

# The Union Advocate

VOL. XLVIX

NEWCASTLE, N. B., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 5 1916

NO. 15

# \$5,000

## STOCK OF

# BOOTS and SHOES

To be sold regardless of COST

## FIFTEEN DAY SALE

COMMENCING

# SATURDAY, APR. 1

and ending Saturday, April 15th.

Having lately taken over the Russell & Morrison Boot and Shoe Department, we have decided to clear out all present stock, to make room for new goods, which will include some of the best Canadian makes of Men's, Boys', Ladies', Misses' and Children's Boots and Shoes, etc.

Here are Some Leaders:

All Ladies Low Shoes at Half Price  
Ladies' 4.50 and 5.00 lace and button boots **2.79**

All Men's Low Shoes at Half Price  
Men's Hartt lace and button boots **3.99**  
Regular \$6.00 clearing at

Other Makes Regular \$5.00 and \$5.50 clearing at **3.79**

Men's Working Boots, \$4.00 and \$4.50 **2.50**

This is an opportunity of a life-time to get a genuine bargain in the above first class goods.

SEE PRICE TAGS IN OUR WINDOW

# WALTER AMY

SAME STAND IN RUSSELL & MORRISON BUILDING, NEWCASTLE.

## Field Comforts Society, Bay du Vin

Bay du Vin Ladies Have Live Organization Working for the Soldiers Overseas

The ladies of Bay du Vin met at the home of Mrs. Phineas Williston on Jan. 27th for the purpose of organizing a society to work for "Our Soldiers" at the front.

Since our organization, under the name of "Field Comforts Society" we have devised, and carried out to some extent, plans for the raising of funds. We are engaged chiefly with knitting and shipping socks to any soldiers, whose address we may obtain. The following officers were elected:

Miss C. C. Breen—President.  
Mrs. Wathen Williston, Vice-Præs.  
Mrs. Phineas Williston—Dorcas.  
Miss Minnie Williston, Treasurer.  
Miss Victoria Williston, Secretary.

The following is our report for February:

Taken in during quarter	\$22.10
Paid out during quarter	20.45
On hand at end of quarter	\$1.65

Detailed Receipts

Cash for tickets on watch Feb	\$10.50
Fees from members	4.10
Donations from members	3.75
Donations From Friends	
Miss L. E. Williston	1.25
Mr. T. H. Williston	1.00
Mr. F. F. Fowlie	1.00
Mr. E. B. Williston	1.50
Total	\$22.10
Paid to Dorcas	20.45
Amount on hand	\$1.65
Rec'd in donation	2.95
Proceeds of bean supper	66.78
Amount on hand	\$71.38

The following donations are gratefully acknowledged:

A friend, 2 prs. socks; Miss Annie Williston, 1 pair mittens; Mrs. Patrick Carroll, 1 pair socks.  
Donated for sale at Bean Supper: Mrs. Barber Williston, 1 apron; Mrs. Harrison Smith, 2 1/2 yds. percale; Mrs. Phineas Williston, 2 knitting bags; Mrs. Robert Williston, 4 holders; Mrs. Patrick Carroll, 2 aprons; Mrs. Noble Williston, 1 apron; Mrs. Park, Newcastle, 1 cushion top.

## Donald Fraser, Sr. Died Sunday

Head of the Largest Lumber Business in Eastern Canada

Rose from the Ranks

Fredericton, April 1.—Donald Fraser, one of New Brunswick's greatest captains of industry, passed away at his home here at noon today after less than a week's illness of heart trouble.

Mr. Fraser was a native of Aberdeen, Scotland, and came to this country in 1873 with a large party of immigrants who settled on the Tobique. He followed farming for a short time but, having had some experience at lumbering, it was not long before he became engaged in that kind of work. He purchased a saw mill at River Duchate, Victoria county, and operated it for some years with great success. It was here he laid the foundation of what is now believed to be the largest lumbering and milling business in eastern Canada.

His two sons, on coming of age, joined their father in the business under the name of Donald Fraser & Sons. Business rapidly expanded and is now carried on by three stock companies—Donald Fraser & Sons, the Fraser Lumber Company, and Fraser, Limited. They own and operate mills at Cabano, P. Q., Baker Brook, Edmundston, Plaster Rock and this city carrying on a business which runs into millions of dollars annually. Only recently the concern acquired the Lynch property on the Miramichi. They bought the Hale and Murchie property here three miles from the mouth of the Miramichi. Mr. Fraser made frequent visits to the old land. A few years ago he made a pleasure trip to Australia and New Zealand. He was a man of most generous disposition and contributed liberally to benevolent objects and also to Patriotic and Belgian funds. He was seventy-four years of age and is survived by two sons, Archibald of this city and Donald of Plaster Rock. Mrs. Fraser died some years ago. Two brothers reside in the Antipodes.

## MEMORIAL SERVICE FOR MAJOR BELYEA

Dead Hero Fittingly Honored by The People of His Town and Country--Heartfelt Remarks By Representative Citizens and Military Officers

Newcastle United Baptist church was crowded to the doors Sunday afternoon, when a service was held in memorial of Major W. H. Belyea, second in command of 26th Battalion, C. E. F., born August 2, 1877, killed in action March 20, 1916, in fighting for King and Country upon the battlefields of Flanders.

The 122nd and 73rd paraded in a body, and the Masonic order attended.

The order of service was as follows:

Hymn—Now the Laborer's task is o'er.

Invocation—Rev. W. J. Bate, St. Andrew's church.

Hymn—Lead, Kindly Light

Scripture Reading—Rev. W. J. Bate

Prayer—Rev. Dr. Harrison, Methodist church.

Hymn—Abide With Me.

Addresses:—

Rev. M. S. Richardson, United Baptist church.

Letter from Rev. P. W. Dixon, read by Dr. Harrison.

Rev. S. J. MacArthur, St. James church.

Mayor G. G. Stothart

W. A. Park, Esq.

Hon. John P. Burchill, Lt.-Col. Meserieu, 132nd

Major L. D. Jones, 132nd

Capt. A. L. Barry, 132nd

Capt. (Dr.) Lozier,

Major Cameron, 73rd.

God Save the King

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The choir was a union choir, made up from the choirs of several different churches.

Rev. M. S. Richardson

Rev. M. S. Richardson's address was as follows:

Fellow citizens, fellow Christians, we have met together to honour the memory of one whom we all respected and loved and whose departure is a serious loss to the church, town and our country.

Newcastle has met to welcome home the returned heroes, but now mourn the loss of one of Canada's most gallant sons, Major W. H. Belyea.

We have deep feelings of sympathy for the mourning ones, and I believe I am right in saying that their grief is ours also. The whole town mourns. His many friends of the Province mourn.

The grief is keener to one and all because of the circumstances of his death. It is some consolation to have our dear ones in our home where we can deal gently with them, lay them white robes in death upon spotless linen. But to have no brow to soothe, no lips to moisten, no grave to kneel beside and deck with flowers, no mound to which we can bring the gift of loving tears, seems hard indeed. Let us console ourselves however, with the assurance that on that fatal day when he fell so bravely, tears of warlike men were shed and somebody's loving hands laid him gently in his narrow bed where today he.

"Lies like a warrior taking his rest, With his martial cloak around him."

And he was taken away so young! He was only thirty-eight years of age. But let us again console ourselves with the thought that he lived much during the last few months of his life. He was in the thick of things, helping to shape the destinies of nations. An extract from one of his letters speaks this same thought, he writes—"I heartily agree with you that some of our experiences here are worth years of ordinary life in all that goes to bring out the genuine manhood in humanity."

"Tis true that: "We live in deeds, not years, in thoughts, not breaths, in feelings, not in figures on a dial. We should count life by heart throbs. He most lives Who thinks most, feels the noblest, acts the best."

"Tis true that: "One crowd'd hour of glorious life Is worth an age without a name."

In further analysis of our feelings this afternoon, we find that we not only experience sympathy and grief, but admiration for the life that has gone out from us. We admired that

quiet, easy, yet firm and gentlemanly way he had in doing things. It was in that quiet and easy way he got hold of the hearts of people. Of him it could be truthfully said: "His life was gentle, and the elements so mix'd in him, That nature might stand up and say to all the world, 'This was a man.'"

"Though quiet and unassuming, he was yet a man of action, and impelled to action by the loftiest motives. In his letter before alluded to, he states:—"In his prelude to the 'Clour,' Lord Byron voices my sentiments in comparing the self-seeker with the man of action."

## Last Meeting of Curling Club

Held on Thursday Evening--Cups Presented and Seasons Business Wound Up

The Newcastle Curling Club closed their season's business at their meeting in St. James' Hall Thursday night.

President W. J. Jardine presided. After supper, which was heartily enjoyed, business matters were attended to.

The Treasurer reported \$54.18 on hand.

It was decided to challenge for the McLehlan cup in 1916-17.

The president, Rev. Mr. MacArthur and others very feelingly referred to their late honored fellow member, Major Belyea, and Messrs. MacArthur, Clarke and Lawlor were appointed a committee to draft a resolution of confidence to Mrs. Belyea.

The following trophies were presented:

Club Cup, to John Russell, by the President.

Father Dixon Cup, to R. W. Crocker, by Judge Lawlor.

Brown Cup, to A. H. McKay, by Geo. Stables.

Treen Urn, to R. Galloway, by T. Matthy.

Dickson & Troy Cup, to B. D. Hennessy, by J. H. Troy.

Each recipient present (Messrs. MacKay and Galloway were absent) made a suitable speech on receipt of the trophy.

T. M. Matthy very pleasantly entertained the company with a recitation.

A vote of thanks was extended to Dickson & Troy, and was replied to by Mr. J. H. Troy.

The secretary, Town Clerk Lindon, was presented with a valuable pipe, and made a happy speech in reply.

The gathering adjourned at midnight.

## New Brunswick Patriotic Fund

More Money Needed--Ex-Mayor Morrissey Pledges \$5000 Additional for North's County

The provincial Mayors and Wardens and representatives of the Canadian Patriotic Fund, met with Provincial Organizer Professor Desbarres and Sir Herbert Ames, at Fredericton, March 30th ult. Among the North Shore representatives present were:—Strife C. J. Morrissey, Newcastle; Mayor Andrew and John T. Reid, Campbellton; the Warden of Restigouche; and W. S. Montgomery, Dalhousie.

His Honor Lt.-Gov. Wood presided.

Sir Herbert Ames said that the number of families dependent upon the Patriotic fund had increased from 12,000 at the end of 1914 to 30,000. By summer they would number 40,000. \$8,000,000 or \$9,000,000 would be needed this year. Contributions in N. B. were about \$15,000 a month and payments \$30,000 a month.

There were three ways to meet the situation. The \$250,000 basis could be enlarged to \$400,000, the province to raise it all. Secondly, the payments to soldiers' wives could be reduced. Third, New Brunswick could raise what money she could and depend on the Central Fund for any balance. Sir Herbert said New Brunswick would hardly like to do that.

New Brunswick's population was about 350,000. She should raise \$285,500 to keep up to the average of the rest of the dominion and she might make it \$400,000.

Possible Methods

The speaker then dealt with methods of raising the money. He said that the Central Office had frowned down on the method of general assessment. It would be better for the people to give rather than have it placed in the tax bill.

As far as New Brunswick was concerned, the whole problem was the increasing of subscriptions from \$250,000 to \$400,000. Could the stay at home do us much as the man who had gone to the front? The average paid per family was \$15 per month to each N. B. soldier. If that average was to be kept up \$400,000 would be needed.

He also explained that the surplus in the Central Fund remained steady at about \$2,000,000. It was kept at that figure to meet expenses during the time between the end of the war and the return of the troops who would not all come home together.

Sir Herbert pointed out that

(Continued on page 5)

For Mayor Mr. C. E. Fish is offering for Mayor at the coming election. His card will be found in this issue.

(Continued on page 4)

# Budget Brought Down In The Legislature

## Net Debt Nearly Six Millions--Revenue Over \$1,500,000-- Good Agricultural Chances for N. B.--Censorship of Movies--Miramichi Matters--Urged That School Buildings Come Under Factory Inspector

House of Assembly, March 28th, 1916.  
The House met at three o'clock.  
Captain Tilley presented the report of the Corporation Committee.  
The answers to the inquiries being somewhat numerous.

Hon. Mr. Baxter said he regretted that honorable gentlemen making the inquiries did not take some steps to obtain a little information before hand and make the inquiry afterwards as a bit of trouble would thereby be saved to the members of the Government and their official staffs. Some of the inquiries made were of such a nature as to require a great amount of time to prepare the answer out of all proportion to the value of the information to the general public.

Mr. Dugal gave notice of inquiry as to the report of M. G. Teed, K. C., on the Coby affidavit inquiry.  
Mr. Pelletier gave notice of inquiry as to whether agricultural officials travel by train at reduced rates. Also as to who had been engaged to classify the Crown Lands of New Brunswick; also as to tenders for the construction of the Valley Railway from Gagetown south.

Mr. Dugal pursued to notice moved for a return of the correspondence and all other papers in connection with the purchase of the potatoes for the patriotic gift.

Hon. Mr. Murray said that the papers asked for were in course of preparation, and would be brought down within the next day or two.  
Mr. Dugal gave notice of motion that in view of the findings in Commissioner Chandler's report Mr. A. J. H. Stewart of Gloucester, was not a fit and proper person to have a seat in the House of Assembly.

The House then went into committee. Mr. Murray in the chair, and agreed to the bill to amend the Public Health Act and to incorporate rural telephone companies, with some slight amendments.  
The Companies Act  
Further consideration of a bill respecting companies was then taken up.

Mr. Slipp said he desired once more to urge that the requisite number of incorporators should be reduced from five to three. Since he had referred to that matter when the bill was last in committee he had received communications from several parties approving of the course he suggested.

After some little discussion the Attorney-General assented to Mr. Slipp's suggestion and the section was amended accordingly.  
Clauses were added permitting companies formed for philanthropic, educational, literary or any other non-profit making objects to become incorporated without capital stock, and with these amendments the bill was agreed to.

Censorship of Movies  
The House then took up consideration of a bill to amend the theatres and cinematograph act which provides for the appointment of an additional inspector of picture films.

Mr. Slipp said the members would remember that last year he had drawn attention to the very lax method of inspection which appeared to prevail in the Province, and he had hoped that the discussion which then took place would have caused an improvement in conditions. Films were being passed by the censors which were certainly most detrimental to the minds of children, and certainly could not be described as of much educational value to older people. It appeared to him that the censors either displayed very poor judgment in passing the films that went before them or else many films got by without being censored at all. A few evenings ago he attended a picture show in which the principal features of

**SOUR, ACID STOMACHS,  
GASES OR INDIGESTION**  
Each "Pape's Diasepsin" digests 3000 grains food, ending all stomach misery in five minutes.

Time! In five minutes all stomach distress will go. No indigestion, heartburn, sourness or belching of gas, acid, or eruptions of undigested food, no dizziness, bloating, foul breath or headache.  
Pape's Diasepsin is noted for its speed in regulating upset stomachs. It is the surest, quickest stomach remedy in the whole world and besides it is harmless. Put an end to stomach trouble forever by getting a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diasepsin from any drug store. You realize in five minutes how needless it is to suffer from indigestion, dyspepsia or any stomach disorder. It's the quickest, surest and most harmless stomach doctor in the world.

one of the films was a drunken roger which finished up with a murder. He did not think a picture of that class was fit for children to see, and he could hardly think the censors had approved it.  
Dr. Price said he agreed with the remarks of the honorable member for Queens that certain pictures got by the censors that should not be placed upon exhibition. The proprietors of certain theatres in the city of Moncton had told him that they had refused to show some of the pictures passed by the Board and these theatre proprietors were certainly prepared to go the limit. It was his belief that some of the films passed by the censors had not been examined by the Board. Scenes of riot and murder were most injurious to the young mind and, he knew of instances where children were so impressed by what they had seen in these pictures that when they got home they even reared going up stairs alone, and he believed that in a measure at least the picture houses were somewhat responsible for this regrettable state of affairs. He thought the censors should pay more attention to their duties, and thus avoid placing undesirable pictures before the public.

Capt. Tilley said he often went to picture shows but he didn't see anything to complain of in the pictures which were shown in St. John, although honorable members appeared to be under the impression that everything terrifying came from that city, but there undoubtedly were pictures exhibited in the Province that did not go past the censors. He did not know how the managers of the picture houses got them but he thought that when these pictures were seen and their objectionable features noted the Government should be made acquainted with it.

Mr. Lockhart spoke in defence of the censors whom he said were overworked and underpaid, and from what he knew of them personally, and he knew them all well, not one of them would let a picture go by wilfully.  
Captain Tilley agreed that the censors were not adequately paid for the work they did. Their duties took up a lot of their time and they certainly deserved better remuneration.

Mr. Lockhart said the censors were men not of whom would neglect their work because of the small salary. If they wanted more they would ask for it.  
Hon. Mr. Baxter said that no fee would be adequate unless it was large enough to pay them for their whole time. The work they had to perform was very onerous he admitted and they had scarcely time to go through all the pictures which were put before them. The only remedy would be to appoint extra men.

Mr. Perley asked if the vandeville features were ever censored. He had had the pleasure of attending some of these moving picture theatres where a vandeville was put on and from what he had seen he thought that feature should be censored as much as the films.  
Hon. Mr. Murray said the Government would do all in its power to prevent violence being done to the feelings of the public. He was very much surprised to learn that pictures of the character indicated ever passed the censors. The Government would certainly give attention to the subject, and in the appointment of an additional censor would take every care to see that a suitable man was chosen.

Hon. Mr. Baxter said that no appointment had been made as yet, and possibly the gentleman chosen might have to assist the factory inspector in looking after the theatres generally, for he felt sure that the danger of fire was not appreciated as much as it ought to be.  
Mr. Lockhart asked if any fees were collected from the picture houses for censoring the films which were used there.

Hon. Mr. Baxter said that after July next the houses would have to pay fifty cents a film which would go towards the cost of the salaries of the censors.  
Workingmen's Houses  
Fredericton, March 29--The Municipalities Committee recommended the bill to enable the city of St. John to provide houses for working men, introduced by Mr. Lockhart. Commissioner Potts explained that the idea of the legislation was to improve conditions of the working man's home, to secure for him a better residence and to do away with many of the poorer class of houses, and suggested that \$100,000 be authorized for the work.

Commissioner McLellan thought \$50,000 enough at present. The

House will fix the amount later.  
Hon. Dr. Landry submitted his annual budget. The analysis of the net debt, and the estimates of receipts and expenditures follow:

**ANALYSIS OF NET DEBT 31st OCTOBER, 1915**

Net debt 1915 (public accounts) .....	\$5,782,077.26
Net debt 1914 (public accounts, page A 40) .....	5,596,669.02
Increase net debt 1915 .....	\$185,408.24
During the year the net debt was increased \$397,175.89 and decreased \$211,767.65--net increase \$185,408.24.	

**RECEIPTS ON ORDINARY REVENUE AND ESTIMATES OF 1915 AND ESTIMATES OF 1916**

Service	Estimate 1915	Receipts 1915	Estimates 1916
Dominion subsidies .....	637,976.16	637,976.16	637,976.16
Territorial revenue .....	550,000.00	591,005.14	550,000.00
Territorial N. B. settlement lands .....		1,646.40	
Fees provincial secretary's office .....	31,000.00	20,749.42	19,000.00
Taxes incorporated companies .....	51,000.00	52,383.12	64,000.00
Railway tax .....			50,000.00
Private and local bills .....	500.00	725.00	600.00
Succession duties .....	135,000.00	155,191.63	50,000.00
King's printer .....	3,000.00	2,521.50	2,600.00
School books .....	17,200.00	16,824.18	18,000.00
Liquor licenses .....	43,000.00	44,383.75	44,500.00
Motor vehicles .....	16,000.00	23,116.00	28,000.00
Probate court fund .....	16,500.00	18,013.12	18,500.00
Supreme court fund .....	2,500.00	2,232.25	3,000.00
Provincial hospital .....	31,000.00	34,321.66	34,000.00
Jordan Memorial Sanitarium .....	8,000.00	9,019.96	10,000.00
Factory inspection .....	550.00	586.50	500.00
Sales agriculture live stock .....	1,600.00	183.10	1,600.00
Seed wheat sale of .....	10,000.00	5,570.00	4,400.00
Miscellaneous receipts .....	5,000.00	6,529.55	5,500.00
Wharves one-half cost dominion subsidy .....	5,923.99		5,923.99
	\$1,562,750.15	\$1,634,079.44	\$1,548,100.15
Receipts of 1915 in excess of estimates of 1915 .....		\$68,329.29	
Estimates of 1915 in excess of estimates of 1916 .....			17,650.00

**EXPENDITURE AND ESTIMATE OF 1915 AND ESTIMATE OF 1916**

Service	Estimate 1915	Receipts 1915	Estimates 1916
Administration of justice .....	22,700.00	\$ 27,298.01	\$ 24,350.00
Agriculture .....	47,500.00	47,515.79	48,558.34
Auditor-general .....	3,400.00	3,700.00	3,800.00
Boys' Industrial Home .....	1,500.00	1,500.00	2,700.00
Campbellton relief .....	5,000.00	5,000.00	5,000.00
Colonization roads .....	3,000.00	4,830.72	4,000.00
Crown land classification .....	1,200.00	1,160.00	
Commission to investigate crown land and railway charges .....	4,300.00	12,293.75	2,000.00
Canadian patriotic fund .....		12,500.00	12,500.00
Contingencies departments .....	20,600.00	22,054.93	19,100.00
Exhibitions .....	10,000.00	9,824.87	10,000.00
Elections .....	1,000.00	948.69	
Executive government .....	45,500.00	44,615.74	47,141.66
Education .....	278,450.00	282,891.00	284,500.00
Factory inspector .....	3,185.00	3,172.72	1,850.00
Fish, forest and game .....	30,000.00	31,005.48	30,000.00
Farm settlement board .....	1,800.00	862.48	1,500.00
Free grants .....	1,000.00	995.83	534.52
Guarantee bonds government officials .....	800.00	721.88	800.00
Interest .....	350,000.00	325,637.49	365,000.00
Immigration .....	10,700.00	10,680.11	10,000.00
Jordan Memorial Sanitarium .....	25,000.00	33,990.35	25,000.00
Liquor license fund .....	27,000.00	28,693.19	27,000.00
Legislative assembly .....	29,658.75	30,021.40	27,583.75
Legislative library .....	800.00	769.99	600.00
Legislation, uniformity of .....	250.00		250.00
Mining .....	2,000.00	1,938.21	2,000.00
Moving Picture censors .....	1,000.00	1,025.00	1,000.00
Maritime Home for Girls .....		101.61	500.00
N. B. Historical Society .....	125.00	125.00	125.00
N. B. Rifle Association .....	300.00	300.00	
Natural history societies .....	600.00	600.00	600.00
Probate fee fund .....	13,500.00	13,457.37	13,500.00
Printing .....	16,100.00	16,590.38	15,100.00
Provincial Hospital maintenance .....	91,000.00	92,375.84	90,000.00
Pensions school teachers .....	7,000.00	7,498.04	7,700.00
Public Health .....	15,200.00	14,834.29	12,000.00
Provincial Committee of the Military hospitals commission .....			2,000.00
Public works--			
Ordinary bridges .....		149,788.23	
Roads .....	200,000.00	179,919.57	285,000.00
Public buildings .....	45,000.00	44,418.57	31,000.00
Steam navigation .....	24,000.00	21,477.00	32,000.00
Wharves .....	3,000.00	4,632.10	1,000.00
Miscellaneous .....	5,000.00	5,377.45	5,000.00
Motor vehicles .....	2,000.00	2,040.40	3,200.00
Road and surveys settlement, lands .....	800.00		
Revisors .....	1,800.00	1,930.64	1,870.00
Refunds .....	600.00	955.16	2,000.00
Railway Auditor and general accountant .....			1,250.00
Stampage collection .....	28,000.00	31,861.06	24,000.00
Succession duties .....	6,250.00	6,826.89	2,500.00
School books .....	16,000.00	20,448.84	16,000.00
Seed wheat purchase of .....	10,000.00	10,169.72	
Superannuation .....	2,000.00	2,200.00	1,500.00
Sinking funds .....	31,760.00	31,406.40	31,760.00
Surveys, crown lands, etc. .....	4,000.00	3,040.40	4,000.00
Railway inspection .....	3,000.00	3,800.63	
Tourist association .....	2,500.00	2,000.00	2,000.00
Unforeseen expense .....	3,600.00	5,294.03	3,700.00
	\$1,557,493.75	\$1,626,633.86	\$1,535,873.27
Expenditure of 1915 in excess of estimates .....		\$69,140.11	
Estimates of 1915 in excess of estimates of 1916 .....			21,620.48

## ESPECIALLY FOR WOMEN

### "Fruit-a-tives" Now Known as Woman's Best Medicine

"FRUIT-A-TIVES," the famous fruit medicine is particularly well suited for the use of women, because of its mild and gentle action and its pleasant taste. In severe cases of Constipation, Indigestion, Bloating, Sick Headaches, Pain In The Back, Neuralgia, or a General Run-Down Constitution, "Fruit-a-tives" is the only medicine needed to correct such troubles and restore the sufferer to complete health. As a tonic, "Fruit-a-tives" is invaluable to purify and enrich the blood and build up strength and vigor. 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Hon. Dr. Landry in reply to Mr. Pelletier's inquiry:

1--Have the salaries of any officials in the public service of the Province of New Brunswick been increased since July 1st, 1915.  
Answer--Yes.  
2--If so, who have received increases, at what date, and what was their salary June 30th, 1915 and what now?

Answer--The following have received increases:

Name	Salary June 30, 1915	Salary now
Hazel Palmer	\$ 600.00	\$ 800.00
H. M. Blair	1,700.00	2,066.67
(200.00 extra allowed for Motor Vehicle work.)		
H. H. Morton	750.00	850.00
Frank Sadler	900.00	1,000.00
J. H. Ramsay	1,200.00	1,300.00
M. E. Hipwell	1,000.00	1,100.00
M. C. Robinson	600.00	700.00
Wm. Cruikshank	2,000.00	2,100.00
Nan H. Mersebrook	500.00	600.00
R. A. Malloy	1,300.00	1,400.00
Stirling Limerick	600.00	700.00
Hazel Winter	550.00	700.00
J. E. DeGrace	1,050.00	1,100.00
R. P. Steeves	1,600.00	1,700.00
H. B. Durost	1,100.00	1,200.00

Fredericton, March 30--The Corporation Committee met this morning and took up the consideration of the North West Boom Company's bill.  
Mr. J. P. Burchill, on behalf of the promoters, explained that the bill became necessary because the company's charter was about expiring and it was desired to have it renewed, and at the same time provide for some additional charges for rafting on account of the higher cost of labor and other causes now prevalent.

Mr. J. H. Ferguson, of Newcastle, appeared for a number of the smaller owners and operators along the river who objected to any increase in the charges unless it were shown to be absolutely necessary in order to enable the company to carry on its business.

Mr. R. B. Hanson, who appeared for Frasers Limited, took a similar objection.  
Ultimately further consideration of the bill was postponed until Thursday next.

The bill relating to the South West Boom Company was also stood over until Thursday next.  
The bill to incorporate the Miramichi Hospital was then taken up and after some little discussion was agreed to.  
The House met at 3 o'clock.

Chances to Make 3 1/2 Million Dollars in Sheep Raising  
In connection with the item of encouragement of stock raising Hon. Mr. Murray said he would like to refer to the system of bonusing of live stock which was now in operation and which was proving highly successful. Under the provision of this system only two breeds kept by one secretary could bonus. It was for the secretary to select two breeds of animals and bonus amounted to twenty per cent. on purchase price the year of purchase and one per cent. for succeeding years while the animals were kept for use of members of the society. In this way a great deal of good had been done in the encouragement of raising pure bred stock and it was hoped by a continuation and elaboration of this policy to make New Brunswick one of the leading livestock countries.

There was no better place in the world for sheep raising than New Brunswick and his only wonder was that this industry was not more generally taken up. He had said on a previous occasion that the people of the provinces were losing half a million dollars, but he would now attempt that and make it three quarters of a million dollars that they were losing because the people would rather keep some useless dogs than to have profitable flocks of sheep. In its encouragement of agriculture, generally it would be the policy of the department to pay particular attention to the encouragement and improvement of livestock. One item of \$1,500 was for encouragement of poultry raising.

Seed Fairs  
On the item of \$3,000 for standing crop competition and seed fairs, Mr. Slipp said that he did not think that the system excited any general public interest; he had never heard much of it himself and he noted from the account in the Auditor General's report that a number of counties took no advantage of it whatever. He saw that Queens county was not included in the list of those participating and he had never heard of there being any competitors in there.

Hon. Mr. Murray said that if the hon. member would even look at the annual report on agriculture which he had brought down in the House a few days ago, he would find striking evidence on page 40 of just what standing field crop competitions were and the success which had attended them. The first field crop competition to be held in New Brunswick was conducted by Chatham Agricultural Society in 1909, twenty-six farmers taking part. From this small beginning the movement has spread until this year competitions were held in these counties with a total of over 500 entries. Publicity had been given to these competitions as well as to provincial seed fairs which were held in Fredericton each winter in connection with the annual convention of the Farmers' and Dairymen's Association and reports had been published showing the success which had attended them. He would like to have it understood that department was anxious that other counties should have competitions of their own, and personally he believed that standing field crop competitions were of high importance and he hoped that next year instead of having nine counties they would have all provinces represented. Mr. Manzer doing Good Work in Cuba  
On the item of \$2,500 miscellaneous, including increases on exhibition buildings and representatives in Cuba, Hon. Mr. Murray, in reply to Tilley's enquiry said that New Brunswick was very fortunate in having such a successful representative in Cuba as Mr. Manzer is proving to be.

He (Murray) had permitted Sir George E. Foster, as Minister of Trade and Commerce, to have his

# "SALADA" E184

It has the reputation of nearly a quarter of a century behind every packet sold--

Note Prices--  
Brown Label, 40c. - Blue Label, 50c. per lb.  
Red Label, 60c. - Gold Label, 70c. per lb.

## Kitchen Requisites

We have on hand a complete line of the following articles for daily use about the house. Cooking is made twice as easy by having what you require of these on hand. Make your good wife's work lighter and help her prepare a better meal by presenting her with the following:

EARLY BREAKFAST COOKERS, SAUVY ROASTERS, ELECTRIC HEATERS, NICKEL TEA KETTLES, TEA POTS, COFFEE POTS, TRAYS.

DOUBLE BOILERS, CAKE BOXES, ELECTRIC IRONS, FOOD CHOPPERS, STEAMERS, PUDDING PANS, CAKE CLOSETS.

**B. F. MALTBY**  
STOVES, PLUMBING, HEATING  
Next Door to Post Office Phone 121

## THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

INCORPORATED 1869.  
LIABILITIES AND ASSETS  
Capital Authorized..... \$ 25,000,000  
Capital Paid-up..... 11,560,000  
Reserve and Undivided Profits..... 13,174,000  
Total Assets..... 180,000,000

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL  
340 Branches in Canada and Newfoundland  
37 Branches in the West Indies  
LONDON, ENGLAND: NEW YORK CITY:  
2 Bank Bldgs., Princess St., E. C. Cor. William and Cedar Sts.  
BUSINESS ACCOUNTS CARRIED UPON FAVORABLE TERMS  
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT AT ALL BRANCHES  
SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES  
In the Bank's Steel Lined Vault, rented at from \$5.00 per annum upwards. These boxes are most convenient and necessary for all possessing valuable papers such as Wills, Mortgages, Insurance Policies, Bonds, Stock Certificates, etc.

Newcastle, N. B., Branch - E. A. McCurdy, Manager

## CLEARANCE SALE

Pungs and two seated Sleighs at 25 per cent. off  
GIVE US A CALL  
NEWCASTLE WAGON WORKS.

## All Doctors of Miramichi say that the best thing to eat in Lent is FISH

If you want GOOD FISH go to L. Grossman & Son next door to Dr. Sproul's.  
FRESH HALIBUT, PICKLED SALMON, KIPPERED HERRING, BLOATERS, FINNAN HADDIE, PICKLED HERRING AND NO. 1 COD FISH.  
Any time you want a change, try a good piece of Ontario Beef, which you can always get at our Store.

## L. Grossman & Son

On the item of \$2,500 miscellaneous, including increases on exhibition buildings and representatives in Cuba, Hon. Mr. Murray, in reply to Tilley's enquiry said that New Brunswick was very fortunate in having such a successful representative in Cuba as Mr. Manzer is proving to be.  
He (Murray) had permitted Sir George E. Foster, as Minister of Trade and Commerce, to have his federal department pay half the salary of Mr. Manzer and the province was under obligation to the federal department of trade and commerce for this interest which it had taken in assisting this province to build up a trade with Cuba. Mr. Manzer had succeeded in increasing the trade of New Brunswick with Cuba materially in 1915, and he had also been obtaining valuable information for the province as to what could be done in this direction. His statements and bulletins as to Cuban business had been sent out by the department for publication in newspapers and hon. members would probably remember one which showed what Cuba had been importing from Germany.  
Much of these importations from Germany, it was shown by Mr. Manzer's report, could be supplied by New Brunswick and when the war is (Continued on page 5.)

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WHITE WYANDOTTES EXCLUSIVELY. Bred for heavy egg production and standard points. Eggs, \$1.25 per 15; \$2.00, 30. Good hatch guaranteed. THOS. F. PIRIE, Ingersoll, Ont., R. R. 3. 15-10pd.

UNION HOTEL

J. Frank Hayes, Proprietor. Permanent and Transient Boarders. Every attention given to guests. The House of Full and Plenty. Good Stabling in Connection. 45-lyr. Newcastle, N. B.

PROFESSIONAL

R. A. LAWLOR, K. C. J. A. CREAGHAN, LL. B.

Lawlor & Creaghan

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries. 21-0 MONEY TO LOAN Morrison Bldg., Newcastle

Dr. J. D. McMillan

DENTIST. Lounsbury Block, Newcastle. N. B.—Out of town one week beginning the last Monday of each month. 19-lyr.

J. E. PARK, M.D., C.M.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Shop corner of Jane and Pleasant Street, Newcastle, N. B. Phone Nos. House—136; Shop—59 43-lyr.

W. J. DUNN

HACKMAN. Hack to and from all trains and boats. Parties driven anywhere in town. Orders left at Hotel Miramichi will be attended to. 33-lyr. NEWCASTLE, N. B. Phone 100-21

Chas. Sargeant

First Class Livery. Horses for Sale at all times. Public Wharf. Phone 61

New Livery, Sales and Exchange Stables

The undersigned wishes to announce that he has started an up-to-date livery stable at his residence, in rear of Royal Hotel, where he will be pleased to serve your needs. Good Horses and first class rigs, day or night, at moderate prices. Phone orders promptly attended to.

FREDERICTON BUSINESS COLLEGE

FREDERICTON, N. B. W. J. OSBORNE, Principal. Booklet describing our courses of study sent on application.

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GENERAL MERCHANT. McKinleyville, - N. B.

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ORDERS FOR Sash, Doors, Frames and all building material

Given Prompt Attention. Contracts Solicited. 35-1 yr.

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Livery, Sales and Exchange Stables. Edward Dalton, Prop. McCallum Street. Phone 47. 43-3yr.

BABCOCK & SONS.

Write for Book "Patent Protection" Tells all about and how to obtain Patents. Registered Patent Attorneys. Established 1877. Patents, Trade Marks, Designs. Formerly Patent Office Examiner. Master of Patent Laws.

99 St. James St., Montreal

Representatives in all foreign countries.

A Year's Growth in Public Favor

It goes without saying that THE MIRAMICHI HOTEL will never do anything or permit anything to be done which might jeopardize the standing of the Hotel with the traveling public.

S. B. Miller's Meat Store

Fresh Meats Always on hand. Vegetables in season. CORNED BEEF SPECIALTY. Shop corner of Jane and Pleasant Street, Newcastle, N. B. Phone Nos. House—136; Shop—59 43-lyr.

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LOCAL AND PROVINCIAL

Temperance Committee

of 100 in St. John. At a meeting of St. John temperance workers Thursday evening it was decided to organize a citizens' committee of one hundred, having as its aim the suppression of the legal sale of liquor in St. John.

Fredericton Tax (Rate \$1.95)

Fredericton's 1916 assessment will be \$125,000, the largest in the history of the city and an increase of \$18,000 over the 1915 assessment. This means a tax rate of at least \$1.95.

Alex. Stewart, Sr.

Word was received by relatives of the sudden death of Alex. Stewart, Sr., of Vancouver, on Wednesday, March 22nd. The above gentleman was well known here having conducted the Waverley Hotel for a number of years. He is survived by one son Alex. Stewart, Jr., of Vancouver.

Benjamin Mountain

The death of Benjamin Mountain, of Blackville took place Wednesday night, of gangrene. He was about 75 years of age and had lived in Blackville all his life. He was unmarried, and had been ill a long time. The funeral was held on Friday, in the Presbyterian cemetery. Rev. L. Beaton conducting services. Deceased is survived by the following brothers and sisters: Nathaniel and George Mountain, Blackville; Mrs. Grace Brown, Newcastle; Mrs. Frank Glidden, Woodstock; and Mrs. Charlotte McLagan, Blackville.

Funeral of late Chas. Grammond

The funeral of the late Charles Grammond, Sr., was held Wednesday afternoon. Rev. S. J. MacArthur conducted services at the house, and at the grave the members of No. 17, A. F. & A. M. took charge. There was a very large attendance. The hymns sung were: "What a Friend We have in Jesus," and "Jesus, Lover of my Soul." Interment was in St. James cemetery. The pallbearers were Keith Anderson, John H. Lindon, Judge J. R. Lawlor, Wm. Wright, Wm. Touchie and James Matheson. Among several beautiful floral tributes was a magnificent square and compass from deceased's brother Masons.

Miramichi Hospital Board

Elects Officers. A meeting of the Miramichi hospital board was held Wednesday afternoon. F. M. Tweedie was appointed chairman pro tem. It is expected that the hospital will be completed and furnished about the first of May. The following officers were elected: E. Hutchison—Honorary President; W. A. Park—President; F. M. Tweedie—Vice President; E. A. McCurdy—Treasurer; A. J. Ferguson—Secretary.

Trustees without office—Mrs. O. Nicholson, Mrs. E. H. Sinclair, Mrs. John McCreary, D. J. Buckley, H. Williston, F. D. Swim, Wm. Anderson, G. Percy Burchill, Joseph McKnight, P. A. Forsythe, James Robinson and Lawrence Doyle.

Regular meetings of the board will be held every Monday afternoon at 2:30 p. m. at the hospital.

Clarence Spooner

St. John, March 30—Mrs. Laura Spooner, arrived from Providence, R. I., today, bringing to Hampton for interment the body of her husband, the late Mr. Clarence Spooner. The deceased will be well remembered by many friends in Charlotte and Kings counties and elsewhere throughout New Brunswick. Born in Boston 54 years ago, he was for a time engaged in newspaper work in that city and later went to Grand Manan, where he established the Island Press, a weekly newspaper. He later moved to Sussex, establishing the Record and afterwards printed the Kings County News. Returning to the United States some years ago he established himself in Providence and has lately been publisher of a labor magazine and The Atlantic Homestead. Mrs. Spooner was formerly Miss Laura White of Sussex, a sister of Mrs. J. E. Irvine, Hampton. Three daughters also survive, Alice, Dorothy and Doris. The interment will be at Hampton.

[The Managing Editor of the Advocate began his newspaper career in Mr. Spooner's office in Sussex, 24 years ago.]

HOW'S THIS

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Hall's Catarrh Cure has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Cure for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Cure at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

ELDERLY WOMEN SAFEGUARDED

Tell Others How They Were Carried Safely Through Change of Life.

Durand, Wis.—"I am the mother of fourteen children and I owe my life to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. When I was 45 and had the Change of Life, a friend recommended it and it gave me such relief from my bad feelings that I took several bottles. I am now well and healthy and recommend your Compound to other ladies."



—Mrs. MARY RIDGWAY, Durand, Wis. A Massachusetts Woman Writes: "Blackstone, Mass. My troubles were from my age, and I felt awfully sick for three years. I had hot flashes often and frequently suffered from pains. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and now am well."

—Mrs. FRANCES COURNOYER, Box 239, Blackstone, Mass. Such warning symptoms as sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches, backaches, dizziness, timidity, sounds in the ears, palpitation of the heart, spots before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness and dizziness, should be heeded by middle-aged women. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has carried many women safely through this crisis.

Saskatchewan Political Scandal

Witness Testifies That He Had Personally Given Liberal Member \$500

Regina, March 29—Before the Royal Commission investigating the bribery charges evidence was given today by Frank Brunner to the effect that as treasurer of the licensed victuallers in December, 1913, he had drawn \$10,000 from the bank and had given it to Clayton Peterson, Regina, hotel man. He said that he had personally given Gerhard Emi \$500 when Emi complained to him about being left out of a previous payment, and that C. H. Cawthorne, M. L. A., for Biggar, and H. C. Pierce, M. L. A., for Wadena, had stated to him that they had received their share of the money from Peterson.

Brunner admitted he was "sore when the Government passed its temperance legislation last year. George Sharp, Gull Lake, said things were very indefinite at the executive meetings regarding the banish the bar bill. Peterson, he said, stated to the executive that he had inside information, and had a better chance to get in touch with the "boys" staying at his hotel. Peterson, Brunner and Wilson were a committee, who, it was understood, were to draw up the association funds to gain the support of the members of the legislature. There were no restrictions in the way they were to spend the money.

E. J. Barry, Saskatoon, gave similar evidence.

Prohibition for Ontario

The Ontario prohibition bill introduced in the legislature by W. J. Hanna, provincial secretary, on the 22nd ult. is being discussed at Toronto. Mr. Hanna stated that the original intention to submit the coming into force of the act to a referendum had been abandoned, as it would be difficult to obtain a solid vote. The vote on the restoration of the license system would be taken some time after the conclusion of the war. Licenses will not be issued after May 1, but a reasonable time for the disposal of stocks, probably about September, will be allowed. The question of putting the dispensing of liquor in the hands of the druggists, as proposed by the bill, required further consideration. The druggists were not anxious to have the trade, but the government hoped to obtain co-operation.

The bill, which largely follows the Manitoba act, provides among other clauses, the reduction of the present board from five to three. Licenses will be issued to retail druggists by the board, and liquor will be allowed to be imported for private use.

THICK, GLOSSY HAIR FREE FROM DANDRUFF

Girls! Try It! Hair gets soft, fluffy and beautiful—Get a 25 cent bottle of Danderine.

If you care for heavy hair that glistens with beauty and is radiant with life; has an incomparable softness and is fluffy and lustrous, try Danderine. Just one application doubles the beauty of your hair, besides it immediately dissolves every particle of dandruff. You can not have nice heavy, healthy hair if you have dandruff. This destructive scurf robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life, and if not overcome it produces a feverishness and itching of the scalp; the hair roots fall out, loosen and die; then the hair falls out fast. Surely get a 25-cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store and just try it.

Miss Eileen Creaghan Off to France

Has Been Accepted as a Red Cross Nurse—Three Members of The Same Family now in Active Service

Miss Eileen Creaghan left for Montreal Thursday night, whence she sailed for England en route to France, where she will serve as a Red Cross nurse at the front.

Miss Creaghan is the third member of the family of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Creaghan of Newcastle who has been accepted for overseas service. Two of her brothers, Lieut. T. Cyril Creaghan, of the 3rd Pioneer Battalion, and Lieut. Gerald Creaghan of the Royal Aerial Service, are both with the expeditionary forces, as well as a brother-in-law Capt. D. King Hazen, also with the Canadian forces.

On Wednesday afternoon the Red Cross Society met at the home of Miss Beattie Crocker, Secretary of the Society, to say farewell to Miss Creaghan and wish her God speed in the noble work she is to take up in France. Miss Creaghan was presented with an address and parting gift by the president, Mrs. Josephine Sargeant, on behalf of the society. She was also presented with a fountain pen by the surgical committee, Mrs. Osborne Nicholson, the convener, making the presentation.

Afterwards tea was served to those present and a very enjoyable afternoon was spent. Mrs. Sargeant and Mrs. Bate presided at the tea table, and were assisted in serving by the Misses Florence Ferguson, Louise Manny, Annie Armstrong Edith Burchill and Jean Robinson.

Following is the address: Newcastle, N. B., March 29, 1916. To our dear Friend and Co-worker: After having been associated with us in Red Cross work for the past eighteen months you have had the ambition of your life gratified—you have been accepted by the Canadian government as a Red Cross nurse for service at the front.

You are leaving home and friends tomorrow and on this the eve of your departure, we have assembled to wish you God speed, and to ask you to accept as a slight token of our esteem this gift of gold, and with it to obtain something which may be serviceable and at the same time a memento of old associations.

Your work at the front will call for those womanly qualities of sympathy and patience with which you are so richly endowed and these, when added to your skill as a nursing sister, will enable you to well fulfil your duties as a Red Cross Nurse.

Farewell dear sister, and may the good hand of our God and Father be with you at all times and in all places and may He bring you safely home again.

Signed on behalf of the Newcastle, N. B., branch of the Canadian Red Cross Society, JOSEPHINE SARGAANT, President.

Miss Creaghan's many friends will wish her new career with great interest and pray that she may safely return to her native place after the war is happily over.

KEEP CHILDREN WELL

To keep little ones well the bowels must be kept regular and the stomach sweet. Nine-tenths of childhood ailments are caused by derangements of these organs. Baby's Own Tablets never fail to regulate the stomach and bowels—that is why thousands of mothers would give any other medicine to their little ones. Concerning them Mrs. Chas. A. Turner, Marie Joseph, N. S., writes:—"We have been using Baby's Own Tablets off and on for the past year and a half and have found nothing to equal them." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from Dr. F. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The New Russia

Prohibition Having a Most Beneficial Influence (New York Globe)

Ernest Gordon has been describing the effect of prohibition in Russia. He says that the people are better off than before, that there is a phenomenal growth in the deposits in the savings banks, and that peasants are contributing freely to war funds, giving money and furs. In one place money grew so plentiful that the villagers clubbed together and bought a moving picture apparatus. Charging a small fee, they bought a fire engine out of the surplus.

Happenings like these, says Mr. Gordon, give a strange air of buoyancy, contrasting with the grimness of war. Instead of surrendering personal liberty, the Russians act as if they had found a new liberty. A peasant said: "I wish everyone could know how wonderful our life is without vodka."

Settle the Flour Question

once for all, by trying "Beaver" Flour both for BREAD and PASTRY.

THIS flour—milled of Ontario and Western wheat, blended in the proper proportions—will prove its high quality with the first baking.

DEALERS—write us for prices on Feed, Coarse Grains and Cereals. The T. E. Taylor Company Limited, Chatham, Ont. 182

BEAVER FLOUR

Easter Specials

Easter Post Cards, Booklets and Novelties. At The Old Reliable Stand.

FOLLANSBEE & CO.

BRIGHTMAN'S

For High-Class BAKING

Only the best ingredients used in our work.

Freshly Cooked Delicacies each day.

H. W. BRIGHTMAN THE BAKERY NEWCASTLE, N. B.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency or district. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Six months' residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C. M. G., Deputy of the Minister of the Interior. N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388. 40-6mos.

Eastern Steamship Lines

ALL-THE-WAY-BY-WATER INTERNATIONAL LINE

S. S. Calvin Austin Leave St. John Thursdays at 9:00 A. M., Coastwise, to Boston. Return, leave Boston Mondays at 9 a. m., via Portland, Eastport and Lubec.

MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE

Between Portland and New York Steamships North Land and North Star. Reduced Fares—Reduced Steerage Prices. Schedule disturbed—Information upon request.

St. John City Ticket office, 47 King St. A. C. CURRIE, Agent, St. John N. B. A. E. FLEMING, T. F. & P. A., St. John, N. B.

SUBSTITUTE FOR BAR

Calgary, Alta., March 30—The city of Calgary will establish municipal bowling greens, golf links and golf links. Mayor Costello, in suggesting this action, declared it was one way of providing a substitute for the bar.

The Union Advocate
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER
Established 1857
Published Wednesday Afternoon
Subscription Price, \$1.00 Per Year
United States, \$1.50 in Advance

Copy for changes of advt. must be
in this office by 10 o'clock Tuesday
morning.

J. H. BROWN, Man. Ed.

WEDNESDAY APRIL 5th, 1916

THE GALLANT FRENCH

Every nation in the world, Ger-
many included, may legitimately
congratulate France upon the mag-
nificent achievement of her army in
beating off the repeated German at-
tacks at Verdun, and defending that
position for over a month against
the most terrific onslaughts ever
known. It is a feat which crowns
the heroic troops under General
Lafitte's command with undying lau-
rels, and which rewards the im-
mense sacrifices made so ungrudging-
ly and great heartedly by France.

When the battle first opened the
assault was so violent that the na-
tions held their breath, and all man-
kind lived over again those agoniz-
ing hours of 1914, when Europe pass-
ed into the night and the very fate
of civilization trembled in the bal-
ance. It was for the life or death of
France that the two armies wrestled
about Verdun. The aim of the Ger-
man strategists is now fairly well
ascertained. After a bombardment
that was to eclipse every artillery
attack in the past, 200,000 German
infantrymen were to burst through
the French front in a violent attack.
This shattering blow was intended,
in all probability, to have been in-
stantly followed by another thunder
stroke at some other part of the
line, accompanied by a general at-
tack wherever the nature of the
ground permitted it. The Germans
seem to have imagined that two such
blows dealt with all their strength,
would bring France to her knees,
and make her the humble vassal of
the Kaiser.

In that they showed the same
amazing ignorance of the deeper na-
tional emotions which they have dis-
played all through the war. But the
main fact at this present moment
is that the first move in their plan
has failed. The Kaiser's staff will
find it difficult to persuade even
credulous Germans that no more
was aimed at in this fearful holo-
caust of men than to wrest a small
strip of territory, some three and a
half miles wide, from the French.
On the contrary, neutrals received
hints that they were to watch and
wait for what was coming. Neutral
correspondents were conveyed to the
German front to chronicle the ex-
pected triumph, which has never
come off; and instead they have had
to disclose such awkward truths as
that the capture of Fort Douaumont
had meant no more than the disarm-
ing of fifty men in the underground
chambers of a deserted work.

Germany will probably go on
fighting for some time yet if only to
impress her vassal states; but a
drawn battle, after all the bluster
to which the world was treated when
the German onslaught opened, is
equivalent to a German defeat.

GERMANY'S LAST DES-
PERATE GAMBLE

For many months past people
have been wondering what were the
intentions of the German Admiralty
with regard to their much vaunted
High Sea Fleet. Would it be sent
out into the open to try conclusions
with the British Fleet, or would it
be kept behind the mine strewn bar-
riers till the end of the war, in the
hope that it might by some good
fortune ultimately be saved to Ger-
many? Indications now are that this
wonderful fleet is at last on the move
and that an attempt is to be made to
justify its proud title.

The question will at once be asked.
Why should the German fleet
accept battle now after refusing to
come out and fight for nineteen
months? What has happened in the
meantime to give her admirals
greater confidence and endow her
ships with greater power? What
miracles of organization, what
triumphs of invention, have occurred
to induce the German High Sea
Fleet to come out to do battle with
the mightiest navy the world has
ever seen?

The answer to these questions is
as easy as a sum in subtraction. The
German navy is going to fight be-
cause it was built to fight. Acting
on the theory that if she loses the
war, she will also lose her fleet,
Germany naturally takes the view
that if the fleet is to be lost, its
destruction may as well cause the
enemy all the sacrifices possible.
But the Germans will not sacrifice
their prized fleet merely for the sake
of national sentiment; they will not
send their ships to destruction in the
North Sea merely that they may
be saved the humiliation of seeing
them towed out of the Kiel Canal.
That is not the German way. The
German Naval Staff are about to
challenge Britain's naval supremacy

because they think they can deal
that supremacy a severe, if not a
deadly, blow. There is not a Ger-
man in the whole Fatherland who
does not believe that behind the
guards at Wilhelmshaven, terrible
weapons are being forged in secret
for use against England.

From this superstitious faith in
the unknown, from the veneration of
the German war machine, come these
fantastic tales of weird and wonder-
ful inventions which find their way
into neutral papers. In this regard
the words of a usually well informed
naval correspondent in Holland may
be quoted. He says: "I do not be-
lieve, and I have some grounds for
my scepticism in 17 inch guns and
unsinkable battleships. I do not
believe in the stories of extraor-
dinary discoveries in magnetic
power applied to torpedoes, and
mines. I do not believe in the in-
vention of impenetrable floating
forts; but I do firmly and sincerely
believe that the German Naval
Staff have since the war began
been perfecting and enlarging the
engines of destruction ready to their
hands."

Many people in Britain are apt to
smile at Germany's attack on what
may be termed "submarinists," re-
marking that so far her submarine
warfare has practically proved a
failure. But her numerous losses
have not been altogether without re-
sult, for Germany has learned a
lesson in defeat. The super-sub-
marine is the weapon with which
Germany hopes to strike effectively
at the peerless British Navy. Ger-
many now possesses submarines of
a power and displacement undreamt
of at the beginning of the war, but
her difficulty is that she has not the
crews to man them. The German
loss in submarines during the last
few months has been greater than
the German Admiralty cares to ad-
mit; but they do not mind the loss
of the boats, so much as the loss
of the trained crews. With her sys-
tem of short term service, Germany
cannot turn out sailors of first class
quality; and if this is seen in man-
ning battleships and cruiser crews,
it is more apparent in the men called
to exercise the rare technical knowl-
edge and remarkable physical endur-
ance demanded in the cramped
chambers of the submarine. Never-
theless all Germany is confident that
the High Sea Fleet is merely biding
its time to strike a secret and death
dealing blow at the hated enemy in
his own element, for the German
mind still possesses a childlike faith
in the dread potentialities of Ger-
man inventive genius. However, no
matter what the Huns may do, the
British navy can go one better, and
the gentle German may be permitted
to enjoy his daily thrill, without mak-
ing our flesh creep.

Putting aside however sensational
press articles and idle speculation,
it appears to be a fact that the British
navy will in the very near future
have an opportunity to achieve its
great desire, and the most terrible
seafight in the history of the world
will bring the end of the war in
sight. The Hun is preparing for a
last desperate throw in which he
will employ all his resources of land,
sea and air. His plan is to forestall
the enemy, and strike before the
latter's men, guns and ammunition
have achieved that superiority that
must ensure victory.

The fierce attack on Verdun is the
prelude to the last phase in this
great world war. To quote a con-
temporary, "A blood-red dawn is
dawning; whole armies will be destroy-
ed, mighty ships will be derelict,
thousands of homes will be devastat-
ed in the awful tragedy of a great
nation deliberately rushing to sui-
cide."

RED BANK

April 1st—The roads here are in
very bad condition. The ice being
almost impassable also.

Miss Kathleen Young of Cassillis
was the guest of Miss A. Sutherland
last week.

Miss K. Buckley spent the week-
end in Newcastle.

Miss Jean Ashford of Newcastle
was the guest of Miss Greta White
last week.

Michael Foran of Newcastle, vis-
ited his sister, Mrs. Wm. Dunn for a
few days.

Floyd Matchett of the 132nd, spent
a few days with his parents here.

Misaca Cecilia Walsh and Theresia
Power spent Sunday with Miss Rob-
bie Chaplain, Cassillis.

Wm. Keyes, who has spent the
last five years in Western Canada
and Yukon, is visiting his parents
here.

Thos. Lawlor, sr., was in town on
business Saturday last.

Miss L. B. Johnston who has been
in Boston, is visiting her parents
here.

Miss Priscilla Graham spent Sat-
urday at her home in Williamstown.

Misses Marcella Burns and Ther-
esa Dunn intend leaving for St. Ste-
phen next week.

The latest find, started by Boston's
athletic Eleanor Sears, is for soci-
ety women to play baseball, as a
means of keeping their figures.

Memorial Service
For Major Belyea

(Continued from page 1)
inscription upon the silent, cross en-
riches the sandy plain with its few
sparse trees and drab waste. And
I believe that a like inscription could
be written over a lonely grave in
Flanders today. "Tell the people of
Newcastle that I who rest here died
content."

Do we not also stand in awe and
reverence before a soldier's Dedic-
ation and Consecration? Some may
go unthinking and with wrong mo-
tives, but he who from high motives
and upon whose soul is the weight of
responsibility for his country's well-
fare and in whose heart is a love for
freedom and humanity has some-
thing in common with our Saviour,
who when about to offer Himself for
all men said: "Greater love hath no
man than this, that a man lay
down his life for his friends." Since
this terrible war has come upon us;
we are beginning to see more mean-
ing in Calvary and to see that Christ
was true to the eternal principle of
things when he became obedient un-
to death.

"All common good has common
price.
Exceeding good, exceeding:
Christ bought the keys of Paradise
By cruel bleeding."

Mothers and wives of this war-
plagued world, as Mary of old stood
sobbing by her Son at the foot of the
altar tree, tree of blood, so you stand
today by your sons and husbands on
the altar of sacrifice, but as her
weeping was turned into joy, so
shall yours be when you come to un-
derstand the great paradox: "He
that loseth his life, the same shall
find it."

"Weeping may endure through this
awful night of war, but joy cometh
in the morning."

May this hope and faith stimulate
us as I believe it did Major Belyea.
He was not a believer in blind
chance nor was he an apostle of
despair holding as part of his creed
that:

"Earth is blackness to the core.
And dust and ashes all that is."

I do not think it is a breach of
confidence to quote again from one
of his letters such words as reveal
his religious convictions. He says:
"I have enough faith in the bene-
diction of the Almighty to not worry
in the slightest over my future. I
know He will forgive us our mistakes
if only our strivings are in the
right direction. Any man who can
approach his grave, like one who
wraps the drapery of his couch about
him and lies down to pleasant
dreams," is pretty near a Christian
no matter what his idea of the
theory of salvation may be. I sin-
cerely trust that if necessary, I can
do that."

Because of what our boys of this
fair Canada have done for us upon
the battlefields of Belgium and
Flanders, we can assemble here in
grateful pride. Their achievements
have brought Canada into a new and
more honourable place in the Em-
pire. By their sacrificial heroisms they
have lifted Canada up before the eyes
of the nations, into a place of hon-
our. It means more to be a Cana-
dian today than it meant before our
heroes fell upon the gas and shrapnel
swept fields of Belgium. Cana-
da has written in the blood of her
sons upon the soil of Europe that
liberty shall not perish from the
earth. Germany, by her righteous-
ness, tried to secure Canada from
taking any part in the struggle for
freedom's cause. But who can scare
those children of the prairie that
we see rushing through this town
in carloads day after day? Who can
tame these who have drunk in free-
dom at their mother's breasts? Who
can cow our sturdy sons of these
rugged provinces? They are children
of the free and they will be fathers
of the free and gladly will they fling
down their lives rather than that
the juggernaut car of German des-
potism should crush out that which
they love better than life.

Our grave yard in Flanders is
large. It is very, very large. But, in
the coming years, there shall spring
forth from these graves a foliage
new to the eyes of France, and her
grateful people shall gather about
those trees, sturdy, like the sleepers
beneath, and sing, "The maple leaf
forever." Yes, thanks to such men
as Major Belyea the Maple leaf shall
last forever, and its emblem shall
bring terror to the heart of tyr-
anny. Brave Major, we mourn your
loss but you are among those who
have bequeathed to Canada their
memory and their glory.

"On fame's eternal camping ground
Their silent tents are spread
And glory guards with solemn round
The bivouac of the dead."

And now:
"Soldier, rest: Thy warfare o'er,
Slip the sleep that knows no break-
ing;
Dream of battle fields no more
Days of danger, nights of waking."
Rev. P. W. Dixon

The following letter from Rev.
Father Dixon was read by Rev. Dr.
Harrison:

Newcastle, 31-3-1916
The Rev. M. S. Richardson,
Dear Sir,—There has of late gone
from our midst one whose early and
untimely death has been the sub-
ject of general regret. His death in
a strange land and far removed from
those who were as his second-self,
accentuates that feeling.
On the eve of his departure for the
"Front" his fellow-citizens gave him
a farewell which was as spontane-
ous as it was generous. Major
Belyea must then have felt that his
life was not spent in vain, that a
perfect fulfilment of civic duties,
whether as private citizen, or as oc-
cupant of the highest civic position
in the gift of this Town is not with-
out reward. He was then told that
a still grander welcome was in store
for him on his return from the field
of battle. But it was otherwise fat-
ed.

His immediate relatives—his wife
and children—will mourn for him;
but theirs will be the mournful con-
solation of knowing that he died for
his country—that he died drawing
the sword to save liberty and crush
oppression—that to him and to such
as he, will we owe it that we have
a country which we can call our own
and that we are still in the enjoy-
ment of a Constitution of which we
are justly proud.

I formed Major Belyea's acquaint-
ance on his first arrival here. I al-
ways valued that acquaintance; for
he was blessed with fine natural qual-
ities.

Referring to his abandonment of
everything in order to take up arms
in defence of country, one of our
most prominent citizens feelingly re-
marked to me a few days ago:—
"Major Belyea made a real sacrifice
in going to the 'Front.' As to that,
there is no dissentient voice.

He has given us a lesson in sac-
rifice and duty; his action and readi-
ness in action will be an incentive
to some who might otherwise lag
behind. His children will in future
days proudly point to his record, and
will hold an honored place among
their fellow citizens.

I beg to subscribe myself, dear Mr.
Richardson,
Yours very truly,
P. W. DIXON.

Rev. S. J. Macarthur

Rev. Mr. Macarthur said that
Major Belyea was too modest and
retiring to lend himself easily to being
a hero. He was with his men in
a bigger fight than his, and
greatly distinguished himself, but
by his own command no mention had
been made of his gallant part, that
story is to be told later. He was a
deep thinking man, interested in
everything, that made for better
home, better civic, better national
life. As in time of peace he had
worn the King's livery, he felt it his
duty to defend it in time of war, so
as soon as war broke out he quietly
began to put his business in order so
that he could as soon as possible go
to the front. What courtesy, what
faith, what manliness, what true re-
ligion he had! He had little use for
things that divide us—like the speak-
er, had not much himself—but he
(Belyea) had profound reverence for
the things that united us—for God,
Christ, love, sympathy, kindness,
self-forward dealing—for every-
thing that makes for a higher life.
In the judgment what we have lived
is what counts. The Presbyterian
minister and Catholic priest, who
volunteered to hold service over the
dead that were being buried between
the British and Turkish trenches at
the Dardanelles, while the shells
were falling around, and made the
service a joint one, the Catholic
Chaplain reading the scripture while
the Presbyterian prayed, was an ex-
ample of true Christianity—minister,
priest and soldiers all risking their
lives that their dead might not re-
main unburied. Also the case in
Flanders, where a dying Catholic
chaplain was at his own orders car-
ried to a dying Protestant soldier
and interpreted for a Protestant
chaplain who could not speak the
soldier's language. Thank God, this
war has made us feel that in the
Gospel of Christ there is something
that makes us feel—lifts us—above
the old petty differences.

Mayor Stothart did not agree with
the German that war is the father
of all good, but, while we cannot say
we are the first who fought for lib-
erty, yet if we did not fight we'd be
the first of our race not to. Liberty
is kept by continual sacrifice. Sac-
rifice seems to be at the base of all
national good. Major Belyea had
made the supreme sacrifice. Not
until he had travelled to the west
with the deceased four years 'ago,
had he really known him. Then he
had become impressed with the honor
of the man—with the great regard
he had for all the distinguished men
of the past. He never passed a
monument without reverently read-
ing all the inscription upon it. He
(Stothart) would say that a monu-
ment should be erected in the pub-
lic square to Major Belyea's mem-
ory. The keynote of his life had
been service—service to his family,
his town, his King and Country. He
offered himself a sacrifice that we of



THIS IS THE STORE
WHERE
GOOD HATS
COME FROM

CREAGHAN'S have always held the reputation of selling the BEST HATS IN
MIRAMICHI. Not only that, they have always shown the best variety of new styles and
prices were always a little less than the other store.
This year the showing of spring hats surpasses anything you have ever seen.
There's every shade in every shape to suit every face, no matter how hard you may
be to please.
STETSONS from Philadelphia—BORSELINOS from Italy—WALTHOUSENS
made in our own Canada—Carter & WILKINSON BRAND from London and SWAN-
RUSSELL hats from Boston.
If you want what's absolutely the newest in Hats at the fairest price, call at this store,
while stocks are complete.

Prices run \$1.50 2.00 2.50 3.00 4.00 4.50



WHERE THE GOOD GOODS COME FROM

his home town might live.
W. A. Park
Mr. Park regretted his inability
to adequately express his feelings of
the feelings of the town. It was fit-
ting that this hero taken away in his
prime, should be honored by his
service in the church he attended.
His death had brought the war home
to us. The man who could write

such letters as had been read was
of the highest type. We knew no
particulars of his death, but we are
sure he fell while doing his duty.
He was not slothful in business, but
he lacked the self-assertion that
pushes to lay hold of honors. He
would be an inspiration to all other
young men.
Rev. Mr. Richardson expressed re-
grets that Mr. J. D. Creaghan, the
next speaker on the program, was
unable to be present, and then called

upon
Hon. J. P. Burchill
Hon. Mr. Burchill, Masonic brother
of deceased, spoke feelingly of the
pleasant intercourse he had had with
Major Belyea both socially and in a
business way. In both he was the
soul of honor. Why had so many of
his neighbors and people from far
off points, with whom he dealt,
come to this service? Because they
loved and honored him. A man from
(Continued on page 5)

10 CENT "CASCARETS"
IF BILIOUS OR COSTIVE

For Sick Headache, Sour Stomach,
Sluggish Liver and Bowels—They
work while you sleep.

Furred Tongue, Bad Taste, Indiges-
tion, Sallow Skin and Miserable Head-
aches come from a torpid liver and
clogged bowels, which cause your
stomach to become filled with un-
digested food, which sours and ferments
like garbage in a swill barrel. That's
the first step to untold misery—indig-
estion, foul gases, bad breath, yellow
skin, mental fears, everything that is
horrible and nauseating. A Cascaret
tonight will give you constipated
bowels a thorough cleansing and
straighten you out by morning. They
work while you sleep—a 10-cent box
from your druggist will keep you feel-
ing good for months.

Wanted

A cook, also a housemaid
Apply to Mrs. F. E. Neale,
Chatham, N. B.

Wanted

To purchase in good location in
Town of Newcastle, House, ten or
more rooms, modern improvements.
Cash proposition. Apply stating loca-
tion and price to Box A, care Ad-
vocate. 14-2pd

NOTICE

TO THE RATEPAYERS OF THE
TOWN OF NEWCASTLE
Notice is hereby given that
the Annual
ELECTION
For Mayor and Aldermen for the
Town of Newcastle will be held as
required by law at the Town Hall, on

TUESDAY

18th Day of April Inst.

Polling from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

Nominations of Persons duly quali-
fied for the respective offices of
Mayor and Aldermen will be received
by the undersigned up to six
o'clock on Friday, the 14th day of
April inst.
Dated at Newcastle, N. B., this 3rd
day of April, A. D., 1916.
J. E. T. LINDON,
Town Clerk.

—NOW IS THE TIME FOR—
LUMBERMEN'S RUBBERS
I have them in the most popular styles, with the Red
Soles, the kind that wear best, and at prices
that are right.
G. M. LAKE, Newcastle, N. B.
THE HARNES AND SHOE PACK MAN

The Rexall Store

Enough for several
weeks treatment of
either Hair Tonic or
Shampoo Paste in
each Package.
Rexall "93" Hair Tonic
50c and \$1.00.
Rexall "93" Shampoo
Paste, 25c.
SOLD ONLY BY

Dickison & Troy
Druggists & Opticians "The Rexall Stores"
Newcastle

Bread! Bread!

With the ever increasing number of people who formerly baked
their own Bread, but who now, owing to the high cost of Flour and
other reasons, buy it fresh every day, we have been compelled to
locate a Bread that would not only be the equal but the superior
of any Bread now on the market. We have been rewarded in our
efforts by securing from James M. Aird, Montreal, the agency for
his famous Breads. These Breads—there are six varieties at pres-
ent—have no equal in Canada, and a trial shipment has convinced
us that they can be landed here in perfect condition.
Family Loaf Pandary Loaf
Scotch Honey Loaf Tipperary Loaf
Fruit Loaf Bermaline Loaf
(Whole Wheat)
When you buy any one of the six famous James M. Aird
loaves you get Bread mixed from the finest flour milled in Canada
by the smartest, most reliable baking experts in the country, un-
der most sanitary conditions.
Try a loaf and be convinced that what we have told you about
this bread is no "dream." We all use Bread—The price is the
same—then why not have the best. Arrangements have been made
to have this Bread arrive on Maritime EVERY morning.

ARMSTRONG'S
THE STORE OF RELIABILITY
PHONE 63 PHONE 63

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

Memorial Service For Major Belyea

(Continued from page 4) The upper part of the country, in his (Burchill's) office had burst into tears at mention of Major Belyea's death. If he (Burchill) were a citizen of Newcastle he would heartily second Mayor Stothart's suggestion that an monument be raised to Major Belyea's memory, and if such should be undertaken, call on him for help.

LT-Col. Mersereau Col. Mersereau of the 132nd said he would not say much for if he did he would not be able to control his emotion. Major Belyea had been almost a son to him, so closely had he been associated in business and sport with him (Mersereau's) son, and with himself as an officer in the 73rd regiment. He could only say Amen to all that had been said by the previous speakers last afternoon. When his son had been lying in a London hospital, Major Belyea would spend every minute of the time he had in London with him. As soon as the call to arms was sounded Major Belyea got ready to go. He didn't wait for someone else to defend his wife and children. He put to shame many younger men, and stimulated many more to do as he did. The great race to join the 132nd was largely due to the noble example of Major Belyea. He (Mersereau) would like no better monument himself and no greater monument to have done his children than to have done his duty the same as Major Belyea.

Capt. A. L. Barry Capt. Barry of the 132nd said he hadn't words to express his feelings. During one Sussex camp and four months at the Wireless he had developed great friendship for the deceased. He was a soldier through and through. Never did he ask his men to do or suffer what he would not himself. Even on bivouac he would stay right with his men refusing any comfort not open to them. At the Wireless he was as exacting from his officers as from his men. Any success he (Barry) may have had in handling men he owed to Major Belyea.

Major L. D. Jones Major Jones of the 132nd said that during five years at Sussex, beginning as a subaltern, he had found Major Belyea a thorough gentleman. And in the sham battles he was an excellent tactician. Once when the 16th Infantry had been pitted against the cavalry, Major Belyea thought that danger threatened the Infantry's right flank. He went out at night, confirmed his suspicions, and posted a company just where it saved the day. But he said nothing about it, and his strategy was found out only by accident. Doubtless at the Crater fight in Flanders Major Belyea's strategy had materially helped the British cause. He had made good.

Capt. Lozier Dr. Lozier, who has just returned from Europe after a year's service in hospital work at the front, was the next speaker. On his way home he had spent two evenings with Major Belyea while the latter was recovering from his wounds in France. Major Belyea could have come home two months on furlough, but he feared to lose his regiment and felt that his duty was to get back to the front as soon as possible. Major Cameron Major Cameron, commandant of the Garrison here, said that a more upright, honorable man, than Major Belyea, both in business and social life, he had never met. A flag had been placed on the church wall in Major Belyea's memory. We all hoped, and many of us prayed, that he'd come home to take down the flag himself, but God willed otherwise. It was now his (Cameron's) duty to take it down—the most sorrowful duty he had ever performed. As the flag was being removed, the audience rose and sang the National Anthem, and, after the benediction, sorrowfully dispersed to their many homes.

How Major Belyea Died

On the 3rd instant, Mrs. R. D. Christie, of St. John received the following letter from her son Kenneth, telling of the death and burial of her brother, Major Belyea, of the 25th Battalion: France, March 21, 1916 Dear Mother: This is Tuesday evening and I have just returned from Uncle Herb's funeral. About nine o'clock this morning I received a wire from Colonel McAvity that Uncle Herb was killed in action last night. He was killed in a communication trench as he was going in to inspect his lines. He was hit by a high explosive shell, and a good thing about it was that he never knew what happened. He was killed instantly. They brought his body out and it was buried in a Belgian village this afternoon at three o'clock. A big cathedral is in the centre of the village, and his grave is in its churchyard. They gave him a grand burial. The regiment's band led the procession. The coffin followed in a general service wagon. I followed behind with his horse. There were about a hundred officers in the procession. When I arrived at the village they had the body at the Red Cross station, and from there it was taken to the grave yard. The coffin was sealed up when I arrived. It was pretty hard for me to keep

OBITUARY

MRS. JAMES FORAN (Halcomb) Mrs. Catherine Foran, widow of late James Foran of Halcomb, Little Southwest Miramichi, died on Sunday after a lingering illness. She was about 70 years of age. Her husband died about 6 months ago. Deceased was formerly Miss Dennis and was a native of Halcomb. Five children survive. They are John, George and Daniel of Halcomb, and Michael of Fall River, Mass., and a daughter, married and living at Fall River. Two sisters—Mrs. James Foran of Newcastle, and Mrs. George Foran of Halcomb—also survive.

MRS. WILLIAM COPP The death of Mrs. William Copp, one of the aged and most respected residents of English Settlement, Northwest Miramichi, occurred on Friday night. Deceased was nearly 80 years of age. She was formerly Miss Joanna O'Shea of Seville. She is survived by her aged husband, and the following children, John, at home; Jeremiah, Seville; Catherine (Mrs. Thomas Murphy, Exmoor; Jane, (Mrs. Alex. Major) Newcastle; Lillian (Mrs. Patrick Keyes) English Settlement; and Miss Maggie, at home. The surviving brothers and sisters are: John and Jeremiah O'Shea, Seville; James, Boom Road, and Mrs. John Howe, Boom Road. Deceased was a member of the Roman Catholic church.

MRS. ELIZABETH A. McLEOD The Bangor Commercial notes the death on Sunday, 26th ult., of Mrs. Elizabeth A. McLeod, nee Gallih, wife of A. A. McLeod, of Bangor, at her residence, 72 Cottage street, after an illness of five weeks. She was 30 years of age. Besides her husband, she leaves eight children, also her mother Mrs. Matilda Wedge of Newcastle, N. B., two sisters Mrs. Wm. Rusk and Mrs. Thibodou, and two brothers—Wm. and John Gallih, all of Newcastle, and a half-sister, Mrs. Joseph O'Toole of Bangor.

Deceased was a member of the Daughters of Pechahontas and was highly esteemed by many friends for her many fine qualities, and her untimely death will be a matter of much regret.

The funeral was held Tuesday afternoon, Rev. Mr. McLaughlin of St. John Episcopal church officiated and Mrs. Leonard sang hymns. There were many beautiful floral tributes, and among those at the services were the membership of Little Wan Tan council, Daughters of Pechahontas, of which deceased was an active and devoted worker. The pallbearers were Wm. H. McLeod, Ara Warren, Charles M. Brown and J. A. Smith. Burial was in the family lot at Hermon Pond Cemetery.

N. B. Patriotic Fund

(Continued from page 1) Queens, Albert, Gloucester and Kent could hardly be said to be raising the amounts which should be expected. Something should be done to increase those contributions. There was about \$75,000 additional to be raised. F. W. Sumner of Moncton, suggested that the Legislature be asked to enact legislation to provide that backward counties be assessed for their deficits. The backward counties were as able to pay as were any of the others. Important Resolution The motion of Mayor McAnn of Moncton recommending to the government, a system of assessment in the different cities, towns and municipalities of the province, by which they will be legally required to provide the necessary proportionate amount of money which may be estimated by the Provincial Executive of the Canadian Patriotic Fund as being the right proportion pro rata of the amount desired to be raised by said city, town or municipality,

the tears back when the bugles sounded "Last Post" over his grave, to see the officers one after another step up and salute the open grave, while the band softly played "Abide With Me." He was the man I admired most, and I tried to follow his example. One of the soldiers passed the remark today: "I wish it had been some other officer instead of him." Colonel McAvity was very kind. He sent me word promptly and when I asked him about sending a cable-gram, he said he had already sent one. One of the sergeants told me this. I was in a trench dug-out with others, when somebody outside said: "Here comes the major." We heard the shell coming just then, and we all lay flat. He apparently didn't seem to hear it coming. Uncle Herb was in our headquarters to see me last week, after he had come back from hospital. I was going up to see him again last Sunday, but I had a lot of ammunition to handle and couldn't get away. Monday (yesterday) the regiment went in the trenches. So that was the last I saw of him. I tried to get his personal effects and ship them home at my expense but they have to go through a company in London who look after such things. It will probably take them three or four months to get back to Canada. Walter was up to the funeral with me, and I was glad he went with me. Am going to see that the grave is well marked.

PERSONALS

Jewel McMurdo of Moncton spent Sunday in town. Miss Queenie Nevin went to New Glasgow, N.S., last week. M. Schaffer, of Blackville, was a visitor to town on Tuesday. Mrs. Locke, of Bass River, N. S., is visiting her son, F. E. Locke. Mr. and Mrs. John Ingram are visiting the latter's sister in Matine. Mr. Frank Trueman, of St. John, has accepted a position in Durick's drug store here. Miss Edna MacPherren of Moncton is visiting her sister, Mrs. John Kingston, Jr.

Mrs. Wm. Russell, who was visiting her daughter, Mrs. A. E. Shaw, returned to Loggieville yesterday. Mr. and Mrs. Kent Branch of Bathurst, spent Sunday with the former's sister, Mrs. H. D. Atkinson. The many friends of Mr. John W. Miller will regret to hear that he has had to go to Moncton Hospital for treatment. Mr. and Mrs. James McCafferty of Moncton are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a baby girl at their home on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Willis McKenzie of Doucettstown are receiving congratulations upon the arrival in their home of a baby boy, Friday. Mrs. Susan Urquhart of Waverton, who was visiting her niece, Mrs. Charles Crommond last week, returned home on Saturday.

Willard Allison of the 28th Field Battery, C. E. F., son of Er-Ald, and Mrs. John R. Allison, is recovering from his recent accident in France.

Edward Johnson Dead at Chatham The death occurred at three o'clock Thursday morning of Edward Johnson, one of the best known business men of the town of Chatham. The deceased had been ill for over four months with heart trouble, and his demise was not unexpected.

was carried. A resolution calling for a poll tax for patriotic purposes of one dollar per head on all males over eighteen years of age was moved by W. H. Price of Moncton, and seconded by Wardean Stairs of York, and carried. Ex-Mayor Merrissy said that Northumberland West could raise an additional amount of \$5,000. Mr. Sumner promised to give the last \$1,000 of an additional sum of \$10,000 to be raised in Moncton. For Queens Wardean Macdonald promised an additional amount of \$5,000.

CARD FOR MAYOR

Ladies and Gentlemen, I shall be a Candidate for the Office of Mayor, at the approaching election of the Town Council, for the ensuing year. There are several matters of vital importance to our Town's interests, which should receive careful and practical consideration, such as—The Liquor Question—The More Equitable Distribution of the Town Taxes—The Electric Light Plant—The Finances, etc., which with your approval and cooperation, I would endeavour to place on a more satisfactory basis. It is therefore with confidence in your good judgment and a pleasure to myself, that I offer my services and respectfully ask you: votes. Very Respectfully, C. E. FISH, Newcastle, April 3, 1916 15-3 95346.

SUNNY CORNER

April 3—Miss Della Menzies, Strathadam, is visiting relatives in Sunny Corner. Miss Rose Tozer spent the latter part of the week in Whitney, the guest of her cousin, Miss Kathleen Dunnet. Miss Agnes McAllister, Bryenton, visited her parents last week. Miss M. A. McDonald has gone to Chatham for a few weeks. Mr. and Mrs. Jeremiah McCafferty are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a young son.

PAINS AFTER EATING

WEED IN THE STOMACH—ACIDITY, HEADACHES—CONSTIPATION ARE SIGNS OF INDIGESTION. Indigestion—the complete or partial failure of the digestive processes—frequently throws out of gear the whole machinery of the body. You can't enjoy the vigour and vitality of good health unless your stomach, liver and bowels do their work regularly and efficiently.

MOTHER SEIGEL'S SYRUP

As a digestive tonic and stomachic remedy, Mother Seigel's Syrup is esteemed in tens of thousands of homes, wherever the English language is spoken. If you suffer much or little from disorders of the stomach, liver or bowels, try the effect of taking 15 to 30 drops of this famous remedy in water, after meals, for a few days and note its beneficial effects.

ASSISTS DIGESTION

The new bottle contains three times as much as the old size sold at 15c per bottle.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given to firms and individuals who sell provisions or other supplies to Stewards of Canadian Government Ships under this Department, that the Department is not responsible for debts contracted by such Stewards. Clause No. 8 of Contract with Stewards covering the Vitrualing of such Ships reads as follows: "It is distinctly understood by the parties hereto that the said Department shall not be responsible for any debts contracted by the said Steward, and the said Steward agrees to notify all persons with whom he wishes to contract for the purchase of any such provisions, stores or groceries, and before contracting for same, that the said Department shall not be responsible for any debt to be contracted by him in that or any other respect." G. J. DESBARATS, Deputy Minister of the Naval Service, Department of the Naval Service, Ottawa, March 21st, 1916. Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—15-6

GASOLINE Auto filling station on the curb, with filter attached which removes all water or dirt from Gasoline passing through the pump, thus insuring absolutely clean Gasoline free from water. Buy Filtered Gasoline. D. W. STOTHART, Newcastle, N. B.

A.W. & H. GRADY

(SUCCESSOR TO S. BEAN) MERCHANT TAILORS BLACKVILLE, N. B. We carry a full line of sample cloths for Suits, Spring Overcoats, Fancy Vests All Kinds of Dress and Working Pants from which to choose Prices Moderate and Satisfaction Guaranteed NOTE—We will be in Doaktown on Friday, April 7th, to receive orders for work, and will continue to call there twice each month. Workmanship the Best 15-0

Notice

Notice is hereby given that all persons indebted to the estate of A. E. Shaw will settle the same with the undersigned, LAWLOR & CREAGHAN, Newcastle, N. B., March 28th, 1916 14-0

NOTICE

Public Notice is hereby given that the Voters' List for the Town of Newcastle, is posted at the Town Office and that the same is subject to revision up to and including Friday the 14th day of April next. J. E. T. LINDON, March 20th, 1916. 13-4

Start the New Year Right....

and trade at the Red Store in rear of the Post Office, where you will find a full line of the choicest

Groceries, Provisions, Crockeryware Etc.

and at Lowest Prices. It will pay you to give us a call when in need of any of the above lines.

THOS. RUSSELL RED STORE Rear Post Office. Phone 79

SPRING HAS ARRIVED What Will You Need in Our Line? WE HANDLE Marine and Stationary Engines, Cream Separators and Churns, Kitchen Cabinets and Refrigerators, Washing Machines and Wringers, Pianos and Organs. We can supply you with anything you may require for seeding time. CALL AND GET OUR PRICES THE MIRAMICHI FARM IMPLEMENT CO., LTD. Newcastle -- Tracadie -- Rogersville -- Neguac

MEN'S FURNISHINGS RUSSELL & MORRISON, The Store of Quality We are Outfitters for Men, from head to foot. We supply the Stylish Suits you see in town. Our business is to furnish you with Clothing. Being specialists in Men's and Boys' Furnishings, we select our stock to suit every taste and fancy. We can please the most fastidious. We stock up with the very latest, that our patrons may keep abreast with the leaders of fashion. Follow our advertisements in this paper, and watch for our spring announcements. RUSSELL & MORRISON Men's Outfitters

WALK A BLOCK AND SAVE A DOLLAR A FULL LINE OF Brass and Iron Beds, Springs, Mattresses And all kinds of FURNITURE We will offer them at special discounts during the coming month WRITE FOR PRICES AND CUTS ON Amherst Pianos and Organs A. J. BELL & CO. McCALLUM STREET

MacMillan's Shoe Store Is making special efforts to collect accounts and would ask all those indebted to please call and settle same. MACMILLAN'S SHOE STORE

BLATCHFORD'S SUGAR and FLAXSEED IN PREPARING FOR HRS, CATTLE, SHEEP, OR HOGS FOR THE MARKET, SALE OR SHOW RING The Oil, makes the coat sleek and glossy. The Sugar, makes the feed sweet, increases the appetite, aids digestion, is a great energy producer, and causes the animal to put on flesh and fat rapidly. The Albuminous Compounds enrich the blood, increase the vitality and tone up and strengthen the system. WM. FERGUSON, Fish B'd PHONE 144 24-

At the Top  
The  
**PURITY FLOUR**  
standard of quality is so high  
that you get  
**More Bread and Better Bread**  
—Better Pastry Too.  
Buy it and see for yourself.

## One Way to Raise Revenue in War Times

The Tax Reformers Give Suggestions to Ontario Legislature and Dominion Parliament How It May be Done

The Tax Reform League of Eastern Canada (Sydenham Thompson, 79 Adelaide St. East, Toronto, secretary) has sent out the following to individual members of the Ontario Legislature:

Feb. 18th 1916  
Dear Sir  
I have been instructed to call your attention to the building of the electric railroads under the care of the Hydro Electric Commission.  
The building of these roads, as in the construction of all railroads, will inevitably increase the value of the land in the localities which it benefits. On the other hand, as it will reduce the cost of transportation, it will reduce the cost of labor products. If the increased value of the land is not taken for the building of the road, then the speculators and other landowners will take it, so that the public will be subject to a double tribute. First they will have to pay for the construction of the road, and second, they will have to pay profits to the speculators or higher ground rents to the owners of the land.

We urge, therefore, very strongly, lines, the payment for the construction be a tax on the value of the land alone, and not on the improvements on the land.  
I have the honor to be, sir,  
Your obedient servant,  
S. THOMPSON,  
Secretary.

Ontario Municipalities were asked to present the following:  
To the Honorable the members of the Legislature of the Province of Ontario:  
WHEREAS, arrangements are now being made to construct Electric Railroads through this Province by the Hydro Electric Commission, and  
WHEREAS, the building of these roads will increase the value of the land in the localities benefited thereby; but will not increase the value of buildings or other products of industry.  
THEREFORE, this Council of the Municipality of \_\_\_\_\_ hereby petition your honorable body, to amend the Assessment Act, so that the cost of constructing these Electric Tramways may be made a special charge against the value of the lands benefited by such constructions, and so as to prevent land speculators deriving any benefit therefrom.

The Single Tax Association of Ontario has sent the following to each of the members of the Ontario Legislature:  
February 28th, 1916

Dear Sir:  
One of the most important matters to come before the house of the present session is "how to increase the Federal revenue without an increase in taxation, crippling industry and curtailing production." Any further increase in duties on imports will not only increase the cost of living and the cost of manufacturing those lines where imported materials or machines are used, but will probably have the effect of reducing imports and so defeat its purpose.  
There is but one tax which will produce adequate revenue without prejudicially affecting industry, and that is a direct tax on land values. Land values are not made by individuals but are produced by the community.  
They increase with every increase in Government efficiency and with every public service.  
Land values in Canada will increase as a result of a satisfactory peace. They will increase if population increases by immigration or from any other cause. They have increased as a result of the transportation facilities which the C. P. R., G. T. R., and C. N. R. have provided Canada, and all of which railways were almost wholly built by public money and credit. The tax on land

values will make it harder for the speculator to raise prices and keep land idle and will undoubtedly compel much land now held for speculation to be offered in the market at prices which will encourage settlement and increase the gross production of wealth in the country.  
It is the ideal tax.  
It takes public values for public use.  
It does not penalize industry.  
It does prevent speculation.  
It would bring good times to Canada and it would make good times permanent. We would therefore, urge upon you the taxing of land values for war purposes instead of any other form of taxation.  
Yours respectfully,  
SINGLE TAX ASSOCIATION OF ONTARIO.

The latter has also sent the following to members of the Dominion House of Commons:  
March 8th, 1916  
Dear Sir:  
The need for an increased revenue makes the question of additional taxation the most important subject for consideration at the present session of the Ontario Legislature. The effects of taxation upon industry are even more important than the revenue produced. Taxation, unjustly or carelessly levied, may seriously hamper industry and reduce production. Taxes may be so adjusted, as to stimulate industry, and increase production. All taxes which fall upon labor or labor products reduce the employment of labor, increase the cost of the things taxed and therefore the cost of living. On the other hand the taxation of all forms of monopoly and privilege relieves labor of a burden of taxation and helps to destroy this monopoly and increase the standard of living.  
Judged by these principles the tax on land values is a perfect tax. Instead of it being a burden on production it is a positive incentive to the use of land. The heavier the tax the greater the benefit in the prevention of the holding of land idle for speculation.  
It is a tax levied upon the value created by the public and not on the results of individual effort.  
The land of any country is, or should be, the common property of the people of the country, and if exclusive possession is given of any part of the common heritage to individuals, the value conferred on it by good Government and public service is surely a proper subject for taxation.  
Therefore, in war time it forms a peculiarly suitable source of revenue from which to provide the means to defend the country and preserve those institutions and services to which it owes the most of its value.  
We would therefore, strongly urge upon you the wisdom of a special tax on land values for provincial war purposes instead of the present tax upon land and improvements.  
Yours truly,  
S. THOMPSON,  
Secretary.

Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, your little one's stomach, liver and bowels need cleansing at once. When peevish, cross, listless, doesn't sleep, eat or act naturally, or is feverish, stomach sour, breath bad; has sore throat, diarrhoea, full of cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the foul, constipated waste, undigested food and sour bile gently moves out of its little bowels without griping, and you have a well, playful child again. Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which contains full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups.

## Canadians Keep The Germans Busy

Sir Max Aitken Vividly Describes Operations in Which Canadians are Engaged

Ottawa, March 26—The following official communication has been received from Sir Max Aitken, Canadian general representative in France: Canadian general headquarters in France, March 25, via London, March 26—Between one o'clock and six on the afternoon of March 16th the enemy threw over twelve hundred shells into the sector of the defenses held by our First Infantry Brigade. About three quarters of the shells were high explosives mostly of large calibre and the remainder shrapnel. The intensity of the fire varied considerably, but at times reached four shells per minute. The reason for this bombardment was not apparent and remarkably little damage resulted.

Three times during the afternoon our artillery retaliated. The first retaliation resulted in drawing an increase of fire from the German artillery. Subsequently combined shots by our field battalions and heavy howitzers were organized and proved effective in subduing the enemy's fire. Some of the enemy's shells fell short and burst in his own trenches.

During the bombardment Sniper Hanson, of our Second Eastern Ontario Battalion shot a German officer who was engaged in observing the effect of hostile artillery from a support trench.  
On the appearance of three British aeroplanes the fire of the enemy batteries rapidly dwindled and our artillery and trench mortars combined in a heavy retaliation. Our fire was directed principally against the enemy's front and communicating trenches and against a strong point in the German lines. The enemy's parapets were breached and his trenches were breached and his trenches were breached.

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While out near the German wire Lieut. MacFarlane and Sergeant Mackay of the 13th Battalion, Royal Highlanders, observed two Germans standing on their parapets and driving rivetting stakes. One man opened fire at close range and one of the enemy pitched forward, wounded into the trench.

On another occasion Lieut. MacFarlane and Lieut. Given and seven grenadiers of our 13th Battalion attempted to demolish a fortified hedge near the German trenches by means of incendiary bombs. Owing to the dampness of some straw with which the hedge was lined the operation was only partially successful. A large party of the enemy who were at work behind the hedge opened fire on our patrol but Lieutenants MacFarlane and Given succeeded in withdrawing their men without casualties.

A patrol of our 26th New Brunswick Battalion, under Lieutenants Sturdee and Fleming, was observed by the enemy when close to the German wire. A machine gun was turned on our men, who promptly scattered and took shelter in some shell holes until the firing ceased. They returned safely to our lines.

A patrol of our 19th Western Ontario Battalion, under Lieut. Hooper penetrated for some distance into the enemy's trenches. German sentries in the trenches in front of them appeared to become suspicious and our patrol withdrew. Shortly afterwards the enemy commenced to bomb our own wire and did so for twenty minutes.

Some of our second infantry brigade observed a large enemy working party repairing wire in front of the German trenches. Word was sent back and the working party was dispersed by fire from our machine guns. Scouts saw an enemy casualty carried back over the parapet.

Sergeant Crosby, of our 18th Ontario Battalion, made a reconnaissance of enemy wire defenses. When twenty yards from the German parapet he was seen by the enemy sentries who immediately opened fire on him. Sergeant Crosby was hit in the arm but returned to our lines.

On the afternoon of March 17th a presentation of French decorations and medals recently awarded the officers and men of the Canadian forces was made by General Helyar, commander of a French army corps. The ceremony took place at the Canadian corps headquarters. A French guard of honor with band and color party was in attendance and a Canadian guard of honor was furnished by the Second Canadian Mounted Rifles. A pathetic incident was the handing to Major-General Currie, C. B., of the Cross of the Legion of Honor, which had been awarded to the late Captain George T. Richardson of the 2nd Eastern Ontario Battalion. The Cross is being forwarded to Captain Richardson's relatives in Canada.

During the period of March 15-22 hostile aircraft frequently appeared over our lines. A few bombs were dropped and on occasions smoke-balls were thrown down over the various points in our defenses as a guide to German artillery.

During the bombardment on March 16th hostile aeroplanes were seen over the lines observing the fire of their guns. Several times the fire of our anti-aircraft guns forced the German planes to retire and our aviators were active in reconnaissance and driving off the enemy machines.

Enemy snipers were more active than usual throughout the week and there was some increase in the number of grenades and mortar shells thrown at our trenches. Our snipers of the enemy and our grenadiers more than held their own in the interchange of grenades, the enemy almost invariably being silenced by a greater weight of fire. The shooting of our trench guns and mortars was accurate and effective. In several places the German works and wire was seriously damaged, and on more than one occasion there were indications that the enemy had suffered serious casualties as a result of this description of fire. One mortar shell exploded a gas cylinder in a German trench, causing a dense white smoke to hang over the locality for twelve minutes.

In the space of several bright nights reconnaissance and patrol were carried on our patrols with undiminished enterprise. On one occasion a small reconnoitering patrol under Lieut. Younger of the 10th Western Canada Battalion, discovered the presence of two enemy parties

## Spring Blood Is Watery Blood

How to Get New Health and New Strength at This Season

Spring ailments are not imaginary. Even the most robust find the winter months most trying to their health. Confinement indoors, often in overheated and nearly always badly ventilated rooms—in the home, the office, the shop and the school—taxes the vitality of even the strongest. The blood becomes thin and watery and is clogged with impurities. Some people have headaches and a feeling of languor. Others are low-spirited and nervous. Still others are troubled with disgusting pimples and skin eruptions; while some get up in the morning feeling just as tired as when they went to bed. These are all spring symptoms that the blood is out of order and that a medicine is needed. Many people take purgative medicines in the spring. This is a serious mistake. You cannot cure yourself with a medicine that saps your strength and leaves you weaker still. This is all that a purgative does. What you need to give your health and strength in the spring is a tonic medicine that will enrich the blood and soothe the jangled nerves. And the one always reliable tonic and blood purifier is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These Pills not only banish spring weakness but guard you against the more serious ailments that follow, such as anaemia, nervous debility, indigestion, rheumatism and other diseases due to bad blood. In proof of this Mrs. D. E. Huxley, Hazenmore, Sask., says: "About a year ago I was badly run down, my nerves were all unstrung, and I could not go up stairs without stopping to rest. As I was a long ways from a doctor I determined to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and in the course of a few weeks I felt like a new person. As an all round restorative I can heartily recommend this medicine." If you are ailing this spring you cannot afford, in your own interest, to overlook so valuable a medicine as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## FALL IN THE BAND

When the tricolor floats across the screen in our picturehouse, the orchestra plays "Marseillaise." This war song was composed by Joseph Ruget de Lisle, a young Engineer in the Revolutionary army to supplant the vulgar songs of the day. This hymn was chosen by volunteers from Marseilles, known as the Immortal Six Hundred, who gave their lives to the last man in defence of their King and Queen at the Royal Palace in the stormy days of the Revolution.

This song is immortalized by the sacrifice of brave men. It became a National Hymn through the spirit of hero worship of the French. In the 132nd Battalion there are boys representing every secret society on the North Shore. Will these societies fail to help the boys along? The picture houses are coming to the aid of the band, bandmen are signing on. Tag Days are being held, auction sales are promised, now is the time for action.

Particulars regarding tags for Tag Day, and advertising matter may be had by applying to Box 231, Chatham, N. B.

## They Should Worry

(Boston Globe)  
Now that prohibition is to be the rule in Ontario, as well as in Manitoba, Alberta, Saskatchewan, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island, only Quebec, British Columbia and New Brunswick still have license, and British Columbia and New Brunswick are expected to vote for prohibition soon, so that by the beginning of next year the only province in the dominion where liquor will be manufactured and sold will be Quebec, which is the part of Canada where most of the tourist travel goes.

## CHINESE REVOLUTION CONTINUES

Shanghai, March 31—The troops at Swatow and Chao-Chow-Fu, in the Province of Kwang-Tung, declared their independence of the central government on March 29. Lester Maynard, United States Consul at Amoy, has notified the Mennonite missionaries in his bailiwick, the southern portion of Fochien Province, to be ready to come to Amoy at a moment's notice.

## TO-DAY EVERYDAY AND



You'll Like the Flavor  
40c., 45c. and 50c. Per Pound

# ADVERTISING THAT DOES PAY

The class of advertising that pays, and pays well, is that which you see in the clean, well-printed paper, where the type is new and bold, each line showing up nice and clear. The kind that has both individuality and originality. There is a marked distinction between this class of advertising and the kind you see in the poorly printed papers where originality does not exist in their composition. The originality and individuality in the make-up, and the air of professionalism about the advertisements in

## THE UNION ADVOCATE

are among the most noticeable features of the advertising columns of this paper. Advertisers are wise to this, and that is one of the foremost reasons why all the larger display adverts, are inserted in The Advocate.

There is another very important reason why The Advocate is being used so extensively as an advertising medium, and that is in relation to circulation. The large circulation which The Advocate now has, is a well distributed one among the class of people who read advertisements—not made up of people who take no particular interest in reading either adverts, or news matter, and simply placed on to swell the lists. They are bona fide paid up subscribers, and judging by the increased advertising patronage of The Advocate during the past few months, they are desirable ones.

The Advocate in its persistent endeavor to make itself popular with the reading public of the North Shore, is now realizing the good fruits of its determined efforts; and in making itself felt wanted by the people, and gradually worming its way into their homes, it is also increasing its power as an advertising medium, and is carrying to the 10,000 people who read it, the weekly messages of bargains, etc., from the advertisers who patronize its columns. They reach all of the people all of the time.

# The Better Kind OF PRINTING

It does not cost any more to have good stock and ink used in the production of your stationery than to have the same turned out on inferior stock and cheap ink used. Quality is the main feature in stationery, for there is nothing that makes a man's business look so cheap as the use of cheap paper. You want a smart, snappy letter head, on first quality stock that will make a strong bodied ink stand out—something original and up-to-date, so that when the wholesale dealer receives it, he will know, by its appearance, the kind of man he is dealing with, and you may bet he takes notice of this little detail. Do away with that old rubber stamp—it's cheap, alright, but too much so for YOUR business.

There is not a cheap sheet of paper used in the production of printing at The Advocate Job Dept. unless it is the wrapping paper, and then if you will examine that carefully, you will find it of superior quality. Our bonds and notes are picked. We do not buy Job lots because we can get them cheap. We stock only the goods we can assure our patrons a repeat order on, and not have to offer him something "just as good." We carry lines to suit every business, and prices to match. We also carry envelopes to match our bonds, and patrons have no trouble in selecting a suitable stock for their printing. Our inks are also graded, and bought to match each quality of stock used. Patrons who are now having their printing done here, know the truth of these words.

Good stock and high grade ink, harmonized with a touch of that originality and individuality found only in practical printers who make a practice of keeping in touch with all the latest ideas, all tend to make the work turned out of The Advocate Job Dept. superior to all others. Samples of stock and printed prices mailed upon request.

**We Specialize on Fine Half-tone and Color Work, Book and Catalogue Printing.**

## THE UNION ADVOCATE

Phone 23 NEWCASTLE, N. B. Box 359

# Cynthia's Chauffeur

By LOUIS TRACY  
Copyright by McLeod & Allen, Toronto

(Continued)

His only consolation was provided by the knowledge that the risk to a stout Mercury was as slight compared with the tortures endured by a French-guilt racer, with its long wheel-base and low chassis. After a couple of miles of semi-miraculous advance his respect for Smith's capability as a driver increased literally by leaps and bounds.

But the end was nearer than he thought. On reaching the top of one of those seemingly interminable land waves, he saw a blurred object in the hollow. Soon he distinguished Cynthia's face-colored front fender, and his heart throbbed exultantly when the girl flattered a handkerchief to show that she, too, had seen.

Mrs. Devar rose and clutched the back of the seat behind him.

"I apologize, Fitzroy," she piped tremulously. "You are right. They have lost their way and met with some accident. I am glad I am that I did not insist on your making straight for Bristol!"

Her unparalleled impudence won his admiration. Such a woman, he thought, was worthy of a better fate than that which put her in the position of a bought intrigue. But Cynthia was near, waving her hands gaily and exclaiming in a sympathetic, thanksgiving drawl on a strip of turtur by the roadside, so Medenham's views of Mrs. Devar's previous actions were tempered by conditions extraordinarily favorable to her at the moment.

She seemed to be aware instinctively of the change in his sentiments wrought by the sight of Cynthia. It was in quite a friendly tone she spoke of "Count Edouard is there; but where is his man?"

"Something serious is his man?"

"Something serious has been sent to the station. Oh, how lucky we hurried, and how clever of you to find out which way the car went!"

## CHAPTER VI.

### A Midsummer Night's Vagaries

Cynthia, notwithstanding that spirited past, was rather pale when Medenham stopped the car close beside her. She had been on tenterhooks during the past quarter of an hour—there were silent moments when she measured her own slim figure against the bulky, half-formed resolutions to take to her heels along the Cheddar Road.

At first, she had enjoyed the run greatly. Although the speed of Smith as a mechanic, the man was a first-rate driver, and he spun the Du Vallon along at its best speed. But the change to good macadam and to none soon made itself felt, and Cynthia was more troubled than she cared to show when the French flier came to a standstill after panting and jolting alarmingly among the ruts. Marigny's excited questions evoked only unintelligible grunts from Smith; for all that, the irritating truth could not be withheld—the petrol tank, as it were, was not full, and the petrol had gotten to be that morning, but, by some strange mischance, the supply usually held in reserve had been left at Bristol!

The Frenchman was very angry with Smith, and Smith was humbly apologetic. The pair must have acted convincingly, because each knew a pretty how soon a gallon of petrol would vaporize in the Du Vallon's six cylinders. Having taken the precaution to measure the exact quantity into the tank before leaving Cheddar, they were prepared for a breakdown at any point within a few hundred yards of the precise locality where it occurred.

Cynthia, being generous-minded, tried to make little of the mishap. By taking that line she strove to reassure herself.

"Fitzroy is always prepared for emergencies," she said. "He will soon catch up with us. But what a road! I didn't really notice it before. Surely this cannot be the road between Bristol and Cheddar?"

"No, it is not," said Medenham, "and in England, too, where the roads are so perfect!"

"There are two roads, but this is the nearest one," explained the glib-tongued Count, seemingly much relieved by the prospect of Fitzroy's early arrival. "You don't deserve to be pulled out of a ditch by a promiscuous, Smith," he went on, eyeing the chauffeur sternly.

"There's a village not very far ahead, sir," said the abashed Smith. "Oh, never mind! We must wait for Miss Vanreem's car."

"Wait?" inquired Cynthia. "What else can we do?"

"I take it he meant to walk to some village, and bring a stock of petrol," she said. "I hope no such thing will be necessary."

"From that hint of latent and highly disagreeable developments dated Cynthia's uneasiness. She accepted Marigny's suggestion that they should stroll to the top of the slight hill just descended, whence they would be able to watch their rescuers approach from a considerable distance—she even remembered to tell him to smoke—but she answered him slyly sallies at random, and agreed unreservedly with his voluble self-reproach.

The obvious diuse of the road, a mere lane providing access to sheep inclosures on the hills, caused her no small perplexity, though she saw it not to add to her companion's distress by commenting on it. In any other circumstances she would have been genuinely alarmed, but her well-established acquaintanceship with the Count, together with the apparently certain fact that Fitzroy and Mrs. Devar were coming nearer each second, forbade the tremors that any similar accident must have evoked. It was, they were marooned on some remote mountain range of the continent and no friendly car was speeding to their aid.

The two halted on the rising ground, and one of them, at least, suddenly into the purple shadows now mellowing the gray monotony of the plateau. The point where the Du Vallon left the main road was indistinguishable from where the road Marie-

restored her to a disconsolate chapter on some before midnight, and she was crying enough to admit that if he had not then succeeded in winning her esteem by his chivalry, his unobtrusive tenderness, his devoted attentions—about all his flow of interesting talk and well-turned epigram—the fault would be his own, and not attributable to adverse conditions. It was at a surprising, therefore, that he failed to choke back the curse quick risen to his lips when the throbb of the Mercury's engine came over the crest of the hill. Never had he so called dragon more terrible to the holder, even in the days of knight-errantry. In an instant his well-combed perfect had gone by the board. He saw himself disoriented, suspended, a skulking plotter driven into the open, a self-confessed trickster utterly at the mercy of some haphazard question that would lay bare his pretenses and cover his counterfeit rhapsody with ridicule.

If Cynthia had heard, and hearing understood, it is possible that a great many remarkable incidents that embryo would have passed into the mists of what might have been. For instance, she would not have deigned to notice Count Edouard Marigny's further existence. The next time she met him he would fill a place in the landscape comparable to that occupied by a migratory beetle. But her heart was tapping for joy, and a cry of thankfulness quite drowned in her ears the Frenchman's furious oath.

Mrs. Devar, having had time to gather her wits, called to her fellow-conspirator to retrieve her fellow-conspirator's shattered fortunes.

"My dear Cynthia," she cried excitedly, "do you see any sign of the car? It is not I, but the cheerful, that is out of commission. Didn't you see the Salome as when you were there on the screen?"

"Ah! the car is broken down. I do not wonder—this fearful road—"

"The road seems to have strayed out of Colorado," she said, "and we are short of petrol. Please give some to Monsieur Marigny, Fitzroy. Then we can hurry to Bristol and the Count must pick up his chauffeur on the way."

Without more ado, she seated herself by Mrs. Devar's side, and Marigny realized that he had been robbed of a golden opportunity. No pretense would bring Cynthia back in to the Du Vallon that evening; it would need the exercise of all his subtle tact to induce her to re-enter the car at any point.

He strove to appear at his ease, even essayed a few words of congratulation on the happy change that brought the Mercury to his relief, but the imperious young lady cut short his limping phrases.

"Oh, don't let us waste these precious minutes," she protested. "It will be quite done to the car. There is much more of this wretched track—"

Medenham broke in at that. Mrs. Devar's change of front had caused him some grim amusement, but the discovery of Marigny's artifice roused his wrath again. It was high time that Cynthia should be enlightened, partly at least, as to the true nature of the "accident" that had befallen her; he had already solved the riddle of Smith's disappearance.

"The road to Bristol lies behind you, Miss Vanreem," he said.

"One of the roads," cried the Frenchman.

"No, the only road," persisted Medenham. "You are to return to it some two miles in the rear. Had you followed your present path much farther, you would have reached Bristol."

"But there is a village quite near. My chauffeur has gone there for petrol. Someone would have told us of our mistake."

"There is no petrol to be bought at Blagdon, which is a mere hamlet on the downs. Anyhow, here are two gallons—ample for your needs—but if you have any more, take them; you will be compelled to wait till he returns, Monsieur Marigny."

Though Medenham did not endeavor to check the palpable absurdity of his earlier statements, he did not intend to have uttered these two concluding words. Had he ransacked his ample vocabulary of the French language for any other phrase that upon another set of syllables offering similar difficulties to the foreigner, it was quite evident that his accurate pronunciation started at the accomplishment. Each arrived at the same conclusion, though by different channels; this man was no mere chauffeur, and the fact rendered his marked hostility all the more significant.

Nevertheless, for the moment, Marigny concealed his uneasiness; by a display of good humor he hoped to gloss over the palpable absurdity of his earlier statements to Cynthia. "I seem to have bungled this business very badly," he said slyly. "Please don't be too hard on me. I shall make a note of it, and you in Bristol. Au revoir, chere dames! Tell them to keep me some dinner. I may not be so very far behind, since your ladies will take some time over your toilette. I shall—what you call it—scorch like mad after I have found that careless scoundrel, Smith."

Cynthia had suddenly grown dumb, so Mrs. Devar tried once more to relax the tension.

"Do be careful, Count Edouard," she cried; "this piece of road is dreadfully dangerous, and when all is said and done, another half hour is now of no great consequence."

"If your chauffeur has really gone to Blagdon, he will not be back under an hour at least, and I have no doubt that he will be back under an hour at least. Unless you wish to wreck your car you will not attempt to follow him."

With that he bent over the head lamp, and their audience fell suspended. Marigny's scornful face could no longer pretend to ignore the Englishman's menace. Still, he was powerless. Though he had no anger and barked desire, he dared not provoke a continued silence already warred on by the throbb of the engine, and he actually suspicious. He forced a laugh.

"Explanations are like swamps," he said. "The farther you plunge into them the deeper you sink. I shall crawl. To please you, Mrs. Devar, I shall crawl. As for Miss Vanreem, see that she does not care what becomes of me."

Cynthia weakened a little at that. Certainly she wondered why her model chauffeur chose to express his opinions so bluntly, while Marigny's

willfulness to take offense was admirable.

"Is there no better plan?" she asked quickly, for Medenham had started the engine, and his hand was on the reversing lever.

"For what?" he demanded.

"For extricating my friend from his difficulty?"

"If he likes to come with us, he can leave his car here all night, and return for it to-morrow."

"Please do not trouble yourself in the least on my account," broke in the Count slyly. "As for abandoning my car, such a stupid notion would never enter my mind. No, no! I wait for Smith, but you may rely on my appearance in Bristol before you have finished dinner."

"Though he was so simple matter to back and turn the Mercury in that rough and narrow road, Medenham accomplished the manoeuvre with the ease that the Frenchman appreciated to the full. At first time he noted the number when the tail-lamp revealed it.

"X L 4060," he commented to himself, "must inquire who the owner is. Devar or Smith will know where to apply for the information. And I must also ascertain that fellow's history, first of all, and my luck, too! If the Devar woman has any sense she will keep Cynthia well out of his way until the other chauffeur arrives on the scene."

As it happened, the "Devar woman" was thinking the same thing at the same moment, but, being nervous, "dared not attempt to utter her thoughts while the car was creeping cautiously over the ruts and stones. At last, when the highroad was reached, the pace quickened, and she was able to give vent to her thoughts. "We have had a quite wonderful day," she said with an air of motherly solicitude, turning to the distracted girl by her side. "I am sure you were there on the screen."

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Now, you two—what are you discussing?

patronizing tone. "Miss Vanreem will come out at any minute—"

Medenham glanced at the clock by the side of the speed indicator. "The lady is here," he said. "Unless she is being purposely detained by Mrs. Devar," he commented dryly.

"But why persist in this piece of folly?" cried Marigny, to whose reluctant consciousness the idea of failure suddenly presented itself. "You must realize by this time that I know all affairs, you had better remain in the car a few days at my expense. Of course, it is understood that I deputize for you during the remainder of the tour."

Simmonds, no courtier, grinned broadly, and even Dale winked at the North Star; Medenham had steered himself against such manifestations of crudel opinion—his face was unresponsive as that of a graven image.

"Of course I'll oblige you in that way, my lord. Who would not?" came the slow reply.

CHAPTER VII.

Wherein Cynthia Takes Her Own Line

When the Mercury, shining from Dale's attentions, halted noiselessly opposite the College Green Hotel on the Saturday morning, Count Edouard Marigny was standing there; the Du Vallon was not in evidence, and its owner's attire bespoke other aims than motoring, at any rate for the hour.

Evidently he was well content with himself. A straw hat was set on the back of his head, a caketree stuck between his lips, his hands were thrust into his trouser pockets, and his feet were spread widely apart. Taken altogether, he had the air of a man without a care in the world.

He smiled, too, in the most friendly fashion, when Medenham's eyes met his.

"I hear that Simmonds is unable to carry out his contract," he said cheerfully. "You are mistaken, a second time, monsieur," said Medenham.

"Why, then, are you here this morning?"

"I am acting for Simmonds. If anything, my car is slightly superior to his, while I may be regarded as an equally competent driver, so the contract is kept in all essentials."

Marigny still smiled. The Frenchman of mid-Victorian romances would have shelled this point by indulging in "an immitable string," but now days Parisians of the Count's type do not shrug—with John Bull's clothing they have adopted no small share of his stolidity.

"It is immaterial," he said. "I have sent my man to offer him my Du Vallon, and Smith will go with him to explain its humors. You, as a skilled motorist, understand that a car is of the feminine gender. Like any other charming demoiselle, it demands the services of tact—it yields willingly to gentle handling."

Medenham cut short the Count's neatly turned phrases.

"Simmonds has no need to avail himself of your courtesy," he said. "As for the rest, give me your address in Paris, and when I next visit the French capital I shall be delighted to analyze these subtleties with you."

"All most admirable! But the really vital question before us to-day is your address in London, Mr. Fitzroy."

Marigny dwelt on the surname; as if it were a succulent oyster, and, in the undeniable surpluses of the moment, Medenham was forced to renege that "Captain" Devar, formerly of Horton's Horse, had dared all by telling the confederate the truth. "Some part of the truth. The two men looked squarely at each other, and Marigny did not fail to misinterpret the dubious frown on Medenham's face.

He descended a step or two, and crossed the pavement leisurely, dropping his voice so that it might not reach the ears of a porter, laden with the ladies' traveling boxes, who appeared in the doorway.

"Why should we quarrel?" he asked, with an engaging frankness well calculated to reassure a startled eavesdropper. "In this matter I am anxious to treat you as a gentleman. Alas, don't hurry off instantly and tell Simmonds to ring the Du Vallon here. Leave me to explain everything to Miss Vanreem. Surely you agree that she ought to be spared the unpleasantness of a wrangle—or, shall we say, an exposure? You see," he continued with a trifle more animation and speaking in French, "the game is not worth the candle in a few hours at the most, you will be in the hands of the police, whereas, by reaching London to-night, you may be able to pacify the Earl of Athol's lordship. I can help, perhaps, I will say all that is possible, and my testimony ought to carry some weight."

Medenham was thoroughly mystified. That the Frenchman was not yet aware of his identity was now clear enough, though, with Devar's probable duplicity still running in his mind, he could not allow the puzzle presented by this vaulted half-knowledge. Again the other attributed his perplexity to anything except his real name.

"I am willing to befriend you," he argued emphatically. "You have acted foolishly, but not criminally, I hope. In your anxiety to help a colleague you forgot the fine distinction which the law draws between meum and tuum—"

"No," said Medenham, turning to the porter. "Put the larger box on top of it—the locks outward. Then you will find that they fit exactly. Don't be a headstrong mule; muddled the Count, with a certain heat of annoyance making itself felt in his



The man wilted under those stern eyes.

(To be continued)

### THE WEEK IN NEWCASTLE

Buy "Filtered Gasoline" at D. W. Stothart's.

Tag Day for the 132nd Band Tag Day for the band in Chatham Saturday realized \$185. Loggieville school raised \$12.90.

Services at Maple Glen Rev. W. Harrison will conduct service at Maple Glen Sabbath afternoon, April 9th, at 3 o'clock.

Card of Thanks Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Crammond, wish to thank their many friends for kindness and sympathy shown them during their bereavement.

Cooking Course Well Attended The Newcastle Women's Institute are holding a well attended cooking course in St. James Hall. It began on Monday morning with Miss Saunders of Fredericton as demonstrator. Most of the members and some nine outside ladies were present Monday.

Millinery Opening Mrs. James Schofield of Renous has taken over the Kneuch store, Blackville, N. B., and will carry on the millinery business there. Mrs. Schofield will hold her spring millinery opening on Thursday, April 13th. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Private Drillen Recovering Mrs. Hiram Drillen has received a letter from the Rev. C. H. Deane in France, saying that her son, Private Thomas H. Drillen, who was dangerously ill, is slowly improving. Private Drillen's many Miramichi friends will be pleased to hear this glad news.

For Best Name—\$5.00 Messrs. R. M. Faudel & Co. are offering \$5.00 in cash to the person who will choose the most appropriate name for their store here. Read their large advt. on page 8, and see also the special bargains they are offering. The conditions of the contest are easy, as explained in their advt., so set on your thinking-cap and win that five.

Recruits Enlisted Here March 29—Andrus Schumaker, Senvalon, Poland, Russia, (for 132nd) Wm. J. Richardson, South Nelson (Woodmen's Battalion); Charles Tupper Ahearn, Newcastle (219th N. S. Highlanders) March 30—Christopher Sullivan, Gray Rapids (132nd) April 2—Stephen Gustave Martin, Rezersville (Woodmen's) April 4—Wayle James Pell, Newcastle, native of England (Woodmen's); John Edward Ryan, Chapin Island Road, (58th Howitzer Battery).

Food Sale, April 22nd Kindly reserve Saturday afternoon, April 22nd, for the Food Sale which the Ladies Aid of St. James Church intend holding in the Kirk Hall, 15-1

Capt. A. J. Losier Home Capt. A. J. Losier, M. D., engaged in hospital work in France the last 13 months, returned to Chatham Thursday, and was given a grand reception by his townfolk and the officers and men of the 132nd

Soda Fount for Sale Soda Fount in good repair, with complete equipment, for sale at a bargain. Apply to Morris' Pharmacy, Newcastle.

Rev. F. C. Simpson Returns to Active Ministry Rev. F. C. Simpson, recently pastor of St. Mark's Douglstown, has accepted a call to Bridgetown, N. S. He has lately been on the staff of the Presbyterian Witness, Halifax.

Having Successful Sale Mr. Walter Amy, who has been holding a stenther sale of boots and shoes in the Russell & Morrison shoe department lately taken over by him, has been kept busy the past few days selling out this stock to make room for his new, arriving daily. Watch for announcements next issue.

"Little Ada" Sunk The large steamer belonging to the Miramichi Lumber Co., named "Little Ada" went to the bottom of the river off Douglstown wharf, on Thursday. The boat which is over 100 feet long, is supposed to have had her plates crushed by the ice. She went down stern first and was out of sight in twenty minutes.

County Court opened yesterday. Judge Maloney presiding. True bills were found in two Chatham cases of alleged theft, on complaint of James Murphy, A. A. Davidson for prosecution, R. Murray defending.

The civil cases are: John Mahoney vs Charles Rainesboro for snow hire. Action brought by Hon. L. J. Tweedie, R. A. Lawlor for defence. Amos vs Freeze, an action for lumber sold and delivered, E. P. Williston for prosecution; A. A. Davidson for defence. Court is still sitting.

Special Public Meeting Instead of the regular meeting of the Town Improvement League on the second Thursday of the month, a special meeting will be held in Town Hall next Monday evening, April 10th inst., at 8 o'clock. The public are cordially welcomed. A special invitation is issued to all who have sat at the present term to attend and address the meeting on the work of the Council.

Band Benefit The Empress theatre has given over its show on Friday night to the 132nd band as a band benefit night. Special pictures will be shown and local stunts will be on the program. The total proceeds go to the band. See dodgers.

Up-to-Date Tailors The advertisement of Messrs. A. W. & H. Grady, tailors, of Blackville, begins in this issue. Messrs. Grady are successors to S. Bean, who up until the new year conducted a tailoring business in that thriving town. These young men, since beginning, have met with good success, from which can be taken for granted they are pleasing their patrons. They advertise to be in Douglstown at the Murray House on Friday of this week where they will take orders for suits, etc., and it is their intention to visit their town and other sections at least twice a month. Advertise readers from that section of the county will do well to follow up their advertisement.

"The White Feather" Here Next The British War Office drama "The White Feather," which has scored the most phenomenal success in the history of the English-speaking stage will be the offering at the Opera House April 28th. "The White Feather" has already reached its second year in London and is still playing there, and has passed the sixth month of its career of phenomenal business in Australia. It played for one solid year in New York. "The White Feather" is a stirring, melodramatic comedy with many thrills and surprises through its three acts, with the best thrills held in reserve till the end. The theme of the play, revolving around the present European War, makes its appearance of timely interest to Englishmen and Canadians.

Prices Advancing By the way prices are advancing on all high grades of papers, both colored and plain, it will only be a matter of a short time before they will be beyond the reach of job printers, as they will be too expensive to carry, or else, and which is the general advice now being received they will be cut out by manufacturers altogether, as it is becoming impossible to obtain the material that goes into high class lined and bond papers. It is therefore most advisable for patrons of The Advocate Job Dept. to place their orders now for what they may require, while the present stock lasts which was bought before the advance began. The Advocate has always stocked only the best grades of paper, and will continue to do so under all conditions, using only good stock where good stock is needed. If your supply is low, see to it now while old prices prevail.

### HONOR ROLL

Of St. Andrew's and St. Mark's Anglican Churches, of the Parishes of Newcastle and Nelson

- George John Bate—6th Field Battery.
- William Craig—26th N. B. Regiment
- James I. Craik—26th N. B. Regiment
- George H. Craik—26th N. B. Regiment
- John T. Davidson—26th N. B. Regiment
- W. Harold Davidson—26th N. B. Regiment
- John B. Williston—6th Field Ambulance
- John McCornack—23rd Field Battery
- George A. Fleiger—28th Field Battery
- Thomas H. Drillen—Cth Mounted Rifles
- L. Medley Flatt—55th Regiment
- Philip H. Pursey—55th Regiment
- J. Warren Davidson—55th Highlanders, N. S.
- W. Edwin Drillen—55th Regiment
- George A. Ryan—55th Regiment
- W. Albert Ryan—55th Regiment
- Stafford McCormick—64th Regiment
- William E. Adair—104th Regiment
- Robert J. Blair—1st Pioneers
- Andrew Lewis Flatt—103rd Regiment, B. C.
- William H. Kitchen—132nd Regiment
- James W. Vye—132nd Regiment
- Isaac Cowie—132nd Regiment
- Clarence Gundersen—132nd Regiment
- Herbert Laskey—132nd Regiment
- Robert F. Craik—132nd Regiment
- Benjamin Williston—132nd Regiment
- Robert A. Williston—132nd Regiment
- Herbert G. Craik—132nd Regiment
- A. Herbert Murrell—132nd Regiment
- Red Cross Nurse Mary Ethel Orr.

Emily Stevens Featured in the Happy Hour First Metro Production Emily Stevens, the emotional star who is to make her appearance in Newcastle at the Happy Hour Thursday in "Cora" has achieved some of the most remarkable successes ever won by a young actress, and in a few short years has come into the foreground as one of the leading portrayals of distinctly emotional parts. Miss Stevens is a first cousin of Mrs. Minnie Madden Fiske, and received all her early training under her illustrious relative. Her first appearance was in scarcely a walking part in "Becky Sharp." Even to that she brought great personality with the result that she was engaged for

### STREAM DRIVERS' OUTFITTINGS IN

Hand Made Boots with 6, 8, 10, 14 and 16 inch legs

Mackinaw and Homespun Pants, Jumpers and Shirts, Sweaters, Stanfield Underwear, Slickers, Sou Westers, Home-made Sox and Boot Calks.

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A series of notable plays which culminated in the role of Emmy in Locke's "Scepticus" in which her performance was so masterful and perfect that she shared the honors with George Arliss. From that she went to the leading parts in "Toby" and "Within the Law" while right at this moment she is being starred on Broadway in "The Unchastened Woman" one of New York's biggest successes.

Local lovers of things dramatic will see her in a particularly appealing part, the name role of "Cora." The story is not an especially elaborate one, but it has shortly to be seen here again.

Last Week's Recruits at Chatham enlisted at Chatham last week. Among them were the following from Douglstown—Jas. Arsenault, Edward McKenzie, Howard P. Doyle, Eldon Atkinson and Charles Phillips.

Ludlow Soldier Dead Private Ernest E. O'Donnell of the 140th Battalion, passed away Sunday at the Victoria Public Hospital, Fredericton, after a brief illness with pneumonia. The deceased was aged seventeen years and six months. The deceased was very popular with his comrades and his untimely death is greatly regretted.—Mail.

## Happy Hour

Presents its first great Metro production featuring Emily Stevens

### "CORA" in Five Acts Thursday

Highly Emotional and Bristling with Surprised. Not until Fate Dashed the Prima Donna's Auto over the Cliff did the Heroine of our Story get her Great Chance

"CORA" IS A STORY OF THE OPERATIC STAGE. It commences with the immigration into America of Madame Renée, at one time the idol of French music-lovers, who brought with her her daughter, also a gifted singer, but not yet having been introduced to stage life. In their poverty-stricken little home the mother succumbs to a serious illness and Cora is left upon the world. Her struggle against many adversities until she attains recognition of her wonderful vocal abilities is filled with intense love scenes, strenuous encounters between rival aspirants for her hand and affections, and some truly marvelous spectacles including a thrilling auto crash over a towering cliff. The story is told swiftly and powerfully with all the elaborate finish and detail characteristic to Metro pictures. Emily Stevens, the star of the piece, is one of America's leading emotional actresses. She is a protegee of her illustrious cousin Mrs. Minnie Madden Fiske and she has played stellar roles in such Broadway successes as "Toby," "The Unchastened Woman," "Scepticus," "Within the Law," etc. Newcastle people are going to like Miss Stevens immensely, and will be deeply impressed with her first film triumph herewith presented.

FRIDAY-- Famous Players "A Voice in the Fog" Featuring Donald Brain

# Do You Wish to Make \$5 Easy?

With each 50c. cash purchase and up, our patrons will be kindly asked to Suggest a DISTINCTIVE NAME SUITABLE FOR OUR STORE. The person suggesting the most suitable name will win the prize. The Contest will be Closed on the Sixth of May.

## Here are Some Seasonable Goods at Big Reductions

FOR MEN	FOR WOMEN
Worsted Suits of good quality and fine patterns, reg. \$20.00 for \$15.00.	Satinette Underskirts, with pleated ruffle in latest shades, just arrived, reg. \$2.25, for \$1.50.
Felt Hats, of all shapes and sizes, reg. up to \$3.00, for \$1.50.	Embroidered Shirt Waists, in Lawn and Cotton, either low or high neck, very stylish, reg. \$1.25, for 95c.
Boys' Suits, reg. \$7.00, for \$5.50.	
Boys' Suits, reg. \$3.00, for \$2.00.	

Middy Blouses, Children's Embroidered Dresses, Ladies' Night Gowns with embroidered trimmings, and Ladies' Vests will be shown at reduced prices.

### SEVEN PER CENT. DISCOUNT

on all regular lines during this contest. Think of a good name! Buy of us and save money. Do not miss your chance, you might be a winner! Remember the Prize

### FOR THE BEST NAME \$5.00

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## SPRING TONICS

### BEEF IRON AND WINE

is the great Spring Builder. It enriches the blood, increases the appetite, and does away with that tired feeling.

Large Bottles \$1.00 now 75 cents.

We carry the largest assortment of Soaps in town. Anything in the Toilet line can be procured at our store. BRING your PRESCRIPTION TO US

## E. J. MORRIS,

CHEMIST & DRUGGIST.

## Dried Fruits, Jam and Marmalade

About this time your own delicious fruits are pretty well eaten up, and as the spring appetite is none too good, you will want something tempting. Look over this list, we are sure you will find just what you want.

Evaporated Apples	12c per lb	Peanut Butter, Olive Butter, Cream Cheese and Olives.
Large Juicy Prunes	10 to 15 per lb.	Campbell's Soups in Ox Tail, Chicken, Tomato, Pea, Celery and Vegetable.
Evaporated Peaches	15c per lb.	Orange Marmalade, Apricot, Plum, Peaches, Gooseberry, Green Gage, and Strawberry Jam at 20c.
Evaporated Apricots	18c per lb.	Godwillie's Peaches, Pears, Plums, White and Red Cherries, Black Currants, Raspberries and Strawberries.
Large Can Peas	25c	
2 Large Cans Plums	25c.	

Black and Red Currant Jelly, Pure Honey.

GRAPE FRUIT, ORANGES, LEMONS, APPLES, CRANBERRIES, BANANAS. WE EXPECT TO HAVE CUCUMBERS, LETTUCE, RADISH AND TOMATOES FOR SATURDAY.

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