

WEATHER FORECAST
MARITIME PROVINCES
Moderate Gales Decreasing at Night.
Local Showers at First, Then Fair and Cool.
Temperature at 3 A. M. 41 Degrees
Above Zero.

The Standard

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SAINT JOHN, CANADA, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1911.

EIGHT PAGES

Hon. J. K. Flemming is New Premier

ITALY CARRIES WAR TURKS

Decision Reached to Extend Operations into Tripolitan Desert.

Italian Army Corps Landed at Tripoli Without Any Opposition From Turks.

Troops Also Landed at Other Points, While Warships Occupy Harbor of Tripoli.

Tripoli, Oct. 12.—Gen. Caneva, commander in chief of the Italian expedition has decided to act quickly and it is believed that the troops under him will march immediately against the positions occupied by the Turks. A reconnaissance of the desert today disclosed the central body of the Turkish troops with field guns not far from the city.

Nineteen more Italian transports escorted by warships and carrying the second division of the troops arrived this morning. The men were landed in the harbor in readiness for emergency. Not only is the Italian position now safeguarded against surprise, but an effective occupation of the interior can begin.

It is reported that the Arabs have accepted the Italian occupation joyfully, but some of the warships remain in the harbor in readiness for emergency. Troops were landed today also at Benghazi, Derna, Tobruk and Bomba.

Although the utmost precautions have been taken looking to the perfecting of sanitary arrangements, cholera has broken out and it is reported that four deaths have occurred.

General Canava has addressed a proclamation to the inhabitants, assuring them they have not been enslaved by Italy. On the contrary they have been liberated from the yoke under which they have been laboring for years. They will be ruled by their own chiefs under the patronage of the king of Italy. The religious and civil laws will be respected and taxes will be reduced to a minimum.

POLITICIANS CONTROLLED CITY'S VICE

Investigation of Albany's Red Light District Shows that Party Bosses Obtained Revenue from Vice.

A SHOCKING STORY.

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 12.—The sordid details of an investigation of Albany's red light district were related today before the senate committee which is delving into the affairs of the city and county, by Robert S. McClelland, a New York city investigator. McClelland as an employee of James W. Osborne, counsel to the committee, told of arranging to open a disorderly house in the red light district and of having been rent by E. C. Roche, a former city official to see Edward C. Coons, Republican leader of the fourth district of the fourth ward, who in turn introduced him to a man named McNamara, from whom he leased a house on Division street which he proposed to open under the name of The Temple of Beauty.

The witness also testified that he had been directed by Coons as to where he should purchase his furniture, liquors and other supplies and bills were introduced in evidence as showing the purchases. Three women who came to Albany from New York to assist McClelland in opening the house are still in the city and probably will be called to corroborate his story.

The investigator told of the various alleged disorderly places he had visited.

HON. MR. HAZEN RESIGNS AS PROVINCIAL PREMIER; MR. FLEMMING TAKES POST

New Brunswick's Able Provincial Secretary Is Today Her First Minister.

New Premier will Submit the Names of His Cabinet to Governor Tweedie on Monday.

Hon. J. K. Flemming, former provincial secretary, is now premier of New Brunswick in place of Hon. J. D. Hazen who handed in his resignation to His Honor Lieutenant Governor Tweedie last evening. The personnel of the new provincial government will be announced by Mr. Flemming on Monday in Fredericton after he has submitted the names of his colleagues to the Lieutenant Governor.

Mr. Hazen returned to the city yesterday from Ottawa, and a meeting of the government was held in the afternoon. Lieutenant Governor Tweedie arrived from Chatham on the Ocean Limited early in the evening and about 5.30 p. m. Mr. Hazen called on His Honor at his rooms in the Royal Hotel and tendered his resignation, consequently on his having accepted the portfolio of Marine and Fisheries in the Dominion government.

Mr. Hazen recommended Mr. Flemming to His Honor as his successor. Shortly before 6 o'clock, Hon. Dinkson, clerk of the Executive Council, was sent to summon Mr. Flemming who had an interview with His Honor lasting about twenty minutes and then returned to the Victoria Hotel.

When interviewed by The Standard Mr. Flemming said he had accepted the invitation of the Lieutenant Governor to form a new government and had arranged to submit the names of those who would be associated with him to His Honor at Fredericton on Monday. After the members had been sworn in the first meeting of the new government would be held.

COULD BUY A JURY MAN FOR \$1500

Kansas City Case Furnishes Light on Integrity of Some United States Officials and Grand Jurors.

MARSHALL ASKED BRIBE.

Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 12.—There's a fellow on that jury that can be bought. Leave it to me, and I'll fix it.

In the foregoing words, according to an affidavit made by Dr. B. Clarke Hyde, Harry Hoffman, a deputy county marshal, sought a bribe from him physician on May 6th, 1910, during the first trial for the alleged murder of Col. Thomas H. Swope.

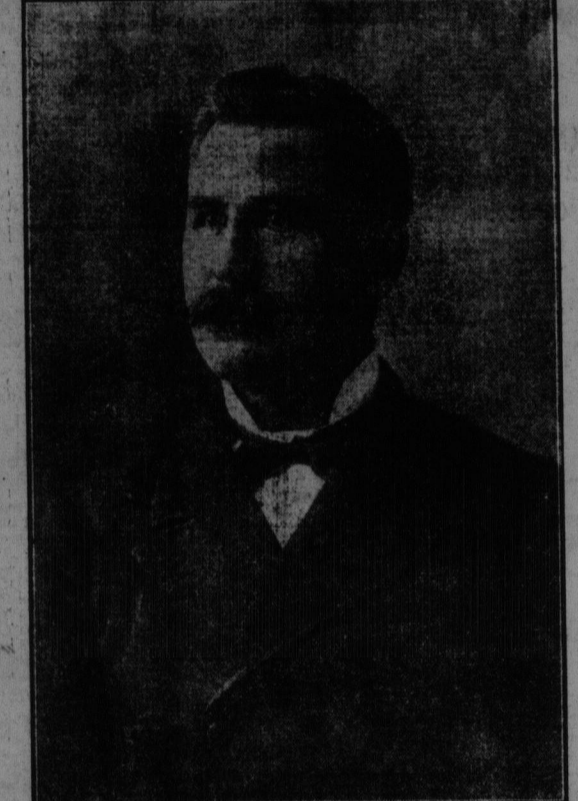
The affidavit was introduced in the criminal court here today during a hearing on the application of Dr. Hyde's attorney for the appointment of officers to take charge of the jury at the physician's second trial. Count charges of attempts of jury bribing by the friends of Dr. Hyde were made in affidavit presented by the prosecution.

The second trial of Dr. Hyde will begin Oct. 23 one week later than the date originally decided upon.

Dr. Hyde in his petition said the attempt to solicit a bribe from him was made while he was being taken from the criminal courtroom to his cell. Hoffman he said, broached the subject in this way:

"Doctor, I am very friendly toward you and sympathize with you in your trouble, and have your interests at heart. I have something to say to you, but I am afraid to say it."

Dr. Hyde encouraged the deputy and Hoffman finally continued, according to the affidavit:



NEW BRUNSWICK'S NEW PREMIER.

Mr. Flemming, who was born in the Parish of Woodstock on April 27, 1868. He was elected to the legislature in January, 1900, and re-elected at the general elections in 1903 and 1908. He was sworn in as a member of the executive council as provincial secretary in the Hazen government on March 24, 1908, and re-elected by acclamation on August 7 of the same year. In religion Mr. Flemming is a Presbyterian. He carries on an extensive business as a merchant and lumber manufacturer at Hartland, Carleton County, where he resides.

Mr. Flemming added that he could announce at the present time. He spoke enthusiastically of the prospects for an early completion of the negotiations for the Valley Railway which he said was the most important business now in hand.

In view of the fact that he was not a resident of St. John, which was a central point for many people having business with the government, Mr. Flemming stated that he would make arrangements to be in the city on certain days in the month for the general convenience of the public.

CONNAUGHT HAS ARRIVED AT QUEBEC

Canada's New Governor General is Now Awaiting Hour Set for His Official Landing from Steamer.

REACHED PORT LAST NIGHT.

CHICAGO OBSERVES THE COLUMBUS DAY.

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 12.—With elaborate pageants on land and water Chicago today celebrated Columbus Day in honor of the 491st anniversary of the discovery of America.

Members of the Knights of Columbus impersonating Columbus, King Ferdinand, Queen Isabella and other characters of the period, boarded three Spanish caravels at Jackson Park and sailed to Grand Park where the party was welcomed by Mayor Harrison and other officials, and the scenes marking the discovery of America were re-enacted with dignified ceremony.

CHINA FACES REVOLUTION

Widespread Movement to Weaken Empire and Form Republic.

Chinese Assembly Has Succeeded from Imperial Government -- Rebels are Strong.

Upheaval of Whole Chinese Nation Threatened by Conflict Against Manchus.

Hankow, Oct. 12.—The revolution which has been hanging over China for months past and of which the rising in the province of Szechuen was only a small part, has begun in earnest. It is a concerted movement to take the empire and declare a republic.

The noted revolutionary, Dr. Sun Yat-sen, leader of the anti-Manchu party, if the plans do not miscarry is to be elected president. He was the delegate to the revolutionary party in the United States in 1910, and is believed during that tour to have made arrangements for the financing of the movement. Sun Yu, brother of Dr. Sun Yat-sen, who is now in Hankow has been elected president of the provincial assembly and Tang Hsiang-Liang the retiring president of the assembly and a noted scholar, has been elected governor of Hu-Pei.

The whole assembly has succeeded from the imperial government. The rebels are well organized and financially strong. They have confiscated the local treasuries and banks and are issuing their own paper money redeeming the government notes with this as the foreign banks are refusing government notes.

Several Cities Captured. The revolutionaries have captured Wu-Chang, the native section of Hankow and Han-Yang, all adjoining cities in Hu-Pei province. Chang Hsiang-Liang, reported to have risen in revolt and Nanking, capital of the Province of Kiang-Su, is on the verge of a rising, several public buildings having been destroyed.

Continued on page two.

ELECTRICAL TRUST GETS IN TROUBLE

Another Sweeping Victory for the Trust Busters in the U. S. Circuit Court at Toledo, Ohio.

CONTROLLED LAMP TRADE.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 12.—By a sweeping decree entered in the United States Circuit Court at Toledo today the backbone of the so called Electrical Trust was broken and in the judgment of Attorney General Wickersham, the government was equipped with precedents of genuine value in its prosecutions of commercial combinations forbidden by the Sherman law.

Meeting the government's charges that the trust controlled the Electric Lamp business of the country, regulating by agreement the prices at which all lamps were sold, the decree severs all relationship between the General Electric Company and the National Electric Lamp Company. The latter concern and all of its subsidiaries are ordered dissolved.

The contracts and combinations entered into by defendants, the Attorney General pointed out today are declared unlawful, and the companies are enjoined from entering into any agreements to control the prices of incandescent lamps. The important principle was laid down according to the Attorney General, that once a lamp is sold by a manufacturer the price at which it is sold by a dealer or jobber must be open to free competition.

The decree was acquiesced in by the defendant companies, and this gives the government the moral certainty that there will be no appeal. Speaking of the electrical combination, Mr. Wickersham said it appeared to control practically 95 per cent of the electric lamp business.

The investigation out of which the suit grew, the Attorney continued, disclosed eleven other patent pools of a similar nature, by which the prices of various electrical devices and supplies were fixed, and to which some of these defendants were parties. But since the institution of this suit all the pools have been voluntarily dissolved.

ELABORATE FUNCTION IN WASHINGTON

Cornet Stone of Gibbons Memorial Hall, in Catholic University of America, Laid Yesterday.

A GEORGEOUS SCENE.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 12.—In honor of the fiftieth anniversary of the entrance of James Cardinal Gibbons into the priesthood and the twenty-fifth of his elevation to the cardinalate there was laid here today the corner stone of Gibbons Memorial Hall, to be a part of the Catholic university of America.

Cardinal Gibbons himself was the centre of the celebration with archbishops, bishops and other church dignitaries from all over the country participating. The gorgeousness of the scene contrasted with the simplicity of the ceremonies. The afternoon sun shone brightly on a richly arranged mass of purple, red, white and black, but it was almost an hour later when the vessel moored at the dock. There was a large crowd in attendance, and a rush was made for the steamer to see His Royal Highness.

The steamer, however, came into dock as usual and the Duke and his party were not in evidence. His Royal Highness and the Duchess kept to their quarters and few people outside of the officials had any chance to see His Royal Highness.

The official landing of the Duke and Duchess will take place tomorrow.

CALIFORNIA FEARS DAMAGE BY FLOOD.

San Bernardino, Cal., Oct. 12.—According to special despatches received here from Needles, the Colorado River has risen to its highest point of the year, and has cut its way through the big dyke on the Arizona side.

Thousands of acres of reclaimed lands are flooded and the settlers are said to be abandoning their homes.

CALIFORNIA WOMEN WON AFTER ALL

Contrary to First Reports the Woman Suffragists have Ruled the State by Small Majority.

RECALL ADOPTED.

San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 12.—Woman suffrage has triumphed in California. Returns late today wiped out the majority previously recorded against the amendment and since this turn the margin in favor of the amendment has increased steadily. Totals early tonight were: For suffrage, 119,086; against, 117,408. Majority for the amendment, 1,678.

These figures represent the returns from 2,717 precincts out of a total of 3,212 in the state. Virtually all of the remaining precincts are in counties which have given suffrage majorities. So overwhelming was the vote in favor of the other important amendments, the initiative and referendum and the recall, including the Judiciary, that tabulation of the returns was suspended with nearly a third of the precincts remaining unreported. The final count taken showed the following result: For the initiative and referendum, 138,181; against, 44,850; for the recall, 148,672; against, 46,200.

parcel carried anywhere in England for 20 cents. It would cost \$1.60 in Canada. "Why should we not cut out the intermediate profits of all these middlemen?" said Mr. Fairbairn. "Get into direct communication with the farmer. We have the machinery in the post office system. A regiment of middlemen stand between the manufacturer and the customer. Let us go over the heads of the jobbers and middlemen."

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ST. JOHN, N. B., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1911.

MR. FLEMING, THE NEW PREMIER.

The changes in the Provincial Executive, necessitated by the acceptance by Premier Hazen of a portfolio in Mr. Borden's Cabinet, took place yesterday. Mr. Hazen came from Ottawa and met his colleagues in the Provincial Government during the afternoon. At this meeting the unfinished business of the Executive was disposed of and at 5.30 p. m. Mr. Hazen waited upon Lieutenant Governor Tweedie and tendered his resignation as Premier, Attorney General, and a member of the Executive Council, and suggested that Hon. J. K. Fleming, Provincial Secretary, be called upon to form a Cabinet. Mr. J. K. Fleming, Chief of the Executive Council, subsequently called upon Mr. Fleming and requested that he attend on the Governor. Mr. Fleming met His Honor at nine o'clock and accepted the duty of forming a Cabinet and asked until Monday to submit the names of the gentlemen chosen as his colleagues. This completed the formalities and the Governor will be at Fredericton at the time appointed by Mr. Fleming.

The new Premier of New Brunswick is well and favorably known in every section of the Province. Born in the Parish of Woodstock, Carleton County, on April 27th, 1868, Mr. Fleming is 43 years of age and one of the youngest men ever called to the important position of Premier of New Brunswick. He was first elected to the Legislature in January, 1900, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. Charles L. Smith, who had been appointed Postmaster of Woodstock. His opponent was Mr. F. R. Shaw. Mr. Fleming's majority was 103. The total membership of the Opposition at the close of the session of 1900 was seven, as indicated by the vote taken on the report of the special committee appointed to investigate the charges made by Mr. Hazen against Mr. Emmerson.

Mr. Fleming, because of his ability as a debater, at once took a first place in the Opposition ranks and was soon recognized as one of the leading members of the Legislature. In subsequent years Mr. Fleming became the chief financial critic of the Government and did yeoman service in bringing to light and exposing the financial failures of the Government of the day. His speeches were always lucid and to the point. It was, therefore, no surprise when in 1908 Mr. Hazen called him to the position of Provincial Secretary in his Government, a position which he has held to the general satisfaction of the people of New Brunswick ever since. He has proved himself a good administrator and has done excellent service in working out the school book policy of the Hazen Administration. The success of this policy by which the cost of school books has been reduced to about one-half is largely due to Mr. Fleming's industry and business capacity.

Under his administration the Department of Provincial Secretary and Receiver General was thoroughly reorganized and a totally new system of handling the important business connected with the receipt and payment of monies on account of the Province has been introduced. All payments are now made by cheque through the Receiver General's office and all revenue collected in the various departments is now turned over to the Receiver General. Under former Administrations there were numerous bank accounts in the different departments. Now there is but one general account for them all. Mr. Fleming in addition to floating a loan for the Province on very favorable terms in the London market, has also been able to materially reduce the interest charges on necessary temporary loans from the local banks. Mr. Fleming's success in the administration of his office proves him to be a man of unusual ability and one who can be safely trusted to keep the ship of state on an even keel. He is a plain man of the people, approachable at all times and willing to consider any suggestion likely to promote the development of the Province and increase the general prosperity.

Coming from Carleton County, Mr. Fleming is naturally interested in the Valley Railway project, one of the most important, if not the most important question that has been before the people of New Brunswick since Confederation. The construction of this railway will open up one of the oldest agricultural sections in the Province, besides adding largely to the export trade through the port of St. John. In his conference with Mr. Pugsley, Mr. Fleming clearly demonstrated his deep interest in this important undertaking. It was largely due to his efforts that the compromise between the Provincial and Dominion Governments was brought about, without which there was no possibility of the road being constructed for many years. Had Mr. Fleming abandoned the project where Mr. Pugsley left it a few months ago, it would have become a dead issue; that it is still alive is entirely due to his efforts. Mr. Fleming will have no difficulty in securing excellent material for his Cabinet, and when the announcement is made on Monday next of the names of those that will be associated with him, the public will be satisfied that the country will be governed along the same progressive lines that have marked the Administration of Mr. Hazen.

It is quite remarkable that while the change of Premier was taking place, the Opposition members of the House of Assembly should not be in session in this city to deal with the resignation of their leader, Mr. Robinson. Mr. Robinson, who was quite anxious to take up the leadership of the Government on the retirement of Mr. Pugsley, has been more anxious to resign the leadership of the Opposition than any other man who ever held it. At the close of every session of the Legislature since he has been leader of the Opposition, Mr. Robinson has tendered his resignation, but up to the present time has been prevailed upon to reconsider his decision. This time it is said there will be no reconsideration, but that Mr. Robinson will retire not only from the leadership but also from the Legislature. Should this surmise turn out indeed, as he is the only man in their ranks who has any standing whatever.

Mr. Copp, who has been Mr. Robinson's first lieutenant since 1908, and who is fond of making long speeches which contain more words than ideas, is believed to be anxious to take up the mantle of leadership, but the more outspoken members of the Opposition are not quite prepared to accept Mr. Copp as leader, and for some reason look to Mr. P. B. Carvell as one who might be prevailed upon to re-assume Provincial politics and head the aggression. Mr. Copp's advantage is that he has a seat in the House while Mr. Carvell has not, and there might be grave difficulties in his getting one under existing circumstances. There are vacancies in the counties of Sunbury, Charlotte and St. John, but in none of these would Mr. Carvell have a chance of election, and the

vigorous fight he is making to retain his seat in the Dominion House would seem to indicate that he has a preference for the Dominion Parliament rather than the House of Assembly. The Opposition's plight is particularly sad. Without a leader and responsible for the misdeeds of the old Government, their case with the people is hopeless.

A FINANCIAL RECORD.

The latest issued statement of the financial transactions of the Government of Canada is for the six months of the fiscal year ending with September 30. The period and the Laurier Government's control of the Administration practically ended together. The occasion suggests comparisons, says the Montreal Gazette in a review of the situation, that are instructive if not always satisfactory. The revenue for the six months in question was \$64,069,524. In the fiscal year of 1895-6, which closed just before the late Government took office, the revenue was \$36,613,580. In the past half-year, therefore, the revenue was \$27,455,924 more than that of the whole year from July 1, 1895, to June 30, 1896. In the past six months the revenue from taxation, that is customs and excise levies, was \$51,084,070. In the whole of the year 1895-6 it was \$27,759,285. The tax collectors in six months are now well up to twice as much as they were in the twelve months before the Laurier Government was called into existence. These facts are worth bearing in mind. They indicate the particular matter for which the departed Government may be remembered. To almost quadruple the amount of taxes taken from a people in fifteen years, while the number of people has increased only about one-third, was something unusual, and something that only an industrious and prosperous community could stand.

The statement of the debt which accompanies the record of the revenue shows that large as was the increase in the amount of taxes collected from the people the growth in the expenditure was at even a greater ratio. On June 30, 1896, the statement of the debt was as follows:

Total debt	\$25,717,536
Assets	67,229,103
Net debt	\$25,847,422

On September 30 of the present year the statement of the debt and assets was as follows:

Gross debt	\$477,556,141
Assets	152,317,372
Net debt	\$325,238,769

This shows that, besides all of the greatly increased revenue it collected, the Laurier Government borrowed and spent in the fifteen and a quarter years of its existence an additional sum of \$65,441,336. And while this record was being made statements were being put forth almost every year to show that the Government was accumulating great surpluses, which, if they had had an actual existence would have wiped tens of millions off the debt account. One of the duties of the Minister of Finance in the new Government should be to devise a system in connection with the published records of the national accounts that will make it impossible to use them to create a false impression in regard to what money the government is receiving, what it is spending, and what the effect on the debt is. The old system has ceased to deceive and should be replaced by a system that will not permit of its being used for deception.

The actual increase in the debt of over sixty-five millions of dollars is not, moreover, the only obligation which the retired ministers created for their successors to bear. To complete the National Transcontinental Railway, that costly fiasco of which the promoters are now so ashamed that in the late election campaign they avoided reference to it as if it were an indictment. No one can tell either what will be the cost of the Hudson Bay Railway to which the ex-ministers committed Parliament and the country. Nor can anyone tell the amount of the possible liabilities connected with the guarantees of interest which the late Government gave to railway companies for the construction of lines, some of them to compete with existing lines of commercial usefulness. This story of the financial work of the Laurier Government is instructive as showing what a wise Administration should strive to avoid.

Current Comment

(Montreal Gazette.)

Mr. Hazen, who comes from the Premiership of New Brunswick, was formerly a member of the House of Commons. Entering the Legislature in 1899, he was chosen leader of the Opposition, and in 1908 in a general election overthrew the Liberal-coalition Government that under varying leaderships had been in power for twenty-five years and had in the campaign all the help the Laurier Ministers at Ottawa could render. His work in this regard was as effective, and as much needed, as was that of Sir James Whitney when he overthrew the Ross gang in Ontario, or of Mr. Roblin and Mr. Rogers when they defeated the Greenway Administration in Manitoba.

(Ottawa Journal.)

In first names the new Cabinet is proof that Canadian parents of fifty years ago stuck to the good old-fashioned ones. There are two Williams, two Roberts, two Georges, Frank, Tom, Sam, Fred, Charles and John in the new ministry. The growing boys of today named Wilfrid may safely be said to have named after the former Prime Minister. Seeing the name Robert is so frequently met with, those named after the new Premier will have to be christened "Robert Laird" in full in order to distinguish them from the ordinary "Bob."

(London Free Press.)

The Province of New Brunswick is likely to take some early action with regard to reform in its assessment act. The Union of Municipalities, which meets at Newcastle this week, will discuss a resolution favoring a law providing that municipalities may remove the tax from improvements and place it on land with a poll tax and a system of business licenses. The example of the Western cities, which are lifting the burden of taxation from improvements, is having its effect in the East.

(Hamilton Herald.)

The Minister of Marine and Fisheries is Hon. J. D. Hazen, late Premier of New Brunswick—an able man and a sound imperialist. If the Horden Government is to launch a larger and more comprehensive naval policy, it is well to have the marine portfolio in the hands of a man like Mr. Hazen.

(Sydney Post.)

Hon. J. D. Hazen is Minister of Marine and Fisheries. Since 1908 he has been Premier of New Brunswick, and by his careful administration and conspicuous ability has won the full confidence of his native Province.

(Toronto Mail and Empire.)

The real test of a Cabinet is not in what preconceived notions anyone may have of it, but in the work it will do.

THE LAND AS BASIS OF ALL TAXATION

Text of Interesting Paper on Municipal Taxation, Read by Ald. H. H. Stuart, of Newcastle, at Meeting of Union of N. B. Municipalities.

The following address on Municipal Taxation was delivered by Ald. H. H. Stuart of Newcastle at the meeting of the Union of New Brunswick Municipalities in Newcastle yesterday.

Few thoughtful men will contend that the prevailing system of municipal taxation in this country is fair or reasonable, either in theory or practice. And many who have enquired into it denounce it as decidedly wrong in principle and vicious in its practical application.

Our municipal taxes are derived from the levy of a certain percentage on the assessed value of land, buildings and other improvements, personal property and income, and from a poll tax.

The rate of taxation on each of the above items is the same; and, with one or two exceptions, each county, city and town has to raise one-sixth of its revenue by means of a poll tax.

Allowing for the exemption in most New Brunswick municipalities of the value of \$200 of income, schools, improvements, personal property and income are supposed to be assessed at the full value of each.

Now suppose, for the sake of argument, that the assessors are both honest and capable—that they value correctly and assess properly without fear or favor—the selling price of land being so much less than that of the improvements thereon, every tempter, speculator and feeble-minded fool would be induced to hold land idle in hope of a rise in price whereby they can cash out before the value of the improvements has been made good. This is the position of the land speculator in the industry of the rest of the community.

Land Speculator Scored.
The land speculator is no good in any place. His policy is to acquire and hold land in what he considers a growing district and keep it idle until prices go up. Year by year people settle near it, clear the ground, open up streets, erect buildings and bring trade to the neighborhood. Schools, churches, theatres, railway stations, are built near it, and soon his unimproved property becomes most desirable to the community for business purposes, and he is offered for his claim many times more than what he paid for it. Then he sells and pockets the extra value which was created by the labor of others—the unearned increment which should all go to those who created it, that is, to the community.

Not only does the speculator perform no service to the public, but in many instances he positively injures the public. His stock of land in the middle of a town, held at exorbitant price, compels others to go far out of their way to build in the suburbs, thus necessitating extra streets, extra sewers, miles of extra water mains, electric light and telephone posts and the consequent inefficiency of police and fire protection.

If the vacant block held in the city districts, it often lies idle for years. It is a waste of space. It is a costly burden of which the promoters are now so ashamed that in the late election campaign they avoided reference to it as if it were an indictment. No one can tell either what will be the cost of the Hudson Bay Railway to which the ex-ministers committed Parliament and the country. Nor can anyone tell the amount of the possible liabilities connected with the guarantees of interest which the late Government gave to railway companies for the construction of lines, some of them to compete with existing lines of commercial usefulness. This story of the financial work of the Laurier Government is instructive as showing what a wise Administration should strive to avoid.

Absentee Owners.
The granting of vast areas to those who were neither willing nor able to improve them is a serious evil in the days of the old provinces of Canada, and in Quebec and Prince Edward Island special legislation had to be enacted to curtail it. It is a serious evil in the days of the old provinces of Canada, and in Quebec and Prince Edward Island special legislation had to be enacted to curtail it. It is a serious evil in the days of the old provinces of Canada, and in Quebec and Prince Edward Island special legislation had to be enacted to curtail it.

If our system of taxation is bad in theory it is much worse in practice. Vacant land, whether in town or country is generally assessed at a price considerably below the selling price asked by the owner, thus putting on speculation a premium rather than imposing any restriction. Personal property, which consists of stock in trade, is often merely guessed at, in being generally noticed that the bigger the business and more influential the owner the less proportion its assessed value bears to its real worth. Where the personal property consists of jewels, plate, automobiles, cash in the bank or investments, it often escapes the assessors' notice altogether or is assessed at a ridiculously low figure. Only a very small percentage of personal property pays any tax at all. Many an assessor

too, while he estimates pretty correctly the annual receipts of the unskilled laborer, the artisan and the salaried man, makes a poor guess at the incomes of those higher up. It is extremely amusing to all except those unfortunates, who by their poll and improvement taxes have to make up the loss to read the modest figures often assessed for income tax on those who are known to spend more a month than the average worker receives in a year. Again, one man's house, one man's mill, is assessed at full value, while that of another is assessed at one-half, one-third or one-fourth of its real value, the rest of the tax payers having to make up the difference before their pockets are enjoyed by the favored few.

Some Reasons.
Among the reasons for the glaring inequalities so often found in assessments are the following:—
1. The extremely small remuneration given assessors, which does not offer any adequate reward for capable heavy that the owner would be forced instead of making a thoroughly new and accurate valuation and appointment to follow in the footsteps of their predecessors, taking off a little here and adding a little there, but in no way changing the iniquitous result.

2. That in all or most municipalities—all in this province—there is a provision rendering a man ineligible for the position of mayor or alderman, warden or councillor, unless he is assessed on so much real or personal property—in some towns a man cannot even vote unless he holds property. Thus taxation without representation, against which England rose in revolt in 1842, and the United States in 1773, is still in this twentieth century, the common thing in our municipal system. Now the councils, composed almost entirely of the property class—whose class has always been the most tenaciously old-fashioned and conservative, opposed to economic and political progress—appoint the assessors. Naturally the assessors are men after the image of those who appoint them, and whether consciously or unconsciously no difference as to the result, too often look with closed eyes upon the rights of the "honest" closed ears to the appeals of the unrepresented part of the population.

How to Improve the System.
The foregoing are some of the defects of the prevailing system of taxation. How can that system be improved?
At least two of the defects of the system, as it exists, may be remedied by a change of policy on the part of the people—by the taxes on improvements, personal property and income. The taxes on land, for few or none (were the taxes high enough) could then afford to hold land idle. The taxes would be so high that the owner would be compelled to immediately put his land to use or sell it to someone who would improve it. The market men desirous of obtaining land on which to build warehouses or homes could purchase it much more cheaply than at present and thus more easily shake off the incubus of landlordism, which is fast reducing the people of this country to the status of the peasant and laborer of Europe and Asia.

2.—The tax on land values only would simplify the task of collecting taxes. No one could escape his taxes. He could not hide or misrepresent his land. The assessors would have no choice in the matter. The holder of so many square feet or so many acres would have to pay so much and all the world would know as well as he how much he should pay. If he failed to pay, his land would be there as ample security. But under our antiquated and worn-out system, much land is levied is never collected. Many make false entries regarding their income or personal property, and the value of improvements is fixed according to the judgment of assessors upon whom, as we have seen, a multitude of influences can be brought to bear. Also because of our iniquitous economic system that compels men to leave their families and their homes to go to distant parts of the world which they sometimes find and often don't, much of our poll tax is evaded and lost.

Tax The Land.
I do not claim for it, that the system of taxation here advocated is a panacea for the financial ills of the country, but two things are certain:—viz: that the raising of taxes from land values only will tend to rapidly eliminate the speculator in land values and will make the collection of taxes a much more simple and satisfactory operation than it is at present or ever has been in this country. For these two reasons it is worthy of a trial.

In adopting the method of raising taxes from land values only, care should be taken to secure to every citizen equal political rights. Every naturalized resident of a municipality should be a voter therein and also eligible for election as alderman, mayor or county councillor, regardless of what property of any kind he holds or does not hold. If he pays no taxes directly the landlord and others will see it that he pays enough indirectly. Therefore, as every British citizen residing in New Brunswick has a vote at provincial and Dominion elections and is also eligible as a candidate for the House of Assembly and House of Commons, without being subjected to any property qualification, so should every British citizen residing in a municipality be entitled to all the rights and privileges of the most favored.

As these ideas are new to many people, and as undue haste is always to be deprecated, this union should not ask the legislature to at once compel all municipalities to restrict taxation to land and abolish all property qualification for voting and holding office, but should merely demand from it the right for all municipalities to regulate for the present at least, such matters for themselves. Such permission being obtained, each municipality could then be asked to restrict its taxation to land and abolish all property qualification for voting and holding office, but should merely demand from it the right for all municipalities to regulate for the present at least, such matters for themselves. 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Watches Jewellers

Shoes

Boots

Parsons' Pills

Utternut Bread

Jewelry

By Far the Best

Free

International Railway

Fish

STEAMSHIPS AND RAILWAYS CANADIAN PACIFIC

Furness Line

Scenic Route

Crystal Stream S. S. Co.

HAVANA DIRECT

MANCHESTER LINERS

DOMINION ATLANTIC RAILWAY

Donaldson Line

International Railway

Mercantile Marine

PICKFORD & BLACK LINE

BRITISH PORTS

FOREIGN PORTS

VESSLS BOUND TO ST. JOHN

HOTELS

WIRELESS REPORTS

DANGERS TO NAVIGATION

RECENT CHARTERS

Shipping Notes

Articles were opened at Portland

More bread and Better bread

PERSONAL

WEDDINGS

AMUSEMENTS

THE COURTS

OBITUARY

Articles were opened at Portland

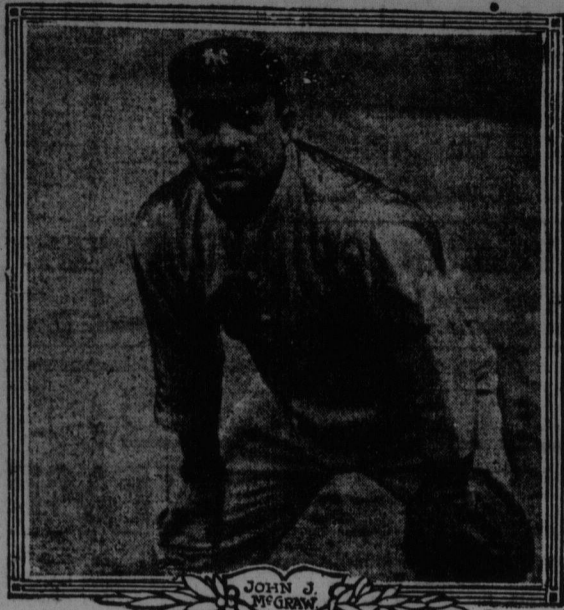
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THE STANDARD'S PAGE OF SPORTS

BASEBALL WIZARD WHO PILOTEED THE GIANTS TO VICTORY.



To John J. McGraw, manager of the New York Giants, must be given the major portion of the credit for leading that team to victory in this year's struggle for the National League pennant.

HAL CHASE TELLS WHY HE PICKS ATHLETICS TO WIN While He Admits that the Giants Have the King of All Pitchers He, Nevertheless, Expects to See Mack's Men Win Out.

(By Hal Chase.)

Two marvelous aggregations representing the pennant winners in the National League and the American League go to the mat on Saturday in what I would call the grand baseball derby, known to the baseball fans of the country as the world's series.

Last season the family of the keen-eyed Connie Mack had no trouble in crushing the Chicago Cubs and winning four out of five games.

I think the coming series will be an exceptional one, and it would not surprise me if the decision went down to the seventh game. I have made it my business to make a thorough study of each player who will work in the big set of games. I am going to compare each player to the best of my judgment, but before I start I want to say that I think the Athletics have a little shade on the Giants, and I pick them to win the great title.

I will start at first base. Fred Merkle the man who failed to touch second, is no longer a bonehead. I think he is the most valuable first sacker in his league. His all-round work in the national this season has been remarkable.

Collins a Tower of Strength.

I think Merkle and Melnis are very evenly matched when it comes to the fielding end of the game. I also think that Merkle will run bases better than Stuffy, and may hit better in the big series, although Melnis in the American league hit for a better average than Merkle in the National.

Merkle is a player who will strike out a couple of times during the game, but will come along with men on the bases and break a game up with a mighty wallop. He hits them hard. Melnis, I might say, is a newcomer. He is a small fellow for a first sacker, but a little fighter, and will be on the move from bell to bell. So much for the first sacker.

Now we will move over to second base where we shall meet Larry Doyle, captain of the Giants, and Eddie Collins of the Athletics. I don't think Doyle classes with Collins as a fielder and a base runner, although Larry is fast. Collins will hit well and so will Doyle. It's a toss as to how they will hit in the big games. Collins was a mighty big factor in the smashing of the Cubs last season. He looks to have a shade on pure mechanical ability. He is one of the best players we have in the major leagues today.

Banks on Barry at Short.

I think that Barry is the best shortstop in the major leagues. He can make all kinds of plays to the right, to the left and in deep field, and follows this up with good throws from any angle. He has more experience than Fletcher. The latter is a flashy shortstop. So is Barry. The latter isn't such a great hitter, but is one of these fellows who will come along and break up the game when it looks won by the other side. He had done this all season in the American League and I look for him to pull

some of this kind of work in the World's Series.

I think Charlie Herzog is a better base runner than Baker. That is about the only thing in which he is superior to Baker. The latter is one of the hardest hitters in the game. He hits left-handers as he does the right-handed fingers. Baker is fast and a wonderful man in the fielding end on all kinds of plays. He has been on a World's Series and will stand the test.

Athletics' Outfield Better.

I think Danny Murphy will outclass anything McGraw has in the outfield. The veteran of the Athletics is a fine hitter and a good fielder, and is fast on the bases. He is another player who hits the ball hard and can break up a game almost any old time. Nor matter he is over-looked. He is also a dangerous man and hits nearly as hard as Murphy.

I think little, speedy Josh Devore has it on Lord in everything except hitting. There is no doubt in my mind that he is a fast man and has the hook slightly to perfection, which will help him a great deal in his base running.

I don't think that Snodgrass can be put in the same class with the ring. "Rube" will hit and run bases with the best of them. The Giants' center fielder seems to be there as a slugger. I look for Oldring to be one of the men to give the Giants trouble at the bat and on bases.

Matty the King Pitcher.

I think that Matty is the greatest pitcher in the land. There is no man in my mind that he will be as great as ever when it comes to the test. I think that he will be the big factor in the series. Whether he is the great pitcher he was in 1905 remains to be seen. Some who have hit against him say he is not. Nevertheless he plays havoc with a strange team which has never hit against him, and that's what he will do when he bends them over against the Athletics.

I would not be surprised to see Ames work in one of the games. Marquard is a good left-hander, but will be an uncertain quantity in the world's series. Bender is also a great pitcher. He has speed and a fast curve with which he can make the best of batters who when he is right. He is a wonder when it comes to holding men on the bases.

I might say that Thomas and Meyers are on a par, but I think the chief will outwit the Athletic backstop.

Where McGraw is Strong.

In Connie Mack and McGraw the fans will get the best there is in baseball brains. They are leaders of a different type. Mack runs his team with what we call the iron hand, but that same hand is covered with a soft glove. He has a sharpshooter's eye and never misses a trick.

McGraw will be there with the goods, and I think he will have a little advantage on Connie in that he will be on the coaching lines. There is no more serious nor more conscientious worker than McGraw. He is aggressive and will be on the job all the time. Both are great leaders and have a little trick, as I have said before.

Luck counts in baseball, whether it's for the world's championship or a 10-cent ball. A boost by a player may toss away the championship. I do not think it will be far away when I say that it will be one of the best sets of games we have seen since teams in the American and National leagues have been battling for world's championships.

The Seaman's Mission.

A meeting of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Seaman's Mission was held yesterday afternoon to prepare the comfort bags, and to make preliminary arrangements for the fair to be held in the institute this month.



"CHIEF" MEYERS. Chief Meyers, the Indian catcher of the New York Giants, and his big war club have done more than anything else to land the pennant for McGraw's team.

PLANS AS COMPLETED FOR THE GREAT WORLD'S SERIES Conditions Under Which the Giants and Athletics Will Line Up for the First Game Tomorrow Afternoon.

(New York Sun.)

A busy day was put in by the National Commission yesterday arranging for the world's series between the Giants and Athletics. August Herrmann, Thomas Lynch and Ben Johnson of the National Commission were present yesterday, as well as John T. Brush, president of the New York club; John Heydler, the bearded golfer and secretary of the National League; and Connelly and Dineen of the American league. The official scores will be Francis Richter of Philadelphia and J. G. Taylor Spink of St. Louis. The headquarters of the National Commission will be the Waldorf in New York and Bellevue-Stratford in Philadelphia. John Heydler and Robert McRoy will be the business representatives of the National Commission.

The following prices of admission will prevail:

Philadelphia—Boxes and lower grand stand reserved \$2; upper grand stand (first twelve rows) reserved, \$3; balance, \$2; general admission, \$1.

New York—Boxes, \$25; lower grand stand reserved, \$2; upper grand stand reserved, \$3; general admission, \$1.

The commission issues this warning:

The public is cautioned against paying higher prices than those fixed in this bulletin. The commission, which has the assurance of hearty co-operation from the municipal authorities of each city in the suppression of ticket scalping, requests patrons to purchase reserved tickets only from the representatives of clubs at the regular price of sale.

All games will begin at 2 o'clock, and it is announced that spectators will not be permitted to encroach or stand on the playing field at any point. Should there be a temporary stand it must not be less than 25 feet from the plate if in left or right field, and not less than 27 feet in center field. At the Polo grounds the National league ball will be used and at Shibe Park the American league ball.

Asked who was going to win Mr. Lynch tersely replied: "New York." The latter opinion however, is not official. Ben Johnson dissents.

The New York Baseball Club issued the following bulletin:

The commission has declared that a mail order accompanied by a remittance for the series of three games will be given preference in the allotment of seats and boxes and placed a time limit for such applications to Monday evening, October 9.

All out-of-town orders must be accompanied by a post office order, express money order or a New York exchange made out to the National Exhibition Company. City orders must be accompanied by a certificate check or post office or express money order for the exact amount. Enclosures of money will be at the sender's risks. Any other remittance than such as specified above will be returned.

All applications and remittances should be mailed to the New York Baseball Club, 1133 Broadway, New York.

In the event of a third game not being played the money for same will be refunded on presentation of the tickets at the New York Baseball office.

After the mail orders of three games have been filed the advance sale will take place at 1133 Broadway, second floor, on Thursday, October 12.

All applications for seats must be limited to four.

Tickets will be forwarded to the

THE STETSON FIELD DAY AT THE GOLF CLUB

Yesterday the official closing of the golfing season on the local links was observed as Stetson field day. There was no lack of interest in the various matches played. Ladies' singles were played in the morning and mixed foursomes during the afternoon. The great event of the day was the play for finals in the Stetson cup match between H. N. Stetson and J. U. Thomas.

Luncheon was served in the clubhouse at 1 o'clock and 5 o'clock tea during the afternoon. The following committee was in charge of both affairs: Mrs. Geo. McLeod, Mrs. H. B. Schofield, Mrs. Geo. F. Smith, Mrs. Simeon Jones, Mrs. Stetson, Mrs. Busbee, Mrs. Eason and Mrs. Edwards.

The prizes won during the year in various matches including those won yesterday were presented to the winners after the finish of play. The presentations were made by the ladies' president, Mrs. Geo. McLeod; Chief Justice Barker, Hon. J. V. Ellis, His Worship Mayor Prink, President H. B. Schofield, Vice-President J. U. Thomas and George McAvity. The list of prizes for the year and the names of the winners were as follows:

Men's Championship—Won by C. M. Sprague.

Ladies' Cups.

Riley Cup—Won by Mrs. H. C. Schofield.

Barker Cup—Won by Miss S. R. MacLaren.

Tweedie Cup—Won by Miss Sara Hare.

Clinch Cup—Won by Miss Christie.

Handicap Cup—Won by Mrs. George Wetmore.

Handicap Cup for lowering handicap most—Won by Miss Laura Hazen.

Gentlemen's Cups.

Thorne Cup—C. M. Sprague and Andrew Jack have twice tied and another playoff will take place later.

Stetson Cup—Won by J. U. Thomas. There was a very exciting finish in this contest. Mr. Thomas winning from his opponent, Mr. Stetson, by one hole.

Veldon Cup—Won by Andrew Jack.

Stetson Cup runner-up—Awarded to H. N. Stetson.

Championship runner-up—Won by H. N. Stetson.

Field Day.

Ladies' Singles—1st prize, Mrs. Wm. Angus; 2nd prize, Mrs. E. A. Smith; 3rd prize, Miss Abiel Thomson; 4th prize, Miss Helen Smith.

Mixed foursomes (ladies)—1st prize, H. A. Fowler; 2nd prize, Mrs. L. W. Barker; 3rd prize, Mrs. Geo. Murray.

Mixed foursomes (gentlemen)—1st prize, H. B. Schofield; 2nd prize, R. M. Sprague; 3rd prize, J. M. Magee.

Batteries—Ragon and Miller; Ames and Myers.

Second Game.

Brooklyn... 21000020-5 9 2

New York... 00000010-2 8 5

Batteries—Fent and Erlin; Maxwell, Brucke, Deust and Hartley.

HARRIERS TO PLAY IN SACKVILLE

At a meeting of the Harriers football team, held last evening in the Y. M. C. A., B. C. Churchill, formerly of Dalhousie University, was elected captain of the team, with G. Turner as vice-captain.

The first step was taken towards starting the ball rolling and getting the team into action, when the meeting decided to accept the invitation of the Mount Allison team for a game in Sackville tomorrow afternoon. A telegram was accordingly forwarded to Mount A., and fitness there is so high today the Harriers will play their first game of the season tomorrow.

The team which will represent St. John in the Mount Allison game was also decided on last night, and will be chosen from the following: Paul W. Malcolm, Howard, Tully, Clark; quarters, Keefe, Simms, C. Malcolm; forwards, Doyle, Shaw, Turner, Leachour, Climo, Kerr.

Finley will be unable to get away for the game tomorrow.

The line-up looks good, and should make a good showing against Mount Allison, although the college team has been hard at work under capable coaches for the past few weeks. The Harriers will meet this afternoon for a final practice, and all the players are requested to turn out, as well as to attend the meeting of the team which will be held this evening in the Y. M. C. A. at 7 o'clock.

We Told You So!

Labatt's Lager

The best on the market!

TRY IT

John Labatt Limited London Ont.

Parties in Scott Act Localities Supplied for Personal Use, Write St. John Agency, 20-24 Water Street

City Cornet Band

Around the World

Fair

St. Andrew's Rink

Commencing TUESDAY EVENING, October 10th

Open Each Evening at 7.30

Admission 10c.

FRI. SAT. NICKEL

A CHARMING VITAGRAPH STORY

"SUNSHINE AND SHADOW"—A Child's Study

SIDE-SPLITTING BURLESQUE

"CAUGHT IN THE ACT"—A Motion Picture Skit.

WHEN KNIGHTS WERE BOLD

"THE KNIGHT-ERRANT"—Medieval Sketch.

"THE PLAYWRIGHT"—Essanay

Trials and Tribulations of a Worthy Lad.

MARGARET BRECK "Happy Days"

GEORGE STEADMAN "The Same Old You"

SPECIAL FILMS SATURDAY MATINEE

FIRE, MOTOR CAR AND MOTOR BOAT INSURANCE

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Canadian to the Core

All Canadian Sportsmen choose

RED CROSS GIN

MADE IN CANADA.

From choice Canadian grain, under Government control. Not a bottle sold without the Government guarantee, that it is fully matured.

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OUR MILLS CO. LTD

Mr. Chas. Chaput

Directors—Statement

Meeting of the shareholders... the head office of the... the chair.

Sir Edward Clouston, Mr. Chas. Chaput, Mr. C. R. Black, Mr. T. Hammond, Mr. S. A. Mc...

Following report and...

...of the company to... the maintenance of... is submitted herewith... her properties are being... are doing most effective... year on the preferred and...

...big director, in seconding... of wheat during the... gratified with the financial... to carry over a large... scene the maintenance of... and, owing to the ex... much uncertainty as to... possible up to the present... yield, it promises to be... of high grade wheat... and nineteen interior... to the best possible advan... nipeg, referred to in our... a successful operation... the highest possible degree... have been carried out... up-to-date and thor... ordinary repairs, and the... this standard have been... directors decided to trans... of \$250,000 from the same... notwithstanding the fact... with your company's... very greatly... company.

...y was signally honored... of purveyors of flour to... of the company for... nson, Vice-President and... H. Thompson, Assistant... or, Mr. George A. Condit... es Manager Province of... Province of Quebec;... to.

... August 31st, 1911, showed... \$432,742.00 at credit... Of this amount interest... on stocks required \$445... account, and \$10,000 to... carried forward of \$434... 48,747.68. Of this amount... at contingencies \$161... at flour, oatmeal, coarse...

...ompson Vice-President and... the amount of \$75,000... credit of General Plant... same source in reduction... account, and \$10,000 to... very greatly appreciat...

... Mr. Chaput and Mr... the well known firm of... of the firm of Messrs... sident of the Montreal... Association.

...ilities.

& Power

nds

...ations in Canada has... as investment will yield... can be purchased.

... Power Co., already... more than last year for... the premier town of...

SHERBROOKE RAIL...

and interest with a bon...

SH & CO.

...age.

NEW GLASGOW

CE

London Mutual

Company

Building, Prince William

Agent for New Brunswick,

business and policies, must

COMPANY OF CANADA.

...ids to thrift is an... count, because it... provides you with an... t to have such an...

...ew Brunswick.

...EVER DIES"

...t Company

Trustee, Guardian.

...NGUSON, Manager for N. B.

AROUND THE CITY MANY APPLICANTS WISH TO PURCHASE LANDS FROM CITY

The Provincial Bridges. Hon. John Morrissey, commissioner of public works, was in the city yesterday to attend the meeting of the local government. A reporter he said that good progress was being made with the work of preparing the plans for the new bridge at the Reversible Falls, and also for the bridge to be built at Grand Falls, to replace the suspension bridge across the river there.

Lecture on the Yukon. In the presence of a large and appreciative audience, Rev. J. A. Pringle delivered an interesting address in the German street Baptist church schoolroom last night. The lecturer gave graphic word pictures of scenes and people found in the Yukon during the gold fever period, and in an interesting manner related his personal experiences during his missionary days in the gold fields.

A Presentation. At the monthly meeting of the W. C. T. U. in Fairville last evening, Mrs. O. D. Anderson, on behalf of the organization presented Mrs. Nellie M. Gray with a handsome leather hand bag. Mrs. Gray responded in fitting manner, expressing her appreciation of the gift, and her regret at severing connections with the union. Mrs. Gray will leave soon to locate in the west. She held office as provincial president of the W. C. T. U. for a lengthy period, and during her connection with the union was an earnest and capable worker in the interests of the W. C. T. U.

The Local Option Fight. The local option campaign in the Parish of Lancaster is being carried on with a great deal of enthusiasm by the friends of temperance. They hope that there will be a heavy vote polled next Tuesday in its favor. The citizens committee held a meeting in the vestry of the Methodist church, Fairville for the purpose of checking over the voters' lists and making preparations generally. The committee will have another meeting tonight for the purpose of completing their work. A public meeting in the interest of the movement will be held in Fairville on Saturday evening, and another in the Methodist church, Fairville, following the service Sunday evening.

Celebrated Columbus Day. The St. John Council Knights of Columbus had a very enjoyable time last night in their rooms, Coburg street, in celebration of Columbus day. After the business session there was a programme of literary and musical numbers of unusual excellence. The following were those who took part: Arthur Goddard, solo; Fred Olive, solo; Gerald McCafferty, solo; M. P. Morris, solo; Frank McCafferty, solo; Harry Doody, solo. Eloquent addresses were delivered on "The day we celebrate," by R. J. Murphy and W. J. Mahoney. There were a number of gramophone selections during the evening and refreshments were served.

Marine Department Official Here. Capt. L. A. Demers, chief commissioner of wrecks for the Dominion, was in the city yesterday on his way to Ottawa from Canoe, where he has been holding an investigation into the stranding of the steam trawler Cambola on Flag Island on August 3rd, when two men were lost. While waiting for his train he called on the new Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Hon. J. D. Hazen. Asked whether he would hold an enquiry into the loss of the dredge New Brunswick, he said he had received no orders in that connection yet, and did not think an enquiry would be held unless one was asked for by the Department of Public Works.

Provincial Hospital Supplies. Contracts for supplies for the provincial hospital have been let for the year beginning Nov. 1st as follows: beef and mutton, Patrick McDonald; butter, Chas. A. Clarke; flour and bread, J. and W. Shaw; groceries, St. John Mercantile Co.; boots and shoes, Francis and Vaughan; hard coal, R. P. and W. F. Starr. In the case of dry goods the contract for one half the supplies was awarded Manchester, Robertson, Allison and the other half to F. A. Dykeman and Co. A contract for half the supply of soft coal was given the Rothwell Coal Co. and a contract for the other half to Harvey Welton and Co. The lowest tender was accepted in each case.

ONE WITNESS CALLED IN EVANS INQUEST

Dr. T. F. Dunlop Gave Evidence as to Evans' Condition when Taken to Hospital—Hearing Adjourned.

A brief session of the inquest into the death of Thomas Evans was held last night in the court house before Coroner Berryman. Owing to a misunderstanding most of the witnesses who were expected to testify were absent and after hearing the deposition of Dr. F. T. Dunlop who made the post mortem on the body, adjournment was made till Nov. 16 when it is expected the Shenandoah will be back in port. Dr. Dunlop said he was on the hospital staff at the time of the accident. Evans was in a semi-conscious condition when he was brought to the institution in July. He died about the 27th or 28th of August. At times before his death he could talk quite rationally, but at others he seemed to be delirious. At no time had he said anything to the witness as to how the accident occurred. In his opinion death was caused by the injuries received on board the steamer.

Coroner Berryman then formally bound the jury over to attend the further session of the inquest. He said that it was desired to have the evidence of five or six of the ship's crew. Daniel Mullin, K. C., who is watching the inquiry in the interests of the widow of deceased, said he would like to have those witnesses who had given evidence previous to the calling of the first and fourth engines of the boat. Coroner Berryman said this could be done, and the inquest then adjourned. Judge Armstrong was present in the interests of the steamship people.

CONSERVATIVES OF SYDNEY WARD DINE TOGETHER

Pleasant Gathering in Wana-maker's to Celebrate the Notable Victory at the Polls on Sept. 21st.

The Conservative workers of Sydney ward celebrated the victory of the Conservative party by gathering in Wana-maker's restaurant last evening, eating an excellent dinner, and listening to speeches by H. A. Powell, Hon. Robert Maxwell, John E. Wilson, M. P. P. L. F. D. Tilley, Jas. Armstrong, Scott McCarthy, Thos. Killen and others. J. H. Tonge, Mr. Morley and others contributed to the enjoyment of the occasion by singing a number of songs.

James Lewis, chairman of the ward committee, presided, and there was a large attendance, notably of young men. After the toast to the King Mr. Powell delivered a characteristic address, thanking the workers for their energetic support during the recent campaign, and congratulating them upon the way they had reduced the Liberal majority in their ward. He referred briefly to the issues of the campaign and the tactics of his opponents, and went on to discuss the part played by the Conservative party in the upbuilding of Canada. He pointed out that it was not so long ago that we had to have the guarantee of the Imperial government to raise a loan of £3,000,000, while today Canada's credit in the money markets was second to none. He spoke of the warm relations at present existing between Canada and the Motherland, and the pride and interest exhibited by the people of Great Britain in this country.

Hon. Robert Maxwell spoke briefly. He declared that Canadians had every reason to congratulate themselves on the outcome of the election, and the defeat of the compact which would have drawn Canada away from the Empire and thrown her into a state of dependence upon the United States. He contrasted the systems of government in Canada and the United States, pointing out that though the democrats were in a majority in the Republic, the people had to submit to a republican government headed by Mr. Taft. In Canada the government was more responsive to the will of the people, and for that as well as other reasons we should look askance at any measures designed to draw us closer to the States.

Mr. Wilson said the Conservatives did well to celebrate the victory, as in consequence of it Canada occupied a prouder position in the galaxy of nations comprising the Empire than she ever did. He was convinced Mr. Borden would give the country as good a government as the historic administration had given the province an honest and efficient government, which could return to the people at the end of its term assured of a renewal of public confidence.

Mr. Tilley made an interesting speech referring appreciatively to the work of Mr. Powell and Dr. Daniel, and humorously to some of the incidents of the campaign in this city. A number of the ward workers spoke briefly, saying they had done their best, and regretting that they had not done better. Nearly all testified to the good work of the chairman, Mr. Lewis.

GRITS MUST FIND NEW LEADER FOR FORLORN HOPE

Report That F. B. Carvell May Succeed Hon. C. W. Robinson—Caucus Last Night—Many Divided Opinions.

A caucus of the local opposition and their friends was held in the city last evening to consider the situation. It is understood that Hon. C. W. Robinson the leader of the opposition has once more intimated that he intends to resign. In fact it is reported that Mr. Robinson, who has never shown any great interest in provincial affairs, contemplates retiring from politics altogether. A. B. Copp of Sackville is said to have aspirations to the leadership, but a wing of the party anticipating that F. B. Carvell will be unequipped in Carleton county, is strongly in favor of having him as leader of the forces. It is reported that there were many divided opinions at the meeting and some interesting developments may be expected. Among those present were A. B. Copp, W. P. Jones, C. H. Labllois, Clement Legere, J. P. Byrne, A. F. Bentley, George W. Ham, J. F. Tweeddale, Jas. Burgess, James Lowell and C. J. Osman.

WATER PRESSURE LOW DURING LAST NIGHT

As a consequence of the blowing out of a stop cock in the water main near Silver Falls and the splitting of the pipe, the water was turned off to low pressure at 9 o'clock last evening and during the night the residents of the high levels were without water.

The repair gang soon had the stop cock replaced and the leak stopped sufficiently to slowly increase the pressure. By midnight the pressure at the station on Carmanthorpe street had risen to 150 feet, or about the pressure obtained from Little River before the extension of the system to Loch Lomond and without the aid of the pump which was operated in the daytime.

At an early hour this morning it was stated that the work of effecting the repairs to the split pipe was proceeding rapidly and that if no mishap for a short time, Gilmour's, 68 King street.



Painless Dentistry
Teeth filled or extracted free of pain by the celebrated "HALE METHOD."
All branches of dental work done in the most skillful manner.
BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS
627 Main Street. Tel. 652
DR. J. D. MAHER, Proprietor.

NEW BRUNSWICK'S GREATEST SHOE HOUSE

Sensational Sale of MEN'S HIGH-CLASS FOOTWEAR
\$5.00 and \$6.00
Boots for \$2.98 to \$3.48
Union Street Store

We bought at our own price all the made up unshipped goods of Canada's best makers. There are over 700 pairs in the lot. They are all this season's make. The leathers, style and shapemaking are perfect. The lot consists of

Men's Laced and Button Boots
In Patent Colt, Gun Metal Calf and Russia Tan Calf. There are about 180 pairs in the lot that are slightly soiled and damaged, but not enough to detract from either appearance or wear. We are going to celebrate our 33rd anniversary by holding the sale in our original store on UNION STREET.

At the prices, \$2.98 and \$3.48 they are wonderful bargains, and the men should put themselves out to go and see them. Such high class shoes are not often offered on sale in St. John.

Union Street Store
Waterbury & Rising, Ltd.

What Would You Take in Exchange for Good Eyesight?
Good Eyesight
Should be well cared for. It's possible to have good eye sight with defective eyes. If your eyes tire easily, or if they pain you at any time or in any way, that is Nature's warning that there is something wrong.

Do not neglect these simple signs of trouble, for eye defects are often progressive. Take care of them in time and the remedy is simple, while neglect may lead to far more serious trouble. We can help you protect your sight.

L. L. Sharpe & Son
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21 KING STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

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Engraved or Printed
Best Work
C. H. FLEWELLING
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Burn only about 1-3 as much electricity as ordinary carbon lamps. All churches, theatres and public buildings should be fitted with them. Get our prices before you buy.

25, 40, 60, 100, 125 Watt, Clear.
40, 60, 125 Watt, Half Frosted.
125 Watt, Round, Clear.

W. H. THORNE & CO., LIMITED
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DYKEMAN'S COATS THAT PLEASE

because they are right in every particular. We have dozens of customers telling us every day that we have the most stylish and most reasonably priced coats that are on display in St. John. Our coat business is double what it was last year. If we say more we will overdo it, so if you have a coat want, make a bee-line for this store and satisfy yourself.

A Dainty coat, style of illustration, with plaid collar and cuffs, made from fine quality heavy tweed cloaking, \$7.50.
REVERSIBLE CLOTH COATS, with the large cape collars, very stylish, \$15.75.
KERSEY CLOTH COATS with the large velvet cape collar at \$15.00, in navy blue and black.
PLUSH COATS, \$22.50 and \$25.00.
CARACUL COATS, from \$12.50 to \$21.00.
CHILDREN'S COATS of every description, from \$2.00 to \$9.50.

F. A. DYKEMAN & CO.
59 Charlotte Street

Have You Seen The Royal Grand Range?

Every one who has seen this Range says it is the best yet and we think it is. It embodies every recent improvement that is worth having in order to secure perfect operation—economy in fuel—easy management and durability.

EMERSON & FISHER, Ltd., 25 Germain St.

Mothers! Here's News For You

Today, Saturday and Monday Only, a True Economy Sale of Two and Three Piece Suits

We say true economy because by taking advantage of these offerings you do not sacrifice either style, color, fit or wear, but choose suits cut in the very latest fashion and produced by absolutely the best makers of Boys' Clothing in Canada.

Cloths are Tweeds, Cheviots and Saxons. Colors: Greys, Browns and Greens.
Double breasted coats, like illustration. Bloomer or straight pants, which ever by likes. Perfect fitting garments extra quality linings and trimmings, tailored expressly to resist wear and sold exclusively by us.

Our object in extending this great saving opportunity is to convince new patrons that this store is the best place at which to buy Boys' Clothing.

Here are the Prices. Note What You Save:
\$4.00 and \$4.25 Suits, sale price \$3.30
5.00 and 6.00 Suits, sale price 4.30
6.00 and 6.50 Suits, sale price 4.10

Bring the Boys. No Approbation.
See the Window Display
BOYS' CLOTHING DEPT.

Special Sale of Embroidered Cottons and Linens To Begin This Morning

This lot of Cottons and Linens was purchased at prices much below the regular and we purpose giving our customers the full benefit of the reduction by placing the goods on sale at the following low prices:
EMBROIDERED COTTON COVERS, Size 30x30 inches. Sale Price, each30c.
EMBROIDERED COTTON BUREAU COVERS, Size 18x54 inches. Regular value, 70c. Sale Price each30c.
ROUND EMBROIDERED COTTON DOVLEYS, an assorted lot. Sizes 6 to 23 inches. Regular values 20c. to 50c. Sale Prices10c., 15c., 20c. and 25c. each
EMBROIDERED LINEN SIDEBORD COVERS, assorted patterns, 18x54 inches. Regular value, \$1.25. Sale Price each75c.
A LOT OF PLAIN HEMSTITCHED LINEN BUREAU AND SIDEBORD COVERS. Sizes 18x45 to 18x63 inches. Regular values 65c. to 90c. All sizes. Sale Price, each30c.
EMBROIDERED LINEN COVERS, 30x30 inches, assorted patterns. Regular value \$1.40. Sale Price each75c.
EMBROIDERED LINEN COVERS, 36x36 inches, assorted patterns. Regular value \$1.75. Sale Price each90c.

MANCHESTER ROBERTSON ALLISON, LTD.