

Disaster Has Been Avenged

Destroyers of Good Hope and Monmouth Sunk in Action.

THREE GERMAN SHIPS HAVE GONE

Scharnhorst, Gneisenau and Leipzig are Sent to the Bottom of the Sea by a British Squadron Under Admiral Sir Frederick Sturdee.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—A British squadron under command of Vice-Admiral Sir Frederick Sturdee, chief of the war staff, engaged a German squadron, under Admiral Count von Spee, off the Falkland Islands, in the South Atlantic, Tuesday, and won a victory which is being acclaimed throughout England.

The armored cruisers Scharnhorst and Gneisenau and the protected cruiser Leipzig, three of the German warships which had been menacing British shipping, and part of the squadron which sank the British cruisers Good Hope and Monmouth in the Pacific on Nov. 1, were destroyed, while the cruisers Dresden and Nürnberg, the two other vessels which composed the German squadron, made off during the fight, and, according to latest accounts, are being pursued. Two colliers were captured.

The announcement of this engagement and victory, which was the most important naval engagement of the war, with the exception of that of Heligoland last August, was made last evening in a statement by the Admiralty of less than one hundred words.

The following announcement was issued by the official information bureau:—

At 3.30 a.m. on Dec. 8, the Scharnhorst, Gneisenau, Nürnberg, Leipzig and Dresden were sighted near the Falkland Islands, the British ships under Vice-Admiral Sir Frederick Sturdee.

An action followed, in the course of which the Scharnhorst, flying the flag of Admiral Count von Spee, the Gneisenau and the Leipzig were sunk. The Dresden and Nürnberg made off during the action and are being pursued.

Two colliers also were captured.

The vice-admiral reports that the British casualties were very few in number.

Some survivors have been rescued from the Gneisenau and the Leipzig.

The statement makes reference to the Gneisenau and the Leipzig, but no mention is made of the crew of the Scharnhorst, which was the flagship of the German admiral, being saved, and it is thus presumed that Count von Spee, his officers, and men, went down fighting.

The British casualties were light, but beyond the fact that the British squadron was commanded by Vice-Admiral Sturdee, no other details are given.

COLONIAL RULE IN CANADA

Judge Frazer Gave Address Before Quinze Chapter.

At the regular monthly meeting of the Quinze Chapter I.O.D.E. His Honor Judge Frazer gave an address of much interest and benefit on "Colonial Rule in Canada." Two delightful songs were given by Mrs. McArthur and Mrs. Wilcox. The guest of the afternoon was Mrs. White, regent of the Governor Simcoe Chapter, Trenton, who also gave a short address.

DECEMBER SESSIONS

LAFERTY vs McCOORMICK

The first case on the list in the December sessions before Judge DeLoach was that of Lafferty vs. McCoormick and the C.N.O.R. Mr. A. J. Reid, counsel for the C.N.O.R., produced an agreement of purchase by which the defendant, McCoormick, agreed to settle with the tenant, Mr. Lafferty, the plaintiff, Mr. McCoormick, and proceeded against the defendant, McCoormick alone. The latter was the owner of a farm about eight miles from Belleville on the Trent Road and rented it to plaintiff for three years, the lease containing the usual covenant for quiet possession. Evidence was given to show that the farm was a run-down farm with an orchard which was old and in very bad shape. The C.N.O.R. purchased a right of way across the place from the defendant and entered upon the premises (the district court part, signifying the willingness of the members to do their part was a missionary assigned us. Rev. Dr. F. C. Stephenson of the Mission Rooms then addressed the convention after which reports from all leagues in the district were given.

ALLIES MAKING GAINS

Special to The Ontario.

PARIS, Dec. 10.—The official announcement at noon says: Gains of several hundred yards along the French front are reported. At the Aisne and in the Champagne district, artillery fighting continues with the advantage resting with the French in the Argonne; continued progress is reported.

DONATES AN AUTOMOBILE

Special to The Ontario.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—A useful and much needed Canadian Red Cross in London, has been supplied by Mrs. Osborne, wife of Mr. James Kerr Osborne, of Toronto, who donated a car. Colonel Hoidgetts, the commissioner states a runabout is also needed, while more motor ambulances are urgently required.

THE EMPEROR'S ILLNESS

Special to The Ontario.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—The British public is taking a keen interest in the reports of the German Emperor's illness. From dispatches received here from various points during the night it appears that Emperor William was seized with an attack of influenza while on a visit to Emperor Francis Joseph. The most reliable source of information indicates that he now is making progress toward recovery.

DUNDAS BY-ELECTION ALL BUT A TURN-OVER

Conservative Majority Cut Down to 59.

FROM 673 IN LAST JUNE.

WINCHESTER, Ont., Dec. 7.—John A. Campbell of Ormond, Liberal candidate for Dundas, in to-day's by-election for the Ontario Legislature cut a Conservative majority to 673 polled in June down to 59, the unofficial returns with all polls heard from.

His opponent was Irwin Hilliard, K.C., of Morrisburg, who now succeeds the late Sir James Whitney by this narrow margin. It is nearly thirty years since there has been such a close contest in the riding. As recently as 1911 the Conservative majority was over 900.

In the general election held on the 29th of June last the Conservatives carried seven of the eight municipalities; to-day this record was all but reversed, and Campbell carried six out of eight. Mr. Campbell, a young man, is a cheese manufacturer, and his campaign centred on a more progressive policy for agriculture, education and social and moral reform. His remarkable run was due not only to these policies which he enunciated, but also to his personal popularity. In his own poll of Ormond, for example, he obtained 80 out of a total of 85 votes polled. In his own township of Winchester, excluding the village, he turned a Conservative majority of 105 into a Liberal majority of 18, and the village of Winchester changed from 37 Conservative to 29 Liberal. Morrisburg, on the other hand, the home town of the Conservative candidate, changed from a Conservative majority of 32 given this summer to Sir James Whitney to a Liberal lead of 50.

Mr. Campbell's striking success is very popular throughout the whole riding, and impromptu celebrations were held in his honor here, at Winchester, in Chesterville, Iroquois and Morrisburg, all carried by him and transferred from

WARDEN W. H. HUBBELL MADE GLOWING PATRIOTIC ADDRESS

County Council Members Sang "Rule Britannia" and National Anthem at Opening of December Session.

The strains of "Rule Britannia" and "God Save the King," sung by County Clerk A. M. Chapman and the members of the County Council, were a fitting climax to the patriotic and stirring words of Warden W. H. Hubbell's address at the opening meeting of Hastings County Council on Tuesday afternoon in Shire Hall, Belleville.

After the reading of the minutes, His Honor the Warden spoke to the Council as follows:—

"Gentlemen of the County Council

"I am pleased to greet you all and see you looking hale and hearty at this the first meeting of the last session of the County Council for 1914. I trust the same goodwill and harmony will characterize this session as has prevailed in the past sessions; and all will diligently apply themselves to the business that may be brought before this council, so that the business may be got through with despatch.

Economy Practised.

"I have noted with pleasure the spirit of economy that has been manifested and practised by the members during the year, which will from present prospects enable us to meet the expenditures of the county with the levy of the year.

"Some of our casual expenditure this year was as usual underestimated but yet it looks as if the revenue will meet expenditure."

Warden Hubbell said the work of the Committees would not cost more than what they did in previous years. Two bridges had been delayed in construction, but the work will likely be completed next year.

Return to the Land.

"There has been throughout the county, the province, and other provinces, with the exception of some local localities a fair or average crop and prices derived by the farmers for all grains, and produce have been excellent, thereby making the farmer prosperous and for these things and many others we are grateful.

"Prices will likely continue high during the year and for some time afterwards and many are looking for an exodus to the country from the cities."

Wave of Sorrow in Europe.

"But a great wave of sorrow has swept over this and all other civilized countries because of the war which is now raging in and devastating the countries and armies of Europe.

"Great Britain did not enter this war from choice but in defence of her honor and in defence of the neutrality of Belgium and in opposition to autocratic rule by Militarism, in favor of Democracy.

German Expediency v. British Honor.

"I said in defence of her honor. In what way? What German represented as a scrap of paper was to Great Britain a treaty in which the honor of Great Britain, Germany, France, and Belgium were at stake as the official representatives of these nations had placed their names to this treaty and the seals of their different countries too. Germany from expediency found it to her advantage to ignore the treaty as 'a scrap of paper,' while Great Britain

recognized it a sacred trust which she was bound to uphold with all the power and forces of the Empire. (Hear! Hear!)

Proud of Great Britain.

"Never was there a time in the history of the British Empire when all Britons should be more proud of the fact that they were Britons than now because of the fact that she keeps her honor and her treaty and stands by her principles at any cost or sacrifice and because of the valiant and most noble fight that her little army has put up in defence of these principles and the Empire.

Our Debt to Belgium.

"A question that has been asked frequently in the past few years is, 'When Britain is at war, are her self-governing colonies at war?' This must be answered most decisively in the affirmative by the sending of large contingents of the pick of the young manhood who have volunteered to go to the front to fight our Mother Country's battles and our battles.

The Care of Loved Ones.

"This war has brought its responsibilities to those who remain at home, in the caring for their loved ones or those who were dependent on those who have gone to the front. This should not be done so that it would appear as charity to the receivers, but our duty to them.

"Again do we owe Belgium anything? I think so. Did she not with her brave little army hold the hordes of German troops at bay until France and Britain could get their armies in position to check the German advance?

"Apparently as yet, all Germany has accomplished has been to defeat Belgium's small army, they have overrun and devastated Belgium, having razed to the ground villages, towns and cities, and driven from their former peaceful homes the residents and they are now wandering refugees in France, Holland, Great Britain, and their own country.

"It is our duty and that of all Christian nations to feed and clothe these people until the war is over and they are reimbursed for their losses.

"While Belgians have been defeated during the war and for some time afterwards and many are looking for an exodus to the country from the cities."

"While the county of Hastings as a county has done nothing in the way of discharging our duty, there has been a great deal done in the way of organizing of the minor municipalities and by many other organizations and societies and much is being done."

The Warden urged the appointment of a committee of men of divergent views to deal with the organization of the county in patriotic and relief work. Money grants may be out of consideration now, owing to the stringency, but general enthusiasm and work throughout the county should be guided by one central organization.

Germany Must Be Conquered.

"Perhaps there may be continuous need of grants for some years, as Lord Kitchener said the war will last three years before Germany will be smashed, but defeated it will be

(Continued on Page 8.)

ACTUAL RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

To Dec. 7, 1914.

County Treasurer, B. Mallory, submitted the following statement showing the estimated receipts and expenditures for 1914, together with the actual receipts and expenditures to December 7th.

	Estimated	Actual to Dec. 7th.
County Rates	74,851 82	54,949 61
Licenses	350 00	331 90
Schools	20,000 00	19,417 13
Registry Office	793 00	793 87
Roads and Bridges	18,000 00	18,790 84
Administration of Justice	18,000 00	11,894 94
Interest	250 00	332 02
House of Refuge	1,500 00	654 81
Miscellaneous		6 00
	\$128,644 82	
EXPENDITURES.		
Administration of Justice	14,000 00	13,999 30
Roads and Bridges	3,500 00	3,500 00
Councillors	2,900 00	1,976 40
Municipal Government Com's	1,500 00	1,084 00
Salaries	4,200 00	4,190 00
Schools	37,000 00	28,459 61
Coal and County Buildings	1,400 00	1,704 92
Printing and Stationery	1,400 00	863 11
Jury	2,600 00	2,147 07
Interest	4,000 00	4,232 32
Snow and Wire Fence	2,900 00	1,622 32
Machinery	200 00	764 04
Fuel and Light	2,000 00	1,500 53
Gravel Roads	29,000 00	29,212 62
Bridges	12,000 00	11,321 51
House of Refuge	8,000 00	7,879 21
Miscellaneous	2,684 82	1,774 00
	\$128,644 82	

GOLDEN WEDDING

On Tuesday, 8th inst. the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Oliver, 4th Con. of Sidney was the scene of a very pleasant event when their relatives and neighbors, numbering about 30, gathered to commemorate their marriage fifty years ago.

After a very excellent dinner and short time in social intercourse the following address was read by the pastor, Rev. L. M. Sharpe and Mr. Frank Jeffrey presented the purse. To Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Oliver.—

We, a few of your many friends and relatives assembled today to do honor to you, feel that in many ways we are most honored. We celebrate the golden jubilee of our churches more or less frequently but few are the events such as this of today for so often a few weeks or perhaps years previous the "pale rider" comes with his summons to either one or the other of the aged bridal pair. In this respect we are favored for we can rejoice with you in length of years and we feel the more our position in that circumstances and duty's call have combined to detain you some elsewhere we are here to remind you of them and to help to refill the home with light and joy.

With you we go back in imagination or in memory over the milestones of those fifty years and review the happy journey. The earliest home with its comforts of those remote days contrasted with those of today prove that "the house or its belongings cannot make a home" but where love is, there happiness dwells. Your daughter close at hand in another home, but with you today and often, along with two splendid sons now in our great central West, came to you

as gifts of your God and served to make earth more like heaven for you yet did not deter you from planning for Heaven while here upon earth. And we have been honored by your presence among us in the ripened stage of your life for you came to us to give the full product of the matured Christian, shedding a meliorating and broadening influence among us in our churches, Sunday school, missionary work, and in the citizenship which we also much appreciate.

You have seen the storm in the sky and have known how to face it. You have held the calm upon the deep and have used the time to mend your sails and train your crew, as pilgrims or as voyagers you have sailed side by side and heart to heart through a half century and now may look back and say with the poet "So long thy power hath blest me, Sure it still will lead me on for morn and eve, thy cross and thy rent.

"Till the journey's done, And with the moan those angels' faces smile Which we have loved long since and lost awhile."

May our prayers be answered that you may be preserved and that this side the river for many years and that we all may meet with the Redeemed when the last great jubilee is kept.

Your family and brother ask you to accept of this purse of gold tendered by your grandson, Mr. Frank Jeffrey.

Mr. Oliver replied with much feeling and in well chosen words thanked all concerned saying that he valued the good name of his family as of more worth than such riches.

The singing of the doxology and prayer led by the pastor brought the formal part of the proceedings to a close.

Woodley

Our Window

Seal is the Rich-king fur next to skin.

are showing very coats in the new with large shawl and cuffs, also with revers and cuffs, and trimmed to coo- with the rich ap- of the Seal.

Price \$125.00

CLEANED AND PRESSED

Method

Telephone 794

Front Street

Active Millinery Models at Campbell's

wing of French and New and original creases in making and creating a mod- comment from the smart- in town.

Reasonably Priced

M. Campbell

Front Street

The New Cantebury

Picture Framing

Mouldings

Pictures

Wall Papers

Everything new

undoubtedly have the finest in Wall Papers, new goods are shown in metropolitan city. If doubt this come in and an hour—we will put through an imitation in Papers and decorative combinations.

have surprised many ple this year—we will rise you if you will dare show us to show our line.

The New Cantebury

Wall Paper and Art

Picture and Framing

Store

How to be Sure

Shopkeepers and merchants throughout the Dominion are giving magnificent support to the "Made in Canada" movement.

Occasionally a shopkeeper, through lack of accurate information, may express the opinion that a certain class of article is not made in Canada, or is made only of an inferior grade.

If you are conscientiously trying to give "Made in Canada" goods first call in all your purchases, do not be content to relax your efforts just because you happen to receive this answer.

The shopkeeper may be perfectly sincere in his opinion, but there are other people who are more likely to have full and accurate information.

Why not write direct to the Canadian Manufacturers Association, Montreal, Toronto or Winnipeg? They have agreed to constitute themselves a general information bureau for the assistance of those who are trying to live up to the "Made in Canada" idea, and a line to them will always bring you prompt and reliable information, as to how and where to obtain the article you desire most conveniently and most quickly. If it is not made in Canada they will frankly tell you so.

"Canada First" is Everyone's Duty

BELLEVILLE IS PROSPEROUS DESPITE THE WAR

What the Special Correspondent of the Globe Heard and Saw Here Last Week.

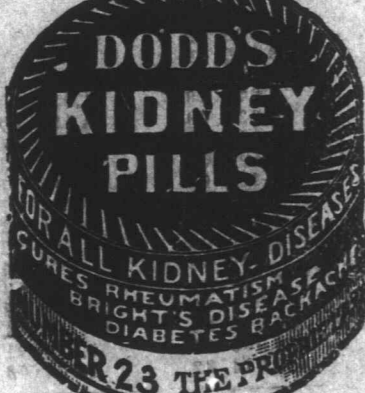
Mr. Norman Lambert special correspondent of The Globe visited Belleville the early part of last week, and in Saturday's issue he thus records his impressions.

Belleville, Dec. 2.—About two weeks ago the British Government favored Canada with an order for one million shirts—flannel shirts to be worn by Tommy Atkins. The shirt manufacturers of Canada got together immediately upon receipt of the large order from Britain, and organized themselves into the Canadian Shirt-makers' Association, so that Tommy Atkins could be supplied with warm Canadian-made shirts as quickly and as efficiently as possible. Thirty-two Canadian shirtmakers, practically the entire industry within the Dominion, constitute the new association which was formed in Montreal a fortnight ago, and now some six thousand hands, representing Canada's full working strength in that industry, are singing the song of the shirt.

Money in Shirts. But it is not "stitch, stitch, stitch in poverty, hunger and dirt." These one million shirts are bringing \$12 per dozen, or a little more than \$1,400,000 is now being earned from this source by the thirty-seven shirt manufacturers and their six thousand employees. Not only are the Canadian woolen mills, where miles of flannel is being spun and woven into "the web," operating night and day. The one million shirt order from the motherland alone will keep the Canadian manufacturer busy until the end of January; and then there is the Canadian "Tommy" who must be supplied.

Belleville's Busy Industries.

One connects this shirt item in the national account with Belleville, because the busiest spot in this quiet, substantial-looking little city at the present moment is the Deacon Shirt Company's factory, which is earning a goodly share of Britain's timely contribution to Canadian industry. Another manufacturing institution owned by the Graham Company, which prepares all sorts of evaporated fruits and dehydrated vegetables, is feeling the stimulating effect of war orders for consignments of food for the British soldier. Two hardware factories in the city—two of the oldest businesses of their kind in Canada—which employ about one hundred and seventy-five men each in normal times, are now working with staffs of about one hundred and thirty-five men, and without the external assistance of the war. One manufacturing plant, that belonging to the Steel Company of Canada, is idle; but that is the only marked exception to the appearance of accustomed activity in the city of Belleville.



A Marketing Place.

Belleville, however, is not pre-eminently a manufacturing center. It is known better for its cheese than its shirts or its hardware; and it is rather as a typical old Ontario marketing place for the farmers of the agricultural district that this city is of distinct commercial importance under normal conditions, and particularly under the abnormal conditions of prosperity directly of its own citizens, but more important still one sees here the direct reflection of a prosperous farming community on all sides—north, south, east and west. Belleville has the advantage of all the other lakefront towns in that the post-pondular county of Prince Edward forms a rich tributary area to the south. Over the bridge which spans the narrow passage of the Bay of Quinte and joins Hastings to Prince Edward, a valuable proportion of Belleville's trade moves in from the latter county.

A Million Dollars in Cheese.

A banker, who it is claimed, handles the bulk of the farmers' business in this district, and who is in close touch with the development of agriculture in this and the neighboring county, declared to your correspondent to-day that the country surrounding and immediately tributary to Belleville is the most prosperous district for its size and population in Canada. One item alone, he said, amounted to one million dollars each season. The dealers here handle a million dollars worth of cheese every year. That amount represents only the export business that is done in cheese from this one center. It nearly all goes to Britain. Prices this year for cheese, so The Globe was informed, have been higher in the Belleville market than ever before. And cheese is only one of the sources of income. Corn and tomatoes have been large crops this year in Prince Edward and South Hastings, and money has been made also from hogs and horses. The net result of this prosperous condition amongst the farmers is that the life in this district and in this particular community has been disturbed very little by the war from the point of view of dollars and cents.

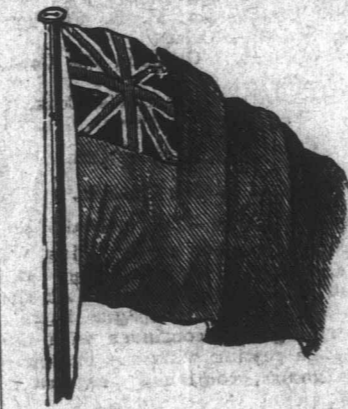
No Money Stringency Here.

The municipal authorities say that tax collections as recorded up till November the first this year have never been equalled in any previous year. Furthermore, any business man who wants money in a place like this seems to be able to get any amount of credit that he may desire. A manufacturer here, who is filling war orders, told your correspondent that his banker assured him that he need not worry about finances.

"Go ahead and handle all the orders you can get, and we'll look after you," was the reassuring assurance that was given by the banker to the manufacturer, who added that he had not heard of anybody deserving of credit being refused it in Belleville.

"How long have you lived here?" the manufacturer was asked. "All my life," was the reply. "I was born and brought up in this place. All of which undoubtedly had a great deal to do with the generous tendering of credit on the part of the banker. The testimony, however, was still another glowing tribute to the old established society of old Ontario.

Sweet and palatable. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is acceptable to children, and it does its work surely and promptly.



Belleville Patriotic Association

The Treasurer begs to acknowledge with thanks the following subscriptions and monthly payments since added to the lists published up to the 27th of November.

Table listing names and amounts for the Belleville Patriotic Association, including T. B. Carman, A. Friend, W. B. Deacon, etc.

MILITARY WEDDING IN ST. THOMAS

Belleville Volunteer of Second Contingent joins ranks of Beneficents. An event of interest in military circles took place in St. Thomas church this afternoon at two-thirty when the Rev. Canon G. R. Beamish united in marriage Mr. Henry Cor-

Ex Officers of the British Regular and Territorial Forces

The Canadian Military authorities have received through His Royal Highness the Governor General an important notification from the Army Council, London, regarding the mobilization for the war of ex-officers of the British regular and territorial forces.

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills

are not a new and untried remedy—our grandfathers used them. Half a century ago, before Confederation, they were on sale in nearly every drug or general store in the Canada of that day, and were the recognized cure in thousands of homes for Constipation, Indigestion, Biliousness, Rheumatism and Kidney and Liver Troubles. To-day they are just as effective, just as reliable as ever, and nothing better has yet been devised to cure common ills.

C.N.R. MORNING TRAIN HAS BEEN RESTORED

It will be welcome news to the citizens to ascertain that the Canadian Northern Company has decided to restore the early morning train between here and Trenton. This train was a real accommodation to many who wished to go to various points over the Central Ontario and had to make connection at Trenton. The surprising thing is that the service should ever have been discontinued. It may be that it does not pay to operate the train at present as Mr. Fairbairn claims, but the same remark might be made in regard to other trains both on the C.N.R. and other lines as well.

The Canadian Northern Company should recognize the fact that there is a new line, and that the habits of the public are slow to change. It requires time to acquaint people with new lines of travel, and it is very possible that routes now little utilized may become popular. The only way to attain that popularity is to give the public the service. The profits will come later.

Mr. Fairbairn's letter to Mayor Wills follows: Toronto, Ont., Dec. 5th, 1914. Mr. J. F. Wills, K.C., Mayor Corporation of the City of Belleville, Ont.

Please refer further to your letter of November 23rd and my reply of December 2nd.

We will have a slight change of time, effective Monday, December 14th and with this change of time we will have a train leaving Belleville on or about 6.35 a.m., connecting with trains for Picton and Maynooth.

While we have decided to give Belleville this train service, I want to again say that the traffic handled does not warrant the operation of this train. From the time our line opened we have recognized the importance of this route, and have tried to give Belleville the very best of service.

Yours truly, R. L. FAIRBAIRN, General Passenger Agent.

IMPROVED TRAIN SERVICE BY C.P.R. OVER LAKE SHORE

Evidence of the value to the Canadian Pacific Railway, and to the convenience of the travelling public of the new Lake Shore line come more and more in evidence, and the following improved train service is calculated to give general satisfaction.

On December 13th several of the most important trains on the Montreal-Chicago service will pass this line, namely, the "Canadian," leaving Montreal at 8.45 a.m. and the "Dominion," leaving Montreal at 10 p.m. The similar trains in the reverse direction from Chicago, will also pass this way, picking up passengers at intermediate points who desire to see something of this picturesque route on their way to Montreal.

NOTES FROM THE FIELD

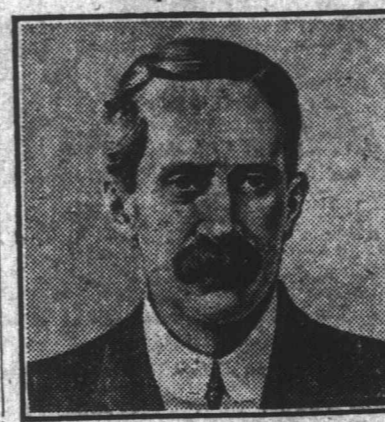
From the Chicago-Belleville News. Adjutant-General Adam Henry (Hammy) Wallbridge, of Vancouver, reports that "the symptoms are favorable, out this way."

MUNICIPAL PROSPECTS IN NAPANEE

On December 15th the municipal council by 14d natural processes of law practically goes out of existence. Speculation is rife as to the composition of the 1915 council. Some of the present members of the council evidently think that their long service at the council board in the interest of the town entitles them to look for something higher. Coun. R. J. Dickinson has announced himself as a candidate for the office of Chief Magistrate of the town, and the present holder of that office, Mayor Alfred Alexander is of the opinion that, as is customary, he is entitled to a second term, and if the people want him he would again seek re-election. Coun. W. T. Waller has announced himself as a candidate for the Revolving office against all comers. The present Rev. Mr. S. C. Denison says it will all depend on circumstances whether he will seek re-election for this office. Coun. Carson says he is going to be in the fight but the point of attack seems to be somewhat obscure. He also may be looking for an advance up the ladder of municipal honors. Coun. Wiseman is rather in love with the idea of being able to keep his seat at the council board warm for another year. Councillors Geo. T. Walters and M. P. Graham may and they may not seek re-election. The field of candidates may be a determining factor, as to whether they will or will not again seek municipal honors. So far as we can learn there is no new material offering to fill the breach in the ranks of the council by the intentions of the gentlemen above referred to.—Express.

WHOLE FAMILY USES THEM

"Fruit-a-lives" Keeps Young And Old In Splendid Health



J. W. HAMMOND Esq. SCOTLAND, ONT., Aug. 25th, 1913. "Fruit-a-lives" are the only pills manufactured, to my way of thinking. They work completely, no gripping whatever, and one is plenty for any ordinary person at a dose. My wife was a martyr to Constipation. We tried everything on the calendar without satisfaction, and spent large sums of money until we happened on "Fruit-a-lives". I cannot say too much in their favor. We have used them in the family for about two years and we would not use anything else as long as we can get "Fruit-a-lives". Their action is mild, and no distress at all. I have recommended them to many other people, and our whole family uses them.

RIFLE SHOOTING

The Belleville Rifle Association held a practice shoot on the indoor range last evening with the following result: 10 shots at 25 yards.

Table listing names and scores for rifle shooting, including J. W. Davison, W. J. Andrews, A. Haggerty, etc.

WHOLE FAMILY USES THEM

"Fruit-a-lives" Keeps Young And Old In Splendid Health

WHOLE FAMILY USES THEM

"Fruit-a-lives" Keeps Young And Old In Splendid Health

WHOLE FAMILY USES THEM

"Fruit-a-lives" Keeps Young And Old In Splendid Health

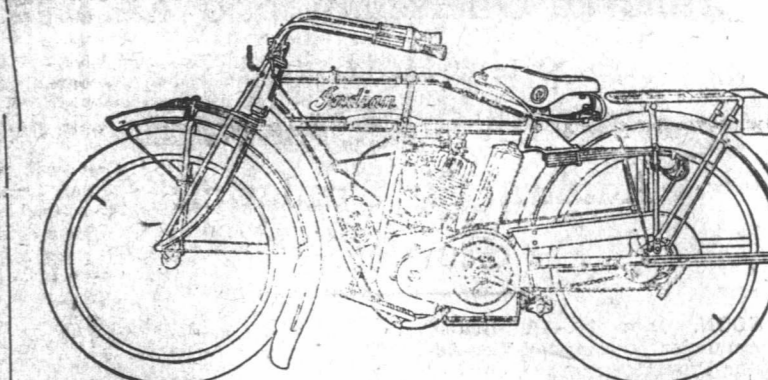
For One Month, Beginning Saturday October 31st

We Offer Our Stock of CARRIAGES & WAGONS

at Greatly Reduced Prices to make room for Cutters and Sleighs

- 20 Auto Seat Piano Box Buggies
6 Platform Spring Democrat Wagons with Canopy tops
2 Platform Spring Democrat Wagons with Canopy tops
6 Tubular Axle Lumber Wagons
6 Second-hand Piano Box Buggies
2 Second-hand Phaetons
1 Second hand Lumber Wagon
These second-hand rigs are all fitted up good as new.
10 set Wagon Bolster Springs.
Big Bargains while this sale lasts.

The Finnegan Carriage & Wagon Co. BELLEVILLE



For Information, Terms, Prices and Catalogues of the famous Indian Motorcycle rode the world over, write me and I will prove to anyone the superiority of the Indian over all make of motorcycles.

Herington and Reeson TRENTON, ONT.

Agent for Trenton, Belleville, Brighton Colborne, Warkworth and Picton

Buy the Best

Now is the time to buy Oliver PLOWS

If you want a Corn Binder you will make no mistake to buy either a Deering or McCormick as years of service have proved their worth

Huffman & Bunnett's

within your grasp

Your ideal home is now within your grasp if you act quick. We have listed houses that are without equal in this section of the country for convenience and price.

Call or phone today and get further particulars, or, better still, come in at once and arrange to view this exceptional opportunity.

Whelan and Yeomans REAL ESTATE & INSURANCE

GET UNDER YOUR OWN ROOF BELLEVILLE, ONT.

Saturday

GONS

room for

th Canopy tops

good as new.

Wagon Co.



and Catalogue. rode the world to anyone the sake of motor-

eeeson

TON, ONT.

Warkworth and Picton

best

uy Oliver

inder you

ce to buy

rmick

d their worth

annett's



grasp

is now

o if you

ve listed

qual in this

ence and price.

y and

rs, or,

n excep-

oomans

URANCE

N ROOF

Our daily news letter from this thriving town furnished by the Ontario's special representative.

Busy Trenton

The latest news of the town and surrounding neighborhood is given in an interesting manner.

TRENTON, Dec. 2.—Owing to press of work we were unable to comment on the good work of the Queen's Dramatic Club, which played the Weller Opera House on Friday last, sooner, Mr. Charlie Girdler, acted the part of the rogue admirably and we have seldom seen his work equalled in Trenton. Miss Beatrice Gilhooley, the chief lady of the aggregation, gave a pleasing representation of the part assigned to her and captivated the audience. Altogether, the evening was put on a splendid entertainment, and should they return to Trenton they should be greeted by a better house.

The Degree team of Picton Lodge, I. O. E., will visit the Trenton lodge this evening and will exemplify the third degree.

Mr. Chas. Wilkin, of the Queen's Engineers, returns to Kingston this week.

Today's Globe publishes an article in which it is set forth that there is a dearth of officers to command the Second Contingent. Positions have been offered to officers now with the 1st Contingent, who have nothing to do.

Mr. J. H. Rathburn has moved into his fine new livery stables on Dundas street.

Mr. Burnside, of the Whirlwind stores, has moved into Mr. T. H. Gothard's house on Cedar street.

Mrs. Jack Kinney held her first reception at her pretty residence, Division street, on Monday afternoon.

Mr. Thos. L. Church stated on Monday night to your correspondent, that he was a sure winner in the Toronto majority contest. If energy counts, Tommy should get there.

We are in receipt of a very nice letter from the Editor of The Daily Ontario, in which he states that he is pleased with our work and admires our ability to keep out of trouble by publishing only safe items of news. We can assure him that it is sometimes difficult to decide whether certain items should go in, but when we are in doubt we just blue pencil the doubtful item. In Trenton some people are always looking for trouble and it is not our intention to give them anything to work on if we know it.

The C.P.R. has 82 permanent officials living in Trenton. The C.P.R. has 175 trainmen and engineers working in and out of Trenton. The C.P.R. has 13 miles of track inside the town limits. The C.P.R. has a coaling plant with capacity of 800 tons per day here. The terminal has only been in operation about six months. The C.P.R. monthly pay roll is \$10,000. Within three years it is expected to reach the sum of \$50,000. A new station is probably in the works. The C.P.R. is handling 6,000 cars per week through Trenton. From Glen Tay to Azimourt, a distance of about 200 miles, \$60,000 per mile has been expended.

TRENTON, Dec. 4.—Mrs. E. L. Fraser held her first reception here, yesterday, at her residence on Spring street.

The boys who were placed under arrest a few evenings ago in Belleville, claim that the owner of the automobile gave them permission to use it.

The November milk test resulted as follows: Ketcheson fat 4; T. White fat 4.7; Meyers fat 4.2; and Frauts fat 4.1.

Hon. N. W. Rowell will be the next Canadian Club speaker.

A travelling man was rash enough to sample too much of Trenton's best brands yesterday, with the result that he used grossly insulting language to two ladies on Front street, near the Strathcona hotel. He was charged with Dec. 15th, and fined \$20 at this morning's police court.

Sergeant Walter Holmes, of the 21st Battalion, Kingston, is spending a few days leave in town.

Mr. Harry LeClair, C.N.R. ticket agent at Union Station, Toronto, was in town yesterday.

E. M. Clapp, F.G.P. of Grand Equipment I.O.O.F. was in town yesterday.

C. B. Meyers, Belleville's new produce merchant, called on us to-day. Resident engineers of the C. P. K. Toronto-Glen Tay Division, have been notified to complete all unfinished work by Dec. 15th, and then to take six months' holidays.

Miss Gertrude Lawrence and Mr. Bruce Robertson were married on Dec. 1st by Rev. W. N. Bunner, at Grace Church parsonage.

The sale of work by the Ladies' Aid Society of St. George's church, held at the residence of Mrs. W. E. Polley, was a financial success, nearly \$100 being realized.

Messrs. Fred Auger and Harry Moore, formerly with the Canada Iron Mines Co., are spending a few days here with their families.

Trenton, Dec. 7th.—A delightful patriotic entertainment and sale took place in Miss White's room at the Public school, on Friday afternoon. Some time before the event, two little toddlers suggested that every boy and girl in the class bring some thing suitable from home and invite the parents and friends of the scholars to attend, which, to their credit they did to the number of nearly 100. Everything was sold but a pair of children's shoes was disappointed in being bought. The children realized in the neighborhood of \$35.00, which amount, we believe is to be sent to the Belgians.

Rev. Canon Armstrong goes to Ottawa to-morrow on business.

A number of Italians secured passage for Naples on Saturday, through Mr. H. F. Whittier.

The Roger Miller Co. has closed down for the winter months and

employed living in Toronto have left town.

Capt. J. H. Sills, of 21st Battalion, spent Sunday here with friends.

Sapper Angus Howat, of Queen's Royal Engineers, Kingston, spent Sunday here with his parents.

Private Geo. E. Burt, who enlisted at London, Ont., has secured his discharge in order that he may join the 21st Battalion, Kingston. The High school boys and girls presented him with a wrist watch-medal won at field sports and knitted comforts.

We would like to be informed if the county of Hastings has made a grant to the Central Ontario Fund (Ottawa). We notice that the county of Perth is giving \$1,400. per month.

Miss Margery Bell, of Toronto, is visiting at St. George's rectory.

Mrs. O. E. Lawson is in town visiting her mother and sister.

Mr. M. W. Burdoff returned yesterday from his regular Pacific coast trip.

Rev. D. E. Foster preached an interesting sermon at last evening's service in St. Andrew's church. We are glad to notice that Mr. Foster is in sympathy with our frequently expressed desire to secure recreation grounds for the young people of the community. It is up to the churches to first set the example and then community plan of action. They should co-operate with the police in an effort to keep the young girls off the streets at night.

Mrs. Helen Flinnley is to be congratulated upon her enterprise in opening a lending library. It is to be hoped that the public will patronize it liberally.

On Friday evening, Dec. 11th the Wilkitts Opera Co. will play "The Chocolate Soldier" at the Weller Opera House. This large company of 40 people carrying its own orchestra and a large quantity of special stage scenery, has never before played in any place so small as Trenton, so it is hoped that Mr. Weller's enterprise will be rewarded with a liberal patronage. Pro De Novello, leader of the orchestra is reputed to be one of the finest musicians on the road and the first night of the performance alone will be worth the price of admission. The "Chocolate Soldier" owing to war conditions, should be popular at this time, and possibly some of those husky youths who should be in the ranks of the 19th Regiment may receive sufficient inspiration from viewing the play to enlist in the 3rd Contingent.

At the regular meeting of the town council, to be held this evening, some 400 names will be discussed. We have been told that only 40 Canadians native to the County of Hastings have enlisted for the war. We would like to learn from someone who knows that we have been informed. Such a record, if correct, does not reflect any credit on the men of this county. The English, Irish, Scotch and Welsh, are enlisting freely, and it is going to be said in the future that the Canadians in this most important U. E. Loyalist district permitted them to do their fighting for them!

At the regular meeting of the town council, to be held this evening, some 400 names will be discussed.

We have been told that only 40 Canadians native to the County of Hastings have enlisted for the war.

We would like to learn from someone who knows that we have been informed. Such a record, if correct, does not reflect any credit on the men of this county.

The English, Irish, Scotch and Welsh, are enlisting freely, and it is going to be said in the future that the Canadians in this most important U. E. Loyalist district permitted them to do their fighting for them!

The boys who were placed under arrest a few evenings ago in Belleville, claim that the owner of the automobile gave them permission to use it.

The November milk test resulted as follows: Ketcheson fat 4; T. White fat 4.7; Meyers fat 4.2; and Frauts fat 4.1.

Hon. N. W. Rowell will be the next Canadian Club speaker.

A travelling man was rash enough to sample too much of Trenton's best brands yesterday, with the result that he used grossly insulting language to two ladies on Front street, near the Strathcona hotel. He was charged with Dec. 15th, and fined \$20 at this morning's police court.

Sergeant Walter Holmes, of the 21st Battalion, Kingston, is spending a few days leave in town.

Mr. Harry LeClair, C.N.R. ticket agent at Union Station, Toronto, was in town yesterday.

E. M. Clapp, F.G.P. of Grand Equipment I.O.O.F. was in town yesterday.

C. B. Meyers, Belleville's new produce merchant, called on us to-day. Resident engineers of the C. P. K. Toronto-Glen Tay Division, have been notified to complete all unfinished work by Dec. 15th, and then to take six months' holidays.

Miss Gertrude Lawrence and Mr. Bruce Robertson were married on Dec. 1st by Rev. W. N. Bunner, at Grace Church parsonage.

The sale of work by the Ladies' Aid Society of St. George's church, held at the residence of Mrs. W. E. Polley, was a financial success, nearly \$100 being realized.

Messrs. Fred Auger and Harry Moore, formerly with the Canada Iron Mines Co., are spending a few days here with their families.

Trenton, Dec. 7th.—A delightful patriotic entertainment and sale took place in Miss White's room at the Public school, on Friday afternoon. Some time before the event, two little toddlers suggested that every boy and girl in the class bring some thing suitable from home and invite the parents and friends of the scholars to attend, which, to their credit they did to the number of nearly 100. Everything was sold but a pair of children's shoes was disappointed in being bought. The children realized in the neighborhood of \$35.00, which amount, we believe is to be sent to the Belgians.

Rev. Canon Armstrong goes to Ottawa to-morrow on business.

A number of Italians secured passage for Naples on Saturday, through Mr. H. F. Whittier.

The Roger Miller Co. has closed down for the winter months and

dear before they shot them.

Miss Irene Bouck, we understand, is very fond of her nieces, having taken one home from church on Sunday evening last.

Miss Agnes Jones, of Albert College, is spending over Sunday with her parents.

Miss Nancy Embury spent last Wednesday at Mr. Wellington Embury's, of Gilead.

Mrs. Henry Fairman, of Gilead, is spending a few days with her daughter, Mrs. E. A. Morton.

Mr. J. O. Emerson, who has been away for over seven years, returned to his home on Nov. 14th.

Mrs. Allan Embury is spending a few days at Mr. Walter Embury's.

Mr. Harry James, agent Saturday evening at Mr. E. Morton's.

Miss Cassie Morton, spent Saturday at Mr. Frank Morton's, of Roslin.

A few days at Mr. Marie Milt's.

Miss Edith of Highfield, is spending a few days at Mr. J. O. Emerson's.

Miss Lillie Bateman.

Mr. Joseph Chappell, spent last Wednesday at Mr. Ed. Carter's, of Gilead.

Miss L. Wallace, of West Haddington, is spending a few days in our burg.

Miss Mabel West and Miss May Lee took tea with Miss Mary Morton, last Sunday.

Mrs. O. E. Lawson is in town visiting her mother and sister.

Mr. Harry Frances, spent Saturday evening at Mr. Tom Stubb's.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Embury, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Lee.

Mr. L. Ketcheson has returned home from the West last Saturday.

Mr. Simon Kiser, of Belleville, is spending a few days at Mr. R. Berr's.

SHANNONVILLE.

Miss Colling of Belleville has been the guest of Mrs. John Exley for a number of weeks.

Mr. Arthur Dean of Ottawa who was a delegate at the Boys' Work Conference recently held in Belleville spent a few days visiting his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Dean.

The members of the Adult Bible Class of the Methodist church are practicing for an entertainment to be given on December 23rd.

Mr. Wm. Hart of Rochester, N.Y., is at the home of his father.

Mr. William Elliott and family have recently moved to Belleville where Mr. Elliott is engaged in the evaporating business. His friends here sympathize with him in the loss of his evaporator by fire, and are sorry to lose him and this industry.

Mrs. Lee of Lindsay is visiting her brother Mr. Allan Steele.

Mrs. T. E. Morden has returned to her home after spending a week with friends in Picton.

Mr. Reginald Mills is the possessor of a new motor cycle.

Rev. and Mrs. Wm. Fleming are in Belleville visiting their son William.

We regret to hear that the Rev. gentleman is very ill, with little hope for his recovery.

Mr. Ernest Peersall who has spent the last five years in Seattle is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Peersall.

Mr. James Little has returned from Oswego where he has been visiting his mother who is seriously ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Valieu have returned to Toronto after visiting friends here.

WELLINGTON.

The first dance of the Wellington social club was held at Hotel Alexandra last Friday evening and was a decided success.

Mr. Wilbert Peters and Gerald Ferguson spent Sunday at Belleville.

Mrs. Jas. McDonald entertained a number of her lady friends one evening last week.

Mrs. Blackhall and daughter have gone to Winnipeg to spend the winter with the former's sister, whose husband went to England with the first contingent.

The patriotic meeting held last Monday evening in the music hall was well attended and the different speakers stirred up considerable enthusiasm among the audience. The cause is a most deserving one and it is the duty of every resident of Wellington to contribute to the fullest extent.

Miss Helen Herrington has given up her position at the Sick Children's Hospital at Toronto and is home for the present.

TABERNACLE.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Batstone spent Tuesday the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Leach.

Rev. Mr. Delve of Wooler occupied the pulpit at Stockdale on Sunday.

Mr. Jack Wentworth spent Sunday at Mr. W. Todd's.

Willie Todd spent Saturday the guest of John Crow.

Tabernacle Sunday School will hold their annual entertainment on Dec. 22nd.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Perry were the guests of Walter Rogers on Sunday.

Miss Annie Todd spent Sunday the guest of Edith Rodgers.

Mr. L. Flood spent Sunday at Mr. Herb Perry's.

STIRLING.

It's two more weeks until Xmas and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Montgomery and Miss Ella Currie spent Friday at the home of Mrs. Thos. J. Smith.

Miss Ethel Hough has returned home after spending a week with Miss Pearl Herman.

Mr. Arthur Hamblin and family of Oak Hills look dinner with Mr. and Mrs. Fred F. Ward.

Mr. and Mrs. B. R. Wright and Mr. and Mrs. C. Wright were visitors at River Valley recently.

Mr. Robt. Bush is visiting his brother, Mr. Wm. Bush, over the Bay for a few days.

Miss Olive Weesock spent Sunday with Mrs. W. Smith, Anson.

The general passenger agent, Mr. Fairbairn, of the C.N.R. was in town to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. L. McCutcheon of Ottawa are in the city visiting Mr. and Mrs. McCutcheon, Yeomans St.

AROUND THE CITY

Child Passed Away.

James Edward Taylor, one year old son of Lionel A. Taylor, 54 Dundas street, died yesterday.

Ill With Pneumonia.

A friend in Belleville has received word from Edmonton, Alta., that Mr. James E. Madrine, formerly of the Alford Hotel, of Belleville, but now of Strathcona, is very ill with pneumonia.

Doors Found Insecure.

Two doors were found insecure by the police on Front street last night.

Action for Damages.

The action for damages of Lafferty vs. McCormick is before a jury to-day.

Inspected Properties.

The possible properties for the Children's Aid Shelter were visited by a large number of the county council members, including the committee of the council. Several members of the city council accompanied them. In all 312 properties were inspected. The committee will go into the subject of a joint shelter in all details.

Brought in True Bill.

The Grand Jury at the sessions and county court brought in a true bill against a man named Hawley of Mar-mora, charged with assault.

A CANDY WAR MAP

In the show window of Mr. Chas. Clapp's confectionery store on Bridge street may be seen one of the most ingenious and attractive features of the kind ever displayed in this city. It is a large war map of Europe made from various colors of Candy. Each separate country has a distinctive color of its own in red, blue, yellow, green, or chocolate, and national and other names are superimposed upon the map in white. This is Mr. Clapp's own work and is a rare tribute to his skill. At the request of The Baker and Confectioner, Toronto, Mr. Clapp will have the map photographed for reproduction in that journal.

NEW AUCTIONEER

Mr. Ira Simmons, a well known and popular resident of Foxboro, has decided to enter the ranks of the professional auctioneers. Mr. Simmons' long experience in blacksmithing and in farming will make him an excellent judge of values of all kinds of farm stock and farm equipment. He hopes by fair dealing and ability to show results that he will be able to secure a fair share of the auctioneering business in his section. He will make his first bow to the public at the sale of Mr. John W. Reed, near Foxboro, on Dec. 10th.

CAN'T FIND WORK

James Ritchie, a marine engineer, who has not had a bit of work to do since August 15, was arrested in Thurlo on a timber flat car by Constable Pat Donovan Monday afternoon. Ritchie was in between the ends of timbers and great care had to be exerted in stopping the train slowly, so that he might not be hurt by the shifting of the beams.

LIUT-COL. RATHBUN APPOINTED

Montreal, Dec. 9.—Lieut-Col. E. W. Rathbun, Kingston, has been appointed to command the 6th Brigade of Field Artillery with the second Canadian contingent.

MESSAGE FROM SALISBURY PLAIN

The Ontario has received a picture card from Lieut. G. N. Spafford, of the 34th Field Battery, now at Salisbury Plain. Mr. Spafford's message reads, "Kind regards from the lads to all at home. We are with the Second Battery, 1st Brigade, C.F.A., West Down, North Salisbury Plain."

MARRIED.

HOOD—FLOOD

At the parsonage, Frankford, on Nov. 25th, 1914 by Rev. J. Batstone, Mr. Alex. Hood to Miss Lucy May Flood, both of the Township of Murray.

Requisite on the Farm—Every farmer and stock-raiser should keep a supply of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil on hand, not only as a ready remedy for ill in the family, but because it is a horse and cattle medicine of great potency. As a substitute for sweet oil for horses and cattle affected by colic it far surpasses anything that can be administered.

STRUGGLE IS HOLY

German Preachers Calling on All to Fight for Kaiser.

"ONLY FIGHTERS LIVE"

"There Must Be No Pardon, No Mercy For Germany's Enemies," Says Remarkable Sermon Which Is Being Preached in Every Corner of the Kaiser's Empire—Women Through the Church.

PARIS, Dec. 9.—"Holy War" is being preached in every church in Germany. Mystic, exalting services are held, marked by devout thanksgiving for German feats of arms and supplications to the Almighty for the Kaiser's triumph. A neutral journalist, describing one of their services which he attended in the Berlin cathedral, says: "The interior was black with people, mainly wounded soldiers and women, and the masses were dressed with glittering uniforms. After thousands of voices had intoned the Hosannah, the priest delivered the following sermon: 'Brethren, beyond our Empire the barbarian hordes have gathered their forces to storm the black eagles and destroy the great, strong, fruitful, German people, of whom they are jealous. This war has been forced on us. The exterminating sword has been thrust into our hands. If you wouldst live—fight. Who fights not, lives not. Across the bloody battlefield thou shalt finally witness the dawn of a new and radiant Germany, grateful to her sons for their blood.'

"Our brothers, fathers and husbands are over there, rifle in hand, ready to thrust the avenging sword of our beloved Kaiser into the enemy's flank. You German women must be courageous. It is yours to pray and to exalt the bravery of your men-folk. This is a holy war, wherein no little act of devotion is lost. Nothing is too much for our iron Kaiser. There must be no pardon, no pity for Germany's enemies. The supreme recompense which a German soldier places above everything else is when, stricken by the enemy's blows, he sees the Kaiser pass before him and hears him say, 'I am pleased with thee; thou art my worthy son.'"

This same sermon, delivered in an impressive and dramatic manner, the correspondent continues, "is preached in every corner of Germany." The rising of the curtain in the Berlin cathedral war trophies are massed in the square, including twelve Russian guns, whitened by the snow, and the Russian flag, the congregation makes a pilgrimage after the service, immense crowds gather in front of the Crown Prince's Palace, where two French guns stand.

ATTACKED ON RAFTS.

German Assault Is Foiled By Deadly Artillery Fire.

LONDON, Dec. 9.—Telegraphing from Dunkirk The Daily Chronicle's correspondent says:—The Germans made another attack on the Belgian lines at Ramecapelle, near Per-yette. They came in numerous rafts, which were armed with machine guns and towed by three powerful motor boats.

As soon as the Belgian outposts opened fire the motor boats flashed blinding searchlights on them and opened a murderous machine gun fire. The Germans reached the shore and were preparing to land when the Belgians brought up a searchlight, signalling the Belgian and French artillery, stationed some distance in the rear, to shell the rafts accurately.

BLOODLESS VICTORY.

French Fleet Has Accomplished Its Task and Is Intact.

PARIS, Dec. 9.—The mastery of the seas has been realized by the allied fleets, declares the French Minister of Marine, in an interview given to the "Petit Parisien" sheets of the enemy countries, Germany and Austria," he says, "representing twenty-five per cent. of the world's maritime traffic has been annihilated. These results have been obtained without fighting. We could have destroyed the defenceless seacoast towns of Trieste and Ragusa, but we are not Germans.

The French fleet has accomplished its task and four months after the outbreak of the war, it is absolutely intact, awaiting future battles fearless of any foe."

Lady Decies Wounded.

LONDON, Dec. 9.—A despatch from Dunkirk to The Westminster Gazette, describing the terror of the populace at the appearance of a Taube over Dunkirk, reveals the wounding of Lady Decies.

"On the occasion of the last visit of a Taube one of the bombs killed a woman and wounded a young girl so her arm had to be amputated. Lady Decies, who has been doing hard Red Cross work here for the past couple of months, happened to be passing close to the spot where the bomb fell. She was struck on the shoulder by a splinter of iron, and as long as she lives will carry the mark as a memento."

Gold Coast Foots Bills.

LONDON, Dec. 9.—The Official Press Bureau states that the operations resulting in the capture of the German colony of Togoland cost \$300,000, which the Gold Coast Legislative Council has agreed to meet.

You Should Worry If

\$1,000 GRANT TO FORTY-NINTH REGIMENT NOTED BY COUNTY COUNCIL

For Mobilisation Purposes—Delegation of Officers of Battalion Appeared at Council and Addressed Members—Historical References to Regiment.

One of those scenes which will never be forgotten was witnessed in the County Council yesterday afternoon (Wednesday) when patriotism was the dominant note. The ex-Premier of Canada and the officers of the Forty-Ninth Regiment laid before the council the glorious records of that battalion of "Hastings Rifles" and the present demands, and the council was proud of them and their men. It cheered the hearts of the officers to be received as they were by the warden and council, and to see Sir Mackenzie Bowell, the honorary colonel occupying the warden's chair. After they had made known their requests for aid, the council rose and sang "God Save the King," and "It's a Long Way to Tipperary." And then a little later the council unanimously and without discussion over the amount of the grant passed the following resolution on motion of Mr. N. Vermilyea and Mr. Chas. Ketcheson:

"That \$1,000 be granted for regimental purposes to the Forty-Ninth Regiment for mobilization and other legitimate expenses in connection with the regiment; \$500 payable now and \$500 when required, to be paid on the order of Lieut.-Col. W. G. Ketcheson."

The reception of the military delegation was the first business of the afternoon of Thursday. Warden W. H. Hubbell welcomed the officers and invited Sir Mackenzie Bowell to take a seat at his right. The aged knight and veteran accepted but said mirthfully "You would have suited me better if you had left me among the boys." Mr. N. Vermilyea, reeve of Thurlow, rejoined "I think Sir Mackenzie will find he is among the boys now." (Applause.)

The officers present were Lt.-Col. W. G. Ketcheson, Capt. R. Vanderwater, Rev. Capt. R. C. Blagrove, Lieut. Walt and Lieut. James.

Lt.-Col. W. G. Ketcheson, speaking:

Commanding the Forty-Ninth Hastings Rifles was the first speaker. He told what the Forty-Ninth had done for the country—52 men and 10 officers for the First Contingent and 64 men and 4 officers in the Second Contingent. He had found that it was easier to raise the men for the second contingent than for the first. Within ten minutes of receiving orders he would have every captain notified. The regiment is raised over one hundred miles. The officers immediately go to work. The company covers 20 miles. Consequently expenses are incurred and the regimental funds are depleted. The depuration asked not less than \$1,000 to aid in recovering the regimental expenses. Each officer has to pay for his own clothing.

Col. Ketcheson said he had been in the regiment 23 years. His officers he had never shirked their duty and expended their pay in meeting regimental expenses. Each officer has to pay for his own clothing. In the late Col. Brown's time, \$500 was voted the battalion. During Col. Orr's command the council increased the vote to \$1,000. Today the 49th men are being well paid and are volunteering. Last year the regiment took 384 men to camp. There is no better regiment in the Third Division.

Col. Ponton had told the speaker "The Forty-Ninth should be proud of the men it has sent to the front." It has had two ministers in its ranks, Sir Mackenzie Bowell and Major-General Sam Hughes.

Warden Hubbell said the council was honored in having Sir Mackenzie ex-Prime Minister of Canada, and Sir Mackenzie Bowell of the Forty-Ninth grace its meeting. Was Captain of Boys in 1837. Sir Mackenzie Bowell, K.C.M.G., impressed upon the council the necessity of aiding the Forty-Ninth Battalion in their endeavor to meet the country's need, to furnish men to protect the liberties of our Empire and the Allies in the war now raging in Europe. He said he commenced his military career in 1837. He commanded a company of boys in 1837, armed with wooden guns and tin weapons. No. 1 Company of the 49th served at Pres. Ford's camp. In those days little aid was given by the government, simply accommodations. Uniforms had to be bought by the men.

At the time of the American Civil War, No. 1 Co. with others were serving at Amherstburg to preserve neutrality. Sir Mackenzie was an officer for four months in '68. He made his little out of it as he had to pay his share of the men. In the Fenian Raid crisis he was a Captain in the Fifteenth. The latter regiment is supported financially and in other ways because it is a city regiment. The Forty-Ninth is a battalion. It has a record back to 1812, to which Sir Isaac Brock belonged. And the regiment to-day is an efficient as in 1864. The concentration of the regiment is difficult owing to the scattered headquarters of the companies.

Trendinaga, Trenton, Renzoff. "It is as much your defense as that of Col. Ketcheson and his officers." (Hear! Hear!) The Empire is at a crisis of life and death. We all realize Canada's fate if Germany should win. "Each of you, individually, and your sons should like this money. We may hear of our officers and men being killed at the front in our defense. And they have spent their own money in order to do their duty." "It is not begging, it is an absolute duty to give some aid to these officers and men in their efforts for our defense." (Applause.)

Lieut. Walt said "We are proud that we have a Forty-Ninth Regiment which is representative of the County of Hastings." It is here not by chance but by endeavor and sacrifice. "We are here and we can't get out of it and we don't want to." (Hear! Hear!) We are in a state of transition in Canada. Our military forces must be greater whatever the future. The officers have been drained heavily to buy uniforms, swords, outfit and to maintain the dignity of the officer's mess. These sum up all the pay. Every officer spending a good deal of his own time. He does not ask to be recompensed for this. A small regimental fund has been depleted by recent mobilizations and by expenditures for recruiting forces. This should not be so. This county ought to do something at once. And the expenditures will begin again as soon as orders for the mobilization of the Third Contingent.

Two Battalions from this District. \$150 has been expended already out of the regimental fund and \$150 more will be spent in the next few weeks. Officers will continue to do their duty. But the county may do something for the organization which is continuous and which is a credit and will be a credit to the county. The regiment asks only \$1,000 of a county which had a cheese output last season of \$1,300,000.

The artillery armories need furnishing and library of 200 volumes is needed, for soldiers must study. Lieut. James of Trenton.

Lieut. James of Trenton was the next speaker. He impressed upon the reeves and deputy-reeves that if Germany wins "your lands, your bills will not be worth anything if the German people take the rules." "You would make your hair stand on end if I told of the plans Germany had for invading Canada." Had the German hordes not been held in August, perhaps 20,000 or 50,000 German troops would now be trying to get into Canada.

"You would have had the battle at your own doors." "Infantry are men who will volunteer, you can't take the eye out of a deer at 1,000 yards. All they want is discipline."

Lieut. James urged all the men to aid in recruiting. "Get a good line on the men. Get out and fight." We have eight officers on service now. Three more are going with the Third Contingent. We'll all be there before long.

Chaplain of the Forty-Ninth. Rev. Capt. R. C. Blagrove, chaplain of the regiment, in a few words urged support. "It will encourage the men and stiffen up the recruiting."

Warden Hubbell expressed the pleasure of the council in receiving the deputation and in hearing of the loyalty of the "Hastings Rifles." The members appreciate the work of the officers. Every consideration will be given your request for every member of the County Council is a patriot. (Cheers.)

Mr. Coultter of Stirling asked how the money was desired. Lieut. Walt said he believed every officer should be remunerated for loss of time. Half ought to be made payable at the time of the grant and the other half later.

Col. Ketcheson thanked the Council for its consideration. Mr. Vermilyea thanked the deputation and said "There are no German soldiers in this council." He moved that the request be referred to "Ways and Means." Mr. Vanderwater seconded. The motion carried.

Home from Dundas on Friday. Helen Redner is on the sick list. Mr. and Mrs. George E. Roblin called at D. W. Redner's on Saturday night. D. W. Redner made a business trip to Trenton on Thursday. Mr. and Mrs. E. Spencer spent Sunday at Crofton. Mr. Silvester of Belleville called at D. T. Stafford's Sunday night. Miss Marjorie Parks, granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Roblin is seriously ill with pneumonia at her home in Toronto.

MOIRA. Moira, Dec. 7.—Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Bailey, of Belleville, are spending a few days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. Herty's. Mrs. John Kingston and Mrs. Wm. Donnon, of West Huntingdon, were guests of Mrs. Geo. Clare on Wednesday last. Mr. Albert Paradise has returned home after spending the summer in West.

We are making great preparations for our advertising campaign which is to be held on Dec. 23rd. Miss Gertie Spence, was the guest of her friend, Miss Helen Salisbury, on Sunday last. Mr. Gilbert Thompson of this place and Miss K. Wood, of West Huntingdon, were married on Wednesday last. We all join in wishing them a long and happy wedded life.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Salisbury, of Halloway, visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Harty, last Monday. Mr. and Mrs. Matthew English, spent Sunday at the home of her mother's, Mrs. J. Elliott, of Tweed. Mr. Stanley Herby has returned home after spending the past two years in the West.

OTHER BUSINESS. Mr. Wm. Auld of Madoc wrote regarding an accident which occurred on the farm working drawing stone and they ran away when frightened by the exhaust of the crusher near by at work. One horse valued at \$125 was so injured that he has to be destroyed. Mr. Auld asked compensation referred to Ways and Means.

WAYS AND MEANS. The committee of the whole on Ways and Means resumed, and Mr. Auld's communication was filed, the county not feeling responsible. Mr. W. T. Hamilton of Madoc was granted and auctioneer's licence free. Mr. T. Neal was given a peddler's licence free.

THURSDAY MORNING. After the reading of a despatch by Mr. N. Vermilyea at the County Council this (Thursday) morning, regarding the sinking of the German Squadron, the Council rose and sang "Rule Britannia." Mr. Montgomery moved, seconded by Mr. Fox that in the opinion of this council it is advisable to pay for all wire fence built on county roads as per bills to the treasurer's or the superintendent's hands.

"Therefore be it resolved, that the treasurer is hereby authorized to pay for all wire fence built on county roads at the rate of 35c per rod for wire fence built to June 13th, and at the rate of 25c per rod from June 13th to date." Long discussion took place over this and the motion was referred to Ways and Means.

Council went into committee of the whole on communication. Mr. Thompson in the chair. Industrial Fund Dismissed. A communication from Mr. Chisholm, Commissioner of the Toronto Jail Farm was read.

Mr. Ketcheson referred to the increase of expenses for crime and poverty. He saw no reason why the county should not be wiser for children so that they might by work lessen the expenditure. A criminal should be made to earn his living.

County Clerk Chapman referred to the act regarding the establishment of industrial farms, and a paper in the Municipal World. The greatest number of prisoners in the County Jail are drunks.

Mr. Vermilyea did not think the institute applicable to the county because the population is not dense. The popular idea of many officers is to pounce upon a man who has drunk a drop too much and get him into jail. The officer should get him home, ask his friends to keep him and speak a word of confidence in his ear. In Belleville all drunks are not arrested.

He moved that no action be taken in the matter. Mr. Brown seconded the motion. Mr. Ketcheson thought parents of neglected children should be brought up as criminals.

Mr. R. P. Coultter said there was a great opportunity for prison reform. Confinement never uplifts any man. If it were possible to put prisoners in plain clothes working in county roads, it would be better for them. The time is not ripe here, but in two or three years Hastings will likely be in line with advanced municipalities in prison reform.

Mr. Montgomery quoted the success of the Refuge. He believed this would be self-sustaining if 200 acres were secured. If an industrial farm could be worked with the Refuge, men would learn industry, so necessary for well-being. A little restraint is all most prisoners require to make model men out of them.

The contents of the letter were approved, and for the present the committee consider it wise to receive the money as reported. The warden led the chair at 12 o'clock noon.

CENTRE. Mr. and Mrs. Roy Giles spent the week-end in Picton visiting Mr. and Mrs. Calnan. Mr. and Mrs. Roy Stafford, Mrs. W. H. Stafford and Miss Florence Stafford had tea with Mrs. D. T. Stafford on Sunday.

Remember our Sunday School Xmas mas entertainment will be held on Christmas eve. Nelson Parliament, M.P.P. returned home from Dundas on Friday. Helen Redner is on the sick list. Mr. and Mrs. George E. Roblin called at D. W. Redner's on Saturday night.

D. W. Redner made a business trip to Trenton on Thursday. Mr. and Mrs. E. Spencer spent Sunday at Crofton. Mr. Silvester of Belleville called at D. T. Stafford's Sunday night. Miss Marjorie Parks, granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Roblin is seriously ill with pneumonia at her home in Toronto.

THOMASBURG. The weather of the past week has been somewhat colder. Mr. T. H. Shush returned home last week after spending some time with his brother. Mr. Edgar and Miss A. Fisher, Mr. Wesley Harrison, Miss Beattie Coulter and Mr. Harry Frances took tea with Miss Gladys Shush on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Sloan of Zion's Hill, spent the past week here putting up wire fence for Mr. Jas. Shush. Mr. Edward Blakely and Mr. Joe McKnight have been engaged building Mr. W. H. Kerr's left hand week for Calgary. Mr. and Mrs. Will Marshall spent Friday at Mr. Wm. Adams' home. Mr. Angus Martin of Belleville spent two days at Mr. S. Maynes' home. We are very glad to report that Mr. A. Wilson is on the gain.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Friddle of Mr. S. D. Friddle's. Miss Maggie Mitts of Belleville is spending a few days at her home. Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Maynes spent last Thursday at Mr. A. Wilson's. Miss Nellie Shillbier spent one day last week at Mr. J. Way's.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Morton spent Sunday at Mr. Henry Fairman's at Glead. Miss L. Harris of Queensboro visited at Mr. L. Ketcheson's. Mrs. John Ranson spent Friday at Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Maynes' spent Sunday at Mr. Edgar Maynes' at Plainfield.

Mr. and Mrs. John Robinson spent Sunday at Mr. Geo. Robinson's of Moira. Mr. Joseph Chappell spent last Thursday evening in Belleville. Mr. and Mrs. Ed Way and daughter Mary spent Sunday evening at Mr. W. Benbury's. Mr. and Mrs. George Hall and son Murney spent Sunday at Mr. Will Hobert's.

Mrs. George Robinson of Moira spent Monday at Mr. James Way's and Mrs. James Bateman of Lodgeron spent Sunday at his father's. S.S. No. 17 Tyendinaga. Sr. Fourth — E. McWilliams 66; D. Callahan 55; B. Callahan 54; A. McWilliams 54. Jr. Fourth — Mary Lally 68. Sr. Third — Marguerite Lally 60; W. Lally 60; A. Gordon 59; F. Callahan 58; W. McWilliams 58; J. Thibault — W. Gordon 69; Blakely Gordon 60. Sr. Second — Leo Callahan 74; Jos. McWilliams 69; P. Leves 62. Jr. Second — Leo Kehoe 60; K. Callahan 75. Sr. First — Mildred Callahan 76; M. Kehoe 70. Jr. First — Dredheda Callahan 68. Sr. Primer — G. Kehoe 80; M. McWilliams 73; J. Lawrence 71; Joseph Egan 60; John Egan 50; M. L. Watts, Teacher.

SIDNEY CROSSING. Sidney Crossing, Dec. 8.—A most enjoyable time was spent at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Hall, on Monday last, when the children and grandchildren assembled together to celebrate the 75th birthday of Mr. Hall's. After partaking of a sumptuous birthday dinner, the afternoon was spent in music and social intercourse.

The Sunday school of Aikens church are busy practicing for the annual entertainment to be held on Xmas night. Mr. and Mrs. Fred Burnett, of Belleville, Mr. and Mrs. Will Bennett, of Thurlow, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bonistead. The funeral services of the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Jeffrey, were conducted at 4 p.m. by Rev. Job. Job. A little one was sick only a few days and much sympathy is felt for the bereaved parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Jackman of Stirling, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. Huble, some few days ago. PHILLIPSTON. Phillipston, Dec. 8.—Miss Evelyn Phillips called on Miss Mamie Phillips on Sunday.

Miss E. Roblin who has been nursing in New York, is visiting at her home here. The friends of Miss J. Hamilton, of Plainfield, regret to hear of her death at an early hour this morning at her home. Mr. J. Johnston called on Mr. Ben. Sayers, on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Parks and Miss Carrie and Mr. Sherman, spent Sunday at Mr. Ben Sayers. Miss H. Salisbury called at Mr. B. Phillips on Saturday evening. The M. S. B. held their open meeting at the Bethel church on Sunday evening. There was a good attendance. The district organizer, Mrs. Stillman Gay, of Foxboro, was present and gave most interesting address. Mr. G. S. Sols were also sung by Miss M. Ketcheson and Mrs. Jas. Phillips. A duet was sung by Miss Minnie Ketcheson and Mrs. G. Sills. Mrs. Percy Caverly gave a reading that was exhortatory. The M. S. B. also gave a short missionary talk that was also much enjoyed. The meeting was conducted by the Pres. Mrs. J. Phillips and the other officers here. The committee of the church on Sunday evening and held with the program. There was also a most interesting and helpful reading given by Mrs. McKee, of our own auxiliary.

FRONT OF THURLOW. Front of Thurlow, Dec. 8.—Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Macdonald gave a party to a number of their young friends on Wednesday evening last. The stork visited our neighborhood last week and left a little daughter at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. Woodcock. Miss Marguerite Fuller, of Shannonville, has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Harry Greatrix. Mrs. L. Hick has returned to her home on Monday after spending a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Wickett.

Miss J. Vivian is visiting at her nephew's, Mr. W. Lingham, Dundas. Fire caught in the marsh along the C.N.R. track, Sunday afternoon and burned for a considerable distance. A secret report Messrs. J. K. Mitchell and W. Hows both lost a quantity of hay which was stacked within range of the fire. A number from here attended Mr. Frank Bennett's sale, 2nd con. on Tuesday last. Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Purdy and children spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Brown, 4th con. con.

There may be other corn cures, but Holloway's Corn Cure stands at the head of the list so far as results are concerned.

FOUND THE CAUSE THE REST WAS EASY. Dodd's Kidney Pills Quickly Cured His Kidney Disease. How Hudson Marchbank After Suffering for Five Years, Found Quick Relief and Permanent Cure in the Greatest of Canadian Remedies. Marchbank, King's County, N. B., December 7th.—Special.—After suffering for five years from kidney disease, brought on by a strain, Hudson Marchbank, Esq., the well known farmer of this place is again a strong, healthy man, and another grand cure for Dodd's Kidney Pills has been passed on record. In an interview, Mr. Marchbank says: "About five years ago I hurt my back from lifting, and it developed into kidney disease. My back pained me all the time, and I was very much troubled with headaches. My appetite was fitful; I had a bitter taste in my mouth in the mornings; I perspired freely and my perspiration had a disagreeable odor. I used liniments and plasters, but they did not do me any good, and as there were other symptoms that my kidneys were affected, I decided to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. After using two boxes my back was completely cured, and my kidneys have not troubled me since."

When Mr. Marchbank decided that his kidneys were the cause of his troubles, the rest was easy. Almost any of his neighbors could tell him that Dodd's Kidney Pills always cure diseased kidneys.

WADOC JUNCTION. Several subscribers have written us. They are disappointed when there is no Madoc Junction news. Please pardon us if we have been careless. Mr. Editor, we have been very busy lately. Miss Brown and her pupils are planning for their annual school concert on the evening of Dec. 22nd. The children will be very busy every Saturday until it is over and are looking forward to a merry time. The cottage prayer meeting was well attended last Tuesday evening. Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Ashley entertained a jolly crowd of their neighbors on last Wednesday evening at a corn husking bee. A number of ladies assisted Mrs. Ashley in serving coffee and refreshments, of which there was an abundance. An impromptu musical program, consisting of "God be with you till we meet again", ended a very pleasant evening and the "boys and girls" young and old hope there will be another soon.

The W.M.S. entertainment in the church on Thursday evening was considered a decided success. The assistance of the Halloway quartet, though we much appreciated, also the assistance of our pastor, Rev. C. S. Reddick in his work among the Indians and an address by Rev. A. Richmond, who acted as chairman. Cake and coffee were served at the close of the program. On Sunday afternoon Mrs. (Rev.) G. E. Simmons addressed the congregation here on the work in China. Those who heard this address, if inclined to object to missionary work or criticize the raising of funds through the sale of what is called "Bible books", should have a wider vision of what the work means. A number showed their appreciation by giving larger subscriptions than ever before.

Several from here attended the anniversary services at Sidney Baptist church on Sunday. Mr. Richmond is already a great favorite with the people here and a number from this place attended the morning service and in the evening Rev. Smith of Belleville another favorite occupied the pulpit. On Monday evening several from here attended the supper. The lecture by Rev. Mr. Weese of Peterboro, being the most important number on the program was enjoyed by all, though a little hard for some of the Methodists at times. Dr. Dan Faulkner occupied the chair in his usual happy manner.

OAK HILLS. Mr. Nathan Eggleton visited his brother Walton on Thursday. Mr. Joe Bronson attended the funeral of his grandmother, Mrs. Joe Silberry in Madoc on Wednesday. The entertainment under the auspices of the W.M.S. which was held at Eggleton church was a decided success. The lecture given by the pastor, Rev. Mr. Reddick was enjoyed by all. The proceeds amounted to over twenty dollars. We are pleased to hear that Mrs. Ed. Clarke is still improving. Mr. and Mrs. Ollie Dase of Carmel took dinner at Mrs. Joe Bronson's on Thursday. Mr. E. Elliott of Halloway visited his brother Fred this week. We are glad he was able to go that far. We hope he continues to improve. Miss Ethel Hough called on Mrs. R. Stapley on Friday. Mr. Roy Jarvis, of North Battleford, Saskatchewan is visiting friends here. A good number took in the fowl supper given at the Baptist church.

S.S. No. 5, Ameliasburg. Fourth Class — Melvin Pulver, Don Cecil Babcock, Audrey Brickman, Anthony Badgley, Leonard Calnan. Third Class — Beryl Weese, Arthur Catharall, Percy Elliott, absent. Second Class — Gladys DeLong, Mabel Badgley, hon.; Leona Storms, Ernest Hayes, absent. First Class — Bernice DeLong, hon.; Ross Hennessy, hon.; P. Badgley, Sr. Primer — Gladys Badgley, Earl Storms. Jr. Primer — Arva Pulver.

Sweet and palatable, Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is acceptable to children, and it does its work surely and promptly.

CHAS. S. CLAPP. Start Right Now and Feed DR. HFSS' Poultry Panacea and get the EGGS while prices are high. 35c & 85c Packages. Waters' Drug Store. Auction sale of farm stock implements, household goods, carpenter's tools, etc., and property of John W. Reed, Lot 8, 6th concession to Thurlow township 1-2 mile east to Foxboro town, Wednesday, Dec. 16th at 1 o'clock p.m. No reserve. Mrs. Simons, auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE. That desirable farm, belonging to the estate of the late Sidney L. Sharpe, east 1-2 lot, 22 con. 4, Sidney, containing 100 acres. Farm is in a fine state of cultivation. Large brick residence, good barn, drive-house and other outbuildings. Well fenced and watered. Spring creek through part of tract. 5 acre orchard, 12 acres of turf, and hardwood bush. Rural daily mail. Convenient to church and school. Less than 9 miles from Belleville. For further particulars, apply on the premises to Mrs. C. Gaverley or E. E. Shorey or Frankford, P. O., R. 2, No. 2. 410 4th St. S.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS. IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF SIDNEY L. SHARPE, late of the Township of Sidney in the County of Hastings, Farmer, deceased. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to the Revised Statutes of Ontario 1914, Chapter 121, section 56, that all Creditors and others having claims against or an interest in the estate of the said Sidney L. Sharpe who die on or about the 26th day of November 1914, are required on or before the 6th day of January 1915, to send by post prepaid or to deliver to W. D. M. Shorey, of No. 8 Campbell street in the City of Belleville in the County of Hastings, Solicitor for Clara J. J. Caverly the Trustee and Executor of the last Will and Testament of the said deceased, their addresses and Surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, the statement of their accounts and the nature of the security, if any, held by them.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that after said last mentioned date, the said Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which she shall then have notice, and that the said Executor will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by her at the time of such distribution.

DATED at Belleville this 8th day of December, 1914. W. D. M. SHOREY, Solicitor for Clara J. Caverly, the above named Executor.

CROFTON. Mr. George Pine returned home from the west recently. Mr. Ray Alyea is working for Mr. S. Munroe. Messrs. Raymond Calnan and Floyd Huff visited Mr. Graydon Calnan on Sunday. Mr. Fred Vanott who has spent the last four years in the West has returned home to spend the winter under the parental roof. Mr. Floyd Huff has purchased a runabout Ford car. Miss Addie Foranek attended the wedding of her cousin Miss Myrtle Jones on Monday last. Mr. J. E. Moran returned home on Thursday last after an absence of 8 years in the Atlin mining district.

Anticipating Your Oyster Supper. We would be glad to furnish you with the Oysters Ours are the solid meat, coast scaled kind. You don't have to pay for any water—water is cheap, you can put that in yourselves. These oysters have the "tang of the sea." 70c a Quart. 35c a Pint. Special price in quantities. CHAS. S. CLAPP.

Dr. H. F. S. Clapp. Start Right Now and Feed DR. HFSS' Poultry Panacea and get the EGGS while prices are high. 35c & 85c Packages. Waters' Drug Store.

Anticipating Your Oyster Supper. We would be glad to furnish you with the Oysters Ours are the solid meat, coast scaled kind. You don't have to pay for any water—water is cheap, you can put that in yourselves. These oysters have the "tang of the sea." 70c a Quart. 35c a Pint. Special price in quantities. CHAS. S. CLAPP.

We Have a very large stock of Mill Feeds and it will pay you to get our prices before buying elsewhere. Try Robin Hood Flour. HANLEY - NETTERVILLE CO. 829 Front Street.

Anticipating Your Oyster Supper. We would be glad to furnish you with the Oysters Ours are the solid meat, coast scaled kind. You don't have to pay for any water—water is cheap, you can put that in yourselves. These oysters have the "tang of the sea." 70c a Quart. 35c a Pint. Special price in quantities. CHAS. S. CLAPP.

Dr. H. F. S. Clapp. Start Right Now and Feed DR. HFSS' Poultry Panacea and get the EGGS while prices are high. 35c & 85c Packages. Waters' Drug Store.

Anticipating Your Oyster Supper. We would be glad to furnish you with the Oysters Ours are the solid meat, coast scaled kind. You don't have to pay for any water—water is cheap, you can put that in yourselves. These oysters have the "tang of the sea." 70c a Quart. 35c a Pint. Special price in quantities. CHAS. S. CLAPP.

Dr. H. F. S. Clapp. Start Right Now and Feed DR. HFSS' Poultry Panacea and get the EGGS while prices are high. 35c & 85c Packages. Waters' Drug Store.

Anticipating Your Oyster Supper. We would be glad to furnish you with the Oysters Ours are the solid meat, coast scaled kind. You don't have to pay for any water—water is cheap, you can put that in yourselves. These oysters have the "tang of the sea." 70c a Quart. 35c a Pint. Special price in quantities. CHAS. S. CLAPP.

Dr. H. F. S. Clapp. Start Right Now and Feed DR. HFSS' Poultry Panacea and get the EGGS while prices are high. 35c & 85c Packages. Waters' Drug Store.

Anticipating Your Oyster Supper. We would be glad to furnish you with the Oysters Ours are the solid meat, coast scaled kind. You don't have to pay for any water—water is cheap, you can put that in yourselves. These oysters have the "tang of the sea." 70c a Quart. 35c a Pint. Special price in quantities. CHAS. S. CLAPP.

Dr. H. F. S. Clapp. Start Right Now and Feed DR. HFSS' Poultry Panacea and get the EGGS while prices are high. 35c & 85c Packages. Waters' Drug Store.

Anticipating Your Oyster Supper. We would be glad to furnish you with the Oysters Ours are the solid meat, coast scaled kind. You don't have to pay for any water—water is cheap, you can put that in yourselves. These oysters have the "tang of the sea." 70c a Quart. 35c a Pint. Special price in quantities. CHAS. S. CLAPP.

Dr. H. F. S. Clapp. Start Right Now and Feed DR. HFSS' Poultry Panacea and get the EGGS while prices are high. 35c & 85c Packages. Waters' Drug Store.

Anticipating Your Oyster Supper. We would be glad to furnish you with the Oysters Ours are the solid meat, coast scaled kind. You don't have to pay for any water—water is cheap, you can put that in yourselves. These oysters have the "tang of the sea." 70c a Quart. 35c a Pint. Special price in quantities. CHAS. S. CLAPP.

Dr. H. F. S. Clapp. Start Right Now and Feed DR. HFSS' Poultry Panacea and get the EGGS while prices are high. 35c & 85c Packages. Waters' Drug Store.

Anticipating Your Oyster Supper. We would be glad to furnish you with the Oysters Ours are the solid meat, coast scaled kind. You don't have to pay for any water—water is cheap, you can put that in yourselves. These oysters have the "tang of the sea." 70c a Quart. 35c a Pint. Special price in quantities. CHAS. S. CLAPP.

Dr. H. F. S. Clapp. Start Right Now and Feed DR. HFSS' Poultry Panacea and get the EGGS while prices are high. 35c & 85c Packages. Waters' Drug Store.

Anticipating Your Oyster Supper. We would be glad to furnish you with the Oysters Ours are the solid meat, coast scaled kind. You don't have to pay for any water—water is cheap, you can put that in yourselves. These oysters have the "tang of the sea." 70c a Quart. 35c a Pint. Special price in quantities. CHAS. S. CLAPP.

Dr. H. F. S. Clapp. Start Right Now and Feed DR. HFSS' Poultry Panacea and get the EGGS while prices are high. 35c & 85c Packages. Waters' Drug Store.

THE RITCHIE COMPANY, LIMITED.

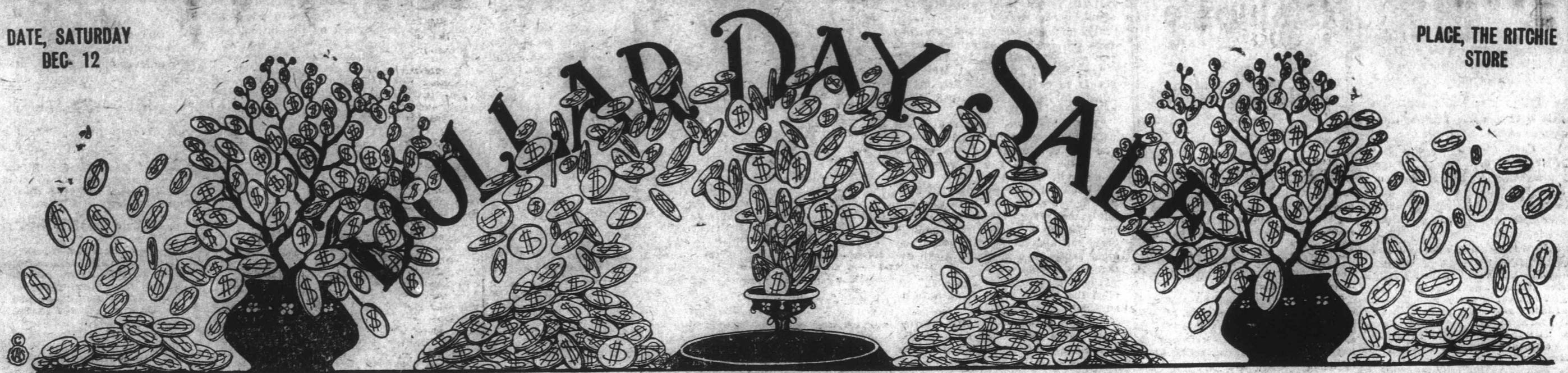
THE RITCHIE COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE RITCHIE COMPANY, LIMITED.

For Saturday we Announce a Great Xmas

DATE, SATURDAY
DEC. 12

PLACE, THE RITCHIE
STORE



The Ladies' Ready-to-wear Dept offers these Special Dollar Day Bargains

And You'll be Surprised How Far a Dollar Will Go Here Saturday Towards Buying Your Xmas Gifts--Especially Useful Ones

"Dollar" Bargain for the MEN

- SATIN UNDERSKIRTS \$1**
Made of good quality satin in ecru, tan and cardinal. Regular price \$1.50. Saturday..... \$1
- LADIES' FLANNEL BLOUSES \$1**
In plain greys, also fancy stripes, well made and most looking, assorted sizes. Regular up to \$1.95 for... \$1
- LADIES' SILK & WOOL VESTS \$1**
Very suitable for Xmas gifts, being trimmed with wide silk lace, cream only and regular \$1.25 for... \$1
- MOIRE UNDERSKIRTS \$1**
Made of excellent material in black, navy, green and grey. Reg. up to \$3.00, for Saturday..... \$1
- CHILDREN'S NIGHT GOWNS 2 FOR \$1**
Made of good quality soft white flannelette, for ages 3, 4 and 5 years, very special. 2 for... \$1
- LADIES' AND MISSES' BLOUSES \$1.00**
In voiles, lawns and fancy vestings, all in this season's styles, worth up to \$1.50, for Saturday..... \$1
- GOLF JACKETS \$1.00**
Suitable for children, Misses and ladies, as they run in sizes from 28 to 40, in shades of navy, grey and cardinal, worth up to \$1.75 for... \$1

CHRISTMAS shoppers will do well to make their shopping headquarters at Ritchie's Saturday, as the Great Xmas Dollar Day Sale offers extraordinary bargains in every department of the store, and scores of chances are offered to buy practical and useful gifts at a decided saving. Many other Dollar Day Specials than the ones mentioned here are offered, so make it a point to come to the Ritchie Store Saturday.

\$1 \$1 \$1 Dollar Day Specials from the Front Store

- Ladies' Kid Gloves \$1.00**—In tan, black and white, excellent quality kid with dome fasteners, some worth up to \$1.35, on sale at..... \$1
- Ladies' Hosiery 3 pair for \$1.00**—All Wool Cashmere Hose, worth regularly 50c per pair. On Saturdays, 3 pairs for..... \$1
- Ladies' Hand Bags \$1.00**—Black Leather Lined Hand Bags with steel frames and strap handles, all fashionable shapes, suitable for Xmas gifts, regular up to \$1.25 for..... \$1
- Ladies' Umbrellas \$1.00**—With steel rods, paragon frames, bulb runners and glorio top. Very special for Saturday..... \$1
- Brassware \$1.00**—A small assortment of Hammered Brass Vases that sold regularly up to \$3.00, on sale to clear Saturday at..... \$1
- Lily White Corset Covers, 2 for \$1.00**—In semi-made style with shoulder straps. Special on Saturday, 2 for..... \$1
- 1000 yards of Horrockses' Sheet-ing at 7 yards for \$1.00**
Regular 55c and 45c per yard
Saturday we will clear out the remaining 1000 yards of these handsome and durable sheeting materials which we bought for cash from a bankrupt shirt manufacturing firm at a price much less than the regular cost. A big Dollar Day leader at 7 yds. for..... \$1
- Blouse and Shirting Flannels 5 yards for \$1.00**
Regular 35c and 40c materials in greys and light grounds with silk stripes; Your choice from a large selection, Dollar Day at 5 yards for..... \$1
- Huck Towels**
All pure Linen Huck Towels hemmed and ready for use Saturday special 6 for..... \$1
Regular 60c (Viyella Flannels at 2 1-2 yards for \$1.00
Your choice of all patterns in all new designs 2 1/2 yards..... \$1
- Oriental Silk \$1.00 yard**—A very exceptional Silk Bargain in all the fashionable shades and patterns. Reg. up to \$1.50, Saturday..... \$1
- \$1.25 Paillette Silk \$1.00**—39 inch Black and Navy Paillette Silk worth reg. \$1.25. Saturday, per yard..... \$1
- 4 yards of 28c Plaid Ribbon, 4 yards for..... \$1**
- 4 yards of 28c Dresden Ribbon 4 yards for..... \$1**
- \$1.25 Chiffon Scarf \$1.00**—Hamstitched and flowered, 20 inches by 2 yards in mauve, sky, pink & yellow. Sat. \$1
- Silk Mufflers \$1.00**—Ladies White Silk Mufflers, nicely bordered for Xmas Gifts, Special..... \$1
- Ebony Goods \$1.00**—Imitation Ivory and Ebony hair brush and mirror etc., worth up to \$1.50, Dollar Day special at..... \$1

House-urnishing Bargains for "Dollar Day"

- NOVELTY LACE CURTAINS**
In ecru and white with overlooked stitched edges, sizes 42 to 45 inches wide by 2 3/4 to 3 yards long, good value at \$1.50 to \$1.75 for... \$1
- CURTAIN NETS AND MADRAS 5 YDS FOR \$1.00**
In ivory and ecru, 42 to 45 inches wide. Some patterns only enough for one window. Regular 25c to 35c yd. Saturday 5 yds. for... \$1
- CARPET ENDS \$1.00**
10 nice quality Tapestry Carpet ends size 27 inch, and 1 1/2 yds. long, in good shades of fawn and green. Regular \$1.10 yard for Saturday \$1 per end..... \$1
- BRUSSELS CARPET \$1 YD.**
Odd ends suitable for living rooms, dining rooms, bed rooms or halls, regular \$1.25 to \$1.35 per yard. For Saturday..... \$1
- ENGLISH CRETONNES \$1.00**
34 inches wide in good designs and an excellent range of colorings, regular 25c to 28c per yard. For Saturday 5 yards for..... \$1
- CRIB BLANKETS \$1.00**
All wool but slightly imperfect in the making, with pink or blue borders, sizes 36 x 54 inches, regular \$1.25 for..... \$1
- SILK CUSHION TOPS \$1.00**
All in beautiful embroidered designs, also Silk Table Covers, Tapestry Table Covers and Tapestry Piano Covers, regular \$1.50 to \$2.00 each for only..... \$1
- BED SPREADS \$1.00**
White croquet, spots, in size 60 x 80, regular \$1.25. For Saturday..... \$1

- MEN'S MUFLERS \$1.00**
Silk Knitted Mufflers, in grey, white and fancy colors, worth regular up to \$1.50, for Saturday..... \$1
- MEN'S GLOVES AND MITTS \$1.00 PAIR**
A special lot of Men's Mocha Mitts and Gloves, wool fleeced lined and elastic ribbed wristlets, worth regular up to \$1.25. Saturday \$1
- MEN'S XMAS NECKTIES, 3 FOR \$1.00**
A nice assortment of style, in plain and fancy colorings. Regular 50c. On sale Saturday at 3 for \$1
- MEN'S CAPS \$1.00**
Cloth Caps, represented in new styles and excellent patterned material. Special for Sat. \$1
- INITIALED HANDEKCHIEFS 3 FOR \$1.00**
Men's pure Irish Linen Handkerchiefs with neat initials in corner. Selling very special Saturday at \$1 3 for..... \$1
- BOY'S COAT SWEATERS \$1.00**
They have the high Roll Collars and come in nearly all shades. Regular up to \$1.50, for Saturday \$1
- MEN'S XMAS SHIRTS \$1.00**
Men's soft front shirts in new patterns for the Xmas trade. Special for Saturday at..... \$1
- CASHMERE SOX 3 FOR \$1.00**
English and Canadian made black Cashmere Sox for men Dollar Day Special at 3 pair for..... \$1

Wonderful Millinery Bargains at \$1.00

- TRIMMED HATS \$1.00**
10 only Felt and velour hats in fashionable colors, worth regularly up to \$4.00 for..... \$1.00
- CHILDREN'S TRIMMED HATS \$1.00**
Hour choice of 20 Felt and Velour Children's Hats in new styles, regular up to \$3.50 for..... \$1.00
- FEATHER MOUNTS 2 FOR \$1.00**
A large assortment of this season's newest style Feather mounts in black and colored. Two lots: Lot No. 1 worth up to \$2.50, at 2 for \$1.00. Lot No. 2 at one for \$1.00.
- BABY BONNETS \$1.00**
Your choice of about 20 Plush and Silk Bonnets and Caps in white or white with colored trimmings, all new styles, regular up to \$1.50. For Saturday..... \$1.00
- CHILDREN'S PYJAMAS \$1.00**
Made of fancy ducking fleece with Dutch border around neck, collar, cuffs, and bottom of jacket, for sizes 6 to 14 years, regular \$1.35 for..... \$1.00

Watch for the Dollar Day Cards. They indicate the One Dollar Specials

The Ritchie Company Limited

AMONG OUR CORRESPONDENTS

FRANKFORD
Mrs. Arthur Fenn and children left town on Thursday
Miss Muriel Clark left on Thursday for Kingston, where Dr. and Mrs. Malone have been for the past six weeks. We are sorry to hear that the Dr. is not doing as well as we hoped for
Mr. and Mrs. O. Huffman attended the reception given Mr. and Mrs. Hood at the home of Mrs. T. Flood on Friday evening
Our young people are very busy preparing for their Christmas entertainment to be held Christmas night at the home of Mrs. C. Williams of Concession
Rev. C. G. Williams of Concession will occupy the pulpit in the Methodist church on Sunday evening, December 13th
Mr. Richardson, bookkeeper for the Trent River Paper Co. for some time is moving his family here from Brantford. They will occupy the rooms over Foster & Latta's hardware for the present. We welcome Mr. and Mrs. Richardson in our midst
On Friday evening a large number of young people of town, Sidney and Murray attended a party in the Forrester's hall, where they tripped the light fantastic till the wee small hours.

On Saturday the annual meeting of the Frankford Cheese Co. was held. Mr. C. Gallagher, the president for 3 years retired. Officers elected were—President, Mr. Geo. Pollard, sr.; Mr. J. M. Bell, Secretary and Dr. Simmons, auditor
Service was held in Trinity church at 11 a.m. on Sunday. Rev. B. F. Byers officiating
Rev. Mr. Dolve of Wooler preached a temperance sermon in the Methodist church on Sunday evening
Captain J. Silie was in town on Sunday and Monday; he is at Kingston with the 2nd contingent
Mr. Arthur Bell of Rochester is visiting with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Bell of town
On Monday the bank moved in their new building. We are proud of our new corner block and hope this one will stay
FOXBORO.
Mr. and Mrs. George Geelley have returned home from their wedding tour
Mrs. George Palmer has returned home from the west
Miss Bessie Ashley of Stirling is visiting at the home of her friends.

held on Monday evening, Dec. 21. Admission 10c
Mr. Robert Bush is spending a few days with his brother, Mr. W. Bush
Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Weese and family took tea at Mr. E. Brickman's on Sunday
Miss Vera Prickman has been quite ill for the past week
Mr. Norman Weese and Miss I. Rockwell called at Mr. E. Brickman's on Saturday evening
MOUNTAIN VIEW.
Mountain View, Dec. 8.—Jno. Edward and Mrs. Sprague visited J. G. Sprague, Sunday
Mr. A. Sprague of Trenton, visited Grant and Lawrence Sprague last week for a few days
Institute meeting, Thursday, Dec. 3, at Mrs. Will Hall's was well attended. Mrs. Ed. Hubbs gave her delegate's report and it was excellent. The report besides being concisely written was most interesting and it was given in a most charming manner. Mrs. Tom Nightingale gave an instructive paper on Canadian Poets, reading a selection from Agnes Makar, Miss Isabel Anderson gave a piano solo in a very pleasing manner and readings in connection with the Christmas season were given by Miss Julia Huff and Mrs. Frank Lent. At the close, Mrs. Hall served a dainty lunch
Rev. and Mrs. Howe and Harold visited Mr. Potter and E. S. Anderson Monday
Don't forget Mountain View Christmas entertainment, Wednesday evening, Dec. 23
Mrs. Marvin visited Mrs. H. Stafford, Thursday
SIDNEY CROSSING.
That Xmas is so close upon us we might forget were it not that we hear so much of Xmas Trees and New Year concerts. The little folks evidently think that Santa Claus will make his Canadian trip as usual in spite of the war
Our Supt. is taking of a New Year's entertainment, but plans are not far advanced
The League here, was well attended last Friday evening and Mr. L. Redlick provided a good contest. The program was varied and well rendered. The meetings are becoming more popular
We must not forget the very profitable Institute meeting on the Monday previous. The Sunday schools were well represented, except the Stone church and Rev. Mr. Farewell gave three very helpful addresses. Her's Clarke and Jones also aided in a very excellent manner to make up two most helpful sessions which cannot fail to bear fruit
We join in expressing our kindest concerns in the afflictions which has come to the mother of our popular school teacher, Miss Reid. Mrs. Tuckey has been recommended to the hospital for treatment for cancer, and making it more trying, having only

said good-bye to her husband a few days ago, when he went into camp as a cyclist with our 2nd Contingent. Our best wishes will be with her
We are very sorry to hear that Mrs. J. Heyward who lived here only two years ago is also at the Belleville hospital for operation. We learn that the doctors have every hope for an entire recovery
Mr. C. F. Chisholm is under the care of a physician, but we are glad to say she is recovering rapidly
Our Minister preached to an appreciative congregation on Sunday morning dealing with the subject "The Seven Sayings of the Saviour on the Cross."
Next Sunday he is speaking especially to young men and invites the boys and men to Stone church for evening service
Those who were absent on Sunday 22nd Nov. missed treat, in not hearing Rev. Mr. Joblin. We understand that he and Mr. Sharpe expect to exchange a little later and we assure him a hearty welcome
The W. M. S. of Wednesday last was not very largely attended, owing to the storm
Mrs. Kiernan is another of our residents who at time of writing is under a doctor's care. The sudden changes from cold to warm or the opposite have a very trying influence upon many in the shape of colds, rheumatism, etc.
Nearly everybody is wishing for a good fall of snow. The sound of it have a chimney periodically.

Fourth Con. Amellsburg.
Mrs. D. Whitney and son have been in Tyred, with her sister, Mrs. Barber, who is suffering from the effect of a runaway accident in Belleville, recently
Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Vancott spent a recent evening at S. Spence's, Concession
Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Dolan visited at H. Thompson's, Pleasant Bay, Sunday. Sorry to report Mrs. Neville Gooding a quite ill
A number of our sporting gentlemen, enjoyed the shooting match at Roblin's one day last week
Victor Brown has been making some repairs to his home, with an eye to comfort for the coming winter
Mr. and Mrs. C. Carristo visited at R. Bryant's, Albany Sunday
Our quiet neighborhood was much concerned on Sunday morning, Nov. 29th, when it was learned, two intoxicated men, had during the previous night made an unwarranted attack upon the home of Mr. D. H. Vancott. One window was completely destroyed as well as other damages. The affair was laid before the legal authorities at Amellsburg, Saturday night. One of the party not putting in an appearance, the matter had to be left over—more of it will be heard later
The "Jolly Eight" were entertained by Mrs. Chas. Dolan, Tuesday evening. Mr. Dolan was the winner of first prize and Mr. Brown, of the consolation prize.

Have large stock of seeds
Hood Flour
PATERVILLE CO.
ing Your Winter Supper
S. CLAPP
Now and Feed
Panacea
EGGS while
Drug Store
ON SALE.
FOR SALE
TO CREDITORS.
THER TAKE NOTICE
ROFTON.

SOLDIERS IN A MONTH

THE 21ST BATTALION A CREDIT TO ITS OFFICERS

There is Lots of Accommodation For the Third Contingent—The R. M. C. Dormitories and Modern Shed Available

The thousand men and officers of the 21st Battalion are drilling steadily on the cricket field on the Artillery Park and on the streets of Kingston every day. The men, from nearly morning till supper time, are engaged in the most thorough drill in marching, formations, shooting and musketry. Discipline is very important, as it is absolutely necessary in a well-trained army to have a soldier's instantly responsive obedience to any command issued by his superior officer. The officers in turn are given lectures every afternoon in the armories by instructors in the finer points of military drill and tactics. The military rules are generally observed under the heading of military law.

The men have all been supplied with new Ross rifles and bayonets. They have been shooting on the Barrick field, and the Ross rifles have only been used in drilling two days. The marching of the men is very much improved.

The uniforms worn on the streets are khaki overcoats, puttees and caps. As yet the puttees have not arrived. The badge, both cap and shoulder, as well as the buttons, will be of a bronze color. The boots supplied to the men have been causing a little trouble, but this has been fixed by the manufacturers, and an order will leave Canada with a poor quality of foot-wear.

In about a month over a thousand men have been taught to be soldiers in every sense of the word. Color Sergeant Lattion, ex-Gordon Highlander, who has gone through two campaigns in India as well as the South African war, and been mentioned in despatches and awarded the distinguished service medal, is attached to "D" company.

By an order officers commanding companies of the 21st Battalion will ascertain if all married men or men being the sole support of widowed mothers have signed cards for the separation allowance.

The R.C.M.A. will not purchase any more horses. In the future all horses needed for military purposes will be purchased by the official commission working under Sir Adam Beck.

The examinations in connection with the military medical course have been completed, and the officials who took the course have returned home.

A new firing board has been placed along the walls of the local armory. The first board erected was pretty well riddled with bullets and a new one was necessary.

A carriage for the Maxim quick-firing gun is expected here in a few days. An ammunition belt was brought from Ottawa for this gun by Sgt-Major Edwards.

A motor-cycle mounting a quick-firing Maxim was tried out on Tuesday at Ottawa. The 21st Battalion will probably try out the same carriage in connection with its machine gun section.

Col. Hughes spent the forenoon breaking in his new horse. This horse will be taken to the front by the officer commanding the 21st Battalion. It has been said that the Princess Patricia's Light Infantry Regiment are the pets of Princess Patricia, but the 21st Battalion of Kingston are everybody's pets.

One of the advantages of military training in Kingston is the fact that the staff of the Royal Military College can be used for lectures without interfering with their work at the college. Lectures are given every afternoon in the lecture room at the armories by some member of the R. M. C. staff.

HOW TO BEAT THE CUSTOMS

Under a heading "How To Beat The Government," the Peterboro Review published the following—

"There is a case being tried in Toronto by Mr. Justice Kelly in which a former evangelist and more recently a real estate dealer in Winnipeg, Rev. Jeff McComb, was confronted with a letter he had written from Toronto on June 19th, 1913, and addressed to the Fair Co. Poughkeepsie, N.Y. The letter of the erstwhile preacher runs thus—

"We arrived in Toronto on Friday evening, perfectly safe and sound. We had a most delightful trip in every way.

"Permit me here to suggest, in the absence of Mr. A. Farrow, that you give me some automobile body the same as to escape paying duty. In our own case we had no trouble along this line; a couple of dollars and a sherry word to the Inspector goes a long way."

"Signed, C. J. McCOMB."

To Men Who Live Inactive Lives. Exercise in the open air is the best tonic for the stomach and system generally; but there are those who are compelled to follow sedentary occupations and the inactivity tends to restrict the healthy action of the digestive organs and sickness follows. Parmentier's Vegetable Pills regulate the stomach and liver and restore healthy action. It is wise to have a box of the pills always on hand.

James Edward, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Lionel A. Taylor, died December 8th at the home of his grandmother, Mrs. S. Larier, Dundas St. West, aged 1 year and 5 months. Funeral private.

Seven Keys TO Baldpate

By EARL DERR BIGGERS

Copyright, 1913, by the Bobbs-Merrill Company

She should not have said that. As far back as he could remember such opposition had stirred Mr. Magee to wild deeds. He opened his mouth, and words tumbled forth. What were the words?

"I love you! I love you! Ever since that moment in the station I have loved you! I love you!"

Faintly he heard himself saying it over and over. By the gods, he was proposing—insanely, in words of one syllable, as the butcher's boy might have told his love to the second kitchen maid.

"I love you," he continued. "Idiot!"

Often Mr. Magee had thought of the moment when he would tell his love to a woman. It was a moment of dim lights, music perhaps in the distance, two souls caught up in the magic of the moonlight night—a pretty graceful speech from him, a sweet gracious surrender from the girl. And this—instead.

"I love you." In heaven's name, was he never going to stop saying it? "I love you to believe."

"Good lord! He recalled that a fellow novelist, whose love scenes were regarded as models by young people suffering the tender passion, had once confessed that he proposed to his wife on a street car and was accepted just as the conductor handed him his transfers.

The girl deliberately stopped. There was never less of sweet gracious surrender in a suffragette grating a stone through a shopkeeper's window. She eyed Mr. Magee pityingly, and they stood until Mr. Magee caught up with them.

"So that's the hermit's shack," said Max, indicating the little wooden hut at which they had arrived. "A funny

place for a guy to bury himself. I should think he'd get to longing for the white lights and the table d'hot with red wine."

"A very unromantic speech," reproved the girl. "You should be deeply thrilled at the thought of penetrating the secrets of the hermitage. I am. Are you, Mr. Magee?"

She smiled up at Magee, and he was in that state where he thought that in the blue depths of her eyes he saw the sunny slopes of the islands of the West Indies. He caught himself in time. He would not be idiot enough to babble it again. He pulled himself together. "I'm going to make you believe in me," he said, with a touch of his old jauntyness.

Mr. Magee was knocking with characteristic loudness at the hermit's door. The door of the hermit's abode opened before Mr. Magee's masterful knock, and the bearded little man appeared on the threshold. He was clad in a purple dressing gown that suggested some woman had picked it. Surely no man could have fallen victim to that riot of color.

"Come in," said the hermit in a tone so colorless it called added attention to the gown. "Miss, you have the chair. You'll have to be contented with that soap box davenport, gentlemen. Well?"

He stood facing them in the middle of his hearth.

"We have come to plead," began Miss Norton, turning her eyes at their full candle power on the hermit's bearded face.

"I beg pardon, miss," interrupted Mr. Peters, "but it ain't any use. I've thought it all out—in the night watches, as the poet says. I came up here to be alone. I can't be a hermit and a cook too. I can't and be true to myself. No, you'll have to accept my resignation, to take effect at once."

He sat down on an uncertain chair and regarded them sorrowfully. His

will thumped loudly clutched the cord of the purple gown.

"It isn't as though we were asking you to give up the hermit business for good," argued Magee. "It's just for a short time—maybe only for a few days. I should think you would welcome the diversion."

Mr. Peters shook his head vigorously. The brown curls waved flippantly about his shoulders.

"My instincts," he replied, "are away from the crowd. I explained that to you when we first met, Mr. Magee."

"Any man," commented Mr. Max, "ought to be able to strangle his instincts for a good salary, payable in advance."

"Then come here," said the hermit with assurance, "and you bring with you the sentiments of the outside world—the world I have forsaken. Don't do it. I ask you."

"I don't get you," reflected Mr. Max. "No, pal, I don't quite grab this hermit game. It ain't human nature, I say. Way up here miles from the little brass rail and the sporting extra and other things that make life worth living. It's beyond me."

"I'm not asking your approval," replied the hermit. "All I ask is to be let alone."

"Let me speak," said Miss Norton. "Mr. Peters and I have been friends, you might say, for three years. It was three years ago my averted eyes first fell upon him, selling his postcards at the inn. He was to me then the true romance, the man to whom the world means nothing without a certain woman at his side. That is what he meant to all the girls who came to Baldpate. He isn't going to shatter my ideal of him—he isn't going to refuse a lady in distress. You will come for just a little while, won't you, Mr. Peters?"

But Peters shook his head again. "I dislike women as a sex," he said, "but I've always been gentle and easy with isolated examples of 'em. It ain't my style to turn 'em down. But this is asking too much. I'm sorry, but I got to be true to my oath—I got to be a hermit."

"Maybe," sneered Mr. Max, "he's got good reason for being a hermit. Maybe there's brass buttons and blue uniforms mixed up in it."

"You come from the great world of suspicion," answered the hermit, turning reproving eyes upon him. "Your talk is natural. It goes with the life you lead. But it isn't true."

"And Mr. Max is the last who should insinuate," rebuked Mr. Magee. "Why, only last night he denounced suspicion and denounced the fact that there is so much of it in the world."

"Well he might," replied the hermit. "Suspicion is the keynote of modern life, especially in New York." He drew the purple dressing gown closer about his plump form. "I remember the last time I was in the big town seeing a crowd of men in the grill room of the Hoffman House. One of them, long, lean, like an eel, stooped down and whispered in the ear of a little fellow with a diamond horseshoe nose, telling his haberdashery and pointing to another man near by. 'No, I won't say the man with the diamonds, I don't introduce nobody to nobody. Let every man play his own game, I say.' That's New York. That's the essence of the town. I introduce nobody to nobody."

(To be Continued.)

Miller's Worm Powders are a pleasant medicine for worm-infested children, and they will take it without objection. When directions are followed, it will not injure the most delicate child, as there is nothing of an irritating nature in the composition. They will speedily rid a child of worms and restore the health of the little sufferers whose vitality has become impaired by the attacks of these internal pests.

VOLUNTEER VISITS HIS OLD HOME

Mr. Rex Sewell, of Montreal, a volunteer of the Second contingent, enlisted at Montreal. Being a former resident of Belleville and a member of the Bank of Montreal staff here he paid his friends in this city a visit over the week-end, returning to duty on Saturday.

SIXTEEN TONS OF TURKEYS

Baker Bros. last Wednesday and Thursday, took in over sixteen tons of turkeys for export shipment, the largest lot being brought in by Mr. Macklin, Alnwick, who had about 2,800 pounds. As usual, despite special warnings and notices, a considerable number of people keep up the old game of trying to sell turkeys with their crops stuffed.—Hastings Star

S.O.E. ELECT OFFICERS

Last evening Lyddford Lodge, No. 184, S.O.E.B.S., held their annual election of officers. There was a good attendance of the members present, including many visitors from Oxford Lodge. The following are the officers elected for the ensuing term—

Past Pres.—Bro. Keyes
W. Pres.—Bro. C. H. Hardwick
W. V. Pres.—Bro. Wells
W. Chaplain.—Bro. A. N. Cousins
W. Secretary.—Bro. G. R. Brown
W. Treasurer.—Bro. Jno. Newton
Com.—Bro. W. R. Vallance
2nd Com.—Bro. H. Sneyd
3rd Com.—Bro. S. Simfield
Inside Guard.—Bro. Jesse Pratt
Outside Guard.—Bro. T. Soal
Physician.—Dr. Mether
Organist.—Bro. A. Harman
Auditors.—Bro. R. H. Ketcheson, H. Sneyd and Stanley Robbins
Trustees.—Bro. Wedden and Redbourne

OBITUARY

MRS. E. E. FOX

Mrs. Ellen Elizabeth Fox, died on Monday at Point Anne at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Geo. Duff. Deceased was born in Foxboro 74 years ago and was the widow of the late James Fox of Madoc Township. Nearly all her life she had lived in North Hastings. She had been ill for a week with heart trouble. Besides her daughter, Mrs. Duff, she leaves 3 sons, Wesley and James of Eldorado and William of Saskatchewan. The remains will be taken to Madoc for interment.

MISS MARGARET CRAIG

The remains arrived here today of the late Miss Margaret Craig from Brooklyn, New York. Miss Craig was a former Belleville resident, and was well known in Belleville. The funeral will be held tomorrow.

MRS. J. L. HAMILTON

Mrs. Adelia Hamilton, wife of J. A. Hamilton, Pleasantville, died this morning at her home. She was 58 years of age and was born in Thurston, the daughter of the late Jacob and Jane Carter. She had been ill for several months with internal ailment. In religion she was a Methodist. She had been a member of the church of Thurston, besides the mourning husband two sons and one daughter survive—J. W. Hamilton of Thurston, J. S. Hamilton of Manitowish and Miss Anne at home. The interment will take place at Plainfield cemetery.

DECEMBER SESSIONS OPENED YESTERDAY

The December Sessions opened at 1:30 yesterday afternoon in the court house before Judge Deroche. There are three criminal cases to go before the grand jury, which is composed of the following men: Michael O'Connell, Huntington Joseph Pigeon, Madoc James Price, Montague Andrew Red, Rawdon John Robinson, Rawdon Walter Smith, Tudor & Cahell Robert Stracey, Carlwood Wilbert Woodcock, Deseronto. The Judge addressed the jury on the three criminal cases.

Fox vs Keene.—This was an action for \$500 damages for injuries occasioned to plaintiff while in defendant's employ owing to the alleged negligence of defendant and for wrongful dismissal. The jury notice was struck out and owing to the illness of the defendant, the trial was postponed. E. Guss Porter, K.C. for plaintiff; W. C. Mikel, K.C. and D. E. K. Stewart, for defendant.

Robertson vs Palmer.—An action by a broker of Toronto against three defendants, Palmer, Penny and Gaylord of Deseronto for commission on obtaining capital for an enterprise in which defendants were interested and a proposed incorporation of an industry and for money lent. By arrangement of parties the trial is to take place at a date to be fixed after the close of the sittings. W. C. Mikel, K.C. for plaintiff; E. Guss Porter, K.C. for defendants.

DWELLING OF THOMAS McNIDER BURNED THIS MORNING

The dwelling of Thomas McNider, 164 1/2 in the second concession on of Thurston, caught fire this morning and was totally destroyed. The fire broke out about ten o'clock. Mr. McNider was in the house at the time while Mrs. McNider shouted for assistance and soon the sight of the smoke brought many neighbors to the scene. The rest of the parlor furniture was saved but the bedding and kitchen furniture and a large quantity of dishes and other articles were burned. The house was a substantial two-story frame structure in good repair. We have not learned particulars as to insurance.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

XV. BAND AND SANTA CLAUS.

Dear Editor.—The 15th Band have invited me to spend Christmas afternoon with them and attend their public entertainment and Christmas Tree. As I am to provide presents for the poor children of the city on this occasion I desire to know the names, ages and addresses of all these children. Any information your readers can give will be substantially received.

SANTA CLAUS.

102 East Moira Street.

Reduced by Asthma. The constant strain of asthma brings the patient to a dreadful state of hopeless exhaustion. Early use should by all means be made of the famous Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy, which does more than any other acts quickly and surely on the air passages and brings blessed help and comfort. No home where asthma is present in the least degree should be without this great remedy.

The electric current in Belleville was shut off this morning from 6 o'clock until noon owing to all the power houses in the Greater Electric area water all being closed by reason of a frost.

DIVER CALLED FROM KINGSTON

Belleville Waterworks Intake Partially Plugged—Pressure Went Very Low.

Last evening the water pressure in the city began to go down very rapidly and soon the conditions were such that, if a fire had broken out, much damage might have resulted. Thus afternoon the pressure is about 15 pounds higher and now stands at 35 to 40 degrees. Normal pressure would be about 50 degrees. Something fish, weeds, or fishermen's nets have apparently got into the intake pipe at the end of or at the break.

To remedy conditions a diver came up from Kingston today and is this afternoon engaged in exploring the trouble.

SIGNIFICANCE OF RESULT

Special to the Ontario.

Toronto, Dec. 9.—

1914 Nov.	99.
1913 Dec.	99.
1912 Dec.	99.
1911 Dec.	99.
1910 Dec.	99.
1909 Dec.	99.
1908 Dec.	99.
1907 Dec.	99.
1906 Dec.	99.
1905 Dec.	99.
1904 Dec.	99.
1903 Dec.	99.
1902 Dec.	99.
1901 Dec.	99.
1900 Dec.	99.

This short mathematical table, showing the results of the two bye-elections for the Ontario House since Hon. Mr. Hearst became Premier, speaks for itself. There has been a reduction of Government majority in these two elections of over 2,000 votes.

Several causes are being assigned by political observers who are taking a keen interest in the turn-over. The death of Sir James Whitney is undoubtedly responsible for a part of the change. It was obviously his personal influence and prestige which was being the Government together during the last few years. Hon. Mr. Hearst does not seem to be inspiring nearly the same support or enthusiasm of course this could not be expected and in fact the present condition of affairs is inevitable. The however, does not reduce its significance.

An equally subtle influence at work is the traditional feeling manifesting itself periodically in politics "time for a change." It is difficult to put your finger precisely on when and where such a cry arises but it has arisen in these by-elections. Such a movement, when once it gets a start among the people, usually spreads rapidly and is hard to stop.

In the Dundas election the great personal popularity of the Liberal candidate backed by hard work against all the forces of Conservative organization, assuredly was a strong factor. Mr. Campbell's progressive policies, however, on agriculture, education and social reform made a wide non-partisan appeal. Dundas, like many other counties, seems to be particularly opposed to the Government's general educational policy and especially to the reduction of the grants to rural schools. Of the issues in the contest, this was one of the most effective in bringing about the remarkable result.

MOIRA CHEESE FACTORY MEETING

The annual meeting of the Moira Cheese Manufacturing Company was held at the factory at Moira on Friday afternoon last. There was a large attendance of stockholders and others to hear the report of the year's business. Ex-Reeve Joseph English, occupied the chair.

The annual statement showed that the "make" of cheese amounted to 110,300 lbs. This was a very considerable drop from last year's production and was caused principally by dry and unfavorable weather. Owing to higher prices in the latter half of the season the returns will be almost as great, however, as they were a year ago.

The dividend for the first half of the season was \$27.50 a shareholder and \$34.00 for the latter half. It required an average of 11.46 lbs of milk to produce a pound of cheese.

The election of directors resulted in the return of Ben Morton, W. F. Weale, H. J. Thompson, W. S. Sayers, Chas. Ketcheson, W. T. Walnamaker and Jos. English.

Mr. Walker Sayers was re-elected president and salesman. During the afternoon Messrs. Elliott and Moffat of Belleville addressed the patrons upon the financial situation. Upon a vote being taken it was decided to place the factory account with the Standard bank for the coming season.

SUNDAY EVENING CONCERT

The band concert in Griffin's theatre on Sunday evening was well patronized. In addition to the band numbers, Mrs. A. P. Allen and Mr. W. H. Wrightman sang solos and Mr. Max Denmark gave an instrumental number "The Rosary."

ANOTHER CASE ADDED

In addition to the list published of the actions set down for trial at the County Court sittings which commence tomorrow at the Court house the case of Union bank vs. Agnew has also been set down. Porter & Carney, solicitors for plaintiffs, Northrup & Panton, solicitors for defendant.

ORGAN RECITAL

Given by Prof. Wheatley for Belleville Patriotic Association.

St. Thomas' church was crowded yesterday evening when Prof. Wheatley gave his initial recital for the above fund. Owing to non-supply of water caused by the intake pipe being stopped, the organ had at the last moment to be hand-blown, and all reflected great credit upon those concerned that this department was satisfactory. Prof. Wheatley can aptly be re-echoed upon to present a high class program and this was no exception for every item was most enjoyable. The great "Storm Fantasia" created a lasting impression and it was wonderful that with such a small instrument at his command the recitalist obtained such realistic effects. Another very popular piece was "Our Empire." Descriptive in character, it brought in all the well known military airs.—The march past of the Highland Regiment with the bagpipes, etc., finishing with a fine setting of the National Anthem. This piece gave Prof. Wheatley every opportunity to display his wonderful pedal technique. As will be seen by the appended program all the items were by composers of the Allied nations, and each was rendered in a manner, which one has become accustomed to expect from our talented citizens. Miss Joy Higgs gave the most interesting reading of "Meditation" (Massenet) the harp-like accompaniment blending well with the tones of the violin. Ethel Wheatley—who by the bye we should like to hear more often—sang "Elgar's" fine setting of "Land of Hope and Glory." She has a voice of great beauty and sings with perfect enunciation. Mrs. C. C. Leaven's rendering of "Recessional" (Koven) showed her possession of a well trained voice, while Mr. Allan Harper's singing of "The Minstrel Boy" was most inspiring.

PROGRAM

- 1 Official French March—Messa Regiments (F) Genet.
- 2 a—Melody in F (B) Rubinstein;
- b—Chanson sans (B) Tokiwaki
- 3 Song "Recessional" (F) Koven
- Mrs. C. C. Leaven
- 4 Sonata Premiere (F) Guilman
- 5 a—Song of Hope (F) Batiste; b—Nocturne (B) Chopin
- 6 Song "Land of Hope and Glory" (B) Elgar—Ethel Wheatley
- 7 Violin solo "Meditation" (F) Massenet—Joy Higgs
- (Silver collection for Belleville Patriotic Fund)
- 8 Grand Fantasia "The Storm" (B) arr. Wheatley
- 9 Song "The Minstrel Boy" (B)—Mr. Allan Harper
- 10 Fantasia "The Empire" (B) arr. Wheatley
- N.B.—F—French School. R—Russian-Polish. B—British.

H. C. BLEECKER MET ACCIDENT

Mr. Henry G. Bleecker, County Road Superintendent was last evening about 8 o'clock the victim of a painful runaway accident on his second concession of Sidney near the western limits of the city. He was returning home from a county council when he met a threshing engine without a light. His horse became frightened and dashed against a small box stand. The buggy top was caught and torn and Mr. Bleecker was pulled over the dashboard. Fortunately his bones were not broken but the superintendent's face was badly cut, his horse ran some distance down the road and stopped to look around. It was not hurt. Mr. Bleecker returned to the city and was attended by a physician. Today he is resting quietly at his home.

His friends in the county council were very anxious about the nature of his injuries and were relieved this morning to receive a message to the effect that the injuries are not painful.

At noon to-day Warden Hubbell read a letter from Mr. Bleecker, detailing the facts of the accident. He asked Mr. Mallory to present the road reports.

The warden said he could express the council's regret at the accident and hope for a speedy recovery of the county road superintendent.

INTERMEDIATE HOCKEY OFFICERS

The Intermediate Hockey Club of Belleville have elected the following officers—

Hon. Pres.—C. J. Bowell.
 Patrons—W. D. M. Shorey, Dr. Wilson, H. S. Stock, A. P. Allen, Roy S. Stafford, L. W. Buller.
 President—Arthur Jones.
 Vice-President—G. J. Symons.
 Secretary—Vernon Moynce.
 Treasurer—P. A. Bradley.
 Manager—Dr. H. S. Clapp.
 The colors will be changed from "Red and White" to "Old Gold and Green."

The club expects to have a fine lineup to carry the colors in this district to victory.

A cough is often the forerunner of serious pulmonary affections, yet there is a simple cure within the reach of all in Bickel's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, an old-time and widely recognized remedy, which, if resorted to at the inception of a cold, will invariably give relief, and by overcoming the trouble, guard the system from any serious consequences. Price

Mr. Downs of Peterborough was in town Monday.

Mr. Gerald Vandervoort is visiting his parents in this city.

BELLEVILLE—IT'S BEGINNING AND EARLY HISTORY

By Maurice D. Lynch, in the Chicago Belleville News

One day, in the summer of 1787, the Ontario Commissioner of Crown Lands rushed into his office in a great hurry and said to his office boy—"Jimmie, tell Mr. Kossuth I want him." A few moments later Mr. Kossuth, a surveyor, appeared and approached his chief, and the latter addressed him thus—"Louie, I want you to grab that theodolite, or transit, or whatever you call it, of yours, and beat it out of here as fast as you can for the Bay of Quinte District and survey the Township of Thurlow. Get it laid out in a line, or else we will have the Intelligence and The Ontario writing editorials about us. Those people up there are very anxious to found Belleville, and we that we should hold them back."

So Louis Kossuth engaged a seat on the first stage, and started across country to begin his work. In Louie's time, the District he was sent to survey was known as the "North Township" but afterwards was called the Township of Thurlow. Louie, finding a great many Indians in the vicinity, thought it would be real nice if he would reserve a place to bury them. He, evidently, thought that the only good Indians, were dead ones for the original map of the township site shows that Lot No. 4 was reserved for an Indian Burying Ground. The early records do not show whether many, or any, redskins were planted there. I don't believe myself that the Indian appreciated Louie's kindly use of their privileges, for it was upon this very lot No. 4 that Surveyor Wilmut in 1816, cut out the site of the original village.

Captain John Singleton and Lieut. Ferguson were the first settlers in the new Township. They settled on Lot No. 6, which lot later became the property of John Caniff, and still later was owned by Shubael Foster, who was Mayor of Belleville. Captain Wilmut died in 1789 and Lieut. Ferguson followed him three months later.

In the Spring of 1789, about fifty Refugee Loyalists settled in Sidney and Thurlow. John Taylor, the original settler, one of the party, who originally had settled up the river in the 5th Concession, thought it too lonesome up there and decided to move "down town" where there would be more opportunities for a bright young man, so he picked Lot No. 5, which situated near the mouth of the river, and he set up his Laris and Penates—(whatever they are), there. John was a good handy man, he picked out a lot which later proved to be in the very heart of the city.

A little later in the year of 1790, Captain John W. Meyers approached John Taylor, and the conversation took place—"John," said Captain Taylor, "I'd like to buy half of that lot of yours; I'll give you fifty dollars for half of that lot, John. I need a dam site, for I'm going to build me a mill." "Wally," said John Taylor, "Cap'n, I like you and I'd like to accommodate you, but I won't sell half of my lot for fifty by a dam site, but I'll let you have half of it for one hundred dollars, and then you'll own my dam site." And history records that Captain Meyers came across with the century, and sure enough, he erected a dam on the site of what was afterwards known as Bleecker's dam, and he built a flour mill, which was the only one at that time between Port Hope and Napanee. In 1794, Captain Meyers, who evidently, was a sure enough builder, built the famous old brick house, which until 1876, stood on the northern brow of the hill. This was the oldest brick house in Upper Canada.

(To be continued.)

HOMES MAKE PROSPERITY

Consider any important article of furniture in your house; a piano, a set of dining-room furniture, the chairs and tables in the parlor, the range in the kitchen, the furnace in the cellar, the carpets in half a dozen rooms, the wall paper on all the rooms, the cost of making a good seven-room house into a home is not less than \$1,

IT'S HISTORY

in the Chicago news

Summer of 1877, owner of Crown in office in a d to his office Mr. Kosuth 1 ments later Mr. appeared and the latter -Louie, I want edolite, or trans- lity, of yours, re as fast as you Quinte District ship of Thur- a hurry, Louie the intellige- writing ed- those people ap- ous to found e we that we ek?

aged a seat on started across work in Louie's was sent to sur- "Ninth Town" called the Town- Louie, finding a in the vicinity, real nice if he e to bury them. ight that the re dead ones, for the township site 4 was reserved Ground. The show whether ns were planted myself that the Louie's kindy they made much s, for it was ap- 4 that Surveyor laid out the village. leton and Lieut. first settlers in they settled on, later became a knife, and still Shubael Foster, r, who was des- Belleville. Cap- 1789 and Lan- in three months

1789, about fifty tilled in Sidney 1790, John Tay- , who originally river in the 5th it too lonesome d to move into e world of more ight young man, 5, which start- of the river, and Penates - there. John he picked out py to be in the ty.

the year of 1790, eyers approached his conversation said Captain y half of that ve you fifty dol- to John. I'm going to Wall," said John e you and I'll do you, but I won't or fifty by a dam have half of it ollars, and then don sit." And Captain Meyers the century, and ed a dam on the afterwards known t, and he built a e the only one in Port Hope and Captain Meyers, as a sure enough amous old brick 1878, stood on e the hill. This is house in Upper (tained.)

PROSPERITY

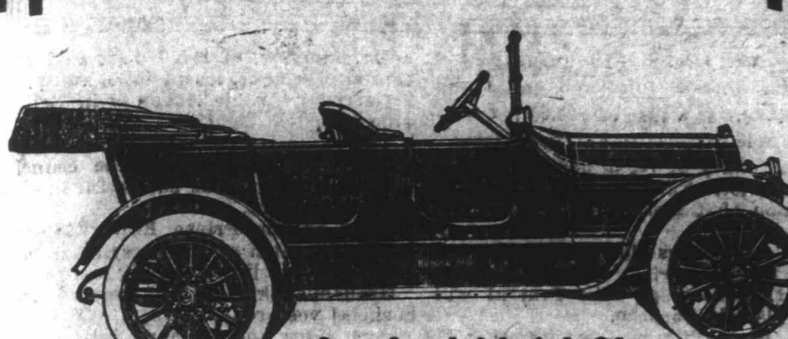
ortant article of ose; a piano, a urniture, the chairs rior, the range in nace in the cellar, a dozen rooms, the e rooms. The net good seven-room e not less than \$1- at cost the piano e cost up to near- does it cost the ods and ends used the dining-room and

one of these lead- that is not made country. The and by Canadians for needed to set up runs to somewhere ad such average e luxurious homes, stories employing buld total up \$40,- representing the a hundred sensibi- nos of it? Paid, it os right back into and trade. It help- n, clerks busy, de- ng the rounds, ing, factory wheels whole country key of prosperity, upt of wage money country and the there—helping some prosper at the e homes of Canada prosperity. Everyone takes it as an axiom if-vident truth that the householders of made the prosperity

NEWS

on a charge of hav- was fined \$3 this on a similar charge

'Overland'



Overland Model 81

Comfort and Convenience

The New OVERLAND, Model 81-T, touring-car body, represents the maximum in luxurious Touring Comfort. There is room a-plenty for five persons to make themselves at ease.

Electric Lighting and Starting.

In size, appearance, power, and comfortable riding qualities, in equipment and thorough construction, Model 81-T, touring car, so far surpasses any other car ever offered at anywhere near its price; as to leave no room for comparison.

Model 81 Touring Car, 106 in. wheel base, 30 h.p. \$1135
Model 81 Roadster Car, 106 in. wheel base 30 h.p. \$1065
Model 80 Touring Car, 114 in. wheel base 35 h.p. \$1425
Model 80 Roadster 114 in. wheel base 35 h.p. \$1390
Model 82 Touring 7 passenger, 125 inch wheel base 6 cylinder 45-50 h.p. price \$1975.

The above prices are f.o.b. Hamilton, Ontario. All models are equipped with demountable rims. Second-hand cars for sale at reasonable prices. Prospective customers invited to witness demonstrations at any time. Full line of supplies for different makes of cars. Cars of all types repaired by skillful mechanics. Catalogues mailed on request.

C. A. Gardner

Representative for Hastings and Prince Edward Counties of the Willys-Overland of Canada, Limited.
 Foxboro, Ontario

CITY COUNCIL IN 'REGULAR SESSION'

A short session of the city council was held last evening at which all the members were present except Ald. Capt. O'Flynn who is at Salisbury. Ald. Smith presided in committee of the whole and Ald. St. Charles in committee in bylaws.

It was decided to place a concrete base in the basement of the market building.

The following letter was read from a Johnson street resident: "It passed in the council last year to give us a gravel walk, I have spoke spoke to Mr. — and others about it again this year, but there seems as if you don't want us to have anything always pay tax, but like some up of the hill water you put all the work on the streets."

The chairman of lights said: "There is three houses on the street now. What are you going to do? When it is muddy we are to the boots in mud, we haven't even a good road, I wish some of you ALDERMAN would have to wade through the mud some dark night up this street and you would see how it goes but you take good care to have your way good. We have no lights here at all, when we go out, we're in the darkness. We have asked for a light but there seems as if you don't want to do anything for us, but I am going to notify you if anything happens to my family coming up this street the city will certainly suffer for it. There isn't even a light at the end of the street. If the lights were up the street, I would have my horse wired. There are lots of smaller streets that ours aren't they have lights, sidewalk and water."

Mr. Henderson, when asked, said there was a light needed.

Ald. Smith—A light at the corner of Reid and Johnson street might answer the purpose.

The matter was referred to the reference to the road was:

Some discussion took place over the account of the Trenton Electric Company because the rate \$10 per year, per lamp was charged for the lamps, while many old 10 candlepower lamps were used and not 60 candlepower lamps, which are charged at the rate of \$10. Some thought there should be a reduction of the account, but the manager of the company explained that there was no comparison of the cost of supply of electric energy. Ald. McFee explained this. Ald. Panter thought the account should be reduced.

Mayor Willis said the company had not installed perhaps more than half the 60 c.p. lamps. It seems as if the Trenton Electric could give a little better light service. They say they have not their fixtures, but the matter is, we are not getting the light under the contract. They are economical.

Ald. Panter and Ald. McFee were appointed to deal with the account.

Mr. E. J. Butler wrote the council regarding a dispute over a water service in a large residence on Coburn street. An account of \$71.35 against the city was presented.

City Solicitor Masson's opinion was given and Mayor Willis, Ald. Panter and Ald. Ald. Woodley were appointed to meet Mr. Butler.

City Engineer Evans presented a report on Earle street petition for water services. The estimated cost of installation was \$765. The number of services would realize \$47, and extras promised would make \$73. A hydrant is needed at the corner of Coleman street. An estimate of \$1,000 would place the street service on a paying basis.

As no excavating can be done from Dec. 1st, to April let the matter was referred to the Finance Committee of next year's council.

Mayor Willis brought up the question of sending delegates to the Congress in Reed Building in Chicago on Dec. 14th.

Next year you are going to build roads, he said. He thought that much information might be derived from a attendance.

Ald. McFee said the city engineer should go, accompanied by one or more aldermen. The committee could stop off at a number of places, Brantford, Windsor.

Ald. Wallbridge thought the engineer should be sent. He would see more and pick up more information than an alderman would.

Ald. Panter was seconded by Ald. McFee that the matter of the sending a deputation be left to the mayor the chairman of public works and the chairman of the executive.

Ald. Wallbridge asked Ald. Smith what benefits would be derived from the publication of the assessment roll.

Ald. Smith said that perhaps the assessment would be equalized. The tax rate might be lowered from 27 to 25 mills.

Ald. Wallbridge asked how he would make public the rolls.

Ald. Smith—By publishing in the press or in the pamphlet form.

Ald. Wallbridge asked how much it would cost.

Ald. Smith—About \$200 or 300.

Ald. Panter—Would you ask to have the assessment published if it would cost from \$750 to 1,000?

Ald. Smith—I certainly would, if the public were in favor of publication.

Bylaws were passed to borrow money upon debentures for the construction of Front and Bridge street pavements and for the sanitary sewer.

Ald. Wallbridge said that he had prepared estimates of cost for publication of the assessment. In book form, 5,000 copies, 100 pages each, 12 inch, by 14-1/2 inch, would cost \$1,035.00 according to one estimate or about \$1,000 according to another. Three copies of paper would cost 70 cents each of postage would be around \$240. Indeed perhaps 6,000 copies would be required, buying the outfit for printing and postage up to over \$2,000.

Publication in the newspapers would require 25 pages of 7 columns each. One office quoted \$223, the other

WHEN BUYING YEAST INSIST ON HAVING THIS PACKAGE



ROYAL YEAST

DECLINE SUBSTITUTES

Major Willis announced that the C.N.R. would put on a train leaving Belleville at 6:35 a.m. beginning Dec. 14th.

An alarm system to warn firemen may be installed by the Telephone Co. It will cost about \$350. The fire committee is dealing with this.

Mayor Willis said the Children's Aid Society had met on Monday afternoon and considered sites along with representatives of the county and Belleville. The sites for the proposed shelter are in the east section, towards the hospital.

The society is doing good work and the question of adequate accommodation is a live one.

"You gentlemen will have to deal with this next year."

Private persons are willing to put up a certain amount of money for equipment.

The mayor advised those who were able to visit the county council and go over the sites proposed with the representatives of the county council.

Ald. Panter, moved, seconded by Ald. Woodley that the usual grant be made to the Children's Aid Society for 1914. Carried.

Mayor Willis read a fine underwritten circular regarding winter equipment of the fire department.

Mayor Willis said he had replied that proper precautions were being taken regarding hydrants being kept unfrozen.

GERMANY'S FINANCIAL SITUATION UNSOUND

Country Has Been Mobilizing Finances As Well As Men But Faces Crash

In commenting upon the views of a German banker who contrasted financial conditions in Germany, France and England very much to favor of Germany, the Boston News Bureau says:

This German banker notes that England was forced to declare a twice extended moratorium, that London accepting houses were "unable to meet their obligations and could not obtain re-discounts until the British Government guaranteed them at the Bank of England. The French banking situation, largely because of enormous advances to Russia, is critical and the French government does not dare to attempt to float an internal war loan. But in Germany, re-discounting has proceeded as usual, no general moratorium has been necessary, and the war loan of \$1,175,000,000 was subscribed in short order.

The sounder economic organization of Germany is the reason that he advances for the contrast. Looking deeper, another explanation and one less creditable to Germany commands attention.

England and France were lending freely to other nations right up to the very outbreak of war. Germany alone had short loans from England, through the medium of acceptances, of \$350,000,000. Small wonder that the English accepting houses were temporarily embarrassed when war indefinitely postponed the payment of these loans! Small wonder that German merchants were especially well able to subscribe to war loans!

While Germany was borrowing her full line abroad, German bankers were not lending any money in quarters where payment might be affected by war, nor was this policy confined to loans. For months before war was heard of New York was mystified by persistent Berlin selling of Canadian Pacific. All through 1913 and 1914 extraordinary, and at the time unaccountable, financial readjustments were quietly taking place in Germany. Now the world understands. On August not only the army, but German financial markets, were already mobilized for war, while England and France were doing business as usual until the guns began to shoot.

If Germany Reichsbank credits and paper money have been utilized with lavish hand, this works well—for a while. With an early complete military victory, no chance is run. But if the soldiers fail to break up the bankers!

BOXING BOUT NEXT WEEK

Mr. Kid Meyers the popular younger boxing champion, was arrived in the city yesterday and will spend a few days here renewing acquaintances with his former friends. He was accompanied by his manager, Mr. G. F. Smith, of Montreal, who has arranged a match between Kid and young Moore of Philadelphia, to take place here some evening next week.

Messrs. N. A. Rule and Harry Leav- erson traveling freight auditors of the Canada steamship lines of Montreal, are in the city on business.

THE NEW RUSSIA

Eleven years ago Japan, after a half century of enriching European museums with rarest art pottery, treasure of carving, exquisite silks and embroideries, priceless enamel, was still counted a barbarous nation by the average white man. A year later, after Japan had killed ten thousand Russians in battle, the white race with a shout hailed Japan as a civilized country. Something very akin to this has taken place in regard to Russia since the eventful first of August. The average American last year and for the last quarter century has had a hazy idea that Russians were a semibarbarous people dwelling in vast empire three-quarters of which was in Siberia stood for all that was inhuman in crime and punishment. The defeat of Russia by Japan made Japan civilized and confirmed Russia in her semi-barbarous reputation.

This year Russia has been discovered by the average man, because she has defeated Germany and defeated Austria on many battlefields and is now hounding those fowlers in terrible embrace—civilization at its best, as exemplified in 1914, matter of the immediate result of the present fighting in Poland. Russia has proved by her army that a great domestic revolution has finally succeeded. The lesson of 1904 is demonstrated in 1914 to have been well learned. It is believed she could accomplish any reorganization that would affect her army to its core and prevent repetition of the army troubles from which she suffered in 1871, 1872, 1877 and 1910. Under the guidance and enthusiasm of the Grand Duke Nicholas Russia has completely triumphed over herself, first step to triumphing over others.

Beyond all else the Russian army has been made a part of the people. It is no longer a thing apart, army and nation are in fullest sympathy. Emotions is now by merit instead of seniority, the private life of officers is rigidly regulated, former customary excesses which led to acts of violence are no longer tolerated, consequently the army in the world can get officers so much to influence men as today in the Russian ranks. Contemporaneously with democratizing her army Russia has put an end to graft, that in all previous campaigns ruined her troops in everything but the head of supplies. The year her mighty armies for the first time in Russian history, have been sent into the field well clothed and, and well supplied with the best technical equipment possible to obtain. Further and still more important, Russia's troops are no longer subject to greater dangers from disease than from bullets her camps are no more desperate plague spots. Through sanitary systems under excellent scientific direction has given Russia an admirable bill of health in the present campaign.

Her armies in both infantry and artillery have distinct advantage over her Teutonic enemies, and her power of allies. Russia possessing a far larger number of troops who have been trained against formidable opponents. At the outbreak of war and had her full complement of officers. Her soldiers are still of the old Moujik and Cossack type though bettered by the general spirit of the reformation through the army, fighting, as always, to perfect obedience and simple courage. Like Germans, Russians have excelled in masses, contrasted with British and French demand for elbow room. The present progress in Russia is checked in peasant hearts. "It is better to die in company, old Mother Russia has sons enough." The Moujik still believes what Suworoff taught, his great grandfather. "The billie is a fool the beyond is here." It shows his instinct to get close to the enemy, if he is to any other way of fighting that he knows.

These underlying reasons for Russian success have been united of strategy and tactics of the very first order. The Grand Duke Nicholas has so far outgeneraled the ably directed forces sent against him, surprising the enemy, who has been disposed to hold him and discover a new Russia to the world's average man. To the imperial domains of the Czar the hoofbeats of the Grand Duke's Cossacks drummed up the dawn!—Boston Transcript.

NOTICE!

To those who left us their names and addresses on Saturday, 5th inst., owing to the number of applicants, exceeding our expectations by some hundreds, we find mailing quite impracticable at this season and are obliged to ask you to kindly call next Saturday, 12th, and receive your sample VIRGINIA SPOON.

ANGUS McFEE

216 Front Street.

500 TROOPS AT LEAST WILL BE QUARTERED IN BELLEVILLE

Belleville is now certain that at least 500 troops of the Third Canadian Contingent will be quartered in this city and drilled here.

Such was the good news given out today by Mr. W. B. Northrup, K.C., M.P., for East Hastings, who, after an interview with Major General Sam Hughes an old Belleville boy, received the assurance from the Minister of Militia and Defence, that 500 soldiers and perhaps more will be quartered in this city.

This is good news as the merchants and military men know. The volunteers whether infantry or mounted troops will put new life into the old United Empire Loyalist city. The promise of the billeting of the troops comes as a result of the efforts of Messrs. E. G. Porter and W. B. Northrup, the military officers, the Mayor and the Board of Education. The school board has promised the free use of Pimlico and Octavia St. schools. Other places mentioned for billeting men are the Canning Factory, and the old Ontario Hall, Bridge Street.

1,500 SOLDIERS MAY LOCATE IN PORT HOPE

Of the new units which will be organized to meet the conditions following the sending of the troops now being trained to the front, this third military division will be given two battalions of infantry and one battalion of mounted rifles less one squadron. Each of these battalions will have a strength of 1,024 men and of ficers, plus ten per cent, for detail. This will mean at least 3,500 men, besides horses, and all that will be necessary to make complete such a force for active service in the field. This number has been allotted to the third division, which extends from Cornwall to Bowmanville taking in the city of Ottawa.

Here is a splendid chance for Port Hope to show its patriotism. These men will be allotted to various training quarters for the winter and no place is better adapted for this work than Port Hope. Mayor Bush and the military authorities have been wide awake to the situation and they have been working steadily for the past two weeks, using every effort to have a number of the men stationed here. Lt. Morrison visited town this morning and the Mayor took him by auto to the various buildings which he considered would make suitable quarters for the men. These places included the Canning Factory on Cavan street, the Standard Ideal Ware-rooms, the International Tool Steel Factory, the Turner house, the Tie Factory and the Mill street Presbyterian church.

Lt. Morrison was very favorably impressed with these buildings and assured the Mayor that they were the best equipped of any he had visited in other towns. If accepted about 1,500 men would be stationed here, and one can readily see the advantage this would mean to the business during the winter.

Six Months in Central

David Frederick was this morning sentenced by Magistrate Masson to six months in the Central Prison on conviction for passing a forged check in the Montreal Bank here, and collecting \$4 thereon and \$5 with endeavoring to pass another forged check for a similar amount.

Frederick said it was caused by drink which he said he would give up. He has served a term in Kingston penitentiary, having been sent down some years ago from Etion after conviction for connection with a horse stealing case.

\$100 REWARD

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
 Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
 Take Hall's Catarrh Pills for Constipation.

Big Values in Fine China

Our rear store is laden with a full and well assorted stock of Fine China, marked at extra low prices, as a special inducement to buy Christmas gifts early.

Berry Sets, Salad Bowls, Cake Plates, Biscuit Plates, Biscuit Jars, Cream and Sugars, Hair Receivers, Dresser Trays, Nut Bowls, Fruit Dishes, Celery and Spoon Trays, Jardineers, Fern Dishes, etc., etc. Beautiful hand painted goods in dainty designs. Sample goods and regular stock, on sale at exceptionally low prices.

Christmas Cards and Booklets

Christmas Post Cards in new and dainty designs. A big variety to choose from 12 for 10c
 Christmas and New Year Booklets, in beautiful designs and appropriate Greetings, on sale, extra values at 2 for 5c, 5c and 10c each.

Everything is now ready in holiday for your inspection. Greater values than ever in Toys, Dolls, Books, Games, etc.

McINTOSH BROTHERS

MONEY

Private money to loan on Mortgages on farm and city property at lowest rates of interest on terms to suit borrowers.

F. S. WALLBRIDGE,
 Barrister, E.C.
 Corner Front and Bridge Sts., Belleville, over Dominion Bank.

FOR SALE

Lot 1 and 2, 5th. Con. Tyendinaga 159 acres. Good buildings, new house, with furnace and telephone, new barn, silo, rural mill. Apply W. G. Harfman Gilead Ont. T. F. W.

Belleville Plating Works, 287 1-2 Front street, Belleville, Ont. Write for price list. 018 1st w.

HOTEL BUSINESS FOR SALE

The undersigned wishes to dispose of his interest in the Queens Hotel, Campbellford. For particulars, apply to P. Coveney, Campbellford n12-4tw.

WANTED.

TO RENT a Farm of 50 to 100 acres with option of buying. Must be quite well situated with some acres of fruit; prefer Sidney or Thurlow townships. Write particulars to W. S. Jones, Trenton, Ont. 2tw

FURS

Manufactured, Repaired, Re-dyed and Re-modelled at lowest prices.—MISS HAYES, over Burrows' office.

CHEESE MAKER WANTED

Cheesemaker wanted for Kingston Cheese Factory for the season of 1915. Applications will be received up to and including Dec. 15th next. Address Henry Wallace, president, Stirling, R.F.D. No. 2. 43-2tw.

D. J. Fairfield, Licenced Auctioneer and Canadian Employment Agent for this District.

I wish to thank the farmers for the very liberal patronage in the past year and am still taking orders for the present year and will be at Standard Bank, every Saturday from 10 o'clock a.m. to 12 and from 1.30 p.m. till 3.30 p.m. and would advise farmers to apply early in order to secure help, as last year I was not able to supply the demand owing to orders given late. My address is 223 Coleman street. Any orders left with John Elliott, manager of the Standard Bank will be promptly filled.

D. J. FAIRFIELD,
 Canadian Government Employment Agent.

PERSONAL, PURELY

From the Chicago-Belleville News

W. J. Shanks of the Belleville Club of Chicago has been honored by election to membership in the Author's Club of England. W. J. is some dandy little author, too, leave us tell you!

J. H. (Duster) Diamond of New Westminster, B. C., a brother of "Muskie" has gone to the war with his regiment. Captain Diamond was with the first contingent which left British Columbia early in the war.

James Vincent Doyle, who was one of Belleville's eligible bachelors, is not any more. He slipped last month and when he recovered he found that he was hitched. "Vince" is a very steady-going young lad and should trot well in double harness.

Miss Jennie Cook of Belleville, was married in Chicago last month, the lucky man being Lloyd McLean, of Orillia, Ont. The happy couple will make their home at West Pullman, Ills.

W. H. Biggar, K. C. has been elected vice-president of the Grand Trunk system, and is now entitled Vice-President and General Counsel, on all of which the "News" congratulates our old fellow-townman.

Col. Herbert D. Hulse, of Vancouver, commanding officer of the Duke of Connaught's Own Rifles, was Belleville this month. He brought a large body of specially qualified Western soldiers from the Pacific Coast to Montreal. On the return journey, he stopped off at Belleville and visited among his old friends in the Fifteenth Regiment. "Herb" one time organized a troop at Dawson, Yukon. The organization was known as "Hulse's Unshakable Infantry," "Herb" always claims a sort of unshakable lad himself.

LUMBERMEN BEGIN OPERATIONS

The Messrs. Lynch and Grant have started lumbering operations on a large tract of timber at and adjacent to Actinolite and the logs will be converted into lumber and bolts at their mills 3 miles north of Tweed. There are already 25 men engaged and the work will continue throughout the winter which is as fortunate thing for this district as the number of unemployed was already beginning to swell to considerable proportions. Many large lumber firms will not operate in the bush this winter which simply means that a large number of men who follow up lumbering as an occupation will be thrown out of work but the situation will be somewhat relieved in this section owing to Messrs. Lynch and Grant deciding to continue operations, which will be very welcome news to the community generally.—Tweed Advocate.

There may be other corn cures, but Holloway's Corn Cure stands at the head of the list so far as results are concerned.

The Weekly Ontario

Morton & Herity, Publishers

THE DAILY ONTARIO is published every afternoon (Sunday and holidays excepted) at The Ontario Building, Front Street, Belleville, Ontario. Subscription \$3.00 per annum.

ADVERTISING RATES on application. JOB PRINTING—The Ontario Job Printing Department is especially well equipped to turn out artistic and stylish job work. Modern presses, new type, competent workmen. TELEPHONE MAIN 99, with private exchange connecting all departments.

Thursday, December 10, 1914.

Dundas

The leading topic of discussion in political circles is the immense slump in Conservative majorities in the two provincial by-elections lately held. It now appears certain that the Government party was able to retain the majority in the last general election owing to the popularity and personal prestige of their leader, Sir James Whitney. Even as it was change of only 2500 votes from one side to the other would mean the shifting of twenty-five seats from the Conservative to the Liberal column and the practical extinction of the big Conservative lead.

The result in West Hamilton three weeks ago showed a slump from majorities of 1800 in 1911 and 1488 in June last for Col. Hendrie to only 39 for his successor, Mayor Allan. There was a drop in the majority in Dundas from 921 in 1911 and 674 in June to 59 in Monday's contest.

Neither can it be said that the Conservative party had weak candidates in either contest. Mayor Allan was one of the strongest and most popular members of the party in the City of Hamilton, while Mr. Hilliard was, next to Andrew Broder M. P., the most outstanding figure on the Conservative side in Dundas. He was a leading barrister of the county, a prominent layman of the Methodist church, and a speaker with far more than a local reputation.

It would be idle to claim that these two virtual defeats of Conservative candidates signify condemnation for the new leader, Mr. Hearst. His political record is mainly before him, for it cannot be said that he was one of the forcible figures of the Whitney Cabinet. Whether the responsibility of office will develop in him strength and capacity to lead, remains to be seen. The public only knows that he was chosen as a sort of compromise because of irreconcilable differences between the two really able men of the cabinet, Hon. W. J. Hanna, and Sir Adam Beck.

It seems therefore that he is at present the victim of one of those shifts of public favor that always follow the loss of a leader of unusual ability or prominence.

Unless Mr. Hearst can attain to the dominating height won by Sir James his leadership will end in disaster.

FOUR MONTHS OF FAILURE.

After four months of fighting, where does Germany stand? After the most prodigal waste of men and money and war material, what has she gained? What have German "Kultur" and Prussian militarism to show for all their gigantic expenditure? Germany is to-day an outlaw—a pariah among the nations. Her military achievements amount to little or nothing. She has poured out her men and her money without restraint, and yet she has been able to win no decisive success on land, while her Grand Fleet still declines engagement upon the sea.

The war to date, in fact, is without a decisive success to the credit of either group of belligerents. The decisive battle has not yet been fought, and yet this lack of a decisive success, in the view of a writer in the New York Tribune, must be regarded as the great outstanding feature of the war, so far, and the factor of most importance in forecasting its future developments. "On the whole," he says, "the war has been pretty true to rational calculations. It has furnished no stunning surprises, no great military collapses, like Sedan or Sadowa. It has upset many traditions of tactics and strategy. Yet the situation after four months of fighting is not very different from what an intelligent and unbiased critic would have expected it to be."

It must not be forgotten that Germany was in a state of complete preparedness when she declared war. She carefully timed her fateful "bolt" to that end, and in the first month of the war, before her opponents were able to mobilize their forces she was able to achieve some successes. The Kaiser massed seven strong armies in the Western frontier, and was able to beat down all opposition for a time. He overran Belgium and a considerable portion of North Eastern France before General Joffre was able to get sufficient strength in the field, and the British expeditionary forces came to his aid. That was the time of the much heralded but ill-starred "dash to Paris." The Kaiser's legions were "dashing" on so long as the Allies were unable to bring up their forces, but the moment General Joffre's plans were complete he turned upon the enemy's legions at the Marne, and completely smashed their plans for the isolation and investment of Paris. That ended the Kaiser's advance on the western frontier.

The German campaign in the west, as the writer points out, reached its climax early in September. Since then it has waned, in spite of the lavish employment of vast masses of new troops in reckless assaults on the fortified lines

of the Allies. The Allies have gradually recovered a large portion of North Eastern France, left bare at the time of the German dash toward Paris. Their forces stretch to the sea through Flanders, and on the northern front, after a month's bloody fighting, the Germans have practically abandoned their efforts to break through to Dunkirk and Calais.

Germany holds nearly all of Belgium and a considerable slice of territory in North Eastern France. That represents the fruit of her first victorious offensive. It is something, but few Germans will contend that it satisfies the high hopes or even the careful calculations with which Germany began the war.

On the Eastern front the fighting of the last four months has emphasized the new-born efficiency of the Russian armies. Russian strategy has been keen and the forward push of the Czar's forces has been well sustained. Each slight recoil has been succeeded by a further advance. The Russians have now practically cleared Galicia from east to west. At Cracow they are now nearly two hundred miles further west than they were when they drove the Austrians out of Lemberg. If Cracow falls they will have reached their first important objective.

A German retreat from Western Poland, leaving the way to Cracow clear on all sides, would mean the severing of direct connection between the German and the Austro-Hungarian armies. That break would widen as the Austro-Hungarians fell back beyond the Carpathians and the Germans retired on Breslau and Posen. It would end disastrously for the Teutonic allies the first phase of the war in the Eastern theatre.

"On both fronts, therefore," says the Tribune, "the German outlook is getting less hopeful. Russian efficiency has compelled a diversion of forces to the east which has broken the power of the German offensive in the west. That is the most disagreeable surprise of the war, as far as Germany is concerned. The next most disagreeable surprise has been the staying power of the French. France, with the aid of her gallant British Allies, has made a defence which has extorted admiration even from German critics. That splendid defence has more than restored the natural equilibrium of forces. For the Allies the crisis is past. In the stages of the war still to come they will have ample opportunity to call into play that superiority in resources on which in the long run victory must depend."

Sir John French is reported to have advised the British public in the message quoted in a London cable the other day that "the danger is past but there is plenty of hard fighting yet to be done." Just as Germany has blundered in her diplomacy and miscalculated events and developments all around, so she has failed in her military operations. The French troops, with their magnificent qualities, have been able to more than hold their own against the flower of the German army, and Britain's "contemptible little army" has out-fought the Prussian legions at every point, while on the Eastern frontier the Kaiser's favorite leaders have been out-generalled by the Russian "barbarians" whom the "Kultured" Germans affected to despise.

Germany in her "two front" campaign, to use a homely illustration, is burning the candle at both ends. The result is inevitable. Her defeat is certain.

And now for the Karlsruhe.

The rest of them had better remain in the Kiel Canal.

British seamen and British gunners have not forgotten how.

Sturdee measured up to the requirements of his name and past reputation.

Does Britannia still rule the waves? Ask Kaiser William for the latest bulletin from the South Atlantic.

The official announcement that the French Government is to return to Paris and that Parliament will meet there on December 22, is another reminder of the failure of the Kaiser's plans.

The British steamer Remuera reported on reaching Plymouth last week that a German cruiser had attempted to trap her by means of a false S. O. S. signal. We ought not, we suppose to be surprised at a low trick like this from the s.o.s.sides.

One of the striking successes of the war achieved by a Canadian has not received sufficient publicity in this country, says the Montreal News, and it proceeds to note the fact that the commander of the Anglo-French expedition which captured the German colony in the Cameroons was Brigadier-General Charles Macpherson Dobell, a native of Quebec, the second son of the late Hon. R. R. Dobell who was a member of Sir Wilfrid Laurier's first Cabinet. General Dobell has a notable military record, now capped by this important blow at Germany.

WARDEN W. H. HUBBELL

(Continued from Page 1.)

'For Britons never will be slaves.' (Cheers). The Warden asked Mr. A. M. Chapman to lead in singing 'Rule Britannia.' The County Council stood reverently and sang the chorus repeatedly. Mr. Chapman's lusty voice rang out manfully in the great hall and at its conclusion he led in the National Anthem.

Decked With Flags.

Shire Hall Council Chamber is decked with flags these days, and Warden Hubbell sits beneath and in front of a large Canadian flag at the sessions of the County Council.

Wednesday Morning.

This morning (Wednesday) after the reading of the minutes, the Council went into committee of the whole on Ways and Means. Mr. Rollins of Tweed in the chair.

WAYS AND MEANS.

The Council concurred with the Public Works Department of the Province regarding the holding of a course for County Road Superintendents to be held at the County Council Chamber in the month of January. Mr. Rollins of Tweed in the chair.

Mr. Ketcheson's Road.

Mr. Ketcheson said several road foremen besides the superintendent of the road, had been ordered to look after the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man. The reeve of Stirling moved, seconded by the reeve of Deseronto. He had been lying by the road for three or four days. The man had been starving and could not speak. The jail surgeon ordered that he be cared for. A prisoner took care of him at 50c per day for 23 days. The doctor could have ordered a nurse, but no nurse would have gone to take care of the helpless man.

The Weekly Ontario

Morton & Herity, Publishers

THE DAILY ONTARIO is published every afternoon (Sunday and holidays excepted) at The Ontario Building, Front Street, Belleville, Ontario. Subscription \$2.00 per annum. THE WEEKLY ONTARIO and Bay of Quinte Chronicle is published every Thursday morning at \$1.00 a year, or \$1.50 a year to the United States. ADVERTISING RATES on application. JOB PRINTING—The Ontario Job Printing Department is especially well equipped to turn out artistic and stylish job work. Modern presses, new type, competent workmen. TELEPHONE MAIN 99, with private exchange connecting all departments. W. H. Morton Business Manager. J. O. Herity Editor-in-Chief.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1914.

GERMAN BLUNDERS.

The blunders of German diplomacy are now coming home to the German people, and when the time comes the Kaiser and his crew of Junker diplomats will have a long score to settle for their mismanagement of foreign affairs. As Mr. Lloyd George points out in his remarkable City Temple speech, the invasion of Belgium was not merely a diplomatic blunder. It was a military blunder. It was a military blunder as well which the German General Staff realized when it was too late to retreat.

The New York Tribune, in a searching review of the same subject, says that few Germans can look back over the record of German diplomacy in the last ten or fifteen years without recognizing its wrong-headedness and inadequacy. "It handicapped Germany unnecessarily and that handicap drove the government to commit an infamous crime by violating Belgian neutrality." Germans are beginning to see that they were badly served by their diplomats. A letter by Professor Paul Natorp, recently published in the "Kölnische Zeitung," contains this striking admission:

"Never, however, would he (Bismarck) have allowed it to come to pass that when the war became inevitable the three greatest powers, outside of Germany and the United States should be in opposition against us. And that would probably have sufficed to maintain peace. For no two of the three powers would, without being sure of the third, have dared to attack the indissolubly united forces of Germany and Austria.

"In this sense I do not hesitate to declare although a German, that Germany is not altogether innocent of the outbreak of the war; not that there can be even the slightest doubt of her sincerest love of peace, but her diplomats did not recognize the road upon which alone peace could have been maintained, or did not know how to conquer the towering difficulties which confronted them on that road."

When such criticism of German diplomacy can appear in a German newspaper of high standing it is time, as the Tribune says, for von Bethmann-Hollweg to think of retirement and for the leading diplomats of the German Empire to look for non-diplomatic jobs. The Superman is a sorry bungler.

WAR TIME TRADE IN ENGLAND.

Contrary to quite general anticipations the war does not seem to have disorganized British industry. On the contrary, in some respects trade in that country has been stimulated by war. Cotton manufacturers have been hard hit, but in many other lines there is unusual activity and the general result is, as the Westminster Gazette says, that the percentage of unemployed at the beginning of November was only 4.46 as against 5.79 a month earlier. This, however, is largely explained by the fact that 1,000,000 men have been withdrawn from the field of labor for service in Kitchener's new army. In some trades, however, men are actually working night and day, those so employed being largely engaged in the manufacture of war supplies for Britain and her allies as well as for states yet neutral. The boot trade is a case in point. Within the last three months large orders for army boots have been received in Nottingham, the great centre of the British boot trade. About 1,500,000 are wanted by Lord Kitchener for his men at the front and for his new troops. France has placed an order for over 500,000 pairs of boots in Nottingham and 750,000 in Kettering. Russia has ordered 500,000 pairs of boots from Bristol, and Italy is inquiring for 250,000. Greece, Bulgaria and Roumania have all ordered boots, their aggregate demand coming to about 200,000 pairs. All these boots are high-class goods of the British army pattern, which cost \$4 a pair wholesale. Then there is the item of clothing for the army. Over 1,000,000 uniforms are wanted at once for the new troops. Another 600,000 are wanted for the old troops and the territorials to replace those worn out under war and war training conditions. There is no need for any tailor in England to-day to be idle. Clothing manufacturers are welcoming with open arms any one who can sew, and every factory in the United Kingdom is working overtime. The cloth mills, too, are getting their share, and are in many cases working double shifts.

Succession duties in Ontario for the fiscal

year just closed amounted to \$1,287,633, an increase of over \$141,000 over last year.

Tales of brilliant fighting are related by officers who have returned to Paris from the front. One of these said the other day that a brigade of French bluejackets on the Belgian frontier played a trick on the entrenched Germans, who had hung cans and bells on their wire entanglements to prevent a night surprise attack.

The sailors, according to this officer, crept out and tied strings to the wires and then returned to their own trenches. They continually pulled these strings, which caused the Germans to keep up for many hours a constant though ineffective fire. When finally the Germans ceased firing the sailors attacked and took a number of prisoners.

THE ESCAPE OF THE GOEBEN.

A few days ago Mr. Flint published a statement in The Ontario intimating that the escape of the German cruiser, Goeben, was due to the connivance of some official, high in the service, who gave away England's secret code.

In reference to the same subject Mr. Archibald Hurd, writing to The London Daily Telegraph says:—

"The Board of Admiralty will presumably issue shortly a statement as to the incident in the Mediterranean, when the Goeben and the Breslau escaped action—and destruction. So far silence has quite rightly been maintained pending the fullest inquiry. Now all the facts have been sifted, and, without injustice to anyone, an explanation can be given. The report of the court-martial is, in fact, now being considered by the Admiralty, and we ought, therefore, soon to have some explanation." Mr. Hurd continues:

"How do matters stand? First of all, the action of Admiral Sir Berkeley Milne, the Commander-in-Chief in the Mediterranean, and his disposition of his forces were the subject of a confidential inquiry, and it was announced by the naval authorities that the steps he took had been approved. Then Rear-Admiral Ernest Troubridge—the other British flag officer in this sea—who was in command of the F. st Cruiser Squadron, was recalled to England. Eventually he demanded, as was his right, a court-martial. The court-martial has been held. Admiral Troubridge has received a full and honorable acquittal.

"The escape of these two ships occurred soon after the war opened—three months ago. So far there has been no attempt to explain to the nation how it happened, and for good reasons. Silence can now be broken without doing injustice to anyone. Both officers having been held to be blameless, and they having been the only flag officers on the station, in justice to them, to the public generally, and our Allies, whose interests have also been prejudiced, it is assumed that the naval authorities will make some statement so that the matter may not be permanently shrouded in mystery."

If the whole unfortunate business, adds Mr. Hurd, was due either to the superior strategy of the German admiral, or to ill-luck dogging the steps of the admirals of the Dual Entente, then some statement would certainly be welcomed—particularly if the latter be the case, for then the public will be satisfied that the escape was really a misfortune for which no one was in fault.

A POPULAR BATTLE SONG.

An interesting account is given by Samuel G. Blythe in the Saturday Evening Post of the way in which "It's a Long Way to Tipperary" became the battle song of the British troops. The song was composed by Jack Judge, who had written songs previous to this one, but had never made a hit.

When he composed "It's a Long Way to Tipperary," which is simply a music hall ballad with a pleasing tilt, he carried the song to practically all the music publishers in London without finding one who would take it off his hands. Finally a publisher agreed to bring out the song last year, but he had difficulty in persuading any professional to sing it. A music hall entertainer named Florrie Ford sang the song at Douglas, Isle of Man. It soon became popular in the North of England and traveled down to London. The publisher is now printing 10,000 copies a day and is behind in his orders.

Every band in England is playing the song and the British troops are singing it both at home and in France. Even the French soldiers have taken up the song. They have revised it as Le Chemin a Teepararie, and are said to be roaring it as enthusiastically as any Tommy Atkins.

Australia bought \$35,000,000 worth of goods last year from Germany alone; to-day, Australia, like Canada, has wiped Germany from the order book and cast her price lists into the fire. Canada will be welcome to secure as much of that great order as she can take care of.

The Commoner: The big city is developing

a new sort of menace—the disinclination of citizens to take part in elections. The city of New York has five and a half millions of people. Of this number, one in nine persons, or 660,000 registered, and but 600,000 voted the other day. The proportion of voters who vote to population is less than in the country districts, where men must go miles to exercise the franchise.

With all the Kings, Emperors and Presidents of the belligerents at the front to cheer and encourage their respective armies, we may look for important movements in the theatres of war. It is hardly a mere coincidence that the heads of the warring nations should have proceeded to the firing lines in both theatres at the same moment.

The late Admiral Mahan of the United States Navy was one of the foremost writers on naval questions. It is irony of fate that he should be called away before the first great sea battle of the present war which may change our whole idea of naval strategy and naval warfare, has been fought. If the grand fleets ever meet in the North Sea there will be ample material for the experts. The pity is that Mahan, the most distinguished American naval writer, has not survived to tell the tale.

In the lines of battle there is one soldier at least, who is the envy and despair of every ambitious schoolboy. He is a twelve-year-old Serbian, who has the distinction of being the youngest of all belligerents. The instant Austria declared war on his country he made a bee-line to the nearest recruiting station. What his parents had to say in the matter the correspondents do not tell us. At any rate he stands today the hardened veteran of seven engagements in which he acquitted himself with a brilliance which won the admiration of his bold and care-free comrades. In fact the Crown Prince has just named him corporal on the field of battle.

An article in the Deutsche Medizinische Wochenschrift by Prof. V. Czerny gives a description of how the German wounded are treated in transport.

Half the wounds have been inflicted by shrapnel, and dirty pieces of uniform are often driven into the flesh with the fragments of shell. Then, too, soldiers lie sometimes for days in the trenches, often half full of water, exposed to night frosts before they are attended to. Then comes a long journey on dirty trucks, as many as thirty wounded men lying on each truck, without protection against the cold, owing to the quick advance of hostile forces.

It takes four to six days to go to Cambrai or Cologne, and all the time the wounded receive no new dressing and hardly any refreshment.

There are beautifully arranged sanitary trains, but those splendid hospital trains suffice for not one tenth of the wounded.

A gentleman in South Africa holding an official position, whose duties bring him into close touch with men of all opinions in his travels, writes to a London friend:

"The war is the only thing we can think about, and doubtless the news from our corner of the Continent will have given you some momentary shocks. As a matter of fact, Beyers' resignation and Maritz's treason are big blessings in disguise. We know now where we are, and the clean cut which Botha has made through the confusing sophistries of the irreconcilables has produced an act of great import—i.e., the manifesto of the leading clergy of the Dutch Reformed Church. Hitherto the latter have consistently maintained a policy of silence in regard to political utterances which, to Englishmen, were calculated to do much harm. It is the first time they have spoken words which were not capable of two meanings, and their pronouncement will assure England's triumph here. Doubtful characters, high and low, have been told a few unpleasant truths, and some of them have been interned in the castle.

"Our men," the writer adds, "will have a difficult task, scarcity of water being their chief

obstacle, but the 7,000 men of experience who have responded to Botha's call are excellent fighters on the veldt, and will crack the nut with which they are faced."

"IF,"

The following poem by Rudyard Kipling was recited by Prof. J. L. Morrison of Queen's University at the conclusion of his address before the Canadian club here last Tuesday night, and produced a deep impression upon those who heard it. The poem is well worth reading and memorizing.

If you can keep your head when all about you
Are losing theirs and blaming it on you;
If you can trust yourself when all men doubt you,
But make allowance for their doubting too;
If you can wait and not be tired by waiting,
Or being lied about don't deal in lies;
Or being hated don't give way to hating,
And yet don't look too good nor talk too wise;

If you can dream, and not make dreams your
master;
If you can think—and not make thoughts
your aim,

If you can meet with Triumph and Disaster
And treat those two imposters just the same;
If you can hear the truth you've spoken
Twisted by knaves to make a trap for fools,
Or watch the things you gave your life to, broken,
And stoop and build them up with worn-out
tools;

If you can make one heap of all your winnings
And risk it on one turn of pitch-and-toss,
And lose, and start again at your beginnings
And never breathe a word about your loss;
If you can force your heart and nerve and sinew
To serve your turn long after they are gone,
And so hold on when there is nothing in you
Except the will which says to them "Hold on!"

If you can talk with crowds and keep your virtue,
Or walk with kings—nor lose the common
touch,

If neither fools nor loving friends can hurt you;
If all men count with you, but none too much
If you can fill the unforgiving minute
With sixty seconds' worth of distance run,
Yours is the earth and everything that's in it,
And—which is more—you'll be a man, my
son!

EVERYBODY VOTES BUT MOTHER.

Everybody votes but mother,
She used to vote once, too,
But when she got married to father
The law said it wouldn't do.
When mother was just a spinster,
Like my spectacled sister Ann,
She had a right to the ballot,
But alas! she married a man!
So everybody votes but mother:
Father, Sister Ann, and I,
My widowed aunt and my brother,
And mother wants to know why!

Everybody votes but mother,
'Cause mother she changed her name;
'Looks as though somehow or other,
Getting married must be a shame;
They take away votes from fellows
Who have been convicted in court,
And it seems that women who marry
Are bracketed with that sort,
So that's where they rank poor mother;
'They've struck her name from the roll,
While sister and aunt and father
And I all go to the poll.

Everybody votes but mother,
Through our stupid and senseless law,
And there's not on the list another,
Who needs the vote more than man;
She cares for the home and the children
And she has a good right to a say
On the laws that effect the household
In any possible way.
So we must have a vote for mother,
Without waiting for dad to die;
For the wife, as well as the widow
And spinster, or we'll know why.

—J. W. Bengough.

Other Editors' Opinions

DEMOCRATIZED RUSSIA

For the first time in their history the Russian Revolutionaries are the allies of the Czar. They do not think to lose by it.

Nor do they think they are acting against the interests of the people, whose cause they have at heart, and for whose sake they have sacrificed much. No, they well know that it will be impossible to relegate to their old position of supposed enemies of the State men and women who have served the State well in her hour of most serious need. The Revolutionists will have helped in the salvation of their country. They will not, when that salvation is accomplished be once more under the supervision of the police. They are now actually sharing committee work with their declared opponents.

When the war is over they will be left with an influence in the government of Russia not derived from fear. The Czar will find himself at the head of a State much more like that of England in its constitution than could have been foreseen in recent years. The throne will be strengthened by widening its base, not by increasing its height. There will be no need for the violent internal revolution, which if it had happened, would only have been succeeded by a counter-revolution no less violent. We French and English may turn from our battlefields and look beyond the armies of Russia to the nation, and realize that actually during the struggle changes are taking place of the kind with which long tradition leads us to sympathize, and in a manner which is a lesson to the world.

And as to that other fear that Russia, if she wins, will become a swash-buckler among the nations, nursing such conditions as those which since 1870 have made Germany a menace to the peace of Europe, I do not think that danger is one to be considered very seriously. It is lessened enormously by the facts discussed in my last paragraph. And there is something to be considered in conjunction with those facts which, in my opinion and in that of many educated Russians with whom I have talked, makes that danger almost negligible. That something is the Russian peasant. His is the greatest figure in Russia, though hitherto he has counted least in the actions of the country as a whole.

With the more representative Government that is promised Russia by the events of the last two months, his word in the councils of the State will have a weight it has never had before. And that weight will not be flung in the scales on the side of war. The Russian peasant is not a warrior by instinct. "I am fighting now so that God grant, my son may not have to be a soldier," said a peasant to me just before leaving for the front. That is the peasant's attitude, and that attitude will impose itself on the Government. Russia will not be a threat to Europe, but Europe's best, indeed her only barrier against the Chinese peril which too soon will be menacing us all—December Century.

THE EDITOR'S INNINGS

The editor is having his innings now—the price of poultry has come down to living prices again. At prevailing prices even we can indulge once more in chicken pie. Editors have had to draw the line at 25 cents per pound, and live more on pig's legs and liver and livers, turnip pasties, and other less expensive articles of provender. It is an ill wind that brings good to nobody. The good farmer's wife will not feel so jubilant now that the prices for poultry are low in comparison with other years. Unfortunately for her, it is said they are likely to go lower. Dealers say that the outside demand is very poor this year. People are cutting down expenses on living all over the country. The use of poultry as food is regarded as a luxury, which it was at the prices that prevailed for the past two or three years. The price has fallen so much that it looks at the present time and price like economy to eat fowl.—Bowmanville Statesman.

THE KAISER

He has long been known as a clever, likeable, interesting man, affectionate, of good habits, religious. He could have kept a good hotel. The fault that is found with him is not that he is a bad man, but that he has been a bad Emperor for Germany, that he has been a busybody, intent on having a hand in everything, and that while he has assumed that he was the selected special agent of the Almighty to direct all Germans, he has been the responsible leader in imbuing them with delusions of grandeur and destiny, and the most dangerous aspirations, and has finally in consequence of the teachings and delusions which he has shared and encouraged, got them into a war for mastery of the earth, in which they have but one invalid ally and virtually all the rest of Europe practicing to put them down.

Americans as a rule don't think ill of the Kaiser as a man, except like the whole German nation, he seems to have lost the power to distinguish right from wrong. But they think greyedly of him as a Kaiser. They think he has got terribly off the track and carried the whole German people with him.—From "Life," New York.

SILK JACK FOR ARGYLE CHAPTER

Presentation in Armouries On Friday Afternoon Glowing Addresses

A delightful function took place at five o'clock yesterday afternoon in the Fifteenth armouries' headquarters when Argyle Chapter of the Daughters of the Empire was presented with a beautiful silk union jack. There was a large representation of the members present. Mrs. J. W. Marsh, regent of the chapter, presided. The presentation was made by Miss Margarette Brown, daughter of Major W. J. Brown, who said: "Madame President, I have the honor to present this flag to you for the Argyle chapter of the Daughters of the Empire. Mrs. Marsh, replied in a few words, congratulating the little Miss and expressing the gratitude of the chapter for the gift.

FIVE SCHOONERS TO WINTER HERE

In the harbor there are five schooners which will winter at Belleville. They are the "New Dominion," "Geo. B. Marsh," "Grace M. Filer," "Keewatin," and "J. B. Newland." Last winter the "Dundee" wintered in the local waters, and now lies on

the rocks partially burned, south of the Rolling Mills. Next winter it is likely there will be a new schooner spending the winter season here. The machinery in the old dredge of the Randolph Macdonald Co. Ltd. of Toronto, is being transferred into the new steel dredge at Schuster's wharf.

- S. S. 28 THURLOW. (November Report)
- Class V—Nelle York
- Sr. IV—Clarence Martin, Earl Carter.
- Jr. IV—Harry Wallace
- Sr. III—Clifford Clare, Arthur Wallace
- Jr. III—Harold Spencer, Ernest Carter, Willie Martin, Arthur Balean
- Sr. II—Floyd Sheffield, Marie Hutchison, M. Hutchinson
- Jr. II—Vera Sheffield, Anna Martin, Ralph Huffman, Freddie Wallace, Harry Broadbent
- Sr. Primer—Gordon Huffman, H. Balesnel, Francis Huffman
- Jr. Primer—Alfred Wallace
- M. W. Reed, Teacher

Editors' Opinions

ATIZED RUSSIA

time in their history revolutionaries are the ar. They do not think think they are acting interests of the people, they have at heart, and they have sacrificed well know that it ble to delegate to their supposed enemies of the d women who have twell in her hour of need. The Revolution- helped in the salvation y. They will not, when is accomplished, he er the supervision of the re now actually sharing rk with their decl:red

ar is over they will be fluence in the govern- not derived from fear, find himself at the head more like that of Eng- dition than could have in recent years. The strengthened by wide-ent by increasing its will be no need for the l revolution, which if it would only have been a counter-revolution no Ve French and English e our battlefields and e armies of Russia to the alize that actually dur- gle changes are taking kind with which long ue to sympathize, and which is a lesson to the

at other fear that Rus- will become a swash- of the nations, nursing as those which since Germany a menace to Europe, I do not think one to be considered It is lessened enor- facts discussed in my p. And there is some asidered in conjunction s which, in my opinion many educated Rus- I have talked, makes most negligible. The Russian peasant. His figure in Russia, though as counted least in the country as a whole. e representative Gov- is promised Russia by the last two months, his pucils of the State will it has never had before. h, will not be flung, a- the side of war. The ant is not a warrior by son fighting now so that, y son may not have to be d a peasant to me. Just g for the front. That is attitude, and that atti- ose itself on the Govern- will not be a threat to Europe's best, indeed her against the Chin- h too-on will be men- December Century.

EDITOR'S INNINGS is having his innings ce of poultry has come prices again. At pres- even we can indulge a chicken pie. Editors draw the line at 25 cents and live more on pig's legs, lights, turnip pasties, ss expensive articles of it is an ill wind that to nobody. The good will not feel so jubilant e prices for poultry are arison with other years. ly for her, it is said they go lower. Dealers say the demand is very poor. People are cutting down living all over the country. oultry as food is regarded which it was at the prices for the past two or three prices has fallen so much at the present time and mony to eat fowl.—Bow-tesman.

THE KAISER ng been known as a clever, esting man, affectionate, bits, religious. He could a good hotel. The fault with him is not that he n, but that he has been a r for Germany, that he nybody, intent on having everything, and that while med that he was the select- gent of the Almighty to de- mand, he has been the re- ader in imbuing them with grandeur and destiny, and dangerous aspirations, and in consequence of the and delusions which he has encouraged, got them into mastery of the earth. In have but one invalid ally ally all the rest of Europe to put them down. ns as a rule don't think ill of as a man, except like the man nation, he seems to the power to distinguish wrong. But they think of him as a Kaiser. They got terribly off the track ed the whole German people.—From "Life", New York.

TRIED TO DETAIN CHORUS GIRL

Police Guarded the Young Lady

Kingston, Dec. 6.—An exciting time was caused during the early hours of Friday morning when some of the soldiers connected with the 21st battalion were frustrated in an attempt to detain one of the girls connected with the Imperial Musical Comedy Company, that finished its engagement at the Grand Opera House. The girl, who was stopping at one of the local hotels, was on her way to the train, and the soldiers who had become enamored with her did not like the idea of her leaving the city. It is reported that the girl was inclined to an escort of four policemen, who had to fulfill the contract that she had signed with them.

Much difficulty was experienced in getting the young chorus lady to the train. This was only accomplished by an escort of four policemen, who threatened to arrest the soldiers, if they did not cease following the girl. Finally the latter was gotten aboard, while the soldiers hurriedly took a vehicle and drove with all speed to the outer station. Here they thought the girl would surely fall into their hands, as she was changing from the local suburban to the regular main-line train. Once more however their plans were frustrated as the policemen had made their exit on the suburban train with the Company. After seeing the show people safely aboard the Express, the police had a hearty laugh at the expense of the soldiers, the latter being greatly embarrassed over the failure of their attempt to detain the lady of their affections.

ANY PORT IN A STORM

When the steamer Alexandria reached Pictou on Saturday her orders were changed and she was sent back to this city, where she will spend the winter. The old boat has been passing this port on her regular run for over forty years, an dthis is the first time that she has wintered here.—Kingston Standard.

TOKEN OF ESTEEM

Lieut. W. A. G. Springs, O. C. of the depot company, 21st battalion was, on Wednesday, sent by The Bell, Telephone staff of No. 7 and 8 districts at Belleville and Peterboro, a beautiful pair of binoculars as a token of the esteem in which the lieutenant was held.—Kingston Whig.

THE BELLEVILLE BURIAL CO. 189 Front St. South of Standard Bank Funeral Directors and Practical Embalmers Phone 774 J. W. Imhale, M. F. Armstrong Managers Day and Night Calls Promptly Attended to Charges Moderate

MILITARY NEWS OF THE DISTRICT

Capt. A. E. Hywater, A.D.A.A. & Q.M.G., 3rd division, has returned to Kingston from the following places after inspection duty: Belleville, Colborne, Lindsay, Peterboro, Millbrook.

The following is an extract from garrison orders: "The St. George Hotel, opposite the C.P.R. station, is placed out of bounds for all troops in the Kingston Garrison."

The matter of dividing the holidays will be left by Col. Hemming to the officers commanding the various units in the city. Sir R. L. Borja will inspect the Canadian troops now mobilized in Montreal and Toronto and will in all probability visit Kingston in his tour. Recruiting for the third contingent has been commenced by the 14th Regiment, 47th Regiment, and 4th Hussars, although none of the men taken will be under pay until the order for mobilization has been received. All officers are recruiting on waiting list.

FORMER PRINCE EDWARD MAN COMING TO THE FRONT

Mr. W. M. Davidson, B.A., a former Hillier boy, is a candidate for school trustee in Calgary. Of Mr. Davidson the Calgary Eye Opener says: "If Mr. W. M. Davidson does not head the poll of the vote for school trustee on December 14, we shall be much disappointed. We wish to see him, like Abou Ben Whatshiname, lead all the rest. This is the first time Mr. Davidson has come out for his shell to run for anything, so please see that he gets the votes and plenty of them. As editor and proprietor of Calgary's morning daily, The Albertan, his connection with the general public has hitherto been of a somewhat impersonal nature, but you can take it from us that his presence on the board of school trustees will prove to be the very highest value to the city. Davidson is sound all the way through. With an intellect trained to the minute by travel, self-culture and daily mental toil, he probably outclasses any member that Calgary first began. No one disputes the introduction of politics into school issues more than Mr. Davidson, and he will be the first to put a stop to such nonsense if attempted. Wherefore ye ratepayers, turn out on December 14 and place at the head of the poll for school trustee one of the whitest men that ever breathed the air of Calgary. William McCartney Davidson. Mr. Davidson was born in Prince Edward county, Ontario, in 1872, was educated at Toronto University, and before coming west in 1902 earned his spurs as a newspaper man on the Toronto World and the Toronto Star."

Purity is the first consideration in the preparation of Salada tea. Only the fragrant buds and most delicate leaves are used. Salada contains no stems, bark, twigs or dust.

A TRIBUTE TO MISS MAGHAR

Toronto Globe.—Miss Agnes Maule Maghar, who has been spending the last few days with Mrs. Robert Glasgow, 17 Whitney avenue, is not only one of the sweet singers of Canada, but a seer of far vision, Miss Maghar, living the quiet life of Kingston, much with nature, and ever seeking to carry aid as much spiritual as material to the poor of every creed, was vouchsafed a glimpse of Canada as the nation she is proving herself to-day. Much of Miss Maghar's poetry is bound up with songs of country, and her recent work, "Stories of the British Empire," is thrilled through with the intense fire of patriotism. Miss Maghar went home to Kingston yesterday, a band of merry minstrels calling her for allied to the love of humans, the little woman with the beautiful face has a heart which takes into its loving care all things that grow.

FIRST ELECTRIC CAR REACHES BOWMANVILLE

Did you hear that the first electric car went over the new road on Friday last? No. Well, we are telling you it was even so. They seem to have considerable trouble at the Y, but with a saw and axe the shade tree limbs were cut so as to allow the big car to pass under. This car is probably known to people on the C.N.R. as that is the name it goes by in gorgeous letters on the side of the car. It is a well built and substantial looking specimen of a passenger car and the inside of the business is in keeping with the rest of the outfit. There was a big crowd at the foot of Wellington street to see the "animal," and the kid element was there in force and explored the whole outfit, and passed their appreciation or otherwise on the first appearance of the new car. We have not heard anything about a time table on when the regular running of the road will be inaugurated but not likely much will be done before spring, except probably in the freight line, as we understand it the C.N.R. freight for this place will come in on this line.—Bowmanville Correspondent in Orono News.

SHOT A BEAR

Mr. W. Anderson, of Round Lake, had the good fortune to shoot a black bear last week. His bear-ship weighed about 200 pounds and his fur was in prime condition.—Havelock Standard.

Highest Cash Prices Paid for all kinds of Hides and Skins BELLEVILLE PRODUCE CO.

ANNUAL XMAS WARNING VENERABLE

PHYSICIAN PASSES

Dr. Bradford Patterson, a former citizen of Colborne, died at Barrie on Friday last in his ninetieth year. He was born in 1821 in Witchesburg, near Stouffville, and up to the age of seven ten worked on the farm. At that age he went to attend Sturky College in New York. After graduating he practiced medicine at Colborne, one year; at Colborne, five years; at Bowmanville, twenty years; at Whitby, Collingwood and Markham, four years each, going to Barrie twenty-six years ago. He was among the oldest Free Masons in Canada, having been initiated at Bowmanville more than seventy years ago. He was master of the Bowmanville lodge, and is said to have presided at the initiation of the late Sir John A. McDonald at a Grand Lodge meeting at London. For ten years he was a member of Bowmanville town council.

COUPLE HAD TRYING EXPERIENCE WITH GAS

Peterboro, Dec. 6.—Sleeping thirty-four hours from the effects of inhalation of the anesthetic qualities of gas, was the trying experience of Mr. and Mrs. Dan Moloney, who resides on Rogers street, east city. Mrs. Moloney felt indisposed on Monday evening and toward eleven o'clock Dr. Gallivan was summoned. The lady was attended and about an hour later fell asleep at her husband's side. Yesterday morning Mrs. Heaps, a neighbor, remarked that it was strange not to see either Mr. or Mrs. Moloney around but came to the conclusion that they had gone away early in the morning.

This morning the same lady had reason to feel alarmed when she heard stamping about in the stable. She went to the stable and finding the horse in a state of frenzy, from hunger, she fed the animal and then proceeded to the house. Unable to secure a response to her knocking on the front door, she went to the rear entrance and heard a smothered moan. The door was broken open and Mr. and Mrs. Moloney were found in bed unconscious. The fumes of gas in the house were very plain. Mr. and Mrs. Moloney are rapidly recovering. The gas had escaped from the furnace which had not been properly attended to.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL

Gordon Powell was committed for trial at Hastings last week on a charge of raising a cheque from \$1.80 to \$180. The merchants at Hastings of whom he tried to pass the cheque did not cash it. Powell has previously served a term in Central Prison, Toronto, for stealing a horse and rig at Port Hope.—Colours Star

MILLER'S WORM POWDERS

Miller's Worm Powders are a pleasant medicine for worm-infested children, and they will take it without objection. When directions are followed, it will not injure the most delicate child, as there is nothing of an injurious nature in its composition. They will speedily rid a child of worms and restore the health of the little sufferers whose vitality has become impaired by the attacks of these internal pests.

ADDISON WILSON FRIGHTFULLY HURT

While returning from Belleville on Saturday last, Addison Wilson, of Hungerford, was most frightfully injured. The affair happened between Thomasburg and his home. He was found on the road near Mr. Murney Coulter's with a big cut in the top of his head and a frightful cut in the forehead over the nose. His tongue was nearly cut in two and required several stitches. Very little is known about the affair for the victim has been unable to give any account of it whatever. Much anxiety for his ultimate recovery of felt by his friends.—Tweed News.

CURLING NEWS

Messrs. J. A. Kerr and Frank Mitchell are delegates representing the local Curling Club at the annual meeting of the Central Ontario Curling League held at Kingston today.

BELIEVE YOUNG MAN HAS PERISHED

There is but little doubt now that John O'Shea, son of Capt. O'Shea, of Wolfe Island, who has been missing for over two weeks, has been drowned. An oar, a boat seat and a life preserver believed to belong to the boat in which the missing young man left Wellesley Island for Kingston have been washed ashore at different points on the river. A box has been found also, and from descriptions sent to the owners of the boat, he is convinced that they belong to the craft which he lent Mr. O'Shea on the day the latter disappeared.

The oar and life preserver were found on the shore of Havelock Island, for on Grandstone Island and the boat seat on May Irwin's island, on Friday of last week. The relatives and friends of Mr. O'Shea are now practically convinced that he has been the victim of a fatal accident, the particulars of which may never be known.

Reduced by Asthma. The constant strain of asthma brings the patient to a dreadful state of hopeless exhaustion. Early use should by all means be made of the famous Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy, which more than any other acts quickly and surely on the air passages and brings blessed help and comfort. No home where asthma is present in the least degree should be without this great remedy.

THIRTY MILLIONS A YEAR

Now is the time when the housewife's thrifty care turns to thoughts of woolsens. With some of the finest woolen and knitted goods factories in the world, Canada has been in the habit of importing woolsens to the extent of thirty million dollars a year. Go over your list of woolen needs from socks to limited caps with every conceivable variety of wearables between, and see how many of them could be made just as well in this country as they are abroad. Remember that the latest and most modern machinery employed in Canada for the purpose of supplying Canadian needs every detail of Canadian manufacture. Bear in mind that thousands of skilled people have been brought in for the purpose of working that machinery. Do not forget that some of the woolen mills of Canada are as good as the best in the world from the boiler room to the shipping floor. In a time of prosperity, and without any effort to interfere with the British preference on woolen goods, the manufacturers of Canada have gone on investing millions in this industry for the purpose of keeping up the Canadian end of the woolen industry. In a time when the purchase of every detail of Canadian purchase it can get to keep the mills going, it is not necessary to harp on the notion of fair play in order to get the co-operation of consumers. It is of no necessity to remember that if only half of this thirty millions a year were diverted to Canadian factories it would mean \$3,000,000 a year in wages paid to Canadian labor and to be re-spent in goods made in Canada.

OLD TRENT RIVER CAPT. PASSES AWAY

There passed away in Stirling, on Saturday, at the home of his son-in-law, Mr. W. Barrigan, the last of the early steamboat men of the Trent, in the person of Adolphus Marchand. Mr. Marchand had been engineer on various boats on the Trent river for over fifty years, and with the late Captain Lambert, was the last of the first steamboat men of the district. He was engineer of the steam engine Otosabee, when it took the late King Edward, then Prince of Wales, across Rice Lake from Harwood to Hawatha in 1861. Captain Lambert being in command of the boat. Born at Three Rivers, Quebec, he was for many years a resident of Hastings and one of the best known of the boat men on the river. He leaves to mourn his loss, two daughters, Mrs. Wm. Barrigan and Miss Edna, of Stirling, and three sons, William, of South Porcupine, Adolphus, of Muskoka Falls, and Louis of Hungerford.

The funeral was held on Monday morning on arrival of the morning train here, and interment took place at the R.C. Cemetery here.—Hastings Star.

SAD FATALITY NEAR LINDSAY

Franklin, Dec. 6.—On Saturday last a sad fatality occurred on the Moss Road, west of this place, when the residence of Mr. Mark White was burned. It appears that Mrs. Mark White was attending to the milking, leaving her three children in the house. She was so riled when returning to find the home in flames. She immediately summoned her husband, who was at a neighbor's and on his arrival it was found that it was impossible to save the house. The brave father rushed into the burning structure and got the children out. Two of them, however, were terribly burned. The youngest lingered until Sunday, when death ended its sufferings. The second youngest, it is reported died on Tuesday.

OLD TRENT RIVER CAPT. PASSES AWAY

The sad affair has cast a gloom over the whole district.

House Slippers Neat, Comfortable and Cozy Slippers for Men, Women and Children MEN'S IN FELT OR LEATHER75c, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 LADIES' STYLISH FELT JULIETS, ALL COLORS \$1.00 LADIES' COZY SLIPPERS, ENGLISH MAKE AT50c, 75c, \$1 GIRLS' WARM FELT AND REPP AT50c AND 75c CHILD'S WARM FELT AND REPP AT40c AND 50c LADIES' COMFORTABLE FELT BOOTS, PLAIN OR KID FOXED, \$1.10, \$1.50, \$2.00 See our Large Assortment The J. J. Haines Shoe Houses Belleville Napanee, Trenton Smith's Falls

PRACTICAL GIFTS How long will your gifts last after Christmas. Furniture will last for years, give pleasure and enjoyment and be a reminder of the giver. Our gift department has comfortable chairs for every room in the house. Couches, \$6.50 up. Flower Stands, \$1.25 up. Pedestals, \$2.50 up. Writing Desks, \$6.50 up. Easy Chairs, \$6.00 up. Parlor Tables, \$1.50 up. Music Cabinets, \$5.50 up. Pictures, 50c up. Library Tables, \$5.00 up. Armchairs, \$2.75 up. Rockers, \$1.50 up. Any of these make a very practical and acceptable gift for your best friend.

The Thompson Furniture Company Undertakers Phones: Day, 62; Night, 235 Prepare for the Holidays Now See the new Stamped Cushions See the new Stamped Centres See the new Stamped Cosies See the new Stamped Towels See the new Stamped Day Covers See the new Stamped Night Dresses See the new Stamped Pillow Covers See the new Stamped Aprons See the new Stamped Tie Racks Now is the time to work these goods and have them ready before Xmas. THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

Christmas Gifts We are ready for the great rush of Xmas gift buyers, who will visit our two floors where they are sure to select some of the many and varied choice Christmas Gifts, suitable for every member of the family. Glance over this list— An immense range of Dolls from 5c to \$10.00 Toys of all kinds for small children from 5c to \$1.00 Railway engines, etc. for the big boy at 50c to \$10 Children's China sets at 10c to \$1.25 Christmas Gift Books of all kinds 5c to 75c Doll Carriages, Sleighs, etc. at 25c to \$6.50 Fancy Baskets in large variety at 5c to \$2.00 Christmas paper bells and decorations, 1c to 25c Men's, Women's and Children's underwear at all prices. Sweater Coats for every member of the family \$1 to \$5.00 Fancy Collars, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Mitts, Scarfs, and an endless variety of goods, suitable for the Xmas season. Fancy Boxes, Brass Jardiniere, Fern Pots, etc. Space will not permit us to give a more detailed list of the great collection of Christmas goods, come in often between now and Christmas and make your selections. Wm. McIntosh & Co. Advertising Pays

UNDERWEAR The eager air of winter brings us to the subject of underwear. We've the kind that keeps you warm without impressing you with the fact that you are bundled up. The underwear that drags, binds, pulls and bunches up is the cheap "bargain" sort. WE DON'T HANDLE IT Every suit of underwear we sell is from the best and most reliable makers. No matter what you want you'll find it here. There are fabrics of heavy cotton, fleece lined, Merino, Jersey Ribbed, Spring Needle, Natural Wool, Cashmere, etc., 50c, 75c, \$1.00, to \$3.00. See Our Wonderful Values in \$1.00 Underwear. Medium Weight, if You Prefer. The variety of our stock is as great as the variety in the tastes and figures of mankind. Every good hygienic kind, where, as well as the good, old, reliable kinds that we all wear. QUICK & ROBERTSON Clothing and Furnishings.

The Weekly Ontario

Morton & Herity, Publishers

THE DAILY ONTARIO is published every afternoon (Sunday and holidays excepted) at The Ontario Building, Front Street, Belleville, Ontario. Subscription \$3.00 per annum. THE WEEKLY ONTARIO and Bay of Quinte Chronicle is published every Thursday morning at \$1.00 a year, or \$1.50 a year to the United States.

ADVERTISING RATES on application. JOB PRINTING—The Ontario Job Printing Department is especially well equipped to turn out artistic and stylish job work. Modern presses, new type, competent workmen. TELEPHONE MAIN 99, with private exchange connecting all departments.

W. H. Morton
Business Manager.

J. Q. Herity
Editor-in-Chief.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1914.

A CANADIAN WAR.

Canadians are coming these days to feel the sobering weight of new and terrible responsibilities. For many generations, we have been absolutely free from the fear of any foe from without. Our immediate neighbors have been neighbors, and better still, good-natured neighbors. Their diplomatic and big-brother grin has ever been ready for any display of youthful and irresponsible impatience on the part of individual Canadians. We have never been afraid of them, not because we believed in the boast gotten of actual experience, nor yet because we had any desperate intentions, but simply because between us there has been, there is, and there can be, no sufficient cause for war-like contention.

And for the big world beyond, we have not felt a responsible concern. Itinerant evangelists of a "new Imperialism," picturing the sure glories of world power and the deep doom and awful degradation of an aloof Canadianism, have from time to time stirred within some of us longings for a more responsible and effective participation in a larger political life. But always we have fallen back into old ways, and that instinctively, if not reasonably. In our big, roomy, new and friendly western world, we could not feel the rivalries, the suspicions, the racial hatreds, the inherited feuds, the cherished and conflicting ambitions of the confined people of the old world.

That war might come, we have been warned. Indeed we have accepted that as a possibility. Moreover, if war did come in which Great Britain should be involved, we have always known that we would be prepared to give generously, to fight the battles of the Motherland. But the war would be a European war, not a Canadian war. We would go to the help of the Motherland, to the defence of the Empire, but we would not go into a battle in which we, because we were Canadians, were forced to struggle desperately for the maintenance of our right to be Canadians and the kind of Canadians we chose to be.

But the war is here, and Canadians are going. And why? The mother of us all is in need. Of that reason we are not ashamed. But the man searches the hearts and minds of Canadians but superficially who finds in the marching of our men but the response of the brood to the tribal call. Slowly, but surely, it is being borne in upon the minds of the thoughtful people of Canada that this is no mere European war, no mere accidental failure of an insincere diplomacy, no mere brutal struggle of the engaged nations for a common coveted prize. The enemy now held back behind that swaying line of French and British bayonets will struggle valiantly, desperately, frantically to break through. But to what? To Paris! To London! For national prestige! For cold cash! For Empire!

That last demand brings the Canadian gun up hard against the Canadian shoulder. We have here talked and bragged of Empire, but this longing that leaps out across Belgium and down into Serbia is not the thing of our childish boasting. We never connived at any scheme to rob a self-respecting people of their right so to be. We are ourselves a little people, less than eight million souls, scattered over thousands of miles. We are free and self-governing to-day, not because we are British and enjoy British benevolence and the British guarantee. But let us never forget that the enemy that would humble Britain, deliberately sought to reduce Serbia into the degrading condition of a vassal state—that that enemy to-day glories over the humiliation of an independent Belgium. We are repeatedly told that Germany does not intend, in the event of victory, to take Canada. What a good, kind wolf we have to deal with. But mark it well. The wolf is a wolf, and intends to eat, but not us—not now, perhaps never; still the wolf intends to eat.

Slowly but surely we are coming to realize that this is a Canadian war. It is no European

family quarrel. The old worn-out imperialism which was ever the enemy of the independence and self-respect of small nations and little peoples, is again rampant. The German aggression is in direct defiance of that international righteousness, by virtue of which we Canadians enjoy our rights and liberties as a people. Let that defiance once become triumphant, and the war we now wage for a principle, we shall then be forced to wage, and desperately, for existence.

OUR WAR.

The waves of the great war are beating nearer to our thresholds. Away in this peaceful hemisphere, for a while the war seemed far and remote—a thing apart from our ordered lives—its thunders only an echo of sound and fury, signifying nothing. Even when our gallant thirty thousand sailed away, we could see only the pageantry of it. But now, though those are still back of the battle line, word comes almost daily of some brave fellow who has reached the advance guard and paid the last measure of devotion to the ideal which makes us Britons. Daily that list will grow, and each new hero's name will hammer into our souls the knowledge that this is our war, as much a part of our lives as the sea that wraps our coasts and knits us by its cables and its shuttles of commerce, with all the other Britons into that communion we call The Empire.

Not an Empire in the sense that history gives the word. We are fighting that thing—Caesarism, Kaiserism—we fought it in Philip of Spain, in Louis of France, in Napoleon, as we are fighting it to-day in William of Germany; and we shall smash it now as then. Our Empire is no autocracy, but a kinship and a friendship of republics; no tyranny, but a comradeship linking of sympathetic communities. No War Lordship, but a freemasonry of free men in free nations working together for the things that made them free.

Not easily have we come to this, but through great tribulation. We have had to fight Caesarism at home as well as abroad. For us the Barons wrought at Runnymede and Cromwell fought at Worcester. For us, too, strange as it may seem to some, George Washington fought when he and his ragged continentals protested with their lives against taxation without representation. And even within our Canadian borders, heroes and statesmen have spent themselves gladly in this great service of freedom—not the least glorious of whom were Nova Scotia's Joseph Howe and William Lyon Mackenzie of Ontario.

To this same battle we are giving our boys to-day, another field, but the same battle. Into their hands the flag the fathers have carried thus far is given to carry on. In the fight the brave ghosts of the older days stand shoulder to shoulder with them, and if they die—and many of them must die, God rest their gallant souls—they join a splendid company whose lives and deeds stand forever as Britain's pillar of cloud by day, and fire by night, to guide us and to tie us and band us together stronger than hoops of iron. For them, as men, we must mourn, but not as those without hope, for we know that from their ashes shall flower such an Empire as this scarred old world has never seen, under the shadow of whose flag shall freedom dwell and honor sit enthroned.

"The slain, elate and alive again, the dust and debris alive,
Give me to bathe the memory of our dead soldiers
Shroud them, embalm them, cover them all over
with tender pride."

"Our future is on the water," says the Kaiser, and a writer in the London Daily Sketch asks, "Is anybody sending him a copy of the song 'Fall In!'"

The Kaiser refers to Belgium as "the happy German Reichsland," and the Boston Transcript retorts, "a ghastly masque in which Wilhelm appears as the blood-smeared king of the carnival of crime."

A correspondent of the London Times, in speaking of the conditions in Russia, says that there are no unemployed, the beggars have almost all disappeared. Women and children are working in the factories on day and night shifts. Money is flowing like water, and, for all manner of reasons, life is brisk.

The London Times publishes every day, or frequently, extracts from German newspapers, many of them bitter, and none friendly, in their references to Great Britain. No attempt seems to be made to censor these although in other respects the censorship is very strict. Apparently neither the Times nor the censor is afraid to let the people know what the enemy is saying.

In the House of Lords it fell to Lord Kitchener to speak in the first instance for the Government appreciation of Lord Roberts. "To us soldiers the record of his life will ever be a cherished possession. We mourn his loss, but

hope to profit by his illustrious example." In Lord Lansdowne's absence through illness the Opposition were represented by Lord Curzon. "No Englishman," he said, "at any rate of our time, has set so rich and rare an example of simplicity and purity of life, and none has been more religious-minded or more devout in the beliefs as well as in the external observances of religion." Lord Crewe, in adding a few words, said it was a happy accident that all three speakers had been in different capacities officially connected with India, because India will long mourn Lord Roberts as she will mourn no other man who is now alive.

English papers which are now coming to hand are filled with congratulations to the Australian Navy for the exploit of its fine light cruiser Sydney in putting an end to the ravaging Emden, and telegrams from all quarters have been sent to the Commonwealth Ministry. It is peculiarly interesting to note that in one paper immediately under Sir George Foster's "Bravo, Australia!" message there is a report of a speech by the Australian Prime Minister in which he says that the smashing of the Emden is another laurel for the Australian Navy, and declares that the experiences of the past few weeks teaches the lesson that "the countries bordering on the Pacific should combine in providing a fleet for those seas." "Where the seas are British," he says, "we should keep them British, for all time."

Russia's case is, says the Springfield Republican, different from that of any of the other countries at war, in that food has become cheaper and more abundant since hostilities began. This, of course, is natural enough, for Russia is a great agricultural country, and normally does a great export trade, both by way of Germany and through the Black Sea and the Dardanelles. Exportation is now in great part cut off, and the food stuffs are thrown back upon the home market, with the result that the poor are faring better than in normal times. Manufactured articles, on the contrary, are becoming dear, but a large part of them are luxuries.

As a matter of course Paris is not the Paris of old. It is just as beautiful, from some points just as interesting, but 'twill be a long time before the capital returns to its former brilliancy. With three-quarters of the men in all walks of life away, many of the most important shops closed, nearly all private homes locked up, few large hotels taking guests, all museums shut down, this is not Paris. A very few stray cinemas have opened and are trying to do business but the men and women left in the city do not seem attracted to anything so tame as a cinema scenario. They want to talk war, and nothing else.—New York Sun.

The statement issued by the Russian Headquarters is guarded, as all the Russian official reports are, but it discloses enough to indicate that the Russian successes in Poland are great and important. The battles are not over but they are "developing very favorably."

Bernhardi in his work on "Germany and the Next War," says: "A surprise attack, in order to be justified, must be made in the first place only on the armed forces of a hostile state, not on peaceful inhabitants. A further necessary preliminary condition is that the tension of the political situation brings the possibility or probability of a war clearly before the eyes of both parties, so that an expectation of, and preparations for war can be assumed. OTHERWISE THE ATTACK BECOMES A TREACHEROUS CRIME."

Germany's attack on Belgium clearly comes within the conditions set out by Bernhardi. It was a "surprise attack." The "peaceful inhabitants" were made to suffer terrible tortures and deaths. The attack was "a treacherous crime."

A correspondent writing to the New York Herald suggests that if the United States is really anxious to stop the "Kultured" atrocities of the Kaiser's troops in Belgium, it would be necessary to advise Germany that unless they stop, all contraband shipments from the United States will cease and that "we will take over the German ships in our harbors and dispose of them for the benefit of the Belgians." Not a bad idea. There must be a hundred million dollars worth of German shipping tied up in United States ports. A hundred million dollars would go a long way toward feeding the starving Belgians this winter.

Discussing the end of the careers of the "Emden" and the "Konigsberg" the naval critic of the Paris Temps hails it as the first success which the young Australian Navy has placed to its credit and adds: "The success more than makes up for the defeat of Admiral Croadock's squadron by a German force in the Pacific. To find the cruisers and force battle on them in seas sown with islands was like searching for a needle in a haystack. The British captains acquitted themselves of their task with honor, and

moreover, rendered a signal service to humanity by putting an end to the activity of these instruments of destruction."

The "Gergens Announce Tidende" publishes the following tribute to the British army, from a member of the German General Staff:

"The Englishman is cool, indifferent to danger, and to the dispensations of Providence. He stays where he is commanded. He shoots magnificently, extraordinarily well. After we had broken through the French position on the Belgian frontier, it was General French's army that stayed the retreat. Our efforts to drive the English back were in vain. The British are a strong people, athletic and well developed. So we decided to shoot them down. We ordered our best shots to tackle them; but the result was not in our favor. Then we got all our artillery that could be spared against them, and swept the English positions with a rain of shells; but how can I describe our astonishment? Beyond the shell-swept zone we saw English soldiers' heads moving, and they began to use their rifles again as soon as the coast was clear. The British are really a cool lot!" The contemptible little army has given the Prussians the surprise of their lives.

PUZZLED.

With occasional eatin' and drinkin'
An' just forty winks now an' then,
An' work in the trenches along o' the Franches,
We don't git much time for hard thinkin'.

We men.
An' wot me an' my comp'n'y ain't yet made out,
Is wot this 'ere culture they're talking about.

Tho' we don't get no "specials" we've heard a
Round dozen who tell the same tale,
How Germans will pillage a poor little village
An' quiet the natives by murder.

Wholesale.
An' wot me an' my comp'n'y ain't yet made out,
If this 'ere's the culture they're talking about.

They slash up the pictures with sabres,
Which seems a bit spiteful, an' odd,
Wh' searchlights they show up the churches they
blows up.

An' Bill, when they've ended their labours,
Thanks God!
An' wot me an' my comp'n'y ain't yet made out,
If this 'ere's the culture they're talking about.

Then the brave kindly men will strip lasses,
An' mothers and wives to their skin,
An' when they're a-cryin' an' hopin' they're
dyin',

Will jeer at each one as she passes,
An' grin.
An' wot me an' my comp'n'y ain't yet made out,
If this 'ere's the culture they're talking about.

They use the white flag as a cover,
They use the Red Cross as a blind,
An' in ambulances their guns they advances
If one dirty trick fails, another

They find.
An' wot me an' my comp'n'y ain't yet made out,
If this 'ere's the culture they're talking about.

I'm reckoned a 'ot arguementer,
An' a fast-rate at waggin' my chin,
But sharp as a bay-nit I can't explain it,
An' shan't till we've licked 'em an' enter

Berlin.
When me an' my comp'n'y 'ope to make out,
Wot's this 'ere culture they're talkin' about.
—J. Tulloch Fisher, in the Yorkshire Post.

THE PRESENT CRISIS.

Once to every man and nation comes the moment to decide

In the strife of Truth with Falsehood, for the good or evil side;

Some great cause, God's new Messiah offering each the bloom of blight,

Parts the goats upon the left hand and the sheep upon the right,

And the choice goes by forever 'twixt that darkness and that light.

Then to side with Truth is noble, when we share her wretched crust,

Ere her cause bring fame and profit, and 'tis prosperous to be just,

Then it is the brave man chooses, while the coward stands aside,

Doubting in his abject spirit, till his Lord is crucified,

And the multitude make virtue of the faith they had denied.

New occasions teach new duties; Time makes ancient good uncouth;

They must upward still, and onward, who would keep abreast of Truth;

Lo, before us gleam her camp-fires; we ourselves must Pilgrims be,

Launch our Mayflower, and steer boldly through the desperate, winter sea,

Nor attempt the Future's portal with the Past's blood-rusted key.

—J. R. Lowell.

Other Editors' Opinions

THE BRITISH NAVY'S SUCCESS

Right Hon. Winston Churchill's review of what the British navy has accomplished and suffered, in comparison with the German navy, should silence the grumblers who would be satisfied only with another Trafalgar. The navy has been carrying out its full role with conspicuous success, notwithstanding its losses; remembering that the British navy is from two to four times stronger numerically and in gun-power than the German navy class by class, and that it has constantly to sweep the open seas, thus offering a magnificent mark to enemy submarines and mines, the summary by Mr. Churchill is assuredly nothing to the discredit of the navy.

"The British merchant marine which has constantly had the freedom of the seas has lost only 1.9 per cent of its strength. The German merchant marine which is shut off from the seas has lost about 25 per cent.

"Equal numbers of submarines have been lost, though the British have three times as many as Germany, and must run far greater risks in trying to get at the hidden German ships.

"The British navy has not lost a destroyer, while the Germans have lost eight or ten.

"The British have lost two light cruisers out of 36, while the Germans have lost 6 out of 25.

"The British have lost six armored cruisers of the heavier type against Germany's two, but the heavy German cruisers are now either shut up in the Kiel Canal or busy keeping out of the way of searching squadrons.

"The First Lord of the Admiralty apparently has made no public reference to the loss of the Bulwark and Audacious, but he covered this point by indicating that Britain had the power to add a super-Dreadnought to the navy every month. The British naval yards can build warships at a rate four or five times faster than the German yards and faster, almost, than the Germans have so far been able to destroy them. Affect which has to patrol the open seas as the British is doing cannot escape, being a fine target for submarines or floating mines.

For instance, warships have repeatedly lined the path from Southampton to Havre while troops have been passing over. Yet the best of the submarines have been able to do in that region is the torpedoing of two or three merchant vessels. When the war is over we shall probably hear of many desperate attempts by German submarine crews to get their shots home, and the steady flogging of these by the British seamen.

These things being true, it is natural that the German naval authorities should be keenly disappointed at the slowness of the attrition of British naval strength. In a Berlin newspaper Capt. Persius points out that "there has not yet occurred any significant weakening of the sea-power of Britain as the result of the war." Britain is mightier than ever on the sea, and Germany weaker. The Anglo-Saxon peoples are enjoying all the fruits of naval triumph.—Toronto Mail and Empire.

THE KAISER'S NAVY

Count von Reventlow, a leading German naval writer, and perhaps the animating spirit of the Navy League, discusses at length in *Das Grosse Deutschland* the role of the German navy in the war. He explains why it is that the Kaiser's capital ships must be for the present inactive. The significant point of his contention is that it is absolutely "indispensable" that the Germans capture the French and Belgian coasts as a basis for their final goal, which is the defeat of England, provided that the naval war against England is to be carried on "actively and energetically." We confess that we cannot see wherein the possession of Dunkirk, Calais, or even Boulogne would alter the naval situation. Indubitably it would intensify British anxiety, but so long as the English navy held control of the sea, the German fleet could not find its way to Calais without facing a general engagement. Count von Reventlow's argument is that, with the Northern French ports in German possession, England could no longer hermetically seal up the North Sea, and that some merchant ships could find their way into the northern French harbors. But he also admits that the British cruisers would still control the trade routes of the high seas, it seems to us that the whole argument falls to the ground. It would be much better frankly to admit that the German fleet stays at home, because it is numerically so inferior to the British that the odds are at least two to one against it. Of course, no invasion of England is possible until the British fleet is completely destroyed; and that is unthinkable at this stage of the war.—New York Evening Post.

Editors' Opinions

NAVY'S SUCCESS
ton Churchill's re-
British navy has ac-
ferred, in compari-
an navy, should si-
who would be sat-
another Trafalgar.
in carrying out its
pneous success,
is losses; Remem-
ish navy is from
tranger numerically
than the German
s, and that it has
ep the open seas,
gnificant mark to
s and mines, the
Churchill is assured-
discredit of the

merchant marine which
the freedom of the
1.9 per cent of its
German merchant
shut off from the
25 per cent.
of submarines have
the British have
as Germany, and
er risks in trying to
German ships.
y has not lost a de-
German have lost

have lost two light
while the Germans
25.

ave lost six armored
ever type against
but the heavy Ger-
now either shut up
or busy keeping out
ching squadrons."

of the Admiralty ap-
no public referen-
of the Bulwark and
covered this point
at Britain had the
per-Dreadnought to
month The British
build warships at a
times faster than
d faster, almost, than
so far been able to

ffect which has to
as as the British is
ape, being a fine tar-
or floating mines.
ships have repeated
from Southampton to
ops have been passing
best the submarines
do in that region is
two or three mer-
hen the war is over

ing true, it is natur-
naval authorities
disappointed at the
attrition of British
In a Berlin news-
stus points out that
er occurred any sig-
ning of the sea-power
result of the war."

tier than ever on the
many weaker. The
scales are enjoying all
at triumph.—Toronto

aiser's NAVY
ventlow, a leading Ger-
er, and perhaps the an-
of the Navy League,
ngth in Das Grosse
role of the German
war. He explains
that the Kaiser's
must be for the present
the significant point of
is that it is absolute-
le" that the Germans
ench and Belgian coasts
their final goal, which is
England, provided that
against England is to
be actively and energetic-
ness that we cannot
the possession of Dun-
or even Boulogne would
l situation. Indubitably
sify British anxiety, but
English navy held con-
sa, the German fleet
its way to Calais with-
general engagement.
Reventlow's argument is
a Northern French ports
ession, England could
erminally seal up the
nd that some merchant
find their way into the
ch harbors. But he al-
hat the British cruisers
ontrol the trade routes of
s, it seems to us that
the ment falls to the ground,
much better frankly to ad-
German fleet stays at
se it is numerically so in-
British that the odds are
ro to one against it. Of
vasion of England is poss-
British fleet is comple-
1; and that is unthinkable
e of the war.—New York

Remember Your Friends & Your Own Personal Greeting Cards

Designs of your own choosing with your own greeting and name printed thereon, make very attractive remembrances; and the cost would be a very minor item in your Christmas purchases. We have over two hundred and fifty designs for you to choose from, and the variations in the prices make them within reach of all. Get your order in early.

The Ontario Presses

Front Street, Opposite City Hall, Belleville



The "SUNBEAM" TUNGSTEN LAMP is made in Canada and is acknowledged to be the best lamp made.

A Large Stock at

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO.

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Money Orders

To transmit money safely and conveniently there is no cheaper way than by Money

Orders issued by the Union Bank of Canada. For \$5 and under they cost 3c.—\$5 to \$10, 6c.—\$10 to \$30, 10c.—\$30 to \$50, 15c. Payable at any Branch of any Chartered Bank in Canada, Yukon excepted, and in the principal cities of the United States.

Belleville Branch: J. G. Moffat, Manager.
Pictou Branch: W. Brown, Manager.

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

SAVINGS deposited in this bank draw the highest current rate of interest. Withdrawals of part or the whole amount may be made whenever desired without delay.

Shannonville Branch, open Mondays and Thursdays.
Foxboro Branch open Tuesdays and Fridays.
Rednersville Branch open Wednesdays.

John Elliott Manager Belleville Branch.

Merchants' Bank of Canada

CAPITAL \$7,000,000
RESERVE \$7,000,000
ASSETS, \$85,000,000

Your Savings Account Invited

Interest will be added to your balance every six months. Small or large amounts (\$1.00 and upwards) may be deposited by you at any time. Our statements show figures which guarantee the utmost security for your money. We help you to save money. Cheese factory accounts a specialty. Banking can be done by mail.

A general banking business conducted.

BELLEVILLE BRANCH H. SNEYD MANAGER

PATRIOTIC LADIES OF BELLEVILLE HAVE COLLECTED NEARLY \$2000

For the Red Cross and Other Funds—Record of Noble Work Already Accomplished—Report of Tuesday Night's Meeting

The regular meeting of the Red Cross and Supply Committee of the Belleville Patriotic Association was held in the armories, where reports from the standing committees were given; Mrs. Wills, convener of the Dorcas, reported that—Mother's meetings (wives of the soldiers) are being held weekly and they are proving interesting and profitable. Seven more families have been added to the original list.

The Camp Supply Committee through their convener, Mrs. O'Flynn, announced that a large bale was sent on Tuesday to Miss Plummer, and Miss Arnoldi, who have charge of the comforts for the soldiers at Salisbury. Word has been received through private letters, that our boys are badly in need of many articles, particularly socks. They say the life of a pair of socks (machine made) is about two weeks, and of hand knitted three and four weeks. When we hear of this, it is impressed on us all the need of sending as many of these needed articles as possible. Also as quickly as we can. The bale sent consisted of 88 pairs of socks, 66 of which were hand knit.

30 health belts, 36 pairs of wristlets long and nearly all with part thumbs. 26 scarfs, 36 delacava caps, 60 flannel shirts, 100 handkerchiefs, 1 sweater coat.

The ladies on the Hospital Supply Committee, under their convener Mrs. Greene, and Miss Falkiner have every reason to be proud of the bale of articles which was sent last week to the Queen's Canadian Military Hospital, Storncliffe, England. This bale

contained: 100 gowns, 50 flannellette ward gowns, 3 dozen pneumonia jackets, 40 dozen handkerchiefs, 8 dozen factory Cotton bandages, 8 1-2 dozen flannellette bandages, 2 dozen bed socks, 4 bags talcum powder (donated by Eldorito Mine), Eldorado, Ont., 2 dozen bottles Horlick's Malted Milk (donated by Gilmour Bros., Montreal), 1 1-2 dozen singlets, mouth cloths, Old linen, (donated by Miss Gael), 2 hot water bottle covers (donated by Mrs. John Williams), 300 handkerchiefs (donated by Mrs. John Williams).

The treasurer acknowledges with thanks the following donations since last meeting:

- Miss Carmichael \$5.00
Mrs. Young \$1.00
Mrs. Corby \$50.00
Mrs. McJules for wool 1.00
Christ Church Woman's Aux'y 2.25
Mrs. Goddard for socks .25
Mrs. E. Pearson \$5.00
St. John's Church, Money 21.10
The Misses Platt 15.00
The Misses Jack 5.00
Proceeds of Hallowe'en Party 1521.95
Entertainment 1931.55

Disbursements for month \$11.89
It was decided that \$800.00 of the money be sent immediately to the Queen's Canadian Military Hospital at Storncliffe. It is possible that a good sum will be sent to the Canadian Hospital in France, which is now being established, out of the proceeds of which has not been obtained as yet.

THE LIMELIGHT KAISER His Movements During the War - The Here-and-There Warrior.

"Unter den Linden; Always at home! Under the Limelight wherever I roam!" —The Kaiser in "Punch."

From The London Daily Chronicle's Special Correspondent, Alan Bott.

BASEL, (received in London, Nov. 12)—Wilhelm is himself again. He is once more well in the limelight, of which he did not get his fair share until he started directing the advance on Calais. There were brilliant histrionic performances on occasions, as when he led the retreat from Nancy, but the center of the stage was usurped by such men and matters as von Kluck, Joffre, Louvain, and the battle of the Marne.

One of the mysteries that agitated Germany until the past fortnight was "Was macht der Kaiser?" From a Swiss lady who returned a few days ago from Berlin, where she visited a high official relative, however, it is able to give a short history of the War Lord's movements since, as a "Punch" poet puts it—

A dowdy, rampant Kaiser, stout and mad and middle aged, Stripped his breast of British orders just to show he was enraged.

During the early days of the invasion of Belgium Wilhelm remained in Berlin, superintending the military preparations for the conquest of Europe and shedding tears over the towns and villages his soldiers found it necessary to burn and pillage. He was much occupied at this time in justifying Germany's actions to the world, and took an active share in the preparation of the diplomatic documents that set forth the international situation as it was not.

Another of his great interests was the official agency for the dissemination of German facts, as distinct from truths, in neutral countries. The brilliant success of the foreign press campaign is not, however, attributed to the fact for which he is so justly world famous.

WAR WITH THE PEN. For days he exchanged news and views with the Great General Staff, whose headquarters were first of all at Goblitz. Other of his occupations were the writing of army proclamations after the manner of Napoleon and the sending of indignant messages to King Victor Emmanuel on the subject of Italy's failure to march side by side with Germany in the interests of Teuton supremacy.

But towards the end of August Wilhelm decided to see what war with the sword was like. After his armies had crossed the French frontier he then began a tour behind the left and center of his armies.

His headquarters were first in the Chateau of Bellevue, near Charleville where Napoleon III was a prisoner of war in 1870. The interior walls of three buildings were pulled down so that Wilhelm and the 350 officers constituting his guard could be lodged under the same roof. From Charleville he travelled by motor car to various points where German forces were concentrated. At Sedan his offer of £40 for the poor was refused by the French authorities. He made fiery speeches to the troops telling them they were fighting for God as well as the Fatherland; he cheered the wounded by saying they had suffered in a righteous and holy cause; he talked of the glorious privi-

lege of being a German citizen, when by his own and Divine right he had conquered all the envious enemies of the Fatherland. Next Wilhelm passed by way of Metz to the extreme left of the German line. It was at this stage that he was said to be using a detachable and comfortably furnished. Two well known for repetition is the story of Nancy, where His Imperial Majesty took part in the famous charge to the rear of his own cavalry in parade order, and illustrated in a manner rather different from Mr. Kipling's own meaning the lines—

Back to the army again, sergeant, Back to the army again, 'Ow did I learn To right about turn? I'm back to the army again.

Then came the great retreat from the Marne a day or two before he was to have visited the Crown Prince's headquarters, and Wilhelm went to Luxembourg. Here he lived for three weeks in the residence of the German Minister. On the roof of the house a machine gun was placed, while search lights swept the night to protect the imperial person from aeroplane bombs. In the daytime the searchlights were replaced by secret police dressed as sportsmen. As nobody else in Luxembourg possessed any sport ing clothes, and moreover, most of the Luxemburgers knew each other, the secret police were devoid of all secrecy.

Wilhelm had his own cook, his own cabinet and silver brought to Luxembourg. The Casino was turned in to an imperial kitchen and dining room, while he went every evening with his staff and the officers attached to his staff.

Until he had safely crossed the short space separating the two buildings no foot of road traffic was allowed along the street except the electric trams. General von Moltke, Admiral von Tirpitz and Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg soon became well known personages in the capital of the little Grand Duchy.

Early in October Wilhelm's staff packed up his cooking apparatus and other luggage and took it to Coblenz, where the war lord presided over a war council. Except that it was a stormy nothing definite is known of what happened at this meeting of the heroes who have plunged seven-eighths of Europe into ghastly ill-omened butchery. There were rumors of retributions against the Kaiser for having on his own responsibility and against the wishes of most of the Great General Staff, rushed the generals into a too rapid advance on Paris. A more likely rumor is that strong remarks were made on the persistent ill-success of the Crown Prince's army, which was constantly needing help. Secrecy in the knowledge that the Divine Right of the Hohenzollerns included military and all other genius, the imperial father is said to have resented strongly this questioning of the princely son's ability. Probably the decision to abandon the useless attempts to reach Paris and to occupy the coast line from Antwerp to Calais was taken at the Coblenz war council. From Coblenz Wilhelm went to

SECOND ANNUAL SMOKER AND PRIZE DISTRIBUTION OF RIFLE CLUB

Enjoyable Function in Artillery Armouries Last Evening—Unique Program of Songs, Music and Speeches.

It was a happy gathering of rifle-men and sharpshooters and their friends in the Thirty-Fourth Battery Armouries, Church street, last evening, at the second annual prize distribution and smoking concert of the Belleville Rifle Association. The growth of the association has been phenomenal. Less than two years old, it now has a membership of 110 as against 53 at the time of the first distribution.

The chairman, owing to the absence of Mr. D. J. Corrigan, the winner of the Ross Rifle said he had started out to win the weapon and had won by one point. He hoped the interest of the club would be maintained. Mr. Tannahill expressed his gratification at the growth of the club, which was a source of much pleasure. He would almost call it a religious and moral force as nothing so promotes good living as the demand for clear eyes and steady nerves.

The Dominion of Canada nickel silver salver was won by Mr. A. J. Stewart. This was the first to be won completed for. Mr. Sneyd said the Rifle Association was a live organization which works as a unit without friction. He expressed the hope that some would take an interest in outside competitions. The following numbers were given: Piano-forte—Prof. Wheatley—"Alice, Where art Thou" and "Tipperary" with variations. Song—"The Bell in the Light-house" and "Stein Song by Mr. F. Burke. Songs—Mr. Ted Curtis—"Tipperary" and "Out went the Gas." Song—Mr. J. Simpson—"The Anchor's Weighed." Song—J. Douch—"I'm not Particular" and "O I don't Know." Songs—Mr. Savage—"Seaweed" and "Any old Thing will Do." Song—Mr. J. Price—"What will They Say in England." Song—"I like the Frenchie Girls"—Mr. D. Brown.

Vocal duet—Excelsior—Messrs. Stallworthy and Simpson. Song—"Glorious Devon"—"A Soldier's Life"—Mr. G. Stallworthy. "Tipperary" and encore—Mr. Bush, guitar. Mr. W. Lord—moutborgan and violin: F. Scriven: flute and piano—A. Harman. Song—"The Song that will live for ever"—Mr. D. Batehlor. Major Farragut in a few words referred to the profit derived from the club and its loyalty. Mr. John Elliott paid high compliments to the sturdy qualities of the club members. He referred to Britons who have left this district for the part, leaving their bank books here and asking him if they do not come back to spend their money to their regret. We hope they will return victorious and sound. Irishmen he said had reason to be proud today, and so we Canadians. But do Canadians realize that London is only 80 miles from the trenches, as far as Oshawa from Belleville? If necessary we in Canada are ready to send 500,000 men.

Reference was made to the gratuitous publication of the results of rifle shoots and club news in the city press. Messrs J. Douch, A. Harman, and J. Corrigan gave unsparingly of their time in the preparation of these reports for newspapers. The smoker broke up after midnight with the National Anthem. Today there are most pleasing recollections of this second event of the kind the association has held.

Prof. E. Wheatley and Mr. A. Harman were the accompanists of the evening. The officers of the association for 1915 are: President—Henry Sneyd. Captain—Joseph Douch. Vice-Capt.—W. J. Andrews. Sec.—Treas.—D. J. Corrigan. Asst. Sec.—A. Harman. Committee—W. Ridley, J. Thompson, P. McL. Forin, A. J. Stewart, A. D. Harper.

THE OFFICERS OF THE ASSOCIATION FOR 1915 ARE: President—Henry Sneyd. Captain—Joseph Douch. Vice-Capt.—W. J. Andrews. Sec.—Treas.—D. J. Corrigan. Asst. Sec.—A. Harman. Committee—W. Ridley, J. Thompson, P. McL. Forin, A. J. Stewart, A. D. Harper.

WEDDING BELLS On Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the West Belleville parsonage, by the Rev. A. R. Sanderson, Eleanore Maud Brach, of the township of Whitlow, to Robt. Copeland of the township of Tyndinaga, in the presence of a few friends.

FORMER MADOC PASTOR HAS PASSED AWAY Rev. David Bennet Wishart, for thirty-nine years pastor of St. Peter's Presbyterian congregation at Madoc, and known as the "father of Presbyterianism in North Hastings," passed away yesterday at the home of his son, Dr. D. J. Gibb Wishart in Toronto.

The late Mr. Wishart was born at Blairburn, Perthshire, Scotland, in 1837 and was educated at Glasgow university. He was a churchman of strong character and pronounced opinions. In Madoc he exercised a deep and constant life of the community. He resigned his pastorate at Madoc after serving his people continuously from 1857 to 1896. Since the latter date he has resided at the home of his son in Toronto. His wife predeceased him some years ago.

The remains will be brought to Madoc for interment. Funeral service will be held in St. Peter's church at 2:30 p.m. tomorrow (Saturday, Dec. 5).

ENJOYABLE EVENING AT PLAINFIELD

One of the most interesting celebrations Plainfield has had in a long time was held last night by Plainfield Lodge A.O.U.W. in the large and well appointed lodge room owned by the lodge. The occasion was the official visit of Grand Master W. C. Mikel, K. C., and about forty members of Belleville Lodge, Scotland, who were the grand Master. The evening was mostly of a social character and after a splendid banquet provided by the ladies of Plainfield, Bro. Henderson, Master Workman, of Plainfield lodge, took the address, which was graciously delivered by Bro. Alex. Moore, D.D. G.M. of Prince Edward District. Bro. Snyder organizer, Bro. Lynch, sister Janier and the Grand Master. Vocal and instrumental music and other entertainment completed a very enjoyable evening for all who were fortunate enough to be present.

LADIES' RIFLE CLUB

The following are the scores made at the armouries on Thursday afternoon—

- Mrs. Douch 91
Miss McCarthy 90
Mrs. Stallworthy 88
Miss V. Palmer 86
Miss MacQuinn 86
Miss Anderson 86
Mrs. Wheatley 85
Mrs. Stewart Masson 85
Miss Hurley 85
Miss Fralick 85
Miss J. Anderson 85
Miss McDonnell 83
Miss Andrews 81
Miss Herrington 80
Miss Campbell 77
Miss Alice Lister 76
Miss S. Walton 73

DEED. REAVIE at Belleville, Thursday, Dec. 3rd, 1914, Pearl Reavie, aged 23 years.

SECOND ANNUAL SMOKER AND PRIZE DISTRIBUTION OF RIFLE CLUB

Enjoyable Function in Artillery Armouries Last Evening—Unique Program of Songs, Music and Speeches.

It was a happy gathering of rifle-men and sharpshooters and their friends in the Thirty-Fourth Battery Armouries, Church street, last evening, at the second annual prize distribution and smoking concert of the Belleville Rifle Association. The growth of the association has been phenomenal. Less than two years old, it now has a membership of 110 as against 53 at the time of the first distribution.

The chairman, owing to the absence of Mr. D. J. Corrigan, the winner of the Ross Rifle said he had started out to win the weapon and had won by one point. He hoped the interest of the club would be maintained. Mr. Tannahill expressed his gratification at the growth of the club, which was a source of much pleasure. He would almost call it a religious and moral force as nothing so promotes good living as the demand for clear eyes and steady nerves.

The Dominion of Canada nickel silver salver was won by Mr. A. J. Stewart. This was the first to be won completed for. Mr. Sneyd said the Rifle Association was a live organization which works as a unit without friction. He expressed the hope that some would take an interest in outside competitions. The following numbers were given: Piano-forte—Prof. Wheatley—"Alice, Where art Thou" and "Tipperary" with variations. Song—"The Bell in the Light-house" and "Stein Song by Mr. F. Burke. Songs—Mr. Ted Curtis—"Tipperary" and "Out went the Gas." Song—Mr. J. Simpson—"The Anchor's Weighed." Song—J. Douch—"I'm not Particular" and "O I don't Know." Songs—Mr. Savage—"Seaweed" and "Any old Thing will Do." Song—Mr. J. Price—"What will They Say in England." Song—"I like the Frenchie Girls"—Mr. D. Brown.

Vocal duet—Excelsior—Messrs. Stallworthy and Simpson. Song—"Glorious Devon"—"A Soldier's Life"—Mr. G. Stallworthy. "Tipperary" and encore—Mr. Bush, guitar. Mr. W. Lord—moutborgan and violin: F. Scriven: flute and piano—A. Harman. Song—"The Song that will live for ever"—Mr. D. Batehlor. Major Farragut in a few words referred to the profit derived from the club and its loyalty. Mr. John Elliott paid high compliments to the sturdy qualities of the club members. He referred to Britons who have left this district for the part, leaving their bank books here and asking him if they do not come back to spend their money to their regret. We hope they will return victorious and sound. Irishmen he said had reason to be proud today, and so we Canadians. But do Canadians realize that London is only 80 miles from the trenches, as far as Oshawa from Belleville? If necessary we in Canada are ready to send 500,000 men.

Reference was made to the gratuitous publication of the results of rifle shoots and club news in the city press. Messrs J. Douch, A. Harman, and J. Corrigan gave unsparingly of their time in the preparation of these reports for newspapers. The smoker broke up after midnight with the National Anthem. Today there are most pleasing recollections of this second event of the kind the association has held.

Prof. E. Wheatley and Mr. A. Harman were the accompanists of the evening. The officers of the association for 1915 are: President—Henry Sneyd. Captain—Joseph Douch. Vice-Capt.—W. J. Andrews. Sec.—Treas.—D. J. Corrigan. Asst. Sec.—A. Harman. Committee—W. Ridley, J. Thompson, P. McL. Forin, A. J. Stewart, A. D. Harper.

THE OFFICERS OF THE ASSOCIATION FOR 1915 ARE: President—Henry Sneyd. Captain—Joseph Douch. Vice-Capt.—W. J. Andrews. Sec.—Treas.—D. J. Corrigan. Asst. Sec.—A. Harman. Committee—W. Ridley, J. Thompson, P. McL. Forin, A. J. Stewart, A. D. Harper.

WEDDING BELLS On Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the West Belleville parsonage, by the Rev. A. R. Sanderson, Eleanore Maud Brach, of the township of Whitlow, to Robt. Copeland of the township of Tyndinaga, in the presence of a few friends.

FORMER MADOC PASTOR HAS PASSED AWAY Rev. David Bennet Wishart, for thirty-nine years pastor of St. Peter's Presbyterian congregation at Madoc, and known as the "father of Presbyterianism in North Hastings," passed away yesterday at the home of his son, Dr. D. J. Gibb Wishart in Toronto.

The late Mr. Wishart was born at Blairburn, Perthshire, Scotland, in 1837 and was educated at Glasgow university. He was a churchman of strong character and pronounced opinions. In Madoc he exercised a deep and constant life of the community. He resigned his pastorate at Madoc after serving his people continuously from 1857 to 1896. Since the latter date he has resided at the home of his son in Toronto. His wife predeceased him some years ago.

The remains will be brought to Madoc for interment. Funeral service will be held in St. Peter's church at 2:30 p.m. tomorrow (Saturday, Dec. 5).

ENJOYABLE EVENING AT PLAINFIELD

One of the most interesting celebrations Plainfield has had in a long time was held last night by Plainfield Lodge A.O.U.W. in the large and well appointed lodge room owned by the lodge. The occasion was the official visit of Grand Master W. C. Mikel, K. C., and about forty members of Belleville Lodge, Scotland, who were the grand Master. The evening was mostly of a social character and after a splendid banquet provided by the ladies of Plainfield, Bro. Henderson, Master Workman, of Plainfield lodge, took the address, which was graciously delivered by Bro. Alex. Moore, D.D. G.M. of Prince Edward District. Bro. Snyder organizer, Bro. Lynch, sister Janier and the Grand Master. Vocal and instrumental music and other entertainment completed a very enjoyable evening for all who were fortunate enough to be present.

LADIES' RIFLE CLUB

The following are the scores made at the armouries on Thursday afternoon—

- Mrs. Douch 91
Miss McCarthy 90
Mrs. Stallworthy 88
Miss V. Palmer 86
Miss MacQuinn 86
Miss Anderson 86
Mrs. Wheatley 85
Mrs. Stewart Masson 85
Miss Hurley 85
Miss Fralick 85
Miss J. Anderson 85
Miss McDonnell 83
Miss Andrews 81
Miss Herrington 80
Miss Campbell 77
Miss Alice Lister 76
Miss S. Walton 73

DEED. REAVIE at Belleville, Thursday, Dec. 3rd, 1914, Pearl Reavie, aged 23 years.

SECOND ANNUAL SMOKER AND PRIZE DISTRIBUTION OF RIFLE CLUB

Enjoyable Function in Artillery Armouries Last Evening—Unique Program of Songs, Music and Speeches.

It was a happy gathering of rifle-men and sharpshooters and their friends in the Thirty-Fourth Battery Armouries, Church street, last evening, at the second annual prize distribution and smoking concert of the Belleville Rifle Association. The growth of the association has been phenomenal. Less than two years old, it now has a membership of 110 as against 53 at the time of the first distribution.

The chairman, owing to the absence of Mr. D. J. Corrigan, the winner of the Ross Rifle said he had started out to win the weapon and had won by one point. He hoped the interest of the club would be maintained. Mr. Tannahill expressed his gratification at the growth of the club, which was a source of much pleasure. He would almost call it a religious and moral force as nothing so promotes good living as the demand for clear eyes and steady nerves.

The Dominion of Canada nickel silver salver was won by Mr. A. J. Stewart. This was the first to be won completed for. Mr. Sneyd said the Rifle Association was a live organization which works as a unit without friction. He expressed the hope that some would take an interest in outside competitions. The following numbers were given: Piano-forte—Prof. Wheatley—"Alice, Where art Thou" and "Tipperary" with variations. Song—"The Bell in the Light-house" and "Stein Song by Mr. F. Burke. Songs—Mr. Ted Curtis—"Tipperary" and "Out went the Gas." Song—Mr. J. Simpson—"The Anchor's Weighed." Song—J. Douch—"I'm not Particular" and "O I don't Know." Songs—Mr. Savage—"Seaweed" and "Any old Thing will Do." Song—Mr. J. Price—"What will They Say in England." Song—"I like the Frenchie Girls"—Mr. D. Brown.

Vocal duet—Excelsior—Messrs. Stallworthy and Simpson. Song—"Glorious Devon"—"A Soldier's Life"—Mr. G. Stallworthy. "Tipperary" and encore—Mr. Bush, guitar. Mr. W. Lord—moutborgan and violin: F. Scriven: flute and piano—A. Harman. Song—"The Song that will live for ever"—Mr. D. Batehlor. Major Farragut in a few words referred to the profit derived from the club and its loyalty. Mr. John Elliott paid high compliments to the sturdy qualities of the club members. He referred to Britons who have left this district for the part, leaving their bank books here and asking him if they do not come back to spend their money to their regret. We hope they will return victorious and sound. Irishmen he said had reason to be proud today, and so we Canadians. But do Canadians realize that London is only 80 miles from the trenches, as far as Oshawa from Belleville? If necessary we in Canada are ready to send 500,000 men.

Reference was made to the gratuitous publication of the results of rifle shoots and club news in the city press. Messrs J. Douch, A. Harman, and J. Corrigan gave unsparingly of their time in the preparation of these reports for newspapers. The smoker broke up after midnight with the National Anthem. Today there are most pleasing recollections of this second event of the kind the association has held.

Prof. E. Wheatley and Mr. A. Harman were the accompanists of the evening. The officers of the association for 1915 are: President—Henry Sneyd. Captain—Joseph Douch. Vice-Capt.—W. J. Andrews. Sec.—Treas.—D. J. Corrigan. Asst. Sec.—A. Harman. Committee—W. Ridley, J. Thompson, P. McL. Forin, A. J. Stewart, A. D. Harper.

THE OFFICERS OF THE ASSOCIATION FOR 1915 ARE: President—Henry Sneyd. Captain—Joseph Douch. Vice-Capt.—W. J. Andrews. Sec.—Treas.—D. J. Corrigan. Asst. Sec.—A. Harman. Committee—W. Ridley, J. Thompson, P. McL. Forin, A. J. Stewart, A. D. Harper.

WEDDING BELLS On Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the West Belleville parsonage, by the Rev. A. R. Sanderson, Eleanore Maud Brach, of the township of Whitlow, to Robt. Copeland of the township of Tyndinaga, in the presence of a few friends.

FORMER MADOC PASTOR HAS PASSED AWAY Rev. David Bennet Wishart, for thirty-nine years pastor of St. Peter's Presbyterian congregation at Madoc, and known as the "father of Presbyterianism in North Hastings," passed away yesterday at the home of his son, Dr. D. J. Gibb Wishart in Toronto.

The late Mr. Wishart was born at Blairburn, Perthshire, Scotland, in 1837 and was educated at Glasgow university. He was a churchman of strong character and pronounced opinions. In Madoc he exercised a deep and constant life of the community. He resigned his pastorate at Madoc after serving his people continuously from 1857 to 1896. Since the latter date he has resided at the home of his son in Toronto. His wife predeceased him some years ago.

The remains will be brought to Madoc for interment. Funeral service will be held in St. Peter's church at 2:30 p.m. tomorrow (Saturday, Dec. 5).

ENJOYABLE EVENING AT PLAINFIELD

One of the most interesting celebrations Plainfield has had in a long time was held last night by Plainfield Lodge A.O.U.W. in the large and well appointed lodge room owned by the lodge. The occasion was the official visit of Grand Master W. C. Mikel, K. C., and about forty members of Belleville Lodge, Scotland, who were the grand Master. The evening was mostly of a social character and after a splendid banquet provided by the ladies of Plainfield, Bro. Henderson, Master Workman, of Plainfield lodge, took the address, which was graciously delivered by Bro. Alex. Moore, D.D. G.M. of Prince Edward District. Bro. Snyder organizer, Bro. Lynch, sister Janier and the Grand Master. Vocal and instrumental music and other entertainment completed a very enjoyable evening for all who were fortunate enough to be present.

LADIES' RIFLE CLUB

The following are the scores made at the armouries on Thursday afternoon—

- Mrs. Douch 91
Miss McCarthy 90
Mrs. Stallworthy 88
Miss V. Palmer 86
Miss MacQuinn 86
Miss Anderson 86
Mrs. Wheatley 85
Mrs. Stewart Masson 85
Miss Hurley 85
Miss Fralick 85
Miss J. Anderson 85
Miss McDonnell 83
Miss Andrews 81
Miss Herrington 80
Miss Campbell 77
Miss Alice Lister 76
Miss S. Walton 73

DEED. REAVIE at Belleville, Thursday, Dec. 3rd, 1914, Pearl Reavie, aged 23 years.

HOW MANY WILL WINTER IN COBOURG?

Up to the present time we have been unable to get any definite information in regard to this matter. However, we understand that Lt. Morrison has been sent from Kingston to report on a suitable location for 1000 to 2500 soldiers, and in speaking to Mr. Morrison yesterday afternoon, the World was informed that Cobourg would in all probability be asked to accommodate as many as possible. For various reasons Lt. Morrison said that Cobourg would be a much more suitable place than Port Hope, and would report the same. We understand that the Cobourg rink buildings on Horse Show Park, the old Taunton House, some of Mr. George Thompson's buildings and other places were being negotiated for. It is thought that the steel plant is too near the railway. All of these places, said Lt. Morrison, are within a few minutes' walk of each other, and in his opinion Cobourg was the best place available in this district. A man was supposed to come up from Kingston last night to settle the matter, but up to going to press he had not arrived.—World

S.S. NO. 8. THURLOW.
November report
Fourth Class, marks required 250. Teresa Whalen 311; Margery Grills 303;
Third Class, marks required 200.—Sidney Davidson 311; Harold Barnum 208; May Reid 201.
Sr. Second Class, marks required 200. Mary Whalen 316; Gladys Hitchings 266.
Jr. Second Class, marks required 175. Marjorie Wright 215; Pearl Reid 203.
First Class—Edna Carson
Primer—Mary Browning, Alex. Kent, Granville Kent.
Absent for one examination
Regular attendance—M. Grills, S. Davenport, H. Barnum, G. Hitchings, A. Kent, G. Kent.
Number on Roll—16
Average attendance—12.9
M. Farney, Teacher.

CARMEL SCHOOL REPORT
Senior Fourth—Charlie Roper
Junior Fourth—Mildred Jones
Senior Third—Ora Goodfellow, H. Goodfellow
Junior Third—Ira Simmons; C. Roper and Aileen Tracey, equal; L. Tracey; John Homan, absent.
Senior Second—Robert Farrow, E. Juby.
Junior Second—May Reynolds, E. Roper, Grace Simmons, Irene Curran.
First Class—Percy Reynolds, Mabel Tracey, Douglas Juby.
Primers—Luella Jones, Clayton Sullivan, Herbert Roper, Lyle Valde-water, Kenneth Clarke, Ralph Cooney, Earl Gilbert, Elmer Cooney, E. C. Prentice, Teacher.

S.S. No. 23 SIDNEY.
November report
Class IV—Claude Sharpe, Olive Hawkins
Sr. III Class—Nellie Bell
Jr. III Class—Martha Benedict, Roy Pope, Maud Pope, Gordon Benedict, Merritt Lloyd, Fred Izzard
Class II—Magdalene Lloyd, Flossie Jeffrey, Milton Sharp, M. A. McAlpine, Willie Nobbs, Delbert Nobbs, G. Pope, Pearl Tucker, Frank Pope.
First Class—George Rikley, George Tucker, Grant Brown
Sr. Primer—Eileen Sharpe
Jr. Primer—Helen McAlpine, M. Sharpe, Frank Tucker, Luella Waldron, Harry Brown.
L. B. Roblin, Teacher.

ZION'S HILL SCHOOL REPORT
Names in order of merit
Fifth Class—Roy McMullen, Jas. Reid.
Sr. Fourth—Irene Casey, Gladys Carter, Kenneth Denyes, Helen McMullen, Oscar Clapper
Junior Fourth—Grant Spencer, E. Spencer, Roy Wilson and Lena Kent, equal.
Third—Violet Spencer, Percy Reid, Bessie McMullen, Leitra Ross and Clarence Reid, equal.
Second—Roy Ross, Garfield McMullen, Lizzie Chisholm, Ross Salter, Roy Chisholm.
Sr. Second—Bryson Reid, Mildred Carter, Pearl Carter.
Sr. First—Kenneth McMullen, M. McMullen.
Jr. First—Nellie Reid, Bert Spencer, Hazel Hawley.
Sr. Primer—May Stevenson and Pearl Spencer, equal; Willie Armstrong.
Jr. Primer—Clement Huff
Average attendance 31.9
Perfect in attendance 14.
M. D. Denyes, Teacher.

ALBURY.
Miss Maggie Thorold spent last week the guest of her brother in Cobourg.
Mr. Wesley Weese took tea at Mr. Isaac Wilson's on Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Barragar of Toronto and Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Babcock spent Sunday at Mr. Henry Black's.
Mr. and Mrs. Everett Brickman and children spent Sunday at Mr. Geo. W. Weese's.
Mrs. L. McCutcheon and baby, of Ottawa are the guests of the former's mother, Mrs. J. E. Crouter.
Miss Jennie Barry has returned home after spending a week at Mr. Guy Weese's.
Miss Florence Belnap took tea with Miss Gladys Weese on Sunday.
Miss Henderson of Trenton has returned home after spending a week with Miss Pauline Alyea.
Mr. Walt Jones of Trenton spent Saturday night and Sunday at Mr. Guy Weese's.
Mrs. H. Crouter and Mrs. McCutcheon and baby spent Sunday at Mr. Jno. Garbutt's.
Mr. E. Weese took dinner at Mr. W. B. Babcock's on Sunday.
The Ladies' Aid met at Mrs. H. Peck's on Tuesday.
A chicken pie social and bazaar will be held in the Albury church this month.

PROSPECTS BRIGHT FOR VOLUNTEERS

The third Canadian contingent for overseas service will contain a large force of volunteers—officers, non-commissioned officers and men—from the Belleville military units, if present prospects materialize. Men have been quietly arranging their business so that they may be able to volunteer and answer the call of their country, something which they would not have been able to do hitherto, unless they desired to throw good business to the winds, and so many who did not feel themselves in a position to enlist with the first or second contingents will be found among the first to volunteer in January when it is thought mobilization will begin. Others are now feeling the responsibility as it has never been impressed upon them.
Those who expect to enlist are not boasting of their intentions, but are grimly determined to get a blow at the German aggressors.

ONTARIAN BRINGS BACK LOAD OF IRON CROSSES

Kingston Clergyman Also Has Some German Helmets in His Trunk
Straight from the battle front on the French frontier where he served as chaplain of the 57th Brigade of the Irish Guards since August, Right Rev. Major G. L. Starr, Dean of Ontario and rector of St. George's Cathedral, Kingston, arrived in New York yesterday on the steamship St. Paul of the American Line. Rev. Dean Starr has often been a visitor in Belleville and has a wide circle of friends here. In New York he would not discuss his experiences in the war, but had no hesitancy in exhibiting a half-trunk full of German helmets and Iron Crosses which he picked up on the various battlefields on which he saw service.
One of the Dean's souvenirs was an Iron Cross of the first class, whose date showed it to have been awarded for the valor of its wearer in the Franco-Prussian war of 1870.

GASOLINE DOOMED

Announcement was made recently of the discovery and successful manufacture of a substitute for gasoline, which can be made at a cost not exceeding a cent and a half a gallon. If the predictions made for this new fluid are realized the use of motor vehicles will be greatly benefited and perhaps the production of power revolutionized. The promising feature of this new fuel which is called zoline, is that it can be manufactured at a cent and a half a gallon. This and the other facts concerning zoline have been proven by a series of tests conducted by a number of the leading auto engineers.
This new fuel was discovered by John Andrus, a Portuguese, of McKeesport, Pa., who was recently paid \$20,000 by the Government for discovery he made in toughening armor plate. Andrus has discovered a way of breaking down water without the use of a great heat, and the new fluid consists mostly of water, a little naphthalene and two secret ingredients that can be bought at any drug store. William Guy Hall, vice-president and chief engineer of the National Company, says a Marmon auto had 16 miles on a gallon of zoline.

FIRST AID MEN FROM GRAND TRUNK ARE OFF TO FRONT

A striking indication of the large number of Grand Trunk employees who have enlisted for active service was given at a first aid meeting presided over by Mr. Howard G. Kelley, Vice-President of the system in charge of construction, maintenance and operation. Forty St. John Ambulance Associations certificates won by the teams from the Point St. Charles shops and the general offices in Montreal were to be presented. Of those forty men, six failed to put in an appearance to receive their certificates from the Vice-President. They had sailed, or are about to sail, with the Canadian contingents for service in the war zone, most of them in active fighting units. They represented 15 per cent of the 1914 ambulance classes of the Grand Trunk centre.
The work of the St. John Ambulance Association throughout the system has the hearty support of the president, Mr. F. J. Chamberlain, and nearly all the general offices of the Company in Montreal, gathered to watch the demonstration of practical work by students from these classes, which preceded the distribution of certificates.

THE DIFFERENCE

A customer went into a store of a music publisher in New York the other day and asked the salesman if he had "The Watch on the Rhine," and the salesman said he had. "That's the song," said the man. "Give me the music for a little German band. That must sell like hot cakes now," he continued. "How many do you sell?" The clerk answered that that was the only call he had had, as far as he could remember. Then the customer picked up that popular Irish marching song, "It's a Long, Long Way to Tipperary," and said, "How many of this do you sell?" "Well, about 120,000 per week. We have sold high upon a million copies." What the man further said is not narrated.—Canadian-American.

THE DRAMA

On presenting their program for tonight Griffins have to offer one of the strongest Vaudeville Acts ever seen at this popular Theater.—Texi-wash and Wanets, those High Class Indian Entertainers, will present for the first time here their famous Indian novelty performance, carrying special scenery and electrical effects. The picture part of tonight's bill will include that stirring and exciting photo drama, "The Secret of Adiabople," a true and vivid story of the Balkan war, told in three big acts. Six other specially selected subjects will be shown, giving their hundreds of patrons a program well worth going miles to see. Prices as usual—10c to all.

NEW MINING REGION IN WESTERN CANADA DEVELOPING RAPIDLY

Since the completion of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway considerable mining activity has developed in the country opened up by the line in Central British Columbia and Western Alberta.
On the eastern slope of the Rockies three coal mines have been opened up by the line in Central British Columbia and Western Alberta.
On the eastern slope of the Rockies three coal mines have been opened up on a large scale and will have an output when working full capacity exceeding 2,000 tons daily.
In the Babine Lake and Francois lake districts of British Columbia and in the neighborhood of Smithers and New Hazelton, gold and silver mines are being developed. In connection with the mine near New Hazelton an aerial railway seven miles long, and attaining an elevation of four thousand feet, as being constructed to convey the ore from the workings to the Grand Trunk Pacific rail for transportation to a smelter in another part of the Province.
New mineral discoveries are being reported almost every day now that prospectors are able to get into the country cheaply owing to the facilities provided by the railway. Central British Columbia has been hardly touched yet by prospectors and the field there is one of the most attractive in Canada for their important activities. It is anticipated that many rich strikes will be made during the next few years.

SIX CANDIDATES FOR WARDEN

At present six members of the counties council are seeking the warden's chair of these United counties for 1915. The six anxious ones are Reeve George K. Clements, a prosperous young farmer of Wallbridge, and son of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Clements of Stirling.
The ceremony was performed by the Rev. L. M. Sharpe, of Sidney Circuit, in the presence of about fifty guests. The wedding march was being rendered, the bride couple, who were unattended, took their place beneath a bell and wreath of evergreens and roses. The young bride looked very fair and charming in a dress of white tulle with overlace and pearl trimmings, and the usual bridal veil. A unique feature was that the bride wore a wreath of carefully preserved flowers that had been worn by her mother when a bride, thirty years ago.
After the ceremony and congratulations the company repaired to the dining-room where a dainty repast was served. Many handsome gifts bore evidence to the bride's popularity. Some of these were sent by friends from Stirling, Trenton, Toronto, and Frankford. The groom's gift to the bride was a crescent of pearls. The bride's going away gown was a suit of blue serge with hat to match.
The young couple will reside in their new home at Wallbridge, where they will have the best wishes of a host of friends.

STOLE BEER AND WHISKEY

Balmoral Cellars Invaded by Thieves and Beverages Taken
On Saturday night or early Sunday morning, a thief or thieves broke into the cellar of the Balmoral hotel recently burned and took away a quantity of whiskey and beer. How much the loot amounted to is not known, owing to the upset conditions incident to the conflagration, but some whistles were set yesterday by reason of the supply extracted from the cellars of the hotel.

DISCUSSION OVER SHELTER

A meeting took place this afternoon at the call of the Children's Aid Society executive in the Y.M.C.A. building. Representatives were present from Belleville, Hastings County, Trenton, and the C.A.S. The purpose of the gathering was to consider cooperation in the erection or purchase of a new shelter.

IN THE JUDGE'S COURT

In Judge Dereche's court this morning two criminal cases were dealt with.

SUSPENDED SENTENCE

Geo. Brown, an aged man from the vicinity of Tweed, was let go under one year's suspended sentence on a charge of stealing \$187. He will make good the amount. This man had always borne an exemplary character. His first act after taking the money was to buy a watch. Altogether he had spent about \$35 before he was arrested.
James Archibald of Marmora also appeared in court this morning and was given three months in jail for attempting to steal poultry.
Mrs. Carter of Halloway who was committed for trial on Friday in police court, appeared before the county judge this morning and was charged with charges of assault and endangering property.



PRICES to MAKE QUICK SALES

Monday and Tuesday Attractions
We plan to make the second week of December a very busy one in our store and offer these special attractions for Monday's and Tuesday's shopping.

5 Coat Cloths for \$10.00
We have one rack of Ladies' and Misses' black and colored Cloth Coats, all this season's smart styles, and priced regularly from \$12.50 to \$17.50, to clear, your choice only \$10.00

Ladies' Wool Dresses \$6.50
These are all this season's New Dresses in fine Wool Serge and Wool Crepes, in colors, black, tan, navy, open, and rose, our regular \$10.00 and \$12.50 Dresses, to clear for only \$6.50

Double Width \$1.50 Duchess Dress Satins only \$1 yd.
This is the big Silk Offering of our December sale. Here you have your choice of fifteen combinations of Shot Duchess Satins, the best quality of Dress silk in our store, regularly sold at \$1.50 yard also our special 39 inch Black Palette Dress Silk your choice of all these at \$1.00 per yard.

VIYELLA FLANNELS, 50c
This is the first time you have been offered Viyella Flannels at this price, the regular price being 60c per yard, but for this week only we offer about 75 pieces of 32 inch Viyella Flannel for only 50c yard.

DRESS GOODS ONLY 35c.
For the second week of December we offer Wool Serges, Poppins, Voiles, Wool Crepes, Bengalines and Venetian Cloths, from 50c to 90c, your choice only 35c yard.

LADIES' DRESS SKIRTS \$2.50 each.
Here we offer your choice of 100 Ladies' Dress Skirts in Wool Serges (Panamas, Whip Cords, and Wool Tweeds, Skirts from \$4.50 to \$7.50 to clear your choice, only \$2.50.

Sinclair's Children's Imitation Furs See Our All One Price Only 35c each Sinclair's

WEDDING BELLS
On Nov. 18, a very pretty wedding took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Bell, of the 6th concession of Sidney, when their daughter, Olive Grace, was united in marriage to Mr. George K. Clements, a prosperous young farmer of Wallbridge, and son of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Clements of Stirling.
The ceremony was performed by the Rev. L. M. Sharpe, of Sidney Circuit, in the presence of about fifty guests. The wedding march was being rendered, the bride couple, who were unattended, took their place beneath a bell and wreath of evergreens and roses. The young bride looked very fair and charming in a dress of white tulle with overlace and pearl trimmings, and the usual bridal veil. A unique feature was that the bride wore a wreath of carefully preserved flowers that had been worn by her mother when a bride, thirty years ago.
After the ceremony and congratulations the company repaired to the dining-room where a dainty repast was served. Many handsome gifts bore evidence to the bride's popularity. Some of these were sent by friends from Stirling, Trenton, Toronto, and Frankford. The groom's gift to the bride was a crescent of pearls. The bride's going away gown was a suit of blue serge with hat to match.
The young couple will reside in their new home at Wallbridge, where they will have the best wishes of a host of friends.

OBITUARY
MISS PEARL REAVIE
The death occurred yesterday at her mother's residence, Bleecker Ave., this city of Miss Pearl Reavie. Besides the mother there survive two sisters, and one brother, Mrs. A. Buchler, Chicago and Miss Myrtle and Roy at home.

The New Store
For Fine Needlecraft Novelties
FANCY GOODS
and Infants' and Children's Wear
try The New Store
24 Vic. Ave.
HERITY & NORTHCOTT

GRIFFIN'S Opera House
To-night
Friday, Saturday Afternoon 2.30 and Saturday Night
16th EPISODE
\$1000,000 MYSTERY
Six Other Reels of High Class Pictures.
MAINEE
Saturday Afternoon 2.30
10c - ALL SEATS - 10c

LAI D TO REST
The funeral of the late Miss Pearl Reavie took place this morning from the residence of her mother or Bleecker avenue, to St. Michael's church, where requiem mass was celebrated by Rev. Father Killeen. Interment was in St. James' cemetery, the bearers being Messrs. J. Burd, E. Flagger, F. Flagger, V. Brown, V. Taylor and A. Taylor, Rev. Father Corrigan officiated at the grave.

THE MARKET
The market this morning was of the very largest proportions, poultry predominating at very fair prices. Chickens sold from 50c per pair upwards to \$1. The fowl are much plumper than usual, owing to extra feeding. Turkeys are cheaper than usual, ranging around 13c per pound. Good-sized geese brought \$1.50 and ducks sold at 85 to 90c each.
The price of butter was 80c to 82c while eggs remained at 40c to 42c per dozen.
Hay sold at \$15 and \$16 per ton. Potatoes were lower at 65c per bag.
A good deal of meat, pork and beef is being sold out upon the market. No. 1 spiced are bringing \$2.75 to \$3 per barrel.
The fur market is now opening. Prices owing to lack of broad markets are naturally lower.
Beef hides are up in price.
HIDES
Lamb skins 1.00
Beef hides 14c
Horse hides \$3 to \$3.50.
FURS
Muskrats 5 to 10c
Skunk 25c to 75c
Fox \$1 to \$3.50
Coon 25c to \$1.25

McCrodan & Sills
We are now offering the balance of our velvet hats, trimmed and untrimmed, at 20 per cent discount. This includes everything with exception of osprey and ostrich feather trimmings.
D B & C Corsets from \$1.50 to \$5.00 per pair.

ROOMS TO LET.
Over Union Bank Lot. Water heated and all modern conveniences. Burrows of Belleville. n21 ttd

MR. THRASHER'S ILLNESS
G. G. Thrasher was taken seriously ill last week. By advice of Dr. Alger he was taken to Toronto on Monday for examination with the X-Rays. He was examined by several prominent surgeons in Toronto. Their advice was for him to remain in the hospital for several days so he can be built up physically and he can be closely observed to see if an operation is necessary.—Stirling Leader.

Christ Church Bazaar
Christ church annual sale, under the auspices of the Parish Guild was held on Wednesday, Dec. 2nd and owing to the unfavorable weather, was continued on Friday afternoon, when everything was disposed of and the result was exceedingly gratifying.
The different stalls were very tastefully decorated. Those assisting were dressed to represent characters from the well known Mother Goose tales. In the evening a short program consisting of songs and tableaux was given. Special mention should be made of two little girls, daughters of Mrs. Sprague (Front street) who posed and sang in a very pleasing manner. Little Miss Elma McLeod delighted the audience with several Scotch dances, which were exceedingly well and gracefully performed. Mr. King and Mr. Trump sang in their usual pleasing manner King Cole's "fiddlers three" caused much merriment in their comic role.
Mr. C. J. Lewis, Lewis St. has been accepted for the mechanical transport of the Overseas 2nd Contingent

TO LET
Furnished Bed Room, Front Room (Office, Suite of Living Rooms, all improvements, 187 1/2 Front St., D. R. Leavens.

WIMS & CO.
The New Store
is full of bright new goods suitable for Xmas
Handkerchiefs from 3c to 50c
New Blouses Just Arrived
Hosiery in Silk, Cashmere, Lisle, 25c to \$1 pr
In Ladies' Neckwear from 25c to 75c
Kid Gloves Guaranteed
MEN'S NECKTIES
Underwear, Shirts, Collars, Gloves, Mufflers, Sweater Coats from 75c to \$5.00
Staples Blankets, Linens—Everything New
WIMS & CO.
NEXT DOOR TO GEENS' 282 Front Street

WHO WILL BE MAYOR FOR 1915?

The people have had their minds so intent on war and rumors of war, that they have been devoting little attention to municipal politics and the momentous issues therein involved.

It is generally understood that Mayor Wills, having completed the usual two-year term and having seen a new pavement put down on Front street, is a man whose term is drawing to a close. Fault-finders there always have been in plenty when considering the merits or demerits of our municipal statesmen, but it is generally conceded that Mayor Wills has given us a clean, energetic and generally successful administration. The mayor has been a hard worker, and has never allowed his private interests or practice to interfere with the demands upon his time made by the chief magistracy.

In regard to his successor a number of names are being mentioned. Ex-Ald. Robinson who made an excellent run for the position last year is again being canvassed by his friends to be once again elected. A representative of The Ontario interviewed Mr. Robinson on the subject, but he was very non-committal in his replies. He is apparently pursuing a course of watchful waiting for the present.

Ald. Foster, with a long municipal

record to his credit, is also being prominently suggested as a likely man for the chief honor. It is not known as yet whether he will allow his name to go before the people.

Another possible candidate who has been mentioned very frequently, is Ald. (Dr.) E. O. Platt. Dr. Platt has had charge of the important duties involved in the superintendence of the public works department, and his very satisfactory management of the work of putting down the pavement has caused favorable opinion of his capabilities for higher office.

Ald. McFee has gained many friends by his skillful management of the lighting and the arrangement of the new contract with the Power Company. Many of his friends are urging him to seek the higher honor.

Within the last few days we have also heard that Ald. Woodley, another aldermanic veteran intends to become a candidate for the mayor's chair. We have not learned whether there is any basis for a rumor to be made.

Outside of the council the name of Mr. W. B. Leacon is also being discussed as a desirable man for the mayoralty. It is believed that Mr. Leacon's breadth of mind, shrewdness, and good sense in business affairs would make of him an admirable chief for the city fathers.

SCOTS OF THE TRENTON AND MURRAY ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY CELEBRATE 52ND ANNIVERSARY

Special to The Ontario.
(Trenton, December 1st, 1914.)
(The following report from our Trenton correspondent was delayed in the mails.)

With the strains of "It's a long way to Tipperary" ringing in our ears we hiked for East Trenton about 3.45 this morning, feeling that the 52nd anniversary of the Trenton and Murray St. Andrew's Society had outshone all previous efforts and proven once again that when Bob Waddell undertakes anything it is sure to be a success. The Chief, as has been his privilege for many years, occupied the chair, keeping even Tommy Church in order, which is a feat of which any chairman might well be proud. About 9.15 a.m. the guests, presided by the Chief, the piper and bagpipe band, marched in to the beautifully decorated dining room of our favorite hostelry and were soon dispatching the good things set before them.

The musical portion of the program was well looked after by the clever and capable E. Jules Brazil and his bunch of sweet singers, assisted by our old friend Mr. Masie. A feature of the musical end of the entertainment was the rendition of a new song composed by our fellow townsmen, Mr. Corry, local C. P. R. freight agent. The song was rendered and the singer received liberal applause. We understand that the song "It's a long way to travel" will be recorded by the Columbia Gramophone Co.

The toasts were drunk and responded to in a manner never before seen or heard in Trenton. The heavy brigade from Belleville, comprising Sir Mackenzie Bowell, Hon. Senator Corry, J. W. Johnson, M. P., P. Mayor Wills, Col. Ponton, Alf Gillen, C. M. Stork, Stewart Masson, Wm. Carnew, and Sheriff Morrison, were at their best, and added very materially to the enjoyment of the guests.

The following local men essayed to make a few remarks—Robert Whyte, Capt. McLean, Arch. Abbott, H. Thomson, O. E. Fortune, P. J. O'Rourke, and Eben James. We are afraid, however, that their efforts were not of much avail, owing to the heavy handicap of speaking at the brilliant flow of oratory from the gentlemen from our sister city. Mr. Whyte discoursed on Scottish history; Mr. Abbott on the Learned Professors; Mr. Thomson took as his favorite theme "Our Ain Toon" and his remarks excited so much jealousy in the minds of the Belleville gentlemen that they found it necessary to leave to catch their train. Mr. Fortune responded in his usual finished style for Sister Societies; Mr. P. J. O'Rourke, our silver tongued orator appeared for the press, and as usual did credit to himself. Incidentally Mr. O'Rourke made known to the gentlemen present the fact that the C.P.R. had a divisional here with which is connected at present time, permanent officials to the number of 32. In addition to the permanent officials there are 175 trainmen and engine-men working in and out of Trenton. A number of these have taken up residence here, and others undoubtedly will do so as soon as they are able to dispose of their property at other points. The present Trenton payroll is \$10,000 with a tendency to increase every month. The Company has 13 miles of track within the limits of Trenton. Strictly up to date round-house and shops accommodate 12 engines; coaling plant with a capacity of 300 tons per day; ice plant with a capacity of 10,000 tons. Ten cars of live stock and fed and watered here each day. At the present time the Company is handling over the 6,000 cars per week. This represents through traffic only—not cars loaded for, or originating in Trenton. The full benefit of this terminal point to Trenton will not be realized for two or three years. The C.P.R. payroll of \$10,000 per month added to the C.N.R. payroll of \$5,000 per month means \$150,000 per annum placed in circulation by the acquisition of these divisions.

Capt. McLean, gentle and considerate warrior that he is, spoke feelingly in regard to certain un-

merited criticism of the militia officers, and Mr. Eben James handled the toast to the ladies in his usual fearless style, with more or less of Kipling thrown in.

Before passing on we desire to mention the fact that Mr. T. L. Church, Toronto's energetic controller and member of the Harbor Board, was very much in evidence. He made several excellent speeches and moved a vote of thanks to the chief. From Toronto also came Messrs. Carroll, Wright, Conley, and others whose names we could not obtain. Joe Cox, John Winters, Sam Stirk, and R. H. Gunther represented the lumbering interests of North Hastings. Capt. Manley, an old partner of the Chief's in the dredging business, now located in St. Catharines, was also present. Mr. Carroll responded to the toast of the 48th Highlanders in the most acceptable manner while his partner Mr. Wright told who started the war.

Of course after hearing Colonel Ponton discourse in beautiful language the treasured traditions of "Army and Navy" and after listening to his excellent reasons in support of Britain's justification for taking part in this war, we decided that there was no reason why any Canadian should have any sleep over the matter, particularly as each and every Bellevillian who took the floor, stated that he was possessed of the same convictions.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell, in his courtly and considerate manner, made a delightful address, which after hearing causes us to cease wondering why he is so popular with his party friends and his political opponents. We were particularly pleased to hear Sir Mackenzie say "that he could not understand why politicians could not adhere to strict integrity in political matters" just as they would when transacting business with their fellow men."

Senator Harry Corby, judging from the reception received, has lost none of his former popularity which he commanded to an unusual degree when the representative of this riding, eminent and appealing to the old days when he was more frequently a Trenton visitor. He eulogized the Chief and referred to the many happy days spent in his company.

Mr. J. W. Johnson, M.P.E., and Mayor Wills made excellent addresses. The Mayor mentioned something about a radial railway which might be built in the future and which would permit the good people of Belleville to come to church in Trenton on Sunday mornings, while Trentonians might reciprocate by going to church in Belleville on Sunday evenings. We have some doubts about the advisability of building that radial. It might happen that running to Trenton ward might become too popular to suit our good friend, the Mayor.

The many highly flattering remarks heard in respect to the floral and wall decorations were entirely deserved. To Mrs. W. A. Blecker, all the credit is due (what a one-house place the Gilbert House was before she took charge of its management). The color scheme of yellow muslin with American roses and wood ferns was once harmonious. The tables, softened by the light from many yellow and red candles, could not fail to tempt the appetite of the most fastidious, and we say unreservedly that any man who could not enjoy the menu set before him last evening, is incapable of enjoying anything. From Haggis to connect with to the hot Scotch the finish, everything was fine. We must not forget to remark upon the appropriateness of the grouping of the flags of the Allies, the effect of which was most pleasing.

Piper Bowden of Belleville enlivened the meeting by playing several selections which we did not recognize by name, but all the same we are sure they were the proper thing and very fine.

In conclusion we would say that we reached home about 4 a.m. and succeeded in getting safely stowed away without awakening the family

MILITARY NEWS OF THIS DISTRICT

Military Police Force Has Been Increased.

Civilian Cooks Discharged—Jack Welch's Promotion to Captaincy in Very Popular One.

On Friday next the officers of the R.S.A., will go to Barriefield for the purpose of digging in guns and lines of communication. This is following the methods pursued by both the German and Allied forces in the present war. The lines of communication will also be based on telephone communication established between positions. The telephones for this work have arrived and are being prepared for the work. The officers will lunch in the field and will not return to barracks until late in the afternoon.

Lieutenant Welch, of Cornwall, and of the 50th Regiment has been attached to the 21st Battalion for the purpose of taking the Maxim machine gun course.

Bandoliers were issued, Tuesday, to the men of the 17th overseas field artillery at Lete de Pont Barracks.

This week the 11th Battery put three military police on the streets of Kingston for the first time. These were the four men military police of the 21st Battalion and that of the R.C.A. and the 14th Regiment make a large and effective military police force for the city. Improper conduct on the street is almost unknown among the men mobilized here and every citizen remarks on the good behaviour of the soldiers on the street.

All the civilian cooks employed by the 21st Battalion were discharged yesterday, and military cooks took their places this morning. This has been done in order to thoroughly train men to cook on active service.

Forty men have been enlisted for the new overseas mechanical transport. As soon as properly trained these men will be turned over to the local Army Service Corps for training.

The 21st Battalion received their rifles this morning at the Armouries. The rifles issued is the Ross Mark IV. The left half section made a fine showing, marching out from the armouries to their quarters at the Cereal Works this morning.

The first military instruction class for officers and non-coms of the 21st Battalion was conducted last night. Lieutenant Welch and Capt. Hemming lectured. The commanding officer assured the men that he did not intend asking an officer to do what he would not readily do himself. He said it would be his pride to lead and not follow his men.

Lt.-Col. Hughes has received from Ottawa 50,000 rounds of ammunition for use on the ranges at Barriefield. This will make it possible for the detachment and work connected with the armouries, he accompanies the men to the Barriefield ranges. In addition to these services he gives much of his time to special classes and to individuals who are anxious to learn about the use of the rifle.

Capt. Welch, of No. 2 Co., C. A. S. C., who has just been gazetted to the rank of captain is a Kingston boy, who has a host of friends in this city. He is a graduate of St. Mary's school, and Regopolis and has been in the C. P. R. for the past twelve years as booking agent. Capt. Welch entered the C. A. S. C. under Maj. Gillespie and should have succeeded him to the command of the book corps, but he refused the promotion feeling that the Militia Department should be left free to secure the best possible man for such an important position. His modesty has been appreciated by the department and the offer made to Capt. Welch to accompany Maj. Mitchell to the Pacific Coast to organize the new divisional line and proceed with the same to the front is a commendation of his ability. Capt. Welch is popular with all classes in the city courteous in all his dealings and voted a general good fellow.

SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Lesson XI.—Fourth Quarter, For Dec. 13, 1914.

THE INTERNATIONAL SERIES.

Text of the Lesson, Matt. xviii, 16-20; Luke xlv, 44-46—Memory Verses, 19, 20—Golden Text, Matt. xviii, 20. Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

The correct sequence of events between His resurrection and final visible ascension from Olivet is not more easy than the sequence of some of the events in His mortal body, but the heart lessons are not difficult. The summary in Acts I, 3, is clear and full. "He showed Himself alive after His passion by many infallible proofs, being seen of them forty days and speaking of the things pertaining to the Kingdom of God." He always showed Himself joyful as the coming of His kingdom. "Loving them most" we need to see no man more save Jesus only (Mark ix, 9). He showed Himself alive, and we must live as if we really believed that our great High Priest is alive forevermore and has all power in heaven and on earth.

He always spoke of the Kingdom, both in His earthly life and until His ascension, and there is nothing so important as the coming of His Kingdom, which if we seek first He has assured us of all other things that we need. (Matt. vi, 33). This appearance of our lesson in Matthew may have been the eleven only, or it may have been over 500 at once (1 Cor. xv, 16). From the fact that some doubted it would surely be eleven had ceased doubting for this. There was another most interesting appearance in Galilee to seven of the disciples after their night of fruitless toil on the lake, when He provided breakfast for them, apart from their labors, and also filled their net with 153 great fishes. It was then that He asked Peter the thrice repeated question, "Loving them most" we need to see no man more save Jesus only (Mark ix, 9). He showed Himself alive, and we must live as if we really believed that our great High Priest is alive forevermore and has all power in heaven and on earth.

Before His crucifixion His instructions to the disciples were to go neither to gentiles nor Samaritans, but rather to Israel, but now that Israel had decided to reject Him and to cut Him off had also cut themselves off from all privileges as a nation till He shall come again in the instructions are different. The messengers are to go to all nations and gather to Him disciples. They are to go into all the world and preach the gospel to every creature; they are to preach repentance and remission of sins in His name among all nations, beginning at Jerusalem, but they were to wait at Jerusalem (these first messengers) until they should receive the necessary power to do this in the form of a special endowment of power by the Holy Spirit, for He would be sent to bear witness to a crucified, risen, rejected, ascended Christ, to gather unto Him a people for His name, who by a special training in this age would be fitted to reign with Him in the next age, when He shall come again to set up His kingdom of righteousness and peace (verse 19; Mark xvi, 15; Luke xxiv, 46-48; Acts xv, 13-18; Isa. xxxiii, 1, 17).

There is nothing whatever in their commission about subduing the world or winning the world to Christ or reforming or uplifting the race, but simply to do as Paul tells us he did—terminating not to know anything but Jesus Christ and Him crucified; to preach the gospel that Christ died for our sins according to the Scriptures, that He was buried and that He rose again the third day according to the Scriptures; to preach as by all means to save some; to be ready to preach the gospel anywhere as a debtor to all who would believe in it; to preach the kingdom of God and teach those things which concern the Lord Jesus Christ, knowing that some will believe and some believe not; to turn people from idols to God, to serve the living and true God and to wait for His son from Heaven; to speak always as to pleasing men, but God, who trieth our hearts (1 Cor. ii, 2; ix, 22; 24, 31; I Thess. 1, 9, 10; II Tim. i, 15). Our responsibility is to be faithful witnesses, believing all things written in the law of Moses and in the prophets and the Psalms concerning Him, quite sure that His Word will not return to Him void, but always accomplish all His pleasure (verse 44; Isa. lv, 11).

Whether we see much or little or not any present results of our sowing, we can leave that all to Him with whom we are fellow workers unto His kingdom, knowing that He shall not fail nor be discouraged (Isa. xlii, 4; I Cor. xv, 58). The devil sows seeds that they would grow, and we must indeed have as much confidence concerning the incorruptible seed of the Word of God as the devil had concerning his tares. When we have delivered the Word of God lovingly in the power of the Holy Spirit we can safely say, "Thank God, they will grow!"

If some one should ask, "What will it work? we can with confidence reply that it will work all His good pleasure. A restless ambition to see great results does not indicate a mind in harmony with God or a Spirit filled messenger. The blessed assurance, "Lo, I am with you all the days until the end of the age" (Matt. xxviii, 20, R. V. margin), should be to us an unspeakable comfort and inspiration.

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

FIGS - Finest Quality

- Glove Boxes—Layer Figs
- Loccum Figs
- Bon bon Figs
- Seven Crown—Five Pound
- Loccum Figs—
- Cooking Figs

Cape Cod Cranberries

Extra Quality
Very low price

- Florida Oranges
- California Oranges
- Florida Grape Fruit
- Malaga Grapes
- Messina Lemons
- Finest Table Raisins
- Bar le due Jelly
- Dromedary Dates

English Colored Candles

Pink—White—Yellow

Roman Meal

Pkgs. 10c & 25c

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

Keep in Mind

That The Up-Town Liquor Store is here for your convenience, catering to your wishes and supplying you with whatever your wish in the way of High Grade Liquors.

W. A. RODBOURN

Phone 88, Orders delivered promptly to any part of the city. Box 103.

If You Want Any of These Speak Now

- \$1.00 5 gal. Hardwood Kegs, .00c each
- 15c 1 gal. Glazed Jugs, 8c each
- 2 for 15c
- 10c Patent Pails for .5c each
- 1 gal. Bottles, 5c gal. Cans
- Coarse Bags for potatoes, etc. 25c doz.

CHAS. S. CLAPP

Do you need a New Range?

Sold on easy payments

New Empress and Sovereign Ranges, Oak Heaters, Sewing Machines and Kitchen Cabinets

THE NATIONAL MFG. CO.

233 Front St., W. K. Ferguson, Mgr.

AUCTIONEERS.

D. J. FAIRFIELD, Licensed Auctioneer for the County of Hastings, Prince Edward, Lennox and Addington and Durham and Northumberland and also for the city of Belleville. Terms Liberal, satisfaction guaranteed. Phone 404 at my expense, D. J. Fairfield, 223 Colman St. Belleville.

Y. L. PALMER, Licensed Auctioneer.

Real Estate Agent. Pure bred Stock a specialty. Belleville, Ont. Phone 182. Address Anglo-American Hotel or Route No. 4.

NORMAN MONTGOMERY, Auctioneer.

Pure bred Stock a specialty. Phone No. 101. Real Estate Broker, also City License. Box 130, Brighton, Ont.

HENRY WALLACE, Licensed Auctioneer.

special attention given to sales of Farm Stock. Phone No. 821. Stirling P.O. R.M.D., Phone No. 821.

REGIMENTAL NOTES

After the parade of the Fifteenth Regiment tonight, a program of sports has been arranged. Lt. Col. Marsh hopes there will be a large attendance.

Lt.-Col. Marsh received a letter this morning from Kingston, informing him that the enlistment of volunteer officers for the Third Contingent would proceed forthwith. It is not definitely announced as yet when the mobilization of the Third Contingent will take place.

Mr. Chris. Pratt, of Edmonton, is in the city renewing acquaintances. Mr. Pratt has been in Edmonton since 1910, and is engaged in the mechanical department of the Grand Trunk Pacific. He is greatly pleased with the evidence of improvement and progress he sees in Belleville upon his return.



IT'S RUBBER TIME

The Damp Rough Weather necessitates Extra Precaution in the matter of keeping your feet dry and warm.

Our Rubbers are the best we can find on the market, and we have canvassed it well. They are made of extra heavy soles and may be had in styles and shapes to conform with the shoes you wear.

Rubber Boots for men, women and children, also Overshoes for men or women with one or two buckles, and anything in Storm Shoes you may desire.

- Children's Rubbers, black 40c
- Children's Tan and White Rubbers 65c
- Misses' Rubbers at 50c, Tan 75c
- Ladies' Rubbers at 50c to 80c
- Men's Rubbers at 75c to \$1.10
- Boys' Rubbers at 60c to 90c
- Overshoes at \$1.50 to \$3.00

A.W. Vermilyea & Son

THE STORE OF QUALITY & SERVICE

FURS

Large Alaska Sable Pillow Muffs \$17 up
Large Persian Lamb Pillow Muffs \$12 up

HAVE YOUR FURS Repaired and Remodeled at J. T. Delaney

230 1/2 Front St. Phone 797
Over Blackburn's Jewellery Store
N.B.—Open Every Evening till 10 o'clock

Hudson Seal Coats

Hudson Seal is the Richest looking fur next to Real Seal.

We are showing very handsome coats in the new full back with large shawl collar and cuffs, also with collar, revers and outflared lined and trimmed to correspond with the rich appearance of the Seal.

Our Price \$125.00

G. T. Woodley

See Our Window

DRY CLEANED AND PRESSED

New Method

Telephone 794

374 Front Street

Distinctive Millinery Models at

Miss Campbell's

Our showing of French and New York original creations is truly fascinating and creating no end of favorable comment from the smartest women in town.

Hats Reasonably Priced

Miss M. Campbell

Front Street

At the New Scantlebury Store

New Picture Framing

New Mouldings

New Pictures

New Wall Papers

Everything new

We undoubtedly have the very finest in Wall Papers. No finer goods are shown in any metropolitan city. If you doubt this come in and spend an hour—we will put you through an initiation in Wall Papers and decorative goods such as you have never experienced.

Papers from the very latest in style, both of design and color combinations.

We have surprised many people this year—we will surprise you if you will deign to allow us to show our line.

The New Scantlebury

Wall Paper and Art Picture and Framing Store

You Can Buy Your

Royal Purple

Stock and Poultry Supplies

AND Dr. Hess' Goods

AT

Waters' Drug Store