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# THE TRADE REVIEW.

Vol. I.

MONTREAL, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1865.

No. 40.

**ANGUS & LOGAN,**  
PAPER MANUFACTURERS AND  
WHOLESALE STATIONERS, 354 St. Paul st.  
1-ly

**H. W. IRELAND,**  
NAIL AND METAL BROKER,  
Agent for Cut-Nail and Spike Manufacturers.  
235 St. Paul st., Montreal.  
1-ly

**MUNDERLOH & STEENCKEN,**  
IMPORTERS OF STAPLE AND  
FANCY DRY GOODS, 236 St. Paul st., corner  
of Custom House square, Montreal.  
1-ly

**EDWARD MAITLAND, TYLER & CO.,**  
WHOLESALE WINE, GENERAL  
AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
10 Hospital st.  
3-ly

**M. LAING,**  
PRODUCE AND COMMISSION  
MERCHANT, 97 Commissioners st., Montreal  
Hams, Bacon, Lard, Tallow, Butter, Flour, &c. 3-ly

**JOHN RHYNAS,**  
COMMISSION AND SHIPPING  
MERCHANT, Montreal.—Cash advances made  
on consignments to myself, or to friends in England.  
1-ly

**TO THE MAKERS AND PURCHASERS OF  
BUTTER THROUGHOUT CANADA.**  
At the beginning of another season we take the  
liberty of respectfully reminding our customers  
and the trade generally, that we have for many years  
given special attention to the Butter Trade of Canada,  
no inconsiderable portion of which has passed through  
our hands, and consequently that we have an estab-  
lished connection for the sale of Butter to the best  
advantage, that we have extensive cellars, remarkably  
suitable for the storage and sale of Butter, and that  
our charges are as low as those of any house of standing.  
Consignments are respectfully invited, and will receive  
our best attention.

**JOHN DOUGALL & CO.**  
Montreal, 1st June, 1865. 1-ly

**JAMES DOUGLAS & CO.,**  
DEALERS IN TEAS AND TOBAC-  
COS, attend to sales of Butter, &c., &c.  
236 St. Paul st., Montreal  
1-ly

**WALTER MARRIAGE,**  
WHOLESALE AGENT, AND IM-  
PORTER OF ENGLISH GROCERIES,  
22 Lemoine st., Montreal  
1-ly

**B HUTCHINS,**  
COMMISSION MERCHANT,  
AND  
IMPORTER OF GENERAL GROCERIES,  
88 McGill street, MONTREAL.  
5-ly

**THOMPSON, MURRAY & CO.,**  
COMMISSION AND GENERAL MER-  
CHANTS, St. Sacrament st., Montreal. 1-ly

**GREENE & SONS,**  
HAT AND FUR MANUFACTURERS  
AND IMPORTERS. [See next Page.] 1-ly

**CAMERON & ROSS,**  
COMMISSION MERCHANTS for the  
sale and purchase of Grain, Flour, Pork, Butter,  
Ashes, Wool, Flax, and General Merchandise, Montreal

**GEO. WAIT,**  
PRODUCE AND COMMISSION  
MERCHANT, Montreal.  
1-ly Young's Buildings, No. 2 McGill st.

**S. H. KAY & CO.,**  
IMPORTERS OF STAR & DIAMOND  
STAR WINDOW GLASS, Paints, Oil, Varnish,  
Brushes, Spirits Turpentine, Benzole, Gold Leaf, &c.,  
274 St. Paul st., Montreal  
1-ly

**THOMAS ROBSON & CO.,**  
PRODUCE AND COMMISSION  
MERCHANTS, Commissioners street, Montreal  
Consignments of Flour, Pork, Butter, Lard, Tallow,  
Ashes, and all Descriptions of Produce, promptly  
realized. 5-ly

**BROWN & CHILDS,**  
MANUFACTURERS OF BOOTS,  
SHOES, AND LEATHER, Montreal.  
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE—Corner St. Peter and  
Lemoine sts.  
MANUFACTORY—Corner Queen and Ottawa sts.  
TANNERY—Corner Bonaventure and Canning sts.

The articles manufactured by us are under one  
general superintendence during the whole process of  
manufacture, beginning with the raw hide, and end-  
ing with the finished boot and shoe. By this arrange-  
ment we secure uniform quality throughout.  
Orders received by post promptly executed, and  
should the goods sent not be approved of, they may  
be returned at our expense.  
To occupy the extensive facilities which we have at  
our command for the manufacture of Boots and Shoes,  
it is necessary that we should send goods to all sec-  
tions of the Province, however remote, every induc-  
ement allowable in commerce will be granted to this  
end. 1-ly

**THOMAS W. RAPHAEL,**  
COMMISSION MERCHANT,  
Montreal. Consignments of Flour, Grain, Leather,  
Ashes, Butter, &c., receive personal attention.  
FOR SALE.

Olive Oil, in qr. casks. Coal Oil, Cedar Creek.  
Hemlock Sole Leather, Spanish Sole Leather,  
Waxed Upper, Waxed Calf,  
Pebbled Calf, Prime Mess Beef in tierces,  
Prime, Prime Mess and Mess Pork,  
Butter in tinnets and kegs,  
Upper Canada Leaf Tobacco.

Flour, Superfine, } of well known brands  
Flour, Extra, }  
Flour, Superior Extra. }  
**THOMAS W. RAPHAEL,**  
15 St. Nicholas Street.  
1-ly Agent for Hamilton Powder Company.

**LINTON & COOPER,**  
MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLE-  
SALE DEALERS IN BOOTS AND SHOES,  
306, 308 & 310 St. Paul st., Montreal.

We invite the attention of Merchants, East and West,  
to our large and varied stock of Boots and Shoes now  
on hand, and in process of manufacture for the Spring  
trade. Goods in every conceivable style will be found  
in our establishment, from the best Kid or Sawn  
Gaiter, to the strongest Stoga or Hungarian Boot,  
Men's, Boys', Youths', Ladies', Misses' and Children's  
wear, in over 200 different patterns. Special notice is  
requested to the fact that all our goods are hand-made,  
and of the very best material. The introduction of  
Tegging Machines having thrown a large number of  
workmen out of employment, and consequently re-  
duced the cost of labor, we are thereby enabled to  
manufacture neater and more substantial Boots and  
Shoes, at no greater cost than if made by machinery,  
and are prepared to offer the choicest goods at the  
very lowest possible figures.  
Orders personally or by Post, will have our immedi-  
ate and most careful attention. 1-ly

**J. TIFFIN & SONS,**  
GENERAL MERCHANTS, IMPORT-  
ERS OF TEAS, SUGARS, and GENERAL GRO-  
CERIES, WINES, BRANDY, &c., Nos. 184 and 186 St.  
Paul st., and 49 and 50 Commissioners st.

Offer for sale several Invoices fresh Teas just received  
per Steamers, consisting of:  
Imperial Gunpowder Japan Colored  
Old Hyson and Uncolored.  
Young Hyson Oolong.  
Hyson Twankay. Souchong.  
Twankay.

Also several Invoices FRESH TEAS, just received  
per Steamer via Portland, together with a full assort-  
ment of other STAPLE and GENERAL GROCERIES.  
Also 200 hhd. Choice Porto Rico sugar, and  
250 hhd. Prime Retailing Molasses  
50 tierces }  
10th August, 1865. 1-ly

**A. KIN & KIRKPATRICK,**  
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, do  
an exclusive commission business, and possess the  
amplest experience and facilities for its efficient man-  
agement. Consignments of RAIN FLOUR, ASHES,  
PORK, BUTTER, and general produce, receive per-  
sonal attention. Sales effected, and returns made with  
the utmost promptitude. Liberal advances made on  
goods for sale in this market, or shipment to Britain.  
Charges the lowest adopted by the responsible houses  
of the trade. 1-ly  
Corner William and Grey Nun streets.

**DAVID ROBERTSON,**  
IMPORTER TEAS, TOBACCO, AND  
GENERAL GROCERIES, 24 St. Peter st., Montreal.  
1-ly

**REUTER, LIONAIS & CO.,**  
IMPORTERS OF WINES  
AND SPIRITS, 11 and 13 Hospital st., Montreal.  
1-ly

**ROBERT MITCHELL,**  
COMMISSION MERCHANT AND  
BROKER, 24 St. Sacrament st., Montreal.  
Drafts authorized and advances made on shipments  
of Flour, Grain, Pork, Butter, and General Produce,  
to my address here.  
Advances made on shipments to Europe.  
The sale and purchase of Stocks and Exchange will  
receive prompt attention. 1-ly

**GREENE & SONS**  
INVITE the attention of close buyers to  
their Fall Stock of Furs, Hats, &c. [See next P.]  
1-ly

**J. A. & H. MATHEWSON,**  
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE  
GROCERS. A complete and extensive assort-  
ment of General Groceries. Special attention to TEAS.  
1-ly

**HALL, KAY & CO.**  
HAVE FOR SALE—  
A large and well assorted stock of CHARCOAL,  
COKE and IRON PLATES.

—ALSO—  
CANADA PLATES, various brands,  
Young's Buildings,  
McGill Street.  
1-ly Montreal.

**GREENE & SONS,**  
HATS, FURS, BUCK MITTS, &c.  
See next Page. 1-ly

**W. D. MILLER & CO.,**  
MANUFACTURERS AND IMPOR-  
TERS OF Boots and Shoes,  
Corner of McGill and Lemoine sts., Montreal.  
1-ly

**A. RAMSAY & SON,**  
IMPORTERS OF WINDOW GLASS,  
OILS, PAINTS, &c. 21, 23, & 25 Recollet st., Montreal.  
1-ly

**McMILLAN & CARSON,**  
IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTU-  
RERS OF CLOTHING, Wholesale, have con-  
stantly on hand a very carefully manufactured Stock  
of Ready-made Clothing, suitable for the country  
trade.  
Merchants are respectfully requested to call and  
examine. 1-ly  
No 65 McGill st., Montreal.

**JOHN McARTHUR & SON,**  
OIL, LEAD & COLOR MERCHANTS  
Importers of Window Glass, &c.,  
1-ly 118, 120 and 122 McGill st., Montreal.

**I. L. BANGS & CO.,**  
(Successors to T. L. Steele & Co.)  
MANUFACTURERS OF FELT,  
COMPOSITION, AND GRAVEL ROOFING,  
ENGLISH FELT ROOFING, &c.  
Keep constantly on hand FELT COMPOSITION, &c.  
Parties building, in any part of Canada, can be sup-  
plied with the requisite materials, also, a Competent  
Workman to apply the same.  
Office, No. 5 Place d'Armes Hill, opposite City Bank,  
MONTREAL. 1-ly

**A. H. FORBES,**  
IMPORTER OF IRON, ALL KINDS  
of HEAVY HARDWARE, &c. Has always in  
stock Iron Tubes for Gas, Boiler Tubes, Horse Nails,  
Solea Springs, &c.  
Drain Pipes Fire Bricks all shapes Roman and  
other cements (withness Flaving-Stoves Hearths,  
Burr Blocks for Millstones, boiling Cloths, Terra  
Cotta Vases, Fountains, Chimney-Tops, &c., &c.  
1-ly Queen st. Montreal



**CONVERSE, COLSON & LAMB,**  
**COMMISSION MERCHANTS,**  
 TEA DEALERS AND IMPORTERS  
 OF  
**GENERAL GROCERIES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c.,**  
 Corner of Hospital and St. John Streets, Montreal.  
 Offer for sale a large assortment of FRESH TEAS,  
 now arriving from England, per Steamers via Port-  
 land, comprising, Hysons, Young Hysons, Imperials,  
 Gunpowders, Colored and Uncolored Japans, Cong-  
 oous, Souchongs, and Scented Teas; and their usual  
 variety of Coffees, Tobaccos, Wines, Brandies, Cigars,  
 &c. 1-ly

ESTABLISHED 1842.

**STEAM MADE CONFECTIONERY.**  
 GUM DROPS and JUJUBE PASTE.  
 PAN GOODS, and CANDIES of all kinds  
 LOZENGES of every description.  
 FRENCH CREAM BON-BONS and CHOCOLATE  
 CREAM DROPS.

Manufactured and sold at his New Block, erected on  
 the Old Stand, 243 (New No. 391) Notre Dame Street.  
**CHARLES ALEXANDER,**  
 Wholesale and Retail Confectioner.  
 1-ly

**FITZPATRICK & MOORE,**  
**IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE**  
**DEALERS** in Groceries, Teas, Sugars, Wines,  
 Liquors, Tobaccos, Cigars, Fish, Oils, &c. &c.  
 2-ly No. 4 Lemoine st.

**SMITH & McCULLOCH,**  
**MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS**  
**AND GENERAL MERCHANTS,**

Importers to order of China, Glass, and Earthen-  
 ware; Japanned and Tinware; Hardware and Electro-  
 Plate; Plumbers, Photographers, and Chemists'  
 Ware; Iron Stable Furniture, Encaustic Flooring  
 Tiles, &c., &c.

We are now receiving our Spring consignments of  
 China Tea and Breakfast Sets, White Granite and  
 Printed Dinner and Toilet Ware; Tumblers, Wines,  
 Lamp Chimneys, etc., which we offer for Sale to the  
 Trade in original packages.

Office, Sample Rooms, and Warehouse:  
 1-ly 18 AND 20 HOSPITAL STREET, MONTREAL.

**JUST LANDED,**  
 EX "HIBERNIAN,"  
**FIFTY BALES COTTON YARN.**

This Yarn is made from American Cotton, and is  
 superior in quality to any Yarn in the market.  
 Numbers and Weight guaranteed.

ALEX. WALKER,  
 4-ly Montreal.

**JAMES LOCKHART,**  
**COMMISSION MERCHANT AND**  
**MANUFACTURERS' AGENT,** No. 3 St. Sacra-  
 ment street, Montreal.

**ROBERT SIMMS & CO.,**  
**GENERAL AND COMMISSION**  
**MERCHANTS,** 8 Gillespie Buildings, Common  
 street. 8-ly

**F. H. SIMMS,**  
**MONTREAL IRON WORKS,**  
**MANUFACTURES** to Order, and has  
 in Stock, Carriage Bolts of all sizes, Nuts and  
 Bolts of every description, Rivets, Lifting Jacks,  
 Ratchet Braces, Copying Presses, &c., &c. 8-ly

**W. F. LEWIS & CO.,**  
**WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,**  
 St. Peter st., Montreal. 2-ly

**CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COM-**  
**PANY** Established 1847. Head Office, Hamil-  
 ton, C. W. Capital, \$1,000,000 Sum Assured over  
 \$1,000,000 Annual Income, over \$150,000, Assets,  
 over \$800,000.  
 General Agent:  
**A. G. RAMSAY.** T. W. MEDLEY.

**LIBERAL CONDITIONS AND PRIVILEGES**  
 Perfect Security, and Rates Lower than those offered  
 by English or Foreign Companies.  
**POLICIES CAN BE EFFECTED WITHOUT TROUBLE OR**  
**DELAY.**  
**H. ABBOTT, Agent,**  
 23 Great St. James street, Montreal.  
 8-ly

**FALL TRADE, 1865.**  
**OUR STOCK** will be  
**COMPLETE IN EVERY DEPARTMENT**  
 BY THE  
**TWENTY-FIRST OF AUGUST.**  
 6-ly **THOMSON, CLAXTON & CO.**

**GEORGE OFFORD & CO.,**  
 Contractors for Convict Labor at the Provincial  
 Penitentiary.

**MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLE-**  
**SALE DEALERS** in every description of BOOTS  
 and SHOES, made almost exclusively by hand.  
 All orders will receive prompt attention.  
 15- **Offices and Warehouse—Kingston, C. W.**

**LIDLAW, MIDDLETON & CO.,**  
 Commission Merchants and Shipping Agents,  
 Montreal. 21-ly

**ROBERTSON & BEATTIE,**  
**IMPORTERS, WHOLESALE GRO-**  
**CERS,** and General Commission Merchants, corner  
 McGill and College streets, Montreal. 8-ly

**ROBERT CROOKS & CO.,**  
**COMMISSION MERCHANTS,**  
 LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND  
 Execute Canadian Orders on the best terms, giving  
 special attention to the Grocery Department. They  
 make liberal Advances on Produce consigned to them,  
 and give prompt dispatch to the Forwarding and  
 Insurance of Goods. 10-ly

**DUNDAS.**  
**OSLER & BEGUE,**  
**BARRISTERS AND ATTORNEYS**  
 AT LAW,  
 Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries and Conveyancers,  
 DUNDAS, C W

OFFICE:—McGill's Buildings, Main Street.  
 B. B. OSLER, LL.B. T. H. A. BEGUE, LL.B.  
 19-ly

**LINSEED OIL CAKE FOR STOCK**  
**FEEDING.**  
**LYMANS, CLARE & CO.**  
 St. Paul Street, Montreal.

**LINSEED OIL.**  
**20,000 GALLONS RAW, RE-**  
**FINED, AND DOUBLE BOILED**  
**LINSEED OIL.**

For Sale low, for CASH.  
**LYMANS, CLARE & CO.**

**PAINTS, PUTTY, AND WINDOW GLASS.**  
**LYMANS, CLARE & CO.**

**KINGAN & KINLOCH,**  
**IMPORTERS AND GENERAL**  
**WHOLESALE GROCERS,** and Commission Mer-  
 chants, corner St. Sacramento and St. Peter streets,  
 Montreal.  
 W. M. KINLOCH. W. B. LINDSAY.  
 8-ly

**THOMAS MAY & CO., IMPORTERS**  
 of STRAW and FANCY DRY GOODS, 250 St  
 Paul, and 105 Commissioners street, Montreal. 9-ly

**W. GALT HILL & Co.,**  
**GENERAL MERCHANTS,**  
 AND  
**COMMISSION AGENTS,**  
 509, St. Paul street,  
 MONTREAL.  
 34-ly

**PENITENTIARY BOOTS AND SHOES.**

**THE** Subscriber, having been appointed  
 Agent in Montreal for the Sale of these Goods, is  
 now prepared to take orders, which will be filled care-  
 fully, and with despatch.  
 A. MCK. COCHRANE,  
 494 to 498 St. Paul Street.  
 31-ly

**HENRY J. GEAR,**  
**COMMISSION MERCHANT,**  
 Importer and Dealer in Teas, General Groceries  
 Havana and German Cigars. Agent for Dunville's  
 Belfast Old Irish Whiskey, 33 St. Peter st., Montreal.  
 4-ly

**STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,**  
 { WAREHOUSE, 478 St. Paul Street,  
 Montreal, 18th August, 1865.  
**WE** take this medium of intimating to  
 our friends and customers, that we are now  
 receiving by every steamer our

**FALL IMPORTATION**  
 OF  
**STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.**  
 A considerable portion are to hand, and we hope to be  
 able to show our complete assortment by the first week  
 in September, when inspection is respectfully solicited.  
 1-ly **A. ROBERTSON & CO.**

**FOLINGSBY & WILLIAMSON;**  
**PRODUCE, COMMISSION MER-**  
**CHANTS, and SHIPPERS,** Nos. 17, 19, and 25  
 William street, Montreal. Advances made on Con-  
 signments of Produce or General Merchandise for sale  
 in this market, or for shipment. Personal attention  
 given to the sale or purchase of same. 15-

**DAVID MORRICE,**  
**PRODUCE & GENERAL COMMIS-**  
**SION MERCHANT,**  
 Shipping and Forwarding Agent, &c.,  
 52 St. PETER STREET, MONTREAL.

**REFERENCES:**  
 ANDREW CAMERON, Esq., Pres. Toronto Bank.  
 E. H. RUTHERFORD, Esq., Vice-Pres. Upper Canada  
 Bank.  
 Messrs. JOSEPH MACKAY, Bros., Montreal.  
 Messrs. WM STEPHEN & Co., Montreal.  
 Hon. Wm. McMASTER, Toronto.  
 Messrs. BRUCE, McMURRICH & Co., Toronto.  
 " Wm. ROSS & Co., "  
 " Geo. MICHE & Co., "  
 " D. McINNIS & Co., Hamilton.

Consignments solicited. Returns made on day of  
 sale.  
 Consignees may draw against pro party at two-thirds  
 Montreal market price at time, which will be accepted  
 only when accompanied by bills lading, railroad, or  
 other receipts.  
 - Cash advances made on Warehouse receipts of Flour,  
 Grain, Pot. Ashes, and general Produce.  
 July 21, 1864.

**FOULDS & HODGSON,**

**IMPORTERS OF**

Grey Cottons,	Laces,	Spools,
White Shirtings,	Blondes,	Pina,
Negattas,	Handkerchiefs,	Needles,
Prints,	Fancy Dresses,	Tapes,
Bed Ticks,	Umbrellas,	Buttons,
Denims,	Parasols,	Combs,
Silecias,	Shawls,	Brushes,
Cobourgs,	Hoop Skirts,	Hair Oils,
Orleans,	Table Oil Cloths,	Calognes,
M de i aines,	Yarns,	Soaps,
White Muslins,	Battings,	Stationery,
Jeans,	Silks,	Bronches,
Moleskins,	Ve-vets,	Spectacles,
Flannels,	Linen Threads,	Dolls,
Blankets,	Playing Cards,	Mirrors,
Cloths,	Jewellery,	Razors,
Trunks,	Te- Trays,	Pocket Knives,
Vestings,	Snuff Boxes,	Table Knives,
Hosiery,	Pipes,	Chaplets,
Gloves,	Toys,	Crowns,
Braces,	Bag Purses,	Marbles,
Ribbons,	Perchls,	States.

And a large variety of other Fancy and Staple Goods  
**WHOLESALE**  
 Perhaps the largest assortment of Goods suitable  
 for a General Country store of any house in the  
 Province.  
 363 and 370 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 15-ly

**W. & F. P. CURRIE & CO.**  
**IMPORTERS OF HEAVY**  
**HARDWARE, &c., and COMMISSION MER-**  
**CHANTS.**

Dealers in Drain Pipes, Roman Cement, Water  
 Lime, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, Ornamental Chimney  
 tops, &c., &c.  
 Young's Buildings, McGill & Grey Nun sts., Montreal  
 11th May, 1865. 12-ly

**ESTABLISHED 1837.**  
**BRITANNIA LIFE ASSURANCE**  
**COMPANY,** 1 Princess street, Bank of England  
 London. NOTICE is hereby given that JOSEPH H  
 JONES, Esquire, Coroner, has been appointed Agent  
 to this Company for Montreal. Detailed prospectus  
 and all requisite information as to the mode of effecting  
 Assurance may be obtained on application to the Resi-  
 dent Agent, at his office 34 1/2 Little St. James street,  
 Montreal.  
 Medical Referee—JOHN REDDY, M.D.  
 1-ly **ANDREW FRANCIS, Secretary.**

**LIFE AND GUARANTEE ASSURANCE.**  
**THE EUROPEAN ASSURANCE SOCIETY,**  
 Empowered, by Special Acts of British and Canadian Parliaments.  
 HEAD OFFICE IN CANADA—MONTREAL.  
 In addition to Life Assurance, this Society issues Bonds of Security for persons holding GOVERNMENT, or other situations of trust.  
 LIFE DEPARTMENT.—Persons for whom this Society is Surety, can Assure their lives at considerably reduced rates.  
 Life Policy-holders in this Society can avail themselves of the Society's Suretyship, to a proportionate amount at any time, free of expense.  
 All Premiums received in Canada, invested in the Province.  
 1-ly EDWARD RAWLINGS, Secretary.

**THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE CO.**  
 Chief Offices.—Liverpool, London, Montreal.  
 CANADA BOARD OF DIRECTORS.  
 T. B. Anderson, Esq., chairman, (Pres. B. of Montreal)  
 Alex. Simpson, Esq., Dep. chairman, (Ch. Ontario Bk)  
 Henry Starnes Esq. (Manager Ontario Bank)  
 Henry Chapman, Esq., (mer.) R. S. Fyfe, Esq., (mer.)  
 E. H. King, Esq., (General manager Bk of Montreal)  
 Capital paid up \$1,850,000, Reserved surplus Fund, \$5,000,000, Life Department Reserve \$7,250,000, Undivided Profit \$1,050,000; Total Funds in hand \$15,250,000.  
 Revenue of the Comp'y.—Fire Premiums \$2,900,000, Life Premiums \$1,050,000; Interest on Investments \$800,000; Total Income, 1863, \$4,750,000.  
 All kinds of Fire and Life Insurance business transacted on reasonable terms.  
 Head office, Canada Branch, Company's buildings, PLACE D'ARMES, MONTREAL.  
 1-ly G. F. C. SMITH, Res. Secretary.

**READY-MADE CLOTHING.**

**RINGLAND, EWART & CO.,**  
 IMPORTERS OF  
**DRY GOODS, &c.,**  
 Are giving special attention to the **READY-MADE CLOTHING**; and our Fall Goods, for style, quality and finish, will be second to none in the Province.  
 Our Travellers will call on buyers in every section of Upper and Lower Canada, and we advise those wanting goods got up with taste, and suitable for a Canadian climate, not to purchase before examining our samples.  
**GENTS' HABERDASHERY.**—This department will comprise the latest novelties.  
**HOSIERY AND GLOVES.**—A full stock of plain and fancy.  
**LEICESTER KNITTED GOODS,** in great variety  
 422 ST. PAUL STREET,  
 1-ly MONTREAL.

**THE COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY,**  
 Chief Office, 19 Cornhill, London, England  
 Capital, \$12,500,000. Invested, over \$2,000,000.  
**FIRE DEPARTMENT.**—The distinguishing feature of this Company is the introduction of an equitable adjustment of charges, proportionate to each risk incurred.  
**LIFE DEPARTMENT.**—For the pre-eminent advantages offered by this Company, see Prospectus and Circular—30 per cent. of profits divided among participating Policy Holders—Economy of management guaranteed by a clause in the Deed of Association.  
**MORLAND, WATSON & CO.,**  
 General Agents for Canada.  
 FRED COLE, Secretary.  
 Office, 335 and 337 St. Paul street, Montreal  
 Surveyor—H. MUNRO, Montreal  
 Inspector of Agencies—T. C. LIVINGSTON, P. L. S.  
 5-ly

**THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.**  
 CAPITAL—ONE MILLION POUNDS, STERLING.  
 Head Offices—Edinburgh and Montreal.  
 Manager for Canada, W. M. Ramsay.  
 Inspector of Agencies, R. Bull.  
 Income of Company, . . . . . £144 824 stg  
 Accumulated Fund, . . . . . 655 763 ..  
 Unconditional policies granted. Claims settled without delay and liberally.  
 No expenses connected with obtaining policies.  
 Profits divided every five years. As an example of the additions to policies by profits—A policy taken out in 1847 for £1,000 is now increased to £1,310  
 Agencies in every Town in Canada  
 W. M. RAMSAY,  
 Manager for Canada.  
 10-ly Montreal, 10 Great St. James street.

**THE HOME AND COLONIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY, Limited**  
 Chief Office, 69 Cornhill, London, England.  
 Authorized Capital, \$10,000,000. Issued \$5,000,000.  
 All kinds of Fire and Life Insurance business transacted on reasonable terms.  
 Losses promptly and liberally adjusted without reference to England. General Agents for Canada,  
**MESSRS. TAYLOR BROTHERS.**  
 All Premiums received in Canada, invested in the Province.  
 HEAD OFFICE—CANADA BRANCH,  
 Nos 13 and 15 Merchants' Exchange, Montreal.  
**TAYLOR BROTHERS,**  
 Brokers for Sale and Purchase of Stocks, Securities and Real Estate.  
 Brokers and Commission Merchants for purchase and sale of Produce.  
 Agents for the Merchant Banking Company of London (Limited).  
 Nos 13 and 15 Merchants' Exchange, Montreal.  
 10-ly

**WILLIAM NIVIN & CO.,**  
**COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND SHIPPING AGENTS,** purchase and sell all descriptions of Produce on Commission, and likewise advance on consignments of same made to their friends in London, Liverpool, and Glasgow.  
 Also are prepared to import on Commission and on favorable terms, all description of Groceries, Drugs, Oils and Paints, having first class connections in Great Britain for the execution of such orders.  
 Montreal, St. Sacrament and St. Nicholas streets.  
 1-ly

**THE TRADE REVIEW.**

MONTREAL, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1865.

**IMPORTANT RESTRICTIONS.**

We are informed the United States Consular General here has been instructed to enforce a regulation which cannot fail to be a very serious restriction to the produce trade between Canada and the United States. It is generally known that for the past two years the American Government have required Consular Certificates to accompany every shipment of produce to that country, testifying to the fact that the article was the growth and product of Canada, in order to allow its admission free of duty under the Reciprocity Treaty. This has been sufficiently annoying and expensive to our shippers, without having further trouble necessitated. It is now announced, however, that in order to obtain a Consular Certificate for a shipment of flour, it will be necessary for the shipper to either have an affidavit from the miller that it is ground from Canada wheat, or that his agent here must have power-of-attorney from the miller to make an affidavit to the same effect. This will necessitate every commission agent in the city being possessed of documentary authority from the millers for whom he acts. Also, when parcels of flour change hands, as they frequently do before being shipped, the original receiver or the miller's agent will be compelled to go before the Consul and make the necessary affidavit before it can go into the United States markets. There may be some misunderstanding about the matter, but we are assured flour has been stopped at Roue's Point, and that the officials of the Consulate here will grant no more certificates until these requirements are met.  
 We cannot understand the sense of such an absurd regulation, and can only regard it as another indication of the outrageously unjust policy which the United States are pursuing toward Canada. Such regulations were never contemplated when the Reciprocity Treaty was negotiated, and it seems like a miserable piece of petty spite to enforce such a rule at this particular time.

**Greatly Decreased.**

The importations into the United Kingdom for the first half of the present year show a diminution of about nineteen per cent. The most remarkable falling off in the list of countries from which imports were received is the United States, which now instead of standing at the head of foreign contributors to the supply of the kingdom, shows a total of only a little over a third of that of France, about half that of Egypt, and less than either Germany, China, or Holland. The imports received from British North America for the six months were \$863,000, against \$1,250,000 in the same time last year.

**MORLAND, WATSON & CO.,**  
**WHOLESALE HARDWARE MERCHANTS,**  
 Importers of all descriptions of  
**HEAVY AND SHELF HARDWARE.**  
**IRON, STEEL, FIG IRON, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, CORDAGE, RUBBER and LEATHER BELTING, &c., &c.**  
 Manufacturers of  
**S A W S :**  
 Circular, Gang, Crosscut, Webs, &c.  
 Moccock's celebrated  
**AXES, EDGE TOOLS, &c.**  
**MONTREAL REFINED IRON:**  
 Bars and Sheets, Cut Scrap Nails.  
 Pressed, Clinch and Finishing, Iron and Zinc Shoe Bills, Brads, &c.  
 Agents for Sharpe & Davy's English Gunpowder  
 Agents for Commercial Union Assurance Company, Fire and Life, of London, England  
 Agents for National Provincial Marine Assurance Company of London, England.  
 Warehouse and Offices, 335 & 337 St. Paul street,  
 Manufactories on Lachine Canal.  
 1-ly Montreal.

**Flax Seed.**

Throughout the season there has been a great deal of excitement in this article, which has now become a not unimportant one in Canadian Trade. The demand from the United States was active throughout, and prices continued to advance from \$1.20 to as high as \$1.90, at which latter rate very considerable sales were made. The high rates for Seeds and the consequent rise in Linseed oil, has induced importations from England, and prices in New-York and elsewhere have considerably declined. In Canada, the market is now weak and prices lower. It would be difficult to get more than \$1.60 or \$1.65 per bushel. The loss must be considerable to farmers, but fortunately they are among our American friends, Canadian dealers having generally bought on orders.

**Money Market.**

The Bank of England has raised its interest to 7 per cent. Under ordinary circumstances this would be very unfavourable to Canada, but the country is now so well off, from sales of produce and lumber to the United States, that we will be less affected by dear money in England than usual. The effect of the rise in interest is seen in the decline of American Five Twenty Bonds, which have receded to sixty-nine. The consequence will be that the exportation of these Bonds must decline, and that the reduction, which it was supposed would take place in Sterling Exchange, must be indefinitely postponed. Here and elsewhere in Canada Money is easy, and good investment scarce.

**Petroleum in Gaspe.**

Recent advices from Gaspe more than confirm previous indications of the existence of Petroleum. A letter before us dated 27th Sept., states that at a depth of 260 feet an excellent stream of light thin oil was found with plenty of gas. In the course of the operations there the following variations of strata have been noted.—

At a depth 120 feet.—	Palé red slate.
" " 133 "	Fine gray sandstone.
" " 160 "	Dark red slate very much colored
" " 200 "	Very fine sandstone mixture of soapstone.
" " 233 "	Blue sandstone—strong salt water, and a good show of light thin oil—best yet found.
" " 260 "	Coarse gray sandstone, wet and very hard.

The letter was accompanied with two gallons of oil, which for crude is the finest we have yet seen. One hundred feet was drilled in six days. The agent in charge of the work is in great spirits, and hopes within a mail or two to be able to report more definitely as to the good prospects.

THE BOOT ON THE WRONG LEG.

With high prices which are being paid for all descriptions of produce, in Canada, by American dealers, cannot but be regarded as a sign favourable to the Reciprocity Treaty. The activity of this demand, the wide range of articles included in it, and the extravagant rates which are paid, all imply a considerable diminution of the production in the United States, as well as an increase in demand from localities which hitherto could not be reached, in consequence of the war. Under ordinary circumstances it might well be assumed that this condition of things could not be of long duration, inasmuch as high prices would stimulate increased production, and the exhaustion which at present prevails in the South would disappear; but in view of the immensely increased currency and the speculative values that are likely hereafter to obtain, together with the rapid increase in the price of labour, make it exceedingly improbable that low rates for produce can be expected for some time to come. The consequences, so far as Canada is concerned, must be favourable, even in the event of a repeal of Reciprocity.

For in the first place if the Americans are willing to pay such prices as are now prevalent, it implies either a short supply or such an activity in the demand as to render the articles more than usually valuable to them. For this reason they will in all probability have to pay the duties which they themselves impose. It is an acknowledged principle that the consumer will always have to pay the duty where there is not an over-supply of the article imported. When there is a glut in the market, the produce suffers by the high tariffs.

In the next place, even if the producer has to pay the duty, the high prices which prevail will enable him to do so, and yet have a good profit. Take for instance the article of white wheat, which all along the frontier is being sold at about \$1.50 per bushel. The duty at 20 per cent would be 30 cents per bushel, leaving for the farmer \$1.20, a rate that will well remunerate him. So that in any event high prices will compensate for any ill effects which may be anticipated from the repeal of the Reciprocity Treaty. Of course it would be unreasonable to expect prices to continue as high as at present. Another harvest in the United States may be so successful as entirely to destroy such a prospect; but when we consider the fact that this year that country is exporting little or nothing, that it is importing largely from every quarter of the globe, that its people have become excessively extravagant, and that a speculative mania is setting in, which for extent and uncertainty has probably never been equaled in the history of commerce, we have some reason to anticipate a continuance of even the present high rates. It is pretty certain that we will have no change until the present year elapses. Neither must it be inferred that prices are high at present, because of the prospective repeal of the Treaty, and the imposition of high duties. The truth is that all the produce that has been received from Canada, excepting perhaps, barley, has gone into immediate consumption, and there is no prospect of any accumulation except in sawed lumber only. It will be a just retribution on our neighbours for the adoption of such an outrageous policy as the abrogation of reciprocity, if they shall have to "pay the piper;" and nothing will so soon beget a reconsideration of the question as the general application of a high tax on such articles of prime necessity as we Canadians have to spare. The fact is now beyond doubt that our country was never better able to stand the repeal of this Treaty than now. We have been and still are realizing very remunerative rates for the products of our abundant harvest, and for a number and variety of articles too, which have hitherto yielded our farmers but little return. The amount of American money that has been drawn into Canada, during the last four or five months, is, to say the least, treble that of any similar period of former years; and as a rule our farmers will be in a position to submit to even less prices and a less active market for the next two years than could reasonably have been anticipated six months ago. So that whatever shape the question may take, whether the Treaty is repealed or not, or even whether high or low prices prevail, the disastrous effects which American statesmen intended to inflict upon Canada by the abrogation of the Treaty are likely to fall far short of their expectations. It is not the less gratifying to know that these ill effects have been obviated at the expense of the Americans themselves, who have been compelled to pay us such remarkable high prices as

have lately been given for our surplus products. It would almost seem that Providence has specially intervened to save our country from contemplated disaster, and rendered those who so strenuously endeavoured to injure us, the very instruments of our increased prosperity.

THE RESULT.

THE Banks of this Province are required to furnish the Government at the end of each month with a statement of their condition. These are the most interesting and important figures which reach the commercial public, yet by some very serious mismanagement it has lately been delayed so that its value is very materially decreased. Thus, at the present moment, every one is anxious to know what the Banks have been doing during the month of September, and yet, up to the present, the twentieth day of the month of October the statements of only two, out of the eighteen Provincial Banks, have made their appearance. The *Canada Gazette* of last Saturday should certainly have contained a complete summary of the whole banking operations for the last month, but the public are compelled to wait another week before they can obtain this valuable information. "Whose fault is it?" If Mr Langton's, the public demand some improvement; if the Banks', Mr Langton should look after them and insist upon prompt returns. This is the second month that the same neglect has been apparent, and we trust it will not occur again. Those statements which are published are from the Bank of Montreal and the Ontario Bank. The most interesting items, as compared with those of last year, are as follow:—

BANK OF MONTREAL.				
	Circulation	Specie	Deposits	Discounts
September	\$2,953,695	1,994,415	11,079,642	11,093,643
August	2,195,692	2,133,942	9,793,654	10,627,309
Increase	\$757,993		1,285,988	471,334
Decrease		\$139,527		

ONTARIO BANK.				
	Circulation	Specie	Deposits	Discounts
September	\$1,072,910	667,086	1,658,955	3,365,965
August	754,181	611,251	1,538,068	3,111,411
Increase	\$318,729	45,835	70,887	254,554

Adding the totals of the two Banks, it will be seen that there has been an increase of:

Circulation	\$1,056,732
Deposits	1,356,575
Discounts	725,918
And a decrease of—	
Specie	133,722

This, so far as the two Banks are concerned, is a most satisfactory result. It is not at all improbable that the total increase in the circulation of all the Banks will be from two and a-half to three millions of dollars, which will swell that item to at least eleven millions—a point which has not been touched in a similar month since 1861, and which has not been reached in any month since October, 1853.

An immense amount of silver has also gone into circulation, not only fresh importations from the United States, but the exhaustion of stocks in the hands of brokers, evidenced by its lessened discount at all the principal points. It is probably safe to say that more than a million of dollars are now in the country—we mean outside of the cities, so that the total currency afloat, including Bills and Silver, at the present moment will not fall short twelve millions of dollars. This is an increase of upwards of one-third of the average circulation since this time last year, a fact that is very sensibly felt and appreciated as is evidenced by the easy condition of the money market all over the Province. Specie shows a very slight decline in view of the large increase in circulation, and our Banks never before held so large an amount of bullion at this season of the year in proportion to their bills afloat. The deposits, too, for the Banks whose figures we have given, show a marked increase of being almost double the discounts. These facts indicate to what a limited extent Canadian capital has been used for the movement of the crop. So large an increase to the idle capital of the country could hardly have taken place at so busy a season if American means had not been substituted, while the comparatively small amount of discounts imply that the necessities of borrowers have been met from the same source.

WHAT EVERYBODY WILL BE GLAD TO HEAR.

THE success which has attended the operations of farmers in the past season has, we are glad to know, stimulated them to much greater exertions than heretofore. In the previous four or five years, farming was a very disheartening business. The great staple of the country, winter wheat, had become the most risky of all productions. The preparation of the ground, the expense of the seed, and the long time that it took to yield, were all considerations that induced an unusual reluctance to cultivate it to a great extent, while there was so little prospect of a very profitable return. In not a few localities did farmers cease to cultivate it, and all over the country there was a disposition to depend less entirely on its production. The great drawback was its liability to be injured, if not totally destroyed by the midge, hence the discovery and cultivation of Midge-Proof wheat is likely to result in a very great revolution of agricultural interests. It is a fact most satisfactorily ascertained that the article of wheat here mentioned is impervious to the attacks of this all-devouring insect. Farmers in Canada who were fortunate enough last year to secure seed of this character, have escaped all harm. Fields of ordinary grain, standing side by side with the midge-proof wheat, have been found totally destroyed, while the other has escaped the slightest damage. The importance of this discovery can hardly be over-estimated. It gives to the operations of the farmer a degree of certainty which has hitherto been unknown, and the lack of which has been one of the many drawbacks under which the country was labouring. So strongly are our farmers persuaded of the superiority of this grain, that in all sections of the country, during the present autumn, it has been generally adopted as the seed sown.

A recent trip through the largest portion of the wheat-growing districts of Canada West, convinces the writer that never before has there been better promise for the winter wheat than at the present moment. Not only is the area under cultivation with this crop this season much greater than ever before, but the seed has been sown under exceedingly favourable auspices. It is true that in some sections there has been great need of rain, yet, taken as a whole, there has seldom been a more favourable sowing season than that just completed. The plant is now well advanced above the ground, and hardly anywhere are there scenes of vigour and life wanting. These considerations, together with the knowledge that the midge-proof wheat has been generally adopted, gives us hope that the next year crop will be a good one. Of course it is a long way to look ahead, and it is futile to attempt prophecies with such a distance of time intervening, but it is certainly very gratifying to notice, even at this early period, such favourable indications. Among the best informed agriculturists, however, the impression is that this midge-proof wheat will deteriorate in a very short time. It is said, and with much reason, that our soil will assimilate the grain, or in other words that the grain will change from its present coarse and hard condition to the fine thin-skinned kernel which is the characteristic of Canada wheat. It is inferred, therefore, that the great lesson of the necessity of constant change in the productions of the country will be again illustrated in this case. No one would now dispute the advantages of a rotation of crops, and the change of seed, even of the same kind of crop, seems to be equally understood. We are glad to know that farmers generally are now awake to the appreciation of such facts; and if this lesson has been bought even by the dear experience of the past five years, it is not likely to be soon forgotten. We therefore look forward with more than ordinary hope to the success of agriculture in this country. Its success is the foundation of our prosperity; without it every interest will be paralysed; disaster and embarrassment are the sure result of its failure, and every individual has a direct interest in whatever tends to improve it.

English Capital.

Indications are not wanting of a strong disposition on the part of English capitalists to invest capital in America. In addition to the recent visit of the leading railway potentates, and the proposal on their part to unite New York and Chicago by a double track railway, we have had a remarkable operation on the London stock exchange. The Erie Railway made an issue of \$4,000,000 at 75 cts. payable at par in 10 years. The whole amount was not only eagerly absorbed at once, but the bonds are quoted by the last steamer at 2 to 2½ premium.

### THE ADVANTAGE—ON WHICH SIDE ?

THE discussion of the Reciprocity Treaty both in the United States and Canada has become less animated. Its opponents and its advocates have both had their say, and until the question comes before Congress, the war of words and ideas is not likely to regain the fire and spirit which characterized them during the past few months. We think it must be admitted that the prospects of a renewal of the Treaty do not improve, but we are gratified to notice a great change in the public sentiment of this Province as to the injurious results likely to flow from its abrogation. Before we reaped the late harvest, Canada seemed under a cloud. The future appeared dark, and gloomy. But the cloud now displays its silver lining, and the sun of prosperity is again shedding his glorious beams over the land. People do not deny that the termination of reciprocal trade will do harm. But the thorough discussion of the subject has served to convince them, that Canada was never in a better position to do without Reciprocity, nor one in which the imposition of duties by the United States on breadstuffs, stock, lumber, &c., would do so great an extent, fall upon their own people.

The opposition shown by so many Americans to a renewal of Reciprocity cannot be accounted for on commercial grounds. The discussion of the question abundantly proves that. The friends of freedom of Trade in the United States, not to speak of Canada, have supplied arguments in favour of Reciprocity which its opponents have not, and cannot overturn. Whatever may be the fate of the measure, its advocates have demonstrated its advantages both to the United States and Canada with facts and figures, against which national prejudices, narrow and contracted principles, and local selfishness, have all been impotent. If the renewal of the Treaty rested solely on the arguments adduced, the question might justly be considered settled.

Looking at Reciprocity solely from a commercial point of view—which is the only proper way to test it,—we cannot understand how any unprejudiced American can oppose it. Judged by any of the recognized rules by which the working of such treaties is determined, it comes forth from the test triumphantly. Its articles are worthy of the liberal and progressive spirit of the nineteenth century; its opponents seek to substitute for them a policy worthy only of the middle ages. It has swelled our International trade to an average of \$36,213,285 per annum; its opponents seek to place on restrictions which will drive us towards an average of \$16,729,234, the amount of our trade before the Treaty! Under "Free Trade" our ten years transactions foot up to the immense value of (nearly) FOUR HUNDRED MILLIONS OF DOLLARS; those against it want to retrograde to the old commercial policy under which our trade did not reach EIGHTY-FIVE MILLIONS in five years! And the same remarks hold good with regard to American trade with the Maritime Provinces. The Treaty has fostered their annual trade until it has reached as great a volume as \$16,589,736 in a single year; before the Treaty it only amounted to \$4,977,206! During the past ten years the total amount of trade has reached the great value of \$125,813,082! These figures are from returns made by the Provincial Governments, and abundantly demonstrate that the opposition to Reciprocity cannot arise from that measure not having fulfilled its great object—to foster and increase the Trade of the contracting parties.

Some narrow-minded souls in the United States jump at the conclusion that, because Reciprocity has benefited Canada to some extent, it must have injured their own country. Nothing could be more absurd. It is the glory of Reciprocity that it has proved *immensely advantageous to both countries*; but if either has obtained the lion's share, we unhesitatingly assert it is our friends across the lines. Look, for instance, at the "balance of trade." In ten years the returns show that Canada bought \$45,177,687 with more from the United States than they did from us! The "balance" against the Maritime Provinces in the same time was nearly as great—the exact amount being \$43,377,362! Adding these two sums together, we find that we have had to pay our American neighbours nearly NINETY MILLIONS OF DOLLARS IN GOLD to square off accounts! Very nearly 25 per cent of our whole purchases from the United States during the past ten years have been paid to them in specie! Add to these facts, that we threw open to American fishermen the finest fisheries in the world, and placed the St. Lawrence and the Provincial Canals at their service, and it may well create amazement that any impartial American can pretend that the Treaty has worked unfairly to his country.

The writer is one who, from reading the complaints of certain American journals, began at least to think that possibly Reciprocity was hurting Uncle Sam's toe. But since he has had time to thoroughly examine the question, he has been forced to the conclusion that there never was a bigger sham than the cry that the Treaty has worked unfairly to the United States or proved injurious to its interests. The proof goes all the other way. Figures are

"Chiefs which wanna ding,"

and they prove first, that Reciprocity has largely increased International Trade; and second, that there is a large "balance of trade" in favour of our friends across the lines. Under these circumstances, the commercial argument for a renewal of Reciprocity trade, even from an American point of view, must be considered irresistible.

We fear that Reciprocity has more to fear from political than commercial reasons. The evidence of the beneficial effects of the measure is so overwhelming that we instinctively look for the secret of opposition to some other cause. We have a far higher opinion of the great bulk of the American people than to believe that they would sustain the policy of Consul-General Potter and attempt to drag on Canada in Annexation by the Chinese Policy, of "non-intercourse." But may it not be that there is a hope in some American minds that, by delaying a new Treaty, the people of Canada may thereby be induced to change their political relations? If such hopes exist, the sooner they are dispelled the better. As near and friendly neighbours, we wish the republic prosperity, we admire many of its institutions, we respect its people. But our people are unalterably attached to their own institutions, they are thoroughly determined to work out their own destiny as a great Northern confederacy; and it would be greatly to be lamented if unfounded hopes of changing their political aspirations should be the cause of annulling a Treaty which has proved of such inestimable advantage to both countries.

### COMMERCIAL LAW.

SEVERAL INTERESTING DECISIONS.

A PERSON living in Western Canada consigned to a Montreal Commission Merchant a certain quantity of tobacco for sale; and, without any previous authority, drew upon him at the same time for \$250, which was accepted and paid. The price which the consignor asked could not be obtained in Montreal, and the consignee therefore shipped the tobacco to England, where it was sold. The Commission Merchant brought an action to recover the amount of the draft which he had accepted and paid. The defendant contended that the plaintiff had not acted by his authority, when he sent the tobacco to England, and that he should suffer by the loss sustained on the sale there. It was decided that, in the absence of any agreement to postpone the repayment of the advance of \$250, on the draft, until the sale of the tobacco, the plaintiff had a right to reclaim his advances, without waiting for the sale of the tobacco.

The rights of passengers on railways in regard to tickets and baggage are of such general interest, that it is well to know the result of some very recent decisions in Canada upon the point. A gentleman, travelling on a first class passenger ticket on the Great Western Railway, from Chatham to Toronto, had a travelling bag, which he took with him into the car, not having offered it to be checked, nor having been asked to do so, or to give it in charge to any official. At the London Station, where the train stopped for refreshments, he left it on his seat in the car, in order to retain his place, and on his return from the refreshment room it was gone. The Court of Queen's Bench decided that the Company was liable for the value of the bag, although it was not checked. The system of checking was introduced for the benefit of the railway companies, and not for that of the passengers.

In another case a gentleman purchased from the same railway a ticket from Buffalo to Detroit, marked "good only for twenty days from date." He took the afternoon accommodation train at Suspension Bridge, which ran only as far as London; but he left it at St. Catharines, an intermediate Station, and the agent of the Company refused to let him go on from that place by the night express. It has been decided by the Court of Queen's Bench that the Company was justified in this refusal; and that the ticket did not amount to a contract conferring on the holder a right to stop at every or any intermediate Station, though within the limited twenty days.

It has also been held in a somewhat similar case against the Grand Trunk, that a ticket marked "good for this day only" is a contract to convey in one continuous journey, and does not authorize the holder to break the journey into two or more parts.

### Canadian Sugar.

One of our largest items of import is sugar; for it we annually send out of the country between two and three million dollars. It is an article which we ought to produce ourselves. We can grow corn to some extent, and at any rate we can buy it very cheaply, and we therefore rejoice at the proposal of the Messrs. Molson to undertake the manufacture of the article from that grain. But we have a climate well adapted to the cultivation of sorghum, which in the Western States is one of the most profitable crops grown. Why cannot our agricultural societies import some seed, and offer liberal inducements for its cultivation? Then with regard to beet-root sugar, we are very much behind the age. The official return published in Paris shows that from the beginning of the season, from 1st of October to the end of August last, the number of manufactory in operation producing sugar from beet-root, was 398—32 more than at the corresponding date of last year. The quantity of sugar made was 149,014 tons, and adding quantity on hand, and entries, the total to be disposed of was 169,192 tons, which was 42,795 more than at the end of August, 1864. In other parts of the continent the same success has attended this manufacture, and there is nothing whatever to prevent Canadians from being equally successful. The country has need to keep within itself all the industries possible, and we know none that will more readily yield a good return than the cultivation of sugar from native products.

### Big Business.

The published official returns of the brokers and private bankers of Wall street to the Internal Revenue assessor show that their sales in the year ending on the 30th day of June last, amounted to more than six thousand million dollars, or \$6,073,708,818! The taxes are one-tenth of one per cent. on sales of gold, and one-twentieth of one per cent. on sales of stocks, bonds, &c. There are twenty-two firms whose sales were upwards of fifty millions each, ten over one hundred millions, and three over one hundred and fifty millions!

### Cotton in England.

A monthly (Liverpool) Cotton Circular of 1st instant says:—"It cannot be denied that the present statistical position of cotton is startling. There is in stock in Liverpool and London but 304,000 bales, against 603,000 last year; and at sea, reducing the China bales to the size of Surats, 260,000, against 395,000; whereas the consumption of this country and the continent is probably one-third larger than it was at the corresponding time last year, and the scale of prices is about the same. The only set-off against this is the large stock now held by the trade; in the last five weeks they have taken on the average 67,000 bales per week, and putting their consumption for this period at 43,000, they must now hold a stock of 120,000. But it must be remembered that they held literally nothing when the free buying commenced, and could not afford to part with this surplus while so deeply under contract. It is obvious now that nothing but large and liberal supplies from America at an early date can save us from drifting into a cotton famine and all its accompanying disturbance to trade; and it is matter of much regret in the interests of commerce that supplies from America come forward so tardily."

### Lower Port Produce.

Our Quebec correspondent reports as follows:—**FISH.**—Receipts continue fair, but with greatly increased demand, everything is eagerly taken from wharf at high rates. Latest sales are U. S. Salmon \$19 to \$19.25 per barrel. Dry codfish \$5.50 to \$5.75 per 112 lbs.; green codfish per barrel \$5.40 to \$5.50; No. 1 Labrador herrings \$5.50 to \$6.00. Round herrings \$3.00 to \$3.25; with very low stocks. **OILS.**—Receipts of seal oil and prices well maintained; 93 cents to 95 for pale; 88 to 90 cents for straw. Several parcels of whale have arrived, but all for importers' account. This article very scarce and daily enquired for. Of cod oil the receipts continue pretty large and prices not so firm. Early in the week 90 cents was the selling price; to day the value is about 81 to 85 cents.

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

James Bailie & Co. Bankage, Beak & Co. Wm. Benjamin & Co. James F. Clark. John Dougall & Co. Foulds & Hodgson. Gilmour, White & Co. Lewis, Kay & Co. Joseph May. Thomas May & Co.

McIntyre, Denoon & Co. J. Meyer & Co. Munderloh & Steenken. Ogilvy & Co. Ringland, Ewart & Co. A. Robertson & Co. Stirling, McCall & Co. William Stephen & Co. Thomson, Claxton & Co. Alexander Walker. George Winks & Co.

THERE has been a moderate degree of activity in the Dry Goods trade since our last, notwithstanding that the week was somewhat broken by the holiday which was generally observed. Orders from travellers and by mail continue most satisfactory, while not a few out-of-town buyers have made respectable parcels. Remittances are remarkably good, and the general trade is healthy in tone.

The advices from Britain still indicate firm and advancing prices for cotton—with a large business notwithstanding the increased rate of interest, which it was thought was imposed to check speculation. By the Scotia, which arrived yesterday, we have Liverpool advices to 7th inst. indicating a buoyant market, large sales, and an advance in price.

In our market the arrivals during the week have been important. The Nova Scotian brought 672 packages of dry goods, of which 569 were for Montreal, and 103 for other points. These arrivals with those expected by the St. George, just reported at Father Point, will render stocks here very complete. Indeed it may be safely said that never before in this season were the stocks so thoroughly assorted, though of course the quantities in hand are not so large as at the opening. Prices are very firm, and in some cases considerably advanced; all recent importations bear an improved value. Cottons here are, as a rule, ten per cent higher now than at the opening of the season. In England the advance is equal to twenty per cent, but our importers' orders being executed a few weeks ago, and having still some quantities of original stock in hand, they are in a position to divide the advance with their customers. Cotton yarns are almost out of supply, and are hardly quotable. All descriptions of Bradford Stuff goods are considerably higher with an excellent assortment however in stock. Linen goods are generally improved in price, with an upward tendency.

It has been feared that too many goods would be brought out late in the season, glutting the market, and rendering a jobbing and cutting trade necessary. Although the arrivals have been large enough thus far to justify such an inference, we think it is not likely to be the case. Goods are too high in England, and too difficult to obtain, to permit of extended purchases so late in the season, and we should not be surprised to find succeeding steamers contain a largely diminished supply. This taken in connection with the continuous activity in the demand both on Canada and United States account, leads to the belief that stocks will not be any too large at the close of the season. It is therefore apparent that the present condition of the market is more favourable for general purchases both as to price and assortment than it is likely to be again before next Spring.

Cotton in Liverpool.

On the 1st of October, the stock of Cotton in Liverpool was 261,000 bales, being 257,000 bales less than at the same time last year. The quantity at sea from India was 259,000 bales, against 320,000 bales same time last year. From China the amount of Cotton was only 4,000 bales, against 80,000 bales last year. On the other hand, the consumption in the United Kingdom shows a considerable increase; the average weekly deliveries in September amounting to 3,800 bales, against 2,900 in same week, 1864, and 2,600 in 1863. The receipts from America continue very small, amounting to only 21,800 bales on the whole month of September. In the whole month the sales were 561,000 bales, of which 270,000 bales were absorbed by the trade, and the total advance in price during the month was three pence sterling, or equal to six cents per lb. Every indication points to a stiff market for some time to come.

The Spirit Trade.

We give the quotations of the leading distillers:—

Table with 3 columns: Distiller Name, Price in \$ c., and Price in p. c. off. Includes entries for W. Dow & Co., Gooderham & Worts, Pure Spirit, Ditto, Whiskey, etc.

THE GROCERY TRADE.

James Austin & Co. I. Buchanan & Co. Bacon, Clarke & Co. H. Chapman & Co. Converse, Colson & Lamb. Jas. Douglas & Co. Forester, Moir & Co. Fitzpatrick & Moore. Gillespie, Moffatt & Co. B. Hutchins. Jeffery, Brothers & Co. Kingan & Kinloch. Law, Young & Co. Leeming & Buchanan. E. Maitland, Tylee & Co.

J. A. & H. Mathewson. H. J. Gear. Mitchell, Kinross & Co. William Nivin & Co. Reuter, Lionals & Co. Rimmer, Gunn & Co. Robertson & Beattie. David Robertson. Harland Enoch & Co. Sinclair, Jack & Co. Jos. Tiffin & Sons. David Torrance & Co. Thompson, Murray & Co. Alex. Urquhart & Co. Winn & Holland.

THERE is still a slight lull for the New-York Market, but we do not think it is of a permanent character.

TEAS have been moderately active for local demand and Western account, and a good many lots have gone forward. Prices here are very firm, and we see no prospect of an early decline. The English Markets are very firm, and also the Chinese as per the latest advices from China.

In SUGARS, the stock is light, and prices firmly maintained.

MOLASSES have had a good demand during the week, and several sales have been made.

SALT has been excited within the week. Some large lots have been sold at 90c. cash, and holders are now asking 95c.

A large lot of FRUIT was put up for sale yesterday, but the views of holders were considerably apart, and only about one third of the lot were sold.

TOBACCOS are active. The local demand is pretty firm. Considerable parcels are going out in execution of orders from the country. For prices, see general prices current on another page.

The following is an interesting statement showing the exports of Teas from China to United States on the Atlantic, for the year ending May 31st, as compared with previous years:—

Table showing tea exports from China to US (1865-1866) with columns for Green, Black, and Total Teas, and prices in lb. units.

Is it Possible?

Is it possible that with the immense increase in the currency of the United States there should be any stringency in money? Yet such is the case at the present moment, and the fact plainly points to two things—first the immense increase of speculative transactions; and second, the rapid absorption by the South of money and merchandise. In New York, the papers received yesterday tell us:—

“The Money market remains stringent, and it is impossible to borrow money on call to any extent at less than 7 per cent., while the exceptions at a higher rate are found to be inconveniently numerous. Commercial paper is freely off red.”

In Chicago, where speculation has been most rampant, we are told:—

“Produce dealers are complaining of the difficulty experienced in getting accommodations to carry their stocks. The country banks are drawing largely on the city banks, and the amount of currency on hand is being reduced almost daily. This, along with the determination on the part of bankers to force shipments of Grain East, so as to relieve them, renders the market much closer than it has been for several months past. Within a day or two currency will arrive here from the East, and this may cause temporary relief, but we have no idea that the market will be easy again till the close of the Provision season. The rate of discount is steady at ten per cent., with transactions by private bankers at the same rate, with one per cent. commission added.”

Sterling Exchange.

Since our last issue the Sterling Exchange market has been a good deal excited. Our market has to a considerable extent sympathized with New-York in the excitement which has been felt there. The rate, now, however, is pretty much the same as last Friday, about 109½ for cash. It has fluctuated in one day in New-York during the week as much as a half per cent.

THE HARDWARE TRADE.

Barber, A. A., & Co. Bonny, Macpherson & Co. Brush, George. Buchanan, J., & Co. Crathern & Caverhill. Currie, W. & F. P., & Co. Elliott & Co. Evans, J. H. Evans & Evans. Ferrier & Co. Frazer, F. Forbes, A. H.

Frothingham & Workman. Gilbert, E. E. Hall, Joseph N. Hall, Kay & Co. Ireland, W. H. Kershaw & Edwards. Law, Young & Co. McDougall, John. Morland, Watson & Co. Mulholland, & Baker. Simms F. H. Winn & Holland.

FIG IRON.—No Gartsherrie in the market; other brands are much enquired for, and getting scarcer every day. The demand from the Western States still continues, and buyers are inclined to give still higher prices, were we capable of finding freight for it. None of No. 4 in the market.

BAR IRON.—Our quotations are advanced 20 cents. At the rates given, holders are firm. Many of the lots arriving have been taken up, and there is every appearance of a scarcity.

HOOP AND BAND IRON.—These have also advanced in price; many sizes being entirely out of the market.

BOILER PLATES.—Quarter inch, which is the size principally asked for, is not now to be had in the City, and many lots are being secured to arrive at full quotations.

CANADA PLATES are getting scarcer every day, and but few of the best brands are to be had. As cold weather advances, they will be still more in demand, and prices are sure to advance.

CUT NAILS.—The demand still continues good, and makers are full of orders. The demand from the United States has, during the past week, been more than usually heavy, and several shipments have been made for foreign markets.

SHELF GOODS.—We note every day greater scarcity of staple goods, and as the season advances a great many goods will require to be imported to make up stocks at heavy advances, on account of extreme rates.

TIN PLATES—Are very scarce. Our full quotations could be had for large lots.

The English Iron Trade.

We clip the following from Charles Ryland and Sons' Iron Trade Circular, of September 30th.—Our Market has been well attended, and the same firmness in prices exhibited as has characterized transactions during the past four weeks. Pig Makers maintained a steady attitude, and some very good sales were made; some parties reporting that they had done a better business and sold more Pigs than day at full quoted prices than they had done for several Market days previous. So far as this we are enabled to confirm their statement from our experiences, not only of Market day, but on the previous days of the week. But for all that Buyers exhibit an unwillingness to go into stock at any advance on present quotations, observing that it is sufficient—if not more than enough—for sellers to substantiate the extreme edge of prices. Indeed, it should be clearly understood that there is no actual advance on Iron, but that the prices that were quoted three months ago, are now being realised and maintained. The 1s. 3d., and 2s. 6d., previously spoken of, is simply the fetching back what had been relaxed in the weaker intervals of the Trade. In manufactured Iron, most for our Works are well off for orders.

Leather Market.

In the leather trade this week we have nothing of importance to note. The receipts continue to be very light, and so far as we can see at present there is no prospect of any increase being made to the stock, which is now very considerably reduced. The demand is not very brisk, with the exception of perhaps one or two brands. In sole leather there is little or nothing doing; rates are pretty high just now, but we imagine that for any considerable lots, a reduction would be made. Slaughter Sole is dull, and the only stock in market at present is composed of light, which is not much required. Rough is in considerable demand; some few purchases having been made during the week just closed has influenced prices, which are therefore quoted at a slight advance. Harness leather is very scarce, and good weights would find ready sale. The stock of Waxed Upper has been reduced during the week by a few good sales, leaving but a small balance in the hands of dealers. In Grained Upper the market is pretty well supplied, while the demand is but moderate. Buff and Pebbled continue active, and some desirable lots have been sold to arrive. In Calfskins some few sales have been effected at the highest quotations. The stock is now almost entirely exhausted. In Sheepskins the market is almost entirely bare. The prices are therefore pretty firm. In Hides, the stock has been very much reduced, and the market cannot be replenished very easy. The fact that large quantities of cattle are being taken out of Canada for the United States markets is materially lessening the sources of our supply. Our prices must therefore be expected soon to have a considerable advance.



MEETINGS OF CREDITORS TO COME. FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF ASSIGNEES UNDER THE INSOLVENCY ACT OF 1864.

Table with columns: NAME AND RESIDENCE, TO BE HELD AT OFFICE OF, DATE. Lists various creditors and their meeting locations.

ASSIGNEES APPOINTED.

Table with columns: NAME OF INSOLVENT, RESIDENCE, NAME OF ASSIGNEE. Lists insolvent names and their appointed assignees.

APPLICATIONS FOR DISCHARGE.

Table with columns: NAME, RESIDENCE, WHERE TO BE HELD, DATE. Lists names and their discharge application details.

STOCK MARKET.

Table with columns: Bank/Institution, Closing prices, Last Week's Price, Corresponding week, 1864. Lists various banks and their stock prices.

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE.

VIA GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY AND CANAL.

Table with columns: Commodity, For the week ending, From the 1st January, To corresponding period. Lists various produce items and their weekly receipts.

PRICES OF GRAIN.

Table with columns: Commodity, Average Prices on, Highest prices, Average for week, Current price. Lists various grain items and their prices.

WEEKLY PRICES CURRENT.—MONTREAL, OCT. 19, 1865.

Large table with columns: NAME OF ARTICLE, CURRENT RATES. Lists a wide variety of goods including Groceries, Wine, Hardware, Soap, Boots, etc., with their current market rates.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

**FLOUR** and Breadstuffs generally seem to have reached the highest attainable point, and to be on the eve of a reaction, which, however, many think will be merely temporary. Provisions hold their own, and indeed seem to be still tending upwards, at these high prices great caution is needed.

**FLOUR.**—We have to note somewhat improved receipts, while the active enquiry previously reported has in a measure abated, causing some decline in most grades. The extravagant rates demanded for the higher grades, no longer affording a margin to the shipper, has led to their being comparatively neglected, and holders are now willing to reduce their accumulations at figures formerly refused, but with a declining tendency in the leading American markets, proposing shippers decline transactions, except at such a reduction from recent rates, as sellers are yet unwilling to concede, and few parcels are for the time changing hands. Quotations are not materially changed, but considerably lower prices will likely be submitted to before many days. Supers, though a turn lower, are not materially affected; ordinary Canada and brands from Western wheat have maintained their rates, but strong being in better supply, the very extreme rates hitherto paid, are no longer obtainable, except for broken lots of the more favourite brands. No. 2 and lower grades have been sparingly offered, and have met a fair enquiry at unchanged rates.

**BAO FLOUR** has been in full supply, and to affect sales towards the close somewhat lower prices have been taken; only the very best samples commanding outside quotations. The indications are that prices have reached the highest both here and in the States. Both wheat and flour in the West are reported lower, with strong downward tendency, and as the recent rains will greatly increase the milling capacity, the already improving receipts are likely to be augmented, and a decline more or less serious seems imminent.

**OAT MEAL** has met a fair demand, and recently \$5 to \$5.10 has been paid fair to choice.

**WHEAT**—But few arrivals or transactions in U. C. Spring, the rates last quoted are still obtainable on the spot; some few cargoes of Western have sold at \$1.25 to \$1.25. Still no transactions in White Winter.

**WHEAT**—The offerings, which have been fair, have met a moderately good demand at former rates, say 87 1/2 to 90 per 60 lbs.; transactions in good mostly at outside figures. The leading American markets seem overstocked, and prices have declined to a point relatively below our own, so that with only the British market as an outlet, and fears of a decline there being entertained, there are grounds to expect a lower range of prices ere long.

**OATS.**—We have to note transactions to a limited extent at 33 to 35c per 32 lbs.

**BARLEY.**—Few arrivals, and transactions unimportant.

**PORK.**—Continues steadily to advance. Mess is now held at \$26 to \$27. Of the other grades there is none in stock.

**BUTTER.**—Arrivals have for sometime been very light, the bulk of the make having been diverted from this market by the high prices ruling in the States. All desirable parcels continue to meet ready sale almost on arrival, and up to the present time there has been no accumulation, all that has come forward, even of inferior quality, having been placed at its proportionate value. With every article of Provisions at famine prices, even in the midst of plenty, it is vain to speculate on what will be the future. If any article, all apparently depending on the power of the States for absorbing all surplus, consequent upon the opening of the South. One thing is certain, that all holders are wise in selling while handsome profits are to be made, rather than in holding for higher rates, which are at least highly problematical.

**LARD.**—No wholesale transactions. A retail sale or two has been made at 20c.

**TALLOW.**—Is readily sold on arrival at 12c. to 12 1/2c., according to quality, quantity, &c.

**ASHES.**—Remain about as last quoted, fluctuating merely with arrivals and extent of orders at hand for shipment. Holders are very firm.

Stocks.

There has been but a limited amount of business in Stocks this week; there is a better demand for the favourite Stocks at an improvement on our last quotations. Sales of Bank of Montreal have been made at 113, which is now freely paid. City Bank at 99, and La Banque du Peuple at 101. A limited amount of Government six per cents have been placed at 101. There is no business doing in Harbour or Corporation Bonds. The Montreal quotation for stocks of Banks whose head quarters are in Canada, seldom give a just idea of their true value. Take for instance the Gore Bank which stock was quoted at the Brokers' Board last week at 90, while sales were actually made in Hamilton at 97, at which rate we believe further sales are possible. Bank of Toronto stock, too, is seldom properly quoted here, it being saleable in Toronto at from one to three per cent over the Montreal quotations.

RESUME OF THE ENGLISH MARKETS.

**THE** general report for September.—The fine weather during the past month has been of immense service to the farmers in the North of England, Scotland, and Ireland, and such rapid progress has been made in harvesting that the fields are almost cleared. Owing to the continued dry weather, the pastures have suffered, but not severely; on the other hand the root crops are very fine. There is a noted improvement in the samples of wheat brought forward during the month, and it is evident that the heavy rains did less damage than was generally anticipated. The general idea is that the crop will almost reach an average one. It would seem that there is a fair quantity of old wheat in stocks, but the anticipated falling off in the imports from America, has had the effect of enhancing prices, not only in London and Liverpool, but also in all the leading agricultural markets. *Barley* has been nearly though not quite an average crop, and samples generally do not come up to those of last year. Prices are likely to rule high; this will not affect us as our market is in the States. A large business has been done in *Oats*, and prices have ranged high. Imports from the continent have been extensive, but the quality generally poor. *Peas* have generally been dull, and the tendency of prices is downwards. Latest advices state, "Trade merely retail, but rates maintained."

Generally speaking the English markets are not such as to encourage any shipments from this side. Unless some unexpected change takes place, the bulk of our crop of cereals will be required for local consumption, and the prospects are that we will have but little to spare, so that England will chiefly have to depend on her own and continental resources.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE CATTLE MARKET.

**THE** supply of Cattle during the week has been good, but chiefly of inferior grades. *Beeves* we quote extra quality at \$7.50 to \$8, and very scarce; 1st quality from \$6 to \$7, 2nd do., \$5 to \$6, 3rd do., \$4 to \$5. *Reticals*, consisting of cows, bulls, &c., \$3.50 to \$4.50. *Milch Cows* very scarce, and at high prices; very good cows worth \$40, \$50 to \$60, ordinary, \$25 to \$35. *Working Oxen* \$20 to \$30. *Yearlings* \$8 to \$10; 2 year old, \$20 to 25. *Sheep*—Good qualities are very scarce, and 1st quality \$6 to \$7.50; 2nd do., \$3.50 to \$5. *Sheep and Lambs*, by the lot, \$3 to \$4.25. *Hogs* very scarce; live weight \$7.50 to \$8; dressed range from \$10 to \$11, according to weight and quality. *Tallow* 8c. per lb., with an upward tendency. *Lard* active at 17c. to 18c. per lb. *Barrelled Beef*—Prime Mess \$14 to \$16, and higher prices are held for Prime, none offering. *Herces* \$26 to \$28, and scarce.

Business in New York.

The general condition of business in New York is thus epitomized by the *Shipping List* of Wednesday: "The volume of business since our last has been small, the extreme tightness of the Money market having materially restricted operations in nearly all departments of trade. The demand for merchandise for the Western markets, which has prevailed a long time back, has fallen off, while the speculative feeling heretofore noticed has abated, and, as a general thing present necessities have constituted the limit of mercantile adventures, within the three days under review. Commercial values are higher, which fact, with the high rates for money and the uncertainty as to the future of gold, render speculative transactions, at this time extra hazardous, and such transactions, whenever they occur, are the exceptions, rather than the rule. The weather has become decidedly winterish and admonishes us that the close of inland navigation is not very remote, and the season is rapidly approaching when its sudden termination is liable notwithstanding this fact, however, the receipts of wheat at this port continue very light—yet, in the absence of any export demand, prices of this cereal have further declined. Corn, on the contrary, comes forward very freely, though mostly in poor condition. There has occurred a break in the Pork market, and prices are decidedly lower."

A. T. DRUMMOND, B.A., L.L.B.  
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR, &c.

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JOHN W. HOLCOMB,  
M.A., LL.B. OF THE UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO, MEMBER  
OF THE LAW SOCIETY OF UPPER CANADA,  
OSGOODE HALL,  
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,  
No. 65 WALL STREET, NEW YORK

MR HOLCOMB will give his attention to professional matters in New York and the adjacent States entrusted to his care by correspondents in the Western States and British American Provinces.

REFERENCES:  
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General Manager, Great Western Railway.

June 15, 1865.

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 SODA WATER BOTTLES,  
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 PHALS of all sizes, round, flat, oval, pannelled,  
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 30 Casks BLEACHING POWDER.  
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 Do BORDEAUX CLARETS, "St. Emil-  
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 Bank, Kingston, C. W.  
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 Austin Sumner, Esq., Boston, Mass.  
 Henry Young, Esq., 22 John street, New York.  
 Samuel McLean, Esq., Park place, do. 27-

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 been specially appointed to act for Messrs.  
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 thereon, is prepared to enter into all necessary ar-  
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**JOHN YOUNG.**

OFFICE IN HOLIDAY'S WAREHOUSE,  
 Wellington Street,  
 Montreal, 13th January, 1865 27-43

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 Strengthening Plasters, Tanner's German Ointment,  
 Woodworth's Perfumes, Mexican Mustang Lin-  
 iment, Ayer's Sarsaparilla, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,  
 Ayer's Pills, Bristol's Sarsaparilla, Hostetter's Bitters,  
 Dutcher's Magic Bluing, Mitchell's Perfumes, Mit-  
 chell's Hough, Lily White, &c., Hoodland's Bitters,  
 Drake's Plantation Bitters, Mrs. Allen's Hair Prepa-  
 ration, Rexford's Gingerbread Nuts, Aiden's Con-  
 dition Powders, Marshall's Catarrh Snuff, Florida  
 Water, Hap-e-man's Cement, Sterling's Ambrosia,  
 Gray's Hair Restorer, Cheeseman's Pills.

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 Dust Deposit, and all Diseases of the Bladder, kid-  
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