

AIRMAN KILLED.

Berlin, Jan. 23.—Another fatal aeroplane accident occurred today during the military manoeuvres near Burg Prussia. Lieut. Otto Schlegel was instantly killed by falling to the earth from a considerable distance, from a military aeroplane. The machine was taking a sharp curve when it capsized.

London Advertiser

Founded in 1863.

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Dundas Street,
London, Ont.

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One year by mail..... \$5.00
One year by mail, outside city..... \$2.00
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lowing numbers:
Business Department..... 3670
Editors..... 3671
Reporters..... 3672
Job Printing Department..... 3673

[Entered at London Postoffice for
transmission through the mails as
second class matter.]

LONDON, THURSDAY, JAN. 23.

SNARLING AT EARL GREY.

Anti-reciprocity papers continue to whine from the blow dealt by Earl Grey to the loyalty howlers. They don't like his plain, honest view of reciprocity, either, and pretend that because he was a governor-general once his mouth should now be politically closed.

One of these papers, the Toronto News, says:

"He was bound by every consideration to withhold himself from active participation in an acute and continuing political controversy. Instead, while the question is still open, he has declared his complete sympathy with Sir Wilfrid Laurier, etc. Henceforth by many Canadians he will not be regarded as an impartial governor-general."

The delightful logic of this utterance consists in the arabesque use of "was" and "is," like parallel bars. He was governor-general, the question is still open, argal he is (or was?) an unfair governor-general. The reader's mind is left hovering over a vague void of tense. Just when was or is Earl Grey an unfair governor-general? From this artistic indefiniteness stands out in pleasing relief the clean-cut view that the reciprocity question is a living, present fact, "an acute and continuing controversy," not closed, but "still open." Did not the enemies of the pact over a year ago declare it dead and buried? No doubt Earl Grey heard them say so. The mourning period he may have considered over by this time. Time to take off the crepe! But now that he has spoken, they tell him the question is very much alive, notwithstanding all reports to the contrary that may have crossed the water. What worries them is that it is provided with an elixir by his weighty support.

It is a most amusing idea, however, that Earl Grey has raised the issue in Great Britain. The Toronto Mail and Empire says that "the man who represented the Crown in this country ought not to feel constrained to make public testimony to the loyalty of the Crown's principal adviser in Canada," insinuating that this is Sir Wilfrid Laurier's fault. No, a British statesman ought not to have been so constrained, but it was not any actions of Sir Wilfrid Laurier that constrained him to speak either for him or for his pact. For months or years past a set of Unionist politicians have been making dishonorable attacks upon an honorable Canadian and upon Canadian Liberals. It was they who raised some time ago the issue of the reciprocity pact and of disloyalty in Unionist politics. Simply as another Unionist who knows more about Canada than all that pack put together, Earl Grey undertakes in his letter to the London Times to correct their ignorance and combat their insolence. He knows who the friends of Great Britain really are in Canada, what set of statesmen here gave the British preference without demanding a tax on British bread, and what Canadian party opposed and still opposes this preference. Emphatically he gives his opinion that the victory of Laurier on the reciprocity issue would probably have led to an increase of the British preference; he expects nothing of the sort from Rule Britannia. Borden. Earl Grey has given certain members of his own party something to think about.

A Toronto paper which a while ago could say nothing but "continentalism" now has been taught by President Taft to keep crying "adjuet," like a clever starling. It fairly swears, ungracious bird, by President Taft. It holds him up as a prophet. But it may perceive that one of his prophecies has already been falsified. It actually quotes him, for the thousandth time, as declaring a year or two ago, that "this was the last opportunity for reciprocity with Canada and for preventing the formation of a globe, encircling band of British preference." Though reciprocity was defeated in Canada, the imperial tariff union policy to which Mr. Taft is quoted as referring, has been already thrown over by the vast majority of the Unionist party at Westminster. Under Laurier a straight, unconditional preference to Great Britain on Canada's part would very likely, as Earl Grey thinks, have been increased. But inter-preference, of which Mr. Taft spoke, is dead, while the Laurier policies live. Mr. Taft is a discredited prophet of British tariff union and rather a discredited politician. Better listen to Earl Grey.

HYDRO AND THE FARMERS.

"Even if it be argued that some-how a scheme should be devised so that the consumer fifty miles from Niagara should pay far more for power than it costs to furnish him with it, in order that a consumer one hundred and fifty miles away could get it for much less than it costs to supply it to him, we can only say that this would mean the collapse of the whole system. Even if Toronto consumers, and Toronto as a municipality, agreed to such an arrangement it would collapse because a private company brings

Niagara power to Toronto and sells it here in competition with hydro-electric, even at present rates."—Toronto Star.

If the Star's contention were true, it would amount to this: that nine-tenths of Western Ontario should be discriminated against in favor of one-tenth in the Niagara peninsula and in favor of the city of Toronto, which by reason of its size now gets a cheaper rate than all other municipalities, except those at the edge of the Falls. The Star admits that even if a flat rate would compel the hydro-electric commission to charge more for power in Toronto and the municipalities near the Falls, these municipalities at the worst would get cheap power from private corporations which would strive to undersell the commission. Is this a terrifying prospect? It is probable that a flat rate system could be devised without increasing the present price of power to Hamilton and Toronto and municipalities similarly situated, if the Government would make the cost of the transmission lines a provincial charge and cover all the settled portions of the province, so that the benefits as well as the charges could be uniformly distributed. There is more than sufficient waterpower going to waste in eastern, western and northern Ontario to turn every factory wheel and light every home in the province.

Under the present system, hydro-power will be used in comparatively few municipalities, and the discrimination in favor of the large users like Toronto will increase the unhealthy tendency toward the centralization of population. For the farmers electricity will remain a luxury, within the reach of only the well-to-do in certain districts. The Seaford Expositor voices a genuine rural grievance in this paragraph:

"If the Hydro-Electric Commission can not or will not more evenly and equitably adjust the charges for electrical power they will do more harm to the country as a whole five times over than any good. The future welfare of this country depends upon the country districts and not upon the cities. The trend of the population is from the country to the cities, and the present policy of the Hydro-Electric Commission is designed and will have the result of increasing that flow. The result in a few years will be that the country districts will be deserted and great manufacturing and commercial centres will be established where this cheap power is available. A few favored centres will have a monopoly of the business and population of the country."

The Toronto World, in advocating a flat rate for the parcel post, says: "No one in Toronto grudges a two-cent stamp for his letter to Whitby, although a similar stamp will carry his neighbor's letter to Dawson City, Glasgow, or Manila." Is this not an answer to the Star as to hydro?

THE BLUNDERING MINISTER OF LABOR.

A railway strike has returned to plague Mr. Crothers, of St. Thomas. In the election campaign he made as unscrupulous use of the Grand Trunk strike as he made of the Farmers' Bank affair. But for the efforts of the then minister of labor, Mr. King, the Brotherhood behind the G. T. R. strikers would have been destroyed, on the confession of the officers themselves, who took the platform to voice their gratitude to Mr. King. But in St. Thomas, London and other ridings where the railway vote is a factor, the anti-Laurier candidates tried to hold the Minister of Labor responsible for all the strikers' troubles.

Mr. Crothers is now at the head of the Labor Department, and has a railway strike on his hands, growing out of his refusal of the application of the Canadian Brotherhood of Railway Employees for a board of conciliation and investigation under the Lemieux act. When the strike was precipitated on the C. P. R., Mr. Crothers came down from his official perch, and granted a partial inquiry, but the findings, which are in favor of the men, have gone for nothing. Asked in the House for the production of correspondence in the matter, he sets up the plea that the Opposition is introducing partisanship into a non-political question! This is the man who made the Grand Trunk strike an election cry. He hounded Mr. King, a champion of the Grand Trunk strikers, and of the railway unions. Now the railway unions find that in the Department of Labor a sincere friend has been exchanged for a false friend.

It is time Major Beattie disclosed what share he had in procuring the dismissal of Dr. Campbell.

The Toronto News complains that the Unionist party is in danger of becoming a mutton-chop whiskered squireship. We were just going to say that about the News.

Mr. N. W. Rowell is doing a magnificent educational work in the Province. No leader has given time and energy more freely to platform work. He is sowing good seed all over the Province. There will be an early harvest.

The president of the Dominion Grange says that the rural mail delivery and the rural telephone are tending to make farm people less sociable. This is an original view of the matter. Most people imagined that these conveniences helped to cure the isolation of farm life. The Advertiser invites rural readers to express their opinion.

The city medical superintendent of Belfast reports shocking conditions of labor in the linen trade of the city. By-and-bye, when the home rule business is settled, the Ulster workers will follow their brethren across the channel, by taking an interest in social questions. Their natural place is with the

progressive parties, but they are being cunningly exploited by politicians who, by dividing them on sectarian lines, keep them from co-operating for their own welfare.

London citizens are not to blame if they own or invest in industries where power is cheap, as compared with London. They are following ordinary business principles. In certain classes of industries the cost of power is a factor which determines their location; in others, fortunately for London, it is relatively unimportant. The former king will gravitate to the region of Niagara Falls, where water or hydro-electric power is cheap, or to Toronto, where, until the hydro-electric enterprise is run on the flat principle, power will be cheaper than in Western Ontario.

It is not denied that the resolution brought down by the Mayor at the London and Port Stanley Board made no provision for a vote of the people on the disposal of the L. and P. S. R. Had the resolution been adopted in its original form, the Council could have passed a bylaw to raise any sum of money, and could have had it validated by the Legislature. The aldermen, or a majority of them, would have refused, of course, to assent to any such course. The Mayor says that a vote of the people was in his mind. It should have been in the resolution, too. It is necessary to be exact in a big matter like this.

THE ICONOCLAST.

[Punch.]

"Little Boy—I've found out all about Santa Claus. (Pause.) I'm going to look into this Robinson Crusoe business next."

THE WEATHER.

[Saturday Review.]

In Old England people were killed outright by the rigor of winter where today they die by inches through the softening of the English weather has probably something to do with the softening of the English character. Harsh weather braces men up; but days such as this season has given enervate body and mind.

ENTERING UPON A NEW AGE.

[Woodrow Wilson, U. S. President-Elect.]

We are clearly entering upon a new age, I don't mean merely we of the United States; I mean that the world is facing a new age with a new attitude, and a new outlook upon the opportunities of life. It is singular how the drama of the world is cast, as if each century were an act in the drama, and in these early years of the twentieth century we are again assuming the attitude which we assumed in the beginning of the nineteenth century.

The nineteenth century looked forward to an age in which humanity, the rank and file of men, should be served, and honestly served, by the institutions of government, but we Americans had set up this happy experiment in a country so abundantly furnished with wealth, so extraordinarily provided with opportunity for all sorts and conditions of men, that suddenly we got drunk with the wine of prosperity, and for a little while forgot that our mission was not to pile up wealth, but to serve mankind in humanity and justice.

THE MAIN THING.

[Judge.]

"I understood that Wilkins is saving up his money to buy a barrel of gasoline."

"Yes, he says that as soon as he gets that done he is going to get him an automobile."

EARL GREY'S SERVICE.

[Hamilton Herald.]

If there is a precedent which has prevented former governors-general of Canada from telling timely and needed truths about Canada and Canadians in order to correct mischievous public utterances and correct false impressions injurious to this country, it is to be hoped that Earl Grey's published letter will have the effect of smashing that precedent.

NO LINGUIST.

[Sketch.]

Brusque Customer (in music shop)—Libretto "Mikado."

New Assistant—I no speak Italian.

A CHANGE FOR THE WORSE.

[Winnipeg Free Press.]

We do not think the building of a Canadian navy is one-quarter as big a job as the building of the Canadian Pacific Railway. That task was accepted and carried through thirty years ago by a Canada which contained only four million people. The people of Canada have not deteriorated in the intervening years, but there has been in this period a great falling off in the leadership of the Conservative party in Canada.

AFAR OFF.

[Baltimore American.]

Friend is your son still pursuing his studies at college?

Father (regretfully)—He must be, for he doesn't seem to be catching up with any of them.

COLD FACT.

[Philadelphia Ledger.]

When a woman marries a man to reform him she usually discovers that she has inflicted a form of punishment on both.

A LONELY FURROW.

[Montreal Gazette.]

Austen Chamberlain criticizes the Unionist idea for abandoning the "one-taxed" idea and says his belief is unchanged. He has his hand to the plow and will not turn back. His furrow is likely to be a lonely one.

THE GOOD TIME FAR AWAY.

[Chicago Record-Herald.]

Nearly everybody will be sensible when common sense becomes common.

HER MOTHER'S INQUIRY.

[Chicago Record-Herald.]

"The man I marry must have an income of at least \$5,000 a year."

"Do you expect to find that kind of a man among the young springs that you keep inviting to call here?"

Try Cuticura Soap and Ointment Free

Although Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a liberal sample of each, with 32-page booklet on the care and treatment of skin and hair, will be sent, post-free, on application to **Potter Drug & Chem. Corp.**, Boston, U.S.A.

Why America Laughs at Salem

[By Special Arrangement With the Winnipeg Telegram.]

An outburst of gargantuan laughter has gone up from educated America at the expense of the queer old town of Salem, Massachusetts. The occasion of this laughter has been the stout pessimism of old New England seaport still cherishes a deep-rooted dislike for its illustrious son. This strange new illustration of the old adage that a prophet is not without honor save in his own country, is due not to much to the quality and content of Hawthorne's literary productions, as to an inherited memory of dislike to the man himself. It is true that Hawthorne made some sarcastic comments on Salem actors and characters in the introduction to "The Scarlet Letter," but that is not the source of the present re-nunciation of the honor of having a statue of Hawthorne on the village green, of the Salemites really looked into Hawthorne's pages they might have a greater respect for him, but they detest him because their grandfathers told them that he was "odd" for a bit because of his "dislike" with "low people." A well-informed Salemite, Peabody by name, has painted the novelist in this contemptuous sentence: "Hawthorne was an idler, a loafer, a lounge."

It must be confessed that truth is on the side of these narrow-minded Salemites. When their grandfathers were young about their business, Hawthorne was lounging about the town. After he graduated from Bowdoin College in 1825, Hawthorne returned to Salem, and for twelve years shared the scanty income of his mother and sister. He pursued no trade; he told not in the manner of the Salemites; neither did he spin. He read desultory books, took long nocturnal and day-long rambles, gave himself over to dreams and tried to write stories about human life. In 1837 he wrote to Longfellow, who had been a classmate at college, "I have another great difficulty in the lack of material for I have seen so little of the world that I have nothing but this air to concoct my stories of."

It was during these years of aimless existence that the good citizens of Salem took such a hearty dislike to the college-bred youth. And it was this long period of abnormal, melancholy existence which had such a bad effect on Hawthorne's health, and cast such a twilight upon his soul that he has been rightly called the American Hamlet. Ultimately Hawthorne's friends commanded enough political influence to have an approach made to the mayor of the port of Salem. And although this is only a fancy of my own, perhaps some of the inherited resentment now being displayed in Salem is an echo of the indignation with which the grandfathers must have received the news of that appointment. To have seen this visionary, impractical loungeer lifted into a government job in their own town must have been a bitter pill for those old New Englanders to swallow, and the bad taste of it still puckers the mouths of their descendants. Hence, there will be no statue of Hawthorne in Salem.

Joanhoe.



Owing to the high price of gasoline, the Cataract Power interests have instructed their man Friday to call off the sale of Hiderow, 117, near the bridge, which has been offered at auction. On reading that the little ephippus was to be disposed of, Herr Glaubitz immediately called up the office of the Evening Brain Storm and ordered Hiderow to pull his little old last year's car until John D. had pulled down the price of petrol, donchiknow. Hereafter, Hiderow will be seen pulling the car that made Stuyvesant Fish jealous. Herr Glaubitz will put his small calls on second Thursdays, and will pour Spring-bank water at the Horton street pumping station. Herr Glaubitz has ordered three tons of sawdust from the Albion street sawmill for a factory to keep the animal in condition. "CALLS TRACTION ORGANISTRY A DELIBERATE FALSEHOOD"

This is a gem of newspaper art from the Cataract Power hurdy-gurdy.

The Cataract Power instrument is not an organ. An organ is a respectable affair. The Cataract Power instrument is a tin-pan street piano."

As soon as all this fuse is over we mean to teach our pet typewriter not to stammer when it comes to the word "electrification."

TRY THIS ON A JEW'S HARP. (Yiddle By Herr Glaubitz.)

Close up her old blue bonnet. With the dinges upon it. And we'll hitch old Hiderow to the shay.

Then we'll ride to Byron: If we have a tire on: For the city has to pay!

Our good friend, Fred Hueston, the cartoonist, has started another tour. The managers like him because he draws so well.

"Fraid To Have Their Ears Pierced." Dear young girls, who wear young thermometers on their ears, seem to be constantly advertising for their lost jewelry. Their grandmothers never experienced this trouble.

Try This On Your Hautboy. About Ben Hadam (may his tribe increase)

Awoke one night from a peak-load dream of peace, And saw, while hydro cheaply sparkled in his room, Making it bright and not encased in gloom, A strange expert writing out a manifesto.

Exceeding gaul had made Ben Hadam bold, And to the presence in the room he said: "What art thou?" The expert raised his head,

January Sales at CHAPMAN'S

Another special list of bargains for Friday and Saturday. The fact that January is nearly over makes us keener to clear all broken lines. These bargains are important to everyone who has a saving instinct.

Dress Goods

35c Yard

Something special in Dress Goods for Friday and Saturday.

Choice of the following lines at 35c YARD:

10 pieces Novelty Tweeds, in grays, browns and blues, 50c values.

3 pieces Gray Serge, regular 50c, 60c and 75c a yard.

1 piece brown and white Shepherd Check Dress Goods, Regular 50c a yard.

1 piece Black Wool Taffeta, also 2 pieces Black Serge, Regular 50c a yard.

5 pieces Colored Serge, regular 50c a yard.

Remnants at Half Price

All Remnants in the Dress Goods Department on sale Friday and Saturday at half price.

Comforters

10 only Comforters, pure down filling, light and fluffy. Coverings of down proof French sateen, border and panel of plain sateen. Red, green, blue and pink colorings, size 72x72 inches. Value \$8.50. Sale price..... \$6.00

Men's Overalls and Smocks

Black Drill Overalls, with and without bibs; smocks to match. Extra heavy make. All sizes. Usually \$1 garment Sale price, a garment..... 75c

January Linen Sale

TABLING—All pure linen, 60 inches wide. Sale price, a yard..... 44c

TABLING—Extra heavy pure linen, in spot, shamrock and floral patterns. Sale price, per yard..... 63c

Towelling

All Linen Scotch Crash Towelling, red border, at 7½c a yard.

14 Yards for \$1.00

Towelling—Extra heavy, all linen crash, for rollers; best 12½c quality. Just while the January sale is on, at a yard..... 10c

22-inch Check and Plain Tea Towelling, at 8½c a yard.

12 Yards for \$1.00

J. H. Chapman & Co., 239 and 243 Dundas St.

And with a look made just for such a time,

Answered, "The names of those who think About sublime."

"And is mine one?" said Abou. "Nay not so."

Replied the expert, Abou spoke more low,

But cheerily still; and said: "I pray thee, know—

That all my days have I praised Lord Abou! The expert wrote, and vanished. The next night

He came again, and snapping full the light,

He showed the names whom love of "Boi had blessed—

And, lo! Ben Hadam's name led all the rest.

Just before we get in too deep, what's the tax rate likely to be next year, Mr. Mayor?

A Careful Pilot Required. Annexation and expropriation. Incineration and education. (Not to give thought to electrification.)

Are the things that lead to mad

Y I A T I O N

Good evening! Have you been insulted by Sir James Whitney yet?

Mr. Beck has a stable of thirteen horses at Queen's Park. It is denied.

Women's Coats and Suits

8 only Black Cloth and Reversible Tweed Coats—silk and suitable for evening cloaks. Regular prices \$18.50 and \$25.00. On sale Friday and Saturday..... \$12.50

5 only Misses' and Small Women's Coats, navy. Regular price \$5.

On sale at..... \$2.95

15 only Women's Black and Tweed Coats, some with high neck fastenings; good warm coats. Regular prices \$15, \$16 and \$18, on sale Friday at half price.

WOMEN'S SUITS—29 only black and blue serge, neat tailored styles, some are satin lined. Worth \$15, \$16 and \$18. On sale Friday..... \$10

12 ONLY WOMEN'S SUITS, the balance of a large line, serviceable suits. Worth \$10 and \$12. Your choice at the clearance price..... \$5.00

House Dresses

2 dozen Women's House Dresses, in stripes and checks; light and dark colors. High neck and long sleeves, back fastenings. Regular price \$2.00. To be cleared at..... 85c

White Waists

10 dozen White Lawn and Muslin Waists, embroidery fronts, ¾ sleeves and high necks, also a line of Vesting Shirts, all sizes, 34 to 44. None worth less than \$1.25, some worth \$1.50. All on sale at the uniform price of..... 98c

Children's Coats

12 only Children's White Bearcloth Coats, worth \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00. Also a few Cloth Coats for small children, worth \$3.00. Your choice of this lot..... \$1.00

Books and Bibles

Boy Scout Annuals—A large book that boys take great delight in. Reduced from \$1.75 to..... \$1.00

Father Tuck's Annual for small children. Regular price \$1.00. Reduced to..... 75c

PICTURE BOOKS—Including nursery, A B C, Bible and other stories, some are slightly scuffed. Were 10c, 15c, 25c, 50c, 60c, 75c, now at half price..... 5c, 8c, 13c, 25c, 30c, 38c

COLLINS CLEAR TYPE BIBLES, 4x5½ inches, leather cover, yep edges, red under gold edges; colored illustrations, centre reference. Were \$1.00. Reduced to..... 75c

J. H. Chapman & Co., 239 and 243 Dundas St.

however, that that dark horse, Hiderow, is in training for the King's guinea.

Yes, Henry, if your department isn't quite right in this country, they give you a touch of deportation.

Try This On Your Harmonica. Gasleen's gone up! Gasleen's gone up! What will Herr Glaubitz do? Electrify the old gray mare. Or hoof it, just like you?

You don't know Storer? Why that man put the "near" in engineer.

Mutt—Who is this Emperor Glaubitz? Jeff—Ain't yuh got him yet? Why he's the fellow who put the "con" in contract.

A single unguarded moment has wrecked many a career. In a twinkling, some of the Toronto newspapers appear to have stopped worshipping Mr. Beck.

Look out, Mr. Beck! One other man named Ferris put a lot of people up in the air.

And, Graham? This is awful! He's the chap who tried to put the "hole" in wholesalers.

Stranger—Who's this chap Beck? Native—Why, he's the fellow who put the "trick" in electricity.

Who's this fellow, Gabey? Don't know him! Why he's the fellow that put the "IF" in electr

SIX

HISTORY OF THE HIGH SCHOOL

Interesting Paper Read by Principal McCutcheon at Meeting of Historical Society.

OLD SCHOOL STANDING

In 1837 the Grammar School Was Transferred From Vittoria to London by the Government.

P. W. C. McCutcheon, B. A., principal of the Collegiate Institute, gave an excellent paper before the members of the London and Middlesex Historical Society on "The History of the London High School," at the regular monthly meeting held in the public library Tuesday evening.

Mr. McCutcheon stated that previous to 1837 there were but four grammar schools in the province, they being situated at Kingston, Niagara, York and Cornwall. In 1807 grants were given by the Government towards the support of grammar schools and the schools at York and Niagara were recipients of assistance in this form. The first grammar school established in this section of the province was at Vittoria, Norfolk County, in 1809, and this school was removed to London in 1837.

Still on King Street.
The old building which formerly did service as the grammar school is now situated on King street, west of the county buildings. The first principal was Rev. Francis Wright, B. A., and he was succeeded by Rev. Benjamin Bayly, who held the position for almost 40 years. In the original school the subjects were chiefly of a classical nature, and on account of the Government grant being based on the number of pupils taking Latin, all the scholars, with one or two exceptions, took this subject. In 1878, when the Government ceased to give a grant according to the number of Latin scholars, the number of scholars taking the subject dropped considerably.

Government Appointees.
The superintendent of education and the trustees were appointed by the lieutenant-governor-in-council, and even the appointment of the principal had to be ratified by the Government. The maintenance of the school was by means of the income derived from crown lands and the fees of the pupils. In 1853 the education act made possible the union of the grammar and public schools, but it was not until twelve years later that the union of the schools in London took place. The union was finally made on account of the extension of the curriculum of the public schools to embrace classical subjects. A. S. Abbott, former city clerk, was secretary of the school board from 1865 to 1893.

An Old School Report.
Principal Bayly, in his first report, dated December, 1855, stated that the imposition of a fee levied on all pupils taking Greek and Latin caused a diminution in the number of scholars attending the school. The report of Bishop Cronin, the superintendent of education in London, and of Principal Bayly in 1866, stated that nothing but good results could be obtained from the union of the two schools.

As a result of the educational act passed in 1871, which changed the name from the grammar school to the high school, and also provided for additional subjects, the staff of teachers was increased to six in 1872. Mr. Nicholas Wilson was one of the teachers appointed. In 1876 six rooms were set aside in the Central school on Colborne street for the teaching of subjects included in high school work. In 1872 an agitation was commenced for the erection of a school for high school work, but instead of the building of the school an addition was made to the Central school. At the same time an application was made for a Normal School in this city, but it was not granted until 30 years later.

Cost of the Collegiate.
The present Collegiate Institute was built by the proceeds of the sale of crown lands, and the original cost was about £10,000. Additions were made to the building in 1888 and 1893, and in 1893 the present commercial school was erected. Mr. McCutcheon stated that no municipality can afford to be too economical in its expenditure in connection with education. He was also of the opinion that the educational progress of the time has not kept abreast of the progress in other lines.

Following the paper an interesting discussion was held, in which all present

PILES Quickly Cured

Instant Relief, Permanent Cure—Trial Package Mailed Free to All in Plain Wrapper.

We want every man and woman, suffering from the excruciating torture of piles, to just send their name and address to us, and get, by return mail, a free trial package of the most effective and positive cure ever known for this disease, Pyramid Pile Cure.

The way to prove what this great remedy will do in your own case is to just fill out free coupon, and send to us and you will get by return mail a free sample of Pyramid Pile Cure.

Then, after you have proven to yourself what it can do, you will go to the druggist and get a 50-cent box. Don't undergo an operation. Operations are rarely successful, and often lead to terrible consequences. Pyramid Pile Remedy reduces all inflammation, makes congestion, irritation, itching, sores and ulcers disappear—and the piles simply quit.

For sale at all drug stores at 50 cents a box.

FREE PACKAGE COUPON

Fill out the blank lines below with your name and address, cut out coupon, and mail to the PYRAMID DRUG CO., 406 Pyramid Building, Marshall, Mich. A trial package of the great Pyramid Pile Remedy will then be sent you at once by mail, FREE, in plain wrapper.

Name
Street
City State
21-11-13

MR. CHARLES FORRESTER, Grand Trunk trainmaster at Stratford, who has been made superintendent at that point. Mr. Forrester was formerly chief dispatcher here.

not took an active part and a vote of thanks was tendered to Mr. McCutcheon upon motion of Dr. Campbell and Mr. T. H. Purdon, K. C. President T. J. Murphy presided.

D. D. G. M. BANGHART VISITED LAMBETH LODGE

Over 100 From London Accompanied the Rt. Wor. Bro. on Traction Line.

Right Wor. Bro. Dr. Percy Banghart, Dorchester, D. D. G. M. for London district, No. 3, A. E. and J. M. paid his official visit to St. Paul's Lodge, No. 107, Lambeth, last evening. He was accompanied by V. Wor. Bro. Wilson, Wor. Bro. Smith, Wor. Bro. Wesley Young and several others from Merrill Lodge, Dorchester, and in addition nearly 100 visitors from London went out.

Wor. Bro. Love and his officers put on the first degree for the edification of the district deputy, and they did their work so well that they received many compliments from the visiting brethren.

After the lodge adjourned, the visitors were entertained to an oyster supper in the banquet room, at which over 200 brethren sat down.

One of the features of the evening was the presence of no less than six past district deputy grand masters from London—Right Wor. Bros. E. T. Essery, J. A. Tancock, Dr. J. H. Wilson, J. W. Methcalf, George F. Morris and J. W. Wallace. This is a unique distinction.

Wor. Bro. Love proposed the toast list. After the health of the "King and the Craft" had been drunk, the toast, "The Grand Lodge of Canada" was proposed, and responded to by Right Wor. Bros. Banghart and J. W. Wallace, "Canada" was done full justice to by Right Wor. Bros. E. T. Essery, who eloquently portrayed the possibilities of the Dominion.

The toast to "The Visiting Brethren" brought responses from Wor. Bro. Smith, Dorchester, Right Wor. Bro. George F. Morris, London; Wor. Bro. C. H. Peacock, Wor. Bro. Fred Palmer, Bro. J. H. Fowler, Right Wor. Bros. J. W. Methcalf, J. A. Tancock, Dr. Wilson, and Dr. Calder, Delaware.

Right Wor. Bro. Banghart proposed the health of St. Paul's Lodge, and it was responded to by Wor. Bro. Love.

The visitors left on the Traction car shortly before midnight, well pleased with the entertainment of the Lambeth brethren.

MORE CHANGES LOOKED FOR ON GRAND TRUNK

Work of All Men Affected Taken Into Consideration in Making Promotions.

While employees of the Grand Trunk in the different official capacities may rest content for a time at least, it is expected that further staff changes will be announced shortly. The new orders were dated to take effect yesterday, but it will be impossible for all of the men to get into their new positions for a few days at least.

The work of the different men affected was taken into the most serious consideration before the promotions were ratified, and the records of all of them pay tribute to their railroad ability.

Mr. Walter White, chief dispatcher at London, has been with the company since 1882, when he entered the transportation department at Toronto as an office apprentice. Since that time he has been with the transportation department continually, excepting for one year in which he was connected with the department of motive power. He has held various positions, including telegraph operator, chief clerk, superintendent of the middle and eastern divisions, chief train dispatcher, acting terminal superintendent at Toronto, assistant trainmaster at Palmerston, and agent at Black Rock. In these positions he has been located at Toronto, Montreal, Palmerston, Black Rock, and in his present capacity as chief dispatcher, at London.

Mr. White will leave to become trainmaster at Palmerston within a few days, and will be succeeded here by Fred A. Rutherford.

Mr. W. J. Durkin, the new trainmaster at London, is a conductor, not an engineer. He is very popular, and is being congratulated upon his deserved promotion.

WAS HE A BURGLAR?

Man Who Acted Strangely Aroused East London People.

Almost any day in the week one can hear a good burglar or ghost story in East London. One of the latest of these is that a strange man patrolled the block of Queen's avenue, from English to Elizabeth streets, the other evening and morning in a vain search for a long-lost uncle. The man was noticed by the residents of this block early at night. He was slowly walking up and down, gazing into the houses from the street.

At 11 in the evening he was still doing his sentry duty, and at midnight he was reported still on the job. Early in the morning the people received a shock when they beheld him still at it. Finally one of the residents went out and asked him what the trouble was. Mr. McCormick, whom he had not seen in many years, but believed that he lived in that vicinity. The reply that nobody of that name lived in the block or anywhere near was treated lightly by the stranger, and he continued to tramp up and down. At 11 a.m. he was still there, and by then had attracted considerable attention. Finally he disappeared, and has not been seen since. He was rather neatly dressed, wore a light fawn overcoat and felt hat.

GRATIFYING REPORTS AT NEW ST. JAMES

Adjourned Annual Meeting Is Held and the Elections to Office Conducted.

The adjourned annual meeting of the New St. James' Presbyterian Church was held last night.

Reports of the Sunday school, Bible training class, cradle roll and Bible class, Young People's Guild, the choir and tennis club were all read, and the reports showed a gratifying increase in numbers and efficiency.

The report of the Missionary Society was read by the treasurer, Mr. George Dickie, showing the total amount raised for missions to be \$1,596.06.

The following were elected to take the places of the five retiring members of the board of managers, viz., J. G. McDonald, W. Mooney, W. McNaughton, A. E. Neil and H. E. Straitch, and the following officers were unanimously re-elected, viz.: John A. Campbell, treasurer; J. A. McNaughton, subscription clerk; and W. T. Brown, pew steward.

The meeting then adjourned to the lower hall, where refreshments were served by the ladies and a pleasant social hour was spent.

Rev. T. H. Mitchell presided at the earlier part of the meeting, and then

thousands of mothers in Canada owe a debt of gratitude to Zam-Buk for its cure of their children, and hundreds of them are not slow to recognize the claim.

Mrs. J. Quiding, of Ninette, Man., says: "My little boy was suffering very badly from a form of skin disease over his eye. I applied Zam-Buk to the affected part, and in a very short time the sores were completely healed."

Mrs. F. Miners, of 311 Suffolk street, Guelph, Ont., says: "My little daughter Lorinda (5) contracted a skin disease. This first broke out like tiny water blisters, afterwards taking the form of dry scabs. These would disappear for a short time, and then re-appear worse than ever. Perseverance with Zam-Buk worked a complete cure."

All druggists and stores sell Zam-Buk at 50 cents a box, or post free from Zam-Buk Company, Toronto, upon receipt of price. Refuse harmful substitutes.

GRATEFUL MOTHERS!

What Zam-Buk Did for Their Little Ones.

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EVERY DEPARTMENT GROWING STEADILY

Annual Meeting of the Southern Congregational Church.

The annual meeting of the Southern Congregational Church was held last evening in the schoolroom and reports showed 1912 to be the most successful year the church has experienced. The reports were received from the various organizations of the church, which showed them to be in a thriving condition.

The following officers were unanimously elected for 1913: Deacons—Messrs. Walton, Cannon, Motley and Bright.

Financial Board—Messrs. Cannon, Cooper, Bright, Georgeson, Gill, Hargreaves, Walton, Wherry and Ford.

Ushers—Messrs. Hargreaves, Georgeson, Ford and McInnes.

Do not suffer another day with itching, bleeding, or protruding piles. No surgical operation required.

Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and as certainly cure you. Box a box; all dealers, or Edmondson, Hays & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample box free if you enclose this paper and enclose 5c. stamp to pay postage.

Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and as certainly cure you. Box a box; all dealers, or Edmondson, Hays & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample box free if you enclose this paper and enclose 5c. stamp to pay postage.

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FOR INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, GAS, SOUR STOMACH—PAPE'S DIAPEPSIN

Time It! In Five Minutes Your Stomach Feels Fine—Sures. Quickest Stomach Doctor in the World.

You don't want a slow remedy when your stomach is bad—or an uncertain one—or a harmful one—your stomach is too valuable; you mustn't injure it with drastic drugs.

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in giving relief; its harmlessness; its certain unfailing action in regulating sick, sour, gassy stomachs; its millions of cures in indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis and other stomach trouble has made it famous the world over.

Keep this perfect stomach doctor in your home—keep it handy—get a large fifty-cent case from any drug store and then if anyone should eat something which doesn't agree with them; if what they eat lies like lead, ferments and sours and forms gas; causes headache, dizziness and nausea; eruptions of acid and undigested food—remember as soon as Pape's Diapepsin comes in contact with the stomach all such distress vanishes. Its promptness, certainty and ease in overcoming the worst stomach disorders is a revelation to those who try it.

Secretary—Mr. E. Ford.
Treasurer—Mr. W. Walton.
Press Reporter—Mr. F. Lister.
Organist—Miss J. Claris.
Charity Organization—Mrs. Chapman and Mrs. Cooper.

Visiting Committee—Mrs. Howard, Mrs. Chapman, Miss Osborne, Miss Temple, Messrs. Gill, Lovedale, Lister, and James.

After the usual business meeting a most enjoyable evening was spent, a lunch being served by the ladies.

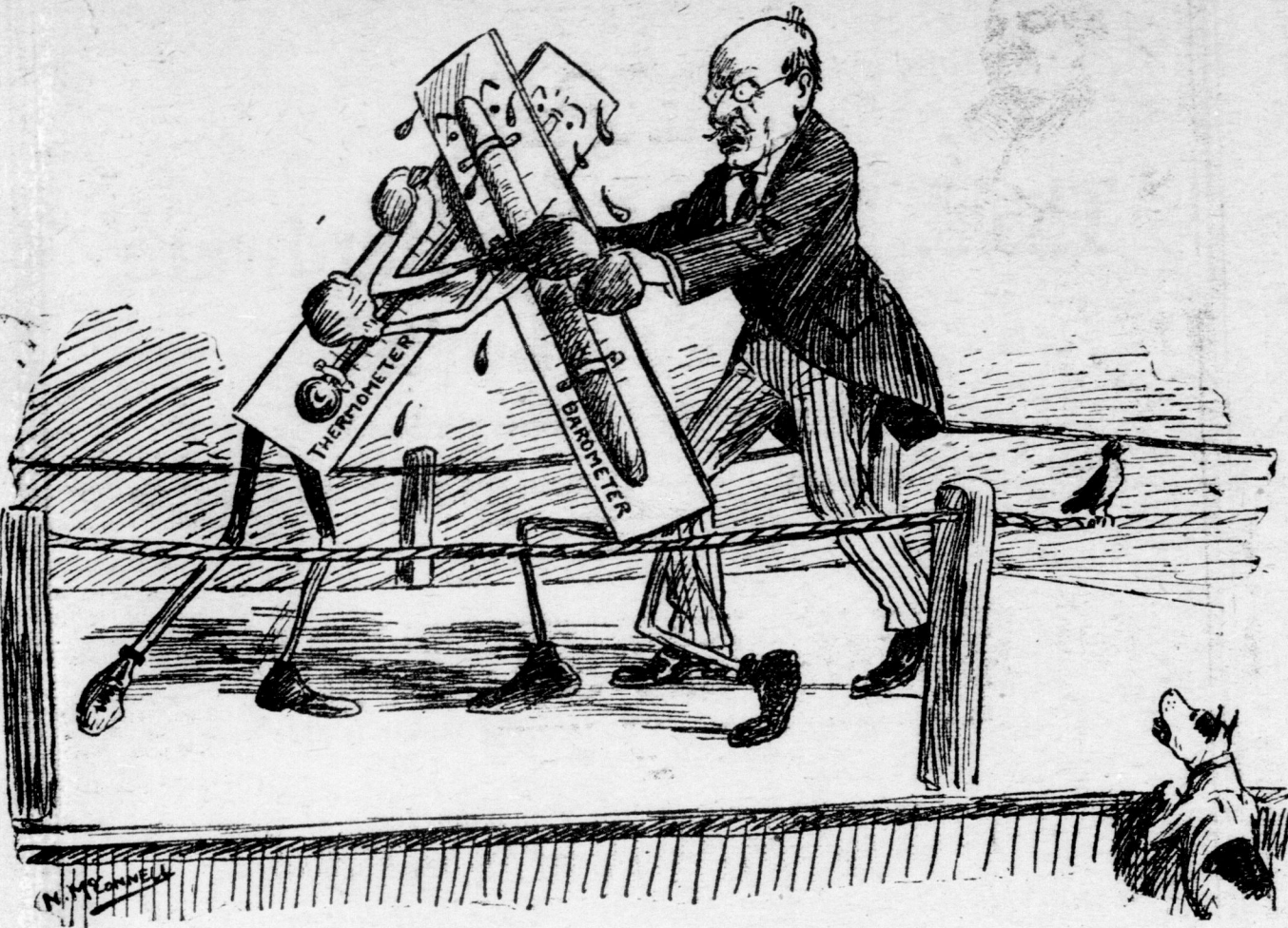
The saddle-horse, at least according to Rider and Driver, is not being displaced by the motor car. The latter, indeed, makes its obeisance to the horse in a curious way. "It is no uncommon sight," says the Journal quoted, "to see two or three streets surrounding Durland's riding academy or the Central Park riding academy, or any of the riding and driving clubs, crowded with automobiles, whose horse-owning proprietors are within doors watching their pets, or riding themselves."

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OUR QUEER WINTER



From the Toronto News.

THE PUBLIC—Break away; break away.

NATIONAL COUNCIL VOTES TO SURRENDER FORTRESS

Turkey Agrees to Turn Over Adrianople to the Balkan Allies as Advised by the Powers and Thus Bring the War to an End.

Constantinople, Jan. 22.—Unless there is some unforeseeable slip between the cup and the lip, Nouradunghian Effendi, the Turkish foreign minister, will present to Marquis Pallavicini, the Austrian ambassador and the dean of the diplomatic corps here, at midday on Thursday the Porte's reply to the demands of the powers, complying with the advice contained in the joint note of the latter in regard to the surrender of Adrianople and the Aegean Islands.

The National Council of the Ottoman Empire met at midday at the palace at Delmahagatche. About 80 notables had been invited to the crucial conference, and most of them attended. As soon as the council had been called to order, Kamil Pasha formally announced the purpose of the convocation. He outlined the situation, and said what the council had to decide was whether Turkey should decide to reject or accept the advice of the powers.

Have No Case.

Nazim Pasha, the Turkish generalissimo, in command of the forces at Thessalonika, told the assembly that he was ready to take the offensive against the enemy if funds were supplied. The Minister of Finance stated that it was impossible to do this, in view of the threat of the withdrawal of financial support by the powers if the war were to be renewed.

Nouradunghian Effendi, the minister of foreign affairs, then made a statement as to the foreign relations of the Porte. It is said that he announced

that Russia had warned the Porte that a renewal of the war might compel the Government of the Czar to abandon its neutrality.

Surrender Fortress.

Kamil Pasha spoke against a renewal of the war, saying the members of the cabinet favored the acceptance of the advice of the powers in regard to yielding to the terms of the allies.

He then invited the members of the National Council to state their views. Altogether about eight members of the council spoke in support of the Government. The opponents of the cabinet said nothing. The discussion was brief, but grave.

The decision of the assembly to accept the advice of the powers to yield to the allies and surrender Adrianople and leave the fate of the Aegean Isles to decision of the powers was almost unanimous.

CANAL ANSWER HANDED TO GREY

Was Forwarded by Cable, But Will Not Be Published Until Friday.

Washington, Jan. 22.—Secretary of State Knox today outlines the status of the Panama Canal negotiations with Great Britain in this formal statement:

The answer of this Government to the British protest against the Panama Canal act was forwarded to London last Saturday by telegraph. It was read by the American Charge d'Affaires, and a copy was delivered to Sir Edward Grey Monday morning. It was proposed by this Government

to make it public Tuesday, but at the request of Sir Edward Grey, who desired to transmit it to the British Parliament on Thursday, its publication was deferred as a matter of courtesy to the British Government.

It is expected to be given to the press on Thursday afternoon in conjunction with its publication in Great Britain. At the same time that a copy was handed to the British foreign office, a copy was delivered to the British ambassador here.

DOM. GRANGE DEMANDS NAVY REFERENDUM

But Would Prefer Canada to Remain as at Present in Regard to Defence.

Toronto, Jan. 22.—Representing the rural opinion of Ontario the Dominion Grange at its annual meeting in Victoria Hall yesterday afternoon unanimously declared for a referendum on the question of Canada's contribution to the maintenance of the imperial navy and passed a resolution of the same time which condemned the policies of both political parties at Ottawa in connection with the subject.

The Grange went further and in a poll of the sixty present went on record as strongly favoring a policy of allowing Canada to remain in her present position in the matter of naval defence. The members argued it would be \$50,000 in cash for naval defence, and they also opposed a Canadian navy. Strong words were spoken and resolutions unanimously adopted criticising the present system of common school education in Ontario and the good roads scheme.

Tax reform, direct legislation, parcel post, the British preference, tariff reform and reciprocity—all these vital reforms were the subjects of animated discussion and were vigorously advocated in resolutions adopted without a dissenting voice.

Whitney's hostility to tax reform was condemned. The master of the Grange, Mr. Henry Glendinning, of Manilla, in Victoria County, presided over yesterday's sessions.

PREMIER WHITNEY BLIND TO PROGRESSIVE MOVEMENTS

Mr. Rowell Promises Portfolios of Health and Labor When Placed in Power—Shows That Sir James Gets His Inspiration From the Past.

Kingston, Jan. 22.—To an audience that filled the city hall, N. W. Rowell, K.C., tonight spoke on the question of tax reform, the working man's compensation act, and abolishing the bar. Lieut.-Col. R. E. Kent, president of the Liberal Association, was in the chair. Before Mr. Rowell was called upon, speeches were delivered by three prominent local Liberals, Dr. A. W. Richardson, Ald. T. F. Harrison and Elmer Davis, while J. C. Elliott, M. L. A., West Middlesex, followed.

Mr. Rowell spoke for an hour, his remarks on three subjects were punctuated with loud applause, and at the close he was tendered an ovation. He first took up the working men's compensation act, and said it was absolutely necessary that in Ontario we should have a department of labor and public health to work upon the problem. He said he would be looking after the interest of the working men," he said. He scored the present Government for not providing proper legislation for the welfare of the working men and charged that the Government had the matter up for six years, yet had not acted.

Attitude of Sir James.

"Sir James Whitney does not like to be termed unprogressive," he added, "and claims to have been misrepresented in his stand on the matter. If Sir James describes his attitude as not one of hostility, but as one who desires to consider all suggestions offered, what would his attitude become on a measure he really did oppose?"

On the question of tax reform, Premier Whitney took somewhat the same attitude as on the question of the working men's compensation act. "Sir James gets his inspiration from the past," he said. "His attitude is that which is caught by modern tide and current. If the time ever comes when we must face a conflict between rights of property and rights of humanity, for me the latter will be but one answer as to the stand I will take, and that will be that the rights of humanity must stand supreme. Thirty years ago in England tax reform had been put into practice. And in Canada to be regarded as radical, if, after 30 years, we try to introduce such a system here?"

Blind to Demands.

"We have been so busy in this province looking after the material de-

velopment that we have had no eyes to see what is going on in other progressive countries. Although there was such a strong demand for tax reform from municipal councils, trades unions, farmers, manufacturers and boards of trade, the Prime Minister continued to shut his eyes and stuff his ears and say that there was no demand for such legislation."

Mr. J. C. Elliott.

Mr. J. C. Elliott, in a vigorous address, said in part:

"I do not believe that Mr. Rowell would be in public life in Ontario today if he had not thought that there was an opportunity to do something for the industrial, social and moral betterment of his fellow-men in the province. "There is a feeling in Ontario today that there should be no tax upon industry and thrift," said Mr. Elliott, amid applause. A strong public sentiment was declared against penalizing a man for improving his farm or his home. Ontario had prided herself upon being the banner province of the Dominion. Yet all the western provinces were attracting the attention of the entire continent by leading in assessment reforms. Manitoba did not assess improvements on farm lands, her land was taxed as unimproved; Saskatchewan practically had local option, Alberta was about to exempt improvements entirely. British Columbia followed the practice of Manitoba and gave municipalities the privilege of local option. The results so far had brought such satisfaction that the city of Victoria last year by a vote of four to one, had decided to follow the example of the other municipalities in the province.

In an address Mr. Elliott described the work of the recent committee on assessment. The committee took its work seriously. But while the committee sat taking evidence the "Government" was away. The "Government" came back and there was another day's session of the committee after the "Government" came home; for fear the "Government" might be influenced by any evidence he might hear, he sat in his sanctum sanctorum so that he might deliver an unbiased judgment. The result was of course that so far as Ontario is concerned the whole evidence disclosed that "there was no need for any tax reform in the Province of Ontario so far as the Government could see."

"I think Mr. Rowell intends to be a leader. I think he is a leader; and the fact that he has grappled with these live problems shows that he is going to better Ontario in the way of progress and reform," said Dr. A. W. Richardson, who was the first speaker.

Ald. T. F. Harrison commended the platform that Mr. Rowell was presenting to the people. The adoption of the social and industrial reforms which it anticipated would overcome in a large measure the necessity for paying out money in old-age pensions.

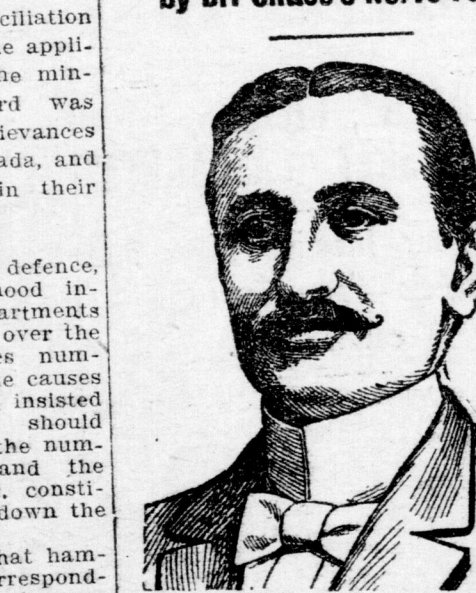
tion of privilege, denounced as maliciously untrue the charges made against him by Sir R. P. Roblin, which involved some incidents in the Macdonald-by-election, and the attitude of Mr. Oliver, when minister of the interior, in respect to the swamp lands of Manitoba.

Mr. Atkins, of Brandon, introduced a bill forbidding the alienation by way of sale or homesteading of water powers and lands contiguous thereto and of lands containing deposits of coal, oil and gas.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier said it would appear that the administration of the department had not been satisfactory. The labor department existed for the purpose of dealing with such situations as had arisen, and such situations would be well advised to carry out its functions. The men had a right to expect that the department would act when they presented their grievances, and act promptly in an conciliatory manner as possible.

Unable to Work for 14 Months

Complete Nervous Breakdown Left Mr. Black an Invalid—Cured by Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.



Mr. Henry Black.

What a helpless mass of flesh and bone the human body is, once the nerves become exhausted. Extreme weakness comes over you, and you lose control of the limbs. The next step is paralysis.

You will be fortunate if, like Mr. Black, you get the building-up process in action before it is forever too late. By forming new, rich blood Dr. Chase's Nerve Food carries new vigor and energy to every organ and every member of the human body.

Mr. Henry Black, 81 St. Catherine street east, Montreal, Que., writes: "The wonderful results I obtained from the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food constrain me to write this letter in order that others who suffer from nervous exhaustion and weakness may use this medicine with equally satisfactory results. As the result of overwork I became completely exhausted, and was unable to work for the fourteen months. As I am the father of a family, these were sad days for me, but after I had used six boxes of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food I had improved so greatly that I continued the treatment until I was completely restored to health and strength. I now work twelve to fifteen hours a day, and keep in excellent health."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

Hon. Frank Oliver, rising to a question of privilege, denounced as maliciously untrue the charges made against him by Sir R. P. Roblin, which involved some incidents in the Macdonald-by-election, and the attitude of Mr. Oliver, when minister of the interior, in respect to the swamp lands of Manitoba.

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Telephone Attachments

TELEPHONE attachments are being peddled in a miscellaneous manner throughout the country and are purchased by unsuspecting or unthinking users and attached to their instruments. Generally the so-called "helps," disinfectants, etc., are a positive hindrance to telephone service, not being so designed as to secure the maximum of efficiency in hearing or speaking.

Many of them get the lines and instruments into trouble whereupon the Company, to protect its service, is obliged to remove them. The instruments should be kept clean by wiping them.

Telephone instruments, necessarily very sensitive and intricate, have been designed to produce the best results as they are. In the interest of good service, subscribers are requested to make no attachments of any kind to their instruments, and attention is especially called to the clause in the contract for service, wherein it is stipulated that "no electrical or mechanical attachments are to be made to the telephones or lines, which are the property of the Company, without its consent."

The Bell Telephone Co. of Canada.

25K-wtyw

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And the stated amount specified therein to cover the EXPENSE items of this great distribution when presented at the office of the

The London Advertiser

as stated in the certificate on another page

ENTITLED YOU

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\$5.00

Illustrated BIBLE

This is not a meaningless picture book. The illustrations serve a distinct purpose. They enrich the text and they do more—they intelligently explain it so that many a hitherto obscure passage assumes a new meaning.

This Is the One Book of All Books that Will Be Appreciated by Every Member of the Family—Young and Old Alike.

No matter how many Bibles you may now have, here is one that will be used, for these eye-teaching pictures make plain the subjects illustrated. It is not essential to belong to a church to realize the educational value of this Book of Books. Every progressive man, woman and child who wants to advance should be familiar with its educational and literary merits.

Either of the Catholic or Protestant Bibles Offered Will Be Mailed to Any Address for the 6 Free Certificates, the Amount Set Opposite the Style Selected and 25c Extra for Postage.

The best kind of a

Good Morning

starts at the breakfast table

Good Humor Follows (if the meal is right)

There's a new Hot Porridge which is making new friends now-a-days because it combines the things desirable in a good breakfast dish: Warmth, delicious flavor, substantial nourishment and easy preparation.

Post Tavern Special

is a skillful blend of wheat, corn and rice—to be cooked and served hot with cream and sugar like old-fashioned porridge.

A try tells why you'll like it for

Tomorrow's Breakfast

At Grocers everywhere—10c and 15c packages

Made by Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Pure Food Factories, Windsor, Ont.

WE WANT TO BUY SOME OLD SILVER.

S. K. MILROY & CO.,
Maker-to-Wearer Jewelry Shop.
260 Dundas Street.

You Simply Cannot Resist

buying a New Idea Electric
Iron when you see one.

Made in London by

Ideal Electric Mfg. Co.



Repairing A Specialty

We have a regular
hospital for all kinds of
jewelry that needs treat-
ment. Our watch depart-
ment is a great success,
and any watches intrusted
to us will receive the
attention of skilled
watchmakers only.

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384 Richmond Street — 234
Dundas Street,
Wholesale, Retail and Manu-
facturing Jewelers.

The Brown Optical Co.

OPTOMETRISTS AND OPTICIANS,
237 DUNDAS STREET. PHONE 1877.

R. K. COWAN

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.,
County Bldg., next Court House, London.

Funeral Director and Embalmer.
Private parlors in connection for
funeral service. Residence on the
premises.
481 RICHMOND ST. PHONE 3971.

Smith, Son & Clarke

Undertakers
115 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 585.
629 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 678.
Residence on Premises.
Private Ambulance Service.

Ferguson & Sons

FUNERAL DIRECTORS.
160 KING STREET.
PHONES 543, 573, 2058.
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

GRIFFITH & WILLSIE

FUNERAL DIRECTORS.
104 Dundas Street, London.
Residence on Premises. Phone 459.
Private Ambulance Service.
Delaware Branch, W. Acres, Mgr.

Geo. E. Logan

FUNERAL DIRECTOR
AND EMBALMER.
418 RICHMOND ST., LONDON.
Residence on Premises.
Phone 1968. Personal Attention.

DENFIELD.

Denfield, Jan. 22.—Mr. Chas. Rosser visited the city recently.
Messrs. Ed. Simpson and James Mc-
Rann, of Clabedoy, called on Denfield
friends recently.
Mr. Harvey, a widower and wife and child,
of Detroit, have been guests of his par-
ents here recently.
Capt. T. E. Robson, of London, called on
friends in Denfield and vicinity recently.
It had not been for the protection of
the breakwater on the corner of the
Denfield road and the 16th concession,
the road would have suffered serious
damage from the recent floods.
Mr. Jos. Linden arrived home this
week from the Ottawa winter show,
where he received a number of prizes on
the sheep he was showing there.
Mr. Frank Noyes has purchased a new
driver from his brother, W. E. Noyes.
The child of Mr. Raef Hodgins is slowly
recovering after a serious illness.
Mr. Wm. Walsh has received another
baby boy at his place.
Mr. W. Needham, of Iderton, is buying
horses for the West in this vicinity.
Mr. Harvey Tedder was called away
Wednesday morning to take a position
as telegraph operator on the G. T. R. at
Linden, Ont.

Roland D. Jarvis

DENTIST.
Corner Dundas and Clarence Streets.

5% SPECIAL DEBENTURES

Round sums can now be invested
and interest paid yearly, if desired.

London Loan and Savings Co.

Hamilton's London Porter and Amber Ale

Always in first-class condition. Brewed
from finest foreign and Canadian hops
and malt.

Kent Brewery

LONDON, ONTARIO.



Spex Comfort

You are positively certain
to get comfort from the result
of our Testing and Fitting.

We make no mistakes with
our method of looking into
the eye.

DIAMOND HALL STORES.

W. G. YOUNG

214 and 674

DUNDAS STREET.

JOHNSTON BROS' XXX BREAD

Bread So Good You
Want It Every Day

Order it from your grocer or have
a wagon call.

JOHNSTON BROS. PHONE 944.

LONDON AND DISTRICT

Conductors' Increase.
Mr. Ricketts left for Montreal last
night in the interests of the conductors
on District 2, Canadian Pacific Rail-
way, who are asking for an increase in
wages and better working conditions.
This is in connection with the Eastern
Association move in which some 55
railways east of Chicago are interested.
Class Entertained.
The members of Mr. F. Perrin's class
of Dundas Centre Methodist Church
were entertained by their president,
Miss Lettie Page, at her home on Eng-
lish street on Tuesday evening. The
decorations were in purple, green and
yellow, the class colors. Mr. Perrin
gave a very pleasing and instructive
travel talk. Mrs. H. Collamore, Miss E.
Noble and Mrs. Stead contributed to
the musical part in their usually effi-
cient manner, and Mr. Allin Stead's
violin selections were very much ap-
preciated. Dainty refreshments were
served, thus concluding a very enjoy-
able evening.

Get your Ice Skates at Cook's Shoe
Store. The finest steel skates in rink
and hockey patterns for men and wo-
men. The J. P. Cook Company, Ltd.,
167 Dundas street.

MRS. D. TRIPP HURT
GETTING OFF A CAR
Bathurst Street Lady Had Narrow
Escape From Falling Under the
Wheels.

While returning from a visit with
her daughter, Mrs. F. Price, Tuesday
night, Mrs. David Tripp, of 31 Bathurst
street, slipped in alighting from a
street car at the corner of Ridout and
York streets, and fell, sustaining serious
injuries.

Mr. Tripp, who accompanied his
wife, alighted first, but as his wife de-
scended the steps the car started sud-
denly, and she slipped. Had it not been
for the prompt action of Mr. Tripp it is
said she would have fallen under the
wheels. Mrs. Tripp is now under the
care of Dr. J. D. Wilson and Dr. F. P.
Drake.

ICE PASSING DOWN THE ST. CLAIR RIVER

A Large Quantity Coming in From
Northern Lake Huron.

Sarnia, Jan. 22.—A large amount of
lake ice is passing down the river to-
day. The north wind, which has been
blowing for some time, has blown it
down from the northern part of the
lake. It does not, however, interfere
with the boats of the Port Huron and
Sarnia Ferry Company.

A pretty house wedding was held at
the home of W. A. Logan, 125 Euphe-
mia street, on Tuesday, the 21st,
when his brother, Ed. Finley Logan, a
prosperous farmer of Warwick Town-
ship, was united in marriage to Miss
Ida King, daughter of Dauphin King,
of Wyoming. The ceremony was per-
formed by Rev. W. H. Barracough in
the presence of many friends.
Rev. W. H. Barracough, of the Central
Methodist Church, in St. John, N. B.
will, however, remain in Sarnia until
early summer.

The Sarnia Temperance Alliance has
not at yet decided whether they will
start a fight for a lowering of the num-
ber of licenses.

Shiloh

"The Family Friend for 40 years." A never
failing relief for Croup and Whooping Cough.

Taxicabs and Carriages for every
occasion. Hueston's Livery.

MIRROSCOPES

for enlarging postcards in colors on
a white screen.

J. H. BACK & CO.

210 DUNDAS STREET.

PLEASE DON'T WAIT

TILL YOUR LAST
SHOVELFUL OF COAL
IS ON THE FIRE.
ORDER EARLY.

John Mann & Sons

401 Clarence St.
425 York St.
Phone 470.



SATISFACTION GUARANTEED OR
MONEY BACK.
374 RICHMOND STREET.

PARNELL'S RYE BREAD

Try a Loaf

Good for Dyspeptics

Phone 929 and 1390

To Cough Is Bad

To persist in coughing is
worse. Stop that cough to-
day with

TOLU TAR and TAMARACK

25 Cents a Bottle

Cairncross & Lawrence

Chemists and Druggists.
216 DUNDAS ST., LONDON, ONT.

ARE SORRY TO LOSE REV. J. G. INKSTER

Resolutions Passed by Woman Teach-
ers' Guild.

The Woman Teachers' Guild held
their usual monthly meeting in the Al-
exandra School, when Rev. Dr. Ross
gave in substance his excellent paper
on "Methods in Reading," which so
delighted the Librarians' Association
during their last convention in London.
The lecture was highly appreci-
ated by all.

Mrs. Hughes and Mrs. Colon Smith
were present, a deputation from the
Mothers' Club, to urge the necessity of
a curfew bell in the city, as a help in
keeping young children off the streets
as playgrounds at night. The teach-
ers will co-operate in this movement.
Rev. J. G. Inkster's departure from
the city, as a valued member of the
board of education, was deeply regret-
ted, and the secretary of the guild was
instructed to forward to him the fol-
lowing resolution:

"Moved by Miss S. Macklin, second-
ed by Miss M. Treblecock:
"That the Woman Teachers' Guild of
London, having learned with deep
regret that the Rev. J. G. Inkster, is
about to leave our city, and so must
resign his position as trustee of our
public schools, do herewith wish to
convey to Mr. Inkster their sincere
thanks for the courtesy, help and cheer
they have ever received from him in
his capacity as trustee, and do ear-
nestly wish him every success in the
western city of Victoria, to whose call
of 'Come over and help us' he has so
courageously responded."

CHARIOT RACES WERE FEATURE OF CARNIVAL

Annual Affair Held By the London
Skating Club.

The annual carnival of the London
Skating Club held last night in the
Princess Rink was a successful affair
from every standpoint. The rink was
prettily decorated with bunting and
Chinese lanterns, and coupled with
the gay costumes of the skaters pre-
sented a most attractive scene.

A unique feature of the evening
was the chariot races, in which eight
pairs competed, the awards going to
Messrs. Wald and Gunn, with Miss
Dora Saline holding the reins. The
grand march was led by Mr. J.
Boucher and Miss Harris, and the
waiting on ice and other exhibitions
of fancy skating showed great skill.
Refreshments were served during the
evening, both to the skaters and the
onlookers present.

The prize winners were: Lady's
best costume, Miss N. Michie, daugh-
ter of Pharaoh; gentleman, Mr. J.
Boucher, Prince of Montenegro;
child's costume, Miss Honore Cronyn,
Maid of Hearts; best original cos-
tume, Miss Robinson, Spratt's Food.
Dr. Pardee Bucke, secretary of the
club, had charge of the events.

ROWAT'S COFFEE

Please people who
are particular.
40c per lb.
T. A. ROWAT & CO
250 Dundas St., Also South London.
PHONES: 3051, 3052, 959.

MOTORISTS SAY LAW IS UNFAIR

London Men Will Discuss Stop-
ping of Motors Alongside
Street Cars.

THE WORK OF THE YEAR

Contributions Were Made to Good
Roads at Pottersburg and at
Port Stanley.

A proposed amendment to the city
of London traffic by-law, whereby the
clause compelling the halting of motor
cars overtaking standing street cars
would be eliminated was discussed at
a meeting of the executive of the Lon-
don and Western Motor Club last
night at the Tecumseh Hotel.

The matter will be brought before a
general meeting of the club members
at the board of trade rooms Monday
night, when it is expected that quite
a discussion on the road regulations
will develop.

While certain members claim that it
is a hardship to be compelled to stop
behind every standing street car, es-
pecially in the business section, where
it is sometimes difficult to turn out to
the left side for fear of conflicting with
opposite traffic, others coincide with
the spirit of the law.

In overtaking and passing a street
car on the left side, there is some-
times danger of colliding with a car
on the other track, but some motorists
hold that the law affords necessary
protection to the public and is neces-
sary to the chauffeur. Consequently,
there may not be unanimity in further-
ing the amendment.

Times For Discretion.
There are times, however, when dis-
cretion should be used in the enforce-
ment of the law. At Dundas and
Richmond streets and other points
where street railway crews change
shifts, long waits might sometimes be
necessary before a motorist could pro-
ceed, as it has been found that these
changes are not always made punctu-
ally.

However, there are few complaints
when halts are made only for cars
"that are stationary for the purpose of
taking on or discharging passengers,"
as the law states.

In some cities autos are permitted to
pass street cars on the right side of the
road, but this would mean that they
would have to keep ten feet
away from the steps.

A Luncheon.
The discussion took place after a
luncheon, tendered the members of the
club by President J. M. Moore, C.E.

Efforts will be put forward to have
a number of permanent pavements con-
structed in London this year to ob-
viate some of the bad road difficulties
that have worried persons in charge of
horse-drawn and motor vehicles for
years.

The club has secured affiliation with
the Ontario Motor League, which or-
ganization is created along a systematic
line for the general good of motordom.
Road signs were furnished and erected
designating the proper routes between
certain points and bad curves, dan-
gerous grades, and railway crossings
were marked with proper signals.

License Reciprocity.
The league is now endeavoring to
secure license reciprocity between On-
tario and adjoining provinces, and
states that the benefit for tourists, this
year is being persisted in, and it is
hoped that good results will be ob-
tained.

The O. M. L. has also been active in
preventing the enactment of laws cal-
culated to restrict the rights of motor-
ists; pressure was brought to bear by
which the speed limit was increased
from ten and fifteen miles an hour in
city and county respectively to fifteen
and twenty miles; good roads bylaws
have been instigated and supported;
members have assisted to the best of
their ability in providing outtings for
innates of charitable institutions;
main thoroughfares have been
cleared with a degree of success; scouts
have been placed on country highways
to prevent the operation by county
authorities of speed traps, which are
held to be unfair; and many other
things have been accomplished.

The London and Western Club con-

Health and Beauty Answers

[BY MRS. MAE MARTYN.]

Cora S.: As your hair is short and
thin and you have so much trouble to
keep it up and look neat, try sham-
pooing it with a teaspoonful of canthox
dissolved in a cup of hot water. This
shampooing will generally be used by
the best hairdressers to make the hair
thicker and lustrous. It produces an
abundant hair, grows quickly and does
not clean the hair and scalp well, but
stimulates the hair and gives the scalp
feeling of pleasing tingling. It will
make your hair soft and fluffy. You will
have little trouble then to move your
hair up and keep it in place. Never use soap
for shampooing, as it makes the hair brittle, harsh
and takes away the glossy look. Do
get rid of dandruff and stop falling hair
see reply to "Gertrude J."

Meta D.: A delatone paste will remove
the fuzz from your lip without danger or
inconvenience. Just mix enough powdered
delatone and water to cover the hairy sur-
face, apply and after two or three min-
utes rub off, then wash the skin carefully.
One application of delatone usually suf-
fices excepting where the growth is quite
thick or stubborn.

Mrs. L.: What a shame to have
wasted so much money in vainly trying to
get rid of your fat. I have a formula
that some of my close friends have tried
for many years. Heat one pint of dis-
solved four ounces of paraffin in 1 1/2 pints
hot water; when cold strain and take a
teaspoonful of the liquid before each
meal. This remedy will not injure your
health or force you to starve yourself in
order to get back your skin soft. It
cuts down fat rapidly, is not expensive
and will surely help you.

B. C. V.: Remember this: "A beauti-
ful face never lacks interest." It is to
your credit that you wish to remain
young-looking as long as possible. Dis-
solve four ounces of paraffin in 1 1/2 pints
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and will surely help you.

G. E. A.: When you wear a veil face
powder will not help your complexion
much, as it rubs off too easily. What you
need is a good skin. You should use regu-
larly a good eye-cream. G. E. an ounce of
crystal; dissolve it in a pint of water and
use two or three drops in each eye daily.
It will clear and strengthen your eyes, re-
move all signs of weakness and inflama-
tion and make them bright and sparkling.
For weak, dull, expressionless eyes I
think this tonic simply wonderful. It is
very soothing and is fine for those who
wear glasses.

S. D.: Yes—nothing is a more important
factor in beautiful face than bright
clear, youthful eyes. You should use regu-
larly a good eye-cream. G. E. an ounce of
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KNOLLWOOD PAID \$100 OFF THE MORTGAGE

East End Presbyterian Con-
gregation Held Annual Meet-
ing Last Night.

The annual meeting of Knollwood
Park Presbyterian Church, held on
Wednesday night, was well attended,
and the reports presented were highly
gratifying, showing, as they did, that
considerable progress had been made.
The pastor, Rev. P. E. Nichol, occupied
the chair. The treasurer's report was
read by Mr. G. M. Millar. Receipts,
\$599.15; disbursements, \$595.84. Of the
latter, \$100 had been paid on the re-
duction of the mortgage and \$25 was
donated to missions.

Reports from the Ladies' Aid Soci-
ety were heard from Mrs. W. Haw-
thorne and Miss C. Bell. Although small
numerically, this organization is ex-
ceedingly active, and accomplished
much good work. They raised \$35.82,
most of which had been handed over
to the managers to assist in meeting
the ordinary expenses of the church.

Miss Jennie Carroll read the Young
Peoples' Guild report. The guild, al-
though only started a few months ago,
first under the leadership of Mr. Will
Davis, and latterly Mr. W. Flowers, has
been very successful, and has an av-
erage attendance of 25.

Sunday School Report.
The Sunday school secretary, Mr.
Arthur Jones, presented his report
which was, as usual, interesting and
encouraging. The enrollment is 122,
with an average attendance for 1912 of
87. The receipts totalled \$121.54. The
school has excellent staff of teach-
ers and officers, and under the direc-
tion of Mr. Carlyle Webster, their new
superintendent, a steady and substan-
tial growth is anticipated.

Two new members were elected to
the board of managers, Messrs. John
Anderson and John Moule.
The question of a new organ was
discussed at some length, and it was
unanimously decided that a new one
be purchased, the different departments
all pledging themselves to contribute
towards the organ fund.

Votes of thanks were passed to Mrs.
W. Hawthorne and Mrs. C. Jones for
their splendid services to the church
as organists.

The business reports of the even-
ing were interspersed with musical
numbers by Misses Decker, Fraser,
Carroll and Mr. W. Letchford, follow-
ed by refreshments served by the
ladies, and a social half-hour.

This Home-made Cough Syrup Will Surprise You

Stops Even Whooping Cough
Quickly. A Family Supply
at Small Cost.

Here is a home-made remedy that takes
hold of a cough instantly, and will usu-
ally cure the most stubborn case in 24
hours. This recipe makes 16 ounces—
enough for a whole family. You couldn't
buy as much or as good ready-made
cough syrup for \$2.50.

Mix two cups of granulated sugar with
one cup of warm water, and stir two min-
utes. Put 2 1/2 ounces of Pinex (fifty
cents' worth) in a 16-ounce bottle, and
add the Sugar Syrup. This keeps per-
fectly and has a pleasant taste—children
like it. Braces up the appetite and is
slightly laxative, which helps end a cough.

You probably know the medical value
of pine in treating asthma, bronchitis and
other throat troubles, sore lungs, etc.
There is nothing better. Pinex is the
most valuable concentrated compound of
Norway pine extract, rich in gualic
acid and all the natural healing pine ele-
ments. Other preparations will not work
in this formula.

The prompt results from this inexpen-
sive remedy have made friends for it in
thousands of homes in the United States
and Canada, which explains why the
plan has been limited often, but never
successfully.

A quantity of absolute satisfaction, or
money promptly refunded, goes with this
recipe. Your druggist has Pinex, or will
get it for you. If not, send to The Pinex
Co., Toronto, Ont.

Health and Beauty Answers

[BY MRS. MAE MARTYN.]

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Ubi Mel, Ibi Apes

"Where the honey is, there are the bees".
In the home where Corby's "Special Selected"
Canadian Whisky is, there you find a connoisseur
— a man who knows what good whisky is