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## THE EVENING TIMES

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ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, MARCH 23, 1907.

ONE CENT.

WALL ST. JUGGLING  
CANADIAN PACIFICBig Stock Declines in New York, London,  
Montreal and Berlin.Wall Street Half Demoralized and All Stocks Drop—C. P. R.  
Falls 13 Points in Montreal --- Other Markets.

NEW YORK, March 23—Another demoralized slump in stocks when dealings began today revived a great part of the nervousness and apprehension prevailing in the panic period of last week. Yesterday's violent break in the Erie and Canadian Pacific paved the way to some extent for the action of the market today. The particular weakness, however, seemed to find its origin in foreign markets, where the money situation seems to lie at the root of the trouble.

In London a stock market settlement begins on Monday.

At that time discrepancy in prices of securities since the last settlement two weeks ago, have to be made good. This was held to account for the particular weakness of Canadian Pacific. That stock sold at 160 and 158 on the first sale here compared with 163 1/8 on the last night last night. This was on the marketing of 2500 shares. Further offerings broke the price to 155 an interval of 1 1/2 points between sales being marked on the declines.

Union Pacific at the same time ran off 4 1/4. Reading and the Hill stocks fell from 3 to 3 1/2. Col. Fuel and American Locomotive 2 3/4, and practically all of the most active stocks from 1 to 2 points. Canadian Pacific rebounded 4 points immediately and there were other recoveries of 1 to 2 points on the rush of bears to cover and take profits. Liquidation was continued, however, and drove prices downwards again and the tone was weak and fluctuating.

On the exchange it was said the selling of Canadian Pacific was for account of the pool which had been buying extensively in this market and in London.

**In Wall Street**

NEW YORK, March 23—The market opened semi-demoralized. Opening prices of all the principal active stocks showed a drop of from 1 to 2 points from yesterday's closing level. There was a demoralized slump in Canadian Pacific, with entire lack of support; the first 2500 shares sold at 160 and 158, compared with 163 1/8 last night, and the stock subsequently sold at 157. There was a rally after the first downward plunge, Canadian Pacific rebounding four points.

**In Berlin**

BERLIN, March 23—There was a panic on the Bourse here today owing to yesterday's advances in New York. Prices in all departments suffered a sharp relapse, mining shares losing ten points. Baltimore & Ohio and Pennsylvania declined five points, and Canadian Pacific 11 points.

**In London**

LONDON, March 23—The tone on the stock exchange was unsettled and a nervous feeling prevailed with a declining tendency in almost every section, due to yesterday's break in Americans, fears of the outcome of the settlement, and advices from Paris and Berlin. Americans were the weakest section at the opening. The Continent sold and prices fell further, closing slightly above the worst quotations of the day, but with 2 to 5 points net loss. Canadian Pacific closed ten points lower than yesterday.

**In Montreal**

MONTREAL, March 23—(Special)—Pacific made another big break in stocks today selling off to 157 from 165 yesterday at the close and 170 earlier in the day.

THAW CASE  
ADJOURNEDTrial Goes Over Until Wednesday Next—Defence Lawyers  
Make Affidavit to Thaw's  
Sanity.

NEW YORK, March 23—The Thaw trial was adjourned until Wednesday next, as directed by Justice Fitzgerald, after a brief session of court yesterday, but by 2 o'clock today as per Justice Fitzgerald's instructions, counsel for the defence must file affidavits controverting those submitted by District Attorney Jerome to the effect that the prisoner is of unsound mind and incompetent to instruct his lawyers. The defence is already prepared with this evidence, and this afternoon it will file with the clerk of the court, along with the affidavits, a letter of Thaw's, bidding Delphin M. Delmas take charge of his case and follow such a course as he deems best. Defence considers this letter strong proof that Thaw is capable of advising his lawyers.

NEW YORK, March 23—Affidavits of the defence of Harry E. Thaw, as to his mental condition and whether or not a commission in lunacy should be appointed to examine him, were filed at noon today with the clerk of supreme court. There were eight affidavits, of which that of Delphin M. Delmas, of Thaw's counsel, was first.

**WINTER PORT TRADE**

Up to date eighty-four winter port steamships have filed their papers at the customs house for their outward cargoes showing a valuation as follows:

Canadian Goods	\$9,320,887
Foreign Goods	4,791,343
Total	\$14,112,230

## AMERICAN LADY'S SUICIDE

(Paris Correspondence of an English exchange)

A remarkable suicide has occurred in the American colony here, the victim being Nathalie, Mrs. Dolle Latham, who came to Paris about 12 months ago to study painting.

Mrs. Dolle Latham was, it is said one of the most courted girls in New York a few years ago, her beauty, elegance, and comfortable dowry attracting a crowd of aspirants for her hand.

Her married life was, however, very unhappy, and she obtained a divorce from her husband. Mrs. Dolle Latham then came to Paris with the consent of her father, a rich merchant, to continue her studies in art. She took a studio in the Rue Vienne, in the Faubourg Montmartre, and soon made a host of friends, for besides being a good artist she was a musician of real talent.

For some time past Mrs. Dolle Latham has appeared nervous and melancholic, and when questioned by her friends she confessed that her sadness was due to her father's emphatic wish that she should return home.

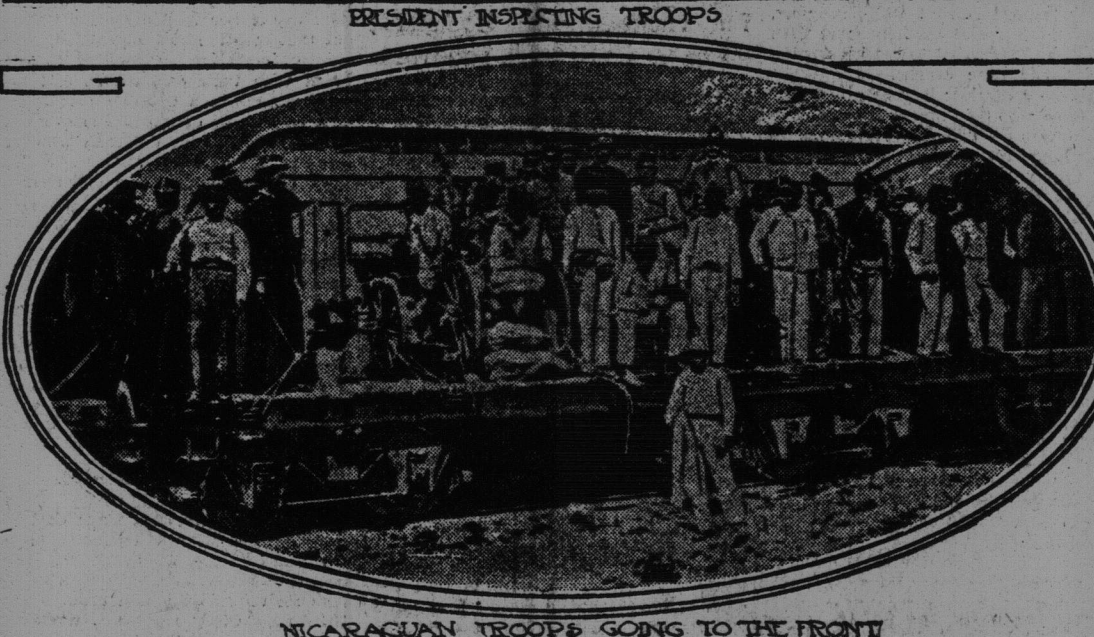
"If I don't," she said, "father says he will cut off my allowance. But how can I ever make up my mind to leave

EXPENSIVE  
PHEASANTSWaldorf-Astoria Heavily Fined  
for Violating Game Laws.

NEW YORK, March 23—In the appellate division of the supreme court yesterday a judgment convicting the Waldorf-Astoria hotel company of violating section 13 of the forest, fish and game law, was affirmed. The offence charged was having English pheasants in the company's possession contrary to the statute. It was conceded that the pheasants were bred and killed in the state of New Jersey, but the law provides that the act shall apply to any animal, bird or fish coming from without the state, just the same as though taken within the state. In the trial before Justice Greenbaum, the company was fined \$4,470.

TRAGEDY IN A  
SCHOOL HOUSENeighbors Quarrel During Closing Exercises and One  
Shoots the Other Dead.

KARME, Ill., March 23—Reports say that the closing exercises of a country school house near here ended in a tragedy and the arrest of a farmer for the murder of a man who had been his friend for years. Two men, named Nicholson and Kurd, were seated together listening to the children. Both had little daughters taking part in the exercises, and there was no hint of trouble until Nicholson's little girl started to say her piece. Kurd made a remark on her nervousness which Nicholson resented, and in a moment both were quarrelling. Nicholson drew a revolver, and pressing it against Kurd's side, fired. Kurd died instantly.

THE CENTRAL AMERICAN WAR  
Nicaraguans Rout Allied Enemies--Fierce Battle at Namasiquo  
Ends in Defeat of Bonilla's Forces---Trujillo and Ceiba,  
in Honduras Are in Nicaragua's Hands.

NEW YORK, March 23—The New York Herald publishes the following cable:

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, via Galveston, Texas, Thursday—The forces of Honduras and Salvador numbering five thousand men, attacked the Nicaraguan positions at Namasiquo, but after three days and two nights of furious fighting the allied troops were completely defeated, leaving hundreds of dead and wounded on the field.

Many prisoners were taken, some of them important, and 2,000 rifles and war material were captured.

The Salvador officers defeated were General Press, Arech, Colchoa, and Licon. Many Nicaraguans were wounded and a few were killed.

Honduran revolutionists with Nicaraguan troops defeated General Lopez Garcia and Colonel Pedro Nolasco at Maraisa, capturing many prisoners and much war material.

The Nicaraguans are in possession of Ceiba, an important Honduran port.

**He Talks Arbitration**

NEW ORLEANS, March 23—President Zelaya, of Nicaragua, is quoted as acceding to a request of President Roosevelt for arbitration of the war troubles in Central America, in a dispatch received here last night. The statement of Zelaya is said to have been printed in Bluefields, from where the dispatch originated, along with President Roosevelt's plea for peace. President Zelaya closes his reply by saying—

"I therefore, accept your friendly offices, being disposed to have the question settled by arbitration. I beg to state to you that the sentiment of the Nicaraguan people is the same as that of the American people when the steamship Maine was blown up."

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TROUBLE WITH  
IRON MOULDERSDispute Over Training of Un-  
skilled Labor in Montreal Iron  
Works May Lead To Strike.

MONTREAL, March 23—(Special)—There is trouble between the moulders and the Allis-Chalmers-Bullock Co., Ltd., at their works at Rockfield near Montreal. The dispute arose regarding rules governing the training of unskilled labor. The men refused the demands made by the company and they were paid off. An appeal will be made to the International Moulders' Union with headquarters at Cincinnati. More trouble is anticipated.

**FUNERALS**

The funeral of the late Miss Ella S. Gough was held this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the residence of D. J. Brown, 119 Leinster street. Rev. Dr. Sprague conducted the funeral service. The funeral of the late Richard Cooper was held this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from his late residence 380 Britannia street to Fernhill cemetery, where interment was made. Rev. T. W. Johnson read the funeral service.

KINGSTON, March 23—(Special)—Fire early this morning in the hardware store of McKelvie & Birch did damage to the stock and building of \$20,000. It was caused by a defective electric wire.

HAS FORMED A  
NEW COMPANYCharles R. Whitehead Announ-  
ces Formation of Another  
Cotton Company.

MONTREAL, March 23—(Special)—Charles R. Whitehead has resigned from the management of the Dominion Textile Company. He announced today that he has formed the Wabasso Cotton Company with a capital including stocks and bonds of \$1,750,000. The plant will be located at either Three Rivers, Ottawa, St. John's or Sherbrooke. The mill will be in operation in January next. It is the intention of the promoters to be non-partisan to the present combine but rather manufacture finer goods such as are imported from England.

**TEMPERANCE MATTERS**

At the hall of the Every Day Club tomorrow afternoon, at 4 o'clock, A. H. Wright will deliver an address on temperance. At 8:30 in the evening Charles S. Humbert will speak on the Dependence and Independence of man. There will be good music at both meetings.

William Brown, a ship carpenter, met with a serious and painful accident, yesterday at the Long wharf. He was working near the edge when he fell between the wharf and the tug Lillie. His skull was badly broken and Dr. Roberts had to remove two pieces of bone. He was resting fairly easily at 2 o'clock today.

DR. MACLAREN  
IS PRESIDENTCouncil of Physicians and Sur-  
geons of New Brunswick in  
Session in Fredericton.

FREDERICTON, N. B., March 23—(Special)—The council of physicians and surgeons of New Brunswick met at the Queen Hotel here last night and continued in session until after two o'clock this morning. There was no business of importance apart from receiving the reports of the registrar and treasurer. Dr. Murray MacLaren, of St. John, was elected president for the ensuing year. Dr. Stewart Skinner registrar, and Dr. Thomas Walker treasurer.

A commercial traveller, who came down from St. Leonard's last evening, reports that a party of engineers in the employ of the Canadian Northern Railway Company arrived in that place on Wednesday. They would give no information in regard to their mission other than to say that they had been sent there to look over the country.

Rev. Dr. Boulden, president of Kings College, will preach at the cathedral tomorrow morning.

A party of guides will leave here for Boston on Tuesday next to take charge of the New Brunswick exhibit at the Sportsmen's Show, which opens in that city on March thirtieth.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Green were passengers on the incoming Boston train today.

WILLIAM REID LIVES  
BUT NO ONE KNOWS WHYTwelve Thousand Volts of Electricity  
Failed to Kill Him.Niagara Falls Electrician Has an Awful Experience and Comes  
Out of it Alive---One Arm May Have to be Amputated.

NIAGARA FALLS, March 23—(Special) With his right hand and arm burned black, his face and left foot scorched and his whole nervous system a wreck, William Reid lies in the general hospital a puzzle to physicians and electricians who cannot understand how he remains alive.

Reid is an electrician whose home is in Hamilton, and is employed by the Canadian Niagara Power Company as a switchboard operator. Yesterday afternoon, while on duty, he got his hand in contact with the copper part of a switch and received a shock of twelve thousand volts.

The current burned his right hand and arm, right up to shoulder, and escaped from his body by the other arm and one leg, both of which, as well as his face, were scorched. The shoe was burned off one foot. Reid is expected to recover, but his right arm may have to be amputated.

ALD. VANWART  
MAY NOT RUNHe Has Not Yet Definitely De-  
cided Whether He Will Be a  
Candidate This Year.

A report was current today that Ald. John W. Vanwart would not be in the field this year. Speaking to the Times this morning the alderman said about two weeks ago he decided to not enter the field again but he is reconsidering the decision. Ald. Vanwart feels that his business at present needs his attention.

## OTTAWA NEWS

Senator Tolmie To Move To  
Reduce Sessional Indemnity  
---Government Blamed For  
Delay In House.

OTTAWA, Ont., March 23 (Special)—Canada's new labor bill went into effect yesterday. Before any strike can take place a public utilities application must be made for investigation.

John Tolmie has given notice that he will move that the indemnity to senators and members be reduced from \$2000 to \$1500, with the former mileage privilege to members.

In regard to Premier Laurier having under consideration the cancellation of his arrangements to go to the colonial conference on account of the slow progress of the session, the conservatives say that the fault of this is not theirs, but lies with the government, and not the opposition.

In this connection they point out the late period at which Mr. Oliver brought down his land bill. There are over one hundred clauses and not a dozen have yet been passed.

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O'BRIEN WILL  
REMAIN AWAYFamous Nationalist Member  
Will Absent Himself From  
Present Session of British  
House.

LONDON, March 23—Wm. O'Brien, Nationalist member of House of Commons for Cork, has announced his intention of absenting himself from the present session of parliament, in order to avoid friction with the Irish party, which has now virtually accepted the government's proposals for Irish legislation.

Thus there is no longer any serious divergence, Mr. O'Brien explains, between the government and the party. It is understood further that Mr. O'Brien and his friends have decided to drop all pending litigation with the followers of John E. Redmond.

A MAD DOG  
RUNS AMUCKEight Persons Bitten by Mad  
Dog in Leominster, Mass.

LEOMINSTER, Mass., March 23—Eight persons were bitten, two of them seriously, by a dog which ran amuck through the streets of the village tonight. W. H. Dominicus, a citizen seventy-four years of age, was knocked down by the animal and received severe wounds on the face and hands from the dog's teeth, and Frank McShaffray, aged 24, was also attacked and bitten. Both the men will be sent to the Pasteur institute in New York for treatment.

Several children also suffered from the mad animal's attacks, but their injuries are not considered to be of a serious nature. The end of the dog's career came when he jumped on Walter Boynton, in the latter's dooryard. Boynton seized a heavy stick from a woodpile and brained the dog with a blow.

HALIFAX, March 23 (Special)—The Albin liner Victorian arrived at 11:45 this morning from Liverpool with the mails and 1473 passengers. She has 1,600 tons of cargo. The ship's camera men with head gales and high seas during the entire voyage.

The Empress of Ireland, from St. John, arrived at noon.

A SERMON IN  
FOUR WORDS"Rum Ruined My Boy" Was a  
Mother's Cry in Police Court  
Today.

A double quartette lined up on the prisoners' bench in the police court this morning. William Simson and Michael Bhatwick, both of whom had been consuming the fiery fluid, got into a scrap yesterday, and when Policeman Hughes loomed up on Mill street, where the trouble occurred, big Michael, who is a Russian, told him that he did hit the Finlander, Simson, who he declared had struck him, and said, further, that he would murder him if he did it again.

Policeman Hughes, when sworn this morning, told the above story, and added that the burly Russian gave him considerable trouble, and after he had handcuffed him to his adversary, he picked up the son of Finland—using the handcuff as a means of lifting him—and "smashed him down on the sidewalk." He was just about to use the baton when Jerry Murphy "hove in sight" and called the official some questionable names for attempting to use the stick. Bosh—Jerry also was run in and all three were remanded until Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

Jerry Murphy's mother, Mrs. J. Murphy, declared that rum had ruined her boy. So demonstrative was the unhappy woman that she had to be escorted from the court room.

Five drunks were fined \$4 or ten days each.

John McGinley, who was sent to goal recently on a charge of drunkenness, was released, his fine having been paid.

## PERSONALS

Mrs. A. H. Gordon is receiving for the first time since her marriage this afternoon and evening at the residence of the Rev. Dr. J. A. Gordon, 125 Hutchison street, Mrs. J. A. Gordon assists her and Mrs. Herbert Gordon is also assisting in the room. Mrs. A. H. Gordon is wearing her wedding gown of white eiderdown silk, trimmed with real Russian lace. Mrs. Wood and Miss Matthews preside over the tea-room, where the floral decorations are crimson and white carnations arranged in crystal vases. They are assisted by Miss Watt, Miss L. Johnston, Miss B. King and Miss A. Allen. The drawing room is effectively decorated with pink and white carnations—Montreal Witness.

Daniel G. Spear and Oakley G. Rathbone, who have been employed at M. R. A's, Ltd., will leave on Monday, for Tacoma, Washington territory, where they have accepted lucrative positions.

The marriage of Miss Alice Vera Toller, youngest daughter of Lieut-Col. and Mrs. Toller, to Godfrey Benning Greene, son of Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Greene, has been arranged to take place on Wednesday, April 24, in All Saints Church, Laurier avenue, Ottawa—Montreal Witness.

Rev. H. G. Ady returned from Fredericton on the noon train.

Alfred Seely returned home from Fredericton today.

Collector A. T. Dunn was a passenger on the incoming Boston express today. W.M.P. McLaughlin and F. B. Dunn returned to the city today on the Boston train.

## COUNTRY MARKET

There was a good general supply in the country market today. Prices ranged as follows: Beef, roast, 12 to 18c; beefsteak, 14 to 20c; mutton, 10 to 16c; mutton chops, 18c; lamb, hind quarter, 15c; fore quarter, 10c; veal, 10 to 16c; pork roast, 15c; pork steak, 15c; fowl, 80 to 11c; chickens, \$1.00 to \$1.65; geese, \$1.25 to \$1.50; turkey, 25c; ducks, \$1.50 to \$1.75; potatoes, per bbl., \$1.75 to \$2.00; per peck, 25c; carrots, 30c; per peck; beets, 30c; per peck; parsnips, 35c; per peck; white cabbage, 10 to 12c; red cabbage, 10 to 15c; parsley, 5c; lettuce, 6c; creamery butter, 30c; dairy butter, 28c; tub butter, 23 to 26c; eggs, henny, 30c.

## N. Y. BANK STATEMENT

Reserves on all deposits increased, \$1,676,750. Reserves other than U. S. increased, 653,275. Loans decreased, 3,557,000. Specie increased, 1,123,000. Legal tenders decreased, 201,100. Deposits decreased, 1,329,300. Circulation decreased, 42,000. Bank statement is a disappointment.

W. H. GOADBY & CO.

A dinner will be held tonight at 8 o'clock in White's, at which many members of the respective societies entered in the local hockey league will be present. After the repast, speeches will be in order and among those who will be heard are Hon. R. J. Ritchie, A. O. Skinner, C. J. Milligan and H. A. McKewen. A musical programme will also be carried out.

## THE TIMES NEW REPORTER

THIS IS VERY SAD.

Our esteemed fellow citizen M. J. Jamesy Jones had a weak spell this morning. Jamesy was one of the delegates to the government of St. John by public meeting. He expressed his contempt for the city council and his abiding faith in himself, and felt that he had made a profound impression—a feeling which was strengthened by the reverential courtesy with which the chairman of the municipalities committee bowed him and his companions out of the

august halls of wisdom. But this morning Jamesy read that the committee last evening practically turned him down, and handed the city and its affairs over again to the city council. The shock spoiled Jamesy's breakfast.

WHAT WE MAY EXPECT.

The announcement that there are to be seventeen aldermen next year has aroused great interest throughout the city. With fifteen there has been a steady increase in the tax rate, a steady stream of the departments, and a steady stream of talk. The addition of two more aldermen will be certain to accelerate these movements, and there is much speculation as to the exact date when the last disconsolate taxpayer will stand on Port Howe, with tattered raiment, taking a fare-

well view of the old home of the Loyalists, before plunging forever into the wilderness toward Millidgeville.

On application to the street department, any citizen who is unable to swim but can show a tax receipt, will be provided with long rubber boots and a life preserver. The thoughtfulness of the department is much appreciated, at a time when neither men nor funds can be secured to clean the gutters and the crossings.

A petition from the merchants and residents of Mill street between the depot and Paradise Row, will be presented to Mayor Sears asking that either the ferry steamer Ludlow or a suction dredge be sent to their relief at once. Failing this they must have olefin suits and rubber boots.



THE EVENING TIMES, ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, MARCH 23, 1907.

Store open tonight until 11 p. m.

## UNION CLOTHING CO.

26-28 Charlotte Street  
Old Y. M. C. A. BuildingSt. John, N. B.  
Alex. Corbet, Mgr.Men's Correct Clothes  
For Easter Wearing

Easter is not far distant, and already many foresighted men are selecting their Easter apparel. It is wisest judgment to do so now when the new styles are having their first showing and leisurely choosing is possible.

**Smart Spring Suits**—Men's Suits at \$12.00 and \$15.00. Prices to suit all purses. See our swell \$15 here will buy you one of the smartest \$20 suits on the market.**Our Men's Toppers** are shown in all the most desirable fabrics and are from Canada's foremost makers, including the well known **PROGRESS BRAND**—the swellest in town in black and fancy at \$10.50.**Another Great Trouser Day** See our special \$3.00 MEN'S TROUSERS at \$1.98 a Pair. These trousers are without exception the best trouser value ever offered in the city. Secure a pair while you can.

Boys' Knee Pants at 48c., 50c., 75c., \$1.10. Boys' New Spring Shirts at 50c. and 75c. each. Men's Soft Bosom Shirts at 48c., 50c., 75c., and 98c. for the Special—Men's Cashmere ¾ Hose, fancy, regular 40c. quality at 25c. a pair.

We Sell the PROGRESS BRAND CLOTHING  
UNION CLOTHING COMPANY

## The Viper of Milan.

A ROMANCE OF LOMBARDY.  
BY MARJORIE BOWEN.

(Continued.)

"Seeing the case as it stood, Tommaso," he remarked at last, "every moment of delay is dangerous, and my friend is long."

Tommaso stepped into the open, and to ease his impatience, brought forward the horses.

"I think they come," he cried joyfully in another moment. "It seems a dream, father, that thou shouldst be here to meet Francesco."

Ligozzi was still strangely silent. He drew back within the doorway. Hurried footsteps were heard, the crackling of fallen boughs, the swish of the flowing gown. Ligozzi saw a tall figure loomed through the darkness of the dusk, a slighter one beside him.

Tommaso, from where he stood, eager and excited by the horses, cried out to them. Ligozzi, still further back, bent down to observe, who stood beside him, seen by the dim light of the horn lantern, his face was strangely agitated.

"Has this Francesco half-closed eyes, and a ready, pleasant smile," he asked. Vittore looked up in surprise.

"He has such eyes," he answered. "I have not even seen him smile like that. Thou didst know him, my uncle?"

"Yes," Ligozzi answered brokenly. "I think I remember him—at Della Scala's court."

But here Tommaso, calling on him, re-entered the hut, followed by Francesco, whose stately presence seemed to make the mean place smaller still.

"My father," said the boy joyfully, "my father, saved from the taking of Verona, and came a long way in search of us."

Francesco fell back, uttering a stifled exclamation; the anger cleared from his brow. He looked keenly at the figure in the shadow.

"Ligozzi!" he exclaimed, with shining eyes. "Ligozzi lives!"

"It was a miracle, was it not?" Tommaso eagerly. "He has come to join us. He owes thee thanks, Messer Francesco, as do we."

And all this time his father had not spoken. Tommaso wondered at it, and now, when Ligozzi came forward smiling, angrily, Francesco raised his hand as if to keep him back, or warn him, or restrain.

"No thanks are needed," he said quickly. "I am Francesco di Coltra, from Verona, and ever ready to serve those whom Visconti hates!"

Ligozzi stood bare-headed, as if dazed. Francesco spoke again, with meaning. "Thy travel hath confused thee, sir," he said. "Thou thinkest thou art still at the Duke of Verona's court, that thou standest thus humble!"

At this, Ligozzi roused himself. "Tommaso has told me," he began. But again Francesco stopped him.

"We must to horse!" he cried. "To horse! Too much time has already been shamelessly wasted," and he strode out, motioning to them to follow.

ARE YOU  
SUBJECT TO  
HEADACHE?

If you are, and have never tried Burdock Blood Bitters it will pay you to profit by the experience of others and give it a trial.

A healthy stomach, right acting liver and bowels that properly perform their important duties, will render anyone free from headache. If these organs are not in perfect condition, headache must follow. The proper course is obvious—restore the stomach, liver and bowels, to health, and headache cannot exist. For this purpose no medicine equals

## BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

It removes the cause of the headache by its splendid cleansing, strengthening and tonic properties, whereby the entire system is brought into healthy action. Miss Collins, Dubuque, LaSalle, Mo., writes: "I suffered for fifteen years from sick headache. The advice of a friend I own my complete cure, and it is with great pleasure that I testify to you that I have not suffered since using your wonderful remedy, Burdock Blood Bitters. I can recommend it as an efficacious remedy for sick headache, which caused me so much misery."

Price \$1.00 per bottle or 6 bottles for \$5.00 at all dealers.

men near him, da Saluzzo knew he had been trapped. He turned to escape, he was about to call, but a hand of iron closed round his throat. In the dim light the place seemed full of threatening forms. He was trapped indeed! Half-strangling, he ground his teeth at his folly more than his plight, and struggled to get his dagger, but his hands were caught.

In vain he struggled; he was a powerful man, but he who held him was more powerful. In vain he tried to cry aloud to those without; his voice was gripped within his throat. Slowly but irresistibly he was forced back, and farther back, until with a strength he thought could not be man's.

In a moment more, the soldiers without, unopposed, but only for an instant, by their captain's disappearance, broke in the door. They could scarce believe their senses. Da Saluzzo lay dead upon the floor, and over him there towered a tall figure. The sawn light else. These men had fought with Alberic at the sacking of Verona; they knew that form, they had seen that face before. By their torches' smoky glare it seemed unearthly, and the eyes to flame, the form to fill the room.

"Mastino della Scala!" they cried, "Mastino della Scala!" and dropping the lights they fled in terror.

(To be continued.)

Jews Hunted Like  
Animals in Moldavia

Ten Thousand are Homeless; Hundreds are Slain, and Whole Villages Laid in Ruins.

Vienna, March 22.—The seriousness of the situation in Northern Moldavia growing out of the agrarian disorders has not been exaggerated, according to the latest telegraphic reports reaching here from Cernowitz on the border.

From the estimates of the damages made tonight it appears that 400 farms in Moldavia have been devastated, 8,000 fugitives have fled over the Rumanian frontier into Austria, and a total of 10,000 Jews are homeless.

The number of dead and wounded cannot be given accurately but the reports of today give a total of about 85 killed and about 180 wounded.

The movement is really more Agrarian than anti-Semitic. The peasants are in revolt against the great farming trust which has leased half the cultivatable land in Moldavia. The absent landlords who control the trust happen to be Jews, and this fact brings the ire of the peasants down upon any and all Jews that they meet and to this antipathy is added strong racial feeling arising from other causes.

At Vaslui, to the south of Jassy, a body of 2,000 peasants forced their way into the town. The prefect of Vaslui did not have sufficient troops at his command to stop the onward march of the infuriated countrymen. He stood by a helpless witness while the rioters, in an incredibly short space of time, plundered practically all the buildings on the three main streets of Vaslui, and then set them on fire. The peasants had looted freely and the fire completed the work of destruction.

The prefect sent in a hurried appeal for reinforcements and the peasants in ignorance of this step remained in town until the fighting soldiers arrived. There then ensued a serious fight up and down the burned streets. The soldiers were victorious and twenty rioters were killed and many were wounded.

The entire Rumanian district was up in arms. Here the authorities were powerless to do anything. Several thousand peasants have crossed the frontier into the Austrian province of Bukovina, where they are being cared for as well as possible.

The most serious fight of today occurred near Platta, a town about sixty miles south of Jassy. Several thousand peasants marched against this town where an entire regiment of infantry was stationed. The soldiers charged the peasants, but the peasants replied to this onslaught with rifle and revolver fire and then the troops began shooting back. The fighting lasted over an hour before the rioters retreated. They had 42 men killed, 67 wounded and 220 of their number were carried off.

## SPRING ADVICE.

Do Not Dose With Purgatives and Weakening Medicines—What People Need at This Season is a Tonic.

## SPRING ADVICE.

Not exactly sick—but not feeling quite well. That's the spring feeling. You are easily tired, appetite variable, sometimes headaches and a feeling of depression. Or perhaps ripples and eruptions appear on the face, or you have twinges of rheumatism or neuralgia. Any of these indicate that the blood is out of order, that this indoor life of winter has left its mark upon you and may easily develop into more serious trouble. Don't dose yourself with purgatives and weakening medicines. Do this: Put your blood right. Purgatives gallop through the system, and weaken instead of giving strength. What you need is a tonic medicine that will make new, rich, red blood, build up the weakened nerves and thus give you new health and strength. And the one medicine to do this quickly and surely is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Every dose of this medicine makes new, rich, red blood which makes weak, nervous and ailing men and women feel bright, active and strong. If you need a medicine this spring try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and you will never regret it. This medicine has cured thousands in every part of the world and what it has done for others it can easily do for you.

The headquarters for the genuine Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are in Canada at Brockville, Ont. So-called pink pills offered by companies located at other places in Canada are fraudulent imitations intended to deceive. If your dealer does not keep the genuine Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People send to Brockville, Ont., and the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co. will mail the pills to you at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50.

## MILITARY VETERANS' DINNER

The annual dinner of the N. B. Military Veterans' Association last night in the Park Hotel was a most enjoyable function. Among the invited guests present were W. J. Willison, of Toronto; Mayor Sears, Ald. Sproul, J. King Kelley, and Douglas McArthur.

After the good things in the menu had been fully discussed, James Emery, the president of the association, proposed Our Guest to which Mr. Willison responded in a happy and appropriate speech.

James Hunter, secretary of the association, next proposed the Active Militia, to which Captain Wedderburn responded in a neat speech. The chairman then proposed the South African Veterans, to which Mayor Sears, as honorary president of the South African Veterans' Association, and Walter Irvine responded.

The next toast was Our City and Citizens, Mayor Sears, Ald. Sproul, and Ald. Willet responding.

The toast of the Boys' Brigade elicited replies from Col. Buchanan, Sergeant McCarty and Wm. Hawker.

At this point the secretary, James Hunter, read letters of regret from Col. M. B. Etter, Capt. Thos. McKenna, of Fredericton, and William Stanley of Moncton.

McArthur was the last speaker to respond to Our City and Citizens. He was followed by Capt. Wedderburn, were spoken for by J. King Kelley and The Press by H. E. Colner of the Globe, and Mr. Willison of Toronto. Joseph Murdoch sang The Standard on the Breaux O' Mar, and Mr. Baird gave two recitations.

Judge Carleton, of Woodstock, is in the city.

SUFFERED EIGHT YEARS  
FROM KIDNEYS

Doctor's said Female Trouble.

Mrs. Charles Lewis, Collingwood, Ont., writes: "For eight years I suffered from Kidney Complaint, and until twelve months ago doctor said I was suffering from 'Female Trouble.' Last November, 1906, I was seriously ill, resulting I believe from kidney troubles. Finding doctor's medicine doing me no good, I persuaded my husband to purchase me a box of Doan's Kidney Pills, after having read of a case somewhat resembling mine. I commenced taking them according to directions (not taking the doctor's medicine), and on second day a swelling commenced in my feet, legs and body. The following day I was so changed and swollen my husband, in alarm, hastened to Mr. Johnson's drug store, who told him to tell me he thought the pills were drawing something out of the blood, and to keep on taking them. I did so and after taking them a week, the swelling disappeared leaving me with a complexion free from pimples. I feel very young, energetic and strong, from which I suffered for years, gave pain in the back, gone, and a general feeling of joy and health. I have not felt since a single sickly place in me."

My sister-in-law (Mrs. Bryan), seeing the action of Doan's Kidney Pills, and the change for good they accomplished in me, sent for a box and they completely cured her. When there is an opportunity of telling people what Doan's Kidney Pills did for us, we always take advantage of it, and tell them to give them a fair trial.

Doan's Kidney Pills are 50c. per box or 3 boxes for \$1.25, for sale at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

A WOMAN WHO DEMANDS  
THE SINGLE FRANCHISE

Would Place Men and Women on Same Basis, Giving Every One of Full Age a Vote—A Radical Proposition.

(By Mrs. H. Bradlaugh Bonner, in London Globe.)

Women who take any real interest in politics naturally desire the franchise, but the kind of franchise they desire depends largely upon the color of their politics. I can only put the case from the point of view of a liberal woman, which, of course, differs materially from that of a conservative. If it were not that the significant term "Radical" has been allowed to fall out of use, I should prefer so to describe myself, since it is really radical reforms which generally appeal to me as more worth aiming at than peddling measures of amendment.

From this point of view, therefore, the woman's case for the single franchise—i. e., that franchise which would enable every woman of full age to vote at parliamentary and local elections—seems to me overwhelmingly strong.

## THE LOGICAL FAITH.

It is, in fact, the only true democratic position. All persons of full age and sound mind, with certain well-recognized exceptions, should have the opportunity of choosing the persons to make and administer the laws which regulate their lives, and to spend the money which they are compelled to contribute directly or indirectly to the common revenue. While women occupy their present economic condition this equal opportunity cannot be attained by any measure short of adult suffrage.

Every person who writes or speaks in favor of the right of women to the vote, urges, and justly urges, the special claims of industrial women. John Morley, in the splendid letter of address which he wrote to Mr. Leonard Courtney (now Lord Courtney of Penrith) in May, 1906, pointed out that great host of women, in constantly increasing proportion, earn their bread by their own hands, and the female worker in a Scottish printing office or a Lancashire cotton mill is as much entitled to a voice in the laws which regulate her toil as a man.

So also a conservative member (Sir John Rolleston), in supporting Mr. Balfour's bill in 1905, pleaded that the vote was specially urgent for women workers, for he had been informed that "a week was the average wage of women workers in this country. But so long as the vote rests upon a property qualification it is clear that women earning a week could not possibly have a vote. Nothing short of adult suffrage on the residential qualification can be of any real use to the vast majority of married women and women workers."

## ADULT SUFFRAGE.

Statements have been made that 90 per cent of the women enfranchised under the limited vote would be working women. But percentages without actual numbers sometimes suggest a great deal more than they really represent. Some figures have, indeed, been given, but without definite information as to the methods of inquiry no reliance can be placed upon them.

"We are all adult suffragists," says a leaflet issued a year or two back in support of Keir Hardie's bill. If that is true, then why do we ask for it? Why for less than we want, in the improbable hope that more will be granted? That appears to me a very timid policy. To take what we can get and hold out our hands for more is one thing; it is quite another to begin by asking for less than we want, and when we have got it, to be satisfied to rest and be thankful, leaving the rest of us to be content with what we have got. The "limited vote" being the stepping stone to adult suffrage it would delay it indefinitely, for neither men nor women would want to "all men and women" by any means. "All men and women" is just where the mistake is made. "Many of us," says Lady Frances Balfour, in the "Women's Work" for January, "have the greatest objection to adult suffrage," and she expressly claims that the limited vote

would almost certainly act as a barrier against some of the extreme measures which are the hope of the ultra-Radicals—adult suffrage, for example.

## A FALSE ARGUMENT.

A great objection felt by many men to adult suffrage in this country is the extent of womanhood. It is said that with adult suffrage the government of the country would be in the hands of women, who would be in a position to counteract the wishes of the men. Even if this were true, it would be a very small matter, for the men would have the balance of power over the women. The whole power over those who, as they complain are numerically in excess. As the case stands today, the minority is much to be pitied for not allowing them so much as a single spokeswoman.

## WHAT WOMEN MIGHT DO.

And the enfranchisement of women should be directly contributory towards the desirable end, because their influence would undoubtedly be directed to legislation affecting women and children, and they have an acquaintance with their own interests which men, however well intentioned they may be, cannot have. After year we go on deliberately lowering the proportion of men in the country by means of emigration. In the ten years 1884 to 1904 the excess of adult men (British) over the women who left this country was no less than 320,000.

Adult franchise without simplification of the franchise would abolish the present bewildering confusion of qualifications, would reduce the unsatisfactory and expensive work of elections, would reduce the expense of every citizen, man and woman, an equal vote in choosing their representatives, both on the Imperial Parliament and on the local councils.

Dr. and Mrs. J. D. Maher were in Norfolk (Va.) Tuesday.

## 13 Scrofulous Lumps

Inherited Disease—Eyes Affected—Weak, Could Hardly Walk—Life of Suffering.

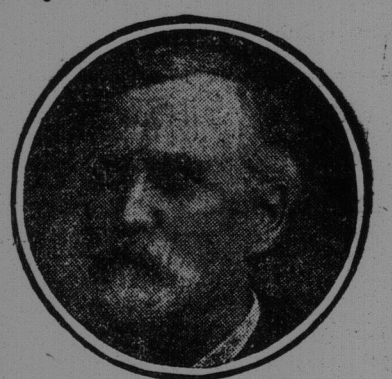
Still Another Great Cure by Hood's Sarsaparilla

The following letter is from Mr. Geo. A. Zirkle, School Teacher in Mt. Horeb, Tenn., well-known all through that county, where he was born and has always lived.

"Mt. Horeb, Tenn., Jan. 10, 1906.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

"I have suffered all my life, until lately, from inherited scrofula. When a mere babe I had a scrofulous sore back of my ear. At 21 I had 13 scrofulous lumps on my neck. At 37 the disease assumed a new and tantalizing form. My eyes were affected so that I could not read after sunset, and when I closed them it was difficult to reopen them. There was always intolerable itching all over my body. Then a tumor on my neck changed to the front of my neck, suppurated and was followed by others, until six had formed and broken. I became so weak I could scarcely walk, and could hardly attend to my teaching. All the medicine I tried failed to help until I began the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla. In less than three months the sores healed, a troublesome catarrh of the throat disappeared, and the scrofulous habit steadily grew less apparent. Today I am in the best of health, weigh more than ever in my life. Do you wonder that I believe in Hood's Sarsaparilla? I can do no less than recommend it everywhere and every day."



A Valuable Remedy. I recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla as a valuable remedy for purifying the blood. As a spring medicine it is invaluable. I am using it for rheumatism and it is doing me good." Mrs. Burzee, 37 Hermine St., Montreal, Que.

## Daily Fashion Hint for Times Readers.



THE DOLMAN SLE EYE HAS ARRIVED. Those and those grows the models for the separate wrap that is just about making its initial bow as the mode par excellence for spring and early summer wear. A charming one of an apple-green color, upon which a dark brown velvet ribbon shows up to advantage is cut with this shawl that extends from the shoulder to the waist—if such a loosely cut garment can be said to have a waistline at all. Deep pleats in the e shawl seams make for the necessary fullness back and front, while the immense sleeve tapers prettily to the wrist. The garment is lined throughout with a shawl, the color contrast of which makes the trimming.

## BETTER TRAIN SERVICE ON I. C. R.

Moncton, N. B., March 22.—Commencing Monday next the I. C. R. will put on another train between Moncton and St. John, principally for the accommodation of people living at Hampton, Rothesay and other points near St. John, who have been agitating for an evening train into the city for some time. The new train will be an accommodation. It will leave Moncton at 2:20 in the afternoon, arriving at St. John at 7:30 and will stop at every siding and station near St. John and pick up people going into the city in the evening. Ever since No. 1 train was cancelled as an afternoon train a kick has been made by the people near St. John for such a train and the request has never been granted until now.

The M. & B. railway train reached Moncton this afternoon, the first since the storm. She brought a number of travelers storm-stayed at Buctouche. The locomotive of the Campbell Express broke down at Canaan today, delaying the train two or three hours. In the police court this afternoon O. S. Legere was convicted of sexual violation and fined \$50. This is a return to the old order of things. There was considerable speculation as to what the magistrate would do since the Supreme Court of Canada decided he had no jurisdiction to impose a fine of \$500.

Several arrests have recently been made by I. C. R. police for stealing from the Intercolonial. Chief Detective Williams yesterday arrested junk dealers named Ouellet and Napoleon Mercier on a charge of receiving stolen brass. Five young men recently arrested in Quebec by other officers pleaded guilty to stealing from the I. C. R. and were sentenced to terms of from one to six months.

Non-alcoholic  
Sarsaparilla

If you think you need a tonic, ask your doctor. If you think you need something for your blood, ask your doctor. If you think you would like to try Ayer's non-alcoholic Sarsaparilla, ask your doctor. We put the formula of all our preparations. C. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

So simple is it to handle, any woman can decorate her own home with Alabastine. Write to-day for our book "Homes, Healthful and Beautiful." It explains how Alabastine is the cheapest, most healthful and most luxurious wall-covering.

Send ten cents for a copy of "Homes, Healthful and Beautiful," with many dainty, new ideas for the decoration of your home.

Alabastine is sold by hardware and paint dealers everywhere—a 5 pound package for 50 cents.

Ask your dealer for tint card.

NEVER SOLD IN BULK LTD.

THE Alabastine Co.  
154 WILLOW STREET, PARIS, ONT.











THE EVENING TIMES, ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, MARCH 23, 1907.

5

**HATS FOR YOUNG MEN.**

The Flat Brim Derby is the proper shape this Spring. SELF CONFORMING, FAST COLORS.

Prices: \$2.00 and \$2.50.

**F. S. THOMAS,** Dufferin Block, 539 Main Street, N. E.

**HATS FOR SPRING AND SUMMER.**

Hats from \$1.00 to \$3.00—all from factory to us. Our well known grades.

**THORNE BROS., Hatters and Furriers,** 93 KING STREET.

**DO YOU KNOW W. J. NAGLE & SON**

146-148 Charlotte St., (Cor. Duke) sell new and used Furniture, Stoves, Carpets and General House Furnishings Goods, and that all their used Furniture is put in thorough repair before selling. No broken or defaced goods, but all bright and fresh, like new.

We also carry the household goods from a kitchen table to the entire contents of a house.

Read **LEONA or LORD KENDALE'S REPENTANCE** By MARGARET P. ANDERSON. On Sale at the Bookstores. Price 50 cents.

**New Hats For Easter.**

Do you want a new Hat for Easter? Of course you do. If you want a new up-to-date Hat for little money call and see ours. We have a fine assortment of the latest of American and English makes, made of the very best material, smart looking and full of style.

Just think a Derby Hat for only \$1.00. Better qualities \$1.50 and \$2.00. Black Fedoras, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$2.00.

The latest New York Telescope Shape in Black, Gray and Fawn colors at our

**Special Price of \$2.00.**

**CHAS. A. MAGNUSSON & Co.**

THE CASH CLOTHING STORE, 73 Dock Street, - St. John, N. B. OPEN EVENINGS.

**MADE IN CANADA.**

CANADIAN CASUALTY AND BOILER INSURANCE COMPANY, covering Boiler Insurance, Accident Insurance, Sickness Insurance, Elevator Insurance. The most clear cut policies offered by any Canadian Company.

**LOCKHART & RITCHIE, GENERAL AGENTS,** 78 Prince William Street. - St. John, N. B.

**HIRAM WEBB, Electrical Contractor,** CHURCH STREET. ROOM 5. ORDERS TAKEN AT

**J. H. NOBLE'S, 25 King Square. Phone 39.**

**THE BOY IN HIS TEENS SHOULD BE PROTECTED.**

An Article That Should Be Taken to Heart By St. John Parents and the Public Generally.

(L. M. McC. in Chicago Post.) One of Chicago's judges said recently that of all the cases that had passed before him in his years of experience those that moved him to deepest pity and anxiety and demanded most thought pertained to youthful offenders between the ages of 16 and 20, as they were more sinned against than sinning. While the school laws protected the child, and parental schools and reformatories were provided for the erring boy and girl under 16, very little had been done for the misguided youth between 16 and 20.

And though the law permits a boy to go to work when he has reached the age of 16, it leaves its authority at the most critical period of his life. If the child has been reared in a well-disciplined home and has learned to keep time, and to form amiable habits at school, the lines of his character are well laid. At the age of 16 he is advanced in high school studies that have instilled notions of method, and perhaps formed the beginnings of a taste for reading and home study. The necessity of earning a living urges him into the school of business, which the well-directed boy takes up with the same earnestness that he did his class work, and it is probable that when his day's work is done he may choose between a night school to follow a favorite course or consider it recreation to read at home.

A boy of that order from a regulated home never gets before a judge or becomes a recruit in the ranks of youthful criminals. Yet there is danger even for the good boy in his teens. With his first week's salary he feels the stirrings of independence and he is thrown with other boys from all sorts of homes and from no homes at all. He frets under the restraints of the office or the shop and hours of work are over he longs for recreation.

In the well-regulated home the need of recreation is recognized as well as the need of food and baths. The boy is permitted to have games and to invite his friends to skate in winter and to take jaunts in summer, but the parents know who is with him and where he is, for he is still a child. Few boys of 16 or even 18 will escape the contamination of the street if permitted to go where they will, and it should be a rare occasion when a boy in his teens goes downtown after night, or is on the street after dark. He may be big and strong, but he still has the mind of a child, alert and open and very susceptible to temptation because of his innocence.

Life is a great world to the boy in his teens. He may have the strength of a man and the stature of a man, and he often feels that he would like to assume the special habits that mark of these men. Many distinctions in his eyes. If the advice of the home is not restraining him he begins with the cigarette and pipe. The swinging doors before saloons suggest allurements within. A man may give, and the big boy, a minor in years, takes his first step beyond them. None of these is the habit of the business man, but the boy does not reflect on that. If the word of advice and direction does not come from his home, he must consult his employer, or he has set out on the wrong path. He still is developing and is curious and hungry to know the froth of life and "have fun while he is young."

All boys in their teens need careful surveillance to guide them to seek employment who have no restraining influence. None of these is the habit of the business man, but the boy does not reflect on that. If the word of advice and direction does not come from his home, he must consult his employer, or he has set out on the wrong path. He still is developing and is curious and hungry to know the froth of life and "have fun while he is young."

Mr. Willison referred to his visit to Halifax and to the pleasure he felt in visiting the eastern provinces for the first time since almost a quarter of a century ago. He expressed great interest in the progress of the Canadian Club movement, and his conviction of its great social, political and national value.

After a reference to the conditions of the eastern provinces, and the fact that the United States and Australia and at the present day in South Africa, Mr. Willison said that the dictum of a certain eminent journalist and politician that elections were not carried by the pharisees, gave to all of them courage to denounce public evils, grace to bear with their common failures, and zeal to labor for honor in their national life and integrity in their national institutions. (Cheers.)

Nothing was more certain that that it was the expectations of the maritime provinces that under consideration they would have a low tariff, railway connection with upper Canada, increase of trade and growth of population, better fiscal relations with the United States and a liberal fisheries convention. It was only right that the people of western Canada should set a high value upon the fine patriotism of the eastern provinces and should know that it was not only the west which had borne the burdens and made the sacrifices.

After speaking of the maritime provinces as the place where the prophets of confederation had their vision and whence the inspiring message of organization and consolidation proceeded, Mr. Willison referred eloquently to the efforts of this assembly, how Sir Leonard Tilley and Sir Charles Tupper. Continuing, he said that it was a fact that for many years past, and during confederation there was even suspicion and distrust. There was a period of arrested national development and the gloom was profound. But the day was nearer than they knew and the revival which at length had come upon the dominion had hardly a parallel in history. They now had financial resources equal to an adequate national equipment and a disposition to unify the material interests of the confederation. The Intercolonial Railway should, in his opinion, have long ago been extended to the great lakes and

stay away on the least pretext. Mother may want them for an errand, or a headache will let them escape an examination, or terms of no fishing. No one chides them for low records and unless they meet one of those rare teachers, who grasps the soul of a child, no one reaches their affections. No one looks after them in the evenings and the street before the brightly lighted saloon is a favorite resort for boys and girls from these families.

They are found on every thoroughfare every evening by the hundreds until midnight, and all are children in their teens from 16 to 20. Of the stories that are told, and the novels that are read, and the questions discussed and ideals formed the less said the better. The undisciplined boy from the good home meets the boy who lives in a lodging-house on common grounds, and unhappily the bad boy has entertainment that the good boy finds sparking.

Nine of every ten children in their teens who quit school to go to work, have no definite idea of what they can do. They have had no training and the result is that they drift from one thing to another, until happily they find something fit for their talents. But misfortune finds out those who have not formed business habits in the schools. No employer will tolerate a boy who is not on time and who stays from work on flimsy excuses. When two or three places are lost the boy finds it hard to get a fourth, and it may be, come to "beg or steal," and the path of the criminal lies before.

Trade schools for those between the age of 16 and 20, and save many from the ranks of criminals. The active child is born to use his hands and a trade which will give him skill and make him self-respecting will make him an honest man. Schools of stenography are instructing scores of girls today who would make expert dressmakers, milliners and garment-makers, and who will fail in office or eat out their hearts in unceasing pursuit for pitiful wages. Schools giving training to the imagination and to the hand would save girls from the streets and give them honest work. Likewise the recreation side of the young people of the working classes is neglected. In our seven months of winter the church clubs take some evening, but there should be club rooms, gymnasiums and reading-rooms open for every locality for those who have no amusement or opportunities to meet their friends at home. Preventive measures are better than reform schools and the child in the teens needs friends.

L. M. McC.

**E. TENNYSON SMITH'S WORK IN P. E. ISLAND**

Mr. Tennyson Smith's campaign in Prince Edward Island is proving a success. When his campaign was closed down in Charlottetown, in consequence of the smallpox scare, the committee urgently requested him to visit some of the smaller towns until the period of quarantine was removed in Charlottetown, so that he might return to that city and complete the series of meetings there, and he consented to do so.

Almost immediately after the success of his opening meetings in Charlottetown had been chronicled in the public press, applications were received and deputations waited upon him in reference to engagements from almost every place of note in the Island.

He proceeded to Kensington, a small town, and night after night, the hall seating nearly 400, was packed to excess, numbers having to stand; people driving in over and over again from distances of from ten to twelve miles and more. About three hundred new Tablets pledges were taken, and the Sons of Temperance division which had been dead for some time, was re-established and forty-eight new members enrolled.

From there the lecturer proceeded to Summerside, where he opened a five days' campaign on March 17th. The meetings were again crowded to excess and a large number of pledges taken.

The lecturer had sufficient applications to fill at least two months on the Island, but he will not be able to devote that much time, and will have to shorten his campaign in some of the towns, as numerous places in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia are waiting for him to fix dates for a visit. The lecturer expects to leave for England in July.

**HELPING MOTHERS**

"I always tell my neighbors who have children how good I have found Baby's Own Tablets," says Mrs. L. Reville, Gars, Ont. Mrs. Reville further says: "I would not be without the Tablets in the house for I know of no medicine that can equal them in curing the ills from which children so often suffer." It is the enthusiastic praise of mothers who have used the Tablets that makes them the most popular childhood medicine in Canada. Any mother using Baby's Own Tablets has the guarantee of a government analyst that this medicine does not contain one particle of opium or harmful drug. Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The steward of the steamer Montrose fell down the hold yesterday and struck his head on the iron railing. He was taken to the General Public Hospital, where it was found that his skull was fractured. At the hospital this morning the injured man's condition was said to be serious.

**50 Ladies' Sample Suits.**

NO TWO ALIKE.

Prices from \$13.00 to \$30.00

LADIES' COATS, short and long, latest styles and shades. Prices from \$6.00 to \$14.00.

LADIES' COATS AND SUITS made to order at short notice.

**Amusing the People**

ONE great craving in human nature is to be amused. Life is divided into work, sleep and play. Play-time should be made as delightful as possible so that work-time will be easier. The greatest entertainer in the world was invented by Thomas A. Edison, the great American inventor. It is

**THE EDISON PHONOGRAPH with Edison Gold-Moulded Records**

The Phonograph and Records are made in Mr. Edison's own laboratory at Orange, N. J. It is his favorite invention. It reproduces sound of all kinds, and especially music and speech, so as to give faithful reproductions of instrumental music, vocal music and dialogue in your own home.

It is more comfortable to hear these things in the easy chair at your fire-side than it is to hear them in a hard, uncomfortable seat at the theatre, and it costs less. At less per week than the price of a cheap theatre ticket you can put the Edison Phonograph into your own home.

**National Phonograph Company** 100 Lakeside Avenue, ORANGE, N. J., U. S. A.

Live dealers in any line who have a store and established trade on other goods, are wanted to take up the agency for the Edison Phonograph in towns where we have no dealers now. Write for full information as to terms, discounts, etc.







THE EVENING TIMES, ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, MARCH 23, 1907.

7

## ROYAL Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Healthful cream of tartar, derived solely from grapes, refined to absolute purity, is the active principle of every pound of Royal Baking Powder.

Hence it is that Royal Baking Powder renders the food remarkable both for its fine flavor and healthfulness.

No alum, no phosphate—which are the principal elements of the so-called cheap baking powders—and which are derived from bones, rock and sulphuric acid.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK

## GOVERNMENT GUARANTEES VALLEY RAILWAY BONDS FOR \$15,000 PER MILE

Premier Pugsley So Announces His Decision, and Gives Notice That If The Canadian Northern Undertakes the Work the Necessary Legislation Will Be Passed.

Fredericton, N. B., March 22.—In the legislature this afternoon Premier Pugsley gave notice of the following resolution: "I stated yesterday that a proposal was before the government with regard to the construction of a railway down the valley of the St. John river from Woodstock to St. John.

"The government have reached a conclusion in regard to this matter and I rise to give notice that when bill No. 11 is introduced the house will ask that it be amended so as to give assistance to the Canadian Northern Railway Company—McKenzie & Mann—to construct this line to the extent of a guarantee of bonds bearing four per cent interest at \$15,000 a mile.

On the order of the day being called, Mr. Fleming spoke upon the financial position of the province in answer to the statements of the attorney general. According to the auditor general the provincial debt is \$3,216,510.39. In 1905 the debt was \$4,237,724.52 an increase of \$888,783.87 of which \$700,000 was for N. B. Coal and Railway bonds. He then devoted some time to a discussion of the Central Railway. Mr. Fleming continued his address at the evening session.

The house then resolved itself into committee to consider the bill authorizing the granting of aid to certain railways. Hon. Mr. Pugsley said that the bill had been before the house since the first day of the session. He had purposely brought it on early in order that the hon. members might have full opportunity of becoming acquainted with the provisions contained in it and have plenty of time for considering the subject. When they were first called to grant aid to the International Railway they undertook to guarantee the company's bonds to the extent of \$1,000 a mile for the first fifty miles.

Since that time the cost of railroad construction has increased to such an extent by reason of the rise in wages and cost of material that the cost of construction at present is not less than \$5,000 a mile. This will be confirmed by any railroad man. The cost of labor alone had increased 50 per cent in the fifteen years. At the present time one of the greatest

railway systems of Canada is applying to parliament for leave to increase its bond issue by \$5,000 a mile. Mr. Schreiber, engineer of vast experience, has certified that the cost of the line will be \$27,330 a mile. This legislature has never refused to authorize less than \$10,000 a mile and by reason of the increased cost of construction \$5,000 a mile is not an unreasonable sum to guarantee. Moreover when the government agreed to assist the railroad it would be most unwise now not to further the construction of such a line opening as it did such a marvelous stretch of country over a distance of 110 miles. Still we felt we could not properly give further assistance unless the road was made in the most satisfactory and up-to-date method.

This line is laid with sixty-seven pound rails, all steel bridges with stone abutments and no wooden bridges on the whole system. When the road is completed the engineers say that it will be in all respects as good a road as the Intercolonial. Under these circumstances we felt that the company's application to guarantee \$5,000 a mile was not unreasonable but as the legislature had already agreed to a subsidy for the whole distance we felt that the time had come to do away with further subsidies. Any further assistance would have to be by way of guaranteeing bonds and not by way of subsidy.

If the province gives its credit to the extent of \$5,000 a mile this must be converted into a loan and secured by a mortgage on the whole of the railway, franchise, tolls and other property of the company with interest at 4 per cent. But for the first few years after the railway was opened it will not be reasonable to exact this interest and we would therefore allow a period of five years after the railway was completed before it would become payable.

The interest at present is paid right up to date and although the line is at present only under construction its present earnings are enough to pay the interest on the bonds already issued, in fact the line is more than paying its way. With respect to the other proposition that I mentioned, that is the railway between Woodstock and St. John, I intend to move that a section be added to the bill that the province be allowed to

guarantee first mortgage bonds on that road at four per cent, not exceeding \$15,000 a mile, as suggested by the financial critic of the opposition. Although I stated to the house as not unreasonable hope that the line would be built I referred to the fact that as the I. C. R. was now extended to Fredericton it might be continued to Westfield and Woodstock. Since making that announcement I have been in communication with Messrs. McKenzie & Mann, who have promised that they would send their engineering staff to go over the district and make a full survey. If after such survey matters should appear to be satisfactory they would undertake to make the railway.

That is why I am making a proposal to allow the government to make a contract with McKenzie & Mann to carry out the idea. They said they could not come to any definite conclusion until the route for the G. T. P. was finally settled. As soon as this route was announced I again took the matter up and opened negotiations with them to get them to make this railway. They replied to me confidentially and I wrote them asking for a reply which I could make public and in reply to that they reported formally what they had only previously suggested that they would send their engineering staff over the ground and if satisfactory arrangements could be made with the government for financial assistance they would undertake to make the road.

This is a definite proposition which McKenzie & Mann made to the province and the question the province has to consider will be whether they will accept this proposal or not.

Personally I think it would be only wise to do so. They are amongst the best in satisfactory firms of railway builders in Canada. They are pushing their lines away in the north and west and it will not be many years before McKenzie & Mann will have a transcontinental railway extending from St. John to the Pacific.

I will not dwell further on the subject tonight but I do think that if we allow this opportunity to go by and neglect to avail ourselves of the proposal we would be doing a great injustice to the people of the province. McKenzie & Mann are such a wealthy and well known firm why should it be necessary to offer to guarantee their bonds when we can only get them on their own name only. I do not know what the cost of this railway will be but I do not think it will be less than \$22,000 a mile.

I think this was about the cost of the transcontinental. It is not necessary to argue that it is in the highest degree desirable that this road should be constructed. If it is desirable to construct the Intercolonial Railway the desirability of constructing one which the St. John valley is much greater. It will open up a much more settled country which it is to be regretted has not been settled.

On either bank of the St. John river for twenty miles on each side the farmers are hampered for want of railway communication. Whether Messrs. McKenzie & Mann will use this proposed line as part of their transcontinental line is a matter of conjecture but I do know that the distance from Quebec to St. John over this route would be a saving of nearly 300 miles. The I. C. R. would consider that it would be to the advantage of Messrs. McKenzie & Mann to do so.

However, we have now a definite proposition from them which we offer this province. After discussion by Mr. Clarke and Hon. Mr. Hill the committee decided to report progress.

## Heaviness, Lassitude Drowsy and Dull

Do You Feel That Way?

How provoking these symptoms are! You sleep well, but when you wake up there is a heaviness, a lassitude, a drowsiness, a disinclination to do things.

Three causes for this feeling. Lazy liver, lazy kidneys, and a nighty lazy stomach which does its work very poorly and compels the other organs to do things they are unequal to for any length of time.

Note the consequence—blood is filled with waste—poisons weigh down the nervous system—rebuilding processes are retarded—debility stopped.

You'll note an instant change when you take Ferrozone.

Ferrozone clarifies the brain, supplies tone and vigor, imparts clearness and strength. You feel like a new person. Full of life, full of ambition, ready to do things—and able to do them also. Think it over, Ferrozone is a tonic that uplifts, rebuilds, that nourishes and restores the sick by supplying the elements their weakened system needs.

It can't help but do you good. For men, women and children, in fact any one seeking strength and health, Ferrozone is invaluable; try it, sold by all druggists in 50c. boxes.

The hall of the Every Day Club was filled with men again last evening, and a good programme was carried out. In the course of the evening the chairman spoke of the Canadian Club and Mr. Williams' inspiring address on Canada, and H. C. Tilley gave an earnest address to the men on the opportunities for work in the Every Day Club to help men. James Marshall convulsed the crowd by the funniest dancing number ever seen on the stage of the hall, and also acted and sang, while William Barnes and others also contributed to the entertainment.

He did not think that the people should ever part with the Intercolonial or weaken their hold on it, and said that he was confident the day would come when popular opinion would compel the government to take over the feeders of the Intercolonial.

Mr. Emerson said he thought the day was coming when it would be held desirable that the Intercolonial should be extended to the industrial centre of Ontario, which is Toronto.

Great lines from the west were converging upon Quebec. They would desire to penetrate the east and to reach ports that were open in the winter. When that day came the future of the Intercolonial was assured for all time, as an asset to the dominion.

Miss Elizabeth W. Morley, a member of the community of the Monastery of St. Clare, Evansville (Ind.), died there recently. For a time after coming to America, she conducted an academy for young ladies in this city.

## Undigested Food

When any portion of food remains in the stomach and refuses to digest, it causes the torments of indigestion. This undigested food rapidly ferments, irritating the sensitive coating of the stomach, while other parts of the body, particularly the head, suffer in consequence.

So long as this undigested food remains in the stomach, the discomfort continues. A few doses of

## BEECHAM'S PILLS

stop all fermentation, sweeten the contents of the stomach and give natural assistance that relieves the stomach of its burden. The use of Beecham's Pills gradually strengthens the stomach nerves and soon restores them to a normal, healthy condition.

Beecham's Pills positively cure all stomach troubles, while their beneficial effects on the liver and kidneys greatly improve the general health.

Beecham's Pills have been used and recommended by the general public for over fifty years.

Prepared only by the Proprietor, Thomas Beecham, St. Helena, Lancashire, Eng.

Sold everywhere in Canada and U. S. America. In boxes 25 cents.

## COMMITTEE AGREES TO THE WARD SYSTEM BILL AS SLIGHTLY AMENDED

Fredericton, N. B., March 22.—The St.

John election bill was considered by the municipal committee of the legislature this afternoon. The committee decided to recommend that the number of aldermen at large be reduced from six to four and that should the council desire to adopt the district system or make any further change in the future in the system of electing aldermen, authority will be given them to submit the matter to a plebiscite on a two-thirds vote of the council.

There was considerable discussion on the bill and further action was deferred until Wednesday next. Premier Pugsley submitted a new section which had been drafted by the sub-committee. It was as follows:

"The common council of the city of St. John may at any time by a two-thirds vote provide for the taking of a vote of the electors of the city of St. John on the question of reducing the number of aldermen generally, or of the aldermen at-large, or of dividing the city into districts and providing for the representation in the common council of each such district or returning to the system in force immediately prior to the passing of this act, which ever the common council by such two-thirds vote may decide to be in public interest; and the said common council may frame a scheme for the representation of the people of the city in said common council, and submit the same to the electors for approval or disapproval, and may make all necessary orders and regulations for the taking of the vote, the form of ballot, the declaration of the result of the vote and all other matters connected therewith. The qualifications entitling electors to vote on such question shall be the same as for the election of aldermen of the city.

"If the question should be decided in the affirmative the scheme so approved of shall come into force at the next annual election for aldermen of the said city. Any orders which the said common council may pass for the purpose of carrying into effect such vote shall have the same force and effect as if enacted by the legislature."

## FUTURE OF THE INTERCOLONIAL

Hon. Mr. Emerson Says the Branch Roads Must be Taken Over Soon—Extension Should be Made to Toronto.

Ottawa, March 22.—Hon. Mr. Emerson delivered the annual statement of the Intercolonial this afternoon and evening. The minister of railways went very exhaustively into the figures of the government and other railways as well as for the canals.

The comparisons of the operations of the Intercolonial with other railways were made in his department, including branches and the Intercolonial, and 1,300 on the national transcontinental, making in all 13,000, or nearly fourteen thousand persons. The minister gave a statement showing the capital expenditures on the canals from 1887 to 1906. It amounted in all to \$25,873,722.

After dealing with Canadian railway matters generally he referred to the improvements made in his department, including the equipment of the Intercolonial.

He made the following comparisons of the I. C. R. in 1906 compared with 1896.

Length of line—1,282 1/2; 1906, 1,477 1/2; increase, 195 per cent.  
Capital invested—1896, \$30,307,043; 1906, \$1,253,752; increase, 41 per cent.  
Number of locomotives—1896, 254; 1906, 547; increase, 115 per cent.  
Passenger car service—1896, 276; 1906, 429; increase, 55 per cent.  
Freight car service—1896, 6,667; 1906, 10,419; increase, 55 per cent.

Plows, flangers, etc.—1896, 77; 1906, 125; increase, 62 per cent.  
Engine mileage—1896, 4,714,651; 1906, 9,304,011; increase, 98 per cent.  
Train mileage—1896, 5,843,500; 1906, 7,424,851; increase, 27 per cent.

He pointed out a number of the improvements made.

The result of the operations of the Intercolonial Railway for the fiscal year 1906 was as follows: Gross revenue I. C. R., \$7,643,820.70; gross expenditure, \$7,881,917.36; difference, \$61,915.34.

To which must be added profits derived from the Windsor branch, \$31,008.53; total surplus on I. C. R., \$93,881.87. Last year, 1905, the Prince Edward Island railway made a loss of \$133,133.85; the loss for the fiscal year, 1906, was \$36,822.59, making a betterment of \$116,151.24. Referring to the future policy of the I. C. R. he said:

The country had some interest in the future of the Intercolonial. The Halifax Herald, the leading Conservative organ of Nova Scotia had advocated handing over the Intercolonial to two other systems. If this was the policy of the Conservative leader he could not indorse it.

He did not think that the people should ever part with the Intercolonial or weaken their hold on it, and said that he was confident the day would come when popular opinion would compel the government to take over the feeders of the Intercolonial.

Mr. Emerson said he thought the day was coming when it would be held desirable that the Intercolonial should be extended to the industrial centre of Ontario, which is Toronto.

Great lines from the west were converging upon Quebec. They would desire to penetrate the east and to reach ports that were open in the winter. When that day came the future of the Intercolonial was assured for all time, as an asset to the dominion.

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"If the question should be decided in the affirmative the scheme so approved of shall come into force at the next annual election for aldermen of the said city. Any orders which the said common council may pass for the purpose of carrying into effect such vote shall have the same force and effect as if enacted by the legislature."

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## THE GOLD BOND SHOE

comes in so many different styles, weights and qualities that all men can get just what they have been looking for, and the greatest value is represented. For Sale by

PERCY J. STEEL, 519-521 Main Street,

SUCCESSOR TO WILLIAM YOUNG. Store Open Till 9 P. M.

PURE FOOD INSURES GOOD HEALTH

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

INSURES PURE FOOD.

E. W. GILLET COMPANY LIMITED TORONTO, ONT.

COAL

You Can Get BEST BROAD COVE COAL

In any quantity from GIBBON & CO'S.

LANDING EX CARS ACADIA PICTOU.

Nut Size \$3.25 Per Load Delivered.

GEO. DICK, BRITAIN ST. Foot of Germain St. Phone 1116.

STILL EATING BREAD!

No stop to it, en! You realize you have to eat it: consider it part of the meal, don't you? It's the first thing the toddling babe learns to eat and must have till the last day. But why not eat the good

SCOTCH ZEST BREAD

that keeps moist three days, is pure, sweet and clean. You realize when you first eat it you have no ordinary bread. Keep eating it, that's where the financial difference comes — a loaf goes further, and for health's sake Scotch Zest Bread has nature's ingredients — there full of nutriment.

When you think of Good Friday, think of Smith's for HOT CROSS BUNS.

UNION BAKERY, GEO. J. SMITH, Prop, 122 Charlotte Street.

Scotch Fire Brick and Clay.

FAMOUS STEIN BRAND, Best Quality. Lowest Prices.

Gandy & Allison, SOLE IMPORTERS. Telephone 384. 16 North Wharf.

Seamless Oval Fish Cans.

6 1-4 x 4 1-2 x 1 5-8.

DRAWN FROM FULL WEIGHT SIEMENS-MARTIN CHARCOAL PLATES.

The best Package for Tinned Kipper Herring and Finnan-Haddie. WRITE FOR SAMPLES.

The Norlon Manufacturing Co'y, HAMILTON ONTARIO.

ROYAL INSURANCE CO. Of Liverpool, England.

Total Funds Over \$65,000,000

KAYE, TENNANT & KAYE, Agents 85 1-2 Prince William St. St. John, N. B.

ST. MARTINS HOTEL, (Formerly Kennedy House), St. Martins, N. B.

New management, newly furnished throughout. Full particulars can be had by calling phone 1900, or applying to A. W. WILSON, prop., Rideau Hall, St. John, N. B.

AGENTS WANTED.

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McLEAN & McGLOAN, 42 PRINCESS STREET.

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CANADIAN PACIFIC

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Going March 28 to April 1

Returning April 2nd

Between all Stations in Canada East of Port Arthur

W. B. HOWARD, District Pass. Agent, St. John, N. B.

ATLANTIC STEAMSHIPS

OF THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

ROYAL MAIL SERVICE

FINEST AND FASTEST

"EMPRESSES"

ST. JOHN, N. B., and LIVERPOOL

1st CLASS (by arrangement) \$10.00

2nd CLASS (by arrangement) \$7.00

3rd CLASS (by arrangement) \$4.00

4th CLASS (by arrangement) \$2.00

5th CLASS (by arrangement) \$1.00

6th CLASS (by arrangement) \$0.50

7th CLASS (by arrangement) \$0.25

8th CLASS (by arrangement) \$0.10

9th CLASS (by arrangement) \$0.05

10th CLASS (by arrangement) \$0.02

11th CLASS (by arrangement) \$0.01

12th CLASS (by arrangement) \$0.00

13th CLASS (by arrangement) \$0.00

14th CLASS (by arrangement) \$0.00

15th CLASS (by arrangement) \$







THE EVENING TIMES, ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, MARCH 23, 1907.

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## Report of the Directors OF THE Bank of British North America

Presented to the Proprietors at Their Seventy-first Yearly General Meeting.

The seventy-first yearly general meeting was held on March 5, at the office of the corporation, 5, Grace-church Street, E. C., London, Mr. Henry J. B. Kendall presiding.

The Chairman, in moving the adoption of the report and accounts, said: I am glad to preface my remarks by congratulating you on the very favorable result we are able to put before you. This is due in some measure to the change in the financial situation in the United States, where our results had been somewhat disappointing owing to the low rates previously ruling for money in New York. All this was changed in 1906, and that part of our resources which is held in New York has been employed at very profitable rates. Greater activity was the feature of trade during the year 1906 the world over, with a consequent financial pressure, causing a demand for money at high rates, and with this the earning power of our agency has returned. But naturally the greater part of our increased profits has arisen from the property of the Dominion. This has continued with the steady, irresistible impulse of a great and growing nation. There is, at present at least, no sign of slackening in the wonderful progress of that country. The tide of immigration continues to flow. Official returns for the year ending June, 30, 1906, give a total of 189,064. Of these, 86,796 were from Great Britain and Ireland; 44,340 from Europe, and 57,919 from the United States, the total increase over the previous 12 months being 43,000. One of the great industries of Canada is lumbering. Our report of

Ottawa tells us that the quantity of logs cut during the previous winter was about an average; but owing to the scarcity of water in the rivers a great deal of this could not be brought in, and therefore the amount of lumber cut in the Ottawa mills was 25 per cent below the average. As a set-off to this there is an unusual demand for lumber at ever-increasing prices, so that the industry is prosperous. As regards agriculture, the latest estimates we have seen from Winnipeg point to a total of 90,000,000 bushels of wheat as the crop of the past season. This is larger than the crop of the previous season by 4,000,000 bushels, and the quality of the past season's wheat is excellent—in fact a record. From the Agent-General's report we learn that the total value of minerals produced in British Columbia is estimated at \$22,460,000 for the year, showing an increase over 1905 of nearly \$4,000,000, the principal increase being in copper. The gold won in the Yukon territory is returned officially as \$5,332,000, against \$7,110,000 in 1905. Although this shows a continuous decline in the value of gold produced, there appears, from the statement of the commissioner of that district, to be a prospect of a revival of this industry, considerable amounts of capital having been invested in hydraulic works, which are supplanting the old system of shaft sinking. On the Pacific Coast the commission appointed by the Ministry of Marine and Fisheries reported most favorably on the condition of the canneries in the Fraser River district. The publication of its report should go far to allay any fears on the part of consumers of canned salmon which were engendered by the Chicago canned meat revelations. Glancing now at our balance sheet, the profits for the half year, after making our usual liberal pro-

vision for bad and doubtful debts, amount to \$27,255. Adding thereto the amount carried forward in June last of \$27,861, we have a sum of \$105,116 to deal with. Out of this sum we have transferred to reserve fund \$20,000, making it now stand at \$400,000. The building up of our reserve funds with us, as it has ever done, of the first importance. In this we have always had, and trust we still have, your hearty concurrence.

We have appropriated as you will have observed, to bank premises account the sum of \$20,000, thereby writing it down to \$157,788. The actual value of our premises is considerably larger than that. There is, therefore, no depreciation to provide for, but our building programme for the current year will require at the least this sum of \$20,000, which prudence dictates should be provided out of profits. Every year we are opening new branches, necessitating the construction of bank buildings, and it is necessary to improve and enlarge some of our existing premises. We cannot but keep step with the wonderful progress of the Dominion, nor can we rest satisfied with some of the buildings which contained us a while ago. At the same time, you can rest assured that our expenditure on premises is no more than is absolutely necessary. Subject to your concurrence, we have made the usual appropriation to the officers' widows and orphans fund and to officers' pensions fund, and on this occasion we ask you to sanction a bonus to the staff of 5 per cent on their salaries. A dividend for the half year at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, as before, absorbs \$30,000, and we have now the pleasure of adding a bonus of 1 per cent, making 7 per cent for the year. We think you will concur in the wisdom, on general grounds, of making this extra distribution in the shape of bonus, and not as increased dividend, taking further into consideration the fact that rates for money have been unusually high and lucrative during the past twelve months. This will add \$10,000 to the amount required in April next, which will be thus \$40,000, and will leave a sum of \$19,810, to be carried to next account.



POOR MAN

Daughter—The milliner is going to trim my hat beautifully.  
Papa—And she'll trim me beautifully, too.

### BURGLARS PUT TO FLIGHT AND CAUGHT

One Breaks Away From the Father, While Other Knocks Down Son and Flees.

NEW YORK, March 21.—"Oscar," said Mrs. Jungman to her husband in a stage whisper at 3 o'clock this morning, "there's a man in the house!"

received from him at Elkhart stating that he had been assaulted by robbers. The safe in the car was open when the train reached Palestine. The sheriff and a posse are leaving Palestine on a special train for the scene of the robbery.

### THIS IS GOING SOME

CHICAGO, Mar. 22.—Miss Rose Fritz, two-time winner of the typewriter contest at the Coliseum last night, won the championship for the third time, winning permanently the silver cup offered, and breaking the world's record for copying dictation from shorthand notes. The record she established last night was 245 words in 20 minutes. This is two hundred words better than her last record a year ago.

### This Centrepiece FREE

WRITE FOR IT TODAY



We will send you a beautiful picture of a woman in a long dress, standing in a garden, with a large tree in the background. The picture is framed in a simple, elegant design. It is a beautiful picture, and we think you will like it. Write for it today.

Colorful Art Pictures. POPPIES, HOLLY, VIOLETS or AMERICAN BEAUTY ROSES. Write to-day enclosing 25 cents in stamps or cash and state design wanted.

This is the biggest offer we ever made. We do it to convince every woman that the HOME JOURNAL is the greatest magazine published in Canada, containing Health and Beauty, Home and Household, Fashion and Style, and much more. Send 25 cents for one year's subscription to the HOME JOURNAL, and we will send you a beautiful picture of a woman in a long dress, standing in a garden, with a large tree in the background. The picture is framed in a simple, elegant design. It is a beautiful picture, and we think you will like it. Write for it today.

Address: CIRCULATION DEPARTMENT, 18 HOME JOURNAL, TORONTO, ONT.

### LIVER ILLS

Bowels are Constipated  
Kidneys are Unhealthy  
Constant Headaches

Nothing makes you feel worse than slow liver. Seems as if every organ in the body had gone wrong.

What the liver needs is the stimulation afforded by Dr. Hamilton's Pills; they go right to work on a lazy liver, restore it in a few hours.

Taken at night, you're well next morning; that's how Dr. Hamilton's acts.

Had Bad Taste and Headaches

Thus writes Mrs. D. F. Fowler, from Yarmouth: "I was a sudden change. I felt better, my appetite increased, and that exhaustion and depression passed. Life seemed brighter and happier after I used Dr. Hamilton's Pills, so I strongly recommend such good medicine."

No Appetite—Bad Color—General Debility

"I was run down," writes Mr. Albert E. Dixon, of Fairhaven, P. O. "My color was poor, and appetite was poor, and I constantly suffered from rheumatism. I found it hard to sleep and felt worn out and tired all the time. Dr. Hamilton's Pills made an instant change. I grew strong, my blood was restored, rheumatism vanished. Today I am vigorous, cheerful and healthy in every respect."

SPECIAL NOTICE—The secret of the wonderful success of Dr. Hamilton's Pills is due to their ability to improve the tone of the kidneys, liver, stomach and bowels, thereby assuring an ample supply of rich, nourishing blood, which circulates its strengthening influence to every part of the system that requires assistance.

Take Dr. Hamilton's Pills when you're well, when you're sick, whenever you think a purifying tonic will do you good. Sold everywhere in yellow boxes, 25c. each or five for \$1.00. Insist on having only Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut.

A DARING ROBBERY

PALESTINE, Tex., March 21.—As train No. 4 on the International & Great Northern, north bound, was leaving Elkhart, 12 miles below here tonight, express messenger Winsley Womack, of the Pacific Express Co., was knocked on the head and thrown out of the car. He was not missed from the train until Palestine was reached and a late late a telephone message was

## THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA

BALANCE SHEET, 31st DECEMBER, 1906	
Dr.	
To Capital.....	\$4,366,666.67
To 20,000 Shares of \$20 each fully paid:	
To Reserve Fund.....	2,238,666.67
To Deposits and Current Accounts.....	23,691,115.48
To Notes in Circulation.....	2,510,666.67
To Bills Payable and other Liabilities, including Provision for Contingencies.....	15,863,463.70
To Rebate Account.....	11,398.16
To Liability on Endorsements.....	\$17,588.25
To Liability under Guarantee in respect of which no claim is anticipated.....	200,000.00
To Profit and Loss Account—	
Balance brought forward from 30th of June, 1906.....	330,267.33
Dividend paid October 1906.....	146,000.00
Net profit for the half-year ending this date after deducting all current charges and providing for bad and doubtful debts.....	327,339.47
Deduct:	
Transferred to Bank Premises Account.....	297,333.33
Transferred to Reserve Fund.....	97,333.33
Transferred to Officers' Widows' and Orphans' Fund.....	2,500.00
Transferred to Officers' Pension Fund.....	4,836.82
Staff bonus.....	221,466.15
Balance available for April Dividend and Bonus.....	290,106.62
	\$49,961,198.17
Cr.	
By Cash and Specie at Bankers, and in Hand.....	\$4,376,148.22
By Cash at Call and Sight.....	25,844,461.41
By Investments—	
Consols \$200,000 at \$5.1253, \$10.00 National.....	2,510,666.67
\$250,000 at 90.....	219,000.00
Dominion of Canada Bonds \$144,400 at 97.....	1,474,410.00
Other Securities.....	83,064.27
By Bills Receivable, Loans on Security and Other Accounts.....	5,725,729.37
By Bank Premises, etc. in London, and the Branches.....	29,131,778.74
By Deposit with restriction Government required by Act of Parliament for Security of General Bank Note Circulation.....	787,809.00
NOTE—The latest monthly return received from Dawson is that of a country house, 1906, and the figures of that Return are introduced into this account. The balance of the transactions for December with that Branch has been carried to a suspense account, pending the receipt of the December accounts.	162,892.75
	\$49,961,198.17

We have examined the above Balance Sheet with the Books in London, and the Certified Returns from the Branches and find it to present a true statement of the Bank's affairs.

EDWIN WATERHOUSE,  
GEORGE SENEATIS (of Price, Waterhouse & Co., Chartered Accountants),  
Auditors.

London, 22nd February, 1907.

### AN IMPORTANT LEGAL DECISION

The Evidence of Witnesses in Liquor Selling Cases in P. E. Island.

A week or more ago Hugh Morrison and Hartley Simms, two young men residing at Kensington, P. E. I., were summoned to appear as witnesses in a prohibition case. The young men obeyed the summons but absolutely refused to give evidence of a convicting nature against the hotel man charged with violation of the prohibition act, claiming that it was interfering with their liberties as freemen and British subjects. They further contended that not being drunkards nor addicted to the excessive use of liquor, they were not competent witnesses for examination in such cases, and that calling them to be used in prohibition cases was worrying, annoying and vexatious. The magistrates committed them for contempt of court and they applied immediately for their discharge under the habeas corpus act. The judge who heard the case decided that it was not contempt of court to refuse on reasonable grounds to answer questions in court, asked either by counsel or justice, and he believed that the young men had no right to answer the questions put to them by the magistrate. Accordingly he ordered the immediate discharge of the young men from custody. Under this, the very latest ruling of the Supreme Court in the prohibition province, it may be in the future quite a hardship to secure witnesses to carry into full force and effect the prohibition law.

### HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by F. J. Cheney's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.  
We the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last 18 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

WALDING, KINMAN & MARVIN,  
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.  
Cheney's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acts directly upon the blood and mucous surface of the system. Testimonials sent free. 50 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.  
F. J. Cheney's Family Pills for constipation.

### Avalanche of Snow

(St. John's News, March 19)  
From passengers who arrived by last night's train, further particulars were learned of the destruction caused by the avalanche at Foothills Cove, Burin, on Tuesday last. The snow slide occurred about dinner hour, and all the residents of the place were at their homes. There had been no previous warning, and when the hundreds of tons of snow, ice and stones started from the mountain, which towers above the settlement, there was a thunderous noise, and two houses that stood at the foot were completely buried before the inmates could escape. The neighbors were soon on the scene and at work rescuing the unfortunate ones. After six hours incessant labor the last person was taken from the debris. William Mayo and wife, two of the victims, were badly burned by the upsetting of a stove, and will come on here for treatment at the hospital. The two houses were completely destroyed and it is miraculous that a tragedy did not follow.

### Heart Palpitation Cured

Just like purgatory to be started out of a sound sleep by the thumping of your heart. Don't be scared, it's only the result of acute indigestion which ten days of Nervine cures instantly. Heaps of worry and sickness saved by keeping Nervine handy. For stomach and bowel troubles it's a wonder worker. In sick headaches and minor ills, no doctor can give better advice than just "Nervine." For general family use a 25c. bottle of Nervine is the best; try it for any ache, pain or bruise and you'll never use anything else.

### RESEMBLED ONE ANOTHER

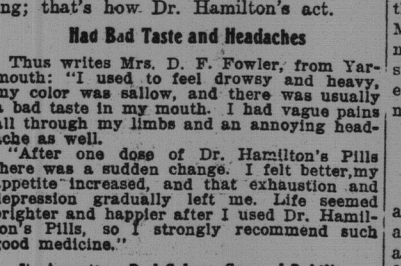
Three brothers bearing a remarkable resemblance to one another were in the habit of patronizing a local barber. One day the youngsters of then entered the shop on his way to school, and his hair was duly cut and trimmed by a German assistant, who had only been employed in the establishment for one or two days. At noon another brother visited the shop and underwent a similar operation. In the evening the third brother made his appearance, and then the German dropped his scissors in astonishment, and exclaimed—"Mine gracious, but dot boy is a good guttuner. His hair now so fast cut he come three times today."

### LOGICAL ENGLISH

I paused to talk with a fishmonger "fishmonger," said I, pleasantly, "why do you fishmonger?"  
He answered with a cordial smile: "I fishmonger because my father fishmonger before me."

### FOR A RECESS WINDOW

The little sketch shows a pretty model for a recess window for the summer home, also a gracefully shaped settee and chair in wicker. The sketch was taken from the living-room of a country house and may offer some suggestions to those interested in home furnishings. Wicker furniture has come new and more into favor during the last few years, and many of the pieces to be had, particu-



larly in chairs, are quite handsome enough for the making of living-rooms, libraries and even drawing-rooms, especially when the house is of the suburban type of architecture and the furnishings of the rooms are not too formal.

Many of the most attractive pieces in wicker are stained a deep, rich green, the chairs, settees, etc., having seats and cushions covered with artistically colored bright cretoms or tapestry. The dark brown and mahogany color stains are also excellent.

In doing over wicker furniture that has been varnished, the new stain or enamel cannot be applied until the various pieces have first been gone over with a strong solution of soda water or a varnish remover.

BEATRICE CAREY.

### LOGICAL ENGLISH

I paused to talk with a fishmonger "fishmonger," said I, pleasantly, "why do you fishmonger?"  
He answered with a cordial smile: "I fishmonger because my father fishmonger before me."

"And have you been fishmonging long?" I asked further.

"Yes," was the reply. "I have fishmonged for seven years come Michaelmas."

"You are a worthy fishmonger," I responded, "and I am sure you always among the best of fish."—Carolyn Wells in Life.

## A Proven Cure For Indigestion

A healthy stomach does two things, 1st—gives up enough gastric juice to digest food—and 2nd—churns food, by means of its muscular action, until digestive

they give you a healthy stomach. "Fruit-a-tives" actually strengthen the muscles of the stomach—increase the power of the churning movement—and also enable the stomach to excrete sufficient gastric juice to completely digest every meal.

"Fruit-a-tives" also cure the Constipation and Biliousness with which so many Dyspeptics suffer.

"Fruit-a-tives" are intensified fruit juices, combined with tonics and antiseptics—and are an infallible cure for all Stomach Troubles. Try them. 50c. a box—\$3 for \$2.50. At all dealers or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Thousands have been cured of Indigestion and Dyspepsia by "Fruit-a-tives" alone.

Then you have Indigestion—Heartburn—Distress after Eating—Sour Stomach—Headaches—and finally chronic Dyspepsia.

"Fruit-a-tives" cure Indigestion and Dyspepsia because

The Scotch of the Scotch

KING EDWARD VII. SCOTCH

"Good for Kings, good for you." Distilled on the estate of the Duke of Argyle by

James Watson & Co. Distillers, Argyleshire.

Do not be deceived. Accept no Substitute

If you need an energetic stimulant, a force producer, a blood making wine. Take

VIN ST. MICHEL

(St. Michael's Wine)

Endorsed and highly recommended by the medical profession, throughout the world, as a positive and rapid cure for Anemia, Debility, Weakness, Dyspepsia, etc. Count St. Michel Tonic Wine has never failed to bring immediate relief and is a positive cure even in the most desperate cases.

Our 25,000 testimonials prove its success. Vin St. Michel is the essence of Health.

Boivin, Wilson & Co., Montreal, Sole Agents for America.

Eastern Drug Co., Agents for the United States, Boston, U. S. A.

Wholesale by McIntyre & Company, Ltd., Montreal & Quebec, Richard Sullivan & Co., J. O'Regan and all Wholesale Druggists.

TRY

Times Want Ads.

FOR HOUSEHOLD HELP.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Broadhurst, 65 Shuter street, announce the marriage of their daughter, Florence, to Mr. Bernard Clinton Grant, of Montreal, formerly of Woodstock, N. B., to take place on April 3—Montreal Witness.

Mrs. Felix Hebert, of Edmundston (N. B.), accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. P. W. Hebert, whom she is visiting at 66 Hazen street, left this week to visit friends in Buctouche and Memramook, and to see her son, George, who is attending St. Joseph's college.



THE EVENING TIMES, ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, MARCH 23, 1907

## DOWLING BROS.

The Largest Retailers of Ladies' Coats, Jackets and Waist in the Maritime Provinces.

## NEW SPRING COATS,

In Ladies' Misses' and Children's Sizes

The New Spring Coats and Jackets are still coming along—New Styles and New Designs in Tweed effects are arriving daily.

Each group presents an originality and beauty quite different from the coats that preceded it, and we don't believe there's so good a display anywhere else in town.

Call and look them over—you may be quite sure you're welcome.

## DOWLING BROTHERS,

95 and 101 King Street.

## BARGAINS

## Rubber Boots.

Beginning tomorrow, Saturday morning, we intend giving the public an opportunity to procure for the slushy weather some genuine bargains in Rubber Boots.

150 Pairs of Women's "MALTESE CROSS" first quality Rubber Boots, black wool lined toe caps. All Sizes 2 1/2 to 7 at \$2.00 A PAIR. Not in the Dominion can this boot be bought less than \$2.50.

48 Pairs of Men's Pure Gum Short Rubber Boots, Double Sole. Sizes 6, 7 and 8 at \$2.40. These are also "MALTESE CROSS" make.

12 Pairs Men's Short Snag Proof Pure Gum Rubber Boots, No. 8 only. Regular price \$4.75 to be sold at \$3.75 a pair.

Be on hand early as bargains like these are soon snapped up.

Waterbury &amp; Rising

KING STREET.

UNION STREET.

## SALE OF SHIRT WAISTS

We have placed on sale today, a small lot of slightly mussed Waists. There is just sixty-one in the lot, the regular prices of which were from

\$1.25 to \$1.85.

In order to clear these quickly, you can have your choice for

69 Cents.

Come and get a genuine bargain.

S. W. McMACKIN,

No. 335 Main Street. Telephone No. 600.

## ANDERSON'S DERBY HATS.

Like the Period After a Sentence

Your Hat is the Final Mark; it expresses your Good Taste and Breeding to a dot. You can hold your head higher when under one of our New Spring Styles. "BEST IN AMERICA."

Pure Fur Felt used and every Hat guaranteed. See our Easter Styles.

Young Men's Specials... \$2.00 and 2.50.

ANDERSON &amp; CO., 17 Charlotte Street.

## Meat Department.

Chickens, Fowls, Ducks, Turkeys, Tender Roast Beef and Steak, Williams' Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon (acknowledged the best on the market.)

Use our 'phone, 783.

F. E. WILLIAMS CO., Ltd.

Cor. Charlotte and Princess Sts.



\$5.00.

BEST VALUE EVER OFFERED.

We Make the Best \$5.00 Gold Crown in the City.

Teeth without Plates... \$5.00

Gold Filling from... \$1.00

Silver and other Filling from... 50c

Teeth Extracted Without Pain... 25c

Consultation... FREE.

THE FAMOUS HALE METHOD.

Boston Dental Parlors.

## THIS EVENING

Every Day Club meets as usual. Myrtle-Harder Co. in "Wronged" at the Opera House.

Special meeting of the Neptune Rowing Club at their rooms at 8 o'clock. Marathon Hockey Club dinner at White's.

Vaudeville at Keith's Theatre. Band and races at Queen's Rollaway.

## THE WEATHER

Forecast—West to north wind, fresh until night. Fair and mild today and on Sunday.

LATE LOCALS

Steamship Ionian, of the Allan line, will sail this afternoon for Liverpool direct.

Thos. V. May returned home on the Boston train at noon.

The street railway line on the west side has been cleared of snow and the cars are running today as usual.

Capt. J. Harvey Weston, of the May Queen, is in the city seeing about the repairs being made to the steamer.

Pilot boat David Lynch received a new forecast today in place of the one lost in the recent gale and is off on a cruise again.

Capt. J. H. Pratt leaves this evening for Lynn, Mass., where he will probably reside. Mrs. Pratt is still quite ill at a hospital in Lynn.

C. P. R. steamship Empress of Britain, Capt. Murray, sailed from Liverpool yesterday with 1500 passengers. The steamer will call at Halifax with the Royal mails.

David M. Travis, aged 70 years, a native of St. John, N. B. died at the City House, Halifax on Thursday night. The remains will be sent to Brookfield, N. B. for interment.

The case of Tooke Bros. vs. Brock & Paterson, Ltd., and E. W. Patterson, was resumed in the Equity court this morning, when taking of evidence was continued.

Sir Thomas Shaughnessy spent the morning in looking over the various departments of the C. P. R. Atlantic division. He will leave for Montreal this evening.

A meeting of the salaries committee of the common council has been called for Monday afternoon 3 o'clock. The matter of increase in the policemen's pay will probably be discussed.

The catch basins at the corner of Charlotte and Britain, Orange and Carmarthen, Leinster and Sydney and Pitt and Mecklenburg streets, are reported as cleaned up.

Police Sergeant Baxter was called to John Swan's house on St. James street, yesterday, to prevent a breach of the peace while Robert Wirrell was getting his trunk out of the house.

Tug Maggie M., Capt. Mowrey, will be ready for work in the harbor on Monday or Tuesday. The hull and boilers were inspected this week and everything found satisfactory.

The Y. W. C. T. U. held an enjoyable at home in their hall on Germain street, Tuesday evening. A short programme was carried out after the progress of the games were played and refreshments served. Miss Edith Maxwell, Miss Hazel Babcock and Mr. Swanton won the prizes.

William Hurley, who has charge of Dr. March's quarantine launch, lost his balance yesterday while pushing the launch off from Reed's Point, and fell into the water. As he could not swim, John Corlyn jumped in after him and brought him to the steps.

Twelve burial permits were issued by the board of health during the present week, as follows: Phthisis, three; meningitis and congestion of lungs, two each; old age, insanity, premature birth, whooping cough and pleuropneumonia, one each.

## RUNAWAYS

A horse owned by W. H. Hayward ran away yesterday, passing down Princess and Carmarthen streets to St. James street, where it was caught by Patrolman J. H. Ross. No damage resulted.

A horse attached to a sleigh, owned by Fred E. Marano, ran away on Mill street, yesterday, and was captured by L. S. Peters. No serious damage resulted.

## AUCTIONS

The Roy Baird property, situated on Princess street, was sold at auction today to H. H. Pickett for \$2,400.

The Leonard property, situated on Canterbury street, was sold at auction for city taxes to F. L. Roderick for \$332.

## K. of P. INSPECTION

The annual inspection of the two local lodges of the Uniform Rank Knights of Pythias, was held in Castle Hall, Germain street, last evening. Adjutant Alfred Dodge was the inspecting officer, and was accompanied by Col. Moulson and Lieut. Col. LeB. Wilson. After inspecting the companies, the officers were installed, and remarks of a complimentary nature to the officers and knights were made by the adjutant, and Colonels Moulson and Wilson. At the conclusion of the ceremonies a programme of dances was enjoyed and refreshments served. The officers of the three subordinate lodges and ladies were guests at the function.

## THE KNOCKER

The number of persons who have fallen down in the wet and slush on Charlotte street, between King and Union streets, recently, could not easily be computed. Their experience was not due to over-indulgence in liquor, but to the disgraceful state of the street and sidewalks. Perhaps it is an invidious distinction to select Charlotte street—for there are others. And yet there are aldermen and civic officials moving about town all the time, fully aware of the conditions. This is not the first winter and spring in civic experience. It is well known that funds are needed for special work at this season of the year. Some day the city may be governed by the commission, on business principles, and money now wasted in summer will be reserved for useful purposes in the winter and spring.

## H. F. COOMBS AND HIS BOAT

Montreal Witness Makes Some Comment on St. John Man's Invention.

(Montreal Witness.)

H. F. Coombs, of St. John, New Brunswick, has for years been engaged in trying to secure legislation which would prevent the sending of ships to sea unless provided with a sufficient number of good, sound boats, always ready provisioned and fitted up with life-saving appliances, so as to afford the largest possible safety. In a pamphlet addressed "To the Human" he also advocates a stringent law and regulations under which unseaworthy, rotten vessels could be detained. Every year, he complains, too many of the same old story. Vessels are built and sent to sea regardless of dangers ahead. Mr. Coombs mentions instance after instance of this, and it is common knowledge. Life-saving stations in Great Britain and the United States have demonstrated that thousands of lives would be saved by the use of proper appliances, and it is Mr. Coombs' aim in life to approximate to such conditions on vessels at sea. The way to do this, he thinks, is to make it compulsory to provide all ships with a sufficient number of boats fitted with air chambers, these boats to have boxes in them, securely fastened and kept filled with food and water, a compass and sails, ears securely chained to the boat, metal rowlocks, a can of oil and some simple compact signalling apparatus; lastly, a few iron rods fastened lengthwise to the bottom of the boats to assist in righting in the case of capsizing, or, as a last resort, to help in climbing upon the bottom of a boat. With these, a boat, if not picked up by a passing ship, would have a good chance to reach a port of safety. Mr. Coombs is the inventor of boats of this description, and such an authority as Mr. A. M. Smith, of Collingwood, said long ago: "I have examined the life-saving appliances for ships' boats invented by Mr. Coombs, and, as far as my judgment goes, I think it would be a wise and humane action if the government would make it compulsory on shipowners to have the attachment on all or some of their lifeboats." Mr. Coombs, it may be said, does not seek any personal gain, and is willing to abandon without fee or other reward any patents he may now have if only legislation can be obtained whereby so much needless loss of life at sea may be prevented. Without presuming to judge which is the best means to take for such an end, there is not the slightest doubt but that some "Pimoli" legislation is urgently necessary on this point. Mr. Coombs, as such a horror as the "General" and the "Larchmont" wrecks terribly prove.

## JAMES BRYCE TO VISIT OTTAWA

Various Matters in Dispute Between Canada and United States To Be Discussed By Him.

NEW YORK, March 22—James Bryce, the British ambassador in the city to-day on his way to Ottawa, where he will be Earl Grey's guest.

It is semi-officially announced that Ambassador Bryce's visit to the dominion capital at this time is to better in several ways the relations between the United States and Canada. Mr. Bryce is going to Ottawa for the purpose of obtaining the final views of the Canadian government with respect to the settlement of the various questions pending between that government and the United States. He is equipped with instructions from his government to discuss a conference late yesterday afternoon with the president and Secretary Root he was apprised of the attitude of this country.

Among matters to be considered are tariff reciprocity; preservation of Niagara Falls, and determination of rights of Canadian and American waterways to take water from the lakes for domestic and sanitary purposes; the preservation of the seal herd in Behring Sea; the regulation of the fisheries in the great lakes and off Atlantic and Pacific coasts; revision of the agreement of 1817, respecting naval vessels on the lakes; definition and marking of any part of the frontier line now insufficiently defined and open to dispute; transit of merchandise from either country across intermediate territory of the other; transit of merchandise from one country to the other; application of alien labor laws to the citizens of the United States and Canada; reciprocal mining rights with authorization of miners of each country to operate in the territory of the other; conveyance of prisoners in the custody of officers of one country through the territory of the other; reciprocity in wrecking and salvage rights; use of logging boom on the St. John River; disposition of a considerable number of pecuniary claims held by the citizens of one country against the other; exemption of Canadians temporarily entering the United States from the head tax, and relief of Canadian vessels from the requirement to produce bills of health.

John Northrup, son of James A. Northrup, 129 Adelaide street, was taken to the isolation hospital yesterday morning suffering from a very mild type of smallpox. The usual precautions were promptly taken, the house was disinfected and those living there vaccinated.

Sir—Will you permit a mere man to enter a protest? I was coming up Mill street yesterday afternoon at a time when young women employed in industrial establishments were going home from work. They were walking three and four abreast, and without a particle of consideration for my none too well shod feet, they pushed me into the gutter. I respect the ladies. I recognise that, under modern conditions, they must work, even if they reduce the wages paid to man, and, as it were, take the bread out of his mouth. But why should they also amuse the sidewalk, as I have seen them do time after time? If a man leans against the wall and expectorates on the sidewalk, he is "a beast." What shall we say of the women who crowd us into the gutter? I admire the fairer sex. I honor them. But, please, give us half the road.

A MERE MAN.

## MACAULAY BROS. &amp; CO.

## Ladies' Rubber-Silk Raincoats!

DRESSY FOR RAIN OR SHINE.

Just like silk, light in weight, never crush—a perfect dress protector for rain or dust. They are the best Travelling or Driving Coat ever brought out for ladies. Colors: Brown, Grey, Dark Blue and Black.

NOVI-MODI COSTUMES, in Tweed, Plain Cloths and Panama Weaves. Novi-Modi have a style about them that no other ready-to-wear garments possess.

LADIES' TWEED COATS for Spring. Just as required after the fur garments are put off for the season. These coats in long or short.

## MACAULAY BROS. &amp; CO.

## CORSET SALE

49c. Pair.



This is a special offer, so don't miss it.

Corsets are made of fine Batiste, steel filled, and nicely trimmed with lace and ribbon. All sizes in the following shapes:—Short and long waist, long hip, habit hip and military girdle.

I. CHESTER BROWN, - - 32 and 36 KING SQUARE

NOW IS THE TIME TO SELECT THE MATERIAL FOR—

## Your Spring Dress or Costume!

In our Dress Goods Department you will find a complete lot of Tweeds, Homespuns, Mohairs, Panamas, Crepes, Henriettas, Venetians, Broad, Satin Cloths, Voiles, Eolliennes, Etc.

In our Tweed and Homespuns you will find a large range of colors particularly the Grey, Fawn, Green and Blue effects.

Stripes Checks and Plaids are very popular, and we have them. The prices start at 25c. and go up to \$1.75 yard.

Come and see our goods. No trouble to show them.

ROBERT STRAIN &amp; CO., 27 and 29 Charlotte St.

## Reduction Sale

## CHAMBER SETS.

We have a few lines which we will clear out this week to make room for our Spring shipments at much below cost price.

\$1.60 Sets, \$1.10.

2.25 Sets, 1.50.

4.00 Sets, 2.75.

Neatly colored patterns.

W. H. HAYWARD CO., LIMITED,

85, 87, 89, 91, 93 Princess St.

## HOME PAINTING

is easily done with a brush and can of our LIQUID PAINT.

Pure Liquid Paint, all colors, - - 10c. per lb.

Japanese Enamel, - - - - 25c. " tin

Japanese Enamel, for baths, - 30c. " "

Varnish Stains, - - 20, 30 and 50c.

BRUSHES OF ALL KINDS.

W. H. THORNE &amp; CO., Ltd.

Market Square, St. John, N. B.

## Dressy Little Items for Easter

Dainty Neckwear and Scarfs, Fine Gloves, Belts, Hand Bags, Handkerchiefs, Etc.

## SPRINGTIME NECKWEAR

comprising the most recent departures in Stock Collars, made up most daintily in silks, laces and novelty wash materials. A fetching collection in white and evening colors. Plain collars and elaborated patterns, introducing the most recent whims of Fashion to the smallest detail. 25c. to \$4.75.

## LIGHTWEIGHT SCARFS

in Crepe de Chine in plain colors and delectable effects, filmy, gauzy neckwraps, which add freshness and dresy to a winter garment and prettily complete an Easter toilet. \$1.00 to \$6.00 each.

## LACE COLLARS

A gorgeous collection in a maze of unique patterns, also Plastrons, Jabots and Chemisettes. This is a special importation from Trans-Atlantic and American markets for early spring buyers and embraces the richest assortment shown for a long while. 35c. to \$6.00 each.

## RELIABLE KID GLOVES

in such world famous brands as Dent's (English), Reynier's and Perrin's (French), known in every part of the globe as the best made. The Spring styles introduce a wide range of colorings from palest tints to deepest tones. Two to Eighteen Button lengths, lace, suede and undressed finish. Misses', children's and boys' gloves as well. A gift glove-box free. 75c. to \$3.25.

## BELTS and HAND BAGS

In the leather goods department, we are showing a large variety of silk and Leather Belts in various degrees of elaboration. New models, new colorings, new trimming schemes. The handbags are in seal, walrus, French dolphin, etc., a very smart collection. Moderate Prices.

Lawn and Linen Handkerchiefs in Endless Variety and at All Prices

Front Store  
MANCHESTER ROBERTSON ALLISON, Ltd

