed that this new freedom would mean the loosenins of the old bonds. It meant really the opposite, for no bonds are so weak as the artificially imposed, and none so strong as those naturally and spontaneously cre id by an independent people. Hence, much as we losice to see the colonies sharing directly with us the consideratron and execution of Imperial measures, we wonil wait patiently till of their own accord they make the rffer. The bonds must be self-made, the sacrifice undertaken of their own free-will. The vital interest for as is the success of these young nations, for in them the whole ideal of of British policy is on its trial. Complete local freedom, combined with a ready loyalty to the empire
-if this ideal is realized it will be the greatest or our contributions to the political history of the world."

\section*{A WORD OF CAUTION}

The temporarily [we trust] straitened circumstances of a highly respectable citizen which have been the subject of discussion in business circles for nearly a week past, are obliquely reflecting upon two or three houses in which he has been somewhat interested. While this would seem natural enough, it is most unfortunate; as it does not by any means follow that they are injuriously affected in their business. Such reports should be received with due caution.

\section*{A LIFE INS. SALE.}

What is termed "quite an important insurance deal" has just been completed in this city, the Metropolitan-Life Insurance Company, of New York, having absorbed La Canadienne Life of Montreal, two rivals in the field who, for some time past, had not endured each other with over friendly regard. Those instrumental in putting the deal through say that the transaction is a most satisfactory one for all concerned. The transfer gives the Metropolitan Life a large connection among the FrenchCanadian people, and at the same time the policyholders will be taken care of by the Metropolitan, which shows paid-up capital of \(\$ 2,000,000\). On the other hand, the directors and shareholders get back their capital and probably something in addition, besides getting rid of liabilities, including a note for \(\$ 80,000\), which had to be put up as additional reserve, the money for which was obtained from a neighbouring bank through the good offices of a mutual director or two. La Canadienne began business in 1887, with an authorized capital of \(\$ 300,000\), of which \(\$ 100,000\) was subscribed and \(\$ 30,000\) paid up. The total amount of policies in force in the calendar year ended December 30, 1900, amounted to \(\$ 4,105,000\). The Metropolitan assumes all the assets and liabilities of La Canadienne, whose directors were Hon. J. G. Laviolette, Hon. J. E. Robidoux, A. S. Hamelin, Tancrede Bienvenu, J. L. Michaud and J. A. Leblanc. The directors all round as well as the management are to be congratulated.
-Grand Trunk Railway System-Earnings 15th to 21st July, 1901, \(\$ 517_{e} 149 ; 1900, \$ 494,796\); increase, \(\$ 22,353\),

\section*{Contractors to the Lords of the Admiralty.}

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Hemp Rope Depariment.

Manila Rope, Staple Brand.
" "Red Star" "
" "Blue Star""
Sisal Rope
New Zealand Rope.
Tarred Russian Hemp Ropr
Boltrope\& Boltrope Cordage

Wire Rope Depariment.
(Comiubry sketion.)
Special "C" quality Extra Plough Steel Ropes. D" quality Plough Iteel Ropes.
Special "A" quality Patent Improved Steel Wire Ropes. "B" quality Patent Improved Steel Wire Ropes. Wire Rope Department.
(Shippine Section.) Special Flexible Steel Wire Hawsers and Ropes.
Extra Special Flexible Steel
Wire Hawsers and Bopes. B.B. Galvani'd Wire Rigg ing

AGENCIES: London, Liverpool, Birmingham, [Glasgow, Cardiff, Hull.
FOREIGN AGENCIES: Hamburg, Antwerp.

HEAD OFFICE: Sunderland, England.
SPECIALITY:-Manila Binder TWIne "RED STAR" Brand.

\section*{A NEW BANK.}

Some stir has been caused in banking circles by the securing of a charter for the "Sovereign Bank of Canada," another new bank which will shortly enter the already well-filled arena of finance. The general manager will be Mr. Donald M. Stewart, whose long experience, first in the Canadian Bank of Commerce, and later as Inspector of the Royal Bank, guarantees his fitness for that onerous position.

\section*{A NEW RATING SYSTEM.}

The special meeting of the Canadian Fire Underwriters' Association held in Toronto on Monday last, decided on some radical changes. The specific rating system is to be adopted in all cities and towns in Canada. That is a key rating will be given to each according to its particular circumstances and its possession or lack of fire-fighting appliances. A standard building for such places will be chosen, and variations from this will be rated especially. Structures with their walls unprotected, skylights, great heights, etc., will be charged extra. Only business structures will be affected, and it is stated that larger ones will have to pay more for their insurance. Montreal will not be affected, as its rates since the big fires in this city, have been advanced to the limit.

\section*{LOANING TO INSOLVENTS.}

If the Comptroller of the Currency be sustained in his action regarding the loans procured by the Seventh Xational Bank of New York in the last two days of its financial career, it will be a warning to capitalists how they come to the rescue of an insolvent bank in its moribund moments. On account of the relations between some of the directors and the persons who tried to save the bank the Comptroller has no doubt that the latter hal knowledge that the bank was insolvent. Whether that may be fairly inferred or not, the circumstances of the transaction were such as to put the lenders sufficiently on their guard \(_{r}\) for a bank that has got to have nearly \(\$ 1,000,000\) instantly in order to meet its adverse balance at the Clearing House is in a position of great danger at least, whatever its assets may ultimately prove to be worth.
What the bank attempted to do was to sell a large part of its assets for money with which to pay certain claims against it in full. II it were insolvent, if it could not pay all claims against it in full, the payment of a part of the claims in full of course reduced the percentage of the
rest that could be paid. If this had occurred in the ordinary course of business, if the bank had paid cheques out of funds on hand, although it did not have funds enough, or means of raising funds enough to pay all possible cheques, there would be little disposition to criticize the action; theoretically, it is the duty of a bank to shut its doors as soon as it finds itself insolvent, but it is not human to admit that fact before it is necessary, and a banker will cherish the belief that his assets are worth what they ought to be until the contrary fact is forced upon him.
In this case, however, where a large sum had to be raised at once to meet the bank's deficit at the Clearing House, the officers of the bank were under no delusion as to the seriousness of the situation, or as to the value of their assets being, in the opinion of others, much less than they had regarded them. Nor can there be any doubt that the persons who advanced the money knew what the situation was, but believed that they could lawfully buy the assets of the bank, though if they loaned it money they would have to take their chances with other creditors in the event of the bank's suspension, which they could not have

Telegrams :-" Install," Middlesbrough .


300 KiLOWATT DYNAMO.
Warren, Beattie \& Co.,
Contractors for Complete Electric Power and Lighting Installations for Mines, Shipyards, Iron and Steel Works, etc., etc.

regarded as a very unlikely contingency. The case is not unlike that of a merchant who, knowing himself to be insolvent, should sell a large part of his stock for money with which to pay a part of the claims against him.

BUILDING MORE VESSELS.
Mast of the steamship companies running from Europe to Canadian and American ports have been steadily adding

\section*{.sloan \& Davidson.}

\section*{Architectural, Sanitary and General}
-IRONFOUNDERS-
CARRIOK FOUNDRY,

\section*{175 lilisadal R Road, - LEEES, Eng.}
\[
4 " \times 3 \text { " Lenses. }
\]


No. 2 Semi-Prism Pavement Lights.

\section*{SPECIALITIES.}

Rain Water Pipes and Gutters. Railings, Palisadings and Gates, in Cast and Wrought-Iron. Baths, W.C., and Urinal Ranges, for Works and Public Places. Columns and Brackets, Roof Spandrils, Verandahs, Balconies and Band Stands, etc. Spiral] and Straight Stairs, Balusters, etcPavement Lights. Stall Board Lights.

\section*{Light, Plain and Ornamental Castings of all Kinds.}
to their fleets for some years past. Yet this year twentyeight new steamships are being constructed for the transAtlantic trade and many of them are nearly ready. This means that the increase of traffic from this Continent to the old World calls for more vessels, and there is also the necessity of reducing the costs of doing business by using the largest carriers with the most economical engines. No one can deny that shipowners are providing commerce with the means of transportation in every direction as fast as any need of them is found. Indeed, as our railway companies constructed lines in advance of the movement of population and depended upon the creation of a traffic not then in existence, so the steamship companies have been extending their courses and increasing their sailings in an effort to create new demands of commerce as well as to meet those in existence.

SHIPPING IRON TO BRITAIN.
The shipment of 3,500 tons of Canadian pig iron to the Clyde looks at first like sending coals to Neweastle, since last year we imported pig iron to the extent of \(\$ 235,000\) in value from Great Britain and \(\$ 732,073\) from the United States. And the question therefore arises at once as to why this Nova Scotian iron, which is said to be equal in quality to Cleveland iron should not be absorbed in this country instead of being shipped to Scotland to find its market, since it must pay 10 s per ton in freight and 5 s ; landing charges, etc., in the Clyde, which is surely as much as it would cost to ship it to any point in Canada. Possibly it was sent much as an object lesson to show our British cousins what Canada's iron resources, really are, and that it has made a profound impression there is shown by the following comments in the Iron Trade Review:-
"The shipment marks a strange reversal in the current of trade, for Canada has been in the habit of taking about 10,000 tons of pig iron per annum from us, notwithstanding the contiguity of the United States. But it marks more than that. This iron comes from Cape Breton, Nova Scotia, where have just been completed four large blast furnaces for the smelting of iron ore conveyed at a low rate of freight, and on a short sea run of 24 hours from the iron mines of Newfoundland. These mines are near the seaboard and are cheaply worked, so that the ore is one of the cheapest iron-stones in the world.
"Whether it will pay Nova Scotia better to export pig iron than to turn it into steel is another question. The one disadvantage under which Cape Breton must suffer is in the matter of freight, for we do not know what cargoes large steamers can get to induce them to go there for return cargoes of iron, and to go there in ballast must be, of course, to enhance the outward freights. In the mean-

\title{
The "SHAW" Patent Improved Valve..
}

\author{
FOR STEAM OR WATER
}

Special advantages: Bronze Metal Renewable Seat, Interchangeable Concentric Valve, Self-Cen terlng under any variation in the wear or strain of the spindle; Spectal Packing to Valve Spindle. Ma terial and Workmanship of the very best.

\section*{The "SHAW" Patent Universal} Union Joint

For Coupling pipes at an Angle, is the most Up to Date Coupling in the market Send for full par ticulars of this and other "Shaw " spectalities to

JOSEPH SHAW,
ALBERT
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Telegram *
"GOVERNOR," Hudderafield
Sappled undor the Now
Preferential Tariff.
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THE ROSSLREGH.
As Supplled to H. M. Government.
Cycles and Motors.
Special terms to Canadians under the New Tariff Catalogues Free
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\author{
1 York Buildings, Edinburgh, Scotland.
}

The STAMOARD WIBE COMPAMY, Limited,

\section*{Manufacturers of}

\author{
Patent Plough Steel Rope Wire. \\ Patent Mild Plough Steel Rope Wire, Patent Steel Rope Wire, Galvanised Hawser Wire to Lloyds' Tests. Galvanised Cable Wire, Bright and Annealed Wire. Bright and Annealed Core Wire, Galvanised Mild Steel Rigging Wire, Soft Steel Serew Wire, Tinned Mattress Wire.
}
while, however, it must pay the smelters handsomely to export pigs because of the bounty, which has been extended to 1907."

\section*{CANADIAN PROGRESS.}

Unrevised figures obtained at the Department of Customs, Ottawa, show that the foreign trade of Canada last year increased some \(\$ 13,000,000\) over the year previous, the largest in the history of the country. On the basis of imports entered for consumption and exports of Canadian produce only, exclusive of the percentage usually added for exports to the United States not recorded, the total foreign trade of the last fiscal year was \(\$ 358,864,581\). On the same basis for the previous year the trade was \(\$ 345,985,174\). It is expected that the figures of the aggregate foreign trade, which includes the total imports and exports, will be in the neighborhood of \(\$ 394,000,000\). For the fiscal year 1900 the aggregate foreign trade was \(\$ 381,517,236\). The exports of domestic produce by classes for the fiscal years 1900 and 1901 were as follows:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Produce. 1900. & 1901. \\
\hline Mine... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$24,580,266 & \$39,982,573 \\
\hline Fisheries . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 11,169,083 & 10,720,352 \\
\hline Forest . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 29,663,668 & 30,003,857 \\
\hline Animals and their products.. . . \(56,148,807\) & 55,499,527 \\
\hline Agricultural products . . . . . . . 27,516,609 & 24,977,662 \\
\hline Manufactures . . . . . . . . . . . . 14,224,287 & 16,012,502 \\
\hline Miscellaneous articles . . . . . . . 208,070 & 44,642 \\
\hline Coin and bullion . . .. . . . . . . . 1,670,068 & 398,077 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Tótal \(\qquad\) \(. \$ 165,180,858 \quad \$ 177,639,192\) It will be noticed that there is an increase of about \(\$ 15,000,000\), or 60 per cent., in exports of produce of the mine, and a satisfactory growth of \(\$ 2,000,000\) in manufactures exported. The exports of produce of the farm, fisheries and forest have been practically stationary. The exports of foreign produce from Canada in 1901 amounted to \(\$ 20,379,212\). In 1900 they were \(\$ 21,252,354\). The figures show that last year foreign farm produce to the value of \(\$ 15,820,302\), was imported by Canardian routes, while the year previous such exports amounted to \(\$ 12\),101,212. The total imports entered for consumption in 1901 were \(\$ 181,225_{n} 389\). For the year previous they amounted to \(\$ 180,804,316\). Exclusive of coin and bullion, the imports for consumption for the two years were as follows: \(1901, \$ 177,688,075 ; 1900, \$ 172,506,878\); increase, 1901, \(\$ 5,181\),197; duty collected in 1901, \(\$ 29,128,548\); duty collected in \(1900, \$ 28,889,110\); increase in \(1901, \$ 239,438\).

\section*{STEEL MAKING AT THE SAULT.}

The steel works to be erected at Sault Ste. Marie by the Clergue syndicate mark an epoch in the history of Canadian steel, since they will be the first to manufacture structural steel in Canada, even the Sydney mines not contemplating the output of structural steel as yet. The plant will consist of six blast furnaces, a Bessemer plant, and blooming and rolling mills capable of turning out 1,000 tons of rails and structural steel daily.
As yet all our structural and shipbuilding steel has come from the United States. Last year we took \(\$ 330,167\) worth of structural and shipbuilding steel and \(\$ 1,960,721\) worth of steel rails from across the line. As yet, except in the larger cities, structural steel has not been much used in Canada. By far the larger proportion of our bridge material is imported from the United States and the steel shipyards at Toronto and Collingwood use Pittsburg plates as their raw material. This is the demand that the Sault Ste. Marie works hope to tap, and, if they succeed, the millions now sent to Ohio for steel for our industries will go to build up Canadian instead of American industries.
From the point of view of its ore supply the plant at Sault Ste. Marie is nearly as well placed as that at Sydney, C.B. The Helen mine is only twelve miles inland
from Michipicoten bay. The shipping pier is at Gros Cap, twenty hours' steaming down Lake Superior, so that while the ore has to be hauled twelve miles from the mine to the shipping pier, its water transportation is shorter than that of the Wabana ore to Sydney. The ore is not so easily mined as at Wabana. It has also to be passed through a crusher, a process for which there is no necessity at Wabana. But it grades as high as 64 per cent., of metallic iron; while the Wabana ore grades from 52 to 54 per cent.
The coal and coke for the plant are to he obtained from Connellsville. They will have to be transported from the Lake Erie ports in the neighborhood of Cleveland westward up Lake Erie and through the Detroit River, Lake St. Clair, and the St. Clair river to the head of Lake Huron. This is the route of the ore boats, which are returning from the Lake Erie ports to load at Duluth, Superior, Ashland. Houghton. Marquette and the other ore shipping ports of Michigan and Minnesota. \(I \boldsymbol{i}\) is the expectation of the promoters of the steel undetaking at Sault Ste. Marie, that they will obtain cheap rates for the transport of coal and coke, which will be carried as return cargo by the American ore steamers. The weakest point in the Sault Ste. Marie undertaking is its dependence on American coal, and the long distance coal will have to be freighted. Until 1907, the higher rate of bounty given on pig iron made from Canadian ore, and the Ontario, bounties on the use of Ontario ores, will do much to offset the disadvantages arising from the remoteness of the coal fields. As far as regards transportation of the raw material, the Clergue plant is more advantageously placed than the inland plants of Pennsylvania and Ohio, as their ore has to be transported from points further west on Lake. Superior than Sault Ste. Marie.

One of the salient features of the Sault Ste. Marie plant will be a very general use of electricity as a motive power. All this electricity is to be generated by the Rapids on Ste. Marie River, the natural waterway which connects Lake Superior with Lake Huron. Part of this immense water-power is already in service at the large pulp mills at Sault Ste. Marie, established by the Lake Superior Power Company, and extensive works are now well advanced to generate additional power for the steel plant.

\section*{A U. S. HAT TRUST.}

As American hats are sold to some extent in Canada. whatever influences the market there is, in a measure, interesting to dealers throughout the Dominion. Rumours current last week regarding the formation of a hat trust have been since revived, and it now appears quite likely that an amalgamation will result. A New York dispatch states that plans are under way, and so far advanced as to promise successful completion, for a consolidation of lead-
ing manufacturers. The new concern, which will probably be known as the United Hat Manufacturers of the United States, is to be capitalized at \(\$ 20,000_{\mathrm{e}} 000\). It is understood that those who favour the combination are Dunlap \& Company and E. M. Knox, New York; Corfet \& Knapp, Danbury, Conn.; Waning Hat Company, Yonkers, N.Y.; James Marshall \& Bros., Fall River, and E. B. Connett \& Company, of Orange Valley, N.J. It is proposed to include makers of soft hats, as well as of stiff hats. In fact, it is intended to include all the principal makers of felt hats in the United States. It may also include the importers and cutters of fur from which hats are made. Most of the trade have been approached on the subject. There are a number of accessories to the hat trade, which could also be included, such as box-making, printing and label stamping, etc., at present very important parts of the trade. The underwriting syndicate, it is stated, is prepared to finance the company. The capital stock will be divided into preferred and common. The preferred stock will be given to be distributed on the basis of average net common stock er. The principal centres for making hats arning powphia, and Reading, Pa., Orange Valley, N.J., and Danbury, Conn.

INSURANCE AND ASSURANCE.
The distinction (if any exist) between insurance and assurance is now again the subject of controversy between actuaries. It seems certain that assurance is the earlier term, and that it was used equally in marine and life risks prior to the end of the sixteenth century. Its general application is retained in the titles and policies of some of the long-established companies-for example, the London Assurance Corporation. Insurance in the seventeenth century occurs first in reference to fires, but soon became co-extensive with assurance, the two terms being synonymous. Assurance would probably have dropped out of use, as it has almost done in the United States, but that Babbage, in 1826, proposed to restrict the term of insurance to property and that of assurance to life insurance. This has been followed so far that assurance is now rarely used of marine, fire or accident insurance and is retained in Great Britain in the nomenclature and use of the majority of life insurance companies. But in general popular use insurance is the prevalent term. Mr. T. B. Sprague, followed by others, considered assurance, assure, assurer, etc., the proper words for the action of the company or person undertaking the risk; insurance, insure, insurer, etc., for the person paying the premium. This we believe in some respects a useful distinction if it can be carried out, but it would leave numbers of mutual societies at once assurers and insurers.
-The world has two and a quarter million acres under tobacco cultivation. which produces 850,000 tons each year.

\title{
Single Plated Buill Rudder
}

\section*{THE}

FINISHED COMPLETE READY FOR SHIPPING

\title{
Fownes Forge \& Engineering Company,
}

\section*{LIMNITED.}

\section*{ST. BEDE WORKS, TYNE DOCK, \\ South Shields, Eng.}

\section*{BROOMS ADVANCING.}

The injury to the broom corn in the Middle States \(n_{n}\) through the recent drought, has hastened the completion of the purchase by the Broom Corn Trust of all corn held in the vicinity. With the market thus cornered, and a considerable shortage in the growing crop, it is safe to predict much higher prices during the next year. A New York dispatch states that advices from the West indicate that the Union Broom Supply Company, better known as the Broom Corn Trust, has at last obtained control of the market and can dictate the price for the brush. Several weeks ago the trust reduced its fine grade 1899 corn down to \(\$ 85\). This caused a panic among growers, who made haste to sell their 1900 inferior corn at \(\$ 50\) and \(\$ 60\) per ton, which was all taken by the trust. Eastern manufacturers not in the combination then entered the market, causing a great contest to obtain control of the brush yet in the growers' hands, and the price jumped from \(\$ 60\) to \(\$ 100\) per ton. The damage in the crops of Kansas and other States will make a shortage in the brush of fully 20,000 tons. Recently there has been a great rush to buy in Central Illinois at \(\$ 100\) per ton or over, and the Broom Corn Trust may possibly move the price up to \(\$ 200\) per ton, This will tell severely on small manufacturers.

\section*{COLONIAL DAIRY PRODUCE.}

A private London circular date 5 th instant, treating of the dairy situation, says:-Butter.-On the last two days of June and the first of July thunder showers prevailed generally over the United Kingdom \(m_{p}\) and a fair amount of rain fell, which will be very useful for the late nay and root crops and the current pastures, but much heavier and longer continued rains are necessary before the grass regains its normal condition. If July should be as hot as usual the benefit of the late rains will quickly disappear. The rainfall in June, owing to the rain on the last two days, was above the average in the extreme West and North-West, but below elsewhere. For the six month ended 30th June, there is a deficiency everywhere, especially in the South, South-East and Midlands. The falling away of the export demand in Canada has caused a decline in Canadian markets of 1 s to 2 s for choicest and fancy creameries, and in British markets Canadian creameries of choicest quality have been sold at 98 s to 100 s , which is about the price c.i.f. so that sellers here are losing slightly on transactions. The supply of Irish is just now at the flush, and, as it is a butter whose quality necessitates rapid consumption, it is selling at less than Canadian prices and this is keeping the Canadian demand
in somewhat narrow limits \({ }_{6}\) although the imports week by week are steadily increasing-those for last week reached nearly 8,000 ewts. There has been a nervous feeling amongst buyers this week owing to the fall in price since the arrival of rain, but at the close a steadier feeling is manifesting itself.
The Copenhagen Official Quotation remains unchanged for the tenth week in succession at 88 kroner, and is now 4 kroner below the corresponding week last year. In the northern markets Danish butter is not in so great demand as last week, probably owing to the large supply of Irish and Russian, some of the best of which is made to do duty for Danish. The imports for last week of all kinds of butter were again large, and as they all go into consumption, although depressing prices, they give clear proof of the deficiency of the home supply. The following figures showing the imports for the four weeks ending June 29 th from the principal sources of supply compared with the same period last year are interesting:


The supply of Russian, Danish, Canadian and United States has increased altogether by 3,000 tons, while New Zealand and French have decreased by only 775, Had the home supply been normal prices would have collapsed under such an increased weight of imported butcer.

Cheese.-As in the case of butter the export demand in Montreal has fallen off and prices have come down in consequence some 3s per cwt., but to-day's cables show a recovery of fully a shilling. This fall has not affected the spot market here so much as the c.i.f. transactions. Many houses who wait to buy June-made Canadian cheese are now coming on the market, though the recent hot weather across the Atlantic makes them nervous about late June's, and this new demand will to some extent prevent any serious fall in prices. It is reported from Canada that some of the factories which can make either butter or cheese are now devoting all their milk to cheese-making.

\section*{DAIRY FARMING IN THE WEST.}

The Manitoba farmers are beginning to recognize that they can grow something else besides wheat; and more attention is being paid day by day to dairy produce and stock raising. The weather has been admirable for these purposes this year. The grass is rich and thick and new hay abundant. The experiments with the so-called German

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ALBION WORKS, LEEDS, ENGLAND. \\ Engineers, Machine Makers, Millwrights, IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS,
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Machinists to The British War and Naval Departments, The Council of State for India, and the Principal Foreign Governments.

\section*{MAKERS} of
(Cut will be inserted as soon as received.)

Machinery for the Manufacture of all kinds of Rifles, Swords, Bayonets, \&c., including the Forging Machinery and Special Machinery for making the Stock.
Machinery for the Manufacture of all kinds of Cartridges and Bullets. Machinery for the Manufacture of Fuzes and Percussion Caps. Machinery for the Manufacture of Shot and Shell.
Machinery for the Manufacture of Rifled Ordnance and Gun Carriages. Machinery ior the Manufacture of Armour Plates.
Machinery for the Manufacture of War and Life-Saving Rockets.
Machinery for the Manufacture of Gun Powder, Gun Cotton, \&c.
Machinery for the Manufacture of Whitehead Torpedoes.

Makers of the Whitehead Torpedo, Small Bore Rifle and Pistol
Ammunition, and Horse Shoes to the British Government.
grass have been very successful and it is believed it will yield \(31 / 2\) tons per acre.

Last year the butter and cheese product of Manitoba was valued at \(\$ 1,200,000\). This year exporters say it will amount to \(\$ 2,000,000\). Last year 44,500 head of cattle were exported from the ranches in the Territories to England and to the United States. The shipment of stockers to the States reached large proportions a few years ago, when the American ranches had run bare, but only 3,000 were sent there last year, whilst 25,000 were sent to our own ranches. This year Manitoba will send nearly 25,000 head of beef cattle to England or the older provinces, and probably \(30_{n} 000\) stockers to the ranches in the Territories, besides two or three thousand to the United States.

\section*{DAIRY PRODUCE.}

A private London circular, date 12 th isntant, treating of the dairy situation, says: Butter.-The annual review of the crops in Great Britain for July, shows how seriously affected are the pastures and hay crops of all kinds. Taking the number 100 to represent a perfectly healthy condition, the grass and hay of all kinds in England work out at 59, in Wales at 68, and in Scotland at 95 . Last year, England was 90.4, Wales 95.4, Scotland 100.9. For Great Britain, as a whole, this year the average is 65 , against 92.4 a year ago. The figures for the last six years are \(75.6,99.4,107.5,83.9,92.4\), and this year 65. These figures reveal the serious effeet that the drought has wrought upon the hay and pastures this year. Should July continue to be hot, a very great shortage of homemade butter and cheese must ensue. The demand for Canadian butter at the late high prices died out, and immediately a fall of 5 s to 6 s per cwt. took place in Canada. At the lower values of to-day the market is improving.
and a fair business is being transacted. Choicest creamery in North of England is bringing 96s, in London 96s to 98 s . Finest is about 2s to 4 s per ewt. less, according to quality. There is a general consensus of opinion that the quality of Canadian creamery butter this year is better than last, and also that in intrinsic merit it approaches Danish very closely. The shipments from Montreal to 29th June were 79,860 packages against 48,283 last year, and for the week ending same date were 9,892 packages against 16,032 last year. There is no doubt that the make of butter just now is not exceeding last year's at this date. The Copenhagen Committee has left the Official Quotation for Danish unchanged at 88 kroner against 92 kroner last year. The prices of Danish in English markets is from 1s to 2 s lower than last week, but owing to the hot weather there is a good deal of butter in poor condition. Buyers are nervous of purchasing except from hand to mouth. Russian butter is causing a depression in prices, which is principally confined to itself, and values are so low that heavy losses are being incurred by consignees. The quality is very irregular and the condition of much of it is unsatisfactory. In the last report the figures showing the imports of butter for the month ending 29th June were inadvertently given as tons instead of cwts. Cheese. The demand for cheese on the spot continues relatively low in comparison with c.i.f. values, especially as spot cheese is cool, while there are fears among buyers that for the next thirty days a considerable proportion of the arrivals will show more or less effect from the recent heat across the Atlantic. Shipments from 1st May to 29th June from Montreal are \(337_{c}\) 707 boxes, which is 180,403 less than during the same period last year. At yesterday's Brockville market all offerings were cleared at equal to 46 s to 47 s e.i.f. British ports. The same week last year choicest Canadian cheese sold at 51 s to 52 s and finest quality at 44 s to 46 s .


\title{

}

\title{
RAILWAY FOUNDRY, LEEDS, Eng.
}

\section*{SPECIFLTY:}

\title{
Locomotive Tank Engines. \\ Rodgers Pulleys Registered.
}

Canadian buyers have \(331 / 3\) per cent, in their favour, by purchasing English Locomotives.

\section*{DRY GOODS PROGRESS.}

There is, perhaps, no line of merchandise that calls for such constant attention for its needs as that of the dry goods trade. As this is the case in regard to the retail business \({ }_{n}\) it applies with still more force to the wholesale line. Recognizing the importance of keeping in direct tonch with the more rapid changes which modern ideas in the trade bring into being often between the regular seasons, and with the determination to keep fully abreast of the times, the old-established dry goods importing firm of Messrs. MeIntyre, Son \& Co., Montreal, have added considerably to their staff of European buyers. We notice that there sailed on the 20th instant, per steamer Umbria, via New York, Messrs. A. F. Duclos, Robert Houston and Alex. Andrew, who will separately visit the various European centres of fashion and production, in the interests of the above firm.

\section*{RECENT FIRES.}

Aylmer, Ont., July 22.-Gardner \& Hilborne's roller grist mill burned by lightning. Building vaiued at \(\$ 2,-\) 500 ; stock burned valued at \(\$ 1,400\); machinery, \(\$ 5,000\). Insurance on building and machinery, \(\$ 2,800\) in stcek, \(\$ 1,000\). -Pickering, Ont., 21.-Grand Trunk freight shed burned, with three cars, five binders and other goods.-Brockville, Ont., July 17.-Meyer's cheese factory, known as Forfar factory, destroyed. A quantity of cheese was in the building and the loss is placed at \(\$ 2,000\), with no insur-ance.-Rossland, B.C. 17.-Fire did \(\$ 1,500\) damage in the Bailey block. The building was damaged to the extent of several hundred dollars. The balance of the loss was on a stock of millinery carried by Miss Pretty; fairly well insured.-Harrow, Ont., 19.-John Lintnar's barn, with contents, including hay and implements, burned; partial insurance.-Woodstock, Ont., 22.-Post office and general store, at Peebles, destroyed. The owner, F. Service, loses about \(\$ 2,000\).-Kingston, Ont. 21. - Canada Hay Company's warehouse, badly damaged. 40 tons of hay were burned. Covered by insurance in the Royal.-Grimsby, Ont., 21.Van Duzen \& Griffith's fruit warehouse, at the station, burned. Loss \(\$ 1,300\); insured for \(\$ 800\) in North British \& Mercantile.-St. John, N.B., 22.-The Shore Line Railway bridge at Musquash, burned.-St. Thomas, Ont., 22.The barn of John Swance, tenth concession, Dereham, struck by lightning and consumed, with contents. - The barn of Richard Banbury, near Sparta, Ont., was struck by lightning and burned, together with the season's
crops, implements, etc.-Lightning struck the residence of John Farrah of Shedden, Ont., and badly shattered it. -Brockville, Ont., 22.-Lightning struck the large barn belonging to Alfred Willows, Phillipsville, and burned it together with forty tons of hay, a new platform waggon, etc. Loss, about \(\$ 2,500\). Insurance on barn, \(\$ 350\); on contents, \(\$ 400\).-Tilsonburg, Ont., 22.-Barn of Anthony Barry of Dereham, was truck by lightning and destroyed, with contents. Some insurance is reported.Newmarket, Ont., 22.-Barn of Mr. Tansley, three miles east of Sharon, was truck by lightning and burned, with the contents, consisting of this year's crop of hay, some grain, implements, three valuable horses. Loss fifteen hundred dollars. No insurance.
-Toronto moulders and many of their co-workers are on strike, nine brass manufacturing shops being affected.
-Mr . Carnegie has signed the agreement to give New York city \(\$ 5,200,000\) for libraries, and notified the controller thereof.
-The fruit warehouse owned by Van Duzen and Griffifth, at Grimsby, Ont., was totally destroyed by fire on the 21st instant,
-St. John, N.B., reports the blueberry crop as the best known for many years, heavy shipments already being made to the States from upper St. John counties.
-At a special meeting of the Cobourg, Ont., Town Council the sum of \(\$ 18,000\) was voted for the erection of the new collegiate institute building, and work will be begun immediately.
-Under the acts passed by Parliament to encourage silver smelting, 436,708 tons of ore were smelted last year to earn the bonus of \(\$ 150000\). The expenses of inspection, etc., amounted to \(\$ 285\).
-The commissioner at the Indian Department, at Winnipeg, has received advices from the agencies throughout the west, showing that the crops on the Indian reserves are in the very best condition.
-The iron trade of the North of England is suffering from a slackness such as was not equalled even during the depression of 1873 . The output of manufactured iron during the half-year just closed has indeed been smaller than that of any other similar period on record.
-The increase in the assessment of the five large franchise holding companies of Toronto under the act of last session is \(\$ 2,446,069_{0}\) of which the Street Railway share is \(\$ 156,069\), and the Gas Company's \(\$ 550,000\). This increase at

\title{
Joseph Booth \& Bros.,
}

\section*{LIMITED,}

\section*{ENGINEERS} and MANUFACTURERS,

\section*{Fodley, Near Leeds, - - England.}

\title{
Steam Hydraulic Cranes and Lifting Machinery,
}

\author{
Under the New Canadian Tariff.
}

the present rate of taxation will include over \(\$ 46,000\) in taxes.
-The old-established commission, produce and provision firm of George Wait \& Co., Montreal, has been dissolved, and a new partnership formed, with Messrs. G. S. Wait and J. M. Taylor as owners. The new firm will continue the business under the old name and in the same premises.
-Kingston, Ont., Notes.-The locomotive works, under the new management, have booked sufficient orders to keep the concern running night and day for several years. -The Thousand Island Steamboat Co., part of the Folger system, will build a new excursion steamer capable of carrying 1,500 passengers.

Garment makers to the number of 67,000 are out on strike in New York and vicinity. They are striking at a good time. If it should continue the shirt-waist man need but go a step further and have a black lustre skirt added to his new garment and he can then defy all the tailor strikes in creation while the weather keeps warm.
-If news circulating across the Southern border is correct, we will shortly have another important trust in our midst. A telegram from New York to a Chicago banker says that Thomas F. Harvey \(y_{0}\) the founder of the Chewing Gum Trust, is amalgamating the biscuit plants of Canada. About thirty concerns are interested in the deal. The amount of capitalization is yet undetermined.
-The Interstate Commerce Commission reports show that the stockholders of the U.S. railways in 1900 received in dividends \(\$ 139,602,514\), while the local tax collectors gathered in from them \(\$ 47,415,433\). Any moderate populist should be satisfied with that showing. There are no other concerns which pay regularly 30 per cent. of the proprietors' profits to the public.
-Advices have been received at the general offices of the Grand Trunk of the decision of the Ceutral Vermont Railroad to build a million and a half grain elevator at New London, Conn. The move has been under discussion for the last couple of years. As the Central Vermont is controlled by the Grand Trunk, the latter will thus be able to carry its grain through to the ocean.
-Washington, D.C., advices state that free trade between the United States and Porto Rico will be proclaimed this week. Attorney-General Knox is preparing the proclamation, which will be issued. Two proclamations will be issued, the first declaring the establishment of civil government in Porto Rico, and the second the establishment of free trade between the United Etates and the island.
-The following companies will seek incorporation by letters patent: Western Manufacturing Company of Winnipeg, to manufacture and sell chemicals, and do a wholesale and retail business in general merchandise; capital, \(\$ 10,000\). The Seamless Boat and Canoe Co., Montreal, to manufacture seamless boats, etc.; capital, \(\$ 100,000\). The Consumers' Electric Company, Ottawa, to supply electricity for light, heat and power; capital, \(\$ 300,000\).
-It is stated that Mr. H. J. Beemer has concluded an agreement with the Hull Electric Company, under which he secures control of the property of the electric company tor one year, or until such time as he can secure the necessary legislative authority to amalgamate the Pontiac and Pacific, and the Hull electric railways. Under this arrangement the trains of the Pontiac Company will be able to utilize the tracks of the Electric Company to gain access to the new Central Station at Ottawa.
-The object of the Garment Makers' strike in the Easter States is reported to be to get the clothing firms to assume the responsibility for regularity in the payment of wages and to shorten the working week to fifty-nine hours. One of the evils of the sweating system, is said to be the financial irresponsibility of the "sweaters" or contractors. It appears that many owe their employees several weeks'

ESTABLISHED 1827.

\section*{H. HEMOERSON \& SNIS, \\ \section*{Tanners and Curriers.}}

Makers of Leather Belting and Fire Hose. LadYbank leather works, and dundee, Scotland,
DUDHOPE \& PLEASAICE TANYARDS,
- SPECIALTIES-

\section*{Oak Bark Tanned Strap Butts.}

Oak Bark Tanned Harness Leather.
Best Curried Black and Stained Harness and Trace Backs, and all Leathers for Saddlers' Purposes.
Leather Belting-Single and Double.
Mechanical Leathers of Every Description, for Foundries, Shipbuilding Yards, Jute, Cotton, Flax and Woollen Mills.
Pump Leathers and Hydraulic Rings, etc., etc.
Walrus Leather in sides from \(1 / 2^{\prime \prime}\) to \(11 / 2^{\prime \prime}\) thick.
JUbors' Award Intarnational Exhbition, \(1862, ~\)



Telegrams :-"Lumby, Halifax, Eng."

\title{
BOILERS
}

FOR ALL PURPOSES.
All Wrought WELDED without rivets, and without seams for Hot Water or Steam.

\title{
Lumby, Son \& Wood, Itd.,
}

HALIFAX, ENGLAND.
Finest Catalogue in the Trade Post Free. Prompt Deliveries. Special terms to Canadian buyers under new Praferential Tariff.
wages and that to be in arrears with their men is quite a common occurrence among some employers.
-A coal deal of considerable importance, says an Amherst, N.S., dispatch, was consummated there on the 22 nd inst. David Mitchell, of Montreal \({ }_{c}\) and William Mitchell, of Drummondville, with others, have purchased the Chignecto and St. George mines, eight miles distant. The properties comprise four square miles of coal areas and twenty-five hundred acres of land. The new company will be known as the Maritime Coal Company. They propose to expend \(\$ 75,000\) in developing the properties, and expect to have an output of two hundred tons a day.
-The hat manufacturers of the country, says a recent New York dispatch, are talking combination and shonld the plans being discussed by the manufacturers of New Jersey and Connecticut materialize, another gigantic sorporation will be added to the list. The new company will, it is said, be called the United Hat Manufacturers of the United States. Several conferences have recently been held in that city, and according to reports at least three of the largest manufacturers have agreed to join the combination.
-Straw hats called "Leghorn" have no association with that place, except as a port of shipment. They are plaited at Signa, near Florence. The Leghorn hat and Tuscan sun bonnet have completely lost popularity in the United Kingdom and the Colonies \(r_{r}\) and only .81 per cent. of the total export was shipped to the United Kingdom and or British possessions in 1900, while the percentage in the Fevious year was as low as .21 per cent. America is still a fairly good customer. The large total of \(5,360,632\) hats was shipped from Leghorn during the years 1891-1900.
-The decidedly cool weather which greeted both early and late risers on Wednesday morning last, was probably the more welcome because it came unannounced. The excessive heat was trying enough while it 'asted; but why should patient, suffering humanity be told through the daily press that it would continue? Perhaps, the "man in the tower" at Toronto, was caught napping; or it may be that the daily papers get so accustomed to announcing all about the hot weather that they thought they could run it a day or two longer. Summer underwear and waistcoats, lately discarded, are again in use, while the brisker step of those who have survived indicates a renewal of energy which had been but temporarily held in check.
-Our Kingston, Ont., correspondent writes: Mr. Henry Head, general dealer, Cloyne, is again in difficulties.. Several years ago he bought out the general store and business of Billings Clark, He had previously been a farmer. After some years of struggling, he was forced about four years ago to make an assignment for the benefit of his creditors. He effected a compromise at that time. A short time ago an action was instituted against him by a Montreal firm of grocers. He has found it necessary to again assign to Mr. James Yule of Kingston. The first meet-
ing of the creditors will be held on August 2nd. Probably the business will be taken over by one of his sons.-The stock of boots and shoes of W. J. Dick \& Son, Kingston, has been sold to Mr. Arch. Abernethy. It will be remembered that the firm made an assignment to J. B. McIver a few months ago.
-Newfoundland is once more at the open door of \({ }_{1}\) rogress. A late dispatch from St. John's states that an arrangement between Mr. Bond, the Premier, and Mr. Reid, the contractor, was concluded on the 19 th instant. It provides for a number of unexpected changes and virtually overturns the previous contract by a new arrangement. Mr. Reid resigns the ownership of the Colonial railways, of which he had secured the reversion of proprietary rights after fifty years by immediately paying \(\$ 1,000,000\), this sum being repaid to him now with interest. He also surrenders 28800,000 acres of land which he had obtained under the last contract, being paid 30 cents per acre for the same. In addition, he surrenders the telegraphs absolutely, being given the use of one wire for his own business. He accepts the new railway contract, which calls for the operation of the line for fifty years from date, and agrees to expend in the development of works within the colony the money realized under the proposed Limited Liability Company, estimated at about \(\$ 5,000,000\). He agrees to also to deposit \(\$ 250,000\) as security for the performance of the above obligation and submits to the imposition of penalties for a failure to perform certain specified features of the contract. Mr. Reid agrees to fence in the railway line, work which will cost \(\$ 100,000\). He retains his ownership of the St. John's dock and will continue the coastal steamer contract for thirty years. His limited liability company embodied in the proposed new act will come into existence at once. Mr. Bond gave formal notice of the bill in the Legislature and will introduce it this week.

\section*{LEGAL RECORD.}

The following is a record of transactions and cases in our Canadian courts of law comprising Writs Issued and Judg. ments Rendered for sums of \(\$ 300\) and upwards (Montreal, from \(\$ 175\) and upwards), and Chattel Mortgages and Bills of Sale (for sums of \(\$ 550\) and upwards), as taken from the public records. It will be understood that the actions or items do not necessarily affect the credit and soundness of the persons or concerns named, as they may have been paid or otherwise settled, and that good defence may exist in case of writs, etc.

\section*{WRITS ISSUED ONTARIO.}

Hamilton-E. A. \& J. H. Fearnside vs F. A. Carpenter, et al, \(\$ 400\); Kingston-Grover Richards Supply Co. vs Raney's Specialty Mnfg. Co., \$467; Owen Sound--V. A. Inglis, exr, vs Wm. Robinson, \$467; Rochester-W. Barker vs Geo. Estes, \(\$ 1,070\); Shallow Lake-Can. Sav. L. \& B. Assn. vs A. \& S. Spicer, \(\$ 405\); Scarboro Tp.-A. Davis vs

\title{
Telegrams: "MAGNETO," Bradford. ROSIIIIG, APPIEBY \& FYMN,
}


LIMITED.

TRAFALGAR WORKS.

\section*{Bradford, Yorkshire, England.}
B. Vradenburg, \(\$ 800\); Toronto-J. C. Allen vs CarrentStyles Pub. Co., \(\$ 602\); Quebee Bank vs I. J. Marsh \& Co., \(\$ 500\); Wroxeter-D. Martin vs S. B. McKelvie, et al, \(\$ 676\); ..........-Nancy J. Brooks vs Geo. Graves, \(\$ 5,000\) damages; Fort William-G. Daunais vs Mailda J. Stevenson, \(\$ 1,063\); Goderich-Florence Cameron vs A. D. Cameron, \(\$ 981\); Madoc-Mrs. Mary Allcumbrock vs R. and Ellen Allen, \(\$ 1_{0} 000\) damages; Niagara Falls-Earl, Bourne \& Co., vs Niagara Metallic Furn. Co., Ltd., \(\$ 553\); Peel-A. Scott vs W. and Margt. Raycroft, \(\$ 520\); Pembroke-J. W. Munro \& Son vs Geo. Gordon \& Co., \(\$ 5,841\); Russell Tp.Jesse Bethune vs Geo. and L. M. Sparks, \(\$ 546\); St. Thomas -Bank of Commerce vs John Midgeley, \(\$ 1,027\); TorontoBank of Montreal vs H. MacDougall; 2,024; BellevilleTrust \& Loan Co. vs B. Truaisch, sr., et al, \(\$ 1,498\); Bow-manville-Perls, Brewster, Rumsden \& Duckhain vs S. J. Hall, \(\$ 1,067\); Palmerston-Anderson \& Scott vs Thos. and A. Wheatcroft, \(\$ 765\); Toronto-F. Goldstein vs Supreme Tent Knights of Maccabees, \(\$ 1,000\); Waterloo-A. T. Hashaw vs Ont. Mut. Life Ins., \(\$ 200\).

WRITS ISSUED-MANITOBA \& N.W.T.
Cumberland-W. D. T. Jones, \(\$ 630\); Moose Jaw- R. Bogue, \(\$ 950\); Stonewall-W. J. Bruce, et al, \(\$ 5,000\).

WRITS ISSUED-BRITISH COLUMBLA.
Trail-John Haverty, \$446; Vancouver-H. P. Stuart, \$575; M. Tyson, \$829.

JUDGMENTS RENDERED-ONTARIO.
Cobden-J. Robinson agt Archd. Ross, \(\$ 565\); LondonSarah Miller agt Albert Smith \({ }_{n} \$ 1,797\); Port Huron-Isabella A. Sutherland agt A. L. Callery, \$684; St. Catharines -Martha St. John et al agt J. G. Currie, \$29,529; W. G. Hunt agt Amos Robins, \(\$ 1,218\); South River-A. Judge agt South River Lumber Co., \$970; Toronto-G. S. Holmstead agt J. F. McCrae, \(\$ 15,725\); Untario Bank agt し. W. Thomson, \(\$ 15,072\); Ontario Bank agt C. W. Thomson, \(\$ 10\),150; Hamilton-A. F. Post agt David Montgomery, \(\$ 1,557\); Hamilton-M. A. Edwards agt Edwin Rymal, \(\$ 473\); Ottawa -J. Maenider agt J. W. McRae, \$1,114; I. Williams agt Ashman Bridgeman, \$490.- Caroline A. Delahay agt Chas. Virgin, \(\$ 1,528\); Ottawa-Capital Planing Mill Co. agt G. B. Caldwell, \(\$ 1,695\); D. MacLaren agt Arch. Stewart, \(\$ 2,054\); Petrolia-Van Tuyl \& Fairbank agt M. A. \& M. L. Ward, \(\$ 1,109\); New Zealand and Aus-tralia-Van Tuyl \& Fairbank agt M. L. \& Jos. Ward, \(\$ 865\). JUDGMENTS RENDERED-QUEBEC.
Montreal-Bank. of Ottawa agt A. W. Strong, \$977; Sault au Recollet-A. Archambault agt A. Rateau, \(\$ 2,400\).

\section*{JUDGMENTS RENDERED-BRITISH COLUMBIA.}

Victoria-Hy. Mansell, \$452.
EXECUTIONS-QUEBEC,
Montreal-J. L. N. Chevier et al agt Baie des Chaleurs

Ry. Co., et al, \(\$ 11,944\); F. Dansereau agt A. Chayer, \(\$ 418\); A. Kent et al agt Ed. Lichtenheim, \(\$ 9,295\); De. U. Durand agt Roy Freres, \(\$ 991\).

CHATTEL MORTGAGES-ONTARIO.
Brantford-Jennie and J. W. Quirk et al, to Bixel B. \& M. Co., \(\$ 2_{c} 400\); Goderich-F. B. Holmes to F. J. R. Holmes, \(\$ 3,200\); F. B. Holmes to W. J. R. Holmes, \(\$ 2,000\); Gwillimbury N. Tp.-Jno. Murrell and wife to Guelph \& Ont. Inv. \& Sav. Soc., \(\$ 7,434\); Lindsay-J. F. Cornell to W. L. White, \(\$ 1,074\); London-Economist Printing Co. to D. Haskett, \(\$ 1,135\); Owen Sound-McKenzie \& Beattie to W. P. Telford, \$1,592; Port Dover-Bert Stewart to Sarah Sullivan, \$1,050 ; Dunnville-F. R. Lalor to Corpn. of Dunnville, \(\$ 6_{0} 000\); Guelph-F. W. Galbraith et al to E. Davidson, \(\$ 10,250\); Hespeler-Revitzer \& Bowman to P. Bernhardt, \$1,590; Lawrence-Kate B. Greer to T. \& H. Weldon, \$900; Niagara Falls, N.Y.-Miss Sarah Flagler, to H. Neilson, \(\$ 7,858\); Picton-Martha W. and J. Collins to Exrs. C. S. Wilson, \(\$ 750\); Toronto-G. A. Graham to T. B. Taylor, \(\$ 4,000\); G. A. Graham to Dom. Brewery Co., \(\$ 3,500\); S. W. Marchment to A. Muir, \(\$ 1,107\); Wm. Spinks to Toronto B. \& M. Co., \$4,811; Tweed-W. J. Taylor to J. F. McGowan, \$1,500; Wingham-R. A. Douglas to W. Douglas, \(\$ 800 ;\)........Niagara Metallic Furn. Co., Ltd., to Bank of Hamilton, \(\$ 7,812\); Bowmanville-Jas. Gale et al to Sarah Gale, \(\$ 1,713\); Burford Tp.-Marshall Ryckman to Sawyer \& Massey Co., \(\$ 1,358\); Carleton Place-Jos. McKay, to Mary Sumnere \(\$ 1,-\) 335; Midland-F. J. Smith to W. MeClinchy, \$950; Nepigon -Wm. Hogan to J. R. Healey, \(\$ 6,300\); Oil City-R. B. Bolton and wife to J. A. Robinson, \(\$ 1,100\); Petrolia-Thos. Edis to R. Callinan et al, \(\$ 2,000\); Seaforth-John Lyons to Imperial Bank, \(\$ 1,417\); Toronto-Cathe. Aarons to A. Kleiser, \(\$ 951\); Jas. Seymour to G. J. Foy, \(\$ 1,800\); Jas. Seymour to Cosgrave Brewery \(\mathrm{Co}_{n} \$ 4,4 \mathrm{~s} 0\); Jas. Seymour to L. Reinhardt, \(\$ 4,545\); Weston-W. J. Lellis to O'Keefe Brew. Co., \(\$ 2,407\); W. J. Lellis to G. J. Foy, \(\$ 1,374\); Toronto-H. A. Liffiton to F. A. Smith, \(\$ 1,800\); Windsor-J. H. MeConnell to A. McDougall \& Co., \(\$ 1,000\).

CHATTEL MORTGAGES-BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Vancouver-Albion Cannery Co., Ltd., \(\$ 77,642\); M. D. MacDougall, \(\$ 700\).

CHATTEL MORTGAGES-MANITOBA \& N.W.T. Winipeg-J. W. Buchanan \({ }_{\text {e }} \$ 4,375\).

\section*{BILLS OF SALE ONTARIO}

Kirkfield-E. Campbell to Mary A. Campbell, \(\$ 730\); To-ronto-Ballard Elec. \& Machine Co., Ltd., to Map and School Supply Co., \(\$ 7,000\); Ottawa-H. B. McGivern to P.M. Feeney, \(\$ 2,000\); St. Thomas-Randal Learn to C. W. Ellis, \(\$ 1,050\); Petrolia-John Barry to R. Collinan et a1, \(\$ 2,708\); Callinan \& Co. to T. Edis, \(\$ 2,700\); Toronto-Lawson Milling \(\mathrm{Co}_{*}\) to H. A. Liffiton, \(\$ 800\).


\title{
BIIIS SPMBEAIII,
}

Telegrams :
"WELDING."
heating boilers..

\author{
Special prices to
Canadians under the new Cana= dian Tariff.
}

Senator McSweeney, the well-known merchant of Moncton, N.B., has been paying a flying visit to Montreal this week. The Senator is one of the oldest subscribers to the "Journal of Commerce" in that prosperous town.

\section*{FINANCIAL.}

Montreal, Thursday, Noon, 25th July, 1901.
The author of the published and cis eussed rumour that the successinl tenderer for the city lighting contract will be required to put up a deposit of \(\$ 300,000\) to guarantee its fulfilment according to specifications must be either a humourist or one so wealthy as to think this sum a bagatelle. Such a proposal is too preposterous to be seriously considered, but it serves to show the crude ideas of some of our civic authorities. The bank statement in this issue with comments thereon so cover the financial ground that little is lett for this column. The swallowing up of La Canadienne Life Insurance Co. by the Metropolitan of New York is a good move for those locally interested, and gives a large mass of new business to the American octopus. It is regrettable, however, for a Canadian institution of this class, which might have become an important institution, to have been handed over "stock, lock and barrel," to a New York company. The Metropolitan will, however treat its new policy-holders liberasy and honourably fulfil all the obligations it has assumed. There is a lull in the affairs of the huge enterprise at Sydney, and the shares are not in as lively demand as the underwriters expected. Iron and Steel preferred are quoted at 84 , and common at \(301 / 4\). Chicago is giving this city a warning example. The Windy City, so abounding with wealthy citizens, and generally so prosperous is in desperate
financial straits. It is proposed to put all departments on half pay and stop all improvement works. The situation will do Chicago good by showing the better class of business men what may happen when a city is handed over to incompetent managers. Under peace rumours Consols moved up a little this week as they are likely to do at a bound when the Boer war is finally ended. The latest quotation for Consols is \(923 / 4\), which is very low for securities of unequalled strength. The damage to maize and other crops by heat may have a marked financial effect. The money direct loss is enormous, and great will be the losses indirectly caused by the necessity of hurrying live stock to market as fodder is burnt up over vast areas in the south and west. Railways in the regions damaged by heat will have their receipts decreased. Locally, the stock business has been dull. A few Pacific have changed hands at 103 and to-day at 104. Under promise of heavy traffic caused by the enormous harvest in the North-West, this stock promises to rise. Berlin, exchange on London, 20 m ., \(421 / 2 \mathrm{pf}\).; Paris, 25 f .17 c . Local foreign exchange, \(60 \mathrm{~s}, 91 / 4\) to \(93 / \mathrm{s}\); demand, \(93 / 4\) to \(97 / 8\). Loan money is unchanged.

The following is a comparative table of stocks for week ending July 25th, supplied by Chas. Meredith \& Co., Stock Brokers, Montreal:-
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Banks. & Shares. \({ }_{\text {sold. }}^{\text {Highst. }}\) & Lowst. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Average } \\
& \text { saine } \\
& \text { date } \\
& \text { t. } 1900 .
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Montreal & 2254 & 254 & 253 \\
\hline Ontario & \(41241 / 2\) & 1241/2 & \\
\hline Molsons & 43206 & 205 & 182 \\
\hline Teronto & 14249 & 248 & \\
\hline Merchants & 32154 & 152 & 153 \\
\hline Commerce & \(80.1581 / 2\) & 158 & 145 \\
\hline Viscellaneme Can. Pac Co & . \(42031041 / 8\) & 102 & 88 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Montreal St. x d. 1389 \\
Do. new, x d . 125
\end{tabular} & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 2901 / 2 \\
& 2881 / 2
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 2481 / 2 \\
& 240
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Toronto St. . . 450 & 110 & 1083/4 & \(961 / 4\) \\
\hline Twin City . . . . 1033 & 951/4 & 94 & \(601 / 4\) \\
\hline Montreal Power. 577 & 95 & 933/4 & \\
\hline Rich. \& Ont. Nav. 245 & 119 & 118 & 1001/2 \\
\hline Coni. Cable .. .. 25 & 182 & 182 & 164 \\
\hline Montreal Cotton. 3 & 131 & 131 & 1321/2 \\
\hline Dom. Cotton . . 25 & 74 & 74 & 87 \\
\hline M.ich'ts Cotton . 5 & 112 & 112 & \\
\hline Payne . . . . . . 1000 & 11 & 11 & 95 \\
\hline North Star . . . 1000 & 56 & 56 & 96 \\
\hline Dom. coal, com.. 1345 & \(391 / 2\) & 37 & \\
\hline Dom. coal pref. . 35 & \(1151 / 2\) & 1151/2 & \\
\hline Dom. I. \& S. com. 225 & \(301 / 4\) & 30 & \\
\hline Do. prefd. . . . . 200 & 84 & \(831 / 2\) & \\
\hline Nat'nl Salt, com 10 & 45 & 45 & \\
\hline Dom. I. \& S. bds. 12000 & 84 & \(831 / 2\) & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{BRAZILIAN EXCHANGE.}

For week ending July 23 rd , 1901.
July 17 .. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. 11 29-32d 18 .. .. .. .. .. .. .. 10 13-16d
19 .. .. .. .. .. .. .. 10 9-16d
20 . . .. . . .. .. .. .. . . \(101 / 2 \mathrm{~d}\)
22 .. .. .. .. .. .. .. \(103 / 8 \mathrm{~d}\)
23 .. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. 10 5-32d

\section*{MONTREAL CLEARING HOUSE.}

Clearings. Balances.
Total for week end-
ing 25 July, 1901 .. 17,353,962 2,614,547 Corresponding
\[
\begin{array}{crcrr}
\text { week, } & 1900 & . . & .14,034,439 & 2,121,222 \\
\text { " } & 1899 & . & . .14,548,635 & 2,455,625 \\
\text { " } & 1898 & \ldots & . .13,686,643 & 2,134,327
\end{array}
\]

\section*{MONTREAL WHOLESALE \\ MARKETS.}

Thursday, July 25th, 1901.
Crop ports from Manitoba and the North-West not only confirm previous good tidings. but place estimates of the wheat yield at figures many millions above former maximum expectations. The Dominion is favored in this


\title{
SUTCLIFFE BROS
}

\author{
Wood-Working
} Machine

Makers

\title{
Causeway, Halifax, Yorks,
} England.

Combined 3-Sided and Planing out of Twist Machine;
[票 Speotal pricea to Canadians under the new Tariff.
respect for reports from the corn-producing States to the South have been gloomy enough. However, later returns modify the news of heavy loss. In trade circles the movement is good considering the midsummer expectations. Dairy products are again higher and in good request in the English markets which at once sets export business going brisker here. Leather is quiet, following the recent advance, a natural result of such changes, but prices are firmly held. Groceries are quiet except for sugars which are active at the low prices ruling. Hardware shows numerous advances, principally as a result of the extensive strike in the U.S., which has caused a hardening in the British markets. Dry goods are moving well for fall, but money is reported tight, presumably in anticipation of the coming 4th, for, generally, conditions in the country point to high cash returns from all farm products, including cattle, horses, hogs, etc

Butter.-The market shows considerably more firmness and a good trade has been done throughout the week. Finest fresh creamery sells well for export at, 20 c to \(201 / 2 \mathrm{c}\), and in a jobbing way for \(201 / 2 \mathrm{c}\) to 21 c . Second qaulities meet with ready sale at 19 c to \(191 / 2 \mathrm{c}\). There is a good demand for fine western creamery at 19c to 20c. Dairy also meets with large sale, finest western bringing 16 c to \(16 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{c}\) and under qualities 13 e to 15 e . Cfments, Etc. - Transactions qe confined to small lots which do nut

\section*{THE}

Telegrams: "ENGINE, LEEDS." Hunslet Engine Company,工표DS, 표g.


Locomotive Tank Engines of all descriptions
and any
size, for
Ironworks, Oollieries, Contractors, Dooks, Manufactories, Branch Railways, \&c., \&c.
Specially designed ces, or to suit any Gange of Railwey.
Arrangements Made for Hire.
On Purchasing Lease or otnerwise.
[8\% Special prices to Canadians under the New Canadian Tariff, \%es
serve to influence the market. Prices remain unchanged. Arrivals for wo. ending 23rd instant, were: 3,570 i. is Belgian and German cement; 550 brls. English cement and 151,500 firo brie rs Cheese.-The market is again firmer and considerably more business is passing. Finest Western sells at \(91 / 2 \mathrm{c}\) to \(93 / 4\) c, finest Eastern, 9 c to \(91 / 2\) c. The outlook is for a fux uner advance in prices before many ways. A Liverpool cable of the 24 th reports cheese firm and higher; finest white, 46s; do. colored, 47 s . Western factories show decreases in output some reported as
high as 20 per cent., and on this substantial basis higher prices are being sought and insisted on. The English yietd also shows a decided decrease. Dry Goods.-The hot weather which prevailed in the early part of the week caused a rapid clearance of strictly summer goods and the shelves in both the warehouses and the retail stores are well cleared up so far as this class of goods is concerned. aravellers' samples are now being prepared for a second early fall trip, the first having been fairly satisfactory. Prices are well maintained and the ten-

\title{
Leather-Link or Chain Belting
} For glectric and Heavy driving.

\author{
Picking Straps, Bark Tanned, Green, Buffalo Hide \& Ealvetiz.
}

Solid Woven Hair and Linen Belting. Buffalo Hide, Skeps or Tubs. Laces-White, Brown, (or Oiled,) Helvetia, Horny and Rop.

\section*{The "Airedale" Exhaust Steam}

\title{
El Padre Neadles
}

10 onate.

\section*{Varsity,}

5 Cents.

\section*{The Best}

\section*{- CIGARS}
that money, skill, and nearly halfa century's experience can produce.

\section*{Fade and Guaranteed by}

\section*{MONTFHAI, Que}
dency is decidedly upward. Hence travellers find it easier to sell and retailers are more eager to buy. Remittances are still the subject of complaint. Money has not been coming in as freely as was anticipated, probably because country merchants are husbanding their resources to meet the paper maturing on the coming fourth.
In the United States business is improving but the gain is yet too slight to cause much congratulation. Weather conditions have not been conducive to free operations in the spot market and the orders coming to hand from out-of-town points bear more or less marks of midsummer indifference. At the same time therlatest reports coming to hand are to the effect that out-of-town distribution is gradvally picking up again. While buyers are acting on a hand-to-mouth basis sellers show considerable indif. ference for the time being in all dire tions, the absence of any pressure on their part being a significant feature of the situation. This is explained by the fact that in spite of slow business unsold stocks are not in the aggregate increasing to an appreciable extent
and sellers are in nearly all instances still in an easy position.

EgGs.-The market is strong, demand being much improved. Receipts are again increasing and new eggs are reported coming in somewhat freely. Best fresh stock is worth 13 c to 14 c ; straight candled, \(111 / 2 \mathrm{c}\) to 12 c , and No. 2, 9 c to 10 c .

Flour \& Feed.-The feature of the week has been an advance in feed, occasioned partly by the dry weather and continued extreme heat, and partly by the advance in wheat. Furthermore, the former has created an active demand for feed of all kinds which is really as heavy to-day as when it began some two weeks ago. Both bran and shorts are \(\$ 1\) per ton dearer, with stocks very light at all centres of distribution. There is a good local demand for flour and prices are extremely firm at this writing, millers waiting for expected news in order to mark prices up. Wheat is 3 c dearer than a week ago and prices are expected to go higher through adverse reports from most foreign wheat-growing countries. Manitoba and the Territories are enjoying typical wheat ripening weather, and all reports but convince the more of a banner yield. Already scores of farmers from points adjacent to the Missouri River are prospecting in Manitoba and the Canadian West as to the best location for purchase, Rye harvesting commenced in Manitoba this week.

Green Fruts.-The prolonged heat has had its effect on lemons, which are again higher. Stocks both here and in New York are very light and this is causing uneasiness owing to the rush orders which are piling up. One good result is that retailers are finding no difficulty in getting good profits. Fruit generally is high and the latest reports of light crops and further strength to the market. New apples are very scarce on this market. this assisting the sale of berries, etc. Quotations are: California apples bxs. \(\$ 2.75\) to \(\$ 3.00\) : Messina oranges, boxes. \(\$ 3.50\) to \(\$ 4.00\); half-boxes, \(\$ 1.90\) to \(\$ 2\) : lemons. \(300 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 3.75\) to \(\$ 4.25\) Eiza
Green Hides.-Locally, the market
is unchanged. A rise will likely take place in lambskins next week. The market is on the quiet side with no features worth recording. New reth prices on dry hides were well maintained. Green hides were on liberal off \(3 r\) and the tendency appeared to favor slight concessions on lare pur chases. The Chicago market thownd so:ne indifference on the part if 1arne s, who were pretty well sixplied, On the other hand while packers' st, cks were increasing they disilayed no anxiety to sell and prices held steady. Quotations on anoth ㄹ. pagr.
Groceries.-Sugars are in good demand at the recent reduction. The comparatively low price is in the nature of a surprise to the retail trade, although late reports of a serious shortage in the fruit crop will serve to largely curtail the consumption during the next few months, providing no improvement transpires in the crop. The grocery trade, in a general way, has been moving along quietly for the last six weeks, with no real change in prices except as above stated. It is not the season vihen goods are purchased beyond immediate needs, this together with the reduced consumption in many articles, allowing trade to show a natural falling off. Brooms are likely to be much higher, and even at the present comparatively high figures, it appears as though it would be prudent investing to secure sufficient stock for several months.
Tron \& Hardware.- A number of increases in prices of iron products have marked the week, due to the advancing rates in England and the strike in the United States. It is said the American tin plate concerns arc picking up everything offering in the way of black sheet iron and Canada plate in order to fill orders. As a consequence we mark up black sheet iron to \(\$ 2.65\) to \(\$ 2.75\) as to gauge, Canada plates to \(\$ 2.60\) to \(\$ 2.70\), black iron ripe to \(\$ 2.72\) to \(\$ 10.40\), as to size and bar iron to. \(\$ 1.75\) to \(\$ 1.85\). Hoop iron is now \(\$ 2.90\). The base price of tire steel has risen to \(\$ 2\), and \(\$ 1.90\) for sleigh shoe steel. The market is firm at these prices and the tendency

\title{
Johnson \& Tucker, Wilmington, \\ Hull, England \\ (Late SHEPHERD, HILL \& Co.,
}

of values is upward. In fact the practical certainty of a further increase has produced considerable activity on the part of buyers. Shelf and heavy hardware are moving well and the scarcity of barbed wire continues. Wholesalers busy shipping harvest tools and machinery. The Western demand for these lines is large and it is not likely that there will be many machines left in the hands of dealers after all the orders are supplied. It would not be surprising if the demand should exceed the supply. The summer plow trade has been good. Thresher men report a large number or orders for their goods.
In the United States, apart frem the progress of the big strike, there is little to note in connection with the iron and steel trade at present. In most lines the requirements of present consumption are heavy and the call for contract deliveries in not a few cases is urgent, but not much new business of importance is reported in the base metel of finished materials in this section. About the only direct effect of the strike apparentiy has been to increase the scarcity of some products for immediate delivery and to canse some hesitation in the placing of orders for future supplies. The undertone of the market is firm and no price changes are to be recorded. In tin plate the situation is becoming more and more interesting as a result of the scrike. Stock for immediate delivery, which for several months has been very scarce, is
now said to be unobtainable, and rumors are current to the effect that large orders for Welsh plate have been placed on the other side to cover ur-
gent needs of gent needs of consumption here.
Leather \& Shoes.-The leathar mar. ket is quiet. The recent advance in sole and harness has naturally check. ed the disposition to buy, as a slig'1; reduction assists sales. A rumour of finalcial trouble overtaking a Montreal shoe manufacturing company is denied as to any suspension. Leadin \(;\) shoe manufacturing firms report favourably on the business outlonk, the
splendid erop prospects opening the splendid erop prospects opening the way for a safe business on a large
scale. scale.
Mils, Paints \& Glass.-Lins sed nils are keeping very scarce and conswquantly firm. There is little loirg in seal or cod oil. Paints show a fair m.svement, considering midsumncr conditions, at unchanged prices. Jlas. is fim at quotations.
Provisions.-The scarcity of hogs continues to influence the market. which is strong, although not chim: ed as to quotations. Fres' killed
hogs are worth \(\$ 9.50\) to \(\$ 10\), with re hogs are worth \(\$ 9.50\) to \(\$ 10\), with receipts light.
Wool.-Leading importers of fine wools report but little doing. The London market-where the auctions are still proceeding-keeps firm for fine wools, a large quantity of the offerings being withdrawn within the last few days, presumably to await higher prices. Trade in this class of wool in Canada is slight. A few sales
are being made regularly but nothing to what should be selling. Canadian wool is very low, \(121 / 2 \mathrm{c}\) to 13 c lb. for washed, against \(171 / 2 \mathrm{c}\) to 18 c a year ago. The cause for this is largely due to the large quantity of cheap wool in England. Native wools in England and Scotland are dragging on the markets at one-half the price of last year; 5 d to \(5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}\) being the present quotations for wool that a year ago fetched 9 d . The present series
of London auctions closes to-morrow of London auctions closes to-morrow (26th). The series ran longer than expected, but it will be some time in September before the next series opens.

TORONTO WHOLESALE MARKETS. (Revised by Telegraph.)

Thursday, July 25th, 1901. Trade has glided into a quieter groove owing to midsummer conditions which aided by the excessive heat, have hurried many merchants off on vacations, brief or otherwise. The general tendency has also been in this direction, made possibly the more enticing through the Pan-American to the South and improved Muskois but natural then to the north. It is but natural that these events should check to some extent the trade which on the other hand is being urged to greater volume by reports of prospective bounteous crop yields. For fall and winter requirements, retailers are buying freely, the low price of woollen goods enticing larger purchases, for

\title{
Bottle Washing Machinery \\ OUR NEW PATTERN "KINGSTON."
}


\author{
No. 2 \\ 22-dozen Half-pint Beers. Fitted with Revolving Rinsers as shewn, £27 with Bottle Sinker. \\ OVER 1,000 'KINGSTONS' are now in use.
}

Original Inventor and Patentee.
Machines from £ 10 to £40.

\title{
D. G. BINNINGTON, Kineston Machine Works, HULL, ENELAND.
}
(2; Speclal estimates to Canadians under the New Tarlff.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

it is a time in this branch of trade when values can go but in one direction. So, aside from fashion, staple woollens and they are now being pre-ferred-are proof against loss as to price. Values are now firm and may shortly move to a higher notch. Country remittances are fairy good, and wholesale houses look for a brisk trade during the coming months.
-Following a number of business changes, embarrassments and loss by fire, Au Grand Bazar, dry goods, with George Brown as owner, is again in the sheriff's hands. In Feb., '98, M. Gauvin, A. J. Gobiel, L. P. Parent and George Brown registered as above,but L. P. Parent retired in November, '99. The following March an offer of 50 c in the dollar was made by the remaining partners, spread over 10 months, secured. Liabilities then were \(\$ 17,000\) and assets \(\$ 15,000\). Four months later, Geo. Brown registered alone under same style. In December following a fire occurred entailing \(\$ 12,000\) to \(\$ 15,000\) loss, with insurance of \(\$ 8,500\). The present assignment has been made on demand of Thibaudeau Freres \& Cie., with assets of \(\$ 14,200\), and liabilities of \(\$ 12,161\). The principal Montreal creditors are: Fitzgibbon, Schafheitlin \& Co., \$1,085; Caverhill \& Kissock, \$998; Liddell Lesperance \& Co., \(\$ 823\); W. R. Brock \& Co., \(\$ 635\); Kyle, Cheesbrough \& Co., \$452; John Fisher, Sons \& Co., \$387; J. Bourdeau \& Son, \(\$ 370\); M. Saxe \& Son, \(\$ 438\); Matthews, Towers \& Co., \$330; Watson, Foster \& Co., \$222; and Montreal Waterproof Company, \(\$ 220\).

\section*{AN UNEXCELLED TOURIST} RESORT.

The Highlands of Ontario are now so favorably known by the summer traveller and those looking for a place to spend the hot summer months that some of the districts are


Craven's Patent Brick Moulding and Drest ing Machines.

\title{
BRICK MACHINERY
}

\section*{- \\ For Working all kinds of Clay.}

The stiff or semi-plastic system of Brick-making for producing a dense plastic pressed brick ready for immediate removal to the kiln was invented by us 28 years ago, and it is most successfully working in nearly all parts of the world.

\section*{Double the Strength of any other Machines in the Market.}

Brick plants for producing the best plastic-pressed facing bricks on the most economical system. Awarded Three Highest Medals at Adelaide Exhibition, and the ONLY Gold Medal for Brick Machinery at the Melbourne Exhibition, 1888-9.

\section*{Bradley \& Craven, \\ LIMITED}

\section*{Westgate Common Foundry, \\ WaxEFEILD, Eng,}

\author{
Manufactured for the Canadian Market, under the new Prefer \\ ential Tariff, \(33 \frac{1}{3}\) per cent. in favor of English Goods.
}
becoming so popular that hotel ac commodation has to be added to each year. Thousands of people annually go up into the Muskoka Lakes District, and no one is ever disappointed at the beauties that are there and the health-giving propensities of the pure air. The altitude of Muskoka - 1,000 feet above sea level-endows it with all the advantages obtainable among the mountains, while as a matter of course it lacks nothing in so far as lakes and islands are concerned. In fact it possesses a variety of attractions, any one of which would be more than sufficient to make it dear to the hearts of its summer habitues.
Standing high above the plane of humidity, the immense expanse of country is favored by cooling breezes from the broad bosom of the Georgian Bay, whose waters wash its western limits.
The district is located about 100 miles north of the city of Toronto. and can be reached from Buffalo in less than seven hours, and from Toronto in three hours, and the farthest points on the lakes are reached at a reasonable hour the same day. Perfect immunity from Hay Fever is assured.
Handsomely illustrated descriptive publications of the several districts comprising the "Highlands of Ontario," are issued by the Grand Trunk Railway System and can be had free on application to G. T. Bell, G. P. and T. A., Montreal.

\section*{YORKSHIRE RELISH.}

When the public speak of any particular article, which to the ordinary observer does not appear any more attractive in a sealed bottle than any other article, and enlarge on its redeeming and restoring qualities to an extent which impresses its name on the minds of listeners, there must be "something in it." Following is from just such a reference to the above sauce takeñ from a late copy of Commerce, an English periodical of more than local fame and authority
"Yorkshire Relish had an extraordinary effect on my gastronomic capabilities once upon a time, and I then vowed a vow that whenever the opportunity came I would probe the process of its manufacture and give the world some account of my investigations. I was sitting at the "ordinary" in a commercial hotel some years ago, and the chairman supplied me with a large plateful of roast beef, piled up as only a "commercial" knows how to heap it, and as the plate was placed before me, I, feeling rather blue that day, inwardly remarked I should have to leave most of the meat. The chairman, divining my thoughts, observed, 'Try some Yorkshrie Relish, old man!' He passed a bottle to me, and I looked at it, not with the eyes of a stranger, for I had seen it on the table many and many a time
previously, but my palate was not familiar with its flavour. Anyhow, I sniffed at it, poured some on my meat, tasted it, poured some more on the plate and, before I knew what had happened, cleared the plate of its contents. That alone would have surprised me; but there was another in store. The chairman had noticed my achievement, and being evidently a firm believer in the virtues of Yorkshire Relish-he may have represented the 'house' for aught I knowsmiled, as he asked if I would 'take any more beef!' Now, up to that day. I had never been able to 'go in for a second helping,' as the school boys say; but, lo! on this occasion I positively hungered for a second plateful of that beef and Relish, and what is more, I ate it. Thenceforward I became a regular consumer of Yorkshire Relish. By the invitation of Messrs. Goodall, Backhouse \& Co., I went down to Leeds recently and found every facility placed in my way for satisfying the most insatiable thirst after knowledge on the subject of relish manufacture. Those of an archaeological turn who desire to trace the history of the Yorkshire Relish manufacture must go back in their researches for 46 years from the present. When Leeds first enrolled Mr. Goodall as a citizen it did so without any flourish of trumpets. In fact there was no ceremony at all. Mr. Goodall came quietly from his native country town and established a drug-

T"grams-"Fletcher \& Shaw, Sowerby Bridge.
Manufacturers of every description of
Leather Belting, Laces, Picking Bands, Combing Leathers, \&c.


\section*{\({ }^{6}\) SuI \\ " Ventilating Fans}


Belt Driven.

\section*{Highest Efficiency, Strength and Lightness}

\title{
MADE ENTIRELY OF \\ WROUGHT OR MALLEABLE IRON.
}

\section*{For Ventilating, Drying and all Cooling Purposes}

\author{
"Sun "Fan Co. Ltd., \\ Special prices to Canadians \\ under the New Tariff, \\ 40a Thornton Road, BRADFORD, ENc.
}
gist's shop in Wadelane, whence he dispensed drugs and commenced the manufacture of the condiment he named so appropriately 'Yorkshire Relish.' Progress and expansion were the ruling motives of the house of Goodall even in those days, and it soon became imperative that bigger and more central premises should be obtrained. The removal of Mr. Goodall's business to Boar-lane in 1858 and the amalgamation with it of the old concern of Bell and Brooke, furnished a grand opportunity for the developmint required. About the same time Mr. Goodall took into partnership Mr. Henry Backhouse and Mr. William Powell, and the house became known as Goodall, Backhouse and Co. It still has the same title and has not even added the portentous letters 'Limited' to the designation. The public taste for Relish was fostered and its growth went hand in hand with that of the supply. So a second time did it become necessary for the makers to look out for more con modious quarters. The white Horse

Hotel an ancient coaching house in Boar-lane, came into the market, and Mr . Goodall and his partners purchased the site. They made arrangements for building a warehouse and factory on \(\mathrm{it}_{n}\) but before building operations were completed Mr. Goodall died. This was in 1870, and three years later the surviving partners moved into their new premises in White Horse street. This move was synchronous with very big strides in the output of Yorkshire Relish, and it saw also a development of the firm's transactions in the shape of manufactured domestic condiments and delicacies. Everything looked very promising, and was indeed highly prosperous, when death again stepped in to alter the constitution of the partnership. This time, in 1876, Mr. Backhouse was removed, and Mr. Powell was left the sole proprietor of the concern, in which condition he has remaine to this day, though his nephew, Mr. W. Powell Bowman, now shares with him the management. Of course, the premises in White Horse street
have been more than doubled in extent since 1873 and the firm has also acquired very extensive buildings in Sovereign street, where the purely manufacturing processes are carried on, and from which many a "sovereign remedy' is made up for retailing by chemists throughout the land.--The most delicious Sauce in the World. The only cheap and good sauce. Beware of imitations. Sold in bottles \(6 d, 1 \mathrm{~s}\) and 2 s each. Proprietors, Goodall, Backhouse \& Co., Leeds, England. Agent for Canada, Chis. Gyde, 20-22 St. Francois-Xavier street, Montreal.

MESSES. BINES \& SPEIGHT, LTD. Wrought Iron, Welded Heating Boilers, Bradford \({ }^{\text {E }}\) England.
This firm, well known throughout European countries for safety, durability, and general satisfaction of their output, are desirous of introducing the same in Canada. They stake their present enviable reputation on the quality and simplicity of their manufactures and feel confident that these

\title{
PATENT BRICK MACHINERY
}

\title{
Pullan \& Mann.
}
(Successors to Thomas Title.

\section*{ENGINEERS,} Cambrian Works, Eland Rood, - LEEDS, Eng.

\author{
Patent and Improved Brick, Tile and Sanitary PipeMaking Machinery, Engines, Boilers, Shafting, Gearing, Pulleys, \&c.
}

Complete Catalogue on application.
1. Special prices to Canadians under the New Canadian Tariff. Cox \(331 / 3\) prc., off Tariff in favour of English Manufacturers.

The above Machine will produce from marl, shale, fire -clay, pit-refuse, \&c. 10,000 to 12,000 best quality pressed bricks per days tiff enough to go direct to kiln without expense of drying, and equal in strength and density to a well-made plastic brick.


Eastern Townehips Bank bonus of one per cent. equal in all to a dividend of 8 per cent. per annum.
Molsons Bank bonus of one per cent. equal in all to a dividend of 9 per cent. per annum.
qualities being observed and appreciated the world over, a test of their goods in the Dominion will ensure for them the continuance of patronage now enjoyed at home. Their comprehensive and expensively gotten up catalogue containing, with index, nearly 100 pages, is replete with illustrated designs of boilers, parts and prices of each to an extent which leaves the reader in full possession of the fact
that whatever is wanted in this line can be supplied by the above firm at prices and in simplicity of design, which must be satisfactory, to say the least. Among the specialties illus trated in catalogue are: The "Universal" Independent Dome Top Boilers, to which is added an elbow smokestack, with eleaning door, which can fitted to any dome top boiler. Smoke flue and sockets can be put at right
or left side, to suit any position. If not ordered to the contrary, return socket and smoke flue are fixed at the back, as per drawing.-The "Domestic" Independent Dome Top Boiler, with waterway bottom. This boller iis specially designed for hard water. The sediment falls below the grate bars, where it cannot injure the boiler, and manholes and covers are provided around the bottom and over fire


Return of Canadian Bank of Commerce. Amount under heading "Other assets not included under foregoing heads," contains bullion purchased at Dawson
City. Return of Bank of British North America. Amount under heading "Other assets not included under foregoing heads" contains bullion purchased at Dawson
\(J\)
\(J\) une.
door for cleaning out. Smoke flue and sockets can be put at right or left hand side, to suit any position. If not ordered to the contrary, return socket and smoke flue are fixed at
back.-The Independent Double Cylinder Boiler, with waterway tap and connecting tube between inner and outer cylinders. The "Powerful" Independent Dome Top Boiler. The
"Attercliffe" independent conical boiler. Smoke flue and socket can be fixed at the right, left, or back of boiler, as required, but they will be fixed at the back unless ordered otherwise.

\title{
IVITVE: O IID DENERAL STAMPERS,!PIERCERS,
 \\ Pioneer Works, Thornbury, Bradford, Yorkshire: ENGLAND
}


Loose or Fast Bottom Cake Moulds.


泾 Special Prices to Oanadians under the New Tariff.
-The "Extended" Independent Conical Boiler, with extended feeder, to last through a night without atten-tion.-Independent "Harness Room" Boiler, suitable for heating coachhouse harness rooms, shops, show rooms, and for hot water supply.The "Sandringham" Independent Box Boiler, with feeder at top.-The "Balmoral" Independent Box Boiler, with feeder in front.-The "Osborne" Independent Box Boiler, with cross tubes in fire box and open fire front.-The "Winchester" Independent Saddle Boiler, with oval waterway bridge in firebox. - The "Humber" Independent Dome Top Boiler.-The "Simplex" Boil-
er. This boiler possesses the advantage of having feed and smoke openings combined in a single casting. It can be fixed either as an independent boiler, or may be built into the wall of a greenhouse.-The Independent "Chatsworth" Boiler. This boiler is an adaptation of the Chatsworth and designed for working with shallow drainage. Fire door in two parts, thus making it easier for banking up and general attention. Wrought Welded Finsbury (or "Halifax") Boiler, designed for building into the wall of greenhouse. The boiler front, including feeder and smoke nozzle, with fire and ashpit
doors, is outside. No stoke-hole required. - The "Stanley" Boiler, wrought iron boiler, with fire-brick inside, suitable for small greenhouses, offices, \&c. This boiler is specially designed for small heating apparatus with short lengths or pipe. ' It provides sufficient space for fuel to burn all night without attention, without overheating the pipes.-The Bradford Boiler. This boiler is similar to the one preceding except that the front is cast plate instead of waterway. The feeder has been arranged so as to allow a larger space for fuel. This makes the boiler cheaper without materially reducing its heating power,

\section*{John Smith,}

CRANE WORKS,
KEIGBLEY, Yorks, ENGLAND.

\section*{SPEOIALITIES}

\section*{STONE SIW FRAMES}

And DERRICK CRANES

Nat. Telephone, 29 Keighley.
Telegraphic Addreas: "CRANES, KEIGHLBY."
tas Special prices to C.nadians utder way the New Tariff.


Considerably over 300 Saw Frames at work.

MONTREAL WHOLTFALE PRICFS CURRENT-THURSDAY, JULY 25, 1901.



J. W. EASTBURN,

Raglan Chemioal Works: HALIFAX, ENGLAND.
Special prices to Canadians under the new Canadian\$Tarift.
and it will burn eight to ten hours without attention.- The Independent "Star" Boiler. Suitable for small greenhouses, conservatories, offices, coach-houses, showrooms, \&c., and for general amateur purposes. Pattern 3 is provided with extended top feeder to contain extra fuel, so as to burn a longer period without attention. Sockets and smoke flue can be fixed at right, left, or back as required. When not ordered otherwise, they are placed at back. - The "Premier" Boiler. The position of the feeder, whilst giving easy facilities for charging, leaves the internal dome (the best heating sur-
face) intact. It also prevents the escape of smoke or sulphur from the fire when charging with fuel.-The "Imperial" Boiler. This boiler has waterway front and back ends, with two return flues over fire-box, and two additional return flues" at "sídes. The heat is thoroughly utilized and exhausted before reaching the chim-ney.-The Cornish "Trentham" Boiler, with or without waterway back end. The form of this boiler is specially adapted to sustain heavy pressure. Many are working in the largest public buildings in this country, where their heating power and economy of fuel

MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT-THURSDAY, JULY 25, 1901.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
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\] &  & \\
\hline Held Lots. & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 19 & 0 & 20 \\ 0 & 00 & 0 & 00\end{array}\) & Oats, ex store & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 77 & 0 & 78 \\ 0 & 391 \\ 0 & 0 & 40\end{array}\) & & & & \\
\hline Townships & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 18 & 0 & 19\end{array}\) & Barley, No. 1, & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 09 & 0 & 00\end{array}\) & Sultanas...... . . . . . . . . . & & Peel-C & \\
\hline Western " & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 16 & 0 & 163\end{array}\) & " No. 2 , & 051 & Loose Musc. Malaga...... & 0081010 & Orang & 14.016 \\
\hline Good to cho
Fresh Rolls & \({ }_{0} 18016^{2}\) & Peas, afloat.. & 0791080 & Layers, London.......... & \(000 \times 40\) & Lemo & \(\begin{array}{lll}0 & 11 \\ 0 & 10\end{array}\) \\
\hline Fresh & 000000 & & 0571058 & Con. Cluster.... ......... & 000275 & & \\
\hline Chress & & Buc & 056000 & Extrs Desgert...... ...... & 010825 & Chocolate & \\
\hline Finest, & & & & Royal Backing'm .... ic \(^{\text {\% }}\) & 000375 & Vanilla, yel, wrap. \(24 \times 1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}\) & 084036 \\
\hline Erat & \(\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 09 \\ 0 & 09 & 0 & 0 & 093 \\ 0 & 09 & 09\end{array}\) & cerl & & Valencia. & 005006 & do Chamola do do & 048048 \\
\hline & 000000 & Tea, (Hf.-Chest \& C & & L & \(\begin{array}{ll}0 & 061 \\ 0 & 06 \\ 0 & 07\end{array}\) & do Blue do do & \(\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 50 & 0 & 56 \\ 0 & 58 & 0 & 66\end{array}\) \\
\hline Eags & & Japan, com, to med., Io.. & 014018 & Currants, Provincials .... & 000000 & Tilp. Van, Green do do & 050 \\
\hline Candled & \(\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 18 & 0 & 14 \\ 0 & 11 & 0 & 14 \\ 0 & 0 & 12\end{array}\) & " good & \(\begin{array}{lll}0 & 19 & 0 \\ 0\end{array}\) & Filistrss . .......... is & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 09 & 0 & 10\end{array}\) & jo do Lilac do do & 058066 \\
\hline P. \(\mathbf{F}\). & \(\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 113 & 0 & 12 \\ 0 & 00 & 0 & 00\end{array}\) & " choic & \(022 \pm 025\) & Patras... & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 12 & 0 & 13 \\ 0 & 12 & \\ 0 & 0 & 13\end{array}\) & uo do Bronze do do &  \\
\hline Cold st & 000000 & " iancy & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 26 & 0 & 36 \\ 0 & 05 & 0\end{array}\) & Vostizzas, \({ }^{\text {Prunes, } \mathrm{Cal} . . . . . . . . . .}\). &  & do do White do do & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 73 & 0 & 83 \\ 0 & 38 & 0 & 48\end{array}\) \\
\hline No. 2. & 009010 & Y. Hyson, com & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 05 & 0 & 09 \\ 0 & 13 & 0 & 20\end{array}\) & Prunes, French...... " & \(\begin{array}{lllll} \\ 0 & 05 \\ 0 & 04 & 0 & 0 & 095 \\ 0\end{array}\) & Unsweet'd blue prem do & \(038 \quad 048\) \\
\hline Hops: N. Y. State, per m. & 014015 & Y. Hyson, com, to goor, \({ }^{\text {fin }}\) & (lllll & Figs in bags. & 0031000 & Starch & \\
\hline Pacific Coast, & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 14 & 0 & 14 i\end{array}\) & Gunpowder, Moyune... " & \(\begin{array}{ll}0 & 22 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 25\end{array}\) & if new le & 008013 & Can. Laundr & 0049000 \\
\hline Canadian & 0121019 & " good...... " & 0
0 25035 & Dates & \(003 \pm 005\) & Silver Glos & 000007 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
German \\
English
\end{tabular} & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 28 & 0 & 35\end{array}\) & Pingsuey med to good. " & 0121016 & Sh. Almonds, bx & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 32 & 0 & 40 \\ 0 & 11 & 0\end{array}\) & Benson's Prep. & 000006 t \\
\hline British Columbla & 030000 & fine to & \(019 \quad 023\) & . 8. Tarragon & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 11 & 0 & 12\end{array}\) & & 0073000 \\
\hline Hoe Produets: & & Oolong & 028042 & alnuts & \({ }_{0}^{0} 000008\) & & 000005 \\
\hline Bacon, smoked & 014015 & Congou, c & \(\begin{array}{llllll}0 & 0 & 0 & 16 \\ 0\end{array} 1\) & Filberts & \(\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 11 & 0 & 12 \\ 0 & 10 & 0\end{array}\) & & \\
\hline Hams, city cure & \(013 ¢\) e 14t & m &  & Balk mixed Candy per lb. & 0051008 & Vinegar: less \(10 \mathrm{p}, \mathrm{c} . \mathrm{dis}\). & \\
\hline Pork Ca, s.c. per b & 0001900 & med. to & \(\begin{array}{ll}0 & 32 \\ 0 & 0\end{array} 035\) & Baking Soda, 112 lb , keg.. & 000170 & & 0330 \\
\hline do mess. & 18001850 & Indian.................. & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 15 & 0 & 38\end{array}\) & Spices: Cassia.......mate & 0 & Cote D'0 & 028000 \\
\hline Dressed Hogs, lig & 9501000 & Darjoelings................. & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 15 & 0.28 \\ 0 & 35 & 0 & 45\end{array}\) & Mace............. ....chests & 090120 & Crystal Pic & 028
0 \\
\hline " \({ }^{\text {a }}\) ( heavy & 9000925 & Ceylo & - 15 & Cloves............... \({ }^{\text {a }}\) & C 15016 & \(\mathrm{W} . \mathrm{W}\). \(\mathrm{X} \mathrm{X} \mathbf{Z}\) & 025000 \\
\hline Lard, per to Can pure & 01110113 & Cotjees, & 0
0
25 028 & Nutmeg & 035100 & \(\mathrm{W} . \mathrm{W} \cdot \mathrm{X} \mathbf{X}\) & \(020 \times 00\) \\
\hline Com. Reinned & \(007 \% 08\) & & 0
0 & Jamaica ginger & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 08 & 0 & 15\end{array}\) & W. W. X & 017000 \\
\hline SEMDS: & & Mar & \(\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 17 & 0 & 18\end{array}\) & " 4 unbl. & 007014 & Pure & 045000 \\
\hline Olover, r & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 12 & 0 & 14 \\ 0\end{array}\) & Jam &  & African " & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 08 & 0 & 10\end{array}\) & Cider X & 017000 \\
\hline & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 12 & 0 & 15 \\ 3\end{array}\) & Rio & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 11 & 0 & 15^{2}\end{array}\) & Pimento. & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 10 & 0 & 12 \\ 0 & 17 & 0\end{array}\) & 6 X & 027000 \\
\hline Timothy, (Can'n) per & \(\begin{array}{llll}3 & 00 & 3 & 40 \\ 2 & 50 & 300\end{array}\) & Plantatio & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 27 & 0 & 29 \\ 0 & 05 & 0\end{array}\) & epper, Bl & \(\begin{array}{llllll}0 & 17 & 0 & 19 \\ 0 & 25 & 0 & 27\end{array}\) & & \\
\hline Flax 681 & \(\begin{array}{llll}2 & 50 & 8 & 00 \\ 0 & 00 & 2 & 00\end{array}\) & Chicory & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 06 & 0 & 11 \\ 0 & 00 & 0 & 06\end{array}\) & & \(0{ }_{0}^{0} 72075\) & * & 0002 \\
\hline Fall Rye. & 080
0
0 & & 000006 &  & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 23 & 0 & 251 \\ 0\end{array}\) & & \\
\hline Millet & 098100 & S & & Rice, C.C.................... & 000300 & Matches: Telegr & 380400 \\
\hline Hang & 0 850 & Ex Gran & \(000<50\) & standar & 000310 & 4 Telep & \(370 \quad 390\) \\
\hline SuxDri & & German gran'd & 000000 & Pstna..... \({ }^{\text {\% }} 100 \mathrm{lb}\). & \(412+462\) ! & T1 & \(370 \quad 390\) \\
\hline Potatoes, (ol & 042050 & Ex Ground. in & 000505 & " Burmsh....... " & \(400 \div 10^{\circ}\) & " Pario & 000160 \\
\hline Honey, W &  & \% 4 in & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 00 & 5 & 25 \\ 0\end{array}\) & " Crystal Japan " & \(\begin{array}{lllll}5 & 00 & 5 & 10 \\ 860 & 7\end{array}\) & Dismond Jubile & \(000 \quad 860\) \\
\hline Beeswax & \begin{tabular}{lllll}
0 & 08 \\
0 & 05 & 10 \\
0 & 25 & 10 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & Powdered, in b & 000480 & na.... 100 tb & \[
660
\] & & \\
\hline BEARs: & 140150 & Paris Lumps, in & 000505 & Pearl * per ib & 003005 & Royal & (000m \\
\hline do. Best h & 000000 & \% \({ }_{6}{ }^{6}\) half & 000515 & Tapioca, Pearl. & \(000004{ }^{0}\) & do & 000000 \\
\hline Sugar Map & 009010 & " \(100-\mathrm{lb} \mathrm{bxs}\).. & 000 5 05 & " Flake...... \({ }^{\text {a }}\) & \(00000{ }^{1}\) & & 000000 \\
\hline Syrup Maple, ti & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 65 & 0 & 70 \\ 0 & 07 & 0 & 074\end{array}\) &  & \[
\begin{array}{llll}
0 & 00 & 5 & 15
\end{array}
\] & Gelstine, 1 qtipk... & \[
\begin{array}{lll}
110 & 0 & 00
\end{array}
\] & Improved Globe. & 000000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{"Robisco" White Metal, (REGISTERED.)} THE STANDARD OF PERFECTION.


PRICES ON APPLICATION.

\section*{}

England.
give entire satisfaction. Boilers can be made to any special design not shown in the catalogue, having flues, cross tubes, waterway bridges, steam chests, or any other specialty, and will be priced in accordance with other charges in the list. Write for price catalogue (a fund of information in itself), and special terms to Canadians under new tariff, to Binns. \& Speight, Limited, Bradford, England.

\section*{PULLAN AND MANN.}

Messrs. Pullan and Mann, of the Cambrian Works, Elland Road, Leeds,

Eng., are manufacturers of patent and improved brick, retort, and pipe-making machinery, dust mills, clay pans, etc. They fit up complete pipe-making plants with grinding pañs, elevators, screws, turnover tables, finishing wheels, carrying away saddles, trolleys, and travelling roller beds for large pipes. Their improved directacting steam sanitary tube machines are capable of making tubes complete, with sockets, from 3 in , to 36 in . inside diameter when burned. They are also suitable for making egg-shaped tubes, chimney tops, ridge tiles, rolled, grooved, and plain, with sockets, sewer bottoms, channelling, chim-

\section*{WLLLAM WHTE \& SON, WHITES \(\xrightarrow[\substack{\text { THEE } \\ \text { PIET }}]{\text { nen }}\) \\  \\ Manufacturers in the World.}

\author{
OFALL DEALERS
}
ney linings, quarries, lumps, \&c. They are manufactured with the greatest care, being strong, durable, and are fitted with an inproved cutting-off motion, which does away with the oldfashioned hand process, and have new style locking gear. The cylinders are made of hard cast iron, truly bored, and flanges faced and connected together by a strong cast-iron bass plate, which is made to rest on the beams, that carry the machine. Both steam and clay pistons are of cast iron and conneeted with steel piston rods sliding through glands and stuffing boxes in bottom cylinder cover. The clay piston is bushed and slides
\begin{tabular}{lllllll}
\hline \hline
\end{tabular}

\begin{abstract}
on a long steel centre rod, cottered into a boss cast on the bottom cylinder cover, and the bottom of the rod carries the bell cores for forming the inside of pipes. The machines are fitted with improved socketting dies, which are of the solid type, but the lower part is made separate from the upper part and free to drop a short distance from it after the socket has been formed, thereby relieving the
\end{abstract}
socket from all air and allowing space for a cutting-off wire to sever the pipe to its proper length. The two parts of the balance table are firmly locked together by a slight turn of the latter for the formation of the socket.
The firm are also manufacturers of Titley's patent brick, tile and terra cotta press for the manufacture of high-class, plain and ornamental front bricks, flooring and roofing tiles, terra
cotta, etc. It is well adapted to large blocks and special shape work of all sizes, as it will press up to 18 in . square, and will exert a pressure with one man of 30 tons (such pressure having been recorded by a oressure gauge in testing). Its capacity is 3,000 plain bricks per day, or 1,500 to 3,000 ornamental bricks terra cotta, \&c., according to the care required in pressing and handling. A single glance

\title{
Fulled Raw Hide Belting ूㅡㄴLaces.
}

\section*{CHROILE and Oak Tanned}

\author{
Single "Cemented" Belting, Double Belting. \\ Rubbing Leathers.
}

Every Description of LEATHER for Mechanical Purposes.

\section*{Edward Fairburn \& Sons,}

\section*{Caldervale Mills, BRIGHOUSE, Eng.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Name of & Wholesale. & ame & Wholemale. & Name of Axticle & Wholesale. & Name & Wholesale \\
\hline & c. 8 c & 1t-Continued. & \$ c. S, c. & 0a, 509. & \(\begin{array}{lll}8 & \text { c. } & 8 \\ 8 & \text { c. } \\ 0\end{array}\) & & \\
\hline United inches,00 to 25. & 000210 & Special Dairy, per brl. & 200850 & Gold Flake 10s, 50s......... & \(0{ }_{0} 150\) & , & - \\
\hline do 26 to \(40 . . .\). & 000220 & apeciar Daky, porarteru & \(0 \begin{array}{llll}0 & 45 & 50\end{array}\) & & & & 8 00600 \\
\hline do 41 to 50 & 000.470 & heene Salt p bag 200 lb & 125150 & & & Warter \# M M \({ }^{\text {aj }}\) & 210850 \\
\hline 51 to 60 & 000495 & Turk'e Island per buhh.... & 080 & Gerth's smoking, per lb.... & 000160 & Sherries-Pem artin & 200550 \\
\hline Lead & 000625 & & & & & rles.... per gal.......... & 2006 \\
\hline - No. & \(\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 00 & 5 & 87 \\ 0 & 81\end{array}\) & No. 1 Black Ch & \({ }_{0}^{0} 50108064\) & & & & \\
\hline do No. & 0000550 & No. 2 do & 059000 & Canadian Washed &  & Olarets- & \\
\hline do No. & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 00 & 5 & 121 \\ 0 & 00 & 4 \\ 5 & 75\end{array}\) & Old Chum, in pleg., 10 m and & & North West & 008000 & \begin{tabular}{l}
St. Juliens... \\
Barton \(G\)
\end{tabular} & \(2{ }^{2} 60 \quad 265\) \\
\hline Wh No. 4. & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 00 & 4 \\ 5 & 50 \\ 5 & 5 & 75\end{array}\) & Old Chum, in tins, ibs, and & 00082 & Pulled, com & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 00 & 0 & 00 \\ 0 & 00 & \\ 0\end{array}\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
Barton \& Guestie \\
Nat. Johnson \&
\end{tabular} & 4002500 \\
\hline White Lea Red Lead. &  & Old Chum, in tins, lbs, and & 000082 & Puod, & \({ }_{0}^{0} 00000\) & Nat. Johnson \& & 4002500 \\
\hline Venetion Red Rin & 175200 & old Chum, i-6 tins & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 00 & 0 & 95\end{array}\) & do ex & 000081 & & 04000 \\
\hline Yel. Ochre, Fren & 150325 & Puritan, in plogs., & 000085 & B. A. Scour & 025035 & Champagnes- & \\
\hline Whiting, ordinary & \(\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 45 & 0 & 50 \\ 0 & 60 & 0 & 70\end{array}\) & do \(1 / 1 \mathrm{lb}\). tin & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 00 & 085\end{array}\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
Natal. \\
Cape
\end{tabular} &  & Pommery, Fils & \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { do Gllders } \\
& \text { do Paris, }
\end{aligned}
\] & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 60 & 0 & 70 \\ 0 & 85 & 1 & 00\end{array}\) & & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 00 & 0 & 83 \\ 0 & 00 & 0 & 80\end{array}\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
Cape, \\
Chlifa
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{array}{lll}
0 & 18 \\
0 & 12 & 0 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & G. H. Mumm.. & 28 003000 \\
\hline glish Coment, cask. &  & Out Cavendish, in plig., 1-108
Durham, in bage, 1-12s and & 000080 & - & 000021 & & 28003000 \\
\hline Bolgian do & 170195 & 1-68........................ & 000100 & & & Brandies-Hennessy ..gal. & \\
\hline Gorman do & \(\begin{array}{llll}1 & 30 & 2 & 50 \\ 2 & 25 & 2 & 50\end{array}\) & Darham, 1 lb, drams........ & 000100 & & & 1 Star........... ...... cases & 12751400 \\
\hline American do &  & Ritchie's Navy Cut, 1-5 tins. & 000105 & Building Paper. & & & \\
\hline Fire Bricks P & \(1 \begin{array}{lll}1600 \\ 1 & 00 & 175\end{array}\) &  & 000095 & Tarred fel & & Scotch Whiskeys & \\
\hline Rosin. & 275450 & Ritchie's smoking Mixtare, & 000 & \({ }_{6}^{2}\) ply, Reac & \(080 \quad 000\) & Dewars Scotch extra spec. & 925 \\
\hline Glue:- & & 1-10 & 000080 & & 105000 & spl Li........ & \\
\hline Domestic Bro & \(0{ }_{0} 131015\) & Unique, 1-15 pkge........... & 000066 & & & a spl. Lique & 16261650 \\
\hline French Cauks & \(\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 11 \\ 0 & 0 & 18\end{array}\) & do in plgar., 1 lb ....... & \(\begin{array}{lll}0 & 00 & 0 \\ 01\end{array}\) & WInes, Llquors, \&G. & & & \\
\hline \(n\) & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 00 & 0 & 14 \\ C & 16 & 0 & 20\end{array}\) & O. C . Min pkg & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 00 & 0 & 60 \\ 0 & 00 & 0 & 61\end{array}\) & ugitsh. ..........qts & 250255 & De Kayper red & 0001150 \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { American Whit } \\
& \text { C oopers' Glue }
\end{aligned}
\] & 0 20026 & & 000661 & & 16211671 & do green do ........ & 000600 \\
\hline Golden Ochre. & 004004 & Ritchie's Derby Smolding, & & Portsr- & & & \\
\hline Branswlck Green & 004010 & Solace, 8s, 88 and 168..... & 000068 & lin Stout. .. qts & 240845 & & \\
\hline French Imperial Green.... & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 12 & 0 & 16 \\ 0 & 90 & 0 & 95\end{array}\) & Ritchio's old Virginia smok- & & don-per pts & 15711621 & Irish Whisky- & \\
\hline enuine Quicksilver......... & \begin{tabular}{ll}
0 & 90 \\
0 & 65 \\
0 & 0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & Old Virginis & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 00 & 0 & 70 \\ 0 & 00 & 0 & 70\end{array}\) & & & Irish Whisky & \\
\hline a do do & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 75 & 100\end{array}\) & Ritchie's Old Cham Ohewing & &  & \[
\begin{array}{ll}
450 & 40 \\
415 & 4 \\
4 & 25
\end{array}
\] & oe \# Co, 1 etar, qts & \(\begin{array}{llll}9 & 50 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 00 \\ 70 & 10 & 50\end{array}\) \\
\hline Drown Japan & 060075 & Solace, Thick and Thin 98, & & & 2100 & & 9501150 \\
\hline Black Japan. & 050075 & ( \(6 \mathrm{lb}, \mathrm{cads}\) ) & 000067 & Clab Whisky...... U.P & 360000 & Angostura Bitters, per & \\
\hline Orsnge Shellac & \(\begin{array}{llll}1 & 70 & 180 \\ 1 & 90 & 200\end{array}\) & Standard, 9 1-8s, 6 lb . cads.. & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 00 & 0 & 67\end{array}\) & Corby \({ }_{\text {¢ }}\) IXL Rye, qris & 800850 & case of 2 do & 14801500 \\
\hline do do & 1
1 90200 & w D H, \(\mathbf{0}\) wilis. & 000067 & " XTC \% 6 & \(\begin{array}{llll}600 & 6 & 50\end{array}\) & & 9751025 \\
\hline Thite do 100 &  & W. D. \& H. O. Wills. (R. A. Gerth, agent.) & & Rye Whisky & gal,2.202,30 & do do do pergal & \(400 \quad 425\) \\
\hline Patty Bule 100 lb . bri...... Parlegreen in drum 1 lb pk . & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 00 & 2 & 00 \\ 1818 & 0 & 1911\end{array}\) & & & & & Watson'sOldirish,qts, \(\mathrm{pr}^{\text {cs }}\) & 675775 \\
\hline Pariggreen in arum 1 lb pk .
Sait. & 18,0191
0 & \[
\text { Meridian (Cavendish } 1 / \mathrm{lb} \text {... }
\] & \[
\begin{array}{llll}
0 & 00 & 0 \\
0 & 00 & 0 & 75
\end{array}
\] & Canadian Wines Golden Disna, qt & \begin{tabular}{ccc} 
cases \\
600 & gal \\
\hline 000
\end{tabular} & do do pte per cs. & \(775 \quad 875\) \\
\hline Liverpool per bag... & 040 & Trave & 000050 & Fine Old Port & 500125 & & \\
\hline Canadian, in amall be Canadian, Quarters.. & \(\begin{array}{lllll}2 & 10 & 3 & 00 \\ 0 & 27 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 50\end{array}\) & Three Casties & &  & \({ }^{5} 5000125\) & & \\
\hline anadian, Filled per & \(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 90 \\ 0 & 1 & 125\end{array}\) & Capstan Navy & (1) & Burgundy \% & 4
4
4
4
4 & & \\
\hline do Quarte & \(027 \frac{1}{3} 035\) & & & Dry Ooncord & 450100 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
at its massive proportions is sufficient to convince any one of its strength and simplicity of construction, in which the best of naterials and workmanship are combined. It is fitted with solid steel double action screw and phosphor bronze tuts, selfacting lifting motion, heavy fy-wheel (or lever and balls if preferred), and one ordinary die (extra strong) with top and bottom plates, and brass-lettered panels when desired. Wth the screw being double action, i.e., with a right and left hand thread, a traverse equal to twice that of an ordinary screw is produced, and a listance of \(51 / 2 \mathrm{in}\). is descended by the plunger or stopper with one revolution of the wheel or lever. The stopper has a very large wearing surface tund is tecurately planed and fitted. The die is solidly bolted down to the bed-plate and hence remains perfectly rigid and cannot get out of place. The action of the press will be understood at a glance, and its simplicity of action will be universally appreciated.

\section*{HOYLE AND PRESTON,}

Messrs. Hoyle and Preston, of the Globe Iron Worksn Keighley, England, make specialties of wool combing machinery, hand wool scouring and self-acting scouring machines, hot and cold air wool drying mash'nos, bachwashing machinery, grease presses. yarn scouring machines, yarn grossing presses, warping mills, and all accesscries, fittings, iron and brass castir.gs, etc. They are anxious to push their machinery in the Doui uion, as it is especially fitted to on fine Caradian wools, and draw particmlar attention to the Nobles' wonl ec'nling

\section*{Patent Clica Grease}

\section*{SAVES 80 TO 90 PER CENT.} OVER COST OF OIL

\section*{Tred on all yinds of Yachinery and spocially adapted for India and hot climates.}

TRADE MARK.
PATENT MICA GREASE


PATENT MICA PACKING REGISTERED.

Patent Mica-Gotton Packing. Patent Mica-Asbestos Packing. Patent Mica-Flax Packing.
Patent Mica-India-Rubber Packing.
Will stand any degree of Heat and are Self-Lubri cating. The advantages of these Packings over orGlands. They are more durable. They do not seore the Rods, but put a Mica surface on them similar in apparance to Electro Plate They are 25 per cent lighter than ordinary Packings. All kinds of other
"MICA" BELTING SYRUP. The Harbinger Patent Elastic Metallic Packing \(\begin{gathered}\text { To Abolutud tho Bool } \\ \text { sind } \\ \text { chaposor. }\end{gathered}\)

Sole Proprletors and Manufacturers

\title{
The Mica Lubricating Company,
}

\author{
63 King Street, \\ SOUTH SHIELDS, England.
}
machine manufactured by them. It is fitted with patent dabbing motion, improved machine-fit roller siz2n. z , with patent lever weighting motion, if required; patent pillar stands for drawing off rollers; patent bevel brass shoes for guiding large ravk; improved traverse motion for leathers, 1 prevent the leathers from standing at
end of stroke, or Lister and Batty's patent traverse motion, if required; Halliday's patent revolving rubners for small rollers, if required; improsed cleaners for small circles, or natent circular cleaners, if preferra : feed boxes with brass lids, fifted with patent attachment for lone wool if required; star wheels with adjustable

Telegraphic Address: "ALEXSON, LEEDS."


Brick, Trile and Ceneral Clay Working Machinery Herbert Alexander \& O 0 ,

LIMITED. Queen's Engineering Works, Water Lane, LEEDS, Eng.
dividers; ratchet feed motion fur balls; improved brass bearances for top shaft; can coiler, balling head, or brass delivery trunk as required; all studs, rollers, \&c. \({ }_{2}\) made from the best wrought iron and thoroughly casehardened throughout, and all vertical rollers and shafts carried wis patent ball bearings. The machine is lixed on to a planed base plate, thereoy making it much firmer when running at high speed.
W. H. HEYWOOD \& CO.,

Glazing and Roofing Engineers, Bay Hall Works, Huddersfield, and Albany Buildings, 39, Victoria street, Westminster, S.W.

The Heywood Combination System of Glazing is the only dust-tight system. Suitable for buildings of every description. This system obviates the use of putty, and external painting, and at the same time allows for con-
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Department of Public Works,
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banks, photo, studios, horticultural buildings, \&c., \&c., \&c. Everywhere with the greatest success. Caution.It having come to their knowledge that unscrupulous attempts are being made to imitate the main features of this system they beg to intimate that an action will at once be brought against any person infringing this pa-tent.-From the Leeds Mercury, 23rd May, 1891.-Yorkshire Patent Case.Helliwell v. Heywood; Stamm \& Warden v. Heywood.- This case, which was a double opposition, came on for hearing before the Comptroller of Patents at the Royal Courts of Justice, on the 21st ultimo. The applicant, William Henry Heywood, of Colne Road, Huddersneld, Horticultural Engineer, sought to obtain a patent for certain improvements he had invented with reference to glazing, which has met with unparalleled success. Opposition was entered to the grant thereof by Thomas William Helliwell, of Brighouse, on the ground of fraud and prior patents, and Warden, Stamm \({ }_{0}\) and Warden, of London, on the ground of prior patents. Mr. Bonsfield, Q.C., instructed by Mr. John E. Walsh, patent agent, of Halifax and Leeds, appeared for the applicant, and Mr. Goodeve, barrister, instructed by Mr. Crossley, of Halifax, appeared for Mr. T. W. Helliwell, and Mr. Macken zie, for Warden, Stamm, and Warden, The Comptroller reserved his decision, which he has just given, and is to the following effect: He is of opinion the applicant's invention relates to a combined soft metal glazing bar and cap of the forms specified, and that the applicant claims in addition to the general construction, certain improvements as to the method of using

\title{
Alex B. CRICHTON \& Co.
}

the same. With respect to one of the claims which Mr. Bousfield offered to amend, he approves of such amendment, and deals with the application as if that amendment were made. With respect to the prior patents cited in support of the opposition, and as regards the specification of Faw-
thorp, upon which a patent has not been sealed in consequence of the abandonment of the application by Fawthorp, after an opposition had been filed against the grant by the present applicant, he declines to further consider such invention of Fawthorp. The other specifications cit-

\section*{Morison's Radial Evaporator}


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ed relate to particular details of construction of sash bars, and after fully considering the specifications relied upon, is unable to find anything which anticipates the applicant's construction of glazing bar. He does not require any further amendment, than that which was offered by the applicant's counsel, and on that taking place he will seal a patent to the applicant. Opposition failed in both cases. Write for catalogue and special terms, under the new Canadian tariff to W. H. Heywood \& Co., Glazing and Roofing Engineers, Leeds Road, Huddersfield.

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chinery. They are builders of dynamos, turbine dynamos \({ }_{0}\) turbine pumps and fans, lock-stitch machinery for leather work, and an endless variety of other appliances of the machinist and the mill.

The firm of Greenwood \& Batley dates from 1856 when the two gentlemen severed their connection with Sir Peter Fairbairn, and set up for themselves in the Albion Foundry, East Street, Leeds. With their energy and resource to push trade it was only natural that they should soon require larger premises. The East Streel works soon became too cramped for the proper carrying on of the work required. A new site of suitable dimensions was sought, and found at Armley-road, in the same town, though in a different quarter. The buildings erected there form part of the present Albion Works, and to-day cover about 10 acres, fronting to Armley-road and the Midland Railway from Leeds to Bradford and Skipton. At the back of the works is the Leeds and Lievrpool canal, with a wharf for the use of the firm. After the death of Mr. Thomas Greenwood. the management of the business devolved upon his sons, Mr. Arthur and Mr. George Greenwood, and Mr. Henry Greenwood and Mr. J. H. Wurtzburg. nephew and son-in-law respectively of the same gentleman; Mr. Batley hav-
ing some years before ceased to take an active part in the direction of affairs. This arrangement continued until 1888 , when the firm was converted into a limited company with a capital of \(£ 400,000\). The directors included Rear-Admiral Colomb, Major-Gener-
sent time the board is constituted thusly: Chairman, Mr. Arthur Greenwood, M.I.C.E., who is one of the mauaging directors, and chairman also of the Kings Norton Metal Company, Limited, and of the Russian Engineering Company, Limited, the two other

al Micklem, and Lieut.-Col. Vivian, in addition to the four gentlemen who had had control of the business during the preceding 15 years; Mr. Arthur Greenwood occupying the position of chairman. This directorate continued unchanged until death deprived the company of the valuable services of Mr. George Greenwood. At the pre-
managing directors being Mr. Henry Greenwood, a mechanical engineer of great repute, and Mr. John H. Wurtzburg. J.P., who takes charge of the commercial part of the business. The ordinary directors are Major-General E. Micklem, late of the Royal Engineers, chairman of the Army and Navy Investment Trust ompany, also chaix-

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man of the Bankers' Investment Trust, Limited, and a director of several other companies, including the Kings

Norton Metal Company, Limited, and the Russian Engineering Company, Limited; Vice-Admiral P. H. Colomb
one of the leading authorities on naval tacties, and iLeut.-Colonel Ralph Vivian, lately of the Scots Guards. The secretary of the company is Mr . Gen Hagger, and the works manager Mr. A. G. Hopper, a grandson of the late Mr. Thomas Greenwood, with a par ticularly happy choice of departmental heads under his control.
The Albion Works alone have a shop area of 32,000 square yards, and the firm's other premises are the Old Albion Works, now used for storage, the Victoria Works where heavy tools are made, the Cape mills, where cartridges are made and the East ireerwich Works, where they are loaded. The company's London office is at 16 Great George Street, Westminster, S.W.

Steam engines are a specialty of the

company They manufacture the celebrated Armington Sons' high-speed en. gines fitted with Frikart's improved Corliss valve They are also makers and agents of De Laval's patent steam turbine motor and dynamo They make every species of machiae tool known in the trade, including those
made by Messrs. Greenwood and Batley, and the vertical testing machine made by the firm for Messrs. Chas. Cammell and Sons (Limited), Sheffield, was a prominent feature at the International Exhibition of 1862. The other machine tools sent out are designed for minting, forging, woodworking and cloth cutting. So far, Messrs. Green-

used in the manufacture of war material, as well as machines for testing wire yarn, cloth, cement, leather, sewing thread \({ }_{n}\) strips of metal and chains. It is worth mentioning that this firm was the first to make the combined lever and hydraulic testing machines used in this country. The original machine to test up to the million pounds strain, used by Mr. David Kirkaldy in his tests of materials, was
wood and Batley have laid themselves out specially for the engineering branch of electrical work, and in this connection have carried out power transmission plants for several large manufacturers. The plant required for the working of tramways has also received the special attention of the firm. As tool makers, as well as electrical engineers, Greenwood and Batley, Limited, have had special facili-
ties for testing the merits of electric driving, and the experience gained has resulted in the manufacture of a number of very compact machine tools with motors self-contained for driving, so as to be quite independent of the ordinary shaftng thus enabling the machines to be placed to the greatest advantage in consideration of the work required to be done by them. The advantages of driving machine tools by electricity are becoming recognized more and more, and the firm recently supplied a large number of motors for this purpose to one of the foreign Government factories.

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\section*{(Continued from Page 247.)}

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\end{abstract}
five-sixteenths of an inch in diameter or over, 5 p.c.; Chains, bicycle, steel for, see Chains in Steel; Chains for Dogs and Cows, 30 p.c; Chains (iron or steel) other, N.E.S., 30 p.c.; Chairs, furniture, 30 p.c.; Chair seats,
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\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline No. & Length over all & Width of Baking Space. & Priog. & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Extreme Measurements.} & Approximative Weight including Tilee. & Telegrsphic Code Worde. \\
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\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Alliance Asmur. & 250,000 & 8s. p.s. & 20 & 2 1-5 & 934 & 9\% \\
\hline Atlas ................0.0. ............. & 24,000 & \(24 \mathrm{p}, \mathrm{B}\), & 50 & & \({ }^{2} 814\) & \({ }_{18}{ }^{251 / 3}\) \\
\hline British and Forelgn Marine........ & \({ }^{67,000}\) & & \({ }_{85} 8\) & & & \\
\hline Commerciai Ü. Fire, Lite and Mäarine. & 50,000 & \({ }_{2}{ }^{\text {a }}\) & 50 & 5 & 441/2 & \(451 / 2\) \\
\hline Guardian Fire and Life................ & 200,000 & 9 & 10 & & & 24 \\
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\hline Lancashire Fire & 100,000 & 8 & 81 & 114 & & \\
\hline London and Lancashire Fire. & 85,100 & 22 & 25 & 2\% & \(173 /\) & 181/4 \\
\hline London Absurance Corporation & 35,862 & 80 & \({ }_{10} 25\) & 18\% & & 61 \\
\hline London \& Lancsehire Life...i. Li .... & 10,00 & 10 & \(8{ }^{\text {st }}\) & \({ }_{2}\) & & \\
\hline Liv. \& Lon. \& Globe Fire and Life... & 391,752 & -20 & \({ }_{100}\) & \({ }_{10}^{8}\) & & 75 \\
\hline Northern Fire and Life....... \({ }^{\text {a }}\) & 30,000
10,000 & 308.p.s. & \({ }_{25}\) & 63\% & 36 & 37 \\
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45,000 & \(806 d \mathrm{p} .8\).
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