

ZEEBRUGGE, GERMAN SUBMARINE FLEET'S BASE ON BELGIAN COAST, BOMBARDED

British Official Statement Says Report That Enemy Warships Were Off Dunkirk a Mistake

Shelling of The Town Was From a Land Gun—Coast Batteries at Zeebrugge Engaged for Three Hours and Believed Damage Done by Attackers Was Considerable.

Amsterdam, April 30, via London.—The Telegraf has a despatch saying that the town of Zeebrugge, on the coast of the North Sea in Belgium has been heavily bombarded.

Zeebrugge is a base of the German submarine fleet.

Amsterdam, via London, April 30.—9.45 p. m.—The coast batteries at Zeebrugge, (in Belgium, on the coast of the North Sea), were heavily engaged from 9.30 o'clock last night to 1 o'clock this morning, replying to a bombardment from the sea," says a despatch to the Telegraf. "A thick mist prevented the vessels engaged from being seen, but that the bombardment was effective in places is inferred from the numerous fires that arose on the land."

According to the Nieuws Van Den Dag, at noon today thirty shots were

fired from the sea on the Belgian coast.

Dunkirk Not Shelled by German Warships.

London, April 30, 8.30 p. m., Dunkirk.—A British official statement given out this evening says:

"The shelling of Dunkirk is now reported by aerial reconnaissance to have been from a land gun, and the reports that German warships were off that port were due to a misapprehension."

The statement, which was issued by the British press bureau, is as follows:

"The rumor that German warships bombarded Dunkirk is untrue. This rumor probably originated in a misreading of the French official communication issued today."

RED CROSS BOATS GET ORDERS TO BE READY

Significant Despatch Received from Amsterdam—Indicates Activities Have Begun or Will Soon Begin in the North Sea.

London, April 30, 5.54 p. m.—Another report having to do with naval activity in the North Sea was contained in a press despatch received here today from Amsterdam. This message said urgent orders had been received at the Hook of Holland for the immediate preparation for service of four Dutch lifeboats and two Red Cross boats. These vessels are

directed to wait with steam up, so that they would be able to leave on a moment's notice.

The message added that there was no explanation of this order, or news of a sea fight, but it was expected that the vessels would be instructed to proceed to the North Hinder Lightship, in the North Sea, near the Franco-Belgian border.

OFFICIAL REPORTS

RUSSIA

Petrograd, April 30, via London May 1 (1.25 a.m.).—An official communication, issued by the War Office this evening, says:

"On the whole front, to the west of the Niemen, yesterday we closely pressed the German advance guards."

"During the evening of the 28th, near Ossowetz, the enemy attacked our positions in the region of the village of Sosnia, but was repulsed with heavy losses."

"Enemy attacks, which were barren of results, took place between the rivers Pissa and Skwa, north of Vakh and on the right bank of the Omulew, and continued all day the 28th. The enemy yesterday, covered by the fire of his heavy artillery in the sector between the Pissa and the Skwa, fell back toward his old trenches."

"One of our airplanes has bombarded the railroad and sheds in the region of Valenciennes."

"One of our airplanes, which was destroyed by an explosion, fell inside the enemy's lines."

Vienna, via London, April 30.—The following official war statement was given out here tonight:

"The general situation is unchanged. During the day artillery engagements and minor skirmishes only were reported."

"Severe Russian night attacks in the Orawa and Opr valleys (in the Carpathians), were repulsed with severe Russian losses."

FRANCE

Paris, April 30 (10.20 p.m.).—The War Office tonight made public the following official communication:

"In Belgium, to the north of Ypres, our attacks have progressed on the whole front on a depth varying from 500 metres (about 1,500 feet) to one kilometre (two-thirds of a mile)."

"We have taken two successive lines of trenches, and captured a great many prisoners."

"The correspondent of the Associated Press visited today the summit of Hartmann-Wellerkopf, which the enemy has not attacked for the last two days."

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AUSTRIA

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"Severe Russian night attacks in the Orawa and Opr valleys (in the Carpathians), were repulsed with severe Russian losses."

DISASTROUS FIRE

Colon, April 30.—A big fire is raging in the heart of the city. Six blocks, containing many important stores, business houses and banks, already have been destroyed. The damage done thus far is estimated at \$750,000. A high wind is blowing and the remainder of the town is threatened.

ELECTION MATTER NOT YET DECIDED

Will be Known Within Next Few Days Whether or Not is to be General Election Immediately.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, April 30.—The question whether or not there is to be a general election immediately will be decided within the next few days. A number of members of parliament, both Liberal and Conservative, have been in Ottawa this week, but have been unable to obtain any definite statement. Premier Matheson, of Prince Edward Island, is here this evening and has been in conference with Mr. Robert Borden, presumably regarding the question of an election, and the appointments to the Senate. If the government goes to the country the nine vacancies in the Senate will in all probability be filled.

NOT NECESSARILY SEVERE DEPRESSION WHEN PEACE COMES

Political Economist Gives His Views of Probable After Effects of War on Commerce and Industry.

London, April 30.—The whole business world is vitally concerned in the question of how the war will affect commercial and industrial conditions. Will there be depression or prosperity? What will be the result of the destruction of a such a large portion of the efficient and productive classes? Will money be scarce and dear, or plentiful and cheap?

These economic aspects of the great struggle were discussed with an Associated Press correspondent by Professor Herbert Somerton Foxwell, director of economics of St. John's College, Cambridge, and Professor of Political Economy in the University of London. When asked whether, in his opinion, war would be followed by a business depression, Prof. Foxwell said:

"Generally, my view is that there is no sufficient reason to hold that a great war must necessarily be followed by a severe depression; and less than usual in this particular case, where an immense work of reparation will be required on the conclusion of the war. It will be said that there must be, and should be, currency contraction after this war. Yes, in a sense—in the strict sense of the term currency."

"Nois issues will be contracted in France, Russia and Germany, especially; not appreciably, if at all, in Great Britain."

"But modern business enterprise in the most advanced countries depends mainly on bank credits," he continued, "and these again, so far as they are limited at all, are mainly limited by relation not to currency in general, but to ultimate gold reserves. These reserves have been rather increased than diminished by this war."

"But then, it will be said, the war has positively destroyed a large part of the available machinery of production, and, above all, of the most efficient and productive classes of the population."

"This last I take to be the capital injury to the war, in a sense irreparable, in view of the mass of highly trained expert men who form the bulk of modern armies. I fully admit the gravity of this consideration, on the other hand, the discipline and physical training received by that portion of the army which returns to civil life will be of great economic value. This applies particularly to Great Britain."

"As to capital, here of course there has been unbounded destruction of

TWO BRITISH BATTLESHIPS DAMAGED?

Turkish Report Says the Majestic and Triumph Had to Quit Firing Line.

Constantinople, April 30, via London, 11.08 p. m.—The following Turkish official statement regarding the operations at the Dardanelles was given out here tonight:

"On April 28, the fire of our batteries damaged the French armored cruiser Jeanne D'Arc, which left for Tenedos in flames. An English destroyer was sunk by our shell fire on April 28 at the entrance to the Narrows."

"Sixteen armored cruisers attacked our advance batteries at the Narrows on April 27, but up to evening, the thousands of shells fired upon our batteries and infantry positions resulted only in the wounding of a number of soldiers. Two transports off Seddul Bahr were struck repeatedly by our shells and one of them was beached. We sank some boats and sailing vessels."

"The British battleships Majestic and Triumph, which had been damaged, had to withdraw from the fighting line."

"For the last two days the enemy fleet has undertaken no operations against the Narrows."

ARRESTS ARE EXPECTED IN A FEW DAYS

Ottawa, April 30.—It is understood that prosecutions are to be instituted by the Justice Department in connection with the binocular purchases and horse buying in Kings, N. S., for the Militia Department. Arrests are expected within a few days.

RUMORS OF CHANGES IN THE CABINET

Ottawa, April 30.—Political observers here today believe that parliament will be dissolved next week. One of the signs is the rumored cabinet change involving the retirement within a few days of the Hon. Louis Coderre, as secretary of state, and the appointment of J. M. Teller or R. M. Patenaude to the vacancy.

The shipping of the ballot forms to the troops overseas is also taken as an indication that there will be an appeal to the country.

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Turkish Warships Afraid to Meet Gr. Britain's Largest Dreadnought

ARTILLERY DUEL CONTINUES AROUND YPRES

Semi-Weekly Report from General French Says No Change in Forty-eight Hours

London, April 30, 11.15 p. m.—The semi-weekly report from the headquarters in the field of the British commander-in-chief, Field Marshal Sir John French, dated April 30, was given out here tonight as follows:

"The situation on our front has remained unchanged during the last 48 hours. The area in the neighborhood of Ypres has been the scene of great artillery activity throughout this period, but there have been no other operations, so far as the British are concerned."

"On our immediate left the French made counter-attacks today, supported by our artillery fire, which made sensible progress."

"Yesterday a German aeroplane was attacked in the air and, fired at by our guns, was brought down at our lines, east of Ypres."

"Successful mining operations have been carried out southwest of Wytschaete and in the neighborhood of Givenchy."

GOVERNMENT TO OPERATE EASTERN DIVISION OF N.T.R.

Take Over Transcontinental Moncton-Winnipeg Division Today for Operation.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, April 30.—As the Grand Trunk Pacific has declined to take over a lease the government will tomorrow take over for operation the National Transcontinental Railway, eastern division from Moncton to Winnipeg. At the same time the government will also take over and operate the Lake Superior division of the Grand Trunk Pacific lying between Superior Junction and Fort William, including the terminals at the latter place. The jurisdiction of the general offices of the Canadian Government Railways will extend over these new lines and they will take immediate charge. Mr. F. P. Guelius is general manager. The Grand Trunk Pacific employees on the line between Fort William and Winnipeg will be absorbed into the government railways' staff, and this will also be the case with the staff which has, under an arrangement with the department of railways been operating for the contractors east and west of Cochrane, about three hundred miles.

For the past year the I. C. R. has been operating the line between Moncton and Lewis. The advanced guard of rolling stock, including fifteen locomotives left Moncton yesterday and will be taken across the river at Quebec carrying the officials who will organize the new service which will be instituted with the least possible delay.

The reason for the refusal of the N. T. R., according to the agreement made between it and the late government is the enormous cost of the undertaking. The squandering of money was so great that no company could hope to pay dividends on the capital expenditure. The N. T. R. has cost so far about \$173,000,000. A royal commission which recently went into the accounts of that railway found that forty million had been lost.

Attempt to Stop Landing of Allies on Gallipoli, but Disappear when the Queen Elizabeth Comes Within Firing Distance—War Office Tells of Success of Combined Attack on Dardanelles by Army and Navy.

London, April 30.—The British War Office tonight made public an official communication concerning the operations of the Allies against the Dardanelles:

"The disembarkation of the army in the Dardanelles began before sunrise on April 25. Six different beaches were used, and the operation was covered by the whole fleet."

"The landing was immediately successful on five beaches, although it was opposed with vigor by a strongly entrenched enemy in successive lines, which were protected by barbed wire entanglements. In some places fifty yards wide and supported by artillery."

"On the sixth beach, near Seddul Bahr, the troops could not advance until evening, when a fine attack by the British infantry from the direction of Cape Tekh relieved the pressure on their front. The arrangements for landing had been concerted, in the utmost detail, between the fleet and the army."

"The result of the first day's operations was the establishment of strong forces of British, Australian and New Zealand troops on the lower slopes of Sari Bair, to the north of Gaba Tepe, of British troops at Cape Tekh, at Cape Helles and near Morto Bay, and of a French force on the Asiatic shore at Kumkaleh after a gallant attack toward Yeni Shehr."

"During the afternoon of the 25th, strong counter-attacks by the enemy began and hard fighting took place. Meanwhile the disembarkation of the army proceeded and was continually favored by good weather."

"At daybreak on the 26th the enemy was still holding the village and plateau (Continued on page 5)

FOUND THE GERMANS POOR FIGHTERS IN CLOSE QUARTERS

Wounded Canadians Arrived in London Hospital Bring Interesting Stories of the Great Fight at Ypres.

London, April 30, (Gazette Cable)—A party of fifty-five wounded Canadians reached the Duchess of Connaught Hospital at Cliveden last night. All are men from the ranks, and give evidence of being badly knocked about in the recent fighting. Several of them are in a serious condition. The hospital was well cleared last week, and had ample accommodation for this, the largest batch of wounded men from the front since the war commenced. The men were mostly from the Western and Ontario battalions. Those who were able to receive visitors testified to the destructiveness of the German machine guns, but did not think much of the Germans' ability to fight in close quarters. In fact, the Germans that some of the Canadians encountered in close quarters showed an unwillingness to fight.

"They didn't give us a chance to shoot them," said Crann, a young private of the Fourteenth Battalion (the Royal Montreal). Things were at their worst on Saturday morning, Crann said. The Germans just pumped shrapnel into the Canadians. Crann was wounded in the leg by a machine gun. The bullet has since been extracted.

Private Albut, an Edmonton man, who is suffering from shrapnel wounds in the leg and a gunshot wound in the wrist, underwent a painful operation being wounded on Friday afternoon. Exposed to a constant fire, he crawled three miles on his hands and knees along rough ground, realizing that every movement made him a target for the enemy. The Germans shelled the entire position, sparing neither wounded nor dead. Albut's hand was saved by a wrist-watch which diverted the bullet. He was wounded on Friday afternoon, but he was not picked up by the stretcher-bearers until Saturday evening.

A Hamilton man, Herbert Walker, of the Second Brigade Ammunition Column, counted himself lucky to escape with a shrapnel wound in the back. He was with the party in charge of a wagon conveying ammunition, in front of which two men were killed and five wounded.

Premier Hearst, of Ontario, has sent a message to Agent-General Reid, congratulating the wounded soldiers, with instructions to attend to their comfort.

Col. Hodggets is urging the military authorities to send more Canadian patients to the hospital at Cliveden. He complains that the wounded Canadians are needlessly scattered about the country in small hospitals, making the Red Cross work unnecessarily heavy. The Tatler, a weekly paper, has made a joking apology for its recent assertion that the Connaught Hospital was run by Americans, and that no British need apply.

Col. Hodggets is dissatisfied, and is threatening libel proceedings. Mr. Balfour was a visitor to the hospital this week.

"CANADA HAS REASON TO BE PROUD OF HER SONS AND THEIR BRAVERY."—Gen. French

Special to The Standard

Ottawa, Ont., April 30.—Sir Robert Borden this afternoon received from Field Marshal Sir John French another splendid tribute to the Canadian troops at the front. The message which came through the War Office was as follows: "Please send following to Canadian Prime Minister: 'I thank you heartily for your telegram which I have communicated to the Canadian troops. No word of mine can express the admiration I feel for their gallant conduct. Canada has indeed reason to be proud of her sons and their devoted bravery more than anything else could have done to weld together the British Empire.'

The minister received a cable from Sir Richard McBride in London saying "As further reports come in the magnificent conduct of our Canadian troops at the front becomes all the more general topic of conversation and complimentary press comment. Motherland and Allies are loud in their praise and honor of our gallant boys. Permit me to tender through you an expression of profound sorrow with relatives and friends of the fallen. They died that the Empire and liberty and freedom might live."

A private message received in Ottawa gives the following extract from a letter written by a British officer last Saturday, April 24th:

"In the last fight the Canadians fought like very devils. We lay next them about six weeks ago and they made our men look like pigmies. They are great hard looking ruffians and have proved more than a match for the Germans. For three days and nights they stuck to almost untenable positions and closed the gap the Germans made between them and the French."

SIR MAX AIKEN DESCRIBES PAR CANADIANS PLAYED IN RECENT FIGHTING IN FLANDERS

Performance of The Soldiers From Canada Was Remarkable

As Long as Brave Deeds Retain Power to Fire Blood of Anglo-Saxons Stand Made by Canadians Will be Told by Fathers to Their Sons.

London, April 30.—The following communication is from Sir Max Aiken, the Canadian recording officer now serving with the Canadian division in France, and its publication is authorized by the war office:

"The recent fighting in Flanders, in which the Canadians played so glorious a part, cannot, of course, be described with precision of military detail until the time has made possible the co-ordination of relevant diaries, and the piecing together of much, which, so near the event, is confused and blurred. But it is considered right that the mourning in Canada today for husbands, sons, or brothers who have given their lives for their Empire should have, with as little reserve as military consideration allow, the rare and precious consolation which, in the agony of bereavement, the record of the valor of their dead must bring, and indeed the mourning in Canada will be very widely spread, for the battle which raged for so many days in the neighborhood of Ypres was bloody, even as men appraise battles, in this callous and life-engulfing war. But as long as brave deeds retain the power to fire the blood of Anglo-Saxons the stand made by the Canadians in those desperate days will be told by fathers to their sons, for in the military records of Canada this defence will shine as brightly as in the records of the British army the stubborn valor with which Sir James MacDonnell and the Guards beat back from Hougomont, the decision of Foy, and the army of Rellie.

"The Canadians have wrested from the trenches, over the bodies of the dead and maimed, the right to stand side by side with the superb troops who, in the first battle of Ypres, broke and drove before them the flower of the Prussian Guards. Looked at from any point the performance would be remarkable. It is amazing to soldiers when the genesis and composition of the Canadian divisions are considered. It contained, in the ranks, a sprinkling of South African veterans, but it consisted, in the main, of men who were admirable raw material, but who, at the outbreak of war, were neither disciplined nor trained, as men count discipline and training in these days of scientific warfare. It was, it is true, commanded by a distinguished English general.

"His staff was supplemented, without being replaced by some brilliant British staff officers. But in its higher and regimental commands were to be found lawyers, college professors, business men and real estate agents, ready with cool, self-confidence to do battle against an organization in which the study of military science is the exclusive pursuit of laborious lives.

"With what devotion, with a valor how desperate, with resourcefulness how cool and how fruitful, the amateur soldier of Canada confronted overwhelming odds, may perhaps be made clear, even by a narrative so incomplete as the present one.

"The salient of Ypres has become familiar to all students of the campaign in Flanders. Like all salients it was, and was to be, a source of weakness to the forces holding it, but the reasons which have led to its retention are apparent and need not be explained.

French Did Their Duty Well.

"On April 22, the Canadian division held a line of, roughly, five thousand yards extending in a northwesterly direction from the Ypres-Roulers railway to the Ypres-Poelcapelle road, and connecting at its terminus with the French troops. The division consisted of three infantry brigades, in addition to the artillery brigades. Of the infantry brigades the first was in reserve, the second was on the right, and the third established contact with the Allies at the point indicated above.

"The day was a peaceful one, warm and sunny, and except that the previous day had witnessed a further

Says They Are The Very Best Mr. J. A. Hill Tells What Dodd's Kidney Pills Did for Him.

He Suffered For Four Months From Kidney Trouble, But Found Quick Relief When He Used Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Sixty-Nine Corners, Ont., April 30.—(Special).—"I know that Dodd's Kidney Pills are the very best of medicines." Such is the statement made by Mr. J. A. Hill, a well known resident of this place.

"I was sick for six months," Mr. Hill continues. "My troubles started from a cold that seemed to settle in my back. My joints were stiff and I had cramps in my muscles, my appetite was fitful and I was heavy and sleepy after meals. I had a bitter taste in my mouth and I was always tired and nervous.

"I used four boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills and the great benefit they did me is what makes me say, 'They are the best of medicines.'

"Dodd's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys, and Mr. Hill's symptoms are the symptoms of kidney disease. In Dodd's Kidney Pills. They always cure kidney disease.

Casualties Are Much Heavier Than Was At First Anticipated

List Issued Yesterday Brings Number of Officers Up to 200— Fifty-five in the List.

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, April 30.—Another long list of Canadian casualties was received by the Militia Department from the British War Office this evening. It includes the names of 55 officers, 14 of whom are killed, 4 wounded and missing, 12 wounded and 25 missing. This is the most serious list of losses that has been received on any one day and indicates that the casualties are heavier than was at first anticipated. Officers killed, wounded or missing now total over 200 and it is feared that when all the lists have been received it will be found that nearly half of the Canadian officers with the first contingent are among the casualties. In the list received today Toronto, Winnipeg, Victoria and Vancouver officers have suffered heavily.

OFFICERS.

FIFTH BATTALION. Wounded. Lieut. J. M. Currie, (slightly), 16th Light Horse, Regina. Lieut. W. Ellis, (slightly).

SEVENTH BATTALION. Killed. Captain R. V. Harvey, 88th Victoria. Lieut. C. C. Holmes, 88th Victoria. Lieut. H. A. Bromley, 88th Victoria. Lieut. N. A. Jessop, 88th Victoria. Lieut. R. P. Latta, Sixth Vancouver.

Wounded. Captain J. W. Warden, Sixth Vancouver. Lieut. G. H. Leslie, Sixth Vancouver.

Wounded and Missing. Captain T. V. Seudamere, Sixth Vancouver. Lieut. J. C. Thorn, 11th Vancouver.

Missing. Major P. Byng, 11th. Captain J. V. Loeke. Lieut. E. Bell, 11th Vancouver. Lieut. H. E. V. Macdonnell, 88th Victoria. Lieut. R. F. Steeves.

EIGHTH BATTALION. Killed. Lieut. J. E. Reynolds, 90th Winnipeg. Wounded. Major H. H. Matthews, 31st British Columbia. Lieut. G. Durand, 90th Winnipeg. Lieut. G. M. Harris, 90th Winnipeg.

Wounded and Missing. Lieut. W. D. O'Grady, Winnipeg. Missing. Captain G. W. Northwood. Lieut. J. K. Bell, 90th Winnipeg. Lieut. G. F. Andrews, 90th Winnipeg. Lieut. W. A. MacKenzie, 90th Winnipeg. Lieut. H. E. Owen, 96th Port Arthur.

Wounded. Lieut. L. S. Dear (fumes), 96th Port Arthur.

TENTH BATTALION. Killed. Captain H. A. C. Wallace, 106th, Winnipeg. Captain F. Pot, 31st, Medicine Hat. Lieut. J. T. H. Nasmyth, 46th Port Hope, Ont. Lieut. G. A. Caldwell, 12th Brandon.

Wounded. Lieut. R. Hoskins, 106th Winnipeg. Lieut. D. C. McCall, 21st Medicine Hat. Lieut. A. L. Bell, 10th Toronto.

Wounded. Major D. M. Ormond, 18th Portage La Prairie. Lieut. D. H. Sinclair, 2 Signal Company, Toronto. Major W. W. Naemith (seriously), 46th Port Hope, Ont. Captain C. J. Arthur (slightly).

Missing. Hon. Captain D. W. Irwin, W. M. C. A. attached. Lieut. C. Fryer.

FOURTEENTH BATTALION. Killed. Lieut. C. W. Stairs, 66th, Halifax. Wounded. Captain G. McComb, 3rd Montreal.

"Ebony Swells Minstrels." looked death indifferently in the face, for no man who took part in it could think that he was likely to live, saved the Canadian left. But it did more, up to the point where the assailants conquered or died. It secured and maintained, during the most critical moment of all, the integrity of the Allied line. For the trench was not only taken, it was thereafter held against all comers, and in the teeth of every conceivable projectile, until the night of Sunday, the 25th, when all that remained of the war-broken but victorious battalions was relieved by fresh troops.

Marr Hats Are Always Just a Little Newer

Arriving today are New York Sailors in Milan, Tagel, Hair and Hemp.

From our workroom come New Trimmed Hats to be sold today at \$3 each, actually worth \$5 and \$6 each.

New Flower Trails and Wreaths, good value at \$1 and \$1.25, each for 50c. Cheaper ones at 25c. each.

Heavy Corded Ribbon in Black, White and every wanted color.

Colored Velvet Ribbons in all widths.

The House Famed for Millinery.

Marr Millinery Co. Ltd.

the "Ebony Swells" Minstrels will make their first bow to the St. John public. Two men, six end women, a mixed chorus of 50 voices, a big band and everybody black—who will fall to attend.

Entire proceeds for patriotic purposes. Tickets are selling rapidly and may be had from Imperial, Nelson's, Gray & Ritchie's and from members of the Loyalist Chapter I. O. D. E., under whose auspices the show is being held. Don't forget then and buy your tickets early, for the "Ebony Swells" (the first ladies' colored minstrel show in fifteen years).

OPERA HOUSE

TODAY MATINEE - 2.30
NIGHT - 8.15

MACK'S MUSICAL REVUE

TONIGHT

The Big COUNTRY STORE

\$25.00 Worth of Groceries To Be Given Away

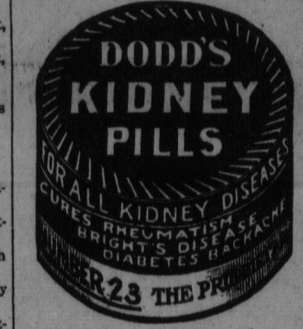
ALL NEW PROGRAM NEXT WEEK

Wed. Night Amateur Contest

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Souvenir Chocolates

Nights.....10, 25, 35c
Matinee.....10, 25c
Over 500 Seats at 25c-Phone 1363



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THANHOUSER CO. in the Stirring Mixture of Dramatic Episodes, Sensational Scenes and Clever Acting—

"THE FINAL RECKONING"

IN TWO PARTS

"LOVE and ARMOR" MONDAY—The Picture that Made CHAS. CHAPLIN Famous

of Genuine Hilarity, a Veritable Scream from Start to Finish

"DOUGH & DYNAMITE"

LYRIC HINTS FOR ENJOYMENT

A BANG UP NOVELTY GENUINE

THE LOS KELLERS

Presenting Their Original World-Famed Vaudeville Oddity

"CIRCUS DAY IN MEXICO"

They Carry Their Own Special Scenery, and Submit a Series of Real Novelties in Acrobatic and Fun Manoeuvres

MON. -- THE NOVELDA DUO -- Singers with a Reputation

British Heroism Dramatically Reproduced in This Picture

"LOSS OF THE BIRKENHEAD" AT IMPERIAL

Heroic British Story in Three Inspiring Reels.

Immortalized in Verse and Story Taught the Children at School Real English Seaman—Quaint Recruiting in Olden Times

"Women and Children First!" How Britons Face Sure Death Sweet Love Story as Well. Acted in Dear Old England.

A PICTURE THAT BREATHES THE SPIRIT OF THE HOUR!

BUNCH OF WEEK-END LAUGHS! "The Combination Lock"—Vita. "Cheese-Making"—Burlesque. ALSO BIOGRAPH SKITS! FUN-FILMS AS WELL AS THE SERIOUS.

A HUMAN BROTHERS WHIRLIGIG!

Six-Reel Vitagraph NEXT "A Rural Piratation" "Mr. Barnes of N. Y." MON. HODGE & LOWELL

Watch for Our New Serial "The Black Box"—Next Week

IF HEAD ACHE AND YOUR EARS BUZZ YOU SURELY HAVE CATARRH

It doesn't matter how long you have suffered, or how often you have failed to get relief—even though Catarrh may affect every part of your body you can be permanently cured by inhaling the soothing vapor of Catarrh.

A few breaths through Catarrh's Inhaler clears the phlegm out of the throat and stops our cough. The nostrils are cleansed of offensive mucous discharge, and sneezing and sniffing stop at once. Partial loss of hearing and headache (very common symptoms of catarrh) are quickly cured, and in a short time every trace of catarrh disappears.

Nothing can be simpler or more pleasant than Catarrh's. It's healing pliny vapor sends a warm cleansing sensation through all the air passages in the head and throat—makes you feel better in half a minute.

"My ears buzzed by the hour and I had frightful head noises," writes J. P. Purdy, from Port Huron. "Catarrh fairly filled my whole head and throat. I got relief almost fast when I tried Catarrh's; it hit the spot instantly. You bet Catarrh's has cured me and I simply swear by it."

Get the complete \$1.00 outfit; it does the trick in a hurry—never fails; small size 50c; trial or sample size 25c, sold by dealers everywhere.

Wounded Comrade German RECAPTULOST Preparati drive in guns com Allied tr

The New an interesting dians' work at a wounded Ca soldier said: "Last Thurs and we thro water, each ammunition. tination and day until near battalions of u to break thro my, who was yards away. "We were in like a lot of sh stillery. Some wood, where t some 7,000 Ge full of Maxim s some shells ha wood, but not Germans from of the wood a to a point abo "Then we w to cut our wa which we had ourselves in, re morning. The Saturday morn reinforcements. "I might say vance we were fire on both sid we moved thre ered three how had left behin we blew up an in recapturing inch guns whic "At this poin Germans and of one, a of me, blew o couldn't estim many slain, b lights work the looking for th "It was cert the most awfu known. They y at the begin on the run. "We had the front of us and "The German they fired an shelling the w which flew th "They had c their attacks c pointed at the r one of our trea in fling out ing I was wou piece of shrapn who were surrou dressing station ed, but it wa down, the troo position we ha were Indian La and 'heaps' "This Canadian bitterly of the g mans. "You go black or black and

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Dr. Chase's

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GERMAN SHELLS COULD NOT CHECK THE CANADIANS IN CHARGE ON ENEMY TRENCHES

PRUSSIAN GUARDS FLED BEFORE THE CANADIANS

Wounded Soldier Tells of Comrades Putting 45 Germans to Bayonet.

RECAPTURE GUNS LOST IN RETREAT

Preparations for Yser drive included machine guns commanding every Allied trench.

The New York Herald publishes an interesting account of the Canadians' work at Ypres, as described by a wounded Canadian. This Canadian soldier said:

"Last Thursday we received orders to proceed immediately north of Ypres and we set off without any food or water, each man taking 400 rounds of ammunition. We arrived at our destination and waited from early in the day until nearly midnight, when two battalions of us were given the signal to break through and charge the enemy, who was about five hundred yards away.

"We were immediately mown down like a lot of sheep by the enemy's artillery. Some 2,500 of us attacked the wood, where there were, I suppose, some 7,000 Germans. The place was full of Maxim guns. Before our attack some shells had been thrown into this wood, but not many. We drove the Germans from their trenches in front of the wood and went right through to a point about 500 yards beyond.

"Then we were surrounded and had to cut our way back to the trenches which we had taken and here we dug ourselves in, remaining until the next morning. Then we had to file out on Saturday morning to make room for reinforcements.

"I might say here that in our advance we were enfiladed by a heavy fire on both sides, but in spite of this we moved them before us and recovered three howitzers which the French had left behind in this wood. These we blew up and then we succeeded in recapturing four of our own 4.7-inch guns which the enemy had taken.

"At this point we surrounded sixty Germans and bayoneted forty-five. One of them, an officer, just in front of me, blew out his brains. We couldn't estimate the number of Germans slain, but we saw their searchlights work the whole night through, looking for their dead.

"It was certainly a terrible time—the most awful time we have ever known. They enfiladed us completely at the beginning, but we got them on the run.

"We had the Prussian Guard in front of us and they ran like cowards. The Germans didn't mind where they fired and were continuously shelling the wounded dressing stations which flew the Red Cross flag.

"They had certainly prepared for their attacks carefully. A Maxim gun pointed at the mouth of almost every one of our trenches.

"In filing out there Saturday morning I was wounded in the arm by a piece of shrapnel. Some of our men who were surrounded were wiped out. We lost most of our officers and the dressing stations were full of wounded, but it was fine to see, as I came down, the troops going up to hold the position we had won. Among them were Indian Lancers and French Lancers and 'heaps' of British troops.

"This Canadian survivor spoke very bitterly of the gases used by the Germans.

"You go black all over," he said, "or black and yellow. The gas makes spread until it covered the entire body. When the itching became bad he would scratch himself and was sometimes found in his cradle covered with blood. Hearing about Dr. Chase's Ointment I bought two boxes and before this was all used the child was cured. That was a year ago, and there has been no trace of eczema since. I recommend Dr. Chase's Ointment to all who suffer from eczema as being the best treatment in the world for itching skin diseases."

Dr. Chase's Ointment is for sale by all dealers at 60 cents a box. It is a good idea to keep it at hand along with the bath soap, to be used for roughness of the skin, chafing or irritation. Prevention is so much better than cure. Powders clog the pores, but Dr. Chase's Ointment cleanses the pores and thereby keeps the skin soft and smooth. Sample box free if you mention this paper. Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

Mr. M. L. Duclos, Postmaster, Duganville, N. B., writes: "I believe it is my duty to recommend Dr. Chase's Ointment as a cure for eczema. My baby was seized with eczema and his face and arms were covered with this terrible disease. After trying all sorts of ointments the disease continued to

spread until it covered the entire body. When the itching became bad he would scratch himself and was sometimes found in his cradle covered with blood. Hearing about Dr. Chase's Ointment I bought two boxes and before this was all used the child was cured. That was a year ago, and there has been no trace of eczema since. I recommend Dr. Chase's Ointment to all who suffer from eczema as being the best treatment in the world for itching skin diseases."

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ST. JOHN HEARS A NEW SONG HIT

Peculiar Love Ballad Which is Latest Rage.

PRESENTATION TO YARMOUTH PRIEST

The soldiers are marching to a tune, the orchestras and bands are raising out a melody, and the young folks are singing the air of a new song which has come into the Dominion like the balmy breath of spring from the lakes. The song is called, "When You Wore a Tulip and I Wore a Big Red Rose," and is already a universal hit in many cities. Here is an extract of the chorus, clipped from a copy of the music just received:

When You Wore A Tulip and I Wore A Big Red Rose

Copyright Lee Van

The song, while containing no high notes, possesses certain harmonies which produce a remarkably entrancing effect when sung and is also being used as a one-step and a waltz. It is rarely that a popular song with such a refreshing jingle and catchy tune has reached St. John.

PRES. POINCARE A VERY CAPABLE EXECUTIVE

His own country knows and esteems the man who is at the helm in this time of crisis.

When the Parliament of the French Republic, sitting at Versailles, in January, 1913, announced its election of M. Raymond Poincare as President, the world at large enquired, "Why Poincare? Who is he? What has he done?" For the world at large these questions were still partly unanswered when war broke out eighteen months later, and events showed that, though he might be an unknown personality in other lands, M. Raymond Poincare was the man pre-eminently fitted for his place. Of timely interest, therefore, is the record of his political life—a book anonymous authorship, which, nevertheless, is palpably the work of one of the well-known English correspondents at Paris, who is familiar not only with M. Poincare's career as Deputy Minister, Premler, but also with its relation to and its effects upon the trend of events in French politics during the past twenty-five years. Still more it is a character study, based upon his public speeches and the official records of Parliament, of the man who in the natural course of events will shape the policy of France in coming negotiations of peace, and will control the situation during the period of reconstruction that will follow, his term of office lasting until 1920.

What, then, has France and the world to depend upon in M. Poincare? The nickname fastened upon him in his student days at the Sorbonne tells all that of "Prudence Lorraine." In his later years, what was once called prudence has become moderation, and the fact that he belongs by birth to the province which still bears the name of French Lorraine assures even a stancher patriotism than that of Frenchmen less closely linked with the tragedy of the "lost provinces."

M. Poincare had already made his mark in the law when, at twenty-seven, he was elected to the Chamber of Deputies. Almost his youngest member, he kept his place with becoming modesty, and not until three years later, in 1890, did he make his first speech. M. Rouvier, in presenting his budget, was assailed by a storm of protest. It fell to the lot of M. Poincare to speak in defence of it. Although he spoke in the presence of the Ministry whose budget he was discussing, his mastery of the subject was apparent at once. His speech made him a marked man, and established him firmly as one henceforth to be reckoned with in debate.

Party alignments in French politics, owing to peculiar conditions, unknown in the United States, are as mobile as water, and there is scarcely a man known in French politics today whose career shows any consistent party

SAYS SERBIAN WOMEN WERE BURNED ALIVE

Archbishop of Belgrade declares Austrians and Germans conducting barbarous warfare — Large numbers of non-combatants slaughtered.

New York, April 29.—Declaring that the Germans and their allies are conducting a barbarous warfare to annihilate other nations; that the Serbs have been killed in great numbers with a cruelty of which even the savages would be ashamed, and innocent women and children burned alive or murdered by terrible tortures, Archbishop Demetrius, of Belgrade, Metropolitan of the Kingdom of Serbia, is conducting a strong personal appeal to wealthy and influential men in this country for relief funds for the stricken little nation.

Archbishop Demetrius calls the German insatiable and chastless, the Austro-Hungarian monarchy for attacking a smaller Power already wracked by wars from which the soldiers had just returned. He is conducting his appeal by correspondence with prominent persons in this country to give succor to those in his nation who he knows are in such need of it.

"As the chief Shepherd of the heroic but sorely tried Serbian nation," he writes, "with wounded heart I address myself to you, generous men in America, and I appeal to your Christian charity."

"Our Serbian nation, in Serbia and Montenegro, was the first to be attacked by the insatiable Germans. The Austro-Hungarian monarchy, which for centuries has fed on the tears and blood of enslaved nations, moved its great military power to annihilate before all else our little Serbian nation returned home after the hard struggle with the Ottoman Power, which for five centuries kept it in unbearable and barbarous slavery, crushing its progressive Christian culture.

"Austro-Hungary, which already had tried to frustrate all intellectual and economic progress, in order to be free to attack Serbia when she pleased, has hastened to attack her when ex-

MASSACRE OF CHRISTIANS IN ARMENIA

Julfa, Transcaucasia, April 29, via Petrograd and London, April 30.—A renewal of the recent massacres of Christians in Armenia is now in progress in the whole district of Lake Van. Conflicts between the Armenians and the Kurds are daily becoming more obdurate. An exceptionally fierce engagement is occurring today at Shatsach.

As Americans know the terminology in this respect being sacrificed to the power of various combinations to carry some legislative matter. There is always an exception to be made to so sweeping a statement, and in this particular case the exception is proved by the career of M. Poincare. The very reason that he has not been known outside of his native land is because he has been a strictly honest servant of the French Republic, and as such has never been dragged into the limelight of political scandal. At the time of the Dreyfus revision he was dangerously honest in many statements he made as to the ignorance of the government of facts in the first trial. He has never flinched from speaking frankly on matters connected with the military needs of the country, even when public sentiment was ranged solidly against him—and always he preached moderation.

Three years after his first speech in parliament M. Poincare was Minister of Education in the cabinet of M. Jean Dupuy—the youngest Minister so far in the history of the French Republic. It was during his tenure of this portfolio, which called for many speeches before students throughout France, that he sounded the first notes of the policy which he has advocated ever since, and which he has practiced in his every act as a public official—the necessity for moderation, discipline, moderation, obedience to constituted authority—these were the themes upon which he dwelt again and again during a period when ultrahumanitarianism and anti-militarism

DISTRESSING PIMPLES

Removed by Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Trial Free.

Smear them with the Ointment. Wash off in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water and continue bathing for some minutes. Repeat on rising and retiring. These fragrant super-creamy emollients do much for the skin.

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Perfectly leavens and makes the food more delicious and wholesome

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WELSFORD NOTES

Welsford, April 29.—The I. O. G. T. Lodge, Clarendon which meets every Saturday evening is to be congratulated upon its fine roll of membership, numbering 46. The probability is many more will join in the near future. This is very encouraging, particularly so because the Lodge has only recently been organized.

Andrew Graham, and his sister, Mrs. Belyea, of Oliville Road, who have been ill with pneumonia are better.

The many friends of Jones McAuley, of Fowler's Corner, will rejoice to know that he is slowly convalescing, although it will be some time before he will be able to be about as usual.

Miss Margaret Woods, graduate of the Royal Victoria Hospital, Montreal, who expects to leave for the front soon, was visiting friends in the locality today. Whilst at Welsford, Miss Woods, with her sister, Miss Mabel Woods, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Howe.

Mrs. Fred Jones (nee Woods) held her post-nuptial reception this afternoon. Miss Kathleen Woods received the visitors at the door whilst Miss Crocker ushered them into the drawing-room, where they were received by Mrs. Jones, who was gowned in white satin, trimmed with white-net. Refreshments were served by Miss Ida Kirtley and Miss Alice Nason. Mrs. Bayard poured tea, and Mrs. Quinn poured coffee. Mrs. Jones will also receive this evening.

Farm For Sale

One of the best old colonial homestead farms in Kings county, formerly known as the CHARLES GUNTER FARM, situated in Springfield, one and half miles from the boat landing at Hatfield's Point and seven miles from Norton station with a two-family house in good repair and two barns, one new last summer with hog house and henry. This farm is a self-contained hay farm with about forty acres of flowage interval; will give annually from eighty to 100 tons of hay, together with a large range of pasture land. Will sell with forty sheep or without to suit purchaser. For further information apply to

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MOIR'S Chocolates

Moir's Chocolates have an individuality that is unmistakable. We select the cocoa beans—roast, husk and clean them—add the cocoa butter and cane sugar—and flavor with vanilla beans. The WHOLE is then put through a grinding process for hours, which refines every particle and renders our chocolate coating absolutely smooth, giving it that individual delicious flavor. The chocolate is then applied to the many varieties of centers—packed in attractive boxes and offered to you as the finest chocolates on the market.

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The St. John Standard

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ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1915.

"We are fighting for a worthy purpose, and we shall not lay down our arms until that purpose has been fully achieved."—H. M. The King. TO THE PEOPLE OF THE EMPIRE—Every fighting unit we can send to the front means one step nearer peace.

THE PROHIBITION PROBLEM.

J. G. Shearer, social service expert of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, in the course of an address of more than ordinary power and persuasiveness delivered before a mass meeting of Presbyterians and their friends at St. Andrew's church recently, declared that over and above the 19 millions of dollars which Canada annually derived from the liquor traffic, that traffic costs the country the sum of 162 millions of dollars, or enough to pay the entire 150 millions of dollars already voted for the war and 12 millions to the good; and then he rather startled the majority of his hearers by asserting that every year in this Canada of ours an army of at least 6,000 died as the result of over-indulgence in alcohol, while in Great Britain there were 60,000 deaths due to the same cause.

The remark was made by a prominent citizen who heard Dr. Shearer's address that "he discussed this question rather as a scientific economist than as a temperance reformer and that his calm dispassionate presentation of these facts could not be otherwise than convincing."

There is no doubt but that the war is impressing its influence upon the world in every circle of social and national life and there are none to be found throughout the Empire who will question the conduct of the King and of those other leaders who have voluntarily, for the time being, banished all intoxicating liquors from their households.

Nor is the wisdom and practical utility of the Government of Russia, in prohibiting the sale of vodka questioned as a measure of military efficiency, even though that action has cost Russia 500,000,000 dollars a year in revenue, for by it that nation has actually increased her industrial efficiency by anywhere from 30 to 40 per cent, and all without feeding one additional man.

All of this seems to make out a fairly strong case in favor of prohibition and there are those to be found both in Canada and England who cannot see why a general prohibitory law should not forthwith be enacted. On the other hand there are those who hesitate to go so far, and among such are to be found men whose national and social conscience it is impossible to question.

Only the other day the Archbishop of York speaking at the York Convocation deprecated the introduction of temperance reform lest when that measure of prohibition were removed there would inevitably be "real and regrettable intemperance."

The Lower House of Convocation accepted the resolution against total prohibition offered by the Dean of Manchester which read as follows: "Resolved that this house while wishing to support all measures as may, in the opinion of the government, be necessary for the strength and safety of the nation in time of war, would look with anxiety upon the total prohibition of the sale of alcoholic drinks."

It seems therefore to be plain that notwithstanding the facts and figures quoted, which are not disputed so far as we have heard, there is still to be found among the ranks of those men who direct the morals of the nation considerable diversity of opinion as to those governmental measures which being adopted may best contribute to a wholesome national life. When the nation really wants prohibition the nation knows that it can have it.

THE SOLDIER HEROES.

Day after day the awful fact of war is being brought home to our Canadian people by the lengthening list of casualties among our soldier boys who have fearlessly devoted themselves for the Empire and all that is represented by it to the world.

Men fought side by side with them to whom war was no new task—men who had followed the bugles of Old England through many a desperate hall of bullets and shrapnel; but among them all there were none found who knew better than our own lads how to charge like men and to die like heroes.

There has too often been a disposition to criticize the frolicsomeness of our soldier boys while they were still with us here, and perhaps they were

surely it is even more reprehensible, when there is no election in sight to indulge in dirty political sniping at a Government which is doing its very best to meet the needs of the case. Liberal members in the House of Commons have given ample justification for an appeal to the people. The political complexion of the Senate and the fact that it can nullify and render of no value practically all the legislation of the House of Commons, provides another equally good reason why Sir Robert Borden should submit his plans and policies for the approval and sanction of the people if he wishes to do so. It rests with the premier to say whether or not there shall be an election and the general opinion of the people of Canada who have followed his wise, prudent and statesmanlike course during the past four years will be that whatever is done it will be sincerely and earnestly in the interests not only of the Conservative party but of the whole of Canada.

The following extracts from a letter received last evening by the editor of this newspaper are self-explanatory: "I wish you would ensure the Times tonight, for their senseless sensational headlines concerning the shelling of a Canadian Ambulance by the Germans. I have three sons with the colors, one of them with an ambulance corps which has been in the very thick of the recent battles in France and when I arrived home this evening I found my wife on the verge of hysterics. She had been reading the Times. It is too bad that such cheap sensationalism cannot be eliminated in the featuring of the news when our own boys are concerned. No doubt there are others mothers in town tonight who have had a similar experience, if not worse, but perhaps it is too much to expect the Times to use even a little judgment."

AN ELECTION?

Interest in the possibility of a Dominion election was revived yesterday by the publication of a report that the dates of polling had been decided upon and dissolution would take place next week. It is generally believed that the report is premature. The Standard correspondent in Ottawa advised this office early this morning that no decision had been reached. In the meantime the Liberal press continue to inveigh against an appeal to the people at this time and cloak their fear of the result under the statement that an election would disrupt the country and cause bitterness and that, because of the war, all political differences should be smoothed over.

The best evidence of the insincerity of such opinion is found by a careful perusal of the columns of the newspapers publishing them. Such a course will reveal that what may be considered from the Liberal standpoint, an excellent argument against an election is usually followed in the same paper by a bitterly partisan article finding fault with the Government or declaiming against the men who have dared to criticize the conduct of Mr. Oliver; sort of a blow hot, blow cold attitude.

While the investigation into the purchase of war supplies was on at Ottawa, Liberal newspapers teemed with denunciations of the Government and allegations of all sorts of grafting transactions. In the case of the army boots all such allegations fell to the ground and it was shown that, considering the haste with which the boot contracts were executed, the work was remarkably well done and the product generally satisfactory. In the case of the purchase of the binoculars, and in some horse transactions in Nova Scotia, evidence was adduced to show that the Government had paid more money for some horses than the animals were worth and that dishonest men had set about reaping an illegal profit. It is interesting to note that the Department of Justice has entered upon the business of bringing those men to book and a despatch from Ottawa last evening indicated that arrests were expected. Ample evidence that the Government intends to see to it that the full value shall be received for every penny of public money expended on war supplies of any kind.

But while the matters were in course of investigation the Liberals lost no opportunity of attempting to use them for political purposes. Newspapers supporting Sir Wilfrid Laurier which were most clamorous in their opposition to an election were also the most persistent in their campaign of slander against the Government, thereby proving the utter inconsistency of their attitude. If it is a crime to discuss political matters in an election campaign while the Empire is at war

surely it is even more reprehensible, when there is no election in sight to indulge in dirty political sniping at a Government which is doing its very best to meet the needs of the case.

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An English officer recently home from France on a few hours' leave gives an account of the work done by one of the sentry dogs: "One dark night I took out the dog on patrol duty in front of our trenches near the German wire. Their trenches were 400 to 500 yards from ours. We moved along for some time and saw nothing. Suddenly the dog, who was working a little to the left front, stopped dead, pointed, and gave a low growl. We immediately lay motionless on the ground. Two Germans rose up as if out of the ground in front of us, and were immediately bayoneted by our men. The dog had discovered two German sentries in a new sap of which we knew nothing, and except for the dog, we would never have known the Germans were there."

MEMORIAL SERVICES FOR MONTREAL MEN KILLED IN BATTLE

Montreal, April 30.—Memorial services for the Montreal soldiers killed at Langemark were held today in Christ Church Cathedral, Emmanuel Congregational Church, St. James' Methodist Church, Crescent street, Presbyterian Church and St. Patrick's Roman Catholic Church. All the services were largely attended.

MRS. LAVINIA MCKNIGHT.

Marrtown, Kings Co., N. B., April 26.—The death occurred on Saturday morning the 24th inst., at her home in Marrtown of Mrs. Lavinia McKnight. For some time she has suffered from heart trouble, but two weeks ago she was stricken with congestion of the lungs to which she succumbed.

She was born at Head of Millstream 69 years ago. Fifty-one years ago she married William McKnight, of Marrtown, who predeceased her nineteen months ago. She had a family of fourteen children, nine of which survive her. The sons are: David W., of Berwick; Wm. A., and Samuel J., of Marrtown; Charles, John and Edwin at home. The daughters are: Mrs. Annie A., at home; Mrs. Jas. R. Gamblin and Mrs. Wiley Birney, of Marrtown. One brother and one sister also survive—Alfred Taylor, of Littleton, Maine; Mrs. Mary Baldwin, of Head of Millstream. Joining with

Doctor Said She Had Bright's Disease.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS CURED HER.

Bright's disease is a term applied to one of the most serious of all diseases of the kidneys, the symptoms of which are often of a severe character. Severe pains in the back appear first and are followed by disturbances of the urinary organs which show that the urine contains a large amount of albumen. Dropsy is also another forerunner of the dreaded Bright's disease. On the first sign of any kidney trouble you should at once put the kidneys right by the use of Doan's Kidney Pills. The pill that cures kidney troubles only.

Mrs. C. A. Heistand, Mooswa, Alta., writes: "Last May I was taken down sick. The doctor told me I had Bright's disease. My kidneys got so bad I could not rest day or night. The doctor's medicine did not give me any relief. I used four boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills, and they put me in good shape again."

Little Benny's Note Book.

By LEE PAPE
Me and Sid Hunt was wawking slawing today and we saw a kid come down sum frunt steps with a violin case, beeing a little kid with glassis awn his face and brown stockings his legs, and I sed, Say, kid, wats you got in thare.
My violin is in heer, sed the kid.
G wat do you know about that, he plays awn a violin, said Sid Hunt. You cant play on it for reel, can you, I sed.
Yes I can, to, I take 2 lessins evvry weak, sed the kid.
Wat can you play awn it, regular toons, I sed.
I can play anything thats in my lessin book, sed the kid.
G, I dont bleeve it, I dare you to take yure violin out and play sumthing rite now, said Sid Hunt.
Wat, rite out hear awn the pavemint, sed the kid.
Sure, I dare you, sed Sid Hunt.
I dubbel dare you, I sed.
Ill show you weathir I can play or not, sed the kid. And wat did he do but open his violin case and take viola out and start to play sumthing soundwing fuzzy, but pritty good for a kid that six with glassis and brown stockings, and sum moar of the fellos startid to kum up, and the kid keep awn playing the violin, and aftir a while thare was about 8 fellos standing around him and yelling, Herry, herry.
Cheese it, thares his mothir, seds Puds Simms. wica jest then the parlor window opened and a lady stuck her hed out, saying, Harrid, have you taken levee of yure sents, wat did you suppose the naybers will think, giving a side show to a lot of ruff boys out awn the pavemint, now you go and take yure musick lessin immediditly.
Yes mam, sed the kid. And he put the violin back in the case and went away and the lady shut the window agen, and Sam Krawas sed, Hey, fellos, she sed we was a lot of ruff boys, lets ring her doorbell and run. Wich we did.

THE "NUT BROWN" IN CEREALS.

Nutrition and flavor are in the dark parts of grains. Remove these and food value and flavor go with them. The dark parts are left in Dr. Jackson's "nut-brown" food when cooked in porridge, pancakes, puddings, cakes, bread. It costs a lot to granulate meal but it is better and won't "lump." Roman Meal is granulated. To stir porridge while cooking spoils these granulations and it might as well be rolled or crushed. Make thick in a double boiler, or single boiler, set in basin of boiling water to prevent burning and don't stir. It won't get "lumpy" and it will be delicious. It is a cooling food for summer and more nourishing than meat. Ask your doctor. All grocers, 10c, and 25c.

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of water-pan above feed door ensures it. See the McClary dealer or write for booklet. Sold by M. J. Sliney, City. W. S. Fairweather, Sussex. Sumner Co., Moncton, N. B. R. Chestnut & Sons, Fredericton. Boyle Bros., Enniskillen. Jas. Wilson & Sons, St. Stephen. Grant & Morin, St. George. H. H. Falkner, Woodstock. J. W. Montgomery, Hartland. L. A. Dugal, Edmundston.

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FARMER—At Wall street, a lengthy list of names of those who have died, including the names of their husbands, and the names of their children. BLAKNEY—At George M. B. G. Miles and Funeral notice. An official says that the well provided and other necessities, when a session of their devastated district equipment—in and they will be difficulties in the

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DIED.
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Farmer—At her late residence, 3 Wall street, on the 29th inst., after a lengthy illness, Rachael, beloved wife of William R. Farmer, aged sixty-seven years, leaving besides her husband, seven sons to mourn. Funeral this afternoon from her late residence. Service begins at three o'clock.

Craibe—Suddenly at his residence, 30 Sydney street, on the twenty-seventh instant, Frank E. Craibe, leaving his wife, one son and one daughter to mourn their loss. Funeral this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Blakney—At Petitcodiac, April 28, George M. Blakney, eldest son of G. Miles and Alice M. Blakney. Funeral notice later.

KING COLE TEA
For You—
if you enjoy a cup of Tea of a particularly rich mellow flavor.



KING COLE will produce a lasting glow of satisfaction.
"You'll like the flavor"

MORE EVIDENCE IN OPIUM CASE

Further consideration will be given at a future date.

The earing in to opium case was continued in the police court yesterday morning and afternoon. At the morning session the cross-examination of Hum Gling was concluded. Hum testified that one of the pipes that was taken from Hop Lee's premises on the night of March 13th was his property, while a larger pipe was the property of Hop Lee. The pipes were kept in Hop Lee's place for the convenience of the customers for smoking tobacco. He said that he had seen the little can found in Hop Lee's store by ex-Detective Kilten and which is claimed by the prosecution to contain opium.

Hum Gling then gave an exhibition of smoking. Mr. McInerney withdrew his objection to the exhibition, as he said the authorities seemed to consider that decisions of that nature lay within the discretion of the court. The witness produced a photograph showing two Chinese in their native land with a pipe similar to the one produced in evidence. He had smoked the pipe on March 12.

Hum Bo Tom was called by D. Mullin, counsel for Hop Lee. He had used a pipe like the ones in evidence. They were used for smoking in Montreal and in China. He had been home to China last fall. A piece of bamboo about two feet long with the regular opium bowl was produced in evidence, and Hum Bo Tom explained how the opium was smoked. He would not swear that that was the only kind of pipe in which it could be smoked.

The court adjourned until 3.15 in the afternoon, when the evidence of Hum Bo Tom was resumed. A pipe which was taken from Hop Lee's premises was produced and witness stated that he saw the pipe before and heard Hum Gling say it was a tobacco pipe. Witness never saw any person smoking opium in the pipes produced, and opium could not be smoked in the pipes seized by Jeffrey in Hop Lee's premises. A long stemmed pipe was produced and witness said that he did not know if opium could be smoked in that kind of a pipe or not.

Regarding the pipes seized by Jeffrey, witness said that he did not know of them being a new kind of pipe for smoking opium. Witness said that he never saw opium in the shape of the pellets seized in Hop Lee's place. The opium that he had seen was in a liquid form like molasses. He said that opium cannot be smoked in the pipes produced. In cross-examination by Mr. McInerney witness said he was not sure if opium could be smoked in the pipes produced.

Mr. Mullin then had witness place two of the pellets claimed to be opium in the bowl of the pipe and instructed him to light it at an attempt to smoke. After some objection made by Mr. McInerney, the magistrate allowed the witness to proceed with the demonstration subject to objection. Hum Bo placed the pellets in the bowl, lighted a paper taper and in a few seconds was drawing the smoke through the stem and blowing it from his mouth. Witness then described how opium was smoked from a pipe which he claimed was an opium pipe, although he stated that he had never smoked the drug he had seen others smoke.

Hum Bon was the next witness and testified that he was in Hop Lee's place on the night of the raid. He said that Jeffrey asked Hop Lee for five hundred dollars, or some opium. Hop replied that he had no five hundred or any opium. Then Jeffrey asked for one hundred dollars and caught Hop by the clothing. Jeffrey then took something out of Harry Willie's pocket and later witness said that he saw Jeffrey take money from Hop Lee's pocket. Jeffrey had a revolver in his hand and pointed it at all of the Chinese in the place and ordered them not to talk. Hum Gling said something in Chinese and Jeffrey fired the revolver. Witness said that he made his escape from the place by the back door. On returning after the police left the place witness said he found a cartridge shell and a bullet on the floor. Witness said that there were no girls in the place that night. Hum Gling had been smoking some tobacco, and when Jeffrey entered the room Hum Gling was sick and was lying in one of the bunks. The case was adjourned until a later date.

NEW STRENGTH IN THE SPRING
Nature Needs Aid in Making New Health-Giving Blood.

In the spring the system needs a tonic. To be healthy you must have new blood, just as the trees must have new sap to renew their vitality. Nature demands it, and without this new blood you will feel weak and languid. You may have twinges of rheumatism or the sharp stabbing and distracting pains. Often there are disturbing pimples or eruptions on the skin. In other cases there is merely a feeling of tiredness and a variable appetite. Any of these are signs that the blood is out of order—that the indoor life of winter has lessened your vitality. What you need in spring is a tonic to put you right, and in all the world of medicine there is no tonic can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills actually make new, rich, red blood—your greatest need in spring. This new blood drives out the seeds of disease and makes easily tired men, women and children bright, active and strong. Miss Edith Brown, Savona, B. C., says:—"I was as pale as a ghost, suffered from heart-ache, severe palpitation of the heart at the slightest exertion. I had little or no appetite and seemed to be drifting into a decline. I was attending High School at the time, and the doctor advised me to stop. I did so and took his treatment for some time, but it did not help me in the least. Upon the advice of a friend I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and in a very short time they gave me back complete health, and enabled me to resume my studies. I have enjoyed the best of health since, and owe it all to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

These Pills are sold by all medicine dealers or can be had by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

TURKISH WARSHIPS AFRAID OF QUEEN ELIZABETH

(Continued from page 1)

sition of Seddul Bahr, which was a labyrinth of caves, ruins, trenches, pits and entanglements. Aided by the fire of the fleet this position was stormed by the British. The frontal attack through undamaged wire entanglements, Seddul Bahr was taken about 2 p. m., four pom-poms being captured. The situation at this end of peninsula was definitely secured and the disembarkation of French and British forces proceeded.

"On the morning of the 27th, after repulsing a Turkish attack upon their left towards Cape Helles, the Allied force advanced, and at 8 p. m. was established in an entrenched line running from a point about two miles north of Cape Tekh to a small plateau above Dr. Tatis battery. From this line an advance since has been made to the neighborhood of Kirthia.

Good Work by Australian and New Zealand Troops

"Meanwhile the Australian and New Zealand troops at Sari Bair, who pushed on with the utmost boldness, after the landing on the 25th had been engaged almost constantly with the enemy, who made strong repeated counter-attacks which invariably were repulsed. The Australian and New Zealand troops fought with a fine spirit of determination.

"On the morning of the 27th a fresh Turkish division was launched against Sari Bair, preceded by a heavy artillery fire. A hot engagement followed. The enemy came on boldly time after time, but the Australian and New Zealand troops defeated their every attempt, and by three p. m. had resumed the offensive.

"The French troops at Kumkaleh also attacked on the 26th, but retained all their positions. Five hundred Turks who, in the course of one of these counter-attacks, were cut off by the fire of the fleet, were made prisoners.

"The operation of the landing army in the face of modern weapons and in spite of wire entanglements, under sea as well as on the land, and of land mines and deep pits with spikes at their bottoms, thus has been accomplished.

"The Admiral reports that the fleet is filled with intense admiration over the achievements of their military comrades.

"The casualties in the army necessarily have been heavy. The casualties in the fleet were not numerous. They appear to have been confined to torpedo boat destroyers and to boats' crews engaged in landing operations, in which merchant captains and officers and crews of transports also have taken part.

"During the operations Turkish warships from Navara (in the Straits) several times have attempted to intervene, but have always made off directly by the Queen Elizabeth was at hand.

"At noon on the 27th, however, a transport of about 5,000 tons was reported off Maldos, and before she could escape the Queen Elizabeth opened fire. The third shot hit and destroyed her. She sank rapidly, but whether she contained troops or not could not be ascertained.

"On the 28th and 29th the Allied forces rested and improved and consolidated their positions and continued the disembarkation of stores and artillery. All counter-attacks by the enemy, which were incessant on the 28th, but weakened on the 29th, were repulsed.

"The fleet, as well as the supporting army, have begun to engage the batteries, The Triumph bombarded Maldos, which was in flames last night, the 29th."

GERMANY TRYING TO MAKE TROUBLE BETWEEN TOKIO GOV'T AND CHINA

A glimpse at the negotiations between Japan and China—Germany's agents endeavoring to widen breach between two nations.

London.—In the course of conversation with a representative of The Christian Science Monitor recently, Arthur Dioso, a well-known authority on far eastern affairs, gave his views as to the present situation in the far east, especially as regards the relations of China and Japan. Mr. Dioso, who certainly would regard himself as being the friend of both nations, very strongly put forward the view that the aspect of possible trouble between the two countries had been lent to the situation largely through the efforts of Germany.

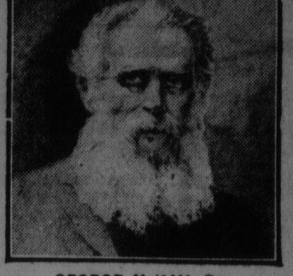
"It is a remarkable thing," Mr. Dioso said, "that, whilst any one who pauses to think a moment on the situation must recognize that it is all to Germany's interest to stir up trouble between China and Japan and between Japan and England, the British press should have displayed such readiness to fall in with these designs by publishing anything and everything which tends to give the impression of an approaching crisis in the far east. To anyone who really understands the ways of diplomacy in that part of the world the fact that Japan may have made apparently extravagant demands on 'China does not suggest that perturbation which it might justly do if such demands were made as between western countries. The Japanese recognize, just as the Chinese recognize, that in all bargains they must put forward demands far more than they hope to eventually get. If Japan had simply asked China for just what she wanted, no more and no less, China, adhering to her practice of centuries in such matters, would have immediately concluded that the Japanese demands represented very much more than she would be content to accept, and would at once proceed to cut them down after the usual ruthless fashion."

Silence

Mr. Dioso then went on to deal with the Japanese official attitude in regard to the matter. "A great deal of comment," he said, "has been aroused by the complete silence of the Japanese authorities on this question, and by their absolute refusal to make any statement in regard to their negotiations at Peking. Well, here again, diplomatic and the ordinary westerner are quite at sea. I do not know, definitely, of course, but I have a very strong feeling that the official reticence in regard to this matter is not wholly unconnected with the parliamentary elections which have just been concluded in Japan. These elections, as you know, have resulted in a great victory for the government, and consequently represent a strong endorsement of the external policy of the foreign minister, Baron Kato. Now, whatever Japanese diplomatic opinion may be, and whatever views the Japanese statesmen may hold as to the advisability, or non-advisability, of seeking to obtain a preponder-

A FAMILY REMEDY FOR MANY YEARS

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Kippen, Ont., June 17th, 1913.
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"I have used them for Indigestion and Constipation with the best results, and I heartily recommend them to anyone similarly afflicted."

These troubles have left me completely and I give 'Fruit-a-tives' full credit for all this. A nicer pill a man cannot take."


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is a case in point. Here was a British subject who held, apparently, the most astonishing rights for practically the whole province, and who yet was quite unable to make use of any of them simply because he could not raise the funds to develop his property. The chief reason, of course, why he could not raise the funds was that financiers had not the necessary complete faith in the validity of his title and in the consequent safety of the investment.

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You see, Nerviline has the power—it's about five times stronger than ordinary remedies, and can penetrate very deeply. It contains juices and extracts of certain herbs that give it a strange power to drive out congestion, inflammation or pain.

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That Mean Protection to Your Family's Health and Your Own.

Freshness, Cleanliness, Safety

PRIMECREST FARM PURE MILK is delivered the day it comes from the cows; is produced and handled under strictest conditions of cleanliness and sanitation, is yielded by absolutely healthy tuberculin tested cows, and is delivered in Sterilized, Sealed Glass Jars, at

8 CTS. A QUART.

Certified Milk, 9c.—Special Baby Milk, 12c. a Quart.

"PHONE YOUR ORDER NOW."

PRIMECREST FARM, South Bay, St. John

"PHONE WEST 374"

Late Gossip Of The Sporting World At Home And Abroad

BASEBALL IN THE BIG LEAGUES

AMERICAN LEAGUE
Chicago 4, Detroit 1
 Chicago, April 30—Pabey held Detroit to three scattered hits today, while his team mates bunched their hits off Dubuc and Chicago won a pitchers' battle, 4 to 1. The score: Detroit 00010000—1 5 1
 Chicago 01010020—4 7 0
 Batteries—Dubuc and McKee; Faber and Schalk.

Washington 6, Philadelphia 1
 Washington, April 30—Washington made it three out of four games from Philadelphia today by batting Wyck off hard in three innings, winning, 6 to 1. The score: Philadelphia 00000001—1 6 2
 Washington 41000100—6 8 0
 Batteries—Wyckoff and McAvoy; Boehling and Henry.

Postponed
 Cleveland-St. Louis, cold weather.
 Boston-New York, rain.

American League Standing

Team	Won	Lost	P.C.
Detroit	12	5	.706
New York	8	4	.667
Chicago	10	7	.588
Washington	8	6	.571
Boston	5	6	.455
Cleveland	7	9	.437
Philadelphia	4	9	.308
St. Louis	4	12	.250

NATIONAL LEAGUE
Brooklyn 2, Philadelphia 1
 Philadelphia, April 30—Jack Coombs, the former star twister of the Philadelphia Americans, pitched his first full game as a National Leaguer for Brooklyn today, and Philadelphia was defeated, 2 to 1. The score: Brooklyn 00011000—2 11 0
 Philadelphia 00000001—1 8 2
 Batteries—Coombs and McCarty; Rixey and Killifer.

Chicago 4, Pittsburg 1
 Pittsburg, April 30—Chicago defeated Pittsburg, 4 to 1, today through the excellent pitching of Zabel. The score: Chicago 00030020—4 8 1
 Pittsburg 00000001—1 7 2
 Batteries—Zabel and Bresnahan; Cooper, Mamma and Gibson.

St. Louis 6, Cincinnati 2
 St. Louis, April 30—Huggins made a home run in the fourth inning of today's game with Cincinnati, bringing the score for St. Louis to five. Dolan made the final tally in the sixth and St. Louis won, 6 to 2. The score: Cincinnati 00001100—2 10 1
 St. Louis 22010100—6 12 1
 Batteries—Benton, Brown and Wingo; Perdue and Stryder.

Postponed
 New York-Boston, wet grounds.

National League Standing

Team	Won	Lost	P.C.
Philadelphia	11	3	.786
Cincinnati	9	6	.600
Chicago	8	6	.571
Boston	6	7	.462
St. Louis	8	9	.471
Pittsburg	5	9	.357
Brooklyn	6	9	.400
New York	4	8	.333

FEDERAL LEAGUE
 Kansas 2, Baltimore 0

Baltimore, April 30—Masterly pitching by Packard resulted in defeat for Baltimore this afternoon in the first game of the season against Kansas City. The score: Kansas City 00000020—2 10 1
 Baltimore 00000000—0 5 1
 Batteries—Packard and Brown; Suggs, Smith and Owens.

Postponed
 Brooklyn-Pittsburg, wet grounds.
 Newark-St. Louis, wet grounds.
 Buffalo-Chicago, wet grounds.

A LATE SPORT LETTER

Indianapolis, April 30—America's hopes of capturing the next Indianapolis 500-mile race have been materially strengthened as the result of Barney Oldfield's entry in that contest at the wheel of a Bugatti. Barney was the twenty-third to register, his contract being deposited by Charles W. Fuller, his backer, in person.

If Oldfield can only keep the pace he has been setting the present season, he looks like a sure enough 500-mile favorite. His purses to date excel those of any other driver, not even excepting D. Resta, the Vanderbilt and Grand Prix winner. Two consecutive wins at Venice and Tucson are among his latest achievements.

Barney's car, though new to this country, has already satisfied the veteran-it has the stuff. That he quit the Maxwell team to drive it should be sufficient evidence of its quality, especially inasmuch as he did not make the switch until after he had given it a thorough workout over the course at Venice.

It is a German car, of extremely light weight, and piston displacement up to the 300-inch limit prescribed by the speedway management. Empty, it tips the scales at 1,800 pounds.

With Barney in the seat, of course, it will weigh a little more, however, it is said to have enough reserve strength to carry the entire Oldfield plan.

Dario Resta.
 Dario Resta, winner of the recent Vanderbilt and Grand Prix races at San Francisco, has brought a hornet's nest about his ears, as the result of pointing out certain defects in American methods of race driving not long ago.

Instead of his remarks being received in the helpful spirit in which they were intended, they have caused a lot of resentment among a number of American racing stars, who now they will show him what is what when they meet in the next Indianapolis 500-mile race. Resta, from all accounts, does not seem to be particularly worried over the situation, and promises to take as good care of himself in the next Hoosier contest as ever.

Motor Speedways.
 Officials of the Indianapolis motor speedway will have something to say if a recent proposal to brand as speedways all road racing courses less than eight miles long ever comes before the American Automobile Association for official action. A speedway, say the Hoosiers, can only be a fully enclosed course like their own. A road is a road, no matter what you call it.

"Ebony Swells Minstrels."
Federal League Standing.

Team	Won	Lost	P.C.
Newark	10	6	.625
Chicago	8	5	.615
Brooklyn	9	6	.600
Pittsburg	9	7	.563
Kansas City	8	8	.500
Buffalo	6	9	.400
Baltimore	6	11	.353
St. Louis	5	9	.357

THE GIANTS' PITCHING HOPE FOR THE 1915 RACE.



While discussing the prospects of the Giants in the coming National League race John McGraw, the team's sturdy manager, asserted that, in spite of the poor condition of the players, due to the unseasonable weather in Texas, he expects the club to make a good showing. He would not say whether he entertained any punant hopes, but he did say that he believed he had a strong foundation this year than he had last.

"In Mathewson, Tesreau, Marquard and Perritt I have four seasoned pitchers. All of them are in need of some work before being in the 'pink,' but they have shown me enough stuff this far to convince me that they will face the barrier with as good a pitching staff as any club in the National League. They are all big and

strong and able to shoulder a lot of work. I expect them to come through with some great pitching, and if we get that I think we will be able to more than hold our own. Lobert on third braces the infield considerably." It has been one of the worst training trips the club has ever experienced. In many of their practice games the players have been listless. However, it is expected that some work under a hot sun, if the weather man will turn a kindly smile on their efforts, will stir the "pep" that is lying dormant within them and bring the old fighting spirit to the surface once more.

BOMBARDIER TELLS WHY HE IS NOT AT THE FRONT

London, April 30—The Wells-Moran fight at the London Opera House, in which Bombardier Wells, the English champion, added yet another to the dramatic defeats of his career, started a storm of questioning as to why an able-bodied man with the military title of "bombardier" should be taking part in boxing matches instead of being with the British army at the front.

"The only prize fight worth entering at present," writes the editor "is the gigantic struggle in France." Lady Randolph Churchill, on learning that a considerable number of women were present at the Wells-Moran fight, wrote the following statement for the newspapers: "I should hope that women had something better to do than to watch sham fighting at this moment."

There is plenty of opinion, however, in favor of continuing the boxing matches. Eugene Corri, the referee, summed up this side of the argument in the statement: "Boxing is a stimulus to the fighting spirit; nothing is better calculated to maintain the spirit of British pluck; boxing does not hinder recruiting—it rather encourages it."

Wells Replies.
 Wells' reply came back by return mail. It was as follows: "My duty is clear. I must stay where I am, and I think my reasons are good. Could I see my way clear to go to the front I would be the lightest-hearted man in England. I have been in the army, serving several years in India, and I secured my discharge to devote myself to the science of boxing, at which, despite a half dozen defeats, I suppose I may claim to have attained some proficiency. During the war I have boxed several times on behalf of war funds, thereby doing the little bit that 'lay within my power."

"Two of my brothers are at the front, and a third was the first man killed in his regiment. I alone remain at home to support my wife and children and the other members of the family dependent upon me. If I had no ties, I should be off to the front without delay."

Wheat Reported Traded.
 Rumor last night had "Zach" Wheat, one of the leading outfielders of the National League and star of the Brooklyn Dodgers, traded to the Giants for John Murray, "Dave" Robertson and "Pol" Perritt. It was said that the deal had been made secretly and that the transfer of players would take place either today or tomorrow.

John B. Foster, secretary of the Giants, said that there was absolutely nothing to the story. He said that it would be impossible to trade Perritt to any club, as his contract assures his being with the Giants this year. Mr. Foster did not deny that such a trade would be welcomed by the Giant officials.

Wilbert Robinson, manager of the Dodgers, said over the telephone from Philadelphia: "If John McGraw and his entire ball club were offered for Wheat

LOCAL BOWLING YESTERDAY

THE VIC ALLEYS.
 In a match game between the Y. M. C. A. and St. John H. S. last night the Y. M. C. A. won out by a majority of 118 pins.

Following is the lineup:

Y. M. C. A.

Stammers	98	89	86	273	91
Waddington	64	77	71	212	70 23
Connolly	88	79	81	248	82 23
Tinker	84	75	60	219	73
Smith	88	109	93	290	96 23
422 429 391 1242					

High School.

Cromwell	79	90	76	245	81 23
Foster	73	69	61	203	69 23
Jenkins	78	79	74	232	74
Kane	78	81	71	230	76 23
McDonald	75	68	81	224	74 23
383 378 363 1124					

TWO-MEN LEAGUE.
 In a league game between Stammers and Chisholm against Leonard and Vaughan the latter won out by four points to two points.

Stammers—

88	74	91	78	412	443	88	35
----	----	----	----	-----	-----	----	----

Chisholm—

75	87	85	76	81	404	80	45
163 161 176 154 193 847							

Leonard—

90	114	79	91	79	453	90	25
----	-----	----	----	----	-----	----	----

Vaughan—

97	78	87	94	84	440	88	
187 192 166 185 163 893							

Second Game.
 Wright and Anthony lined up against Williams and Cunningham and it resulted in a win for the latter. The score follows:

Williams—

81	102	106	76	93	458	91	35
----	-----	-----	----	----	-----	----	----

Cunningham—

81	89	92	84	82	428	85	35
162 191 198 160 175 886							

Wright—

83	86	80	94	79	422	84	25
----	----	----	----	----	-----	----	----

Anthony—

77	73	86	78	78	392	79	25
169 159 166 172 157 814							

Weekly Winners.
 Prize winners this week:
 Mon.—Nugent 114 106 112—332
 Tues.—Taylor 119 116 104—339
 Wed.—Stevens 121 118 106—356
 Thurs.—Robinson 126 124 106—356

Five String Competition.
 Starting Monday, May 3rd, a daily five-string competition is to be held, the winner to receive a prize valued at five dollars. This competition is open to all-comers and will be conducted in both afternoon and evenings. Much interest has already been displayed in this new and novel competition, and as the prize is well worth trying for, some very large scores are looked for.

The Standing.
 The standing of the teams in the Two-men League are as follows:

Team	P. W.	P. L.	P. E.	G. P.
1	22	26	7498	.3
2	18	24	6038	7
3	24	18	6432	7
4	10	26	5162	6
5	11	25	5713	6
6	43	23	10168	11
7	26	34	8757	10
8	22	32	7811	9
9	22	32	7921	9
10	11	25	5190	6
11	26	12	7398	8
12	43	11	8465	9

Next week sees the windup of this league, as Nos. 12, 11, 3 and 6 teams are going very close. It now looks like a very interesting finish.

Five Roses Flour
 Not Bleached Not Blended

Table of the Weekly Winning Conners, United Canada

High Scores.
 Among the high scores lately put upon these alleys, special mention must be made of Kelly's 364 for three strings. They were as follows: 134-114-112.

Brown had a splendid single string Monday, viz., 146.
 Taylor had 131, and Latham 133 on Monday also.

SEMI-PRO. BALL
 It is stated that the St. John base ball fans may see a city league this summer made up of teams composed of semi-professional players. There is now a movement on foot to organize a team in West St. John and an endeavor is being made for teams in the north and south end of the city. If the teams can be organized the Marathon grounds will be available and three or four good city teams, shooting put up interesting games.

Y. W. C. A. Official Leaves
 Mrs. E. Burrington Ham, national porta secretary for the Dominion Council of the Y. W. C. A., who has been in St. John for the past few weeks organizing and constructing work in connection with the winter ports, left on the Maritime Express last evening for Quebec, where she will resume her work during the summer.

ECZEMA
 Also called Tetter, Salt Rheum, Pruritus, Milk Crust, Water Poison, Weeping Sides, etc.

I believe eczema can be cured to stay, I mean just what I say C-U-R-E-D and NOT merely patched up to return again. Remember, I make this statement after handling nearly a half million cases of eczema and devoting 15 years of my life to its treatment. I don't care what ail you have used nor how many doctors have told you that you could not be cured, all I ask is just a chance to prove my claims. If you write me TODAY, I will send you a FREE TRIAL of mild, soothing, guaranteed treatment that will surely convince you as it has me. If you are disgusted and discouraged, I dare you to give me a chance to prove my claims. By writing me today I believe you will enjoy more real comfort than you really thought this world held for you. Just try it, and I feel sure you will agree with me.

DR. J. E. CANNADAY, 292 Court Block, Sedalia, Mo.
 Reference: Third National Bank, Sedalia, Mo. Send this notice to some eczema sufferer.

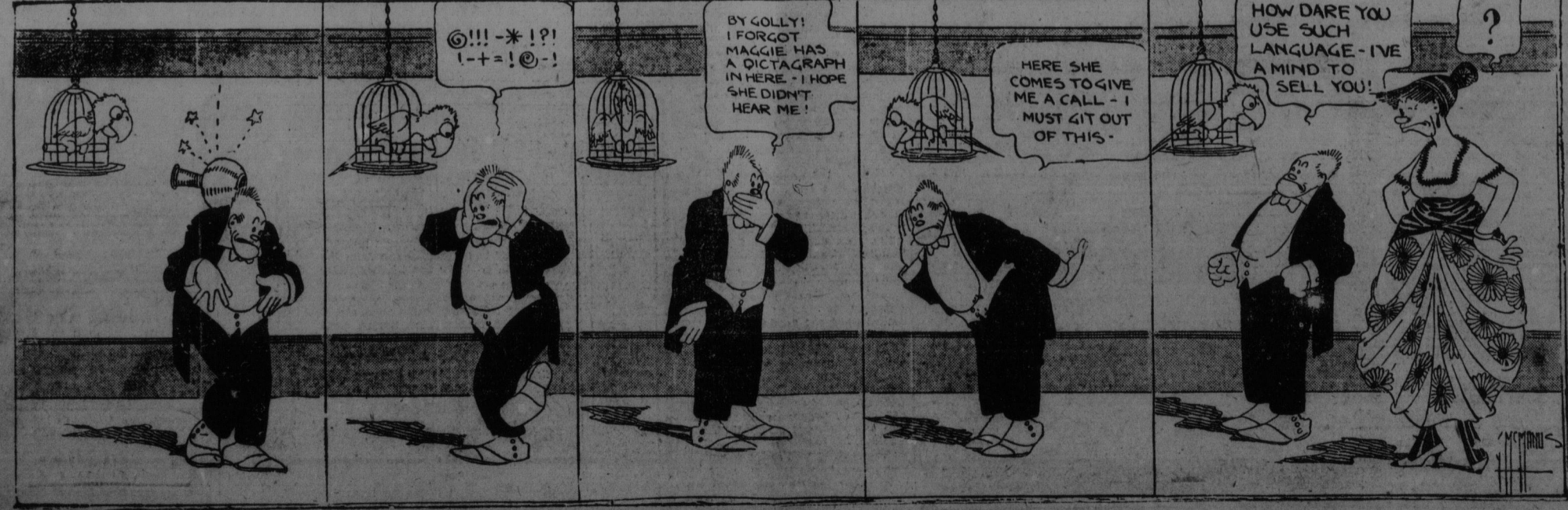
LARGE MANY ON U. S. S. in early weakened noon. (McDo New York, were made by but the genee and stocks w U. S. S. siderable stru ing, afterwar tendency in per stocks w of realizing t the metal in as to the stab here, and it w of 19 cents a was advanced agencies, on been made, one time sho points over la sharply in the Loco, was a s trading, when that the comp rept of a lar At the close b but the tone w 982,000. Bonds

STOCK ON N (McDOUG

Amal Cop. Am Beet Sug Am Car Ry Am Loco Am Smelt Anaconda Am Tele Aichison xd Am Canals Balt and O C Brok Rap Tr Butte and Sup C F I Ches and Ohio Cent Leath Can Pac Con Gr Nor Pfd Lehigh Val Miss Pac NY NH and N Y Cent Nor and West Pac Pac Penn rd People's Gas Press Std Car Reading Com Rep Steel St Paul Sou Pac Sloss Sory Com Un Pac Com U S Steel Com U S Rub Com Westing Elec Total sales

MONTREAL Montreal, Fr Cedars Bond Steamships C Cement Pfd. Tram Power Shawinigan Montreal Pow @ 22 1/2 Bell Telephone Car Pfd—50 Toronto Ry— Detroit Units Can. Locomo 4 1/2, 3 @ 4 1/2 McKays Pfd. Steel Co. of C @ 12 1/2, 25 @ 13 1/2, 25 @ 13 1/2, 55 @ 14 1/2, N. S. Steel— 6 1/2, 22 1/2 @ 6 1/2, 17 1/2 @ 6 1/2, 45 @ 6 1/2, 67 1/2 @ 6 1/2 Wayamack 25 @ 3 1/2, 50 @ Twin City—10 Gen. Electric Merchants Ba Tucketts Pfd. Dom. Bridge 12 1/2, 45 @ 12 1/2, 37 1/2 @ 12 1/2 Wayamack At Steamships C Brazilian xd. Tram. Deben Coal Bonds— Dom. Iron—10 Montreal Pow 50 @ 22 1/2, 50 @ 22 1/2 Canada Car 10 @ 7 1/2, 50 @ Toronto Ry— Can. Locomo 1 1/2, 50 @ 50. Steel Co. of C @ 14 1/2, 10 @ 15 1/2, 25 @ 15 1/2, N. S. Steel— 25 @ 6 1/2, 25 @ 6 1/2 Dominion Bri @ 12 1/2, 150 @

Bringing Up Father



All the Latest News and Comment from the World of Finance

LARGE GAINS IN MANY INDUSTRIALS ON N. Y. CHANGE

U. S. Steel showed strong in early trading, but weakened in the afternoon.

(McDougal & Cowans.) New York, April 30.—Large gains were made by a number of industrials but the general market was irregular and stocks were supplied freely on rallies.

STOCK QUOTATIONS ON N. Y. EXCHANGE

Table with columns for stock names (Amal Cop, Am Beet Sugar, etc.), Open, High, Low, Close prices.

MONTREAL CASH SALES

Table listing various commodities and their prices in Montreal, including flour, sugar, and oil.

WAR NEWS AFFECTED STOCK MARKET; POTENTIAL LEADERS WERE BACKWARD

New York, April 30.—War developments and the shares of various equipment and industrial companies now actively engaged in filling war contracts transcended all other considerations in today's stock market.

LEADERS STRONG AND SUBSTANTIAL GAINS RECORDED

Considerable strength on Montreal Exchange yesterday—Scotia sold up to 68 1/2, but weakened at close.

(McDougal & Cowans.) Montreal, April 30.—There was considerable strength shown throughout the list and the leading issues showed substantial gains for the day.

OPEN TENDERS FOR SALE OF MONTREAL FIVE P. C. BONDS

Montreal, April 30.—Tenders were opened today for the sale of \$6,100,000 city of Montreal five per cent. three year bonds.

PRODCUE PRICES ON MONTREAL MARKET

Table showing prices for various commodities like wheat, corn, and flour in Montreal.

STEAMSHIPS.

The Steamer Victoria will leave St. John (Old May Queen Wharf) every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8.30 a. m.

The Steamer Majestic

will leave her wharf Indiantown on Thursday, April 29, for upriver as far as the ice will permit.

Majestic Steamship Co.

Until further notice Stmr. Champlain will leave Public Wharf, St. John on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

EASTERN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION

INTERNATIONAL LINE. St. John to Boston \$5.00. St. John to Portland \$4.50.

ELDER-DEMPSTER LINE

South African Service. S. S. "Benin" May 25th. Port Elizabeth, East London, Durban and Delagoa Bay.

MANCHESTER LINE

From Manchester. From St. John. April 22—Manchester Exchange—May 8.

THE MARITIME STEAMSHIP CO. (LIMITED)

Until further notice the S. S. Connors Bros. will run as follows: Leave St. John, N. B., Thorne Wharf and Warehouse Co. on Saturday, 7.30 a. m.

FURNESS LINE

From London. From St. John. April 16. Graciana. May 8. Tabasco. May 25.

RAILWAYS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Panama-Pacific Exposition San Francisco. Tickets on Sale March 1st to Nov. 30th.

World's Shipping News

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

Table with columns for day of week, sunrise, sunset, moon rise, moon set, and moon phase.

BRITISH PORTS.

Port Talbot, April 27—Sid: Str Howth Head, Moore, New Orleans. Dublin, April 27—Ard: Str Ramore Head, Flindray, St. John, N. B.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Havre, April 24—Ard: Str Miramichi, Royal, Halifax. New York, April 28—Ard: Str Rosier Drury, St. John.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PRODUCE

Chicago, April 30—Wheat, No. 2 red, 1.62 1/2; No. 2 hard, 1.62 1/4. Corn—No. 2 yellow, 78 1/2 @ 78 1/2.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET SALES

Table showing cotton market sales for various grades like Jan, Mar, May, July, Oct.

Western Assurance Co.

INCORPORATED 1851. Assets, \$3,213,438.28. R. W. W. FRANK - BRANCH MANAGER ST. JOHN, N. B.

Queen Insurance Company. Agents Wanted.

C. E. L. JARVIS & SONS 74 Prince William St.

MONEY TO LOAN

\$5,000 on Freehold; Smaller Sums at Current Rates. CHAS. A. MacDonald, Solicitor - 49 Canterbury St.

THOMAS BELL & CO., St. John, N. B.

PUGSLEY BUILDING, 48 PRINCESS STREET Lumber and General Brokers

THE ROYAL TRUST CO. OF MONTREAL

Capital Fully Paid, \$1,000,000. Reserve Fund, \$1,000,000. Board of Directors: H. V. Meredith, President; Sir William C. Van Horne, K. C. M. G., Vice-President.

LABATT'S STOUT

The very best for use in ill-health and convalescence Awarded Medal and Highest Points in America at World's Fair, 1893

DRINK THE BEST

Ready's Cream of New Brunswick Ale, Porter and Lager

READY'S BREWERIES, Limited

Peel Street, St. John, N. B.

WHAT SHALL IT

"FOUR CROWN SCOTCH - to be sure."

Sold Everywhere.

THE WEATHER

Forecast: Maritime—Easterly winds, cool and showery in western portion, fair in east.

Toronto, April 30—The weather today has been showery from Ontario eastward to New Brunswick, and also in southern Alberta. Elsewhere it has been fair. The temperature continues quite low in Quebec and the Maritime Provinces, and has fallen considerably in Ontario and the western provinces.

Temperatures.

Table with 3 columns: Location, Min., Max. Includes entries for Victoria, Calgary, Edmonton, Regina, Winnipeg, Port Arthur, Pelly Sound, Toronto, Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, and Halifax.

Around the City

Farm Settlement Board. A meeting of the Farm Settlement Board was held yesterday. Arrangements were made for selling seven farms. All were vacant farms which will be occupied by young people.

Carlton Band and the 55th. The Carlton Band will play the 55th Battalion to church Sunday morning. The members of the band will meet in their rooms at 9:30 and cross on the 10:40 boat.

No inquest. Coroner Roberts has decided that an inquest into the death of William Burroughs, who was found dead in the Gem Boarding House, King Square, Thursday morning, is not necessary.

PERSONAL.

George M. McDade who has been attending the Dalhousie Law School, Halifax, came home yesterday for the summer vacation.

GENTREVILLE PASTOR RESIGNS HIS CHARGE. Rev. J. W. Williams leaving Baptist pastorate at end of June.

Hartland, N. B., April 29.—On Tuesday evening the local Knights of Pythias upheld their reputation for hospitality and entertained about fifty from the village and surrounding districts in Castle Hall. A short session of the lodge was held and at 8:30 the doors were thrown open to the visitors who had been fortunate in receiving invitations. While the guests were assembling a programme of selections on the gramophone was given. Mr. A. A. Nevers, P. C., occupied the chair and welcomed the visitors in his usual wide-open manner, after which there were speeches by members of the lodge setting forth the principles of Pythianism, and telling of the good work the order is doing. During the evening the members literally loaded their guests with coffee, sandwiches, cake and cigars, after which there were more speeches and a general social time. By the At Home the lodge has secured a number of applications for membership and several others are considering the matter.

The Epworth League of the Methodist church are preparing for a fair of Nations, to be held on May 14 and 15. The young ladies of the league have an enviable reputation as entertainers and their latest effort will no doubt receive the reward their energy entitles them to.

Mr. Henry Baird, of Andover, who has been spending the winter with her daughter, Mrs. Archie Dickinson, in St. John, has returned home.

The Andover Women's Auxiliary of the Church of England have sent Mrs. W. A. Gillett and Mrs. W. E. Spike as their delegates to the convention in St. John this week.

At Andover last week about fifty couples enjoyed a dance in the Specialty, Knowles' orchestra of Fort Fairfield furnishing the music.

Having interests in St. John which require his attention frequently Rev. J. W. Williams, pastor of the Baptist church at Centreville, has tendered his resignation, which will take effect at the close of the pastorate year at the end of June. He will probably locate near the commercial metropolis at the advanced age of 76 there passed away at Gordonsville on April 15, a much respected lady in the person of Mrs. Margaret White. She was a native of Queens County, and leaves six children to mourn their loss. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. J. E. Vanwart, and were largely attended.

Poster & Gates & Co., of the Dufferin Hotel, wish to announce that the hotel will not be closed, and therefore will be pleased to see all their old patrons.

I. C. R. trains 15 and 16 will not run Sunday, May 2nd, between St. John and Moncton.

"Ebony Swells Ministers."

FINAL REPORT ON SOCKS DAY

Royal Standard Chapter, I.O.D.E., forwarded goods

A special business meeting of the Royal Standard Chapter I. O. D. E. was held at the home of Mrs. T. E. G. Armstrong, Queen Square, when the reports of the various committees in connection with the recent "soldiers' sock social" were given. The reports were all of a most interesting nature, that of the Sock Committee being to the effect that more than four thousand pairs were collected on "sock day," and over a hundred pairs had come in since that date. The committee realizing that newspaper space at the present time, could not be given to publish the names of all the societies and donors of socks from the various towns and places in New Brunswick, decided to acknowledge them as a committee on behalf of the Royal Standard Chapter, consequently numerous letters of appreciation have already been sent through the mails, while the hundreds of ladies, who attended the social and personally handed the Sock Committee in many cases not one but half dozens of pairs of beautiful socks, the chapter is indebted to the kindness of Mr. J. B. Godly, manager of the cotton mills here, the socks were sent to the packing rooms of the Cornwall Cotton Mill, where they were packed under proper supervision by professional hands into large bales and individual packages. Many were the addresses sent in by private individuals of Canadian fighting men and special attention was given by the members of the chapter, overseeing and helping in the work, that those individual packages contained very choice socks and other good things and that the address was carefully attached. There were also large bales for certain lieutenants and their platoons, while the prize socks were sent with others to well known St. John boys. In packing the little message from the writer sometimes dropped out, only to be more carefully replaced.

The prayer circulated by Lord Roberts among the soldiers in South Africa was printed on suitable cards and one put in each pair of socks. Readers of this prayer will realize that its message to our boys was a fitting finale to all that loving hearts and hands had suggested and so successfully carried out for their welfare.

Soldier's Prayer. Almighty Father, I have often sinned against Thee, O wash me in the precious blood of the Lamb of God. Fill me with Thy Holy Spirit, that I may lead a new life. Spare me to see again those whom I love at home, or fit me for Thy presence in peace.

Strengthen us to quit ourselves like men in our right and great cause, keep us faithful unto death, calm in danger, patient in suffering, merciful as well as brave, true to our King and colors, and if it be Thy will enable us to win victory for England. But above all, grant us the better victory over temptation and sin, over life and death, that at last we may move hand to hand through Him that loved us and laid down His life for us, Jesus our Saviour, the Captain of the Army of God, Amen.

Suffice it to add, the bales of socks, well covered by marine insurance, with the war clause attached, are now well on their way to London, where on arrival, they will be personally handed by the captain of the steamer, to Mr. Colmer, secretary of the Canadian War Contingent Association. Besides the stocks the sale on sock day totalled over five hundred dollars. This amount with some added contributions to the chapter's funds, was allocated as follows: \$250 to be given to Colonel Murray MacLaren (\$150 to be used as the doctor thought best), \$50 to be sent to Brunswick Chapter for a bed to bear the name of "Royal Standard" Chapter, in the New Brunswick ward, Canadian Hospital, the other \$50 was a donation from E. A. Smith to provide a bed in Colonel MacLaren's hospital for any of the Empire's defenders and to bear the name of his wife, Mrs. E. Atherton Smith, \$100 was sent to the Belgian Orphan Fund, \$50 to the Allies' Hospital, three miles from the trenches in France.

It was decided to send the \$25 sent by the L. M. Club to the New Brunswick ward in his hospital at La Touquet, France. This amount to go forward with the \$100 sent by the Women's Institute of Campbellton to provide two additional beds or cots for the use of the New Brunswick ward. The members of the chapter, true to their motto, "Not for one but for all," voted the necessary amount from their funds towards providing a wooden leg for a young man whose sad case had been made known to them, through one of our prominent city doctors.

The chapter especially thanked the following for assistance on sock day: The Knights of Columbus, M. R. A., Vassie and Co., Mayor Prink, Mr. Cowan and Captain Mulcahey, George E. Day, C. M. Lingley, George Knodell, J. B. Chudlip, Machum and Foster, Cowie and Edwards, Ganong Bros., St. Stephens; the Corona Company, G. E. Barbours Co., Mrs. F. A. Jones, W. H. Hayward and Co., A. E. Warwick and Co., Woolworth Co., Emerson and Fisher, Canadian Drug Co., McClary Co., Arnold Co., Schofield Paper Co., Quinn Co., Ready's Brewery Ltd., and the press of the city.

RAIN LIKELY ON MOVING DAY

Probabilities unfavorable for these changing abodes

The weather conditions for moving day promise to be disagreeable. The probabilities point to unsettled conditions and indicate that showers will be prevalent. People who have been unable to have their household goods moved during the week will likely be handicapped to some extent today. Teamsters say that many people are moving and the aggregate will be much larger than in other years. As usual many will go to the country for the summer, but there is a tendency for many to make their permanent residence on the outskirts. Glen Falls and the main road from St. John to Rothesay are rapidly building up and the prospects of the street railway operating cars in that vicinity tends to make the demand there greater. Permanent colonies and all the year homes are being established all along the line. With the electric light extended to Rothesay and other improvements people living there have many of the features of city life and still escape many of the limitations of city dwelling.

During the last week rain has handicapped the movers and many loads of household goods have been injured by the water. Prospects for today are not good, but there is a chance of the rain holding off for a time.

FOOD AND COMFORTS FOR BRITISH HELD AS PRISONERS

Organization to assist those held by Germany.

From time immemorial prisoners of war have evoked pity and sympathy. The agony and humiliation of the British prisoners must be indescribably acute and galling. But from that state of suffering there can be no redress, it being part of the fortunes of war, but the lack of comforts and food stands in a different category. This want will grow in volume and intensity as the days go by.

As a result of an official organization having been created recently to carry parcels to the British prisoners in Germany, insuring proper transmission through a neutral carrier, the "Khaki" Magazine of Imperial House, Kingsway, London, has started a fund to supply food and comforts for those who have no relatives or friends to look after them, as it is known that these poor fellows are not getting a proper supply of food.

An appeal is made to you for Two Dollars only, as there is so many demands made upon you in other directions. This money will go for the direct benefit of the prisoners, as there is no cost of transmission and no waste of any description, information having been established showing the kind of food and clothing, etc., which can be sent without confiscation by the German government.

This appeal should get a large response as there is no other fund which deals with this particular condition.

The "Khaki" Magazine and Cabled News Sheet was created primarily as a gift for the Overseas Soldiers, bringing them late news from their homes. It is now supplying, free of charge, in addition to the soldiers at the front and in training, the various hospitals in England and France, as well as the Grand Old Fleet. It is a purely patriotic endeavor and in no way commercial.

When the "Khaki" Magazine was founded, amongst the many who gave their support and expressions of goodwill for the work it had undertaken were: The Duke of Wellington, K. G. The Duke of Manchester. The First Lord of the Admiralty. The Countess of Zetland. Lady Leven. Mrs. Leopold de Rothschild. Lieut-General Sir Robert Baden-Powell, K. C. V. O. The Right Hon. Austin Chamberlain P. C. M. P. Lord Desborough. The Earl of Essex. Viscount Bryce. Lord Willoughby de Broke. The Earl of Ronaldshay. Viscount Milner. Earl of Kintore. Sir Gilbert Parker, M. P. Sir William Bull, M. P. Mr. Evelyn Cecil, M. P. The Right Hon. Sir Charles Johnston, Lord Mayor of London. The Right Hon. E. Rayner, Lord Mayor of Liverpool. The Right Hon. W. H. Boyer, Lord Mayor of Birmingham. The Right Hon. James Taggart, Lord Provost of Aberdeen. The Right Hon. Crawford McCullagh, Lord Mayor of Belfast.

All subscriptions will be published in this paper, and you are requested to send yours to any office of the Royal Bank of Canada, and mark it "Khaki Prisoners' Fund." The subscriptions will also be duly acknowledged in the Magazine and various newspapers in England from time to time. A subscription list has been opened up in St. John with the following con-

COLIN MCKAY TO ENGLAND

Will contribute series of letters to the Standard — Presentation last night.

Colin McKay, who has been for some years on the editorial staff of the Standard, has joined the E. S. St. George as third officer. The St. George will proceed to England where she will be taken over by the Imperial government and used, it is understood, as a hospital ship. The officers and crew sign on here for the run across and will be given a free passage back to Canada if they want it.

Mr. McKay will probably remain some time in Great Britain, and while there will contribute a series of letters to the Standard. He has been a contributor to the Standard and other magazines and his letters should prove of interest to readers of the Standard. On his return to Canada it is his intention to again join The Standard staff. Last evening in The Standard office the members of the editorial and business staffs presented to Mr. McKay a case of handsome pipes as a slight testimony of his popularity with the boy. Mr. McKay made a characteristic response, remarking that such gifts were usually given only when a man was permanently severing his connection with an establishment. "It would take more than a case of pipes," said he, "to drive me away from The Standard."

THE CUSTOMS STAFF HAS FURNISHED A BED

Another donation for Hospital under Colonel Murray MacLaren.

The members of the customs staff at St. John have contributed money for the establishment of a bed in the hospital under Colonel Murray MacLaren. The necessary amount has been forwarded to Mrs. J. H. Allingham with the following letter: St. John, N. B., April 30th, 1915. Mrs. J. H. Allingham:—

We, the customs staff of St. John, N. B., have much pleasure in handing over the sum of fifty dollars (\$50.00) for the purpose of establishing a bed in the New Brunswick Ward of the General Hospital under Colonel Murray MacLaren, to be known as the "St. John Customs Bed."

A. T. Dunn, Leonard Trafton, J. S. MacLaren, F. C. Abbott, A. T. Hoyt, W. B. Robertson, S. W. Wilkins, Robert Clarke, J. H. Hamilton, J. L. Mill-Jay, Jas. B. Daly, John Jenkins, J. McKinney, Jr., W. L. Dobbin, C. F. Tilly, A. S. Willet, H. P. Allingham, J. G. Haslam, D. Murphy, E. W. Corbett, A. R. Carlos, R. S. Bonnell, K. A. Barber, Thos. Morrissey, Peter McCart, J. E. Dinsmore, John Stanton, Chas. Pigeon, C. W. Thompson, W. Dougherty, S. L. Finley, L. E. Tapley, W. H. Green, W. T. Lanyon, H. C. Ring, Thos. Hefferan, Frank McDonald, Geo. McSherry, W. H. Kettle, J. I. Noble, John Rogerson, J. I. McDougall, John McKelvey, J. R. Sugrue, M. Morrissey, A. C. Powers, Robert J. Murphy, R. A. McLaughlin, Robert McCarty.

RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION CORPS UP TO STRENGTH; NEWS OF SOLDIERS

Although the weather was bad in the morning the 26th held a route march yesterday afternoon and also engaged in field work on the Manawagonish Road, the men being in heavy marching order.

Lieut. Col. Meavily returned to the city yesterday from Halifax. Major Jones is here acting in command of the 5th during the absence of Col. Landry. Lieut. Col. Black of the Divisional Ammunition Column, and Capt. Pidgeon, arrived in the city yesterday.

Capt. A. D. Dawson is carrying on the duties of adjutant of the 26th during the illness of Capt. McMillan. Sergeant Major Ford of the 55th has returned from Fredericton. The Railway Construction Corps is practically up to strength, 16 new men arriving yesterday.

Children's Summer Dresses.

Now is the time to buy children's dresses for summer. F. A. Dykeman & Co. have on sale two hundred and fifty dirty and gingham dresses that they bought at a clearing price from a manufacturer who needed the money. They are to be sold at 95 cents and \$1.00. There is a very large assortment of styles and colors and the sizes run from six years to fourteen. These dresses are not regular stock and cannot be bought later in the season, so get them when you can.

Contributions: A. Gordon Leavitt, \$5; John P. McIntyre, \$5; Mrs. Jane Vassie, \$5; Hazen J. Dick, \$2; Mrs. J. V. Mowrey, \$2; W. E. Foster, \$2; J. Sydney Kaye, \$2.

Advertisement for a hot drink in a hurry, featuring a Sterna Solid Alcohol Stove. Includes an illustration of the stove and text describing its benefits and price.

Advertisement for Macaulay Bros. & Co., King Street, St. John, N. B. Stores open at 8 a.m., close at 6 p.m. Saturday night at 10 o'clock.

Advertisement for Macaulay Bros. & Co. After Supper Sale. This evening commencing at 7 o'clock. None of the goods named here will be sold before that hour. Includes a list of items like feather pillows, corded dresses, and silk stockings.

Advertisement for Emerson & Fisher Ltd. Buy the Most Efficient Refrigerator. A refrigerator that will only keep your food cool is not enough—insist on getting one that will keep it pure and wholesome as well. Includes an illustration of a refrigerator.

Advertisement for a special showing in millinery salon—trimmed ready-to-wear hats for young girls and misses at \$1.00, \$2.00, \$3.00 and \$4.00.

Advertisement for a sale of men's, youths' and boys' spring overcoats and boys' suits. For today and Monday only. Includes a list of items and prices.

Advertisement for a general clearance of broken lines at decided bargain figures for prompt acceptance. Includes a list of items like men's spring overcoats, boys' spring overcoats, and boys' double-breasted suits.

Advertisement for two extra special bargains. Youths' spring overcoats, the balance of our stock in Tweeds, Coverts and Whipcoats will be entered in this sale at two prices. All sizes from 29 to 35 in each lot. Sale price, each \$2.95 and \$4.95.

Advertisement for Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited. Now on sale in the Pattern Dept. The Home Book of Fashions and a FREE Home Pattern including those shown in The Ladies' Home Journal, Price 25c. Also home patterns for June.

LOSSES AMONG CANADIANS AN IMPETUS TO RECRUITING

Men in Large Numbers from all Parts of the Dominion Joining Colors — Call for Recruits For Fifth Contingent Soon.

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, April 30.—The casualties to the Canadians have stimulated recruiting in Canada. Men all over the country are joining the colors in larger numbers than since the first enlistment after the war began. This is the reply of Canada. One hundred thousand men are now under arms. Soon there will be one hundred and fifty thousand. In the Commons towards the end of last session General Hughes intimated that 150,000 men would be sent if they were required. This force will be necessary. It is probable that before the end of the present year Canada will have four complete divisions in the field and according to the results of the fighting which has already occurred, these will require very large reinforcements so that the whole 150,000 men will be needed. A British army division, it is understood, is about 21,000 men. The casualties to the Canadians in the recent fighting in the north of Ypres are serious. About 180 officers have been rendered hors de combat, more losses are expected to be recorded, although names are now beginning to be repeated which renders the making of an exact total difficult. Estimates of losses amongst the men vary, but the general experience of the British regiments is that they are from 8 to 10 casualties amongst the rank and file to one amongst the commissioned officers. This estimate would make the total loss between 1,500 and 2,000. There is a full Canadian division at the front. There are several thousand men still in England who went with the first contingent and these are being rushed to the front according to cables which have been received. Canada has two more contingents ready and the fourth is being recruited. Soon the call will go forth from General Hughes for recruits for a fifth contingent. There is no information at militia headquarters that any Canadian troops have been sent to the Dardanelles. It is quite possible of course that some are there, but it is very unlikely that if they were the militia Department would be unaware of it.

EVERYTHING GOING FINE IF THE GERMAN REPORT IS TO BE BELIEVED

Berlin, April 30, via Sayville.—German army headquarters today gave out a report on the progress of hostilities, reading as follows: "Aviators have been active on the coast. At Ostend houses were damaged. The fortress at Dunkirk was shelled yesterday by German artillery. Last night there was fighting between Steenstraete and Het Sas. German troops have fortified and hold bridgeheads of the western bank of the canal, near Steenstraete and Het Sas. Zouaves and Turcos attempted a charge against the German right wing, but this broke down under the German fire. "In the Champagne district, north of Le Mesnil, the French attempted to win back their former positions, but resulted in failure. "In the Arras district, to the north of Four de Paris, a trench of the enemy was captured. German troops here took prisoners one French officer and thirty men, and held the ground gained against repeated French counter-attacks.

PROTEST USE OF GROOVED RAILS DUFFY, KILLED IN ACTION, CANADIAN MARATHON RUNNER

City Commissioners heard representatives of the Street Railway — Other business. There was a special meeting of the City Council yesterday at noon. A delegation from the street railway was heard in protest against the order in council that all rails used in the city in future be grooved rails. This matter was left over to Commissioner Potts for consideration. Commissioner McLellan reported that the tests of the new fire engine so far had been satisfactory, but he would wait until the next meeting to make recommendations. The council authorized debentures to the amount of \$25,000 for twenty years at five per cent to provide for the cost of water and sewerage extensions in Adelaide Road and Spar Cove Road. Contracts for serge for the police and firemen's uniforms were awarded to W. H. B. Sandler at \$2.60 per yard and to M. R. A. Limited, at \$2.50, and the bill of the Office Specialty company for steel lockers for the police station was ordered paid. Commissioner Wigmore was given authority to lay a thirty-six inch water pipe across Marsh bridge at a cost of \$2,500. Commissioner Russell's recommendations that a piece of land in Lunenburg, for which W. I. Fenton had asked a lease, should be sold at public auction, that renewal leases be issued to Mrs. E. Clinton Brown, the executors of Isabel Smith and the executors of John Brennan, and that he be allowed to purchase 40,000 feet of deals for wharf repairs were all approved. Mayor Frink reported on the invitation to attend the conference of mayors on the unemployment situation and his reply that, while St. John is not affected, he was willing to co-operate. Mayor Frink drew attention to the

PROPERTY TRANSFERS. The following transfers of property in St. John and Kings counties have been recorded within the past few days: St. John County, Margaret Drake (widow) to C. H. Townsend, property on Pine street. J. T. Knight to Ashburn Fishing Club, Ltd., property on Spar Cove Road. William and Zilla G. Vaale to H. A. Porter et al., property on Padlock street. Rebecca Verner to Samuel Verner, property at St. Martins. Kings County, Benjamin Appleby to Lila Appleby, property at Hampton, valued at \$100. Bliss and P. M. Case to I. C. Case, property at Springfield, valued at \$500. Cornelius Deneau to W. M. White, property at Norton, valued at \$300. F. C. Lane to C. E. Leonard, property at Hampton. Murray & Gregory, Ltd., to Edin. Crawford, property at Westfield. condition of the current revenue fund which is in danger of being over-taxed and a report was asked for,

SCENE ON BOARD THE DECK OF A BRITISH WAR SHIP OFF THE DARDANELLES



On the left hand side of the picture can be seen a party of marines who are in readiness to act as a covering party to the demolition party of sea men, who can be seen drawn up on the right, wearing their white cap covers and carrying the various implements necessary for their work.

MORE MISREPRESENTATION BY THE ST. JOHN TELEGRAPH

"Morning Ananias" with its characteristic disregard for truth, prints garbled report of Attorney General Baxter's remarks in reference to the Fore-shores Bill. Fredericton, N. B., April 30.—The legislature instead of being prorogued today adjourned until Tuesday, when it is expected that the St. John Valley Railway legislation will be brought down. This afternoon's proceedings were marked by a strong castigation of the St. John Telegraph—which he characterized as "The Morning Ananias"—by Attorney-General Baxter, who pointed to misrepresentations which were continually made in his columns in reporting speeches of those who do not see eye to eye with it politically. The Contingencies Committee reported in favor of granting Deputy Speaker Melanson \$200, also \$75 to G. Y. Dibblee for extra services as acting clerk, and the same to G. H. Fletwell who has been acting as assistant clerk.

Fredericton, N. B., April 30.—The house met at three o'clock. Hon. Mr. Baxter said that during the period of upwards of twenty years which he had been in public life he had been reported as having said many things, some of which were correct and some which were not, but he had never yet gone to any newspaper of any kind in order to influence them to say things about him which would be in his favor. Therefore, he could say that he had never attempted to mislead the press of the city of St. John. He had not done so because he did not make the same remark about a treatment that that press had meted out to him. There were certain papers published in that city which didn't attempt to criticize a public man opposed to them in views in any fair or impartial spirit, but that he minded remarks which these journals made to him. He had not done so because to their misrepresentation that he thought nothing of it, and although he had been misrepresented so many times, he had never yet risen to the question of privilege regarding the same. In today's issue of the St. John Telegraph, however, something was said which struck another gentleman who had no right to be struck, and language which he (Baxter) had used was turned around in such a manner and so misapplied as to cast a slur upon this other gentleman. A Way The Telegraph Has In the course of his remarks yesterday on the Fore-shores Bill he had referred to the fact that a member for city of St. John had, along with Hon. Mr. Fleming, visited a spot near Negro Point Breakwater to inspect a plot of land which it was proposed to grant to a certain company so as to prevent their holding apparatus being undermined in consequence of gravel being taken away by scows. When he made that remark he overlooked the fact that there were two members of the house for the city of St. John in the party, the other being also a member of the government. He did not by any remarks he made yesterday convey the idea, nor did he use any language that could be so twisted as to convey it that the gentleman referred to were parties to the preparation of the bill. The Telegraph stated in its head line, "Attorney-General says Mr. Tilley was consulted." He desired to say most emphatically that he never said anything of the kind, and such statement on the part of the Telegraph was nothing but one of its characteristic misrepresentations. He did not in the least mind the Telegraph making any statement it liked about him, whether true or false. They would keep on doing it any event as long as they could manage to borrow a dollar to keep their miserable sheet going, but he did object to having words put in his mouth reflecting on other members which were not true. His two hon. friends would no doubt cheerfully admit that they did see the place in front of Point Dufferin and understood what was intended to be done on behalf of the private company. It was hardly worth while, he thought, to refer to the incident at greater length, but he noticed in the Telegraph's reports some remarks attributed to him which were not in the official report of the House proceedings. He realized that was no fault of the official reporter, because it was well high impossible to accurately report every sentence which he used, but he also noticed that at the time he was addressing the House the person who represents the Telegraph was not in the reporter's gallery, and it was very evident that even if the Telegraph was not represented in the reporters' gallery, it must have had a representative on the floor of the House, otherwise these parts of the speech omitted from the official report would not have become known to the Telegraph. He scarcely knew which was to be the most congratulated the Telegraph on being represented there by a member of the legislature, or the member of the legislature who represented the Morning Ananias of St. John. Mr. Stewart, Northumberland, desired to say, in reply to Hon. Attorney-General, that he was not the representative of the paper to which reference had been made, and he did not furnish it with the information the Attorney-General complained of, but he desired to say that the St. John Telegraph was not the only paper which misrepresented.

Mr. Stewart (Northumberland) asked if hon. provincial secretary was ready to bring down the account of bonded indebtedness, etc. of the province which he had asked for. Hon. Dr. Landry said the account was in preparation and he would bring it down at the earliest possible moment. Mr. Stewart remarked it must be very long document to take so much time to prepare. Hon. Dr. Landry said that hon. member must not think that officials had nothing else to do but get out information for him. When they had to go back to 1871 to make a statement of bond issue he would realize that it took some time. There were only three officials altogether and they had to keep their regular work going at the same time. The house went into committee with Mr. Young in the chair, and agreed to the bill respecting arrest, etc. of debtors, which Attorney-General explained merely gave power to appoint two commissioners instead of one in any city or town before whom examination of debtors might take place. Hon. Mr. Clarke submitted papers asked for by hon. member for Madawaska in reference to timber limits and Valley Railway inquiries. He said it was impossible at the present time to give absolutely complete information, as all matters had not yet been adjusted, but as soon as that had been done the papers would be furnished. Hon. Mr. Clarke moved that when house adjourned it stand adjourned until three o'clock Tuesday next. The house adjourned at 4:15 p.m.

DONATIONS. The Board of Associated Charities asked to acknowledge the following sums recently received: \$100 from the Harmony Ice Club, proceeds from concert recently held in the Opera House; \$21 from Little Girls' Sewing Circle of Wright street, proceeds of sale; garments from the Emma S. Fleke Memorial, from the Woman's Suffrage Association; garments from the Woman's Bible class of Main St. Baptist church; garments from New Brunswick Chapter of I.O.G.E. They also take this opportunity to publicly express their sincere thanks to those who worked so diligently and gave so generously of their time and talents in raising the various amounts referred to, by means of which the board have been placed in a position to relieve some especially needy cases. The balance will be carefully expended in the same way. Grace O. Robertson, secretary. American Steamer Attacked by the Germans. Two bombs from German airship dropped on steamer flying stars and stripes. London, April 30 (5.10 p.m.)—The Reuter Telegram Company has received a despatch from its correspondent at Rotterdam saying that the American steamer Cushing from Philadelphia, arrived at Rotterdam today and reports having been attacked by German airmen in the North Sea last Wednesday. The airmen dropped two bombs, but no damage was done. The Cushing was flying the American flag at the time of the attack, and her name was displayed on her sides in huge letters. The steamer Cushing left Philadelphia April 11 for Rotterdam via Deal. She is of 4,320 tons net register, and she is 427 feet long.

GRAND DUKE WITH THE CZAR IN GALICIA

German press reports that Grand Duke is ill flatly contradicted by Petrograd.

Washington, April 30.—The Russian Ambassador today received the following cablegram from the Minister of Foreign Affairs in Petrograd: "Please contradict, most categorically, false reports spread by the German press, according to which Grand Duke Nicholas was said to be ill. The Grand Duke, commander-in-chief, is in perfect health, and has been accompanying His Majesty, the Emperor, in his recent visit to Galicia."

LAUGHED AT CREW STRUGGLING FOR THEIR LIVES

London, April 30.—B. T. Peak, second engineer of the British steamer Falaba, who was rescued by a trawler when his ship was sunk off the Irish coast on March 28 by a German submarine, with a heavy loss of life, has just made a statement to the Admiralty definitely charging that the submarine crew laughed at the struggling survivors of the Falaba and were indifferent to the appeals for help. Peak has been dangerously ill in a London hospital since his rescue. His statement, after telling how he was washed off a lifeboat by the explosion of a torpedo, but managed to keep himself up with an oar, says: "I was now quite close to the submarine. In fact, I was hoping that they would pick me up, but instead they were laughing and seemed to treat it as a huge joke. There were about a dozen standing on her deck in khaki colored clothing. The crew of the submarine had every opportunity for saving lives had they been so minded, but it was quite evident that the Germans were prepared to see the people drown."

HAMPTON NOTES

Hampton, April 30.—Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Tippet have taken the house lately occupied by Mr. James Patterson at Hampton Station. Mrs. E. G. Evans spent Friday evening in St. John. Capt. and Mrs. Arnold Mabee are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter, Thursday, April 28th. Miss Alice Otty, daughter of Mr. G. O. Otty and Miss Alice Spooner left today for Montreal, where they Victoria Hospital. Mr. and Mrs. Harry Schofield, have returned from a visit to some of the American cities. Mr. M. H. Parlee, of Sussex, has taken Mrs. T. C. Donald's house on Main Street, and will have his law office in the Bank of Nova Scotia building. Mr. J. H. Mac Paden, of Sussex, was in Hampton on Friday. Mr. John D. Grimmer, of St. Andrews, and his son, Lieut. G. Stuart Grimmer, of the 6th Mounted Rifles, were in Hampton on Friday. Mrs. A. H. Crowfoot, Mrs. E. A. Schofield, Miss M. Ruth Thurber, and Miss DeVos, attended the Annual Meeting of the Woman's Auxiliary, in St. John. Mrs. Guy Kierstead spent Thursday in St. John. Mrs. Manzer Reid, who lately kept a boarding house on Main street, will move to St. John, on the first of May. Her place will be taken by Mrs. Elizabeth McGinnis. Mrs. Avery, of St. John, is visiting her sister, Mrs. G. O. Dickson-Otty, at Hampton Village. Mrs. R. G. Fletwell, and her willing workers, have forwarded a large quantity of socks, pneumonia jackets and night-shirts to Mrs. T. Wm. Barnes the shipper, to be sent to the Provincial Branch of the Red Cross in St. John.

BELGIAN RELIEF FUND.

The following subscriptions to the Belgian Relief Fund were received yesterday: County Council of Carleton, per J. C. Hartley \$700.00 Upper Alwick and Lower Newcastle, per Wm. A. Davidson 5.75 Westfield Centre Dramatic Club, per Harry E. Briggs, Wakefield, Carleton Co. 40.00 Friend 1.00

MISSING FOR FIVE YEARS FRIENDS HEAR HE WAS WOUNDED AT YPRES

Minneapolis, April 30.—Thirteen years ago Bernard Frank Laufers of Minneapolis, disappeared and his relatives heard nothing of him until yesterday when they received official word from Ottawa that Private Bernard Laufers, First Battalion, had been seriously wounded with the Canadian contingent on the battlefield of Ypres.

Social Notes of the Week



NOTE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Contributors to the society columns of The Standard will please remember that their correspondence must be at this office not later than 12 o'clock (noon) Friday, otherwise they cannot expect them to appear in the following day's paper.

This week saw many visitors in our midst it being the twelfth annual meeting of the Fredericton Diocesan Branch of the Women's Auxiliary which was held in Trinity school house.

Mrs. W. C. H. Grimmer entertained at a very enjoyable tea on Wednesday afternoon at her residence, German street, in honor of a number of the delegates attending the annual meeting of the W. A.

Captain Grepe of the re-mount department and Mrs. Grepe left on Monday for Montreal. Captain and Mrs. Grepe have many friends during their stay in our city who regret their departure.

Mrs. Ernest Hutchison (Leinster street) was a passenger for England on the S. S. Hesperian which sailed Friday where she will visit near Shorncliffe, Kent, where her son, Mr. Jack Morrison's battalion is stationed.

Mrs. and Mrs. Ward Hadden entertained on Thursday evening at a delightful dinner and bridge at the L. M. Club. The table looked so artistic with its large brass basket filled with daffodils, and brass candlesticks on each corner.

Mrs. Herbert Clinch who has been the guest of her mother, Mrs. Robert Thomson, returned to her home—London—a passenger on the S. S. Hesperian. Major Clinch, her husband, who was wounded during the war, has returned to the front.

It is seldom one has the pleasure of attending such a delightful concert as given by the Knights of Columbus in their fine hall on Monday evening.

roundings made a beautiful ball room and with the fine music rendered by the Imperial orchestra was enjoyed until the wee sma' hours by the folk. Too much praise cannot be given the Loyalist Chapter daughters of the Empire in the splendid way they managed the refreshments of sandwiches, coffee, ice cream and cake, all served so daintily to the hundreds present.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. McLeod are receiving congratulations on the arrival at their home, 99 Mecklenburg street, on Tuesday, April 27th, of a little stranger—a son.

Mrs. Sidney des Brisay and Miss Marguerite des Brisay (Bathurst) were guests in the city this week.

At the annual meeting of the Canadian Club on Tuesday night, Mr. J. Hunter White was elected its new president.

Mr. March entertained a number of lady friends on Monday evening at four tables of bridge at her residence, 95 Coburg street, as a farewell to the Rev. F. H. Wentworth will speak on some of the later developments of woman suffrage and the subject so much in evidence in the present day will be made interesting by such a speaker.

A very interesting special meeting of the Roy Standard Chapter, I. O. D. E., was held at the residence of Mrs. T. E. G. Armstrong, Queen Square, on Wednesday evening, when it was decided to forward \$25.00 towards the purchasing of linen for the new Brunswick Chapter to endow a bed in Dr. Murray MacLaren's hospital.

Mrs. Pauline Winslow who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Winslow, in our city for several months has been accepted as a nurse for overseas and left last night for Halifax from whence she sails on the Hesperian for the motherland. Mrs. Winslow has made many friends in St. John who will wish her every success in her new venture.

Mrs. R. B. Emerson and Miss Emerson left Saturday evening last on a trip to New York.

N. Stetson, Mrs. M. F. White, Miss Mary Bilsard, Miss Bertie Hogan, Miss Gladys Hogan, Miss Mary McLaren and Miss Winifred Barker.

In the store windows, and other conspicuous places appeared this week bright posters to advertise the approaching dates of the minstrel performance by the "Ebony Swells", under the auspices of the Loyalist Chapter Daughters of the Empire.

The sudden death of Mr. Frank E. Crabbe came as a great shock to his many friends in this city.

Rev. Dr. J. G. Shearer, social and reform agent of the Presbyterian church in Canada, delivered an address in the vestry of St. Paul's church on Tuesday evening.

Miss Alice McIntosh left Saturday for St. Stephen, where she will visit friends.

Miss Lillian Jones was in St. John this week, as a delegate from the Y. P. A. of St. Luke's church, to attend a convention in Trinity church there.

Mr. and Mrs. Willard L. Carr have taken rooms in the residence of Mr. James Carr, Connell street, for the summer.

Miss Elizabeth Belyea recently received a letter from her only daughter, a trained nurse, stating that she was leaving Port Said on her way to India.

Mr. Daniel McCartney, the veteran soldier, having fought through the Crimea, is very ill at his home here.

Moncton, April 29.—Miss Carrie Chhill, who has been in Moncton for the past week, returned to her home on Tuesday.

Miss Jean Campbell, of Sackville, who has been visiting friends in St. John, passed through this city on Tuesday en route to her home.

Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Gosner left this week for Charlottetown where they will spend a few days.

Mr. Rupert Irving, who has been spending a few days at his home here, has returned to Harvard, where he is taking a course in dentistry.

Miss Dorcas Thompson has returned to her home in Sackville, after spending a few weeks with Mrs. A. A. Allen, Church street.

Conratulations to Mr. and Mrs. A. McLeod upon the arrival of a daughter in their home, April 27th.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Ayles are receiving congratulations upon the arrival of a baby girl, at their home, 27 Highland street, April 27th.

Mrs. S. L. Shannon and Miss Nora Shannon left on Wednesday for Montreal and Ottawa, to spend several weeks.

Mr. Albert Bulmer left on Thursday for Montreal where he has accepted a position with the Great Northwestern Telegraph Company.

MONCTON

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WOODSTOCK

A reception in honor of Mrs. William C. Good and Miss Ethel Lester was held at the home of Miss Bessie Harper, Jacksonville, on Wednesday, from four to six o'clock.

Miss Beatrice Crockett (Fredericton) returned home Monday after a pleasant visit with friends in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Emerson's many friends in St. John will join in congratulations on the arrival at their home (Saskatoon) on Thursday, April 22nd, of a little stranger—a son.

Mrs. Merrill, Orange street, and Mrs. Richard Arscott left on Monday on a trip to Boston.

At the annual meeting of the Canadian Club on Tuesday night, Mr. J. Hunter White was elected its new president.

Mr. March entertained a number of lady friends on Monday evening at four tables of bridge at her residence, 95 Coburg street.

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ST. ANDREWS

St. Andrews, April 29.—Miss Kattie Broad returned from McDonald College, Que., on Monday to spend the summer with her father and sister.

Miss Miriam Mowatt returned on Tuesday from Providence, R. I. to spend a short vacation in town.

FREDERICTON

Fredericton, April 29.—A very delightful affair was the reception given by Mrs. Richardson at "Bishopscourt" on Saturday afternoon in honor of Mrs. C. D. Schofield.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Brown have as their guest Mrs. Frederick Brown of St. John.

Other visitors in town are Mrs. W. K. C. Parlee and little son and Miss Bessie Babbitt of Moncton, N. B., who are visiting with their sister, Mrs. H. G. Hoben.

Miss Carrie Roach and Miss Sara McMillan, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. Herbert Phillips, for a year, was a passenger to St. John on Friday last.

Other visitors in town are Mrs. W. K. C. Parlee and little son and Miss Bessie Babbitt of Moncton, N. B., who are visiting with their sister, Mrs. H. G. Hoben.

SUSSEX

Sussex, April 29.—Mrs. F. W. Parkes is visiting her son, Mr. Charles Parker in Ottawa.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Lawrence Price announce the marriage of their daughter, Pearl Lawrence to Mr. Philip Francis Kell, on Saturday, April 24th at Fifth Avenue Baptist church.

Advertisement for Kellogg's Corn Flakes, featuring an illustration of a woman and a child, and text describing the product's benefits and availability.

Social Notes of the Week

CAMPBELLTON

Campbellton, April 28.—Mayor Montgomery, and Mrs. Montgomery, of Dalhousie, spent Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. O'Keefe, O'Leary St. Miss Mary Graham, has returned from visiting her sister, Miss Ruby Graham in Montreal.

Miss Stella McDonald, who has been visiting friends in Moncton and Sackville, has returned home. While in Moncton, she was the guest of Dr. and Mrs. F. A. Taylor, Church St. Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Hazelton, who have been spending the past six months in Fredericton, Boston and Ottawa, have returned to Campbellton for the summer. They are being warmly welcomed by their many friends.

Miss Irene Morton, of Moncton, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Allan Miller. Mr. Franklin Kelley, has returned to resume his duties at the Bank of Nova Scotia, Montreal, after spending his vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Kelley. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Malcolm have returned from St. John, where they were visiting their sons, Messrs Ross and Boswell, who are with the Railway Construction Corps, for Overseas service.

Mrs. J. J. Sinclair, of Moncton, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Parker, Andrew St. Mr. O. S. MacKay of Dalhousie Junction, was in town last week, the guest of his son, Mr. Norman Mackay. Mrs. Frank E. Shepherd is visiting her brother, Mrs. M. Cameron in Fredericton.

Miss McEwen, of Chandler, Que., is spending some time in town, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Gandin. Mr. Herbert Morrell of the Royal Bank of Canada staff, Newcastle, has been transferred to the branch here. Mrs. A. G. McKenzie, of Dalhousie, spent a few days of last week in town, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Walter H. Marquis. Mr. Walter Hargnall has returned from a trip down the Gaspe Coast. Lieut. Alden Mowat, of the 26th Battalion, St. John, spent part of last week in town, the guest of his parents Mr. and Mrs. Maxwell M. Mowat, of Chapel Hill.

Mr. P. B. Troy, of Dalhousie, was a visitor to town this week. Private Jas. McNaughton, of the 26th Battalion, St. John, spent the weekend in town, with his family. Mr. J. Stafford Benson is in Montreal, undergoing treatment at the Royal Victoria Hospital.

Mrs. L. A. Smallwood, and little son, Laurence, who have been visiting Mrs. Smallwood's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Love, have returned to their home in Moncton. Mr. and Mrs. Philip de la Parolle are rejoicing over the arrival of a son, at their home last week.

Mrs. D. B. Lutes, of New Mills spent last Thursday in town with friends. Miss Jean McLatchey gave a very delightful dance, to a party of her friends at her home on Friday evening last.

Mrs. Reginald K. Steeves has returned from a pleasant visit with friends in Boston and Summerside, P.E.I.

Mrs. Lawlor, of Matapedia, visited Campbellton friends last week. To Miss Lillian Dickie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Dickie, of River Chario, the presentation was made by her friends of a very handsome wristlet watch, on the eve of her departure for Montreal, where she joined the nurses of the McGill University Hospital, for Overseas service.

Miss Milla McLellan, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Angus McLellan, Moncton, N. B., former resident of Campbellton as qualified nurses at the graduation exercises at the Royal Victoria Hospital, Montreal last week. Miss

McLellan will receive the congratulations of her many friends here, who are glad to hear of her success. Mrs. R. D. McNair held an informal reception last Wednesday afternoon, at her home in honor of her brother's wife, Mrs. Henry R. Currie. Quite a large number of ladies took advantage of the opportunity to greet Mrs. Currie after her absence of four years in the West. Mrs. McNair wore a very pretty gown of black silk, and white lace. Mrs. Currie a becoming dress of peach colored chamoise satin, with trimmings of cream lace. Mrs. C. T. Cool served and wore a very pretty gown of blue silk. Miss Irmis Currie who attended the door wore a very dainty dress of white silk.

The tea and sale of home-made cooking held last Thursday afternoon in the Thompson block, Main street, under the auspices of the Ladies Auxiliary, to the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, was very successful, and a goodly sum of money realized. The tea room was effectively decorated with the flags of the Allies, the walls being draped with bunting. The table of home-made cooking which was presided over by Mrs. Robert Blair, and Mrs. Edward Thomas, was draped with flags and centered with flowers. Afternoon tea was served at small tables, which were attractively arranged, the waiters being Mrs. Duncan Gallon, Mrs. John Gilker, Mrs. George Lutes, Mrs. Edgar Shirley, Mrs. Wm. Killam, Mrs. Duncan Mrs. Edward Price, and Mrs. Milton Doherty. The funds were materially increased by the sale of home-made candy. The table being daintily trimmed with flowers and was in charge of Miss Myrtle Matthews.

The young peoples concert which was held in the Methodist Church, last week, was a very successful affair in every way. Nearly \$23.00 was realized, and to Mrs. Nainie, president of the band, and to Miss Greta Metzger, as organist, the success of the concert is due. Another one is to be put on the near future.

A wedding of interest to Campbellton friends took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Mann, of Matapedia, Que., on Wednesday afternoon, April 14th, at three o'clock, when their daughter, Martha Elenor, became the bride of Mr. William McDavid, son of Mr. and Mrs. John McDavid, of Matapedia. The bride who was given away by her father, wore a very becoming gown of white broadcloth satin, with overdress of net. The ceremony being performed by Rev. J. R. Miller in the presence of a large number of invited guests. Mrs. J. R. Miller rendered the wedding march. The bride who is a very popular young lady, received many beautiful gifts. The groom's gift being a very handsome bracelet.

A very pleasing social event took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry McIntyre, one evening last week, when a number of their friends met to congratulate them. The occasion being the twenty fifth anniversary of their wedding day. During the evening Dr. Martin read an address, and on behalf of those present, presented Mr. and Mrs. McIntyre with a beautiful silver tea service. Brief responses were made by both Mr. and Mrs. McIntyre, to their friends for their kindness after that addresses were made by Rev. Fr. Wallace, Mr. John Hargnall, Mr. E. T. LeBlanc, and Mr. A. C. Belle-Isle. During Fr. Wallace's remarks two letters were read, from two of Mr. and Mrs. McIntyre's children, who were unable to be present, namely Slater Kathleen, of the Hotel Dieu, Chatham, and John who is an undergraduate at the College of the Sacred Heart, Caraquet, N. B. Social amusements were then indulged in, and the evening spent in a very pleasing manner. Songs by Dr. Martin, Mr. F. Champoux, Miss Theberge, and Mr. Couette were very much enjoyed, as were also readings by Mrs. J. F. Gallagher, Mr. A. C. Belle-Isle, Mr. A. T. LeBlanc and Dr. Martin.

On Thursday of last week, Mrs. M. A. Currie, entertained a number of young ladies, most pleasantly at the tea hour. The occasion being the birthday of her daughter, Miss Georgia.

Messrs. Dawson and Le Gallais of the staff of the Bank of Nova Scotia, New Carlisle, Que., spent Sunday in town, with friends.

Mr. Alex. McMullon of St. John, was in town this week on business. Mr. Thos. Hayes, of Nash's Creek, was a visitor to town last week. Mr. Fred Kerr has returned from Chipman, N. B., where he was attending the funeral of his brother-in-law, the late Mr. Neil L. McDougall.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Porter of Athol, are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a son at their home, on April 17th.

Many Campbellton friends will be glad to know that Mrs. D. O'Keefe, O'Leary St., has received word from her son, private Arthur O'Keefe, who was injured recently while on the fighting line in France, that he has rejoined his regiment, the Princess Patricia's and is again at the front.

Mr. Austin Murray left on Sunday morning for Kingston, Ont., where he will take a special course at the Royal Artillery school to qualify for a commission. Mr. Murray is already attached to the 12th Battery C. F. A.

"Ebony Swells Minstrels."

WINNIPEG WHEAT CLOSE.
May 162½
July 162½
Oct. 124½



Lantic Sugar

The Perfect Cooking and Preserving Sugar

To avoid gritty sugar grains in your cakes and jellies, you must have sugar of fine, even granulation which dissolves quickly. Lantic Granulated is made to insure perfect cooking and preserving results.

Packed in 2 lb. and 5 lb. Sealed Cartons. Also 10 lb., 20 lb. and 100 lb. Bags

Look for the Lantic Red Ball on each package—and buy in Original Packages.

Atlantic Sugar Refineries Limited MONTREAL, QUE. ST. JOHN, N. B.

SHEDIAC

Shediac, April 29.—The many friends of A. M. Rogers, of Montreal, are pleased to see him in town again. The Ladies Bridge Club, will meet this week, at the home of Mrs. E. Freeze, in the West End.

Mrs. D. S. Harper is convalescing from an attack of Grippe. Mrs. A. J. Webster is the guest of St. John friends this week. Mrs. Parson and children arrived recently from Regina, and are at the Weidon. Mrs. Parson was in Halifax, on Saturday to bid good-bye to her husband, Major Parson, who has conferred his service overseas.

Capt. W. Milne, of the "Curlew" spent the weekend, with his sister, Mrs. H. W. Murray, "Belcourt." The ladies of the Presbyterian congregation held their sewing circle this week at the home of Mrs. Jas. DeWitt, Sackville St.

Senator Poirior has arrived home from Ottawa. O. M. Melanson, M.S.A., was home from Fredericton, for the week-end. Mr. J. A. McDonald was recently in town, and generously donated a prize of \$5 to each department in the Central School and to the departments in the Convent, to the pupil making highest average up to the close of the term, for the summer vacation. Mr. McDonald is a native of this part of the country, born at Point du Chevre and receiving his early education there, and later in Shediac, and his kindly interest in his home town is much appreciated by the citizens.

ROTHESAY

Rothesay, April 29.—The "Literature Class" did not meet this week. On Monday evening next, in the Collesse reading room, Miss Eleanor Robinson, of St. John, will deliver a lecture on "Browning." This will close the season's study.

The local branch Womans Auxiliary is being well represented at the annual Diocesan Convention now in session in St. John. Among those attending are Mrs. A. W. Daniel, Mrs. W. J. Davidson, Mrs. P. Brock, Mrs. Fred Forster, Miss L. Currie, Miss Mal'd Gilbert, Mrs. J. W. Davidson, Miss Muriel Fairweather and others. Mrs. A. B. Pipes, of Dorchester, is a delegate to the W. A. Convention, and on her way to St. John, Saturday, was greeted by her friends on our station. It is hoped to see her here again before returning home.

Captain W. A. Harrison was here from Fredericton, and spent the week-end with his family, all guests of Mrs. Harrison's mother, Mrs. John H. Thomson.

Mrs. Wardlow Taylor, and little daughter, of Toronto, are guests of Mrs. Taylor's parents, Mr. and A. H. Hanington.

Miss Kathleen Mabee is home from a pleasant visit to Bangor friends. Miss Anna MacKeen, and Master Bobby MacKeen, after a few weeks visit to Montreal returned home on Saturday.

The afternoon tea served at the Tuesday meetings of the "Red Cross" Society, continue popular, and the 15 cent charge helps finance the work. The committee for next week, are Mrs. J. R. Robertson, Mrs. P. Chisholm, and Miss Thomson.

Another opportunity to assist in "Red Cross" work, will be given on Saturday evening at "Netherwood," when the senior pupils are to give a play "The Rivals," in the recreation room. The success of "Netherwood" entertainments is well known, and hosts of friends will greet the performers, and aid them in this splendid patriotic effort. This Saturday evening at 7:15 sharp, the admission to be twenty-five cents.

Mr. and Mrs. Lehrle, former residents of Rothesay, have returned, and taken up their residence in the house where, after several years, they are certainly welcome especially as year-round residents. Miss Margaret Lehrle is a pupil at "Netherwood."

Renton "Ladies Aid" Society will tomorrow, Friday evening, be guests of Mrs. Beverly Steeves.

Mrs. A. O. Crookshank is just now guest at the Kennedy House, having come from St. John, last Saturday. Her son, Mr. Allan R. Crookshank, was here for the week end.

Services in the Presbyterian church will be resumed on Sunday.

WHAT UNCLE HAS TO SAY THIS WEEK TO THE BOYS AND GIRLS

My Dear Nephews and Nieces:
What a rush you made this morning to get your copies of The Standard! How eagerly you turned page after page until you came to these columns, and then hastily ran your eyes down to see if your name appeared as the lucky winner of the children's painting competition.

Now, I'm afraid scores of you must have been disappointed on not finding what you looked for. Well, don't lose heart, because you must remember all cannot be first and whilst your work was splendid, I'm sure you will quite agree that Ronald's was just a tiny shade better, and wish him the best of luck.

You, however, must have another hard try this week and see if you cannot win the Dollar that The Standard are offering for the best coloring of "Jumbo."

I see he has been very naughty this time and overturned a barrel of apples, which he seems to be quite enjoying. Poor fellow, perhaps he was angry because he lost the prize last week.

If you promise not to tell any one, I'll give you a few tips as to how you may be successful. Last week a number of you failed to take sufficient notice of what you were coloring. For instance, who ever saw a green elephant, or blue trees? Why, Jumbo ought to have been dark grey shouldn't he? (It's alright, Mr. Edfor, I shan't let the cat out of the bag any further.)

Now set your colors and try hard this time.

I'm pleased a number of you sent me some nice little letters, because I always like to hear from you. Write me about anything you wish and I'll try and help you by answering like this:

Ronald—I must congratulate you upon winning the first prize. Your painting was well done, but you will have to do even better this week because there were dozens who were almost as good.

Arthur—Hearty congratulations also. Yours was extremely neat and tidy and well deserved the consolation prize.

Muriel Killam, aged six, Mt. Middleton—Well tried, Muriel, but take more care over the colors you use.

Ralph Haytt, aged 5, North Range—I'm pleased to hear you are always coloring and painting; see what you can do this week.

Verna Bryenton, Northumberland Co.—You tried hard but don't make your skys so blue. You did tidy work.

Ruby Akerley, Norton—Yes, the coupons were in order, I'll expect your try this week.

Marjory Slouem, City—Yes, Marjory, we are having a competition every week so long as you all try.

Buelah Mott, City—I'm sorry you will be disappointed, but have another try and look at the sketch carefully before you start.

Beverley Smith, Albert County, and Leonard Smith, Cumberland Bay—Send your attempt in earlier this week, Beverley and Leonard.

I notice it was a nephew who won this time. Now, my hundreds of nieces, try hard and beat the boys this week. Good-bye and best of luck, from

UNCLE DICK.
P. S.—Don't forget to tell your play-

THE STANDARD'S PAINTING CONTEST A GREAT SUCCESS

Children showed great interest in the competition

— First prize winner 9-year-old boy.

Last Saturday we published a sketch specially prepared by our artist, and invited every boy and girl, not over 14 years of age to try and color same with either water colors or chalks, the best to receive a prize of half a dollar.

Although we felt sure there were scores of aspiring young artists, we hardly expected to be flooded with such a great number of splendid attempts, the work of judging being a most difficult task. However, after carefully going through them all, and allowing for the different ages of the senders, ranging, as they did, from 5 years to the age limit of 14, we have great pleasure in awarding the first prize to:

Master Ronald MacLean (age 9)
34 Wellington Row, St. John.

to whom we are mailing the sum of half a dollar.

As the number of very cleverly colored sketches were so numerous, and the standard of the work so high and neat, we are awarding a consolation prize of 25 cents to:

Master Arthur E. Dean (age 13)
Lorneville, N. B.

and also very highly commend the following:
Barbara Kelley, 86 Burpee avenue, St. John.
Susie E. Gillespie, Albert, N. B.
Clarence Nest, Newcastle, N. B.
Helen Turner, Florenceville.
Fleda W. Briggs, Queens County.
J. Evelyn Kershaw, MacDonald Point.

F. Muriel C. Killam, Sussex.
Ralph Haight, North Range.
Vila E. Sempie, Carleton County.
Phillip W. Hunt, St. John.
Charlotte Macdonald, Queens County.
Leonard Smyth, Cumberland Bay.
Marjorie Ellison, St. John.
Edith Mitchell, St. John.
For today's coupon to be used in this week's competition, see page 12.

MADE IN CANADA

Do you know Triscuit?

It is the Shredded Whole Wheat Wafer. Try this whole wheat toast a few days instead of white flour bread toast and see how much better you feel.

TRISCUIT

heated in the oven to restore crispness and then served with butter is a delicious snack for luncheon or for hungry "kiddies." It is in a class by itself. It has everything in it that growing youngsters need and they like to chew it because of its crispness and tastiness.

MADE AT
NIAGARA FALLS, ONTARIO

Toronto Office: 49 Wellington Street East

ROYAL YEAST
THE BEST YEAST IN THE WORLD
E.W. GILLETT CO. LTD.
TORONTO, ONT.

Cravenette
is a process—not a fabric

"Cravenette" Regd. can only be applied to cloth which has been rendered showerproof by The Cravenette Co.

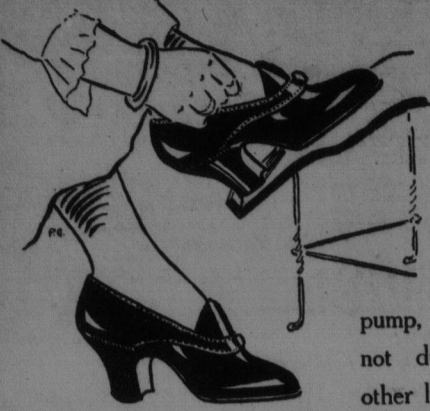
Only cloth which has been proofed by this special process, can be "Cravenette" Regd. This is why the "Cravenette" Regd. trademark is placed on all genuine Suits, Skirts and Coats, as well as on every yard of the genuine showerproof cloth.

"Cravenette" Regd. proofed Cloth comes in many fabrics—many patterns—many garments for men, women and children.

If your dealer cannot supply the genuine "Cravenette" Regd. Proofed Cloth and Garments, write THE CRAVENETTE CO., P.O. Box 1934, MONTREAL.

47-7

The "Vanitie" Model



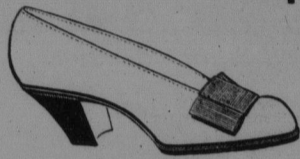
As shown in this cut is faultlessly built of the best materials; it has a grace seldom achieved in any pump, and a style not duplicated in other lines.

Notice how snugly it fits.

PRICE \$5.50

These Pumps

Are shown in Gun Metal, Tan Calf and Patent Leather



- Prices \$2.50, 4.00, 4.50, 5.00

Girls' Shoes

Made on correct shape and good fitting lasts, and shown in Dongola Kid, Gun Metal, Tan Calf and Patent Leather



- Lace Boots \$1.65, 1.75, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00
Button Boots \$2.25, 2.50, 2.75, 3.00

See our windows for new styles in Pumps, Colonials and Cloth Top Button Boots, and have us demonstrate their fitting qualities.

Foot Fitters

McRobbie

King Street

Smart Styles in Costumes for May
Moderately Priced

Particularly chic are the new black and white check costumes for women and misses.

There are the semi-Norfolk styles with high belt, the Empire styles, collar trimming of Paddy green and the New York "Stroller" suit which has made such a hit this season. These are all made with the new full flare skirt.

The accompanying cut is an actual sketch of one of our black and white check costumes at \$16.90.

Smart black costumes in serge, corkscrew or gabardine, made in plain tailored effects, belted, or dressy braided designs. Some have new style plaited skirts, others the full flare yoke skirts. Prices \$12.00 to \$35.00.

Then there are the popular sand colored costumes, navys and Belgian blues in various smart styles—many of them direct from New York manufacturers and made according to fashion's fancies of today. Prices \$20.00 to \$35.00.

New Popinette and Meroc underskirts in all the newest and most popular shades to match or contrast with the new costumes, saxe, copen, navy, brown, green, grey, etc.

Also extra large underskirts for stout figures—purple, green, navy and black. \$1.98 to \$2.75.



Daniel's
Head of King Street

WALKS & TALKS AROUND THE STORES

THE SHOPPERS' GUIDE

As many are forcibly reminded it's removing time just now and hundreds of people are changing their places of abode. Some leaving the crowded city for the seashore and country, others changing houses closer at hand.

At such a time, no matter how well furnished the house be or well stocked the wardrobes, there is always a great need for a hundred and one articles. The floors need linoleum, the windows fresh shades, the furniture may require renewing, besides a great number of smaller changes which all require attention.

All this causes a great amount of worry and concern to the thrifty housewife, not only as to what is needed, but where she can get the things and spend her dollars to the best advantage.

We have arranged this page partly to help the solving of the question. For instance, why not dismiss all further trouble as to new furniture, etc. by paying a visit to

N. A. Hornbrook & Co.

who have a huge stock of household furniture ready to meet all requirements. They are making some special offers just now as suggested by the advertisement appearing on this page. You would do well to give them a call as that would provide you with and you need them as to what they have described his well appointed store in these columns.

As mentioned above, the wardrobes also require renewing and replenishing. New suits are wanted, the boot shelf doesn't contain the latest and the calls of early summer are being heard now. Which means that more dainty gowns and dresses will be desired by the fairer sex.

To get perfect satisfaction as to the latter why not give

Daniel's

a call and have displayed to you all that is the very latest word in fashion. The sketch shown on this page above their name is only one of the many scores of lovely creations to be seen.

Some smart maori silk coats in styles most suitable for the young married lady, showing the laced line and full pleated back, are being exhibited in their extensive show-room, also a large variety of children's dresses which ought to please and satisfy many a mother who is trying to solve the dressing question of her child when they are at the age most difficult to suit.

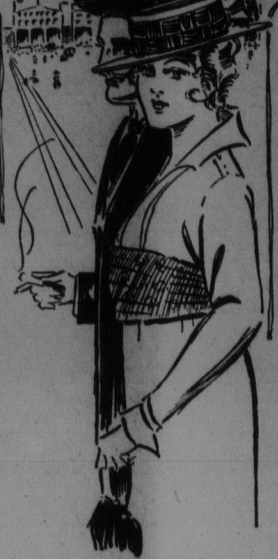
Blouses in silks and voles too numerous to mention, showing all the shades and colors most fashionable just now are exhibited to full advantage.

In shoes and footwear

McRobbie

are experts as will be seen even by a glance at the announcement on the left. The Vanitie model is absolutely faultless, being built of the best materials and having a grace seldom achieved and a style not duplicated in other lines.

Young Miss Canada is also well provided for by them as they have supplied shoes, correct in shape and fit, which touch all round and look smart and snug.



have disappeared, and the very simplicity of both the fabrics and the designs lends charm and dignity to the dance.

What more delightful sight than daintily clad girls with their partners whirling away the summer evenings at seashore or mountain resort, or on one's very own veranda? And then the girls themselves, how they enjoy it all, especially when they know they are looking their very best in pretty frocks that are not so expensive nor so perishable that they are in mortal fear of ruining theirs or their neighbor's!

Some washable material like organ die-of course, you should make sure it is the washable kind—cotton voil or washable net is an excellent choice for a summer dance frock.

The dancing girls may naturally look charming, midst their alluring surroundings, but the designers of fashion have not used all their talent in this direction—as witnessed by the latest productions for outdoor and general wear. They satisfy every sense of the beautiful, and it is to be hoped that the present refining influence will continue to wield the scepter for many years to come.

It is natural for femininity to prefer the flower-sprigged, diaphanous frocks of the summer to the sombre-hued, dignified costumes of silk and velvet worn in the winter, so the fashions for the warm months are always welcomed with particular joy.

The lace and linen frocks which are making their appearance this season are elaborately trimmed with hand embroidery, tucks, frills, puffings, shirring and flounces, and are as varied in form as the flowers that are sprinkled over their surface.

Each model that the shopkeeper proudly displays has some distinctive feature which stamps it as a superior frock, and you long to have an example of each variety in your wardrobe.

Some dresses seen recently, the lower parts of which were founced with linen and slightly wired or corded to produce the desired crinoline effect. Heretofore we have had frocks of silk, chiffon, tulle and other transparent materials wired in this manner, but now even the tub frocks show a decided flare.

Be prepared to wear stiffly starched petticoats and maybe hoopskirts, for they are being sold to fashion's elite already. Our grandmothers wore dimity, muslin, lawn, and even frocks made of "English prints," over hoopskirts, and we may be following in their footsteps before the summer has advanced very far.

Retail Market.

The city market was not particularly well stocked with provisions yesterday, although meats were again plentiful and of good quality. Beef, roasts, were quoted at from 14c. to 25c. a pound; mutton, 12c. to 20c.; lamb, 15c. to 22c.; pork is cheaper at from 18c. to 20c.; veal, 10c. to 18c. Chickens are still dear, 35c. a pound being the price asked. Eggs remain at about last week's prices, 24c. to 26c. a dozen for fresh, and 22c. to 24c. for case eggs. There was a fair supply of vegetables at prices practically unchanged. A good supply of lettuce, radishes and celery was on hand. Retailers report that sales during the week have been steady.

Their windows would attract you, but a visit inside the store should give you satisfaction.

Whilst the ladies of the house are well provided for, the gentlemen also need attention. Fresh suits and summer overcoats are required, new shirts purchased, collars renewed and the etceteras of men's wear renovated.

Wilcox

are the firm to put an end to that walk from store to store in vain search, of just that smart article you need, or the suit which is just what you require. They have a tremendous range of ready-made suits, but will also make to order at the lowest prices to suit all comers.

They also have a great variety of shirts and ties which would give satisfaction to the most fastidious wearer, a call will amply repay and end your outfitting troubles.

THE TREND OF FASHION.

For young people particularly what could be more soul inspiring, heavenly and national than dreamingly away round the brilliantly lighted ball-room to the strains of a well played, soft droning waltz tune.

Some people say that the dance craze is fast disappearing. Ugly "freak" dances may, perhaps, be on the ebb, but while there are youth and music and natural love for pleasurable pastimes surely dancing, the right kind of dancing, will endure.

Today, thanks to reputable teachers of dancing, steps are being standardized, and movements are becoming more graceful and beautiful, giving keen delight to the observers and sane pleasure to the dancers. History tells us that dancing is an earlier expression of emotions than speech. Surely, then, these modern dances should express our development of intelligence and refinement, as do the other arts.

Fashion comes bravely to the front this season and gives valuable aid to this end, when she marks with approval the graceful flaring skirts, cut ankle short, that allow of unrestricted movement. Confining draperies, too,

SPECIAL SALE FURNITURE

White Enamel Iron Beds, brass trimmings, \$2.90, was \$3.50.

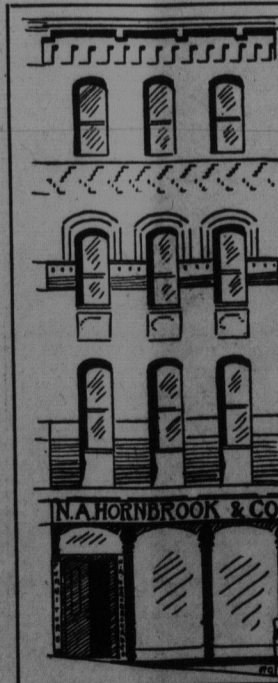
White Enamel Iron Beds, brass top rail, \$5.00, was \$7.00.

Dressers, finished in surface oak, three drawers, plate glass mirror, \$8.00, was \$10.00.

Dresser, finished in mahogany, two drawers, large oval plate glass mirror, \$15.00, was \$18.00.

Buffet, finished in surface oak, something nice, \$16.00, was \$20.00.

Buffet, quartered oak, something choice, \$30.00, was \$35.00.



Dining Table, quartered oak, 8 ft. extension, \$25.00, was \$30.00.

Dining Table, surface oak, 6 ft. extension, \$12.00, was \$15.00.

Reed Rocker, full roll, \$3.50, was \$4.50.

Large Arm Rockers, mahogany finish, from \$3.50 up—all reduced.

See our line of Baby Carriages at reduced prices.

We also have a few Couches, covered in green velour, which were slightly damaged in transit, at \$3.00—a snap.

N. A. HORN BROOK & CO.
18 KING STREET



Great Reduction

Men's Suits

For Saturday Monday

At Wilcox's

Men's Blue Suits, worth \$24.00, for \$18.00

Men's Blue Suits, worth 20.00, for 16.00

Men's Blue Suits, worth 13.00, for 10.00

Men's Norfolk Suits, worth 18.00, for 14.00

Men's Norfolk Suits, worth 16.00, for 12.00

Tweed Suits, worth \$7.50, for 4.98

Men's Spring Coats from \$6.50 to \$20.00

Less 20 per cent. for Saturday and Monday.

Boys' Suits from \$2.98 to \$12.00

Less 20 per cent.

Boys' Reefers from \$4.50 to \$7.50

Less 20 per cent. for Saturday and Monday.

Charlotte Street, Cor. Union

Half Dollars FOR Boys and Girls Who Can Color a Picture

An Interesting Competition for Standard Readers

In the Saturday, May 1st, issue of The Standard, we will publish another sketch which we want every boy and girl under 14 years of age to try and color with water colors or chalks.

The young artist who does it the best will give a prize of half a dollar.

It's a simple competition, no hard rules, no entrance fees, just cut the picture out, paint or color it the way you think best, save six coupons the same as the one shown on this page each morning from The Standard, fill them up, pin them to the painting and send them all addressed to

THE STANDARD, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Mark your envelopes in the top left hand corner "Art Competition," then watch for your name appearing as the winner of the prize.

You must save the coupons from six consecutive issues of the paper. Start cutting these coupons now to be ready for next Saturday's picture.

STANDARD PAINTING COMPETITION

Full Name _____
Address _____
Age Last Birthday _____
(Must not be over 14 years of age.)

May 1, 1915

FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE CAMPAIGN IN WEST

Statement issued from highest official sources tells how mistakes of early stages of the war were rectified.

The Christian Science Monitor's Paris correspondent sends the following report regarding an official review of the campaign for the past six months: Paris, France—A long review of the operations during the first six months, important points of detail it adds considerably to present information, and its comments on the causes which led to the retreat to Paris are particularly interesting. Dealing with the failure of the operations in Alsace and Lorraine which were aimed at retaining a large part of the German forces far from the northern theatre of operations, it mentions that in Alsace failure was due to the incompetence of a leader who was at once relieved of his command. In Lorraine, the French offensive which began brilliantly on Aug. 14, finally failed, owing to the strong organization of the position, to the power of the German artillery operating over ground minutely surveyed and finally to the default of certain French units. In regard to the battle in the north, which was postponed owing to the desirability of waiting for the British army, the review states that on Aug. 20, the French concentration was finished, and the general in chief gave orders for the French center and left to take the offensive. In Oct. 21, the French offensive in the center began with 10 army corps. On Aug 22 it failed, and the reasons for the failure are stated to have been individual and collective failures, imprudences committed under German fire, divisions badly engaged, reckless deployments, precipitate retreats, premature waste of men, and finally the inadequate use of certain of the French troops and their leaders, both as regards the use of infantry and artillery. As a result of these facts, the Germans making use of the difficult country were able to secure the utmost profit from the advantages which the superiority of their units gave them.

Retreat to Marne

This defeat compelled General Joffre to make the famous retreat to the Marne, while at the same time gathering together a new army which is stated to have consisted of two army corps, five reserve divisions, and a Moorish brigade, for use when the French army should finally make a stand. On Sept. 1, it is stated, General Joffre fixed as an extreme limit for the movement of retreat the line Bray-sur-Seine, Nogent-sur-Seine, Arcis-sur-Aube, Vitry-le-Francois, the region to the north of Bar-le-Duc. By September 4, the development of the Allies' left was no longer possible. The French army had been able to occupy the line Sezanne, Villers St. Georges, and Courchamp. The British forces were gathered between the Seine and the Marne, closely connected with the rest of the French forces, and with the newly created army on their left. On Sept. 4, General Joffre ordered all the armies to hold themselves ready, and on the 5th, he addressed to the commanders of the armies an order to attack. "The hour has come," he said, "to advance at all costs." The review then deals with the seven-day battle on the Marne in which over 2,000,000 men were engaged, each army gaining ground step by step, opening the road to its neighbor, supported at once by it, attacking in the flank the adversary which the day before it had attacked in the front, the efforts of one combining closely with those of the other, perfecting of intention and method animating the supreme command. To give this victory its full meaning, the report says, it is necessary to add that it was gained by troops who for two weeks had been retreating, and who, when the order for the offensive was gained, were found to be as eager as on the first day.

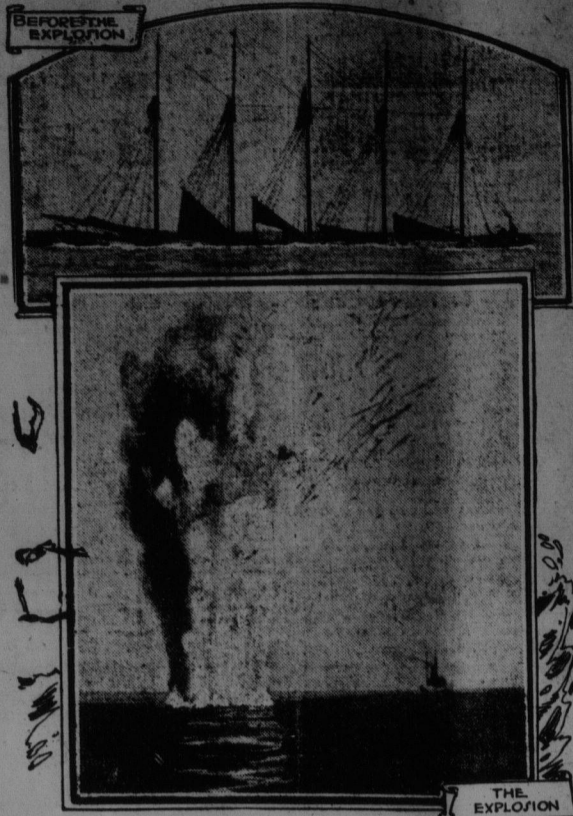
North of Oise

Following this came the rush to the sea, lasting from Sept. 13 to Oct. 23. The commander-in-chief had earlier made preparations in expectation of the German flanking movement, the flanking movement which, it is said, everything led them to expect, the Germans being lacking in invention. The Germans had an advantage over the French in the fact that the concentration of their front threatened the length of their transports, but in spite of this initial inferiority, the Allies always arrived in time. From the middle of September to the last week in October fighting went on continually north of the Oise, but all the time the Allies were slipping northwards. On the German side the movement brought into line more than 18 new army corps, including 12 active corps, six reserve corps, and four cavalry corps. On the French side it ended in the constitution of three fresh armies on the left and in the transporting to the same district of the British army and the Belgian army from Antwerp.

Touton Failure.

The movement northwards having come to a stop at the sea, events in Poland compelled the German general staff to seek a decision in the west at all costs. This decision would be obtained if the French left were pierced or driven in. To reach Calais thus breaking the French left, to carry Ypres, that is, to cut it in half, through both points to threaten the

SCENES ATTENDING EXPLOSION OF A DERELICT.



This picture shows the wreck of the five masted schooner Elizabeth Palmer, blown up by the United States coast guard cutter Mohawk. First, the derelict, a danger to navigation; second, the explosion, which shattered it; the cutter steaming away in the distance. The photograph was obtained by A. E. Gregory, chief electrician of the Mohawk.

communications and supplies of the British expeditionary army, perhaps even to threaten Britain in her island, such is the German plan in the battle of Flanders. It was a plan that could not be executed, and the battle of Calais, as also the battle of Ypres, are shown to have ended in the complete failure of the German effort. In the battle of Ypres, the compiler of the report states that during the three weeks it lasted, 40,000 Germans were left on the field and from this he calculates that the Germans lost in this battle alone over 150,000 men. Continuing the report deals with the character and results of the operations since the battle of Flanders, the period from Nov. 30 to Feb. 1. The effort of the French supreme command is stated to have confined itself to local attacks, the main object being to hold on the western front as large a number of German corps as possible, and so to hinder the withdrawal of the troops which the Germans were anxious to despatch to Russia. The numbers actually transported to the eastern front are stated to have been very moderate. Of the 52 army corps facing the Allies in the west, Germany has only taken four and a half corps to the eastern front. Besides this, climatic conditions were such as to diminish the effectiveness of offensive operations, and to add to the costliness of such operations, and this was another reason for postponing them. Again, from this time onward the Allies could count upon a steadily expanding growth equally in point of numbers and units as of material, while the German forces, which have attained the maximum, can only diminish both in numbers and value.

Progress

Striking a balance of gains, and losses, the report says that the total result has been a general progress of the allied troops, very marked at certain points, and a general falling back of the Germans except northeast of Soissons. Then the German offensive in Poland has been checked, while the Russian offensive continues in Galicia and the Carpathians. A large part of the Turkish Caucasian army has been annihilated, and it is added that Germany has exhausted her resources of officers, there being now an average of 12 officers to a regiment. Henceforth, it is said, Germany will only be able to develop her resources in men to the detriment of the existing units. The allied armies, on the contrary, possess the power of reinforcing themselves in a very considerable degree.

English Sidelights On The War.

Major-Gen. Gerald Ellison, who has been promoted to substantive general's rank, and is now acting as deputy chief of the staff to Sir John French, is a hard-headed staff officer, who has spent all his time since the Boer war in studying problems of army organization. He was secretary to the Escher committee, which created the army council, and subsequently as private secretary to Lord Haldane he worked out all the details of the scheme of organization for the territorial force. He is supposed to know more about army organization than any other living British officer.

The London Times says: "An organized plot is in operation in this country by which German agents are promoting and fomenting strikes among our workmen. The object is chiefly to prevent or delay the fulfillment of contracts for the manufacture of munitions of war, and also, no doubt, to obtain as much information as possible regarding the processes of manufacture and other details which would be of service to the enemy. Already convincing evidence of the reality of this plot has been obtained by the Intelligence Division of the Admiralty. It has been discovered that the agents take every opportunity of associating with the workmen in their leisure time, and artfully suggest new grievances or foster any that they may find already existing. Even if

In Thousands of Homes

early and certain relief is found for the ailments to which all are subject—ailments due to defective or irregular action of the stomach, liver, kidneys or bowels—in the most famous family remedy, the world has ever known.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

are justly famous because they have proved to be so reliable as correctives or preventives of the sufferings, dull feelings and danger due to indigestion or biliousness. If you will try them to cleanse your system, purify your blood, tone your stomach, stimulate your liver and regulate your bowels, you will know why so many rely on Beecham's Pills to

Insure Health and Happiness

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents.

REST HOSPITAL NEAR BRITISH ARMY LINES

Institution for Men Suffering from Exhaustion Due to Trench Life and Roar of Artillery Brings Quick Reformation.

Not far behind the British firing line in France is a hospital, the patients of which are neither wounded nor afflicted with any particular illness. Any soldier can get admitted there, but only for a limited time. It is simply a "recuperation home" established in an old lute factory, in which modern hospital conveniences of various kinds have been installed. The building is situated in close proximity to a railroad station, making convenient the transportation of patients to and from the institution. A British medical officer founded this establishment, after he had made the observation that the regular field hospital's were being crowded needlessly with patients whose ailments were caused only by exhaustion. Such sufferers now are conveyed to the recreation home, where soon after arrival they are divided into two groups, those who will be returned to their regiments after a rest and the more serious cases which eventually will be transferred to a regular hospital. How useful this auxiliary hospital is to the military medical service is demonstrated by the fact that 5,822 soldiers treated no fewer than 2,713 recuperated within a fortnight and returned to the front.

The patients usually arrive during the night. Most of them are in a state nearing collapse, and as a rule are infested so badly with vermin that they have to be temporarily isolated. Upon arrival they are divested of their soiled clothes, and after a cursory medical examination receive a nourishing meal of easily digestible food. Sometimes several days may elapse without a single soldier arriving, but at other times they come in droves of a hundred or more. Whenever a large contingent is sent to the recreation hospital the authorities must be notified beforehand, so as to make sure accommodations are available, since no more than a thousand persons can be housed and taken care of at one time. The first night a new arrival has to spend in the so-called "dirty" quarters of the hospital. The next morning, after a bath, the soldier gets back his uniform, brushed clean, pressed, mended and disinfected. His underclothes, however, have been sent to the laundry, but he receives a new set and three woolen blankets. He is permitted to enter the "clean" section, where nearly all newcomers immediately take to their beds and go to sleep. For several days their one and only desire is to sleep, and they barely summon enough energy to get up and partake of a meal. And this is practically all the treatment that a majority of the cases require. Four meals are served daily, and the attendants have orders from the physicians in charge to let the patients eat as much as they like of the plain, but wholesome food. After a few days of sleeping and eating the mentality of a patient usually commences to rouse itself. He gets an ambition to write letters, read newspapers and take part in the games with which soldiers pass the time during convalescence. In the next stage of his rehabilitation he proceeds to attend to his personal appearance. He gets a shave and a hair cut and has his feet treated. In a day or two more he may be seen regularly in the chapel, and then the house physician begins to take frequent notes of the convalescent's progress. His days of recreation are drawing rapidly to a close, and in a short while he again will be on his feet.

"Preserved Purity"

"SATADA"

Tea in Sealed Air-tight Packets, keeping all the goodness in, and shutting all contamination out.

BLACK, GREEN OR MIXED. SEALED PACKETS ONLY.

ters of the hospital. The next morning, after a bath, the soldier gets back his uniform, brushed clean, pressed, mended and disinfected. His underclothes, however, have been sent to the laundry, but he receives a new set and three woolen blankets. He is permitted to enter the "clean" section, where nearly all newcomers immediately take to their beds and go to sleep. For several days their one and only desire is to sleep, and they barely summon enough energy to get up and partake of a meal. And this is practically all the treatment that a majority of the cases require. Four meals are served daily, and the attendants have orders from the physicians in charge to let the patients eat as much as they like of the plain, but wholesome food. After a few days of sleeping and eating the mentality of a patient usually commences to rouse itself. He gets an ambition to write letters, read newspapers and take part in the games with which soldiers pass the time during convalescence. In the next stage of his rehabilitation he proceeds to attend to his personal appearance. He gets a shave and a hair cut and has his feet treated. In a day or two more he may be seen regularly in the chapel, and then the house physician begins to take frequent notes of the convalescent's progress. His days of recreation are drawing rapidly to a close, and in a short while he again will be on his feet.

LOSING HOPE WOMAN VERY ILL

Finally Restored To Health By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Bellevue, Ohio.—"I was in a terrible state before I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. My back ached until I thought it would break, I had pains all over me, nervous feelings and periodic troubles. I was very weak and run down and was losing hope of ever being well and strong. After taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I improved rapidly and today am a well woman. I cannot tell you how happy I feel and I cannot say too much for your Compound. Would not be without it in the house if it cost three times the amount."—Mrs. CHAS. CHAPMAN, R. F. D. No. 7, Bellevue, Ohio.



Woman's Precious Gift. The one which she should most zealously guard, is her health, but it is the one most often neglected, until some ailment peculiar to her sex has fastened itself upon her. When so affected such women may rely upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a remedy that has been wonderfully successful in restoring health to suffering women.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

these agents do not always succeed in bringing about an actual strike, they may at least hope by spreading discontent, to cause their victims to 'play' frequently and so diminish output. Moreover, they are undoubtedly doing all they can to induce workmen to drink too much—another easy means of accomplishing their purpose. As they have plenty of money, they are able by 'standing treat' to foster drinking habits and also to win the confidence and friendship of the unwary.

The outbreak of war," says the British Controller-General of Patents, Designs, and Trade Marks, in an official report, naturally provided a stimulus to inventions connected with military and naval subjects, particularly aerial warfare and submarine mining. Bombs and their projection from air craft have claimed considerable attention from inventors, as also have means for detecting submarines and torpedoes and for protecting ships from them. Revival of ancient methods of warfare is shown in applications for darts, mechanical means of throwing bombs and other projectiles, and body armor; other inventions include bullet-proof shields, periscopes for trench work, sleeping bags, and combination knives, forks, and spoons. The disaster to the submarine A-5 directed attention to the problem of locating wrecked submarines and signaling to and from their occupants. In the field of aeronautics, in which invention had been very active during the last few years, a marked falling off is observed.



No More Corns
Cure Guaranteed
Never knows to fall; acts without pain in 24 hours. Is soothing, healing; takes the sting right out. Putnam's Painless Corn Extract. Sold everywhere—25c. per bottle.

Stood the Test

Whyte & Mackay's Scotch Whisky has stood the test for years. Always pure, and is one of the few whiskies that can be safely used in the sick room.

When you want a smooth and agreeable stimulant be sure to get **Whyte & Mackay's**

Perfection Scotch Whisky advertisement featuring a large bottle of whisky with the label 'PERFECTION SCOTCH WHISKY' and 'D.J. McCallum'. The background is filled with the word 'Perfection' in a decorative font.

Beware of Imitations—Always Ask for D. & J. McCallum's

FOR THE CHILDREN

THE STANDARD'S WEEKLY COMPETITION

DOLLARS TO BE WON!

Have You Saved the Coupons Which Appeared Each Day in The Standard?

You must have six, cut from consecutive issues of The Standard, to enable you to enter the Painting Competition.

Below we publish another sketch of "Jumbo" and we want every boy and girl to get their water color box or chalks and try to color the picture the best way they think.



Well, Jumbo did not win the prize;
You see he's neither lass nor lad;
But still he's looking wondrous wise---
'Twould take a lot to make him sad.

A lesson, though, he taught each one
For he tried hard, and with a will
To win a prize for good work done;
So, children, try again your skill.

When finished, pin the six coupons (already saved and filled up) to the colored sketch and send them to **THE STANDARD, St. John, N. B.**

Mark the envelopes in the top left hand corner "Art Competition" and send in not later than 12 o'clock, noon, May 6, 1915.

To the boy or girl who does the neatest and best colored picture we will give a prize of **ONE DOLLAR** and publish the result on Saturday, May 8.

A few hints that may assist the budding young artist:

- 1—Use either water colors or chalks.
- 2—Cut out the picture and either dry it at the fire or paste on a piece of card to prevent the colors running.
- 3—Please yourself as to what colors you use, but try and make them natural.
- 4—Don't forget to enclose six consecutive coupons correctly filled up with your name, address and age last birthday, with the sketch.
- 5—Go on saving the coupons and tell your friends about this most interesting competition, because we intend giving A DOLLAR EACH WEEK as a prize, so long as you try to win it.

Closing Date for this Week's Competition, Thur., May 6, 1915

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HOPE
VERY ILL

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Pinkham's
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Lydia E. Pinkham's
Vegetable Com-
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I put it in the house if
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R. F. D. No. 7, Belle-

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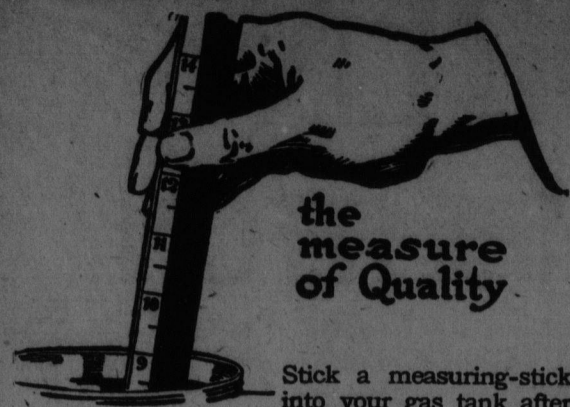
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McCallum's

THE AUTOMOBILE TRADE IN ST. JOHN



the measure of Quality

Stick a measuring-stick into your gas tank after the day's "run." You'll find there's more left if you use

Premier Gasoline

That is because it gives you more miles per gallon. There is power in every drop.

Ask for Premier Motor Gasoline by name. It costs no more and serves you best.

It is the fuel for the motorist who knows.

Dealers everywhere, or at any of our branches throughout the Dominion.

THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY Limited



Made in Canada

Canada's Military Mechanical Transportation Service

Mr. T. A. Russell, who Superintended its Preparation, Under Examination by the Investigating Committee—He Comes Through With Flying Colors—Complimented by the Chairman—Warm Praise from the Director of the War Office and the General Commanding Canadian Contingent—Mr. Russell Received No Personal Remuneration.

There is one man at any rate who has come out of the militia investigation with flying colors. And that one man is Mr. T. A. Russell, managing director of the Russell Motor Car Company, Limited.

Mr. Russell's business relationship with the Militia Department began in August. When it was announced that Canada would furnish a contingent Mr. Russell, like many another business man who was not asleep at his office desk, took train for Ottawa in quest of orders. He divined that motors of some kind would be necessary for the equipment of the mechanical transportation service, and hoped to be able to persuade the department to place an order for Russell cars.

The militia Department was just at that particular time in a twist. It knew that it wanted motor cars, but it didn't know just what it wanted. Neither did it at the moment know how to go about getting them. There were plenty of experts in the department who knew how to equip the service with arms and ammunition, but there was apparently no one on deck who was an expert in regard to procuring equipment for the mechanical transport branch of the service.

When, therefore, Mr. Russell appeared on the scene General Hughes appeared to think it was "a man sent." At any rate, he appealed to Mr. Russell to assist the department in its dilemma, giving his company at the same time an order for eight trucks to be delivered in two weeks. After scratching his head for a moment or two Mr. Russell agreed to lend his services. Mr. J. H. McQuarrie was associated with him. Their first duty was the purchase of twenty-five trucks. These, including the eight above referred to, were as follows: Five 2-ton White; 4 2-ton Gram; 4 2-ton Packard; 4 2-ton Pierce.

This done, the Militia Department asked Mr. Russell to purchase seven or eight hundred army wagons. This after corresponding with the leading wagon manufacturers of the country, he did.

Mr. Russell's Greatest Task. But his chief duty was yet to come. This was the purchase and equipment of the necessary number of three-ton

motor trucks, and ship them to England. This was no easy task.

The first thing was to get trucks that would stand more than ordinary tests. Trucks that were good for highways and byways might not be equal to the extraordinary demands that would be made upon them on the battlefield.

It was on September 2 that Mr. Russell undertook this task, and so he quickly got into touch with various manufacturers of motor trucks and instructed them to assemble their machines in High Park, Toronto, on a certain definite date, where they could be put through evolutions which would test their ability to plough through sand, climb hills, and surmount obstacles of various kinds. This done, there was the question of price to settle for the particular makes of cars which came through the tests in a satisfactory way. Wishing to make the best possible bargain for the Militia Department, Mr. Russell, after some difficulty, finally managed to get a discount of 10 per cent off the list price. That was the best he could obtain.

The trucks purchased were the Kelly-Springfield, Peerless, Jeffrey, Gram, and White makes. Bodies for Trucks. In all, a little over 140 trucks were purchased. The next thing was to equip them with bodies and other necessary appurtenances. Unfortunately, Mr. Russell had no specifications to work from. Nothing daunted, he called into consultation the superintendent, draftsmen, and others connected with the Russell Motor Car Company. After searching the columns of the technical and trade press published far and wide, but with very little result, they finally drafted designs which were accepted by the department.

The next thing was manufacturing. This was undertaken with a rush. The wood work was done by the Messrs. Harris Company, Limited, Toronto, and the steel work and various kinds of equipment were looked after in the shops of the Russell Motor Car Company, Limited.

What Was Done in Three Weeks. On September 27, or twenty-five days after Mr. Russell had been deputed by the Militia Department to secure and equip them, the trucks were being placed on board eight steamers that were lying at Montreal to take them to England. They were not even crated, but for safety they were stowed away between bales of hay. When they reached their destination it was found that not one of the trucks had been injured by taking the chance of non-crating the trucks, not only was valuable time saved, but \$30,000 as well.

Praise From War Authorities. Mr. Russell followed the trucks to England, in order to superintend their assembly at Salisbury Plains. This done, they were submitted to the inspection of the War Office, and met with approval of the director. "I see," he said in effect, "that you have made the sides of the bodies forty inches high. This is ten inches higher than the bodies of our cars, but this may be an advantage. Our first bodies were only twenty inches high and that proved to be too low."

When the mechanical transport outfit came before General Alderson, the commander of the Canadian contingent, he declared that it was not only the best and most efficient service in the contingent, but was on the whole, superior to that connected with the British Army.

A Four Month's Job Without Remuneration.

By the time Mr. Russell had completed his round of duties for the war department and returned to Canada about four months of his time had been taken up, for which, as was shown by his evidence before the committee in Ottawa the other day, he has not received one cent of remuneration personally. Neither was any remuneration obtained for the services of several men from his company, who assisted him in different capacities.

The Russell Motor Car Company, of course, made money on the cars, trucks, equipment, and cycles which it furnished the department. For example the company sold the department 25 Kelly-Springfield three-ton trucks at \$3,105 each, and 35 two-ton trucks at \$2,750 each; 126 motor truck bodies equipped at \$270 each; 3 Russell delivery wagons at \$1,650 each, and 7 Russell touring cars at \$2,750 each, less 10 per cent. According to the evidence before the committee the profits of the company were \$30,000, the basis being 10 per cent. The Russell Company was sent for the Kelly-Springfield truck including the cycles and motorcycles, which the Canada Cycle & Motor Co., a subsidiary company, had sold the department. It was stated before the investigating committee that the total profits of the Russell Company were estimated at \$48,000. These are, however, gross profits, from which the ordinary selling and administrative expenses must be deducted to arrive at actual net profits.

But that which Mr. Russell may be proud of is the success which has crowned his efforts. He has the approval of the War Office and the congratulations of the investigating committee.

WILL GIVE LESSONS TO FORD OWNERS

Ford owners are showing considerable interest in the recently announced plan of the St. John branch of the Ford Motor Company of Canada, Limited, to hold a series of meetings for the purpose of instructing owners in the care and operation of their cars. It is a well known fact that owners of all makes of cars are at times put to no little trouble and annoyance, because of a lack of knowledge of the principles of the gas engine. Broken wires, dirty spark plugs, etc., which are very easy to locate and remedy, when one has had a little instruction, sometimes spoil the pleasures of an afternoon's drive. It is with the idea of giving all Ford owners the necessary instructions to insure them of the maximum amount of pleasure and service from their cars, that the above plan was decided on.

USE OVERLAND DELIVERY CARS AT EXPOSITION

The officials of the San Francisco Exposition have purchased three Overland Light Delivery Cars for use in the electrical department which in charge the thousands of lights and signs at the exposition grounds.

The Overland dealer in San Francisco is to prove by exhaustive demonstrations that the car could stand the work of being in continuous service, as the cars are used for what the electricians call "shooting trouble." This means that when anything goes wrong, night or day, with electrical apparatus within the grounds, one of the Overlands is despatched in a hurry with emergency equipment, and a squad of men to the seat of trouble.

Other Overlands also are in daily use at the exposition, three touring cars having been purchased by the New York State Commission in entertaining distinguished guests.

THINGS WORTH KNOWING

A Convenience. A stiff piece of leather board of proper size having loops of elastic web makes a handy tool holder to slip into the pocket on the door.

Repairing a Casing. A canvas bag filled with sand having a suitable diameter makes a good substitute for an air bag in repairing castings.

Escape of Current. Frequently there will be a "cross" in the high-tension line that will not be observable without removing the hood when the engine is running in the dark.

Wrenches and Wrenches. "Alligator" wrenches should never be used around an automobile. The expert mechanic's wrench is a wrought steel "S" wrench whose length scientifically proportioned to the size of nut for which it is intended.

PRESIDENT JEWETT PREDICTS PROSPEROUS AUTOMOBILE YEAR

It is popularly supposed that the president of a tremendous manufacturing organization like the Paige-Detroit Motor Car Company sits in a very private office and with impressive seriousness directs the affairs of his company.

But President H. M. Jewett has a different conception of what his duties require. He believes in eternal watchfulness of business conditions and in securing exact information of the situation from every part of the country.

A few days ago he returned to Detroit after an extended trip that has practically required the past four months and during which Mr. Jewett covered the country from the Atlantic to the Pacific. He talked with big business executives, with prominent politicians and everywhere he secured complete reports of local conditions from Paige agents.

Upon his recent return to the factory, Mr. Jewett gave a strong talk in which he summed up the results of his investigating trip and put especially vigorous emphasis on his belief that the business of the country in general was sure to undergo a marked increase and that the automobile industry in particular will find 1915 a year of activity and prosperity as has been unknown in the past.

From the fact that what Mr. Jewett said was the result of a personal and unusually thorough investigation his remarks have added weight and should be very seriously considered by the executives of large industries as well as smaller businesses and retailers.

"In the New England States Mr. Jewett found every cotton and woolen mill straining every effort to produce

enough goods to meet the demand. The large leather houses of this section were also at the height of their activity. These industries are the backbone of New England prosperity and as long as they continue on the basis of their present production, there cannot be even a semblance of depression in that section.

"In the Central States and covering practically the entire area of the Mississippi Valley, nature, with the wise assistance of American farmers, has produced the greatest crop of recent years, representing a value in dollars that it is quite impossible to grasp.

"It was the remarkable sales record of our California distributor, Don Lee, that made me decide to thoroughly investigate conditions on the Pacific Coast, and from what I actually saw there and heard from reliable sources for future business are wonderful. I don't mean only for the automobile industry, but for trade in general.

"From a factory viewpoint I am sure we will have to give serious consideration to the requirements of the Pacific Coast on the delivery of Paige cars in the west, and I saw practically every one of them, believe that the possibilities for automobile sales are almost unlimited.

"Taking it all in all," concluded Mr. Jewett, "we can look forward to a year of splendid business."

Ford Lubrication. There are three principal points of lubrication in the Ford car that should receive special care. The crank-case supply, the universal joint and the differential gears.

Ford Car Owners
HAVE AN
Apelco Electric Starter
INSTALLED
Price Complete \$100.00

Imperial Garage and Motor Co.,
Phone M 2478
27-33 Paradise Row

The Light Six As It Will Be



7-Passenger Phaeton
3-Passenger Roadster

We Buy Cars To Compare with the Hudson

We buy about every new model which seems good enough for others to buy. We take them apart. We compare their road service with Hudsons. Hudson engineers know the good things developed anywhere. Any feature we omit is left out for good reason.

Each car has some unique features—differences on which to base claims. But practically all those features have been refused or discarded, or bettered in Hudson cars.

Even Extra Weight. Extra weight is featured as a virtue in some Light Sixes.

The truth is that every needless pound is expense. You pay for it daily in fuel and tires. An extra of 450 pounds is the weight of three adults, to be carried constantly.

Hudson weighs 2570 pounds. It is the lightest of its type. But lightness requires skilful designing, costly materials, aluminum, special steels, etc. It also requires time. Four years were spent in attaining the refinement you see in this Hudson. Those are the real reasons why other Light Sixes are heavier than Hudsons.

Is Hudson Right?

Nearly every motor car buyer seeks lightness today. He is weary of overtax. And he wants all the lightness he can get without sacrificing strength. The Hudson gives you that.

It is known to be right because Howard E. Coffin designed it. And because every part is built to Hudson standards.

It is known to be right because over 12,000 owners have tested this car. They have driven it at least 30 million miles. Not a fault has been found in it, not a weakness or shortcoming.

You will find in this Hudson your ideal car. It is handsome, luxurious, and finely-finished. Every detail shows the final touch. It is the pioneer of its type, the lightest, the most improved. It is the only Light Six which has been so well tried out.

This Hudson will be your first choice. Don't wait to grove this. This spring, as last spring, there is sure to be a vast over-demand for this car.

7-Passenger Phaeton or 3-Passenger Roadster, \$2,100 f. o. b. Detroit. Duty paid.

HUDSON MOTOR CAR CO., Detroit, Mich
The Hudson service which goes with Hudson cars will surprise you in its extent and completeness. Let us explain it.

HUDSON Light Six Sold by

Motor Car & Equipment Co., Ltd.
Distributing Agents

108-114 Princess Street - Saint John, N. B.



How Blow-Outs Are Reduced to a Minimum by



"Dominion" Nobby Treads

Blow-outs are due—nine times out of ten—to faulty or careless construction. A wrinkle, moisture, sand or some other gritty substance has been allowed to remain between the piles of fabric that form the skeleton of the tire. The driving friction soon wears a hole in the fabric and bang goes your tire.

When You Buy NOBBY Treads Nine Chances of a Blow-Out Are Eliminated

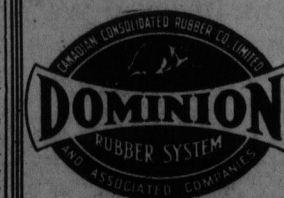
Because the fabric construction of "DOMINION" Nobby treads—like every other process of their manufacture—is scientifically accurate—the work of the most perfect tire machinery yet devised.

Every ply of the fabric—upon which the strength of the tire depends—is minutely tested and dried before it is put through the huge machines that force rubber at tremendous pressure through every pore and fibre.

Human carelessness or fallibility has no chance to spoil the perfect work—all the vital work on NOBBY Treads is carried out with unflinching accuracy by specially constructed machines.

These facts are worth remembering when you are next buying tires.

Don't Experiment—Buy "DOMINION" NOBBY Treads and be Sure



Canadian Consolidated Rubber Co., Limited

