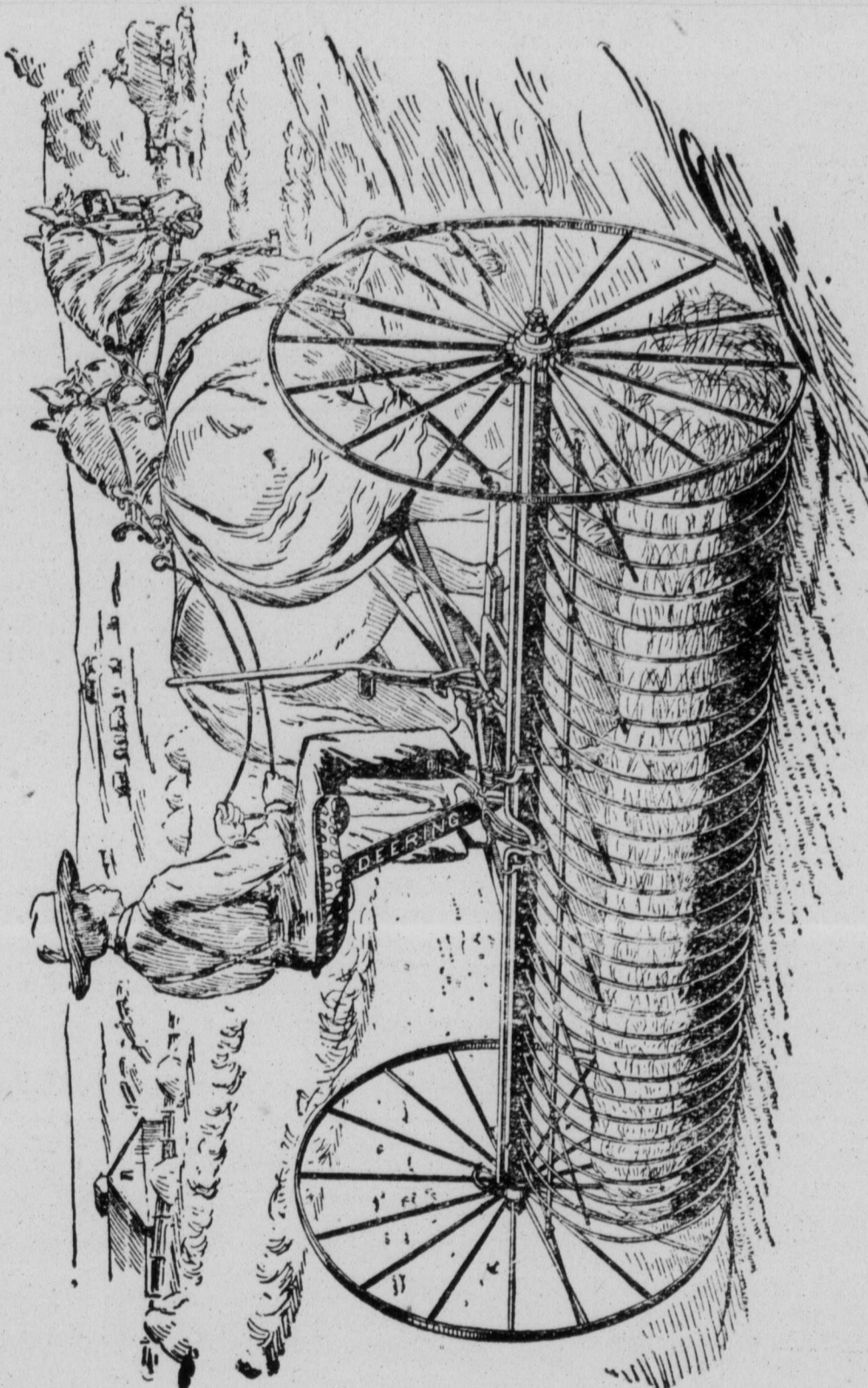


The Alberta Star

Vol. 9

CARDSTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, MAY 30, 1908.

No. 5



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E. N. BARKER, CARDSTON

Quarterly Conference.

The regular quarterly conference of the Alberta Stake of Zion of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, convened in the Assembly Hall last Saturday and Sunday. There was a re-union of Stake and Ward Officers in the Assembly Hall on Friday evening which was largely attended.

The regular meetings of the conference were opened on Saturday morning at 10 o'clock with President Edward J. Wood presiding. There were present from Salt Lake City as representing the General Authorities of the Church, Apostle Geo. F. Richards and President B. H. Roberts of the First Seven Presidents of Seventy. Representatives were also present from the wards and branches of the Stake, extending as far north as Staveland on the C. and E. R. R. The choir and congregation sang for the opening hymn, "Praise to the man who communed with Jehovah."

Prayer was offered by Bishop D. E. Harris of the Cardston Ward. The choir again sang, "If you could hie to Kolob."

THOMAS DUCE

President Thomas Duce was the first speaker. He greeted the saints assembled and bade them welcome to the conference and invoked the spirit of the Lord in all the proceedings. He also reported the condition of the Stake and said that all the wards and branches had been visited within the last three months and some of them twice. Everywhere the Latter-day Saints were in a most excellent condition, both temporally and spiritually. He called attention to the work of the special missionaries and stated they had reported that 95 per cent. of the people in the Stake were keeping the Word of Wisdom. He told of the re-organization of the Leavitt, Cardston and Kimball wards and also spoke of the spirit of restlessness that seemed to be manifested by some of the brethren and sisters.

JAMES P. LOW

Elder James P. Low reported the work of the 121st Quorum of Seventy and said they were in a good working condition. He was pleased to report that all the members of the Council were observing the Word of Wisdom. He stated that the Quorum only possessed 61 or 62 members. Of this number 8 were in the Mission field, 12 were in the Stake and Local Sunday Schools and a call had been received for 4 more to leave in the near future. He stated there were three classes organized, one at Leavitt, one at Mountain View and one at Cardston and that the study for Class Work was one of the grandest and best studies that had ever been placed in the hands of the Seventy.

BROTHER GROW

Brother Grow of the Pine Coulee Branch of the Claresholm Ward gave a brief and interesting report of the conditions that prevailed among the people and the great help the visit of the Stake Presidency and Stake Officers had been to them. He testified they had some of the best neighbors at Pine Coulee that could be found anywhere.

B. H. ROBERTS

The remainder of the time of the morning meeting was occupied by Elder Brigham H. Roberts of the First Council of Seventy. He introduced his remarks by explaining the purpose of conference and stated that it was not alone for the discussing of the themes of the Gospel but also to learn of conditions that prevail that correct reports may go out to the head of

the Church. He spoke of the beautiful system of sending out representatives and of the exchange of information; of the progress that was being made and the success that was attending the people in their efforts to overcome evil. The chief theme of his discourse was "perfection and what it really means." He said that perfection was on a sliding scale and like the horizon you pursue in vain. He spoke of the joy of life, of the growth, the development and the enlargement. He read a portion of the 76th section of the Doctrine and Covenants and also a part of 3rd Nephi which he said he was pleased to call the 5th Gospel according to the appellation that had been given by one of the Protestant Ministers—in derision. He spoke of the wonderful scientific development all along the line since the year 1830; of the steam power, electric power, the telegraph, the telephone, the printing presses, the wireless Marconigrams etc. He showed how that in these last days the Lord had placed the responsibility of government upon the people and that the people would be held to strict account for the same; of the government which derives its powers from the consent of the governed and said that it was the underlying principle of all the chief governments of the earth today.

The choir sang, "We thank Thee O God for a prophet." Benediction was pronounced by Patriarch John A. Woolf.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON

STERLING WILLIAMS

Elder Sterling Williams of the Stake Presidency was the first speaker in the afternoon meeting. He spoke of the value of true character—that manhood is more than money and worth more than wealth. He told of the reading course that had been outlined for the young men and called attention to the book, "True to his home." He portrayed the fact that sacrifice made for principle would redound to the honor and glory and advancement of those making the sacrifice.

GEORGE F. RICHARDS

Elder George F. Richards followed and in the course of his interesting remarks, he said, "It affords me great pleasure to come into your midst as a visitor. This is the first time I have had the pleasure of visiting with the Saints in Canada. Your stake president has told me of a great many of the virtues of your country. Of course I have heard all kinds of reports from this part of the land but none as good as since I came into your midst. I believe Canada is a good country. You may have your winds and your storms and your snows and your frosts. I have always felt to acknowledge the hand of God in all things and I have never felt to charge God foolishly with any adversity that may seem to confront me. I am glad to see so many healthy children here. Our honor and glory is to come to us through our children. It is a great privilege to visit you here and ride over your grassy lands and breathe the pure air. I am not going to attribute the cold I have altogether to the country and I hope to be free from it before I return. This is a good country and if you will be industrious and energetic it will begin to feel like home after a while. Israel used to sometime look back and long for the flesh pots of Egypt. We must look ahead. I am surprised to find heads of families here who do not possess any land. You should possess yourselves of some of this country, appreciate what you do possess and exercise the hope of possessing more. Be con-

tented, be happy, work, be industrious. We have engaged to serve of the Lord. We have obeyed the Gospel. We are expected to live according to the principles of the Gospel as far as lies in our power. Repentance is one principle of the Gospel that is always in order. We are all sinful creatures to a greater or less extent. (Here Elder Richards read the 8th verse of the 1st Chapter of John's 1st Epistle.) In the journey of life we are sometimes overcome by temptations. God has intrusted all His work, the building up of Zion, the preaching of the Gospel, the redemption of the dead, into our hands. We should be willing to give our time, our efforts and our means for the accomplishment of God's purposes upon the earth. Who can say that he is without sin? We can never be saved in our sins; we can never enter the Kingdom of God unless we sincerely repent. Repentance means to turn away from the wrong things we have done, for as Isaiah says, "Though your sins be as scarlet they shall be white as snow; though they be red like crimson, they shall be as wool." Without forgiveness there is no salvation. We must fortify ourselves against the temptations of the evil one. Officers have been placed in the church for the perfecting of the saints. Jesus said, "Be ye perfect even as your Father in heaven is perfect." This means that we are to overcome the imperfections of our natures. God is perfect in all knowledge for as the Scriptures declare, "Known unto God are all his ways, the end from the beginning." I wish to impress upon your minds this fact that man cannot be saved in ignorance. That we must learn the principles of the Gospel of Jesus Christ and obey them."

Elder W. W. Sheffield, assisted by the Ward Choir, sang, "Israel awake from thy long silent slumber."

B. H. ROBERTS

The speaker said that he did not wish to divert from the theme which Elder Richards had been discussing. He read a por-

tion of the 13th Psalm and told of the naturalness of the figures which he used. Elder Roberts went on to say that the heavens were the world's book and to speak of the great discoveries that had been made by recent astronomers inasmuch so that the few stars which David saw were merely as lamps approaching to the great city. He told of the German genius that brought the powerful lens to play on the heavens thereby revealing new heavens and new glories until it actually seemed that the horizon had been actually pushed away back. He spoke of our sun and the group of worlds that constituted its retinue and how that it gives light and life and warmth. The speaker reasoned that all the planets that God had created were populated with intelligence and he read from the Book of Moses in the Pearl of Great Price where the Lord spoke of a distinct and specific heaven and earth in contradistinction to any others that might exist. Elder Roberts said the text, "Be ye perfect even as your Father in Heaven is perfect" simply meant, "be ye as perfect in your sphere as your God is perfect in His sphere." He urged upon the parents the necessity of having their children baptized when 8 years old and spoke of it as one of the greatest privileges and blessings of the Gospel.

SUNDAY MORNING

The Sunday morning services were held under the direction of the Ward and Stake Sabbath Schools. After devotional exercises and the passing of the Sacrament, sister Lola Lamb led in the concert recitation, "Oh my Father thou that dwellest in the high and glorious place."

MARK A. COOMBS

Superintendent Mark A. Coombs of the Stake Sunday organization gave a brief report of the work being performed by that organization. He stated there were 15 schools in the Stake 11 adjacent to Cardston and 4 in what is called the northern wards. (continued on back page)

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THREE PAST EXISTENCES

SAW PREVIOUS LIVES IN HYPNOTIC SLEEP.

Marvelous Case of French Girl—Could Remember Before She Was Born.

Some wonderful results, seeming to throw some light on the problems of reincarnation have recently been attained through the medium of a young French woman, Mlle. Marie Mayo Cyriane.

She was the daughter of a French engineer, who, having passed a part of his life in constructing railways in the East, died there. Her mother married again, the second husband being an engineer also, engaged upon the construction of eastern railways.

The girl was brought up at Beirut, in Syria, until she was 9 years old, in the care of native servants and in attendance at a school kept by nuns, who taught her to read and write in Arabic.

Being brought to France and placed under the care of an aunt who lived in Provence, she came under the observation of Colonel de Rochas, who, as one of the foremost investigators of psychological phenomena upon a scientific basis, had for years been engaged in the exposure of charlatans and in the study of varying phases of personality under the influence of hypnosis.

When she was 12 years of age, she was hypnotized by Colonel de Rochas, who, as one of the foremost investigators of psychological phenomena upon a scientific basis, had for years been engaged in the exposure of charlatans and in the study of varying phases of personality under the influence of hypnosis.

There were thirty sittings in all. It was not until the seventh sitting that complete exteriorization of the astral body was effected, and only in the fifteenth did Col. de Rochas feel justified in carrying the regression of her memory back to any previous existence.

Thus, Miss Mayo was taken back, in her condition of trance, gradually from 18 years of age to 16, to 14, to 12, to 10 years of age.

She saw her astral body transform itself in appearance corresponding with the altered age, and her memory revived countless facts which she had forgotten in her waking state.

BABY AGAIN.
At 8 years of age she was at Beirut, and could remember all her Turkish, which had slipped away from her during the years she had lived in France. At the age of 1 year her language failed her, and she could simply nod "yes" and "no."

Then she went into nothingness, feeling only that she existed. She was carried back still farther, when she said she was "all in the gray," and remembered having had some earlier existence.

HER PRECEDING EXISTENCE.
With the seventeenth sitting the full facts of those earlier lives of hers which could be evoked began to appear. Back to the moment of her birth, back to that time before her birth, beyond that and—
"Where are you now?"
"I am a woman, she calls herself Lina."

"Are you living or dead?"
"I am dead,"
"How did you die?"

WAS BRETON GIRL.
The tragedy of the girl's preceding existence was disclosed. The daughter of a fisherman in Brittany, she led the toilsome, hard life of the fisher child, yet was allowed to attend the parish schools long enough to learn how to

read and write. As she grew into maidenhood she hoped for marriage, with the simple, natural desire and ambition natural to the young, innocent girl.

She was yet in her teens when the sailor she longed for came, a fisherman, like her father. His name was Yvon. She was married when she was 20 years old; and then, indeed, she learned what life and love could be, and what sorrow could be.

The reincarnated fisher girl of the hypnotic trance—the girl who, as the parent and sheltered young lady of this generation, was ignorant of the greatest fact of woman's life—passed through the pangs of childbirth, showed the happiness of the mother with her child, and showed the anguish of the mother when the child died, a baby only 2 years old.

COMMITTED SUICIDE.
There were no other children, for Yvon, her husband, was drowned in a shipwreck. Lina, in wild despair, flung herself into the sea from one of the precipices of her native Brittany.

Before the eyes of Colonel de Rochas, M. Lacoste and her physician, Dr. Bertrand, the subject underwent a fresh regression of her supposed suffocation until, in mercy to the living girl before them, the intensity of her re-enactment of the obscure tragedy under the waves of the Brittany coast had to be mitigated.

Again and again, Miss Mayo, hypnotized by Colonel de Rochas, rehearsed her life and death, as Lina and her former, peaceful existence "in the gray" until, impelled to reincarnation, she assumed the amorphous haze of a fresh astral body and descended upon her present mother, Mme. de Mayo, some months before her new birth took place. But the life of Lina was only the beginning of her memory's regression.

Before that she was a man—treacherous, dissipated, cruel, blood-thirsty. For half a century she was Charles Mauville, clerk in a ministerial office in Paris. Times and again during his career the streets of Paris ran with blood, and heads were cut off in the public thoroughfares.

Mauville himself joined in the savagery, committing murders with his own hand, because he loved to kill. He lived out his petty, bloody life, hated by all who knew him well, until he sustained a chill at the age of 50 years, and died of pneumonia.

AT COURT OF LOUIS XIV.
But Mauville was not the ultimate stage of regression in Mlle. Mayo's memory. She was in "the dark" for a long time previously, but before that had been Madeleine de Saint-Marc, wife of a gentleman attached to the court of Louis XIV.

PUTTING IT CONCRETELY.
Although Mr. Lawton was wont to indulge in a sort of language which left his hearers in some doubt as to his exact meaning, yet when he was "put to it" he never failed to make himself understood.

"No, I shouldn't want to live in a house like Philander's," he announced to Mrs. Lawton on the evening of his return from a visit to a nephew. "His cellar, now—it's most desperately overflowed whenever the weather is any ways damp."

"Just what do you mean by desperately overflowed?" asked Mrs. Lawton.

"I mean," said her husband, mildly, "that all they had to do was to open the door that led from the kitchen down cellar, and the apples 'come floating right in on the kitchen floor. Is that plain to ye?"

GREAT ITALIAN BRIGANDS

SALOMONE IS HATED, WHILE MULONE IS A HERO.

Still Powers in Sicily—Newspaper Man Fell Foul of Failla Mulone.

A Palermo (Italy) correspondent writes:—Although the formidable Vanzetti is heard of no more, during the last year or two there have been several candidates for succession. Among these, Salomone and Failla Mulone have outstripped the others. The former has been arrested and is to be tried in the Assize Court of Callanissetta. The latter is still at large. The present curious contrasts, for, while Salomone is hated by Sicilians, Mulone is their hero. The first became a brigand through politics; the second through love.

DRUGGED AND TAKEN.
Four years ago Salomone shot in the back his political opponent, the Syndic of Barrafranco. Since then he has lived by robbery, and has never hesitated to kill anybody who attempted to betray him. The circumstances of his arrest are tragic. A landlord, from whom, rifle in hand, he had demanded hospitably, administered to him a narcotic, mixed in his food. When Salomone was asleep the landlord summoned the carabinieri. The brigand, however, managed to awake at the right moment and look to his heels. He had not gone very far before he found himself surrounded by eight carabinieri, who managed to secure him after a brief struggle.

Then Salomone called the leader of the carabinieri and offered him 5,000 lire (\$1,000) for permission to escape. Naturally, the bribe was refused, and the brigand was hauled off to jail. With him were arrested two priests and two gentlemen of Barrafranco, who urged him to kill the Syndic, and they will be tried with him.

MULONE IS HERO.
The Sicilians, uncultured, but chivalrous, hate Salomone. They have never forgiven him for shooting the Syndic in the back. That was treachery, because in Sicily homicide is regarded as a sort of duel without witnesses, in which the adversaries should face each other loyally and fight according to the traditional rules of chivalry in the country. But there is no doubt that his forthcoming trial will be followed with much interest.

Failla Mulone, who took to the forest after he had killed his sweetheart and his rival for her affection, is the true brigand of romance or melodrama, and he is beloved by the people, who recognize in him the ardent disposition, as Percy for fabulous revenge, for his generous generosity, which is characteristic of the Sicilian race.

TO KILL REPORTER.
Two years ago he had one glorious hour of celebrity when he was surprised by a squad of carabinieri in a house in the Montedoro country, but managed to escape, killing two of the police and wounding several others.

On that occasion a Montedoro journalist telegraphed a long account of the affair to a Palermo newspaper. But Mulone, who is a modern brigand and reads the newspapers, was dissatisfied with the narrative of his prowess. Accordingly, he wrote to the editor

of the Palermo journal a letter, in which he swore that if the reporter returned to Montedoro he would be killed. He enclosed ten lire with the letter to pay for the publication. The poor journalist hurriedly left Montedoro, where he lived, and settled in Palermo.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

Interesting Gossip About Some of the World's Leading People.

The Kaiser's moustache, in its present form, dates back to 1894. It is a development of that individuality which he definitely assumed upon his accession in 1888, although the credit of the actual "discovery" must be given to the Kaiser's own private penurrier, who, after three weeks of its existence, had to be in close attendance at Court to keep the moustache in place. No fashion has more completely changed the physiognomy of a people, for every good German has since considered it his bounden duty to pay to his Emperor the compliment of the sincerest form of flattery.

A pretty story is told concerning the Countess of Dudley, in which the dramatic personage included two well-known Japanese jugglers, who were giving a performance at a London music-hall, and a career which constituted a part of their stock-in-trade. The Countess occupied a seat in the stalls, and during the performance one of the little birds, after hovering round the auditorium for some time, gently flew down and perched on her lap. When an attendant came forward to claim the bird, the Countess begged to be permitted to keep it, and the manager having given his consent Lord Dudley promptly constructed a tiny cage out of his programme, and in this the little songster was safely conveyed to his house in Carlton House Terrace.

Although her fortune has been estimated at \$15,000,000, the late Baroness A. de Rothschild lived a most simple and unassuming life. The most exquisite dishes were served at her table and the rarest wines set before her guests, but she scarcely touched them, and she hardly ever made use of her equipages. It was quite a usual thing to see her take the tram which passed her gate, running from Geneva to Versoix. The guards all knew her, and used to point her out sometimes to the other travelers. After she had seen all the splendor which wealth and a high social position can secure, the Baroness seemed to be more convinced than anyone of the vanity of riches and earthly magnificence. Her desire seemed to be to live like the humble, and find peace and happiness in the routine of their ordinary lives.

Mr. Justin McCarthy is now living in quiet retirement at Westgab-on-Sea, England, and his withdrawal from active literary life has been a distinct loss. No man of our time has seen more of life than this brilliant Irishman. He has known every man worth knowing in the Victorian era. It must seem an age to Mr. McCarthy since he caught his first glimpse of London. The Crystal Palace was in Hyde Park and the Duke of Wellington was out walking down Whitehall in his blue coat and duck trousers. Lord John Russell was passing Reform Bill; Dickens, Carlyle, Thackeray, John Bright, and the young Victorians were in their prime. The young reporter knew them all. Mr. McCarthy has written novels, histories, and poems too many to remember.

The death of Sir Henry Colville has removed from the British Army a man of many tastes and talents. Soldier,

surveyor, balloonist, explorer, author, yachtsman, and photographer, he seemed able to turn a ready hand and facile brain to the most unexpected tasks; and the one clouded spot of a brilliant record is that Boer War incident at Lindley, the ultimate result of which was that General Colville was banished from the Crystal Palace to Egypt.

He was as much at home on the waters of the Channel as he was in the air, and on one occasion, when serving in the Guards, he paddled a canoe from Dover to Calais in half-a-dozen hours. Sir Henry was also a lover of the dramatic art, and he has written two or three plays, one of the best of these being "The Nick of Time," the Guards' play at Chelsea Barracks last year.

Sir W. B. Richmond, B. A., is one of the most interesting artists of the time. He hates ugliness as much as he hates noise, and equates his dislike in his antipathy to the unlovely in life. He also stands for pure art in London, and smoke is his abomination. No man is more ready to lend a helping hand to struggling genius. It is Sir William's proud boast that when he is at home he has as a guest and student every third Sunday a poor factory boy who has a gift for drawing. He it was who "discovered" Austin O. Spare, the remarkable painter-prodigy. The famous Royal Academician was himself one of London's toy prodigies more than fifty years ago, when he astonished his relations by cartooning them upon doors, walls, tables, and window frames—upon anything, in fact, which would bear the mark of his pencil.

Queen Maud of Norway has been described as one of the cleverest members of the British Royal Family. She is talented beyond the average, reads hard, writes both prose and poetry, and speaks five languages fluently. Then she knows many minor arts and crafts, sews and spins well, can carve wood, bind a book, take a photograph, knit a stocking, play chess, and use a typewriter. And Queen Maud is a good athlete, rides well, can sail a boat, pull an oar, skate cleverly, and has a life taken up the pastime of skiing. She is also a keen cyclist, and may often be seen wheeling about the lanes near Sandringham. Children are one of her greatest interests. The story goes that once, when a school class was under examination for her amusement, she took a shy little girl on her knee, and the child's answers instantly showed a marked improvement. The secret, however, came out later on, when the little one said to her teacher, "Please, L.A.M., the lady told me what to say."

PAPER TROUSERS NEXT.
A firm in Saxony has established a process by which they combine paper and cotton, and make it into a serviceable cloth. Paper and cotton and wool are so combined that suits, jackets, shirts and many other articles of dress wear are now being produced. Sufficient rayon, as it is called, to produce a complete plain suit costs from two to three dollars.

A sentimental poet writes: "How can I meet my darling?" After some deliberation over the question we have come to the conclusion that he can meet her by approaching her from an opposite direction.

IN MERRY OLD ENGLAND

NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE.

Occurrences in the Land That Reigns Supreme in the Commercial World.

Eight pairs of twins are attending the Sandfield Council school, Gildford. A solid silver microscope made in the time of George II. was recently sold in London.

The British licensing bill has caused a slump of \$1,250,000,000 in the value of brewery shares. Dover will have a new harbor, which will be completed in 1910, and it will accommodate 50 men-of-war.

The Great Western Railway Company pays about \$20,000 a year for damages to and loss of goods. A Caledonian Society in connection with the town and district of Horsham, Sussex, has been inaugurated.

Mrs. Heywood, who has died at Little Leigh, near Northwich, at the age of 85, never rode in a railway train. It is estimated that there are hundreds of coater pilches in the London streets that are valued in three figures. There are 80,000 children on the roll of the elementary schools of Leeds.

The Ben Jonson Inn, in Shoe Lane, Fleet Street, which has been licensed for more than 300 years, has closed its doors.

It was lately discovered by a night traveler that the train running from Peterborough to Grimsby is infested with rats. For opening and detaining a letter addressed to one of his employes, a Leeds photographer has had to pay \$10 damages.

There are 1,977 houses and premises licensed for the sale of intoxicants in Birmingham, as compared with 2,630 a year ago.

Mr. Atkins, a retired publican, who died at Harrow recently, weighed 476 pounds. His two brothers weighed 560 and 504 pounds.

The King has sent an invalid cough to Guy's Hospital, London, in recognition of services rendered to one of his personal servants.

Prince Victor Duplec Singh's debt was estimated at the Bankruptcy Court the other day in London to amount to \$116,980, and his assets to \$23,250.

Features of the box presented to Miss Florence Nightingale, the first nurse of London, were two finely modelled soldiers and a bronze figure representing charity.

The manager of All Saints' School, Buxton Street, Mile End, New Town, who had advertised for a caretaker, received no fewer than 4,000 written applications for the post.

Sentence of three years' penal servitude was passed at the Notts Assizes on W. M. F. Eggleston, the inspector who stole hundreds of pounds' worth of goods from the Great Northern trains, and to a dog, Mrs. Laura L. P. Jenkins, of Copeland, Holmer, near Harford, who was carrying a lamp, was burned to death owing to her clothes becoming ignited.

Twelve hundred pounds was paid at the fortnightly exhibition at Manchester of the North of England Orchard Society for an orchid, Odontia Crispum van Frans Maesseler, grown by Mr. Peters, of Brussels.

PRETENDING PERCY BECOMES STUDIOUS AND GETS A SCHOLAR'S REWARD



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PETERBOROUGH, Ont., Canada. **SEND FOR CATALOGUE.**

MAY BE OLDEST OF TEMPLES.
Building unearthed in Babylonia Contains Bricks of 4500 B. C.

The oldest temple in the world, so far discovered, has been unearthed by excavators at Bisyra, in central Babylonia.

The walls of the tower were first uncovered in the summer of 1903. The first inscription on the surface was a brick stamped with the name Dungi, which goes back to 2750 B. C. A little lower appeared a crumpled piece of gold with the name Param Sim, who lived in 3750 B. C. Just below were large square bricks peculiar to the reign of Sargon, 3800 B. C., and who was probably the first Semite King of Babylonia.

A large platform was discovered two and a half yards below the surface which was constructed of peculiar convex bricks such as were used in building material 4500 B. C.

FILLING.
Seedy Willie (to bar-keeper)—"Your refusal, sir, to trust me to a paltry drink of whiskey fills me with astonishment and indignation."
Bar-keeper—"You mean, sir, you can fill yourself up with astonishment and indignation, and it don't cost you a copper, but if you want to fill yourself with whiskey you will have to pay cash."

WHEN BABY IS SICK GIVE BABY'S OWN TABLETS

The little ills of childhood often come very suddenly and often they prove serious if not treated promptly. The wise mother will keep Baby's Own Tablets always at hand and give her little ones an occasional dose to prevent sickness or to treat it promptly, if it comes unexpectedly. Baby's Own Tablets cure all the minor ailments of children and are absolutely safe. Mrs. A. H. Bonnyman, Mattit, N. S., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for teething, constipation and other ills of childhood, and have found them to be a safe and excellent medicine." Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

EXERCISE FOR THE BABY.

In considering the question of physical exercise for very small infants, it is comfortable to remember that Nature herself is quite capable of taking care of this matter, unless she is stupidly balked by the child's other and less able guardians. Any one who doubts this statement has never had the privilege of watching a tiny but healthy baby grow and kick when his restricting clothes are removed. This habit should be fostered by parents, as the baby will never overdo it.

It is not necessary to hang over the child all the time, as so many parents do, talking and laughing and overstimulating the tiny brain at the same time. A few minutes of this each day will do no harm, but then self-control should be exercised, and the child left to its own devices.

It should be laid down on a soft rug or mattress, in the winter near the open fire, in the summer near an open, sun-drenched window, with its clothing removed, allowed to kick and wave and gesticulate and indulge in its funny monologue as long as it will. Nature, as we said before, is then its nurse, and a wise one.

Its lungs and muscles are all getting their proper exercise, its skin is being healthily ventilated, the hardening process is being softly done as it should

Black Watch Remarkable for richness and pleasing flavor. The big black plug chewing tobacco. 2267

be, and the baby is gay and happy without stimulation and excitement—also as it should be.

As to the exercise part of the proceeding, the doctor might almost think that the baby had made an exhaustive study of some excellent system of muscle development, so vigorous are its movements and so suited to their design.

When the time comes for the child to "find its legs," as the old nurses say, it is quite unnecessary to aid it in the search. Its legs are in place, and have had plenty of good, free exercise; and when they are strong enough to support the little body, the baby will pull itself up by a chair or other piece of furniture, turn with that irresistible air of mingled conceit and rapture to see if some one is looking at it, gurgling its satisfaction with this new state of things, and the deed is done.

From that day continual fresh progress will be made, at first with support, later in a staggering run, ending, to its great surprise, in a backward lurch, and a new phase of life is begun.

In spite of good advice, there are still to be found in the world foolish and adoring young parents whose baby walked and talked and thought earlier than all other babies. The result, so far as walking is concerned, is very likely to be a well-developed case of bow-legs—Youth's Companion.

A faithful servant had grown old in the service of a railway company, and at last became too feeble to work. The general manager was asked if the company would not do something for him, as he was very poor. "How long has he been with us?" the official inquired. "Over forty years," "Always did his duty," "Never missed a day," "You say he is very old and feeble?" "Yes, the chances are that he will never leave his bed again." "I'll not fool myself. We must do something for him. I'll give him a free pass for life over all the company's railway system."

MAGISTRATE PRAISES ZAM-BUK.
Magistrate Rasmussen, of 202 Marquette St., Montreal, writes: "For many years I was troubled with a serious eruption of the skin. This was not only unsightly, but it was at times very painful. I first tried various household remedies, but these proved altogether useless. I then took medical advice. Not one, but several doctors in turn were consulted, but I was unable to get any permanent relief. Some time ago I noticed a report from a Justice of the Peace (Magistrate Perry, J. P. for B. C.) who had been cured of a chronic skin disease by Zam-Buk, and I determined to give this balm a trial. Before this everything I tried failed absolutely to relieve my pain and rid me of my trouble, but three boxes of Zam-Buk worked a complete cure, and I hope that my experience will lead other sufferers who are in despair to try this herbal healer, Zam-Buk."

For healing eczema, running sores, cuts, bruises, burns, boils, eruptions, scaly sores, pimples, spruing eruptions, itchy, chapped hands, and diseases of the skin Zam-Buk is without equal. All druggists and stores sell it, 50c. a box or postpaid from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

HEADACHE FROM EYESTRAIN.

Basing himself on his records of nearly 1,300 eye examinations, Dr. S. W. S. Tomes claims that 90 per cent. of all those suffering from reflex or neuralgic headache have ocular defects. Over 600 of the patients examined were altogether unaware of the defect. Fully half the cases were of only slight refractive errors or muscular unbalance, and it is in these cases in which ciliary spasm is the direct factor in causing headache in persons whose occupation calls for near vision that accommodative asthenopia results.

There is no apparent relation between the severity of the headache and the degree of the ocular defect, and nothing especially characteristic, except perhaps the patient's non-suspicion of the cause. Sickness or health impairment may be the first inclining factor in some patients with considerable ocular defects which gave no trouble before.

EXPERT SEWING-MACHINE REPAIRS.
Also sewing machine oil of absolute purity, and the best needles and parts for all machines at Singer stores. Any lady having used any make of sewing machine for 3 years or more write Singer Sewing Machine Co., Manning Chambers, Toronto, for beautiful set of ten souvenir views of Ontario. Free for asking.

Annabel—"How queer! Here's a story about a man who made a fortune out of an attachment for a sewing-machine." Arthur (softly)—"That's nothing. I've formed an attachment for the sweetest little sewing-machine in the world, and would consider my fortune made if she'd have me." (No cards.)

The merits of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup as a sure remedy for coughs and colds are attested by scores who know its power in giving almost instant relief when the throat is sore with coughing and the whole pulmonary region disordered in consequence. A bottle of this world-famed Syrup will save doctor's bills, and a great deal of suffering. Price 25 cents, at all dealers.

HOME CURES.
Eye Wash—Add a teaspoonful of powdered borax acid to one cup of boiling water; strain and apply to the eyes night and morning.
To Remove a Ring—Thread a needle with strong thread; pass carefully under the ring head first, wind the thread tightly around the finger regularly all down to the nail to reduce its size. Then take hold of the short end of the thread and unwind it. The thread pressing against ring gradually will remove it from finger.
Eat plenty of onions, especially in the spring. Take a pint bowl, peel and slice full of onions, put two-thirds cup of sugar over them and cover with a small plate that will press them down. In the morning there will be a thick syrup that is excellent for colds or sore throat. Take a swallow occasionally. Cook onions, thicken with corn meal for poultice, put over lungs for colds; known to prevent pneumonia.

SPRING BLOOD IS BAD BLOOD

How to Get New Blood and Strength in the Spring.

The winter months are trying to the health of even the most robust. Confinement indoors in overheated and nearly always badly ventilated rooms—in the home, in the shop and in the school, taxes the vitality of even the strongest. The blood becomes thin and watery, or clogged with impurities, the liver sluggish, the kidneys weakened. Sometimes you get up in the morning as tired as when you went to bed.

Some people have headaches, others are low spirited, some have pimples and skin eruptions. These are all spring symptoms that the blood is out of condition. You can't cure these troubles with purgative medicines, which merely help through the system leaving you still weaker. You need to give your strength in spring is a tonic, and the one always reliable tonic and blood builder is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills not only banish spring ills, but guard you against the more serious ailments that follow, such as anaemia, nervous debility, rheumatism, indigestion and kidney trouble. Every dose of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills makes new rich, red blood, which strengthens every nerve, every organ and every part of the body. This is why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is the favorite spring medicine with thousands and thousands throughout Canada. Try this medicine this spring and you will have energy and strength to resist the torrid heat of the coming summer. Mrs. Jas. Haskel, Port Maitland, N. S., says: "I was troubled with headaches, had a bad taste in my mouth, my tongue was coated, and I was easily tired and suffered from a feeling of depression. I got a supply of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and it was not long before they began to help me and I was soon feeling as well as ever I had been." You can get these pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

WHEREIN THE DIFFER.
Little Willie—"Say, pa, what's the difference between an optimist and a pessimist?"
Pa—"An optimist sees only the doughnut, my son, while the pessimist sees nothing but the hole therein."

Holloway's Corn Cure destroys all kinds of corns and warts, root and branch. Who, then, would endure them with such a cheap and effectual remedy within reach?

An empty head contains a lot of useless information.

Experience and real estate booms are great teachers.

PHYSICAL PAIN AND MENTAL ANGUISH afflict the victims of skin diseases. Get rid of both by rubbing Werber's Ointment on the heated, itching, disfigured face. The relief given is among the wonders of medicine.

IP.
How fair this world would be, How free from care, my brothers, If after this poor norch profit Would wish to live on profits which Were justly earned by others.

When you use Ramsey's Paints, you are astonished to find how far they go, how beautiful they are, how long they last, and how reasonable. They work so easily, anybody can apply them. Your dealer will show a range of fine colors for your house inside or out. Write A. Ramsey & Son Co., Montreal, for pack of Souvenir Picture Post Cards of Homes.

LAZY LEMUEL—"Talk about bravery—I ain't afraid of anything dat walks." Soiled Samuel—"Neither am I, but dat ain't sayin' much. A cake uv soap can't walk."

WHAT CAUSES HEADACHE.
From October to May, Colds are the most frequent cause of Headache. LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE removes cause. R. W. Groves on box 250

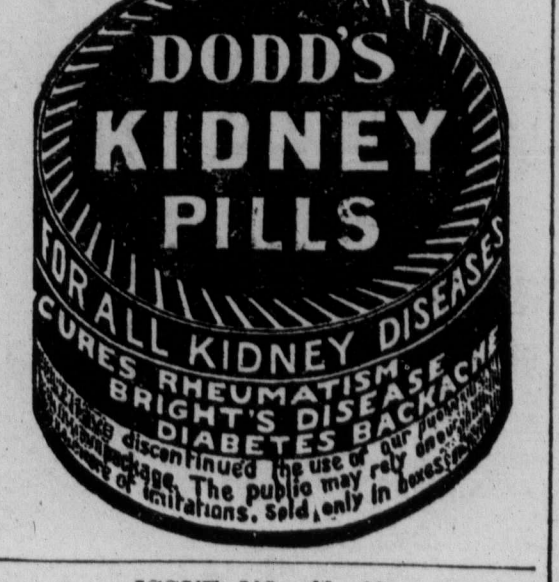
NO CHANGE.
Patience—"That long-haired man with the diamonds at the piano started life as a poor musician."
Patrice—"Well, he's that yet."

ITCH, Mange, Psoriasis, Scabies and every form of contagious Itch in human or animal cured in 30 minutes by Wolfford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by all druggists.

THE OTHER WAY.
"Of course," remarked Staylate, "some things go without saying."
"Yes," rejoined Miss Wearum, as she glanced at the clock and tried to strangle a yawn, "and some others say without going."

How a man does hate to be grateful for an ill-timed favor!

In after years a courtship may be converted into a battle ship.



DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
CURES ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
GOUT, RHEUMATISM, BRUISES, DIABETES, GRAVEL, SANDS, CALCULI, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, HEADACHE, BACKACHE, STOMACH DYSPEPSIA, BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE URINARY SYSTEM.
ISSUE NO. 14-08.

TOLD BY GESTURES.

Silent Testimony of a Deaf Mute in a French Murder Trial.

A murder trial at Bordeaux, France, in which an innkeeper, his wife and two accomplices were charged with killing a customer was the occasion of a dramatic scene when one of the witnesses took the stand. This witness, named Lacampagne, was a deaf mute ignorant of the ordinary finger language.

His brother-in-law and two of his friends appeared to translate his gestures into words, but their services were really unnecessary, so clearly did he express himself by that instinctive mimicry which is sometimes the accompaniment of speech but here became its substitute.

During his evidence the deaf mute, who had been the handy man of the inn, always designated the victim by sucking in his cheeks against his teeth, the landlord by shaking his fist—his employer's usual method of speaking to him—the landlord's wife by putting his hands to his hair, one accomplice by curling his mustache, and the other by striking an imaginary match on his trousers, as this prisoner was a smuggler of matches.

Then with short abrupt gestures, as clear as they were rapid, he told his story, how the landlady sent him away on an errand, how he returned to find her locked, how he entered by the cellar door, saw the man and woman murdering a blood stained hammer, another cleaning his face and hands, and the landlady embracing her husband as if to thank him for what he had done. The landlady caught sight of him and dealt him a violent blow, then, changing his mind, made signs to him to help to get rid of the body.

At this point the landlady, who clearly followed the deaf mutes story, broke in with "That's a lie! That's a lie!" Lacampagne turned, looked in the landlady's face, then stamping his foot he raised his hand and stood in the same solemn attitude in which he had taken the oath.

This evidence and a confession by the mistake wearing prisoner were enough to convict the accused. The landlady and the man smuggler were sentenced to death, the others to imprisonment for fifteen years.

HOT WOODING.
One lover wooed with burning words— Called her his clover honey; The other made her warm to him By simply burning money.

A Sure Cure of Headache.—Bilious headache, to which women are more subject than men, becomes so acute in some subjects that they are utterly prostrated. The stomach refuses food, and there is a constant retching and effort to free the stomach from bile which has become unduly secreted there. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are a speedy alternative, and in neutralizing the excess of the retching bile relieves the pressure on the nerves which causes the headache. Try them.

THE NOISY EATER.
Of table manners such as his No mortal could be proud; The greatest trouble with him is He'll eat 'em up aloud.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

JUST LIKE A WOMAN.
"Isn't that just like a woman? She gave me no peace until I bought her a piano to play."
"Well?"
"Now she's too lazy to play it, and is after me to buy her an automatic player."

If you are out of sorts get a bottle of "Ferrovin" the best tonic, and you will be surprised how quickly that tired feeling will wear off. \$1.00 bottles. All druggists in medicine.

MULTIPLIED.
First Man—What a blessing children are!
Second Man (enthusiastically)— Aren't they! Now that my wife has two to look after, she has no time to play the piano.

To Those of Sedentary Occupation— Men who follow sedentary occupations, which deprive them of fresh air and exercise, are more prone to disorders of the liver and kidneys than those who lead active, outdoor lives. The Pills will find in Parmelee's Vegetable Pills a restorative without question the most efficacious on the market. They are easily procurable, easily taken, act expeditiously, and they are surprisingly cheap considering their excellence.

ON HIS KNEES.
"This will bring your father to his knees," remarked a woman to her children, as she showed them a can of floor paint.

When you use Ramsey's Paints, you are astonished to find how far they go, how beautiful they are, how long they last, and how reasonable. They work so easily, anybody can apply them. Your dealer will show a range of fine colors for your house inside or out. Write A. Ramsey & Son Co., Montreal, for pack of Souvenir Picture Post Cards of Homes.

THE METHOD.
"He loves me" or "He loves me not," The question great to settle; The maiden takes a daisy fair And amputates each petal. Perhaps her mind is set at rest And is no longer hazy, But all observers will agree It's tough upon the daisy.

Mr. Smith, fond of a joke, said to his wife the other day: "I believe there is a special Providence which protects bricklayers' laborers. Do you know that only yesterday one slipped off a 40-foot ladder and was not hurt in the slightest degree." "That sounds almost miraculous," said Mrs. Smith. "Oh, no; there was nothing marvellous about it. He slipped off the first rung."

Backache, Headache Internal Pains.



Peruna and with the fourth bottle of it I was perfectly cured.

"For this reason I recommend it to all those who are suffering with that terrible malady, dyspepsia. I hope that all who are afflicted in this way will take Peruna and Manalin as I did."

Chronic Nasal Catarrh.
Mr. Chas. H. Stevens, 122 Sixteenth St., Detroit, Mich., writes:

"It affords me great pleasure to testify to the merits of Peruna as a remedy for catarrh.
"I suffered for some time with chronic nasal catarrh, but after five months' treatment during which time I used seven bottles of Peruna I am pleased to say that I am entirely well, there not being the slightest trace of catarrh left.
"Peruna is without a doubt, in my mind, the greatest remedy known for catarrh."

Weak, Tired Feeling.
Miss Marie A. Lesser, 923 W. 36th St., Chicago, Ill., Worthy Secretary I. O. G. T., writes:

"I am glad to give a good word for Peruna, and I hope that all who see this who are troubled with systemic catarrh as I was for years, will profit by it.
"I had tried many remedies, but none did more than give me temporary relief, and some did not even do that.
"I took Peruna at the suggestion of a friend, and was more than pleased and surprised at the results.
"I am now perfectly well and strong. That weak, tired feeling has left me, and I feel like a different person entirely."

The Slavery of Disease.
It is wonderful how many women in Canada and the United States have been practically made new again by the use of Peruna.

Not the victims of any organic disease, but just a half-dead and half-alive condition. Miserable, dragging pains that keep a woman always from doing her best work, from being her best self. Cross and petulant, perhaps. Maybe even a slattern in her household, just because her health is continually below par. She never feels quite right. She gets the reputation of being sulky, or morbid, or ill tempered.

Her trouble is not a moral one at all, it is simply a physical one. Make such a woman well and she immediately becomes transformed into a new being mentally.
This is exactly what Peruna has done in a multitude of cases.

Mrs. Joseph Lacelle, 124 Bronson St., Ottawa, East, Ontario, Canada, writes:
"I suffered with backache, headache and dragging pains for over nine months, and nothing relieved me until I took Peruna. This medicine is by far better than any other medicine for these troubles. A few bottles relieved me of my miserable half-dead, half-alive condition.
"I am now in good health, have neither ache nor pain, nor have I had any for the past year.
"If every suffering woman would take Peruna, they would soon know its value and never be without it."

Dyspepsia and Indigestion.
Mde. Joseph Beaudoin, 59 Rue St. Olivier, Quebec, P. Q., Can., writes:
"Peruna is wonderful for indigestion. I eat whatever I want and no longer feel any oppression. Having had dyspepsia for a long time and having tried various other remedies, I decided to try

WANTED

Our readers to note the facts regarding the recent important discovery in medicine made by an eminent French physician, and the formula endorsed by Canadian physicians and druggists—**PANGO**. This Latin term signifies in the English language pain go. This remedy is not a patent medicine. It is not a specific for all of the human ailments. The company do guarantee marvellous results in certain cases. These cases are amongst the most painful to which all are more or less subject, and hence the years of study resulting in this discovery. The company will refund all moneys paid in any case where Pango fails to relieve, and any purchaser can upon application secure the benefit of this guarantee. Neuralgia, Gout, Rheumatism, Colds. Price 25 and 50 cents. **The Pango Company, Toronto**

REST AND REGENERATION.
To provide a restful environment without sanatorium restrictions, to enable tired humanity to recuperate naturally, to secure to the average man or woman the needed change from worry and care, and to do these at moderate cost, is the mission of "The Welland," the home of "The St. Catharines Well." Apply the manager, St. Catharines, or any Agent of Grand Trunk Railway System.

THE SMALL BOY'S JOKE.
"Pa, is it true all flesh is grass?" asked the inquisitive boy.
"Yes, my boy, replied the proud parent, "that's what the Bible tells us."
"Then, pa, why don't these fat folks who are so anxious to be thin have the lawn mower run over them?"

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. R. W. GROVES' signature is on each box. 25c.

TRUE PREDICTION.
"And the clairvoyant told you that you would be swindled?"
"Exactly."
"And were you?"
"Yes. She charged me \$2."

A TOAST.
Here's to our wives!
They fill our lives,
Like busy bees, with honey;
They ease our shocks,
They darn our socks—
And spend most all our money.

There is Only One "Bromo Quinine"
That is **Laxative Bromo Quinine**
USED THE WORLD OVER TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Always remember the full name. Look for this signature on every box. 25c. **R. W. Groves**

The Alberta Star

Published every Saturday at
CARDSTON, ALBERTA

DAVID H. ELTON
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

THOMAS W. GREEN,
MANAGER

SUBSCRIPTION:
\$1.50 per annum in advance.
Six months 75 cts in advance.

ADVERTISING:
Column.....\$12.50 per month
Half-column..... 7.50 "
Quarter-column. 5.00 "

Special reading notices in local
column 10c. per line in advance.

TRANSIENT ADS.
\$1.00 per inch per month

Contract advertising, paid for monthly.

THE STAR Job Department is well
stocked with all the latest and newest
designs in plain and fancy type, first-
class presses, and will be supplied with
the finest stationary and printing mat-
erial of all descriptions.

MAY 30, 1908.

In another column of this week's issue will be found a letter addressed by Mr. James P. Low. It seems just a little strange to us as it will no doubt also appear to our readers that Mr. Low should take up the cudgel in defence of the Herald's correspondent. Is that gentleman incompetent or insufficient for the issue? Does Mr. Low feel called upon to take the field in defence of the weak, or is he prompted with a desire to maintain the public weal, or is it merely that he wishes not to miss a long-looked for opportunity to "stand not upon the order of thy going" but get there Eli? These are questions that must necessarily arise in the minds of our readers. We are not prepared in the presence of events to answer them. We don't know just how the Lethbridge Herald will feel when they observe their correspondent thrown in the lime-light with this inscription, "poor unpaid correspondent." Can it be that the Lethbridge Herald is running a news-pauper institution? We think not! Probably this is merely a "martyr-rose" given for effect. It would have been much better for the correspondent to state his own case in the matter. As it is, many of our readers are still in doubt as to his identity. So far as we are concerned in the matter and that is merely to the extent that we feel that better results would be attained if the correspondent were to state his case in his own words, or the other, we occupy the same position that we did one week ago. We feel that Cardston is perfectly able to take care of her own little troubles and settle them at home without noising them abroad. The remedy must come from within and therefore what advantage is it to the town to scatter the news abroad? We are strongly of the opinion that Mr. Woolf is perfectly qualified to take care of himself in the matter and as for his letter in our last issue, it was not ill-tempered but extremely mild and kind. There must of necessary be other influences at work to call for such a reply as that published over Mr. Low's name and if he will only sweep away the inuendoes and speak plainly there is no doubt but what the readers of the STAR would have more enlightenment on the matter. We have never refused to publish anything that was not considered libelous but we have strenuous objections to giving some men cheap and sensational advertising. We are not running a newspaper for that purpose. We have run counter with Mr. Woolf when we felt that he was in the wrong as evidenced

in our recent issues on Provincial Prohibition and the Smoot Question. It doesn't make a particle of difference to us one way or the other. We are working for the interests of Cardston and when it comes to men whom we believe have done their share in the matter, John W. Woolf has a great big lead and as for popularity he stands second to none in this south country.

CORRESPONDENCE

Editor Star:—

An editor gets "hail Columbia" if he does not publish all the news social, business and otherwise, and a newspaper correspondent gets more abuse if he does give a write up. So where is the line to be drawn, or in other words, who would attempt to please every-body. The above thought occurred to me upon reading J. W. Woolf's letter in the last "Star." While I am not the correspondent for the Herald there are several people in this little burg who do wield the pen for the boosting of Cardston and district, and do it in an able way too, considering they are not following the vocation for any pecuniary advantage, and for anyone much less a person in Mr. Woolf's position, to question the proprieties as applied to news paper correspondence and ethics, it comes with very poor grace, to say the least of it.

Is Mr. Woolf prepared to say that the Herald's correspondent has deliberately falsified any condition whatever, or departed from the truth in the least? If so then he would be justified in at least denying the misstatements. "We don't all see alike" is an evident fact and it is equally as well established that a writer is not bound to consult any person as to what he shall write and what to leave alone. I am a reader of the Herald as well as the "Star" and of the three Dailies and one Weekly paper coming into my house the home paper is the most eagerly sought for; next to it is the nearest local daily. Why? Because it has the local news in abundance.

Again is J. W. Woolf prepared to say that publicity is not good for any community, in location, advantages, social and business conditions, good and bad alike? If his answer be in the affirmative then I will have something to say to him further in this matter. If he say "Nay," then what is his object in criticizing a poor unpaid Newspaper Correspondent. There are knockers and knockers, but the least offensive and one who is at least anxious to do good is a

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF ALBERTA
Lethbridge Judicial District
Between
The Colonial Investment and Loan Company
Plaintiff
and
Ila Laurie
Defendant
TO BE SOLD
at Public Auction, to the highest bidder
On Friday, June 12
at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon, by the
undersigned at the Calhoun Hotel in the Town of
Cardston, pursuant to the order of His Honor
Judge Mitchell Acting Local Judge of the
Supreme Court, made herein May 16th, 1908.
All that part of Lot 3 in Block 15 according to a
plan of the Town of Cardston of record in the
Laid Titles Office for the South Alberta Land
Registration District as "Plan of Cardston 1793
E," described as follows:
Commencing at the North East corner of said
lot thence along the Northern boundary thereof
sixty six feet, thence South parallel with the
Eastern boundary of said lot one hundred and
sixty feet, thence East parallel with the said
Northern boundary sixty six feet to the said
Eastern boundary, thence North along said Eastern
boundary, to the place of commencing point.
Terms: 20 per cent. at time of sale, balance
within ten days thereafter.
Further terms and conditions of sale may be
seen at the office of L. M. Johnston, Solicitor,
Lethbridge, Alberta, or at the office of the undersigned
dated May 23rd, 1908.

M. YOUNG,
Sheriff,
Lethbridge Judicial District.

Call and get

Atkin's Prices
on
Solid Leather
Shoes

which will surprise you.

N.B.—To meet hard times
all repairs will be done at
actual cost.

Atkins Stands by all his work.

Come to Lethbridge Races

ON

Wednesday and Thursday, June 3 and 4.

WESTERN CANADA TURF ASSOCIATION
MEETING

Over 125 race horses representing the best stables of Oregon
and California, together with many local horses will take part.
Professional starter and Judges together with latest methods of
professional racing including the

New Electric Starting Gate
to be seen for the first time in Southern Alberta. NO DELAYS

No Delays Between Heats

Special rates on all Railroads of one and one third fare for
round trip. Good going June 2nd and 3rd returning June 4th and
5th. For particulars write

G. M. Hatch,
President

A. R. McGuire
Acting Secretary

UNION
BANK
OF CANADA

More Than Two Score
Years of Successful
Banking

Circular Letters of Credit
issued for the use of
Travellers, payable
in all parts of the
world.

Money transmitted to any point by Canadian Bankers'
Association Money Order, Draft, Bill of Exchange or
Telegraph Transfer.

Negotiable Paper handled on most favorable terms.
A \$1.00 Deposit starts a Savings Account at any
Branch, on which highest current rate of interest is paid
quarterly.

Cardston Branch. R. H. Baird, Manager.

The Government Judges at the
Recent Agricultural declared
Hansen's
Purebred Shorthorns
as fine a type as they had seen
anywhere in the West.

JAMES HANSEN, CARDSTON.

Lost—Eight head of horses of
following description. One
black mare and colt, colt not
branded, mare has W on neck
under man, and warts on her
left side. 1 sorrel mare, branded
ox yoke Y on her left hip with
colt not branded. 1 gray horse
3 year old; 1 gray filly, 1 sorrel
3 year old horse also two bay two
year olds. The last five men-
tioned are branded lazy VS on
left shoulder. As a reward for
the recovery of the same, one of
the horses will be given. The
range of horses is near Beazer
E. J. Wood, Cardston.

BURTON'S
Variety Store.

Latest Arrivals

Rawhide Centre Buggy
Whips 75c. kind for 45c.

Fishing Rods the 75c. kind
for 45c.

Carpenters steel squares
the 75c. kind for 45c.

New Style Ladies Back
Combs 45c kind for 25

Ladies New Style Hat
Pins 34c kind for 15c

THE
WOOLF HOTEL

PIONEER HOTEL
OF
CARDSTON

Rates \$1.50 per Day

Our Table Service is Unexcelled

Pratt and Thompson

THE
CITY MEAT MARKET

Successor to Wm. Wood

A choice line of fresh and salt
meats always on hand. Call on us

R. REEDER, Mgr.

THREE VERY GOOD ONES

Weekly Free Press, Family Herald and Weekly Star

The Alberta Star

All three one year for \$2.00

LUMBER FOR SALE

AT THE

WATERTON MILLS

Common \$20 No. 2 \$22.50

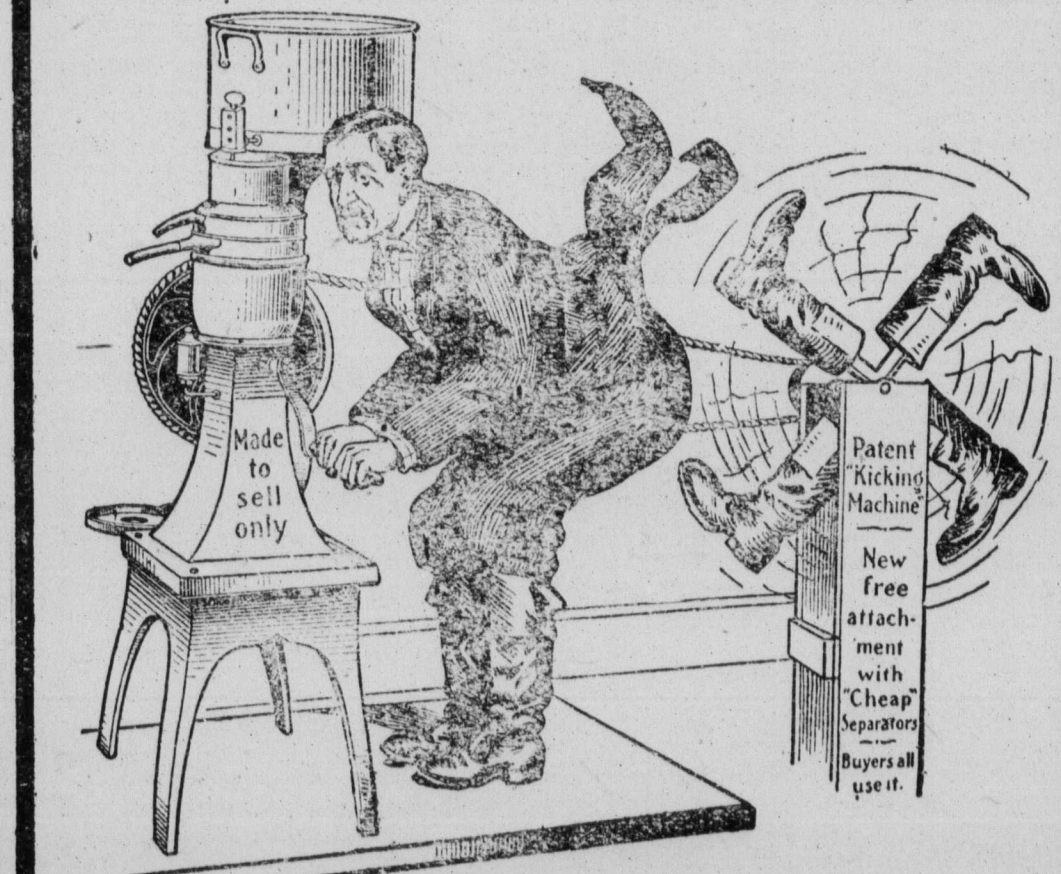
6 inch Flooring \$26.00

Siding \$24 Shiplap \$24

we have the finest and best
Lumber in the Province of Al-
berta at the Kootenai Lakes
24 miles west of Cardston.

CREAM SEPARATORS

The accompanying picture illustrates how one buyer of a "cheap"
cream separator feels over his great "bargain" and how he has arranged
to punish himself for so wasting his money, time, labor and product.



DE LAVAL CREAM SEPARATORS may cost a little more in the
beginning, but they always cost less in the end. If you are thinking of
buying a separator, you will never have cause to "kick" yourself if you
select a DE LAVAL machine. Send for new 1908 catalogue.

THE DE LAVAL SEPARATOR CO.
14 and 16 PRINCESS ST., WINNIPEG
MONTREAL NEW YORK SAN FRANCISCO
TORONTO CHICAGO PORTLAND
VANCOUVER PHILADELPHIA SEATTLE

Now is the time to buy and avoid kicking yours-
self next fall.
ROBT. IBEY

Agent.

Local and General.

The Baseball team left yesterday for Magrath and Raymond. Mr. Claude Ferguson came in on Wednesday from Lethbridge.

Lots of scribblers and school supplies at Burtons Variety Store. Mrs. L. H. Jelliff came in on Monday from Galesburg, Illinois.

Another reduction in lumber from \$1.00 to \$1.50 per thousand at Folsom's Lumber Yard.

Mr. Victor Spencer returned on Wednesday from High River where his homestead is located.

Mrs. S. L. Eversfield left the early part of the week for a visit to Maple Creek.

Miss Annie Anderson left on Thursday to spend a few days visiting her parents at Raymond.

The foot bridge across Lee's St. just East of Anderson's was washed out by high water.

The Presbyterian Church at Boundary Creek is now completed. Mr. J. C. Cahoon was the contractor.

Mr. J. T. Brown leaves the Coal Yard tomorrow. Mr. Milton Woolf will assume charge of the same in the future.

This fine weather brings screen doors and windows into demand. You can't do better than call on D. H. Folsom and get his prices.

Mr. Dickson, Theological Student of Knox College, Toronto, will occupy the Presbyterian pulpit at Lethbridge on Sunday.

The new Presbyterian Church at Boundary Creek will be opened on Sunday, May 31st at 3 p. m. by the Rev. A. M. Gordon, B.D., of Lethbridge.

Dr. Newburn of Lethbridge was in town on Tuesday. The serious illness of Mrs. Fogg called him to Cardston, he returned the same day.

Rev. A. M. Gordon will conduct the service on Sunday evening at the Presbyterian Church, Cardston. All are cordially invited. Service commences at 7.30.

Elder Archie Nielson returned on Wednesday's train after being absent for a couple of years in Western Virginia where he has been performing Missionary labors.

Don't screen the truth but screen your doors and windows with the best screens in the land at the cheapest possible prices when you get them from H. D. Folsom.

Miss Lexie Rodeback and Miss May Heggie of Raymond came in on Saturday last and spent a few days here the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Heppler. Miss Rodeback is a sister of Mrs. Heppler.

Commencing June 2nd and continuing every Tuesday thereafter the new postoffice at the Water-ton Mills will receive mail from Cardston. Mail will leave Cardston each Tuesday.

The Home Missionary Appearances will be found in another column. They are the same as should have been one week ago but owing to conference they were postponed.

Mr. and Mrs. William Sloan seem to be getting along fine in Logan according to the best reports we can obtain. Will has secured a position with Smurthwaite Company at that point.

Cardston's population received a good-sized increase on Wednesday when the Messrs Edwin and Edward Leavitt and families came in from the south country. They will make Cardston their permanent home.

On account of the storm the Cardston Baseball team was unable to appear at Magrath on Monday as per their list of games. The boys however intended going down yesterday and playing Magrath and Raymond today. Stirling has withdrawn from the League.

Those of our neighboring towns of Leavitt and Aetna who had figured on a couple of rousing celebrations on Empire Day are now after the "Man with the hose." Its a pretty damp, wet day when Aetna and Leavitt cannot celebrate but it was sufficient last Monday to dampen the ardor of even those patriotic burghs.

We understand that Bishop Hammer has secured a fine residence in Logan. This will be a standing invitation to all his Cardston friends to drop in and sit down with him. The Bishop has also invested some in Mining property in the Elk Coal Mine which is said to be one of the best looking prospects on the market.

Just arrived Burtons Variety Store 100 Reams Best Butter Paper at our interesting price.

Professor Campbell will be here on the 16th of next month lecturing under the direction of the Department of Agriculture. His lectures delivered here one year ago will be remembered by the farmers and we are sure they will turn out in good round numbers to greet him on his return. Lest ye forget, cut this out and paste it in your hat—Professor Campbell will be in Cardston on June 16th.

Hundreds of dollars worth of property was destroyed in Salt Lake City on May 20th as the result of a big snow storm. We got ours in the shape of rain but those cold countries so far removed from Southern Alberta got it in snow. It was also accompanied by a cold frost according to the Semi-Weekly News. So while you sympathize with your neighbors in the south you should also rejoice that Sunny Alberta gets no snow on the 20th of May. Please jot it down.

It seems to be the general understanding, although not with the clerks, that where a holiday occurs in the week outside of Friday there will be no half holiday on that day. The idea is to give the clerks at least on holiday each week during the month prescribed. Take for instance Dominion Day week. We celebrate on the 1st and 2nd and Friday falls on the third. This would virtually put the stores out of business if the Friday half day is to be observed at all costs. We are glad the clerks have at least one holiday each week and hope all the stores will adhere strictly to the agreement.

CHALLENGE ACCPTED.

Cardston, May 28.
C. A. Jensen, Kimball,

Dear Sir,—I have in my possession your challenge bearing date of March 31st, 1908 in which you express a desire to wrestle with either Pilling or myself. As this challenge was published in the Alberta Star I am taking the same medium to make you acquainted with the fact that I will be ready to meet you at any time and seeing you require thirty days to train I am perfectly willing to grant it to you. As regards throwing the doors open to the public I am not in the habit of doing this but will wrestle with you on a private mat before reliable judges, or wrestle in public, the winner to take the gate receipts. You can find my side purse of \$100 just as soon as you have sufficient to cover it, and you can't come along too soon either. The presence of your \$100 will be better evidence of the fact that you are not afraid than a mere phrasing of cold type.

Yours respectfully,
J. F. Ellison.

Greatly Surprised

We had the pleasure on Thursday morning of a short conversation with Mr. W. J. Walker, President and Manager of the British American Live Stock Association of Vancouver, B. C. Mr. Walker is rather an "old stager" in the Canadian West for he left Winnipeg in the year 1881 and took the Red River Carts for Edmonton. He said, "At that time there was no one in the world thought you could ever raise grain down here. I always thought it was a good country for horses because they could run to water but did not even think it was a good country for cattle. I am more than surprised to see the fine exhibits of grain which you have." Mr. Walker is a brother of the M. P.P. for the Victoria Constituency, Mr. Frank Walker.

Visitors from Orton

Orton gave us a good-sized quota of visitors to the Quarterly Conference. Among the number we observed Mrs. Annie and Miss Mable Henson, Arthur Henson, O. Derricott, J. Orr, Geo. Lillite, Geo. Simmins, Susie Orr, Robt. and Wm. Nelson, Miss Alice Wood. They report grain conditions the best, better than ever before and prospects of the very brightest. We are always pleased to meet our friends from Orton and the way they respond to the quarterly conference should be a fitting example to all.

Take your
Job Work
To the
Alberta Star

Straiton & McLenhan
REAL ESTATE

Houses and plots Town Lots
Farm property a specialty
CARDSTON ALTA.

SLOAN & RAMPTON

General Blacksmiths

The only up-to-date and complete
Shop in Cardston

MECHANICAL REPAIRING
a specialty

Disc Sharpening With
the only up-to-date machine
in Southern Alberta.
No job too difficult for us.

AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED
PORT HURON ENGINES

—AND—
THRESHERS
The best Plow Engine in the
world

SHOP JUST NORTH OF H. S. ALLEN'S

Glassware Given Away.

Water Pitchers,
Berry Bowls, large and small
Cake Stands,
Cream Jugs, Pickle Dishes,
Butter Dishes Spoon Trays,
Sugar Bowls
Salad bowls
Vinegar bowls
Fruit stands Olive Dishes

With every three dollar purchase—outside of
Groceries—we will give you your choice of any of the
above named articles while they last.

Cardston Mercantile Co.,

LIMITED.

Get your
TIN & GRANITEWARE

at the

Cardston Tin and Hardware Store.

Tinsmithing, Repairing.
General Work

J. T. Noble

GET YOUR
GRAIN CHOPPED

AT

Roy L. Folsom's

One door south of Lumber Yard

REASONABLE PRICES
PROMPT SERVICE

Did you read about it?

It is worth investigation.

Buy your underwear from us or our agents
and secure a chance with every dollar purchase
on the High Grade Singer Sewing Machine.

KNITTED RAIMENT FACTORY Ltd.

GROCERIES!!

A large and choice line
to arrive next week. We
are prepared to fill your
orders and always pleased
to quote you prices.

Spencer & Stoddard,

LIMITED

"Noted for our promptness
in delivering the goods"

Cook Stoves
Ranges
Heaters

Wagons
Buggies
Farm Implemets

Cardston Implement Co., Ltd.

YOUNG FOLKS

A MAGIC GARDEN.

Gertrude and Fannie played on one side of the fence, and Jessie and Alice on the other side. It was a picket fence, and so they could look through it and talk to each other between the pickets. Jessie and Alice had a set of paper dolls that came from the city. They were beautiful dolls, with dresses and hats which could be taken off and put on. One dress made the doll look like an English girl holding a flag, and another like an Irish girl, and the Irish girl had the cunningest fat pig under her arm. Then there was a dress that turned the doll into an Indian, and still another which made her a Dutch girl with wooden shoes, and a basket on her arm. Gertrude and Fannie's dolls were cut from magazines, and their dresses were some the girls had made from tissue-paper, and gold lace which the grocer had taken off a raisin-box and given them.

Gertrude and Fannie liked their dolls very much, and they had lots of fun making clothes for them, but they thought they never had seen any quite so nice as Jessie and Alice's. They played happily together, but Gertrude and Fannie longed for something that should be as wonderful as the dolls.

"They always have nicer things than we do," said Gertrude one day.

"Yes," answered Fannie. "And they have such a smart kitten! Jessie said that this morning, when they would not let it in, it climbed up on the outside of the screen door and opened the top with its paw, and squeezed through, and then climbed down on the inside. That was pretty smart, I think, but our Puff can sit up on her hind legs and beg, and there are not many cats that will do that."

"No, indeed!" answered Gertrude. "But I wish," she added, "that we could have something that would just make them open their eyes," and she made her own so big as she said it that Fannie was almost startled.

"I just wish we could astonish them," they were not talking or cross over the matter, but they did love to surprise people.

It was not long after this that Gertrude and Fannie received a letter from a cousin who lived several miles away. "I have been having such fun," she wrote, "surprising people with magic gertrudes."

Gertrude and Fannie put their heads very close together at this, to read what followed, and then they clapped their hands.

"Just the thing!" exclaimed Gertrude. "Now we will have something to show Jessie and Alice, and won't they wonder about it?"

So they set out to gather a bunch of the violets which were to be found growing in abundance in a marshy field with the fence on the other side. About an hour later they ran out to the picket fence and called to Jessie and Alice.

"Wouldn't you like a bunch of violets?" asked Gertrude, handing a few through the fence.

"Why, yes," answered Jessie, in a somewhat surprised tone, and then she stopped in greater surprise, for the blossoms which Gertrude handed her were a beautiful shade of green.

"Why," she exclaimed, "I never saw green violets before! Where did you get them?"

"Oh, out in the field," answered Gertrude, quite as if green violets were a matter of course.

"Why? why?" ejaculated Jessie, with her eyes opened wide enough to suit even Gertrude; and that was all she seemed able to say.

"They are magic violets," Gertrude answered, in a superior sort of tone; and before Jessie and Alice could ask any more questions they had turned and run back to the house. In the afternoon they appeared at the fence again and called, and this time Fannie gave Jessie and Alice each a cluster of blue blossoms, and each cluster was shaded from the usual purple near the stem to a delicate green at the tip, while Gertrude gave them each a spray of yellow lilacs-of-the-valley.

"We have started a magic garden," said Fannie, in answer to the questions and exclamations of wonder.

"Please do tell us about it!" coaxed Alice. But Gertrude only answered, "Oh, that is a secret."

The girls showed their magic blossoms in the house, too, and their Aunt Edith thought the things so beautiful and so wonderful that she asked for a bunch to wear. "Isn't it nice," said Gertrude, with an emphatic shake of her head, "to have something that Jessie and Alice wonder about?"

On the other side of the fence Jessie and Alice were talking earnestly. And then they called to Gertrude and Fannie.

HOW CAPTAIN COOK DIED

HIS RASHNESS WAS TO BLAME FOR THE TRAGEDY.

New Manuscript History Tells Story of His Voyage—Written by a Sailor.

There has recently been presented to the British Museum a manuscript volume entitled "Capt. Cook's Last Voyage, 1778-9." It was written by James Law, who served under the great discoverer on other small craft surrounding the British vessel; but at first nothing in the nature of hostility was encountered. On the contrary, the sailors readily acquired by trading such commodities as hogs for sailing, salt, and vegetables, and an "Elatoo," or priest, even gave the commander a sucking pig as a peace offering. With the sucking pig he brought a piece of cloth, and after muttering some incantations he solemnly tied it round Captain Cook's neck.

The excitement among the natives was great, no fewer than 800 or 1,000 canoes and other small craft surrounding the British vessel; but at first nothing in the nature of hostility was encountered. On the contrary, the sailors readily acquired by trading such commodities as hogs for sailing, salt, and vegetables, and an "Elatoo," or priest, even gave the commander a sucking pig as a peace offering. With the sucking pig he brought a piece of cloth, and after muttering some incantations he solemnly tied it round Captain Cook's neck.

It was not long, however, before trouble began, and it was brought about in the first place by the irresistible propensity the savages had for stealing, or, as Law quaintly puts it, making use of their fingers too freely. They actually "conveyed" a wooden rail from the after hatchway of one of the ships, together with Capt. Cook's, a small boat's rudder, and other portable property. Some set to work industriously to rub off the sheathing of the Discovery, and, being discovered, seemed aggrieved on being told that their conduct was not permissible.

The immediate cause of the final catastrophe was the trumpery theft of a pair of tongs and a chisel from the armorer's forge. The thief made off in a canoe, and a party of men in a canoe started in pursuit, while many muskets were fired at the canoe. The men on board ship. After this Captain Cook determined to secure the king as a hostage, and the narrative henceforth to the Captain's death had best be given in Law's own words, simply modifying the spelling somewhat.

COOK TOOK INITIATIVE.

"As soon as he (Captain Cook) landed from the pinnace with a body of nine marines, he went to the king's house, and asked him to go on board, which the latter very readily agreed to. The people on shore were alarmed at Captain Cook coming with such a body to invite King Oboo aboard, and though the old king had got down to the beach, he prevailed upon him to go back, telling him we wanted to hurt him. One of his children stayed in the pinnace waiting for his father a long time till he was afraid. While King Oboo was hesitating whether he should go on board or stay, a man, more cautious than the rest in getting him back to his house, was exceeding saucy, and behaved in a very insolent manner to Captain Cook, who gave him a load of small shot.

CAPT. COOK SHOOTS A NATIVE.

"At this the native took no kind of notice, but laughed, which so enraged the Captain that he shot him dead with a ball (having a double-barreled gun). This accident made the natives feel that we were determined to revenge the death of the man, who, I believe, was an Aroon. Had Captain Cook come down to the boats directly, as he was advised, it would most probably have hindered some bloodshed, but he wrongly thought, as he said, that the flash of a musket would disperse the whole island. Led on by these ideas, he harkened to no advice till it was too late. When he got down to the beach a man came behind him and knocked him down with a club on his knees.

DASHED ON ROCKS.

"He immediately got up and rashly went alone into the middle of the crowd, following the man, who he bears with the butt-end of his piece. He returned and was standing on the rocks when another came behind him, and stabbed him in the small of the back, which threw him into the water, not being able to swim. The rabble, seeing this, rushed on with great eagerness to the marines, and killed four, the other five firing at the boats, leaving their arms behind them.

The natives pulled Captain Cook up on shore, and dashed his head against the rocks, though at the same time our people were firing at them from the boats. Out of the five marines that swam off two were unhurt. The lieutenant received a slight wound, either with a stone or dagger, on the left shoulder, the sergeant two, one on the thigh another on the head.

"The left (the remaining man) was a private who could not swim, besides having a fractured skull, and would have sunk had not the lieutenant jumped out of the boat and saved him. It seemed the natives were not ignorant of our intentions, as while the old king was hesitating whether he would go on board or stay, a man made an effort to stab the lieutenant of marines with an iron spike, at which the latter, at Captain Cook's orders, pushed him back."

WAS COOK TO BLAME?

It will be seen that Law, while showing no animus against Captain Cook, certainly conveys the impression that his sad fate might have been averted had he displayed more tact and patience. When the writer comes to speak of the measures of retaliation for which our men were responsible he does not hesitate to stigmatize them as "most brutal," and some of the stories he tells are truly of a most harrowing character.

PROGRESS OF SCIENCE IN THE FURTHEST NORTH

NOTABLE ACHIEVEMENTS DURING THE PAST YEAR.

Mostly Along Practical Lines—Engineering, Physics, Photography, Chemistry.

There has been little sensational to mark the progress of science during the last twelve months. The attention of the public has been chiefly directed towards principles, or, rather, to the practical utilization of instruments already designed.

Thus, considerable interest has attached to Dr. Schliek's successful demonstration of a gyroscope on the rolling of a ship at sea; to Mr. Brannan's working model of a mono-railway, which owes the stability of its construction to the presence of two gyroscopes revolving in opposite directions; and to the successful installation by Marconi of a trans-Atlantic wireless telegraph apparatus.

Among other notable instances of applied science are achievements such as the wireless telephone, the new instrument for transmitting pictures and photographs by telegraph, and the building of the Lusitania and Mauretania, which have succeeded in reducing the time record of trans-Atlantic travel.

REVOLUTIONARY DISCOVERIES.

In pure theory, the experiments of Sir William Ramsay on radium phenomena and his expressed belief that he has succeeded in accomplishing the transmutation of elements have fascinated those who are at all interested in the constitution of matter. The results which are expected from the work that is now being done on a comparatively large amount of radium salt at Vienna are being awaited with very great interest.

It will be remembered that among other claims, Sir William Ramsay believes that he has succeeded in degrading the copper in a solution of copper sulphate into the first member of its group, lithium, and also into sodium by subjecting it to the influence of radium emanation.

The question of atomic disintegration is receiving greater attention year by year, and the results obtained from a mass of laborious research are of very great theoretical importance. A number of workers even urge that such a doctrine has been brought to show that the stability of matter, and of energy should be definitely abandoned.

BACTERIOLOGY.

The bacteriologists can claim the earliest recognition for their valuable work in Malta. The abandonment of the goats' milk as an article of diet by all Europeans has entirely eliminated Malta fever, and made the island one of the healthiest and most popular stations in the Mediterranean. More evidence has been brought to show that the rat flea is responsible for the dissemination of plague in India; knowledge has been accumulated on sleeping sickness; advance has been made in its early diagnosis, and experiments are being conducted in the hopes of discovering a remedy.

Antimony is one of the latest drugs that have been employed. It has been shown that typhoid bacilli may remain dormant for several years in a person who has suffered from the disease, and an epidemic may thus be started by the introduction of bacilli which have long been cured. Anti-typhoid inoculation is being widely practised in Germany.

BOBOTANY.

Botanists report the discovery of a new natural order of flowering plants, the Julianaceae, which was determined by Mr. Hensley, of the Kew Herbarium. Professor Botkin has succeeded in inoculating tomatoes and certain cereals with nitrogenizing bacteria similar to those of leguminous plants, and has thus discovered a fresh means of adding nitrogen to the soil. It may be said that this discovery will prove as important as that of the three-fold system in agriculture. Improvements of importance have been made by hybridization in the sugar cane and in wheat.

PHYSICS.

Physicists and chemists have little of popular interest to record beyond the work done by Sir William Ramsay and others on radium phenomena. From a practical standpoint, however, there has been valuable research done on the elasticity of iron, on various new experimental alloys, on the strength of metals at varying temperatures, and so forth. Dr. Emil Fischer has synthesized a fresh number of proteins, and a new doctrine of valency has been suggested. There have been further speculations on the constitution of the ether.

The earthquakes in Jamaica, Mexico, Turkistan and Calabria have added new material for seismological research.

Photography continues to develop, and Mr. Bowie has brought out a new color process, which enables a colored photograph to be taken by a single exposure. The use of the cadmium (ultra violet) spark, will, it appears, make it possible to obtain exact photograph of ultra-microscopic objects.

The statement made by Professors Elster and Zetzel that radium emanation is present in the fire damp of mines in a proportion about six to eight times that which is found in the ordinary air of coal mines will prove of interest, especially if it is confirmed by subsequent observers. In that case the gold-leaf electroscope would become a part of the ordinary equipment of a mine, and would at once reveal the presence of danger.

NEW APPLIANCES.

Scientific appliances are so important to the advancement of science that no apology is necessary for mentioning the vessels of radium, iridium and of fused silica, that have been manufactured in Great Britain during the last year.

THE EXCELSIOR LIFE INSURANCE CO.

1907 a Prosperous Year.

The annual statement of The Excelsior Life Insurance Company issued recently, indicates a year of increased business. The total income was \$427,450. That the Excelsior Life Insurance Company is pre-eminently a policyholder's company, may be judged from the fact that for three successive quinquennial periods it has paid very satisfactory profits to its policyholders, and further its record and present position is unexcelled as regards those features of the business which policyholders are particularly interested in—security—interest earnings the highest in Canada—economy in management—an unparalleled low death rate.

The popularity of the "Excelsior Life" may be judged from the fact that new insurance applied for during the year amounted to \$2,711,000. The total amount of insurance now in force reaches almost eleven and one-half million dollars. The assets of this Company amount to \$1,511,000. It has a Reserve Fund largely in excess of Government requirements. Although it has been only eighteen years in existence The Excelsior Life is one of the strong Canadian Companies. Its success is indicative of shrewd and capable management. On its Board of Directors are to be found the names of gentlemen distinguished for their integrity and business capacity, it is largely owing to their executive ability that the Excelsior Life occupies the high position it does amongst insurance companies. Any one thinking of insuring their lives would do well to have the Excelsior figure on the proposition. Full information may be obtained on application to the Head Office in Toronto. The Company want good active agents in every place where it is not represented.

Book by Knud Rasmussen, which is Unique as the Story of a Primitive People.

Knud Rasmussen, whose mother was an Esquimaux woman of Danish Greenland, whose father was a Dane, and who has lived most of his 27 years in his native land, has written a book on his life for a year in the huts of the Smith Sound natives, the most northern people of the world. The book has been translated from Danish into German and is attracting much attention because it has great literary merit, and also the story of a primitive people it is unique.

He had rare advantages for writing such a narrative, because he is an educated man, trained as an ethnologist and partly of the same blood as the tribe that opened their doors and hearts to him. He went among them as a brother, they welcomed him sympathetically and affectionately, and their idiom differs so little from his own that he was one of them from the day they first saw him.

THE SUNLESS WINTER.

and he joined them in the hunts for seals, walrus, reindeer and seals, and in the spring killing of the birds which they pack away for winter use.

"They liked him and wished him to live with them always. They would be happy if only he would marry one of the native girls and settle down. So he was crowded with people old Sorkark arose impressively and made a little speech: "Are not our maidens good enough for you?" he said. "See, there are Isaktsork and Amink. Isaktsork has the longer hair if that will please you, and she has a brand new fox skin."

"Now, we must tell you that it does not do for a young, unmarried man to be travelling around our country. You will ruin our good opinion of you and make yourself a laughing stock among us, and he is a babbling idiot. (This is a fact. He has been mentioned by explorers.)

"Among all things a man should possess, the chief is a wife. The first thing he gets is a woman, and next come his dogs and then a canoe, and last, and most difficult to get, is a gun."

"You have all these things except a wife. You will keep your things in order and your hot warm and go along to help you when you travel. The wife, if possible, and if not, he borrows somebody else's wife."

Rasmussen does not inform us what response he made to this appeal. Old Sorkark is known as the greatest bear hunter among his people, but he did not shun on this occasion as

A MATRIMONIAL AGENT.

The people said he must tell Rasmussen the story of some of his long hunting exploits, but he long refused. "When I go out with my dogs after a bear," he said, "it is not long before his meat is in the cooking pot. This is all I have to say."

One day, however, he yielded to persuasion and Rasmussen heard the first and last story he would tell.

"It was only a winter night and very cold," he said, "and I knew that bears would be watching around the holes in the ice where the seals come up to breathe. I went out with my dogs and soon I dimly saw a bear through the twilight."

"I gave chase and my dogs were overhauling him when he disappeared within a cave in the ice. When I came up I sent the leader of my dog team into the cave, for a bear in this way may often be driven out from his retreat without injury to the dog. But in a moment I heard a cry and my dog staggered out and died at my feet."

"I said to myself that I was going to get that bear. I could not use my spear in the small cave, and so I put my knife between my teeth and went in on my hands and knees. It was very dark and I could see nothing, but I could hear the breathing of the bear. I hugged the ground and made no noise as I crept forward, inch by inch."

"At last I felt the animal's warm breath in my face. My blade was long and I drew back and made a terrible blow lunge at my body and I lost my senses. I do not know how long I lay there in the cave, but when I came to myself my first thought was of my dead dog. Then I felt around, thinking I had killed the bear, but he was not in the cave."

"I was very sore, but managed to crawl outside, and a few rods away I saw my bear sitting on the ice and heard his moans and knew he was in trouble."

I GRASPED MY SPEAR

and crept toward him and came near enough to see that his breast was covered with blood and that I had driven my knife straight through his snout and it was still in the wound.

ON THE FARM

TEST YOUR SEED.

If you buy seed of the seed man, demand a guarantee from him of its quality; then test the seed yourself, and find out if he is telling you the truth. Reliable seedmen will guarantee their seeds, and if they do not do so, don't buy. Also don't grumble at the price of guaranteed seed.

One of the simplest and best methods of testing the germinating power of seed, is as follows: Secure a piece of blotting paper, or flannel cloth, moisten and fold together, after placing a counted number, say 100, of the seed between the folds. Put the blotter or cloth on a plate, and cover with another inverted plate, and place in a warm room. From 10 to 25 or 30 days should be allowed for the test, depending upon the kind of seed. The germinated seed should be counted and removed from day to day and at the end of the test the percentage of good seed may easily be computed. Seed may be tested in soil, but the germinations are likely to be from 10 to 15 per cent. lower than by the foregoing plan. The cloth or blotter plan is simple, and can be carried on during the cold weather, and before the busy season opens.

As to the germinating power of good seed, it should not be lower than 75 per cent., for the leading grain crops. The United States Department of Agriculture places the standard of germination for clean seed, harvested and preserved under favorable conditions, and not over one year old, for a number of vegetables and grains, as follows: Beans, 90 per cent.; peas, 112 plants from 100 seed balls; cabbage, 90 per cent.; carrots, 80; cauliflower, 80; celery, 60; corn, (flint and sugar) 87; cucumber, 87; lettuce, 85; musk melon, 87; onion, 80; parsley, 70; parsnip, 70; peas, 83; pumpkin, 87; radish, 90; spinach, 84; squashes, 87; tomatoes, 85; turnips, 80, and water melons, 87 per cent. These figures are based upon results secured in a sun testing apparatus, where the conditions of moisture and temperature could be controlled. Under ordinary methods the percentage obtained might not run as high, but would give a good idea of the vitality of the seed.

Testing your seed is advisable, whether you buy your seed or grow it yourself. Unless the germinating power of the seed is known, it is impossible to tell how much seed to sow to the acre. If one is compelled, because of a bad crop, to fall back upon seed that is over a year old, the testing process is necessary.

Some recent French tests have shown that two year old carrot seed gives less leafy plants, and more highly colored roots than fresh seed. With pumpkins, squashes, melons and gherkins, seed two and three years old, proved most satisfactory. In a general way, therefore, it may be said that the best results, there are some exceptions, more particularly in the case of vegetables. Generally speaking, it may be stated that fresh seed should be used, when it is desired to produce a plant, or plants which it is desired should head or fruit well, like cabbage, melon, cucumber, etc. it is preferable to use two or three years old seed.

TREATMENT FOR SMUT.

The only way that smut can be eradicated, or lessened, in the grain crop, is to treat the seed before sowing. The two treatments most generally in use for this purpose are the formalin and bluestone methods. The former is gradually replacing the latter method.

For smut in oats put four ounces of formalin into 12 gallons of water. Put the oats in a pile and sprinkle the liquid over them, turning the grain so that all are well wetted; let the oats lie for a short time, and then spread out to dry. This quantity of fluid should be sufficient for treating 25 bushels of seed. This treatment is simple and very effective. Care should be taken to see that all the grain is thoroughly moistened by the solution, and that the seed is well dried afterwards.

Some recent tests made by Prof. Shuff, of the Central Experimental Farm, would indicate that the formalin or formaldehyde solution, should not be prepared until just before it is to be used. If the solution is made and exposed to the air for several days the more quickly than the formaldehyde, thus leaving it stronger than intended, and more liable to injure the grain.

Another treatment, beside the bluestone, is the hot water treatment. But this is more difficult to manage, entails more labor, and is hardly as effective as the others. The formalin treatment is now considered the simplest, and most reliable, and can be handled by any farmer with little difficulty. Where smut is bad, no seed should be sown without being treated, and to be on the safe side, all seeds should be so treated.

ALAS!

He went to the doctor, To down a cough, but (Excuse the poor rhyme) He was made to cough up."

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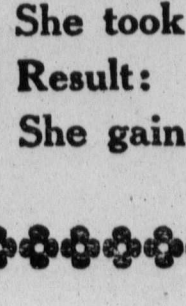
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A New Orleans woman was thin.
Because she did not extract sufficient nourishment from her food.
She took Scott's Emulsion.
Result:
She gained a pound a day in weight.



ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND \$1.00

Quarterly Conference.

(continued from front page)
The enrollment is 1873 including officers and teachers. There are 241 officers and teachers are united in their desire to keep the Word of Wisdom.

EDWARD J. WOOD

President Edward J. Wood addressed his remarks to the little folk and told them a story of May Blossom, illustrating the power that children have over their parents and how they may bring them together. He also spoke of the responsibility of parents and read the 68th section of the Doctrine and Covenants.

Milton Woolf sang the Sunday School Hymn, "Kind words are sweet tones of the heart." Little Becca Brown also gave an instrumental selection upon the Piano, **GEORGE F. RICHARDS**

Apostle Richards spoke of the singing and called attention to the fact that the Lord has said, "The song of the righteous is a prayer unto me." But in order that our songs do delight our Father in Heaven they must be songs of the heart and they must be sung understandingly. Elder Richards said that he desired to impress upon them the necessity of singing them conscientiously, of paying rather more attention to the words, if need be, than the music. He then took up the hymn, O my Father, and commented upon the same, showing the beauty of the literature and the sublimity of the doctrine. He also analyzed the hymn, "How great the wisdom and the love that filled the courts on high." In concluding his remarks he told of the mission of Jesus Christ, of the council in heaven of the Saviour's obedience and said, "Obedience always brings order and disobedience always brings disorder."

B. H. ROBERTS

Elder Roberts spoke of the responsibility of parentage and the commandment, "Thou shalt honor thy father and thy mother that thy days may be long in the land which the Lord thy God giveth thee." He said, "The fellow worth while is the man that can smile, when everything goes dead wrong." He called attention to the strength of character required to honor a father who was shiftless, indolent, intemperate and wicked. No matter what the parents may be the child should honor them. His eulogy of his mother was a most touching one and calculated to impress the boys and girls with the joy which obedience and honor brings to them.

(The Sunday afternoon services will be given in our next issue.)

Glowing Prospects of Southern Alberta.

A party of Calgary business men including R. J. Hutchings, W. G. Hunt, H. A. Dunn, W. G. Fowler, E. McCammon, S. H. Roe, J. A. Brookbank, J. A. Latimer, J. Anderson, F. Hyndman and Thomas Bellamy of Edmonton, left the city last Monday for an automobile tour through Southern Alberta.

The object of the tour, which included all the important points in the country south as far as Cardston, was to see for themselves the condition of the country, and to ascertain the prospects for the coming season.

The party returned to the city on Saturday, all highly delighted with what they had seen, and with the manner in which they had been received by the people of the different towns they had visited.

They are unanimous in saying that never did the country look better than at this season of the year. In what is generally known as the Mormon settlement in the Cardston district, the crops are especially far advanced. The fall wheat came through the winter without any loss, and in some places has attained a height of over fifteen inches.

The week was a very unfavorable one for automobilizing on ac-

count of the rain, and the trip was not without adventure.

It was the intention of the party to reach Claresholm on Monday night, where the local implement dealers had prepared a banquet for their reception. The roads were, however, so muddy that they found it impossible to make that place in their automobiles, and some of the party took the train at Nanton in order not to miss the feast prepared for them.

They had again to abandon their autos at Cardston and go to Lethbridge on the train.

They had, however, a very enjoyable trip, and were amply repaid for any discomforts and trouble they experienced.

Pillings Win \$1,000

By having their stallion insured with a reliable Company.

Cardston, May 27th 1908.

To the Public:

This is to certify that on January 4th, 1908, we insured our Clyde Stallion, "Lindock For Ever" with the British Live Stock Association, Limited of Vancouver B. C. through their agent William Bailey of Lethbridge and that the horse has since died with colic and that we have this day received their check in full payment for our Thousand Dollar Claim. We have found through investigation and experience that this Company is perfectly reliable and as such we can cheerfully recommend them to the public for fair any square dealings in business-like methods.

(sgd.)
Pilling Bros.
Per R. W. Pilling.

DOMINION EXHIBITION
Calgary, Alberta

June 29 to July 9.

\$25,000.00
in Prizes

\$60,000.00 expended in new buildings and improvements.

\$13,000.00 in Purses.

91st Highlanders Band.
Iowa State Band.
Rough Riding by Real Cow boys.

Indian, Squaw and Travois Races.

Reduced fares from all points in Canada

Your opportunity to see the last great west.

Write for descriptive pamphlet
E. L. RICHARDSON,
Manager.

NOTICE.

The French Coach Stallion

ATAMAN

will stand for service at the barn of
E. Harker, Cardston.
for the season 1908.

CERTIFICATE OF ENROLLMENT.
Government of the Province of Alberta
Department of Agriculture.

No. 469. Certificate of Pure Bred Stallion
The Horse Breeders Ordinance, N.W. Territories
Chapter 28, 1905.

The Pedigree of the Stallion "Ataman 3878," described as follows: Breed, French Coach, color, Chestnut, make, Strip, four legs white. Foaled in the year 1905, has been examined and I hereby certify that the said stallion is of pure breeding and is registered in a stud book recognized by the Department.

Dated at Edmonton this 28th day of April, 1908.
GEO. HARRISON,
Deputy Minister of Agriculture.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH WEST MINING REGULATIONS.

Coal.—Coal lands may be purchased at \$10 per acre for soft coal and \$20 for anthracite. Not more than 320 acres can be acquired by one individual or company. Royalty at the rate of ten cents per ton of 2000 pounds shall be collected on the gross output.

Quartz.—A free miner's certificate is granted upon payment in advance of \$5 per annum for an individual, and from \$50 to \$100 per annum for a company, according to capital.

A free miner having discovered mineral in place may locate a claim 500 x 500 feet.

The fee for recording a claim is \$5.

At least \$100 must be expended on a claim each year or paid to the mining recorder in lieu thereof. When \$500 has been expended or paid, the locator may upon having a survey made, and upon complying with other requirements purchase the land at \$1 per acre.

The patent provides for the payment of a royalty of 2 1-2 per cent on the sales.

PLACER mining claims generally are 100 feet square; entry fee \$5, renewable yearly.

A free miner may obtain two leases to dredge for gold or five miles each for a term of twenty years, renewable at the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within one season from the date of the lease for each five miles. Rental \$10 per annum for each mile of river leased. Royalty at the rate of 2 1-2 per cent collected on the output after it exceeds \$10,000.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST HOMESTEAD REGULATIONS

ANY even numbered section of Dominion Lands in Manitoba or the North-west Provinces, excepting said 20, not reserved, may be homesteaded by any person who is the head of a family, or any male over 15 years of age, to the extent of one-quarter section of 100 acres, more or less.

Applications for homestead entry or inspection must be made by the applicant at the office of the local Agent or Sub-Agent.

The homesteader is required to perform the conditions connected therewith under one of the following plans:

1. At least six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each year for three years.

2. If the father (or mother, if the father is deceased) of the homesteader resides upon a farm in the vicinity of the land entered for the requirements as to residence may be satisfied by such person residing with the father or mother.

3. If the settler has his permanent residence upon farming land owned by him in the vicinity of his homestead, the requirements as to residence may be satisfied by residence upon the said land.

Six months' notice in writing should be given to the Commissioner of Dominion Lands at Ottawa of intention to apply for patent.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Wm. Laurie,
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.

SOLICITOR FOR THE UNION BANK OF CANADA and the Town of Cardston.

Office: "The Cahoon" - Cardston.

Robert C. Beck
CONTRACTOR

Carpenter and Cabinet Work.

GENERAL JOBBING SHOP
South of Scott's Studio.

CARDSTON - - - - - ALBERTA

Lamb's Restaurant.

Meals at all hours

35c.

21 MEALS

\$5.00

Fresh Bread,
Cakes
Candies
Confectionery

Lamb's Bakery.

J. M. WIGHT
GENERAL BLACKSMITHING

Tire Setting while you wait

Plow Sharpening,
Repairing.

SHOP ONE BLOCK WEST OF CAHOON HOTEL

Take your
Job Work

To the
Alberta Star

SYNOPSIS OF Coal Mining Regulations

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territory and British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of \$1 an acre, not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be made to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of \$5, which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

Every lessee of coal mining rights which are not being operated shall furnish the district agent of Dominion Lands with a sworn statement to that effect at least once in each year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of \$10 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

H. BIRKETT BROS.
ENGINEERS

ELECTRIC LIGHTING

Pipe fitting, Plumbing & Steam Heating

REPAIRS OF ALL KINDS A SPECIALTY.

CARDSTON - - - ALBERTA

H. W. Brant, M.D.

Graduate and qualified Physician and Surgeon

Offers his services to the people of Cardston and vicinity.

J. T. Scott
PHOTOGRAPHER

CARDSTON - - - RAYMOND

Enlarged Work - Picture Frames

SECOND WEEKS OF EACH MONTH IN RAYMOND.

"The Cahoon"
Barber Shop

Modern Equipments

Steam Heated.

Hot AND Cold Baths

Popular Prices.

Peterson & Brown
Proprietors.

Sterling Williams

—AGENT FOR—

Calgary and Edmonton, and Hudson Bay Lands.

LOANS - REAL ESTATE

OFFICE - - - W. C. Simmons
Old Land Office

David H. Elton,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,

PROCESS ISSUER at Cardston

COMMISSIONER, Etc.

FOR
HARNESS
Horse-Fittings

M. A. Coombs, Harness Maker.

The Highest Paid Cook
In Lethbridge
IS EMPLOYED AT THE
Hotel Dallas
HE HOLDS THE JOB BECAUSE HE
"DELIVERS THE GOODS."
"The Proof of the Pudding
is the EATING THEREOF."

By Special Arrangements
—WITH THE—
Western Home Monthly
We can Give you that Paper
—AND THE—
Alberta Star
FOR
\$1.75
Per Year
Call and get a sample copy of the Western Home Monthly.

TAI SANG & COMPANY
RESTAURANT and BAKERY
Importers of Chinese and Japanese Fancy Goods
Silks and Chinaware. Fresh Fruits every week from the Coast.
ICE CREAM
and meals at all hours. Meal Tickets good for anything in the Restaurant or Store \$5.50 for \$5.50 cash. Chinese labor or cooks furnished on short notice.