

Institute Bot

The Woodstock Journal.

Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do, do it with thy Might.

VOLUME 7.

WOODSTOCK, N. B., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1861.

NUMBER 31.

TRANSACTIONS OF THE CARLETON COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY FOR 1860.

(Published under a contract with the Society.)

Concluded.

Some changes in the constitution of the Society seem necessary to give it a better opportunity for working. It would be well to have its act of incorporation amended so that the time of holding its annual meeting, and the number and description of officers to be elected may be fixed by regulation of the Society, instead of, now, by law. If effected, it would then be well to make an alteration in the constitution of the Committee of Management, this body has, of late years, been entrusted the whole conduct of the affairs of the Society. The only meetings of the Society that have been the annual meetings, at which an account of the proceedings, prudential and financial, of the year has been given, a choice of officers for the following year been made. As the Committee of Management is charged with the entire management it should be composed of all the most active members of the Society. At present it is constituted of the President, Secretary, Treasurer, and ten Vice Presidents, thirteen in all. As the number thus limited some good men are each year shut out from a participation in the management, and their services are thus lost to the Society. It is suggested that the number should be increased to say twenty. Then a body would be formed, which would contain most of the most intelligent and active members of the Society in the various districts. As this body would be too large to be administrative, only the legislative department would be committed to it; while from it there could be chosen an Executive Committee of say five, to carry out the measures agreed upon by the larger body. It is suggested, also, that it would be well to give the clause of the constitution which provides for a re-nomination of the Committee of Management, on a fixed day in each month. If it could be led into a custom of thus meeting together regularly for the origination, consideration and determination of measures for the advancement of our agriculture, these things would come in a few years to assume an importance and due which would draw upon them the attention of the whole country.

Another provision of the constitution has hitherto lain dormant at a public meeting in the afternoon of the annual Exhibition, for the especial purpose of drawing the attention of farmers and others to the Society, its acts, merits, &c. In many places an invaluable custom to have such a meeting, and to secure services of some eloquent agriculturist, or friend of agriculture, to deliver an address to the assembled people. Such a meeting and such an address could not but be attended with the best results in this County; and their importance is strongly urged on the Society.

The publication annually of a pamphlet containing the proceedings, Treasurer's accounts, and the Report, would be an efficient means of calling attention to the Society and of making it known and appreciated. One reason why the prejudices against the Society, which have been strong in the rural districts, have not given before this day is that the doings of the Society and of its officers have not been made sufficiently public. The greater publicity given to everything respecting the association the more likely is it to be understood and appreciated.

The attention of the Society is called to the Provincial Exhibition to be held at Sussex Vale in the Autumn of 1861. Although the location of the Show is at some distance, there is a connexion by steamer and railway the whole way. This Exhibition will be of very great importance. It will probably be attended only by persons from all parts of New Brunswick but by not a few from the neighboring States, from Nova Scotia, from Prince Edward Island and from Canada; and the exhibition of the several Counties will go far toward fixing their reputation as to natural resources and industrial progress. It is of the first consequence that Carleton should be well represented. To do this we must at once set about a systematic and organized effort. A schedule of all the productions, natural and cultivated, of our County should be immediately prepared, and the most vigorous measures taken to ensure specimens of all being exhibited. Carleton has the materials to make a creditable appearance among her neighbors; it will depend mainly on the efforts of this Society whether she shall take her proper place.

With their brief statements and suggestions this Report is respectfully submitted.

JAMES EDGAR, Secretary.

Woodstock, Dec. 11, 1860.

Award of Premiums

AT THE EXHIBITION OF THE

Carleton Co. Agricultural Society, Oct. 10, 1860.

1st Stallion, Livingston Dibblee, do. Anson Birmingham,	\$4 00
do. do. John Harper,	3 00
do. do. James Harper,	2 50
do. do. James Harper,	2 00
do. do. James Harper,	2 00
do. do. L. G. Shipp,	1 50
do. do. Wm. Upham,	2 50
do. do. A. Birmingham,	2 00
do. do. G. L. Raymond,	3 00
do. do. James Rankin, Sr.,	2 50
do. do. H. E. Dibblee,	2 00
do. do. James Rankin, Sr.,	3 00
do. do. E. A. Cunliffe,	2 50
do. do. John Harper,	2 00
do. do. James Rankin, Sr.,	2 00
do. do. John Harper,	2 00
do. do. James Rankin, Sr.,	2 00
do. do. P. M'Quade,	1 50

Best 3 year old steers, L. G. Shipp,	\$1 50
2d do. James Harper,	1 00
Best Fat Cow, Charles Edgar,	2 50
Best Ram, John Harper,	3 00
2d do. Wm. D. Smith,	2 50
Best Ram Lamb, John Harper,	2 50
2d do. E. A. Cunliffe,	2 00
Best pair Ewes, James Harper,	2 50
2d do. H. Cowperthwait,	2 00
Best pair Ewe Lambs, John Harper,	2 00
2d do. Scott Emery,	1 50
Best Boar Pig, G. L. Raymond,	2 00
Best Breeding Sow, Wm. Upham,	2 50
Best Sow Pig, G. L. Raymond,	1 50
2d do. Wm. Upham,	1 25
Yearling Steers (Special) Wm. Nelson,	1 00
Yearling Colt (Special), G. L. Raymond,	1 50
Best Sample Wheat, E. A. Cunliffe,	2 00
2d do. Scott Emery,	2 00
3d do. John D. Ketchum,	2 00
Best Sample Barley, Wm. Upham,	2 50
2d do. J. D. Ketchum,	2 00
Best Sample Corn, Wm. D. Smith,	2 50
2d do. H. E. Dibblee,	2 00
Best Sample Oats, H. Cowperthwait,	2 50
2d do. Wm. Upham,	2 00
3d do. H. E. Dibblee,	2 00
Best Sample Buckwheat, Wm. Upham,	2 50
2d do. James McGrath,	2 00
Best Sample Rye, Wm. Nelson,	2 50
2d do. James Harper,	2 00
Best Sample Peas, H. Emery,	2 50
2d do. Wm. Upham,	2 00
3d do. B. P. Griffith,	2 00
Best Sample Bush Beans, Wm. D. Smith,	2 50
2d do. John Fisher,	2 00
3d do. any kind, Wm. Upham,	1 00
Do Blood Beets, G. L. Raymond,	1 00
Do 25 Onions, Wm. Upham,	1 00
Do 6 Heads Cabbage, Wm. Upham,	1 00
Best Squash, G. L. Raymond,	1 00
Best 25 Parsnips, Wm. Upham,	1 00
Best Twilled Hopsun, John Harper,	1 50
2d do. H. E. Dibblee,	1 25
3d do. Wm. Nelson,	1 00
Best Cotton and Wool Cloth, men's wear, H. Emery,	1 50
2d do. Benj. Burt,	1 25
3d do. Charles Edgar,	1 00
Best Cotton & Wool Cloth, women's wear, Benjamin Burt,	1 50
The 2d prize on this article was awarded to Charles Edgar but as the specimen was only eight yards in length, the Committee of Management ordered that the premium be not allowed.—The third prize was awarded to Thomas Edgar, but not allowed for the same reason.	
Flannel, Cotton and Wool (special), H. E. Dibblee,	2 00
A Quilt (special) Miss E. Robertson,	2 50
Single Wagon, A. M. Broderick,	3 00
Best Bundle of Shingles, Chas. Edgar,	1 00
Best Grain Cradle, Jas. Harper,	1 50
Best Set of Horse Shoes, A. M. Broderick,	1 00
Best Ox Yoke, Wm. Nelson,	1 50
Best 2 Sides Sole Leather, Stephen Parsons,	1 00
2d do. David Phillips,	1 00
The first premium on Upper Leather was awarded to Stephen Parsons, but not allowed, there being only two sides in the sample, instead of three.	
Best 3 Sides Upper Leather, David Phillips,	1 50
Best 3 Calf Skins, tanned S. Parsons,	1 50
2d do. David Phillips,	1 00
Best 3 pairs Pegged Boots, do	1 50
2d do. S. Parsons,	1 00
3d do. S. Parsons,	1 00
Potato Diggers, (special) A. M. Broderick,	1 50
2 Sides Harness Leather, (do.) S. Parsons,	1 50
9 chairs, of three kinds, E. D. Brown,	2 50
Double Mould Board Plough, Scarifier, Double Turnip Drill, Turnip Cutter, exhibited by John Fisher. These articles were imported from England by Mr. Fisher, and, of course, are excluded from competition under Rule 2. But the Judges report upon them in these words: "The Judges are pleased to see such articles introduced into the country, and recommended them to the Committee;" and the Committee ordered that the report be published, and a special premium allowed of	
Best Butter, Anthony Kearney,	1 50
2d do. H. Cowperthwait,	1 25
3d do. Wm. D. Smith,	1 00
Pair of Ducks, B. P. Griffith,	1 00
Best Pair of Geese, H. Cowperthwait,	1 00
Pair of Turkeys, William Upham,	1 00
The above premiums will be paid on application to James Grover, Treasurer. If any of the successful competitors have not yet paid their subscription for 1860, the amount will be deducted from the premiums.	
By Order,	
JAMES EDGAR,	
Secretary.	
October 10th 1860.	

ABSTRACT OF AUDITED ACCOUNT,

INCOME OF THE YEAR 1860.

Balance from last year,	\$392.00
Subscriptions and	117 25
Special Grant,	400 00
Other assets,	57.05
Total,	\$966.30

EXPENDITURE FOR 1860.

Premiums,	\$179.50
Goods imported,	228.66
Stock,	120.00
Charges of Management,	64.05
Other charges,	304.00
Balance,	100.00
Total,	\$966.20

JAMES GROVER, Treasurer.

AN UNREASONABLE REQUEST.—When the United States army started for Utah, there was a scarcity of transportation, or, in other words, there were too few baggage wagons. Now every soldier knows how like the apple of one's eye are these baggage wagons, drawn as they are, by six mules, on the long marches across the plains.

A colonel of dragoons which had command of one of the columns, restricted the officers very much in their allowance of baggage and was most bitter if any one tried to exceed the just amount. One morning the colonel met one of his captains (a dragoon of course,) when he burst out as follows:

"Captain, do you know what these artillery officers want to take across the plains?"

"No, colonel, I do not," said the captain with an inquiring look.

"Wells" said he, "if you'll believe me, there's one of 'em wants to take across a box of books."

"Books!" exclaimed the captain; "what next, I wonder! Now colonel, I have but little to take across myself—nothing, in fact but a barrel of whiskey."

"Of course, captain of course; anything in reason; but the idea of carrying a parcel of books across that stretch is a little more than I can stand."

VICTOR EMMANUEL RETURNS TO HIS CAPITAL.—A Turin correspondent, describing the recent arrival in that city of the king, says—"He wore a common officer's foraging cap, and was wrapped in the ordonnance ample riding cloak usual among the men and officers of the Sardinian cavalry. There was nothing to distinguish him from the crowd of his staff, unless, it were the extreme plainness of his attire, his secure look, and the peculiar briskness and decision of all his movements. He looked in the very best humor and was evidently in capital health; there was not the least trace of fatigue in his rather burly countenance and stalwart frame, although he had left Naples at the close of a state ball at midnight between Thursday and Friday, had posted all the way across the Apennines and along the Marches and Romagna, never stopping excepting once at Ancona (where he dined with his lieutenant, Valerio), and accomplished the whole journey, a distance of more than 600 miles, in 45 hours, along such roads as his papal and Bourbon predecessors have left him to mend—rather a creditable feat, and which, indeed, seems to do away with the space lying between the Northern and the Southern capital of a kingdom, the length of which is urged by many of an insurmountable obstacle against all hopes of the union."

MEXICAN DEBT TO BRITISH BONDHOLDERS.—The British people we regret to say, have lost the Mexican from their private purses the sum of £10,244,650 on bonds. Of course, the magnitude of the interest was to be inversely as that of the security, and therefore considerable, but about ten years ago the Mexicans suggested an "arrangement" by which the security was to be greatly improved and the interest proportionately diminished. In short, the bondholder were induced to take three per cent. on the mere product of Consols, on the condition that punctuality of payment should be absolutely guaranteed by a mortgage on the Customs. How faithfully this stipulation was fulfilled will be understood when we observe that an arrear of exactly 24 half-yearly dividends will have accrued in January next upon this eligible stock, and the prospect of an instalment is no wise improved by the little incident to be presently narrated. However, for about three years or so the interest thus modified was actually forthcoming, but in 1854 the remittances altogether ceased, and Mexican stock became wholly unproductive.—London Times.

WANTED—A CATEGORICAL ANSWER.—A man of unblemished character was a candidate for a large constituency, and the following means were used to get rid of him. At a large public meeting, an elector got up and said: "I demand the exercise of my right to ask the candidate a question. Will he answer me by a direct yes or no, like an honest man?" "Undoubtedly, I will," "A most incoherent answer, as the reader will say. "Well, then," said the elector, "I ask that gentleman who killed his washerwoman?" "What was the gentleman to say? Yes or no could not answer the question. He hesitated, he stammered, the meeting was against him. He was hustled out of the room; and to this day he labors under the grave imputation, in many people's mind of having feloniously accelerated the death of so an unfortunate, and perhaps ill used washerwoman."

The accession of traitors from Congress is rapidly going on, and will soon restore that body to a sound and healthy condition. Six of the Alabama delegation withdrew from the House yesterday, from the Senate, in addition to the previous withdrawal of the Senators from South Carolina and Mississippi, the announcement was made yesterday that Messrs. Clay and Fitzpatrick of Alabama, and Mallory and Yulee of Florida, have formally withdrawn. In announcing their departure, Mr. Clay was gravely agitated and Mr. Mallory shed tears and was overcome with emotion.

Mrs. Partington expresses her apprehension that the people of gold regions will bleed to death, as papers and constantly announcing the opening of another vein.

I was nearly ruined twice in my life, said Voltaire, once when I lost a lawsuit, and once when I gained one.

Binding

New Fall and Winter Goods.

ROBERT BROWN, HAVING received by ENGLISH Steamers EUROPA and AETNA 18 Cases and Bales of FALL and WINTER GOODS, Would respectfully call the attention of intending purchasers to the same. They consist of— Dress Goods, all the latest styles and materials, suitable for the present and coming season;

Mantles, in Seal Skins, Beerskin, Cloth, &c., &c.; Prince of Wales Jackets; MANTLE CLOTHS, in great variety, with Trimmings to match. SHAWLS, FURS and SCARFS, LADIES FELT HATS, FEATHERS, FLOWERS and RIBBONS, in great variety;

CHENILLE AND SILK HAIR NETS—AND—Head Dresses, WORKED MUSLIN COLLARS & SLEEVES, TAMPED MUSLIN FOR WORKING, &c.

Also, from Boston per schooner Leviathan. 5 Cases Boots, Shoes and Rubbers; 8 Cases Hats and Caps, amongst which will be found a splendid assortment of Children's and Youths CAPS; 6 Bales BATTING and WADDING; 1 Case SKELETON SKIRTS; 4 Cases Deming, Tickings, Striped Shirting; 5 ansdown, Flannels, Fancy Flannels for Shirting; BELTS, BRACES, &c., &c. R. B. in soliciting the patronage of the Public would remark that having imported all these Goods both from England and the United States DIRECT, thereby saving a St. John profit, he is able to offer Goods at a MUCH LOWER RATE than those who purchase in the Province. ANY QUANTITY OF GREY HOMESPUN WANTED. ROBERT BROWN. Woodstock, Nov. 1, 1860.

FASHIONABLE Tailoring Establishment.

THE subscriber would beg leave to inform the inhabitants of Woodstock and surrounding country, that he has fitted up a shop, over the stores of Messrs. W. Skillew & H. Hay, Main-street, where he is prepared to execute all orders entrusted to him, in a style unsurpassed by any other Establishment in this place. From his long-experience in the business, and from the general satisfaction given by him to the Patrons of the WOOLEN HALL for the last two or three years, he feels confident, when solicited of giving entire satisfaction. Cutting done with promptness and dispatch, in the latest French English, or American styles, and a perfect fit warranted, at the lowest possible rates.

CLOTHS & TRIMMINGS always on hand. SIMEON McLEOD. N. B. Parties wishing a fashionable garment, in first style, will please enquire of Mr. Skillew for S. McLeod. Woodstock, Oct. 26, 1860.

SECURITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF New York.

Capital (paid up) \$100,000 Surplus—over 10,000 Total not assets June 1, '60—over \$100,000 All paid up and safely and remuneratively invested; immediately available to meet losses.

By a feature of this office the funded capital increases, while the premiums of permanent customers diminish with each year of the Company's successful operation. Testimonials as to the standing and character of this office, from Messrs. A. Smith & Co., R. F. N. & O. Chas. M. Connelly & Co., Peter J. Nevins & Son's, and other New York firms well known here can be seen on application to the subscriber, who is authorized to take risks in any part of N. Brunswick, or the Western District of Nova Scotia, at moderate rates of premium. A. W. SAVARY, Agent. J. C. WINSLOW, Agent for Woodstock.

IMPORTANT TO STOCK GROWERS THE THIRD VOLUME OF THE AMERICAN STOCK JOURNAL.

Commences January 1st 1861. It is devoted exclusively to matters relating to the care and management of our domestic animals, and is by far the largest, cheapest, and most widely circulated paper of the kind in the world. No stock grower can afford to be without it. Thirty-two large octavo pages, handsomely illustrated. Published monthly, at 25 Park Row, New York, at \$1 per year in advance. Specimen copies gratis. D. C. LINSLEY, Editor and Proprietor, OTIS F. R. WAITE, Associate Editor, A. G. HATCH, General Agent.

Christmas Groceries.

LOGAN & LINDSAY would call the attention of purchasers to their present large and well assorted Stock of GROCERIES and FRUITS, for the present season. DRIED FRUITS. Layer Raisins, Cooking do. Sultana do. Currants, Figs. Dates, Dried Apples, Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel. GREEN FRUITS. Apples, Oranges, Lemons, Cranberries, Grapes, NUTS. Almonds, Walnuts, Filberts, Castana Nuts, Hickory Nuts, Pea Nuts, Chestnuts, Pecan Nuts, SPICES. Ginger, Allspice, Nutmegs, Cloves, Mace, Pepper, Cinnamon, Sage, Summer Savory. SUNDRIES. Butter, Lard, Eggs, Cream of Tartar, Carb. of Soda, Saltpetre, Yeast Powder, Gelatine, Mustard, Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, Cocoa, &c. &c. 78 KING STREET. Dec 15.

TOBIQUE HOUSE. W. R. Newcombe, PROPRIETOR.

Tobique Village, Victoria County, N. B. LIVERY STABLE in connection with the Hotel. December 6, 1860.

French, German & English Vases and Toys. THE Subscriber has received direct from France and Germany, a large assortment of TOYS in Wood and CHINA; also, a large stock of Parisian, and other Goods, suitable for Christmas Presents, to which the attention of dealers is solicited. F. CLEMENTSON. 29 Dock-street. Dec 18.

RUSSELL HOUSE, CANTERBURY STATION.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform his friends and the travelling Public that he has leased the House lately erected by ASA DOW, Esq., for an Hotel, at Canterbury Station, and furnished it throughout with NEW FURNITURE of suitable descriptions, in a well prepared and commodious manner, and who favor him with their patronage. His long experience in this business and the satisfaction given to the Public heretofore warrants the assertion that nothing will be left undone to give perfect satisfaction to all. The Stables are commodious, and an experienced Hostler always in attendance. The Stage leaves this House for Woodstock immediately on arrival of the Train from Saint Andrews. JAMES RUSSELL, Proprietor. Canterbury, Nov. 24, 1860.

Land for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale the Farm upon which he resides, about six miles from Woodstock. It contains two hundred acres, of which forty are cleared, and has upon it a house. The land is hardwood and of a good quality. He will sell the whole, or one half of it, to suit the purchaser. Apply on the premises to EDWIN EDELL. Oct. 16, 1860.

BRITISH HOUSE, Woodstock, November, 1860.

THE Subscribers have just completed their fall and Winter Stock of BRITISH AND FOREIGN Dry Goods,

Consisting in part of Beaver, Pilot, Devonshire Kersy, Yorkshire double Mill'd, Seal Skin, Siberian, Foxes, Doekins, Cassimeres, Brown and Black German & French, Broad & Narrow Cloths, Red, White, Blue Gray, Cri mean and Fancy Flannels, Gray White and Printed Cottons, Ginghams, D. Bings, White and Colored Counterpanes, Muslins, Lawns, Drapes, Coburg, Frazz, Merinos, Delains, Lama, Alpaca's, Tweed Robes, Plaid Stripes, Cropevas &c., &c. Linens, Cloths, Silecins, Jeans, Scotch Wool Shirts & Drawers, Sochs and Ladies' Lambs Wool Hose, Cuffs, Cassamer and Kid Gloves, Cashmere, Paisley, Plaids and Reversible Shawls, Black and Cold Silk, Broad and narrow turning Velvets and Fringes, Feathers; Trimmings and unfinished Hats, Bonnets, Ribbons and Flowers; Silk and Hoops, Umbrellas, Linen and Cotton Thread, Blue and White Cotton Wares, Wool Heads and Chest Protectors, Caps, Mantles, Chenille Scarfs, Boots and Shoes &c., &c. A Cloth purchased here for Ladies Mantles will be Cut without extra charge, the newest styles. Carpets, Hearth Rug, nior Mats, Floor and Table Oil Cloths, Morocco, Damask, Room papers. Table Covers, &c., &c.

CLOTHING.

Dress, Frock and Over Coats, Pants and Vests of all descriptions Colours and Prices. Garments cut and made to order by experienced Workmen at the shortest notice warranted to fit. All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for goods at Cash Prices. DOHERTY & McTAVISH. British House, Lindsay's Building, South side of the Bridge. Woodstock, Nov. 15, 1860.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

THE pleasantly situated House now occupied by the subscriber, containing nine rooms. The House is new, and well furnished throughout. Also, the House on the Webster Hill, on a corner, fronting on Broadway and Park Street, now occupied by Amos Dickinson, Esq. This House is new and well finished, with Kitchen, Shed and Barn attached. For terms of sale enquire of Jas. Grover, Esq., or the subscriber. CHAS. H. A. GIBLIN O.E. Nov. 21, 1860.

Postponement.

The BALL advertised below is postponed until TUESDAY the 2d April.

VOLUNTEER BALL!

under the auspices of the YORK TROOP of N. B. YOUNG MEN'S CAVALRY, will be held at the Temperance Hall, Fredericton, on TUESDAY the 12th day of February next. TICKETS \$2.50. To be had at the Barker and Brayley House, and of any member of the committee. Officers and members of volunteer companies are requested to appear in uniform. COMMITTEE: John Saunders, J. H. Reid, H. Fairweather, J. Hayland, Dr. Dow, J. McCausland, Wm. Segoe, S. Atherton, C. Brannen, H. S. Estey, Secretary. Fredericton Jan. 9, 1861.

Upper Woodstock Hotel.

THIS House, formerly occupied by V. A. Hartley, and more recently by George Wheeler, has been newly fitted up for a hotel, and rented by the subscriber. It is in the immediate neighborhood of the Court House; and as every care and attention will be taken to travelers and boarders, and every pains taken to make them comfortable, the subscriber confidently expects a fair share of public patronage. GOOD STABLING attached. ELIJAH WATSON. Upper Woodstock, Jan. 17.

NATIONAL HOUSE, ISRAEL B. NORCROSS, PROPRIETOR.

CORNER OF BARLOW AND FRANKLIN STS., BANGOR, MAINE. This House has been renovated and put in first-rate order, and newly painted, papered and furnished throughout, and in every respect rendered convenient and comfortable for transient company and boarders. The house has a central location, and an excellent stable attached, attended by a faithful ostler. The proprietor hopes by an earnest endeavor to promote the comfort of his guests to merit a fair share of the public patronage. Bangor, Jan. 17.

Wine, Brandies, &c. JUST RECEIVED.

- 2 Pun. Jamaica Rum. 2 Hds. Irish Whiskey. 2 " Campbellton " 8 " DeKuyper's Geneva. 6 Cases " do 10 cases do do do 19 " Old Tom. 2 gr. casks Golden Sherry. 3 " Old Port. 8 Baskets Champagne "Creme de Boxy" " Closdu Roi-Moussoux." —ALSO— B at London Brown Stout Port and Pale Ale in pint and quart B. tles, all of the best brands. Preserved Salmon in one and two lb. cans. All the above with a variety of other articles will be sold at lowest Market Rates. SLASON & RAINSFORD. 8 Andrews, Jan. 1st, 1861.

Slason & Rainsford

HAVE just received from New York & Boston — 16, 3-1 boxes TOBACCO 108, 4 do TWIST, 18 Extra Havana Cigars, 15 half boxes Souchoing Tea, 6 do " Oolong do 12 boxes T. D. Pipes, 8 do American Cheese, 4 bbls best White Beans, 12 boxes P. Y. Soap, 15 " Window Glass 7x9 to 10x14, 25 Bags Cut and Rot Nails, 8 coil small size Manila Rope. ALSO IN STORE 100 bags of Liverpool Salt, Sugar, Molasses, Starch, Bath Brick, Biscuit, Coffee, Mustard, Carb. Soda, Saleratus, Rue, Stone Polish Brooms, Nests, Tubs, Earthenware, Putty, English & American Pickles & Sauces, and a large assortment of English & American Hardware. All the above goods will be sold at the lowest Cash Prices. St. Andrews, Jan. 7th, 1861. WANTED, 1000 bushels Oats, for goods. S. & R.

FOR SALE.

TWO Hundred Acres of Land in the parish of Wicklow, Carleton County, being that formerly owned by David Oliver. An unexceptionable title will be given. Terms of payment liberal. Apply to L. P. Fisher, Esq., Woodstock, or to the subscriber, A. W. RAINSFORD. Grand Falls, Jan. 8.

BILLIARD TABLE FOR SALE.

THE subscribers have for sale a Billiard Table, with Balls, Cues &c., complete, which they will sell cheap for cash or approved paper. MYSHRALL & RICHEY. Fredericton, Jan. 9, 1861.

CASH GIVEN for hides at the CITY MARKET.

FROM New York & Boston, Direct!

FLOUR, PORK, SUGAR &c. LASSES, &c.

The subscriber has received from New York, Portland, Boston and Saint Andrews, by STEAMER AND RAIL, the largest supply of Provisions and Groceries ever offered to us.

People of Carleton.

- 300 Bbls. SUPERFINE FLOUR, 300 do EXTRA STATE, do 300 do DOUBLE EXTRA, do 100 do FANCY BRANDS, a choice article. 100 do CORN MEAL, 75 do HEAVY MESS PORK, 50 do CRUSHED SUGAR, 50 do RAW MUSCOVADO SUGAR, 30 do RICE. 100 SACKS PURE WHITE BEANS, 5 bbls. PORTO RICO MOLASSES, 10 CHESTS CONGOU TEA, 10 do SOUCHONG, 10 boxes TOBACCO, 6 Bbls PORTER'S BURNING FLUID.

LIQUORS OF ALL KINDS.

TERMS.—For \$40 and upwards, 3 and 6 months from this date. The Subscriber will have Flour for sale at the following places:— Canterbury Station, Rankins Mills, Houlton, Carpenter's, Eel River, Woodstock. J. CALDWELL. Woodstock, Jan. 31, 1861.

Debates OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

THE undersigned appointed by resolution of the Legislative Council to make arrangements for Reporting and Publishing the Debates of that House for the next Session, will receive Sealed Tenders until FRIDAY, the first day of February next, at noon, at the Office of the Board of Public Works at Fredericton. The size of the paper required to be Imperial Quarto, with three columns on each page, and a respect of Paper, Type, and Workmanship, to be in all respects similar to the Printed Debates of the House of Assembly in 1860. The number required will be 1000 copies to be published twice in each week to be delivered, cut into single sheets in packages of 25 sheets in each package, at the Council Chamber, to whomsoever the Council may direct. To facilitate correctness of proof as well as distribution, the Printing to be done at Fredericton. JOHN ROBERTSON, WM. H. ODELL, W. H. STEVES. Fredericton, 15th January 1861.

Turbans! Turbans!!

NEW GOODS RECEIVED. Dress Goods, LADIES' AND MISSES' GENTS' AND BOYS' TURBANS.

FELT HATS, BLACK & COLORED FEATHERS, VELVETS, LADIES' HAT, & CLOTH GLOVES, GENTLEMAN'S GLOVES, GENTS SILK, & WOOLLEN UNDERCLOTHING, WOOLEN & PAISLEY SHAWIA BLANKETS, CARPETS, DRUGGETS, OIL CLOTHS, HEARTH RUGS, CARRIAGE & DOOR MATS, &c., &c. P. M. PEAKE, BRITISH HOUSE, Fredericton. Jan. 21, 1861.

THE Council of the Municipality of Carleton

having adopted the Decimal system of keeping their Books and accounts, according to the regulations of the Legislature, it is therefore requisite that Assessors and Collectors of Rates should assess and collect by that system and also all County and other Parish officers and all persons having any business with this Municipality should keep accounts, render Bills and Returns under the same system. ANTHONY KEARNEY, Warden. JAMES McLAUCHLAN, Secretary Treasurer. Woodstock, Jan. 24th, 1861.

EXTRA STATE FLOUR.—Landing ex V. large Belle from New York.

100 Barrels FLOUR, "Railroad Mills", 50 do do "Eagle Mills"—from New Wheat—For sale by WM. MOORE, North West. sept 13

NEW FURNITURE

BETTER and Cheaper than ever in Carleton County, can be had in Woodstock, FRIDAY

CONSISTING Sofas, Couches, Parlor, Stuffed, Easy, Chairs, Centre, Card, Dress, Extension Tables

Black Walnut, Mahogany, OF OUR OWN MANUFACTURE, of all kinds and

Looking Glasses, Frames, BED ROOM

and Painted Cloth Window Shades, &c., &c.

All of which will be sold very Manufacture our Furniture of top and employ only the best of Workmen can rely upon the durability of Particular attention paid to the Cases and Counting Room Desks Upholstery and Repairing done in the most possible manner. Circular Machine work of all sorts done in Shop in Houlton.

New Store and

MRS. CROZIER begs to inform the Ladies of surrounding Country, that business in

Water-s

in the New Brick building a variety of MILLINERY, MANTLES, &c.

Brandy, Gin, Whisk

Rum &c. Ex Parkfield from London, and Liverpool, via St. John: 52 PIPES } Genev 35 Hds } Large 2 Hds } 30 Cases } 1 Puncheon } Fine Old J 11 Cases } Scotch and I 3 Puncheons } Fine Old Islay V 12 Cases } Fine Old Islay V 10 Cases } Fine Old Tom C 60 Casks } London Porter and P 2 Hds } Allsopp's 4 qr. Casks } Fine Old 2 Hds } Hennessy 4 qr. Casks } colored I 10 Hds } 18 qr. Casks } 20 Cases }

AROSE WATCH-MAKING ESTABLIS

THE subscriber has just with the largest and Watches, Clocks and Jewelry part of the country, and also and retail. Also. GUNS, PISTOLS, Gunning and Fishing Tackle, Saus Books, Stationary, SILVER and PLATED WARE, ZOLLS. Pocket Cutlery, Spectacles of all Brushes, Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes. CHILDREN'S Best drilled eyed sewing needles, Violin strings, Flutes, Etc. kinds of FANCY G Children's Primers, Pict Books. All kinds of Christmas cards. Fancy Vases, Match Safes, & well show the rest. Repairing and engraving as ad. long experience as Surgeon all business in that line that is Old Gold and Silver, Wood, or taken in exchange for Goods. Houlton, Jan. 17, 1861.

February 7,

1861.

The Woodstock Journal.

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FROM York & Boston, Direct! PORK, SUGAR & LASSES, &c.

Superfine Flour, Extra State, Double Extra, Fancy Brands, Choice Corn Meal, Heavy Mess Pork, Crushed Sugar, Raw Muscovado Sugar, Rice, Pure White Beans, Porto Rico Molasses, Souchou Tea, Souchoung, Porter's Burning Fluid.

Manufacture of all kinds of Paper, Type, and Workmanship, for the printing of all kinds of books, pamphlets, and circulars.

Debates of the Legislative Council.

Designed and printed by resolution of the Legislative Council, to make arrangements for the printing of the Debates of the next Session.

Printed at the Office of the Boston Works at Fredericton.

Turbans! Turbans!! Dress Goods, and Misses, Gents' and Boys' Turbans.

New Goods Received. Dress Goods, and Misses, Gents' and Boys' Turbans, Hats, and Colored Feathers, Gloves, Ladies' Kid & Cloth Gloves, Gentleman's Gloves, Gents' Silk & Woollen Underclothing, Woollen & Paisley Shawls, Blankets, Carpets, Druggists, Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Carriage & Door Mats, &c., &c.

W.M. Moore, North West.

NEW FURNITURE STORE!

Furniture! Woodstock Furniture Store.

Sofas, Couches, Chairs, Tables, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Looking Glasses and Picture Frames, Bed Room Sets.

All of which will be sold very low for CASH. We manufacture our Furniture of the best of seasoned lumber.

MRS. CROZIER begs most respectfully to inform the Ladies of Woodstock and the surrounding Country, that she has commenced business in

Water-street in the New Brick building of Mr. McCoy, with a variety of MILLINERY, MANTLES, FLOWERS, &c., &c.

Brandy, Gin, Whiskey, Old Jamaica Rum &c., &c.

Ex Parkfield from London, and Bell of the Ocean from Liverpool, via St. John. 52 PIPES of Geneva 'De Kuyppers' Large Anchor Brand.

A WOODSTOCK WATCH-MAKING & JEWELRY ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscriber has just returned from N. York with the largest and best selected stock of Watches, Clocks and Jewellery ever offered for sale in part of the country.

GUNS, PISTOLS, REVOLVERS, GUNNING and Fishing Tackle, School Books, Miscellaneous Books, Stationery.

FANCY GOODS, Children's Primers, Picture Books and Writing Books. All kinds of Christmas and New Year's Presents.

D. E. LUCY, Houlton, Jan. 17, 1861.

IMPERIAL BUILDINGS, WOODSTOCK.

G. STRICKLAND Has received per late Arrivals, 24 CASES and BALES NEW GOODS, comprising every description of DRESS GOODS.

Hats, Feathers, Flowers, AND HEAD DRESSES, ONE CASE MANTLES, (the best in Town.) Shawls, Dress Goods, Furs, Scarfs, Blankets, Flannels, Cottons, LINENS and TICKINGS, Chenille nets, Fancy Pins, Ribbons, &c., IN GREAT VARIETY. All descriptions of ANY GOODS AND TRIMMINGS.

PATRONISE Domestic Manufacture!

THE Subscriber, in returning his sincere thanks to his friends and the public for the patronage heretofore given him, would beg to inform them that he has enlarged his Factory, and Ware Rooms, and is now manufacturing and keeps constantly on hand ALL SORTS OF FURNITURE which he warrants as good in MATERIAL and WORKMANSHIP, if not better, than any made here or elsewhere.

LATEST DESIGNS of Furniture from the States and elsewhere, and superintending the work himself, he feels confident that he can give better satisfaction with regard to QUALITY AND PRICE, than any other establishment in Woodstock.

Particular attention given to UNDERTAKING. Woodstock, Jan. 9, 1861. ROBERT CAMPBELL.

NEW DRY GOODS STORE.

THE Subscriber would beg leave to intimate to his friends and the Public, that he has fitted up a large and commodious store, on the site of the late 'BLANCHARD HOUSE', and is now receiving from late English and Foreign Markets, a large and entirely new stock of the very latest designs in STABLE & FANCY DRY GOODS, which upon examination will be found second to none in this place—to enumerate would be next to impossible.

COME AND SEE OUR Mantles and Shawls, Hats & Furs, FLOWERS & FEATHERS, RIBBONS & LACES, Collars and levers, Scarfs and Head-dresses, Nets and caps, Corsets and Skirts, Hosiery & gloves, Velvets and Trimmings of every description. Our Silks, Circassians, Winceys, Tapes, Nouveautés and Persian Cloths, Coburgs, Orleans and Alpaca Gingham, Acajans, Calicoes, &c., &c., in all the newest patterns, with staple Goods, and Haberdashery such as may be expected at a first class Dry Goods Establishment.

BOOTS AND SHOES. Our stock in this department is complete with Gents, Ladies, Misses and Childrens Boots and shoes in every style and quality suited to the present and coming seasons and at a price to warrant quick sales.

CLOTHING. In Black Broad from one to seven Dollars per yd. Seal White, Pilot, Beaver, Oxford and Venetian Cloths, Cassimeres, and Doerings in all the leading makes, Bedford-Cords, Satinets, Homespuns, &c., &c.

VESTINGS. In Satin, Grenadine, Plain and out Velvets, Marselles, Kamshatka, Cashmeres, &c., &c.

CLOTHING. In our Clothing Department as usual, may be found a large full and fashionable assortment of Ready Made Clothing, IN TOP AND DRESS COATS.

Pants, Vests, &c., with furnishing goods suited to the wants of all classes such as shirts, Drawers, Scarfs, Gloves, Hats, Caps, Trunks, carpet bags, &c.

W. SKILLEN, Proprietor.

JOHN C. WINSLOW has removed his Office and the Central Bank Agency to Tobias McLean's New Building, over Mr. Leary's Shop, on Water Street.

CASH! CASH! CASH! BLANCHARD & CO.

SINCE their commencement in business in this town, they have given the public the benefit of their cash purchases from the House in Boston, St. Andrew, and St. John, and have so far as they are concerned—broken up the system of taxing the public enormous profits on every commodity sold them.

Flour, Pork, Sugars, Teas, Molasses, GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS, SPICES OF ALL KINDS, CONFECTIONARY, LIQUORS, GLASS WARE, STABLE DRY GOODS, BOOTS, HARDWARE.

is the largest and best assortment in Woodstock. At Wholesale to the Trade they offer extra inducements, and on Retail Goods cannot be purchased to better advantage in the city of St. John.

They have made a further reduction on the prices of staple Goods—they will now sell you the best Porto Rico Molasses—bright and heavy at 2s per Gallon—and will also give you 10-lb bright Muscovado Sugar for one dollar, or 8-lb crushed or granulated sugar for \$1.00.

They never did ask over 30 cents per lb, for the same articles and other prices in proportion &c. &c.

BLANCHARD & CO. BUTTER CRACKERS, SODA BISCUIT, CLOTH LINES & BED CORDS, CANDLES, SEAMLESS BAGS, &c., &c.

The best older Vinegar is only 1s 3d per gallon. Pickles in Bells on Retail and Bottle Pickles, Ketchup and Peppers, Kosuth Flax, Golden Syrup, &c.

PISCATAQUA Fire & Marine Insurance Company OF MAINE.

STOCK DEPARTMENT. Authorized Capital \$500,000. Hon. John M. Goodwin, President; Obad P. Miller, Vice President; Shipley W. Risler, Secretary.

DIRECTORS. Hon. John M. Goodwin, Obad P. Miller, Shipley W. Risler, David Fairbanks, Abner Oats, John A. Paine, F. W. de Rocco, ment.

Agents in the principal towns in New Brunswick issue Policies against loss or damage by Fire.

Notices. THE Subscriber wishes to inform the Public that he has on hand and for sale, cheap, the following articles: 25 bbls. Labrador Herring, 25 " Extra Flour, 100 bundles Blue Warp, Paints and Oils cheaper than any in town.

NOTICE. MR. EDWARD ESTABROOKE desirous to inform the public that he is prepared to take off the "HUMAN FACE DIVINE," at his Saloon, first below Mr. Perley's Shop, Main Street, in almost every style of the Photographic Art, and at the most reasonable prices.

WANTED. TONS good butter, at Davis's Cheap Store. Woodstock, Sept. 25th, 1860.

SALE.

To be sold at public auction on Thursday the twenty-fifth day of April next, at noon, at Strickland's Corner, in Woodstock, the following pieces and parcels of land, viz: LL that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, situate in the Parish of Simonds, in the County of Carleton, known as a grant from the Crown to Adam B. Sharp, bounded as follows: Commencing at a marked birch tree, standing at the angle of intersection of two reserved roads, and distant four rods westerly from the north west angle of lot number one in the Fifth Tier of lots in the Williams town Settlement, granted to James Hauney; thence running by the magnet south one hundred and six chains (of four poles each) and fifty links; thence west twenty chains; and thence east eighty chains to the place of beginning; containing eight hundred and seventy acres more or less.

Also, All that certain other piece or parcel of land, being a piece of land eight rods fronting on the west side of the River Saint John, in the said Parish of Woodstock, known as a grant to William Jackson in a grant from the Crown to Samuel M'Keen and others; bounded on the south by lands owned and occupied by the heirs of the late William Jackson, and on the north by lands herebefore described, being the same heretofore granted by Rachel Wright to the said Adam B. Sharp.

Also, All that certain other piece or parcel of land, being a piece of land eight rods fronting on the west side of the River Saint John, in the said Parish of Woodstock, known as a grant to William Jackson in a grant from the Crown to Samuel M'Keen and others; bounded on the south by lands owned and occupied by A. B. Sharp, extending three rods north of a cedar post standing on the northeast angle of the said land owned by A. B. Sharp; thence east to the River Saint John, eight rods in width, containing two acres more or less.

Also, All that certain other piece or parcel of land heretofore conveyed by Adam B. Sharp to Francis P. Sharp, by deed dated December 1st, A. D. 1847, and duly recorded in Book L of Records, page 52 and 53, and described as follows: being a piece of land seventy-eight and a half rods wide, fronting on the eastern side of the highway road in Northampton, bounded on the south by lands owned and occupied by the heirs of the late James Sharp, on the west by highway road, on the north by lands occupied by Frederick Phillips, and on the east by lands owned by Isaac B. Sharp, containing twenty acres more or less.

The said sale being made by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage made the twenty-seventh day of July, A. D. 1855, between Francis P. Sharp, and Maria his wife, of the one part; and Margaret Brown of the other part, and duly registered in Book K of the records of the County of Carleton, pages 184, 185, 186, 187, 188 and 189.

For terms of sale and particulars apply to John C. Winslow, Esq., Woodstock, or to CHARLES W. WELDON, Solicitor of Mortgages, St. John, December 22, 1860.

TO READERS. JOURNAL READING ROOM

calls attention to the opportunity which this Room affords all who desire to keep themselves posted up in the news of the day, or have an hour or two a day to devote to reading. The Room is furnished with all the New Brunswick papers, with a number from Nova Scotia, with leading Quebec, Montreal, Toronto, and other Canadian papers, and with a selection of the best United States papers, including the New York Daily Tribune, the New York Times, the Spirit of the Times, and Albion. Recently there have been added to the list of files the Illustrated London News, Willimer and Smith's European Times (Liverpool) and the London Punch. Other newspapers and magazines will be added as the increase to the subscription list renders it justifiable. Now is a good time to subscribe, as a quarter commenced with Sept. 27th. Terms, one dollar a quarter. Woodstock, Oct. 11th, 1860.

WANTED! COATS AND FURS.

T. B. WINSLOW'S, Upper Woodstock. Wanted, any quantity of Homespun Cloth, Socks, Mitts, and good shipping Furs, for which the highest prices will be given.

W. SKILLEN. Woodstock, Jan. 10, 1860.

Picture Frames! Latest Styles.

for sale at the NEW FURNITURE STORE, nearly opposite the Woodstock Hotel. HUBBARD & RICE. Woodstock, Jan. 10, 1861.

Just Arrived! New Furniture Store!

A LARGE STOCK of Looking Glasses, Window Blinds, and Picture Frames. In Owen Kelley's New Building, adjoining Grover and Donaldson's Brick Building. January 2d.

REMOVED! THE Subscriber would respectfully inform the Public that he has removed to his OLD STAND in the NEW BRICK BUILDING on KING STREET, where, with unassisted facilities for business, he hopes to meet his friends and customers as heretofore. W. T. BAIRD, Woodstock, Dec. 16, 1860. Druggist.

Literature.

KATE DOUGLASS.

I may as well acknowledge the fact at once, that I belong to that much-maligned class—old maids; at least I have arrived at the age of forty years, and am still single. Not but that I have had my "chances," as they are called; indeed, what old maid ever confessed she had not? But it is not my intention to weary you with the romantic details of my own "lost loves," it is the story of another's life that I wish to recall—of one far dearer to me than my own ever was.

I was left at the age of twenty-two an orphan, with one sister four or five years younger than myself. Our father died from my earliest recollections, been a confirmed invalid, so that I and my sister Katie were left entirely to each other, and there existed between us even more than a sisterly affection. When then, our dear mother died, her last words were to remind me that her darling Katie would henceforth have no one but me to cling to; and that not only should I be to her the living companion and sister, as hitherto, for the higher and more responsible duties of a mother must devolve on me. I could not love Katie better than I had ever done, but with my love was mingled another feeling. A sense of utter unworthiness, almost inability, to fulfil the charge imposed on me, took possession of my mind, but the sight of Katie's grief, and the efforts I was forced to make to overcome my own feelings in comforting her, first roused me from the dejection and sorrow in which I was plunged, and beside my dead mother's bed I silently vowed that, by God's help, nothing should tempt me to forget her last words, or to reject the trust she had committed to me.

I shall pass over the first two years after my mother's death. Nothing occurred during that time to disturb the serenity of our life; it was spent principally in London, with an aunt of ours, Mrs. Douglass, who kindly received us, that Katie might have the advantage of masters, as our home—in a dull village in—shire—was not favourable to educational purposes. But it is time that I should introduce my readers more particularly to my sister Katie. She was then nearly twenty, and one of the most attractive-looking little beauties I ever beheld. I can hardly describe her face; without being regularly beautiful, there was so much expression in her large hazel eyes, and playing round her provoking little mouth, that many a handsome girl would have been quite thrown into the shade when beside her.

Why, Mary," were the words she greeted me with, "who would have dreamt of seeing you here? How glad I am, though, to see you. Do tell me, dear, what made you come so suddenly?"

"Patience, child," I said, "and you shall soon know. But where is my aunt? I think she is expecting me."

"Oh," said Kate, blushing slightly, "I dare say she will be down directly; she is with some gentleman in the drawing-room. Shall I tell her you are here?" And she moved towards the door rather confusedly.

"Oh, no; I will wait. But who is this gentleman, Kate?" I asked, rather mischievously, for I thought she deserved a little punishment for never letting me into her confidence.

"Mr. Maitland, a brother of your old friend, Mary; he is often here."

"Is he a nice man?" said I, smiling, "for you have scarcely ever mentioned his name."

"Haven't I?" she said, with a forced carelessness. "Well, you can soon judge for yourself. But come, and take off your things, dear; you must be so tired; and besides, I want you to tell me what brought you to town day."

We went up-stairs together, and Katie, with trembling fingers, I noticed, began to undo my cloak; suddenly I put my arm on her shoulder, and said, gently, "Kate, you little hypocrite, can't you really guess what brought me here?—can't you guess that that gentleman in the drawing-room has something to do with it? Why did you not tell me, dear, yourself, what I have only heard from a comparative stranger?"

"Mary, don't please," said she, her voice trembling, and tears in her eyes. "I ought to have told you, but really I did not know myself until yesterday, that he had liked me more than as a friend; but then— Here, however, she paused.

couch, but if I didn't he might look for it next fall, as I soon as I cut my corn. The orchestra was now fiddling with all their might, & as the people didn't understand anything about it, applauded versatility. Presently, Old Ed came out. The play was Othello, or More of Venice. Otheller was writ by Wm. Shakspeare. The scene was laid in Venice. Otheller was a Ginral in the Veniss army. He eloped with Desdemony, a darter of the Hon. Mister Brobantio, who represented one of the black destricks in the Veneshun Legish. Old Brobantio was mad as thunder at this sad tore round considerable, but finally cooled down, and told Otheller however, that Desdemony had come it over her par, & told him that he had better look out or she'd come it over him also. Mr. and Mrs. Otheller, git along very comfortable like for a spell. She is sweet-tempered and loving—a nice sensible female, never goin in for he-female conventions, green cotton umbrellas and pickled beets.

Otheller is a good provider and thinks all the world of his wife. She has a lazy time of it, the hired girl doing all the cookin and washin. Desdemony, in fact, don't have to git the water to wash her own hands with. But a low cuss named Iago, who I believe wants to get Otheller out of his snug berth government now goes to work & upsets the Otheller family in the most outrageous stile. Iago falls in with a brainless youth named Rodrigo & wins all his money at paker. (Iago allers played foul) He has got money enough to carry out his unprincipled scheme— Mike Cassio, a Irishman, is selected as a tool by Iago. Mike was a clever fellow, & orficer in Otheller's army. He liked his tods too, well, however, & they floored him, as they have many other promish young men. Iago injuces Mike to drink with him, Iago slyly throwin his whiskey over his shoulder. Mike gets as drunk as boiled owl, & allows that he can lick a full yard of Veneshun fancy before breakfast without sweating a hair. He meets Rodrigo & proceeds for to smash him. A feiler named Mon'ano undertakes to slap Cassio, when that infatocated person runs his sword through him. That miserable man, Iago, pretends to be very sorry to conduct himself in this way, and undertakes to smooth the thing over to Otheller who rushes in with a drawn sword and wants to know whats up. Iago cunningly tells his story, & Otheller tells Mike that he thinks a good deal of him, but he can't train no more in his regiment. Desdemony sympathises with poor Mike, and intercedes for him with Othello.

Iago makes him believe she does this because she thinks more of Mike than she does of himself. Otheller swallows Iago's lying tail & goes to makin a noosence of himself glorally. He worries poor Desdemony terrible by his vile insinuations, & finally smother her to death with a pillow. Mrs. Iago comes in just as Otheller has finished the foul deed & gives him fits right & left, showing him that he has been orfuly gullied by her miserable cuss of a husband. Iago comes in, and his wife commences raking him down also, when he stabs her. Otheller jaws him a spell, & then cuts a small hole in his stomach with his sword. Iago pints to Desdemony's death bed & goes orf with a sardonic smile onto his countenance. Otheller tells the people that he has sent the state sum service & they know it; axes them to do as fair a thing as they can for him under circumstances and kills himself with a fish knife, which is the most sensible thing he can do. This is a brief schedule of the synopsis of the play.

Edwin Forrest is a great actor. I that I saw Otheller before me all the time he was actin, and when the curtain fell I found my spectacles were still mistened with salt water, which had run from my eyes while Desdemony was dyin. Betsy Jane! let us pray that our domestic bliss may never be burst by a Iago!

Edwin Forrest makes money actin out on the stage. He gets five hundred dollars a nite and his board and washin. I wish I had such a Forrest in my Garding.—Vanity Fair

Late statistics show that five million persons are supported in England by cotton; that thirty million spindles are employed in the production of the yarn, and that the capital absorbed exceeds some hundred and fifty million dollars. Four fifths of the cotton consumed in England—800,000 lbs.—is American.

It would appear from numerous observations, that soldiers are hit during battle according to the color of their dress, in the following order: Red is the most fatal color; the least fatal, Austrian gray. The proportions are—red, 12; Russian, 7; brown, 6; Austrian bluish-gray, 5.

Force not a child to premature study. The footsteps may be sooner green in the spring, but afterwards they are but sere and yellow tracks through the meadows.

A workman in Paris has just discovered a means of preserving water and gas pipes from rust, by enveloping them in a thick coating of clay. The city of Paris has granted the man a pension for life.

The expenses attendant upon the citizens' reception of the Prince of Wales in Montreal amounted to \$43,031; the receipts to \$37,385; thus leaving a deficit of \$5,646 for which the Committee are personally responsible.

A man who went subscribe to a paper because he could borrow one is a well no matter what.

FASHIONS SIXTY YEARS AGO.—The following paragraphs are from a London newspaper of the first years of the present century.

The following is stated to have been an incident which Bonaparte successfully resorted to in order to effect a change or the late imperial half-naked fashion of the Parisian belles. A numerous assembly of both sexes having been invited to the Luxembourg by Madame Bonaparte, the first Consul entered the drawingroom, where they were all present, and, after paying his respects to the company, ordered the servant to make a good fire. He added even to repeat his orders two or three times, till one of them took liberty to observe, that the grate would hold more "V-ry well, very well," replied Bonaparte (rather in an elevated tone of voice), was anxious to have a good fire; for it is awfully cold, and besides these ladies are almost naked.

The Grand Consul is thought to have aimed blow at our trade, by making the Parisian belle wear silks in lieu of English muslins. The Parisian ladies, however, according to all accounts wear so little dress of any kind, that the loss of commerce cannot be very great.

It is curious to observe the pains daily taken in some of the prints to introduce amongst the French fashions and foppery that can be reported. We have French milliners who, every mode and shade between dress and mess upon their own limbs. We do not know success these efforts may be attended within a dozen great houses; but we will not venture say, the present fashions have but little of being adopted at Court.

The two swindlers who were brought to the Bow-street on Saturday, were dressed in extreme of fashion; their wadded sleeve, puffed shoulders, pigeon breasts, trunk breeches and jack boots, received the further addition an enormous shirt collar, which completely buried more than half the head of the owner. It was quite the ton; but a man not used to the reigning mode would have seen was certainly meant for a scarecrow. If the appearance of such fellows at the bar of justice does not make every man of real fashion in the post-revolutionary style of dress which is generally prevalent, we know not what will.

The fashionable artists who invented for females the mode of going without pockets the victims of their own ingenuity. The women pockets has naturally led to that of having money about one, and has added much to the credit of the wearer than to that of the tailor.

It is calculated that from the present fashion of muslin dresses eighteen ladies have a fire, and 18,000 caught cold.

The Queen Elizabeth's ruff begins to be introduced among the people of fashion. It is a pretty face to suit this ornament. Some recent ennobles look for all the world like John Baptist's head in a charger!

AN EDITOR ON EDITING.—Artemus W. alias Brown, late local editor of the Cle Plaindealer, gives the following advice to men who aspire to become editors of newspapers: Before you get for an editor, young man, and take a big think! Do not rush into the total harness rashly. Look around and there is not an omnibus to drive—some solid where to be filled—anything that is reputable healthy, rather than going for an editor, who has business at best.

We are not a horse, and have consequently been called upon to furnish the motive power of a threshing machine; but we fancy that the editor who is forced to write, write, write, question. If the yras and neighs could be heard, we believe the intelligent horse would say that the threshing machine is preferable to his own editorial.

The editor's work is never done. He is incessantly, and no wonder that he dries up naturally. Other people can attend to their weddings &c., visit halls of dazzling light, inebriated, break windows, lick a man occasionally, and enjoy themselves in a variety of ways, but the editor cannot. He must stick to his quill. The press is like a sick baby, must be left alone for a minute. If the press is left its life even for a day, some absurd person will certainly crawl over the paper to stop bringing the infernal paper. There's nothing in it. I will have it in my house!"

THE NEEDLE WOMEN OF

pendent of the London Times the grand mat-making society, communicates the following: Work is commenced every and continued till at night, the only intervals are a few minutes for each meal; the food allowed for—eating their food but surely, "bolting" it is a phrase—being forty minutes long fifteen hours and twenty five minutes devoted to work. And it is not merely during the West End, but for all that, at the establishment to greater part of the sewing workers in the busy season, indoors is the original outfitting together of the separate slack season comes, their sewing room as well keep establishment employed up to that there is, in fact, no "for them." And yet for this lent pressure of sixteen hours from year's end to year's end themselves the greatest pain thank God that they are not the West End—oppressors young women. They never weeks in the busy season—up till 3 or 4 o'clock in the morning the gas is always turned on by 11 o'clock. Why, sir, with its few weeks of severe months of comparative leisure when viewed alongside of "n-er-ending, still-beginning I am referring.

The only day of leisure establishment have is Sunday morning to 8 o'clock night, prisoners as any in Newgate whether the sun shines or the time. They are not allowed to even to purchase a pair of shoes for themselves, and must go outside to do this for them. Nor is the accommodation way to reconcile them to the The workshop, in which they are employed, is only about and is entirely devoid of ornamentation, which is the more to the evening, they have to and foul air of three flaming over their heads, every door shut by which a breath of fresh air enters. The bedrooms are not fewer than six persons a bed and four into another. It is impossible to contemplate this class of workwomen, facts quoted, without feeling it, and wishing that something mitigate its evils and miseries.

REMARKABLE LAKES.—C of mountains in Portugal, called lakes of great extent and depth, which is said to be chiefly remarkable in them when the sea is calm, and stormy. It is, therefore, a subterranean communication and this seems to be confirmed by their throwing up, though distant from the sea.

There is another extraordinary country, which before a storm, frightful rambling noise, the distance of several miles. And we are also told of called "Pervencias," about from Columbia, that absorb the lightest bodies thrown in straw feathers, etc. which seen again.

To those we may add a remarkable crusts it with a case of stone, remarkable circumstances is, throws up water enough to and in winter is perfectly ders.

"Well, my lad, where a stormy weather alone!" landlord in the porch of Westwar, of a small lad whose face smugling, and had sent him with an important message party.

"Going to draw a pension?" "What does so small a pension for?" "Minding my own business of others alone!" The landlord sloped.

Sunderland, England, ushers for building timber shipbuilders are engaged vessels, and great preparatory them all for extending are 1,700 workmen engaged iron ships in this place.

A fellow that doesn't believe life does it by his death,

SIXTY YEARS AGO.—The following are from a London newspaper of 60 years of the present century.

It is stated to have been an effect a change of the late Imperial Bonaparte successfully resorted to the effect of the late Imperial fashion of the Parisian belles. A assembly of both sexes having been entered the drawingroom, when all present, and, after paying his company, ordered the servant to observe, that the grate would hold very well, very well," replied the other in an elevated tone of voice, "it is to have a good fire; for it is cold and besides these ladies are almost and Consul is thought to have aimed at trade, by making the Parisian in lieu of English muslins. The, however, according to all accounts, the dress of any kind, that the cannot be very great.

It is curious to observe the pains daily to the prints to introduce amongst the fashions and foppery that can be seen in the French milliners who are to shade between dress and their own limbs. We do not know what efforts may be attended with in eat hours; but we will not venture present fashions have but little adopted at Court.

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THE NEEDLE WOMEN OF LONDON.—A correspondent of the London Times, describing one of the grand manufactory establishments in that city, communicates the following facts:—

Work is commenced every morning at 6 o'clock and continued till at night—a period of sixteen hours, the only intervals allowed being about ten minutes for each meal; the total amount of time allowed for eating their food, I was going to say, but surely, "bolting" it is the more appropriate phrase—being forty minutes per day; thus leaving fifteen hours and twenty minutes as the period devoted to work. And thus, be it remembered, is not merely during the busy season, as at the West End, but for all the year round, from January to December; for you must understand that, at the establishment to which I refer, the greater part of the sewing is given out to slop-workers in the busy season, and all that is done indoors is the original cutting out and ultimate fitting together of the separate pieces; but when the slack season comes, there is always as much sewing reserved as will keep the girls of the establishment employed up to the full pitch—so that there is, in fact, no "slack season" at all for them. And yet for this continued and unrelenting pressure of sixteen hours' work per day, from year's end to year's end, this firm assumes to themselves the greatest possible credit. They thank God that they are not as other firms are at the West End—oppressors and destroyers of young women. They never—not even for a few weeks in the busy season—make their people sit up till 3 or 4 o'clock in the morning! Oh, no!—the gas is always turned off in the workroom by 11 o'clock. Why, sir, the West End system, with its few weeks of severity, followed as it is by months of comparative leisure, is mercy itself, when viewed alongside of this unmitigated "never-ending, still-beginning" slavery to which I am referring.

The only day of leisure which the girls of this establishment have is Sunday. From Monday morning to Saturday night, they are as complete prisoners as any in Newgate. They know not whether the sun shines or the rain falls at that time. They are not allowed to cross the threshold even to purchase a pair of shoes or a new gown for themselves, and must employ their friends outside to do this for them.

Nor is the accommodation indoors such as in any way to reconcile them to this close confinement. The workroom, in which ten or twelve of them are employed, is only about twelve feet square, and is entirely devoid of arrangements for ventilation, which is the more to be deplored as, during the evening, they have to encounter the heat and foul air of three-flaming gas burners right over their heads, every door and window being shut by which a breath of pure air could possibly enter. The bedrooms are equally uncomfortable no fewer than six persons being huddled into one and four into another.

It is impossible to contemplate the condition of this class of workwomen, as disclosed by the facts quoted, without keenly sympathizing with it, and wishing that something might be done to mitigate its evils and misery.

REMARKABLE LAKES.—On the top of a ridge of mountains in Portugal, called Estrella, are two lakes of great extent and depth, especially on of them, which is said to be unfathomable. What is chiefly remarkable in them is, that they are calm when the sea is calm, and rough when that is stormy. It is, therefore, probable that they have a subterranean communication with the ocean; and this seems to be confirmed by the pieces of ships they throw up, though almost forty miles distant from the sea.

There is another extraordinary lake in this country, which before a storm, is said to make a frightful rambling noise, that may be heard at a distance of several miles.

And we are also told of a pool or fountain, called "Pervencias," about twenty-four miles from Columbia, that absorbs not only wood but the lightest bodies thrown into it, such as cork, straw feathers, etc. which sink and are never seen again.

To those we may add a remarkable spring near Estremoz, which petrifies wood, or rather encrusts it with a case of stone; but the most remarkable circumstance is, that in summer it throws up water enough to turn several mills, and in winter is perfectly dry.—Smith's Wonders.

"Well, my lad, where are you travelling this stormy weather alone?" asked an inquisitive landlord in the porch of Vermont, during the last war, of a small lad whose father had engaged in smuggling, and had sent him, young as he was, with an important message in advance of the party.

"Going to draw a pension," was the reply.

"What does so small a boy as you draw a pension for?"

"Minding my own business, and letting that of others alone."

The landlord sloped.

Sunderland, England, used to be the headquarters for building timber ships; now most of the shipbuilders are engaged in constructing iron vessels, and great preparations are now making by them all for extending this business. There are 1,700 workmen engaged at present in building iron ships in this place.

A fellow that doesn't benefit the world by his life does it by his death.

A fellow that doesn't benefit the world by his life does it by his death.

BUSINESS CARDS.

PRESQUE ISLE ECHANGE, SUMNER WHITNEY, PROPRIETOR.

Main-Street, Presque Isle, Maine.

STEPHEN K. BRUNDAGE, Commission Merchant,

IMPORTER OF

Flour, Corn Meal, Pork, Tea, TOBACCO, &c., &c.

NO. 19, NORTH MARKET WHARF, SAINT JOHN, N. B.

DEMING & SONS, CALAIS, ME.

Offer for Sale Low for Cash

80 HDS Superior Molasses, Duty paid at St. Stephen,

10 bbls. Burning Fluid, Albertine Oil, with a large assortment of Lamp, Chimneys, Wicks, and Shades

A large assortment of

BOOTS; SHOES AND RUBBERS.

5 bales heavy Sheetings, 2 Cases Heavy Mixed Satinets, 50 yds. yard, India Rubber Machine Belting and packing, all widths, at Manufacturers prices.

A good assortment of Groceries at Wholesale.

Calais Mill & Flour & Meal in bbls & bags.

PHENIX Life Assurance Company.

FOR GENERAL LIFE ASSURANCE

Annuitants of Loss of Life at Sea.

CHIEF OFFICE, 1, Leadenhall Street, London

BRANCHES.—16, DALE STREET, Liverpool.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH, Manchester

THOMAS L. EVANS, Agent for New Brunswick;

JAMES R. MACSHANE, Esq., St. John; W. M. SMITHSON, Esq., Fredericton.

Medical Examiner for Woodstock, Dr. G. A. BROWN

Woodstock, January 1, 1860

JOHN C. WINSLOW, BARRISTER-AT-LAW.

In consequence of having taken charge of this Agency of the Central Bank Mr. Winslow will be found in the Bank from 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.

JOHN MOORE, IMPORTER AND DEALER IN Liquors, Groceries & Provisions OF ALL KINDS.

QUEEN STREET, FREDERICTON, N. B.

Opposite the Officer's Square.

George F. Campbell offers his services to the public as an **Auctioneer and Commission Agent.**

St. Andrews, Jan 12, 1860.

WHITTEKIR & PURINTON, NO. 86 PRINCE WILLIAM STREET, SAINT JOHN, N. B.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Clothiers and Drapers, IMPORTERS OF

Staple Dry Goods.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO CUSTOM WORK.

ROBERT M'AFEE, JR., IMPORTER AND DEALER In General Groceries, WINES, SPIRITS, &c., &c.,

No. 11 DOCK STREET, SAINT JOHN, N. B.

DENTAL OFFICE REMOVED!

TO CONVENIENT ROOMS AT

MRS. PALMERS,

NEXT ABOVE THE CARLTON HOUSE.

N. R. KIMBALL, DENTIST.

Woodstock, Dec. 7, 1860.

Slason & Rainsford Commission & Forwarding MERCHANTS,

IMPORTERS OF

Flour, Pork, Beef, Tea, Sugar, MOLASSES, FISH,

TOBACCO, LIQUORS, HARDWARE, &c.

MATON'S WHARF, ST. ANDREWS.

G. M. CAPEN, DEALER IN—

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS; HATS, CAPS, AND FUR GOODS; BUFFALO ROBES AND SHAWLS; CHEAP FOR CASH AT CAPEN'S.

Highest Cash Price paid for shipping Furs.

G. M. CAPEN.

Calais, Maine, Nov. 3.

SCOTCH WOOD ARTICLES.

Miller's Book Store.

ONE Case of Scotch Wood Articles most beautifully finished, and most suitable for Christmas, New Years, and birth day Presents

Amongst the Plaids of the different Clans will be found the Stuart Plaid, Rob Roy, Athol, McBeath McLeod, Prince Charles, McDonald, Caledonian McPhearsan, McGrigor, Garden, and Victoria Plaid; and amongst the articles will be found the following, viz:—

Ladies' Reticules, furnished and unfurnished

Ladies' Companions, neatly fitted up

Soiecers Cases neatly lined with Silk Velvet

Ink Stands, one and two Glass Bottles

Picture Brushes; Match Boxes;

Crochet Cases, Needle Cases;

Empty Boxes, (assorted sizes);

Knitting Needle Cases, &c.

S. R. MILLER, Proprietor

Fredricton, December 14, 1860.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL!

THOS. L. EVANS respectfully announces, that he has removed from his SHANTY, to those commodious premises in

WATER STREET,

erected by Mr. JAMES MCCOY, where he solicits the continuation of the former patronage of his friends, and invites attention to his new stock of

CHOICE LIQUORS,

which for quality and price cannot be surpassed by any House in the Trade.

—I HAVE—

PORT, SHERRY AND MADEIRA

of a very rare and superior quality. They are pure, wholesome, and every way suitable for either Dinner or Invalids. Five years old. The extensive and increasing demand for these WINES is a sure proof of their restorative quality, and the attention of really good judges of Wine is directed to the above. This is a most favorable opportunity a first Class WINE of rare quality and flavor, at a price usually asked for a very inferior quality.

Call and examine for yourselves.

This House has no connection with any person or persons, as I am sole proprietor.

THOMAS LOYD EVANS, Proprietor.

Woodstock, Dec. 11, 1860.

New Brunswick, Carleton, ss.

To the Sheriff of the County of Carleton or any Constable within the said County Greeting.

Copy.

Whereas David J. Bradbury, Administrator of the Estate of James Bradbury, late of Hildon, in the State of Maine, Millwright, deceased, hath filed his account of the administration of said Estate, and hath prayed that a citation may be granted, compelling upon the Creditors, Heirs, next of Kin, and all other persons interested in the said estate to attend the passing and allowance of the said account.

You are therefore required to cite the Creditors, Heirs, next of kin, and all other persons interested in the said estate, to appear before me at a Court of Probate to be held at my office in Woodstock within, and for the said County of Carleton, on Saturday the fifth day of January next, at two of the Clock in the afternoon, to attend the passing and allowance of said account. Given under my hand and the seal of the said Court this twentieth day of November, 1860.

K. SMEDLEY WETMORE, Register Pro. dates for said County.

L. P. FISHER, Surrogat &c. Carleton.

Just Received!

1 CASE OF LADIES FURS,

CONSISTING of Fitch Boas and Cuffs, Opposum ditto, in the latest styles. Also, one dozen superior

Mantle Shawls,

Together with a choice assortment of

Dry Goods and Groceries,

which will be sold on the most reasonable terms. CASH and the highest prices paid for SHIPPING FURS.

VANWART & STEPHENSON,

Woodstock, Nov. 23, 1860.

Pickles and Sauces.

LOGAN & LINDSAY would call the attention of purchasers of New Stock from the well known Warehouses of Messrs. Crose and Blackwell, and E. Lazenby, London. The following varieties are at present in stock.

PICKLES.

Mixed, White Onions, Girkins, Caulflowers, Pimento, Chow Chow, French Beans, French Capers, Red Cabbage, Walnuts,

SAUCES.

Worcestershire Sauce, Lobster's New, King of Oude, Mushroom Ketchup, Tomato, Walnut, Soy's Relish, Essence of Anchovies.

SUNDRIES.

East India Currie Powder, Essence of Lemon, Bitter Almonds, Orange;

For Wholesale or Retail, nov 1. 75 KING STREET.

HOP COATS! HOP COATS!

Hats & Caps, BOOTS & SHOES,

REMARKABLY CHEAP AT

SKILLENS.

John Edgar.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received a choice and well selected Stock, consisting partly of the following articles;

GROCERIES

Flour, Fish, Molasses, Sugar, Tea, Rice, Starch, Salt, Smoked Fish in boxes, Ginger, Bimento, Whole and Ground Pepper, Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Assorted Pickles, Harvey Sauce, India Curry Powder, Golden Syrup, Nuts, Raisins, Currants, Superior Java Coffee, Soda, Sugar and Butter Biscuit, Family and Medium Pilot Bread, Oyster Crackers, P. Y. Soap, Candles, Vinegar, Mustard, Mott's Cocoa, Fine Salt in 10 and 20 lb. Bags, Soda, Saleratus, Apples, Onions, &c., &c.

HARDWARE

Ham, Mortice & Store Locks, Mineral & Porcelain Knobs, Butt & T Hinges, Latches, File Screws, Minor's Shovels, Horse Raps, Mann Forks, Chisels, Nails & Putty, Wrought & Iron Nails, Rope, Cable, Hand saws, Balled & R Oil, &c., &c.

DRY GOODS

Coburgs, Orleans, Calceos, Denims, Gray and White Cottons, Flannels, Gingham, Genaburg, Crimean Shirts, Chemise Scarfs, Ticking, Gauntlets & Gloves, Stuffed Shirts, Over Socks, a few Ladies and Childrens' Boas and Cuffs. A good assortment of Gentlemen's Fur and Cloth Caps, Wool and Fur Hats, Over-Coats, Horse Blankets, Batting, &c., &c.

GROCERY

A large Stock in China, White Stone, and Common Ware, Stone Jugs, &c.

SUNDRIES.

Stationary, Trunks, Valises, Falls, Brooms, Albertine Oil, Burning Fluid, &c.

A few Half-bbls., Extra Quoddy River Herring & No. 1 Shad.

The above articles will be sold low for CASH or Country produce.

JOHN EDGAR,

Queen-street, Woodstock, Nov. 20, 1860.

NOTICE.

I do hereby give my son Robert Caldwell, full power and authority to collect all debts due me, by Book account or note of hand.

JOHN CALDWELL

Woodstock, Nov. 26, 1860

Seven Years!

The seven years of unrivalled success attending the "COSMOPOLITAN ART ASSOCIATION," have made it a household word throughout every quarter of the Country.

Under the auspices of this popular Institution, over three hundred thousand homes have learned to appreciate by careful works of art on their walls, and choice literature on their tables, the great benefits derived from becoming a subscriber.

Subscriptions are now being received in a ratio unparalleled with that of any previous year.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Any person can become a member by subscribing the dollar for which sum they will receive

1st.—The large and superb engraving, 30x38 inches entitled,

"Falstaff Mustering his Recruits,"

2d.—One copy, one year, of that elegantly illustrated magazine,

"THE COSMOPOLITAN ART JOURNAL,"

3d.—Four admissions, during the season, to "THE GALLERY OF PAINTINGS,"

548 Broadway, N. Y."

In addition to the above benefits, there will be given to subscribers, as gratuitous premiums, over

Five Hundred Beautiful Works of Art!

comprising valuable paintings, marbles, porcelains, cutlery, &c., forming a truly national benefit.

The Success Engraving which every subscriber will receive, entitled, "FALSTAFF MUSTERING HIS RECRUITS," is one of the most beautiful popular engravings ever issued in this country. It is done on steel, in one line and stipple and is printed on heavy plate paper, 30 by 38 inches, making a most choice ornament, suitable for either the library, parlor or office. Its subject is the celebrated scene of Sir John Falstaff receiving in Justice Shallow's office, the recruits which have been gathered for his "ragged regiment." It could not be furnished by the trade for less than five dollars.

The Art Journal is too well known to the whole country to need commendation. It is a magnificent illustrated magazine of Art, containing Essays, Stories, Poems, Gossip, &c., by the very best writers in America.

The Engraving is sent to any part of the country by mail, with safety, being packed in a cylinder, postage prepaid.

Subscriptions will be received up to the closing of the 31st of January, 1861, at which time the books will close and the premiums be given to subscribers.

No person is restricted to a single subscription.—Those remitting \$15. are entitled to five memberships and to one extra Engraving for their trouble.

Subscriptions from California, the Canadas, and all Foreign Countries, must be \$25 instead of \$15. in order to defray extra postage, &c.

For further particulars, send for a copy of the elegantly illustrated Art Journal, pronounced the best magazine in America. It contains Catalogue of Premiums, and numerous superb engravings. Regular price, 50 cents per number. Specimen copies, however, will be sent to those wishing to subscribe, on receipt of 10 cents in stamps or coin.

Address

C. L. DERBY, Actuary C. A. A.,

546 Broadway, New York.

N. B.—Subscriptions received and forwarded by J. H. EDWARDS, Agent for Woodstock, and vicinity, who will accept engraving and Art Journal on the same.

Light Binding

To Subscribers.

The very large number of our subscribers who are in arrears two years and upwards, are informed that preparations are being made to place their accounts in the hands of a justice.

The Woodstock Journal.

Thursday, Feb. 7, 1861.

THE IRREPRESSIBLE CONFLICT.

Where and how will it end? is a question which many are asking of the secession movement in the South. It is a question which no one can answer. Nevertheless some suggestions as to the probable results may be hazarded.

The Federal government has to deal only with the practical features of secession. South Carolina ordaining herself out of the Union is a matter of comparatively little importance, so long as South Carolina pays its taxes into the Federal Treasury, respects Federal property, and does not interfere with the general laws and regulations of the central Government.

To that length all the seceding states have already gone. In every one of them, we believe have military posts of the United States been seized. At Charleston the collector of customs duties has given a practical adhesion to the new government by turning the proceeds of his office into its treasury.

Government, even though itself remaining in the Union. Thus the difficulty will be still more increased and the matter be doubly entangled. Were the line between the rebelled states and the loyal states sharply defined the administration could at once decide as to what course it would be safe and advantageous to adopt.

The chances of a compromise of the differences between North and South seem small. As has been well observed, on the part of the North there can be no compromise, for they make no claims to compromise. They make no demands on the South; they ask for no amendment of the Constitution, no new legislation, no guarantees.

It is not certain that even these concessions would bring back all the seceding states. But is there any probability that these concessions, or any considerable part of them will be made? We do not think so.

And thus, at the close of our remarks, we have come back to the precise point from which we set out—the question, When and how will it end?

NEW PUBLICATIONS.—From S. R. Miller, Fredericton, we have the February number of Harper. The interesting and capitally illustrated series of papers. A peep at Washoe is brought to a conclusion. The other contents are of the same character as usual.

THE WEEK.

The weather for the last two or three weeks has been a succession of snow storms and snow showers. For a week or two we had a fall of snow almost every day. On Wednesday night of last week, however, the climax was arrived at, and we were favoured with such a snow storm as is rarely seen.

Hon. Messrs. Brown and Steves arrived here on Wednesday, by stage, for the purpose of visiting Tobique. They made an attempt to get forward on Thursday morning, but did not go more than a few miles. On Friday they returned to Fredericton.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL'S ELECTION BILL.

(Continued.)

Sir.—Not doubting but that you have seen some of Louis Kossuth's speeches and addresses to the numerous assemblies in Europe and America, in one of which he says—"I am glad to install a historical fact as a principal demonstration of that influence which institutions exercise upon the character of nations. We Hungarians are very fond of the Municipal self government."

The man out of whom Russian diplomacy succeeded in making the murder of his nation's confidence—never had it, but was regarded with distrust. At the head of the army, circumstances placed him in the capacity to ruin his country. But he never had the people's confidence. So even he is no contradiction to the historical truth that no Hungarian whom his nation honours, with its confidence was ever seduced by ambition to become dangerous to his country's liberty.

This appears to have been Kossuth's view after Italy had failed in her struggles for liberty, but now nearly accomplished.

POST OFFICE.—A HINT.—A correspondent writing to us from Quebec under date of January 15, communicates a piece of information relative to "half-stamps," which may be useful to the public.

United States.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30. Corn firm; wheat quiet; pork dull; beef unchanged. Freight for grain to England, in bags twelve pence.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30. The President replied to Senator Mallory, of Florida to-day, that the frigate "Brooklyn" had gone to the relief of Fort Pickens, at Pensacola. Intense anxiety prevails to hear from Pensacola, a collision being apprehended.

HAVANA, Jan. 25. Sugar dull and declining; molasses the same; freights better; potatoes and cabbage scarce.

BOSTON, Jan. 31. United States Troops are concentrating at Washington and the Forts are being reinforced. Most of the States, including Massachusetts, will send Commissioners to the National Convention at Washington on the 4th of February.

The Pacific Railroad Bill has passed the Senate—37 against 14. The Bill for the better collection of the revenue of the seceding States is before the House. Superfine State Flour \$5 25 a \$5 30. Extra State Flour \$5 30 a \$5 40. Money easy. Sterling exchange 104 a 107.

NEW YORK, February 2d. The Royal Mail Steamer "Arabia" of the Cunard Line arrived last night with advices from Liverpool to the 19th of January, and Queenstown to the 20th.

The "Arabia" brings one million of dollars in specie. Consols 91 1/4. The state of affairs in the United States was prejudicial to stocks.

Cotton was active and in great demand. Breadstuffs quiet, but steady. Provisions dull.

It is stated that the Bourbon troops had defeated the Italian forces, and had compelled them to retire from the Province.

The King of Prussia had compelled his Generals thus: "If we do not succeed in turning aside the storm now rising we shall need all our forces to defend ourselves."

This address has caused great sensation in Paris, where the real question is considered to be, the extension of the boundaries of France to the Rhine.

Freights from New York to Liverpool are drooping, wheat and corn are declining in prices.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 1st. The United States Mint and Custom House, were quietly taken possession of yesterday, by authority of the Independent Republic of Louisiana. The Officers of Customs transferred their allegiance to Louisiana, and took the Oaths of Office under the secession ordinance.

BOSTON, Feb. 2d. In response to the invitation of Virginia, a meeting will be held here on Monday to appoint Commissioners to meet Commissioners from the other States, in Convention, at Washington, on the 4th of February, with the view of adjusting existing difficulties.

NEW YORK 2d February.—Arabia arrived last night. She brings £226,000 stg. in specie. Weather in England more mild. Lord Elphinstone is dead. News unimportant. Markets are without quotable change. Consols 91 1/4. Boston Feb. 2d.—Stocks lower and unsettled. Extra State Flour \$5.30c.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31st. It is stated that a serious disagreement has arisen between General Scott and the President, growing out of the movements of Fort Munroe. The President professes to be much annoyed and mortified at the turning of the guns of that fortress inland.

A messenger has arrived from South Carolina, with despatches for Colonel Hayne, the accredited agent of that state at Washington. He brings the resolutions of the Legislature of South Carolina, demanding the surrender of Fort Sumpter. If the President refuses the demand, an attack will follow immediately.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1st. The recent message of Mayor Wood to Senator Toombs, of Georgia has been presented by the Grand Jury as a seditious document.

It is positively asserted at Washington, that instructions have been sent to the Florida forces to attack Fort Pickens, in order to precipitate Virginia into secession. Arioate Telegrams from Washington say, a fight will take place within thirty hours.

A Washington correspondent writes, that the President says he has no doubt Fort Sumpter will be attacked within a week. When the President was asked, why it was not re-inforced he replied, that the war steamers would be unable to reach Charleston harbour, on account of the sunken vessels in the ship channel over the bar.

Cotton freights to Liverpool from Mobile, one penny. Grain from New York in bags, 11 1/2.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1st. Official replies to Foreign Ministers assert the right of the United States Government to collect revenue at all ports. The exactation of penalties that may be incurred by British subjects under the state of circumstances now existing, will not be

considered until the Orders have been subject to military

Much feeling has been manifested in the extrajudicial orders by the Queens Guard, which will be resisted by the Anderson court.

EXCITEMENT IN THE PROVINCES.—The Brooklyn scene of unusual order from common force under arms, arms with loaded houses at the gate, North Carolina, the and shot. In the Navy Yard, seven shortly after dark, the force were observing it became known upon the Na with the intention these favouring tions of the 13th, 300 men, responded the request of it until a late hour. The force at the arms until all passed.

To-day a full North Carolina, a sition to sweep ex Strict military ord precautionary measure surprise.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30. correspondent says disagreement between the President, Gen. Fort Munroe.

much annoyed and of the Fort, in the Inferior Court the Special Comm of a secret organ Capitol, but asser panies attempting attend the Inauguration stopped. The co the messenger for resolutions of the surrender of Fort sent the demand an attack will fol Mr. Chase, of C The President ha Greenwood as S Senate. He wou the mass delega urging the sending convention from th Herald indic

The Command Government that defy any attack.

MR. LINCOLN'S TON.—Springfield positively settled Washington on to go hence via Laf will receive the legislature; then way of Cincinnati, and Albany make for Harris and the Federal C Philadelphia Arrangements through are mak accepted. The made inside of will start a fe departure, under th as to reach W him.

Place seekers by abstaining he epistolary applic elect desires the remainder of his st

THE PROTECT ionton. Monday, tion and delay, for the protection sure it against a racy within or i party of light art inorrow from Fo stituted there by company, and th at different part ganization so p ted, within a s prators and th the presence o mainly because well understood tion of disunion, of this capital a programme. T raised its disun conspiracy with

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considered until the question arises practically.

TORONTO, Jan. 31st. Much feeling has been excited with regard to

EXCITEMENT IN THE BROOKLYN NAVY YARD. —The Brooklyn Navy Yard last evening was the

THE FORCE AT THE NAVY YARD was kept under arms until all apprehensions of an attack had

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—The Times Washington

NO MORE ARMS TO BE SENT SOUTH.—The Managers of the Hudson River Railroad have

ADDITIONAL RESIGNATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY.—Among the recent resignations

GENERAL SCOTT THINKS THAT FORT SUMTER, near Charleston, is the strongest fort in the world.

VICTOR EMMANUEL ON LIBERTY OF CONSCIENCE

MR. LINCOLN'S DEPARTURE FOR WASHINGTON.—Springfield, Jan. 27th, 1861.—It is now

ARRANGEMENTS FOR SPECIAL TRAINS all the way

PLACE SEEKERS will consult their own interests

THE PROTECTION OF THE CAPITAL.—Washington, Monday, Jan. 23, 1861.—After much hesi-

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TRAMPLING ON THE AMERICAN FLAG.—At the Richmond (Va.) Theater, not long since, an

"At once there rose so wild a yell. As all the fiends from Heaven that fell

Every disgraceful insult that can be heaped upon our country's flag in the Southern theaters

The most magnificent swindle ever perpetrated under our Government is that just brought

MAJ. ANDERSON'S SUPPLIES.—Before Maj. Anderson transferred his command from Fort

GENERAL SCOTT THINKS THAT FORT SUMTER, near Charleston, is the strongest fort in the world.

ADDITIONAL RESIGNATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY.—Among the recent resignations

GENERAL SCOTT THINKS THAT FORT SUMTER, near Charleston, is the strongest fort in the world.

VICTOR EMMANUEL ON LIBERTY OF CONSCIENCE

MR. LINCOLN'S DEPARTURE FOR WASHINGTON.—Springfield, Jan. 27th, 1861.—It is now

ARRANGEMENTS FOR SPECIAL TRAINS all the way

PLACE SEEKERS will consult their own interests

THE PROTECTION OF THE CAPITAL.—Washington, Monday, Jan. 23, 1861.—After much hesi-

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FARNWORTH AND JARDINE'S-TIMBER CIRCULAR.

The late severe weather has had a material effect upon consumption, which is very considerably less than would have been the case with an

PINE TIMBER.—The import from Canada is closed; our Table shows the excess in

ST. JOHN PINE.—No further supply since our last, nor is there any required, the stock being

HARDWOOD IS IN GOOD DEMAND at former prices.

SPRUCE AND PINE DEALS.—The severe weather for several weeks past has had a prejudicial effect

QUEBEC DEALS.—Pine are much in request, and command full rates; but Spruce are not

LATER FROM ENGLAND.

BOSTON, Jan. 30. The Canadian Screw Steamer Bohemia arrived

THE COTTON MARKET was excited, and Cotton had advanced one farthing per pound.

THE TIMES DEPRECATES SECESSION, but does not seem to forget that Cotton is King!

ARRIVAL OF UNITED STATES. ST. JOHN'S N. F., Feb. 1, 1861.

THE PARIS CORRESPONDENT of the Morning Post expresses the belief that the fire at Gaeta will

THE NEW MINISTRY at Naples possess the confidence of the people.

THE TRIALS at Beyrout are concluded, the Drase prisoners were sentenced to death, the Turkish to

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET active—great demand; sales reached 20,000 bales.

CORN MARKET well attended; Wheat only in retail demand. Rather more enquiry for Flour.

LONDON CORN MARKET.—Arrivals of foreign Wheat and Flour to a fair extent. The market

MANCHESTER.—Little or no enquiry for Goods or Yarns.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.—The news from America exercised a prejudicial influence on

Special Notices.

TIME the true Test.—EXPERIENCE the best Guide. An Old Standard Remedy. For COUGHS, COLDS and CONSUMPTION, and all

Extract from Letters received from Physicians. "I with confidence recommend it as superior to any other preparation for the above complaints."

Four of Travelling Agency. Notice is hereby given that Mr. Finley has been appointed General Agent for procuring sub-

S. M. PETTINGILL, & Co. No. 65 St. Boston, & No. 119 Nassau St. New York, are agents

DIED. In Houlton, Jan. 14th, Samuel Cook, Esq., aged 85 years.

New Advertisements. Furniture.

FURNITURE TRADE. and would now respectfully invite the inhabitants of Woodstock and surrounding county

BEADSTEDS, CHAIRS, Rich Chamber Setts, not to be surpassed by any in the province

Splendid locking glasses in mahogany, walnut, gilt inlaid, gilt, oval and square frames.

TABLES. Tilted Tables, spinning wheels, Just received from the Factory.

Assessor's Notice. ALL persons liable to be assessed in the Parish of Woodstock are hereby notified to render a valuation

Executor's Notice. ALL persons having any legal demands against the estate of the late Robert Gurney, Wakefield, Car-

S. P. OSGOOD, MARBLE WORKS, SOUTH SIDE KING'S SQUARE, St. John, N. B.

FOR SALE, quantity of Pine Clap Boards. By R. B. DAVIS.

