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Mr. D. McCallum
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T. STEPHEN,
D. BARING

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MES W. STREET

The Standard,
is PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY
A. W. Smith.
At his Office, Water-Street, Saint Andrews, N. B.
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The Standard,

OR RAILWAY AND COMMERCIAL RECORD.

No 51 SAINT ANDREWS, N. B., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 29, 1851. [Vol. 18]

LAW RESPECTING NEWSPAPERS
Subscribers who do not give express
notice to the contrary, are considered as
wishing to continue their subscriptions:
If Subscribers order the discontinuance
of their papers, the publisher may continue
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paper is sent to the former direction, they
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Charlotte County Agricultural Society.

Report of Proceedings, &c.
At the Annual Meeting of the Charlotte County Agricultural Society, held at the Town Hall, St. Andrews, 14th January, 1851, the President submitted the Report of the Directors, which was adopted.
The Committee upon the Treasurer's accounts, reported the same correct and satisfactory.
The Committee upon Grain and Domestic Manufactures, submitted their Report, which was accepted.
Resolved, That 200 copies of the Reports and Proceedings be published for distribution.
The Society then proceeded to elect Officers for the ensuing year, and the following were declared duly elected:—
H. HATCH, PRESIDENT;
J. WALTON, VICE-PRESIDENTS;
D. MOWAT, SECRETARY;
W. HATCH, TREASURER;
A. T. PAUL, SECRETARY.

COMMITTEE
Robert Stevenson, Samuel Getty, John McDonald, M. J. C. Andrews, D. W. Mowat, James Lechary, Henry O'Neil, Robert Johnston, ALEX. T. PAUL, SECRETARY.

THIRTY-FIRST ANNUAL REPORT OF THE CHARLOTTE COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Directors of the Charlotte County Agricultural Society, offer to this Meeting the Thirty-first Annual Report of the Society. Every year that passes impresses upon the minds of the Directors, the vital importance of bestowing all care and diligence upon the objects of this Society. That agricultural improvements should be brought under the consideration of the public, in every possible way, stimulating to exertion all persons by example, by precept, the distribution of improved treasures upon agriculture, and by creating a taste for reading them; for it is a fact which must be admitted by all, that our only permanent resources lie in the proper cultivation of the soil, and this evinces itself more strongly year after year, as time advances.

It has been with great pleasure and satisfaction, and with a deep sense of gratitude to Him who sendeth all things, that the Directors have to state, that the past season has yielded an ample supply of the products of the earth for all purposes; and those complaints which have hitherto assailed our ears, have been hushed by thanks for a propitious season. The Potatoe crop is the only failure, and as the disease which has hitherto affected that root, is evidently upon the decline, it is to be hoped that its further progress will be arrested.
It has been an object with the Directors to improve the Grasses, and for this purpose a quantity of grass seed was purchased at the Harvey Settlement, and was sold at cost and charges to Members, which has given satisfaction. A further supply has been contracted for at the same place, for the next season. The Society has also imported a quantity of the best Northern Red Clover Seed. A quantity of Potatoe Oats; also, of black sea and red Russia Wheat; also, of two rowed Barley, and purple topped Swedish and yellow Aberdeen Turnip Seed, which has been sold during the last year to farmers.
The Directors have been induced to dispose of at public auction, the Boar of the Essex breed, and the Boar and Sow of the Suffolk breed, mentioned in the last Report as being imported, upon condition that they should be kept in the County for two years. By this arrangement the object of improving this kind of stock is secured, and the great expense of feeding these animals saved to the Society.
It was resolved, that the Cattle Show should be discontinued this year, and the money appropriated in the importation of stock; that attention should be called to the improvement of this branch of agriculture, by the introduction of a better breed of cattle; and it was further resolved, that Sheep and four Heifers of the most improved breed should be imported, and the means for that purpose have been transmitted to Mr. J. McDonald, a member of the Society, now in Great Britain, and these cattle will be sent out early in the Spring, which, with two Ayrshire Bulls now in possession of the Society, will enable the Society to offer the farmers an opportunity of turning their attention to this subject, and upon the improvement a greater competition will be created at any future Cattle Show, and premiums more legitimately awarded.

In the last year's Report, the Directors, among other things, brought under the consideration of the Society the great importance of effectually ploughing the land. It has been their great desire to introduce improved plows for this purpose, as important improvements in this useful implement have been made, adapted to the different kinds of work to be performed. It is well ascertained, that sod and double plowing cannot both be properly done with the same plow. Under the conviction that plows of the above description would be advantageous to our farmers, they imported, during the last season, two plows from the manufactory of Ruggles, Nourse, Mason & Co., of Boston. They have been strongly recommended by Mr. F. Holbrook, a scientific and practical farmer residing in Brattleboro, and, although from the lateness of their arrival last fall, a thorough trial could not be made, yet these plows bid fair to give great satisfaction in the performance of their work, combining qualities of real worth. They have one recommendation which is important—cheapness with reference to plows imported from the Mother country, or made in this, enabling the farmer to purchase two for the usual price of one. To illustrate the foregoing, we think it would be useful to subjoin a part of Mr. Holbrook's remarks upon these plows, taken from the Cultivator for September, 1850:—

"The mould-board of the stubble-plow is of a considerably shorter construction, and is wider at the heel in proportion to its length, than that of any good sod plow; and this gives it great turning power, enabling it to take up its loose furrow-slice, throw it all over to the desired place, completely inverting as well as pulverising it, and leaving a clean channel behind for the reception of the next furrow. The castings, both of the mould-board and land side, are considerably higher than is usual in plows, which prevents stones and clods of earth from falling over and down between them, and thus aiding to fill up the furrow channel. The beam, immediately forward of the standard-bolt of the castings, is high and arching, giving a clear space of eighteen inches between the beam and the sole of the castings. When the plow is at work in the furrow, the extra space left between the surface of the ground and the plow-beam, in consequence of the increased height of the latter, effectually prevents the wedging up of stubble, coarse manure, or other impediments, immediately forward of the

standard; and thus are avoided those vexations so frequently experienced when plows of the common construction are used. In June last, for the express purpose of testing this plow in regard to its ability to keep itself clear from clogging, I spread a dressing of coarse manure over an acre of corn stubble land, and set the plow at work in furrows 8 inches deep. The acre was plowed, and the manure all covered, without once stopping the plow to clear it, and without any effort on my part to prevent its clogging. With this implement, the plowman may choose any furrow he pleases from twelve to five inches deep. The small size of the stubble-plow is intended to meet the wants of those farmers who work their stubble lands with light teams. The largest size is easily drawn in sandy or gravelly loams by a pair of stout horses or oxen, if the furrow is not more than eight inches deep.

The green sward plow is of quite a different construction from that of the stubble plow. Its point is long, rising very gradually toward the standard, with a share gradually widening to its full breadth and cut. The plow enters the ground in the form, so to speak, of a long tapering wedge, lifting the furrow-slice in an easy manner, laying it smoothly over into its proper place, with an easy draught by the team, and with little assistance from the plowman. It has also a space of eighteen inches between the beam and the sole of the castings which prevents all clogging. The roller is attached to the side of the beam, instead of being placed under it, and consequently, it can be made ten to twelve inches in diameter, thus avoiding that constant grooving and laboring upon the axis, which is liable to occur where small rollers are used. The dial clevis and draft-rod, by which the team is attached to the plow, is an improvement, I think, upon the common clevis. Besides there being and more durable attachment, it enables one to set his plow with entire accuracy in any desired furrow, from the shallowest and narrowest to the deepest and widest, that it is capable of taking."

While upon this subject, we are desirous of bringing under consideration, some remarks taken from the Cultivator, with reference to the Wilkie Scotch Plow, the kind most generally used in this County, and which does not seem altogether adapted to the different kinds of plowing of this country. It is by comparison and observation, that the relative defects and capabilities of any implement are made apparent:—
"A Fleck's Wilkie's Scotch Plow performed work in a handsome manner; the furrows were high set, and their form was well adapted to cover the seed with a friable soil after it had passed under the action of the harrow. The materials of the implement were of the best quality, being wholly of iron, and all the portions of it, except those opposed to the abrasion of the furrow-slice, appeared almost indestructible. In his opinion it is liable to the following objections: 1st. Its draught is heavy. 2d. Its weight makes it too laborious for the plowman to handle, particularly where the furrows are short, and the turnings are consequently frequent. 3d. Its price is too great for the means of ordinary farmers. 4th. It requires a more thorough training on the part of the plowman than is ordinarily attained by the farmers of this country. 5th. The bottom of the furrow is left uneven, that portion of the bottom contiguous to the land-side, being deeper than the portion nearest the furrow side. It is evident that this cut gives less friable earth adapted to the exigencies of the crop than if it were level at the bottom."

The Directors being deeply impressed with the importance of draining land, would recommend that pieces of land should be set apart in some locality, to be drained according to the improved system, as far as the means in our power can be used, and that suitable premiums should be offered. At present it is not thought expedient to import a machine for making tiles, by the aid of which land can be drained cheaper and more effectually than with the common stones of the country; yet productive cultivation depends so much upon this branch of agriculture, that the tiling machine cannot much longer be dispensed with; it will press its own importance. It is also in contemplation to offer premiums for the best method of making Manures, whereby a stimulus will be created, its importance and effects be brought under consideration, and its usefulness more prominently illustrated.

The subject of housing Cattle is now brought under your consideration. The necessity of keeping Cattle warm in winter, might reasonably be supposed to occupy the attention of every farmer, but on the contrary we find barns quite open and cattle exposed to the inclemency of the wind and weather. If it were rightly understood how much more it costs to winter cattle in a cold barn than in a warm one, and that they cannot be made to thrive so well upon the same quantity of food, farmers would strive to obviate this defect. It is said, "That the animal body acts as a furnace, which must be supplied with fuel, and the greater the exposure to cold, the more fuel there must be to keep up the heat."
The Directors have to acknowledge the receipt from the office of the Provincial Secretary, of twenty copies of Professor Johnston's Report upon the Agricultural Capabilities of this Province, from the New-Brunswick Society for the encouragement of Agriculture, Manufactures, and Commerce; a number of copies of their Reports; and also thirty copies from the Saint John Agricultural Society, of their Annual Report and Proceedings, for which they return thanks. A subscription in aid of the objects of the former Society has been made in this County.

An Agricultural Society has been formed in the Parish of Saint Patrick, and has held its first Annual Meeting and Cattle Show. The spirit evinced upon the occasion, in exhibiting domestic manufactures, grain, and cattle, was highly laudable.

An Agricultural Society has also been formed in the upper Parishes of this County, and it is hoped that its operations may be highly beneficial to those engaged in the cultivation of the soil.

Quarterly Meetings of the Committee have been held as usual. At the last meeting a committee was appointed to examine and report upon the Treasurer's accounts; which report you will have herewith.
The Directors have much pleasure in stating that several new names have been added to the list of members, and that an opinion is daily gaining ground, that improvement upon the present system of cultivating the land, is an object that should engage the attention of every Farmer. It is evident that a great change has of late come over the minds of men, with regard to the cultivation of the soil. It is cheering and encouraging, and if the Farmers can be brought fully to realize the advantage of raising their own wheat, flour, meal and other products, in support of their families, it will give an increased stimulus to an onward course, and progressively this Province will give in importance, and the whole mass of the people feel the influence of prosperity and independence; the permanent reward of the improved system of Agriculture of the day.

Respectfully submitted,
A. T. PAUL, Secretary. H. HATCH, President.
St. Andrews, January 14, 1851.

APPENDIX. REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON GRAIN AND DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES.

ON WHEAT.	
1st premium,	60 lbs. per bushel, J. Walton, 15 0
2d premium,	60 lbs. per bushel, J. Stevenson, 12 6
3d premium,	59 lbs. per bushel, H. O'Neil, 10 0
ON BARLEY.	
1st premium,	58 lbs. per bushel, S. M. Curdy, 12 6
2d premium,	56 1/2 lbs. per bushel, D. Mowat, 10 0
3d premium,	56 lbs. per bushel, J. Walton, 8 0
ON OATS.	
1st premium,	41 lbs. per bushel, C. Carson, 12 6
2d premium,	42 lbs. per bushel, H. O'Neil, 10 0
3d premium,	41 1/2 lbs. per bushel, D. Mowat, 8 0
ON RUG WHEAT.	
1st premium,	49 1/2 lbs. per bushel, J. Stevenson, 12 6
2d premium,	46 lbs. per bushel, S. M. Curdy, 10 0
3d premium,	44 1/2 lbs. per bushel, D. Mowat, 8 0
ON BESS AKAPE.	
1st premium,	49 lbs. per bushel, J. M. Farlane, 15 0
2d premium,	35 lbs. per bushel, J. Stevenson, 12 6
ON DYED WOOLLEN CLOTH.	
1st premium,	S. M. Farlane, 1 6 0
2d premium,	J. M. Farlane, 17 6
3d premium,	J. Linton, 12 6
ON COTTON AND WOOL SATTINETTS.	
1st premium,	John Baldwin, 15 0
2d premium,	H. O'Neil, 12 6
3d premium,	D. Mowat, 10 0
COTTON AND WOOL PLAIN CLOTH.	
1st premium,	H. Stevenson, 12 6
2d premium,	Wm. Hyslop, 10 0
3d premium,	S. M. Curdy, 8 0
TWEED AND COTTON WOOL.	
1st premium,	J. Baldwin, 15 0
2d premium,	J. Walton, 12 6
3d premium,	R. Johnston, 10 0

The Committee appointed to examine the Treasurer's account with the Society, have attended to that duty, and beg leave to Report that the accounts as submitted with the Vouchers are correct; and the Committee append the following abstracts:—
Amount expended during the Year 1850, for premiums, implements, stock imported, and to be imported, £294 4 11
Balance now in Treasurer's hands, £162 14 11
Amount due the Society on notes now held by them, 115 11 10
Cattle, Implements, and seeds, valued at, 30 3 10
Amount in Agent's hands for sales in 1850, 31 4 0
£339 15 41
DAVID MOWAT, ROBT. STEVENSON, Committee.
St. Andrews, 5th Jan. 1851.

STRANGE AND ROMANTIC LAW-SUIT.

Paris is certainly the greatest place, in the world for curious affairs in every department of life. The following curious incident, of recent occurrence, would do credit to the inventive genius of Alexander Dumas, and will remind our readers of the Greek Girl in the Count of Monte Christo:
Some years ago, one of the most distinguished savans of the Palais de l'Institut who was devoted to scientific travel nearly the whole of his life, on returning from one of these distant voyages, brought with him to Paris a young Greek girl, about 11 or 12 years of age. Being a Frenchman, the malicious of that day laughed at the savant as a Joseph, accusing him of having whiled away his heavier hours abroad by "les detractions de la puerie."—This however was false; the fair Albanian was his by no other title than a regular bill of sale.

One day, while at Constantinople, passing by one of the slave bazars, he entered, by curiosity, in the midst of a group of women and children, exposed for sale; he saw a beautiful girl, whose youth and grace deeply interested him. His heart became so enamored with the young creature, that he resolved to rescue her from the fate which awaited her. He called upon the slave dealer and asked the price. As she was of the best race, and brilliant beauty, nothing less than two hundred sequins could purchase her.—This he paid, and in a few days embarked for France, with his rare young beauty.

Shortly after his arrival here, the young Albanian was placed in the celebrated female school of the ene de Verennes, the Convent of Sacre Cœur, where the best masters are employed. Nothing was spared to render her education as brilliant and accomplished as possible. For six years the young girl remained under the Cours of the Convent, and so gifted was she by nature that in six years she became an accomplished Parisienne. During all this time the savant had not been idle; his name had become justly celebrated; several kings had decorated him, and several academies had elected him their member. His cup of happiness was nearly full. There was wanting but one thing to crown it—a wife.—Naturally, his heart turned toward his young Albanian—his property—and on whom he had lavished so much money.
Would not an alliance with an honorable family, a distinguished man, be another benefice to the poor slave? She was now eighteen years old. The savant took her from the convent to his house and told her of his plans, which she received as every well educated lady would, with a blush on her cheek and a tear in her eye, while her answer was such as

became a grateful heart. The savant was happy, and the wedding was appointed. At this time the savant received a mission from the government, which was to last but five or six weeks, and which he could not decline.
The young girl was sent to reside, during his absence, with a friend of his, a Countess, who lives during the summer in a magnificent chateau on the banks of the Loire.—During the summer the Countess received a large number of visitors, to amuse whom she gave ball parties and fetes triquetres every day. The young Albanian had great success amongst the lions, and was the object of their most devoted attentions. The savant, on his return, hastened to the chateau to meet his betrothed. The Countess was in consternation, for the betrothed had disappeared, and no one knew whether. (Who shall recount the despair of the lover of fifty? The Candies of the chateau were desolated at the

discovery of one of their guests, and the name of "la belle ville," as the Bussy Rabutin calls Paris, were agonized not to see the debut of the Grecian beauty.
The Police were called in, but this was a useless expense, as in a short time, the betrothed savant learned that his protegee was the wife of M. Le Vicomte de la C., and that he will have the pleasure the present winter of seeing her the belle of Paris. The savans are not always philosophers, at least in practice. The owner of the fair Vicomtesse, furious at the "talking, stealing and carrying away" of his slave, has brought an action against the Vicomte for the price of his wife and the costs and charges of her education, amounting to an alarming sum total. The Vicomte has offered to compromise, or to refer the matter to arbitrators; but the savant will not agree to anything less than the original sum total. So, according to the wall-flowers, we are to have before the end of this famous cause, for an amount which the Vicomte calls a real doctor's bill.

VEGETABLE FERTILIZATION.

Who knows reminds that it is by the numerous insects which the flowers of the plants of the class can be fertilized, although the sexual. The third of the flowers is the pistil, a pile of delicate hairs, which have numerous non-downy ends; they have been compared well-known varieties of the monardella, but share the insect eagerly plus, and having fed its appetite, it makes an insect to get again, but in vain. It thus remains a close prisoner, and buzzes to and fro, rubbing off the pollen from the anthers on to the stigma, and thus completing the object intended by its capture. However then seems to refer to the process, the insect shrinks, and the entire insect covers its liberty again.—People's Journal.

MASONIC.



HIBERNIAN LODGE, No. 318. THE regular Monthly Meeting will be held on Tuesday evening next, the 4th Feb., at 6 o'clock. A punctual attendance is requested.

ROYAL ARCH CHAPTER. THE Quarterly Meeting of Hibernian Royal Arch Chapter, No. 318, will be held at the Lodge Room on Thursday next, the 6th Feb., at 6 o'clock.

Money to Loan.

PARTIES wishing temporary Loans from £10 and upwards, will be treated with, by leaving their application at the STANDARD OFFICE.

EQUITABLE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON. CAPITAL £5000,000 STERLING.

PROPOSALS for Insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Household Furniture, Goods, Stock in Trade, Farming and Agricultural Stock, &c., will be accepted, and Policies granted on application to GEO. D. STREET, AGENT.

SURROGATE COURT. County of Charlotte. In the matter of the Estate of Abner Hill, late of the Parish of St. Stephen, in the County of Charlotte, farmer, deceased.

WHEREAS, Mary Hill, of St. Stephen, widow and executrix of the said deceased, hath presented a petition to me, praying to be allowed to prove the last will and testament of the said deceased, & that letters testamentary thereof may be granted to her.

H. HATCH, Sur. Judge for the County of Charlotte.

INLAND ROUTE TO BOSTON, BY RAILROAD AND STEAMBOAT.

UNTIL further notice, the steamer 'CREOLE' will leave St. John, on TUESDAYS at 7 o'clock, a. m. for PORTLAND, keeping the inland route, touching at Eastport and intermediate Ports.

F. W. HATHWAY, OFIS SMALL.

FLOUR, Apples, Raisins, Figs &c.

The Subscriber has just received from New York, via Eastport, 130 BBLs. Super Fine FLOUR, a superior article.

Fresh ground Coffee every morning. DONALD CLARK, St. Andrews, Dec. 18, 1850.

Chancery Sale.

To be Sold, on Wednesday the twenty-third day of April next, at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon, with the approbation of the undersigned, one of the Masters of the Court of Chancery in this Province of New Brunswick, at the Court House in the town of Saint Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, pursuant to a Decreeal Order made in the said Court on the fifth day of November now last past, in a cause depending in the said Court between the President, Directors and Company of the Frontier Bank of Eastport, Complainants; and George McKenzie, James W. Street, and Simon M. Carroll, Defendants.

All that certain lot of Land, situate, lying and being in the Parish of St. George, in the said County of Charlotte, near the Magagaudic River, being one quarter of the lot No. 39, from the shore up to the Marsh Creek, abutted and bounded as follows, viz:—on the Mascareen shore and westwardly by a lot No. 39, formerly belonging to Charles Bullock, and eastwardly by lot Number 40, formerly owned by Neal McKenzie.

Also—All that certain piece, lot, or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the Parish of Saint George aforesaid, known and distinguished as lot No. 36, in the Penobscot Association Grant, so called, situate on the south-eastern side of the river Magagaudic, bounded north easterly by lot No. 37, south easterly by a tract reserved for a glebe and school, and south westerly by lot No. 35, containing 100 acres.

Also—All that certain other lot adjoining the last described lot and known as lot No. 37 containing 100 acres.

Also—One half of a lot of land situate in the Parish of St. George on the S. Eastern side of the Magagaudic river included in the Mascareen Grant and distinguished as No. 39, containing 50 acres.

Also—All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of Land, situate, lying and being, in the said Parish of Saint George, known and distinguished as lot No. 34, in the Mascareen Grant.

Also—All that certain other lot of Land situate in the Parish of Saint George aforesaid, known and described as lot No. 35, in the Mascareen Grant.

Also—A certain other lot of land, situate, lying and being, on the Portage of the first Falls on the river Magagaudic, and bounded as follows:—Commencing at the south west corner of a lot formerly conveyed to Matthew McGrath, thence north 15 degrees, west 163 feet 6 inches, or to the conjunction of the main street or great road of communication, thence south 5 degrees, east 173 feet 6 inches, to a stake on the border of Wallace street, thence north 65 degrees, east 70 feet one inch, or to the lot formerly conveyed to Matthew McGrath, thence N. 5 degrees, W 43 feet to a corner, thence north 65 degrees, east 35 feet, at the foot of said McGrath's lot to the bound first mentioned, the said lot being known as the Gard Lot.

Also—A certain other lot of Land, situate, lying and being, on the Magagaudic river aforesaid, being lot No. 1 of the Second Division, bounded as follows:—On lots Nos. 32 and 33, owned by George McKenzie and Timothy O'Rourke, westerly by lot No. 2, formerly owned by Hugh McFarlin, eastwardly by a lot owned by the M. Vicars, and in the rear by a lot owned by James Campbell and William Grant.

The terms of sale and further particulars may be known on application to the Solicitor for the Complainants, or at the Master's office.

Dated at Saint Andrews, this eleventh day of January, 1851. GEO. D. STREET, Master in Chancery.

JAMES W. CHANDLER, Solicitor for Complainants.

PICKED up between Nigger Point and Partridge Island, a small ANCHOR and CHAIN. Apply at the STANDARD OFFICE, November 19, 1850.

FLOUR. Georgetown Superfine FLOUR, a very superior article for Bakers and Family use.

For sale by JAMES W. STREET, St. Andrews, Dec. 18, 1850.

NOTICE.

THIS is to Caution and Warn all persons from trespassing on lot or block of Land No. 43, known as part of Strickland's Grant, in the Parish of Pennfield, as they will be prosecuted to the utmost rigour of the Law.

W. McLEAN, Attorney & Agent for the Heirs, Saint Andrews, 17th Decr., 1850.

FOR SALE.

The lot of Land and premises, with the Cottage thereon, situate on Princess Royal Street, in the Town of St. Andrews, formerly occupied by John S. Jarvis.

REMOVAL.

All Transactions connected with the business of the late Mr. THOMAS TURNER, will in future be attended to at the Store formerly occupied by Messrs. Edward & Joseph Wilson, to which Stand the entire STOCK of the deceased has been removed and where the whole is now for sale at as low prices as formerly.

PARTNERSHIP.

THE Subscribers have entered into Co-Partnership in Trade and Merchandize, under the style and Firm of ODELL and TURNER.

THOMAS T. ODELL, ELIZA TURNER.

REMOVAL.

DR. BAYARD, Has removed to the House formerly occupied by Mr. Sloan, situated between the stores of Messrs. Dumock & Wilson, and Odell and Turner.

TEA, LIQUORS, PAINTS, LONDON BROWN STOUT, &c.

Ex the 'Cluny' from Liverpool, and 'Lis 40' from London, the Subscriber has received the following:—30 Chests Congo Tea, 10 Hhds. best Cognac Brandy, 10 Fine Pale Hollands, 1 Fine Old Port Wine, 50 Kegs White Paint, 16 Kegs Black do, 40 Casks 4 dozen each Bya's London Brown Stout.

Also, to arrive per 'Eldorado', 30 Chests Congo Tea, 8 Crates Crockery Ware, 2 Tierces Crushed Loaf Sugar, 2 Pipes 1st Pale and Cognac Brandy, 10 Hhds, 27 Bags Deck Spikes, assorted sizes, 12 Kegs best Horse and Ox Nails, &c. J. W. STREET, Oct. 7, 1850.

TEA, PAINTS, LIQUORS &c.

To arrive per 'Cluny', from Liverpool: 30 CHESTS Congo TEA, 50 Kegs White PAINTS, 56, 24, and 14 lb. Kegs 16 do, Black do.; 1 Pipe and 10 Hhds. Best Cognac BRANDY, 10 do do Hollands GIN, 1 do. Fine Old Port WINE, &c. &c. J. W. STREET, Spt. 16, 1850.

TO LET.

THAT Three Store House, in Queen Street, next to Mr. Stevens's Hotel. A reasonable sum for repairs to the building will be allowed out of the rent.

F. A. BABCOCK, for BLACK & MURISON, St. Andrews, Aug. 26th, 1850.

NOTICE.

A DIVIDEND on the Capital Stock of the CHARLOTTE COUNTY BANK, of 3 per cent, was this day declared, payable to the Stockholders on or after the 4th proximo.

J. RODGER, C. C. Bank, 13th Oct., 1850. Cashier.

Stoves! Stoves! The Subscriber has just received on consignment by late arrivals from Boston, a large supply of COOKING AIR-TIGHT, and other STOVES, which are for sale, at his store, in the Market Square, cheap for Cash.

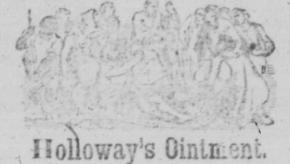
W. MacLEAN, St. Andrews, 8th October, 1850.

MOLASSES, PORK, &c. Just received ex Sch. Le Tang from New York 20 H HDS. Molasses, 4 Boxes Tobacco, 4 do do Extra, for sale low by the Subscriber, June 12, 1850. JUSTUS WETNGREN.

REMOVAL.

D. LAUGHLIN, Blacksmith, has removed to Wier's Wharf, where he continues his business. Draining Tools, Carriage Work, Farming Implements, Horse Shoeing, and Ship Work executed with fidelity and despatch on liberal terms.

CURES FOR THE UNCURED.



Holloway's Ointment.

AN EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF SCROFULA OR KING'S EVIL. Extract of a Letter from Mr. J. H. Alliday, 214, High Street, Cheltenham dated the 22nd of January, 1850.

To Professor Holloway. SIR,—My eldest son, when about three years of age, was afflicted with a glandular swelling in the neck, which after a short time broke out in Ulcers. An eminent medical man pronounced it a very bad case of Scrofula, and prescribed for a considerable time without effect.

To Professor Holloway. SIR.—It is with the greatest pleasure that I write to thank you for the benefit I have received from your Pills and Ointment, which have completely cured me of the Rheumatism, under which I suffered for this last four years, at times, was so bad as hardly to be able to walk.

CURE OF A BAD LEG OF SIXTY YEARS' STANDING.

Mr. Barker, of No. 5, Graham's Place, Drypool near Hull, had a lesion on his leg from the age of eighteen until upwards of eighty, and although for many years he had sought the first advice, in the country, and in London, without success.

THE CURIOUS DESPERATE CASE OF RINGBORN OF SIX YEARS' STANDING.

One of the most eminent Surgeons in Lima (the Capital of Peru) had a child covered with Ringborn for more than 6 years, in vain he exhausted all his art in his endeavours to effect a cure.

On the best of the existing Methods for requiring a thorough knowledge of Practical Husbandry.

On the Difficulties to be encountered in learning Practical Husbandry, and on the Means of overcoming them.

On the Persons required to Conduct and Execute the Labor of the Farm.

On the Branches of Science most applicable to Agriculture.

On the Institutions of Education best suited to Agricultural Science.

On the evils attending the neglect of Landowners and others to learn practical Agriculture.

On observing the details and recording the facts of Farming by the Agricultural Student.

Terms of the Work.—The American edition, the first number of which is already issued, will be published in semi-monthly parts of 64 pages with an English steel engraving in each number, of which there will be about 22 in all. PRICE, 25 CENTS PER NUMBER.

Three Copies will be sent to one address for \$15; 5 copies for \$75. Cash in all cases to be remitted direct to the Publishers, and not through Agents.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers, 79 Fulton Street, Entrance 54 Gold Street, New York.

FLOUR, PORK, &c.

Ex schooner 'Mary H. Case' from New York, and A. L. Hyde from Alexandria, via Eastport. 75 BBLs S. Fine, Alexandria Flour (a superior article) 50 do S. F. Genesee do, 10 Half bbls do do, 25 Bbls Rye Flour, 1 Tierce Rice, small bags Buckwheat, 3 Bbls heavy Mess Pork.

NOTICE.

THE Sale of Doctor DeWolfe's Chambrack Property advertised in the Charlotte Gazette, for the 17th instant, is unavoidably POSTPONED until TUESDAY, the 12th NOVEMBER, next, then to take place at the same hour, (11 a. m.) on the premises without reserve.

For terms see the Charlotte Gazette. W. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Saint Andrews, Oct. 15th, 1850.

The sale of the above Property is further postponed, of which timely notice will be given; mean time it is offered at private sale in lots to suit purchasers. Apply to the Proprietor at St. John, or the subscriber.

GREAT AGRICULTURAL WORK!

THE FARMER'S GUIDE TO Scientific and Practical Agriculture. By HENRY GREENE, F.R.S.E., Author of the 'Book of the Farm,' Editor of the 'Quarterly Journal of Agriculture,' &c. &c.

Assisted by JOHN P. NORTON, A. M., Professor of Scientific Agriculture in Yale College, New Haven, Author of Agricultural Prize Essays, &c. &c.

This highly valuable work will comprise two large royal octavo volumes, containing over 1400 pages, 18 or 20 splendid steel engravings, and more than 600 engravings of wood, in the highest style of the art, illustrating almost every implement of husbandry now in use by the best farmers, the best methods of ploughing, planting, haying, harvesting, &c. &c., the various domestic animals in their highest perfection; in short, the pictorial feature of the book is unique, and will render it of incalculable value to the student of agriculture.

This great work is the joint production of two of the most talented agricultural scholars of the day; the one eminent as an author and editor in Great Britain, and the other as a Professor in Yale College. Both are eminently practical as well as scientific men, and all they say may be relied on as the result of profound research, tested and sustained by practical experiment.

The work is divided into four departments, distinguished by Winter, and Prof. Norton's notes will be published as an appendix to each part. The first chapter treats of the following subjects, under the head of—

INITIATION On the best of the existing Methods for requiring a thorough knowledge of Practical Husbandry.

On the Difficulties to be encountered in learning Practical Husbandry, and on the Means of overcoming them.

On the Persons required to Conduct and Execute the Labor of the Farm.

On the Branches of Science most applicable to Agriculture.

On the Institutions of Education best suited to Agricultural Science.

On the evils attending the neglect of Landowners and others to learn practical Agriculture.

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LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers, 79 Fulton Street, Entrance 54 Gold Street, New York.

TO LET.

And possession given on the first of May next THAT pleasantly situated COTTAGE, with out-houses and Garden attached, the property of Captain Nehemiah K. Clements, at present occupied by L. White, Esq. For further particulars apply to D. F. FITZGERALD, Agent.

