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ST. CATHARINES, ONTARIO.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 16, 1920

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PRICE—TWO CENTS.

COURT RULES THAT IT IS THE BUSINESS OF THE COMMANDING OFFICER TO FIND OUT WHERE ALL THE MONEY WENT

Colonel Burleigh Says He Cannot Get Hold of Any Papers—Points Out That He Had to Delegate to Others Tasks He Could Not Look After Himself in Connection With Force.

The military enquiry into the 19th regiment finances yesterday afternoon the examination of Major George R. Bradley was continued. He presented duplicate counter sales slip representing ration and extras supplied by Bradley and Son to the 19th Regt. The extras included eggs, pies, milk, candles, coal oil, twine, wrapping paper, pickles, oranges, etc. sold then at 28 cents a dozen. Asked about the horse allowance Major Bradley stated that he covered his posts on foot and by street car. Col. Thompson used a horse and buggy while acting as medical officer. Major Wilson always used a motor car.

All of the extras were not supplied by his firm he said, but only when they could not be got from the other merchants. Asked regarding an agreement to supply Lieut. Smythe's extra. Bradley said he had no knowledge of it. The store might have supplied them without his knowledge.

There was no arrangement that the surplus should be handed over to Burleigh," said the witness. "If the firm received more than 45 cents per man, the surplus would be handed back to the person who paid the bill—the paymaster of the 19th Regiment.

Excerpts from Major Bradley's evidence at Colonel Campbell's investigation in 1915 were read by Colonel Smyth in which he was credited with saying, he was reminded of a conversation he had in which his firm was to get the entire 15 cents a day applied to the overseas contingent. He said that statement was

Answering President Cruikshank Major Bradley said it was reasonable to believe the reason might have been that because the men were being housed in the 19th Armories the reference should go to the Regiment payment for housing.

At no time, Major Bradley said, did the officers mess at Niagara Falls receive any rations from the men's mess. The officers drew subsistence allowance and drew no rations. Colonel Burleigh cross examined Bradley, asking if there had ever been any contract made by him with Bradley and Son were to supply rations. He said there was just an agreement—not contract. He said there was no agreement whereby Bradley's were to get 40c per man and Burleigh 35c.

Questioned with reference to the bill alleged to have been rendered for the Fourth Overseas Contingent Major Bradley said he did not know how it came on the 19th Regt. files or how it came off. It was a very unusual bill. "Did I even ask you to pay any money to Capt. McKinley?" asked Col. Burleigh.

Major Smyth questioned Bradley as to whether there were any married men on the strength, he said there were but he had never heard of any man not getting his marriage allowance if he was entitled to it.

The next witness was C. W. Hodgins, special investigator with the Paymaster General's Dept. He examined all the pay lists from the 4th of August, 1914, to Nov. 1, 1915. He found that horse and forage allowance had been drawn as follows: Col. Burleigh \$815 for horse; \$8.90 for forage.

THE WEATHER

TORONTO, Jan. 16.—The area of high pressure is now centred north of the Ottawa Valley and very cold weather prevails in Ontario and Quebec. A fairly pronounced disturbance is approaching the great lakes from the westward while another severe cold wave is likely to spread into the western provinces from the north.

FORECASTS — Strong easterly winds with snow today and part of Saturday. Temperature moderating somewhat tonight.

It's Reeve Rivett Of Niagara Tp. By Two Majority

As a result of a recount: of the ballots of Niagara Township election before Judge Campbell this morning T. B. Rivett was declared elected Reeve over William McLaren by a majority of two.

Mr. McLaren was declared elected the night of election, by two of a majority.

A mistake of four votes was found by the Judge at the Queenston Poll.

LECTURE POSTPONED
Owing to the extreme cold and the late arrival of the train, it was not possible for Archdeacon Perry to give the lecture which was announced for the Queen Street Baptist church last night in aid of the Inter-Church Forward Movement.

MR. MITCHELL SPOKE
Mr. Roy Mitchell, director of the Hart House Theatre, University of Toronto, gave a most valuable and entertaining lecture last night before the Arts and Crafts Club at the Welland. The title of his remarks was "The New Art of the Theatre." Mr. Mitchell recently took over the work in connection with the Hart House in Toronto which was erected by the Massey family and presented to the University for the use of male students. It is one of the finest buildings of its kind in the world, it is said.

Round-Up of Provincial Officers Results in the Conviction of Five Men

As a result of a visit of the city of Inspector A. E. Savits of the Provincial License Department with three men H. H. Cross, George Rutko and James Signorella, half dozen men were landed in police court today charged with selling liquor illegally. The following fines were imposed: Mike Kazako \$218, which fine was paid. Tony Kuzmuck \$268, which will be paid. Joseph Franklin, Gus Ferranto and

Thomas Auburn, \$216 each. They will pay.

Steve Slouk fought his case and was given until tomorrow to bring witnesses. He, however, admitted getting a bottle for Inspector Cross and taking \$3 for it. He said he got it from a man next door.

The foreigners were all from the Macaroni boarding houses at John Street and the officers found no trouble in both buying bottle and getting drunks on the premises.

HUNGARY HANDED TERMS OF PEACE
PARIS, Jan. 16.—The terms of peace for Hungary framed by the Peace Conference were handed to the Hungarian delegation here yesterday afternoon. The Hungarians were given fifteen days in which to present their observations.

Chatham Board of Education will ask that the school act be amended to permit of compulsory surgical treatment of children when minor physical defects interfere with proper schooling.

Supreme Court at Ottawa. Mr. Griffiths' contention is that the Dominion Government can only regulate inter provincial and international prices.

PRESENT MAYOR APPEARS AGAINST HIS PREDECESSOR

Action Arising Out of Negotiations for Sale of Paper Which Did Not Materialize—Option Money to Be Returned on Condition Damage Claim Was Cancelled.

In the county court this morning before Judge Campbell, the present Mayor, Capt. E. J. Lovelace, on behalf of himself and J. E. Booker, E. J. Billings, and J. Lunan, appeared in an action brought against ex-Mayor Elson for recovery of \$500.00 and damages for alleged breach of contract with respect to a proposed sale of the Journal last autumn just before the provincial election. Capt. Lovelace and his associates were acting as trustees for a company which it was proposed to form to take over the Journal plant, newspaper, etc., and they made a payment of \$500 to Mr. Elson as an option without any date of expiry. Negotiations were conducted through a third party and according to the tentative understanding Mr. Elson was to give possession of the plant within forty eight hours on certain terms. The plaintiffs had Mr. McCarron draw up an agreement which was submitted to Mr. Elson but the latter, on the advice of his solicitor, declined to sign because the agreement was not what the defendant held it should be. Plaintiffs were willing later to draft a new agreement to include certain features that had been omitted but Mr. Elson did not care to accept the terms of payment proposed and later made a different proposal which, however, was not taken up.

In the meantime Capt. Lovelace and those associated with him entered suit to recover the money they had paid and also asked for damages. The defendant Elson before the court this morning appeared in his own behalf and said he did not wish to retain the option money and would consent to judgment but not if the damage claim was pressed. In fact if it were pressed, he would decline to return the money but would contest, if he were permitted to do so, the whole case. It was agreed, however, without any difficulty and in a few minutes, that if Elson would return the option deposit and pay interest and the costs of the action the whole matter would close. This was consented to, the defendant stating that he was satisfied to return the money and dismiss the whole transaction but only on the understanding that the question of damages should not be considered.

SAD DEATH OF MRS. JOHN WILSON
A correspondent writes: A cloud of gloom was spread over the town of Merriton on Thursday when the death of Louise Bradley, beloved wife of John Wilson, was announced, she having answered her call about noon after an illness of ten days duration.

Deceased was born in Merriton 32 years ago, and was a daughter of the late Casper Bradley, and Mrs. Bradley, with whom she always made her home. Her life was always full of sunshine and was extremely popular with every person with whom she came in contact. In religion she was a sincere member of St. James Church also of the Sunday School, Ladies Aid Sewing Circle, and, in fact she was a worker in every organization that led to good causes, and was never known to say "no" when her hands could be of assistance in sickness or trouble.

Beside her sorrowing husband, she is survived by her mother, Mrs. Margaret Bradley, two infant babies (twins) a girl and a boy, ten days old, one sister, Miss Jennie Bradley, and one brother, Robert, all of Merriton, are left to survive the loss of an affectionate wife, mother, daughter and sister.

In the death of the late Mrs. Wilson, Merriton has lost one of its most highly esteemed residents, and sincere sympathy is being extended to the bereaved family in their hour

FEDERAL BOARD ALLEGES UNFAIR METHODS BY ARMOUR AND COMPANY

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The Federal trade commission yesterday cited Armour & Co. of Chicago in a formal complaint alleging unfair methods of competition in violation of the federal trade commission act and the Clayton act.

The complaint charged that Armour & Co. by acquiring control of two competing concerns, first the Look-out Refining company of Chattanooga, Tenn., and second the Harris Tannery company of sylv., N.C. has eliminated its rivals in the commodity of lard, and in the process created monopolistic conditions in favor of Armour & Co. in the sections of the country in which these two former competitors operated.

Armour & Co. have forty days in which to file answer.

Varied Views Over Firemen Breakers Looked For Ahead as Result of Organization of Union Among Firemen—Opinions Differ in City Council.

There are reports current in the city that one of the shoals to which the new council is likely to drift at its next meeting is the request of the firemen to be heard by the council, not as firemen, but as members of an organized union. The same difficulty has arisen in several other centres of population. In some, councils have refused to recognize unions among civic employees, and in others they have been tolerated after friction has wasted itself.

Don't Like Idea.
It is stated that several members of the new council in this city do not approve of the course taken by the firemen in organizing a union because of the fact that they are employed by the city and that trouble might some time occur which would place the citizens and their property at a disadvantage. These same councilors are known to be not opposed to unions or the principles of unionism in trades outside of civic or Government employment.

On the other hand, two or three members are understood to be ready to back up the firemen in what they have done and will also be sympathetic to their requests for increased wages. How the two opposing opinions will be reconciled is the problem.

Europe Facing Probable War With Soviets

Bolshevik Successes in Europe and Asia Alarm Entente Powers.
LONDON, Jan. 16.—Before peace with Germany is a week old the British public has been brought up sharply against the possibility of another war. Winston Spencer Churchill, Secretary of War; Walter Hume Long, First Lord of the Admiralty; Baron Beatty, Commander of the Grand Fleet, and Field Marshal Sir Henry H. Wilson, Chief of the Imperial Staff, left London last night, having been hurriedly summoned to Paris for a consultation with Premier Lloyd George and other British officials there on important military and naval matters.

Control All European Russia.
This summons is inevitably connected in the public mind with the semi official statement published yesterday calling attention to the very threatening situation in the Middle East as a result of Bolshevik military successes, which have given the Soviets virtual mastery of the whole of European Russia, for, although it is not yet confirmed that they have entered Odessa, it is believed it cannot be long before they are in full

of trouble.
The funeral will be held on Sunday afternoon from the family residence, Merritt and Dishar streets, to Victoria Lawn Cemetery.

FINE COMPLIMENT IS PAID LATE FRANK MCKINLEY BY A BROTHER OFFICER

Questioned at the Enquiry This Morning With Reference to the Manner in Which Accounts Were Kept—President Makes Some Comments

At the military enquiry here this morning into the finances of the 19th Regiment, which did frontier guard duty a fine compliment was paid by Major A. E. Bradley, to Captain A. Frank McKinley, of this city, a former Toronto young man, who was killed in the fighting at Amiens. He enlisted with the St. Catharines company of the 81st Battalion, after acting as paymaster on the frontier force. Captain McKinley was employed at McLaren's for years.

The question raised was whether it would have been possible for bogus names to be signed to the payrolls of the force, or of names being signed by others and the man not getting the money.

"With reference to Captain McKinley's payroll if a man's name was down I would stake everything I have that that man was paid and if he says he wasn't he was just lying," said Bradley. "I knew Captain McKinley well and I went with him often to pay parades and I would stake my life on his absolute honesty."

The President General Cruikshank asked Bradley if he had knowledge if the whole amount deducted from possession of these coast regions. By their victories the Bolsheviks have secured command of enormous supplies of food, raw materials, coal and rolling stock and other means of transportation they formerly were in need of.

May Attack Poland.
Speculation is active in the European Capitals as to what will be the next move of the Bolsheviks. It is regarded as certain that, flushed with success, they will not be content with their present conquests, but will seek to extend Bolshevism either eastward or westward. Expert military opinion inclines to the belief that their next move will be an attack on Poland and the Baltic States, and Warsaw despatches to the London papers already indicate that the Poles are fully anticipating such a move.

The Soviets now undoubtedly command formidable forces, but not sufficient to warrant an attempt to advance both east and west.

The frozen body of Wm. Gilland was found in his home near Cardington, with a bullet wound under the chin, penetrating to the brain.

U. S. to Be Bone Dry To-night; Millions to Enforce the Law
Huge Organization to See That Citizens Get No Drink—Blind Pigs Shunned After Recent Revelations.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—One minute after midnight tonight the United States goes dry as a bone, under the eighteenth amendment to the constitution, and on January 17 will see the whole country under prohibition.

Internal Commissioner of Revenue Gaylor has stated it will require six years to make the country absolutely "dry," but to all intents and purposes the Government's organization for the enforcement of prohibition has been already so organized that there is no refreshment save such concoctions as are based on bay rum, etc. There are, of course, exceptions, where liquor can be obtained from bootleggers, "speak easies," "blind pigs" and equally "bling tigers," but the price charged by these illicit operators is so high as to be a kind of prohibition in itself, and the danger to the consumer has made the word "blind" no joke. This

the men for field allowance was spent for extra rations.

"I don't know," was the reply. "Who can tell us this?" "I cannot say." "This should be established," commented the General. It is very important that it should be. "Was this carried on in a businesslike way in your opinion?" "I may say I think supplies were bought to the very best advantage." "Were the accounts kept in a businesslike way?" "I know nothing about the accounts." "Were any detailed statements kept?" "I don't know." "Should they not have been kept?" "Yes. But when we went on duty not one of the officers knew what we were to do." "But wouldn't common sense prompt you to use every care as a guard against future criticism, don't you think?" asked the General. "Yes, I can see that now," replied the officer.

"You would ask in ordinary business?" "Yes."

LOTS OF "ACTING" BUT LITTLE ACTION.
OTTAWA, Jan. 16.—The Union Ministry is in the throes of another rearrangement. Ottawa is speculating as to whether it is Cabinet construction or Cabinet chaos. Two portfolios are vacant, Public Works and Militia and Defence. An endeavor to get Hon. A. K. Mclellan to take Public Works is believed to have been unsuccessful. Mr. Maclellan, like Gen. Mewburn, wants to get out.

The "hangers-on" are not anxious to court the verdict of a by-election by any new appointment to the Ministry. The general expectation is that they will appoint certain of themselves as Acting Ministers. Sir Geo. Foster, and Hon. N. W. Rowell have already qualified in this respect, and it is expected that Hon. J. A. Calder will become Acting Minister of Militia, and Hon. Dr. Reid Acting Minister of Public Works.

It has not yet been decided whether former Premier Stalworth will stand for the vacant constituency of Papeley.

Under the prohibition law the Commissioner at Washington will serve a number of Superintendents, with groups of States under their jurisdiction. Each State has a director, who, in turn, has a number of subordinates.

Prohibition Commissioner Kremer has asked for an emergency appropriation of several millions for the enforcement of the law, but this will be only a drop in the bucket of what the law will need when full organization is effected. The Government will lose between \$300,000,000 and \$500,000,000 in revenue from fermented and distilled liquors, and similarly States and cities will lose huge sums they have heretofore collected from this source.

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WHAT IS TO BE DONE

Now that the municipal election period is over with its excitement, prejudices and contest yarns, the public is beginning to think again with some degree of sobriety. The fogs with which the minds of electors were beclouded have cleared away and St. Catharines appears as a city of about 20,000, practically what it was three years ago, with no signs of any large industrial development.

Soon one month out of the twelve will have passed and the opportunity for carrying out the resolutions of new stewardship will have been presented. What will the next eleven months record in the way of constructive administration?

Last year, it will be recalled, the Mayor devoted his time conscientiously and seriously to accomplishing what most people admit to be a necessity—railway improvement. Not only did he endeavor to have a scheme brought forward which would give greatly improved facilities to the people but there would have been a revenue coming in annually of \$2,000 for that sum could have been obtained from the property which remains vacant on the west side of Ontario St.

To their expectations in this regard we intend to hold those two members, and we ask them now, on behalf of the people who are denied the service they might have got, what is proposed for this year. To certain facts we would again draw the attention not only of those members but also of the readers of The Journal.

First the power shortage, which the late Mayor, in a letter to the press, pointed out as existing does exist and advertisements are appearing in the Toronto papers asking users to be careful.

Second, until a greater supply of Hydro power is available, which will not be till the Chippawa Canal scheme is finished, no Hydro line will be built into St. Catharines nor operated if built.

Third, it will probably be three years before this additional power can be released, and unless some other scheme is devised St. Catharines will have to wait for those three years for improvements it could have commenced to get this coming spring.

Fourth, if the Council proceeds along the lines of doing nothing but framing imaginary theories with respect to railway and industrial development it must expect to be called strictly to account at the end of 1920. Its books will be audited and if there is a shortage of railway improvements the electors who were led to believe in theories will have a right to ask if they were not hoodwinked.

IF KIDNEYS AND BLADDER BOTHER

Take Salts to Flush Kidneys and Neutralize Irritating Acids.

Kidney and Bladder weakness result from uric acid, says a noted authority. The kidneys filter this acid from the blood and pass it on to the bladder, where it often remains to irritate and inflame, causing a burning, scalding sensation, or setting up an irritation at the neck of the bladder, obliging you to seek relief two or three times during the night.

Bladder weakness, most folks call it, because they can't control urination. While it is extremely annoying and sometimes very painful, this is really one of the most simple ailments to remedy. Get about four ounces of Jad Salts from your pharmacist and take a table-spoonful in a glass of water before breakfast, continue this for two or three days. This will neutralize the acids in the urine so it no longer is a source of irritation to the bladder and urinary organs which then act normally again.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is used by thousands of folks who are subject to urinary disorders, caused by uric acid irritation. Jad Salts is sold to kidneys and causes no bad effects whatever.

Here you have a pleasant effervescent, light-water drink, which quickly relieves bladder trouble.

The Journal has made many enquiries from all classes of people and with scarcely an exception it has been found that more railway facilities were wanted. The city reservation discovered has been among those who have been led to believe that the Hydro Radial will do all that could be done through an arrangement with the N. S. and T. It has also been found that many persons never think of the N. S. and T. as a government-owned railway but regard it with the same prejudice that existed against it when it was privately owned.

So far as The Journal is concerned it cares not how the improvements come, whether by arrangement with the N. S. and T. or the Hydro, or both, but it recognizes that the one scheme is possible at once and the other means three or four years delay. We cannot wait three years and at the same time expect railway and industrial expansion. St. Catharines will still be 20,000 only in 1923 unless men in this year's Council have progressive public ideas and do something that will give additional facilities for home builders and industries.

Time will show whether our views or those of the stand patters are the sounder.

COLLEGE RE-ESTABLISHMENT

Most of the Canadian colleges established and maintained by the Churches were financed before the war on the expectation that a certain part of the necessary expenditure would be met by students' fees. After the fourth of August, 1914, the students began to go into khaki, and for four years the theological colleges, in particular, were practically empty. It was necessary to maintain the classes, to pay the staffs, and in many cases to increase salaries to match the high cost of living. At the same time, the outlays for maintenance grew rapidly.

Real Rembrandt Is Now in the Toronto Museum

Story of How It Got to Toronto From the Museum at Colmar is Most Interesting—Bought in 1840

The story of how the portrait of Magdalena Van Loo, by Rembrandt, which has charmed beholders for between two hundred and fifty and three hundred years, travelled from the Museum at Colmar to the Toronto Art Museum, where it now hangs as part of the sixth loan exhibition, was told by Professor Mavor, chairman of the committee which had the arrangements for the exhibition in hand. Art connoisseurs in New York are reported to be intensely interested to hear the famous picture is here.

"This picture," said Professor Mavor, when the Telegram requested information, "was bought by the Museum at Colmar about 1840, and had been there all along since then. The mayor of Colmar sold it, as far as anyone knows, legally, and the amount he got for it was put to the credit of the town. As mayor he was entitled to realize on town property. There is no question of German loot in the same sense as when they came into Brussels and removed pictures from there. It is quite another thing for them to realize upon their own property. The Germans added to the Museum at Colmar during the period of occupation, and it is quite probable that they put in there as much as they carried away.

"Absolutely genuine" "This picture was sold to a dealer in Munich, some time before the war, and from there it went to Stockholm, where it remained for some time. Afterwards it was brought to New York, and after about a month it was sold to Mr. Wood. It is an absolute genuine Rembrandt—that is the opinion of men who know a great deal more about it than I do. It is a very beautiful picture, and it is fortunate that some one in Toronto was able to acquire it. If the citizens of Colmar desire to get it back, they no doubt could arrange that, but so

ly. The item for coal alone was important. Readily it can be understood that the result was a series of deficits. In some cases, there were covered by special donations from friends of the colleges, but it is clear to all associated with these important institutions that a general enlargement of endowment funds is urgently required. The colleges of Canada have done excellent work since their establishment through the toil and sacrifice of pioneer Canadians. There is no prouder page in the annals of the Churches of Canada than that which records their constant interest in education. The colleges have educated the clergy who have positions of leadership in the Dominion, and the missionaries who are giving their lives in ardent toil the world over. They must be maintained as centres of inspiration for coming generations.

One of the aims of the Forward Movement, now engaging the attention of five Christian Commissions in Canada is to put the colleges on a solid financial foundation. It is an object that must commend itself to every patriotic citizen whether he be an active churchman or not. Education is the mainstay of democracy.

for they have not expressed any such desire. There has been no mystery about the matter at all; everything has been plain and above-board.

PAID HIGH PRICE Professor Mavor pointed out that the painting was not a national monument in any sense. Rembrandt was not a Colmar man, and it was just as reasonable that it should be here as in Colmar.

"The price paid for it," he added, "was not the price of stolen goods. The Munich people paid a large price for it, and a comparatively large price was paid for it by its present owner." Professor Mavor contradicted the idea that its presence in New York was not known, and that if it had been, others would gladly have snapped it up at a larger figure than a Toronto man would be likely to give.

ON OPEN MARKET "Shortly after its arrival in New York," he said, "I had a letter from a friend telling me that this picture was there. It was open to the hundreds of connoisseurs in the States. It was openly exposed, one of the largest art dealers, and its presence there was well known."

PAID \$300,000 FOR IT The New York newspapers say that Mr. Wood paid \$300,000 for the picture, which was sold by Henry Reinhardt & Sons and M. Knoedler & Co., of New York. The history of the painting as narrated in the New York Evening Sun, is this:

A Frenchman named Henri Rabat presented this Rembrandt to the Colmar Museum in 1842. It remained there until 1917 when the town sold it in order to buy a famous ancient abbey of the Annonciates in the environs, which was the property of a German named Spetz. This man had filled it with paintings and statuary, antique furniture, tapestries, and marvels of all kinds. Upon his death his heirs offered to sell the abbey to the town, and the mayor and municipality judged the purchase to be a good one. But there wasn't any money to pay the heirs their price. This was in 1917.

Finally it was decided to part with the Rembrandt and a valuable and historic medallion in order to get the necessary funds. These were sold to a Finnish collector, whose home is at Litzén. And this collector sold the picture to the two art firms of his city jointly.

"About six weeks ago Mr. Wood in passing through New York was told of the picture being here, and he lost no time in going to view it, and very little time in producing the money to buy it.

"The picture is a portrait of Magdalena van Loo, second wife of Titus, Rembrandt's son. It was painted about 1665 for a pendant to portrait of Titus himself, which the great master painted in 1663.

"The portrait represents a handsome woman with rather a thin face, but a most gentle and ingratiating expression. Her hair is done in the old Dutch fashion, smooth over the brow with a tangle of tiny little curls. The light falls from above on face and shoulders, which are bare, and on her arms, folded over a little King Charles terrier. On both wrists pearls are shown, and around her neck is a pearl necklace. A fine chain, which is almost invisible, suspends a large jewelled ornament which catches the light in the magical Rembrandt manner.

"This picture is painted in Rembrandt's third or latest manner. It is pronounced by connoisseurs to be among the best of his paintings of this period of work."

JUDGE SHOCKED TO LEARN HE HAD APPOINTED FIREBUG FIRE INSURANCE ADJUSTER

CHICAGO, Jan. 15.—Judge K. M. Landis, nemesis of the firebugs and fake merchants who burn stocks and stores stuffed with empty boxes and collect from the insurance companies, received a terrific shock today when he discovered that he recently had appointed Nathan Spira, a notorious firebug, as receiver for the Hartfield Bag Company. "Something has been put over on me," said the Judge, after a search of the records showed he had appointed Spira. "This is a mystery. I never appointed this man a fire adjuster. I know Spira. Everybody knows him. You can smell the odor of burning rags whenever he is near. I know his record from head to tail. He is the most notorious firebug in the city. I certainly must have been asleep when he was appointed a fire adjuster."

ELMAN TAKES OUT HIS NATURALIZATION PAPERS

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—Mischa Elman, violinist, took out his first naturalization papers today. Elman rescribed himself at twenty eight years old, born at Tolnoy, Kiev, Russia, and residing in New York. He said he came to the United States from London, September 15, 1914, and set himself down as a "violin artist."



A heavy snowfall in Paris. The snow covered German cannon in the Court Yard of the Invalides.



CHANGING conditions have given the Dominion a new electorate—the women of Canada.

Canadian womanhood, to take full advantage of its prerogatives, to take its proper place in the management of Canadian affairs, must keep informed on the questions of the hour—must have the knowledge of events that will be the foundation of definite opinions on public questions.

Women Must Read the Daily Newspaper

The extension of the franchise to women was the fulfillment of a policy consistently advocated by The Globe in season and out of season.

But this is only the beginning. Womanhood must serve as well as vote. They must advocate reforms that are badly needed.

There must be legislation for the aged, as well as for the young, pensions for mothers, educational improvements, unemployment and sickness insurance.

These are some of the questions on which the womanhood of Canada will now have to take sides. Therefore, in this respect, The Globe has a special appeal for progressive, right thinking Canadian women.

The Globe is not a political organ. It never has submitted to outside dictation. It supports progressive liberalism, because it believes that true liberalism draws its inspiration from the needs of the people.

Its daily Women's Department and Thursday's Women's Section have a special interest for womanhood in the home. It was the first Toronto paper to establish a women's department, edited for all Canadian homemakers.

The Globe is first and last a Great Family Newspaper. It serves the women in the home, in public life, in business, in the professions and in industry.

What The Globe has been in the past is its guarantee of what it will be in the future. The aim of its publishers and its Editor is to take advantage of the tremendous facilities at its disposal—to make it even more worthy of a place in every Canadian home.

The Globe TORONTO

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KING GEORGE THEATRE TO-DAY and SATURDAY Wm. Fox Presents Madlaine Traversé In the Compelling and Mighty Drama "The Splendid Sin" "Under Arrest" The Fourteenth Episode of the Big Street Serial "The Great Gamble" The Harold Lloyd Comedies British Canadian News Mat. 10c; Eve. 15c and 10c

PHELAN'S Vulcanizing Works Rubber Tires for all vehicles. Tire repairing of all kinds. We sell tires of all makes 20 St. Paul St. W. Phone 784

GENERAL CARTER Office Phone 229—Residence 587 JOHN O'BRIEN Corner Queenston and Calvin Streets Our facilities for handling furniture or Pianos are unexcelled. We will undertake to do teaming of any kind. If it's to be moved send for O'BRIEN. Also Sanit and Gravel. Machinery moving a specialty.

- (1) Chateau Frontenac. (2) Toboggan Slide. Hill, Quebec.

Mayor Lavigneur of Quebec announced that the officials of the Winter Sports Season will open on Tuesday, February 16th with a grand parade. Snowshoe and kindred classes will last a month. An extensive programme of races and sports has been ending with a grand carnival on February 14th to 17th.

Since Winter Sports has become popular as those of us there is no need for any more the dreariness of December and February. To skate freely upon an open-air rink; or one's skis/shoes over the ice impassable for the pedestrian; to jump from a height and get to the bottom safely; to toboggan at the rate of a press train and, most fascinating of all, perhaps, to slide on the sleds which are still on this side of the Atlantic and more does Winter of devotees.

Skating and skiing require practice before one is an expert. Skating is a perfectly simple; all one need will do, the soul to dare. Winter's icy mantle of waters and spreads a beautiful snow over the land—the sports are at their best. "Our Lady of the Snows", of winter pastime flourish Quebec, Canada's oldest outdoor life takes on a new after. Situated on the St. River, easily accessible Quebec offers to her guests a feigned welcome. At the Frontenac, the huge hotel C.P.R. has built on Dufferin the winter guest will find indoor comfort and outdoor life. Have alike been considered. First, one in the country skaters, the other in the cafe for the curlers; a toboggan on Dufferin Terrace, the greatest attraction. Skis, bob-sleds—these are a few of the inducements those who love an outdoor hills which surround the ideal for skating and skiing is as easy to

TEETH—TEETH DR. MOYER AND MOYER Main Street, Moyer Bldg., 111 St. Catharines, N.Y. Guaranteed. Industry. Good set of teeth heavy gold crown \$5. Write for dental price list. We repair false. Business established 25 years. Work guaranteed. Canadian money accepted. No discount.

Poultry Food and Supplies Dr. Hess' Poultry Preparation Pratt's Poultry Regulator Royal Purple Poultry Supplement

J. K. Black Estate 25 James St. Phone 100 Canada Food Board Ltd. No. 9-399

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LUMBER James M. McBride George St. near Wellington Telephone 41

Enjoying the Winter in Old Quebec

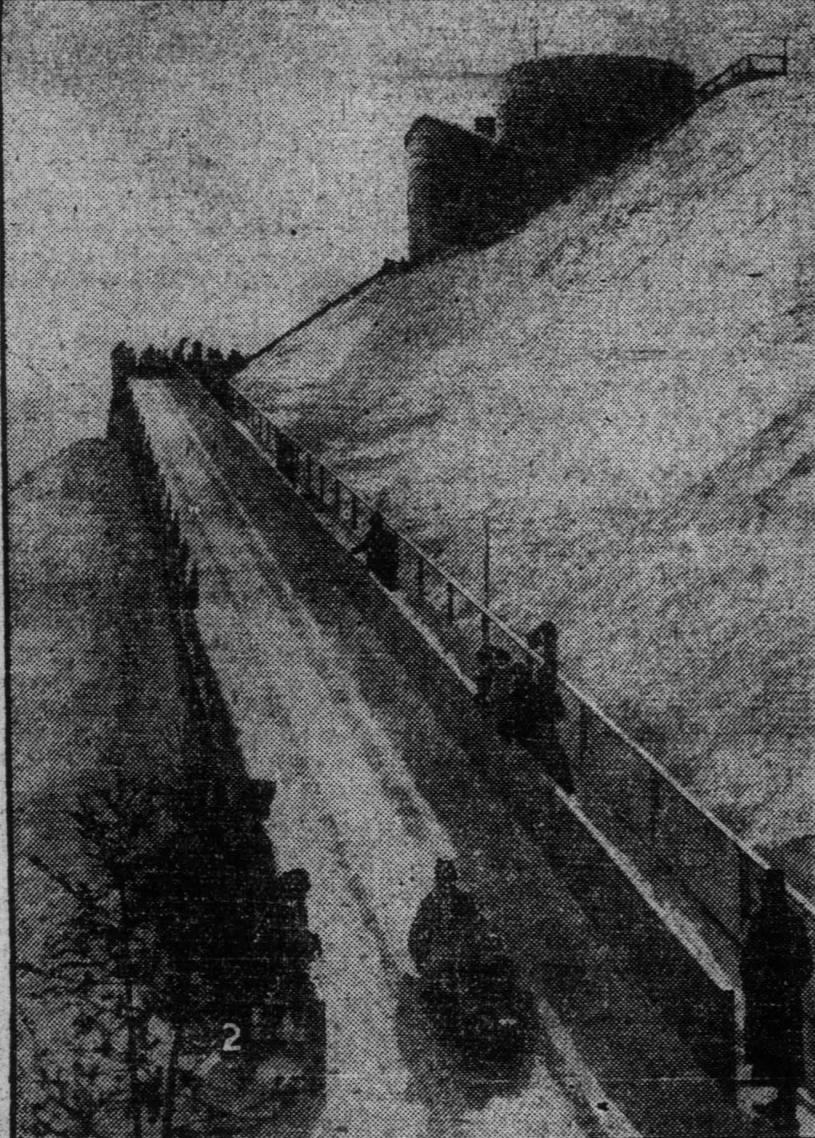


(1) Chateau Frontenac, Quebec. (2) Toboggan Slide, Citadel Hill, Quebec.

Have L'Anjou of Quebec has announced that the official opening of the Winter Sport Season in that city will open on Tuesday, January 19th, with a grand parade of the Snowshoe and Kindred Clubs. The season will last a month, and an attractive programme of week-end races and sports has been arranged, ending with a grand carnival from February 14th to 17th.

Since Winter Sports have become as popular as those of Summer, there is no need for anyone to dread the dreariness of December, January and February. To skate rhythmically upon an open-air rink; to tramp on one's snowshoes over fields which are impassable for the ordinary pedestrian; to jump from an immense height and yet to land, upright and graceful, on one's skis; to toboggan at the rate of an express train and, most fascinating of all, perhaps, to slide on the Swiss bob-sleighs which are still a novelty on this side of the Atlantic—all this and more does Winter offer to her devotees.

Skating and skiing require some practice before one is an adept, but sliding and snowshoeing are perfectly simple; all one needs is "the will to do, the soul to dare." Where winter's icy mantle covers the waters and spreads a blanket of snow over the land—there winter sports are at their best. In Canada, "Our Lady of the Snows," every type of winter pastime flourishes; and in Quebec, Canada's oldest City, the outdoor life takes on a new character. Situated on the St. Lawrence River, easily accessible by train, Quebec offers to her guests an unfeigned welcome. At the Chateau Frontenac, the huge hotel which the C.P.R. has built on Dufferin Terrace, the winter guest will find that his indoor comfort and outdoor sport have alike been considered. Two Parks, one in the courtyard for the skaters, the other in the summer garden for the curriers, a toboggan slide built on Dufferin Terrace, and perhaps, greatest attraction of all, the Swiss bob-sleighs—these are but a few of the inducements offered to those who love an outdoor life. The hills which surround the city make it ideal for skiing, and the broad countyside is as easy to traverse on snowshoes today, as when the Indians swept over it three hundred long winters ago. After a day out of doors, one is ready to return to the hotel for an evening of dancing and other allied amusements. The Chateau Frontenac is the centre of Quebec's social life, the magnet which draws to it all that is vivacious and charming of her society. No one who has been present at her New Year's Dance in the Chateau Frontenac can ever forget it; and this season the social life



in the Ancient Capital bids fair to eclipse even its own brilliant past. To the guest, the "Chambres Canadiennes" are sure to make a strong appeal. They form one of the several Period Suites in the hotel, and, as the name implies, are typically French-Canadian. In naming them after Jacques Cartier, Champlain, and Montcalm, it is an effort to make them represent rooms in the manoir of a French-Canadian seigneur.—J. L. 2.



Constipated Children Gladly Take 'California Syrup of Figs'

For the Liver and Bowels

Tell your druggist you want genuine "California Syrup of Figs." Full directions and dose for babies and children of all ages who are constipated, bilious, feverish, fongue-coated, or full of cold, are plainly printed on the bottle. Look for the name "California" and accept no other "Fig Syrup."

VATICAN SUBSCRIBES TO ITALY'S NATIONAL LOAN

ROME, Jan. 15.—The Vatican has subscribed 20,000,000 lire to the sixth national loan, according to The Messaggero, which says the subscriptions have surpassed 10,000,000,000 lire. This is the first time the newspaper states, that the Vatican has participated in such a loan.

DETERMINE HOTEL PRICES IN FRISCO FOR CONVENTION

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 15.—Prices to be charged for accommodations in San Francisco during the Democratic national convention will be determined in advance by the general arrangements committee. C. W. Fay, Chairman, announced today.

A match has been tentatively arranged between Jimmy Wilde and Frankie Mason at Milwaukee. Mason agrees to make 108 pounds, and the bout will be for Wilde's world's title.

The Vatican has subscribed 20,000,000 lire to the sixth national loan of Italy. This is the first time the Vatican has participated in such a loan.

SAVE MAKE CANADA SECURE

Incubator FOR SALE

(Manson - Campbell) Chat. ham make; 160 egg capacity. Price \$12. Can be seen at 198 Lake Avenue

Skates Ground and Concaved at 15c Pair

By latest improved skate grinder. Call and see. Also furniture repaired at Novelty Woodturning Works 80 Centre Street

Farmers, Notice!

If you want to sell hogs either alive or dressed, call write or telephone for our prices before selling elsewhere. Moyer Bros., Ltd. 8 Frank St. Phone 197 ST. CATHARINES

Coming Events Cast Their Shadows Before

Not since the pre-Confederation days has the political life of Canada been surcharged with so much uncertainty.

Great events in Canadian politics are about to take place. The reorganizing and rehabilitating of great political parties is in progress. New leaders are appearing.

The order is changing. All things are becoming new.

THE next two years will be a momentous period in the political life of the country. Reconstruction is a greater task than Confederation.

How will you take your place in the affairs of the nation? What opinions will you form? How will you cast your ballot intelligently if you do not keep in touch and inform yourself on the great questions of the day by reading a daily newspaper, national in viewpoint and international in scope?

This is the task and responsibility of The Globe—to give all the news, progressive views, and space for opposing opinions. Such was the threefold purpose of George Brown. His ideal was a Great Family Newspaper with a place in every home. That is The Globe's ideal to-day.

It is not a party organ, but a medium for the development of

public opinion and an advocate of reform. It is the servant of the people from whose needs it draws its inspiration.

To be informed of the progress of events, you should avail yourself of The Globe's great news gathering organization. For an analysis of these developments, and clear, sober thought upon them, read its editorial discussions from day to day. They are written by close students of economics, politics, industry, commerce, social reform and religion.

And further, what The Globe has been in the past is a sure guarantee of what it will be in the future. The personality and ambitions of its founder ever dominate the activities of its publishers.

Therefore, nothing will be left undone to make The Globe the newspaper that George Brown would have it be and to earn a place for it in every Canadian home.

The Globe

TORONTO

Canada's National Newspaper

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TEETH-TEETH

DR. MOYER AND MOYER, 1407 Main Street, Moyer Bldg., Niagara Falls, N.Y. Guaranteed, painless dentistry. Good set of teeth \$7.50, heavy gold crown \$5. Write for our free dental price list. We pay your car fare. Business established over 25 years. Work guaranteed. Canadian money accepted at full value, no discount.

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LUMBER

James M. McBride & Sons, George-st. near Welland Ave. Telephone 41 W

WORST STORM OF YEARS IN NORTHERN MICHIGAN

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 15.—North and Northwestern Michigan is completely snowbound and in many places trains are stalled in huge drifts that defy snowplows to extricate them. It is the worst storm in years. In Lake Michigan off Muskegon the Crosby Liner Petoskey is held fast in the ice, and may have to be abandoned until spring. The Alabama, flag ship of the Goodrich Line, is also caught in an icefield outside this harbor.

WELLAND SEXTETTE AGAIN IN RUNNING

Niagara Falls Intermediate Lose on Home Ice 5 to 4.

NIAGARA FALLS, Jan. 15.—Welland intermediates did a "comeback" here last night and nosed out the locals in a brilliantly contested game by 5 to 4. Burmister, the visiting net guardian, showed sensational form. The visitors led at the end of the first period by 3 to 1 and at the end of the second by 5 to 2.

WANTED—Telephone operators. Apply Chief Operator Bell Telephone Building. o31t.f

V. S. KILLMER, D.D.S., L.D.S., Dentist Office—65 St Paul Street, St Catharines. Phone 16. Residence 22 Welland Avenue.

DR. J. G. SUTHERLAND

After three years overseas has resumed practice in diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat and prescribing of glasses. Office hours 9 to 11 a.m., 1.30 to 4 p.m. and 7 to 8 p.m. Tuesdays 7 to 8 p.m. Sundays, 2 to 4 p.m. or by appointment. Office and residence 35 Church street. Telephone 624.

ONE HORSE CARTING and delivery work.

Phone 361. - Cheapest Rates. DAY AND NIGHT Phone 361

CANADIAN HONORED FOR WAR SERVICES

LONDON, Jan. 15.—Major General Willoughby Garnons Gwatkins, Chief of the General Staff of the Canadian Militia, has been made a Knight Commander of the Order of St. Michael and St. George for his war services.

BORDEN AND JELICOE SAIL FOR TRINIDAD

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Jan. 15.—H.M.S. New Zealand, with Admiral Jellicoe and Sir Robert Borden, sailed for Trinidad yesterday.

FRANK MUNSEY BUYS THE NEW YORK HERALD

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—The New York Herald makes the following announcement to-day.

"To readers of the New York Herald: The New York Herald has passed into the hands of Mr. Frank A. Munsey, who has purchased all of the publishing interests of the late James Gordon Bennett, consisting of The New York Herald, The Evening Telegram and the Paris edition of The New York Herald. Mr. Munsey will make known in due time his plans for these newspapers."

Mr. Munsey also owns the New York Sun.

PRESIDENT PUT OFF CAR. MINERS REFUSE TO WORK

FERNIE, B.C. Jan. 15.—Because William Potter, President of Fernie local, One Big Union, was ordered off the train carrying the Coal Creek miners to work for refusing to pass his fare, the men decided not to enter the mines, and they were idle yesterday.

Posts of the American Legion and other organizations continue to express their disapproval of Jack Dempsey on the ground that he was a "slacker."

Union Boat Club of Boston and the Harvard and Yale crews contemplate going to England to compete in the Grand Challenge Cup at Royal Henley.

Lectorate of Canada

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ly Newspaper

peal for progressive, nking Canadian

obe is not a political e never has submitted e dictation. It sup- ogressive liberalism, it believes that true n draws its inspira- n the needs of the

Women's Department day's Women's Section ial interest for woman- e home. It was the first paper to establish a department, edited for all homemakers.

be is first and last a Great newspaper. It serves the home, in public life, s, in the professions and y.

It is its guarantee n of its publishers tremendous facili- worthy of a place

obe

paper AL AGENT BLSHERS

CARPET CLEANING
NOW IS THE TIME TO HAVE
your carpet cleaned. We do your
work first-class by vacuum
machines. Furniture crated and stored.
—CARPET CLEANING CO., 12
St. Paul Street, Phone 608, W. J.
Westwood, Proprietor.

M. MALLOY
Light and Heavy Trucking,
Local and Long Distance
Moving.
Phone 1878—65 Lowell Ave.

Wood's Peppermint Cure
The World's Greatest Remedy
Lungs and Throat. It is the
best remedy for all cases of
Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore
Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma,
Hoarseness, and all other
affections of the Throat and
Lungs. It is sold in all
drug stores or may be ordered
directly from the
Woods Peppermint Cure Co., Toronto, Ont.

NOTICE!

A Court of Inquiry will assemble
at the Armouries at St. Catharines,
Ontario, at 9:30 a.m., Tuesday, Janu-
ary 13th, to inquire into certain fi-
nancial affairs of the 10th Regiment,
Canadian Militia, during the time it
formed part of the Welland Canal
Guard.

Those persons having any know-
ledge of the same are invited to at-
tend and to report to the President,
Brig.-General E. A. Cruikshank, with
a view to giving evidence.
EUGENE FISET,
Major General,
Deputy Minister, Militia and Defense,
Ottawa, Jan. 6th, 1920.

DR. DAVAN'S FEMALE PILLS relieve
all ailments of the female system.
They are sold in all drug stores.

PHOSPHONOL FOR MEN restores
nerve and brain. It is sold in all
drug stores.

A SNAP—\$500 will buy my nice
building lot, or will exchange for
auto in good condition. Lot 35x111
feet. No. 2 Sunnyside Gardens,
Facer street. Clear deeds. Address
—**KNOWLES**
88—Cameron Avenue, Windsor, Ont.

Properties For Sale

- \$6,000 to loan on approved real estate.
- \$1300.00—On Hainer St., one and one-half storey frame dwelling on large lot 48x110 ft. five rooms, good soil will accept small cash payment.
- \$1700.00—On North St., large cottage with barn, all are in fair repair, central, will accept small cash payment, balance arranged.
- \$1800.00—On Sherwood Ave., frame cottage in good repair, two bedrooms will accept small cash payment, balance arranged.
- \$2000.00—On Leeper St., frame cottage with barn, all in good repair, will accept small cash payment.
- \$2500.00—On Catherine St., large frame cottage, three bedrooms, large lot, will accept \$1000.00 cash, balance mortgage at 7 per cent.
- \$3600.00—On Dacotah St., two-storey new brick dwellings, every convenience, all in good repair, will accept \$1500.00 cash, balance mortgage at 7 per cent.

KERNAHAN & GRAVES
Phone 33—14 Queen St.

"Mazda"
The Best
Tungsten Electric
Lamps
The Kind You Read About.

We carry the largest stock in the
peninsula, and can fill orders for
any quantity immediately.
By them by the box and save
money.
Guaranteed against defects.

J. H. SANDHAM
COMPANY
235 St. Paul Street
Telephone 1112

**When Hyde Park
Fell the Railings
Were Demolished**

An Earls Court Orator Tells of
Early Days in London—
Mob Took Public Park—
Salvation Army.

"No, I'm no Socialist, unless it's a
Christian one. I believe in levelling up
not levelling down."
There's a smile in the young blue
eyes of the 72-year-old man speak-
ing, and the tone has a quality that
means strength and conviction. That
quality is always evident in the voice
of Daniel Thompson as he stands in
Toronto ratepayers' meetings, fine
head crowned with bushy brown hair
thrown back, strong weather-beaten
face, slight veiling against unjust
laws or illegal taxation. "The Lloyd
George of Earls Court" is the title
some of the Toronto ratepayers give
him after an outburst of fervid or-
atory. "Christian Socialist who hates
injustice as much as the devil loves
sin," is perhaps a truer title.

Forty years ago in London as a
vestry man in St. George's Vestry and
as councillor for nine years in the
Cambridge Suburban Council, Daniel
Thompson possessed the same spirit
of determined righteousness.

The vigorous lad, born in the Mid-
lands, came to London when a child,
and lived in the metropolis more than
half a century.

In those early years, one of his
experiences was connected with that
spot of ground in the big city where
almost every phase of human des-
tiny has been discussed, and where
crowned heads have learned to fear
the power of a London mob. Here
is how he told it.

"I was a lad of 17 when one day a
great procession formed, with Ed-
mund Beales at the head, and started
for Hyde Park, which was then closed
to the people. They were demand-
ing the extension of the ten pound
franchise. I marched along with them
and it was a wild time, for we tore
down the railings—took lamp posts
for battering rams—and got in. Since
then through all these years Hyde
Park has been open to the people.
Charles Bradlaugh was in Parliament
then, and fought hard for the exten-
sion of the franchise."

The Army
A turn in the conversation brought
up the Salvation Army, and you saw
a picture of the east end of London
one night about fifty years ago.
Whitechapel, with its flaring gas light
and ragged hooting crowds, and in
the midst of the peering, mocking
ones, "Billy the Rantler" walking ser-
ene with his few followers around
him.

"They called General Booth 'Billy
the Rantler' then," said Mr. Thomp-
son.

"The Army began in a chapel in
Charlotte street, but when I first knew
its meetings were held in McCaul's
meat market, on the Whitechapel
road. Among those who stirred up
opposition was a gang of toughs that
called themselves also an 'army,' and
used to march around the east side
and call at all the hotels for money.
I was in charge of a mission in Beth-
nal Green for about ten years and
had a chance to see how the real
army progressed. One night I remem-
ber, the 'crowd' treated them so
roughly it was my fortune to act as
one of the defenders. It was wonder-
ful what they did to him in a social
service way."

Italian Liberator.
Next came a word about Garibaldi,
who fought so hard to liberate Italy.
With a smile and a quick gesture of
both hands to his chin, Mr. Thomp-
son said:
"When I got into the crowd that
filled London streets the day Garib-
aldi was welcomed as liberator of
Italy, two tall men caught me with
their elbows under the chin like this,
and I came near choking to death.
The crowd was terrible in front of
the Mansion House, from the steps
of which Garibaldi spoke." "And
when I saw from Ludgate Hill it was
wonderful," interrupted the gentle
voice of the helpmate for more than
fifty years, who sat beside her hus-
band. "There were flags everywhere,
and people shouting and pressing in
thousands around the Mansion House."
Dock Strike
"Then London was pretty well stir-
red up over the dock strike, led by
John Burns," went on Mr. Thompson.
"The laborers were trying then to
live on two shillings a day—42 cents
—and they could have done it in those
days if there had been steady work,
but they couldn't do it with two days
a week—a note of regret came from
the man's voice. "Frequently that
was all they had."
"The Salvation Army came to the
help of the strikers then, and gave
them free lunches and so on."
"Did you ever see a prayer book in
which there's a prayer about Guy
Fawkes' Day?" asked Mr. Thomp-

**A Woman's
Trouble**

Stratford, Ont.—"I do think Dr. Pierce's
Favorite Prescription one of the best medi-
cines I have ever known for the ail-
ments of women. I had for quite a long
time been having women's trouble
which caused me to become all run-
down, weak and nervous. I doctored
but nothing seemed to give me relief
until I began taking 'Favorite Prescrip-
tion.' This medicine gave me such
wonderful relief that I am glad to re-
commend it to others."—MRS. A. GOD-
WIN, 60 Brant St.

NERVOUS AND RUN-DOWN
Brampton, Ont.—"A few years ago I
was in a nervous and run-down condition
and felt greatly in need of a tonic. A friend
who was being helped by Dr. Pierce's
Golden Medical Discovery advised me to
try it, too. It helped me from the very start
and eventually restored me to perfect health.
I feel in a position to praise the 'Golden
Medical Discovery' very highly and take
pleasure in recommending it to all those
who are at all nervous, weak, run-down."
—MRS. ESTHER PEATSON.

Dr. Pierce's medicines are made of vege-
table growths that nature surely intended
for backache, headache, pains, irregularities,
and for the many disorders common to
women in all ages of life. Dr. Pierce's
Favorite Prescription is made of lady's
slipper root, black cohosh root, unicorn
root, blue cohosh root, Oregon grape root
and Viburnum. Women who take this
standard remedy know that in Dr. Pierce's
Favorite Prescription they are getting a
safe woman's tonic so good that druggists
everywhere sell it in liquid or tablet form.

The answer was a negative one,
and while the prayer book was on its
way from the upper regions of the
home, its owner told of the merry
times in London on the old Novem-

ber 25th when the originator of the
Gunpowder Plot met, in effigy, his
just deserts in thousands of bon-
fires.

In the old, yet well cared for book,
published in Ludgate in 1862, there
is a section devoted to "Gunpowder
Treason." At the beginning of the
section there are the words "A form
of prayer with thanksgiving to be
used yearly upon the 5th day of Novem-
ber for the happy deliverance of
King James and the Three Estates of
England from the most traitorous
and bloody-intended massacre by gun-
powder, and also for the happy ar-
rival of His Majesty King William
on this day for the deliverance of our
Church and Nation." Several long
prayers of thanksgiving follow.

It is but seven years since Mr.
Thompson came with his family to
Earls Court, and during the fifty-five
or more preceding years spent in Lon-
don he took note of the many changes
for the better in Federal and munici-
pal government.

"There was the extension of the
franchise, educational reform, cheap
trams in and out of London, the im-
provement of house building among
many other things. Later came the
old-age pension scheme and Lloyd
George's fine work for the laboring
man, even before he was premier.

"The reason why there used to be
less trouble in labor circles from
strikes was because men came to-
gether more as brothers and believed
more in arbitration," went on Mr.
Thompson.

Earls Court's "Lloyd George" was a
builder in the old days in London, and
even now works at his trade.

The Toronto Power Company's case
against the Dominion Government in
the Exchequer Court at Ottawa was
adjourned to Tuesday.

THE STERLING BANK
OF CANADA
Save Because--
Money spent can never be
earned again.

DOCTOR WARD, The Specialist

SPECIALIST IN THE TREATMENT OF NERVOUS CONDITIONS, NERVE EXHAUSTION,
BACKACHE, LUMBAGO, RHEUMATISM, STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLES, ACNE, SKIN
DISEASES, CATARRH, ASTHMA, RECTAL TROUBLES, PILES, FISTULA AND BLOOD CONDITIONS.
The knowledge gained from many years' experience in treating diseases just like yours is of much
value to you and assures the ailing man of prompt relief. When a man knows that he is again feeling well,
he is rid of his ailment—he feels that a heavy load has been lifted from his shoulders, I give every-
one the benefit of the knowledge acquired through the long experience of a graduated, licensed and regis-
tered specialist, in order to bring about the most satisfactory results in the shortest possible time.

NERVE EXHAUSTION
A CONDITION AFFECTING MANY MEN—THE GREAT AM-
ERICAN DISEASE—IT IS BROUGHT ON BY OUR MAN-
NER OF LIVING—OUR WORRY AND HURRY—AMERI-
CANS EXHAUST MORE NERVOUS ENERGY THAN ANY
OTHER RACE OF PEOPLE.
There are a great many men who need treatment for their
nervous system. These men do not know what is the reason they
don't feel right—why they can't work like they used to—why they
tire so easily and why they are irritable, nervous, despondent,
weak, pale and lack ambition. These conditions require the ex-
pert knowledge and treatment of a specialist who has had many
years' experience in just such ailments. A specialist learns by
experience to know just the right treatment at the right time so
that the patient can be dismissed at the earliest possible time. Men
affected with nervous exhaustion have no endurance—no ambition
—everything they attempt is an effort. Life to them appears as a
long, gloomy future. Their appetite is poor and variable—they be-
come irritable, cross and discouraged. They have pains and aches
in various parts of the body and there is often indigestion and
pains in the stomach; Sleepless, wakeful and restless nights fol-
low.

RHEUMATIC AILMENTS
SCIATICA AND OTHER FORMS OF RHEUMATISM, LUMBA-
GO, PAINS IN BACK, SWELLING, ACHING, PAINFUL
CONDITIONS IN ANY PART OF THE BODY—INFLAMED
AND SWOLLEN JOINTS OF LEGS AND ARMS—MANY
OTHER SYMPTOMS.

Hundreds of men are suffering with some form of Rheumat-
ism. Many of these men go from day to day suffering untold agon-
ies thinking they cannot be cured. They have tried liniments, rub-
bing, massage, salts and other treatments without experiencing
any relief, and they are now going through life thinking they
are martyrs to that burden called Rheumatism. If these men could
only know how easy it is to get rid of many rheumatic conditions
I know they would not suffer another single day. Then all suffer-
ers of rheumatism would be strong and healthy if they could
get rid of the condition. Rheumatic patients are nearly all strong
and robust before being attacked by this ailment, and therefore
it is so hard for the man to understand why he should suffer the
agonies of such a condition. When a man gets rid of such a condi-
tion he feels that a heavy burden has been lifted from his life, and
he starts right out to make up for lost time both in money and
pleasure. When a man comes to my office suffering with the
above condition he is given a most careful examination, and he is
given treatment that he feels is giving him great benefit.

Quick and Lasting Results Assured the Ailing Man
BLOOD YOUR WHOLE HEALTH OF BODY AND MIND DEPENDS ON YOUR BLOOD. A
"building process" of the body and mind, of the muscle and tissue formations, of any of the various
organs, can be accomplished only by working direct through the blood stream.

DR. WARD
Buffalo's Leading and Most
Successful Specialist
79 Niagara Sq., Buffalo, N. Y.



OFFICE HOURS:
Mondays, Wednesdays and
Saturdays—9 a. m. to 9 p. m.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and
Fridays—9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Sunday Hours—10 a. m. to
1 p. m.
**CONSULTATION
EXAMINATION
FREE**
79 Niagara Square
COR. NIAGARA STREET
Opposite McKinley Monument
BUFFALO, N. Y.

**THIS WEAK,
NERVOUS MO...**

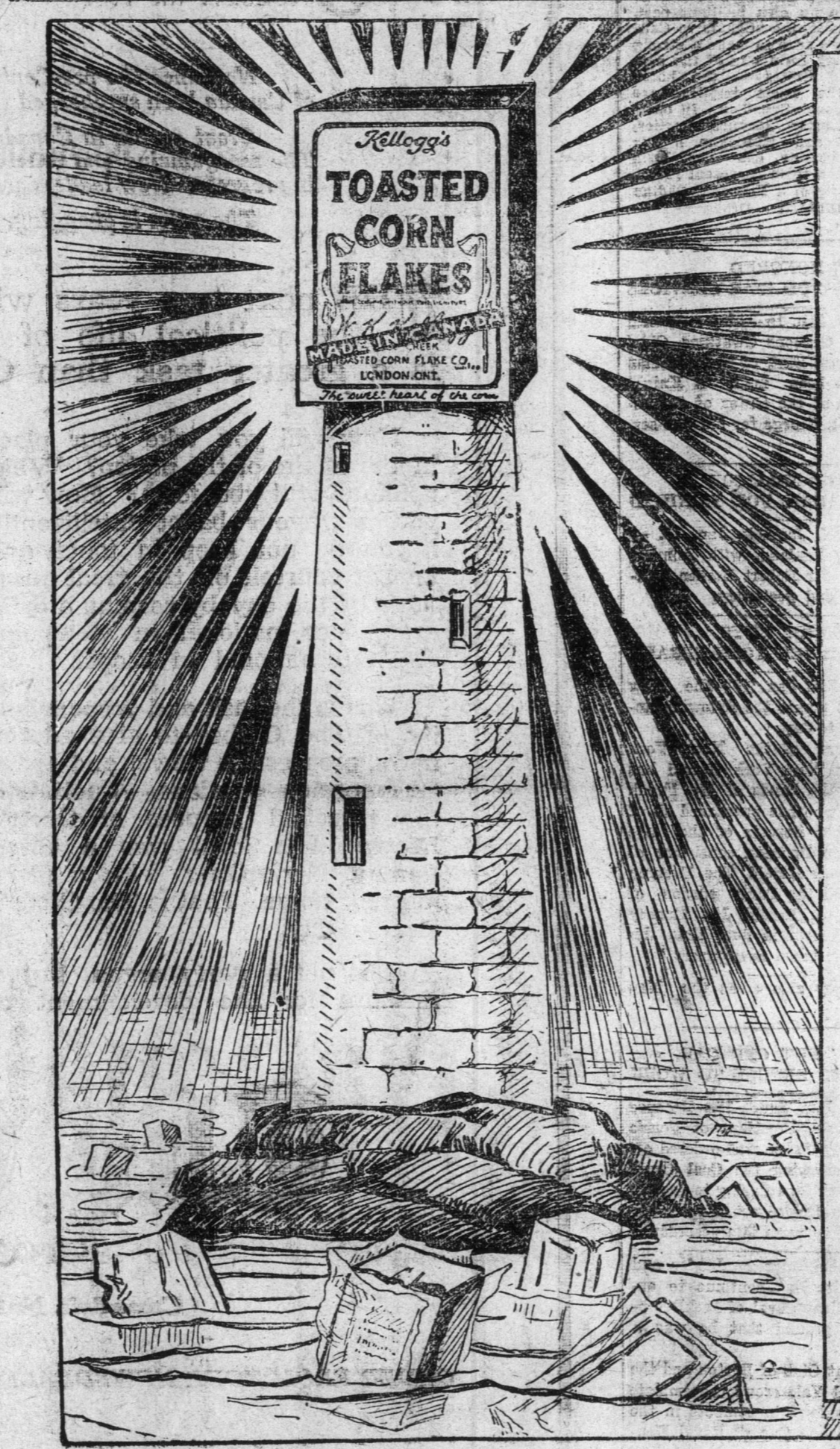
Tells How Lydia E. Pi-
Vegetable Comp
Restored Her He-



Philadelphia, Pa.—"I was
always tired, my back ached
sickly time. I had
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worrying
the time
said I
stop the
not get
headache
Lydia E. Pi
Veget
found my husband wanted
to take it for a week and felt
better. I kept it up for three
weeks and then I had
without distress or nervous
P. WORTHLINE, 2842 North
Philadelphia, Pa.
The majority of mothers
verdo, there are so many
upon their time and energy
is at such periods in life
P. WORTHLINE, 2842 North
Philadelphia, Pa.
The majority of mothers
verdo, there are so many
upon their time and energy
is at such periods in life
P. WORTHLINE, 2842 North
Philadelphia, Pa.

**OUR NATION
ECONO
PRO**

The following interest
from an article by Mr.
president of the C. P.
recently in the Montreal
"So much for the man
the transportation man
country is carrying out
tious to the Canadian
Other aspects of the
problem are less satis-
ere many people who
Canadian Railways as a
magic fortunes which
haunted. "hat bookie
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kind of industrial secu-
rates will either have
railway operating cost
Such persons recognize
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is an easy one that cer-
ties have been able to sh-
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the industry—but becau-
the shareholders of suc-
have been, and they
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terprises in which no o-
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their officers have been
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spirit of pride and de-
work. This, indeed,
which has made it pos-
sible for the railway to
fully during the war. I
anything like the dem-
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reputation of Canadi-
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worthy a servant of
of capital whose ear-
been so consistently
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years, of those com-
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been much lower ha-
Railroads been mak-
for maintenance, whic-
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that period. These
how to be made up
the Canadian Pacific
of steel rail, in 1919
000,000 ties, worth
Canadian Pacific is
at 86c per tie. The
 Vance in the rate of
is well known. It
may be necessary to
near future, as indi-
cations in the United
of coal for locomotives
1913. Now it is \$4.
Manufacturing an average
passenger) one mile
\$1.64 in 1913, to \$2.
is higher to-day. The
expenses of one mile
were \$4.12; in 1911
May they are even
other hand, railway
classes of revenue to
vanced scarcely 25
ture to say no other
Dominion can show
tion."



**LONDON
KELLOGG'S**
Outshine All Imitations.
THE package may be imitated
but the flakes inside cannot
be equalled.
That is why
The Genuine Original
"MADE IN LONDON"
**Kellogg's TOASTED
CORN FLAKES**
Outshine All Imitations
BE sure the words "Made in Canada" and
"London, Ont." are printed in red on the
face of every red, white and green package.
This is your guarantee of quality unequalled
and unvarying.
The Big Package
Only Made in Canada by
**The Battle Creek Toasted
Corn Flake Company, Limited**
HEAD OFFICE AND PLANT
LONDON, ONT.

Specialist

NS, NERVE EXHAUSTION, ROUBLES, ACNE, SKIN DISEASES AND BLOOD CONDITIONS just like yours is of much benefit that he is again feeling well—on his shoulders, I give every patient a graduated, licensed and registered shortest possible time.



OFFICE HOURS:

Monday, Wednesday and Saturday—9 a. m. to 9 p. m.
Tuesday, Thursday and Friday—9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Sunday Hours—10 a. m. to 5 p. m.

CONSULTATION EXAMINATION FREE

79 Niagara Square
COR. NIAGARA STREET

Opposite McKinley Monument
BUFFALO, N. Y.

Ailing Man

ANDS ON YOUR BLOOD. Any condition, of any of the various vital stream.

Dr. Ward
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Canada" and red on the package. unequalled

Toasted Limited

ONT.

THIS WEEK, NERVOUS MOTHER

Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Her Health.

Philadelphia, Pa.—"I was very weak, always tired, my back ached, and I felt sickly most of the time. I went to a doctor and he said I had nervous indigestion, which added to my weak condition kept me worrying most of the time—and he said if I could not stop that, I could not get well. I heard much about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound my husband wanted me to try it. I took it for weeks for three months, and I kept it up for a year. I feel fine and can eat anything now without distress or nervousness."—Mrs. J. Worthline, 2842 North Taylor St., Philadelphia, Pa.

The majority of mothers nowadays overdo, there are so many demands upon their time and strength; the result is invariably a weakened, run-down, nervous condition with headaches, back-ache, irritability and depression—and soon more serious ailments develop. It is at such periods in life that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will restore a normal healthy condition, as it did to Mrs. Worthline.

ACCEPT RESIGNATION OF MR. JUSTICE BRITTON
OTTAWA, Jan. 15.—The resignation of Hon. Byron M. Britton, as Judge of the High Court Division of the Supreme Court of Ontario, came before the Cabinet Council yesterday and was accepted. No action toward the appointment of a successor to Judge Britton has yet been taken.

OUR NATIONAL ECONOMIC PROBLEM.

The following interesting extract from an article by Mr. E. W. Beatty, president of the C. P. R. appeared recently in the Montreal Gazette:—

"So much for the manner in which the transportation machinery of the country is carrying out its obligations to the Canadian producer. Other aspects of the transportation problem are less satisfactory. There are many people who look upon Canadian Railways as custodians of magic fortunes which cannot be exhausted. That bookkeeping should be as simple and inexorable in its tale of losses and vanished profits to a railway as it may be to a corner grocer, is to these people unthinkable. It apparently does not occur to them that no public is more important than to the Canadian public the need for the maintenance of its railway securities in the world of thrift and investment should be carefully guarded. To those, however, who understand these things clearly and who view the matter from the standpoint of broad public interest, it is at once apparent that the Canadian public pays a very low rate for the quality of service rendered, and that a time is rapidly approaching when, if Canadian railway securities are not to be made less desirable to investors than almost any other kind of industrial security, railway rates will either have to go up, or railway operating costs will go down. Such persons recognize that it is not because the situation of the railways is an easy one that certain companies have been able to throw net earnings—very low net earnings—compared to the actual cash invested in the industry—but because in the past the shareholders of such companies have been, as they are to-day, cowardly persons willing to supply the means for constructive enterprises in which no one but themselves had faith, and because, too, their officers have been skilled, resourceful and loyal business men, assisted by staffs filled with the spirit of pride and devotion to their work. This, indeed, is the thing which has made it possible for Canada's railroads to function successfully during the war without making anything like the demands that foreign roads—less efficient in serving their community, yet earning the same rates and paying the same wages—have made upon their public exchequers. I do not believe that this strain upon the railways and this tendency to weaken the general reputation of Canadian Railway securities should continue. The servant, after all, is worthy of his hire, and railway capital is not less worthy a servant than other forms of capital whose earnings have not been so consistently depressed.

"The net earnings during the war years of those companies which showed net earnings, would have been much lower had the Canadian railroads been making expenditures for maintenance which circumstances would have justified, but which conditions prevented during that period. These arrears have now to be made up. During 1919 the Canadian Pacific laid 70,000 tons of steel rail, in place of say 2,500,000 ties, worth 4c in 1914, the Canadian Pacific laid 4,334,000 ties at 8c per tie. The sensational advance in the rate of railway wages is well known. Further advance may be necessary within the very near future, as indicated by discussions in the United States. The price of coal for locomotives was \$3.09 in 1913. Now it is \$4.77. The cost of hauling an average train (freight or passenger) one mile has risen from \$1.04 in 1913, to \$2.494 in 1918. It is higher to-day. The operating expenses of one mile of line in 1915 were \$4.132; in 1918, \$7.210, and to-day they are even greater. On the other hand, railway rates, taking all classes of revenue together, have advanced scarcely 25 per cent. I venture to say no other industry in the Dominion can show such moderate

Religion Is Patriotism

It is the Root of Personal Righteousness, the Mainstay of Social Order, the Bulwark of International Peace

The Makers of Canada

regard the splendor of unseemly realities. Knowing that Religion is the only true safeguard of stability in the State, they built Churches, Schools and Colleges, to train men for the Christian Ministry, and to spread abroad in the land the benefits of education. This they did in their poverty, and thus directed the course of history in Canada to this day.

The Testing of Canada

they choose material ease and wealth, or would they risk all in defence of freedom and the rights of the weak? Over 400,000 men voluntarily offered their lives, and endured hardship as good soldiers for the defence of equity and fair dealing in all human relationships, and for the vindication of public right. Nor were the people at home less steadfast. Besides bearing the national cost of the War, they gave voluntarily for the help of the soldiers more than \$90,000,000. Canada nobly stood the great trial.

The Menace of To-day

That conflict is ended. Now comes another test. Not only in Canada, but all over the world, sectional and class struggles for material rewards and for mastery threaten the present basis of Society. The vision of spiritual values gained in the War is in peril of being forgotten. The supremacy of sacrifice, the nobility of service, the reality and glory of the Unseen and Eternal, the promises of Christ; these were the things by which we lived during the War. Now there is great danger that they may fade from view, giving place to selfishness and the love of ease.

The great non-Christian peoples of the world comprise two-thirds of the human race. They are mastering our modern scientific knowledge, and if they remain Pagan may yet turn it to our destruction. Paganism stands for the supremacy of Might, the very ideal

The earliest settlers in Canada were roused by the Call of the Church to develop a noble and useful citizenship. Young and old were invited to turn their eyes from material things, and to regard the splendor of unseemly realities. Knowing that Religion is the only true safeguard of stability in the State, they built Churches, Schools and Colleges, to train men for the Christian Ministry, and to spread abroad in the land the benefits of education. This they did in their poverty, and thus directed the course of history in Canada to this day.

Because of such sacrifices, there arose in Canada a public spirit hostile towards all injustice, dishonesty and cruelty. The War tested the moral fibre of the Canadians of a later day. Would they choose material ease and wealth, or would they risk all in defence of freedom and the rights of the weak?

Over 400,000 men voluntarily offered their lives, and endured hardship as good soldiers for the defence of equity and fair dealing in all human relationships, and for the vindication of public right. Nor were the people at home less steadfast. Besides bearing the national cost of the War, they gave voluntarily for the help of the soldiers more than \$90,000,000. Canada nobly stood the great trial.

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The great non-Christian peoples of the world comprise two-thirds of the human race. They are mastering our modern scientific knowledge, and if they remain Pagan may yet turn it to our destruction. Paganism stands for the supremacy of Might, the very ideal



Fight the Good Fight

we fought and conquered in more than four years of war.

Victory only through Christ

How can we retain the heavenly vision? How can the world be guarded against another attempt to establish the Pagan ideal? Only through the Church of Jesus Christ. There is no other agency or society that has any possibility or hope of bringing about a full

realization of the brotherhood of all mankind, and the reign of the Prince of Peace.

What the Church Has Done

been inspired, directly or indirectly, by the Gospel of Jesus Christ. It has ended slavery, protected life, ennobled women, educated the children and safeguarded their lives, sanctified the home, established schools, missions and charities.

All the progress of Civilization for the last 2000 years has

been inspired, directly or indirectly, by the Gospel of Jesus Christ. It has ended slavery, protected life, ennobled women, educated the children and safeguarded their lives, sanctified the home, established schools, missions and charities.

The World's Need is Spiritual
I speak one standing upon the watch-tower, and know what the need of the land is. It is not material, it is spiritual. Get the spiritual, and the material will follow. The wounds of the world are bleeding, and material things will never heal them. And that is why I hail any movement which brings the great spirit of brotherhood. The one need of England and France today is the healing and the brotherhood of the Cross of Christ.
—Rt. Hon. David Lloyd George, Before the Brotherhood Convention, London, September, 1919.

The Coming Era

Victory places upon the shoulders of the Allied Nations the responsibility for directing new conditions to right ends. Canada must do her share. The Church must prepare to meet the needs of the new day. Old standards of life with old habits of thinking and of giving will be wholly inadequate. We must do in our day what our fathers did in theirs. The hope of the world is bound up with the strengthening and extension of the Church of Jesus Christ.

The Forward Movements

FIVE Christian Communion, Anglican, Baptist, Congregational, Methodist, and Presbyterian, are con-

firm in God, the Father Almighty, Maker of Heaven and Earth, and in Jesus Christ, His Son, Our Lord. They now

declare to their respective constituencies, and also unitedly, to the Canadian people, that the only effective method of making good citizens is by urging men to a more faithful practice of Christianity, by inculcating personal faith in Jesus Christ. They insist that there is no other dependable way of correcting evil tendencies in individual and national life. They call the people to repentance. To all Christians their message is, "Awake, Arise. Fight the Good Fight, For Canada and For the World."

EACH of the Communion named is in the midst of a Forward Movement. Each is seeking by prayer and by earnest effort to accept all its responsibilities. Each is striving to extend its activities in Canada and in Foreign Lands.
Your Church needs your help, but, far more, you need the help of your Church to learn the difficult art of living wisely and well.
Consult your Clergyman. He serves you and your children. Ask him how and when you can serve in this day of national emergency. Give yourself to the task. Say: "Here am I, send me."

These five separate Communion are of one mind as to their be-

The United National Campaign

Representing the Simultaneous but Independent Forward Movements of the Anglican, Baptist, Congregational, Methodist and Presbyterian Communion in Canada

THE BRITISH LIBRARY
Cm 1 2 3 4 5
105



Thick, Tender Savory Meat

cr chops—the kind, you know, that make your guests praise your hospitality, your cooking, your entertainment. Why not this kind of meat instead of the doubtful cuts and inferior meats? We want you to know our meats. A sirloin or porterhouse steak, a roast, chops from the loin, etc., will enable you to judge quality.

C. H. SHELLY
MEATS AND PROVISIONS
LAKE ST. AND CHAPLIN AVE.
Phone 1953

PRICES OF VICTROLA RECORDS

For 90c. you can get in the Victrola Parlors of Ye Olde Firme of Heintzman & Co., Limited, 68 St. Paul Street St. Catharines, any of the following records, each double sided, thus giving you two records in one. Here are the numbers: 216068, Wait Till You Get Them Up In the Air, Boys, Billy Murray, and They're All Sweeties, Billy Murray-Henry Burr; 216070, And He'd Say, Oo-la-la Wee-wee—One-Step, Lincoln's Orchestra, and Breeze-Fox-Trot, Henry's Orchestra; 216072, My Baby's Arms, Henry Burr, and Love Will Find a Way, Vera McLean; 216074, Patches, Fox Trot, and Dardanella, Fox Trot, Coleman's Orchestra.

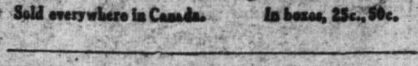
A man taken out of a Hamilton theatre, supposedly intoxicated, died shortly after being conveyed to the police station.

Doak's Cotton Foot Compound

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three sizes: No. 1, \$1; No. 2, \$2; No. 3, \$3 per box. Good for all eruptions, or used as a preventive. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO-ONT. (Mention this ad.)

More than 60 yrs. ago

An English chemist began to manufacture BEECHAM'S PILLS. Today they have the largest sale of any medicine in the world!



Beecham's Pills
Sold everywhere in Canada. In boxes, 25c, 50c.

Tenders For Road Overseer

TENDERS marked "Tenders for Road Overseers" will be received by the undersigned up to an including Saturday, February 14th, 1920, for the position of road overseer in the Township of Louth, for a period of seven or eight months, services to commence about the 1st of April, 1920.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Dated this 13th day of January, A. D. 1920.

M. A. BALL,
Clerk said Township Louth,
R.R. No. 1, Jordan, Ont.
J16-23-30-16-13

DIED

FLACK—At the General and Marine Hospital on Wednesday afternoon, Howard Earl Flack, only son of Howard and Jessie Flack, aged 16 years 9 months and 9 days. The funeral will take place from the family residence No. 1 Haynes Avenue on Saturday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock, interment in Victoria Lawn Cemetery. 2 t

"SYRUP OF FIGS" IS LAXATIVE FOR CHILD

Look at tongue! Remove poisons from stomach, liver and bowels.



Accept "California" Syrup of Figs only—look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is having the best and most harmless laxative or physic for the little stomach, liver and bowels. Children love its delicious fruity taste. Full directions for child's dose on each bottle. Give it without fear. Mother! You must say "California."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Galt*

LOCAL NEWS

We buy everything you want to sell. McGuire & Co.

Choice cut flowers, potted plants and floral designs, at all times: at Walker's Florist-104 St. Paul Street. Phone 763. J t

Some think last night was the coldest yet. Reports of the thermometer registering below zero were received.

James McClade and H. Rinder, accused of robbery, were further remanded till Monday in police court today.

The funeral of Thomas Eustace was held this morning from his late residence, 25 Church St., to St. Catharines R. C. Church, where Rev. Morgan, sang requiem mass. The bearers were: John O'Brien, Michael J. Murphy, James Donnelly, Thomas Scott, John Fahey and Charles O'Donnell. Interment took place in Victoria Lawn Cemetery.

There was a large gathering of friends and acquaintances to attend the funeral of the late Mrs. Eliza Dittrick which took place yesterday afternoon from her late residence 194 Russell Ave. to Victoria Lawn Cemetery. Rev. Dr. George C. Clarke officiated at the house and grave side. Frank Coy, Jr., John Dunlop, R. W. Reid, Ephraim Snider, Neal Dunlop and John Titterton acted as bearers. The numerous floral tributes from sympathizing friends were very beautiful.

The Shah of Persia has left Paris for Brussels, where he will be the guest of the King of the Belgians.

WANTED — DRAFTSMAN FAMILIAR with laying out elevating, and conveying machinery. Apply American Cyanamid Co., Niagara Falls, Ont. t

Court Rules O. C. Must Produce All Papers

(Continued from page 1)

it was paid, written on the back. This cheque was drawn on May 13th, 1915. Next day Colonel Burleigh deposited to 19th Regiment account two one hundred dollar bills and four fifties—\$400 in all. On May 18th, 1915, Col. Burleigh deposited ten \$20 bills, making a total of \$200. This totalled \$600 in all. The cheque drawn by Capt. McKinley was for \$900 and the cash handed Burleigh.

Mr. Hodgins pointed out that the



There is no better New Year's resolution you could make than to pledge that you will grant your teeth the Dental attention they require.

Sound, healthy teeth are a physical and mental comfort and you cannot afford to go through another year without them.

We pledge to you Dentistry of the finest and most skilled character, gently performed and at costs of extreme modesty.

Our organization of trained Specialists will serve you courteously and with infinite care ever mindful of your comfort and welfare.

In all, we will continue the practices that have won for these Dental offices the enviable reputation of honesty and reliability.

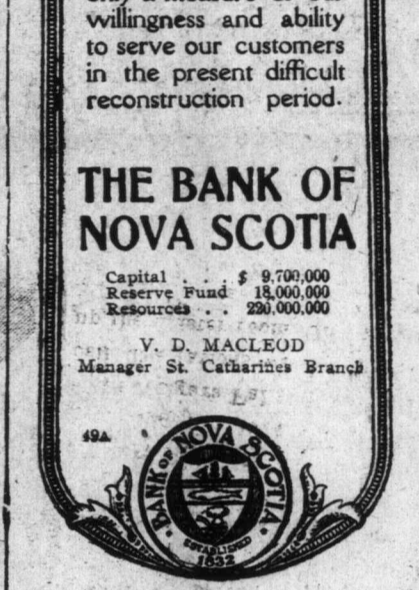
DR. ARTHUR B. COBB
Dentistry
Offices: Corner of Main and Eagle Streets
Buffalo, N.Y.
(Formerly known as "White Dental Offices", Dr. Cobb, Proprietor.)
Open until eight. No Sunday work

The Business Man's Bank

The financial side of a business ranks equally with the production and sales departments. The 87 years of banking and mercantile experience of this Bank are available at over 300 Branches, and our large resources are only a measure of our willingness and ability to serve our customers in the present difficult reconstruction period.

THE BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA
Capital \$ 2,000,000
Reserve Fund 10,000,000
Resources 230,000,000

V. D. MACLEOD
Manager St. Catharines Branch



similarity of the bills was merely a coincidence.

When Colonel Burleigh was asked if he wished to question the witness the first real flurry of the enquiry occurred. He said he had no questions to ask.

After a conference by the members of the Court, the President informed Colonel Burleigh that responsibility lay on him entirely for expenditure of all funds as he was commanding officer. He would have to show the disposal of the field allowance kept from the men totalling \$7,515 and the difference between the subsistence allowance of 75 cents per day per man claimed from the government for the first 5 1-2 days, and the 40 cents paid on contract to Bradley and Sons. It was his place as commanding officer to produce receipts showing disposal of these funds.

"Then I might just as well give up now," said Colonel Burleigh helplessly. "I can't produce the receipts. I haven't them."

"That is the Court's ruling," said President Cruikshank.

Colonel Burleigh went on to say he had to be out and around at the different posts and consequently had to delegate to others work such as purchase of supplies. He added that Lt. Greenwood, the quartermaster would go to the market and buy car loads of vegetables, sausage, etc., for which money he could not possibly get receipts from farmers.

"To protect yourself you should have seen this was done, however," said Col. Young.

Sergeant V. S. Moyer joined the 19th Aug. 5th, 1914, and was stationed at Niagara Falls under Major Scott. The rations were good. He made up the muster room. One woman, Mrs. McKinnon, was on the payroll. She was cooking. Her husband, Daniel McKinnon was on the force. He identified E. MacKinnon on the payroll as her signature.

He didn't remember the incident of Capt. Rothwell discharging one woman.

Lieut. A. J. Hubbert, formerly the manager of Davies, here, contracted to ration the second contingent of the 19th for overseas at 50 cents a day. He had another contract subsequently at 45 cents.

Mr. Hodgins here by records showed the subsistence allowance for the men was 75 cents a day, but Lieut. Hubbert could not say where the difference in the money went or if the men received it or not.

EMPLOYMENT SERVICE OF CANADA

EMPLOYERS

THE EMPLOYMENT SERVICE OF CANADA has been created to grade the various classes of workers—trained and untrained—and to place the best in the country at your disposal, through a system of Employment offices from Coast to Coast.

THE PROFESSIONAL AND BUSINESS SECTION exists to place you in touch with Professional, Business and Technical workers.

THE INFORMATION AND SERVICE BRANCH DEPARTMENT OF SOLDIERS' CIVIL RE-ESTABLISHMENT has a representative in each of these offices to render whatever special services may be required in the employment of the

RETURNED SOLDIER

		Tel. No.
Brantford,	136 Dalhousie St.	2590
Hamilton,	85 James St. N.	R. 1877
Niagara Falls,	Newport Building	1221
Orillia,	17 Peter St.	60
Owen Sound,	261 Ninth St. E.	1125
St. Catharines,	200 St. Paul St.	1269
Toronto,	43-45 King St. W.	M. 3501
Toronto,	1252 Bloor St. W.	J. 1087
Welland,	15 Division St.	608

IRON MOLDERS WANTED

Men accustomed to operating Molding Machines and Bench Work.
Steady employment for good men.
Highest wages in Canada paid.
Room also for learners.

Taylor-Forbes Co.
GUELPH, ONT. Limited

Security Loan & Savings Company

26 JAMES STREET ST. CATHARINES

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Security Loan & Savings Company, St. Catharines will be held at the Company's Office, No. 26 James street, St. Catharines, on **Thursday, February 19th, 1920, at 11.30 a. m.** for the purpose of receiving the Financial Statement and Report of the Directors for the year 1919, the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it.

E. F. DWYER, Sec.-Treasurer.
St. Catharines, Ont., January 12th, 1920.

1869—600 Branches—1919

The Royal Bank of Canada

Give Your Boy a Chance. You Will Not Miss the Small Monthly Amounts

On the first day of every month draw a cheque for \$10 for the credit of your son's Savings Account. Do this regularly for (say) ten years.

Your boy will then have \$1389.42. He can own a farm when other boys are still working for wages.

Capital and Reserve.....\$ 34,000,000
Total Resources.....\$530,000,000

SAVE AND PROSPER

The companions of Victory are Work and Thrift. If the people of Canada practise these essentials, our great problems of reconstruction can be settled to the mutual benefit of all.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

PAID-UP CAPITAL.....\$15,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....\$15,000,000
ST. CATHARINES BRANCH, R. G. W. Conolly, Manager.

Make Use of the Mails

It is entirely unnecessary for you to leave your work or lose valuable time to make a trip to the Bank.

Bank with us by mail! Send your deposits in by money order or registered post and the amounts will be acknowledged and placed to your credit upon receipt.

THE DOMINION BANK

Drafts on Foreign Countries sold on favourable terms
B. B. MANNING, Manager,
CORNER KING & QUEEN STS. OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

WALKER'S DRUG STORE

—FOR—
Vaccination Shields
Absorbent Gauze
Adhesive Plaster

297 St. Paul Street

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

Announce that a branch of their bank has been opened at Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ont. This bank has now 438 branches in Canada and foreign countries, and is in a position to offer the public unexcelled service.

St. Catharines Branch—R. G. W. Conolly, Manager
Thorold Branch—S. H. Falkner, Manager
Niagara-on-the-Lake Branch—F. W. Wilson, Manager



SCENE FROM THE BIG UNIVERSAL JEWEL PRODUCTION "THE RIGHT TO HAPPINESS" STARRING DOROTHY PHILLIPS AT THE GRAND OPERA HOUSE FOR THE REMAINDER OF THIS WEEK.

ESTABLISHED 1859

INDICATIONS TO IS COMING BURL

Journalment Take As Nobody Wa Captain Borland ing Fund For Ex

The military enquiry into the 1919 reconstruction finances has been adjourned until Monday at 2.30, when it is likely that Col. Burleigh, who was in command of the frontier force at the beginning of the war, will be examined. There are indications that the enquiry is near an end, and it is possible that it may end with Colonel Burleigh's evidence. This is merely conjecture. Some officers who served in the frontier force have not yet been examined, but it may not be the intention of General Cruikshank to examine

The two outstanding features of the enquiry so far are that some officers' horse and forage pay when they were on rations, and the absence of receipts in connection with thousands of dollars held by the men for extra rations.

Colonel C. O. Dodge, the officer in charge of the Transport and Supplies evidence yesterday afternoon, said the rations allowed by the government to soldiers.

It was asked if there ever had been any order allowing substitutions—for instance, lamb for beef—or such, but he said he knew of no such order. At Christmas the men were exchanged for turkeys, but by special permission.

Captain David Borland, who was in command of the canal force in February 1915, was called next. He afterwards joined the 51st Battalion. He was adjutant in the 19th.

It was asked about returns from the stoppages of pay of the men and he said that prior to their going into office these returns from the posts had not been made. He remedied this.

It was said the neglect seemed to be all over the canal force, the stoppages not having been made with the pay sheets.

Captain Borland said that in the case of a man breaking his rifle, for instance, the man should be brought before a court and his stoppage reduced and the amount deducted from

Subject to the Anglican Being Class

Anglicans Being Circulated Over Being Grouping of Church of Five Protestant Denominations

The Church of England in Canada is a Protestant Church or a Catholic Church?

The question—which is sure to create a controversy—has been raised by the circulation of the following resolution, passed at a meeting of the clergymen and one layman, Thomas Church (known as the Church), and confirmed by the clergymen and 64 laymen at a recent meeting:

Resolved, That while disclaiming absolutely any intention of forming Protestant bodies of the same name due to them for their work, and while longing to pray for peace and unity among the clergy and laity of the Church of England, we feel we must not only protest against the formation of England being classed as one of "The Five Protestant Churches" of Canada, in the sense of the Inter-Church Movement. Furthermore, we feel that we must not only assert the fact that the Church of England in Canada is an integral part of the Church of England whose faith she has confessed. We found our reason in the solemn declaration of the General Synod of the Church of England in Canada, which says