

THE CARBONEAR HERALD, AND OUTPORT TELEPHONE

Vol. 1.

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No. 35

THE CARBONEAR HERALD

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All communications to be addressed to the Editor, Proprietor and Publisher,

J. A. ROCHFORD, Herald Office, Water St., Carbonear, Nfld.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

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We are prepared to supply to any extent, made from best New Orleans Cotton and hard laid TWINE—the very best—all our STANDARD NETS for Herring, Cod, Caplin and Lance SEINES, put together—Roped, Corked and Leadad in the most approved manner.

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ADVERTISEMENTS.

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The Subscriber begs to inform the public of Carbonear that he has Just Opened the above Premises where he will keep on hand, a choice and well assorted stock of

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Harbor Grace, June 19nd, 1879.

CARD

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May 2.

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M. F. SMYTH, Sole Agent for Sewing Machines neatly repaired and warranted for two years.

Oct. 30.

NOTICE.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

I, ROBERT CHURCH, of the City of Montreal, Province of Quebec, Canada, Shoe-maker; hereby give notice that I have made application, under Sec. 13 Cap. 19, XIX Vic., for Letters Patent of the Island of Newfoundland on "Improvements in Boots," said improvements being applicable to "Tongue Boots," and consisting mainly in forming the leg, of a single piece of special pattern, with the seam in front.

ROBERT CHURCH

NEWS PER MAIL.

Explorations in Africa.

The Russian traveller, Dr. Junker, who has already made extensive explorations in the White Nile countries, is at present in Berlin, making preparations for a great expedition by way of Egypt to the Sudan and the Monbuttu country, where he intends to continue Dr. Schweinfurth's researches among the Niamniam cannibals and the Aeka dwarfs, and if possible cross the Walle River. Dr. Oscar Lenz, the explorer of the Ogowai, has again been sent out by the African Society at Berlin, to explore the extreme parts of Morocco there to become acquainted with Mohammedan manners and language and then then go on to the Sudan. He left Vienna last month for Tangiers. The French traveller, Soluillet, who recently failed in his attempt to reach Timbuctoo, will be sent out by the government to explore the Sahara between the fifteenth and twenty-fifth degrees of north latitude, in connection with the grand project for connecting the French colonies at the Senegal with Agades by an overland railroad. Dr. Emil Holub, who has just returned to Europe from seven years' explorations in South Africa, which took him to the Victoria Falls of the Zambesi and beyond that river, intends to form a new international expedition with twelve members of various nations for further explorations in Central Africa. The Germans on the west coast have accomplished some valuable work. Engineer Otto Schutta has returned to Berlin after a successful expedition, in the course of which he followed down the Cassai River, one of the Congo's great affluents, through unknown regions to the sixth degree of South latitude. He had penetrated within two days' march of the great cataracts when he was stopped by the native King Mai. The Bassain was the known by the Congo's old name, Zaire; the Sarkorra Lake was said to be near the fifth degree. The natives called it Mucaruba and say its south shore is inhabited by dwarfs. Mr. Schutte went on to the Mwata Yanoos' capital, but here, like his predecessor Pogge, he was prevented from going further and had to return to Loanda. The German African Society has received no later news from its other explorers, Dr. Buehner, who has gone up the Quanza to take the German Emperor's presents to the Mwata Yanoos, and Major Mechow, who attempted to ascend the Quanza and return by the way of the Congo. Donald Mackenzie has succeeded at last in establishing his trading station near Cape July. He settled eighteen men in the wooden houses brought from England and set up near Fort Victoria, and has come back for more settlers and fresh supplies. Sheikh Mohammed Beyrout, the ruler of that district, is very friendly and desires to trade with the station. In the upper Nile regions the charge of the Egyptian ruler and Col. Gordon's abdication will necessitate a withdrawal of the far advanced posts and a change of southern frontier.

Romance of High Life.

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 28.—A fashionable wedding was celebrated here to-day, around which clustered some romantic incidents illustrative of the old proverb about the course of true love. A few years ago Mr. Frank Brown, of Carroll county, whose estate adjoins that of his cousins, the late Miss Florence Patterson—Mme. Bonaparte's niece—was engaged to Miss M. R. Ridgely, a wealthy society belle. The engagement was, however, broken, and Miss Ridgely, while travelling in Europe, met Mr. Parsons a wealthy young Boston merchant. He became infatuated with her and they returned to Baltimore a few months later. After a brief engagement they were married and went to Europe on a wedding tour. About fifteen months after the marriage, however, Mr. Preston who had been in delicate

health, died of consumption. Besides her legal dower Mr. Preston left her nearly a million dollars in cash. Mrs. Preston brought the remains of her husband to Baltimore, and for the past two years has been living here in retirement. Recently she reappeared in society, and amongst her other admirers was Mr. Brown, her former fiance. He pressed his suit, and was rewarded to-day by her hand and heart. Mr. Brown is an ex-member of the Legislature, and has one of the finest imported stock farms in Maryland. He was the principal heir of Mrs. Brown, is only about twenty-five years of age and is beautiful and accomplished.

England's Great Talkers.

A curious tabular arrangement of the quantity of words uttered by distinguished statesmen has been published by one of the London press agencies, says the London Daily News. Statistics may be made to prove anything, amongst other things that Mr. Gladstone is the most popular public speaker at present living in England. Perhaps we need not go to statistics to demonstrate that; but the arithmetical argument is popular just now, and why should not we apply it to Mr. Gladstone if Professor Geddes applies it to Homer? The learned have taken of late to counting the words, and even the metrical feet, in the plays of Shakespeare and the poems of Homer? If the word "dog" for example, occurs sixty times in the "Iliad" and only thirty times in the "Odyssey," it is two to one, we are told, that the same poet did not write both of these epics. And if Mr. Gladstone speaks 215,000 words in seven years' oratory, which words have been telegraphed to the papers at a cost of £724, while Lord Beaconsfield has only uttered £458 worth, or 90,300 words, Mr. Gladstone it may be said, is nearly twice as much of a speaker as the Prime Minister. But this is the "quantitative estimate" which philosophy and common sense assure us is the easiest. It is not the man who talks longest is the most effective speaker; but, again, the man whose words are thought best worth reporting is certainly the best orator. There can be no doubt that Mr. Gladstone occupies this position. The statistics contains facts enough for working purposes. The tables cover the time from January 1, 1872, to Oct. 1, 1879, and thus neither Lord Beaconsfield, Mansion House speech nor the results of Mr. Gladstone's innings in Midlothian, can be added to the score. It must also be remembered, when we estimate the quantity of talk each orator has uttered, that the opposition is compelled to talk much more than the Ministry. The opposition have no weapons but their tongues; oratory is the only instrument by which they can influence events and public opinion. Ministers, on the other hand, are in possession of real power, and need not reply more than they please to their opponents.

A Federal Empire.

A federal government for England and her colonies is treated of by a prominent article in the current number of the London Westminster Review—one of those paper schemes without any possible chance of adoption, and valuable only as they show the drift of current discussion. Relegating local legislation to a Parliament sitting in each colony with one at London for the United Kingdom, this article proposes that a new Imperial House shall be constituted of 300 members 50 representing the colonies and the rest coming from England, Scotland and Ireland. To this body the management of federal affairs, including a common tariff, is committed. The last is the argument by which the reviewer hopes to persuade England to part with her individual power. The total value of imports into the colonies in 1875 was greater than that of the United States, and the revenue and trade per head were larger in the colonies than in the United Kingdom. Here the article suggests, is a source of future revenue which would make even the national debt of England a mere trifle.

A Raggicker's Will.

A few months ago David Leach, a miserly raggicker of Jersey City, died and left a small fortune, amounting to \$18,000. This he bequeathed in his will to the Queen of England. The professed heirs of Leach have begun proceedings with a view to breaking the will. In the Surrogate's Court of Hudson County, N. J., testimony was taken before Judges Garreston, Brinkerhoff and Fry in these proceedings. John Donnelly testified that he came to this country in Oct., 1863, and located in Crueble's alley, Jersey City, in the same house with Leach, whose business was to collect rags and other saleable refuse from ash barrels. The owner of the property ordered Leach to quit the house, because his stock was a nuisance. This exasperated Leach, and he after brought timent and, compelled the agent, who lived on the place to go away. The witness lived with Leach for several years, and in frequent conversations Leach informed the witness that he was a native of the county Donegal, Ireland, and that his father owned property in the country; also that he had a brother living in Brooklyn, and that his wife and children were dead. Mary J. Davis, who professes to be a niece of Leach, and is the principal claimant to the miser's money, testified that her father was a preacher, and that her mother's name was Rebecca Leach. She died a few hours after the witness's birth. Her mother had two brothers—David Leach emigrated to this country forty years ago. He was the witness said, the testator in this case. She often saw him, and the talked about the witness's mother. He told the witness that he and his wife couldn't live happily together, he being a Protestant and she a Catholic, and that his daughter had died in a hospital and his son had broken his neck in turning a somersault. Witness then produced several articles which the said Leach had given her.

OTTAWA, Dec. 13.—Referring to the Indian who murdered his wife and four children near Fort Saskatchewan and then ate them, a despatch says: On the way home Dr. Dawson of the Geological Survey, called at Fort Saskatchewan, where the Indian is incarcerated. He took a photograph of the cannibal and also of the bones of the victims. The Indian was captured by Col. Jarvis, of the Mounted Police, who, in shaking hands with him, slipped the hand-cuffs on before he had time to offer any resistance. He is described as a powerful Indian with a face bearing almost a maniacal expression. When the remains of the murdered family were found by Capt. Gagnon, it was discovered that the savage brute, not content with devouring the flesh, had actually gone so far as to break up the bones and make soup out of them, using the skull of one of the children to sup it with. The cannibal has been sentenced to be hanged, but has asked to be shot. Several cases of cannibalism are on record in that district, but none of them are recent date.

The American Gallows in 1879

The hangman's record for the past year shows that 101 men expiated their crimes on the gallows, an increase of five over that for the preceding year. Not a woman was hanged, the only one sentenced to death having been commuted. Two men suffered the death penalty by shooting, one in Utah and the other in Texas, the laws giving them the choice of death either on the scaffold or by the bullet. Eight were hanged for wife-murder, 7 for outrage, 4 for burglary, 1 for killing his stepdaughter and another for murdering his son. There were 8 double and 1 triple hangings. Four persons cheated the gallows by committing suicide before the day set for their execution. In the list of States in which the executions took place North Carolina and Texas lead off 12 each; Pennsylvania, 10; Oregon, 7; Virginia, 7; Georgia, 6; Arkansas, 6; California, 5; Missouri, 5; Indiana, 4; Vermont, 3; New York, 3; Alabama, 2; New Hampshire, 2; Tennessee, 2; Nebraska, 2; Louisiana, 2; Mississippi, 2; South Carolina, 2; and New Jersey, Ohio, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Colo-

rade, Utah, West Virginia and Maryland each, 1. It will thus be seen that 64 men were hanged in the Southern States, a majority of them being negroes. Fifty five whites were hanged, 37 negroes, 8 Indians and one Chinaman. Friday still maintains its reputation as Hungman's Day having 72 executions; Thursday comes next with 13; Wednesday, 5; Tuesday, 5; Saturday, 4; and Monday, 2. In addition to the above 74 men were lynched by mobs in the following States and Territories: Kentucky, 8; Colorado, 9; California, 6; Louisiana, 5; Texas, 5; Tennessee, 5; Georgia, 4; Mississippi, 4; Dakota, 3; Nebraska, 2; Wyoming, 2; Illinois, 2; New Mexico, 2; West Virginia, 2; Arizona, 2; Missouri, 2; Minnesota, 2; Alabama, 2; Iowa, 1; Ohio, 1; Maryland, 1; Indiana, 1; Kansas, 1; South Carolina, 1; Montana, 1.

December Anniversaries.

The anniversaries of December, even apart from the crowning distinction of Christmas Day are neither few nor unimportant. The heroic death of Montgomery before Quebec in 1775 and that of Alexander I., of Russia, the greatest of the Czars, 50 years later make memorable the opening day of the month. The 2nd has the three fold celebrity of Austerlitz, Napoleon's coronation as Emperor, and the end of the comp d'etat of 1851. The 3rd is marked by Moreau's great victory over the Austrians at Hohenlinden, and by the death of the famous Duke of Parma, Philip II., the ablest General against the revolted Netherlands. On the 4th occurred the birth of Thomas Carlyle, and the horrible massacre of the accession of Louis Napoleon. Leuthen, the most brilliant of Frederick the Great's victories when with only 30,000 Austrians under Prince Charles, of Lorraine, has immortalized the 5th. Marshal Ney, called by Napoleon "the bravest of the brave," was executed on the 7th. The 10th witnessed Osman Pasha's surrender of Plevna, the 12th the birth of Mahomud, of Ghazni the Afghan conqueror of India, the 14th the death of Washington. The divorce of Josephine and the birth of Beethoven took place on the 16th. On the 18th the British defeated the Sikhs at Moodkee, (1845), on the 18th they were driven from Toulon by Bonaparte, 1793. On the 20th Gen. Sherman occupied Savannah, Fort McAllister having been previously taken on the 13th. Lord Beaconsfield was born on the 21st. The 25th marks the completion of the Mont Cenis Tunnel and the birth of Sir Isaac Newton, of itself a sufficient honor for any month even without that of Milton, which occurred on the 9th. The 30th is a memorable day for Russia being the anniversary of the overthrow at Neva for 80,000 Russians by 7,000 Swedes under Charles XII., on which occasion Peter the Great prophetically observed, "They will beat us into learning how to beat them." On the 31st, 1813, the allied armies passed the Rhine in their final advance upon Paris. To these great events may be added the death of Dr. Johnson, the final expulsion of the French from Spain by Wellington, Frederick the Great's last victory over the Austrians at Torgau, Napoleon's humiliation of them by the treaty of Presburg, the accession of the Czar Nicholas, Hood's defeat at Nashville, and the overthrow of the French Army the Loire at Le Mans, in 1370. New York Times

Michel Chevalier.

A Paris despatch announces the death of Michel Chevalier, the political economist, at the age of 73. M. Chevalier, one of the most noted and scholarly of political economists, who was born at Limoges, France, on the 13th of January, 1806, and forty years ago was appointed by M. Thiers to inspect the system of railways and water communication in this country. His able report on the subject led the French Government to send him on a commercial mission to England, the results of which appeared in a well known volume entitled "Des Interets Materiels en France." Two years after in 1840, he became professor of political economy in the College of France, and about seven years afterward an earnest champion of the cause of free trade. The Revolution of 1848 ousted Chevalier from his professorship, but Louis Napoleon restored him with increased honors. In 1860 his influence aided Mr. Cobden in carrying into practice the commercial treaty between France and England. He prepared the official report of the Paris Exhibition of 1857. His other published writings are many including the "Coursed, Economic

Politique," the "Essai de Politique Industrielle," the "Expedition du Mexique," the "Mexique Ancien et Moderne" and the "De la Baisse Probable de l'Or," which was translated into English by Mr. Cobden, with the title, "On the Probable Fall of the Value of Gold." In early life he suffered six months' imprisonment for writing in the columns of the Paris Globe against Christian religion, marriage and social institutions in general, but he publicly retracted his heresies previously to his appointment to visit America.

JOB PRINTING

of every description neatly executed at the office of this paper.

AGENTS FOR HERALD.

The following gentlemen have kindly consented to act as our agents; all incoming subscribers will therefore confer a favor by sending in their names and subscriptions that they may be forwarded to this office.

- St. John's—Mr. W. J. MYLER, Water St. Briggs—Mr. P. J. POWER, School Teacher Bay Roberts—Mr. G. W. R. HIGGINS, Heart's Content—Mr. M. MOORE, Bell's Cove } —Mr. Richard Walsh, Post Office, Little Bay. Twillingate—Mr. W. T. ROBERTS. Fogo—Mr. Joseph Reddell. Villa Harbor—Mr. J. Burke, Sr. Kings Cove and Keels—Mr. P. Murphy Bonavista—Mr. P. Templeman. Catalina—Mr. A. Gardner. Bay de Veris—Mr. James Evans. For the present all incoming subscribers or advertisers at Harbor Grace will please hand in their names to A. T. Dysdale, Esq.

THE CARBONAR HERALD

"Honest Labor—our noblest heritage."

CARBONAR, N. F., JAN. 22.

Outport Postal Arrangements.

Although much has been done to promote the public interests, in the perfection of arrangements for this most important service by the various administrations, that have held the reins of power in this colony within the past quarter of a century, still much remains yet to be done before the same can be rendered thoroughly satisfactory to the peoples of the various outport districts, especially those to the northward of this colony. It is true that within the past few years, much satisfaction has been pretty generally experienced not alone with regard to the promptitude in the dispatch of mails from the General Post Office at St. John's to the various external districts of the colony, but also with regard to the punctuality of the departure and arrival of the coastal steamers employed on the northern and western routes. The great evil in connection with the present system is, the total suspension during the winter months of the northern coastal steam service during the winter months, and the substitution therefor of the much more uncertain and far more tedious and inconvenient overland route. By such a change, in our opinion at least, the people of the northern districts, are made to suffer a considerable amount of inconvenience which might be easily avoided were a more satisfactory arrangement in existence. If for instance, in the framing of the contract for the performance of the northern mail service, a clause were inserted providing for a monthly service to the northern districts during the three winter months intervening between December and April, an effective remedy would be applied to the present most unsatisfactory state of affairs in connection with this important department of the public service and the people of the northern districts would in a great measure be relieved from the evils of the present most unquestionably defective arrangement.

The Rev. E. F. WALSH, P. P. Briggs, thankfully acknowledges the receipt of FIVE POUNDS, from the troupe of H. M. S. "PINAPERE," through Messrs. Jarrit and Rabbits, for the benefit of the poor.

Departure of Sir Hugh Hoyles

On Friday last, our much respected Chief Justice, Sir H. Hoyles, left as passenger per Hibernian for Britain. Before his departure, Sir Hugh was the recipient of addresses from members of the Bar and the leading citizens of the metropolis, bearing general testimony to the high appreciation of his worth as a citizen, a leading member of the legal profession of which he has been so bright an ornament, and finally as the highest judicial functionary in the colony, which latter position he has filled for the last fifteen years, with honor and distinction to himself and undeniable advantage to his country. High colored and flattering as the sentiments contained in the addresses may appear to be, they express but the universal opinion of those amongst whom he has spent a long and useful career of nearly half a century, regarding one, whose indomitable perseverance, unswerving consistency and keen sense of honor have justly earned for him, the highest tribute of appreciation and approval, in the power of a people to bestow. In Sir Hugh Hoyles, Newfoundland society loses a prominent and distinguished citizen and her judiciary, an honored and highly gifted functionary whose place it will be hard to fill. In bidding farewell to our esteemed Chief Justice, we sincerely wish him a safe and pleasant passage to the other side of the Atlantic, with many years of happiness in his new home. In doing so, however, we feel we but echo the sentiments of all classes and sections of our people, when we express our regret that the closing years of a life so productive of utility and advantage to the public interests might not rather be spent in the land of his nativity.

Temperance.

It cannot fail to prove highly satisfactory to all having at heart, the future progress and advancement of the colony, to notice the marked reaction, which within the past few months has taken place in the great cause of Temperance in this colony. This reaction which owes its origin to the efforts of the parent organizations in the capital is fast manifesting itself throughout the various districts of the colony, and that in such a manner as to indicate that at no distant day the greater portion of the population of this colony, of all creeds and classes, will be enrolled under the banner of Total Abstinence. It must be admitted that to the gigantic evil of Intemperance, which like a deadly cancer has eaten its way into the very heart of society, principally may be attributed the many ills, privations and miseries of a large portion of our people, not a few of whom, were it not for their indulgence, in this demoralizing and soul debasing habit, instead of being today on the very verge of misery and starvation, might rather occupy positions of comparative independence, happiness and prosperity. If then such be some of the leading consequences of so dire an evil as that of Intemperance, what can therefore be more worthy of popular approval and support, than all legitimate efforts towards the extirpation of this hydra headed monster, which if permitted to run its pernicious course unchecked, must inevitably end in the complete demoralization and destruction of society. Success then we say to the glorious cause of Temperance and to the various organizations so zealously engaged in the diffusion of its beneficent and philanthropic principles. "Esto perpetua."

We understand that the "Plover" has taken the place of the "Carlew" on the Western route and started on Tuesday, at 10 o'clock, for the Westward. The last mentioned will tie up for the winter and undergo a thorough cleaning.

Correspondence.

To the Editor of the Carbonar Herald.

We feel very grateful indeed for the advice given us by our worthy friend, 'Variety,' and happy—extremely happy are we that he quotes such good and suitable language, we also feel overjoyed to know that such a bright luminary has made its appearance in the horizon of Carbonar. Shining from its own lustre or from borrowed rays, we are not prepared to say but we are almost forced to admit that its only by reflection, as the language he uses and words he expresses don't seem exactly suitable in answer to C. D. & X. Y. We believe that 'Variety' and his attending satellite were not long looking over the pages of some good and useful book before they found what they considered a suitable piece to lower the lowering crest of the observer and adventurer of the 24th ulto. We would not for one moment doubt the capabilities of our learned champion in the school of literature. We know that this modern Goliath who comes out so boldly to fight the Israelites, must be a man of superior mental attainments, whose capacious brain is fertile enough to produce some dazzling specimen of his theological genius. Nature bounteous as she is in the development of the intellectual and moral sentiment, seldom comes short in the animal propensities and we do say and boldly affirm that in the posterior lobe of the Cerebellum there is an organ prominent, healthy and full grown, which 'Variety' keeps in action and exercises and any person possessing this organ largely, may not follow the daring youth in his wild and romantic rambles, but may be more inclined to close the company of some lovely maiden and follow her where the light burns dim. We don't think it necessary to answer 'Variety' in all the details of his eloquent and captious letter, for we are of opinion, that 'Variety' wishes to deceive, and not to appear what we really think him to be, an amanuensis. He wrote verbatim as he found it, and if so, it shows a poverty and barrenness of the brain instead of fertility, and grandeur. Now Mr. Variety, we advise when you venture out again on the field of literature, you will use your own weapons and fight your own battles, honest y and legitimately, the chord of the bow has been often drawn but it has not lost its elasticity. There is sufficient power remaining to force the stone into the head of the proud and boastful Philistine.

Yours &c. C. D. & X. Y.

TO THE EDITOR OF 'CARBONAR HERALD.' BRIGUS, Jan. 19th, 1880.

DEAR SIR,— Christmas has come and gone and another year buried in the irrevocable past since I last had the pleasure of communicating with your Journal. You must not suppose from this long silence that we have had nothing of interest to engage us during this time, for I can assure you we have had, on the contrary, quite a lively time of it and the severe portion of winter which has passed over has been made quite amusing, beneficial and instructive, by the variety of schemes which were arranged to occupy our attention and while away the long winter evenings. The first start was made by the Ladies of the Altar Society holding a Bazaar in the large and beautiful School Room of St. Joseph's Convent of Mercy, which was eminently successful, and realized the handsome sum of \$300. The first prize a beautiful silver service was won by Mr. M. Brine of the Police force, formerly of Carbonar, several other handsome and valuable articles being also profitably disposed of. The Xmas Tree and Fancy Fair held in the Court House by the Ladies of the Church of England came next in order, was also very attractive, carried out in excellent style, and proved highly satisfactory to all concerned. A Debating and Reading Club was next organized numbering among its members some of our greatest literary characters and leading inhabitants of the town. An entertainment is given by the Club every Tuesday Evening consisting of Readings, Lectures, Debates &c. enjoyed occasionally with music. This is a most praiseworthy institution and a source of much profitable amusement. But the crowning glory of the season was the performance of the celebrated Opera 'H. M. S. Plover' by a Company of Amateurs of this town. As you were present at one of the performances and have heard favourably noticed it, I need not tell you how eminently successful it proved, or the brilliant manner in which each character was sustained. In fact we were all taken by storm in no one anticipating the proficiency which our amateurs had acquired. The proceeds were equally divided

between the clergymen of the different denominations for the benefit of the poor. I believe it is the intention of the company to give a repetition of the piece before Lent for the benefit of St. George's Church, which without doubt will be equally well patronized.

I am so sorry to have cloud my narration of our winter pleasures with the relative of one melancholy event. A man named John Ploughman while on his way to the woods dropped suddenly dead about a mile from the town leaving a wife and large family to mourn his sad loss.

With this sad exception our winter has been a joyous one, unity and harmony existing among all classes and creeds, and all as merry as a marriage bell, of which joyous sound we have had also several peals many of our young lads and lasses uniting in the holy on is of we'll look.

Fearing I have most unconsciously trespassed on your space I remain,

SEMPER FIDELIS.

A Trip to the Dominion.

No. 9.

After spending about five and one half months at the capital of the Dominion, looking at the aspect of affairs throughout the entire country from P. E. I. and to Vancouver, a perfect knowledge of which I had acquired during my sojourn at Ottawa, thinking prudence the better part of valor, I deemed it advisable to retrace my steps homeward. Having finally decided upon leaving I lost no time in making the necessary arrangements for departure, and bidding farewell to the many kind and valued friends in whose acquaintance I had formed during my short stay in the city I took passage by the evening boat via Grenville and Carillon for Montreal. Never shall I forget the memories associated with that summer's evening, the warm and manly parting grasp of true-hearted friendship and regard, the sincere and unfeigned regret at the severance of friendships so recently formed and which personally, it was hoped were destined to be of longer duration. Yes, as far as I am concerned, I must say, that duly appreciating the many kindnesses and hospitalities of which I had been the recipient during my stay at Ottawa, callous and insensible indeed, should I have been to the no less feelings of our nature, did I not at the hour of departure, reciprocate the feeling of sincere and unalloyed regret at the severance of friendships, which though short as to duration, were no less valued for their disinterestedness and generosity. All hands aboard and moorings being cast off, the tight little steamer glided down the river, every stroke of her paddles, removing us still further from the picturesque and truly romantic scenery of Ottawa. As we passed down the river some of the passengers retired to the saloon, whilst others, myself amongst the number remained on deck for the purpose of enjoying whilst daylight permitted it, the natural beauties on either side, for which that particular section of the country is proverbial and which at every turn of the river present some new feature of attraction to the artist or the tourist. As the steamer glided down the river on her way to Grenville, we occasionally passed some of those immense rafts for which the rivers of Canada, especially the Ottawa are famous. These truly valuable structures, each containing various kinds of timber, to the value of some thousands of dollars are constructed along the borders of the river, at the various lumbering settlements of the upper Ottawa and after being well secured together, are floated down the river to the Chaudiere, where they are again detached and after passing through the timber slides are replaced in their former positions and either floated or towed by steamer, still further down the river. On this occasion we chanced to have amongst our fellow passengers the Hon. Mr. Young, senator, one of the greatest lumber merchants of Ontario. This gentleman being on deck was speedily recognized and was very soon the object of quite an ovation on the part of the hardy and adventurous raftsmen, whose enthusiasm and excitement found vent in discharges of musketry a varied display of bunting and repeated rounds of cheers the excitement only subsiding when the steamer passed entirely out of view. Having arrived at Grenville at 9 o'clock we left by train for Carillon, a distance of I should say, from 40 to 60 miles. Here again we took steamer not however starting for Montreal until next morning. The steamer having cast off her moorings we once more glided down the river in the direction of Montreal, passing enroute through the most delightfully picturesque region it has been my good fortune to meet with. On either bank of the river as the steamer passed along a perfect panorama of the most delightful sylvan scenery presented itself, interspersed—here with the rare and lovely vista of some smiling hamlet, the lofty spires of whose churches, glittering like silver in the morning's sun-shine, and the tall chimneys of whose numerous factories lent no unattractive features to the scene, there of some extensive farm with waving cornfields, blooming orchards and luxuriant trees, a tasteful and well arranged series of buildings, forming a by no means unimpressive back ground. In our un interrupted series of such scenery did we continue to pass until we reached Lachine, west of the celebrated Victoria Bridge. Arrived above the

celebrated rapids we board as is customary the steamer quiver and impeded by the rent ran the rapids with safety. The current caused by the confluence of the St. Lawrence channel, is said to makes an hour, and the steamer through the rock is only two or three days during her

Local and

The extension of the "Herald" through Bay and the various of the colony render it a ble medium for a We would direct attention of business the above mentioned fact.

It will be perceived of our correspondent and Reading Club at Briggs, number members some of itants of that town.

We were much the splendid his passed through the day last, on its This splendid picnic intended for the Wesleyan Church that settlement, catamaran-loads, horses, and dogs in excellent condition.

The "Muriel" the "Mary" Capted here from Car to the Hon. John sels experienced ing the passing her jibboom and carried away. On 5th, a Manila scho de la Cruz was lost poop deck of the was made to sail but without avail under close reef from the Northwest having been p the heavy sea.

A sad accident gus during the p man named John on his way to the dead suddenly at town. The poor and large family.

The news we present (says th though not very ing character. T of fish to the Little Bay (in La Blanche, at the catching from 3 Blanche they ca qils, per boat. T in the neighboring learn that parties ing a business in frozen fish, and tensively in the They give, we un and will have the it immediately a present there is a built in France for purpose. The buy all sorts of f If this venture pr there is no reason ere another source isherman more es season when work so many of our

The S. S. "No lived being yeitered clock. She left on days ago and fast Tuesday eve Bett's Cove, to wa ce which had la Bay, she was unat teen or twenty Norman Monarc ing into Bett's C taken a load of ea having failed in e rmined to put in telegraph as to lo. —"Morning

The Brig. "ay Bulls on last 29 days out, Messrs. Albu Captain; rep serene and str ge out. He b being able to g

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my narration... the relative... A man named... his way to the... lead about a... ng a wife and... ad loss.

our winter has... and harmony... and creeds an... bell, of which... also several... and lasses... we flock... seasonally... remain.

ER, FIDELIS.

minion.

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celebrated rapids we took the pilot on board as is customary and with bated breath all stood on deck whilst the little steamer quivering in every plank and impelled by the force of the current ran the rapids with lightning rapidity. The current at this point which is caused by the concentration of the waters of the St. Lawrence into a very narrow channel, is said to run at the rate of 25 miles an hour, and the risk of running the steamer through is very great as the rock is only two feet distant on either side during her passage.

Local and other Items.

The extensive circulation of the "Herald" throughout Conception Bay and the various outport districts of the colony render it a most desirable medium for advertising purposes. We would direct the particular attention of business men generally to the above mentioned most significant fact.

It will be perceived from the letter of our correspondent that a Debating and Reading Club has been organized at Brigus, numbering amongst its members some of the leading inhabitants of that town.

We were much gratified to observe the splendid haul of wood which passed through this town, on Saturday last, on its way to Freshwater. This splendid pile of wood, which is intended for the framework of a new Wesleyan Church to be erected in that settlement, comprised about 70 catamaran-loads, drawn by men, horses, and dogs. The roads were in excellent condition.

The "Muriel" Capt. E. Rorke, and the "Mary" Capt. Hanrahan, arrived here from Cadiz on the 19th inst. to the Hon. John Rorke. Both vessels experienced heavy weather during the passage, the former having her jibboom and fore-topmast-head carried away. On the night of the 5th, a Manila scamar named Mateo de la Cruz was lost overboard from the poop deck of the "Mary" all efforts were made to save the poor fellow but without avail, the vessel being under close reefed canvas, in a gale from the Northwest, and the log boat having been previously stove by the heavy sea.

A sad accident occurred at Brigus during the past week. A poor man named John Ploughman whilst on his way to the wood, dropped dead suddenly about a mile from the town. The poor fellow leaves a wife and large family to mourn their loss.

The news we have by Curlew at present (says the St. John's Herald) though not very extensive is of a cheering character. There is a good sign of fish to the westward especially at Little Bay (in LaPoile Bay) and Rose Blanche, at the former place boats are catching from 3 to 4 qts. and at Rose Blanche they catch from one to two qts. per boat. There is also good sign in the neighboring localities. We also learn that parties (French) are starting a business in the shape of buying frozen fish, and have entered pretty extensively in the above-named places. They give, we understand, a fine price, and will have their own vessels to take it immediately across to France; at present there is a large vessel getting built in France for the above named purpose. The company propose to buy all sorts of frozen fish, turbot, &c. If this venture prove a success, which there is no reason for doubting, it will be another source of industry for our fishermen more especially in the winter season when work becomes a total blank in so many of our important districts.

The S. S. "Norman Monarch" arrived here yesterday morning about 9 o'clock. She left New Haven N. S. on days ago and passed St. John's on Tuesday evening on her way to Bett's Cove, to which place, owing to ice which had lately drifted into the Bay, she was unable to get nearer than fifteen or twenty miles. Had the "Norman Monarch" succeeded in getting into Bett's Cove she would have taken a load of copper ore for Swansea. Having failed in this, the captain determined to put in here to await orders by telegraph as to what he had best do. — "Morning Herald" 19th inst.

The Brig "Miriam" arrived at Bay Bulls on last Thursday from Fig. 29 days out, with a cargo of salt. Messrs Allan Goodridge & Sons, Captain, reports having had some severe and stormy weather on the voyage out. He harbored at Bay Bulls being able to get to St. John's and

was towed in here from that place on Saturday evening by the steam tug "Dauntless." He also reports the barquentine "Minnie" Captain Maloney as having left Figuera the same evening as he did. The "Minnie" has not yet arrived; the delay is probably caused by her having taken a more northern course. We learned from the Captain that on Saturday, whilst being towed down the shore, he saw a large three masted schooner and a brigantine standing off from the land about Cape Broyle. — "Morning Herald."

The mails per S. S. "Platimeller" for New York will close at noon to day. She will probably leave this afternoon or early on to-morrow morning. The Captain we understand is highly pleased with the work that has been done by our St. John's tradesmen, and there is no doubt but that if the steamer had time to remain that she would have been repaired that is her iron bulwarks, as well as in the port she is now going to, although the work might not be done so quickly. — "Morning Herald," 19th inst.

TELEGRAPHIC.

HALIFAX Jan. 20. The Maine Republicans possess the Salle House and the Fusionists meet in Union Hall. The excitement continues. The Duchess of Marlborough's relief fund amounts to £20,000. Jules Favre is well.

The Mohals have roused a religious war amongst the Afghan tribes. January 21. Jules Favre dead, aged 71. Archibald Leitch here awaiting Papal Delegate who is expected on Saturday. Terrible fire at Focia 15,000 houses burnt 100 lives lost 50,000 homeless. Foster of Belfast orders £15,000 to help Irish emigration. Russia promises to withdraw troops from the German frontier. Austrian and British forces at Afghansistan in impregnable positions. Afghan leaders are quarrelling.

Religious News.

On Sunday evening last the 18th inst. the Rev. R. M. Johnston preached to a large congregation at St. James's Church in this town.

We understand that the members of the Wesleyan Church at Freshwater are making arrangements for the erection of a new church in that settlement. A considerable portion of the material is already upon the ground.

Most Rev. Dr. Lynch Archbishop of Toronto whilst addressing his people after returning from his recent visit to Rome said that whilst the prayers of His Holiness Leo XIII had been constant for his people, he did not pray for those alone but for those who would call them by the name of true Christians. — Protestants. Our Lord said he had other sheep which were not of this fold. He believed that many Protestants were the sheep of Christ, and he prayed for the time when there would be but one fold under one Shepherd Jesus Christ.

His Excellency the Papal Delegate to the Dominion of Canada and Newfoundland, is expected to arrive at Halifax on Saturday next.

Varieties.

He who makes an idol of his interest, will make a martyr of his integrity.

Hope I fortune's cheating lottery; when for one prize a hundred blanks the ebe!

Envy is a passion so full of confidence and shame that nobody ever had the confidence to own it.

The wise man stands firm in all extremities and endures the lot of his humanity with a brave temper.

He who has but little wealth, and at the same time would be satisfied with it, is rich enough to be happy.

At fifty years of age a man looks back over his life and wonders what he did it for, and then turns wistfully towards the future, and keeps on doing the same thing.

Love, like light, must always be traveling. A man may spend it, give it away. He may be a miser of his wealth, but his intent is to be a miser, and he will himself up to his reputation, but he is a ways generous in his love.

Christian union is well, but no countries between two regiments ever yet defeated the other army.

We should choose to bear the hatred of evil men, rather than deserve their just accusation after serving their base ends.

MARRIED.—At Harbor Maine, on the 15th inst. by the Very Rev. J. O'Donnell P. C. V. G. Mr. James Roche Tinsmith of Bay Boort, to Mary daughter of the late Nicolas Furey of Harbor Maine.

At Brigus on the 2nd inst. by the Rev. E. F. Walsh P. C. V. G. Mr. W. Allen, to Miss Mary Magee, both of Brigus.

DIED.—At Carbonear, South Side, on the 16th inst. after a long and severe illness Mr. John Soper aged 55 years leaving a wife and a large family to mourn his loss.

On Monday, the 12th inst., Mary, eldest daughter of Mr. John Whelan aged 5 years and 11 months.

SHIPPING NEWS.

PORT OF CARBONEAR.

EST. PED. Jan. 18. Muriel, Rorke, Cadiz—30 days — Hon. John Rorke. Mary, Hanrahan, Cadiz—33 days—Hon. John Rorke. 21. Lizzie, Rabot 24 days Hon. John Rorke.

MEMORANDUM.

The Muriel and Mary experienced heavy weather during the passage from Cadiz, the former vessel had her jibboom and fore-topmast-head carried away. And on the night of the 3rd inst. a scamar named Mateo de la Cruz of Manila, fell overboard from the poop deck of the Mary and was drowned, all efforts to save the poor fellow's life proved fruitless, the vessel being under close reefed canvas in a gale from the Northwest at the time and having previously had the log boat stove to pieces by a heavy sea.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

List of Jurors, 1880.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ANNUAL REVISION OF THE LIST OF Grand and Petty Jurors of Carbonear District, will take place before the undersigned, Magistrate for Carbonear, on the last TUESDAY, in the present month of January (being the 27th inst.) and from time to time for two weeks thereafter, at the Court House, in Carbonear; all of those persons whose names shall appear on such Revised Lists of Jurors, and who have not applied to the said Magistrate to have their names erased, will be liable to serve for the current year, under the provisions of Chapter 19th, Consolidated Statutes of Newfoundland.

I. L. McNEIL, Stipendiary Magistrate. Police Office, Carbonear, Jan. 15, 1880.

GUNN & CO.

SHIP-WRIGHTS AND CAULKERS. North Sydney, C. B.

Vessels repaired on the Marine Railway promptly, and at reasonable rates.

Experienced Workmen Employed and First-Class Material Used.

REFERENCES:

Captain Pamerton, Captain Joyce, Carbonear, Master Edward Joyce.

ST. JOHN'S, No. 1

GRANITE WORKS THEATRE HILL, ST. JOHN'S, ROBERT A. MACKIN, MANUFACTURER OF

Monuments, Tombs, Grave Stones, Tables, Mantel Pieces, Hall and Centre Tables, &c.

He has on hand a large assortment of Italian and other Marble, and is now prepared to execute all orders in his line.

N. B.—The above articles will be sold at much lower prices than in any other part of the Provinces or the United States.

SEWING MACHINES

Just arrived per "Nova Scotian," from Liverpool, A CHOICE LOT OF

Sewing Machines,

HAND AND FOOT. BRADBURY'S FAMILY SINGER, BRADBURY'S WELLINGTON, BRADBURY'S BEATRICE, &c., &c.

All which are offered at a large reduction for CASH.

Send for Catalogue now ready.

F. W. BOWDEN, Bowden's Sewing Machine Depot, St. John's, Nfld.

BROOKVILLE MILLS, HALL'S BAY.

Lumber of all kinds, always on hand and all orders either for large or small quantities attended to with punctuality and despatch.

All orders to be addressed to, MCKAM, CURTIS & Co. Brookville Mills, Hall's Bay.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Public Notice

J. GLOVER, GOVERNOR.

WHEREAS owing to the inclemency of the weather, and the impossibility to carry out the roads, it was found impossible to carry out the Poll appointed to take place on the 6th of this present Month, in the District of Bay-De-Verd, to determine whether Two thirds of the qualified Electors Polled are in favor of a Proclamation being issued for the prohibition of the sale of intoxicating Liquors in the said District; and it thus becomes necessary to make further order in the matter aforesaid; I, the Administrator of the Government, do therefore, under the provision of Title XIV., Cap. 51, of the Consolidated Statutes, appoint Tuesday, the Seventeenth day of February next ensuing, for the purpose of taking such Poll in the matter aforesaid, at

FRESHWATER, BLACK HEAD, WESTERN BAY, NORTHERN BAY, LOWER ISLAND COVE, AND BAYDEVERD,

in the said District, And I hereby require all persons concerned to take due notice and govern themselves accordingly.

By His Honor's Command.

E. D. SHEA,

Colonial Secretary.

Secretary's Office, 13th Jan., 1880.

Newfoundland Lights.

No. 5, 1879.

TO MARINERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that a LIGHT HOUSE has been erected on CABOT (Stinking) ISLAND, Bonavista.

Latitude 49° 10' 26" North. Longitude 53° 21' 21" West.

On and after the 1st March next an INTERMITTENT WHITE LIGHT will be exhibited nightly from sunset to sunrise. It will make one complete Revolution per Minute, appearing a novel 1 Second Light and 9 Second Dark.

The Apparatus is 4th Order Dioptric illuminating the whole horizon, and the Light should be visible 10 nautical miles in clear weather. It is 74 feet above sea level. The Light Tower is of Iron, rising from the centre of the keeper's dwelling, a square, flat-roofed building. The buildings are painted horizontally, Red and White, alternately.

By order,

JOHN STUART, Secretary Board of Works. BOARD OF WORKS, OFFICE, St. John's Newfoundland, 3rd December, 1879.

129-Sign of the Red Lamp-129

THE CHEAPEST DRY GOODS IN TOWN

RICHARD HAVEEY

Is now offering to the Public an Immense Stock of

DRY GOODS,

At prices to defy competition. Flannels, all wool.....1s 6d per yard Blanketing.....1s 3d " Calicoes.....0s 2d " Cotton Prints.....0s 3d " Winceys.....0s 3d " Ladies Cloth Jackets.....4s 6d each, " Felt Hats.....4s 6d " Felt Skirts.....2s 6d " Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, 3s " Ulsters—cheap.....1 per doz.

A Large Assortment of

Boots and Shoes,

200 Pairs Men's Elastic Side Boots, at 8s 6d. 100 Pairs Men's Deeked Boots, at 10s. 300 Pairs Women's Pebble Laced Boots at 6s 6d. 100 Pairs Men's Grained Deeked Boots, at 16s 6d.

NEW TEAS,

at 1s 2d per lb. No. 1 FAMILY SOAP, in 30 lb Boxes a 7s per box, and everything else at equally low prices.

—And daily expected—

A Lot MEN'S BLOUSERS,

at 5s per pair. COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELF

RICHARD HARVEY, No. 129 Water Street, ST. JOHN'S,

Sign of the Red Lamp

Remember the Address.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAMES BAIRD, DRAPERY SHOP

SIGN OF THE LION, 195 WATER TREE, GROCERY WAREHOUSE, 217 WATER STREET, St. John's, Newfoundland

Has completed his Importations for the opening of this Season's Trade in the various Departments of his EXTENSIVE STOCK, and now offers as VARIOUS and CHEAP an assortment of

GOODS

as is to be found in the City.

CALICOES, SHEETINGS, WINGEYS, SHIRTINGS, BLANKETINGS, FLANNELS

DRESS GOODS, HATS AND ACPS, BOUTS AND SHOES,

And all the Variety of Goods in a DRAPERY Stock are this Season LOWER IN PRICE than ever known.

IN THE

GROCERY ESTABLISHMENT,

TEAS are specialy selected, and of rare good value.

SUGARS of various grades and prices.

COFFEE a Speciality—the very best quality imported.

COCOA,—Homeopathic, Maravilla, &c.

HAMS & BACON,—Belfast, English and American.

CHEESE,—Cheshire, Dutch, Canadian, &c.

A full variety of ITALIAN

WARHOUSE GOODS,

of Superior qualities.]

CANNED GOODS,

of all the best known brands, in MEAT, SOUPS, FRUITS &c.

TOBACCO & CIGARS—all the various grades.

ALE, PORTER, WINES SPIRITS, of the best and approved brands, with a full variety of all Goods suitable for a Wholesale and Retail

Family Grocery Trade

We use every effort to maintain the reputation we have already earned, keeping a Stock of FIRST CLASS GOODS and our friends favoring us with their business shall have every care and attention paid to their orders.

St. John's, Oct. 1st. '79. 2m

Statutory Notice to Creditors.

In the matter of the Estate of JOHANNA MOLLOY late of Brigus, in Conception Bay, deceased.

TAKE NOTICE that pursuant to the 6th Section of the Trustees Act, 1878, all person-claiming to be creditors or otherwise, to have any claim or demand against the Estate of the said JOHANNA MOLLOY, who died on or about the 14th day of March, 1879, are hereby required on or before the 10th day of December, 1879, to furnish in writing the particulars of such claims or demands to the VERY REVEREND EDWARD FRANCIS WALSH of Brigus, aforesaid, the Executor of the Deceased, and to whom probate has been granted, or to the undersigned solicitors for the said Executor and in default hereof the said Executor will after the said 10th day of December proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased having regard only to the claims of which notice and particulars shall have been given as above required.

Dated at St. John's, this 6th day of November, A. D., 1879.

LITTLE & KENT, Solicitors for said Estate, Duckworth Street, St. John's

November 13. 3i.

HARBOR GRACE STOVE DEPOT.

Glass and Tinware Establishment.

(Opposite the Mercantile Premises of Messrs. John Munn & Co.)

C. I. KENNEDY,

Beats to intimate that he has recently received a large assortment of the latest improved and very best quality of Stoves comprising Cooks, Fancy, Franklin and Fittings of all sizes English and American GOthic GRATES.

In addition to the above, the subscriber has always on hand—American Hatchets, Harness Rings and Buckles, Sheath Knives and Belts, Wash Bowls, Brooms, Clothes Lines, Water Pails, Matches, Kerosene Oil—best quality, Kerosene Lamps, Burners and Chimneys, Lamp Glass, Stove, Pipe, Paint & Clothes Brushes, Preserved Fruits, Condensed Milk, Coffee, Saps and a general assortment of Groceries, Hardware, Glassware, Tinware, &c.

Best American Cut Nails—21 sizes—by the 10, or keg.

Nov.

LITERARY

The Coaster.

LATE HON. J. HOWE.

Though the idle may heed not, the wealthy despise
The race to which I and my fellows be-long,
My voice o'er my own native waters shall rise,
And the deck of my swallop resound to my song.

Though my craft may be small, she is snug and she's trim,
And her crew accustomed to battle the wave,
They are cheerfull of heat and athletic of limb,
And follow the business their bold fathers gave.

Through the storm and the sleet of the winter we sail
While the rich and the feeble on couches repose:
There is health in our toil, and a charm in the gale,
And our courage still rises the harder it blows.

Every harbor from Sable to Canso's a home,
Every depth from the Banks to St. Lawrence we've tried,
And we care not though round Labrador we may roam,
Or sweep on the strength of old Fundy's fierce tide.

Now wealth from the wave we draw forth with our lines,
And now with a cargo of produce we're stow'd,
Or having a full freight of coal from the mines,
We slowly sail on with our cumbersome load.

Though the Merchantman looks gay, her crew are but slaves
And o'er not a stick of the vessel they steer,
Though the Frigate glides by like the Queen of the Waves,
We know that the cat and the bulboes are there.

Then who would exchange the rough life that we lead
Joint owners at sea and free sons of the soil
At the bidding of others to labor and bleed
With but little of pleasure to sweeten our toil.

We build our own shalops; rear our own crew,
And life has for us sweet endearments in store,
For though luxury's fetters our souls never knew,
Bright eyes bid us, welcome when danger is o'er.

Thus we Coasters enrich the fair land that we love,
And if danger should threaten, the cutlass we'd seize,
And our hearts and our sinews in battle should prove,
That the spirit of freedom is nursed by the breeze.

RUPERT'S CHOICE.

'It can't be done, mother!' exclaimed Rupert Lauraine, starting both his mother and himself by impatiently throwing down on the breakfast table the new Bradshaw which the butler had brought in a few moments before. 'Those brute directors have been squabbling again, and have carefully re-arranged the trains on both lines so that none of them fit each other.'

'Dinner can be as much later as you like,' said Mrs. Lauraine, looking up from her letters.

'Not a bit of good, mother, if you dined at midnight!' replied Rupert. 'Is it has stood a summer, I could have done it beautifully. It was Cleveclands 5:50—Whitfield Junction 6:15—Newbury 6:55—and an hour to dine home and dress for dinner at eight; but now I can't get home to-night unless I leave Cleveclands at three o'clock—which is impossible—and wait at Whitefield.'

'There must be a later train,' I said. 'Yes' answered Rupert. 'There are other at 6:10 from Whitfield, reaching Cleveclands at 6:45, precisely a quarter of an hour after the last train leaves Whitfield for Newbury.'

Mrs. Lauraine listened in evident consternation. 'But Rupert, what can you do? Miss Herries comes this afternoon.'

'I know she does, mother, or it would not matter a bit; but you must tell her I could not be present, and I will be here by breakfast time to-morrow.'

'How provoking!' said Mrs. Lauraine. 'There will be the whole evening without you!' Rupert laughed.

'Well, mother, I'm not so conceited as to think she can't get through an evening

without me. Anyhow, it can't be helped, and when I come back to-morrow morning, I shall expect to find that you have been getting on like a house on fire.'

'I will do my best but it will be so different without you,' said Mrs. Lauraine. 'I'm half inclined to think it a piece of luck,' exclaimed Rupert who was always rather an optimist. 'You will be thrown more on each other at first; and forced to break the ice, and make a sudden plunge. Indeed, mother, Mona will suit you exactly, I am sure! she is good to read German poetry by the hour, if you wish it, she is great at schools, hymns, and d'rtty children, and knows all about ferns,—you like the same things, I'm sure.'

'You included I suppose,' said his mother, smiling, as he ended his somewhat miscellaneous catalogue of Miss Herries' accomplishments. 'Well, we must make the best of it; but I am very sorry for her disappointment.'

'She'll survive!' exclaimed Rupert. 'Only don't you go and be shy of her, mother, for she is awfully anxious about you liking her. However, there will be old Job here to act buffer, and break the first shock, so I hope.'

'The dog cart is at the door, sir, and your things are all in, and I don't think you've any time to lose,' announced the butler.'

'All right, Saunders, I'm ready! And with a hasty good-by, Rupert dashed out of the dining-room, and we heard him drive off. He had long been engaged to play on this day in a return match between the clubs of his own county and the adjoining one; but until this morning—too late to give up the engagement—he had had no idea that he could not get back to dinner.'

'Unfortunate, is it not?' said Mrs. Lauraine, as we left the breakfast table.

'I am inclined to agree with Rupert,' I replied. 'I think you'll get on all the better for being thrown more completely on each other at first.'

Mrs. Lauraine smiled, and went off to the house-keeper's room, while I turned into the library, which was the usual morning sitting-room.

'I was at this time on a visit to Helmsleigh, which is a beautiful place about seven miles from Newbury. I may, perhaps, as well state here that my name is Jane Osborne Barlow, and that Job was a nick name given to me in my childhood by Rupert, when he chanced to make the discovery that that name was spelled by my initials.'

I first made Mrs. Lauraine's acquaintance about two-and-twenty years ago, when I then a girl of twenty went to Rupert's governess. Mrs. Lauraine was the only child and heiress of old Mr. Lauraine of Helmsleigh, and she had married a Colonel Elliott who had taken her name. Their own home was in London, for he had an appointment in the Horse Guards, but they were a great deal at Helmsleigh. When I first went to them Rupert was five years old. Alice three and Bertha only fifteen months. I was kindly and affectionately treated; I was an orphan without relations, and the Lauraines and Helmsleighs became to me as my own people and my home.

Years passed on, and troubles came in quick succession. Colonel Elliott Lauraine went to the Crimea, and fell at the battle of the Alma, and his widow returned with her four children, for another boy had been born a few months after I went to them to live with her old father at beautiful Helmsleigh, which would one day be first hers and then Rupert's. I remained with her as her companion and the governess of the little girls. Rupert of course, left my care at ten years old to go to school, returning for the holidays to be the pride of our hearts and the plague of our lives, bright, handsome, merry Rupert, always in mischief, but irresistibly lovable, devoted to his mother affectionate to his sisters, and kindly courteous to me, though devising new schemes for our torment with each succeeding day.

I helped Mrs. Lauraine to nurse her father through the long and tedious illness which preceded his death, together we watched our dear little Gerald, who died of injuries received from a fall from his pony at eight years of age—and sharper grief still, we saw our sweet and gentle Bertha slowly fade and droop, and die at sixteen, in spite of all that medical skill and the tenderest care could do. We left our little darling at Mentone.

The following year, Alice, being eighteen, was presented and introduced into society, and I left Helmsleigh. They wished me to remain there, but I seemed to be needed elsewhere; for old Mr. and

Mrs. Eliot, the father and mother of Colonel Eliot Lauraine, required a companion and housekeeper now that all their daughters were married, and they were old and infirm, and unfit to be alone together. They knew me and were willing to take me, and I felt that I could be of more use there than at Helmsleigh. For seven years now I have lived with them very happily, but I can rarely leave them. Occasionally, however, I am able to manage a visit to Helmsleigh, and I was there for a month this summer.

Mrs. Lauraine was now very much alone there, for Alice had married at nineteen and in every way to her mother's satisfaction, but had died the following year at the birth of her first child, which only survived her a few hours. Rupert was now the only treasure left to his mother and she idolized him. For his sake she struggled, even in early days against her grief, and took care that Helmsleigh should continue to be a cheerful home for him, where his friends were always welcome. Rupert was very fond of her and very considerate of her, but though nominally living with her, he was a great deal away, either travelling or paying visits. Amusements of one kind or another tempted him in every direction, and he had no real duties at home, for though his father's fortune had made him quite independent the property was his mother's, and she had never abated her powers, though pleased to have him help in her rule.

Rupert's marriage had naturally been always anticipated as likely and desirable but when it came it was inevitably an anxiety and a shock. He had returned home quite lately from visiting some friends in Devonshire, to announce to his mother that he had engaged himself to Miss Herries, a young lady of whose existence Mrs. Lauraine had never heard till that moment. She did not even know the name of the friends at whose house Rupert had met her. It was easily ascertained, however, that both Colonel and Mrs. Herries were people of good birth and that there was nothing wrong about them except poverty, which in this case could be of no consequence, whatever.

Mrs. Lauraine did and said all that was kind and unselfish, and at once invited Miss Herries and her parents to come to pay a visit at Helmsleigh. But Col. Herries was an invalid and could not visit, and his wife and daughter could not leave at the same time; and therefore Rosamund, otherwise 'Mo' a' nut, came alone. It was rather a formidable visit for all parties, and she was to arrive in the afternoon of the day on which Rupert had gone over to Clevecland. I was very glad to be staying at Helmsleigh, for I was deeply interested in all that concerned both mother and son. All that we knew about Miss Herries was that she was the eldest of a large family, that she was two-and-twenty and was tall, slight and dark-haired. Rupert would show no photograph of her.

TO BE CONTINUED.

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I most respectfully take leave to call the attention of the Public generally to the fact, that certain Houses in New York are sending to many parts of the globe SPURIOUS IMITATIONS of my Pills and Ointment. These fraud-bears on their labels some address in New York.

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Each Pot and Box of the Genuine Medicines, bears the British Government Stamp, with the words "HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT, LONDON" engraved thereon. On the label is the address, 533, OXFORD STREET, LONDON, where alone they are Manufactured. Holloway's Pills and Ointment bearing any other address are counterfeiters.

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ADVERTISEMENTS.



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Vol. 1.

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