

The Glencoe Transcript.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
In Canada.....\$1.00 per year
In Foreign Countries...\$2.50 per year

Volume 50 -- 37

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15 1921

THE FALL FAIRS

GLENCOE.....SEPT. 27-28
MELBOURNE.....OCT. 5

Whole No. 2588

TENDERS
Tenders will be received by Harry Thompson for a collector of taxes for the township of Metcalfe for 1921 up to Oct. 1, 1921. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.—Harry Thompson, Route 2, Kerwood.

TENDERS
Tenders will be received by Joseph Blain up to Sept. 20th, 1921, for the construction of the McKeen drain in Metcalfe and Mosa. Plans, specifications, etc., may be seen at his residence, lot 14, con. 12, Metcalfe. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.—Joseph Blain, Route 2, Walkers.

WANTED—ORGANIST AND CHOIR LEADER FOR THE GLENCOE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Applications for the position of organist and choir leader will be received by the undersigned up to Sept. 22nd. State salary expected for combined position or separately.—J. G. Lethbridge.

TENDERS WANTED
Tenders will be received by the Glencoe Rink Company, Limited, for the erection of a skating rink. Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the treasurer, M. J. McAlpine, Glencoe, Ont. All tenders to be in by Sept. 15th.

FARM FOR SALE OR TO RENT ON SHARES
Fifty acres sand loam in the township of Mosa, county of Middlesex. Good buildings and plenty of fruit and water. Possession any reasonable time. Apply to J. A. McBrayne, Route 2, Newbury.

MISS PEARLIE GEORGE
(Gold Medalist)
of London Conservatory of Music)
PIANO INSTRUCTION
Lessons commenced on September 1. Symes St., Glencoe.

NURSES' TRAINING SCHOOL
The W. A. Foote Memorial Hospital at Jackson, Mich., is prepared to give a three years' course in the science of nursing. The training school is accredited and the training includes Medical and Surgical, Obstetrical, Contagious, and a special course in Tuberculosis and Public Health work. Apply in person, or by letter, to Superintendent of W. A. Foote Memorial Hospital, Jackson, Mich.

GAS ENGINE FOR SALE
For sale, cheap—1 gas engine, 7 h.p.; Gould, Sharpley & Muir; on slide; in first-class condition.—Apply to W. A. Hagerty, Glencoe.

DR. H. C. BAYNE
DENTIST
Office now open above Parnall Store, Newbury.

FARM FOR SALE
Old Canadian homestead for sale; 119 acres; lot 1, range 3 south of Longwoods road, township of Mosa; 5 miles from Glencoe. Fairly good buildings; 40 acres of hardwood bush; best of soil; lots of spring water; mile and a half from church and school. Apply to Neil McKellar, Glencoe.

CREAM AND EGGS WANTED
Cream received, tested and paid for daily at the Glencoe Butter Factory. Phone 73 if you want our delivery truck to call.

LAMBTON CREAMERY CO.
H. R. Skinner, Local Manager.

JAMES POOLE
Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance Agent, representing the greatest fire insurance companies of the world and the leading mutual fire insurance companies of Ontario. Office at residence, first door south of the Presbyterian church, Glencoe.

GLENCOE LODGE, NO. 133
meets every Tuesday evening at eight o'clock sharp in the lodge room, opposite Royal Bank building, Main street. All brethren of the Order cordially invited to attend.—W. R. McEachren, N.G.; W. Brown, R.S.

Great War Veterans' Association of Canada (Incorporated)
Glencoe Branch meets 1st Friday each month at 7 p.m. in I.O.O.F. rooms, Main St. All Veterans Welcome.—W. B. Mulligan, President; J. Tait, Sec.-Treas.

INSURANCE
The Ontario Farmers' Weather Insurance Mutual Co., Grand Valley, and the Great-West Life Assurance Co., Mac. M. McAlpine, Agent, Glencoe, Ont.; Box 41.

J. B. COUCH & SON
Furniture Dealers
Funeral Directors
MAIN STREET - GLENCOE
Phone 23, night 100

A fly in the milk may mean a baby in the grave.
Blank oil leases for sale at The Transcript office.

A New Type
Waterman's
Ideal
Fountain Pen
"POCKET SELF-FILLER"
A worthy self-filling companion to our Standard and Safety Pens.
Simply raise and lower the lever and it fills. Also self-cleaning. Very speedy. \$2.50 up.
Davidson's Jewelry Store
"THE PEN SHOP"

Chestnut Coal
We have a large stock of D. L. & W. Scranton Coal, clean, bright and well prepared. Indications point to an advance this Fall. Order now, or draw it home \$16 per ton.

McPHERSON & CLARKE
LUMBER YARD and PLANING MILL
Glencoe, Ont.

MILLINERY PARLORS

Fall opening on Thursday and Friday of this week. Everything in the very latest Fall and Winter Hats.

MRS. W. A. CURRIE
CENTRAL GARAGE

"FORD"
The Question of Depreciation

You cannot afford to overlook the question of depreciation when buying a car, because the time will come when you will either sell the car you have bought or turn it in on a new car. The loss you will have to take will depend on your choice now.

Ask the owner of any car purchased within the last 15 months, at a price varying from \$2,000 to \$4,000, what loss he would have to take on a resale. The amount will surprise you!

The more expensive the car the more the owner stands to lose. Excessive cost of upkeep kills the demand for a used car of this class.

Buy a FORD. It costs so little to run and repairs and replacements for worn parts can be so easily obtained that the demand for used Ford cars reduces depreciation to the minimum.

SNELGROVE & FAULDS
Ford Dealers
Glencoe, Wardsville, Rodney

Peaches and Plums THIS WEEK

Special reductions in Soaps, Rice, Honey, and many other lines in Staple and Fancy Groceries. Watch the window. Goods marked in plain figures.

Fresh Eggs, good table Butter and all marketable produce taken at highest price in cash or trade.

IMMEDIATE FREE DELIVERY.

W. A. CURRIE
CENTRAL GROCER
TELEPHONE 25

DISTRICT AND GENERAL

Thirty-five Methodist missionaries are leaving Canada this month for China.

The eighteen-months' old daughter of T. Murdock of Petrolia died of whooping cough last week.

Nineteen boys at Parkhill were fined \$2.40 each and costs for taking an active part in a charivari.

Two London boys were each fined \$2 and costs for taking corn from a farmer's field for a corn roast.

Fifty thousand people are expected to take part in the Old Fellows demonstration in Toronto on Sept. 17.

Customs returns for Chatham for August, 1921, \$57,583.75, a marked decrease from the total collected during August last year.

A net gain of 1,255,091 members has been made by all divisions of the Methodist Church in the United States in the past 10 years.

James Blakie of Wilton Grove celebrated his 93rd birthday on Sept. 5th. He came to Westminster township in 1835 from the Old Country.

An early improvement in industrial and business conditions in Ontario was forecast by Premier Drury in an interview at Woodstock the other day.

Inflated auto inner tubes dropped from a low-flying airplane saved the lives of three young women struggling in the surf at Hampton Beach, N. H.

A million more horses on the farms of the United States in 1920 than in 1910 is the report of the American Horse Association, gathered from the census.

Dr. R. Douglas Fraser, until lately manager of the Department of Presbyterian Publications in Toronto, is reported to have suffered total loss of his eyesight.

Premier Drury states that the cost of building the provincial highways is being kept within the limit which could be handled by the capitalization of local loans.

A Stimers, station agent for the Pere Marquette at Muirkirk, died a few days ago. He was the only station agent at Muirkirk since that station was established.

A company is being organized at Chatham to establish a new beet sugar factory. The factory will be built at some convenient point, but not necessarily in Chatham.

Trustees of a country school district in California have written to the state department of education for a woman teacher "clothed below the knees and above the waist."

Olive Martha Stover, 8-year-old daughter of Joseph Stover of Mount Brydges, fell over exhausted while trying to catch a little pig, and died soon afterwards from heart failure.

Up to the present time more than 1,000 subscribers to the Norfolk County Telephone Company have ordered their phones taken out, rather than pay the increased rates asked for.

Premier Meighen favors the appointment of women to the Dominion Senate and if in the House next session will ask for an amendment to the B. N. A. act to allow of their appointment.

Through a flaw in the window pane a hot sun focused its rays upon the bed on which a little child at Benswood, West Virginia, was sleeping. The bed was set afire and the baby burned to death.

The death occurred in the hospital at Calgary on Sept. 5 of John G. McKillop, aged 52 years. He was born in Wallacetown and was employed as a clerk in that place and afterwards in Dutton for several years.

While wandering on the tracks of the G. T. R. some time during Wednesday night, W. H. Salter, 65 years of age, the owner of the house of refuge in Strathroy, was instantly killed when he was struck by a passing train.

About four o'clock Saturday morning the residence of John Johnston, Zone township, was destroyed by fire, together with the household effects. The origin of the fire is a mystery. The loss is about \$4,000, partly covered by insurance.

Canada's net debt declined by \$12,831,576 in the month of August of this year. Figures covering the whole period of the fiscal year up to the end of August, however, show that Canada's debt has increased by \$90,465,652 as compared with the previous year.

James H. Bridger, aged 25, son of George H. Bridger, a gardener, residing on the London road, near Sarnia, lost his life when a well in which he was working, broke and buried him. It was two hours after before the rescue party succeeded in getting him out.

Two Ridgeway young men were fined with shot the other night when they attempted to rifle the melon patch of a nearby farmer, who had decided objections to seeing his fruit taken without even a "by-your-leave."

One of the young men had seventeen grains of shot removed, and a grain in the neck and one in the knee will require the X-ray to locate.

A new instrument has been invented to catch listeners on a telephone line. It reports at Central when a receiver other than that of the person called is taken down, and tells the number of the phone listening in. By this means an eavesdropper can be caught when poking his or her ear into other people's business.

The cost of the instrument is small, which will permit it being placed wherever a party line is used.

LAX METHODS CRITICISED

Melbourne Residents Feel Keenly Escape of Murrell Brothers

A letter, dealing with the escape of the Murrell brothers from London jail and the effect of the event on the people who captured them at some risk in the first place, has been received from a well-known citizen of Melbourne and is herewith printed in full:

Will you be kind enough to publish the views of a Melbourne citizen concerning the escape from the London prison of the Murrell brothers, charged with the murder of Russell Campbell, who was killed in Melbourne on April 11 while assisting in the attempt to protect the Home Bank from robbery.

It was only with great restraint that the Melbourne citizens kept from meeting out some form of punishment to the Murrell brothers upon the day of the hold-up. But arguing that we have a law in this country which punishes those deserving punishment, the prisoners were not maltreated.

We have a law, and we have officers of the law, but of what use? The citizens of Melbourne, unarmed and without police, caught three out of the four bandits and handed them over to the officers of the law, who hadn't the ability to keep them in bondage until tried. Had not the citizens at the next holdup (if they wish to see punishment meted out) better mete out that punishment themselves? A few more instances of such laxity on the part of the law, and we will have irate citizens, and justly irate, too—taking it upon themselves to perform the offices of the law. We will have a system of lynching similar to that of the olden days, and it is not time that those charged with the custody of such dangerous people were made responsible for their keep until they are brought before the bar? If there were a penalty for permitting such a thing perhaps we would have less prison escapes.

The Melbourne people were anxious that the trial should take place shortly after the murder but there, too, the law stepped in and set the trial for the fall. Then people said: "There'll be no trial. They'll get out." And they did. It has been—I will not say a joke, because it is a too serious matter for joking—but it has been a byword all over the country that the Murrell brothers will never face trial. I have heard it done so often, because it is a too serious matter for joking—but it has been a byword all over the country that the Murrell brothers will never face trial. I have heard it done so often, because it is a too serious matter for joking—but it has been a byword all over the country that the Murrell brothers will never face trial.

The Murrells were caught—I sincerely hope that they will. If you, had known the Melbourne community, and known the man whose life was taken, you would feel as hot as the Melbourne citizens do. But the Murrells' capture has nothing to do with the fact that they got away, and they made that get-away under the very nose of those who were charged with their keeping. If we have many more such instances the people of this country will not feel called upon to assist in keeping law and order. It is such things as this that make for disorder, robbery and murder, instead of tending to check it.

If the Murrell brothers' keep had been entrusted to the men who caught them I think I can say—and not boastingly—that they wouldn't have saved their way through eight iron bars without being caught. But it was left to the law, and, as a result, it looks as if justice will not be given. If they are caught we will have a great deal about what a fine capture it was. We pay officers to keep dangerous men in custody after they have been once caught—not to let them out and then catch them again.

What we need in this country in a time of unrest like this is a thoroughly efficient staff to enforce the law, and enforce it with vigilance. Have we that force?

You will want to attend the street carnival in Glencoe in connection with the opening of the new pavements. Watch for bills announcing date and giving particulars.

ORGANIZATION OF GIRLS' ATHLETIC SOCIETY

The enthusiasm of the girls of the G. H. S. has not been dampened during the holidays. The absence of some of the best athletes of last year is noted with regret but the girls hope with the co-operation of those entering to win as great a success and even greater than last year.

The tennis court and basketball are already in use, and baseball teams will be organized as soon as the necessary equipment can be purchased.

The girls decided to charge a membership fee of twenty-five cents to help meet expenses. The new officers for the year are as follows:

Manager, Miss Gillies; captain, Jessie Currie; sub-captain, Alma Watts; secretary-treasurer, Helen Richards; reporter, Margaret McDonald; form representatives—L. Olive Black and Annabelle McRae; II, Helen Gillies and Florence McEachren; III, Jean McEachren and Gladys Bechill.

Friday, Saturday and Monday, September 16, 17 and 19—regular \$8 Hot Point electric irons for \$5.—James Wright & Son.

STREET PAVING COMPLETED

Highways Department Inspector Pronounces the Job a First-class One

The paving of Glencoe's main street has been completed and will be opened for public traffic in about ten days. Inspector Marshall of the Ontario Highways Department was here on Monday and pronounced the work one of the best of its kind that has been done in Western Ontario.

Only the very best of material was used in the work and the concrete mixture was made unusually strong to ensure the lasting qualities of the roadbed and curbing.

The Kitchen Construction Company were the contractors, and the work was under the personal management of Mr. Bright, vice-president of the company.

It was originally intended to have but two blocks of the business section paved at this time, but on favorable arrangements being made with the Grand Trunk Railway it was decided to pave all the way from the north side of Symes street to the railway tracks. This makes a splendid extent of pavement, 46 feet wide and extending practically to the sidewalk on either side, with good substantial curbs.

The work was commenced five weeks ago last Monday, and the vigorous manner in which it was carried on to so satisfactory a completion is highly creditable to the contractor, while it also reflects much credit on the members of the municipal council, who showed themselves most assiduous in having this much needed improvement undertaken and carried out.

The whole work will cost in the neighborhood of \$16,000. Some \$2,700 of this will be taken from the province, about \$6,000 by the county and the balance by frontage assessment and debentures of the municipality.

Many citizens are already hoping that next year the pavement will be extended to the corporation limits as a 20-foot highway.

Watch for posters giving particulars of the street carnival to be held in Glencoe within the next two weeks.

GLENCOE BALL TOURNAMENT

An interesting baseball tournament was held here on Friday afternoon. In the first game, between Newbury and Walkers, Newbury lost by a score of 3 to 12. Newbury had 8 hits and Walkers 14. The batteries were: Newbury, Fletcher and Babcock; Walkers, Fletcher and A. McCall. In the second game, Glencoe trimmed Appleton 14 to 2. The home team had 17 hits and the visitors 7. Hamilton and Babcock were the batteries for Glencoe, and Fletcher and Fletcher for Appleton. The Glencoe nine then played Walkers, and won a 3 to 0 victory, the home team having 9 hits to the visitors' 4. The batteries were: Glencoe, Hamilton and Babcock; Walkers, Cann and Parlow.

MORE OIL IN MOSA

J. G. Best has secured another good oil well on the McKelvie farm in Mosa. This makes the third producer brought in by Mr. Best on this farm, the last one the best of all three, showing about 15 feet of oil rock. Mr. Best is now drilling a well on W. A. Hagerty's farm, lot 10 in the third concession, and has reached the hardpan at a depth of about 50 feet. This is the nearest to the surface that any oil well has yet been drilled in this vicinity. Oil men look upon this as a good prospect for striking a rich oil bed.

MISS KATE McLARTY DEAD

The death occurred at Walkerville on Sunday, Sept. 11, of Miss Kate McLarty, in her 78th year. Miss McLarty formerly resided in Mosa township and leaves a large number of relatives in this section. The funeral took place on Tuesday afternoon from the Grand Trunk Railway station here to Oakland cemetery.

HOME GARDEN AWARDS

The following is the standing of the pupils of S. S. No. 7, Ekfrid, in the home garden competition for the school fair to be held in connection with Glencoe fair:—

First prize, Jean Crawford; second, John Carruthers; third, Lillian Edie, Kenneth Edie; fourth, Elizabeth Crawford, Mack Leitch; fifth, Clarence Edie, Clarice Glasgow; sixth, Ella Leitch; seventh, Russell Campbell; Sarah Crawford.

STORM IN METCALFE

Considerable damage was wrought by a terrific wind storm which swept over a portion of Metcalfe township between three and four o'clock Sept. 1st. The farms of the 13th concession were in the direct path of the storm and comprise the area that suffered the most damage. The wind uprooted trees, blew over silos, and was otherwise destructive to farm buildings generally. The Cairnform church sheds were completely demolished. A portion of the roof of Wm. Morrow's barn was blown off, and the silos of V. Case, J. Case, A. Arnold, J. Herrington, E. Grosvenor and others were more or less damaged.

Tanlac, that wonderful medicine, sold in Glencoe by P. E. Lumley. A writer says chopuey is not what it used to be. He will now confer a great favor by telling what it used to be.

WOMEN TEACHERS ORGANIZE

Miss Stead, Organizer, Forms a Guild of the O. F. W. T. in Glencoe

A meeting of Glencoe teachers was held on Monday to organize a local Women Teachers' Guild. Miss J. Stead, organizer of the Ontario Federation of Women Teachers, addressed the meeting, giving an interesting account of the work accomplished by the formation of Guilds in England and Wales. Among other things Miss Stead said: "Women teachers must become better acquainted with each other in order that their work may be done with more unity. New ideas and methods are passed along in these Guilds, making them of inestimable value in the elevation of the teaching profession." Out of 11,000 teachers, Miss Stead says, there are 2,000 of them members of Teachers' Guilds, although the Federation is only in its infancy.

The following officers were elected: President, Miss T. Marsh; vice-president, Miss J. McLachlan; secretary-treasurer, Miss M. Morrison.

The Glencoe Guild will include about thirty of the surrounding schools, with the aim of just as many members. The hope is expressed that the women teachers of this district will interest themselves in the success of the Guild for the betterment of themselves and their sister teachers, and may they not fall behind the success of their sister Guild at Strathroy. M. Morrison, secretary-treasurer.

GLENCOE'S RATE 35 MILLS

At the regular monthly meeting of Glencoe council, held on Monday evening, Sept. 12, the rate of taxation for 1921 was fixed at 35 mills on the dollar, which is only one mill more than last year, notwithstanding that a considerable amount of public improvement was undertaken during the year ending from the paving of Main street. The minutes of the meeting will be published next week.

At a special meeting of the council held on August 29, at which Reeve McPherson and Councillors McCracken and Parlow were present, a resolution was passed to authorize the Kingston Construction Co. to continue the paving of Main street to the north end of the town of the Grand Trunk Railway, the mill rate having been consented to same and agreed to pay same in taxes extended over 15 years.

METHODIST HARVEST HOME

Harvest Home services were conducted in the Methodist church Sunday, Sept. 11, by Rev. R. Fulton Irwin of Lucknow, a former pastor, who preached two eloquent and impressive sermons. The morning subject was "Thanksgiving" and the evening subject "Darkness at noonday." There was special music by the choir and Miss C. Sutton sang a solo. The church was beautifully decorated with flowers and fruits. The flowers were distributed among the sick of the congregation after the evening service.

McLEAN-McCALLUM

"Bonnie Decon" the home of Mr. and Mrs. Christopher McCallum was the scene of a pretty wedding on Thursday evening last when Mary Alma, their second daughter, was united in marriage to Stanley Alexander McLean, son of John T. McLean of Ekfrid. The ceremony was performed by Rev. H. D. McCulloch, B. A.

At 7 o'clock to the strains of Mendelssohn's Wedding March played by Mrs. Howie of London, the bride, leaning on the arm of her father, passed through an arch of clematis and asters to the drawing-room, where the ceremony was performed under an arch of clematis, bells and ribbon tastefully arranged. The bride looked lovely in a handsome gown of white satin with panels of georgette. Her veil of brilliant tulle was arranged in coronet with orange blossoms. Her shower bouquet was opelia roses and lily of the valley. She wore the groom's gift, a white gold pendant with onyx and pearl setting.

Miss Annie McCallum was her sister's bridesmaid and looked attractive in shell pink georgette and carrying a bouquet of pink roses. Little Miss Esther Webster, niece of the bride, made a charming flower girl in her white and blue frock and carrying a basket of pink and white roses. The best man was Clarence McLean of Mt. Clemens, Mich., brother of the groom.

After the ceremony about forty-five guests repaired to the beautifully decorated dining-room where a sumptuous repast was served. At the conclusion a toast to the bride was proposed by Mr. McCulloch and suitably responded to by the groom. The happy couple left on a motor tour to Welland, Hamilton and Niagara, the bride travelling in a navy blue embroidered broadcloth suit with small hat and veil to match.

The groom's gift to the bridesmaid was a gold bar pin, to the groomsmen a waldemar chain, to the pianist a bar pin and to the flower girl a pendant and chain.

Among the many beautiful gifts received by the bride were several pieces of exquisite china from the Sunday school in which she was a popular teacher.

Mr. and Mrs. McLean will carry with them to their new home the good wishes of a host of friends.

Big shipment of Tanlac just received.—P. E. Lumley, local agent.

The Secret of the Old Chateau

By DAVID WHITELAW.

(Copyrighted)

Synopsis of Later Chapters.
Leaving Baxter bound in the cellar of Adderbury Towers, Dartin and Haverton make their escape. Two days later Baxter starts for Paris with a detective, Silas Berwick. They track Haverton to the Hotel d'Elair.

CHAPTER XXII.—(Cont'd.)
"It was this morning, monsieur, when I paid my visit to the chapel. It is my custom to go there at ten o'clock each morning to see that all is as it should be; for, monsieur, there are many valuable articles on the little altar—a fourteenth-century cross studded with amethysts, and two candlesticks which were once in the possession of Plus the Sixth. You might say in your paper, monsieur, that I, Henri Biblot, have the entire care of these treasures—B-i-b-l-o-t; yes—one 't'."

"This morning everything seemed in its place, and I was about to leave the chapel when I heard a sound beneath my feet—a low, hollow groan, and coming from the ancient tomb of the Dartignys."

"The man paused for the effect of his words; then he tapped his chest impressively."

"I am not a coward, messieurs; I gained the cross at Sedan. But I confess, as I heard this I was afraid. You have not seen the tomb? No? Well, it is covered in with a movable slab, worked by means of a lever concealed in the ironwork of the railings. My fear was only momentary, and in a few minutes I had slid this stone back and peered down into the darkness."

"The floor of the vault, you must know, lies some ten or twelve feet beneath that of the chapel, and at first I was unable to make out anything in the gloom. I took a candle from the altar—the saints forgive me the sacrilege—and managed to lower it a few feet."

"The old man ceased speaking and took a long drink from his tumbler, then he went on:

"The last to be interred in the vault, messieurs, was Armand Raoul de Dartigny, who fell gloriously at the battle of Jemappes. As was the custom, the coffin lay on the raised bier directly beneath the opening, for each Dartigny 'lay there until a movable burial took place, when his remains were put in their niche to make room for the newcomer. To my horror I saw that his coffin was broken, and I could see bones, messieurs, among the splintered wood. Then I saw something else—the shapeless body of a gentleman huddled in a heap on the floor of the vault. Perhaps the light from my candle served to rouse him somewhat, for he moved a little and groaned."

Henri passed a shaking hand across his brow.

"They could do so; personally he had no desire to see, or even hear the name of his late companion now that he knew Baxter was aware of the truth of his cousin's death. His acquaintance with the man found in the tomb had never benefited Eddie Haverton."

An hour later the three men were sitting in the paneled dining room of the Chateau Chauville. With them, and listening with eager ears to the romantic tale Baxter was telling, was Monsieur de Barron. The eminent banker being conversant with the English tongue, Robert was better able to make his story clear, and the kindly old eyes of the courteous owner of the chateau glittered as he learned the romance which surrounded his home."

Robert told, as well as he could remember it, the story of the flight of the old aristocrat from the terrors of '93, and of the claims of Stella Benham to the chest he had delivered up to the impostor, to the man who now was lying unconscious in the little chapel."

For, on rescuing Dartin from the tomb, they had made up a deal of sorts for him in one of the old-fashioned spare pews while they sent for a doctor from Bleis, and the medical man had forbidden that the stranger's last hours should be rendered more painful by his removal. The injuries, he said, were caused by some fall, presumably from the coffin on the stone bier. Truly, it seemed that fate had ordained that the last hours of Vivian Benham should be spent in a better place than the rest of his life had been."

Monsieur de Barron had told them of how they had found the sufferer. He had evidently climbed upon the coffin of old Armand Raoul de Dartigny, and the time-worn wood, being unequal to the weight, had given way. It was not very far to fall, and Dartin had sustained injuries to his head which were slight enough. What was more serious, however, was a broken rib, the point of which, the doctor had told Monsieur de Barron, had entered the base of the lung."

In his pockets they had found a quantity of jewelry, and beside him a little heap of jeweled vessels, and a few choice pictures which had been cut from their frames and rolled together to make carrying easier."

The banker, who was by way of being a connoisseur, took the men to his study and showed them his spoils. Among them there was no article that could be less than a hundred and fifty years old, and the vases and some of the jewelry were marked with the Dartigny crest. The pictures, from lack of proper care, were in bad condition, and this, taking into account the great age of some of the canvases, made them unrecognizable. But there were some which were undoubtedly of great value."

Monsieur de Barron looked the treasures away and turned to Baxter. "I suppose they are as well here as anywhere for the present, Mr. Baxter, although I may say, here and now, that I lay no claim to what I consider does not belong to me. If, indeed, it seems probable, this poor fellow in the chapel has stumbled upon the Dartigny treasure, then it belongs to a Dartigny and not to me."

of the sacred building Robert felt intuitively that he stood in the presence of death, and in his heart was nothing but pity for the debonaire rogue who lay there, conquered at last."

His head, swathed in stained bandages, lay back on a pillow in the angle of the pew, and he rolled the eyes which looked so large in the white face, restlessly from side to side. There was something ghostly in all the whiteness against the black oak paneling."

The eyes came to a standstill at last, resting on the figure of the man whom fate had made his enemy, and a tired smile curved for a moment the pale lips. When he spoke it was slowly and with difficulty, so that the solicitor had to bend over to catch his words:

"So, my dear Robert, we meet a little sooner than I expected. I—I'm afraid I've made rather a mess of things."

He waited, but Robert did not raise his head.

"I—I'm glad you've come, Baxter—what I told you of your cousin's death was truth—God's truth! I've been through and through, but I've never killed a man intentionally. I had only intended to take back my money. How differently we look at things now, don't you? When we are dying; what a hideous tangle it seems when we have come to the end and look back!"

Dartin's voice became weaker as the doctor moistened his lips from a tumbler. After a few moments he went on:

"I chanced upon the parchment in my search for the money—you can guess the rest. It was a good game while it lasted. Why?—that standing behind you—there, in the shadow?"

"That's Monsieur de Barron, Dartin, the owner of—"

"Oh!—yes—I know. I owe monsieur an apology. This is not the first time I have visited his chateau. Feel round my neck, Baxter, will you—here, beneath the shirt. I—"

The sufferer closed his eyes, and Robert, as he felt, shuddered at the cold clamminess of his chest. The doctor bent forward to assist, and, by a silken ribbon, the man drew out a wash-leather bag. Robert put it in his pocket without a second glance and stood looking down at the pallid face. The eyes remained closed, and he turned to leave the chapel. Then he heard his name again whispered and he bent again over the pillow."

"You—believe—the accident?" Robert fumbled for the solicitor's hand. "Forgive me," Robert pressed the fingers that had found and tightened round his. It was better than words. At the door of the chapel he turned again. He never forgot the scene. Two candles had been lit, and in their tall candlesticks burnt steadily and tall a candlestick of light around the pew in which the dying man lay and touched into points of radiance the communion service on the altar. The fading light of day filled the chapel with an elusive sheen, through which the statues and carvings loomed in strange shapes."

(To be concluded.)

STANFIELD'S

Unshrinkable UNDERWEAR

"It wears longer"

If you are out all day in the cold, keep warm by wearing

STANFIELD'S "Red Label" Underwear

It is heavy wool underwear—thick enough to protect you against the piercing cold—easy and comfortable because so carefully made.

We make all weights suitable for men, women and children.

Send for free sample book.

STANFIELD'S LIMITED
Toronto, N.S.

"Stands Strenuous Wear"

Woman's Interests

College Girls' Clothes Requirements.

If the college girl is decked with the needie she can make very charming clothes for the same price that she would pay for ready-made ones, less distinctive and of poorer quality materials."

Many farm girls have to figure penies rather closely when in college, so as to make the best appearance possible with a minimum expenditure. In choosing clothes, the style should be conservative, never extreme, so that the garment will stay in style and save making over too soon. The material should be good, and such that it will remain good style, for instance, a blue serge would be a much better investment than a novelty material in a bright color. Needless to say, the material needs to be durable. In order to know that you are getting what you pay for, it is advisable to take a sample and make the household test to see if the material is cotton, wool or silk or mixtures. To see if a sample is all wool, boil five minutes in a rather strong solution of household lye. Wool dissolves, and if any of the sample is left the sample was not all wool."

First of all, the college girl needs school clothes, simple, easy to get into, and good looking. For early fall, a skirt and light weight sweater or jersey coat is good. If the skirt is to be pleated, the material may be hemmed at top and bottom, then sent away to be pleated, and when it comes back, the seam and the belt should be made. With this outfit, separate blouses are worn. These are made of linen, dimity or a thin material, or crepe de chine. They are of the tailored type, with tucks, tiny pleated ruffles, or a rolling large collar of pique."

A serge dress is, of course, a necessity for school wear. It may be worn early in the fall, then later with a heavy coat. It is advisable to have two serge dresses, one probably a made-over, and the other a new one. These must be easy to press, and perhaps even to wash out in wool soap or soap bark on Saturday. A little white collar adds a touch of light color and variety, but frills, tassels or anything elaborate would be foolishness."

A fall suit is needed, and this should be bought ready-made, unless one is proficient in tailoring. Blue tricotine or serge is the standard conservative suit which will be good for one year after another, but other colors or materials might be substituted for it. A semi-tailored suit is most generally preferred, and has the advantage of being suitable for best wear the first year, and class-room wear the second year. With this should be bought a close-fitting hat which will also do for wear with a winter coat later. A blouse of a rather dressy type should be made to wear with this suit. Since I am short I have found that a blouse the same color as the suit is most becoming. This would not be true of a tall person, yet I have always disliked

seeing a person cut in two with a light waist and a dark skirt. Georgette is an appropriate material for the blouse, or else crepe de chine."

A girl needs a dark silk dress for informal afternoon occasions and for church. This may be of satin, crepe de chine or taffeta in a dark color, made rather simply. One might as well make this dress as to buy it, for it is easy to copy clever ideas from ready-mades. It may be that one needs an afternoon dress which is more elaborate, with lace and georgette. If you are not sure that you will have occasions demanding this dress, do not buy it, for it is foolish to spend money for anything unnecessary. When I was in college, I had a dress of navy blue georgette which answered this purpose."

An evening dress is easy to make at home. For instance, it might be made of peach colored satin (or any color which is becoming), with the waist of the same color silk net, with pieces of the satin across the shoulders, drawn in slightly at the waist with tiny half circles of blue and pink French flowers, and with two little pieces of silver ribbon over the silk net, drawing in the waist line. For the college girl, the dress should be girlish, simple and charming, the charm lying in the pretty dainty materials made up in a becoming way. Extreme décollete is not good taste. Needless to say, a last summer's voile will not do for a dance unless the dance is unusually informal. To wear over the evening dress a coat might be made of a heavy jersey-like silk, so that this coat could be later made into a dress."

A heavy winter coat needs to be warm and serviceable, probably for wear every day and for "best," too, since a winter coat means quite an investment, and should be worn while it is in style, rather than having two coats at the same time."

For starting in to college in the fall, you will need a pair of black or brown oxfords, broad, with rubber-tipped heels, so as to insure comfortable feet while walking over the campus, a pair of boots of the same kind, a pair of dress shoes to wear with the silk dress for church wear, possibly a pair of black slippers to wear with the same dress, and a pair of slippers to wear with the evening dress, not to mention bedroom slippers and overshoes."

It is wise to have one's wardrobe rather complete, and in good repair to start in the season, since it is easy to make one's clothes during the summer at home. Underwear should be plain, easily laundered and plainly marked with the owner's name, with a name tag sewed on, if it is to go to the laundry."

Seasonable Recipes.
Pear Honey—For this use hard pears which would not be so nice in preserves or canned. For every dozen pears allow three pounds of sugar and three cups of water. Pare and core fruit and put through meat grinder,

using coarse knife. Cover with water and cook for ten minutes, then add sugar and cook forty-five minutes longer. Seal in jars. Quince honey may be made the same way."

Ginger Pears—This is another way to use hard pears. For every eight pounds of fruit, before peeling, allow six pounds of sugar, three lemons, one pound of candied ginger, and one-fourth pound ginger root. Chop pears fine. Put one quart of water, juice of lemons, lemon peel cut fine, in preserving kettle, and bring to the boiling point. Then add pears, candied ginger chopped fine and ginger root, chopped fine and tied in bag. Cook slowly until pears are tender."

Apple Butter from Windfalls—Measure the apples, wash and slice into small pieces, add four gallons of water for each bushel of apples. Boil until fruit is soft; rub through screen or sieve. To the pulp from each bushel of apples add two gallons of boiled cider. Bring to a boil, add twelve pounds of sugar. Cook until proper consistency. Add spice to taste. When butter is as thick as desired pour it at once into hot jars and seal immediately."

A Creed.

Say to yourself every day, and mean it with all your heart:

I will become more than I am. I will achieve more and more every day because I know that I can. I will recognize only that which is good in myself—only that which is good in others; only that in all things and places that I know should live and grow. When adversity threatens I will be more determined than ever in my life to prove that I can turn all things to good account. When those whom I have trusted seem to fail me, I will have a thousand times more faith in the honor and nobleness of man. I will think only of that which has virtue and worth. I will wish only for that which can give freedom and truth. I will expect only that which can add to the welfare of the race. I will live to live more. I will speak to give encouragement, inspiration and joy. I will work to be of service to an ever-increasing number. And in every thought, word and action may ruling desire shall be to enrich, ennoble and beautify existence for all who come my way."

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians.

Sweetest Things of Earth.

What are the sweetest things of earth? Lips that can praise a rival's worth; A fragrant rose that hides a thorn; Riches of gold untouched by scorn; A happy little child asleep; Eyes that can smile, though they may weep; A brother's cheer, a father's praise; The minstrelsy of summer days; A heart where never anger burns; A gift that looks for no returns; Wrongs overthrown; paths swift release; Dark footsteps guided into peace; The light of love in lover's eyes; Age that is young as well as wise; An honest hand that needs no ward; A life with right in true accord; A hop-bud waxing into joy; A happiness without alloy; A mother's kiss, a baby's mirth—These are the sweetest things of earth. —Emma L. Dowd.

300 MILE BREAKER

The used car dealer who shows you how they run instead of talking about what they are like.

USED AUTOS
100 Actually in stock
Percy Breaker 402 YONGE ST. TORONTO
Mention this paper.

Bits of Canadian News.

A delegation representing the Canadian Land Owners' Association, of England, are touring British Columbia making a thorough survey of conditions both of the cities and of the vast area of unsettled land in Central British Columbia, and studying the colonizing organization which has been built up in the province to co-operate with their efforts in the old country towards inducing the best type of agricultural settlers to take up land there."

Final agreement has been reached between the Manitoba and Ontario provincial governments for the connecting of the two provinces by a national highway. Construction of the Ontario end of the road from Kenora to the Manitoba boundary is now in progress, and is expected to be completed this year. Approximately sixty miles of new highway will have to be constructed in Manitoba to connect with the Ontario end of the road."

Ninety-five dollars an acre was paid by a Saskatchewan man for a quarter-section of land in the Taber Irrigation district, Alberta. This district first received water for irrigation this spring and some remarkably good crops are being harvested on irrigated lands this season. The purchaser considers he has made a very satisfactory bargain in getting this quarter section at the price named. A feature of the farm is a fine melon patch."

Fall rye will be sown on 1,500,000 acres of land for the 1922 crop in the dry sections of Southern Alberta and South-west Saskatchewan, if plans under consideration by the Western Canada Colonization Association are carried out. It is estimated that the million and a half acres would produce at least 25,000,000 bushels of rye which should net the growers approximately \$25,000,000."

The commercial production of apples in Canada amounted to 3,404,340 barrels, valued at \$29,549,149, in 1920, as compared with 3,334,669 barrels, of the value of \$24,596,210 in 1919, according to a report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. The totals of 1920 include sales for export amounting to 1,127,400 barrels of the whole-sale value of par at exchange of \$12.470.444. The province of Nova Scotia exported almost two-thirds of its total crop of 1920 at an average wholesale price of \$10.50 a barrel."

Seventy thousand tons of ship plate, required for the construction of a battleship, and other work at a Nova Scotia port, is the subject of an order reported received by the Sydney steel mills. Official announcement is expected shortly from the management of the Dominion Iron and Steel Company. At present the mills have about fifty completed a Government order for fifty thousand tons of steel rails."

Last season H. S. Osler, of Lake Seabrook, Ontario, trapped two hundred ducks and banded them. Most of them were black ducks, but in the bunch were a few blue winged teal. Many of the birds were killed near him, but bands and reports have been received from Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky, Tennessee, Kansas, Louisiana and Texas, while one of the blue-winged teal was killed near Port of Spain, in the island of Trinidad, more than 2,500 miles from the place where they were banded."

According to "The Canadian Manufacturer," a new Canadian industry in the form of cold drawn steel is now being manufactured by the Canadian Drawn Steel Company, Limited, at their plant at Hamilton, Ont. The company will manufacture large flats up to four inches wide and two inches thick. They are also able to make squares and hexagons up to three inches. Heretofore this business has gone to the United States."

Portuguese Appreciation of Trees.

In many places where timber trees are to be found in Portugal, one sees the following inscription:

"Ye who pass by and would raise your hand against me, harken ere you harm me."

"I am the heat of your hearth on the cold winter nights, the friendly shade screening you from the summer sun, and my fruits are refreshing draughts quenching your thirst as you journey on."

"I am the beam that holds your house, the board of your table, the bed on which you lie, and the timber that builds your boat."

"I am the handle of your hoe, the door of your homestead, the wood of your cradle, and the shell of your coffin."

"I am the bread of kindness and the flower of beauty."

"Ye who pass by, listen to my prayer; harm me not."

Crows That Sing.

The great crow of the North, a bird as large as a raven or a young buzzard, is a talented singer. Most crows have a raucous cry, but this black bird, who appears so often on the totem poles, is a singer. R. P. Bonham tells of his first experience with the great crow of Alaska. A party were ashore looking over an old Indian village when suddenly a golden voice broke forth in melody. The nearest bird to them was a great crow, and in a fastening way Bonham assured his companions that it was this crow that was singing, thinking to have some fun with the party. But to his surprise he was proved a truth-teller, for while they all watched the bird opened his spacious mouth. Instead of the expected "Caw, caw," a rippling flood of song burst forth.



There are more than 150 brands of baking powder in Canada; and the fact that there is more MAGIC BAKING POWDER used than all the other brands combined shows why Magic Baking Powder is known as Canada's best baking powder.

CONTAINS NO ALUM

Hallowe'en Novelties

Don't overlook these in buying. Our Travellers have the Samples. We have the Stock.

Toronto Fanny Goods Co., Ltd.
Wholesale Only.
7 Wellington St. E., Toronto.

STATEMENT OF SINN FEIN DEMANDS TO BE MADE AT INVERNESS

DeValera's Party Would Enter League With Britain—Concede to Ulster the Powers and Privileges Conferred by the Home Rule Act.

London, Sept. 11.—The News of the World, the London weekly, owned by Lord Riddell, who is a close friend of Lloyd George, to-day stated that in Sinn Fein circles it is reported that the Cabinet at Inverness will make three fundamental proposals as a basis of an Anglo-Irish treaty:

- (1) Renunciation by Britain of the claim to legislate for Ireland, thus giving full Dominion status. Incidentally, this would put Ireland where she was in 1782.
- (2) An agreement by Ireland to act in association with the nations of the British system.
- (3) An agreement by Ireland to concede to Northern Ulster the powers and privileges conferred by the Home Rule Act, reserving possibly fuller powers to the National Parliament.

It is stated these terms will be in the hands of the Prime Minister on Thursday.

The Daily Telegraph's Dublin correspondent states that there is a growing feeling in Dublin that the Sinn Fein will accept the Premier's invitation to a conference in Inverness, saying public opinion is unanimously favorable. As yet there is no word of the official reply to Lloyd George's letter.

Michael Collins, however, speaking at Rathfarnham this afternoon, said:

"Irish freedom is coming, not because of any action of our enemies, but because of the strength of our own position. It is coming because of men who are still prepared to die for Ireland. We will not stop till Irish freedom is secured."

COL. COCKSHUTT NEW LT.-GOVERNOR OF ONT.

Brantford Business Man and Farmer, Active During War.

Toronto, Sept. 12.—Lieut.-Colonel Harry Cockshutt of Brantford, is the new lieutenant-governor of Ontario, succeeding the late Lionel Clarke.

The appointment was announced by Premier Meighen at Ottawa on Saturday after it had been passed by the cabinet council and approved by Lord Byng, governor-general of Canada. Lieut.-Col. Cockshutt, who is president of the Cockshutt Plow Company, and former commanding officer of the 21st overseas battalion, is the first Brantford man to become lieutenant-governor.

Col. Cockshutt has devoted much time to public business, having been Mayor of Brantford from 1899 to 1900, president of the Board of Trade in 1898 and president Canadian Manufacturers' Association in 1906-7.

The new Lieutenant-Governor was born in Brantford, July 8, 1868, the youngest son of Ignatius Cockshutt and Elizabeth Foster, in the old homestead on Tutela Heights, about three miles from the city, which he retains in his possession. Col. Cockshutt has a sentimental interest in his boyhood home, and when in Brantford, he goes there frequently, wanders about, gives directions to the manager, and inspects his special herd of Jersey cattle, which he prizes highly. He has about 30 head of the best Jersey cows in a wide district, famous for this particular breed. He also owns other stock of high pedigree.

In 1896 he married Isabella Rolfe. Mrs. Cockshutt was born in Chatham, and attended the Chatham schools and the Jarvis Collegiate Institute, in Toronto, where she lived later. They have two daughters, Miss Margaret E. Cockshutt, who is at present in Europe, and Miss Kathleen Isabella, who attends Glen Mawr School, in Toronto. Her recreations include gardening and music and she is a member of Brantford, Galt and Hamilton Golf Clubs.

Cousin of the King Dies in London

London, Sept. 11.—Admiral Louis Alexander Mountbatten, first Marquis of Milford Haven, died here to-day. He was 67 years old.

The Marquis of Milford Haven, for many years the personal aide de camp to the King, was born in Graz, Austria, in 1854, the son of Prince Alexander of Hesse, and grandson of Louis II, Grand Duke of Hesse. In 1884 he was married to his cousin, Princess Victoria, daughter of Louis IV, Grand Duke of Hesse and of Princess Alice, Queen Victoria's daughter.

The Marquis of Milford Haven was naturalized as a British subject, assumed the title of Prince Louis of Battenberg, and entered the royal navy as a naval cadet in 1868. He was successfully promoted from this grade to that of first sea lord of the Admiralty, from which position he resigned in 1914. In 1917, at the King's request, he relinquished his German titles and assumed by royal license, the surname of Mountbatten.



Hon. S. F. Tolmie
Minister of Agriculture, who has made an arrangement with the Government and the Canadian Bankers Association to loan cattle raisers money to secure fodder, cattle being the security. Cattle raisers will thus be enabled to carry their stock instead of being forced to sell them at sacrifice prices.

THE "QUEST" SAILS FOR THE SOUTH SEAS

Sir Ernest Shackleton on 30,000-Mile Trip to Make Hydrographical Survey.

London, Sept. 11.—Sir Ernest Shackleton in his two-hundred-ton ship, Quest, sails from London next Saturday on a thirty-thousand mile trip to carry out his hydrographical survey of the Antarctic and South Pacific Oceans. The voyage is scheduled to last two or three years. Laboratories have been built above and below decks and platforms have been erected from which soundings up to thirty-thousand feet can be taken. Besides a kite balloon, the Quest will also be equipped with a seaplane, while a powerful wireless equipment will make it possible for the explorer to be for some time in contact with the world at large, but there will be a long time, it is expected, when the Quest will be out of wireless touch.

From London the tiny vessels, the bows and sides of which have been strengthened with steel plates two feet thick, will make for the Cape of Good Hope via Salvages, near Madeira, then on to the lonely island of Tristan da Cunha and Gough Island, and then on to the Unknown Sea, with a view to exploring the South Sandwich Islands, South Georgia.

Shackleton also hopes to be able to discover the lost island of Tuanaki, in the Pacific. Some of these islands, particularly Dougherty, he hopes will prove to be serviceable as a coaling station or as wireless relay station between New Zealand and South America. The explorer is accompanied by six of his companions on his former voyage, including Commander Frank Wild.

Women farmers in the United States number over 260,000.

Claimed as the largest watch in the world, a timepiece recently exhibited in London was 17 inches in diameter and 53 inches round.



LORD ROBERT CECIL CRITICIZES ARMED LANDS IN LEAGUE MEETING

Geneva, Sept. 8.—The Council of the League of Nations, the United States, mandatory powers and countries that are continuing to arm came in for trenchant criticism in the first day's debate in the Assembly of the League of Nations, on the work done by the Council of the League.

Hjalmer Branting, of Sweden, accused the Council and the secretariat of the League of partiality and extravagance. Lord Robert Cecil, representing South Africa, defended both the Council and the Secretariat. Lord Robert was very severe, however, about the countries which, according to statistics, are spending about 20 per cent. of their energies on armaments and at the same time complaining of instability and a bad trade situation.

Lord Robert's address seemingly made a great impression on the members of the Assembly.

That a president of the United States cannot alone, under the constitution, bind his Government on a question of mandates is brought out briefly in one of the paragraphs of the last United States note on mandates, copies of which are circulating among the delegates of the Assembly of the League of Nations here. The note is dated August 8, and is addressed to the French Government.

The note makes various suggestions of changes in the terms of the Turkish mandates, some of them being that consular tribunals, under capitulations from the powers, shall remain in force until the Governments are organized under mandates, and that if the mandates are surrendered, the consular tribunals shall be restored.

Request is made in the note that

the freedom given to religion also shall be extended to educational and charitable organization workers, not only those in the territories at present, but those who may go there in the future.

Electioneering for the eleven judges of the International Court created by the League of Nations already has begun and is developing considerable ardor. This is particularly true among the South American delegations, which, basing their claims on their numerical strength in the League, are asking for four judges.

The four principal powers—Great Britain, France, Italy and Japan—have conceded one each by election fore-casters. Also it is generally conceded that one of them will come from the United States and one from Holland. The difficulty of placing the other five in order to satisfy all aspirations is becoming apparent.

League leaders aim to give all-round satisfaction to the nations of the world, which raises the difficulty in their object of giving one seat to Scandinavia, one to the Slav countries, one to the British Dominions, and one to German-speaking countries. This leaves only one for South America.

John Bisset Moore, who is now in the United States, is the most often named as the United States representative. The method of election is now being studied and probably will be public. The Assembly and Council, it is understood, will hold elections consecutively after which the lists chosen by each body will be compared, and a new election held for the seats not provided for by both bodies at the first election.

MANY LIVES LOST IN TEXAS FLOOD

Thousands Rendered Homeless and Total Death Toll Probably 400.

San Antonio, Texas, Sept. 11.—This city's list of known dead from the flood which swept over it early Saturday morning, to-day jumped to 45, with the filing of ten additional bodies under piles of debris in the heart of the business section.

City officials and several Mexican societies that are co-operating with civil authorities in the succoring of thousands of homeless, gave out statements estimating that the total death toll will range between 400 and 500 persons.

A re-survey of the flooded business district of the city and of the Alazan creek district, which was stripped of a thousand or more homes, resulted in the earlier estimates of less from the flood being cut from \$15,000,000 to \$10,000,000.

With sunrise this morning and after the city had spent a night in darkness, and with the streets patrolled by detachments of troops from nearby army posts, hundreds of business men who were the victims of the flood plunged bravely, but with sober faces into the work of rehabilitation.

"Open for business Monday," is the sign which has appeared in front of almost every business establishment that was wrecked by the rush of water, that reached a depth of 12 feet on the downtown streets—but in displaying such placards there is more optimism and never-say-die spirit than there is serious intent of really re-opening their shops to-morrow.

EARLY AND HEAVY GRAIN MOVEMENT

Over Eight Million Bushels Already Shipped from the West.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: All previous records for volume and early shipment of grain over the Canadian Pacific Railway's Western lines have been shattered this season, officials of the company state.

Wheat and other grains shipped East up to this time have passed the 8,000,000-bushel mark, and this, in a measure, it is stated, accounts for reported congestion in Montreal. Of wheat, 5,419 cars have been handled, aggregating 7,402,351 bushels, and 580 cars of coarse grains have carried 1,020,400 bushels. Officials of the Canadian National Railway declared that the movement of grain over their lines was 10 days ahead of last year, and very heavy for this season.

New Spanish Offensive in Morocco

Paris, Sept. 11.—Uncensored despatches from Madrid state that the Spanish forces have commenced their offensive in Morocco. With 22,000 troops, the Spaniards left Melilla in two columns, heading south and west.

The Moors put up a violent resistance and the south column is reported to have been checked four miles from Melilla. The west column is besieging Fort Cabreries, which is resisting strongly.

The Spanish losses are reported to have been heavy, while the Moroccan casualties are not known.

CONFERENCE ON DISARMAMENT TO CONSIST OF TWENTY DELEGATES

Five Great Powers to be Represented by Four Delegates Each—Advisory Committee Will Also be Present.

A despatch from Washington says:—President Harding's suggestion for a limit of twenty on the delegates to the international conference on armament limitation here in November has been approved by the other four powers. This Government's four delegates will be Secretary of State Hughes, Elihu Root and Senators Lodge and Underwood.

Definite announcement on the conference membership was made on Friday at the White House, and at the same time all speculation on delegates was ended by the naming of the former Secretary of State and the Democratic leader in the Senate, Senator Underwood. The President is certain of their willingness to serve.

The five great powers have clearly displayed the fear that with partial admission of China and possibly Holland and Belgium, or others, the body of delegates would grow unwieldy. It means that China and such other favored nations will not actually have delegates seated in the conference.

Standing back of the "big four" delegates from each of the five principle powers, however, will be advisory committees, designed to bring to the fingertips of the delegates all the information necessary for successful negotiations. In the American advisory body will be representatives of the army and navy, as well as the American womanhood and American labor.

Heavy Frost in the West.

A despatch from Edmonton says:—With two inches of snow at Calgary, Southern Alberta and Saskatchewan also covered, and heavy frosts reported from McMurray, Dunvegan and Spirit River on Thursday night, the Edmonton district is awaiting its turn. So far there has been only a suspicion of frost here. The weather is cloudy following rain on Thursday. Crops are nearly all cut now in this district and threshing under way.

Money-Making Press in Hungary Wears Out

A despatch from Zurich says:—Owing to the heavy demand made on the Hungarian bank note printing machinery it wore out and the Hungarian Government was forced to engage a large Zurich printing firm to turn out for it five million kronen worth of notes. Before long, however, the Hungarian Government found it was running short of paper. Consequently it has just ordered another five billion kronen worth from the same Zurich firm.

A remarkable bird found in Mexico is the bee martin, which has a trick of ruffling up the feathers on the top of its head into the exact semblance of a beautiful flower.

Educational Service.

"Service" expressed the idea that came to one's mind on studying the University of Toronto's display at the Canadian National Exhibition. The information given in large blue letters on a white ground showed that the provincial university had something to offer every seeker after higher education no matter what his circumstances. Listed there were twelve extension courses already in operation. To the farmer, the industrial laborer, the housewife, the journalist, the teacher, the doctor, the municipal official, the university offers a course that is of practical and cultural value. But there was one item of information, given in strikingly graphic fashion, that made the loyal Canadian pause and wonder whether the people of this country really value education as they should. Five heavy blue lines were used to compare the revenue of Ontario's provincial university with those of four universities of the same size just across the southern boundary. And the story told by these blue lines is that the University of Toronto is struggling along on about half the revenue that each of the others receives. To do the immense work it is doing with the relatively small amount of money the provincial university has at its disposal is a real achievement in economical financing.

Weekly Market Report

Toronto.		Maple products—Syrup, per imp gal., \$2.50; per 5 imp. gals., \$2.35.
Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.61½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.52½; No. 3, \$1.46½; No. 4 wheat, \$1.34½.		Maple sugar, lb., 19 to 22c.
Manitoba oats—No. 2 CW, 48½c; No. 3 CW, 45½c; extra No. 1 feed, 45½c; No. 1 feed, 45½c; No. 2 feed, 41½c.		Maple—60-30-lb. tins, 14 to 15c per lb.; 5-2½-lb. tins, 16 to 17c per lb.; Ontario comb honey, per doz., \$3.75 to \$4.50.
Manitoba barley—No. 3 CW, 73½c; No. 4 CW, 69½c; rejected, 63c; feed, 63½c.		Smoked meats—Hams, med., 40 to 42c; heavy, 30 to 31c; cooked, 57 to 60c; rolls, 27 to 28c; cottage rolls, 30 to 31c; breakfast bacon, 33 to 35c; special brand breakfast bacon, 45 to 47c; backs, boneless, 42 to 47c.
All the above in store Fort William. American corn—No. 2 yellow, 71c, nominal, c.i.f. Bay ports.		Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 18 to 21c; clear bellies, 18½ to 20½c.
Ontario wheat—No. 2 winter, car lots, \$1.22 to \$1.27; No. 3 winter, \$1.19 to \$1.24; No. 1 commercial, \$1.14 to \$1.19; No. 2 spring, \$1.17 to \$1.22; No. 3 spring, \$1.14 to \$1.19; No. 2 goose wheat, nominal.		Lard—Pure, tierces, 16½ to 19c; tubs, 19 to 19½c; nails, 19½ to 20c; prints, 21 to 22c. Shortening, tierces, 14½ to 14¾c; tubs, 14½ to 15½c; pails, 15½ to 15¾c; prints, 17½ to 17¾c.
Peas—No. 2, nominal.		Choice heavy steers, \$7.25 to \$8; butcher steers, choice, \$6 to \$6.50; do, good, \$5 to \$5.50; do, med., \$4.25 to \$5; butcher heifers, choice, \$6 to \$6.50; do, med., \$4 to \$5; butcher cows, choice, \$4.50 to \$5; do, med., \$2.50 to \$4; canners and cutters, \$1 to \$2 butcher bulls, good, \$4.25 to \$4.60; do, com., \$2 to \$3.50; feeders, good, 900 lbs., \$5.50 to \$6; do, fair, \$4 to \$4.50; milkers, \$60 to \$80; springers, \$65 to \$85; calves, choice, \$10 to \$12; do, med., \$8 to \$10; do, com., \$3 to \$8; lambs, yearlings, \$7.50 to \$8.50; do, spring, \$7.50 to \$8.25; sheep, choice, \$3 to \$4; do, good, \$2 to \$3.50; do, heavy and bucks, \$1 to \$2; hogs, fed and watered, \$11 to \$11.50; do, off cars, \$11.25; do, f.o.b., \$10.25; do, country points, \$10.
Barley—Malt, 65 to 70c, according to freights outside.		Oats—No. 2 CW, 61 to 61½c; No. 3 CW, 60 to 60½c. Flour, Man. spring wheat pats, firsts, \$10.50. Rolled oats, 90-lb. bag, \$3.10 to \$3.20. Bran, \$30. Shorts, \$31. Hay, No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$30.
Buckwheat—No. 2, nominal.		Cheese, finest Easterns, 18½-19c. Butter, choice, creamery, 37½c. Eggs, selected, 45 to 46c.
Rye—No. 2, \$1.00.		Choice picked calves, \$11; com., \$3 to \$5; good lambs, \$7; med., \$5.50 to \$6; com., \$4 to \$5. Hogs, \$11 to \$11.25 for light selects; \$10.75 for selects; sows and heavies, \$5 less.
Manitoba flour—First pats., \$10.50; second pats., \$10, Toronto.		
Ontario flour—\$6, old crop.		
Millfeed—Del. Montreal freight.		
Bages included: Bran, per ton, \$28 to \$30; shorts, per ton, \$30 to \$32; good feed flour, \$1.70 to \$1.85.		
Baled Hay—Track, Toronto, per ton, No. 1, \$23; No. 2, \$22; mixed, \$18.		
Cheese—New, large, 25c; twins, 23c; triplets, 24c. Old, large, 28 to 29c; twins, 29 to 30c; triplets, 30 to 31c; Stiltons, new, 25c.		
Butter—Fresh dairy, choice, 33 to 35c; creamery, prints, fresh, No. 1, 41 to 42c; No. 2, 38 to 40c; cooking, 22 to 24c.		
Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 35 to 40c; roasters, 20c; fowl, 30c; ducklings, 35c; turkeys, 60c.		
Live poultry—Spring chickens, 20 to 25c; roasters, 16c; fowl, 16 to 20c; ducklings, 25c; turkeys, 50c.		
Margarine—20 to 23c.		
Eggs—No. 1, 42 to 43c; selects, 50 to 51c; cartons, 52 to 54c.		
Beans—Can. hand-picked, bushel, \$4 to \$4.25; primes, \$3.50 to \$3.75.		

HELGOLAND BIGHT NOW CLEAR OF MINES

British Admiralty Announces That Germany Has at Last Finished Task.

A despatch from London says:—The British Admiralty announces that the Germans have successfully finished the task of clearing Helgoland Bight of its mine fields. This marks a definite stage in the restoration of the seas to normal conditions, since the entire North Sea is now rendered clear of moored mines.

The waters around the British Isles are now entirely cleared and the Mediterranean is practically cleared, and only three small areas on the Albanian coast remain, and should be cleared this year. Four small areas remain in the Arctic, and German mine-sweeping flotillas are now working there, though it is likely the ice of the past four winters has cleared the water of mines.

There are mines still in certain parts of the Baltic and clearing is progressing there.

Of three small areas in the Adriatic, one will be swept by Italy and two by Jugo-Slavia in the near future. The only serious place is the Black Sea, which is full of mine fields. No international agreement exists for their removal, and conditions have been aggravated by the mines added by the Russians.

Successful mine-sweepings have been carried out under the auspices of the International Mine Clearance Committee, on which 33 countries are represented.

The report shows that not one vessel has struck a moored mine while obeying the committee's instructions. Considering the vast tonnage afloat and the enormous aggregate of mileage covered, it is remarkable that there have been so few accidents, and wherever these have occurred it is proved in all cases that they resulted because of disregard of the committee's instructions.

ALFONSO MAY LOSE HIS CROWN

Powerful Aristocracy Stands in Way of Granting Concessions to People.

A despatch from London says:—An almost airtight censorship prevents the outside world knowing the full effects of the recent debacle sustained by the Spanish forces in Morocco. For months past the Spanish Government has been waging a war at home also, a war of suppression of the Liberal elements of the state, which demand a greater share in the Government of the country, and this contest has been marked by the use of the mailed fist against some of the spokesmen of Labor.

In smashing the Spanish army in Morocco Raisuli's followers have intensified the opposition to the reactionary Government, and there are many who argue that unless big concessions are made King Alfonso's throne will fall.

His efforts to get more in touch with his subjects is emulated by his British-born Queen, who, with the royal princes and princesses, have moved about among the people in the watering place where they have been spending the Summer.

If the King had his own way about it and was not bound down by his reactionary Ministers and the powerful aristocracy, it is believed that long ago he would have satisfied many of the legitimate ambitions of Spaniards, for he has been one of the most liberal-minded and popular figures among the still reigning monarchs of the old world. His future may rest largely on the result of Spain's reported attempt to reconquer Moroccan territory, for if it fails, his Crown may be one of the prizes of this gamble.

French Thumb Prints Must be Registered

A despatch from Paris says:—The entire French nation, as well as all foreigners residing in France, will be re-enrolled and compelled to register their thumb-prints, according to the latest regulation of Police Chief Lullier.

Identification of crime suspects and the detection of criminals is expected to be made easier under the new system.

Canadian With Shackleton Party

A despatch from London says:—Among the eighteen men sailing with Sir Ernest Shackleton on the Quest is a representative of each of the Dominions. The Canadian member of the expedition is a Montrealer, Mr. Vibert Douglas, M.Sc., a graduate of McGill in mining and geology. He served in Flanders and France from 1915 to 1918 with the Northumberland Fusiliers, and has engaged in exploration work in Northern Quebec and Northern Alberta in the interests of various mining and oil companies. The Quest, which is now at St. Katherine's dock, will carry an Avro airplane for research work.



EXCEPTIONAL BUYING OPPORTUNITIES GIVES US DECIDED ADVANTAGES FROM REGULAR BUYING

In Clothing---

OUR RANGE OF SUITS AT \$16.75.
made from all wool serviceable Tweed, fashionably tailored, with best of linings, makes it worth your while to buy now at in many cases below pre-war values.

OUR RANGE OF FANCY WORSTED SUITS AT \$35.00
makes you smile again at being able to get choice imported worsted suits, made up in latest type, guaranteed to hold that smart shape, and so reasonably priced—\$35.00. Could not be sold last year under \$55.00 and \$60.00.

SCHOOL OPENING MAKES DEMANDS FOR CLOTHING
Boys' and Youths' Suits in for fall and winter showing. Prices down easily half. See the splendid values at \$7.90, \$8.75, \$9.50 and \$12.00.

BOYS' AND YOUTHS' BLOOMERS
at \$1.25, \$1.75, \$2.25 and \$2.75. The kind to give wear and real value.

REAL VALUES AGAIN IN SILKS, MAKING UNUSUAL DEMANDS
Wide range of materials and colors, at from \$1.50 to \$2.75. Thrifty people anticipate their wants early and have advantage of first choice of materials, and have making done before the rush later on.

COTTON GOODS ON AMERICAN SIDE SHOW GREAT ADVANCES IN PRICES

We have reasons to believe that we have touched bottom for a while at least, and advise our customers to buy their necessities now. Our prices are down one-half on Cottons, Sheetings, Shirts, Tickers, Cottonades, Denims and Flannelettes.

J. N. CURRIE & CO.

The Transcript

Published every Thursday morning from The Transcript Building, Main Street, Glencoe, Ontario. Subscription—In Canada, \$2.00 per year; in the United States and other foreign countries, \$2.50 per year. Advertising—The Transcript has a large and constantly growing circulation. A limited amount of advertising will be accepted, at moderate rates. Prices on application. Job Printing—The Jobbing Department has superior equipment for turning out promptly books, pamphlets, circulars, posters, blank forms, programs, cards, envelopes, office and wedding stationery, etc. A. E. Sutherland, Publisher.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1921

The success of any undertaking, be it public or private, depends upon the amount of energy put into it. Quite often a public enterprise, a bit of municipal management, or a fair, a picnic or other function is not made the success it might be from the fact that some of those elected or appointed to manage the affair do not put the energy and push into it that they should. People who accept election or appointment to any position should do so with the determination of doing their level best to discharge the duties placed upon them as of a sacred trust. Instances are not few where a person selected for some particular branch of work because he was thought to be the one most fitted therefor proved a dead failure, becoming conspicuous only when it was time to wear a badge or bask in the spotlight at important social functions or public gatherings. When a person is honored by his fellowmen with a position of trust, whether on salary or otherwise, he should not accept the honor unless he is prepared to devote some of his best energies to achieving the end in view. Better for him to step out of the way for a real live wire.

Beware the persuasive agent who wants you to sign an order without every provision in it, in cold print, that he makes by word of mouth. The agent is bound in law only by what is in black and white.

How comes it that while scores of young people can dash off many a musical number on piano or organ in genuine ragtime quality and quantity, nine out of ten possibly cannot correctly and efficiently play a hymn-tune, sacred song, or voluntary?

The prospective shortage of the potato crop makes possible a good demand for the rice crop as substitute for potatoes. Rice can be made to meet the shortage, suggests the Federal Bureau of Markets. The prospective crop of 33,500,000 bushels of rough rice is equal to 931,000,000 pounds of cleaned rice, and to this must be added comparatively large stocks derived from the extraordinarily large crop of 1920.

The Weekly Half Holiday

For some years now inconvenience has been caused to commercial travellers, loss to the houses they represent, and annoyance to the merchants of the country, through the hit-and-miss weekly half holiday practice of the summer months.

Travellers drop off a train to find that the half holiday falls on that particular day. Perhaps there is not a train out for hours. The tendency then is, if the traveller knows the merchants well, to call them on phone and try to discuss purchases in spite of the holiday. The merchant either has to seem discourteous to a man who, probably on many occasions has proved a true friend, or lose his holiday.

Because of these inconveniences—this waste of time and money—there is growing up a feeling that something should be done to standardize the summer half holiday. If all places decided on Friday afternoon, say some, the travellers would be able to get home earlier and would not have their week unnecessarily broken up.

There may be reasons against Friday. There is much to be said, however, for a generally accepted day. It would seem a matter which the United Boards of Trade might well consider.—Exchange.

Women of Canada will be out in full voting strength on Dominion election day, when, according to an unofficial estimate, more than 1,260,000 will be entitled to cast their ballots. The same estimate gives the total voting strength of both sexes at approximately 3,000,000. At the last Dominion election approximately 3,000,000 votes were cast, and of these some 232,000 were soldier votes. The deficiency between the voting strengths of 1917 and 1921 is accounted for by the fact that in 1917 some 30 constituencies were carried by acclamation, and also by the fact that more women will be voting this year.

The Kingston Whig pleads with motorists who picnic on property near the roadside to leave the place tidy, not defaced with a litter of lunch boxes, plates, oil paper, egg shells, sardine cans and banana skins. Burn up the litter, put out the fire, or carry the refuse away to a dump. This is good motor morality. Picnickers should also be careful about fires, and not destroy property. This much is due to good-natured farmers, and also to motorists who may follow.

Farmers in Western States are killing cattle to sell in the Omaha market for \$7.50 a hundred pounds, the lowest since 1911.

Chicago is said to have about half a million unemployed persons, and the outlook for the winter in that great city is most unpromising. In New York a similar situation obtains.

ON TRAINING OF COLTS

They Should Not be "Broken," but Educated.

Start Them Wearing Harness and Bridle—Then Hitch and Give Light Work at First—Methods of Keeping Cow Records.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture Toronto.)

The too common practice of allowing colts to go "unbroken" until such time as they are required to perform the functions of a horse in the spring, is irrational, and is unfair to the animal. Colts should not be "broken"; they should be taught or educated. In the unhandled, or unbroken colt, the muscular, respiratory and nervous system (the organs whose functions are taxed in the performance of the ordinary functions of a horse) are weak and undeveloped from lack of function. Hence, when the unprepared animal is asked to perform ordinary horse labor, he has neither any knowledge of what he is required to do, nor the muscular nor respiratory tone that is necessary for its satisfactory performance; therefore, unless very carefully handled, and very little work done for the first two or three weeks, trouble of various nature that will probably necessitate complete rest for a variable time is very liable to result. Hence, a regular course of preparation during the late winter and early spring months, when the time of both man and horse is not very valuable, should be given in order to have the colts in such condition when time becomes valuable, that they will be able to perform a reasonable amount of work with satisfaction to the driver and safety to themselves. This course should be commenced at least six weeks before regular work is expected to commence.

They Should Be Harnessed and Bridled Early.

The colt or colts should first be taught to wear harness and bridle by being allowed to run free for a few hours daily in a box stall or paddock with the harness on. It is then good practice to match each with a handy, smart and good-natured horse, or if necessary a pair of colts together, and teach them to drive, obey the words of command, stand when asked to, etc.

When they have become reasonably handy without being hitched, they should be hitched to a sleigh or wagon. Care should be taken to see that the harness fits properly. This applies especially to collars. The collars in which they are expected to work later on should be worn. Each should have his own, and it should fit properly, not being too wide, so as to allow a rolling motion, nor yet sufficiently narrow to pinch at any point. The bearing surface should conform thoroughly to the surfaces of the neck and shoulder with which it comes in contact, except at the bottom, where sufficient vacant space to allow the introduction of a man's fingers should exist.

Exercise or Light Work a Benefit.

The colt or pair should be given daily exercise or light work. Commencing with an hour or two the first day and gradually increasing the amount, until they will be able to perform a full day's reasonable exertion without showing signs of weariness. The amount of grain given should also be gradually increased in proportion to the work or exercise given. By such usage the muscular, respiratory and nervous systems gradually gain tone, the muscles with which the harness, especially the collar, comes in contact, gradually become hardened and increased in power, of resistance, become much less liable to soreness. In many cases, on account of the hardening of the muscles, they lose bulk; hence a collar that may have fitted perfectly at first, may now be too large. This should be attended to either by providing fresh collars or filling the extra space of the old ones with sweat pads. While we prefer collars without sweat pads, the latter is much better than vacant space. J. H. Reed, V.S., O. A. College, Guelph.

Methods of Keeping Cow Records.

Four things are necessary for keeping cow records:

1. A monthly milk record, ruled so that there shall be a column for recording the weight of the morning and evening milking of each cow for each day of the month, though some use a sheet ruled for three days only, and estimate the weight of milk given for the month from these three days, which may be consecutive or on the 1st, 10th and 20th of the month, making ten day periods between.
2. A milk scale, preferably one having a dial-face and two hands, one of which shows the net weight of milk in the pail, when properly set. This scale costs about five dollars.
3. A four to eight-bottle Babcock test, where it is desired to know what each cow's milk tests in fat. This will cost from eight to twelve dollars complete.
4. The fourth and most important requirement is, "The will-to-do." Without this, milk sheets, scales, testers, etc., are valueless. By having scales, sheet, sample bottles properly arranged, it takes but little time to keep a record of each milking cow in the herd.

We would add a fifth need, which is, some form of permanent record book for monthly totals and tests, as milk sheets, and notes or records of testing, are likely to be lost and not available for reference. But if these are recorded once a month in a permanent form, they will prove a source of help in breeding, feeding and weeding dairy cows.—H. H. Dean, O. A. College, Guelph.

LOVE REUNION

One of the grandest events which happened in some time was celebrated on Labor Day, Sept. 5th, it being the Love centennial held in the old Love homestead on Talbot street, corner of townline of Aldborough and Dunwich townships. The wedding dances during the day reached as high as 2,500. On approaching the place one could readily observe an air of hospitality, plainly seen by the tents thickly spread over the grounds. On arrival the beautifully decorated tables, filled to capacity with dainties, satisfied the desires of many good appetites. The program began at noon with unveiling ceremonies at the Love cemetery, a short distance west of the homestead, conducted by Rev. R. W. Stewart of Dutton and Rev. Peter McParlane of West Lorne. A memorial poem entitled "The Pioneer," dedicated to the Scottish pioneers who founded the settlement and written by E. D. McGregor, was recited by Miss Margaret Campbell of Dunwich. After justice was done to the feast dainties an excellent program was given. One would feel enthused by the Scottish airs on the pipes played by Duncan McMillan of Dutton, and the Scottish dances so trig and so brave by the lasses and lads. Jean Anderson Thirde of Toronto was appreciated very much in the play McMillan's songs of Auld Scotland. Gilbert and Margaret Stevenson of Melbourne, a talented little couple in kilts, added the finishing touch to the program and were repeatedly cheered for their rendition of Scottish selections. John Collins gave several humorous pieces. The sports were presented by Wm. Patton, reeve of Dutton, and Mrs. W. D. Love of Aldborough. Addresses were given by Lieut. Col. A. A. Campbell of London, who was chairman jointly with Alexander Love, the present owner of the homestead; Neil Carmichael of Dunwich; James McLean, ex-reeve of Rodney; B. B. Graham of Rodney, county treasurer; John McNabb, reeve of Brussels; Alex. Love of Dunwich; E. E. McTaggart, reeve of Malahide, and Daniel McIntyre of Yarmouth. Col. Campbell stated that the original deed to the Love farm had been secured by Alexander Love, one hundred years to the day. His family and descendants grew and multiplied until now the clan numbers thousands. John A. Love of Windsor was presented with a watch as a tribute to his work in organizing the gathering.

FLORENCE INSTITUTE

The Women's Institute held their September meeting at the home of Mrs. McRobert on Wednesday when the Inwood branch was present and put on the program. The meeting was opened by Mrs. Osborne, president, who after a well directed address of welcome handed the meeting over to Mrs. Richardson, president of the Inwood branch, who made a neat reply. The program consisted of solos by Mrs. Reilly and Misses Warner and Richardson. Papers were given by Mrs. Adkin, "How to Make Commonplace Life Interesting"; by Mrs. White, "Home Efficiency"; by Mrs. Richardson, "How to Spend a Winter's Evening." Roll call: A kitchen apron demonstration. Votes of thanks were exchanged and lunch was served on the lawn by six young ladies prettily attired in blue, pink, blue, cream, yellow and white organdy. They were Misses Forshee, Bodkin, Scarlett, Osborne and Rita and Mina Huston. Mrs. McRobert was assisted in the tea room by Mesdames Bilton, McUTCHEON, Crowder, Bodkin, A. Webster and E. Webster. About sixty persons were present.

Care of Milk.

It is one of the anomalies of life that the sources of our greatest pleasures and greatest means of good, may also be sources of life's greatest pains and most harm. Milk is a case in point. Milk is the best food of life's greatest need—proper and sufficient food. It may also be a cause of the destruction of life, because it may become the home or feeding ground of those death-dealing organisms which are now recognized as the cause of practically all deaths, except those due to accident or old age.

Fortunately we have discovered comparatively simple methods of combating the effects of what are called pathogenic (disease-producing) bacteria. These may be stated in a few short rules as follows:

1. Milk which is consumed in a raw condition must be drawn only from cows which are healthy. Milk given from cows which are sick, which are not "good-doers," and especially milk from cows with a cough, must be pasteurized.
2. As soon as the milk is drawn from the cow, it should be cooled to 50 degrees F. or lower, and be kept at that temperature until consumed. This makes an unfavorable condition for the germs to grow in.
3. All pails, strainers, dippers, milk bottles, pitchers, etc., when come in contact with the milk, must be thoroughly washed and preferably steamed, or be rinsed after washing in a chloride solution, which has been found to be one of the best germicides.
4. Milk should not be exposed to the air any longer than absolutely necessary, as this seeds the milk with a fresh lot of germs. This means the keeping of milk in a closed vessel and not in an open dish.
5. "Left over" milk from meals should not be put into the general supply, as this causes the whole lot to spoil.
6. "Left over" milk from the sick room should not be used, as it is streptococcal, as it may spread disease.
7. Milk at all times and in all places should be kept clean and cool.—H. H. Dean, O. A. College, Guelph.

A regular supply of salt will be found helpful in promoting thrift in live stock. If pasture is provided for pigs, it will require less meal for a pound of gain. Mares pretentious to foaling will perform a good deal of work if they are carefully handled and the result will be stronger foals than with idle mares.



Studebaker LIGHT-SIX

—the automobile setting new records for speed, durability and economy!

THE running time recently established by the Studebaker LIGHT-SIX between Toronto and Kingston adds another record to the list of LIGHT-SIX achievements—each record furnishing further proof of the extraordinary performance, stamina and speed possessed by this car.

Yet any feat of performance accomplished by the LIGHT-SIX is to be expected, for Studebaker engineers who designed the LIGHT-SIX spent three years in building, perfecting and testing this car before it was offered to the public. The natural result of their labors was a super-built automobile—capable of unusual performance, exceptional economy and long years of satisfactory service.

See the LIGHT-SIX, analyze its fine quality of construction, and you will readily appreciate why "This is a Studebaker Year."

Recent Achievements of the STUDEBAKER LIGHT-SIX

1. A LIGHT-SIX made the round trip from Toronto to Kingston, Ont., a distance of 322 miles—in 1 hour, 34 minutes less time than the fastest train, averaging 43.5 miles an hour and establishing a new record of 7 hours, 31 minutes.
2. The record from Moncton to St. John, N. B., is now held by a LIGHT-SIX, which sped the distance of 951 miles in 2 hours, 29 minutes. The fastest C. P. R. train makes the trip in 2 hours, 50 minutes.
3. A LIGHT-SIX has established the five most important records on the Pacific Coast—all of which were made by the same car within ten weeks.
4. First to the top of Mt. Beacon, N. Y.—hitherto considered insurmountable by automobile—is another LIGHT-SIX achievement. The car blazed its own trail, up grades varying from 15 to 33 per cent.
5. A recent test made in Toronto, under Motor League supervision, to ascertain how far the LIGHT-SIX would run on a single gallon of gasoline, showed 28 miles to the gallon of gasoline.

Light-Six Prices Effective Sept. 8, 1921

Touring Car \$1725 Coupe Roadster \$2325 Sedan \$2775

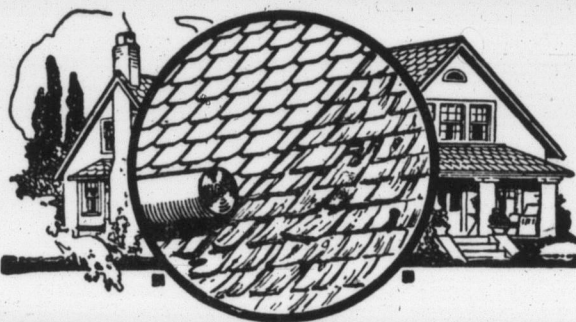
Above Prices are f. o. b. Walkerville, Ont. Exclusive of Sales Tax

All Studebaker Cars Are Equipped With Cord Tires

WM. McCALLUM

Dealer, Glencoe

This is a Studebaker Year



Put a New Roof Right Over the Old One

Do it with Art Craft—the economy roofing. You'll save the labor cost of tearing off the old roof—and the litter and the time. You'll have an all-weather-proof roof with fire-danger greatly reduced.

Art Craft Roof

Red—Green

This is the quality roof that wears, wears, wears. It is a beautiful roof that stays so for years and years. It is practical and economical. It costs less than other worthy roofings. Its colors are permanent. It is guaranteed for service.

Samples and Estimates Free

Exclusive Agent, J. W. Edwards, Glencoe
For Sale and Applied by Vincent Watterworth

VIGOROUS OUTDOOR ROLE FOR BLANCHE SWEET

Blanche Sweet plays the part of a vigorous, daring, self-reliant outdoor girl in "That Girl Montana," showing at the Opera House Saturday night, Sept. 17. An adaptation of Marah Ellis Ryan's popular novel of the gold rush along the Kootenai River, it relates the adventure and romance in the life of Montana Rivers who fought to live down a past she was not responsible for.

Robert Thornby, who directed "Half a Chance" and many of Miss Sweet's previous Jesse D. Hampton features, directed "That Girl Montana." Mahlon Hamilton, star of "Half a Chance," is the leading man, and the cast includes such favorites as Kate Price, Frank Lanning, Clare DuBrey and Edward Pell.

Recognized as a leading specific for the destruction of worms, Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator has proved a boon to suffering children everywhere. It seldom fails.

Births' population increased 50 per cent. in ten years and is now 14,637,000.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

Irwin's Novelty Store

Phone 24

Cheapest and Most Satisfactory Place in Town to Get STATIONERY, SMALL WARES, FANCY GOODS, CROCKERY, ETC.

Agency for Parker's Dye Works and Pictorial Review Patterns

FARM IMPLEMENTS

Side and Centre Beet Lifters
Tractors and Engines
Silo Fillers
Hylo Silos
Corn Binders
Wagons, Etc.

20 per cent. reduction on Tractors.

Call and see me before you buy.

D. M. McKELLAR
MASSEY-HARRIS AGENT
GLENCOE

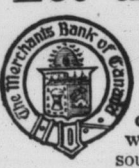
GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

THE DOUBLE TRACK ROUTE

between MONTREAL TORONTO DETROIT and CHICAGO

Unexcelled Dining-car Service. Sleeping Cars on night trains and Parlor Cars on principal day trains. Full information from any Grand Trunk Ticket Agent or C. E. Horning, District Passenger Agent, Toronto. C. O. Smith, Agent, Glencoe; telephone No. 5.

Let the Bank Help You



The Merchants Bank is a successful bank because it helps its customers to achieve success. Some of the most prosperous farmers in this community have won their way with the helpful assistance and sound advice of this Bank. They realize that The Merchants Bank is ready to advise its customers on all financial matters.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Head Office: Montreal. Established 1864.
Glencoe Branch: R. M. McPherson, Manager.
Bothwell Branch: R. Beaton, Manager.
Newbury Branch: N. R. Henderson, Manager.
Safety Deposit Boxes to rent at Glencoe Branch.

Opera House - Glencoe

Saturday, September 17th—starting 8 o'clock

BLANCHE SWEET
In "THAT GIRL MONTANA"
A Romance of the Pioneer Days

HAROLD LLOYD
In "Bumping into Broadway"
A RIOT OF FUN

Don't miss this Programme. Last show starts at 9 o'clock.

Wednesday, September 21st—starting 8.15 sharp

THOMAS MEICHEN
In "CIVILIAN CLOTHES"
Also A MACK SENNETT COMEDY

Adults 30c Children 20c Come Early

EAT MORE BREAD BUT BE SURE YOU GET REITH'S

APPETIZING
NOURISHING
JUST A LITTLE BETTER

GLENCOE BAKERY

THEODORE R. GRAY

INSTRUCTION
Piano, Organ, Vocal and Theory.
Glencoe Studio at Wm. Stevenson's,
Main Street.
Newbury Studio at Peter Galbraith's.
FIVE years' teaching experience,
also instruction from the most suc-
cessful teachers obtainable in West-
ern Ontario, including Mr. Wheeler,
Mr. Martin and Mr. Lethbridge of
London, and Viggo Kihl, one of Tor-
onto Conservatory's leading piano
teachers. By the use of the best
methods of these teachers the best
results are assured in the smallest
possible time.

Geo. Highwood

Purveyor of all kinds of
FRESH AND SALT MEATS
Deliveries from 8 to 10
Saturdays all day
Highest prices paid for all kinds of
Fowl, live or dressed.
Cash for Eggs, Butter, Hides, Wool.
On sale—all kinds of Canned Goods.

We Carry A Full Line

**Tin, Enamel and Galvanized
Ware, Sinks, Bathtubs, etc.**
Plumbing, Furnace-work, Roofing,
Eavestroughing, Repairing, etc.,
done by a Practical Mechanic.

J. M. Anderson

INSURANCE
District Manager of
DOMINION LIFE ASSURANCE CO.
at GLENCOE

Also the leading Companies in Fire
and Automobile at low rates.
Office and Residence, McRae St.
Phone 92

Farmers and Dairymen

Get our proposition re cream;
highest prices paid. Wagon al-
ways on the road. We pay cash.
Phone us if you want us to call.

D. R. HAGERTY, Glencoe
House, 30r2. Store, 89.

Charles Dean of Appin has leased
the store adjoining Mr. Westcott's
grocery, and residence above both
stores, and purposes moving to Glen-
coe in the course of two or three
weeks to conduct a furniture and un-
der-taking business.

The anniversary of Duff church
Dunwich, will be held on Sunday, Sep-
tember 18. Rev. Dr. Laird of Toronto
will preach at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p.
m. Music will be given by the
combined choirs of Tait's and Duff
churches. Solos by Mrs. McCallum
of Tait's.

Perhaps you have some article of
furniture or garden tool or machinery
such as a cradle, lawn mower or fan-
gling mill that you have no further use
for, but is in good condition. It may
be something that somebody else
wants. Try a small ad in our "Spec-
ial Notices" column.

Korwood, ceptance, Watford
Guide-Advocate: Mrs. Anna McCal-
lum and Duncan McCallum of Ekfrid
called on Mr. and Mrs. Meredith Mor-
gan recently. Mrs. McCallum is one
of the last surviving sisters of the
late Dora Morgan and although in her
88th year she is unusually bright and
active.

The latest Government crop report
says: "The early crop of potatoes in
Western Ontario is very light but the
rain and favorable weather during
the last two weeks has considerably
increased the prospects for the later
crop. It is now expected that the to-
tal yield will average 50 per cent. of
that of last year."

Theodore R. Gray has accepted a
position as organist and choir direc-
tor of Robertson Memorial church,
London. The appointment necessi-
tates his resigning the position of or-
ganist and choir director of the Glen-
coe Presbyterian church, but he will
continue to teach his classes here on
Wednesdays and Thursdays after
September.

At the last communication of the
Grand Lodge of Saskatchewan, A. F.
& A. M., held recently, Rev. Hugh D.
Leitch, pastor of Westminster church,
Regina, was elected grand chaplain.
Mr. Leitch has just returned from his
vacation, a large part of which was
spent in attendance upon district
meetings of the Masonic order in
company with the Grand Master and
Grand Secretary.

The Transcript acknowledges the
receipt of the 38th annual report of
the board of park commissioners of
the city of Minneapolis, Minn. A. A.
McRae, a former Glencoe boy, is pres-
ident of the board. The report is
comprised in a book of 112 pages, il-
lustrated with views and inset maps
of the principal parks of the city.
Last year the board's expenditure for
maintenance of parks and parkways
was over \$306,000 and total disburse-
ments nearly a million and a half
dollars. The park properties of the
city are estimated to be worth at
least twenty-five million dollars.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

—Horace Fredrick of London spent
a few days last week at Wm. Hurley's.
—Mrs. D. G. McPherson of Rodney
is spending a few days at Wm. Hur-
ley's.

—Mr. and Mrs. Colin Leitch spent
the week-end with relatives at Kent
Bridge.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Vair of St.
Thomas spent Sunday at J. A. Mc-
Lachlan's.

—Miss Ella Samson has returned
from a two weeks' visit at Petrolia
and Alvinston.

—Mrs. Weidon of Detroit is visit-
ing her sister-in-law, Miss M. Weid-
on, for a few days.

—Lewis Sultter visited his daugh-
ter, Mrs. Rayner, St. Catharines, last
week and also attended Toronto ex-
hibition.

—Mr. and Mrs. Gilrie of Drayton
have left for Detroit after spending
three weeks the guests of J. A. Mc-
Lachlan.

—M. Schmidt is returning to Evan-
ston, Ill., on Saturday after spending
five weeks with relatives in Glencoe
and vicinity.

—Miss Maud Watts of Thamesville
spent the week-end at the home of
her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. W.
Watts, Glencoe.

—Mr. and Mrs. Archy Graham and
family arrived home a few days ago,
the two previous ones being held at
the homestead, "Elgin Acres," near
Wallacetown. Thomas Urquhart of
Toronto presided, and short address-
es were given by W. A. Galbraith and
K. McCallum, Dunwich, and Neil
Galbraith, Ekfrid. Sports were en-
gaged in by the young people, after
which an enjoyable supper was served.

—R. C. Stothard, chief mechanic H.
M. S. Aurora, returned to Quebec on
Monday after spending several days
with Mr. and Mrs. George Highwood.

—Mrs. George Hurley and Bernice
and Wilfred have returned home af-
ter spending two weeks with Mrs.
Hurley's mother, Mrs. Parry, of Tor-
onto.

—Dr. and Mrs. D. A. Dobie and
daughter of New York were on a mo-
tor trip to Detroit recently and visit-
ed relatives there and in Glencoe and
vicinity.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. Lewis and family
of St. Thomas and Mr. and Mrs. R. C.
Troyer of Glencoe were guests last
week at the home of Mr. and Mrs.
Robert Jarrott, Seaford.

—Mr. and Mrs. Dan Millie, Mr. and
Mrs. Walter Bodkin and son Don and
Mrs. Fred Lawrence of St. Clair,
Mich., were guests of Mr. and Mrs.
George Weekes last week.

—Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Markham of
Parkhill announce the engagement of
their daughter, Blanche Irene, to
Duncan McIntyre of Crinan, the mar-
riage to take place this month.

—Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Clarke and
family, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs.
J. H. McCready of London, motored
to Toronto and spent last week with
Mr. Clarke's parents, Mr. and Mrs.
H. Clarke.

The engagement is announced of
Mary Ethel, daughter of Peter and
the late Mrs. Crawford of Lobo, to
George Otto of Bay City, Mich., the
marriage to take place in Jackson,
Mich., Sept. 27th.

An interesting event took place
at the home of Levi Smith on Tues-
day evening when a number of
friends of Mrs. L. R. Bagnell (nee
Miss Estella Smith) showered her
with many miscellaneous gifts.

FREE AT LAST OF KIDNEY TROUBLE

"Fruit-a-tives" Brought Her Health and Strength

624 CHAMPLAIN ST., MONTREAL
"For 3 years, I suffered constantly
from Kidney Disease and Liver Trouble.
My health was miserable and nothing
in the way of ordinary medicine did
me any good."

Then I started to use "Fruit-a-tives"
and the effect was remarkable. All
the pains, Headaches, Indigestion
and Constipation were relieved and
once more I was well.

All who suffer from such troubles
should take "Fruit-a-tives"
Madam HORMIDAS FOISY.

50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c.
At dealers or sent postpaid by
Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

SPECIAL NOTICES

For sale—choice dairy butter, 40
cents, at Taylor's.

For sale—apple barrels, — Reid
Bros., Bothwell, Ont.

I still have some fertilizer on hand
—J. D. McKellar, Glencoe.

For sale—seasoned stovewood; 16-
inch, —J. H. Walker, Mosca.

Wanted—water wells to drill. Ap-
ply to B. Huffman, Glencoe.

Bruce McAlpine, dealer in flour,
feed, coal, wood, salt, cement, etc.

For sale—tomatoes, \$1 per bushel
this week, —W. R. Sutherland; phone
81.

Am still buying wheat at North
Glencoe, —J. D. McKellar; phone 623.

Still have some fertilizer on hand,
call or see me before buying, —Bruce
McAlpine.

Chopping mill running daily. Corn
and oat chop for sale, —R. E. Laugh-
ton, Glencoe.

Property for sale.—All the proper-
ties on corner of Main and Symes
streets belonging to Wm. Gilbert.

Large assortment of fall and win-
ter millinery now on display at rea-
sonable prices. The Keith Cash
Store.

Friday, Saturday and Monday, Sep-
tember 16, 17 and 18—regular \$8 Hot
Tobacco, —Jas. Wright & Son.

A special meeting of the Model
Centre Farmers' Club will be held on
Friday evening, Sept. 16. A full at-
tendance is requested.

The regular meeting of Tait's Com-
mittee will be held at the home of
Mrs. Crawford Allan on Fri-
day, Sept. 23, at 8 p. m.

For sale or to rent—comfortable,
cannodious residence in good re-
pair, on McKellar street, one block
west of Main street. Terms easy. Ap-
ply Edwards' hardware.

Mrs. Stephen Fennell will give
painting lessons to all who wish to
attend her class from 9 to 12 every
Saturday, beginning 10th inst. Studio
upstairs, L.O.D.E. building.

A meeting will be held at the coun-
cil chamber on Friday evening, Sept.
16, commencing at 8 o'clock, of all
committees appointed in connection
with the street carnival proposed to
be held. A full attendance is urgent-
ly requested.

One new Ford touring car, with
starter, just used very little; price,
\$500. Greatest bargains ever offered
in Glencoe for used cars; a large as-
sortment to choose from. One new
suzuki at less than wholesale cost.
One 1½ h.p. Fairbanks-Morse engine;
only used a short time. Two new
cream separators at less than cost
price. —Wm. McCallum.

McCALLUM FAMILY REUNION

The descendants of Mr. and Mrs.
John McCallum held their third re-
union at Port Talbot a few days ago,
the two previous ones being held at
the homestead, "Elgin Acres," near
Wallacetown. Thomas Urquhart of
Toronto presided, and short address-
es were given by W. A. Galbraith and
K. McCallum, Dunwich, and Neil
Galbraith, Ekfrid. Sports were en-
gaged in by the young people, after
which an enjoyable supper was served.

Just received a large shipment of
the wonderful remedy, Tanlac. This
is the great medicine you have been
hearing so much about—the remedy
that's made such a wonderful reputa-
tion and which has accomplished such
remarkable results all over the
United States and Canada. Get your
bottle now at P. E. Lumley's.

NEW POSTAL INSURANCE

Insurance on parcel postage in Can-
ada will come into effect on October
1. Parcels will be accepted for in-
surance against loss up to \$100. The
fees will be 3c up to \$5; 6c up to \$25;
12c up to \$50; 30c for amounts over
\$50 and not exceeding \$100. Notice
is also gazetted that on and after Oc-
tober 1 the rates of letters for points
outside of Canada, with the exception
of places within the British Empire,
the United States and Mexico (to
which places the Canadian domestic
rate applies), will be 10c for each let-
ter weighing one ounce or less, with
5c for each further ounce. The rates
on postcards will be six cents.

Mothers Value This Oil.—Mothers
who know how suddenly croup may
seize their children and how neces-
sary prompt action is in applying re-
lief always keep at hand a supply of
Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, because
experience has taught them that this
is an excellent preparation for the
treatment of this ailment. And they
are wise for its various uses render
it a valuable medicine.

Blank oil leases may now be had
in any quantity at the Transcript Of-
fice.

G. H. S. NOTES

A very enthusiastic meeting of
nearly ninety pupils was held on Sep-
tember 8. The election of officers
for the literary society and other busi-
ness was dealt with. Following are
the officers:

Hon. president, Mr. Yorke; hon.
vice-president, Miss Gillies; hon.
secretary-treasurer, Miss Steele;
president, R. D. McDonald; vice-presi-
dent, Helen Gillies; secretary-treas-
urer, C. Stuart; directors—Form I,
Mabel Wright and Wm. Treastain;
Form II, A. Munroe and E. Sutton;
Form III, L. Henderson and H.
Beales; pianist, F. Sutherland; assis-
tant, M. McDonald; editor of Oracle,
Jean McEachren; form reporters—
Harold Loosemore; form reporters—
W. Moss, F. McEachren and J. Hall;
reporter to Transcript, J. D. Gillies.

Before the meeting was closed the
new officers all had a few words to
say guaranteeing the society their
willingness to do their best in their
respective offices.

During the counting of ballots an
instrumental was given by Vesta
East and readings by Ella McLean
and Margaret Gar, Mary Westcott
gave the treasurer's report of 1920-21
business.

On Friday afternoon the boys' ath-
letic society was reorganized and of-
ficers elected as follows:

Hon. president, Mr. Yorke; presi-
dent, J. D. Gillies; vice-president, H.
McLachlan; manager, C. McPherson;
secretary-treasurer, Alex. Munroe;
form representatives—J. D. Hicks;
H. C. McTaggart; Ill. R. D. McDon-
ald.

ABBREVIATING PROPER NAMES

Those fond fathers and mothers
who insist on their children being
given their full name when addressed
will kindly take notice that Sir Sam
Hughes managed to get through life
and gather on his way many of this
world's honors without ever having
to call himself "Samuel." Quite fre-
quently we hear of a mother or a fa-
ther who waxes indignant when their
child John is called Jack, William is
called Bill, James is called Jim, Peter
is called Pete, Thomas is called Tom,
Richard is called Dick, or any of the
other old-fashioned names used in ab-
breviated form. I doubt if Samuel
Hughes would ever have attained the
success of Sam Hughes, a name that
during the early days of the war was
a household word in nearly every
Canadian home and a name that in
other countries stood for undisputed
loyalty and prompt action.

Nobody hits taxes when they're
down.

Any change in Ireland must be for
the better.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

People do not marry as early as
they used to, but they marry oftener.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children.
Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine
is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared
for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of
a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children
that brought Castoria before the public after years of research,
and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30
years has not proven.

What is CASTORIA?

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric,
Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains
neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its
age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has
been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency,
Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising
therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids
the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep.
The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

THE WESTERN FAIR

LONDON

Sept. 10th to 17th

Seven Full Days This Year

THE POPULAR EXHIBITION OF WESTERN ONTARIO

\$6,000.00 Added to the Prize List

Boys and Girls Calf Competition

Speed Events—Dog Show—Auto Races

The Wortham Shows on the Midway

Wonderful Programme Before The Grand Stand Twice Daily

Plenty of Music—Fireworks Every Night

Admission—10th, 12th, 16th & 17th—25c. 13th, 14th & 15th—50c.

Grand Stand usual prices

ALL INFORMATION FROM THE SECRETARY

Lt.-Col. W. M. Gartsshore, President A. M. Hunt, Secretary

CAPITAL \$20,299,140 RESERVES \$20,763,503

THIS BANK solicits the business of the
Farmer. When you sell any Cattle, Hogs
or Farm Products, DEPOSIT the proceeds in
a Savings Account with us. We appreciate
your business and are always at your service.

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

G. Dickson, Manager, Glencoe

THE NEW STORE

NOW OPEN FOR BUSINESS

Some exceptional bargains in Dry Goods,
Boots and Shoes. All goods bought at greatly
reduced prices and marked at very close mar-
gins. Groceries fresh and clean. Hardware
lines will be added to stock later.

Call and see us. We will do you good.

J. H. McIntyre, Wardsville

COUNTER CHECK BOOKS

Soils and Crops

Address communications to Agriculture, 72 Adelaide St. West, Toronto.

Well-Made Sunflower Silage a Success.
Back in 1916, when Champlain was exploring the region of the Great Lakes, he found the Indians cultivating sunflowers. Then the seeds were used for food purposes and for furnishing oil. Since that time the growing of sunflowers has spread over many parts of the world.

But farmers are making a step in the right direction by going back to the first farmers for crops, and thus note the growth of the popularity of the sunflower again. We now have the silo, which was unfarmed of 300 years ago, and sunflowers in the silo spell success and profit.

It has been demonstrated that the sunflower crop yields nearly twice the tonnage per acre as corn, while the feeding value right through average twenty-five per cent. better. In fact, developments of the last three years have brought the sunflower to the front as one of the most satisfactory crops the farmer can grow for silage purposes.

It has been proven by experiments and extensive private feeding trials that the sunflower yields well, the silage is palatable, and is at least the equal of corn, pound for pound. Many comparisons have been made between corn silage of the best quality and sunflower silage have shown the balance of economy of gain in beef and cattle and yield of milk in dairy cattle in favor of the sunflower.

Of all the different varieties of sunflowers, the Mammoth Russian is the most extensively grown in America. The results of eighteen years' feeding records at the Ontario Agricultural College show averages as follows: Height, ninety-eight inches; diameter of heads, seven inches; and yield per acre of heads, 5.6 tons; of whole crop, 18.2 tons; and of ripened seed, 1,453 pounds.

The sunflower crop may be grown successfully on practically any land which will produce corn satisfactorily. Information has been received from various sources that sunflowers will give even better returns than corn on rather cold and wet soils, muck land, poor soils, light sandy soils, soils not with weeds and weed seeds, and also in high altitudes, in short seasons and under droughty conditions.

Sunflowers are more frost resistant than corn, and therefore may be planted earlier in the spring, or may be allowed to remain later on the land before being cut. One dairy farmer says: "We had one test in which corn and sunflowers were mixed and were grown together in a region where the frost came about September 1. In this case the corn was killed and dried up immediately, producing almost nothing for feed, while the sunflowers in the same field were not affected by the frost and stayed green and succulent."

An experiment was conducted in duplicate in 1920 by planting sunflowers at six different distances apart in rows, ranging from one inch to twelve inches. From the limited tests made in growing the crop for silage it seems that the best method would be to have the rows about thirty-six inches apart and the plants six inches apart in the rows. This would require about seven pounds of seed per acre or nearly one-third of a measured bushel. The seed may be sown with an ordinary grain drill by plugging some of the tubes.

The best period at which to cut the sunflower crop for the silo does not seem to have been definitely established. However, from observation, it would seem wise, in consideration of both quality and quantity of silage, to allow the plants to become as far advanced in maturity as possible without permitting many of the leaves to be lost. Sunflowers may be harvested with ordinary corn machinery. Where no corn binder is available a sled with knives at the sides gives good service. The following table indicates the probable yield in green weight per acre of sunflowers, as against corn, and peas and oats, the moisture content at the time the crops were put in the silos, and the yields in dry matter per acre:

	Yield	Per Acre	Per Cent. Moisture	Per Acre
Sunflowers	79,200	82.41	12.034	
Corn	27,980	78.72	5.745	
Peas, oats	14,000	62.64	5.230	

Sunflowers, plus the silo, practically double the stock-carrying capacity of the land, is a fact demonstrated on thousands of American farms. The discovery of this new fodder, or the utilization of this ancient plant as silage, either way you wish to put it, is of enormous importance to the average farmer. Enabled it will enable him to increase his herds, without having to increase the size of his farm or to further invest in land. In short, sunflowers give promise of improving the whole agricultural system, and bring bigger returns to the farmer for a small outlay in buildings and stock.

And feeding tests show sunflowers up in just as favorable light as do the yields. Forty Holstein cows on one farm were successfully rationed on corn, peas and oats, and sunflower silage for periods of two weeks each, cow being given thirty pounds of sil-

A Square Deal for Boys and Girls

By Grace O. Stewart

A county superintendent of schools recently voiced a growing sentiment when he said, "If farmers find it worth while to heat water for their cows, to cook feed for their hogs, and to make coffee for themselves when lunching in the fields or in the woods, why do it not just as much worth while to provide something warm for the boys and girls' school lunch?" In the schools of our county where hot lunches have been served, the children have benefited both physically and mentally. They are also learning something of food principles, cooking, serving and table etiquette where the right teacher is on the job.

The hot lunch has come to be recognized in many rural schools, as well as in the high schools of the cities and towns, as an essential part of the school program. The preparing and serving of the one hot dish supplementary to the cold lunch brought from home will easily simplify the problem of providing school children with adequate food.

First of all, let us make an analysis of the meals consumed by many children during the school year.

1. The breakfast is eaten hastily in order to catch the school wagon or to have sufficient time for the long walk with a few minutes to spare for play before school begins.

2. After a long morning of exercise and study, a growing child is ready for a good, nourishing meal. Instead, he sits down to a cold lunch that frequently consists of inadequate partly frozen foods, while the family at home is enjoying a good, hot meal. Such food is not conducive to mental activity—it is, to a great degree, the cause of many cases of malnutrition, which leads to backwardness in work among school children. Upon proper food depends the development of a sound body and healthy mind.

3. What is the situation in the evening? This tired, hungry child returns, repeating the journey of the morning, and often helps with the chores before supper time. Though he is hungry he should not eat before meal time. The supper was planned for the men folk and the family and in accordance with the food served to them for dinner. The one who should be considered the most has been forgotten in this plan. Seemingly he eats a big meal but is it the right kind of food to make up for the lack in his cold school lunch, and is it in suitable form to be readily digested so that it will not interfere with his necessary rest at night? When this is repeated day after day, the effect upon the child's health is apparent, though it is often unknowingly attributed to some other cause.

Are the other members of the family equal sufferers with the child? Decidedly not! After they have hustled the little folks off, they go back and eat their breakfast in peace and quiet. At noon the family enjoys the biggest and best meal of the day while the younger members at school are having a cold lunch. Usually the family dinner includes the fruits and vegetables of the day's dietary. These foods that are so necessary for bodily growth and health the child misses. The evening meal is almost universal made up of the "left-overs," which means many fried foods.

Considering some of these things and that the child eats more than one-fourth of his meals at school, is it worth while and effort to establish the custom of serving one hot dish in the school lunch?

Ways and Means.
In some city high schools it requires a paid supervisor to direct the work. Lunches, or the warm portions of lunches, are served, not only to the pupils who live at long distances from the school, but to all other students who wish to take advantage of a warm meal at minimum cost.

The purpose of this article is to help and assist teachers, parents and school boards to successfully plan the hot lunch club in the high schools of smaller communities, and in rural schools where paid supervision is not practicable.

The hot lunch club, to be successful, should have the co-operation and support of the entire community. The school board and the parents are most intimately concerned with this project, but such organizations as the Parent-Teachers' Associations, the Farmers' Clubs, and the various Women's Institutes should be made to feel a vital interest in the undertaking.

How to Provide a Hot Lunch.
The equipment for providing hot lunches may be obtained in any of these ways: The Parent-Teachers' Association or Women's Institute may donate it; the school board may finance it, a part at least; interested patrons may donate it; the school may give an entertainment or box supper, the proceeds to be used for purchasing the necessary equipment; a shower may be given and many of the utensils supplied. If a table and cupboards are needed, the larger boys can make them out of dry goods boxes or old desks. The freeless cooker should be made as a part of the equipment.

The daily lunch supplies may be obtained by the method best suited to the community. Food materials may be contributed by the different pupils, credit being given at market prices for the foodstuffs furnished. Should the club wish to make outright purchases of food materials, a blanket charge of ten to fifteen cents per week may be made to each child. In the latter case, purchases may be made from the club members. For example, a bushel of potatoes may be secured from some boy or girl who drives to school and has extra produce to dispose of.

Only Simple Equipment Needed.
A good plan is to have each member of the club furnish his own cup, plate, spoon and fork. These are kept in a cupboard at the school. Dish towels are brought from home by the pupils or are purchased by the club. There should be:

1. A two or three-burner oil stove. Stoves may be rented if necessary for the winter season. They will also be useful in community affairs.

2. A small table or its equivalent. If space does not permit the placing of a stationary table, one can be made which may be hooked against the wall when not in use. This is made possible by attaching the table to the wall by means of hinges. The legs are also placed on hinges, thus allowing them to be hooked against the wall when it is folded against the wall.

3. Dishes for work in preparing food: Large kettle and cover, long-handled spoon, measuring cup, measuring spoons, quart measure, table-spoon, fork, paring knives, can opener, vegetable brush and potato masher.

4. A cake tin, an oven and a few baking pans are useful, but not necessary at first.

5. Cleaning equipment: Dish pans, dish towels, dish cloths, soap and cleanser.

6. Staple supplies. The school cupboard should be stocked with a small supply of staples which may be secured from proceeds of a social, such as: Flour, rice, cornstarch, cocoa, sugar, salt, spice, soda, soap and scouring powder.

An "emergency shelf" is a wise precaution against the mishaps that may sometimes occur. Upon this shelf may be kept some home-canned vegetables, soup mixtures, baked beans and other foods that may be prepared quickly.

Suggested Plan for Conducting the Work.
The success of the school lunch depends on a well worked out plan. The daily round of duties must be reduced to a system. The teacher and children should work out the plan together but when the machinery is once set in motion it should require but little of the teacher's time and effort. She should not attempt to do the work herself. If she did, the real educational value would be lost. The benefits derived by the club members from the serving of the hot lunch will depend upon its management. It is best to allow all pupils to share in the duties, privileges and the good times, making it a big "family affair."

There are three types of work carried on by the club. These are: cooking, housekeeping and book-keeping. The club should be divided into two groups, A and B. The work will rotate for a period of two weeks. During this time each group has an opportunity to perform each type of work. This rotation continues through the season.

First week—Group A, cooking and book-keeping. Group B, housekeeping.
Second week—Group A, housekeeping. Group B, cooking and book-keeping.
The duties of groups and names of pupils in each group should be posted in a conspicuous place. The older children should be chosen as leaders of groups during the first few weeks. The work should be so divided that the other school work of pupils will be interrupted as little as possible.

Duties of Cooks.
1. Plan the lunches, with aid of the teacher.
2. Prepare the food.
3. Serve the luncheon dish.
4. Apportion the supplies to be furnished by the members. Members should be notified well in advance and care should be taken that the materials assigned are convenient for the member to bring. As far as possible, let the amount of material brought per week equal the cost of lunches for the week.
5. Keep a careful account of the food furnished by the children.
6. Balance the weekly account of each club member.
7. Keep an accurate record of the cost of the recipes prepared.
Some clubs find that the secretary-treasurer acting as auditor for the entire year works very satisfactorily. She must necessarily secure all data from the group acting as cooks.

Duties of Housekeepers.
1. Keep the school room clean and orderly.
2. Place the dishes on the serving table ready for the noon meal.
3. Have the dishwasher hot.
4. Wash and replace the dishes on the shelves.
5. Assist in the serving if the club members are seated at tables.
Lunches should be planned in advance. (1) to simplify the work; (2) to save time; (3) to help the mothers in packing the lunch brought from home. A lunch plan for two weeks is suggested below. Add to this each week the plan for a new week and if that means keep your menu in advance. Pupils should take home a list

The Welfare of the Home

Teaching Through Play—By Mrs. C. W. Savage.

Is there a kindergarten in your community?

No? Then why not practice kindergarten principles in your own home? I do not mean by this that you must sit down and devote every second for three hours to your children. But teach your child while you are about your work. Teach him through play.

To-day play is considered a great factor in education. "Play is the expression of—awakening instincts." Watch your little girl with her doll. The doll is her baby and she is its mother. Through this play she is developing the instinct of mother love. Watch your little boy playing store or fireman. He, too, is preparing for future manhood. Let us then teach through play.

It is an acknowledged fact that the kindergarten gives a child certain advantages, by cultivating self-confidence, the power of observation, originality of thought and other qualities.

Let us see if it is not possible for the mother to develop similar characteristics at home.

First, Self-confidence! If the child asks to help with the dishes, make the bed, or perform other little tasks, do not be too busy to listen to the request. Accept the offer of assistance with thanks, even if the work takes longer or needs to be done over. Remember this is one of the ways of developing self-confidence and helpfulness. Discouragement will not cultivate self-confidence.

Second, ability to memorize and think: Children love anything rhythmic, whether the words are understood or not. Repeat or sing nursery rhymes and jingles to the children. Soon they will be repeating and singing them after you. Find the time during the day to read or tell them stories. Every child loves a story, especially if acted out.

Third, Love of Nature: When out for walks teach the children about the trees, flowers, and birds. Nature can be known and loved in the parks of the city, as well as in the woods and fields of the country. And reading nature stories supplements the first-hand knowledge the children are gaining; thus adding to their interest and appreciation.

Fourth, Observation: This can be cultivated by giving a child magazines, calling his attention to the different pictures and pointing out every detail. Then as he studies for himself, not one thing in a picture, no matter how small, will escape his eye. And he will become observant not only of pictures, but of everything else about him.

Fifth, Originality: With blocks, the sandpile or plasticine (the latter can be purchased at stores carrying school supplies), a child can be instructed in the making of various objects. Soon he will branch out for himself, doing really creative work.

Sixth, Cleanliness and Orderliness: A child should be commended for picking up his toys when he has finished his play, having it impressed upon him that these toys are his responsibility. If notice is taken of his clean face and hands before and after meals, then constant reminding will not be necessary. Kind and gentle appreciation is an inspiration. Fretful criticism disheartens.

With my little two and a half year old daughter, I have followed the kindergarten thought, including the above suggestions, and the results have been most successful.

Corn Borer Quarantine.
Scouting work for the European Corn Borer in southern Ontario by the Dominion Department of Agriculture is still being continued. It has been found that this insect has spread over a much larger area than was anticipated at the beginning of the season. Up to August 27 a total of fifty-three townships had been scouted and thirty-six of these were found infested by the pest; as thirty-six townships were found infested last year, it brings the total number of townships quarantined up to seventy-two.

On September 7 a Ministerial Order was passed prohibiting the removal of all portions of the corn plant, other than clean shelled corn from the following townships recently found infested by the borer: Picham, Thorold, Stamford, Crowland and Willoughby in Welland County; Canboro, Seneca, Oneida and Cayuga south in Haldimand County; Oakland, Brantford, Burford, Onondaga in Brant County; Blenheim, Blandford, Zorra east, Zorra west and Oxford east in Oxford County; Louth, Grantham and Niagara in Lincoln County.

The total area quarantined for the pest includes all Welland County, all Haldimand County, all Oxford County, all Norfolk County, all Middlesex County, the townships mentioned above in Lincoln and Brant counties, Raleigh and Romney in Kent County and Usbourne and the Village of Exeter in Huron County.

As one of the most dangerous ways of spreading this insect is by the shipment of infested corn stalks, table sweet corn, seed corn on the cob, it is the intention of the Department of Agriculture to see that the quarantine is maintained. Inspectors are stationed at different times on the main highways leading out of the quarantined area and a close watch is also kept on all markets and fall fairs.

The Death of Summer.
Lavender flowers and roses' breath.
And my heart breathes a sigh for you.
Asters have heralded Summer's death
And the kind sky shrouded her all in blue—
Draped a cloud on her, told on gold.
Goldenrod showered her with his fold.
And the breeze so sweet,
In the strange still heat,
Dropped a kiss at his dead love's feet.

Murmur of bees and rustle of grass,
As it stoops to bend its head,
Letting the ghost of the Summer pass
To the land of the unseen dead.
Her eyes were blue as your eyes are
blue,
And, oh, how my heart has longed for you.

While earth and sky
So silently
Were waiting, waiting as even I.

Whisper of wings in the waning dusk,
And my heart still burns for you,
A breath comes laden with meadow
musk
And drenched in the meadow dew.
A cold wind touches the darkening air,
My years are empty, my days are bare,
Winter is nigh.

With its shivers and sigh,
And the year is sad as well as I.

Truly Valorous.
"The world has crying need," said he,
"Of gifted men like me;
But the especial thing to do,
Requires reflection, deep and true—
I've needed everywhere,
And so, to be quite fair,
And chance no pang of sharp regret,
I've not done anything—as yet."

—Carolyn Shaw Rice

Just as soon as the hens show signs of shedding their feathers rapidly, you may be sure that they will not lay many more this summer, and if they are not to be kept over for next winter they should, if in good condition, be marketed immediately.

REVIVING SINGING SCHOOLS

Public singing is a strong binding force in community work. In days gone by it was the one big thing which developed in neighborhoods a genuine community spirit. The old-fashioned singing school was often the only organization in agricultural regions which served to give expression to common feelings. Farmers and their families getting together to employ the services of a singing teacher may have been the forerunner of more pretentious co-operative undertakings. Anyhow every person who believes in working with his neighbor should see in this device of the ages, a tonic which will go far toward keeping local organizations in a healthy state. Furthermore, singing together brings to the rural community much direct enjoyment and needed inspiration.

Music is one of the good things of our present civilization which, in common with other blessings, is as readily available to those who live in the open country as to those who dwell in the cities.

In a few isolated sections township music teachers have been employed to serve the township. The school district is made the unit for instruction. Where the small district system prevails the singing master goes from one district to another, giving instruction to school children and adults alike. In places where consolidated schools obtain, the plan is simplified by calling those interested to the school building for the weekly sings.

If there is no other means available for developing the musical talent of the neighborhood; the local church; or Women's Institute, or other rural social organization ought to take advantage of this means of rendering to the community a real and worth-while service.

How to Do Your Own Soldering.

A soldering outfit will soon pay for itself on the repair jobs which would otherwise have to be made by the tinsmith or machinist.

The necessary soldering tools, consist of a soldering-iron, which is made of copper, because copper retains a coating of tin nicely and is such a good conductor of heat; a stick of solder or hank of soldering wire; some flux; a pair of tinsmith's snips; a heater for the iron.

A gasoline blow-torch is the most convenient implement for heating the iron; the blow-torch will come in handy for other work, such as burning off old paint. Be sure to buy one that has legs over the burner to hold a soldering-iron while heating and get a torch of ample size, or it may fail to develop enough heat when working outdoors.

The kind of flux needed depends upon the materials which are to be soldered. Resin is used on bright tin, hydrochloric acid is for galvanized iron, while zinc chloride, made by dissolving bits of zinc in hydrochloric acid, will be useful for practically all other materials likely to be united, except aluminumware.

Soldering paste comes ready mixed in cans or tubes; it is zinc chloride mixed with petrolatum or other grease. Solder known as "half-and-half solder" is best suited to all-round work.

The first step in any soldering job is to have the soldering-iron smooth and clean and well timed with solder; otherwise the work will not be neatly done. To tin the iron, heat it to a temperature that will melt the solder as soon as it is touched; place some bits of solder and a little resin or sal-ammoniac in an old dish or similar receptacle; then rub the surfaces of the iron back and forth in the resin and solder until each face of the iron is covered with a smooth film of solder, like burnished silver.

To insure a good job of soldering the parts to be united or soldered should be scraped bright and clean. Do this with an old knife or piece of emery-cloth. After the scraping, and while the iron is heating, apply the necessary flux.

Zinc chloride flux, being a liquid, is best applied with a small brush. Rosin is convenient to handle if pulverized and sprinkled on the parts to be soldered. Another method is to dissolve the resin in alcohol and to apply it with a small brush.

Remember that the metal to be soldered must be brought to the same temperature as the soldering-iron before a good job can be secured. To accomplish this the point of the hot iron is held against the metal. When everything is working well the molten solder will then follow the point of the iron in a thin film. When solder ceases to flow freely, reheat the iron. The inexperienced person invariably uses too much solder, which results in unsightly work. It is not the quantity of solder that makes a good job, but the secure manner in which it is amalgamated with the metal.

Joke No. 2,678,513.

Hay—Say, what's the matter with your pigs, they're getting thin?
Straw—Well, you see, when I feed them I carry the feed in a tin pan, and after I empty the pan I rap on it and the pigs come for their food. But now, since so many autos are going by, the darn pigs are running all the time.

Scrub stock multiplies just as fast as pure-bred, but it never gets the right answer.

PROLONGING YOUTH AFTER MIDDLE LIFE

IMPORTANCE OF THE DUCTLESS GLANDS.

Extraordinary Role They Play as Rejuvenators First Discovered by the French.

The greatest savants of every period have made a study of old age, writes Dr. Charlotte West. Elie Metchnikoff, the famous Russian bacteriologist, thought he found the antidote in the Bulgarian lactic-acid bacillus. Latter-day investigators pin their faith on the ductless glands. A fuller knowledge of these remarkable little organs has only come to us within recent years. Perhaps the most thoroughly investigated is the thyroid gland, situated in the throat, just below the "Adam's Apple." Insufficient development of which is responsible for many cases of retardation of mental and physical development. Such conditions as congenital dwarfism, mental insufficiency and allied states, improve as if by magic on administration of thyroid extract.

When the thyroid gland is normally active, the body is more likely to retain its youthful contour far into advanced life, instead of being overburdened with superfluous weight, the result of imperfect metabolism, as is the rule after maturity is reached. This accounts for the astonishing effect of thyroid extract in cases of obesity that yield to no other form of treatment.

New Era is Dawning.

The pituitary body, another ductless gland that we know something about, is situated in the cranium. It also regulates growth but interference with its function produces an abnormal lengthening of the bones. In some cases it produces a disease called acromegaly in which there is an increase in the size and shape of some of the structures of the body with a gradual diminution of the vital powers. A new era in the interesting question of longevity is dawning with a more concrete conception of the functions of the ductless glands. Many conditions—among them premature senility, the origin of which has been obscure, are being cleared up, not only in the treatment, but in the prevention of these affections classed among the diseases of old age.

For instance, arterio-sclerosis or hardening of the arteries, a condition exceedingly common in males, has been artificially produced in rabbits by the administration of a product secreted by one of the hitherto mysterious ductless glands.

The small bean-shaped organs, "adrenals," have a marked influence upon the skin. There is a rare disease of these glands in which a white person resembles an Indian. In even slight changes of the adrenals, the skin loses its hue of youth and health, becoming dark, "bilious," and pigmented. Degeneration of the thyroid gland also affects the skin and its appendages—the hair and nails. Exhaustion of this gland results in all the evidences of premature decay.

Regulators of the Body.

The ductless glands are the regulators of the body. Since they are interrelated, depending upon each other for the maintenance of the vital forces, it is plain that what affects one will influence the others.

We have long known that the main element in thyroid secretion is iodine. One way in which to enhance the action of the gland after passing into middle life, and so prolonging youth, is by feeding the system largely upon such foods as contain iodine, also by taking minute doses of iodine daily.

The French were the first to throw light upon the extraordinary role played by the ductless glands as rejuvenators. Implantation of the interstitial glands for purposes of regeneration, is not new. It was tried on animals in England over 150 years ago. With a more extended knowledge as to the nature of the secretions yielded by the interstitial glands, we will probably be able to administer it, as we now do iodine or thyroid extract, and so maintain the integrity of all the vital forces far beyond three score years and ten.

Courting on Stilts.

A disastrous fire in the Department of Landes, in France, has focused attention on the famous stilt-walkers of the district.

Owing to the dampness of the soil and continuous floods, the people, mostly farmers and shepherds, spend the greater part of their lives on stilts, in the use of which they are expert.

The stilts are strapped below the knees, the feet being fastened in a kind of stirrup raised five feet from the ground. A pole, which the stilt-walker carries in place of the ordinary walking-stick, serves as a rest, the user propping himself against it when halting.

The women of the district are as skilful as the men in the use of stilts, and a courting couple striding off to their trysting-place on stilts is a common sight.

A famous stilt-walker of the district, Silvain Dornon, a baker, walked on stilts from Paris to Moscow, a distance of 1,580 miles, in fifty-eight days.

A fool is a man who is wise—too late.

The British Red Cross received 80 million dollars in voluntary contributions during the war.

HEALTH EDUCATION

BY DR. J. J. MIDDLETON

Provincial Board of Health, Ontario

Dr. Middleton will be glad to answer questions on Public Health matters through this column. Address him at the Parliament Bldg., Toronto.

A few days ago a letter reached me from a search of a man who would rise. He said to the inquirer: "Here's a chance for the fellow who tries." But each of them said with a smile, "I wish I could do it but I'm very busy today, and I'm sorry to say that I really haven't got time."

At last opportunity came. To a man who was burdened with cares, and said: "I now offer the same opportunity that has been theirs. Here's a duty that ought to be done. It's a chance if you've got time to take it."

Of all the excuses there are, by which this old world is accursed, this "haven't got time" is by far the poorest, the feeblest, the worst. A delusion it is, and a snare; if the habit is yours, you should shake it.

For if you want to do what is offered to you, you'll find time to do it, or make it.

Would not be without baby's own tablets. Mrs. W. Beesley, Mille Roche, Ont., writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for the past eight months and would not be without them. I used them for indigestion and teething and my baby is cutting his teeth without any trouble whatever. I can highly recommend the Tablets to other mothers."

The baby is not a toy or a plaything, but a great responsibility. Its health, growth and happiness depend largely upon you—the parent. Therefore you must avoid infection by keeping the baby away from anyone who is not perfectly well. What seems like a cold in the head may turn out to be measles or some other disease. Remember that measles and whooping-cough are serious diseases for young children. The older a child is when he comes down with them, the less is the danger of fatal results. The germs of disease enter by way of the mouth. Keep playthings and comforters, and everything that has not been thoroughly cleaned out of the baby's mouth. Do not let the baby crawl around on a dirty floor or dusty carpet. Place him on a clean sheet or blanket. Flies carry disease to babies. Screen the baby's room.

Keep flies away from the baby and his food at all times. Cover the crib or carriage with netting to keep out the flies and mosquitoes.

A healthy, good-tempered baby is one of the greatest joys of life. Wherever it goes, sunshine radiates from its presence and fills the most obstructed vision.

Very Stout Old Gentleman—"Here, my lad, is a nickel for you. Now tell me if my shoes need polishing."

The man who is afraid of scratching his hands will not gather many berries.

Paper life-boats are new. The Japanese manufacture a tough variety of paper from fibres of the mulberry tree. Some time ago a rear-admiral of the Japanese navy discovered a special method of waterproofing this product and for cementing it. This discovery led to the invention of collapsible paper life-boats.

First on the Appetite List

ONCE the crispness and charm of Grape-Nuts have been tested by the family, there's one item that stands prominently out in the marketing list thereafter.

That's Grape-Nuts.

The twenty hours of continuous baking have produced, from the natural richness of wheat and malted barley, a food that is uniquely sweet with sugar developed from the grains themselves, and whose crispness and flavor make a delightful appeal to every member of the family.

And Grape-Nuts is soundly nourishing—a great builder of health and strength.

Served with cream or milk, as a cereal for breakfast or lunch, or made into a pudding for dinner.

See that your marketing list includes this delicious, economical food, today. All grocers.

"There's a Reason" for Grape-Nuts

Haven't Got Time.

Opportunity tapped at a door. With a chance for the brother who in: He rapped till his fingers were sore. And muttered: "Come on, let me in. Here's something I know you can do. Here's a hill that you can climb." But the brother inside, very quickly replied: "Old fellow, I haven't got time."

Opportunity wandered along. In search of a man who would rise. He said to the inquirer: "Here's a chance for the fellow who tries." But each of them said with a smile, "I wish I could do it but I'm very busy today, and I'm sorry to say that I really haven't got time."

At last opportunity came. To a man who was burdened with cares, and said: "I now offer the same opportunity that has been theirs. Here's a duty that ought to be done. It's a chance if you've got time to take it."

Of all the excuses there are, by which this old world is accursed, this "haven't got time" is by far the poorest, the feeblest, the worst. A delusion it is, and a snare; if the habit is yours, you should shake it.

For if you want to do what is offered to you, you'll find time to do it, or make it.

WOULD NOT BE WITHOUT BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Mrs. W. Beesley, Mille Roche, Ont., writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for the past eight months and would not be without them. I used them for indigestion and teething and my baby is cutting his teeth without any trouble whatever. I can highly recommend the Tablets to other mothers."

The Cloud.

To be the cloud for which men pray When earth is parched by high sun's ray;

To be a breath of cooling breeze When cities choke for wind of seas; To be a dew on the meadows grass When hot days over the meadows pass. It must be fine, it must be sweet, To heal the earth of withering heat!

To be a song when silence seems A pain, an ache, a void of dreams; To be a fragrance and perfume When lives are longing for a bloom; To be a kiss, a hug, a smile That hearts have hungered for the while—

It must be fine to serve some end Of sweetness for a human friend!

To be a star when night is dark; To be a lyric when the lark Has flown to other haunts of life; To be a memory in some heart

That has grown weary of the strife— It must be fine, O cloud, like thee To bring the cool breath of the sea; Or rose, to grace with beauty those Whose lives are empty of the rose!

Good Spirits.

There are three sorts of spirits—alcoholic, ghosts, and those that are a part of yourself. They are a health barometer, and indicate your state, physically and mentally.

Any medical man would corroborate the statement that it is unwise, if not dangerous, to get in low spirits, and as various causes produce that effect, it is as well to know what those causes are, and counter them. Forget not that what we call "spirits" is really our vitality, the life principle.

We feel depressed in spirits on a wet day because the air is laden with vapor, and has proportionately less oxygen in it. The air, too, is lighter than usual, and does not balance the air in our bodies. Hence the depression. The result is that we work with difficulty and less efficiency.

The remedy is to get out of doors and double the normal rate of breathing. That, as is evident, will pump more oxygen into the system, and the benefit is immediate. The "life" of the depression can be felt.

And laugh! Laughter stirs up the whole system and releases stored nervous power or vitality. It may be urged that one cannot laugh if there is nothing to laugh at; but, as a matter of fact, a forced laugh will soon progress to a natural one. Try. You will get amused at yourself, and up will bound your spirits.

Finally, add to the quicker breathing and the laughter, a loosening of your clothing. Undo neck and wristbands and the like. That's the last little touch. As the proof of the pudding is in the eating try this threefold remedy the next time you are depressed from any cause, and you will find it a sure cure.

Great Britain was within 90 days of being starved during one period of the war, stated the Prime Minister of Australia recently.

PAINFUL NEURALGIA TORTURING SCIATICA

Both Come From the Same Cause—Thin, Watery Blood.

Most people think of neuralgia as a pain in the head or face, but neuralgia may affect any nerve in the body. Different names are given to it when it affects certain nerves. Thus neuralgia of the sciatic nerve is called sciatica, but the character of the pain and the nature of the disease are the same. The pain in neuralgia is caused by starved nerves. The blood which carries nourishment to the nerves has become thin and impure and no longer does so, and the pain you feel is the cry of the nerves for their natural food. You may ease the pains of neuralgia with hot applications, but real relief from the trouble comes by enriching and purifying the blood. For this purpose Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are strongly recommended. These pills make new, rich blood and thus act as a most effective nerve tonic. If you are suffering from this most dreaded of troubles, or any form of nerve trouble, give these pills a fair trial, and note the ease and comfort that follows their use.

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills from any medicine dealer, or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

National Slanders.

The origin of national slanders is a mystery. Someone starts them, others continue them, and the rest of us accept them as Gospel, and give them further currency.

Englishmen are alleged to be supercilious and reserved. Their life on an island is said to be responsible. Rubbish! They have been, and are, the biggest travellers of all the nations. If Englishmen were shy and reserved they wouldn't have been the pioneers in colonization, Empire-building, conquest, commerce, and the like.

As a matter of fact, the average Englishman is supercilious, and if any proof of that is needed it is to be found in the fact that England is, par excellence, the home of sport. Sport demands sociability. Imagine a tennis boom among a "super-shy, reserved" people!

Scotsmen are alleged to be mean—uncareful with their law. Thousands of jokes have been built up on that slander. But, as a matter of fact, the Scot, as all who have had to do with him know, is extraordinarily generous and kind-hearted. Ask the treasurer of any hospital! There's the test.

The Irish are dourly slandered. They are alleged to be a gay, witty race, care-free and careless. This is a slander. The Irish are a sad people. All their beautiful melodies are in a minor key. "Irish humor" doesn't really exist. The Irish are really intensely serious. And as to being "careless," it is a fact that they are thrifty, clean, and super-moral.

The French are supposed to be irresponsible and excitable. An obvious slander, which the Great War killed—or ought to have killed.

Then there is the "wily, unspeakable" Turk. For a fact, he is about as simple as they make 'em! The Dutch are alleged to be "stolid," and all that the term implies. It's a slander, for the Dutch are very much all there! The tale might be continued, but the result would be the same, whether dealing with the "cute" Yankee, the "emotional" Welshman, the "treacherous" Spaniard, or the "gay" Italian. Slanders all!

Lifeboat Made of Basket-Work.

A basket-work lifeboat seems very frail and delicate for the hard work of getting through rough seas to a ship in distress, yet a boat of this type has just been invented, and it is claimed that it gives greater safety than the usual kind.

The wooden framework of the boat is covered with a cork lining, and over that is laid an outer cover of woven cane. It is said that the new boat floats better than the boats now in use, and that it is impossible for it to sink.

The basket lifeboat is so light and springy, that it is less likely to be crushed by swinging against the side of a ship or by the buffeting of the waves.

MONEY ORDERS.

A Dominion Express Money Order for five dollars costs three cents.

Making Volcanoes Work.

It is proposed that the heat from Kilauea, a volcano on the island of Hawaii, shall be made to provide electric light and power for every part of the island. This volcano has a perpetually active crater, and is an awe-inspiring spectacle for tourists.

A request has been addressed to the Legislature of Hawaii asking for the appropriation of \$30,000, which, with a like amount from the Hawaiian Volcano Research Association, will be used for borings and other preliminary work.

It is hoped that sulphur, copper, and other materials may be recovered from the gases of the crater, while it may be found possible to use the power generated to extract nitrogen from the air.

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend

BITS OF HUMOR FROM HERE & THERE

Both Satisfied.

"So you resigned?" "Yes. I couldn't stand the way the firm treated me." "What did they do?" "Took my name off the pay sheet."

The Days Are Gone.

"Are you willing to work for \$30 a month and your board?" asked Mr. Cobble. "Yes, sir," replied the applicant for a job as a farm hand. "But if you occasionally see me pause in my task of manuring the pigs to brush away a tear think nothing of it. I was paid \$10 a day during the war, and it wasn't much of a day at that."

Careful Father.

Young Harold was late for Sunday school and the minister inquired the cause.

"I was going fishing, but father wouldn't let me," announced the lad.

"That's the right kind of a father to have," replied the reverend gentleman. "Did he explain the reason why he wouldn't let you go?"

"Yes, sir. He said there wasn't bait enough for two."

Thinking of Home.

A little lad of nine on entering one of our large fever hospitals was noticed by the nurse to be crying bitterly.

She, trying to find out the cause of his tears, said, "Well, sonny, why are you crying so?"

The little lad, between his sobs, replied:

"I am not crying, nurse, but me eyes are watering when I think of home."

That Man Is Happy—

Who values honor and good name above riches.

Who can enjoy the landscape without owning the land.

Who can face poverty and misfortune with cheerfulness and courage.

Who has a hearty appreciation of the beautiful in human life as well as in nature.

Who has a contented mind liberally stored with the knowledge that makes life interesting.

To whom plain living, high thinking and useful work constitutes real riches.

Who is conscious of his oneness with the One.

Who has a harmonious, happy home.

Who has learned how to neutralize fear thoughts and worry thoughts by their antidotes.

A hibernating animal can be awakened from its winter sleep by being brought into a warm room. When again put into a cold place it immediately resumes its dormant state.

At the Yarmouth Y.M.C.A. Boys' Camp, held at Tusket Falls in August, I found Minard's Liniment most beneficial for sunburn, an immediate relief for colic and toothache.

Alfred Stokes, General Sec'y.

WANTED—YOUNG LADIES OF GOOD EDUCATION TO TRAIN AS NURSES.

Apply Welland Hospital, St. Catharines, Ont.

America's Finest Dog Remedies

Book on DOG DISEASES

and How to Feed Mailed Free to any Address by the Author

E. Clay Storey Co., Inc. 115 West 41st Street New York, U.S.A.

COARSE SALT LAND SALT

Bulk Carlots

TORONTO SALT WORKS

G. A. CLIFF - TORONTO

ASPIRIN

"Bayer" is only Genuine

Warning! It's criminal to take a chance on any substitute for genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," prescribed by physicians for twenty-one years and proved safe by millions. Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting Aspirin at all. In every Bayer package are directions for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Toothache, Lumbago and for Pain. Handy tin boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages. Made in Canada. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada), of Bayer Manufacture of Monocetatealdehyde of Salicylicacid.

DRUG CLERK PUTS TANLAC TO TEST

PUT ME IN SPLENDID HEALTH, HE SAYS.

Feels It His Duty To Tell Others How It Has Helped Him.

"Tanlac has been of such benefit to me that I feel it my duty to make the facts known to everybody," said Herbert H. Knapton, well-known drug clerk, 15 Epworth Ave., London, Ont. "As the result of an accident about three years ago I was laid up for seven weeks and got into a very run-down condition. My stomach was so upset that I had to go on a special diet because of indigestion and was also troubled with constipation. I had so much neuralgic pain in my shoulder that I could get no rest at night without taking sedatives to induce sleep. 'I must confess that I did not think Tanlac could help me, but a friend of mine was so benefited by it that I gave it a trial. I was both surprised and gratified by the result. 'It quickly gave me an excellent appetite and so improved my digestion that I could eat whatever I pleased without suffering any bad after effects and it also relieved my constipation."

"I haven't an ache or a pain in my body now and ever since I finished the third bottle of Tanlac I have enjoyed splendid health. I've been praising and recommending it ever since."

Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere. Adv.

Forest Fires Burn the Future.

Every good citizen should know what forests mean to Canada, to his province and to his very home: and that every fire that burns in the forests is a detriment to the progress of civilization. Every boy and girl should have instilled into their minds the untold damage that may result from carelessness with fire in the woods. In destroying the forests we are not only damaging the present, but are literally burning up the future.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

The French astronomer, Pons, discoverer of the comet that has aroused so much interest this year on the occasion of its periodic return to our part of the solar system, began his career as janitor of the Observatory of Marseilles. He discovered, in all, thirty-seven comets.

ITCHING BURNING ECZEMA ON FACE

In Blisters. Was Disfigured. Cuticura Healed.

"Eczema started on my face around my chin. It came out in blisters and the itching and burning were very disagreeable. Sleep was out of the question and my face was disfigured so I wrote a well-known different remedies but nothing would do any good. I procured a cake of Cuticura Soap and a box of Cuticura Ointment which soon cured me." (Signed) Miss Corrie H. Frisbie, Gray, Dry Mills, Me.

Try to prevent further trouble by using Cuticura for all toilet purposes. Soap 25c. Ointment 25c. and 50c. Sold throughout the Dominion. Canadian Depot: Toronto, Ontario, 344 St. Paul St., W., Montreal.

LIFE WAS A MISERY TO HER

Says this Woman Until Relieved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Owen Sound, Ont.—"I suffered for ten years with female organic troubles, neuralgia and indigestion, and was weak and had such bad pains I could hardly walk or stand up at times. When I would sweep I would have to go and lie down. I could not sleep at night, and would wander around the house half the time. I tried everything but nothing did me any good, and the last doctor I had told me he never expected me to be on my feet again or able to do a day's work. One day one of your little books was left at my door and my husband said I should try a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I thank God I did, for it relieved me, and I am now well and strong. I think there is no remedy like the Vegetable Compound for anyone who has my troubles, and have recommended it to my neighbors. You can publish my letter for the benefit of those I can't reach."

—Mrs. HELEN A. MITCHELL, 1767 7th Ave., East, Owen Sound, Ont.

If you have any symptom about which you would like to know write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for helpful advice given free of charge.

ISSUE No. 38-21.

Women Know Values

That's Why Our Store Gets the Crowds

Women's Sample Corsets

D. & A. Godess Corsets in pink and white, with low and medium bust, some with electric insert, 4 and 6 hose supporters, all sizes, values to \$3.50 pair. This week 98c

Monarch Sweater Yarns

One of the most popular yarns for knitting Sweaters, Caps, etc. Come in all the newest shades.
"Floss" per skein 25c
"Down" " 35c

Beautiful Georgette Blouses

Very popular. Made with long or short sleeves, round or V necks, in all sizes and colors. This week \$4.95

A final clearance Men's Balbriggan Underwear, Shirts and Drawers, all sizes, per garment 59c.

New goods on every side and splendid values for this week.

Men's New Fall Suits—\$15.00, \$16.50 and \$25.00.

Men's New Fall Hats and Caps. See them, they are smart and low priced.

E. A. MAYHEW & CO.

The Store of Values The Store of Values

The Transcript.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1921

WARDSVILLE

Mr. and Mrs. Reggie Martyn of London spent Saturday with Rev. and Mrs. R. J. Murphy and family.

Miss Nora Stewart of Knapdale spent Saturday with Miss Ava Weer. School reopened September 6 with a large attendance in all rooms. Miss Nellie Jackson is the principal of the public school and Miss McEachern of Hamilton is the assistant high school teacher.

Miss Violet Murphy, who is attending Dutton high school, spent the week-end at her home here.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Davis and son Robert have returned to New York after a month's holiday here.

G. A. Love has returned from his holidays.

Philip Eaton, formerly of the Royal Bank here, now of Thames, called on friends in town last week.

While playing with a slingshot on Thursday, Henry, the four years' old son of Mr. and Mrs. E. Purdy, cut his eye very badly. He was immediately rushed to Victoria Hospital where an operation was performed. The extent of the injury is yet unknown.

Mrs. R. J. Murphy, son Fred and daughters Maud and Frances motored to London last week.

H. C. Wonnacott and Miss F. Wonnacott of Lambeth and E. Smith, Miss Hicks and Miss McCannery of London spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. A. B. O'Hara.

Mrs. John Atchison and daughter Florence of New Liskeard visited relatives and friends here. Florence will remain and attend high school this year.

Mrs. Taggie and two sons of London are visiting Mrs. J. Sloan.

J. Humphrey is ill with pleurisy. Will Sparling is ill with pleurisy.

Margaret Archer and Margaret Rogers have gone for a month's holiday to Fred Rogers' at Wheatley.

Miss Agnes O'Malley spent the week-end at her home.

Miss Muriel Willis, who is teaching at Churchill, spent the week-end at her home.

Mr. and Mrs. Gifford (nee Maude Wilson) and Ida Wilson of Detroit are visiting Mrs. Gifford's father, Jacob Wilson.

Joe Jacques was knocked down by Allan Purcell's car on Saturday night. The front wheel of the car passed over the boy's body and he was badly shaken up. It is not yet known whether he is seriously hurt or not.

An epidemic of whooping cough seems to be going around Wardsville and vicinity.

At the service held on Sunday afternoon at the Anglican church Rev. Mr. Wallace of Cawton was the preacher. Chester Crawford, also of Dutton, sang.

The Women's Missionary Society of the Methodist church held their regular monthly meeting in the church Thursday afternoon. An interesting report of the district convention recently held in West Lorne was given by Mesdames Douglas, Sparling, Ellwood and Brammer. The society, which is a live one, is planning for aggressive work during the present year. They will hold their anniversary the last Sunday in October, when a special speaker will be secured.

Summer days, holiday time, so often spoiled by hay fever or summer asthma. RAZ-MAH stops both. And for rheumatism, Templeton's Rheumatic Capsules are safe and sure. Sold by H. I. Johnston.

NEWBURY

Miss Malcolm of St. George is visiting at the manse.

A. J. Walker and family of London spent the week-end at Bruce Fletcher's.

Miss Ida Gibb returned to Detroit on Wednesday after visiting Miss A. L. Tucker.

Will Connelly and wife spent the

week-end in Detroit.

Miss Winifred Owens was home from Parkhill for the week-end.

Mrs. Pennell (nee Winnie Palmer) and daughter of Duluth visited old friends in town last week.

N. H. Henderson, wife and baby are visiting in Windsor. Mr. Sciver of St. George is relieving at the Merchants Bank here.

Harvest Home services were held in Christ church on Sunday. Rev. Mr. Wallace, M. A. of Dutton preached two good sermons. Chester Crawford, also of Dutton, sang a solo in the morning which was much appreciated. The church was tastefully decorated.

Miss Margaret G. Bayne was home from New Glasgow for the week-end.

David Congreve, wife and daughter Jean of Nixon are visiting his mother, Mrs. James Brown.

Miss Elsie Prangley spent last week with London friends and is this week with her uncle, Albert Grant, in Windsor.

Mrs. Wm. L. Hagerty and son George are visiting friends in Port Huron and other places in Michigan.

The Misses Linton returned to Toronto on Saturday after visiting Mrs. Wm. J. Armstrong.

W. C. King visited Detroit friends last week.

Mrs. Pryne of Brantford is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Frank Robinson.

J. E. Burgess and wife of Dresden spent Sunday with his mother, Mrs. Armstrong.

Miss Myrtle Prangley left on Monday for London where she will attend Normal school.

The Women's Institute will meet on Wednesday, Sept. 21, at Mrs. Matt Armstrong's. A good attendance is requested.

NORTH EKFRID

The annual Sunday school picnic was held on the school grounds Saturday afternoon. The girls played a game of baseball and the children had games and races. It was an ideal day. The refreshment booth was well patronized. After partaking of a bountiful lunch all returned home after a pleasant afternoon.

Miss Irene Roemmle has returned home from London where she was holidaying.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie Campbell are spending a few days in Forest.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hewitt spent Sunday in Melbourne.

Mrs. Will Webber is still sick.

Mrs. George Kettlewell of Windsor is renewing old acquaintances in this vicinity.

Arthur Hardy has got a position in London.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Nichols and family returned home Saturday after an extended visit to Windsor and other points west. They all look as though they enjoyed their trip.

Born—to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Pierce, on Sept. 6, a daughter—Doris Marguerite.

The Swastika Mission Band met at the home of Miss Elva Hudson Wednesday, Sept. 7, with a good attendance. They packed the yearly bale, valued at \$10, and sent away \$15 for missionary purposes.

MIDDLEMISS

Middlemiss, Sept. 8.—Anniversary services were held in the Amasa Wood Methodist church on Sept. 4th. Able sermons were preached by the pastor, Rev. C. C. Couzens. The choir did justice to the occasion by

Hay - Fever

SUMMER COLDS, ASTHMA, spoil many a holiday.

RAZ - MAH

Positively stops these troubles! Sneezing, weezing, coughing, weeping eyes aren't necessary—unless you like being that way.

11.00 at your druggist's, or write Templeton's, Toronto, for a free trial.

Sold by H. I. Johnston

rendering some very select vocal music. The church was beautifully decorated by the members of the Ladies' Aid.

A number from the village and vicinity attended the baseball tournament at Iona Station. The games were played by Iona and Dutton Junior team, Iona winning. Lawrence and Cowal then played, Lawrence winning. The final game was played by Iona and Lawrence, which was won by Iona.

Miss Linda Battin, who has returned to London, was home for the week-end.

Miss Tena Carruth has been engaged as a clerk by W. J. Richards.

Miss Core, who is engaged as teacher for the coming year in S. S. No. 11, Ekfrid, (Middlemiss), has started her duties.

Mrs. Freeman Perkins and son Ralph and wife motored from Aylmer on Sunday.

Born—Sept. 5, to Mr. and Mrs. Len Clark, a daughter.

Elvin, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Elvin Lilley, died on Tuesday, Sept. 6th, aged 7 weeks. Interment was made at Cowal cemetery. "Another flower gone to decorate the walls of Paradise."

Mrs. Duncan Graham and daughter Lillicole spent a few days with her daughter, Mrs. Ralph Perkins.

Miss Sadie Wrightman and niece Alice spent the week-end here.

Middlemiss, Sept. 13.—Alex. Dewar of Chatham was renewing old acquaintances here last week.

Mrs. Douglas McArthur is visiting her sister, Mrs. Lorenzo Watterworth, Wardsville.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Louche and son Morris spent Sunday at her former home in St. Thomas.

Work on the Muncy bridge is progressing rapidly.

CASHMERE

Mrs. Allen Sitter of Bothwell spent Thursday with her daughter, Mrs. Earle Tunks.

Miss M. Carrothers of Melbourne is engaged as teacher for this school.

Mr. and Mrs. Wed. Darke and son Charlie spent Sunday with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Darke, Bothwell.

Sunday, Sept. 25th, has been set for anniversary services in the church here.

Leslie Sullivan and two sons of Cairo called on relatives here this week.

We are sorry to learn of the loss to John Johnston, Jr., at the end of Peter street, when his house was burned on Saturday at 3 a.m. The cause of the fire is unknown.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnston and daughter Irene escaped in their nightclothes.

Mrs. McLean of Sombra is the guest of Mrs. A. D. Patterson.

Mrs. W. H. Jeffery of Newbury spent Thursday and Friday with her granddaughter, Mrs. Calvin Sitter.

Owing to a cave-in at the Brooks culvert the road is closed for a few days while it is being repaired. The back road is being used for cars and other vehicles.

John Saylor of the Royal Bank staff at Hamilton is spending his holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Johnathan Saylor.

For Scalds and Burns.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is a standard remedy for the prompt treatment of scalds and burns. Its healing power quickly soothes the pain and aids a speedy recovery from the injury. It is also an excellent remedy for all manner of cuts, bruises and sprains, as well as for relieving the pains arising from inflammation of various kinds. A bottle in the house and stable saves many a doctor's and veterinary's fee.

CAIRO

Mrs. VanPatten of California is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. O. Gage.

Miss Agnes Tanner has left for London to attend Normal school.

J. A. Buchan delivered an address in the Presbyterian church on Sunday in behalf of the Dominion Alliance.

The death of Mrs. Herbert Elsom occurred on Saturday morning. She leaves a husband and two children.

The fiftieth anniversary of the Presbyterian church will be commemorated next Sabbath. Rev. Mr. Weir of Ridgeway will conduct services at 2.30 and 7.30 p.m.

DAVISVILLE

Mr. and Mrs. George Babcock have returned to their home in Detroit after spending a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Babcock.

Sorry to hear that Madeline Watterworth is on the sick-list.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McRae and family of Glencoe spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Armstrong.

Henry Musket and his father and a friend from Detroit spent Sunday last with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Thompson.

A few of the young people around here intend taking in the London fair this week.

Sorry to hear that Billie Benson is suffering with blood-poisoning in his arm.

An Unblemished Record. Sensational advertising methods have so often been used to exploit worthless articles that we have always preferred to be very conservative in our claims for Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. We keep it before the public by modest announcements, relying almost wholly for its more extensive use upon its recommendation by those whom it relieves of Asthma's dreadful agonies. These are now numbered in many thousands. We suggest a trial of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's by every sufferer from Asthma.

KNAPDALE

Stephen Kelly spent a few days in Detroit last week.

Miss Nora Stewart spent the week-end with her cousin, Miss Ava Weer, Wardsville.

Mr. Musket and son Henry have returned to Detroit.

Only the uninformed endure the agony of corns. The knowing ones apply Holloway's Corn Remover and get relief.

APPIN

The monthly meeting of the Women's Institute will be held at the home of Mrs. John Fletcher on Thursday, Sept. 22, one week sooner than usual. Final arrangements will be made concerning the school fair.

Donations for Strathroy hospital must be in not later than that date.

Great preparations are being made for the success of the school fair. The very of the committee is to have a united Ekfrid. Special prizes will be offered for parade, singing, public speaking and decorated autos. A special prize to the teacher writing the best essay on the history of Ekfrid.

Mrs. M. R. Brown of Melbourne, Mrs. Rose Stuart of Glencoe, and Frank Nichols, reeve of Ekfrid, have consented to assist. Pinn and representatives will judge the exhibits. Further particulars will be given later.

The cemetery committee have accepted a grant of \$100 from the Women's Institute and have appointed a committee to make arrangements for the work on cemetery gates to begin immediately.

MELBOURNE

Anniversary services were held in the Presbyterian church here on Sunday. Rev. Mr. McIntosh of London preached morning and evening and delivered two sermons that will long be remembered by the congregation.

The choir gave special music, the male quartette from Appin assisting. The decorations were all cut flowers, mostly asters, which made a beautiful showing.

WOODGREEN

A number from here attended the races at Bothwell on Labor Day.

Mrs. Thomas Simpson is visiting her sister, Mrs. T. J. Elliott, at Florence.

Richard Jackson and Lawrence Harvey have returned from visiting in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Bakon, Mrs. Lawrence and D. Mills spent a few days last week with Mr. and Mrs. H. Harvey and Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Weekes.

A number from here are attending the Western Fair in London this week.

SHETLAND

The Methodist church, held their anniversary in the church here Sunday, Sept. 11. They also held a fowl supper Monday night.

Jack McKellar and Neil McLaughlin spent Sunday at Robert Gray's.

Sho-filing is the order of the day. Miss Florence Dixon has returned to Robert Gray's, where she will remain for a while.

Glad to hear that Doris and Mildred Bolton are around again.

Fred Jeffery is on the sick-list.

EUPHEMIA

Mrs. Wm. Bilton is confined to the house with a lame limb. While at a U.F.O. picnic she fell and fractured it.

Miss Louisa Ralph has left to take up her duties as teacher at the Blue school, Dawn.

Lyle Elliott spent Saturday evening in Chatham.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Bilton and Mr. and Mrs. George Bilton attended the U. F. O. picnic last week.

Mrs. Tom Bilton and Mrs. Ira Bilton attended the gathering of the W. I. at Florence last week.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Rolstone were in town on Tuesday.

Miss Helen Torshee was a Shetland visitor on Thursday.

Mrs. George Bilton and niece, Miss Retta Bilton, spent a week with Mrs. Johnston at Windsor and attended Michigan State Fair.

Mrs. David Vansickie died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Drew, at Bothwell on Saturday. The remains were taken to the Butler cemetery for burial.

NEW CRIMINAL CODE

Copies of amendments of the last session of Parliament to the Criminal Code have been received by the town police authorities and some of them are very drastic. There is one good change in the Criminal Code relating to firearms. The restrictions on British subjects owning rifles and shot guns has been removed. It is not necessary now to have a permit to keep a rifle or shot gun if you are a British subject. In the case of an alien the law remains as it was. It is still necessary under the amendment to the act which can be suspended by the Governor-General at any time, to have a permit to carry or own a revolver. The code is amended in the section relating to indecent assault and rape. For the latter offence imprisonment for one period up to life and lashes can now be given. The extreme penalty is hanging. For robbery with violence or assault with intent to rob the magistrates and judges now have power to add whipping to the prison term of punishment. This practically applies to highway robbery for the most part. The section relating to automobile theft and similar offences is also amended. For stealing an automobile now the punishment is one year's imprisonment without the option of a fine. For driving a car in an intoxicated condition the punishment is for the first offence not less than seven days in jail and not more than thirty days. For a second offense the term is not less than one month and not more than three months, and for a third offense not less than three months or more than one year. There is no option of a fine.

Miller's Worm Powders will drive worms from the system without injury to the child. The powders are so easy to take that the most delicate stomach can assimilate them and welcome them as speedy easers of pain, because they promptly remove the worms that cause the pain, and thus the suffering of the child is relieved. With so sterling a remedy at hand no child should suffer an hour from worms.

Wedding cake boxes at The Transcript office.

Studebaker
"Built-in-Canada"

New Prices on Studebaker Light-Six Models Effective as of Sept. 8

Light-Six Roadster	\$1700
Light-Six Touring	1725
Light-Six Coupe Roadster	2325
Light-Six Sedan	2775

Above prices are f. o. b. Walkerville, Ontario
Exclusive of Sales Tax

All Studebaker Cars Are Equipped With Cord Tires

WM. McCALLUM
Dealer - Glencoe

The Studebaker Corporation of Canada, Limited, Walkerville, Ontario

Do You Know that more Studebaker automobiles were produced and sold in the United States and Canada, during the first six months of this year, than any other automobile with the exception of the Ford.

This is a Studebaker Year.

STREET CARNIVAL AT GLENCOE Friday Evening, Sept. 23rd

Opening of New Street Pavement
Minister of Highways Expected
Good Band and Orchestra Music

A Big Time for Everybody. See Posters for Particulars.



High Average Mileage

Sometimes you find a tire that gives extraordinary mileage—one in a dozen perhaps. Whereas the average of mileage given by a dozen—or a hundred—Ames Holden "Auto-Shoes" will be as high as that given by the exceptional ordinary tire.

It's the high average that counts—that cuts the cost of miles—that makes it worth while to get Ames Holden "Auto-Shoes" instead of ordinary tires.

AMES HOLDEN "AUTO-SHOES"

Cord and Fabric Tires in all Standard Sizes

"Grey Sox" Tubes

Wm. McCallum
Phone 88

For Sale By

M. J. McAlpine
Phone 19w

"Red Sox" Tubes

Geo. Parrott
Phone 36w