

The Herald

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Sir Robert's Inspiring Appeal

The inspiring appeal of Sir Robert Borden our honored Premier, to the Dominion for service in the hour of trial, is one of the most notable utterances Canadians have ever heard.

On every side the Premier's statesmanlike appeal has been received with warmest approval. Also, on every side, can be found nothing but the bitterest sort of condemnation for the action of Laurier, the partizan.

To quote the Premier: "The climax of the war is rapidly approaching. The last hundred thousand men that Canada will place in the fighting line may be the deciding factor in a struggle the issue of which will determine the destiny of this Dominion, and of our Empire and of the whole world."

There is an imperative call to sacrifice, a call in which all parties and all divisions of thought should have joined. Sir Robert Borden has voiced it, if Canadians fail to respond the shame and the responsibility for what may come will rest upon them.

important work Canada has ever faced. Sir Robert Borden's appeal merits and demands the cooperation of all Canadians without division.

This clarion call to duty, published in another column of this day's HERALD, should be carefully perused by all lovers of our country, our Empire and our flag.

Numerous proofs have been afforded the public of the approval of Sir Robert's appeal, irrespective of political considerations. The Toronto Globe, the leading Liberal Newspaper in English in Canada, ignores Sir Wilfrid's expressed reasons for refusal; but is emphatic in its approval of Sir Robert Borden, as the true interpreter of the real sentiments of the country.

Canada has drawn the sword in a righteous cause, and that sword will not return to its scabbard until the foul monster that has drenched Europe with blood has paid the uttermost penalty. Canada has no reason to be ashamed of the part she has played in this war, but she can not rest satisfied.

Hon. Pierre Blondin has done well in Quebec. Already recruiting in that Province shows a material increase, due to the patriotic efforts of such men as the Secretary of State. Mr. Blondin has been urging the French Canadians of Quebec to fight for the Allied cause.

An Old Country newspaper a statement that the French-Canadians were not sympathetic with the cause of the Allies. Mr. Blondin said this—"I do not know how such a false impression could have been gained unless it is through the writings of a certain Bourassa who has taken up an attitude in Canada which is inimical to the interests of France."

Bourassa and Laurier

In his letter to his cousin, Capt. Talbot Papiéanu, of the Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry, explaining his attitude on the war, Henri Bourassa justifies the position he has taken by maintaining that he stands today where Sir Wilfrid Laurier stood in the past.

"In 1896 your Liberal leaders and friends stumped the whole of the Province of Quebec with the cry: 'Why should we fight for England?' From 1902 to 1911 Sir Wilfrid Laurier was acclaimed by them as the indomitable champion of Canadian autonomy against British Imperialism.

Unfortunately, Bourassa was fortified by history when he wrote these words. Indeed since the days of Bourassa's grandfather, Papiéanu, who was the founder of the Liberal party in Quebec, French-Canadian Liberals have always preached what it is convenient to call Nationalist doctrine with reference to participation in the wars of the Empire.

Progress Of The War.

Ottawa, Oct 25.—Lieutenant-General Sir Sam Hughes has received the following report from the Canadian War records office: Canadian Corps Headquarters, Oct. 22, via London, Oct 25.—The mystery of the Regina trench is solved.

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protected by heavy wire entanglements, but the line ran, for the greater part, below the crest of the intervening ground, and could be reconnoitered only by night.

Paris, Oct. 25, via London.—Three successive counter-attacks by the Germans north of Verdun, in the region of Haudromont and Douaumont, were repulsed by the French today, says the bulletin issued by the war office tonight. The prisoners taken by the French now exceed 4,500.

London, Oct. 26.—The communication from British headquarters in France issued tonight reads: "This morning, after a bombardment, the enemy delivered an attack against Staff redoubt. He was driven off with considerable losses, our artillery proving very effective.

Paris, Oct. 27.—A German carrier pigeon was captured by the French at Fort. Douaumont during the fighting in the region of Verdun on Tuesday. It carried the following message: "The rolling fire of the enemy with guns of the heaviest calibre is such that sectors C and H are to a great extent levelled."

Bucharest, Oct. 27, via London, 4.30 p. m.—Russo-Romanian troops are engaged in successful fighting along the Rumanian Transylvanian frontier, according to today's war office announcement. Austro-German attacks in the Tulgheas and Biaz regions and in the Trotus Valley were repulsed, while in the Uzul Valley the Rumanian advance is continuing.

London, Oct. 28.—The following official communication was issued by the war office today: "The heavy raid continued during the day. Hostile artillery and trench mortars were active between La Bassée and Halluich and in the neighborhood of Beaumont and Hemet. We bombarded enemy trenches south of Armentières."

Petrograd, Oct. 29, via London.—The offensive which was opened by the Austro-German forces on the Russo-Romanian lines near the junction of the frontiers of Bukovina, Transylvania, Rumania, has been checked, the war office announces today. The hostile attacks, delivered in the region of Negri south of Dorna Watra, were re-

pulsed by the fire of the defenders. The official statement reads:

Bucharest, Oct. 29, via London.—Along the Rumanian-Transylvanian front the Rumanians and Russians are more than holding their own against the Austro-German armies at some points, according to today's war office announcement. Retirement of the Tentic troops have been forced in one sector north of Campolung and the Jiu Valley, where two howitzer batteries were captured by the Rumanians.

Paris, via London, Oct. 29.—The bulletin issued by the war office tonight says: "South of the Somme, after a violent bombardment, the Germans, at three o'clock in the afternoon, attacked our positions north and south of La Maissonette, using liquid fire. Our barrage and machine gun fire broke the attacks and threw the enemy back into the original trenches."

London, Oct. 29.—The bulletin from British headquarters in France issued tonight reads: "We made a further advance this morning northeast of Lesbœufs and captured another trench. The enemy shelled heavily various parts of our front. South of the Anece and elsewhere, beyond intermittent shelling and trench mortar activity, there is nothing to report."

London, Oct. 29.—Prisoners taken in yesterday's operations northeast of Lesbœufs were two officers and 138 other ranks, says the British official statement of today on operations along the western front. "During the night there was nothing to report."

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This being the Feast of All Saints, in addition to the Mission Masses, a solemn High Mass was celebrated in the Cathedral at 10 o'clock. Rev. Frank McQuaid was celebrant, Rev. Father Herrell deacon, Rev. Dr. Hughes subdeacon and Rev. Maurice McDonald Master of ceremonies.



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Advertisements for professional services including Job Work, Barristers, Attorneys, Physicians, and Note Books of Hand.

Local and Other Items
Word comes from Moncton that Mr. T. B. Grady, Summer side has been appointed Superintendent of the P. E. I. Railway in succession to Horace M. Ewen Esq.
His Holiness Pope Benedict has sent to Cardinal Gibbons contribution of \$2000 to head list of contributions in the United States for the assistance of the children of Belgium.

