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V. 137

Poetry.

TOGETHER.

A song for the season, my dear, my dear,
A song for the sunny weather!
And what does it matter the time of the year
When you and I are together?

A song for the summer, flying south,
A fluttering song to stay her!
And if I were the bird with the golden mouth,
I would not care to delay her.

All the year round the skies are blue,
Into your blue eyes gazing;
Shining, smiling, tender and true—
Oh, these are the ones for praising!

The best of mine that the year could claim
Were a homage but half-hearted,
For I know the brightness will be the same
When her bloom is all departed.

When out of the world the sunshine slips,
Is heard the least stone south;
The one light softness no eclipse,
Whatever the way it goeth.

It's you that's wearing the summer's crown,
To you all sweet issues gather;
It's you love when the snows are down—
Oh, let me sing you rather!

For though I whisper it in a dream,
Your name is a spell that raises
All singing spirits that dwell in the air,
Making a sheaf of praises.

A song to the youth our years above,
Holding all worlds in tether;
It suits all seasons, my love, my love,
While you and I are together!

CARL SPENCER, in Harper's Magazine.

Oriental Nuptials in New York.

The marriage of Mr. Mark Goodson to Miss Leah Diamond was celebrated yesterday, in a synagogue on Christie street, known as Beth Israel B'nai Cholim. The religious movement among the Hebrews was occasioned among those who remain orthodox, a fondness for customs which were falling into disuse, and the marriage we speak of being the first of a new era, was performed with all the imposing ceremonies of the Orient of long ago. The body of the building was crowded to excess. The galleries were lined by eager spectators of the unusual spectacle. All the women were on the right side—all the men on the left. The brides were their husbands—invited Christians included. The reader, the Rev. J. Kantowitz, officiated at the nuptials, which were in the black robe and peculiar cap of the Hebrew clergy. Soon the bridal couple made its appearance—the happy pair walking and followed by five bridesmaids and best men.

On arriving at the altar the bridesmaids encircled the platform on the right, surrounding the bridegroom. At this juncture the violins in the gallery struck up an air monotonous and decidedly oriental. The ensuing service was almost entirely in Hebrew, the bridegroom, bride and reader standing under a canopy of floral silk. Before and after the betrothal with the ring, a cup of wine was presented to the bridegroom first and afterwards to the bride.

At intervals the violins gave snatches of the same dulcet strain. The service was sung rather than chanted by the reader, in a feeble voice. The gentleman during the ceremony, wore a white shawl over his shoulders, and a white scarf was placed around the bridegroom's neck.

The benediction and breaking a wine-glass concluded the service.—New York Sun.

Curious facts concerning Sound.

The following curious observations in regard to the transmission of sound have been carefully verified by an extended series of experiments.—The whistle of a locomotive is heard 3,500 yards through the air; the noise of a railroad train 2,800 yards; the report of a musket and that of a cannon, 2,000 yards; an orchestra or the roll of a drum, 1,600 yards; the human voice reaches to a distance of 1,000 yards the croaking of frogs, 900 yards; the chirping of crickets, 800 yards. During speaking can be heard in the air from below up to a distance of 600 yards, from above it is only understood to a range of 100 yards downwards. It has been ascertained that an echo is well reflected from the surface of smooth water only when the voice comes from an elevation.

Other similar phenomena connected with the transmission of sound have been observed, but the result disagrees either from inaccuracy in the observations or from the varying nature of the circumstances affecting the number obtained. Such variations occur to an extent of

ten to twenty per cent, and even more. The weather's being cold and dry, or warm and wet, are the chief influencing causes. In the first case, the sound goes to a greater, and in the second, to a lesser distance.

For the Standard.

APRIL.

ETYMODOLOGY OF APRIL.—The name of this month, derived from the Latin word *aperire* to open or disclose. The term applies to the opening of the year to the unfolding of the buds and flowers, springing into life after a temporary slumber. By the Saxons it was termed *Ostre month*, derived probably from the same word from which *Easter* originated. The reason why most of our festivals are to be ascribed to Roman designation and institution, is the early footing these people obtained in Britain, and the impress made by their manners and customs on the natives of that country. April 15th was kept by the Romans in honor of Ceres, with absurd rites and ceremonies, necessarily ridiculous considering as they did woman's rites. The tollers are adverse to the celebration of this festival, Ceres being the goddess of corn. On the 28th was the feast of Rogation, who took care to keep his votaries grain and fruit free from mildew, and had an eye on their cabbage plants. Public sports were practised on the 29th in honor of Flora the goddess of flowers.

MISCELLANEA.—AQUARIUS is allowed to reign during this month, in fact it rains it raineth every day. (Dyddu.) The Moon has her usual number of Quarts, no reference is here made to her horns. A holiday is observed on the 1st, is a holiday the origin of which cannot be traced; it is devoted to the practice of practical jokes, the persons deceived being designated here as *April fools*, in Scotland a *gook*. Persons born about this period are apt to be deficient in common sense and are called "fools" who are fearfully bored, and deemed unworthy about everything; they are used as an adorning medium by Tailors, and smoke a kind of cabbage called *cheeroot*.

St. George's Day.—England's patron Saint George on the 23rd. This gentleman is represented on the back of a Scotch penny, speaking as he is expected from all quarters, Sales, reef tonnage. Mothers lay in younglings.—This latter "speech" becomes in some instances a speaking horse. Large quantities of stimulating beverage should be freely partaken of during this period as you will find one swallow won't make an annular.

Warlike.—Two of our townsmen, who were refused permission to grind their axes, have thrown down the hatchet.

"It says a great deal for the intelligence of the place that nearly all the inhabitants are readers of the St. Croix Courier." (St. Croix Courier). What bliss, what ecstasy, to be a reader of the Courier, calmly to pursue this wonderful weekly with its brilliant wit and cutting sarcasm is a happiness few villages care to possess, it would be too small for them; it is so here, measuring intelligence by its columns is a doubtful compliment.

Musical.—A base note—St. Stephen's bells, Chimes of St. Stephen's, The land, Ring, Bridge of Sighs—Railroad bridge to Calais. Appropriate song for the Templars—Meeting of the waters.

Battled Part—St. Stephen's harbour. Having the log—Rattling from St. Stephen's to Calais.

Birds of prey—Begging Passions. A great horn—Drilling the volunteers. Difficult Culinary operation—Cooking an Account.

The use of both Hands.

A writer suggests that it would be a good thing for men and women were they taught in childhood to use their left hand equally with their right hand only for certain actions, such as writing and working and working mechanical tools, is entirely conventional; and there does not appear to be any reason why people should not be ambidextrous in every kind of manual work. Persons who have lost their right hand by accident frequently acquire great facility with the left, after some practice; but grown up persons have not always the patience to undertake the thing would be acquired in childhood. Children living in houses where two languages are spoken acquire both with great facility; and what is true of tongues would be equally so of hands.

IRON MANUFACTURE IN ENGLAND.—England has five hundred blast furnaces, which every year reduce 12,000,000 tons of ore to 4,800,000 tons of metal, and consume 11,000,000 tons of coal, and require about the same amount of coke to blast, the manufacture of metal being worth about £11,500,000 or \$60,000,000. The works of France produce about

the same amount. The establishment of Schneider & Co. alone covers eleven acres.

MEMOIRS OF THE OLD ARMY.—Upon a certain occasion, the precise date of which it is not necessary to mention, when a detachment of troops was about setting out from the Missouri River upon a long march across the Plains, and when the limited amount of transportation rendered it necessary to reduce the officers' baggage to the minimum regulation allowance, the commanding officer, who was never known to consume much time over books, but seldom declined a pressing invitation to participate in a social glass, was applied to by a young subaltern, just from West Point for permission to carry along a small package of books which he had provided himself with to while away the dull monotony of garrison life. The commander replied, that he was always ready and willing to do any thing "in reason" for all his officers; but when transportation was so very limited, as in that particular instance, he did not feel authorized to encumber his wagons with such useless trumpery as books. He was sorry to refuse, but it was impossible to comply with the request. The young gentleman went away greatly disappointed; and shortly afterwards he was ordered to accompany a particular friend of the commander, came up and made application to have a barrel of whiskey transported in the wagon, which probably weighed five times as much as the lieutenant's rejected parcel of books. To this request he received the following reply:

"Certainly, Lieutenant—certainly, Sir, of course you can take along a barrel or two of whiskey, or any thing else in reason; but the idea of lumbering up my wagons with books is most preposterous, and I must say that I am astonished at such an unreasonable request coming from any officer of my command."

The same officer was once presented with a sword by a friend, who assured him that it was a genuine specimen of the rare Toledo blade. He himself, it is true, had not a very clear conception of what was meant by this peculiar designation of the weapon, as he had never seen a sword; but he was confident that it was something better than the regulation sabre, and prized it highly. He often exhibited the present to his friends, who generally concurred with him in the discussion of its merits; but upon one occasion an officer, who professed to be a connoisseur in such matters, ventured to express a doubt as to the quality of the metal, remarking, at the same time, that but very few well authenticated Toledo or Damascus blades could now be traced in any part of the world, and that probably the most of these were in possession of rich Spanish hidalgos, who could not be induced to part with them at any price. Moreover, he added, he had seen specimens of art swords produced which were lost in the seventeenth century.

The propriety of the weapon, at this attempt to cast a shadow of doubt upon its genuineness, became quite excited, and, jumping to his feet, exclaimed, in a loud tone of voice: "Spanish blades—ho—ho! I tell you, Sir, this is no counterfeit, but a real Simon pure Toledo blade; and I pledge you my word, Sir, that a friend of old Toledo himself assured me that this was the very last sword the old man made before he took sick and died." GEN. R. B. MARCY, in Harper's Magazine for April.

THE INDIAN RING.—One of Hawthorne's most subtle and powerful tales is called "Rappahock's Daughter." The heroine of the story is the only daughter of an old chemist, who has brought her up from childhood to live upon the most deadly poisons. Her system had become so impregnated with poisons that her teeth were food and nourishment. The flowers in the old man's garden gave forth such noxious odors that the birds and insects fell listless to the ground; to the young girl they were richest perfumes.

The wondrous art of the writer has made every line and word of this story to be infested with noxious vapors. The very air you breathe is malarious, and you rise from your pages with a confused, dazed sense, as if you too were under its baleful influence.

Such has been the horrible blight of the Indian Ring. From one end to the other, and through all its courses, there has been dishonor. The poison seemed to pervade the very atmosphere of Indian affairs; to enter it was to die the moral death. In Washington, New York, on the Plains, everywhere, there was a combination to defraud. But, worst of all, on the border, where the Indian was untried, far removed from classes of detection, the robbery was most barbarous. The Indian had straggled and closed in every way. Now and then some misanthropic society would get among them; but they can't get the Bible read the least when the brain is so polluted with whiskey? As we have before intimated, the Indian did not have much virtue or honesty, but what little he had became demoralized. The sutler who sold goods cheat-

ed him, the agent who paid him his annuities robbed him, the official who represented the great power of the United States government defrauded him. Treaties were broken, pledges betrayed, and the name of white man became another term for deception and fraud. What wonder the Indian became a worse than Bedouin Arab, with his hand against every man, and every man's hand against him!—COT. G. W. NICHOLS, in Harper's Magazine for April.

A Chenoo Hunt.

The Indian leads off upon the run. He deems himself a capital hand upon the *akunk* (snow-shoes), and is surprised to find that run as fast as he may, his friend from the frozen north, though apparently so old and decrepit, keeps up to him without the slightest difficulty. They reach the spring about noon. It is large. The snow is all melted around it, and the bank is level and green.

The old North man now dolls his robes and commences a vigorous magical dance around the spring, which is kept up till he is wrought up to a frenzy, and the preparation is starting off from every pore.

Soon the spring begins to foam up, and rise and fall as though lifted by some huge monster from below. Presently the head of a lizard of enormous size is seen above the water attempting to come out. A blow from the hunter lays him stiff, when he is dragged out and laid upon the bank.

The object of their visit to the spring and of the magical dance is now apparent. This is a Chenoo mode of hunting. The North man is a mighty magician, a Powwow. He has pow-wowed this lizard up into a huge crocodile, and he is going to dress the game and carry home the fresh meat. Before he commences operations in this line, however, he proceeds in his "pow-wowing" until his "magical" and brings up the female. This is not so large as the other, but she is, however, a good sized crocodile.

The Chenoo now proceeds to dress the game, and he does it in this way—First, he cuts off the nose, the feet and the tail, which he throws back into the spring, that they may quietly settle down again into little live lizards. He throws in after them, to assist in the process, the skins and entrails.

The carcasses after being dressed look for all the world like bear's meat, and each one would weigh about two hundred pounds.

These he carefully binds together with withes, adjusts the burdens to his shoulders, and bids his companion lead off for home.—This he does again at the top of his speed.—The Chenoo keeps up to him as easily as he did in the morning. His load appears to be no obstacle at all.

After a while the Chenoo enquires: "Can you run no faster than that?" "Faded I cannot," is the reply. "Very well, stop then, and I will manage it. The sun is getting low, and at this rate it will be dark before we can reach home."

So they halt, and the man is directed to place himself upon his friend's shoulders above the load, and to keep his head low so as to avoid being brushed off by the limbs of the trees; and to brace his feet, so as to keep himself steady. And now then there is such running as makes the little bushes fairly whistle as they fly past them, and the pair's reach home sometime before sunset.—[From "Legends of the Miamas," in the New Dominion Monthly for April.]

A Teacher in Springfield (Massachusetts) public school, was recently the victim of a poetic joke by a post—an eight year old Irish student—which runs thus: "A little mouse ran up the stairs, To hear Miss Blodgett say her prayers, On being threatened with a severe whipping if not able to produce another stanza within five minutes, he again sung out: "Here I stand before Miss Blodgett, She's goin' to strike, and I'm goin' to dodge it."

After which the "post" was allowed to escape unpunished, and repaired triumphantly to his seat, followed by peals of laughter from the whole school, the teacher included, as a reward for his genius. This recalls the story of Waite, the hymnist, who, when his father threatened to punish him for tarring every thing into rhyme, said: "O father, on me pity take, And I will no more verses make." Whereupon the chastisement was omitted.

CAPTURING SEA TURTLES.—A curious method of capturing sea turtles when asleep in the water is practiced in some parts of the East, by means of the sucking fish, or remora, a well-known fish, about a foot long, having a sucker on the top of the head, by which it attaches itself to bodies in the water. A number of these fish are kept alive in cages in the water, and when a sleeping sea turtle is seen at a distance, a string of suitable length is attached to the sucker part of the tail of one of the fish, which is pointed in the direction of the floating animal. The fish instinctively

makes for the turtle and attaches itself, and the string being then carefully drawn in, both animals are hauled within reach and secured. [Editor's Scientific Repository in Harper's Magazine for April.]

An Indianapolis woman recently gave birth to a child during her husband's absence, and just before his return the neighbors borrowed two other babies and placed them in bed with the little stranger. When the father asked to see his child the coverlid was turned down, and although he must have been immensely surprised, he coolly turned to his wife and asked, "Did any get away?"

A rich widow lady, living on Staten Island, discovered a small pimple near her mouth, a fortnight ago, scratched it off with a finger nail, the nail poisoned the flesh, mortification began, and despite all the efforts of her physician, it continued to spread until it struck a vital point on the tenth day, and the lady died.

INFLUENCE OF COLORED LIGHT ON INSECTS.—The discussion of the changes produced in animal and vegetable forms by the influence of varying conditions of temperature, moisture, light, locality, etc., especially as connected with the Darwinian hypothesis, has induced a great variety of experiments, from which some interesting results have been derived. In one of these experiments, lately published, a brood of caterpillars of the tortoise-shell butterfly of Europe was divided into three lots. One third were placed in a photographic room lighted through orange colored glass, one third in a room lighted through a blue glass, and the remaining third in an ordinary room in natural light. All were fed with their proper food, and the third lot developed into butterflies in the usual time. Those in the blue light were not healthy, a large number dying before changing, those raised in the orange light, however, were nearly as healthy as the first mentioned. The perfect insects raised in the blue light differed from the average form in being much smaller, the orange brown colors lighter, and the yellow and orange markings on each other, instead of remaining distinct. Those raised in the yellow light were also smaller, but the orange brown was replaced by salmon-color, and the blue edges of the wings seen in the ordinary form were of dull slate. If changes so great as these can be produced in the course of a single experiment, it is probable that a combination of the same upon a succession of individuals will develop some striking results.—[Editor's Scientific Repository in Harper's Magazine for April.]

Miscellany.

I can marry any girl I please, said a young fellow, boasting. Very true, replied his waggish companion, "for you can't please any." A top just returned to England from a Continental tour was asked how he liked the ruins of Pompeii. "Not very well," was the reply; "they are so dreadfully out of repair!"

When an infidel fellow was trying to pick a quarrel with a peaceable man, the latter said: "I never had a fuss with but one man; he was buried at four; it is now half-past three."

The Ohio legislators had defeated a resolution submitting a constitutional amendment to give suffrage to women. In the Government printing office in Washington to run the ruling machines. Their color appears to be the "truthful" power just now.

A writer in the Skowhegan Reporter says that some people who never could see the benefits of railroads, wondered what made potatoes so low during the recent interruption in the transportation of freight from that station.

A man in the western part of the State of Maine had a surprise party recently. His wife got it up by presenting him with three children at once.

The new railroad bridge at Augusta will be of iron, an lighter pier than the former one. It will cost \$100,000.

The biggest diamond in the United States lies from the bosom of a Philadelphia barber.

McLean's (Union) Hotel, Clatham, was destroyed by fire last week.

Governor Holder, of South Carolina, has declared one of the counties of that State to be in a state of insurrection.

Joseph W. Harper, of Harper Bros., left an estate valued at \$365,000.

The Comanche Indians are making rail in on the white settlements, killing men, women, and children.

A Western farmer being obliged to sell a heifer of oxen to pay his hired man, told him that he could not keep him any longer. Why, said the man, "I'll stay and take some of your cows in place of money." "But what shall I do," said the farmer, "when my cows and oxen are all gone?" "Why you can then work for me and get them back."

TELEGRAPH NEWS.

LONDON, April 1st. The House of Commons to night in Committee agreed to the House of Lords amendments except one to the Irish force bill.

Discontent in Ireland seems to be increasing. The evening papers published a long list of outrages recently committed there.

Emigration to the United States has increased to a remarkable extent within the past few days.

Three fourths of the stock of the Atlantic Cable Company have voted in favor of consolidation with the Anglo American and French Cable Companies.

FREDERICTON, April 1. House in committee on School Bill. Mr. Needham made a very feeling speech in favor of the bill.

A Bill to give \$15,000 in aid of Carleton, St. John, Branch Railway; Report of Select Committee on Claim of Mr. Buchanan; Bill to continue and make perpetual Act for establishing and maintaining a police force in the Parish of Portland with amendments; Bill relating to Bastardy with amendments—agreed to in Committee.

A Bill to abolish the Provincial Board of Agriculture, after a short discussion, postponed three months.

The House will be prorogued on Wednesday next.

Carleton, St. John Railway Subsidy Bill read a third time.

Follow a Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites will cause the formation of good healthy blood by its action on the Digestive Organs, the Lacticals, the Heart, Lungs and Nervous system.

"Persons suffering from impure blood, or whose health giving way, either as ministers or those who stand closely, will find in the Syrup the material to build them up, and the tonic to keep them there."

DR. CLAY. Their Real Object.

Is there a man of sense in the Dominion so dull as to believe that the late move of Messrs Huntington and Galt in behalf of a Customs Union and the separate treaty making power was intended to promote the trade and commerce of the Dominion? Is it not palpable that the real aim of that movement was simply to set the Independence ball in motion?

Shrewd as Mr. Mackenzie is, earnest and sincere as were his declarations of fealty to the Empire in his clever speech during the debate on the Huntington Zollverein slams and the Galt treaty making pretence, he was taken in and done for, when he followed Galt and Huntington into the lobby in voting against Sir John A.'s amendment to Sir A. T. Galt's amendment to Huntington's hounding Customs Union resolutions.

It is equally true that Galt argued that the possession and exercise of the separate treaty making power was just what was requisite to render Independence unnecessary; and some fools from New Brunswick were silly enough to believe both of them. Well, there always have been fools in the world, and we suppose always will be. But it is a pity that they should occupy the place that ought to be filled by sensible people.—[News.]

INDISPUTABLE FACTS.—If used faithfully and perseveringly, there is no Cough or Cold, however obstinate or long standing, but what will yield to Dr. Wilson's Pulmonary Cherry Balsam. Numbers of people who have tried all other remedies, and have been under the care of eminent physicians without deriving the slightest benefit, have been thoroughly cured by a few doses of this matchless Balsam. For Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, &c. there is no medicine that can be used with so good an effect. In fact in the worst form of these diseases this Balsam is irresistible.

Whoever would be well must see that every organ of the body does its duty. Every one may insure this by taking an occasional dose of Dr. Wilson's Family Anti-Bilious Pills—Stomach, Liver and Bowels, are reached by the purifying powers of these Pills.

Many thousands of martyrs from Rheumatism have found human life but one long disease, and after consulting the most eminent physician in vain, have grown weary of existence, and have ceased to hope for comfort on this side of the grave, until some lucky accident called their attention to Dr. Dow's Sturgeon Oil Liniment. This a genuine remedy indeed. Persons bed-ridden with rheumatic pains, after applying the Liniment, have found themselves restored in an incredibly short time to perfect health.

Clark's Dorsy Condition Powders are the best medicine in existence to put a life in good condition, giving him a coat soft and bright as satin, and purifying all the internal and urinary organs. They set directly upon the Blood, giving him a good appetite, regulate the

bowels without purging, and are the desideratum so long sought for.

From our Fredericton Correspondent. FREDERICTON, April 4th, 1870.

Dear Standard, The past week has been characterized in its history by some events that will be long remembered in New Brunswick, many of which reflect no great credit to the Province.

Much disappointment was felt when Mr. Needham withdrew his Bill to abolish imprisonment for debt and provide for the attachment of property. Many members referred to this subject, and all evidently sincere—with regret that the Honorable member had felt it his duty in justice, as he claimed, to the principle of the Bill to adopt this course.

Among these I may mention the Hon. Mr. King, Mr. Moore, Mr. Stevenson and Mr. White, who had all taken part in the progress of the Bill, with a view of making its provisions as perfect as possible.

The Attorney General, when the Bill was a second and third time under consideration in committee, had offered considerable opposition. Yet the most of the Bill as submitted had been adopted, and carried through after very considerable discussion.

It is unfortunate that New Brunswick is so slow to adopt a Bill of this character, when in many respects it is so far in advance of some other colonies of Great Britain.

The House has done a great deal of business this week. Supply was got through or nearly so on Tuesday last. Many items were considerably reduced, yet I believe, it will not be found in many particulars to be satisfactory to the country.

The position of the Government was pretty fully considered on the passing of the several items; the extravagance of the expenditure on Government House pretty clearly pointed out to the country, and from what was elicited, it was very apparent that the Governor has had his own way in this matter, evidently having been able to flatter the late, as well as the present, commissioner's vanity and egotism to such an extent, that they almost entirely forgot any interest but the gratification of His Excellency's wishes.

There may be a few items of supplementary supply for consideration this afternoon. There was a Bill passed a few days ago to incorporate the New Brunswick & Quebec Railway Company, whose object is to build a Railway from St. Mary's, opposite Fredericton, to Edmundston, in Victoria County.

There was some debate in the House on the propriety of granting this Charter as the Woodstock Railway Companies and the New Brunswick and Canada Railway and Land Company had already, as was contended, charters to build lines through the country from Woodstock towards Quebec.

Mr. Stevenson called the attention of the House to this, and drew from the Provincial Secretary that it was the intention of the Government to grant land to the Company. It would seem that there was some provision for this, but it had been withdrawn.

Mr. Stevenson contended that if land were to be granted to any company it should be to the New Brunswick and Canada Railway or to the Woodstock Railway, and that it was not just to these corporations that another Railway Company should be incorporated so as to be thrown into competition with these lines of Railway, in view of the fact that already there had been agitation with a view of extension by these last companies towards Riviere du Loup.

On Saturday, however, a Bill was introduced, as a government measure, which I understand makes provision for granting land to any Railway Company that will build this line of Railway. The grant of \$15,000 to the Carleton Branch Railway to assist in constructing a Branch from Fairville to Sand Point, on the west side of the Harbor of St. John, where a deep water terminus is furnished by the recent sinking of a portion of the Harbor, seemed a measure required by the position of Western Extension Railway, as they are at present, without any salt water terminus, and 2 miles and a half of Railway will furnish this. The Carleton side of the Harbor are to take \$40,000 stock in the constructing of this and furnish nearly all the right of way.

The matter was not as much discussed on the floor of the House as I expected to hear. Understand however that it has been very fully discussed outside and that the amount is only half what was first asked for by the promoters of this Railway. Mr. Stevenson insisted that there ought to be more stringent conditions attached to the bonus granted, and that a duty should be cast on the company to keep the road in repair and run it. Mr. Coram and other St. John members thought there would be no danger of the road not being run, and that if the Company should at any time become amalgamated with the Western Extension that they would see to all these conditions being complied with.

The announcement by the Hon. Mr. King on Friday last that it was the intention of the Government to withdraw the School Bill did not surprise many; for, from the introduction of the Bill, it was never believed that it was determined by the Government to carry it through. Good however will be done to the country by the ventilation through the debates and newspapers of the principles of the Bill, and the presentation of the amount of taxation involved in it. The House was somewhat affected with sorrow and sympathy for the Hon. Mr. King, whose political heart and mind and soul, as Needham sometimes says, was centred in the measure and whose depth of feeling for the success of the Bill was evidenced by the faltering tones in which he announced the intention of the Government.

There has not been so far as can be learned any reference of Mr. Bosford's matter agreeably to the Resolution of the House, and it is not generally believed there never will be, and that the Government are now pretty well satisfied they were wrong in removing Mr. Bosford in the way they did. Whether, however, any provision will be made for the pay of the Assistant Clerk in the Legislative Council is uncertain. But the supposition is that as only one engrossing clerk is employed by the Council, instead of two as formerly, there will be no great difficulty in the pay of the Assistant Clerk, he doing a part of the engrossing.

There was very considerable discussion during several stages, on a Bill requiring that candidates at elections should make oath that they had not nor would not in any respect violate the provisions of the Law passed last session for the prevention of Bribery and Corruption at Elections. The fate of the Bill in the Assembly was decided

by the Chairman, Mr. Bliss, who gave the casting vote in favor of the principle of the Bill. I understand however, the Bill has been thrown out in the Legislative Council.

The Government having announced the proposition for Wednesday next, I may not write you another letter this Session of the Legislature. I may however, and hence won't bid you good-bye.

Yours, KAPPA.

Beautiful Child.—W. A. H. Sigourney.—Frederick the Great.—V. The Death of Frederick William, and the Ascension of Frederick the Second.—With Five Illustrations. Around the World on Skates.—T. B. Troup. With one Illustration. Linda's Young Lady.—D. R. Castleton. Together.—Carl Spencer. A Brave Lady.—(Concluded.) By the Author of "John Halifax, Gentleman."—With two Illustrations. Revealed in a Song.—Justin McCarthy. The Indian: What we should do with Him.—Col. Geo. Ward Nicholas. Bathsheba Carew's Curse.—Jane G. Austin. The Great Gold Conspiracy.—John Bonner. Anteros.—By the Author of "Guy Livingstone." Border Reminiscences.—Gen. R. B. Marcy. Editor's Easy Chair. Editor's Literary Record. Editor's Scientific Record. Editor's Historical Record. Editor's Drawer.

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Yours, KAPPA.

The Standard.

SAINT ANDREWS, APRIL 6, 1870.

Owing to the heavy travelling, the mail due here on Tuesday morning, did not arrive until this morning at half-past 8 o'clock. We are obliged to omit several articles to insert our Fredericton letter, only received this day.

THE SCHOOL BILL brought in by Hon. Mr. King as a Government measure, we regret to learn was withdrawn by him. In making the announcement to the House, he is represented to have made a touching speech, exhibiting his regret that he had not received that support from his colleagues which he was led to believe he would have had.

There is no doubt that Mr. King labored hard to perfect his School Bill, and that he fondly hoped that it would pass, and that every poor man's child in the Province would receive an education, without taxing the parents beyond an amount (not even so much) as is at present required to educate one. The principle of taxation for the support of Schools, is admitted by a majority of the people, and is gaining ground; by it, a superior class of Teachers would be obtained, and they would receive a suitable equivalent for their services; it is hardly to be expected, that any young man or woman, who has spent time and money in obtaining instruction to qualify them to impart a thorough English or Classical education, would accept the small sum now granted for their services—an amount not equal to that given to teamsters or laborers.

Instructors of youth hold one of the highest and most important offices in the State; they have to a great extent, the moulding of the minds, and qualifying the future rulers of the country; and the office should be filled by well educated and competent persons, whose social position should be equal to that of any other profession, and certainly quite as well remunerated. The question of taxation for the support of Free Schools, might be one of the test questions at the ensuing Election. The details of a Bill for the purpose, could be settled afterwards in the Legislature. A candidate who would be rejected because of his being an advocate for Free Schools, would retire, only to be placed at another time at the head of the polls.

ACCIDENT ON THE RAILWAY.—On Saturday night last a man named Wm. Cook was killed on the Line above the Junction, the extra Train for St. Stephen having run over him. The particulars as we heard them, are that Mr. Cook had returned from St. Stephen, and that he was at Mr. Drinkall's on business and hearing the train approaching, he ran out to push the Lorry off the track, while in the act, it is supposed the Engine struck the lorry and killed Cook, as his mangled remains were discovered next day lying on the track. No blame is attached to the driver or employees, as the night was dark, and the line should have been clear.

The International Steamers now make two trips a week between Boston and St. John, connecting with the "Queen" and "Belle Brown" at Eastport.

THE NEW DOMINION MONTHLY for April has come to hand, and is filled with the usual amount of instructive and interesting articles. The front-piece contains a sketch in vignette, of Sir J. A. McDonald, Sir G. E. Cartier, Sir Francis Hincks, and the Hon. Joseph Howe. The title page has a portrait of Dr. David Livingstone, the great African Explorer; a piece of music, Mother, Watch the Little Feet, and Fashionable plate for April—Price \$1.50 per annum. J. Dougall & Son, publishers, Montreal.

The weather for the past few days was a due mixture of winter and spring, a heavy fall of snow, and a drenching rain.

THE PARISH MEETING for the Election of Town and Parish Officers, took place yesterday, in the Town Hall, J. S. Magee, Esq., was elected Chairman. A List of the officers will be published.

HARPER'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE for April has been received. The contents are as follows:—

The War in Paraguay.—Gen. M. T. McMahon.—With Fourteen Illustrations. Lost Days. Count Otto Von Bismarck.—S. S. Conant.—With Nine Illustrations. Among the Silk-worms and Velvet Looms.—O. M. Spencer.—With Twenty one Illustrations.

Presented in Faith, Hope and Charity. ALFRED CURRIE, J. S. LEIGHTON, J. HIRAM GRAY. Richmond Station, C. C., Apr. 2, 1870.

ITEMS. —The articles of agreement for a four oared Boat Race between the "Tyne Crew" and the "Paris Crew" is published in the St. John "Globe." The race is to take place at Lac Beauport, near Montreal, in September next. Stakes Five Hundred pounds Sterling.

On Monday, the second day of May next, the Provincial Training School will be opened in Fredericton, in the building commonly known as the Stone Barracks. Forty Student Teachers will be admitted in the order of their application.

The 45,000 rifles loaned by the imperial to the Dominion Government, and with which the Canadian Volunteers are armed, have been given as a present to Canada.

It is said that Prince Arthur is going to cross the continent and spend a few days in California at the end of this month. On his return he will make a short stay in Montreal and return to England in a troopship with his regiment.

The bill to unite the cities of Boston and Charlestown passed a third reading in the Massachusetts Senate by a vote of 17 to 9. It is said the abducting Collector Bailey has been seen in Albany. He has written a letter, without date, to General Pleasanton congratulating him on his accession to his place.

It is stated information has been communicated to the President to the effect that the Virginia Legislature is preparing to abrogate its ratification of the fifteenth amendment by a coup de main, and that the members intend to rush the repeal through both Houses on the same day, without notice and debate.

A quantity of arms which the Fenians had at Underhill, Vt., has recently been sent to wards the frontier and a raid on Montreal is anticipated.—Bow wow.

The Comanche Indians have just made an extensive raid in western Texas. Over forty families are reported massacred, several houses burned and several hundred horses captured. The news comes in a roundabout way and should be taken with a grain of salt.

Lawrence Doyle died in the State Prison on Friday last, after an illness of about one week. His disease was the clotting of the blood of the heart and blood vessels. He was committed to prison May 18th 1864, under sentence of death for the murder of the Libby girl in the town of Strong. He has always asserted his entire innocence of the horrible crime of which he was convicted. He was born in Cape Breton and was 37 years of age when he died.

The New York "World," speaking by its commercial editor, prophesies that if the Funding Bill becomes law, the violent contraction of the greenback currency will occasion disastrous commercial panic, and a financial crisis will be inevitable.

The London correspondent of the Toronto "Globe" mentions Sir John Lubbock, the banker, and new member for Maidstone, as one of the most promising new M. P.'s. He is a man of great scientific attainments, a fine speaker, with a good voice, and a liberal, if not something more, in politics.

Another cheque fraud in New York.—This time upon the lady brokers, Messrs. Woodhill, Clifton & Co. The swindler purchased \$5,500 in gold, and gave a cheque for the money, which the bank certified. The next day, it was discovered to have been originally for \$58, and to have been "added to" the bank, having certified the draft, will suffer for the loss.

addressed to Sir John Young, Lord-Grandvile directed the Governor General to bring before the notice of the Government for amendment "An Act respecting Perjury." The Act affixes a criminal character to acts committed beyond the limits of the Dominion of Canada. Such a provision is declared to be beyond the legislative power of the Dominion.

Gov. Smith arrived from Fort Garry, states that Scott was tried by six of His Majesty's Council as being a troublesome and unsafe man, and sentenced to be shot at 12 next day. Execution delayed one hour, while Smith interceded with His Majesty, but failing to kill him, he was despatched by one placing a revolver at his head. Reported Bishop Tache would be there next day. Smith wished delay until his arrival, but could not succeed, fearing his influence might prevent murder.

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On the 31st March, after a short illness, Mr. Toliver James, aged 63 years, formerly of Philadelphia, Penna.

At Carleton St. John, on Monday last, 4 h inst. at the residence of his brother, Samuel R. Clinch, E. q., aged 30 years, regarded by a large circle of friends and acquaintances. His remains will be brought to-day, to St. George for interment. Funeral to-morrow, Thursday, 7th inst.

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Goods 14 APRIL 6.

34 Chests } Fine Lo
30 Half } do
12 Half chests best London
6 Brls. London Refined C
1 Hhd. } Barlados Sugar
6 Brls. } do
2 Brls. } Vacuum Pan
7 Kegs Sateratus 1 cwt. 6
5 Brls. Mess } POH
3 do Clear } do
100 Brls best Family Flour
5 Cases 2 cwt. each No
16 do 1 " do
34 Brls Bridges' London
40 " Pale Ale qts &
9 Qr casks Sherry W
1 Hhd } Port Wi
7 Qr casks } do
2 Hhd Ginger Wine,
10 Hhd } "Henesay
14 Qr casks } Cognac B
10 Hhd } "Vine
6 Qr casks } Bi
40 Hhd. best Pale Gen
2 Hhd } Murphy
11 Qr casks } do
6 Qr casks Dunville's
4 do Dublin
1 Panochron old D met
45 Cases Hennessy & V
3 R D Cee a Gin, in B
26 do Dublin (B) W
18 do Duvalles
8 do Scotch
18 do pint Flasks
19 do Old Tom Gin,
6 do RYE WHISK
1 do Best CHAMP
2 do Best Claret W
20 do d Old Port
10 do Best Sherry
7 do Best Claret

PAINTS, O
22 Cwt. Brandy Bros.
124 lb. 25 lb. &
4 Hds. Yellow and Blue
Raw Linseed
60 Boxes Best Crown
sorted sizes, &c
JAMES

GENERAL S
THE County of General S
for the County of Charlotte
Court House, on Tuesday
which time and place all
and Postmasters said Cou
requiring to be at this Cou
notified to give their attend
April 4.

Fish P
THE Subscriber is prep
and others requiring
leaving their orders with R
St. Andrew, March 29,
1870

March
To the Ladies. New
We have just received fr
a sample lot of HATS
Also new FLOWERS
arrive, will be offered at
At the Abion House Mill
Thirty-three
MEN
CLOTH
At the Albion
Invoice of N
Canadian
to hand. Goods will be
in a few days. These goo
manufactory, and embrace
inspection others will be tou
Check. Inquiries invited
JO

HARRY GOV
of the College of
Surgeo
Lato of the Univers
May be found at his Father
log his professional services.

New
JUST opened—a choice s
Instrumental music, ju
Orders for music made
Friday,
March 30.

ABSOLUTE
Divorces legally o
Inferna, Illinois and othe
from any State or Count
desertion, drunkenness, no
ent cause; no publicity; n
obtained. Advice free. B
teen years. Address, M. H
m 3 No. 78 Nassau St

Cottage I
THE Subscriber off
I gain, his pleasant
Prince of Wales street, opp
The House is one and a h
ed from cellar to attic, wit
The cellar is first procu
ing well of good water,
new, and is excellent rep
it stands in under a thir
apply at this Office, or to
Feb. 9.

WALL PAPER.
1200 ROLLS of Wall Paper, suitable for
Parlours, Rooms, Halls, and
Kitchens.—Just received and will be sold at very
small advance on cost. Persons in want of such
will find it to their advantage to give us a call.
April 6. J. F. MULLIGAN.

TO LET,
THOSE FOUR STORES on the Market
Square, and possession given the 1st of May
or sooner if required. If not left previous to that
time, they will be offered for sale, which due
notice will be given. In the mean time the Sub-
scriber will treat privately with any person for
the purchase of all or any of the buildings or
Wharf. The terms will be very liberal.
April 6, 1870. JAMES BOYD.

Commissioner's Office,
Ottawa, 24th March, 1870.—4i april 6

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ceed in clearing his influence might prevent mur-
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DIED.
On the 31st March, after a short illness,
Coliver James, aged 63 years, formerly of
Delphia, Penna.

Carlton, St. John, on Monday last, 4 h
at the residence of his brother, Samuel
inch, E. q., aged 50 years, requested by
a circle of friends and acquaintances.
remains will be brought to-day, to St.
John for interment. Funeral to-morrow
day, 7th inst.



INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.
The Commissioners appointed to construct the
Colonial Railway give public Notice that
they have annulled the Contracts for Sections Nos.
and 7, they are prepared to receive Tenders
letting the same.

Section No. 5 is in the Province of Quebec and
extends from the Eastern end of Section No. 2
to the Eastern end of Section No. 6, a distance of
22 miles.

Section No. 6 is in the Province of New Brun-
swick and extends from the Eastern end of Sec-
tion No. 5 to the Eastern end of Section No. 7,
a distance of 22 miles.

Section No. 7 is in the Province of Nova
Scotia and extends from the Eastern end of
Section No. 6 to the Eastern end of Section No. 8,
a distance of 22 miles.

Section No. 8 is in the Province of New Brun-
swick and extends from the Eastern end of Sec-
tion No. 7 to the Eastern end of Section No. 9,
a distance of 22 miles.

Section No. 9 is in the Province of New Brun-
swick and extends from the Eastern end of Sec-
tion No. 8 to the Eastern end of Section No. 10,
a distance of 22 miles.

Commissioners also give Public Notice
that they are prepared to receive Tenders for four
sections of the line.

Section No. 17 will be in the Province of Que-
bec and will extend from the Eastern end of
Section No. 16 to the Eastern end of Section No. 18,
a distance of 22 miles.

Section No. 18 will be in the Province of Que-
bec and will extend from the Eastern end of Sec-
tion No. 17 to the Eastern end of Section No. 19,
a distance of 22 miles.

Section No. 19 will extend from the East-
ern end of Section No. 18 to the Eastern end of
Section No. 20, a distance of 22 miles.

Section No. 20 will be in the Province of New
Brunswick and will extend from the Eastern end
of Section No. 19 to the Eastern end of Section No. 21,
a distance of 22 miles.

GENERAL SESSIONS.
The Court of General Sessions of the Peace
for the County of Charlotte will be held at the
Court House, on Tuesday the 12th April. At
which time and place all Magistrates, Coroners,
and Constables of said County and all persons
requiring to be at that Court, are hereby publicly
notified to give their attendance.

ALEX. T. PAUL,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

Fish Purmice.
The Subscriber is prepared to supply Farmers
and others requiring this fertile manure, on
leaving their orders with R. Glenn & Co.
JAMES MCLEAN.
St. Andrews, March 29, 1870.

TO THE LADIES. New Hats for Easter.
We have just received from our London Agent
a sample lot of HATS, in the newest styles.
Also new PLAINERS, which with others to
arrive, will be offered at a small advance on cost
at the Albion House Millinery Ware room.

Thirty-three new styles in
**MEN'S
CLOTH CAPS,**
At the Albion House.

Invoice of New Style
Canadian Tweeds,
to hand. Goods will be ready for inspection
in a few days. These goods are direct from the
manufacture, and embrace some choice patterns,
amongst others will be found the PRINCE ARTHUR
Check. Inspection invited.

JOHN S. MAGEE.

HARRY GOVE, M. D.,
of the College of Physicians and
Surgeons,
Lato of the University of Edinburgh.
May be found at his Father's Office, by those requir-
ing his professional services.

New Music.
JUST opened—a choice selection of Vocal and
Instrumental music, just published.
Orders for music made up every Tuesday and
Friday.
March 30. J. F. MULLIGAN.

ABSOLUTE
Divorces legally obtained in New York,
Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons
from any State or Country, legal every where;
description, drunkenness, non support, etc., suffic-
ient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce
obtained. Advice free. Business established fifty
years. Address,
M. HOUSE, Attorney,
No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City.

Cottage for Sale.
The Subscriber offers for sale at a bar-
gain, his pleasantly situated residence on
Prince of Wales street, opposite Victoria Terrace.
The House is one and a half story high, is finish-
ed from cellar to attic, with an L for kitchen.
The cellar is first proof and has in it a never fail-
ing well of good water. The house is nearly
new, and is excellent repair; and the lot on which
it stands is under cultivation. For particulars
apply at the Office, or to
JAMES MCLEAN,
Proprietor
Feb. 9.

Goods in Store
APRIL 6, 1870.

34 Chests **Fine London** Congen
30 Half chests best (London) Oolong, 1K, V,
12 Hls. London Refined Crushed SUGAR,
1 Hhd. Barbados Sugar,
5 Hls. Vacuum Pant Sugar,
1 Hhd. Valerian 1 cwt. each.
2 Brs. }
5 Brs. Mess } PORK
3 do Clear }
100 Brs. best Family Flour.
5 Cases 2 cwt. each No 1 lined Nutmegs,
16 do 1 do do do do
34 Hls. Bridges' London Porter Stout, qts. & pts.
40 " Pale Ale qts & pts.
3 Cases Guinness' xxx Porter,
9 Casks Sherry Wine,
1 Hhd. }
7 Qr casks } Port Wine,
2 Hds. Ginger Wine,
10 Hds. "Honey" & "Martell" best
14 Qr casks Cognac Brandy, vin. '63 5.8,
10 Hds. "Vine Growers Co's."
6 Qr casks } Best Brandy,
40 Hds. best Pale Geneva
2 Hds. } Murphy's Irish Whiskey,
11 Qr. casks } 22 pc. O. P.
6 Qr. casks }
4 do }
4 do } WHISKEY,
1 Pouchon old D metara RUM,
5 Cases Hennessy & V G Cy. Brand.
5 R d C's a Gin, in Bottles
12 Cases Irish Flasks Whiskey,
26 do Dublin (B) Whiskey,
15 do Danville do
8 do Scotch do
18 do pint Flasks do
2 do Old Tom Gin do
6 do RYR WHISKEY,
2 do Best CHAMPAGNE,
30 do Best Claret Wine,
30 do Old Port do
10 do Best Sherry do
7 do Best Claret do
PAINTS, OIL, &c.
22 Cwt. Brandy Bros. Best White Paint,
12 lb 25 lb, & 50 lb, kegs.
29 kegs Yellow and Black Paint,
4 Hds. Brandy Bros. best Boiled and
Raw Linseed Oil,
60 Boxes Best Crown Window Glass, as
sorted sizes, &c. &c.
JAMES W. STREET.

**LOVELL'S
DOMINION AND PROVINCIAL
DIRECTORIES.**
To be published in October, 1870.
NOTICE.—Learning that my name has been
unwarrantably used in connection with the
Directories now being canvassed in the Provinces,
and entirely distinct from my works, and that in
other cases it has been stated that my Directories
have been abandoned, I would request those de-
sirous of giving a preference to my works to see
that persons representing themselves as acting for
me are furnished with satisfactory credentials.
JOHN LOVELL, Publisher.
Montreal, March 16, 1870.

LOVELL'S DIRECTORIES.
It is intended to make these Directories the
most complete and correct ever issued on this
continent. They are not being prepared by Geo-
graphers, but by Personal Canvassers, from door
to door, of my own Agents for the requisition
information. I have now engaged on the work in
the several Provinces Forty Men and Twenty
horses. These are engaged mainly on the towns
and villages of the Railway and Steamboat
Routes, important places on the lines being held
till the completion of the former, to admit of cor-
rection to latest dates.

I anticipate issuing, in October next, the **Can-
adian Dominion Directory**, and Six
Provincial Directories, which will prove a correct
and full index to the Dominion of Canada, New-
foundland, and Prince Edward Island, and a com-
bined Gazetteer, Directory and Hand Book of the
six Provinces.

SUBSCRIPTION TO DOMINION DIRECTORY:
Dominion of Canada Subscribers, \$12 Cy.
United States do 12 do
Gt. Britain and Ireland do 12 do
France, Germany, &c. do 12 do

PROVINCIAL DIRECTORIES:
Province of Ontario Directory, 1870-71 \$4 00
Do Quebec do do 3 00
Do Nova Scotia do do 3 00
Do New Brunswick do do 3 00
Do Newfoundland do do 2 00
Do P. E. Island do do 2 00
No money to be paid until each book is deliv-
ered.

States of Advertising will be made known
on application to
JOHN LOVELL, Publisher.
Montreal, March 16, 1870.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.
THE House and premises opposite Kennedy's
Hotel, near the Railway Station and Steam-
boat Landing. The building is adapted for a
hotel, with parlors, kitchen and dormitories;
there is also a good store. On the premises are
a Barn and woodshed, and also an excellent
spring of water. For particulars apply at the
STANBARD OFFICE.
St. Andrews, Nov. 24 1869.

NEW COTTON.
Just received, a lot of
UNBLEACHED SHIRTING and SHEETING
Cottons, direct from the manufacture.
Heavy and firm makes, which are offered at
a small advance on cost, at the
Albion House.
Feb. 23. JOHN S. MAGEE.

Intercolonial Railway.
THE Commissioners appointed to construct the
Intercolonial Railway give Public Notice, that
they are prepared to receive Tenders for the
following Building Stock:
40 Locomotive Engines and Tenders;
250 Box Freight Cars;
160 Platform Cars.

Printed Specifications according to which these
Engines and Cars are to be constructed can be
had, and general plans of the different vehicles
can be seen, at the Office of the Chief Engineer
in Ottawa, on and after the 15th January, 1870.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the Commis-
sioners of the Intercolonial Railway, marked "Tend-
ers," will be received at their Office in Ottawa,
p to 7 o'clock P. M., the 17th March, 1870.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. MCLEAN,
Commissioners.
Commissioner's Office,
Ottawa, 14th January, 1870. 81

**MANCHESTER
HOUSE.**
PER STEAMSHIPS.
53 BALES AND CASES
NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS.
Imported per Steamships "Samarra," "Siberia," and "Golden Rule."
—CONSISTING OF—
**FLANNELS, BLANKETS,
CLOTHS, VELVETS,**
VELVETENS, MANILES, Paisley and Tartan SHAWLS, Clouds, FURS, DRESSES
Goods in Wines, **CLANTALANS**, Merino's, Broches, &c.
COTTONS & COTTON WARPS, CARPETINGS & LOBBY CLOTHS, HOSIERY,
Gloves, Hats, Bonnets, FEATHERS, FLOWERS, RIBBONS, Laces, Veil Tissues, Frills and
RUFFLES.
A large assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, manufactured expressly for our own
trade, by Messrs. R. & T. Parnell & Co., London.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
ODELL & TURNER.

**LOVELL'S
DOMINION AND PROVINCIAL
DIRECTORIES.**
To be published in October, 1870.
NOTICE.—Learning that my name has been
unwarrantably used in connection with the
Directories now being canvassed in the Provinces,
and entirely distinct from my works, and that in
other cases it has been stated that my Directories
have been abandoned, I would request those de-
sirous of giving a preference to my works to see
that persons representing themselves as acting for
me are furnished with satisfactory credentials.
JOHN LOVELL, Publisher.
Montreal, March 16, 1870.

LOVELL'S DIRECTORIES.
It is intended to make these Directories the
most complete and correct ever issued on this
continent. They are not being prepared by Geo-
graphers, but by Personal Canvassers, from door
to door, of my own Agents for the requisition
information. I have now engaged on the work in
the several Provinces Forty Men and Twenty
horses. These are engaged mainly on the towns
and villages of the Railway and Steamboat
Routes, important places on the lines being held
till the completion of the former, to admit of cor-
rection to latest dates.

I anticipate issuing, in October next, the **Can-
adian Dominion Directory**, and Six
Provincial Directories, which will prove a correct
and full index to the Dominion of Canada, New-
foundland, and Prince Edward Island, and a com-
bined Gazetteer, Directory and Hand Book of the
six Provinces.

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St. Andrews, Nov. 24 1869.

THE BEST IN THE WORLD!
The Scientific American
\$1,500 Cash. For 1870. \$1,500 Cash.
A Valuable Premium for all.
THIS splendidly illustrated weekly journal of
POPULAR SCIENCE, Mechanics, Inven-
tions, Engineering, Chemistry, Agriculture, and
the kindred arts, enters its Twenty-fifth Year on
the first of January next, having a circulation far
exceeding that of any similar journal now pub-
lished.

THE EDITORIAL DEPARTMENT of the
Scientific American is very ably conducted, and
is one of the most popular writers in this country
and Europe are contributors. Every number has
16 imperial pages, embellished with fine Engrav-
ings of Machinery, New Inventions, Tools for the
workshop, Farm and Household, Engineering
Works, Dredging Machines, Public Buildings.

A journal of so much intrinsic value, at the
low price of \$3 a year, ought to have, in this
thriving country, a Million Readers.

Whoever reads the Scientific American is en-
tertained and instructed, without being bothered
with hard words or dry details.

To Inventors and Mechanics
this journal is of special value, as it contains a
weekly report of all Patents issued at Wash-
ington, with copious notices of our leading American
and European Inventions. The Publishers of the
Scientific American are the most extensive Patent
Solicitors in the world, and have unequalled fac-
ilities for gathering a complete knowledge of the
progress of invention and Discovery throughout
the world; and with a view to mark the quarter
of a century, during which this journal has held
the first place in "Scientific and Mechanical Lit-
erature," the Publishers will issue on January first,
the largest and splendid Steel Engraving, by John
Sartain of Philadelphia, entitled:

"Men of Progress—American Inventors,"
the plate costing nearly \$4,000 to engrave, and
contains nineteen likenesses of illustrious Ameri-
can Inventors. It is a superb work of art.

Single papers, printed on heavy paper, will
be sold at \$10, but any one subscribing for the
Scientific American paper will be sent for one
year, together with a copy of the engraving,
on receipt of \$10. The picture is also offered
as a premium for clubs of subscribers.

\$2-\$1,500 Cash Prizes \$1,500.
In addition to the above premium, the Pub-
lishers will pay \$1,500 in Cash Prizes for lists of
Subscribers sent in by February 10, 1870. Per-
sons who want to compete for these prizes, should
send at once for prospectus and blank forms.

Teams of Scientific American, one year \$3.00
six months \$1.50; four months, \$1.00. To clubs
of 10 and upwards, terms \$2.50 per annum. Spec-
imens of papers sent free, address the Publishers,
MUNN & CO.,
37 Park Row, New York.

HOW TO GET PATENTS.—A pamphlet of Pa-
tent Laws and Instructions to Inventors sent free.
dec 15

EMPIRE HOTEL,
CORNER OF KING AND WATER STREETS,
ST. STEPHEN, N. B.
Open for Permanent and Transient Boarders
M. H. PATEN, PROPRIETOR.

S. SALMOND,
(Superintendent of the St. Stephen Rural Cem-
tery.) Importer of Marble and Manu-
facturer of
MONUMENTS, HEAD STONES &c.
Stone Cutting in all its branches executed at
moderate rates.
Having competent and efficient workmen in
his employ, he is prepared to fill all orders at the
shortest notice.
All work warranted to give satisfaction.
Workshop Union St., St. Stephen.

Exchange Hotel,
KING STREET,
Saint Stephen, N.B.
JAMES NELL, Proprietor.

H. W. VALENTINE, M. D.
RESPECTFULLY intimates to the Inhabitants
of St. Andrew and vicinity, that he has tak-
en the house on Water Street, immediately be-
low the Dry Goods Establishment of Odell & Turn-
er, where he may be found by those who require
his professional services.
He is also Coroner for the County.
Office in same building.
Nov. 17. [Courier 4 ins]

E. & N. A. Railway.
Winter Arrangement. 1870.
ON and after MONDAY, 3rd January 1870
Trains will run as follows—
TRAINS GOING EAST.—No. 2 will leave
St. John at 9 A. M.; and dividing at Paines Junction
at 4.05 P. M.; will reach Shediac at 4.15 P.
M., and Sackville at 6 P. M.
No. 4 will leave St. John at 4.45 P. M., and
reach Sussex at 8.00 P. M.
TRAINS GOING WEST.—No. 1 will leave
Sussex at 6.45 A. M., and reach St. John at 10
A. M.
No. 5 will leave Sackville at 6.45 A. M., and
connecting at Paines Junction with No. 3 which
leaves Shediac at 8 A. M., will arrive in St. John
4 P. M.

(All these Trains will carry freight.)
Freight for Stations east of Sussex must be deliv-
ered at St. John the day preceding that upon
which it is to be forwarded; and for Stations
west, before 3 o'clock daily.
Freight to be forwarded from Sussex must be
delivered at that Station at least one hour and
from other Stations than St. John at least HALF-
AN-HOUR before the advertised departure of any
Train.
These charges on all Freight must be paid be-
fore delivery of the Goods.
LEWIS CARVILLE,
General Superintendent.
Railway Office, St. John, N. B., }
Dec. 28, 1869. } Jan 5

**ST. CROIX BOOK & MUSIC
STORE,**
NEAR WITNEY HOUSE, ST. JOHN.
THE Subscriber respectfully intimates, that he
has commenced business in Books, Station-
ery, and Musical Instruments. He will keep on
hand a well selected stock of
Standard Books,
Religious Books, School Books, Music Books,
and the newest and best styles of Stationery, with
everything for schools.
Also Pianos and Organs, which will be sold at
the lowest prices.
Orders from St. Andrews for anything in the
above line, and for **Bookbinding**, will be
promptly attended to.
Nov. 11. P. R. BOWERS.

THE "WAVERLEY HOUSE,"
78 KING STREET, ST. JOHN.
THIS House has been patronized by H. R. H.
THE PRINCE OF WALES, H. R. H. PRINCE AL-
BERT, by all the British American Governors, and
by the English Nobility and Gentry, as well as
by the most distinguished Americans, whom busi-
ness or pleasure may have brought to St. John,
who have joined in pronouncing it
The favorite House of the Practitioners.

The Proprietor, thankful for past favors
would respectfully intimate to the travelling Pub-
lic that he has no pains or expense to ren-
der the House still further desiring their patron-
age.—Every attention paid to the comfort of guests
JOHN GUTHRIE, Proprietor.

TO LET.
The House in Queen Street, with a
Garden attached, known as the Coun-
ty House.

TO LET.
A house in Pagan Street, at present occupied
by Peter Fitzgerald.

COFFAGE TO LET.
FROM 1st May next.—A small Cottage on the
hill, has a good cellar and well, is pleasantly
situated, and suitable for a small family. Rent
low.
Apply to
March 7. J. W. STREET.

DID YOU EVER
See any Cheaper Dry Goods than J. S. Magee
offers for sale? He has a good stock of
Just think of good serviceable Tweeds for chil-
dren and women's wear at 8, 9, 10 and 12 cent
per yard. No, I never heard the like before,
but then Magee always has bargains for his cus-
tomers. I always give him a call when I go to
town. Such was a conversation that took place
between two ladies from the country the other
day, and they were right—for proof of which we
invite you to call at
OUR NEW STORE.
where we are prepared to show you a splendid as-
sortment of Dry Goods, consisting in part as fol-
lows: Flannels in Red, White, Grey and Blue,
prices ranging from 35 cents upwards, Unbleach-
ed at 7 cents a yard, 8 1/2 cent quality for a York-
shilling. White Tweeds at 8 cents per yard—
Printed Cotton very cheap, White Pocket Hf's,
3 cents, a wonderfully cheap Boots, Women's
Balmoral Boots, Goat skin for one dollar.
A few pairs glove kid Congress Boots \$1.25
Kerling Jackets and Overcoats at \$4 each.
A enumeration of all we have for sale, would
cover a page of the paper—Just come and see
them. Ladies remember our stock of new
Flowers, Blouses, Laces and other Millinery goods
is very complete. Your orders are solicited,
and we guarantee to give satisfaction. All goods
marked in plain figures. No second prices.
Country Yarn 75 cents per pound.
JOHN S. MAGEE,
All on House New Store,
Water-street, St. Andrews.

TODD, CLEWLEY & CO.
S. STEPHEN, N. B.
Offer for sale a large stock of
FLOUR, Pork, Tea, TORACCO
Molasses, Sugar, Saleratus, Spice,
and other Grocery goods and Provisions, at low
est rates.

California Flour, Oil, &c
100 B AGS California Flour a superior arti-
cle for family use.
20 Bls. Howlands choice extra.
20 " Aurora.
500 Gallons Photolite oil in 5 & 10 gallon cases.
An extra article.
CE O HATHWAY.

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE
This Salve is a vegetable preparation, discovered in
the 18th century, by Dr. Wm. Grace, surgeon to King
James' army. Through his agency he cured thousands
of most serious cases, and wounds that baffled the skill
of the greatest physicians of his day, and was regarded
by all as a public benefactor.

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE
Cures in a very short time
CUTS, BURNS, SCALDS, WOUNDS, BITE OF
SNAKES, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, KING-
WORM, CHAPPED HANDS, BOILS,
FROZEN LIMBS, FLEAS, CHIL-
BLAINS, FILLS, COUGHS, &c.

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE
Is prompt in action, removes pain at once, and relieves
the most distressing swellings and inflammations, and
if by magic, thus affording relief and a complete cure.
ONLY OF CERTAIN BOTTLES.

SETH W. FOWLE & SON, PROPRIETORS,
Seth W. Fowle and Darius Bonney
sold by J. Ingram
GENEVA & BRANDY
Ex "Chateau" from London via St. John
40 Hds. } Best pale Geneva
4 Puns }
100 Cases "Henny" Brandy.
Nov. 4. (Victoria) J. W. STREET.

Havana Cigars.
17 M Havana Cigars.
Imported and for sale
TODD, CLEWLEY, & CO.
ST. STEPHEN, N. B.

**WISTAR'S BALSAM
OF
WILD CHERRY**

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR
CONSUMPTION,
and acknowledged by many prominent physicians to be
the most reliable Preparation ever introduced
for the RELIEF and CURE of all
LUNG COMPLAINTS.

This will kindly be offered to the public, recom-
mended by the experience of over forty years; and when
concocted in season, seldom fails to effect a speedy
cure of
Coughs, Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Influenza,
Whooping Cough, Hoarseness, Pain or
Soreness in the Chest and Side,
Bleeding at the Lungs,
Liver Complaint, &c.

The unexcelled success that has attended the applica-
tion of this medicine in all cases of
PULMONARY COMPLAINTS
has induced many physicians of high standing to employ
it in their practice, some of whom advise us of the 25
years they have used it. We have space only for the
names of a few of these:—
ALEX. HAYES, M.D. A. A. GIBBS, M.D.
E. BOYD, M.D. W. H. WARD, M.D.
Wm. A. RYAN, M.D. W. L. LECHE, M.D.
R. FELLOWS, M.D. A. SHELLEMAN, M.D.
NATHAN FLEMING, M.D. H. D. MARSH, M.D.
H. O. BARROWS, M.D. Wm. A. SHAW, M.D.
FRANCIS KEAFF, M.D. A. H. MACLEOD, M.D.
STEWART TEASDALE, M.D. S. H. FINLEY, M.D.

Such testimony
CANNOT BE DISCREDITED.
From the mass of evidence in our possession we select
the following:—
From L. J. RACINE, Esq.,
of La Motte, Montreal. "Having experienced the
most gratifying results from the use of Dr. Wistar's
Balsam of Wild Cherry, I am induced to give my
great confidence which I have in its efficacy. For many
months I was afflicted with a severe and obstinate
cough, accompanied with acute pain in the
side, which was relieved with a water. The
symptoms increased alarmingly, and so reduced was I
that I could scarcely get up, and I was unable to
recover from the pain and fatigue which an slight
walk would induce. I purchased a bottle of
Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, and after using it
for a few days, I found myself completely
restored to health. I have used the Balsam in my
family, and administered to my children, with the most
beneficial results. I am sure that such a valuable
remedy can not be so easily forgotten as the
Balsam which has only to be tried to be acknowledged as the
most valuable medicine."

A CURE FOR WHOOPING COUGH.
Dr. H. HAGGERTY, C.E., Aug. 11, 1868.
Messrs. SETH W. FOWLE & SON,
Gentlemen—Several months since a little daughter
of mine, ten years of age, was taken with Whooping
Cough in a very aggravated form, and nothing we could
do for her seemed in any way to relieve her suffering.
We at length decided to try a bottle of Dr. Wistar's
Balsam of Wild Cherry. In three hours after she had
commenced using it, she was greatly relieved, and in less
than three days was entirely cured, and in some weeks
I have since recommended the Balsam to many of my
neighbors, who have used it, and in some cases I
know it full of efficacy a speedy cure.
For my own child's recovery, and the recovery of
others I thank you. If it should induce anybody to use your
Balsam I shall be glad, for I have great confidence in it.
Yours,
P. GUTHRIE,
Proprietor of the Courrier de St. Stephen.
Clergymen, Lawyers, Singers,
and all those whose occupation requires an unusual exer-
cise of the vocal organs, will find this the BEST REMEDY
which will effectively and instantaneously relieve their
difficulties. This Remedy, unlike most others, is so
truly
PLEASANT TO TASTE.
A small quantity allowed to pass over the unob-
served part of one removes the difficulty.

**BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND
IMITATIONS.**
Remember, they imitate in name only, without pro-
viding the virtues. Buy none unless signed "L. BOWEN"
on the wrapper.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY
IS PREPARED BY
SETH W. FOWLE & SON,
25 TREMONT STREET, BOSTON.
And is for sale by all Druggists.

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THE GREAT REMEDY FOR
CONSUMPTION,
and acknowledged by many prominent physicians to be
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LUNG COMPLAINTS.

This will kindly be offered to the public, recom-
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Coughs, Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Influenza,
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R. FELLO

