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The Standard,

OR RAILWAY AND COMMERCIAL RECORD.

No 14 SAINT ANDREWS, N. B., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 7, 1853. [Vol. 19

LAW RESPECTING NEWSPAPERS
Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions.
If subscribers under the discontinuance of their papers, the publisher may continue to send them till arrears are paid.
If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their papers from the office to which they are directed they are held responsible till they have settled their Bill, and ordered their papers to be discontinued.
If subscribers remove to other places without informing the publisher, and the paper is sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

CAPTURE OF AN ALLIGATOR.

The following account of the capture and death of an alligator is given in the Calcutta Star:
"A very large alligator was hooked and safely landed at the Agra Barracks. He was deposited in a strong brick building for the night, his execution being put off till the following day, that notice might be sent to the curious to attend. At day light he was surrounded by several gentlemen from the surrounding country, who paid their respects to the prospect before them of a little sport. The alligator was lying on its belly, with its disproportioned legs extended, and might have been conveniently measured in all its proportions, but it was thought as well to put off that until the exact tenacity of life in the amphibious monster had been ascertained. The hook which was a single baro and straight shank, about eleven inches long, had entered the back part of the right upper jaw, and passing round the cheek bone, came out above the eye: thus he never could have escaped but by the hook straightening or the eye giving way. It may be mentioned, that the hook above described is far preferable to the small grapnel-shaped affair which has been thought necessary for this game. But the probabilities are, that this fellow would have taken any hook, for he was ravenous, and it was not thought necessary even to fast the bait, but drawing it a few feet out of the water on the mud, two hands were left to watch and to report progress. When all was quiet, he came straight at it, and made no bones about it. The word was passed, and by the time he had rolled himself over and over two or three times, some fifty hands were hanging on to a 24 inch rope, and 'pull devil, pull baker,' was the order of the day, till he was safely hauled—a matter of no slight difficulty, as may be supposed, considering that, with his tail, he could command a range of about sixteen feet.
"He appeared to have remained perfectly motionless during the night, being found in the morning just as he was left. It may be mentioned that the off hind-leg was gone at the first joint—that is, the foot was wanting, the hand of the foot being much more than the hand of the foot. There are five fingers, three of which have large and long nails upon them and the other two are scaled to the very tip. He was maimed, also, in the near fore-flipper, and had evidently been in the wars. They fight desperately with each other about their prey, and this one had been maimed for life without a wound; the stump was well rounded off, and the injury could not be a recent one. Some fortnight ago, a child was taken away, in the neighborhood, by an alligator, while filling some water vessels, and it was thought not impossible it might be the monster now under sentence.
"Gentlemen who amuse themselves with firing at this kind of large game may save their powder and lead. The trials made with a little show how heavy the odds are against anything with them. There was some difference of opinion as to whether a rifle-ball would pass through him, supposing it was to strike the scales. The first one fired, with a view to this experiment, entered the side below the strong scales of the back, and the brute took not the slightest notice of it; a second, near the same spot, seemed not to trouble him in the least; neither of them passed through; they were fired from a distance of not more than ten feet. He was now stirred up in the rear with a long pole, and he turned upon his assailant with a ferocity that was terrific. People talk of alligators not being able to injure easily; he was round with the rapidity of a flash; the report when he opened his jaws to their full extent and closed them in his rage, was incredibly loud, and gave a tolerable idea of the enormous power of the jaws. A third shot was now fired, with the view of finishing him, if possible, and the aim was behind the large raised scales, at the extreme end of the head, so as to break the spine. This would appear to have been done, for he turned upon his back, and did not again recover his position. After a fourth ball, and a most careful search for his heart with a bayonet and a spear, a rope was passed over him, and he was dragged out, giving ever and anon sufficient warning of the propriety of standing aloof: a fifth ball in the spine appeared to settle him.
"On passing the rope along his back, he measured to a nice 16 feet 6 inches; but his tail, too, had been curtailed, 18 inches less than was caught in the same place about three years ago, and of which a very perfect skeleton was made on the farm taken to England by Waterhouse, and deposited in a museum in Yorkshshire. With a heavy axe he was now divided just about his hind legs.—The next process was an interesting one—an examination of the stomach. It contained little: portions of the skull of a child, the thigh bones, some smaller ones, and the bones of one hand; a quantity of straw, a large ball of hair, about four feet of inch-rope, and six or eight hangers, two or three of which were of silver. Having cut off the head and weighed it, it was found to be, on an average, two hundred weight. The muscular action

COMMUNICATION

For the Standard.
MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.

Mr. Editor.—It is a matter of some surprise, that so much apathy is shown to the near approach of the day, when the people of this County are to express, by their vote, whether we are to have Municipal Corporations or not. It cannot be expected, if Corporations are voted, that they will work well for one or perhaps two years; this has been the case in Canada and other countries; but they will tend to advance and enlighten the minds, and teach them to think—teach them not to depend on others to think for them, but to think for themselves. A beautiful expression of the great Kosuth is, that the very bayonets of America think.—This he speaks in compliment of these wonderful people the Americans, who are so full of thought and mind, and advancing every day in knowledge and strength; and is not this their greatness owing to their self-government, their Municipal Corporations? No doubt, in a great measure it is. Kosuth says, Municipal Corporations are what raised Hungary to its present supreme state of knowledge over most of the Continent of Europe. Why is it that the State of Maine, whose lands are indifferent to New Brunswick, and has no coal or iron, plaster of Paris, or fisheries, or timber in comparison to New Brunswick, and whose population began about the same time as that of New Brunswick; has now over 600,000 people, and New Brunswick less than 200,000. It is because Maine has always had free institutions, and govern themselves, whereas in New Brunswick a petty aristocratic surveillance has kept men and their minds chained. It is said our taxes will be greater. Suppose it is so, who pays them? the men of property, not the poor man. It is said we are too few a people and without knowledge for Municipal Corporations. The fewness of the inhabitants is because you have not Corporations, and if you do not commence Corporations, you will forever be without knowledge to gather them.
What says a gentleman now in St. Andrews, who knows considerable of Municipal Corporations; that when they were first introduced in Upper Canada, they were violently opposed; but that at the present day, nothing could induce the former opponents of Municipal Corporations to annul them.
Tax Payers!—You will find a lot of office holders, who have held office by hereditary right, as they term it, from the first settlement of this Province. You will find many antiquated Magistrates oppose you; but take my advice, try the experiment; try Municipal Corporations, and the noble example of the County of Carlton, and put your children in the way of thinking for themselves.
Many mix up City Corporations with County Corporations. They are quite separate, two distinct things. County Corporations have no mayors, and dozens of City officers. Those who wish to know the difference, let them read the County Corporation Act of the Assembly.

HOW TO KEEP A HORSE FROM STRAYING.

The Icelanders have a most curious custom and a most effectual one, of preventing horses from straying, which is peculiar to that country. Two gentlemen, for instance, are riding together without attendants, and wishing to light for the purpose of visiting some object at a distance from the road, they tie the head of the one horse to the tail of the other. In this state it is utterly impossible that they can move on either backwards or forwards, the one pulling one way and the other another; and therefore, if disposed to move at all, it will be only in a circle, and even then there must be an agreement to turn their heads the same way.

DISASTERS AND LOSS OF LIFE.

The barque Subam, of Boston, Captain Lincoln, from Matanzas, for Philadelphia, went ashore on the 15th inst., seven miles north of Assateague light-house. The captain, his wife and child, perished in the rigging and fell overboard. Three of the crew are also reported to have been drowned.
The schooner Henry Curtis, from Philadelphia, and for New Bedford, with a cargo of coal and a deck load of empty oil casks, struck on the Old Man, a ledge of rocks, lying between Norman's Land and Gay Head, on 21st inst., at 2 A. M., and in five minutes filled and sunk, leaving her mass out of water twenty feet. Capt. Humphrey Anthony of New Bedford was drowned when the vessel struck. The cook, a colored man, of Philadelphia, perished in the rigging from cold. The remainder, three in number, were badly frost-bitten, and saved nothing but what they stood in.

THE 42nd REGIMENT.

The 42nd Regiment have been ordered home from Halifax, Nova Scotia, and the 2nd Battalion of the Rifle Brigade from Kingston, Canada.
We cannot agree in opinion with those who might think that Nature has been equally favourable to all men, in conferring upon them a fundamental capacity, which may be improved to all the refinement of taste and erudition. Every day's experience convinces us of the contrary. Of two youths educated under the same preceptor, instructed with the same care, and cultivated with the same assiduity, one shall not only comprehend, but even anticipate the lessons of his master, while the other fails to imitate the least structure of instruction. Such indeed is the distinction between genius and stupidity, which every man has an opportunity of seeing among his friends and acquaintance. Not that we ought too hastily to decide upon the natural capacity of children, before we have naturally considered the peculiarity of disposition, and the bias by which genius may be strangely warped from the common path of education. A youth, incapable of retaining one rule of grammar, or of acquiring the least knowledge of the classics, may never believe make great progress in mathematics; nay, he may have a strong genius for the mathematics, without being able to comprehend a demonstration of Euclid; because his mind conceives in a peculiar manner, and is so intent upon contemplating the object in one particular point of view, that it cannot perceive it in any other. We have known an instance of a boy, who, while his master complained that he had not capacity to comprehend the properties of a right angled triangle, had actually, in private, by the power of his genius, discovered a series of curious theorems, and even applied his deductions to practical machines of surprising construction.

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ARRIVAL OF THE CANADA.

The Royal Mail Steamer Canada arrived at Halifax at half-past seven o'clock on Tuesday morning, after a fine passage of 93 days, with 63 passengers. The Canada brings £15,000 in specie and a large freight. Business at Liverpool and London was dull.—Cotton was in fair demand at prices as quoted.—Sales of the week 44,000 lbs. Broad-stuff were greatly depressed, and prices of Wheat, Flour, and Indian, Corn receded.
A fair degree of activity continues to prevail in the Cotton Manufacturing districts, manufacturers fully employed at profitable rates.
Freights are looking up, for passengers to New York prices are £3 10. Monetary affairs—cash continued very abundant; discounts easy.
The market for English securities had been very buoyant, the explanations given in Parliament being deemed satisfactory; Consols had run up to 98½ and closed on 19th 98½ to 98 3/8. Railway stocks and shares were also very buoyant, and the value of the chief lines considerably advanced. The bill in the Bank of England, now amounts to £19,074,174.
Timber.—Supplies of wood limited; demand last month inactive, yet prices of deals and planks were fully supported. Square timber had given way 1/4 to 1/2 per cent.—Largest scales, yellow pine of 19½ and 19½ inches, at 15½ and 15½. Deals equal to second quality £5 10s.
Expensive schemes for the renewal of the Corn Laws were given on 15th in the Lords by the Premier, and in the Commons by Mr. D. M. M. Lord Derby said "the question as to whether the free traders and protectionists would be decided at the ensuing general election; he repudiated any factious opposition—declared he had no desire to go back to the Law of 1846, nor wish to recur to the Law of 1842. He castigated the proceedings of the Anti-Corn Law League, and implored the Lords to apply themselves not to the reversal of free trade, but to such modifications of the system as would mitigate the blows inflicted on the agricultural portion of the community, and alleviate the impatience from which they suffered. He expressed the opinion that in regard to those who had suffered from the changes made, as being left without a corresponding alteration in the expenditure thrown upon them—the tender imposition of a duty producing a large revenue, and thereby enabling other taxation to be off with hardly an appreciable effect on the food of the people, would be a more judicious, and more economical, and for the country a more judicious mode of allowing relief. He concluded by declaring his determination not to shrink from performing his duty on the subject of the Corn Law, and that he would support the measure which belonged to a Government, nor would he abuse the high position in which his Sovereign had placed him, and by a bare majority force upon the Coun-

THE LIQUOR BILL.

This Bill passed the Legislative Council on Tuesday last, (30th) by a majority of two, the division being as follows:—Yeas—Hon. Messrs. Kinnear, Sanders, Brown, Harrison, Wark, Hill, Gilbert, Connell, and Ryan. Nays—Hon. Messrs. Black, Bosford, Davidson, Hazen, Hamilton, Odell, and Winchen.
While in the lower House, Capt. Robinson moved an amendment to allow the manufacture and sale of malt liquors and cider, which was carried. The amendment provided that a party accused should be considered guilty unless he could prove his innocence, which was struck out. It will be remembered that the Bill is to come into operation on the 1st June 1853, or fourteen months hence. As it allows the use of all kinds of malt liquors and cider, we presume that the domestic manufactured articles will, in future receive the preference.—[New Brunswick.]

ANTI-SLAVERY MEETING IN CANADA.

The first anniversary meeting of the Anti Slavery Society of Canada, was held at Toronto on the 24th inst. The attendance was large. The report of the Society denounces the African emigration scheme, and estimates the number of colored persons in Canada West at 30,000. A resolution was passed inviting fugitive slaves to come to Canada.

NEW YORK, MARCH 26.—Dreadful Disaster.

About 2 o'clock this afternoon, while Mr. Wallfieri was engaged in blasting the Pot Rock at Hell Gate, a charge unexpectedly exploded, killing two men and fatally injuring three others. Mr. Wallfieri who was in the boat with the men at the time of the accident, severely injured.

THE LORRAINE TANNERY.

The Lorraine Tannery, the property of Mr. P. Langlois, Jr. leased to Mr. Richard Freeman, was totally destroyed by fire on Saturday night last. The buildings were un-derstand are insured.

THE HON. JOSEPH BOUTWELL.

The Hon. Joseph Boutwell has been gazetted Recorder of Montreal.

H-HATCH.

Surr. Judge.

PROBATES.

Probates.

CASHIERS.

CASHIERS.

ASSEMBLY.

ASSEMBLY.

IS & C.

IS & C.

BALSON.

BALSON.

PIES & C.

PIES & C.

CHIRRENTS.

CHIRRENTS.

CONFEGATIONS.

CONFEGATIONS.

CANADA FLOUR.

CANADA FLOUR.

GROUND.

GROUND.

BUTTER.

BUTTER.

OR SALE.

OR SALE.

YANKEE ENTERPRISE IN A BRITISH SUBJECT.

About a month since, a sea captain from the Provinces, without means, purchased an unemployed British brig, which had never made but one voyage, for the sum of \$4000, payable in twenty days. He brought the vessel to this port, put her up for California, and within the time specified secured 70 passengers at \$150 each, thus paying for the vessel, and having a surplus of \$6,500. Elated with his good fortune he invested a portion of the capital in an interest in another vessel, and proceeded to put the first mentioned brig in the most excellent trim for her voyage, with ample stores of provisions, etc. which were furnished of the best quality by the N. E. Protective Union, No. 274, South Boston.

A TAX PAYER.

Those who wish to know the difference, let them read the County Corporation Act of the Assembly.

THE UNITED SERVICE GAZETTE.

The United Service Gazette understands that it is not the intention of the Government to replace the regiment ordered home from Canada and Nova Scotia.

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SHERIFFS' SALES

To be Sold at Public Auction on Saturday the 7th day of AUGUST next, at twelve o'clock, at the COURT HOUSE in St. Andrews.

All the right, title, interest, claim and demand of CYRUS YOUNG, of in and to the following Properties, viz: All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, containing 300 acres, in the Parish of St. David, being part of a tract granted to Jacob Young, and purchased by said Cyrus from Jacob Young.

Also, all that part and parcel of Farm Lots Nos. Four and Five, block letter X, Panning's division, in said Parish, containing 50 acres, purchased by Cyrus and Joseph Young, from William Stewart.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an Execution at the suit of John Young endorsed to levy £300 11 0, besides Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte, Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, Jan. 20, 1853.

To be sold at Public Auction on Saturday the 7th day of AUGUST next, at twelve o'clock, at the COURT HOUSE in St. Andrews.

All the right, title, interest, claim and demand of William Patterson and Samuel Patterson, Jun. of in and to the following Property, viz: One-half of 456 acres of Land in the Parish of St. George, bounded on the south by lands formerly owned by one Solomon Stone, and purchased by the said William Patterson and Samuel Patterson, jr., from Samuel Patterson; the said half being the moiety unsold.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an Execution, at the suit of Samuel Patterson, endorsed to levy £46 13 3, besides Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte, Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, Jan. 20, 1852.

To be Sold at Public Auction on Saturday the 7th day of AUGUST next, at twelve o'clock, at the COURT HOUSE in St. Andrews.

All the right, title, interest, claim and demand of WILLIAM WILSON, of in and to the following Property, viz: ALL that Land lying in the Parish of Saint Patrick, on the south-eastern side of the road from St. Andrews to Fredericton in the northern angle of a grant to Peter Stubs, containing 150 acres, more or less; being lot No. 5, together with the buildings thereon.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an Execution, at the suit of Richard M. Andrews, endorsed to levy £16 1 11, besides Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte, Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, Jan. 20, 1852.

WE have this day associated in Business, under the style and firm of F. A. BABCOCK & CO. as Commission and General Merchants. F. A. BABCOCK, ALBERT S. BABCOCK, St. Andrews New Brunswick, Jan. 8th, 1853.

FLOUR. ONE HUNDRED BARRELS superfine Well's Canal Canadian FLOUR - Ex schooner "Utic" from Boston. J. W. STREET, January 1, 1853.

EQUIFABLE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON. CAPITAL £5000,000 STERLING. Board of Local Directors for New-Brunswick: R. F. HAZEN, WILLIAM WAINWRIGHT, EDWARD ALDRON, JOHN H. GALT, J. M. JACOB.

PROPOSALS for Insurance against Loss of Damage by Fire on Buildings, Household Furniture, Goods, Stock in Trade, Farming and Agricultural Stock, &c., will be accepted, and Policies granted on application to GEO. D. STREET, AGENT, St. Andrews, 27th Jan. 1851.

Grand Manan Packet. THE Subscriber respectfully informs the Public, that he has commenced running the Packet "Prince Albert," between St. Andrews Campello, Esport and Grand Manan leaving St. Andrews every Friday, if the weather permits, touching at the above mentioned places. Passes left at the store of William McLean Esq. will be punctually forwarded. EDWARD SNELL, MASTER, St. Andrews, 4th June 1849.

JUDSON'S CHEMICAL EXTRACT OF CHERRY AND LUNGWORT, FOR THE CURE OF Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Spitting of Blood, Night Sweats, Asthma, Liver Complaints, and CONSUMPTION.

Can be and has been cured in thousands of cases by this only certain remedy. JUDSON'S CHEMICAL EXTRACT OF CHERRY AND LUNGWORT, and its remedy has never been discovered that will cure it.

COUGHS AND CONSUMPTION. Its operation is in a few weeks, it loosens the phlegm which creates so much difficulty, relieves the cough and assists nature to expel from the system all diseased matter by excretion, producing a most delightful change in the breathing and chest, and this, after the precautions of the very best medical men and the attentions of kind sorrowing friends and Nurses, have failed to give the smallest relief to the Consumptive sufferer.

THOUSANDS OF CONSUMPTIVE persons have been deceived in buying medicines which were said to be infallible cures, but which have proved only palliatives, but a cure for ulcerated lungs. It contains no deleterious Drugs and one trial will prove its astonishing efficacy better than any assertions or certificates in curing consumption and all diseases of the Lungs, such as Spitting of Blood, Coughs, Spasms in the side and chest, night sweats, &c. &c.

CARLTON'S FOUNDER OINTMENTS. For the cure of Founder, Split Hoof, Hoof band Horses, and contracted and Feverish Feet, Wounds, Bruises in the flesh, Galled Backs, Cracked Heels, Scratches, Cuts, Kicks, &c. on horses.

CARLTON'S RING BONE CURE. For the cure of Ring Bone, Blood Spavin, Bone Spavin, Windgalls, and Splint—a certain remedy.

CARLTON'S CONDITION POWDERS FOR HORSES AND CATTLE. The changes of weather and season, with the change of food, have a very great effect upon the blood and sinews of Horses. It is at those changes that they require an instant nature to throw off any disorder of the fluids of the body that may have been imbibed, and which, if not attended to, will result in the Yellow Water, Hooves, Worms, Bots, &c. All of which will be prevented by giving one of these powders, and will at any time cure when any symptoms of disease appears, if used in time. They purify the blood, remove all inflammation and fever, loosen the skin, cleanse the water, and invigorate the whole body, enabling them to do more work with the same feed. The action of these powders is direct upon all the secret glands, and therefore have the same effect upon the Horse, the Ox, the Ass, and all Herbivorous animals—all diseases arising from or producing a bad state of the blood, are speedily cured by them. Remember and ask for CARLTON'S CONDITION POWDERS, and take no others.

CARLTON'S NERVE AND BONE LINIMENT FOR HORSES. and for the cure of all diseases of man or beast that require external application, and for contracted tendons and muscles, strengthen weak limbs, and is also used for sprains, bruises, saddle galls, scurled legs, sores of all kinds on horses. CARLTON'S articles for Horses and Cattle are prepared from the recipe of a very celebrated English Farrier, and will cure in ninety nine cases out of one hundred any of the above complaints. They have been used by Farmers, liverymen, stage proprietors and others, with the most marked and decided success.

CAUTION—None can be genuine unless you find the name of J. Carlton Comstock on the wrapper of each article.

COMSTOCK'S VERMIFUGE. This is the most extraordinary remedy for worms ever used; it infallibly eradicates Worms from both adults and children. It cannot harm the most delicate infant or strongest adult, and never fails to completely root out and destroy all kinds of Worms. The cost, 25 cts. per bottle, puts it within the reach of all, and all patients who are with it want only exposing the lives of their children, to those fell destroyers of youth, "Worms." Look for the name of Comstock & Brother, proprietors on the wrapper of each bottle.

CAUTION—None can be genuine unless you find the name of J. Carlton Comstock on the wrapper of each article. CARLTON'S LINIMENT FOR THE PILE. It is now sold in the principal hospitals, and in the private practice in our country, by an immense number of individuals, and is the first and most successful remedy for the PILE, and also extensively and effectively used to relieve scalding and other diseases of the rectum, and is a compound of medicaments which are peculiarly adapted to and essentially necessary for the cure of it.

CAUTION—All of the above named articles are sold only New York by Comstock & Brother, No. 21, John Street, for doors from Druggists, and also in St. Andrews, by Daniel & Eugene D. Clarke, S. L. Elliot, St. John, L. Eyles, S. Stephens, J. W. Binsley, Fredericton, B. Ferguson, Woodstock; G. Spear, Robinsonville, by our Agents Messrs. Town in New Brunswick. Enquire for Comstock's Almanac for 1852 which is a great treatise.

Grocery & Provision Store.

JOHN B. BALSON, respectfully announces to the inhabitants of St. Andrews, and vicinity, that he has opened the store of Messrs. Pheasant's in the town where he has received a fresh supply of Groceries and Provisions, suitable for this market.

SUPERFINE FLOUR, in bags and barrels; Fancy Biscuit, Meal, Tea, Coffee, Brown and crushed Sugar, Molasses, Mould and Dip Candles, Brown and Family Soap, Fine and coarse Salt.

BARLEY, Mustard, Pepper, Ginger, Allspice, Sassafras, Nutmegs, London Pickles, Pepper Sauce, Lemon Syrup, CONFECTIONER'S Dates, Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, Starch, Button Blue, Blacking, Baking and Washing Soda, Boots and Shoes, Paints, Rooms, &c.

FRUIT TREES. THE New Assortment of the Subscriber, consisting of nearly Forty Thousand Trees, are now offered for the inspection of the Public for sale. Persons planting these Trees may be assured of success, as every possible precaution has been used in the selection of varieties; all that have not proved hardy, have been at once discarded, and those which have not yet fruited here have been propagated with the advice of the most distinguished cultivators of New England and Canada.

HOUSE LAND. THE Subscriber offers for sale his Property in St. Andrews, consisting of 16 acres of land, and 1/2 an acre, under cultivation, which cuts from 1 to 2 tons of Hay annually. On the premises are the Frame of a new Dwelling, and an old House. For terms, &c. apply to JAMES MELONEY, October 15, 1851.

REMOVAL. DR. BAYARD, has removed to the House formerly occupied by Mr. Sloan, situated between the stores of Messrs. Dimes & Wilson, and Ostell and Turner, St. Andrews, Oct. 22, 1850.

FOUND. PICKED UP on the Nigger Point, a Pair of gold and silver small ANCHOR and CHAIN. Apply at the STANDARD OFFICE. CARTS! CARTS! CARTS!—For Sale on Hire, on liberal terms CARTS suitable for work on the Road. Also, all kinds of BLACKSMITH work Apply to EDW. STENFORD, St. Andrews, June 26, 1851. BRANDY, GIN, WHISKY &c. Ex Columbus from Liverpool, via St. John, 5 Hds. finest Pale HOLLANDS.

HEALTH where 'tis SOUGHT.



Holloway's Pills.

CURE OF A DISORDERED LIVER AND STOMACH WHEN IN A MOST HOPELESS STATE. Extract of a Letter from Mr. Matthew Harvey, of Chapeau Hill, St. Andrews, dated the 10th of Dec. 1851.

SIR—Your valuable Pills have been the means, with God's blessing, of restoring me to a state of perfect health, and at a time when I thought I was on the brink of the grave. I had consulted several medical men, but they could not give me any relief, and I was fast losing my strength. I had been suffering from a Liver and stomach complaint of long standing, which during the last two years got so much worse that I was almost insensible to food, and I was unable to get any rest. I had tried every kind of medicine, but they all failed to give me any relief. I was almost insensible to food, and I was unable to get any rest. I had tried every kind of medicine, but they all failed to give me any relief.

CURE OF ASTHMA OF TWENTY YEARS STANDING.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. J. K. Heydon, 78 King Street, Sydney, dated 10th of November 1849. To Professor Holloway. SIR—I have the pleasure to inform you that many years ago, I was afflicted with Asthma, which was cured here by means of your Pills. One of the Ladies residing near the "Rozzowick" who after having for many years been unable to make the slightest exertion, suffering every day with the most distressing attacks of breath, coughing, and spitting, but is now, to use her own expression, able to run up to the top of the mountain. Another case is that of Mr. Caton, Par. for this district, in the County of Clarence, who was so dreadfully bad that he was confined entirely to his bed-room for six months, prior to his commencing with your Pills, and attended regularly by his medical men, who pronounced him incurable. I wish to state, however, to my knowledge has been restored to perfect health by the use of your Pills, and rubbing your Ointment night and morning into his chest.

ANSTONISHING CURE OF THE EARL OF ALDBOROUGH.

By this Miracle, the most distressing of every other disease has been cured. A Copy of a Letter from the Earl of Aldborough dated Villa Messina, Leghorn, 21st Feb. 1845. TO PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY. SIR—Various circumstances prevented the possibility of my thanking you before this time for your politeness in sending me your Pills as you did. I now take this opportunity of sending you an order for the amount, and at the same time, to thank you for the Pills which you have sent me, and which I have used with the most beneficial effect. I have not been able to attend to my duties, and I have been confined to my bed for several days. I have not been able to attend to my duties, and I have been confined to my bed for several days. I have not been able to attend to my duties, and I have been confined to my bed for several days.

TIME should not be lost in taking this Remedy for any of the following diseases: Ague, Consumption, Rheumatism, Tumor of the Uterus, Debility, Gout, Retention of Urine, Dropsy, Bilious Complaints, Paralytic Dropsy, Headaches, Sore Throat, Venereal Affections, Blotches on the skin, Dysentery, Indigestion, Scalds, or King's Evil, Worms of all kinds, Erysipelas, Inflammation of the Bowels, Complaints of the Female, Irregularities of the Menstrual Course, and Gravel, Colic, Liver Complaints, Secondary Symptoms, Weakness, and various other Diseases.

These Medicines in England are sold at 1s. 2d. 2s. 4d. 3s. 6d. and 4s. each Box and Pot. There is a considerable saving by taking the large size. Sold by all Vendors of Medicines through out New Brunswick, and by A. H. Thompson, St. Stephen, Billing & Dyer, Eastport.

ODELL & TURNER'S ANDERSON'S FOUND. PICKED UP on the Nigger Point, a Pair of gold and silver small ANCHOR and CHAIN. Apply at the STANDARD OFFICE.

CARTS! CARTS! CARTS!—For Sale on Hire, on liberal terms CARTS suitable for work on the Road. Also, all kinds of BLACKSMITH work Apply to EDW. STENFORD, St. Andrews, June 26, 1851. BRANDY, GIN, WHISKY &c. Ex Columbus from Liverpool, via St. John, 5 Hds. finest Pale HOLLANDS.

Flour, Stoves, Oil Fluid.

Ex Schooner "Belle" from New York - 100 BARRELS No. 1. CANADA FLOUR. - Per "Utic" from Boston - 10 superfine Cooking Stoves, metal patterns, 9 Parlor Stoves, do do. 1 Case Refined Oil, do do. 1 do Boiling Fluid, do do. W. WHITLOCK, St. Andrews, Dec. 24, 1851 - 3.

SURROGATE COURT.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE. In the matter of the Estate of Daniel Cunningham late of the Parish of St. David in the County of Charlotte, deceased.

WHEREAS Lachlan Deon administrator of all and singular the goods Chattels and credits which were of the said Daniel Cunningham deceased at the time of his death both this day filed his Account with the said Court, and has prayed that the creditors and next of kin of the deceased, and all persons interested in the said Estate, may appear and attend the passing and allowance of the said account.

NOTICE therefore is hereby given, to all the Creditors and next of kin of the said deceased, and to all persons interested in the said Estate, they are hereby required to appear before me at a Court of Probate, to be held at the Office of the Registrar of Probates in Saint Andrews, in the said County of Charlotte, on Saturday the Tenth day of APRIL, next, at the hour of one in the afternoon, to attend the passing and allow of the Account of the said Administrator.

Given under my hand and the Seal of the said Court this tenth day of December A. D. 1851. (Signed) H. HATCH, Surrogate Judge.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

The following were adopted as Standing Rules in the Session of 1851: 37th.—That no Bill of a private nature or petition for mercy or relief, shall be received by the House after the twentieth day from the opening of the Session, both inclusive; and that the Clerk of the House do one month previous to the meeting of the Legislature, cause fifty printed copies of this Rule to be sent to each of the Clerks of the Peace in the several Counties for distribution, and cause the same to be inserted in the Royal Gazette, and two Newspapers in such County where Newspapers are published. 38th.—That this House will sustain no application for allowances to Teachers of Common or Parish Schools, unless it shall be certified by at least two Trustees of Schools for the Parish where such School has been taught, showing the time actually taught—the Teacher to be licensed—the cause why such Teacher was not certified to the Sessions in the ordinary way—and that such Teacher was not compelled to discontinue his or her School on account of any improper conduct. Dec 24. CHAS. F. WETMORE, Clerk.

FRUITS &c.

JOHN B. BALSON. Has just received a fresh supply of FRUIT, SPICES &c. among which are: Boxes RAISINS, Zante CURRANTS, FIGS, APPLES, NUTS, CONFECTIONS, SPICES, &c. 50 Barrels CANADA FLOUR, 20 bags FRESH GROUND dumplings. On board Schr. "SPRAY" lying at the market wharf, 60 Tubs Cumberland BUTTER, from 20lbs. and upwards. The above with a general assortment of Groceries, will be disposed of at the lowest prices for cash. December 24.

LAND FOR SALE.

FOR SALE 250 Acres of Land, situated on Pleasant Point, so called, in the County of Charlotte, being Lot No. 13 on said Road. For particulars and a plan of said Land, apply at the office of the subscriber in St. Andrews. WILLIAM KER, Dec. 16, 1851.

EX the Liban from London, viz. S. John: 10 Chests fine Congo Tea, 4 Hds. best "Martell" Brandy, 6 Hds. Paris Rotterdam Geneva, 4 Boxes best blue Poland Starch, 2 Casks D. & Martin's Japan Black, 100 lbs.

Also, to arrive per the Grace from Liver pool: 1 fine old PORT WINE, 1 Hhd. fine old Jamaica Rum, 2 Hds. old Port Wine, 20 Hds. Best Cognac BRANDY, "Martell," "Hennessey" & 5 Pipes U. Vine Brandy, 1 Hhd. Brown Sherry.

12. Ct per an... 15s, if not paid... ADV... Inserted according... First insertion of... Each repetition of... First insertion of... Each repetition of... Advertising by...

PROROGATIO.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY. This day at 3 o'clock, the Council Chamber of the House of Assembly was pleased to adjourn.

Mr. President, a Mr. Speaker and Assembly.

I congratulate close a session... considerable imp by the enactment may in all probal on the future de of British North I allude more the construction to Quebec. Th on these Bills I member of my I in order that, from Canada an from the means I trust heartily t of his missic The legislation mont to bring in ferent portions o however to hope all Her Majesty's wherever they I with satisfaction have passed, an we earnestly pr I conceive it t as the interests are in reality on lative action of t so far as possib I think theref another step has tion by the past the Currency of that Canada an similar course. The School B after full deliber an element of an vious measures: the provision for enoc. I anticipate change.

The Bill auth appointed for re and Consolidate means for secur is so important; Mr. Speaker, as Assembly, as In addition to Supplies which Service, I feel t to our knowle the Executive G given in the R already alluded you shall not fit or your liberali Mr. President, as Assembly, as Again thank which you have to be, and I refer here, and bid y

COR. " Good morr I have been t time concerning Bill, which is g on on the Cou so stupidly lea pling with him over the conver days ago, and t measure," " taken in your h of the matter, t enlighten the p their sleepy th the business is better for each supervision of their schools, if own officers, in the local affair a done in the h been in for y wake up and a provisions out the more or I will is not one better than no there is no suc gr. be, as the

Original issues in Poor Condition Best copy available