

The St. Andrews Standard.

PUBLISHED BY A. W. SMITH.]

IN VARIIS SUMENDUM EST OPTIMUM.—Cic

[\$2 50 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE

No 6

SAINT ANDREWS NEW BRUNSWICK, FEBRUARY 5, 1873.

Vol 40

Notice.
serious accident occurring
the public are hereby no-
person leaving (publish or
streets or sidewalks in this
to on the penalty according
Nov. 1872.
THOMAS H. WELLS,
Commissioner District No.

HOTEL COMPANY.
given that a Fourth
ent on the Capital Stock
been ordered by the Direc-
subscribers are required to
on their respective shares on
day of DECEMBER, 1872, to
W. B. MORRIS,
Secretary.

NOTICE.
wife MARY, has left my bed
about any cause or provoca-
all persons from introducing
my account, as I will not hold
for any debts of her contract-
13, 1872.

AMOS H. BARTLETT,
1872.

& CAPS
ABOVE VARIETY.
Dford, Dolly Varden, Duke
other styles to numerous to
be Monarch Shakespeare Paper
the perfect fit and durability,
all line of Gents. Furnishing

Swishes in Jute and Linen,
and small wares. Ladies,
as BOOTS & SHOES, worked
and UTTAMANS,
white and colored, plain, striped
white—in bleached and un-
ck & Miller's White Cottons,
ings, &c.
Small Profits and quick
stock will be sold at the lowest
store on the corner of Water
and opposite H. O'Neill's Mar-
taken for the elegant "Davis
which has been so celebrated
a sample of which can be
For price and conditions en-
der.

JAMES BRADLEY,
St. Aral rew.

NOTICE
that the following Non-Resi-
in the Parish of St. George, has
under for the year 1872, and
together with the cost of ad-
paid within three months from
will be sold according to law.
mon Property \$8.49.
RONALD CAMPBELL,
28, 1872. Collector.

ONGOU TEA.
rejan" from London.
& Half Chests good Con-
J. W. STREET

NG MACHINES.
Y FAMILY SHOULD HAVE
original Weed Sewing
Machines.
ated Machines are now on sale a
where the public are invited to
t themselves.

JAMES STOOP,
Agent.

Farm for Sale.
ffer offers for sale his Property at
which commands a splendid view
ddy Bay, the Islands and sur-
The place is pleasantly situ-
by the shore of the Bay, the Saint
is through it, rendering it a most
ry residence and farm, in a pleas-
ure, within six miles of the town
s. The farm contains 100 Acres,
it are under cultivation; cuts 15
as good pastureage, is well watered
y fenced; on the premises are a
dwelling House, with two large
houses.
y will be sold with or without the
further particulars, apply at the
rice, or to

JAMES ORR, Jr.,
on the premises.

BLACK TEA.
r. "Pointer" from New York.
ts } SOUCHONG TEA.
ts }
a bond or duty paid at lowest rate
FOOD CLEWLEY & CO.,
St. Stephen.

XCHANGE HOTEL,
King Street.
Stephen N.B
J. NEILL, Proprietor

Canada Ale.
Canada Bitter Ale.
1871. J. W. STREET.

BANK OF
British North America.
Head Office—London, England.
CAPITAL
One Million Pounds Sterling,
(\$5,000,000.)

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ON SPECIAL DEPOSITS.
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Portland, also in Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia,
Great Britain and Ireland, France, Australia,
California and British Columbia.
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Every Day from 10 a.m. till 3 p.m.

JAS. S. CARNEGIE,
AGENT, St. Andrews.

Prospectus for 1873—sixth year
THE ALDINE.
An Illustrated Monthly Journal, universally
admitted to be the Handsomest Peri-
odical in the World. A Repre-
sentative and Champion
of American Literature.

Not for Sale in Book or News Stores.
THE ALDINE, while issued with all the regu-
larity, has none of the temporary or timely interest
characteristic of ordinary periodicals. It is an
elegant miscellany of pure, light, and graceful
literature; and a collection of pictures, the rarest
specimens of artistic skill, in black and white. Al-
though each succeeding number affords a fresh
assurance to its friends, the real value and beauty
of the Aldine will be most appreciated after it
has been bound up at the close of the year. While
other publications may claim superior cheapness,
as compared with rivals of a similar class, the
Aldine is a unique and original conception—alone
unapproached—absolutely without competi-
tion in price or character. The possessor of a
complete volume cannot duplicate the quantity of
fine paper and engravings in any other shape or
number of volumes for ten times its cost; and
then there are the charms besides.

AMT DEPARTMENT.
Notwithstanding the increase in the price of
subscription last Fall, when The Aldine assumed
its present noble proportions and representative
character, the edition was more than doubled
during the past year; proving that the American
public appreciate, and will support, a sincere ef-
fort in the cause of Art. In addition, The Aldine
will reproduce examples of the best foreign mas-
ters, selected with a view to the highest artistic
success, and greatest general interest. The pub-
lishers propose to make "assurance double sure,"
by the following unparalleled offer of

PREMIUM CHROMOS FOR 1873.
Every subscriber to THE ALDINE, who pays in
advance for the year 1873, will receive, without
an additional charge, a pair of beautiful Chromos,
after J. J. Hill, the eminent English painter. The
pictures, entitled "The Village Belle," and "Cross-
ing the Moor," are 14 x 20 inches—are printed
from 45 different plates, requiring 25 impressions
and tints to perfectly each picture. The same
chromos are sold for \$30 per pair in the art stores.
As it is the determination of its conductors to
keep The Aldine out of the reach of competition
in every department, the chromos will be found
correspondingly ahead of any that can be offered
by other periodicals. Every subscriber will re-
ceive a certificate under the signature of the pub-
lishers, guaranteeing that the chromos delivered
shall be equal to the samples furnished the agent,
or the money will be refunded. The distribution
of pictures of this grade, free to the subscribers
to a five dollar periodical, will mark an epoch in
the history of Art; and, considering the unpre-
cedented cheapness of the price for The Aldine
itself, the marvel falls little short of a miracle,
even to those least acquainted with the achieve-
ments of inventive genius and improved mecha-
nical appliances. (For illustrations of these chromos,
see November issue of The Aldine.)

THE LITERARY DEPARTMENT
will continue under the care of Mr. RICHARD
HENRY STODARD, assisted by the best writers
and poets of the day, who will strive to have the
literature of The Aldine always in keeping with
its artistic attractions.

TERMS.
\$5 per annum in advance, with Oil Chromos free.
THE ALDINE will, hereafter, be obtainable only
by subscription. There will be no reduction or club
rate; each for subscription must be sent to the
publishers direct, or handed to the local agent,
without responsibility to the publishers, except in
cases where the certificate is given, bearing the
fac-simile signature of James Sutton & Co.

AGENTS WANTED.
Any person, wishing to act permanently as a
local agent, will receive full and prompt informa-
tion by applying to
James Sutton & Co., Publishers,
83 Maiden Lane, New York.

Poetry.
SUB ROSA.
BY ROSE TERRY.
Who knows the secret of the rose?
Deep in her silent heart it glows:
The sun alone, from upper air,
Discerns the heavenly mystery there.
Is there one human soul that knows
The sacred secret of the rose?

Not he who sad and daunted stands,
Afraid to reach his trembling hands,
Afraid to grasp the bliss that lies
Deep in those golden mysteries,
Lest men or angels shout in scorn
The legend of the rose's thorn.

Not he who wages his listless hours,
Like idle moth, on any flowers;
High on the rose's front serene
Blazes the crown that marks the queen:
No soul that dreads that sign deny
Shall in her fragrant bosom lie.

Not he who knows no more delight
Than dwells within his fickle sight;
For blush and bloom may pass away
In compass of a summer's day;
But still the rose's heart is sweet,
Though all its outward glow be fleet.

But he who meets its keenest thorn
With gracious strength and tender scorn;
Who knows the royal heart that stands
Waiting the touch of royal hands;
Who trusts to love's eternity
When love's own blossoms fade and die;
Who waits with patient strength and fire
For passion's peace, that comes at length—
He only conquers, for he knows
The sacred secret of the rose.

Locusts in India.
The following is an extract from a letter from
Seakote in the Punjab, written by a gentleman
in the Indian Civil Service. It will be read with
interest by those of our young friends who remem-
ber the frequent references made in the Bible to
the ravages committed by locusts:—
"We have been again severely visited with locusts.
I have not yet seen them in such numbers
as I darken the air; the flight I saw might have
been some hundreds of thousands—all males;
they are spotted yellow; the females reddish pur-
ple. The yellow wing cases, glittering in the sun-
shine, looked like a heavy shower of pieces of
gold leaf. In some parts of the district they have
been very numerous. The method of destroying
them is to assemble the villagers by the evening—
the wings of these creatures are then heavy with
dew; they are swept off the young crop into great
ditches dug at the edge of the field, and then
stamp down with earth. In this manner several
hundred tons weight have been destroyed—they
do the most harm where they eat least. Their
young ones eat most voraciously, and the plan is
to set the crop on fire, or crush them all down
with the 'sola gae,' or field roller. The time when
they settle and do not eat, is the time of danger;
for then they lay their eggs.

"Each lays from 75 to 125 eggs in the shape of
an ear of corn. The eggs are all stuck together
with a kind of albumen, and when the mass of
egg is ended, it is finished off by a kind of spongy
cylinder of this whitish matter, which appears to
be necessary to afford the young creatures, when
they come forth to the upper air, a passage thro'
the sandy soil in which they are buried. They are
laid in soft, moist soil about six or seven inches
deep. Each egg is of a brownish color, eight of them
weigh one grain; each bunch of eggs, as we have
said, contains from 75 to 125 eggs.

"The ground looks quite yellow where the locusts
settle, and the grating noise they make is
very considerable. The fact of their being only
able to fly in the sunshine, is a great help to their
destruction; but often the natives are so apathetic
that they say they cannot do anything, and either
submit to fearful loss, or else perform some super-
stitious ceremony, beating drums, placing a rapee
in a field, &c.

"Much depends on the vigour of the district of-
ficers. The eggs are pouched up, and dry of
themselves (if not far advanced), and are des-
troyed by the heat. The eggs, also, are collected
for a potfall, about three pounds; one jar thus
destroyed would destroy about 184,320 animals at
least. The animals power of flying only when
the sun shines, and other particulars, are curiously
brought out in Nahon iii 17, where the prophet
foretelling the destruction of Nineveh, says:—
"Thy crowned are as the locusts, and thy captains
as the great grasshoppers, which camp in the
hedges in the cold day, but when the sun ariseth

they flee away, and their place is not known
where they are."

A GENTLE REBUKE.—A lady riding in a car
on the New York Central railroad, was disturbed
in her reading by the conversation of two gentle-
men occupying the seat just before her. One of
them seemed to be a student of some college on
his way home for vacation. He used much pro-
fane language, greatly to the annoyance of the
lady. She thought she would rebuke him, and on
begging pardon for interrupting them, asked the
student if he had studied the languages. "Yes,
madam, I have mastered the languages quite
well." "Do you read and speak Hebrew?" "Quite
fluently." "Will you be so kind as to do me a
small favor?" "With great pleasure. I am at
your service." "Will you be so kind as to do your
swearing in Hebrew?" We may well suppose
the lady was not annoyed any more by the un-
gentlemanly language of this would-be gentleman.

"C. O. D."—"C. O. D." are three letters of
such peculiar and peremptory significance as to
have become familiar to all who are served by ex-
press. A new interpretation of them comes to us
from a Cincinnati correspondent, who says: One
of my daughters, pretty well grown, was the other
evening in a very ingenious manner urging on me
that she ought to have a new cloak, and suggested
that she could go to Lewis's and have it sent, C.
O. D. Our little Alice, eight years old, promptly
said, "Then means, Call On Dad." It generally
does come to about that.—[Harper's Magazine.

Two neighbors, living in Westchester county,
had a long and unavailing litigation about a
small spring, which they both claimed. The
Judge went out with the case at last said:
"What is the use of making so much fuss about a
little water?" "Your honor will see the use of it,"
replied one of the lawyers, "when I inform you
that the parties are both milkmen!"

Walter, a five-year old, was surprised at break-
fast by the presence of a diminutive egg, served
for his special delicacy. He thus accounted for
the egg's smallness:—"Mamma, I think the chicken
was learning to lay."

Baptist Wrothosley Noel.
The Rev. and Hon. Baptist Wrothosley
Noel, a prominent member of the Baptist
Church in England, died in London. He
was the son of a baronet, and was born in
1799. He was educated at Trinity College,
Cambridge, and having joined the ministry
of the Church of England, he became pastor of
St. John's Church, Bedford-row, London.
He was appointed one of the chaplains to the
Queen, and was one of the most zealous
ministers as well as the most popular preach-
ers of the London diocese. Writing of him
in 1847, Dr. Lyng said: "He is certainly a
most interesting and delightful preacher;
although extemporaneous; mild and perso-
nal in his manner; yet sufficiently impressive,
and sometimes powerful; having a very
clear and consistent flow of thought; decid-
edly evangelical, though less deep and in-
structive in doctrine than I had expected."
The year 1848 Mr. Noel dissented from the
views inculcated by the Church of England on
baptism, and was so firm in his convictions
that he never did his consecration with that
Church and was publicly baptised, by immer-
sion, by the Rev. James Harrington Evans, at
the chapel of the latter in John-st. He joined
the ministry of the Baptist Church, and on
the death of Mr. Evans succeeded to the
pastorate of his congregation, when he held
office until four years ago, when he resigned
it. His zeal for religion, however, did not
abate, for, despite his advanced age, he en-
gaged actively in evangelistic labors, and
found pleasure in preaching during brief visits
which he made to the towns and cities of
England.

The Rev. Baptist Noel published several
devotional works, and also some of a secular
character, particularly in reference to the Com-
munes, and descriptive of his travels in Italy
and Switzerland. He warmly sympathized
with the Union cause, and wrote fearlessly
of the case of George William Gordon of Jamaica.
His "Essay on Christian Baptism," was
published in this country, with an introduc-
tion by Dr. Dowling. Describing his personal
appearance, an American writer some years
ago said: "His features are very symmetri-
cal and present a really beautiful profile. He
has light hair, light blue eyes, and in fine
the aspect of a good rather than a great man.
Baptist Noel is one of the most agreeable men
I have met in Paris." An older brother of
the deceased is Earl of Gainsborough; another
brother who died in 1851 was a prominent
member of the Church of England and an
eminent preacher.

—When is a newspaper the sharpest?
—When it's filed.

—Why do honest ducks dip their heads
under water? To liquidate their little bills.

A Singular People overlooked by Capt
Gullivior.

A recent traveller describes a state of soci-
ety among a singular people, which amazingly
supposes that it is both civilized and humane.
These people, he says, especially pride them-
selves upon their superiority to all others, and
upon their triumphs in science and what they
call modern improvement. Captain Gullivior
does not seem to have reached them in his
travels, although it is said that Dean Swift
himself hoped at one time to be sent out as a
bishop among them; and it would appear that
they are sadly in need of bishops or of some
other humanizing influence, for the traveller's
faithful pictures of their condition show a situ-
ation which should lead the Board of Foreign
Missions to lose no time in sending out Mis-
sionary reinforcements. There are two new
and striking illustrations of the situation of
these people, who have not, like the Hottentots,
the faces of animals; but what they may
have for hearts, as the traveller aptly re-
marks, "mercy only knows."

It is one of their customs to take a man
who has killed another and strangle him with
a rope. They pique themselves upon their
science, while they resort to the most brutal
and shocking method of execution. The
races whom this people denounce as semi-
barbarous kill their criminals with fatal cer-
tainty, and with 10 other shock than that
which necessarily arises from a violent death.
This nation of high pretension, until recently
made it a custom of capital execution a public
festival, but now it has changed its custom,
and issues invitations to the strangling to a
select party only. Our adventurous traveller
who congratulates himself upon having es-
caped safely from their shores, says that but a
month or two since he was present at one of
these terrible scenes, and that the wretch
who had been killed, instead of being destroyed at
once, was two or three times swung up by
the neck before his life was extinct, while the
invited guests, mad with the fiery liquor which
is the popular drink of the country, shouted
and swore in a frenzy of glee, so that the
ferocity of the throng in the old Coliseum
when gladiators slaughtered each other, or of
the Spanish crowds at a bull fight, when the
animal disembowels the man, was tame and
spiritless in the comparison. It is but just
to these people to say, says this traveller, that
some of them are shocked by this traditional
custom, and protest against the bungling hor-
rors of such scenes. But they are derided as
milkops and sentimentalist fools who reserve all
their sympathies for poor dear murderers.

And such is the sensitiveness of this heroic
people that they are more afraid of a sneer
than of an argument. For there are men
among them who put an enormous speaking-
trumpet to their mouths, fill it with their own
wind, and then call it the trumpet of truth.
This latest traveller also describes another
feature of this singular people which to us,
who are truly civilized, seems absolutely
incredible. He says that in their cities they
build enormous buildings called hotels, which
rise to a great height, and are filled with
strangers, who happen to be in the town, who
are lodged in little cells arranged upon cor-
ridors, so that the whole resembles a honey-
comb. These structures are built of solid
material in the lower stories, from which es-
cape is always easy, should a fire break out,
and which can readily be flooded with water.
But the higher parts are constructed of light
brick and more inflammable stuff, which, should
it take fire, are beyond the reach of water,
and the higher you go, except in case of danger,
is more and more hazardous.

In countries of low civilization, of course,
such lofty buildings would either be really fire-
proof or they would be so amply provided
with means of escape that there would be the
same feeling of security upon the roof as in
the lowest rooms. But our traveller says that
in one of the largest and most renowned of
these buildings there was a room in the
very roof, beyond the reach of water, and
accessible only by a wooden staircase. The
passage in which it was built was, of course,
a huge roaring draught the moment a fire
began below. There were windows in the
room covered with iron netting, which could
not be broken. One night during his stay
in the country a fire began near the staircase,
and swept roaring up the roof, and eleven
poor women, servants of the great hotel,
sleeping in the cruel room, were caught with
out chance of success, and so, God help them!
perished in inconceivable agony.

A traveller remarks, this is a kind of
catastrophe which is simply unnecessary. An
honest and efficient regard for human life
would make it absolutely impossible. But,
he adds there is something ghastly in the
fact that a people which permits such need-
less human slaughter disdains, with apparent
similarity, other times and countries, and ac-
tually plumes itself upon its civilization and
knowledge. To us who are truly civilized
and human, and full of all wisdom, the tal-
ents, being only a mingled gratitude and
pity. "Mamma," said the good little boy,
whose toes were peeping out of his shoes,

"what do the poor children do who are out
at elbows?"—Editor's Easy Chair, in Har-
per's Magazine for February.

A State Ruled by Women.

Among the Holland possessions there is a
remarkable little State which, in its constitu-
tion and the original customs of its inhabitants
surpasses the boldest dreams of American
emancipation ladies. U on the island of Ja-
va between the cities of Batavia and Tama-
rang—like the little kingdom of Basinai. Al-
though tributary to Holland, it is an inde-
pendent State, politically without importance, yet
happy, rich, and since time immemorial gov-
erned and defended by women. The sover-
eign is indeed a man, but all the rest of the
government belongs to the fair sex. The
king is entirely dependent upon his State
council, composed of three women. The high-
est authorities, all State officers, court func-
tionaries, military commanders, and soldiers,
are, without exception of the female sex, the
men agriculturists and merchants. The body
guard of the King is formed of the female.
The Amazons ride in the masculine style
wearing sharp steel points instead of spurs—
They carry a pointed lance, which they swing
very gracefully, and also a musket, which is in-
discharge at full gallop. The throne is in-
heritable by the eldest son, and in case the
king dies without issue a hundred elected
amazonesses assemble, in order to choose a suc-
cessor among their own sons. The chosen
one is then proclaimed lawful king. The ca-
pital city of this little State lies in one of the
most picturesque parts of the island, in a fruit-
ful plain, and is defended by two well kept
fortresses.—[Galaxy.

A FAITHFUL DOG.—Among a number of
section men at work, on the day of the storm,
near St. James, was one who lived a number
of miles away. He was unable to reach
home, and his wife became alarmed for his
safety, and he was missing, when a sheep-
herd dog belonging to him came bounding in-
to St. James with a little leather bag attached
to his collar in which was a letter from his
wife, containing the joyful intelligence that
they were all well at home; and asking for
news of her husband. Another letter was
written informing the wife that the hus-
band was safe, and would return home as soon
as he could reach there. This letter was p-
aced in the leather bag and the faithful animal
told "to go home." Away started the animal
through the storm and snow drifts, and arrived
safely at home, with the precious news so
anxiously looked for by the waiting wife and
mother. The next day the husband reached
home. The same dog was also sent with a
letter to a sick neighbor and brought back an
answer. In the slang of the West, he is not
for sale!

ANKIDROPE OF DR. COX.—Some years ago
a new church at Lockport, New York belong-
ing to the Presbyterians, of which the Rev.
Win. C. Wisner, B. D., has long been the
very popular pastor, was to be dedicated. A
large number of divines of that denomination
from Rochester and vicinity having been
invited, left that city by railroad, grouped in,
and forming a large share of the occupants of
a car, in the early evening, expecting to
arrive at Lockport in time to enjoy "a com-
fortable night's rest." Among the party was
the distinguished Samuel Hanson Cox, D. D.,
then Chancellor of Lingham University, at Le-
Roy. It being midwinter and bitterly cold,
and an unusually heavy body of snow being
upon the ground, a furious wind had blown
many miles before it became blocked in the
snow, with a part of it off the track, and so
cold and tempestuous was the night, the train,
though every possible effort was made, did not
succeed in getting extricated until morning.

When on the wing again the conductor
made his round to look after tickets, and com-
ing among the reverends, was impelled to
refer to the discomforts and perils of the night,
and also having vivid impressions of the same,
exclaimed:
"I tell you what gentlemen, we could very
well all going to us—last night."
Dr. Cox equalled the occasion and expres-
sion, quickly and instantly replied, "You
doublet speak for yourself, Sir, but as for
me and my friends here, we are ticketed to a
different station."—[Editor's Drawer, in Har-
per's Magazine for February.

A hop in your walk is a halt, but a dance
upon nothing is a halter. One finger by itself
may be a thumb, but ten fingers are a number.
A deal of gold may be a mine, but a dealer in
it is a plant. You may sometimes put
saucers into a cup, but you should always put
a cup into a saucer. You're a fool if you're
a walker in your walk, you're a philosopher if
you powder in your walk. A cough makes
you wheezy at the chest, but of the chest you
can't make a cough. A steel is what
makes a blade sharp, but a blade that mak-
s a sharper is a scake.

Telegraphic News.

Ottawa, Jan. 31. The Pacific Railroad Company has been organized with the following as Provisional Directors: For Ontario—Major Walker, D. McInnes, Col. Cumberland, Sanford Fleming, and Walter Shanley.

For Quebec—Sir Hugh Allan, Hon. Mr. Beaubien, J. Beaudry, and J. N. Hall. For Nova Scotia—Ex-Gov. Archibald. For New Brunswick—E. R. Burpee. For British Columbia—Hon. D. Helmcken. For Manitoba—A. McDermott.

Stock lists will be opened in each Province. Sir Hugh Allan is President, and Major Walker, Vice President.

Havana advices report the insurgents as victorious in a minor engagement fought on the coast west of Santiago De Cuba. They are active in the Eastern and Central Departments, and numbers of small bands are roving about in various directions.

London, Jan. 31. Spinning mills in Glasgow, employing 400 hands was burned on Thursday night. The depositions of the officers of the steamer Murillo, will be taken to-day at Cadiz, after the vessel has passed quarantine.

Sentence of London gas stokers has been commuted, their imprisonment being reduced eight months.

London, Feb. 1. First snow storm of the season in London occurred this morning. Fall was light. Disturbances apprehended in districts around Prague and troops have been sent to those localities.

A special despatch states that a fire in the Military Academy at Woolwich last night burned the library and clock tower.

Madrid, Jan. 31. Great rejoicing over birth of Spanish Prince yesterday. Te Deums were sung; salutes fired and illuminations general in this city.

London, Feb. 1. Portuguese railway engineers and stokers are on a strike and running of freight trains suspended.

New York, Feb. 1. There is to be an effort to give Tweed a new trial. The public are not satisfied with the result.

A fire at Jackson, Tenn., on Wednesday, destroyed property valued at \$100,000.

London, Feb. 2. The British Isles were visited last night by one of the most violent storms ever experienced, even at this season of the year.

The snow fell to an extraordinary depth in the city and country. This morning it was six inches deep in London, and travel was almost wholly suspended.

By an accident of the London and North-western railway at Stafford several persons were killed.

New York, Feb. 3. It is said that arrangements are completed for the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

The Court House at Quebec was completely destroyed by fire yesterday, entailing a loss of all records of the province since its foundation, together with title deeds and other important legal documents.

London, Feb. 3. The deposition of the engineers of the steamer "Murillo" has been taken before the British Consul at Cadiz. The statement coincided with the previous account of the disaster.

Pending an investigation, the master of the steamer and some of the crew have been arrested. They admit the collision with a vessel, but deny it was the "North-east."

Thirteen lives were lost by the wreck of steamer "Clan Alpine."

A Man-Wolf. A correspondent of the "Sheffield Independent" writes—"A day or two ago the friends of the Rev. W. Johnson, missionary in Calcutta, in connection with the London Missionary Society, received from him a letter containing, without matters, a statement of the following remarkable fact.

Mr. Johnson's house being under repair, he had taken a long journey into the country, when, happening to fall in with a number of gentlemen who were going on a wolf hunting expedition, he joined them. On reaching the den a fire was kindled, and when the wolves were thus driven from their resting place there was seen among them a beast of so strange an appearance that the hunters were filled with astonishment at the sight of it.

The wolves made off at great speed, but this unaccountable creature, unable to keep pace with them, lagged some-what behind. Still it ran at a pace so fleet that the swiftest pedestrian would have found it far more than a match for him.

LONGEVITY OF JEWS.—A London statistician has been investigating the physical condition of the Jews, and furnishes the following facts: The average life of the Jew in London is forty nine years, while of the Christian it is only thirty seven years.

Of a given number of Christians, only one quarter will, as a general rule, live to be sixty years, while among Jews one quarter live to be at least seventy one. Among children, fourteen per cent. of the Christian population die between one year and five years of age, while only ten per cent. of Jewish children.

Finally, in Prussia, it requires fifty-one years for the Christian population to double itself, and only forty one years for the Jewish. The Jewish blood contains little or no scrofula; whether this results from their adherence to the Mosaic ritual, or from whatever source, it probably has a favorable influence on their longevity.

To the Editor of the Standard. Dear Sir.—I understand that an expression in my lecture on the Catacombs, lately delivered in St. Andrews, has given offence to some. Speaking of the symbol of the Cross, I said, "How much more appropriate a sign this, to use on the apex of our Church steeple, than the weather cock, which seems to symbolize our being blown about by every wind of doctrine."

I can assure you, Mr. Editor, that I had my own Church steeple in my mind more than any other, and I think that it will prove the groundlessness for any offence, when I tell you, that my own Church steeple in St. George, has a weather cock at the apex, and tho' the symbol is there, I hope that the thing symbolized is absent. The subject naturally came up when lecturing on the Catacombs.

Believe me, Yours &c., RANALD E. SMITH. Rectory, St. George, Jan. 30, 1873.

SAINT ANDREWS, FEB 5, 1873. NEW BRUNSWICK MEN ABROAD.—The "St. Paul Daily Press," Minnesota, in its issue of the 21st ult., gives "Biographical Sketches" of the Representatives in the House of Representatives of that State, among them, we notice, two gentlemen from this Province, natives of the County of Charlotte, and both well known while here, as intelligent, enterprising, and energetic young men.

Their relatives and friends will be pleased to hear of their success in a foreign land. It is such men as Mealy and McCann that make a country, and every effort should be used, and inducements held out to them to remain among us. The following are the "sketches" given of our friends whom we congratulate on their advancement and success:—

T. G. Mealey, Monticello, Wis.—Lib. Born in New Brunswick in 1823; was educated in common schools; came to the United States in 1849, but shortly returned to New Brunswick, where he remained until 1853; in 1853 he settled at Monticello, and went into the mercantile business, which he has followed ever since.

Although elected on the Liberal ticket he has always been a Republican; he has held a number of town and county offices; is married, and boards at Metropolitan, room 125.

Mr. Mealy is a native of the Parish of Penfield, and son of the late Malcolm Mealey, Esq. James McCann, Anoka, Anoka—Rep. Born in New Brunswick, 1814; educated in common schools; came to United States in 1832, and settled in Maine, where he engaged in lumbering; came to Minn. in 1853, and settled at St. Anthony; in 1854 he went to Anoka; was a member of the first County Board; and was elected Auditor in 1857; is at present engaged in farming; married; boards at Metropolitan, room 67.

Mr. McCann was born in the Parish of St. Andrews.

John C. Brown, Esq., C. E., M. P. P. It appears that this young gentleman is as popular at the Northern part of the Province, as he has proved to be in the South-Western portion, where he came forward for the first time last year as a candidate to represent this County in the Local Legislature, and was elected by a large majority.

Mr. Brown has been acting as Assistant Engineer, under W. M. Buck, Esq., resident Engineer, on Section 10 of the Intercolonial Railway. Having intimated that his services on the Intercolonial had ceased, and that he was about to assume the duties devolving upon him as a Representative of Charlotte, the Contractor's agents, sub-contractors, foremen and others engaged on the Section, met at Wilbur's Hotel, Newcastle, invited Mr. Brown, and presented him with a handsome GOLD WATCH, as a token of their esteem for his kind disposition and courteous bearing while on the work.

Mr. Brown made an appropriate and feeling reply to the Address, expressing his great gratification on receiving so valuable a present, which he valued the more because it was a tangible evidence of the good feeling and friendship of those with whom he had been associated in the discharge of his duties.

The following is the Address which we copy from the Newcastle "Union Advocate" of the 29th ult:— To JOHN C. BROWN, ESQ., CIVIL ENGINEER, &c., &c.

Dear Sir,—We the undersigned Contractor's Agents, Sub-Contractors and foremen on Section No 10 of the Intercolonial Railway, having learned that your services on this Section have terminated, and that you are about leaving to attend to other duties in the approaching Session of the Local Legislature, as a Representative for the County of Charlotte, take this opportunity to express to you, the regret we feel in losing your friendly supervision of our work, which you have always imparted conducted; and while regretting your departure, we may be permitted to congratulate you on the

political distinction you have attained in your native Province, and in which capacity we hope you will have an honorable career.

Before taking your leave, we beg of you to accept from us the accompanying present which we offer as an evidence of our regard for you, and in acknowledgment of the kind disposition you have always evinced towards ourselves during our intercourse with you on this Section, and we heartily wish you every success as an experienced Engineer in all your future professional undertakings.

Signed—J. B. Rodgers, D. K. McNeil, Murdoch Smith, Hector McLean, Wm. Gillespie, John D. MacDonald, John Morrison, James Cook, Alex. Kennedy, John Kennedy, D. K. MacLean, W. H. Chisholm, T. H. Riley, T. M. Rodgers, James Rodgers, A. W. M. Donald, Daniel Ferguson, Hector Ferguson, Michael Gillis, John Chisholm, Alex. MacNeil, James A. MacDonald, Joseph Arsenaux, Duncan MacDonald, Peter MacDonald.

NO CASES OF SMALL POX now exist in this Town. From the following report of the Board of Health, however, it will be seen that there are three cases of Varioloid at the upper end of the Parish about eleven miles from Town. These cases it is reported have all originated through Board, by Jesse Bartlett, in whose family the disease made its appearance early in December. It is said that many persons visited his house at the time, not knowing the danger they were exposed to, and which resulted in the death of Miss Greenlaw.

ST. ANDREWS, 3rd Feb. 1873. Three cases of Varioloid are reported to the Board of Health, as existing in three houses in this Parish, about eleven miles from St. Andrews. These cases all seem to have had their origin from the house of Jesse Bartlett where a case now exists, and where a case occurred in December last, which seems to have been discovered, and no precautionary measures taken, and from which serious consequences to others have followed, resulting in the death from the disease of the girl Greenlaw. The extreme penalty of the Law which will be put in force, is not too severe to be visited on persons wilfully suppressing from the authorities Small Pox or any infectious disease, thus endangering life, and entailing misery suffering, and expense to many families, and also expense to the County; when by making it known, proper precautions could be taken to prevent its ravages.

The young man Neil has been discharged from the Pest House, and no cases now exist in the Town.

The Board of Health would again urge upon the inhabitants, the necessity of IMMEDIATE VACCINATION, as the only safe remedy against this loathsome disease, now so prevalent in the United States, and likely at any day to be brought into our midst.

C. E. HATHEWAY, W. WHITLOCK, J. R. BRADFORD.

SIGNAL SERVICE.—It is to be hoped that a bill will be introduced at the next Session of Parliament at Ottawa, establishing Signal stations, at all the principal maritime Ports in the Dominion, similar to those in the United States, which have proved of such essential service; where the percentage of cautionary signals is estimated at 70 per cent. The signal is wholly cautionary, for warning of probable danger. Arrangements have been made by the Signal Department of the U. S. for an interchange of reports with Canada.

THE ALDINE.—We have on other occasions directed attention to this superbly illustrated Monthly, without exception the best Art paper in the United States, reproducing in the highest style of the art examples of the most celebrated foreign masters. Labor must be cheap in the States where such a beautifully executed work of Art, and ably conducted journal, can be furnished for \$3 per annum, and two oil chromos given free, which alone are worth four times the price of subscription. We invite attention to the Prospectus published on our first page. Orders received at this Office.

The letter of "Mariner" on the "incorrect and ill advised list of shipping owned at this Port," is received. Its publication would answer no good purpose, and the writer's caustic comments upon the compiler are so personal, that it would be contrary to our established practice to insert them. We quite agree with "Mariner" in his comments upon the want of discretion displayed by "the officious individual" whoever he was, but cannot conceive that it was malice preposse on his part.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE for February, comes richly freighted with its numerous well written literary productions, many of them illustrated in the highest style of art. This number opens with "Life in the Diamond Fields," illustrated. The Mont-de-Piete. Mary Queen of Scots. The Life of an Eastern Woman, and many other interesting and instructive papers, with the three Serials by Reade, Collins, and Miss Thackeray. The Editor's Easy Chair, Literary Record, and the other departments are all full of useful information. The Terms for Harper's Magazine, Weekly, and Bazar are:—

Magazine, one copy for One Year \$4 00 Weekly, one copy for One Year 4 00 Bazar, one copy for One Year 4 00 Harper's Magazine, Harper's Weekly, and Harper's Bazar, for one year, \$10 00; or any two for \$7 00.

MR. RUSSELL, Agent of the New Brunswick Auxiliary Bible Society, will address meetings on the work of the British and Foreign Bible Society, in St. Andrews on Saturday evening, Feb. 22d, and at Dumbarton on Monday evening, Feb. 24th.

The Hon. B. R. Stevenson, Sir. Genl., has returned here, after a lengthened absence at Fredericton and other parts of the Province in the discharge of his duties.

DECK LOADS.—From the action recently taken by the Underwriters and Secretaries of Insurance Companies, and Ship owners in England, it appears that measures will be adopted for prohibiting vessels carrying deck loads from British America and the Baltic from 1st September to 1st April. They have resolved not to insure vessels with deck loads between those dates, and also to memorialize the Government to reimpose the law restricting the dates of shipment of deck loads, which law was repealed by the Merchant Shipping Act of 1862. The large number of vessels from the St. Lawrence lost during the fall of last year, has alarmed the underwriters, and is attributed to their carrying deck loads.

BALLOU'S MAGAZINE for February is received and is filled with articles to please the taste of old and young who are fond of light reading. The price is \$1.50 U. S. currency, with a little Chromo. Thomas & Talbot, publishers, Boston.

THE MARITIME MONTHLY for February is received. This, the second number, gives promise of its becoming the leading literary monthly in the British Provinces. The articles are all written by gentlemen of culture and refinement. Its proprietors are willing to pay for such articles as may be approved by them.

The "St. Paul Press" gives a harrowing account of the sufferings of five men who were Four days in a Snow Drift. The men's names were Charles, John and Stephen O'Neil, Mike and Thomas Holden. They were driving in sleighs with grain. Four of the men and five horses were frozen to death when discovered. Charles O'Neil was safely removed, but both feet and an arm had to be amputated. The sufferings from cold and snow at the West, is not yet fully known.

LECTURE.—Mr. Meagher's lecture on Thursday evening last, on "Aster Civilization" was well received, and is spoken of as an interesting and instructive; it contained some clever and happy hits, which in stereotyped phrase "drew down the house."

To-morrow evening, Mr. John McWilliams will deliver the seventh of the course—"Select reading in Prose and Poetry."

In another column will be seen a letter from the Rector of St. George, explanatory of a passage in his lecture on the "Catacombs of Rome," which is supposed to have been misinterpreted by some of the audience. To our view, the remark was general, and quite harmless.

EMIGRATION FROM BRITAIN FOR 1872.—By the emigration returns for 1872 it appears that the number of persons who have left Great Britain and Ireland during the past year has been nearly equal to the average for the last decade. That average was 196,757, while the emigration for 1872 amounted to 195,776. This is a considerable advance upon 1871, but not so high as the numbers for 1870 and 1869. Of those who thus sailed from British ports 55,000 were foreigners.

SUMMARY. FOR ENGLAND.—Mr. Sigson, from Messrs. Odell & Turner's Importing House, leaves for the British Markets to-morrow morning, to purchase Spring supplies. We wish him a pleasant trip.

The Band Assemblies are well attended. A social Dance was held at Bay Side last night, by a number of young persons from St. Andrews. The party is described as a very pleasant one.

THE PRINCESS OF WALES RESTORED TO HEALTH.—The Princess of Wales has almost completely recovered from the disability which a few years ago caused so much anxiety. Thanks to the skill of medical advisers, and a naturally vigorous constitution, we see she has at length resumed the plume she was wont to fill with so much grace and spirit in the hunting field; for among the items of intelligence which reach us from Sandringham, it is gratifying to learn that not only has Her Royal Highness had the enjoyment afforded by a good run with the hounds, but that she actually accomplished a ride of 36 miles, returning home in time to superintend the distribution of New Year's gifts.

A Denver (N. H.) man recently ordered some dun fish to be sent home from Boston, and they came marked C. O. D. but he refused them—declaring that he had not ordered cod fish, but dun fish.

Recent discoveries in the Pyramids. The Pyramids of Egypt were constructed 4000 years ago. Mr. Dixon, of England, has for some time been exploring the two remarkable chambers known as the king's and queen's chambers, in the interior of the Great Pyramid. By means of a wire introduced between the joints of the masonry, he found a space, and was thereupon induced to bore into the walls of the queen's chamber, when he discovered a passage way, eight by nine inches in dimensions, evidently a venting flue. Its terminus has not yet been found. Within the passage way he found a bronze hook, which is supposed to be the most ancient specimen of bronze now existing. He also found a piece of worked cedar wood and a granite ball, which latter is believed to have been an Egyptian weight. Its diameter is 2 1/2 inches. As the walls behind which these articles were found were solid on the inner side of the chamber, it is believed that

they were placed in the positions where they were found at the time the pyramid was erected.

FIRE AT FREDRICKSTON.—Early this morning smoke was seen issuing from the interior of the Baptist Church, and, on the door being forced open it was discovered that part of the stove pipe had fallen down, burning a small portion of the floor. Had the pipe fallen during the night a serious fire would have been the result.

Late papers from St. John's N.F. report two deaths in that island from exposure. An aged and imbecile woman named Catherine Greenlade, of B-levee, was found dead under distressing circumstances in a miserable out house attached to her dwelling. A coroner's jury returned a verdict that death was caused by neglect and exposure, and exonerating her family, with whom she lived, for their unkindness and gross neglect.

A young man named Churchill was smothered in the snow at Trinity on the 10th inst. He left a widow and two children.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—FOURTH MEETING, Jan. 30.—It has been decided to hold the eighteenth annual convention of the Young Men's Christian Association of the United States and British Provinces at Poughkeepsie the coming summer.

A Romantic Episode. There was an extraordinary scene in a New York Court last week. A Mrs. Elizabeth Spicer has sued George Spicer, her brother-in-law, for \$40,000, being a portion of an estate left by her husband, John Spicer, at the time of his death. It was contended on the part of the defence that the plaintiff had never been married to John Spicer. The story of her life, which is certainly romantic, was given in evidence. When quite young she confessed to having married Hugh P. Miller, and after they had lived together for some time they removed to Jamaica Plain, where ever thirty years ago he abandoned her. She sought him high and low but could not find him. Then she was married to Herbert W. Bell, and finding that he had another wife, she left him. Then she became acquainted with John Spicer and married him, for whose property she is now suing. During the progress of the trial the other day, the first husband of the supposed "widow" walked into court, to her astonishment and horror. The lady was overwhelmed with dismay and confusion, and her counsel manifested the utmost surprise. Mr. Miller was called to the stand by the defence, and testified that the plaintiff abandoned him, leaving him a note telling him that he need not look for her, as she had left him never to return. He accepted the situation and disappeared.

Illinois has elected twenty-one journalists as Mayors during the last eighteen months.

One member of the Missouri Legislature costs the State \$750 for mileage, which would cover 3500 miles at 20 cents per mile. The people want him to lecture on the interesting topography of the trip.

SMALL POX AT WOODSTOCK.—The Tribune says a supposed case of fatal small pox occurred at Woodstock on Saturday last. The name is given, but it is said the man was under the charge of the Board of Health. The inhabitants are frightened, and countrymen are afraid to go to the town.

SHIP NEWS. PORT OF ST. ANDREWS. ARRIVED. Jan 28, Schr. Emerald, Cook, Red Beach. 29, Martha A. Maloney, Providence, Ballast. Esther, Maloney, Boston, Mides, &c., R. Ross. 31, Franklin, Costa, Boston, ballast. CLEARED. Jan 24, Schr. Urica, Maloney, Portland, 2158 sleepers, R. Ross. Willis Carson, Carson, Portland, 42,000 Ash hoops, Goodnow & Co. 28, Emerald, Cook, Red Beach, 20,000 staves, Robinson & Glenn.

NOTICE. A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of the St. Andrews Steamboat Wharf Company, will be held in the Room of the Engine House, on Saturday the 8th day of February, at 7 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of exhibiting the accounts of the Company, and any other business connected therewith. By order of the Directors, W. WHITLOCK, Secy. & Treasurer. St. Andrews, Jan. 29, 1873.

North British and Mercantile Insurance Company, OF EDINBURGH & LONDON. ESTABLISHED IN 1809. FIRE & LIFE. PRESIDENT: His Grace the Duke of Roxburgh, K. T. VICE PRESIDENTS: His Grace the Duke of Sutherland K. G.; His Grace the Duke Abercorn, K. G.; Sir John L. M. Lawrence, Bart, G. C. B. & K. S. CAPITAL - £2,000,000 STERLING (WITH LARGE ACCUMULATIONS.) The Subscriber having been appointed General Agent for New Brunswick for the above Company, is now prepared to effect insurances on reasonable terms. HENRY JACK, General Agent. W. B. MORFIS, Agent for St. Andrews and vicinity. Jan. 29.

NOTICE. The Clerk, hear authority 24th Va. and directed to file into Court, Felt, used in

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VARIETIES.

—It is considered cool to take a man's hat with his name written in it, simply because you want his autograph.

—When a new town is started on the plains, Chicago drummers camp out and wait for the new stores to be completed, to sell the owners a bill of goods.

Americans read more newspapers than any other people, but do not read more books. Probably because the average newspaper is better than the average book.

—The Jacksonville "Journal" states that a blushing school girl called at that office the other day and inquired for "papers for a week back." The idea suggested was that she wanted them for a panier.

The most likely thing to become a woman? Why, a little girl.

Manchester House.

FALL 1872.

ODELL & TURNER

HAVE RECD. per STEAMSHIPS "Olympia" and "Hecia."

76 CASES AND BALES

New Goods,

IN

CLOTHS,

Dress Materials,

Shawls and Mantles,

Black Alpaccas,

LINENS,

CARPETINGS,

Blankets, Flannels,

COTTONS AND COTTON WARPS,

HATS, FLOWERS,

FEATHERS,

MILLINERS' STOCK

AND

Fancy Goods.

Also—A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

all personally selected.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

RAILROAD HOTEL,

ST. ANDREWS.

THE Subscriber returns his thanks to the public for the patronage extended to him since opening the Railroad Hotel. Having purchased the property from Mr. Edward Pheasant, he will CONTINUE THE BUSINESS,

and trusts by attention and efforts to please, to receive a continuance of that patronage, so liberally extended to the establishment.

TRANSIENT and PERMANENT boarders provided with comfortable rooms on reasonable terms. Good STABLES.—Experienced and reliable hostlers always on hand. Horses and Carriages to let.

COACHES in attendance on the arrival of Trains and Steamers

M. CLARKE, Proprietor.

St. Andrews, April 17, 1872.

ROYAL HOTEL,

(FORMERLY STUBBS)

Opposite Custom House and Public Offices, PRINCE WILLIAM ST., ST. JOHN, N.B. During the past winter this house has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished. It will be re-opened on 1st of May next.

Having secured the services of Mr. Charles Watts as Manager, the proprietor trusts that their united efforts for the comfort of their guests will give entire satisfaction.

Terms \$2.00 per day. THOMAS F. RAYMOND, Proprietor.

STANDARD Life Assurance Company.

Assets over Four Millions Sterling. THE Underigned having been appointed Agent at St. Andrews for the above Company, persons wishing to Assure their lives can be furnished with forms and prospectuses or information of any kind, by applying to him. This Company was established in 1825, and is one of the largest and most successful of the Life Assurance Institutions of Great Britain.

JAMES W. STREET, AGENT ST. ANDREWS. MEDICAL REFEREE, N. S. D. PARKER, M.D. April.

TEA POTS.

JUST RECEIVED per steamer Millbank —A large assortment of Tea-Pots and other Ware. CHINESE TEA-POTS, EGYPTIAN BLACK TEA-POTS, ROCKINGHAM TEA-POTS. For sale low by F. & J. A. WHITE, No. 10 Charlotte street, St. John.

St. Andrews Hotel Company.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Hotel Company, held on the 16th instant, W. B. MORRIS was appointed Secretary.

R. ROBINSON, St. Andrews, Oct 24 1872. President.

MADAM JUNCTION EATING-HOUSE,

S. W. DAVIS, PROPRIETOR. Meals always ready on Arrival of Trains. Jan. 16, 1872.

REMOVAL.

W. H. WILLIAMSON, ever grateful for the kind support and patronage he has hitherto received, begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has removed his establishment to the store formerly occupied by Miss Irwin, corner of Water and Edward streets; where he will keep as usual.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Groceries, Paints, Glass, Putty, and all the other articles commonly found in a Druggist Shop. St. Andrews.

Insolvent Act of 1869.

In the matter of Moses Parks, an Insolvent. NOTICE is hereby given, that a meeting of the Creditors of the above named Insolvent, will be held at the office of Geo. McSorley, Esquire, Barrister at Law, St. George, Charlotte County, on Thursday the seventh day of November next, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of the removal of the present Assignee of said estate, and appointing another Assignee, and for the purpose of ordering of the affairs of the said Estate generally, pursuant to an order of James G. Stevens, J. C. C. The Insolvent is hereby summoned to attend said meeting.

Dated at St. George, Province of New Brunswick, this 16th day of October, A. D. 1872. JAMES MORAN, Assignee.

Tenders Wanted.

\$5,000 Debentures issued on the credit of the TOWN OF ST. ANDREWS.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned until the 19th day of October, instant, for the purchase of the \$5000 Debentures issued on the credit of the Town of Saint Andrews, pursuant to the Act of Assembly 84 Victoria, chap. 59, entitled "An Act to authorize the Town of Saint Andrews to aid the Saint Andrews Hotel Company." These Debentures are—10 of them for \$100 each, 4 of them for \$200, 3 of them for \$400, and 4 of them for \$500; are dated 19th of Sept. 1871, bear interest from that date at six per cent. payable 1st July and 1st January; are payable in twenty years, and are a first class investment.

NEVILLE G. D. PARKER, Hon. Secy. St. Andrews Hotel Co. St. Andrews, 2nd Oct. 1872. oc 2 31

SUGAR & MOLASSES.

Ex "Rapid" from Barbados via St. John: 20 Hhds Muscovado Molasses, 8 " Choicé do Sugar. J. W. STREET.

Alcohol and Old Rye.

Just received via Portland. 5 Puncheons } ALCOHOL, 15 Hhds } 95 O. P. 10 Bbls Old Rye Whisky, 25 pc. U. P. Gooderham & Werts' Distillery, Toronto. July 4, 1872. J. W. STREET.

GEO. STEWART, Jr.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL Chemist and Druggist,

DEALER IN DRUGS, MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES, DYE WOODS AND STUFS, SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, Toilet Requisites, Perfumery, Brushes, &c., 24 King Street, Saint John, N. B. ORDERS from the Country promptly executed. Ships' Medicine Chests Fitted and Ke fitted. Particular attention given to the Preparation of Physicians' Prescriptions. apr 12 7.—15.

MILLINERY AND Fancy Goods.

MRS E. O'NEILL respectfully intimates to the ladies of St. Andrews and vicinity that she has opened a MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT in Miss Smith's building, where she has a Stock of FANCY GOODS, of the latest styles, and will be happy to execute all orders in her line with neatness and despatch.

Copartnership.

The Subscribers have this day entered into Professional Copartnership, under the style and firm of Street & Stevenson. GEO. D. STREET. R. R. STEVENSON. St. Andrews, June 1, 1871.

NEW IMPORTATION.

Ex "Choice" from London, and "Kate" Up ham" from Liverpool. 20 Cases "Bridges & Son's" best Stout Porter. 30 cases "Guinness" Dub'in Porter, quarts and pints. 2 Puncheons fine old Jamaica Rum. 30 half chests London Congou Tea. 60 dozen pints Irish Whiskey. 40 " " Old Tom Gin. 3 cases Ginger Wine. 200 cases Geneva &c J. W. STREET.

RAISINS.

100 Boxes Layer Raisins. 25 Bbls. Dried Apples, very nice. For sale, J. W. STREET.

GRANULATED SUGAR.

25 Bbls. Boston Granulated Sugar. In Bond or Duty paid, J. W. STREET.

Vacuum Pan Sugar.

53 Hhds. Demerara Vacuum Pan Sugar. choice quality, just received and for sale at lowest market rates, in Bond or Duty paid, TODD, CLEWLEY & CO., St. Stephen.

JOHN MCCOULL, GENERAL AGENT.

Commission Merchant, AND Auctioneer St. George, N. B. REFERENCES: Hon. B. R. Stevenson, Sur. General, W. Whitlock, Esq. St. Andrews; Jas. A. Moran, and Abm. Young, Esqrs. St. George; Chas. F. Clinch, Esq. St. John; J. Murchie, and David Main, Esqs., St. Stephen.

The Standard,

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY BY A. W. Smith. Office, Water Street Saint Andrews. N. B. TERMS \$2 50 per Annum—if paid in advance. \$3 If not paid till the end of the year.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Inserted according to written orders or continued till forbid, if no written directions. First insertion of twelve lines and under, 80 cts. Each repetition of do 20 cts. First insertion of all over 12 lines 8 cents per line. Each repetition of do 2 cts. per line. Advertising by the year as may be agreed on. All letters addressed to this office must be post paid.

G. F. STICKNEY,

WATCH MAKER & JEWELLER.

Has received further supply of GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, Chains, Rings, Brooches, Lockets, Studs, Solitaires, Keys, &c.

Electroplated Britannia Metal and British Plate Wares, Papier Machie, Parian, Spa, Wedgwood and Bohemian Goods

JET AND RUBBER GOODS.

CUTLERY, HARDWARE, LEDGETOOLS TOYS, FANCY SOAP AND PERFUMERY, Together with a general assortment of House Furnishing & Fancy Goods WEDDING RINGS made to order. July 19 41

STREET & STEVENSON,

Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors &c. OFFICES—WATER STREET, ST. ANDREWS. Plans of School Houses.

Education Office, Province of New Brunswick.

FREDERICTON, December 27th, 1872. TRUSTEES OF SCHOOLS are hereby notified that the Plans of School Houses prepared by the Board of Education, will be furnished free of expense to Districts needing them, on application to the Inspector of Schools for the county of the said Plans, a complete set of working drawings of the same may be procured without charge, on application to the Chief Superintendent.

THEODORE H. RAND, Chief Superintendent of Education. jan 11

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

MAY 14, 1872. For the "Oronoco" from Liverpool, "Lincombe" from Clyde, and "Choice" from London.

4 Hhds } Fine old Whiskey. 17 qr. casks } do do 40 Cases "Guinness" Dublin Porter. 12 Bbls Ginger Ale and Champagne Cider. 10 Boxes T D Pipes. 5 qr. casks } fine old Dublin [B] Whiskey. 28 Cases } 35 Bbls "McEwan's" Pale Ale. 25 do "Bass's" do do 10 cases old Tom Gin, quarts, Pains & Oil

14 casks boiled end raw Linseed Oil 32 Cwt. Brandram Bros' No 1 White Paint Red, Yellow and Green Paints. Wines.

3 Butts } Sherry Wine. 13 Hhds } do do 6 qr. casks } 3 Hhds } Port Wine. 9 qr. casks } 18 cases Champagne, quarts and pints, Dunville & Co's Whiskey. Ex "Oronoco" and "John Parker" from Liverpool.

4 Hhds } Old Irish Whiskey. 10qr. Casks } do do 50 cases } Ex "Choice" from London. 70 Chests and Half Chests Congou Tea, 10 kegs Bi-Carbonate Soda. J. W. STREET & CO.

LOUR, CORN, PORK, &c.

October 23d, 1871. Landing ex "Mary Ellen," from New York 230 Bbls extra State Ohio and fancy Flour 16 1/2 bbls family 2 Tierces "Sugar cured" Hams 20 lbs heavy Mess Pork. 5 " clear 200 Bushels Corn, &c. J. W. STREET. Oct 25, 1872.

MOLASSES.

Ex Schr. "Emma" from Cienfuegos direct. 211 Hhds. } BRIGHT CIE-FUEGOS MOLASSES. 16 Bbls. } The above is a very choice Cargo and will be sold at lowest market rates, in bond or duty paid. TODD, CLEWLEY & CO. April 1871. St. Stephen.

GIN, WINE, TEA, &c.

Ex "Choice" from London. 40 Hhds } Best Pale Geneva. 30 qr Casks } Congou Tea. 200 Cases } 20 Hhds } London Brown Stout & Pale Ale. 20 qr Casks } Pale Sherry. 73 Hhds } 31 Ton "Brandram Bros" Best White Lead 4 Hhds } do Boiled and Raw Linseed Oil. 4 qr Casks } J. W. STREET.

GIN & BRANDIES.

50 Hhds } Best Pale Geneva. 30 qr casks } 200 Kegs } 39 Cases } 20 Hhds } 30 qr. Casks } "Martell" & "Hennessy" best Cognac Brandy. 400 Cases } 30 do pints } J. W. STREET & CO.

Notice.

IN consequence of a serious accident occurring by persons leaving obstructions on the streets and side walks; the public are hereby notified, that all or any person leaving rubbish or other material on the streets or side walks in the Town, will be prosecuted on the penalty according to Law. Dated Saint Andrews 20th Nov. 1872. THOMAS HIPWELL, Commissioner District No.

ST. ANDREWS HOTEL COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Fourth Call of 25 per cent on the Capital Stock of this Company has been ordered by the Directors to be made. All subscribers are required to pay the amount due on their respective shares on or before the FOURTH day of DECEMBER, 1872, to W. B. MORRIS, Secretary.

St. Andrews, Nov. 13, 1872.

CAUTION.

WHEREAS my wife MARY, has left my bed and board without any cause or provocation, I hereby forbid all persons from harboring or trusting her on my account, as I will not hold myself responsible for any debts of her contracting. AMOS H. BARTLETT, Wavey, Nov. 23, 1872. 3ip

HATS & CAPS

IN LARGE VARIETY, Comprising—the Oxford, Dolly Varden, Duke Alexis and many other styles to numerous to mention. Also—the Monarch Shakespeare Paper Collar, unrivalled for its perfect fit and durability, together with a full line of Gents' Furnishing Goods. Chignons, Curis, Switches in Jute and Linen, Bustles, Hoop Skirts and small wares. Ladies, Gents, and childrens BOOTS & SHOES, worked SLIPPERS and OTTOMANS. FLANNELS, in White and colored, plain, striped and checked. Cottons—in bleached and unbleached. Hattrack & Miller's White Cottons, Brown ditto, Hickings, &c. As my motto is "Small Profits and quick Sales," the above stock shall be sold at the lowest living advance on cost. Remember the store on the corner of Water and King Streets, and opposite H. O'Neill's Market House. N. B.—Orders taken for the elegant "Davis Sewing Machine," which has been so celebrated in the United States—a sample of which can be seen at the store. For price and conditions enquire of the subscriber.

JAMES BRADLEY, St. Andrews

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS hereby Given, that the following Non-Resident Property in the Parish of St. George, has been assessed as under for the year 1872, and unless the amount, together with the cost of advertising &c., is paid within three months from this date, the same will be sold according to law.— Benjamin Hanson Property \$8.40. RONALD CAMPBELL, Collector. St. George, Sept. 29, 1872.

CONGOU TEA.

Ex "Trojan" from London, 60 Chests & Half Chests good Congou Tea. J. W. STREET.

SEWING MACHINES.

WHAT EVERY FAMILY SHOULD HAVE. One of the original Weed Sewing Machines. These celebrated Machines are now on sale at the Subscriber's, where the public are invited to examine and test for themselves. JAMES STOOP, Agent. Jan 16.

Valuable Farm for Sale

THE Subscriber offers for sale his Property at Locombe, which commands a splendid view of Passamaquoddy Bay, the Islands and surrounding country. The place is pleasantly situated, bounded by the shore of the Bay, the Point John Road runs through it, rendering it a most desirable country residence and farm, in a pleasant neighborhood, within six miles of the Town of St. Andrews. The farm contains 100 Acres, forty of which are under cultivation; and 25 tons of hay; has good pasture, is well watered and thoroughly fenced, on the premises are a comfortable dwelling House, with two large Barns and outhouses. The property will be sold with or without the crop. For further particulars, apply as the STANDARD OFFICES or to JAMES ORR, on the premises. Boacbe, July 3.

BLACK TEA.

Ex Schr. "Pointer" from New York 182 Hl. Chests } SOUCHONG TEA. For Sale in bond or duty paid at lowest rates. TODD CLEWLEY & CO. St. Stephen.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

King Street. Saint Stephen N. B. J. NELL, Proprietor.

Canada Ale.

6 Hhds } Canada Bitter Ale. 6qr. Casks } Nov. 2, 1871. J. W. STREET.



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