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THE ST. JOHN EVENING TIMES

WEATHER --- Decreasing winds, fine and very cold tomorrow.

VOL. I, NO. 110.

ST. JOHN, N. B., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1905.

ONE CENT.

HE WAS FROM CAPE BRETON.

John A. Marr Found Dead in Boston Was a Native of Mabou.

Sydney, N. S., Feb. 7.—(Special)—John A. Marr, who was found dead yesterday in a tenement house in Boston, where he had been lodging, lived in Sydney for two or three years, being in the employ of the Dominion Iron & Steel Company as a pattern maker. He lost his job through the steel workers strike in June last.

His wife and family of six children are still living here. Marr went to Boston four months ago. He was a native of Mabou, Cape Breton, and 43 years old. The family lived in Bath, Maine, before coming to Sydney. The Oddfellows' Lodge at that city of which he was a member have been notified of his death, and they will have the remains removed to Bath for interment.

STOLE JEWELS WORTH \$8,000.

San Francisco, Feb. 7.—F. M. Holbrook, a wealthy lumberman of Minneapolis, who accompanied by his wife has been spending some weeks in this city started for home today. When about to board the Overland Express, Mrs. Holbrook discovered that a chest containing jewels valued at \$8,000 had disappeared on the way from the hotel to the railroad. The matter was placed in the hands of the police, but so far the detectives have not succeeded in finding a clue to the missing gems.

GERMAN AFFAIRS.

Berlin, Feb. 7.—Prince Etzel Friedrich has so far recovered from this attack of pneumonia that his physicians announced today that no further bulletins will be issued.

Berlin, Feb. 7.—The lower house of the Prussian Diet today passed the bill authorizing the construction of the Rhine-Weser canal with an extension to Hanover.

THE LADY CURLERS.

The return match of the married vs. single ladies will be played in the Thistle rink tomorrow morning. The skips are as follows:—

Married, Mrs. W. Mills, Mrs. W. Holly, Mrs. G. W. Campbell; single, Miss L. Robinson, Miss B. McLaren, Miss B. Armstrong.

PANAMA CANAL.

Colon, Feb. 7.—The steamer Tagus arrived here yesterday bringing one hundred laborers from Barbados and 200 from Jamaica under contract to work on the canal. They will be placed along the line, mostly for Cuba.

POLICE COURT.

The case against the Hebrews charged with molesting the Handed came up today. The men promised to comply with the law, and were allowed to go.

One of the number who were also reported for working without license, was sent to the mayor's office, and after receiving some advice were allowed to go.

The case against George Baxter for having sold and ported in his beer shop, stands till tomorrow, at 11 o'clock on account of his illness.

Rev. E. A. Wither has kindly consented to give his illustrated lecture on "Japanese Art and Life" under the auspices of the St. Stephen's Church auxiliary of the W. E. M. S. This is the lecture which Mr. Why gave before the University of Toronto a week ago.

Port Jervis, N. Y., Feb. 7.—Several coal pockets of the Erie Railway Company, a number of cars and several buildings were burned here early today. The loss is about \$100,000.

LUMBERMEN ASK SMALL DUTY ON ROUGH LUMBER.

Ottawa, Feb. 7.—(Special).—A large delegation of lumbermen waited on the government today to get a duty of \$2 a thousand on rough lumber. The delegation was organized by the British Columbia Lumbermen who they say have been hard hit by competition from the United States mills. Among the delegation there was J. H. Booth and Dennis Murphy of Ottawa, W. D. Miller of the Party Sound Lumber Co., W. D. Thomas of the Sarnia Lumber Co., W. B. Tindall of Toronto, James Playfair of Midland, W. P. Bull of Toronto of the Kipling Lumber Co., D. L. White, Midland, and Boyd Turner.

The delegation met Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Senator Templeman in the railway committee room of the Senate.

The first speaker was Mr. Paterson of Vancouver. He said that British Columbia mills had to shut down for three months in the year because of competition from United States. A duty on rough lumber was necessary. He cited the difficulties that the government had in arranging a tariff to suit the varied needs of the country. British Columbia should be given an equal chance with the manufacturers of the other provinces. Duty was so far refused because of the Northwest farmer, but in this opinion the Manitoba and Northwest farmer had reached that stage of prosperity which would permit of their paying for this duty. Individually they were better off than the people of British Columbia.

RUSSIA IS FIRM YET.

Charge d'Affaires Says Peace Is Not Possible AT PRESENT TIME.

London, Feb. 7.—The charge d'affaires of the Russian embassy informed the Associated Press this afternoon that there is no basis for the rumors of peace prospects. The Russian attitude, he declared, had not changed, and he could not be considered under present conditions.

Shelling Jap Centre. The situation on the Shikoku and Hsu rivers is unchanged. A small force of Russians attacked Sushan last Saturday and shelled various portions of the Japanese center also on Sunday.

WILL DISCUSS I. C. R. MATTERS.

At Meeting of Moncton Board of Trade—Trains Delayed—Westmorland L. O. A.

Moncton, N. B., Feb. 7.—(Special).—A meeting of the Board of Trade is called for tonight, to discuss the movement to have Newswater made a divisional point of the C. P. R. near Mission, last October, has made a full confession to the Pinkerton which implicates the despatcher Ball Miner, who is now in hiding in the Hole-in-the-Wall, Wyoming, also a third man whose name cannot be obtained, but whom detectives consider the most dangerous of the trio.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

At the Royal—Phil. H. Moore, Boston; C. H. King, St. John; Mr. and Mrs. A. Alley, Charlottetown; Thomas Talbot, New York.

At the Victoria—H. H. McCord, Sackville; J. H. Dow, Portland; H. Stutcliffe, Halifax.

At the Clifton—W. B. Knight, Moncton.

FUNERALS.

The funeral of the late Mrs. James Brennan took place this afternoon from her husband's residence, Union St., to the Cathedral, where Rev. Father Holland officiated. Interment took place in the new Catholic cemetery.

The funeral of Mrs. John J. Barry took place this afternoon from her late residence, Leinster St. The remains were taken to the Cathedral where Rev. Father Holland, read the burial service. Interment took place in the New Catholic cemetery.

WINTER PORT NOTES.

Donaldson line steamship Tritonia moved over to No. 4 berth west end this morning from the new city wharf to discharge her western freight and to take on board her outward cargo.

The steamer Manchester Trader arrived at Liverpool yesterday from St. John for Manchester.

The Rosalind liner Indran sailed from Glasgow Feb. 4 for this port.

MAIL TRAIN DERAILLED.

White River, N. B., Feb. 7.—The mail train which left on Saturday night for Boston was derailed today at Sharon a station on the Central Vermont Railway 14 miles northwest of White River Junction. The mail and baggage cars left the train but no one was injured except the mail clerk. He was slightly hurt. Traffic was stopped for four hours.

THIS EVENING.

Annual meeting of the H. K. Y. G. in rooms, Germain street.

Bandman Opera Company in the Cingalee at the Opera House.

Race at Victoria rink between Price and Robson between fifth and sixth bonds.

Band and good ice at Queen's rink. Social Tea in vestry of Brussels St. Baptist church at 6 o'clock.

Lionel views in Portland street Methodist church.

The St. John Co. Orange Lodge meets in Orange Hall at 8 o'clock.

Rev. J. F. Floyd will lecture in Copley St. Christian church on "The Origin of Man and the Collapse of Evolution."

Thistles vs. Carleton curlers in Carleton rink.

OBJECTED TO BREAD AND TEA.

Mike Sullivan Would Not Pay For Any Such Diet --- His Wife Says He Gets Pie.

Michael Sullivan charged with drunkenness and refusing to furnish money for the support of his family was before the police magistrate this morning and pleaded not guilty.

His wife stated that her husband had frequently come home drunk on Saturday nights, and that last Saturday, he struck her on the mouth, causing it to bleed, when she tried to take money from his pocket. She had received but little money from him during the past month, and had received help from relatives.

MILL ST. BARRACKS IS TOUGH QUARTER.

Salvation Army Officers Tell Their Troubles in the Police Court This Morning.

William McCann, who was arrested last night on a charge of loitering on Mill street, and obstructing pedestrians by standing across the sidewalk was in court this morning.

Sergeant Kilpatrick testified that McCann had been loitering on the stairs of the Salvation Army barracks on Mill street, he told him to get out, and behave himself. The prisoner then went out on the street and refused to do what he was told, and caused annoyance by obstructing pedestrians and he was obliged to arrest him. He stated also that McCann had been drinking.

Two officers connected with the Mill street Salvation Army barracks were examined and their offences showed that McCann had caused them considerable annoyance. This he could trace back to the close of the past year. On one occasion he had entered the hall carrying a club with him and caused them a good deal of trouble. The officer in command had been obliged to lay hands on McCann and admitted having slapped his mouth.

McCann asked the witness why he had not experienced trouble with him on other occasions. His honor told the prisoner that the officer did it as a means to compel him to go out and might have been obliged to beat him. He informed McCann that he was liable to a fine of \$50, or a term of imprisonment.

His honor asked the officers if they had not experienced trouble with him on other occasions. His honor told the prisoner that the officer did it as a means to compel him to go out and might have been obliged to beat him. He informed McCann that he was liable to a fine of \$50, or a term of imprisonment.

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WALSH WAS NOT SORRY.

Charged With Assault He Refused to Apologize.

AND WAS FINED \$20. Peculiar Assault Case in the Police Court This Morning in Which the Complainant Was a Woman—What the Magistrate Said.

The case of assault preferred by Mrs. James E. Cox against James Walsh was heard at the police court this morning.

Mrs. Cox stated that she occupied the ground floor of the house at No. 308 Brussels street, the second floor of which is occupied by Mr. Walsh. She was informed by one of Mr. Walsh's children on Saturday that there was smoke up stairs, and upon going up found that the house was on fire, and went out and gave the alarm. She went up again yesterday to see what damage was done, and stated that Walsh told her to get out, that if she was a woman, and taking her by the arm, pushed her towards the stairs.

She remarked to two young men who were sitting on the stairs, that he had always thought Walsh a perfect gentleman, and could not understand his meaning, when she heard him call out through a hole that had been burned in the door—"and I'm you. Who's the cur you are talking to down there?"

Walsh admitted having taken her by the arm, but emphatically denied having either pushed her towards the stairs or used bad language. He stated further that he had lived in the house with Mrs. Cox for some time, but had very little to do with her, and did not want her to tell her so. He had a perfect right to do this as he was in his own house.

The magistrate observed that while it was true he was in his own house, he had a right to tell Mrs. Cox she was not wanted, but he was not to use such language. He had a perfect right to do this as he was in his own house.

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KILLAM IN THE CHAIR.

New Head of Railway Commission Took His Place at this Morning's Session.

Ottawa, Feb. 7.—(Special).—When the railway commission met today Justice Killam took his seat as chairman of the London switching case was up for consideration. Before proceeding with this case, Mr. Killam for the Grand Trunk, and Charles Drinkwater, for the C. P. R., wished Judge Killam the same success on the Board as he had on the bench.

The new Chief Commissioner thanked Mr. Cowan and Mr. Drinkwater for their remarks. He was glad to hear that his work on the bench met with general approval and he intended to apply himself with the same industry and assiduity to his new duties. The powers of the railway commission were extensively wide and should therefore be cautiously and judiciously exercised. He would also add that where the jurisdiction was clear the board's authority would also be firmly and fearlessly enforced.

He asked for the indulgence of the bar and the public for a time. The switching case between the Grand Trunk and the C. P. R., at London was then proceeded with.

HALIFAX MAN'S BIG DISCOVERY.

Halifax, N. S., Feb. 7.—(Special).—Edward Church, of this city today received word from his father, who resides at Chester N. S., that he and Charles Cleveland, a blacksmith of Chester had discovered the long lost and much sought after process of hardening copper and was writing to Mr. Church sent to his son a sample of the result of an experiment of the process. It is a small piece of copper, about an inch long, and it appears as hard as steel, and is falling to make an impression on it.

If Mr. Church's confidence in the process is fully justified he has made a discovery that has been sought for hundreds of years and one of immense value.

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FACTORIES RE-OPENED.

But Very Few Workmen Appeared at Lodz Today.

Large Number of Miners Are Still Out --- General Strike Situation Seemingly Growing Worse—Mill Machinery Destroyed.

Lodz, Russian Poland, Feb. 7.—The factories were opened this morning but scarcely any of the workmen appeared. At one factory the men worked until lunch time and then left and refused to return saying they were not to be killed by a bullet from the street fired through the door. Another factory abruptly ended work.

The situation appears to be growing worse and a bad time is expected Feb. 9, the date on which some of the largest manufacturers have decided to pay their employees the balance of their wages, dismiss them, and shut down the mills indefinitely.

The strikers are becoming more aggressive. This morning they forcibly entered a mill and destroyed the machinery.

Petersburg, Feb. 6.—Lesmer's torpedo factory here resumed work today. The managers dismissed the employees in obedience to Governor General Tropoff's orders and then re-engaged them.

The Trouble Has Spread. London, Feb. 7.—According to despatches in the morning newspapers of this city the strikes in Russia have spread to several stations on the trans-caucasian railway. A military train going to Batoum was derailed through strikers tampering with the line. There was no loss of life.

Strikers and Police Fight. Tiflis, Feb. 6.—A crowd of 300 strikers, carrying red flags invaded the centre of the town Sunday morning, distributing proclamations and firing revolvers at gendarmes who tried to seize the flags. Two of the gendarmes were severely wounded with bullets and a third with a bayonet. The police dispersed the demonstrators, arrested thirty persons and pursued others into a tavern where several of the rioters were so badly injured that they had to be sent to the hospital.

A German Paper's View. Berlin, Feb. 6.—The Lokal Anzeiger's correspondent at Kattowitz telegraphs:—

The state of siege has been declared at Sanovics, General Jodczynsky taking command. The superintendent of police has been dismissed from office. Gatherings of as many as three persons on the streets are forbidden. Military are using their rifles upon the slightest disobedience of orders. Tearing down placards announcing the state of siege is punished with ten days imprisonment. Serious collisions are expected. The strikers have to be dismissed from office. Gatherings of as many as three persons on the streets are forbidden. Military are using their rifles upon the slightest disobedience of orders. Tearing down placards announcing the state of siege is punished with ten days imprisonment. Serious collisions are expected. The strikers have to be dismissed from office. Gatherings of as many as three persons on the streets are forbidden. Military are using their rifles upon the slightest disobedience of orders. Tearing down placards announcing the state of siege is punished with ten days imprisonment. Serious collisions are expected. The strikers have to be dismissed from office. Gatherings of as many as three persons on the streets are forbidden. Military are using their rifles upon the slightest disobedience of orders. Tearing down placards announcing the state of siege is punished with ten days imprisonment. Serious collisions are expected. The strikers have to be dismissed from office. Gatherings of as many as three persons on the streets are forbidden. Military are using their rifles upon the slightest disobedience of orders. Tearing down placards announcing the state of siege is punished with ten days imprisonment. Serious collisions are expected. The strikers have to be dismissed from office. Gatherings of as many as three persons on the streets are forbidden. Military are using their rifles upon the slightest disobedience of orders. Tearing down placards announcing the state of siege is punished with ten days imprisonment. Serious collisions are expected. The strikers have to be dismissed from office. Gatherings of as many as three persons on the streets are forbidden. Military are using their rifles upon the slightest disobedience of orders. Tearing down placards announcing the state of siege is punished with ten days imprisonment. Serious collisions are expected. The strikers have to be dismissed from office. Gatherings of as many as three persons on the streets are forbidden. Military are using their rifles upon the slightest disobedience of orders. Tearing down placards announcing the state of siege is punished with ten days imprisonment. Serious collisions are expected. The strikers have to be dismissed from office. Gatherings of as many as three persons on the streets are forbidden. Military are using their rifles upon the slightest disobedience of orders. Tearing down placards announcing the state of siege is punished with ten days imprisonment. Serious collisions are expected. The strikers have to be dismissed from office. Gatherings of as many as three persons on the streets are forbidden. Military are using their rifles upon the slightest disobedience of orders. Tearing down placards announcing the state of siege is punished with ten days imprisonment. Serious collisions are expected. The strikers have to be dismissed from office. Gatherings of as many as three persons on the streets are forbidden. Military are using their rifles upon the slightest disobedience of orders. Tearing down placards announcing the state of siege is punished with ten days imprisonment. Serious collisions are expected. The strikers have to be dismissed from office. Gatherings of as many as three persons on the streets are forbidden. Military are using their rifles upon the slightest disobedience of orders. Tearing down placards announcing the state of siege is punished with ten days imprisonment. Serious collisions are expected. The strikers have to be dismissed from office. Gatherings of as many as three persons on the streets are forbidden. Military are using their rifles upon the slightest disobedience of orders. Tearing down placards announcing the state of siege is punished with ten days imprisonment. Serious collisions are expected. The strikers have to be dismissed from office. Gatherings of as many as three persons on the streets are forbidden. Military are using their rifles upon the slightest disobedience of orders. Tearing down placards announcing the state of siege is punished with ten days imprisonment. Serious collisions are expected. The strikers have to be dismissed from office. Gatherings of

THE ST. JOHN EVENING TIMES, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 7 1905.

Prince Charlie.

By BURFORD DELANNOY.

(Continued.) The absence of such coquetry in Miss Mivvins was refreshing...

CHAPTER VII

Reading The Hand. The moon was now shining, now obscured...

scours and scores of times. Now-I shall never forget Wiverson or this seat.

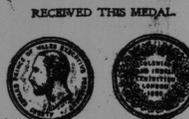
"Oh, don't think I go too far! Do not for a moment suppose that I am pretending that the geography of the future mountains, plains-the ups and downs of life-can be studied from the map of the hand."

During the task-it was a silent one-he was tempted, sore, to put his lips in the warm centre of what he held.

"Tell me." She spoke impatiently, her curiosity was well roused. Scrutinizing her hand with interest, wholly disbelieving him, she said-

He was not inattentive of her feeling, for the birth of which he was responsible. Just restrained her; put his hand out on to hers.

"Why I said the exact opposite was because in your hand there are lines"-he was holding her hand again now; holding it tightly as if he did not want it to slip away again-



This medal was awarded to Minard's Liniment in London in 1884. The only liniment to receive a medal. It was awarded because of strength, purity, healing powers and superiority of the liniment over all others from throughout the world.

THE LION AND THE LAMB.

Austrian Emperor Invites the Son of His Arch Enemy to Meet Him.

Vienna, Feb. 6.-In view of the recent victory of the Hungarian independence party Emperor Francis Joseph has extended an invitation...

A MODERN CAIN.

Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 6.-Ambrose Shakespeare, aged 14 years was fatally stabbed by his brother Thomas, three years older, while at breakfast today at their home in the northern section of the city.

JULIET'S OLD HOME.

New York, Feb. 6.-A Verona, Italy despatch to the Herald relates that the historic house, where, according to tradition Juliet dwelt when he was wooed by Romeo, is in danger of collapse.

The Mildest and Surest Relief.

For constipated bowels and piles is Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Madderack and Bittern which cause no gripping pain and act promptly.

Dry Goods and Millinery CLEARANCE SALE.

Owing to change of business, which will continue until the whole new and complete stock (\$15,000) has been disposed of. Such Bargains in Ladies' Garments, Ready-to-Wear Suits, Skirts and Coats, we venture to say have never before been offered in this city.

Treated by Three Doctors

for a Severe Attack of Dyspepsia.

Got No Relief From Medicines, But Found It At Last in

Burdock Blood Bitters.

Mrs. Frank Hutt, Morrisburg, Ont., was one of those troubled with this most common of stomach troubles.

It is not known where the audience will take place. Kossuth, it is stated has declared that he will only meet the emperor in the Hungarian capital. It is believed here there is a possibility that Kossuth will be appointed Hungarian Minister of Finance.

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B. MYERS, Dry Goods Store, - - 695 Main Street.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S 25c CATARRH CURE... 25c. It is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower.

FLOUR - White Then HOME'S BRIGHT BREAD - Light PRICE - Right FIVE ROSES FLOUR Artificial Bleaching not required. LAKE OF THE WOODS MILLING CO., LIMITED.

THE ST. JOHN EVENING TIMES, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1905.

Financial and Commercial.

THE BANK RESERVES AND GOLD EXPORTS.

How the Banks Have Stood the Loss of the Metal -- Movement of Funds From the Interior to New York -- Danger of Misjudging the Position -- Analysis of a Decidedly Interesting Situation.

(Boston Transcript.) The lack of response of the money market to the heavy gold export movement is mainly attributable, no doubt to the fact that from the end of October, when the gold outflow began, until the end of January, surplus reserves of the Associated Banks have actually increased \$10,000,000. During that period more than half a hundred millions of gold has been sent out of the country and yet the total reserves of the banks of its chief financial centre show an actual increase instead of a loss, while the surplus above legal requirements is greater by ten millions than it was three months ago.

Being superficially considered, these facts are by many people taken to mean that the gold export is utterly without importance and its effect on the money market and that the money market itself is so absolutely assured of low rates for a long time to come, that it is a factor of no account in reckoning with the future of the financial situation. More conservative interests are, however, inclined to the belief that in view of what we know has been going on during January in the way of loan expansion and export of bank reserves, it is well not to place too blind a reliance on the figures of the statement of the Associated Banks of New York. For the figures, while unquestionably correct, are liable to be misread and their true meaning misunderstood.

For instance, while it is a fact that the total reserves of the New York banks were six million dollars greater at the end of January than at the commencement of the gold export movement, it is just as much a fact that during that time about \$11,000,000 in gold was shipped out of the country, and that the reports of this amount was not offset by any considerable import on the Pacific coast as was the case during the gold outflow in the spring of last year. In other words, whatever has been the money during the last three months which has served to bring cash into New York faster than it could be exported to Europe, the fact remains that the sum exported has come out of somebody and that eventually the effect of its loss must make itself felt somewhere in a curtailment of loaning power.

There can be but one explanation of the gain in reserve by the Associated Banks while the gold movement has been going on. Money has been flowing into New York from the interior at an amazing rate, the gain in cash by the banks having been in excess of all expectations for some weeks past. Whether this flow of cash is merely a strong manifestation of the reasonable tendency for funds to move seaward at this time of the year or whether it is due to slackened trade conditions throughout the country, the effect remains the same, and the resultant accumulation in the reserve centres goes on producing the condition which may very possibly eventuate in something very different from the extremely easy rates which we have now.

For it is perfectly understood by those closely in touch with the foreign money markets and with foreign exchange, the link that binds these markets to our own, that whatever are the causes most responsible for the large loss in gold which we are sustaining, it would be quite impossible for Europe to secure any such quantity of the precious metal from us here as it has done in the past. Nor would it have been possible for the New York money market to give so much of its reserve fund had it not been for the fresh supplies of cash constantly arriving from the interior. In other words, the gold export movement has been facilitated, in fact, made possible by the fact that the interior has throughout the year been sending to New York and other Eastern centres for currency, and instead of the large amounts gained almost every week by the banks, losses will appear and falling reserves will be the subject of comment and loan curtailment. It will be interesting then, to see from what sources of supply the market will meet these demands. An immense amount of cash has been received here from the West on deposits since the first of the year, but practically the whole amount has been or is being forwarded to Europe, and the banks stand about where they did when the gold movement began.

That this inevitably means a money stringency is quite as fallacious a conclusion as the belief that because the banks can make a good showing after such heavy gold exports money is bound to remain cheap for a long time to come. The money has left this country, it is true, but it has by no means been sunk in the sea, nor has it all been sent away in payment of debts which will be repaid in one way or another. To a large extent it has been merely invested, or deposited, or loaned, on the other side, and under certain conditions it would again be available for this market's use.

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Table with columns for stock names and prices. Includes items like Amalgamated, Am Sugar, Am Steel & Wire, etc.

CHICAGO MARKET REPORT.

Table with columns for commodity names and prices. Includes items like May Corn, May Wheat, July Corn, etc.

MONTECAL QUOTATIONS.

Table with columns for commodity names and prices. Includes items like Don Iron & Steel, Nova Scotia Steel, etc.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

Table with columns for cotton grades and prices. Includes items like New York, Feb. 7, Cotton futures, etc.

WALL STREET.

London, Feb. 7.—The January statement of the Board of Trade shows a decrease of \$6,160,000 in imports, and \$400,000 in exports.

COTTON MARKET.

New York, Feb. 7.—Cotton futures opened strong, Feb. 7, 40-55; March 7, 55; May 7, 60; July 7, 65; Sept. 7, 70; Nov. 7, 75; Dec. 7, 80; Jan. 7, 85; Feb. 7, 90; March 7, 95; April 7, 100; May 7, 105; June 7, 110; July 7, 115; August 7, 120; September 7, 125; October 7, 130; November 7, 135; December 7, 140; January 7, 145; February 7, 150; March 7, 155; April 7, 160; May 7, 165; June 7, 170; July 7, 175; August 7, 180; September 7, 185; October 7, 190; November 7, 195; December 7, 200; January 7, 205; February 7, 210; March 7, 215; April 7, 220; May 7, 225; June 7, 230; July 7, 235; August 7, 240; September 7, 245; October 7, 250; November 7, 255; December 7, 260; January 7, 265; February 7, 270; March 7, 275; April 7, 280; May 7, 285; June 7, 290; July 7, 295; August 7, 300; September 7, 305; October 7, 310; November 7, 315; December 7, 320; January 7, 325; February 7, 330; March 7, 335; April 7, 340; May 7, 345; June 7, 350; July 7, 355; August 7, 360; September 7, 365; October 7, 370; November 7, 375; December 7, 380; January 7, 385; February 7, 390; March 7, 395; April 7, 400; May 7, 405; June 7, 410; July 7, 415; August 7, 420; September 7, 425; October 7, 430; November 7, 435; December 7, 440; January 7, 445; February 7, 450; March 7, 455; April 7, 460; May 7, 465; June 7, 470; July 7, 475; August 7, 480; September 7, 485; October 7, 490; November 7, 495; December 7, 500; January 7, 505; February 7, 510; March 7, 515; April 7, 520; May 7, 525; June 7, 530; July 7, 535; August 7, 540; September 7, 545; October 7, 550; November 7, 555; December 7, 560; January 7, 565; February 7, 570; March 7, 575; April 7, 580; May 7, 585; June 7, 590; July 7, 595; August 7, 600; September 7, 605; October 7, 610; November 7, 615; December 7, 620; January 7, 625; February 7, 630; March 7, 635; April 7, 640; May 7, 645; June 7, 650; July 7, 655; August 7, 660; September 7, 665; October 7, 670; November 7, 675; December 7, 680; January 7, 685; February 7, 690; March 7, 695; April 7, 700; May 7, 705; June 7, 710; July 7, 715; August 7, 720; September 7, 725; October 7, 730; November 7, 735; December 7, 740; January 7, 745; February 7, 750; March 7, 755; April 7, 760; May 7, 765; June 7, 770; July 7, 775; August 7, 780; September 7, 785; October 7, 790; November 7, 795; December 7, 800; January 7, 805; February 7, 810; March 7, 815; April 7, 820; May 7, 825; June 7, 830; July 7, 835; August 7, 840; September 7, 845; October 7, 850; November 7, 855; December 7, 860; January 7, 865; February 7, 870; March 7, 875; April 7, 880; May 7, 885; June 7, 890; July 7, 895; August 7, 900; September 7, 905; October 7, 910; November 7, 915; December 7, 920; January 7, 925; February 7, 930; March 7, 935; April 7, 940; May 7, 945; June 7, 950; July 7, 955; August 7, 960; September 7, 965; October 7, 970; November 7, 975; December 7, 980; January 7, 985; February 7, 990; March 7, 995; April 7, 1000; May 7, 1005; June 7, 1010; July 7, 1015; August 7, 1020; September 7, 1025; October 7, 1030; November 7, 1035; December 7, 1040; January 7, 1045; February 7, 1050; March 7, 1055; April 7, 1060; May 7, 1065; June 7, 1070; July 7, 1075; August 7, 1080; September 7, 1085; October 7, 1090; November 7, 1095; December 7, 1100; January 7, 1105; February 7, 1110; March 7, 1115; April 7, 1120; May 7, 1125; June 7, 1130; July 7, 1135; August 7, 1140; September 7, 1145; October 7, 1150; November 7, 1155; December 7, 1160; January 7, 1165; February 7, 1170; March 7, 1175; April 7, 1180; May 7, 1185; June 7, 1190; July 7, 1195; August 7, 1200; September 7, 1205; October 7, 1210; November 7, 1215; December 7, 1220; January 7, 1225; February 7, 1230; March 7, 1235; April 7, 1240; May 7, 1245; June 7, 1250; July 7, 1255; August 7, 1260; September 7, 1265; October 7, 1270; November 7, 1275; December 7, 1280; January 7, 1285; February 7, 1290; March 7, 1295; April 7, 1300; May 7, 1305; June 7, 1310; July 7, 1315; August 7, 1320; September 7, 1325; October 7, 1330; November 7, 1335; December 7, 1340; January 7, 1345; February 7, 1350; March 7, 1355; April 7, 1360; May 7, 1365; June 7, 1370; July 7, 1375; August 7, 1380; September 7, 1385; October 7, 1390; November 7, 1395; December 7, 1400; January 7, 1405; February 7, 1410; March 7, 1415; April 7, 1420; May 7, 1425; June 7, 1430; July 7, 1435; August 7, 1440; September 7, 1445; October 7, 1450; November 7, 1455; December 7, 1460; January 7, 1465; February 7, 1470; March 7, 1475; April 7, 1480; May 7, 1485; June 7, 1490; July 7, 1495; August 7, 1500; September 7, 1505; October 7, 1510; November 7, 1515; December 7, 1520; January 7, 1525; February 7, 1530; March 7, 1535; April 7, 1540; May 7, 1545; June 7, 1550; July 7, 1555; August 7, 1560; September 7, 1565; October 7, 1570; November 7, 1575; December 7, 1580; January 7, 1585; February 7, 1590; March 7, 1595; April 7, 1600; May 7, 1605; June 7, 1610; July 7, 1615; August 7, 1620; September 7, 1625; October 7, 1630; November 7, 1635; December 7, 1640; January 7, 1645; February 7, 1650; March 7, 1655; April 7, 1660; May 7, 1665; June 7, 1670; July 7, 1675; August 7, 1680; September 7, 1685; October 7, 1690; November 7, 1695; December 7, 1700; January 7, 1705; February 7, 1710; March 7, 1715; April 7, 1720; May 7, 1725; June 7, 1730; July 7, 1735; August 7, 1740; September 7, 1745; October 7, 1750; November 7, 1755; December 7, 1760; January 7, 1765; February 7, 1770; March 7, 1775; April 7, 1780; May 7, 1785; June 7, 1790; July 7, 1795; August 7, 1800; September 7, 1805; October 7, 1810; November 7, 1815; December 7, 1820; January 7, 1825; February 7, 1830; March 7, 1835; April 7, 1840; May 7, 1845; June 7, 1850; July 7, 1855; August 7, 1860; September 7, 1865; October 7, 1870; November 7, 1875; December 7, 1880; January 7, 1885; February 7, 1890; March 7, 1895; April 7, 1900; May 7, 1905; June 7, 1910; July 7, 1915; August 7, 1920; September 7, 1925; October 7, 1930; November 7, 1935; December 7, 1940; January 7, 1945; February 7, 1950; March 7, 1955; April 7, 1960; May 7, 1965; June 7, 1970; July 7, 1975; August 7, 1980; September 7, 1985; October 7, 1990; November 7, 1995; December 7, 2000.

THE WORLD OF SHIPPING.

MINIATURE ALMANAC. 1905. Sun. Tides. Rise, Set, High, Low.

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THE ST. JOHN EVENING TIMES, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1905.

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ST. JOHN, N. B., FEBRUARY 7, 1905.
The St. John Evening Times is published at 19 and 21 Canterbury Street, every evening (Sunday excepted), by the St. John Times Printing & Publishing Co. Ltd. A company incorporated under the Joint Stock Companies Act. A. M. BELDING, Editor.

THINK IT OVER.

If the next St. John city council should prove to be less intelligent, less experienced and less able to deal with important civic problems and the general administration of civic affairs than the present council, the fault will lie entirely with the citizens. Think it over.

A HAPPY CHOICE.

Having published a communication by Mr. W. Frank Hatheway on Great Britain's foreign trade, and a reply by Hugh D. Outer of New York, the Globe modestly observes: "No doubt both gentlemen will appreciate the great courtesy of this journal, particularly when parliament is sitting, in publishing their letters."
Hearing then to Mr. Hatheway's letter, the Globe adds: "It is more likely, however, that Mr. Hatheway's letter was merely a presentation of one of his many theories, and that it was not intended to have any practical bearing whatever."

CHIEF KERR'S TESTIMONY.

The chief of the fire department has found it necessary to call attention in his annual report to some facts that illustrate the unsatisfactory manner in which civic affairs are conducted. Certain hydrants on Germania street were ordered by the safety board to be connected with the 12-inch main. It has not been done, and the chief makes this comment: "It is not my purpose to find fault with the water and sewerage board, but it is a matter of serious consideration for the common council to investigate, and discover the cause why the orders of the common council, as submitted by the board of public safety, in this connection, have not been carried out."

NEW RUSSIAN MINISTER.

The resignation of Prince Mirsky and the appointment of M. Bouligan as Russian minister of the interior is generally regarded as a severe blow to the hopes of those who anticipated liberal measures of reform. One American writer says of the new minister: "Bouligan—or Boulygin, as the Russian would have it spelled—is not one of Father Gopon's kind. He is not a new man, but has been long a fixture in Russian official ranks. The reason he has never been heard from before is that he has never done anything to make himself notable."

MRS. CHADWICK'S AFFAIRS.

Cleveland, O., Feb. 6.—The valuation of Mrs. Chadwick's estate was not given, but it is generally believed that it is not worth over \$50,000. On this basis, Mrs. Chadwick's creditors will receive after court expenses are deducted, not more than 2 per cent. on their claims.
Dumley: "The fellow called me a Jackass!"
Synnex: "There weren't any Jackasses around, were there?"
Dumley: "Not that I know of."
Synnex: "Oh, well, then, no harm's done."

FRIDAY'S HOCKEY MATCH.

One of the most interesting hockey matches of the season was the first game between the two local senior teams. It will be remembered that the Neptunes won after a close and exciting contest by a score of 2-1. Much speculation consequently, exists as to the probable outcome of the second and final games in the series between these two teams Friday evening of this week. The Neptunes expect to place a much stronger team on the ice than that which played in the first game, and are confident of giving the Neptunes the drubbing which which they failed to receive before.

ROYAL STANDARD FOUR FOR BREAD.

WHOLESALE BY NORTHROP & CO., 23 and 24 South Wharf.

PROFITABLE INCUBATORS.

Who Wants a Watch? DON'T ALL SPEAK AT ONCE as the supply is limited, but those in need, or even fancy they are, I can and will provide with a first class article of either Waltham, Elgin, Springfield or Swiss make in the very newest and best style SOLID GOLD, GOLD FILLED or SILVER CASES, at very lowest prices to induce cash sales.

POULTRY MEN FIND THE BEST MACHINES ARE THE CHEAPEST—POINTS ON HATCHING.

Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, Feb. 2.—At this season of the year the incubator question is an important one to the poultryman, says Mr. P. C. Elford, Acting Chief of the Poultry Division, Ottawa. An inexperienced person or beginner in the poultry business should exercise the same care and judgment in buying an incubator that a farmer would use in selecting an expensive farm implement. In other words, he should take care to buy the best. It is simply wasting money to buy a poor machine, as it can never be depended upon. With a first class machine, all that the beginner has to do is to learn to run the machine according to the manufacturer's directions. Five or ten minutes, morning and night, will be all that is required to care for the machine, and it can be depended upon to maintain the proper degree of heat and humidity according to the instructions and does not interfere with his own or his neighbor's work. He is not likely to know more about the machine than the manufacturer.

THE ORCHID.

Bandmann Opera Company Opened Its St. John Season at the Opera House.

The St. John season of the Bandmann Opera Company was opened at the opera house last evening. The orchestra was led by the conductor, and the performance was a success. The company includes several well-known artists, and the production is of high quality.

IMMIGRANTS ARRIVE.

Some Four Hundred on the Pre-Immigrant from England—All Are Going West.

Four hundred immigrants arrived here from Halifax yesterday. They were mostly English and came to Halifax on the Allan line. The immigrants are expected to be distributed to various parts of the province.

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WOMEN'S Goodyear Welted \$3.00 Box Galf Laced Boot At \$2.25.

A Splendid double soled boot for walking or skating. In all sizes. These are made on a fine fitting, stylish last, and have been marked at this price, so as not to carry any over.

WATCHES.

We have on hand a large stock of GOLD, GOLD FILLED, SILVER and GUN METAL WATCHES. Fine Swiss and American movements. These goods we fully guarantee, and you can get a Watch from us that will give satisfaction.

DIAMONDS.

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George Philips

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FIRST-CLASS JEWELRY

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SCOTCH WHISKIES

Buchanan's "Special Quality" "Black and White." Established 1860—Telephone 636. North End Fish Market, 517 Main Street, St. John, N.B. JAMES P. QUINN, Dealer in all kinds of Fresh, Smoked, and Boneless FISH, Oysters and Clams.

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To Rise Every Morning Fit to Face the World One Needs All One's VITALITY

A Cold or a Cough is a severe handicap and it spells DANGER

To Avoid, or Cure, Seek the Best Remedy

Advertisement for George Philips and H. A. McKeown, including testimonials and contact information for Hawker's Tolu and Wild Cherry Balsam.

Advertisement for Canadian Drug Co., Limited, Sole Proprietors, St. John, N. B.

THE ST. JOHN EVENING TIMES, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1905.

THE CITY COUNCIL.

Street Railway Extension Matter Sent Back for Discussion.

Carleton Electric Light Bill Goes Through—Ferry Committee Appointed—Street Railway Must Pay Taxes.

At the meeting of the council yesterday the extension of the street railway down Princess and Wentworth streets and King street east was referred back to the board to hear parties interested in a bill to secure the Carleton electric light franchise was adopted after much discussion, and a committee was appointed to manage the ferry in place of the board of works. A bill was introduced under which the street railway will no longer be exempt from taxation.

The council did not meet until 4 p. m., so as to enable the mayor and aldermen to attend the funeral of Rev. John de Soyres. Ald. Hamm occupied the chair until the arrival of the mayor, and all the aldermen, with the exception of Ald. Maxwell and McGilchrist, were present. The common clerk and Marshall Coughlan were in attendance.

On the report of the treasury board Ald. Robinson called attention to an item of \$88 a stenographer's fee to Seth Berry, in connection with the Whopley investigation. He desired information.

In the temporary absence of the mayor who had the matter in hand the bill was referred back to the board and the report adopted. The report of the board of works led to a discussion.

The report of the bills and by-laws committee was read. Ald. Christie wanted to know who authorized the preparation of the Carleton Electric Light bill. He understood that the recorder had been very foggy as to the city's position and now it was discovered that the title vested in D. W. Clark & Co. did not pass. A bill was to be presented to the local legislature.

Ald. Macrae went into the history of the franchise and said that when the recorder found that the title was not good in that respect, and the recorder to make it good the chairman of the safety board arranged with the Carleton Electric Light Company to have a bill put through at their expense. The act of 1901 was defective as it did not provide for the franchise of the franchisee, all the money necessary was to rectify this flaw.

Ald. Robinson thought the city had exclusive rights and rights from what were asking for was their own. Ald. Robinson said it was an extraordinary state of affairs. If the electric light people wanted to sell they were the people to get the title. He thought the council should have taken into the confidence of the safety board.

Ald. Macrae—"Ald. Robinson knows we cannot get the exclusive right on this side, what we want is the exclusive right on the west side."

Ald. Christie, in regard to a statement made by Ald. Macrae, said—"No one knows better than Ald. Macrae that what he has said is to a large extent fallacious. Ald. Baxter promoted the bill for the original sale in the interests of his client D. W. Clark & Co., and got the bill through. Without that act the property would not have been worth \$10,000 and now \$10,000 has been added. Let the electric light company go and get the legislation. It is an antiquated plant and within five years \$50,000 will have to be spent before it will be satisfactory to sell."

Why are they so anxious to sell? Are the powers of this council to be used to rob the city of \$10,000? It is the most iniquitous thing I ever heard of to give these people the franchise that they may sell their concern to us.

The discussion that followed was interesting. Ald. Christie proposed the following names for the ferry committee: Ald. Frink, Holder, Carleton, Branson and Bullock.

Ald. Christie suggested the committee be made larger. He had no desire to be on the committee, and was willing to let them have all the glory and possible assessments in store for them.

Ald. Robinson then added the names of Ald. Hamm and Christie, and the motion was carried. A committee, consisting of the mayor, Ald. Frink, Robinson and Christie was chosen to select a name for the new ferry boat.

The council then adjourned.

Bronchitic Asthma a Heavy Burden. Asthma is bad enough but when bronchitic symptoms are added the poor sufferer has almost an intolerable existence. An absolute specific is found in fragrant healing Catarrhone. For years, I battled with the agonies of bronchitic asthma. Often I couldn't sleep for nights at a time. I spent thousands on doctors and medicines without relief, but one doctor's worth of Catarrhone cured me. "Catarrhone can't fail; it's guaranteed. Two months treatment \$1.00, trial 25c."

Not too early in early marriage. Not too early. About noon would suit me.

THE REPUBLICANS AND THE DEMOCRATS.

Unite in Support of a Bill to Regulate Railway Rates and Protect the People From the Greed of the Great Corporations --- An Interesting Discussion.

Washington, Feb. 6.—Following weeks of hearings and consideration by the committee on interstate and foreign commerce as well as urgent recommendations of the president, on the subject, the house of representatives today began debating the proposed legislation looking to the regulation of railway freight rates.

This action was taken only after opposition by the democrats, led by John Sharp Williams, of Mississippi, the minority leader, to the adoption of a rule which would shut out opportunity to amend the bill. Two republicans, Messrs. Southwick and Cleveland, of New York, voted against the rule, and one democrat, Oames of Tennessee, voted for it. Otherwise party lines were tight drawn.

In criticizing the committee on rules for shutting off all opportunity for amendment, Mr. Williams contended that if that opportunity were given, the democrats had with them a sufficient number of republicans to pass a bill embodying in all its particulars the views of the president. He offered to surrender all the time allotted to his side for debate, as well as to forego a vote on the minority substitute, if amendments were allowed to be offered, but the appeal was refused by the majority.

Mr. DeArmond, of Missouri, charged that the right had been denied "in the narrowness of shallow partisanship."

The fairness of the rule to all members was declared by Mr. Dalsell to be apparent, since it afforded full opportunity to vote on both bills offered by the committee.

The resolution providing for taking up the bill for regulation of freight rates provoked considerable discussion. Mr. Grosvonor (Ohio), in answer to Mr. Cochrane (Mo.), was rehearsing the original interstate commerce legislation, when Mr. Guinness (Iowa), cried "Oh, hush, hush."

When the laughter which followed subsided Mr. Grosvonor indignantly retorted: "That is keeping with the character of the position he (Guinness) occupies."

Mr. Guinness sought to explain that he did not intend to be offensive, but Mr. Grosvonor would not be interrupted.

In denouncing the rule, Mr. Williams declared that the object of the democratic caucus had been accomplished. That object, he said, was to let the president of the United States and the minority men of the majority party know that they would be no mere partisan and factional opposition to a great public measure. The rule, he said, was a democratic applause, "had been brought in for the purpose of preventing a majority of the democrats solidly and a number of republicans, from formulating a bill which would completely antagonize scourgily 'Your object is' he said, 'to prevent your own men from amending your own bill with our assistance.'"

The Townsend-Esch bill he said, had been framed upon the presumption that the interstate commerce commission would commit error.

Mr. Williams then offered to surrender every moment of debate, if the rule were so amended as to permit a vote on three amendments. He even offered to give up the vote on the minority substitute if the privilege he asked was accorded.

Mr. Dalsell, however, refused the proposition. The three amendments Mr. Williams demanded were, he said, to give the commission power to substitute a rate for the one declared off, to make that rate operative until set aside by final judgment of a court; and to base appeal or review on a court upon evidence adduced before the interstate commerce commission.

The debate was brought to a close by Mr. Dalsell, who said that republicans were an exceedingly stances thing when it comes to the aid to the president and the republican party. He congratulated the democratic party that since November last, they have discovered that the man in the White House is a good man for not only republicans, but for democrats to follow.

He argued that nothing could be fairer than to permit the house to vote on the two propositions—the bill of the majority and the minority's substitute. On a roll call the rule was adopted 165 to 140.

Immediately the House went into committee of the whole to consider the Townsend-Esch bill with Mr. Townsend (Mich.), one of the authors of the measure, said that the bill presented ample occasion to bring into prominence the agitator who desired notoriety before his constituents. The occasion, he said, was equally fruitful for that greed and selfishness born of great power and nurtured by the desire for financial gain, which would deceive the congress and the nation into believing that the creature of government are outside and beyond its control, and that the problem is so complex that only they can solve it.

Mr. Townsend said the bill had two objects of giving to the interstate commerce commission power to fix a rate and to hasten and expedite the work of determining whether the rates would stand or not, through the specific court created for the purpose of expedition.

There never would be a day, he said, in the history of this country when the people ask less. "Tomorrow," he said, "they may demand more, because they have suffered long and now were demanding a fair deal. Let the railroad comply with this demand, because they have accumulated troubles against the day of judgment."

Mr. Gardner (Ala.) said the demand for legislation to regulate freight rates had come in such a earnest way that congress could not for a moment disregard it. He counseled against engaging in hasty or hostile legislation. He was particularly anxious to see the Townsend bill pass upon rates, maintaining that it was a departure from the judicial assistance.

TREATMENT OF PILES.

Permanence of Cure the True Test. Many so called pile remedies will afford the user slight temporary relief and the majority of those afflicted do not expect more than this.

The average sufferer, after having tried every preparation recommended for the cure of piles, comes to the conclusion that there is no cure except by an operation and rather than undergo this "last resort" he suffers on, resigned to the situation, so far as may be. The attention of those interested is invited to the following experience.

"After ten years of suffering from blind, bleeding and protruding piles and after using every remedy I could hear of without any benefit, I finally bought a fifty cent box of Pyramid Pile Cure and used it with such good results I bought next a dollar box, which finished up the job. That was nearly six years ago and as far as piles is concerned I am cured, and have never felt a symptom of them since."

"Many others have used this remedy with the same results. It is in the form of a pill and is not a cathartic. It is a cure, and does its work softly and painlessly."

Druggists generally sell this famous remedy for fifty cents a package and the one who has not tried it, let a package now and give it a trial to-night. Accept no substitutes.

Write for descriptive circulars, causes and cure of piles is published by the Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich. The name will be sent free to any address for the asking.

CANADIAN PARLIAMENT.

Government Has No Immediate Intention of Buying the Shore Line --- Several Matters Discussed.

Ottawa, Feb. 6.—There were a batch of petitions read in the house to-day asking for such legislation as will ensure to the municipalities control of their streets as far as the stringing of wires and erection of telegraph poles are concerned.

Two bills were introduced by the minister of marine and fisheries. One at present under the consideration of the Quebec harbor commissioners so that Quebec pilots could take charge of all vessels passing the Point at a point further up the river. The other bill was to amend the act relating to the West Coast and Vancouver without going to Seattle for them.

The minister of marine in reply to Mr. Martin, said that no subsidy was at present being paid by the government to any line of steamers between any part in P. E. Island and the West Indies.

In answer to Mr. Lefurgy, Mr. Emmerson said that no survey had been made of the branch line of the railway from some point on the main line of the P. E. Island railway to a point on the coast near West Cape, and that no survey had otherwise engaged.

In reply to Mr. Ganong Mr. Emmerson said that petitions had been received asking the government to acquire the New Brunswick Southern railway and make it part of the government system. There was no present intention to acquire the railway. Petitions were received from many people in Charlotte county asking the government to acquire the road.

Other matters were discussed at the house adjourned at 6 p. m.

When Baby Comes You'll Need Strength

No Mother Can Bear a Healthy Child Unless She is Stronger Herself. FERROZOLINE Imparts New Vigor--Braces, Nourishes, Strengthens Weak Women.

Fall out with His Royal Pa. Crown Prince of Germany Sails for Italy After a Difference with the Kaiser.

New York, Feb. 7.—A Berlin dispatch to the Times says although it is reported that the crown prince is going to Italy to see his fiancée, the main reason for his journey is a falling out with his father, the Kaiser, who was greatly incensed because his son attended a banquet of an anti-Semite society of German students. For his action his father placed him under arrest for three days.

A genius is often merely a man who understands the art of advertising his own goods.

THE SECOND WEEK OF OUR CLOTHING AND FURNISHING SALE FOR MEN AND BOYS.

Read the Special Features OUR CLOTHING BARGAINS IN A NUTSHELL.

White Cotton Nightshirts, 65c each Plain and Twilled. With and without collar. A notable opportunity.

White Cotton Nightshirts, 75c each Twilled. Extra heavy. Collar attached. Another big bargain.

Fancy Shaker Nightshirts, 85c each These are silk-embroidered and are excellent value for the money.

Fancy Shaker Pajamas, \$1.20 suit No man will discountenance an offering like this. It's a good one.

Fancy Striped Oxford Pajamas, \$1.25 suit Here is an article cheaper still, but full of quality and style.

Plain and Fancy Cashmere Socks They are black, some of them having embroidery. The Plain, 22c. Pair; the Fancy, 30c.—3 for \$1.00.

Heavy Flannel-lined Underwear, 75c Bargains in these goods also, for this is a season of bargains with us.

Snowshoeing and Skating Hose These are in reality Golf Hose, but their strength, colorings and warmth recommend them for winter sports. 75c and 85c. Pair.

Pure Linen Handkerchiefs, 6 for 50c This is a repetition of our great offering of last week. A special lot. Large size.

Woolen Shirts and Drawers, 55c to 70c Many took advantage of this line of sale goods last week, so we repeat it. Best Canadian quality. Double-breasted Shirts, 70c., 75c., 85c.

Flannel-lined Shirts and Drawers, 55c. A fine lot of regular stock. No secondary qualities.

Men's Blue Suits, \$4.50 up These are well tailored, are just the thing for workaday people.

Brown and Grey Suits, \$6.50 up Offer's where you get a little more style as regards cloth.

Men's Black Suits, \$5.40 up Every man needs a dark suit, for Sundays or special occasions.

Men's Winter Coats---Bargains Excellent Overcoats, \$6.00 up; Ulsters, \$3.75 up; Driving Coats \$6.75 up; Suits, \$3.00 up.

Men's Trousers, \$1.45 up. This includes all our fine stock, and takes in the Parkington's strong-made goods.

Pants for All Boys, only 50c pair! This is one of the best chances of the whole sale. A lot we had made especially. Good goods.

Norfolk Suits, \$1.80 up These are the great utility suits for little fellows. Every parent knows that.

Two Piece Suits for Boys, \$1.80 up Here we have more good clothing for the wee fellows at very much lowered prices.

SECOND WEEK STARTS WEDNESDAY MORNING.

MANCHESTER ROBERTSON ALLISON, LIMITED. King Street. Germain Street. Market Square.

SALARIES OF GOVERNMENTS.

Toronto News Says Both Ministers and Civil Servants Should be Well Paid.

At the very first session of the legislature under the direction of the new government the salaries of ministers should be increased. The remuneration of the premier ought to be at least \$10,000 and not less than \$8,000 should be paid to each of his colleagues. These salaries are large to those who do not understand the cost of living in a large city, and the burden of entertaining and contributing to many public objects which fall upon ministers. The portfolio means general beggary, and probably a burden of debt before the holder has been many years in office, and in the end compulsory acceptance of a place in the civil service.

In order to meet the burdens which fall upon ministers they are forced to accept directorships, to dabble in private speculations, and to resort to various expedients which affect their personal and political independence. These facts are well understood by the ministers who are retiring from office, and no doubt they are just as well understood by the men who are ready to take their places. But parties hesitate to recommend an increase of salaries lest the step should be unpopular and tend to the political disfavor of their opponents.

For our part we believe the people of Ontario are liberal-minded and ready to give the remuneration for a faithful public service. This is a rich province, and we are neither a mean nor a miserly people. But when we consider the salaries that are paid to bankers and railway officials and the heads of financial institutions in comparison with the salaries of cabinet ministers and judges we should be ashamed if we were not given to the man who determines the public character and set the public standards of the province. What we have now said we said more than once when the liberals held office, and we are not ashamed to repeat it. It is a woman's story of her own career after 20 years of ministerial service, should go out of office as poor as when he began life forty years ago, and that the province should refuse either to pay him living wages or to make provision for his future?

An apparent objection to the proposal for an increase of ministerial salaries is that it would involve a general increase of the salaries of civil servants. We have in mind one other whose duties are as important as those of a minister, and it would certainly be absurd to continue paying him less than \$2,000 under a minister with \$8,000. There are other similar cases. We have no doubt that salaries of the higher ministers would set the pace for the civil service, but we see nothing objectionable in that. The province's services of skilled men unless it is willing to pay for them. The present living has increased greatly in recent years, and the salaries have not been advanced in anything like the same proportion.

DON'T EXPERIMENT!

The man who knows the good and the bad points of all typewriters buys

The Remington.

Second hand Machines at bargain prices. Typewriters Cleaned and Repaired. Typewriters Supplies, Wholesale and Retail. WRITE FOR PRICES.

BAILEY & PATERSON, Telephone 405B. 20 Main Street

JAMES V. RUSSELL,

677-679 Main Street. Branches 8 I-2 Brussel's - - - 397 Main Street.

A Large Assortment of Boots, Shoes and Rubbers At Lowest Cash Prices. MEN'S HAND MADE KIP BOOTS - - \$3.00

IT IS NOT Laundry Economy

To do your washing at home, because it actually costs more than when you send it to the Laundry. You must consider the cost of material, as well as labor, and you won't have to charge the labor account with very much either, for the other items will make the amount as much as our charges

From 30 to 50 Pieces 75c.

UNGAR'S Laundry, Dyeing and Carpet Cleaning Works, Ltd. Phone 58.

YOUR AD. HERE

Would be read by thousands every evening

GILBERT LANE DYE WORKS. LACE CURTAINS cleaned and done up EQUAL TO NEW. Carpets cleaned and beaten. Dyeing and scouring.

MACAULAY BROS. & CO., City Agents. Subscribe Today for THE TIMES 25 cts. per month in advance.

GOOD BREAD & PASTRY GAKES ROBINSON'S CHOICE CONFECTIONERY 175 Union St. Try our House Made Candles.

DEATHS. DENNISTON--At No. 1 St. David's St., this city, on Feb. 6, 1905, aged 72 years, a native of Dumfriesshire, Scotland, leaving a wife, two sons and two daughters to mourn their loss.

News of Sport.

F. M. A. SPORTS WERE MOST SUCCESSFUL LAST NIGHT.

Logan and Robson the Principal Winners in the Speed Events—Price and Robson to Skate Tonight—Amherst Hockey Team Beats Truro

SKATING.

The F. M. A. Sports.

There was a large crowd at the Queen's rink last night, and they were treated to a rare exhibition of skating...

Summary: 220 yards, first heat—Robson, 1st, Logan, 2nd, Dalton, 3rd. Time 1:12.5 sec.

the Ontario champion at the Victoria rink tonight. The skaters will compete in a mile race from opposite sides...

HOCKEY.

Amherst 5, Truro 1.

Amherst, N. S., Feb. 6.—The sixteenth game of the Nova Scotia hockey league was played here tonight between Truro and Amherst...

Trojans Defeat U. N. B. Fredericton, N. B., Feb. 6.—The Trojans defeated the University hockey team in the local league match...

All Out and Dried. The Sackville Tribune of Feb. 6th says—"The Sackville Hockey team has lately had a communication from J. H. Hickman, president of Dorchester rink...

Hockey Notes. The Trojans of Fredericton play Sackville tomorrow night in the N. B. H. L. series.

Officers Chosen. The following officials have been appointed for tonight's race between Robson and Price at the Victoria rink.

The Baird Company's Wine of Tar Honey and Wild Cherry A Lubricant to the Throat. A Tonic to the Vocal Chords.

The Baird Co., Ltd., Gentlemen—We call always depend upon your Wine of Tar Honey and Wild Cherry. It is always the same.

CURLING. Carleton vs. Thistles. The Carleton and Thistles clubs played an eight rink curling match tonight.

Read Trophy Won by Moncton. Moncton, N. B., Feb. 6.—In the Read trophy competition today Moncton defeated Amherst by five shots.

FOOTBALL. Canadian Team for England. Canadian Rugby players can now prepare for a visit to Great Britain during the season of 1906-7.

MAY BE ANOTHER. Chicago Police Believe They Have Discovered a Matrimonial Juggler Who Is as Bad as Hoch.

Chicago Feb. 7.—The Chronicle today says: That there is another matrimonial juggler in Chicago may soon be established through a discovery just made by the police.

TRUST COMPANIES. How Far Can Their Direct Advances to the Market be Extended?—Is There any Positive Limit to Their Expansion?

(N. Y. Evening Post.) During the latter half of 1904 trust companies of New York State expanded loans \$182,000,000.

Correcting Bad Habits Not Enough. NATURE NEEDS ASSISTANCE.

To cure a cough and soothe the throat, more is required than the mere correction of bad habits. You change your diet, reform your manner of living, but unless you assist Nature your efforts won't be a success.

EMITH'S BUCHU LITHIA PILLS. A POSITIVE CURE FOR BRUISED AND ACHING LIMBS. A CURE AT THE PEOPLE'S PRICE.

Why Brain Workers Break Down. Man is not a machine that keeps going as long as the steam is applied. He is a creature of blood, nerves, and delicately balanced organs.

ABBEY'S EFFERVESCENT. Used by the masses, who, unsolicited, certify to its worth. Tones the Stomach and Stirs the Liver to Healthy Action. Is Nature's Remedy for Tired, Fagged-out and Run-down Men or Women. If taken regularly contributes to Perfect Health, Makes Life Worth Living. ALL DRUGGISTS. RECOMMENDED BY THE FACULTY. SALT.

THE ST. JOHN EVENING TIMES, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1905.

THIS EVENING. Local News.

The tug Nariad, is now undergoing extensive repairs to machinery and boiler.

A bean supper and entertainment will be held in the Portland Methodist church, Thursday evening.

The tug-boat, James Holly, which has been laid-up for repairs has been again placed in commission.

The Imperial Club, of the north end, will hold a sleigh drive on Wednesday next. The party will go to Kennebecasis Island.

The funeral of James Pawest which was to have been held today from Chamberlain's undertaking rooms has been postponed until tomorrow.

There will be a grand entertainment in aid of the orchestra of the Young Men's Society of St. Joseph in St. St. Malach's Hall, on Feb. 9th.

The lecture of Rev. J. F. Floyd in the Coburg street Christian church tonight on "The Origin of Man and the Collapse of Evolution" will begin at 8 o'clock.

The arrival of new spring clothes is the subject of A. Gilmore's advertisement today. Spring clothes, spring fashion plates and reports and a corps of tailors eager for work.

The tea which was to have been held in the Brussels St. Baptist church tonight (Tuesday) will be postponed on account of the death of one of the deacons, Jos. A. Denniston.

The St. John Primary Union for Sunday school teachers will meet on Wednesday afternoon at four o'clock in the parlors of Centenary church.

Mrs. H. H. Pickett will teach the lesson, "The Second Miracle at Caesarea," Miss Burditt will continue her talk on Practical Primary Plans. All junior and primary teachers welcome.

The boys brigade of St. John's church, will have their sleigh drive tonight. They will leave the church at 8 o'clock, and will be driven out as far as Newcomb's after which they will return to the school room, where supper will be served.

The conveyance will be supplied by R. T. Worden. The boys will be in charge of Capt. George Smith.

Wendell P. Jones, the lately appointed Solicitor general was at the Royal yesterday. It is understood that Mr. Jones will have no opposition.

Mr. Jones said that some of the leading conservatives of Carleton were quite as much interested in seeing the appointment go to that county as were the members of the government party, and naturally they were not in favor of a contest. Mr. Jones left last night for Chatham to be sworn in.

OBITUARY.

Joseph A. Denniston.

The death occurred this morning at his residence, No. 1, St. David's street, of Joseph A. Denniston, one of the oldest members of the old volunteer fire department, being a member of Union No. 2.

Mr. Denniston was a native of Dumfries, Scotland, and came here when quite young. He was well known and highly respected citizen and was a deacon of Brussels street Baptist church. He has been in poor health of late, but was able to be up yesterday.

Mr. Denniston is survived by his wife, formerly a Miss McDonald, of St. John; two sons, Benjamin A. and George J.; and two daughters, Mrs. Robert A. Johnson and Mrs. J. F. Turner, all of this city.

I. J. Housberger. W. F. Housberger, jeweler, received a telegram yesterday, announcing the death, after 8 days illness with pneumonia, of Mrs. Gard's father, I. J. Housberger, a prosperous orchardist of Cresmore, Ontario. He leaves a wife and large family to mourn, the loss of a kind father. Mrs. Gard left for the West last evening, and will be present at the burial.

FUNERALS.

The funeral of the late Richard N. Knight took place this afternoon from his late residence, Gorman St., Rev. G. M. Campbell officiated, and interment took place in Fernhill.

The funeral of the late Eleanor Nesbitt took place this afternoon from her late residence 208 Duke street, Rev. J. W. A. Nicholson conducted the burial service.

THE TUG WAS SAVED. The north end fire department was called out this morning about 6:30 o'clock to answer an alarm, rung in from Indiantown. There was no fire, however, but the tug boat Captain was found to be in a sinking condition.

When the engineer went to work about 6 o'clock, he found the forward hold of the boat to be half full of water. It being impossible to procure aid at that early hour, he rang in the alarm, which brought the firemen, who after about an hour's work moved the Captain in the "Bed Room," where she was pumped out.

TRAINS ARE LATE.

The storm has occasioned considerable delay to trains. The Boston express is 45 minutes late. The night express from Halifax was over four hours behind time this morning. Heavy roads were the cause of the delay generally. This morning a Bangor and Maine engine was sent out to Hampton to clear up the road.

AN INTERESTING CASE.

A Grecian Immigrant Has Taken Action Against H. W. Turner, an Immigration Official.

The case of Anastasios Papageorgiou against Harry W. Turner, which is known in legal circles as the "Greek Case," will come up in the supreme court before His Honor Chief Justice Tuck on Tuesday February 14th.

The circumstances surrounding the case are unusually interesting. Anastasios Papageorgiou, a Greek immigrant came here in 1903; and he and two others were persuaded by Harry W. Turner a United States immigration agent, and George Lavoiak a detective, to proceed to Eastport. Scarcely had they arrived there when Turner put in an appearance and placed them under arrest. They were detained in Eastport two days before the court and Anastasios Papageorgiou was held as a witness to prove that the other two were Asians, and had gone into the United States contrary to their laws. The plaintiff could not speak a word of English, and was informed by the Greek consul who was in court, that the court had directed he be returned to St. John, N. B. Notwithstanding this decision he was kept in jail at Portland for five days longer, when Turner, who, representing the plaintiff, was going to St. John, took him to Ellis Island near New York. There, he was imprisoned for six days, after which he was placed on board the Anchor Line steamer "Victoria" having been told that he was coming here, but instead landed in Naples, Italy.

He was arrested at Eastport, on August 21st, 1903, and practically kept in custody until December 31st 1903. He at once set sail from Naples, and landed here on February 1st, 1904.

W. Watson Allan and Attorney General Papeau will appear for the plaintiff, and Vincent for the defendant.

THE THEATRES.

Report as to Their Safety Made by Director and Chief.

The following report has been sent to his worship the mayor by Director Wisely and chief clerk:

St. John, N. B., 4th February, 1905. To His Worship, The Mayor.

Dear Sir:—In compliance with your order we inspected the safety appliances connected with the Opera House Union Street and the York Theatre on Carleton Street and here-with submit our report.

On visiting the Opera House we found that the appliances for the safety of the public, as we understood by our report to the Board would have been carried out, have not been complied with. The bricked up windows on the Northern side connecting the upper balcony and the second balcony we found were still bricked up but the North side of the building in front of two windows which would have to be smashed out we found a fire escape which is totally inadequate for the safety of the public. There was no ladder to the ground but it seemed to be strung up to the platform of the fire escape and while apparently the fire escape was all right we found that the bottom ladder was hitched up, instead of being on the ground ready for instant use, which is not in accordance with our idea of the public safety of the occupants of the Opera House. In the report submitted to the Safety Board by Director Wisely and Chief Clerk, we stated that Mr. Dockrill they assured us that the bricked up windows, which were then bricked up, would be opened and prepared stairs placed for the safety of the occupants of the Opera House. We then called upon Mr. Dockrill stating to him that the agreement or understanding with us as inspectors had not been carried out. He stated that Mr. Maher told him that the fire escapes were all that were required and that he need not open up the bricked up windows, that it was not necessary. We inquired from him by what authority this was done. He said he did not know. We found the doors on the West side of the Opera House proper, while performances are being carried on, as Mr. Dockrill informed us, a boy was stationed at each door to prevent people coming in who had not tickets, but doors were not bolted but ready for instant use. As we said before we found the two exit doors on the West side ready for instant use. We then went to the York Theatre and found that Mr. Armstrong had complied with our suggestions so far as the exits from the Theatre were concerned. A good iron balcony on the Eastern side with iron stairs leading down to the ground from big doors or windows which can be opened from top to bottom immediately. Then on the Western side two large exits with good heavy platforms for the emergencies which might arise have been attended to with this exception that the stairs leading down from the platform opening out from the west side of the audience had been both provided for though they are of wood. The only exception to this is that Mr. Armstrong must put a railing on the Western side of the steps.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED, Chief of Fire Department.

POLICE COURT.

Six prisoners greeted the bench at the police court this morning. Phillip McKinnon, drunk on Sheffield street, was fined \$8, or twenty days.

John Kane, arrested on a similar charge was fined \$4, or ten days.

John Cook and Alexander Anderson, drunk on St. John street, were fined \$4, or ten days each.

Don't tell a man to take a back seat unless you want him to take a front seat.

UNION HALL.

North End Library Had a Surplus Last Year—Secretary Farmer's Report.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of Union Hall, north end was held this afternoon. The report of the Secretary treasurer Richard Farmer was submitted as follows:

Abstract report of income and expenditure of Free Public Library from list of February 1904 to 1st of February 1905:

INCOME. Feb. 1—To balance of account \$176.88 To amt from libraries 46.00 To amt from Chamberlain 49.98 February 1904 to 1st of February 1905: 81.95

October—Amt. from Chamberlain \$21.01 To amt from Union 26.00 Hall 180.00 Total 476.83 \$1,004.27

EXPENDITURE. Librarian salary \$225.00 Barnes \$70.75 Wilson \$44.75 & Co. \$35.00 144.75 J. & A. McMillan 67.00 64.85 Munn & Co. \$7.00 book of 6.00 Evyeleopodia Britannica 71 189.71 Rent \$100.00 100.00 John, N. B. Notwithstanding this decision he was kept in jail at Portland for five days longer, when Turner, who, representing the plaintiff, was going to St. John, took him to Ellis Island near New York. There, he was imprisoned for six days, after which he was placed on board the Anchor Line steamer "Victoria" having been told that he was coming here, but instead landed in Naples, Italy.

Abstract report of income and expenditure of Union Hall from February, 1904 to 1st February 1905.

INCOME. Feb. 1—To balance on hand \$15.12 To cash 109.50 May—To cash 54.24 To cash 60.00 June 15—To cash 50.00 To cash 50.00 Nov—To cash 50.00 January—To cash 54.00 February—To cash 25.00 To cash 100.00 Total 788.47

EXPENDITURE. By printing \$18.26 gas \$22.67 Insurance \$10.00 janitor \$10.50 F. H. Dunham \$45.00 G. H. Craig \$2.50 " " \$2.50 D. J. Purdy \$2.50 " " \$2.50 Cleaning hall \$11.00 H. 22.14 W. Working \$2.11 water \$4.00 G. Albert \$1.50 cotton \$4.00 (cleaning hall) \$2.94 Total 261.90 Secretary treasurer 5.00 50.00 Divided to library \$48.00 Divided to stockholders 90.00 Balance due hall 718.00 Total 788.47

ST. JOHN MEN NOT ALARMED.

N. B. Lumbermen Are Watched Agitation in the Aroostook Region.

A St. John correspondent writes to the Bangor Commercial:— "The owners of the American lumber mills in St. John and vicinity say that they are not alarmed over an attempt to organize the lumbermen in northeastern Maine to have their product taxed \$2 a thousand feet when shipped across the boundary. Petition asking the Maine authorities to request Congress to impose a duty in circulation in the Aroostook region.

An act of Congress permits forest products out in Maine, taken down the St. John river and manufactured into lumber at St. John and Frederic to be re-shipment without owners paying duty provided it is owned and manufactured by United States citizens. The Aroostook lumbermen claim that abuses have sprung up under the law and that occasion for the act no longer exists as Aroostook has an outlet other than by the St. John river. When the act was framed there was no railroad in that section.

The agitation in Maine is alleged to be due to a protest made by New Brunswick mill owners against booms and other obstructions which have been placed in the St. John river at Van Buren, Maine, by the St. John Lumber Co., a Maine concern. It is claimed that the obstructions are in violation of the Ashburton treaty. The Van Buren trouble has been taken before the Canadian and American governments which have appointed a joint international commission to consider the question."

The storm has delayed trains on the I. C. R. and branch roads more or less this morning. The maritime from Montreal is over two hours late. The Moncton and Buctouche train did not get through to Moncton this morning.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

Miss Gertrude and Katie Murphy, Carzmarthen street, have gone to New York to spend a few weeks with their brother.

Frank Barbour, of Snow & Barbour, engineers, of Boston, who is superintending the St. John water extension, left for Boston yesterday afternoon.

Charles Campbell, who for the past two days has been confined to his home with a heavy cold, was about again today.

THE CARLETON ELECTRIC LIGHT.

Ex-Ald. Baxter Replies to a Statement Concerning Him.

A morning paper, in its report of Ald. Christie's remarks on the Carleton Electric Light matter quoted him as follows:— "Ald. Baxter promoted the bill for the original sale in the interests of his clients, D. W. Clark & Co., and got the bill through."

Interviewed by the Times this morning, ex-Ald. Baxter said:— "I can not believe that Ald. Christie can have been correctly reported when he is credited with the statement that D. W. Clark & Co. were my clients or that I promoted the bill in their interests. Not only were they not my clients but up to the time of the proposed purchase Wm. Bruckhof, the president of the company, felt that my criticisms of the Carleton Lighting service performed by his company were as severe as to be unjust."

Ex-Ald. Baxter had one dollar of interest, direct or indirect, in the company or in any of its business, never retained by it or by any person connected with it in any business at all, and had no objection but the welfare of the citizens in trying to get possession for the city of the lighting franchise on the west side of the harbor. I believe today, that looking to the future of the city on the west side, it is of great importance to obtain an exclusive franchise for light, heat and power such as would have been obtained at that time had the city purchased the plant. More than that I am convinced that the company was willing to sell only because the St. John Railway Company might, in future, occupy that field and drive them to the wall. Otherwise the business, I am convinced, is not fairly remunerative, and the company would not be anxious to part with it."

Christie and other opponents of the purchase some years ago in which in plain terms he stated that he declared that the plant was only for the scrap heap, and that he had not thought for a moment that I ever had any improper or financial interest or hope of pecuniary reward in any act of my public life. My course has been very open to the public and I have meant it to be so. People have never had any difficulty in ascertaining my position on any public question, even though at any time I may have lost support by their expression, and I believe today that the public have at least as much confidence in my integrity as they have in that of any member of the present council. I do not fear that the public will forget my position in the council was always in support of the rights of the citizens when they conflicted with the claims of private corporations."

Later the Times called up Ald. Christie, and asked if the printed statement was what he had said or meant to say. He replied that it was not, and he was sure that he was not mentioned in D. W. Clark & Co. as clients of Ald. Baxter. He had said that Ald. Baxter promoted the bill, but had not said or meant to say that it was in the interests of Clark & Co.

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