

FRANKLIN D. THUNDERSTORM

Lazy husbands are known as West as love watchers.

It is a sure sign of an early spring to see a cat intently watching a small bolt in the wall.

A Chicago paper chronicled the election of officers of the St. Louis Board of Trade under the head of "Miscellaneous Crime."

Another remedy has been discovered for rheumatism in London. It is a hot and bath. This makes 1384 remedies for rheumatism.

Gracious me! exclaimed a lady in the States, "how should I know anything about anything? I don't know anything about it."

An editor in Troy displays a lead paragraph that he has used for nine years. His writings can't have much point to them.

Mono-poets, is the name for persons who write but one bit of verse and then stop.

heavy pattering of huge drops of water

A bootblack pointing in rude letters upon his "Confidential Shave," that was in both patriotic and shrewd and heists an example.

A custom-house man writes that he as heard ladies of refinement, wealth, position and education like a custom officer out of countenance.

The Ohio legislature has introduced a bill fixing a fine of from five to fifty dollars for pointing any kind of firearms at person, loaded or "unloaded."

Inscription on a tombstone in Columbia, Tenn.: "Escaped the bullets of the enemy to be assassinated by a cowardly ap-
peal a kind husband, an affectionate mother."

A Chicago gentleman who recently availed through Ohio says that every day he met called potatoes "laters," excepting a young lady, who called him a small potato.

—Mynehr. do you know for what we all love my Hans?
—Well, I tell you. Der reason dat we all love my Hans, dat ish his name

When a Maryland doctor spells it "acfortus," it is the water that patients get on his hands? Another doctor spells it "acfortus" and the patients get the most excessive sublimated "corros of sublimated."

During a revival at green Bay, a citizen is reported to have arisen and asked

the neat little tenement of the

be regretful for having been a subscriber to the Chicago Times for nineteen years.

A pack of wolves in Sherbourne County, Minnesota, chased a couple of lawyers, a priest and a nun, and the new *Oreanus Republican* said it showed a lack of professional courtesy.

An exchange says a Michigan man named recently that his aunt was dead. The exchange proved true. He tried to see some from his mother-in-law, but it didn't work.

The *Saturday Review* tells of a Scotch theologian who quoted a text of Scripture in his prayer, and added: "For that, O Lord, is the correct translation of the passage."

"You must be a quarrelsome fellow," said a phenologist to a man whose thumbs he was examining. "Say that again and I'll knock you down," was the response.

If the cause of the redness of a certain Chicago dragon's nose were only discovered, a very important theological question in that city would be at once disposed of.

An English judge, Baron Alderson, being asked to give his opinion as to the proper length of a sermon, replied, "Twenty minutes, with a leaning to the side of mercy."

destroys the true economy and design
the domestic institution and it pro-

An exchange asks: "Is there anything at man cannot do?" To which Dr. Good, of the Glasgow, *Ey., Times*, replies: "Yes, sir, we have never known him suckle a baby."

Sixteen years ago Tom Kenyon went to Kansas City with a cent, and the other day he signed a check for sixteen thousand dollars. He signed with another man's name, however.

Twenty one freshmen were lately suspended from an English college because professor couldn't find out who placed ten-ounce tuck in his chair. He, however, knew all about who sat down on it.

Kansas judges are either very generous else they have little dignity. One of them was called "Old Skillegins" by a lawyer, and he only imposed a fine of ten shillings for the contempt of court.

A little boy, carrying home some eggs in the grocery, dropped them. "Did I break any?" asked his mother, and in reply he said "No," said the mother, "but the shells came off 'em."

A fellow who should be careful to dip his fingers in to the right thumb, for that thumb has been used for libel, and has been published that a certain libel attorney was a well known thumb breaker.

The defence of the editor is that he

use they walked; Sir Philip began to

horse-breaker, which the plaintiff
occasionally.

Nothing," said an impatient husband,
minds me so much of Balaam and
as two women stopped in church
practising the way to indulge in their
lastling talk. "But you forget,"
returned the wife, "that it was
angel who stopped the way, and
him and his ass who complained of

in English technical periodical points
as easy way of testing whether water
and it for general use. It is pre-
pared by water should be free from color, in-
sistent odor and taste and should suc-
ceed a lather with a small portion of
If half a pint of the water is placed
perfectly clean colorless, glass test
bottle, a few grains of the above white
p sugar added and the bottle
exposed to the daylight in the win-
dow of a warm room the liquid should not
become turbid even after exposure for
one week or ten days. If the water becomes
cloudy and is open to the fresh atmospheric
waves continuing for 10 to 15 minutes
it is almost certain that it is un-
fit to drink this simple and
highest strength water.

PARLIAMENT ASKED TO PASS A BILL
HOLDING THE SECESSIONISTS IN CHECK
—THE ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY'S
Plea.

Well, as I have said, the bishops, with the two archbishops at their head have resolved to stand this state of things no longer; and they have asked Parliament to give them authority to crush the ritualists. Not all of them demand, but two or three of them are. They do not ask that ritualist practices and teaching be declared to be unlawful—the existing laws declare that. But they say that the method of proceeding against the offender under these is so slow, costly, and cumbersome that the culprit may escape for a long time, and they want for a long time that such a new law may be passed whereby the bishop of each diocese may exercise summary control over his clergyman. The Archbishop of Canterbury presented to the House of Lords last night a bill which he had drawn up for this purpose, and in a remarkable speech he begged for its passage. He asked the Roman Catholic Lords to be offered a concession which was designed to suppress practices which they look upon as sacred—it would not interfere with them or their Church; only prevent the parody of Roman Catholic rites in Protestant churches. And then he gave a long account of what the ritualist practices were. They imitated the

The action for damages brought against the Great Western Railway by the executors of the late John McArthur, who was killed on the Port Huron branch in July last, while going to the train at White's station, was brought on at the Amicus and resulted a verdict for the plaintiff with \$3,000 damages.

BROCKVILLE AGRICULTURAL WORKS.
COSSITT & BROTHER.

New of our young farmer, who leave this happy country with the object of improving their lot and settling down in the Western States are mislaid with the result. As a rule their experience is a bitter one, and they either come back to Ontario or long for means to bring them home again. We receive numerous letters telling us of this fact, and one received recently concluded with these impressive words:—"I wish I could sell out; money is mighty hard to get in the west. Emigration to this section (Missouri) is a grand humbug." We sincerely trust that should the emigration fever seize upon any of our countrymen this spring they will well consider the advice of the young farmer, and remember that the Canadian Government offers advantages to the young farmer in the great North west equal to any to be obtained across the border.

London Advertiser.

Bishop Lewis preached an eloquent discourse in his chapel, in the course of which he referred to the doctrine of the late lamented Archbishop of the same Diocese, after referring to death, its surroundings, and the anticipations its approach produce on the mind, he gave a most eloquent and touching account of the late Archbishop, in which he stated that the Archbishop was a faithful and devoted missionary in the cause of Christ for forty-five years, and a confidential and esteemed friend of his own for twenty-five years. He characterized the deceased prelate as being a wonderfully good man, whose death he said would be a great loss to the government whom it would be difficult to replace, and paid a tribute to the charitable spirit which was displayed through his whole career.

CENTREVILLE, May 11.—Yesterday the congregation of the Roman Catholic church, assisted by the Rev. Father, the pastor, the Rev. Father Treadwell, and a large address, together with a purse of nearly four hundred dollars, on the eve of his departure for Rome. In his reply he gave his parishioners great praise for his kind treatment and success he had

It is not often that such a startle of intelligence, as the arrest of war's brother, comes to us over seas. Certain it is we should no

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(From the Dublin Weekly Freeman Journal.)

TO THE EDITOR—SIR,—In your issue of the 8th of May of last year you kindly

aged man to take care of the house and garden all summer. He is sober, honest, industrious, of eighteen or twenty years of age. How is it that we rarely get any good countrymen who resemble the industrious, honest virtuous, industrious they can better here, but send us foreigners, who are industrious, but do not tell them all that that is in full regu. These broke his pledge to me, and I have infected sheep milder flock). Hoping you year emigration, and get our share of them (with best regu) and esteem. (Signed) M. STAFFORD, P. P., Lindsay

held in their Lodge Room, Village, Fitzroy, on Friday evening, the 1st inst., the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

MORE IRON DISCOVERIES IN BATHURST.—An extensive discovery of hematite ore has been made in the neighborhood of Bolton's Creek, Bathurst, by Mr. Mitchell, of Perth, who in prospecting for minerals came across this treasure hidden up to this from the prying eyes of the public. The ore is apparently inexhaustible, and the ore contains a very large percentage of pure iron. Mr. Mitchell, having at once opened up successful negotiations for the lease of the property, is now busy getting out ore, which will be shipped to the American market. —*Courier*.

London, Ont., May 1.—At the Assizes to day an action was brought by W. Dunn, of Lobo, against the Canadian Northern Railway Company for the destruction of his property.

Mr. Mackenzie upon having boldly dealt with the whole scheme. If these resolutions are introduced in good faith, and it is intended honestly to carry them out, and we have no reason to doubt that this is the case, then the Premier is entitled to the credit of having abandoned the crude scheme foreshadowed by him in his address to the electors of Lambton, and which utterly failed to obtain any sympathy or support. These resolutions in their general intent, relieve us from the charge of bad faith, because they provide for the construction of the entire railway across the continent. And although it will probably not be possible to complete the railway within the time fixed in the British Columbia Act, the earnest prosecution, without delay, of the work of construction, will

me, and already we hear of several gentlemen who are abandoning the legislative capital. This is much more easily

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At the lecture theatre of the London University, extracts from some of Dr. Livingstone's latest letters were read publicly by Sir Bartle Frere. The letters

The British Resident at Madras by his correspondence. Mr. Gregory, who had been appointed Foreign Office, stopped my salary—a very un-English deed, to be laid at the door of the English Government. Therefore I did the utmost to prevent Stanislas from leaving the country, and he remained with him, to try and get past the Emir Malabar, Governor, out and ran away. It was promptly enough reported as such piracy in a faculty; it hopes to get rid of me, and I have no doubt that the Ministry and Relief Expedition to Negapatam report was made of my presence in the city, though Government acknowledged that they had received no dispatches from me since my arrival. Stanley learned of my presence only at the Malabar, close to the city. Not only was information given to the Emir, but also to the Emir Arab packets being extracted, but gave only what was convenient to His Majesty's Vice-Consul; and when two heads of the ring were entrusted

all-around the children, &c., such a sober, honest, industrious pensioner, boy of eighteen or twenty years of age. How is it we rarely see any good country girls amongst the immigrants who come

girls who are industrious and ambitious
are sure to do well. Remember
to tell them all that the cold water system
is in full vogue here. One of your
grants broke his pledge last year, and
started him off for Peterboro' (lest
infected sheep might poison the whole
flock). Hoping you will have a good
year's emigration; and that we here will
get our share of them; (and never wish
they more wanted), with best regards
and esteem. &c.,

(Signed)
M. STAFFORD, P. P., Lindsay.

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Mitchell, of Perth, who in prospect for minerals came across this treasure hidden up to this from the prying eyes of mankind. The deposit is apparently inexhaustible, and the ore contains very large percentage of pure iron. Mitchell, having at once opened up successful negotiations for the lease of the property, has now several men employed in getting out ore, which will be shipped to the American market.—*Courier.*

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ouse at this late period of the session,
if it were not the wish or the inten-
n of the Government to have it passed

The official assignees will be appointed by the Court. So far as it may be found practicable the Sheriff will be appointed official assignee.

There will be one official assignee for every County Court District, but in cases where the business is too large to be discharged by one assignee, a larger number will be appointed to act as joint assignees.

At the first meeting the creditors do

any un-English deed, to be laid at the door of the English Government. The powers did their utmost to prevent Stan- going to aid me; and when he went

to their army, to try and get past the Mirambo, Governor out and ran. Stanley was promptly enough reported as being in a difficulty,' in hopes of getting him recalled, and it led to the March and Relief Expedition. No report was made of my presence in Ujiji, though Governor acknowledged he had received two despatches from there, written immediately after my arrival. Stanley learned of my presence only at the Malagarasi, close to Ujiji: Not only was information refused on its way to you, by notes put in the packets, being extracted, but I gave my own explanation to the Majesty's Vice-Consul; and when two heads of the ring were entrusted with stores and men for me, the rumour

A meeting of the Medical Men of the Rideau and Bathurst District was held in the Town Hall Carleton Place on Thursday last, it having been called by Dr. Grant of Ottawa, the representative of the District in the Medical Council. The chair was taken by Dr. Grant who is President, by virtue of his position as representative in the council. The following medical men were present, viz.,—

Dr. Grant, Ottawa.
Hill, Carleton Place.
Beaubien, Carleton Place.
Van Courtlandt, Carleton Place.
Lynn, Carleton Place.
Laggo, Carleton Place.
Church, Carleton Place.
Corbett, Carleton Place.
Malloch, Carleton Place.
Wilson, Carleton Place.
McEwen, Carleton Place.
Bogart, Carleton Place.
Bell, Carleton Place.
Mostyn, Carleton Place.
Patterson, Carleton Place.
McFarlane, Carleton Place.
Howden, Carleton Place.
Kellock, Carleton Place.
Anderson, Carleton Place.
Chambers, Carleton Place.
Pickup, Carleton Place.
Burns, Carleton Place.
Mann, Carleton Place.
O'Brien, Carleton Place.
Giles, Carleton Place.
Beatty, Carleton Place.

The President, Dr. Grant, stood up to make a few remarks to the medical men present, and delivered an interesting and eloquent address, which was received with rounds of applause. He spoke as follows:—

Gentlemen of the Bathurst & Rideau Division.—In compliance with the request of various members of the medical profession in this district, I have called this meeting in order to consider some important clauses in the Medical Bill, which has recently become law in the Province of Ontario. The main object of this meeting is to arrange a tariff, to be submitted to the Ontario Medical Council at its next session, in order to receive approval, as a "Society of reasonable charges." As you are fully aware, the Homeopathic Bill introduced by Dr. Campbell of Toronto, did not meet the approval of the Committee selected by the Local Government, and consequently was shelved, to make way for the Baxter Bill, which is likely to meet the requirements of the profession in every sense. The union of the various medical bodies in Ontario although contrary in a measure to the ideas held by many members of the profession, has been productive of most beneficial results. Since the amalgamation not a single Homeopathist or eclectic, graduated as such in the Province of Ontario. Prior to the union, many, as such were admitted yearly into the profession, upon an educational basis not recognized at present by any medical school in the entire Province. While each body enjoys its own peculiar opinions, each alike must give evidence of a sound preliminary education, prior to entering upon the study of medicine, and subsequently in the leading branches of study the same examination has to be undergone, prior to acquiring a certificate from the "College of Physicians & Surgeons in the Province of Ontario." The great result observable is that since an uniform standard of education has been required, the ranks of the members of the general profession, have very largely increased, and thus the public are becoming in possession of the fact, that the only means of acquiring a degree at present, is by close study, and careful observation, and now that success rests on an educational basis, we may anticipate greater results, as to the elevation of the profession, in the wisest and most comprehensive sense. In the valley of the Ottawa, it must be gratifying to all interested in the welfare of the profession, to observe the interest manifested by the large and influential gathering present. We have assembled at Carleton Place, by far the most central part of the entire Division, which extends from the St. Lawrence to the Ottawa, and embraces a large area of country. Such gatherings, irrespective of their special object, are productive of most beneficial results. We are thus brought in more intimate relationship, and enabled to reciprocate more fully those feelings to which even distance lends a charm. The differences among doctors are proverbial, and no less than Shakespeare styles us the jealous members of the conjunctive art, still it may be questioned whether in any other profession there is more real agreement. Theologians, taken as a whole, are certainly more contentious and dissimilar, and as to the learned brethren of the Bar, the spirit of controversy evaporates not only at the Courts but at the Bar, when keen wit and sarcastic humour are not wanting. It is only when we congregate in holiday fashion that the true geniality of the Doctor shines forth in all its vigour. (Cheers.)

At no period in the history of this Division was unity of action more necessary than at the present. Taken as a body, the influence which might be exerted for good would be considerable. In a sanitary point of view, various measures must become law in the Local Legislature of the Province, in order to arrive at some practical results as to the cause of disease, and the means to be adopted to bring about such sanitary regulations as are necessary in every section of the Dominion. The Dominion also places all such matters in the hands of the Local Government, hence the absence of power, where such power should be. In 1871 he could not introduce in the Commons a "vaccination bill," and more recently Dr. Brown was thwarted in his efforts to establish a Central Sanitary Bureau. He hoped

that in the hands of the Vice-President, Dr. Giles, the Local Government would be brought to a healthy recognition of the vast importance of sanitary measures. To all interested in the advancement of science, and the high position taken by the members of the medical profession on the other side of the Atlantic, he could merely briefly direct attention to the champions who have so recently passed away from the scene of labor. Who has done more for the advancement of the scientific interest of the Royal Society than Sir Henry Holland, the author of many papers of great value to the medical world. He at the mature age of 90 passed away, honored in the widest sense, and recognized, during the exhibition of his high-toned intellectual capacity, as a shining light in the profession. More recently an addition has been made to the illustrious dead in the person of Dr. Livingston. He devoted the best part of a life-time to scientific discovery in the wilds of Africa, and has given to mankind a history such as any country might well feel proud of. His remains as a worthy recognition by the state have been assigned a resting place in Westminster Abbey. Again the members of our profession have signified themselves during the Ashmun year. True they have not received high titles like several commanding officers, but they have upheld the dignity and honor of the profession—and added fresh lustre to the privilege of a good old British degree. (Cheers.)

In conclusion he hoped those reunions might be frequent, and that in the Dominion of Canada the members of the medical profession would lose no opportunity of promoting the interests of science as well as the welfare of the community at large.

Moved by Dr. Patterson, seconded by Dr. O'Brien, that Dr. R. W. Bell act as Secretary of the present meeting. Carried.

Moved by Dr. Patterson, seconded by Dr. Hill, that we constitute ourselves into a territorial association, to be styled "The Rideau and Bathurst Medical Association." Carried.

Moved by Dr. Mostyn, seconded by Dr. Corbett, that the following committee be appointed to select names to be put in nomination for the several offices, viz.,—Dr. Beaubien, Pickup, Lynn, Kellock and the mover.

Moved in amendment by Dr. Church, seconded by Dr. Beatty, that a committee be appointed by the President to select candidates to fill the several offices.

The motions being put, the amendment was carried.

Dr. Grant then appointed the following committee, viz.,—Dr. Church, Mostyn, Lynn, Pickup, Howden and Beaubien.

The meeting adjourned 15 minutes to give the committee time to select the names.

On resuming business the Committee reported the following names to fill the various offices:—

1st Vice President. Dr. Giles.
2nd Vice President. Dr. Pickup.
Treasurer. Dr. Hill.
Secretary. Dr. Lynn.
Executive Committee. Drs. Dickson, Mann, Mostyn, Howden, Beatty, Preston, Beaubien, Leggo, Church.

Moved by Dr. Mostyn, seconded by Dr. Beaubien, that the report be adopted. Carried.

The various officers having returned thanks for the honors conferred on them, the subject of a uniform tariff of fees was then brought up.

Moved by Dr. Hill, seconded by Dr. Mostyn, that a committee be appointed from the rural district to draw up a tariff for themselves, and also one from Ottawa to draw up a tariff for the city. Carried.

The committees having been appointed the meeting adjourned half an hour, and on resuming business the committees reported the tariffs which were adopted, the city one on motion of Dr. Beaubien, seconded by Dr. Lynn, and the rural one on motion of Dr. Howden, seconded by Dr. Anderson. Copies were ordered to be printed and circulated among the members of the association.

Moved by Dr. Giles, seconded by Dr. Burns, that the Ex. Committee frame a Constitution and By-laws for the association, to be submitted to a meeting this day three months. Carried.

Moved by Dr. Leggo, seconded by Dr. Burns, that the next meeting of this association be held in Carleton Place on the 14th day of August next.—Carried.

A vote of thanks having been tendered to the President the meeting adjourned.

On the invitation of the President, the members of the Association repaired to the Mississippi Hotel, where Mr. Lavalley had a comfortable lunch in readiness to which ample justice was done. The usual loyal and patriotic toasts were drunk and responded to with the greatest enthusiasm and good feeling. The President delivered another short but pointed address, and was followed by Dr. Hill, in a sermon from the text—"Has the day been lost." He concluded by assuring the association that, to him, it was one of the most pleasant and interesting days he had spent for many years. Dr. Giles, who is a member of the Ontario Legislature, spoke for some time on the new medical bill; referring to the difficulty of getting it passed in a shape to meet the wishes and requirements of the profession. He tried to be particularly hard on the Griggs, but did not break any bones.

A number of the Medical Men here broke into a stirring strain of parting music, which was interrupted by the whistle of the locomotive, admonishing them that it was time to take their train for home; and the company separated in the best of harmony and good feeling.

KEEPING THE HAND UPON THE SWORD.—An interesting conversation took place a few days ago in the House of Lords, where the venerable Earl Russell called attention to the "mutually imbibed feeling of France and Germany toward each other," and asked what the course of the British Government would be in the event of a rupture between those powers. Lord Derby is reported to have expressed his belief that "the peace of the immediate future is safe," and doubtless he speaks with literal correctness. But beyond the "immediate future" all is uncertain. France, in spite of civil discord, is, as a military power, growing once more formidable, and affects to believe, in preparing for revenge. It may be questioned whether there is any reasonable ground for such a belief, but Bismarck made use of it to force the German Parliament reluctantly to pass a bill placing the army upon a war footing. Parliament was first asked by the Government to virtually abdicate its functions, and vote the army estimates for an indefinite term of years. This proposition was stoutly resisted by the German Liberals. They were willing to provide for the number of men asked by the Government, namely 400,000, but they insisted upon an annual supervision of the expenditure. To pass a vote fixing the military establishment permanently and without liability to revocation was at once to abandon their chief powers and leave the Executive practically without check, and all the skill and power of Bismarck and the Emperor combined could not induce them to pass such a measure. "In peace prepare for war," was the rallying cry of the Government. They represented to the members that France was burning for revenge, and that if the fruits of the late war were not to be wasted Germany must be prepared to meet the foe at any moment. Count Moltke declared that he regarded "a powerful Germany in the centre of Europe as the best guarantee of peace." Within hearing of the shouts "which had been raised for revenge, it was necessary to keep the hand upon the sword. Disarmament would mean war, but he hoped the wisdom of the French Government would avert that 'misfortune.' After a good deal of debate a compromise was effected, and Parliament passed, by a large majority, estimates necessary to maintain a military establishment of 400,000 men for seven years. Germany is thus prepared for any emergency, and the peace of Europe, for the present at least, may be said to rest in her hands.

England had not to wait long for the proper preparation for the outrage upon Consul Magee, at Guatemala. The Government has lost no time in promising full indemnity and, no doubt, such other measures as the British Government may require. Abyssinian and Aethiopian expeditions are, no doubt, costly and troublesome affairs, but they create a wholesome impression on the minds of foreign authorities, and nowhere is it more necessary than in half-civilized States like those of South America.

Senator Schurz has renamed Seylla and Charybdis. They are Military Sovereignty and Monetary Monopoly. The people are on a raft pushing their way between the two, but very close to both, and may strike either. Well, it has always been so. But it will be specially fortunate if the raft don't strike both rocks at the same time.

George Francis Train has escaped and broken into print once more. The *Cruisers* is the name of his pet career. But he has lucid moments. For in stance: "Epigram only wins. Long stories tire the listener. We are introducing a new style of literature.—Nothing over four inches is admitted. Long winded articles go overboard. Your short gun only kills your woodcock a few yards off; the same lead in rifle ball knocks a grizzly at a mile.

The correspondent of the *Montreal Gazette* says the lumber trade accounts from the Upper Ottawa are more favorable for the prospects of the timber drive. The water is rising in the small streams. The swamps are still very wet, and the Ottawa is steadily rising. Some sales of lumber are reported at good prices. Hon. James Reid called a vote of 200,000 feet for a firm at Oswego yesterday at \$22.50 per 1,000, for stocks and siding, and \$8.50 for rough lumber and shipping culls. The lumbermen are very much dissatisfied with Dr. St. Jean and J. L. McDougall for voting against the six months' hold for Mr. Mills' bill to legalize the raising of snipe lumber.

The Manitoba *Free Press*, of May 2nd, contains a proclamation by the Lieut.-Governor, prohibiting the importation of spirituous liquors into any part of the North-West Territories; also forbidding the manufacture of such liquors. Spirituous liquors are not to be brought into the territories, from any Province of Canada, except by special permission of the Lieut.-Governor, under pains, penalties and forfeiture. So here is a prohibitory law, enacted by the Dominion Legislature, and covering an extent of territory equal to the aggregate of several States, and to enforce which will be one of the gravest duties of the Manitoba Mounted Police.

Our readers in this place and vicinity will observe by advertisement, that the Alleghenian Vocalists and Swiss Bell-Ringers are coming again on the 25th instant, and we have no doubt that every one who enjoys good home music—music that will take you back to the "good days of yore," and make you forget all care, will attend the concert.

Some persons think it, generally, their duty to present Mr. Goldwin Smith to the public in the character of a man who cries up Canada in Canada, and down Canada when he is in England. It may interest such persons to read the condensed report of part of a speech lately delivered by Mr. Smith at the Workingmen's College in London. He said: "As they were aware he was now a Canadian, although a Professor in Cornell University, and he was much gratified to be able to tell them that he had found the people of Canada a fine high spirited, active population. He spoke well of the results of Confederation; but with respect to the French Canadians, he described them as entirely priest-ridden and so stilled in their ideas that they might be said to be living under the regime of Louis XIV. As a general rule, mechanics who could mix trades would do well; but he who was skilled only in a portion of his trade, and would not turn his hand to another, had little chance in Canada. Mr. Smith gave a glowing description of Canadian scenery, and of the beauty of small Canadian towns. Politically, he said, they had nothing to wish for, and all religious sects agreed in promoting education in the public schools. He described the Colonists as the most contented people on the face of the earth.

The whisky crusaders have got into the law courts. Thirteen of the prime movers in the movement have been tried for obstructing the highway and inciting riot. There appears to have been several indictments, and on the trial of the first jury disagreed. This was to be expected, and it ought not, after all, to be the cause of much indignation or even respect. It would be rather hard if a few hare-brained, but perfectly sincere, women should be convicted of crime, when Mrs. Clem, an undoubted murderess, escaped scot free after four trials and three convictions. Wedlock is a ticklish thing in the West; and so is justice.

Many of our readers will be gratified to learn that arrangements have been completed for holding in Montreal, during the first week in October next, a Conference of the Dominion Branch of the Evangelical Alliance. We understand that the proceedings will be similar in character and form, to those which have been followed from time to time, with so great success, in both the Branch and General Conferences of the Evangelical Alliance; notably in that which was last year held in the City of New York. Leading clergymen and laymen from the various Provinces of Canada, from the United States, and from Great Britain, have been invited to take part in the proceedings.

A curious breach of promise case recently took place in Liverpool. The defendant admitted that he had but one fault to find with the lady whom he had jilted, and that was that "she did not take a sufficiently lively interest in cricket." This was regarded as altogether too transparent a pretence to be worthy the attention of any intelligent jury, and the defendant was promptly found guilty. Had his plea succeeded the door would have been opened for the immediate release of all "engaged" men; for a want of interest in gin and wine, horse-racing, pigeon-shooting, or prize-fighting would necessarily be recognized as constituting an ample defence of all branches of promise.

We would direct the attention of our agricultural friends to the advertisement of Mr. Robbins, who has now in his warehouse, in this village, an extensive supply of farming implements. Mr. Robbins is prepared to furnish every article required on a farm, from a common hoe up to a steam plough; and on the best terms that can be offered. We observe that two lots of Reaping and Mowing machines have lately been shipped to Manitoba, by the same Manufacturers, at Whitley.

A lamp accident occurred in a house on St. Patrick-street, Ottawa, which came nearly being attended with most serious results. A coal oil lamp exploded and knocked down a woman and set her clothes and some of the furniture on fire. The woman rushed into the street and some of the neighbours smothered the flames on the woman's dress. The fire in the house was put out before any damage was done.

The Rev. J. W. Burke, of Prescott, has been appointed by the Bishop of Ontario to the Rectory of Belleville, vacant by the death of the Venerable Archdeacon Patton. Mr. Burke, although a very young clergyman, is a gentleman who, we believe, will make himself popular with the church people of Belleville.

President Grant has formally recognized Baxter as the Governor of Arkansas, and unless Brooks turns out within ten days, the United States military commander will forcibly eject him. Brooks' side are determined to fight it out to the end.

It is said the better classes in Spain are looking forward to the enthronement of the Prince of Asturias. Sixteen persons connected with a conspiracy in Khokan have been executed by the Russian Government. The Guatemala authorities have offered \$100,000 indemnity for the outrage on Vice-Queen Magee. By the 17th Train, the British Government of some all financial liabilities, and pay the King \$15,000 per annum. In the House of Lords, Lord Carnarvon, Colonial Secretary of State, said the British Government will not abandon their positions on the Gold Coast. The Car and the Grand Duke Alexis arrived at Dover, and proceeded immediately to Windsor, in company with the Duke and Duchess of Edinburgh, the Prince of Wales and Prince Arthur. The Rev. James Ray, M. A., Principal of the Collegiate Institute, Cobourg, is about to resign that position to re-engage himself in the ministry, and to take the Wesleyan Methodist Church. Mr. Ray is said to be one of the best preachers in the conference. The first locomotive for the Kingston and Pembroke Railway arrived here the day before yesterday. The track, however, has not been laid as far as Ottawa. We hope to see the work completed as soon as possible, in order that any time in good time for the fall trade.—Kingston.

London, May 16.—The Car and the Grand Duke Alexis arrived at Windsor Castle; immense crowds lined the route of procession from Paddington station to the Palace. The Car, Prince of Wales, Grand Duke Alexis, and the Duke of Edinburgh, occupied one carriage, and Prince Arthur, the Duke of Wales, and Duchess of Edinburgh another; the latter was cheered vehemently. It is suggested that as a means of removing the ice from the river long before it breaks naturally, that blasts of nitroglycerine be planted all over the bottom, just before the ice forms, to be exploded by a wire from a battery, when the time comes. The object of placing them before the ice forms is to avoid the necessity of holes in their immediate vicinity. Dr. Hayes wants a few men of pluck and money to attend the millennial celebration in Iceland this summer. He would like to serve as a walking guide-book to a small party, and show up the antiquities and icebergs and the walrus and other objects of interest in that delightful region. It would be an ice place to spend the dog-days in.

Some charitable person ought to be despatched after the expedition which has gone up the Congo in search of Dr. Livingston. In all probability the leader of that expedition has already written a large part of his intended book detailing his meeting with Livingston in the heart of Africa, and it would only be an act of common humanity to prevent him from completing it before learning that Dr. Livingston is actually dead and buried. C. B. L. send us the following recipe for a cement for mending steam boilers: Mix 2 parts of finely powdered litharge with 1 part of very fine sand, and one part of quicklime which has been allowed to slack spontaneously by exposure to the air. This mixture may be kept for any length of time without injury. In using it, a portion is mixed into paste with linned oil, or still better, boiled linned oil. In this state it may be quickly applied, as it soon becomes hard.

Prof. Swing does not, as was announced, intend to withdraw from the Presbyterian Church. As is generally known, he has been accused of heresy, but the charges do not seem to be very grave, and are generally thought to amount to nothing more than an expression of the belief on the part of his accusers that he sympathizes rather too much with Unitarians. There must certainly be a dearth of evidence that he has preached Unitarian doctrine when in great anger against him that he has said that Piousness, who never had any existence outside of the poet who created her, had a better chance of going to Heaven than had Catherine II. of Russia. Among the signs that the end of the season is drawing near is generally noticed a playful spirit among members who, having disposed of the more serious part of business, seem inclined to have a bit of frolic. While indulging this propensity by pelting each other with papers and blue books—much done, and are generally thought to amount to nothing more than an expression of the belief on the part of his accusers that he sympathizes rather too much with Unitarians. There must certainly be a dearth of evidence that he has preached Unitarian doctrine when in great anger against him that he has said that Piousness, who never had any existence outside of the poet who created her, had a better chance of going to Heaven than had Catherine II. of Russia.

A large quantity of fall wheat will be ploughed up, but as a general thing the crop will be far from a failure.—North Star. It is feared that the frost has injured the fall wheat around Carleton Place. This is to be regretted, as there was a great deal of seed sown.—Strathford Beacon. Our farmers are somewhat apprehensive that in consequence of the peculiarly dry character of the weather this spring, the fall wheat will be damaged. The reports of the condition of fall wheat are, as usual, conflicting. The crop is represented as being both good and bad, and we are not in a position to decide which is the fact. We are inclined, however, to credit some discouraging rumours.—Barrie Examiner. The fall wheat in Wollastley that was put in with the seed drill is considered nearly all safe, but that which was sown in going to suffer badly.—Strathford Herald.

The Hon. the correspondent of the *Bobcaygeon Independent* says: "I think the fall wheat will turn out better than was expected, but it is too soon to form a correct opinion yet, as we have had no rain since the snow went away." The *Strathford Beacon*, of May 15th, contains the following account of the severe frost in April, and a continued drought for the past few weeks, fall wheat looks at present very backward; in fact, in some cases, a few of the farmers are ploughing it up. But we are glad to hear, from a recent trip through the township, that a fair crop should be favoured with some warm showers of rain.

A number of persons were killed by the explosion of a tug on Lake Huron on Thursday. The Manitoba *Free Press* of the 2nd inst. says: His Honor Lieut.-Governor Morris had just made a treaty with the Sioux Indians of the Portage, and they are to go on a reserve outside the Province, at the junction of the Assiniboine and Little Saskatchewan. There are, it is to be presumed, the same band of Sioux which some time ago crossed the line, before the pursuit of their enemies in the State of Minnesota; and it is to be hoped that this policy of protective adoption will meet with its reward in a peaceable and industrious population of the Indian race settling the country of the Dominion.

A few loads of real good potatoes will find a ready sale, just now, in Carleton Place.

DEATH OF AN OLD RESIDENT. One of those shocking accidents which occasionally strike a community into a spasm of horror happened in the township of Bathurst on the night of Thursday last week, whereby one of the most respected residents of the township was removed to another world, horribly and tragically. On that day, the victim, Mr. William McVeigh, had been at the 9th line of Dalhousie, and on his way home stopped at Fallbrook, where he procured a bottle of whisky—his being an unfortunate victim to the demon of intemperance. By the time he re-started for his home, near Harper's Corners, he must have been pretty far gone in intoxication, as was shown by the nature of the accident. We give the following particulars:—A circumstantial, of course—as educated at the corner's innkeeper. On crossing from the north to the eighth line of Rathurst, over a very rough road, about 9 o'clock at night, the buggy, which was moreover guided by no steady hand, struck the end of a prop, and the wheel pitched into the ditch, and the buggy being caught between the dashboard and the front wheel, and his head falling between the shaft and the wheel, lower down. In this helpless position, the unfortunate man, strong as an ox in sobriety, and completely at sea in intoxication, seemed to inspire, now power through strong drink met with a terrible death. The horse still continued the journey homeward, and the wheels of course kept revolving. Each spoke of the wheel as it passed his head struck it a blow, and by the time the wheel stopped, his skull was smashed to a jelly, his chest battered in, and his whole side and back one horrible wound. The forward spring had also on one side of his throat in a shocking manner. The accident commenced about three miles from home, and the whole distance was marked by the blood which flowed plentifully from the many wounds of the wretched man. The horse, about half past nine, drew the corpse into the barnyard, went up to the stable door, then made a circuit of the yard, afterwards remaining quiet for the balance of the night. The body did not have the horse returning with the vehicle, and knew nothing of the presence of the remains of their natural protector in the yard until the morning. Then, on going out, a terrible spectacle presented itself, which we will leave our readers to picture for themselves. The body all mutilated and covered with blood, stiff and ghastly, was hardly recognizable. The spokes of the buggy were worn smooth by the friction with the skull, while the wheels and gearing of the buggy were bespattered with the blood and brains. We need carry our shocking description no further to do honor to the coroner, who summoned, and the next day held an inquest on the remains, when a verdict in accordance with the facts we have given was returned. The deceased, William McVeigh, was a native of Ireland, an Orangeman from the North (Co. Antrim), and had been in this country for the past thirty-three years, and at the time of his death was 65 years of age. He was a blacksmith by trade, and was also one of the best veterinary surgeons in this section. He was a somewhat eccentric man, and possessed of a very strong character. He was widely noted in this district. Of great force of character, good intelligence and indomitable courage added to a powerful frame, he was a man of no small mark in his neighborhood. But he was by no means a bad man. He was kind hearted and his heart was open to his enemy, whiskey, which rendered him both noisy and pugnacious, would have been at all times a good and useful member of society. His terrible death should be another warning to those who live endangers to be debased and their lives endangered by the habit of intemperance.—Courier.

CROP PROSPECTS. Of late we have encouraging reports concerning fall wheat, which was thought to have been seriously injured by frost after the land became covered with snow. A gentleman who has travelled through much of the country within a short time informs us that the crop is beginning to assume a highly promising appearance from the security of the weather this spring. The reports of the condition of fall wheat are, as usual, conflicting. The crop is represented as being both good and bad, and we are not in a position to decide which is the fact. We are inclined, however, to credit some discouraging rumours.—Barrie Examiner. The fall wheat in Wollastley that was put in with the seed drill is considered nearly all safe, but that which was sown in going to suffer badly.—Strathford Herald.

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A few loads of real good potatoes will find a ready sale, just now, in Carleton Place.

Writing from Tithoon on the 25th ult., a correspondent of the *London Times* says: Men women and children still swarm to the relief works. In Mulhobanee sub-division at least 175,000 people are employed—a fourth of the population, he says—and there can hardly be any doubt that the relief works are doing good. On account of the severe frost in April, and a continued drought for the past few weeks, fall wheat looks at present very backward; in fact, in some cases, a few of the farmers are ploughing it up. But we are glad to hear, from a recent trip through the township, that a fair crop should be favoured with some warm showers of rain.

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DEATH. On Tuesday the 12th inst., after a lingering illness which now lasted, with Christian patience and resignation, Janet McEwen, daughter of Mr. John McEwen, 8th Con. Beckwith, aged 30 years, 7 months and 20 days. At Carleton Place, on the 30th April, Duncan McEwen, aged 18 years. In Ramsay, on Monday, the 4th inst., Jane Little, relict of the late John Dunlop, aged 83 years. In South Elmsley, on Monday, May 11th, of inflammation of the lungs, Rachel Carley, sister of William Carley, Merchant, Carleton Place, aged 25 years. At Pakenham, on the 6th inst., Mr. Charles Boyce, senior, aged 63 years.

THE TOWNSHIP OF RAMSAY IN ACCOUNT WITH JAS. H. WYLIE.

1873.	DR.	
Paid for Account Book	\$ 2.00	
Almshouse School	330.17	
M. Foley, Auditor	5.00	
T. Coniller, registering birds, etc.	18.80	
Do.	11.00	
O. E. Henderson, stationery	3.53	
Young Coniller, bridge on 10th line	37.00	
S. & W. Young, bridge on 9th line	212.00	
Brown & McArthur, green lathe	1.35	
Jas. Stewart, Auditor	5.00	
John Gleason, indignant	7.00	
School Section No. 1	3.71	
John Gleason, indignant	84.00	
Houston & Cochrane, Exc.	4.00	
Jas. Clark, for indignant woman	56.00	
John Coniller, clerk	100.00	
Jas. Templeton, bridge on 10th line	325.00	
Work on different lines in August	132.50	
H. L. Slack, for prizes	25.00	
John Taylor, prosecuting A. Heddell	3.25	
John Coniller, insurance on hall	75.00	
Wm. Templeman, advertising	50.25	
Work on the different lines in Oct.	84.00	
John Coniller, bridge on 10th line	175.00	
C. Symington, work on 10th line	40.00	
John McArthur, Inspector	4.50	
Geo. Patterson, indignant person	43.25	
Co. Treasurer to raise	1951.50	
Registry Office	281.00	
John Stewart, work on 10th Con.	8.00	
Different sections	130.00	
Councillors' Fees	120.00	
Jas. Poole printing	20.00	
Different School Sections	232.76	
Co. Treasurer to raise	1951.50	
Registry Office	281.00	
John Stewart, work on 10th Con.	8.00	
Different sections	130.00	
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Registry Office	281.00	
John Stewart, work on 10th		

THE FLY.
There's a fly, you oldsters, worth-while for your money, and your under-berns.
Dear, sweetest, thirty day I drink with me, and drink as I! Freely welcome to my cup. Could I share the day with you, I take thousands of life years away! Life is short and woe many Both alike are mine, and mine! Heedless of the summer, I do declare! Thine's a summer, mine no more! Though repented to the summer when the summer was over! Will appear as short as one!

grin's forgotten I cried Gorden, instinctively guessing the truth. It speedily followed. And we are pleased to be able to add that as a husband George Jasper lent a bit less.

THE FAMILY FRUIT GARDEN.
It is to be hoped that the number of farm residences without a family fruit garden, are rapidly diminishing, and will grow beautifully less until a farmer shall no more think of dispensing with this important adjunct of the complete home.

ing to the rest of Miss Thurgill's party to laugh, and the young lady to blush, at Mr. Grimgin's sententious observation, let us turn to another scene.

Ernest Jaaper, whose arrest for forgery has just now the subject of conversation, has hitherto borne an unblemished character, and his brother George, out of moderate salaries, after supporting their widowed mother, managed to lay up something every year. He was not, however, so much of a miser as he at first seemed, and he would no longer need to be deferred.

The course of true love never runs smoothly, and the young lady, who had been betrothed to a certain Mr. Kith Wade. Two tussling to allow mankind to make it between themselves, what could disturb the even tenor of two such lives?

George Jaaper was of a different temper from his brother. With a heart as true, his mind was more susceptible of such men as that are easily excited to jealousy, and get rashly under it!

For grapes and strawberries, and for the most delicate and elegant, or unsightly and repelling. In arranging the different species of fruits, the taller growing should be planted in the rear, and the shorter front, so that the whole garden may be taken at a glance.

The walks and borders may be seeded down in grass and kept very close, so that the eye may be brought to admit of the horses turning upon them when cultivating the garden. To add to the effect, graceful evergreens, or attractive low-growing deciduous trees might be planted at the corners of plots, and a belt of evergreens along the northern side of the garden, and a row of trees on the south, which will readily suggest themselves to the tasteful reader, the fruit garden may be made to minister to the æsthetic as well as to the sensuous nature of men.

"Leaving you," the letter went on, "the burden of our mother's support, I enclose you my employer's \$1.00. Winter-check for \$1.00, and the balance of my salary of my journey. I cannot tell you where I am going for I don't know. To you and our mother I leave the care of our family. I am right to offer it—I leave my fondest love. Farewell."

It was the check this enclosed which, he thought, was the cause of his being questioned by Ernest, was sustained to have been altered to a large amount.

On being questioned, Ernest offered no explanation. Instantly it flashed upon him that he could not speak without compromising his brother, and his silence was his answer.

He was then arrested and committed for trial.

Rita Grimmer was a poor office clerk, and beyond her position she was a conscience-tenderly alive to the sins of others. We have already seen how little tenity poor Ernest received at her hands. But Mrs. Thugless and, in his bachelor apart-

by the family would contain apples, pears, cherries, quinces, plums, apricots, grapes, currants, gooseberries, blackberries, raspberries, and straw-berries—thirteen different species—would have one or more kinds of fruit upon the table, every day in the year.

A family fruit garden, filled with such fruits, thriving, and productive, would be a blessing to the whole family, and, with the exception of the family sitting-room, the dearest place on earth to the children.

It is surprising that intelligent, prosperous families will live on from year to year, with such luxuries within easy reach, and yet not put forth their hands to grasp them. We cannot help regarding it as a neglect of duty to their families, and a lack of appreciation of their position, which members of God's family have offered them.—*Ruth Howe.*

four meetings of young men exclusively, averaging twelve hundred in each case, and the same number of young women in four different parts of the city. These meetings in the four churches are continued nightly during the week, though with a diminished average. At all of these, numerous enquiries result in each evening, and the number of converts to the Christian faith is increasing. The frequency and suddenness with which light breaks in on the confused and perplexed spirit create in the minds of those dealing with the young men, delightful surprise.

[illegible]

in rows three to four apart and ten
twelve inches in the row. His success
has been greater since he adopted this
plan. Each spring he sells from half an
acre of land 100 bushels of surplus, having
used liberally in his family during winter,
and reserved enough for seed. His pre-
ferred Early Bount, and his soil and his
operations are excellent. Another ex-
perimenter records, in *The American Rural*
magazine, that he placed large and small
cattans in juxtaposition in the same row,
and found that, when planting was fol-
lowed by moist and favourable weather,
the small was but little difference in results;
when a drought followed, the large cat-
tans took the lead, and held it out
through the season, yielding much larger
crops.

ICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

WE INVITES THE PUBLIC
generally to give him a call and
mine them before purchasing elsewhere.
We would respectfully call the attention
the Ladies to his large and varied stock of

DRESS GOODS.

comprising the latest styles and patterns in
silk and mill material, with

PARASOLS.

TRIMMINGS AND FANCY GOODS.

would call particular attention to his stock of **TEARS**, purchased before the strike was imposed, and feels confident he can rival any competition, and antee-perfect satisfaction

H. HARDWARE.
"ROCKERY & GLASSWARE."
BOOTS & SHOES.
READY MADE CLOTHING.
CLOVER & TIMOTHY
SEEDS, &c.

I would take this opportunity to return sincere thanks for the liberal support and patronage he has received in the past his friends in the village and surround

LYLE TESSON, ALMONTE
J. F. KENNEDY Dentist, Perth
J. N. O. CROWELL Land Surveyor and
 Draughtsman, Wilson Street, Perth.
 All kinds of surveys made at short notice.
 Parties writing should state exactly where
 they reside, and what particular kind of
 survey they desire to have made, giving the
 names of the lots, concessions, &c. 26

W. M. FULFORD, Dispenser and Ex-
 ecutive Bookseller, 71 Adelaide jobber
 in Coal Oil, Apothecaries' Hall, West corner
 Court House Avenue and Main Street,
 Brockville, Ontario. The lowest prices
 paid for Empty Coal Oil Barrels. 17

ALEXANDER WORMAN & CO., General
 Hardware Merchants, Agents, Office and
 Agents, Offices and Ware-
 houses: Rideau Street Canal Basin, Upper Town,
 and Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa, Jby

GEORGE HAY, Dealer in Boots and Upper
 Leather Goods, 141 Main Street, Ottawa,
 Leathers, Kids, Morocco, &c. Binding.

DOORS, BLINDS, DOOR & WINDOW FRAMES, OUTSIDINGS, ARCHITRAVES, AND CORNICHE MOUNDINGS
 on hand
 Grooved Clapboards, Edge Clapboards, Grooved Boards, Verandah Roofing, Batten, Slatted Doors, made of kiln dried lumber, constantly on hand. Other goods and sizes made to order, at shortest possible notice.

Particular attention paid to filling up promptly.

[illegible]

Carpeting line. A choice stock of Lamps, shades and Coal Oil. Baskets, large and small, assorted stock of Toys and Games, Baskets, Albums, Work boxes, Pocket-books, Pens, Waz and China Dolls, Maps, Writing paper, Envelopes, Picture Cards, Pictures, Musical Toys, Violins, Harps, Concertinas, Pipes, Flutes, Berlin Wool, &c. The only place in town where you can be supplied with what you want in Toys or Fancy goods. Do not fail to call and see for yourselves, no trouble to show goods. Mostly cheap sales and light profits.

Farmers produce taken in exchange.

F. HOLLINGSWORTH,
Bell Street.
Carlisle town, Oct. 20, 1873.

LOOK HERE

BRUSHES,
WINDOW GLASS
LAMPS, &
CHIMNIES.

— — —

MANUFACTURERS OF
WHITE LEADS,
ZINC,
WHITE PUTTY,
COLOURED PAINTS

NOTICE. The undersigned, James Cosier, having re-opened his Carriage and Sleigh Factory in Ashton, has taken into Partnership Richard Shore, jr, the business to be carried on under the name and firm of Cosier & Shore, and in order to extend their business they have retained the premises lately occupied as the Carriage and Machine Shop, which is well supplied with a stock of machinery, to execute all orders with neatness and dispatch, and of the latest fashions. The business made up of the best Stock the market affords, and good workmanship and at the lowest prices. Blacksmiths supplied with good work at reasonable prices. Also delivery men. All orders by mail or otherwise promptly attended to.

VILLAGE LOT FOR SALE.
Subscriber offers for sale the uses and lot formerly owned by Joseph and Jr., on Bell street, opposite the saw mill. The lot contains half an acre of land which is erected a large stone house, and several other buildings. Apply to
DANIEL McLAUGHLIN, 5th con. Beckwith road. James P. O. (39-41)

DANIEL McLAUGHLIN & CO.
Manufacturing Stationers and Bookbinders,
IMPORTERS OF
GENERAL STATIONERY AND PRINTING MATERIALS,
MOOL BOOKS, BIBLES, CHURCH SERVICES &c.
CORNER OF ST. PATRICKS ELGIN STREET,
OTTAWA. 21-17

NOTICE. The undersigned have this notice entered into Partnership for the purpose of manufacturing Carriages, Wagons, Sleighs, Carts, &c., said Firm be known as
COOPER & SNORE.
16th 1877.

Our Soc Tea is the best in town for the price. Very bright Sugar always on hand at 10c.

A Big lot of Crockery to be disposed of at low prices.

Our Stock of Spring and Summer Goods being complete in every line, we are determined to merit our share of the Village country trade, by selling at a small advance on cost, and giving the very best value for amount laid out.

Come in and look out our Goods.

JAMES L. MURPHY.

GEORGE HOUSTON
Wholesale Dealer in
Wines, Spirits and Ales,
special agent for
Labatt's celebrated
Ales, John Bull
Bitters, &c.

Carson's Bitters. These Bitters are excellent for regulating the appetite, aiding digestion and purifying the Blood. None

LAND FOR SALE. 200 acres of splendid lake, well timbered with spruce, fir, and other valuable wood, within a short distance of the village, being No 7 in the 3rd Concession, East of Muskoka Lake, Township of Westminster, County of Renfrew. Apply to A. Goss, Insiniville, P. O., County of Lanark.

NOTICE.

CHANGE OF PROPRIETORSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have sold out all my right, title and interest in the above Business College to Messrs McArthur.

cordly thanking the public for its very liberal patronage of the last three years, I do hereby speak for my successors continuance of the same.

LAND FOR SALE. The undersigned offers for sale the following half lots:—

Lot No. 4 and west half of No. 5, in the 4th Concession. East half No. 1, in the 3rd Concession. McEnab, in all 380 acres of valuable land, well wooded and watered, convenient for a Farm, Mills, Church and School. Undisturbed title given. Apply, if by letter prepaid, to the Proprietor.

DUNCAN McLAUCHLAN.
Amnripor, P. O.

GEORGE HAY Importer and Dealer in all Shell and Heavy Hardware, Glass, Paints, Oils, & Farming Implements, 21 Sparks Street, Ottawa. (16 9)

same cause, feeling confident that he will be no efforts in order to give satisfaction to any who may attend the Institution.

J. M. MORGENTHAU.

In reference to the above, the subscriber did beg to say that in assuming the editorship of the Ottawa Business Journal no exceptions will be spared to offer the Ottawa Business College even more efficient in the future than in the past. These who may happen to change by finding, may rest assured that every care will be taken to secure their rapid advancement in acquiring the necessary education, though no student will be pushed ahead at the expense of thoroughness.

For further and full information, call upon or address—

D. MCARTHUR, Ottawa.
(39-46)

20B, 1874.

FOR SALE at this Office, Two **Best Leading Shot Guns**, of the best makers. One English, the other American.

SHOES One Dollar per pair. Other work equally

RENEWED LIVERY. The subscriber respectfully informs the public that he is prepared to furnish good smart horses and carriages, at all hours, at reasonable rates, at his stable, Ryan's Hotel, New York.

WY RIVALS.

Renfrew, February 11. 1875

WILSON & MCLEAN successors to W. W. Rogers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in all kinds of Boots & Shoes, Leather and Findings, Boot Trees, Crimped Laths, &c. All the above made to order, and repairing neatly executed. No. 1 Solo Leather and No. 1 Cord Oil constantly in stock. Also Sewing Machine Needles, Sewing Machine Attachments, &c. &c. at the old stand, 129 MAIN STREET BROOKVILLE.

MONEY! MONEY!

THE Canada Permanent Building and Saving Society are prepared to loan money from two to twenty years at the rate of 4 per cent. interest on the entire amount.

Planed & Matched Lumber,
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
STEAM MILLS AND FACTORY AT
ARNPRIOR, - - - ONT.

A detailed black and white illustration of a horse-drawn lumber wagon. The wagon has large, spoked wheels and a flatbed. A driver is seated on the left side of the wagon, holding the reins. A horse is harnessed to the front of the wagon, facing right. The wagon is loaded with lumber, including planks and beams. The illustration is positioned below the text and is flanked by decorative scrollwork on both sides.

nating places this season will do well to see this improvement before purchasing elsewhere. Five Horse Cultivators, 8 and 10 Horse Power Threshing Machines, Richardson's Patent Drag Saws, Circular Wood Saws, Shingle Machines, Jointers and Butting Saws, Grist and Saw Mill Works of every description.
JOB WORK OF ALL KINDS DONE ON SHORT NOTICE.
 Having removed our large Warehouse at Smith's Falls to the Railway Station grounds, would say to all that our Agricultural Implements of all kinds and repairs for same are kept in stock, which can be forwarded at any time by applying to our Agent WILLIAM MITCHELL. (32-2)
 Brockville, Ont., May 6th 1874. G. M. COSSITT & BRO.

liberal patronage bestowed upon him since opening up business in Carleton Place has, in addition to the complete assortment of Boots and Shoes, a large and well assorted stock of Boots and Shoes.

An examination is all he asks to convince purchasers of their benefit in purchasing from him.

GEORGE WARREN.

Carleton Place, July 2, 1873. 40

MISSISSIPPI HOTEL. The subscriber has opened his new establishment near the Railway Station Carleton Place, on the first of March, and hopes to gain to see his old customers. The House is well furnished and furnished in the most comfortable and elegant manner; and the Housekeeper is quite satisfied that his guests will be pleased with the treatment they receive.

NAPOLEON LAYLAND.

Carleton Place, March 1872.

SMITH & STEWART. Stationers and Bookbinders, Importers of Office

notice, in the building formerly occupied by Joseph Cram. Flooring furnished to order. All orders by mail promptly attended to.

ABNEY SCHOOLS.

Carleton Place, Dec. 2nd, 1873.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

The Subscriber offers for sale in the village of Carleton Place lot No. 34, West side of Bridge Street, containing one acre and one-half, on which is erected a comfortable dwelling house and out-buildings. This is a rare chance for any person wishing to invest in property in this desirable part of the Village. Title indisputable, and terms reasonable. For particulars, &c., apply to

R. WAUGH,
M. DEVAUX,
Carleton Place, May, 1874. 31

AXES, AXES. The subscriber wishes to inform the public that he is now prepared to do all kinds of work in cast steel and edge tools, making and repairing Axes of all descriptions for Lumberjacks.

HOWARD & CO.

DRESS GOODS from 12½c upwards.
RINTS " " "
TWEEDS AND CLOTHS
prices that end grumbling.
CLOTHING at cost to close it out.
BOOTS & SHOES amazingly cheap.
Twenty of that 50c TIE on hand yet.
GO AND SEE THEM.
They are just receiving Spring Goods, in
HATS, FLOWERS, LACES, AND
GENERAL DRY GOODS.

Carleton Place, March 18, 1874. 24-4f.

J. EMMILL & MACDONALD, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chief, Notary Public, Conveyancers, &c., &c.,—opposite the Almonte House, Almonte.

G. EMMILL, DONALD G. MACDONALD, & N.B. Money to lend on real estate. 21-ly

GEORGE REID
importer and Dealer in
British, American
and German
hardware, Brockville,
Ontario.
Iron, Steel, Nail,
Saddlery, Carriage
Furniture, &c.

NOTICE. All persons having claims against the estate of the late Thomas A. Wilson, Merchant of Kingston, will please send in a verified account of such claims to the undersigned, to be settled up at once—on further notice will be given.

Wm. Wilson, Kingston, Ontario.
March, Feb. 21, 1874. 23

and Suspension Bridge, for all points West.

NEW YORK EXPRESS.

Leaves (Sundays excepted) 7:15 p. m., arrive at Watertown, 5:30 p. m.; (20 minutes for supper) Oswego, 8:30 p. m.; Syracuse, 9:20 p. m.; Utica, 10:00 p. m.; Albany, 10:40 a. m.; New York, 7:00 a. m.; Springfield, 6:15 a. m.; Boston, 10:00 a. m.; Syracuse, 9:30 p. m.; Utica, 10:00 p. m.; Oswego, 8:30 p. m.; Watertown, 5:30 p. m.; Suspension Bridge, 6:40 a. m. Close connections made at Buffalo and Suspension Bridge for all points West. Stopping at each of the Car train at Watertown and runs through to New York.

RETURNING.

Leave New York, 6:00 p. m.; Albany, 11:50 p. m.; arrive at Watertown, 7:40 a. m.; (16 minutes for breakfast) arriving at Ogdensburg, 11:00 a. m.

Leave New York, 11:00 p. m.; Albany, 8:40 a. m.; Boston, 1:15 p. m.; arrive at Watertown, 7:45 p. m.; Ogdensburg, 8:15 p. m.

J. W. MOAK, General Supr.

H. T. FRARY, Watertown, N. Y.

NOTICE.

For tickets and information apply to W. M. FULTON, Office, Brockville, Ontario.—Office West Coast Carriage House & Vehicle Works, 100 West Main Street, New York City. The principal points in the Eastern, Western and Northwestern States and Territories.