

St. Peters Bote,
 the oldest Catholic newspaper in Saskatchewan, is published every Wednesday at Muenster, Sask. It is an excellent advertising medium.

SUBSCRIPTION:
 \$2.00 per year, payable in advance. Single numbers 5 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES:
 Transient advertising 50 cents per inch for first insertion, 25 cents per inch for subsequent insertions. Reading notices 10 cents per line. Display advertising \$1.00 per inch for 4 insertions, \$10.00 per inch for one year. Discount on large contracts. Legal Notices 12 cts. per line nonpareil 1st insertion, 8 cts. later ones.

No advertisement admitted at any price, which the publishers consider unsuited to a Catholic family paper.

Address all communications to
ST. PETERS BOTE,
 Muenster, Sask., Canada.

St. Peters Bote.

Ein Familienblatt zur Erbauung und Belehrung.

The oldest Catholic newspaper of Saskatchewan, recommended by Rt. Rev. Bishop Pascal of Prince Albert and † Most Rev. Archbishop Langevin of St. Boniface, and published by the Benedictine Fathers of St. Peter's Abbey at Muenster, Saskatchewan, Canada.

VOLUME 16 No. 4 MUESTER, SASK., WEDNESDAY MARCH 12, 1919. WHOLE No. 784

St. Peters Bote
 is published every Wednesday.

Contributions, Advertisements or changes in advertisements should reach us not later than the preceding Saturday in order to be inserted in the next following issue.

Notices of change of address should contain not only the new address, but also the old one.

SUBSCRIPTION:
 \$2.00 per year, payable in advance. Single numbers 5 cents.

Remittances should be made only by Registered Letter, Postal Note or by Money Order, payable at Muenster, Sask.

Address all communications:
ST. PETERS BOTE,
 Muenster, Sask., Canada.

In The Wake Of The War

LONDON, March 3.—Delay in effecting a preliminary peace with Germany may mean the allies will have no stable government to deal with in that country, Winston Churchill, secretary for war, declared in the house of commons this afternoon.

LONDON, March 3.—Reuter is informed by the Czecho-Slovak Legation here that Prague and the entire Czecho-Slovak republic is on the verge of famine. In one hospital in Prague, 16 patients out of 300 died of inanition.

COPENHAGEN, March 4.—Marshal Foch has demanded the immediate delivery of the German mercantile fleet without regard to the question of food supply, according to a dispatch from Weimar.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Failure of the army bill to pass congress means retention of a great many soldiers much longer than had been planned, secretary of war Baker announced today.

VIENNA, March 5.—The national constituent assembly opened yesterday. All the deputies expressed general approval of the projected union with Germany.

BERLIN, March 5.—The airplane mail between Berlin and Weimar has been intercepted at Leipzig. The pouches contained all governmental communications. Plundering continues at Halle, despite the entry of government troops and the business centre has been completely looted. The mob is also resorting to incendiarism.

NEW YORK, March 5.—President Wilson left here for Europe this morning.

PARIS, March 5.—The British Premier Lloyd George, accompanied by the Duke of Connaught, arrived here this evening. His arrival is the prelude to the discussion of the main questions of the peace treaty by the council of the great powers, which will begin tomorrow.

BERLIN, March 6.—Considerable artillery fighting has taken place here in the vicinity of police headquarters, which is held by the government forces, since darkness.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—Italy has been warned by the United States government that unless she puts an end to delays in movement of relief supplies to the newly-established Jugo-Slavic and Czecho-Slavic states, steps would be taken to cut off the flow of American foodstuffs to Italy.

LONDON, March 7.—The negotiations at Spa relating to the shipping question, have been temporarily broken off, according to a German wireless message received here today. The allies, the message says, demanded that all the remaining German merchant ships be handed over unconditionally without being willing to undertake the obligation of supplying Germany with foodstuffs.

LONDON, March 7.—German troops on the Baltic coast have

severely defeated the Bolsheviki and have recaptured Riga.

LONDON, March 7.—The food situation in Petrograd is extremely bad. Food has reached prices which are beyond the reach of the people. Cats sell readily at \$3 each. Throughout Bolsheviki Russia the population is dying by thousands from starvation. The undertakers cannot cope with conditions, as there is not enough wood for coffins.

LONDON, March 7.—From 8 to 27 persons are estimated to have been killed and from 25 to 73 wounded, in rioting during the past three days, at the Kimmel military camp at Rhyl, Wales, according to a Liverpool dispatch received here. Great property damage was caused. The riot was started by about 200 malcontents who were war casualties and had served for three years or more in France. There were 25,000 Canadians in the camp awaiting demobilisation and embarkation.

VIENNA, March 7.—The national constituent assembly has elected Karl Seitz, leader of the German Social Democrats in Austria, president and Herr Hauser, Social Democrat, vice president.

VIENNA, March 7.—A popular manifestation on the part of Germans in Kaaden, northeast of Karlsbad, Bohemia, for the right of self-determination, led to a conflict with Czech military forces yesterday, and 17 persons are reported to have been killed and 110 wounded. In another collision, two civilians were shot.

BASEL, March 8.—German government troops have suppressed the armed revolt at Berlin, according to a dispatch from that city, and are now assigned to the task of protecting workmen who want to return to their labors.

PARIS, March 8.—The supreme council, when it met today, expected to settle the difficulty over the German merchant ships by arranging for the food supplies asked for by Germany. Payment may be taken by charging a sum for the use of the German ships and also by German gold. The French, however, hesitate to permit this diversion of funds, which they hold is part of the reparation.

BUDAPESTH, March 8.—The Hungarian government has abolished the old army organization. A volunteer army of six divisions has been formed.

PARIS, March 9.—The peace commission on Belgium's claim, it is reported, has agreed in principle to the Belgian demand for the town of Malmédy and the surrounding district.

LONDON, March 9.—One thousand persons were killed or wounded in the fighting in Berlin last week, according to an estimate of the casualties made by the Wolf Bureau.

LONDON, March 9.—A riot in the Strand this afternoon, in which soldiers and sailors and some Australians were engaged, resulted in three or four Americans being injured in a police baton charge. Seven of the Americans were arrested.

COPENHAGEN, March 10.—Four more Russian Grand Dukes have been executed at Petrograd by the Bolsheviki during the past fortnight on the charge of being involved in a monarchist plot.

Canadian News

Saskatchewan

REGINA.—Col. J. A. Cross, of this city, has received instructions from Ottawa to reorganize the four city militia regiments in Saskatchewan, the 95th Saskatchewan Rifles in Regina, the 60th Rifles in Moose Jaw, the 105th regiment in Saskatoon and the 52nd Prince Albert Volunteers.

—The women's section of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers have placed themselves on record as being in favor of keeping children in school until they have reached the sixth grade, irrespective of the age of the child. They claim that many children are now in the lowest grades at 14 years of age, when they are released from attendance at school.

—A recent issue of the Saskatchewan Gazette gives the names of over 1,500 notaries public who have lately been commissioned in Saskatchewan. Five dollars is the charge the government makes for conferring this privilege, so that from this little branch of its business alone its coffers are enriched to the extent of over \$7,500.

—The German language will not be used," said J. B. Musselman, secretary of the Sask. G. G., when interviewed in regard to what action the head office will take on the unanimous decision of the recent convention that the educational literature of the association should be published in other languages as well as English.

—In January there were in Regina 85 births (91 in Jan. 1918), 47 marriages (52 a year ago) and 101 deaths (in comparison with 30), the big increase in the latter being the results of the influenza.

—John Cameron, of Saskatoon, was appointed secretary of the Great War Veterans' association. He succeeds G. C. MacNeill, recently appointed national secretary.

—With the view of finding a profitable home market for the surplus of farm horses which exists in certain sections of the province, the Department of Agriculture is planning to hold a series of co-operative horse sales. These sales will be arranged so that prospective buyers may attend several sales in turn during the latter part of March.

—Premier Martin on his return from the East said he did not think the government would meet the wishes of the Western farmers. "If it should happen that a price is fixed for wheat," said Mr. Martin, "which I do not expect, it will not be nearly the price which the American farmers have been already guaranteed by the U. S. government for the 1919 crop."

—At the annual convention of the

Sask. Assoc. of Rural Municipalities the delegates showed themselves opposed to "Daylight Saving" with only one dissenting voice. It was argued that daylight saving shortened the number of hours a farmer could work the land and seriously inconvenienced him in transacting business in town. Mr. Langley, minister of municipal affairs, dealt during his address with the recent amendments to the municipality act; he explained his attitude in support of a fixed price for wheat for this year, and made a strong plea for British fair play for citizens of foreign birth, who demonstrated they were good citizens.

SASKATOON.—Fuel dealers complain that earloads of coal from the Drumheller mines are usually two tons short when weighed at Saskatoon.

—The scale of the carpenters for 1919, as decided on by a meeting last week, is to be a 44 hour week at 85 cents a hour.

—After a hearing lasting three days the Hunter vs. City of Saskatoon case for \$20,000 damages was dismissed.

—A team of seven students from the Saskatoon College of Agriculture took part in the judging contests at the Brandon Winter Fair and won the first place.

PRINCE ALBERT.—Before the Orange Grand Lodge of Saskatchewan the Grand Master, W. J. Morrison, appealed for the support of all Orangemen and Protestants in the movement to secure the abolition of separate schools and the wiping out of the compromise extended to the French language by the government of Saskatchewan. (A beautiful example of fair play and tolerance.)

BROMHEAD.—In a small farmhouse west of here there are 12 persons out of 13 down with diphtheria. One child has died. Difficulty was experienced in securing anti-toxin from Regina, and a supply was finally secured after driving 60 miles to Ambrose, North Dakota.

INDIAN HEAD.—A record price for a team of geldings was procured at an auction sale at the experimental farm. The team was purchased about a year ago for \$600 and obtained now \$1,200.

VEREGIN.—John Negridge, a farmer of this district, was committed to stand trial by a justice of peace on a charge of sedition. He has been admitted to a \$500 bail. It is alleged that he stated when a request was being made for funds for the returned soldiers that the funds would be used by the soldiers to purchase shells and guns "to shoot us as they did in Winnipeg."

CHURCHBRIDGE.—At a meeting of the officials of the municipality the following resolution was passed: Whereas certain municipalities are putting up sign boards for the convenience of travellers, that all municipalities in the province be asked to make provision for the same, in an effort for a province-wide movement.

CARIETALE.—To combat the

high cost of dying, farmers here have formed a company to manufacture caskets and coffins at a low price.

YORKTON.—The associate gold medal for the British colonies has been awarded by the London College of Music to W. H. Ford, of this place. Mr. Ford's medal is the only one to come to Canada.

AYLESBURY.—Geo. Kounkel, a prosperous young farmer with three automobiles and one of the finest farm homes in the province, is the first man in Saskatchewan to purchase an airplane, having placed his order for a \$5,000 two seater craft.

Alberta

EDMONTON.—The total revenue for the last fiscal year, capital and income, was 11,028,890.23, and the total expenditure 10,676,641.72. The public debt at the close of the year 1918 amounted to \$31,500,200. The sinking funds totalled \$754,050.53, leaving a total of \$30,746,149.47.

—Technical education in Alberta has cost the province to date \$151,360. There are 290 students attending the two normal schools.

—The wild land tax collected last year amounted to \$429,688 and the increment tax was 102,684. Under the Supplementary Revenue act, \$613,269.47 was paid to the government and \$997,328.94 is still owing. Of this fund the Patriotic fund was paid \$800,000, and 55,808.98 was granted for other patriotic purposes.

—During 1918 Alberta produced about 40% of all the coal mined in Canada, while in 1911 she produced only 14% of the total output. Seventy new mines were opened during the year, nine were reopened, and 71 were abandoned. To operate these mines there were employed on an average 2,633 persons above ground and 6,141 below ground.

CALGARY.—Gen. Superintendent Cameron of the C.P.R. stated that it was possible a line would be constructed from Stettler to Vegreville, and two others, one to the east of Lethbridge, and another from Lomond to Blackie.

Manitoba

WINNIPEG.—Mr. Heintz E. L. Schmitz died Saturday last of influenza. He was 29 years of age and married only three weeks ago.

—The deaf and dumb boy Jacob Hess, a son of Mr. Aloys Hess in Quinton, Sask., died suddenly after a fall from the stairs in the Deaf and Dumb Institute. His skull was fractured.

MANITOU.—Foley Bros. have disposed of their one-year-old shorthorn bull to D. McLaren for the sum of \$200.

RESTON.—The Reston Recorder states that eleven coffins that were sent to the Thunder Creek district during the prevalence of the "flu" cost \$1300 without extras.

British Columbia

VANCOUVER.—The threatened strike of gravediggers here was averted by their demand for a

Saturday half-holiday being granted.

—Five hundred shipyard workers went out on strike last Wednesday because the employers refuse to put the latest MacDonald award in effect.

PRINCE RUPERT.—This is the mildest winter in 27 years, according to James Adams, of Port Essington, on the Skeena river. He has lived here for that length of time and kept a record of each winter. There has been practically no frost at all.

—The Eskimo living at the mouth of the Mackenzie river have a large power boat built at Edmonton. The boat is 40 ft. long and will cost \$2700. A number of small schooners were built for these Eskimos in previous years.

Ontario

OTTAWA.—Representations have been made by many of the soldiers who are still overseas, that specially available crown lands be held in reserve until the army is completely demobilized and they have an opportunity of making claims.

—It is announced by the post office department that letters and post cards of personal and domestic character can now be accepted for transmission to Odessa, Sebastopol, and the Caucasus. Correspondence, but no parcels, can also be accepted for Siberia generally.

—Major E. D. Sutherland, for many years assistant auditor-general, has been appointed to succeed the late John Fraser, auditor-general of Canada, who died in Florida recently.

—The International Institute of Agriculture gives the following official crop statements: The total production of wheat in Argentina, Australia and South Africa is 273,707,000 bush., compared with 342,825,000 in 1917-18, and a five years' average of 258,365,000.

TORONTO.—Sir Joseph Flavelle, chairman of the Imperial Munitions Board, issued a statement denying every charge made against him by Sir Sam Hughes, adding that he has received no benefit from business arising out of the war of any character, "other than the benefit which accrued to him as a shareholder of the William Davies Co. and the Robert Simpson Co."

GUELPH.—The heaviest fine ever imposed in the local police court for a violation of the military service law was handed out by Magistrate Watt, when he fined Lewis Knechewsky, of St. Jacob's, \$200 and costs, or three months in jail. The accused was found guilty of having destroyed a registered letter from the government, notifying his brother to appear for medical examination.

HAMILTON.—Fifteen well-meaning Italians of this city in a laudable endeavor to promote law and order, sat upon two policemen in plain clothes while the policemen were standing over a man with a can of alcohol. The Italians thought it was a hold-up and dis-

(Continued on page 8.)

THE LITTLE OLD SECRETARY

(CONTINUED.)

"Yes," replied her companion, "you must hear the end now, and the sooner the better. Macdonald"—he laid a strange emphasis on the name—"was taken back to his quarters, and the Catholic priest came and spent those awful hours of the night alone with him. At dawn they led him out to die; led him to the spot beside the yawning grave already prepared to receive his corpse. The whole regiment was drawn up in open square to witness his execution, while opposite the doomed man a line of a dozen men, taken from his own company, stood with carbines in their hands, awaiting only the word of command to pour a volley of bullets into his breast. As he raised his eyes and saw their well-known faces, he gave them gravely and calmly a military salute. It was the completion of his acts of Christian forgiveness. The unhappy Cochrane, who was compelled to be present, sat on horseback with averted eyes and head sunk on his chest. The moment had now arrived. The guards who had led him to the ground and the priest, who up to this time had been whispering to him holy words of prayer, withdrew; while the sergeant who had charge of the execution approached him to bandage his eyes. Poor Macdonald raised his hand in deprecation. "May I not be spared this indignity?" he pleaded, gently; "I am no coward." He submitted quietly, however, making no resistance, though his pale, calm face crimsoned as the sergeant, while performing the act, spoke a few words to him in a tone of voice too low for any one but himself to hear.

The signal was given—the men fired—and Macdonald fell. The sergeant and one private laid him in the grave prepared for him, and covered him with his military cloak. A moment afterwards the bugles sounded the signal of preparation for an immediate advance; the regiment was marched back to its quarters in the camp, and all was bustle and excitement. None were left by the solitary grave but the sergeant and the soldier he had selected to assist him in the interment.

"This was all that transpired," said Mr. Everard, looking up at Kathleen, who was sitting with her face buried in her hands, "but I know," he continued with a great certainty in his voice, "I know by that most trusty of witnesses, the lips of a dying man, that Macdonald was not killed, but that friendly hands drew him from that grave and secured his escape.

Kathleen raised her head. "A low, shuddering 'Oh!' burst from her pale lips; it was an exclamation of something like relief. "How could he possibly have escaped death?" she asked, breathlessly.

"I do not know," replied Mr. Everard. "I did not wish to seek or know more than my dying informant thought fit to tell me. And it must never be known," he continued very emphatically, "so as to be brought against those warm-hearted fellows who risked so much to save their officer. It is a thing which has probably never happened before, nor will ever happen again in the British army. I do not suppose that such a thing could have been even attempted, but from the circumstance that the detachment was under immediate orders to march; under cover of the excitement and hurry it was just possible, and it succeeded. How the sergeant managed it, however, I cannot tell. I have heard he was of the same nationality as the unhappy youth; and I

suppose his old heart had been touched to the quick by the noble manner in which the young fellow had met his doom. No doubt he picked his men, amongst whom Macdonald was enthusiastically beloved, while I fear my nephew was as heartily disliked. That Cochrane was much too heart-stricken to be likely to make any investigation could be seen by any one; while I suppose it was no secret in the regiment that the General would have given his eyes to save so promising a young officer, if he could have done it without sacrificing military discipline. Anyhow they risked it. Whether all the men employed were in the secret, I cannot tell; probably they were not. Of course the carbines aimed at the prisoner must have had the bullet withdrawn—by whose hand we do not know; while some must have retained their bullets, in order that the sound of mere powder-firing might not betray them; and these must have been directed wide of the mark. It was a terrible risk—risking more than disgrace. Lyttelton is a stern disciplinarian. If he had been compelled to know the fact, I believe he would have had those men shot too. But the secret was well kept. Even my unhappy nephew was left to his agonies of remorse. I suppose, as an earthquake will sometimes completely change the face of nature, so a grief that shakes the heart to its very centre will often entirely change the character of the man who goes through it. It is so with my nephew. He had asked and obtained permission to visit the prisoner after he had received his sentence. What passed between them during that interview no one knew. But whatever Macdonald's parting words may have been they had a powerful effect upon Cochrane. He is noted now as the most considerate and kind-hearted of officers, and his men worship him.

"You will wonder why I have told you this secret history," continued Mr. Everard, looking at Kathleen with a grave smile; "the reason is that I have come to a point in which I want help, and I think your mother will be able, as I hope she will be willing, to render me that help. My nephew had unusual success in the campaign in Persia that followed soon after. He received the Victoria Cross, together with great praise for his brilliant services in leading a daring attack on the enemy which turned out successful, and a large share of prize money was awarded him. Now I have just received a letter from him asking me to spare no pains in hunting out the family of his brother-in-arms that he may send his prize money to them, as a tribute of respect to their son from a brother officer. It is in this search I want your mother's help, Kathleen."

Kathleen's tears found free vent now. She wept long and bitterly, but quite quietly. For some time Mr. Everard left her undisturbed, but when she began to grow calmer he turned to her and took both her hands in his own.

"My dear child," he said, very tenderly, "I am an old man and have known much trouble. Trust me with the whole history about your brother, and what it is that has roused in your mind the painful idea that now possesses it. I promise you that I will spare no pains to get at the truth, and at any rate to put you out of all suspense."

"Oh! I thank you," said Kathleen, eagerly. "Indeed, I should like to tell you. My parents would like it now, I am quite sure."

She clasped her hands together tightly, and looked up sadly into Mr. Everard's kind face.

"My poor brother! I must

tell you of his faults, for he committed many; yet, believe me, he had not a bad heart. He was always, as a boy, good and affectionate and dutiful to his parents, and so he continued when he first got his cadetship. His regiment was in Ireland then, not far from us, and we used to see him occasionally. How proud he was of his profession, and how happy; and how proud, dear mother and father were of him! But before long his regiment went to England, and unfortunately it was quartered for a long time near a large town. Then little by little a change seemed to come over him. His letters became more and more scarce, till at last he almost ceased to write at all, and he did not appear to care in the least about all our troubles at home.

"We had not heard from him for more than three months, when suddenly a letter came, telling us his regiment was ordered abroad, that he was coming to bid us good-bye, and would be at Glenmore that evening. It was just after that struggle with the famine that I told you of, when my father had been obliged to excuse many of his tenants from paying their rents, and had stripped himself of all his ready-money resources to keep his poor from dying of starvation. Well, my poor brother came; I feel sure he was very unhappy at heart, but he was proud and could not bear to confess how wrongly he had acted. Putting on outwardly a kind of reckless manner, he announced without any apparent contrition that, 'he was over head and ears in debt,' adding it was no fault of his, as of course he was obliged to live as his fellow-officers lived, while the allowance his father made him was so extremely small, it had been quite impossible to keep out of debt; and as he could not leave for India without settling with his creditors, no doubt his father would supply him with the necessary money."

"My poor father naturally fell hurt at the imputation of niggardliness implied in his speech. But he spoke gently to my brother, explaining to him that it was only with the greatest difficulty he had made him the allowance he had received. He reminded him of the warning he had given him when he entered the army, that his allowance was the utmost he would have the power of doing for him, and he referred to the calamities through which we had been passing, as having rendered him peculiarly unable at the present moment to meet his son's demand. Then Ewan broke out with a disrespectful speech, accusing his father of caring for strangers more than for his own son, and of wasting his substance foolishly on the poor, while he left his own flesh and blood to want. This taunt stung my father to the quick, and he spoke some very stern cutting words to Ewan about his disappointment in him; and told him that he should have no pleasure in owning him for a son, so long as the generous, unselfish spirit of his race was dead within his breast. At these words Ewan's fiery spirit blazed up, and exclaiming passionately that his father should never again be troubled by the sight of him, he rushed out of the house without bidding his mother or me good-bye, and sailed to India without a word of apology or farewell. The only news we have heard about him since we received from a private soldier who came back to Ireland invalided, and who had belonged to the Thirty-first, my brother's regiment. He told us that for some reason the destination of the Thirty-first had been altered and it remained at home, and that my brother had got leave to change into another regi-

ment that was on the point of sailing to India; but the soldier could not tell us the number of the regiment.

"This was the blow that crushed my father. It fell on the tenderest part of his heart and nearly broke it. Poor father, he blamed himself for having spoken harshly to Ewan; yet he really deserved it. When the creditors found that Ewan was gone, they sent in their bills to his father, and Ewan being still under age, his father was bound to pay them. In consequence of all this sorrow and anxiety, my poor father had a terrible attack on his lungs. He broke a blood vessel, and for some time was in danger. Then my mother wrote to Ewan, sending her letter through the War Office, but she got no answer. We have always had the idea that he may have assumed another name, in order to get out of reach of his creditors.

"My father has been ill ever since. Mother dismissed all our servants but one, and we have economized in every possible way; but it is more than hopeless; we are ruined; and the sting of it is, that Ewan has done it. And now what is harassing my poor father into his grave, is that he has promised to sell McDermot's Hill—the place which has belonged to the McDermots for hundreds and hundreds of years—if the demands of the creditors cannot be met this midsummer. It is for Ewan's sake he so grieves to part with it; and oh! where is he? Tell me," she said, fixing beseeching eyes on Mr. Everard, "in such a case as you have described, what would become of a man who had escaped his sentence?"

"It would be a very painful life of concealment for some time," replied Mr. Everard, gently. Of course he would feel bound in all honor not to risk those who had rescued him. Probably, I should think, he would get on board some ship coming to Europe, and work his way home as a sailor."

"Life would be no great boon to Ewan under such conditions," said Kathleen slowly, as the dreariness of such an existence forced itself upon her mind. "Free among the dead—unable to claim name or position—with no past, no future. Oh! Mr. Everard," she exclaimed, pitiously, "they had almost better have let him die! And he had such a noble heart at the bottom. Till that unhappy winter we thought that he would have turned out one of the heroes of his race."

To be continued.

St. Patrick's Blessing.

A short time before St. Patrick died, he is said to have ascended a high mountain and blessed the whole island. A translator, some time ago, versified the ancient blessing thus:

Be Erin blessed! At evening hours, When sunset gilds her fragrant bowers; When whirlwinds howl, my blessings be, My generous Erin, still with thee, To thee be every blessing given From a favoring sky by bounteous heaven; Be blessings on thy bashful maids, Be blessings on thy battle blades, Blessed be the fisher tribes that roam The black 'ning surge and whit'ning foam; Oh! blessed be thy stormy night, And blessings on thy mornings bright, Be blessings on thy castle towers, Be blessings on thy village bowers; My blessing on the waving corn, And every babe in Erin born; Bless be thy thunder's angry roar, And every wave that laps thy shore, And blessed be the smile serene Of sunshine on thy forests green; Where meadows spread and hillocks rise, Where lordly mountains kiss the skies, On every hamlet, vale and hill, My blessing be with Erin still, Oh! blessed be the rain and dew, And every breeze that visits you, And blessed be thy warriors tall, Thy chieftain's dun, thy abbot's hall; My blessings on thy matrons fair, Thy mineral treasures rich and rare; The flocks that bleat, the herds that low, The streams that warble as they flow, On every cottage, hall and hill, My blessings be with Erin still.

CHEVROLET CARS

We have been appointed dealers for this up to date and efficient car.

If you are in the market for a car this year see us about the CHEVROLET.

THE FAMOUS Bull Dog Fanning Mill

A car load on the way. NONE BETTER.

Also Wild Oats Separators.

We have one of the very latest improved makes. SEE THEM.

A. J. BORGET, Agent, HUMBOLDT, SASK. THE CARMEL MERCANTILE CO., LTD., Agent, CARMEL, SASK.

For Gifts in Gold and Silver

see E. Thornberg Watchmaker and Jeweller

Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Main St., HUMBOLDT, SASK.

Bruno Drug Store

Gifts for all Occasions

Gramophones with all different kinds of Records, to supply you with suitable music and pleasure.

Marlatt's Gall Stone Medicine Adlerika and other Medicines, Herbs and Chemicals always in Stock.

Write to us in English or German. Mail Orders promptly executed.

W. F. Hargarten :: Bruno, Sask.

Fullness of Tone! Adaptability! Beauty!

Let us explain, why these three outstanding qualities produce new and increased pleasure when you listen to the

MELOTONE

With the Melotone, the music of any Record is expressed most harmoniously. Delicate upper tones which formerly were lost, are now made audible by the sounding chamber, which is constructed of wood on the principle of the violin. The Melotone is able to play all kinds of Records BETTER than other Phonographs. The Melotone Factory in Winnipeg is the only one in Western Canada. This Instrument is fast taking the lead over all other phonographs and, as to construction, durability and low price, it is now excelled by none. It offers the largest selection of Records in Western Canada, at from 20 cts. upward. All instruments are guaranteed, and you get your money back if not everything is as represented.

M. J. MEYERS Jeweller and Optician HUMBOLDT

You are safe in a threefold way, if you bring your prescription to us: 1) We use for the prescription exactly what the doctor prescribed, every article being of standard strength, fresh and pure; 2) We examine and reexamine the prescription, whereby every error as to drug or quantity is excluded; 3) We are satisfied with a reasonable profit and charge the lowest prices for the best quality. These are three reasons why you should buy from us.

G. R. WATSON, HUMBOLDT, SASK. DRUGGIST STATIONER

Advertise in the St. Peters Bote.

The Facts

The second is his assumption of the identity of the dead, unacquainted with the fact that it is nevertheless a kind. It falls to that we have cases of identity was hood, finally his claim to be.

A single instance is of these spirits—their identity. Immense difficulties come it; but so of identity is still Conan Doyle means which causes him this "will to believe. Although it is really impersonate to persuade him of the kind. It is that the deception comes. In one many years the cated man, admitted in proof of the his experience of imparted by a President of the personally a high in his president Mediums are not cators? Are they proof that there the whole meaning fully thought of evidence in favor experience of the A spirit claiming intimately acquainted after many months and boasting of success by drawing sub-conscious mind. Indeed, the fact that the sub-conscious mind that these are probably accessible and quite beyond this aspect of the circumstance that intimate knowledge evidence of identity quainted he is aware too briefly judgment; but explanation in the sources beings. I am proud of the subject proof of identity articles most of photography. ceased lads have But this is, as evidence of all. to be but mind and exteriorized intelligences.

This is available. Some very much in evidence in the New Year house well known materialisation of him. But I find that this difference Cardinal which published photographs in which ages—in one person, the peculiar mind-image I have in my mind had never visited a fairly good idea, for Sir Conan Doyle's photograph also is still living, I knew her years ago, a married woman. I not photograph taken from the The masquerade phantasms of where the critic

Space does not sufficient evidence in favor utterly worthless mental and fat

The Facts and Fallacies of Modern Spiritism.

Written by J. Godfrey Raupert, K.S.G., for Central Bureau Press Bulletin.

Continued.
II.

The second fallacy contained in Sir Conan Doyle's argument is his assumption that the spirits of the seance-room are the spirits of the dead who have proved their identity. To the student, unacquainted with the intricacies of the subject, the evidence presented in support of this claim will seem strong; but it is nevertheless utterly worthless and proves nothing of the kind. It falls to the ground entirely when it is borne in mind that we have cases on record in which similar striking evidence of identity was given but in which the spirit, caught in a falsehood, finally himself confessed that he was not what he had claimed to be.

A single instance of this kind shows how complex the problem is and what sources of information must be at the disposal of these spirits—how difficult, if not impossible, it is to prove their identity. All experienced spiritists are fully alive to this immense difficulty and have striven by various devices to overcome it; but so far they have not been successful. The question of identity is still the bitter cross of psychical research, and Sir Conan Doyle must be aware of it. It is his "will to believe" which causes him to pass over it so lightly. It is wonderful how this "will to believe" blinds the mind and perverts the judgment. Although it is well known and admitted that the spirits habitually impersonate the living, each individual experimenter tries to persuade himself that his particular spirits are doing nothing of the kind. It is often only after many months and even years that the deception is discovered and that the disillusionment comes. In one of his works the late Mr. Stainton-Moses, for many years the leader of the English spirits and a highly educated man, admitted that "all the information ever given him in proof of the presence of the departed might, in harmony with his experience of the Spirits, have been first obtained and then imparted by a false intelligence." Prof. L. P. Jacks of Oxford, President of the British Psychical Research Society in 1917 and personally a high authority on the subject, made this statement in his presidential address: "Take the question of imposture. Mediums are not the only impostors. How about the communicators? Are they masquerading? You can have no absolute proof that there is no imposture on the other side. I think that the whole meaning of personal identity needs to be very carefully thought out and considered before we begin to produce evidence in favor of personal identity." I had myself a striking experience of this kind of spirit-impersonation many years ago. A spirit claiming to be a departed personal friend of mine and intimately acquainted with that individual's life-history, was, after many months, discovered in a falsehood and then freely and boastfully admitted that he had managed to trick us so successfully by drawing the information required from our own sub-conscious memories.

Indeed, the evidence available today fully demonstrates the fact that the main sources of information of these spirits are the sub-conscious minds of the living, although it cannot be claimed that these are their only sources of information. They have probably access to knowledge by methods wholly unknown to us and quite beyond our power of imagination. I have dealt with this aspect of the subject very fully in some of my books. The circumstance that Sir Conan Doyle regards the presentation of intimate knowledge respecting some deceased personality as evidence of identity goes to prove how very imperfectly acquainted he is with the subject. The cases he cites in his articles are too briefly stated to admit of a critical examination and judgment; but I am convinced that they all find an adequate explanation in the activities of his own subconscious mind and in the sources of information at the disposal of these astute beings. I am persuaded that no informed and unbiased student of the subject would regard any one of them as furnishing proof of identity. What has probably impressed the reader of his articles most of all is the evidence supposed to be furnished by photography. "In two cases," he tells us, "the figures of the deceased lads have appeared beside the mothers in a photograph." But this is, as a matter of fact, the weakest and most worthless evidence of all. Their figures are not the individuals they claim to be but mind-images taken from the memories of the living and exteriorized and clothed with subtle matter by the spirit-intelligences.

This is amply proved by the striking evidence which is available. Some years ago the deceased British Cardinals were very much in evidence in English seance-rooms. The late Cardinal Newman especially was believed to appear regularly at a house well known to me. I was several times present at his materialisation and have seen many post mortem photographs of him. But I found that they all differed very considerably and that this difference could be traced back to the image of the late Cardinal which the individual observer had in his mind, or to a published photograph of him which he had seen. They could not therefore be presentations of the Cardinal as he exists now in the other life and in his "spirit body." We have furthermore photographs in which the materialised spirit is presented at various ages—in one case a child or youth, in another as a grown up person, the presentation evidently corresponding with the peculiar mind-image which the experimenter had of the deceased. I have in my possession a photograph obtained in a city which I had never visited before and in which there appears by my side a fairly good picture of a deceased member of my family, but alas, for Sir Conan Doyle and his theories! there is on the same photograph also the image of a person well known to me who is still living, but not as she is now—an elderly lady, but as I knew her years ago, and as I best remember her—a young married woman. Proof positive this, surely! that these images are not photographs of the living dead, but materialised phantasms taken from the sub-conscious memories of relatives and friends. The masquerading spirits clearly cannot always distinguish the phantasms of the living from those of the dead, and it is here where the critical investigator gets on the track of the deception.

Space does not permit me to carry the argument any further; but sufficient has been said to show that Sir Conan Doyle's evidence in favor of the identity of the communicating spirits is utterly worthless, and that his prodigious claim harbors a fundamental and fatal fallacy.

To be continued.

Fifteen Years Ago

From No. 4 of St. Peters Bote

Under date of March 8th, 1904 the publishers of the paper inform their readers that owing to the want of a suitable printing press at Rosthern and other annoying circumstances, the St. Peters Bote will for some time to come be published at Winnipeg, Man., and will also be mailed from there; but the office remains in Rosthern to which all communications should be addressed.—Trains between Regina and Prince Albert have lately come most irregularly. They arrived in Rosthern at any hour of the day or night. This could easily be remedied if in place of the coffee-mills, they would purchase a few real locomotives.—A Rosthern correspondent writes to the paper under date of Feb. 24, that on that day they were having splendid weather. Thermometer showed 15 above zero. The sun shone warmly; the day was bright and clear, with scarcely no wind.—To day arrived Mr. Theodore Weiers and his son from New Prague, Minn. Both have homesteads in Township 38, Range 23. Mr. Weiers intends to at once erect a small house on his homestead; the rest of the family will follow in March. He brings all his cattle and farm machinery with him, likewise a threshing machine.—Leofeld will soon have a fine new bell, and then will this up-to-now wild prairie resound with the sweet tones of the Angelus bell to gladden the heart of every good German Catholic. It is to be paid for out of voluntary contributions made by the colonists.—Jac. Merkling and Joh. Theod. Gransch of Leofeld were, in town to-day and bought several fat hogs at 7c live-weight.—When Frank Green sr. arrived here last spring to settle in Leofeld, he was sick; likewise his wife. He is now as healthy as in his younger days; his wife has also recovered her health. To-day he is in town to buy lumber for a granary that he intends to erect on his homestead.—Jac. Eull of Leofeld was in town to get household supplies and fodder for his cattle.—The two sons-in-law of Fred Imhoff, Jos. Daniels and Anton Wurm, came in from Leofeld to-day to haul out store goods for their father-in-law.

APPENDIX: During this winter the whole of that territory which is now designated as Dead Moose Lake, Piiger, Fulda, Willmont, Carmel and south, Humboldt and St. Scholastica's, was served by Father Chrysostom, O. S. B. Services in Dead Moose Lake and at "Kreitzenbeck's" or "St. Joe" were held every second week. At Dead Moose Lake on Sundays (for instance March 6th and 20th); at first in the house of Lawrence Lindberg, later on in his store; until at last on Christmas Day 1903 services could be held in the little log church, just barely completed around midnight previously. On the other side of the Lake the services were held Mondays in the house of Wm. Kreitzenbeck; Father Chrysostom driving over from "Lindberg's". For a time during the winter these services on the other side of the Lake fell away, owing to the establishment of a new mission at Gottfried Schaefer's, S. 28, T. 37, R. 23. He read Mass, however, a few times on the west side in several different places, i. e. at Carl Juergen's, S. 34, T. 38, R. 23, and at Jac. Schomische's a few miles further west.—Pioneer days are hard on pastor and flock. It being forbidden to keep the Blessed Sacrament in places where no priest resides during the week, Holy Communion can not be distributed outside of Holy Mass. All confessions would have to be heard

before the missionary could commence to say Mass. Frequently it was close to the noon hour when services began, and long after the noon hour before the services, comprising Holy Mass and Sermon, would be over. Then would come a few baptisms, catechetical instructions to the little ones, and finally, at times as a wind up, a "hot" parish meeting. Somewhere around 1:30 P. M. the priest would have an opportunity to take his first morsel of food on that day. His troubles for the day are, however, not yet finished; now comes the six or seven hour's drive to his next mission, or homeward, as the case might be, in wind and rain, or if in winter time, at forty and more degrees below zero, and then at the end perhaps a bed on the floor or ground. Such kind of work might be his lot for nearly an entire week at a stretch, with an occasional sick-call, in the most remote corner of his territory, thrown in for good measure.

Household Hints

Canning Fresh Meat for Summer

Instead of smoking or curing the surplus meat killed in winter, it may be kept fresh for summer use by canning in ordinary household canning jars. This can be done in any home. The meat needs to be boiled or roasted for half an hour and then cut into pieces convenient for putting into the jars. The bone, gristle and excessive fat are removed. After the jars are packed, they are filled with boiling water, the covers put on loosely and set into a boiler with a slat bottom that keeps the jars from touching the boiler bottom. Then the jars are boiled, 5 hours for beef, 4 hours for pork or chicken. After removing the covers of the jars should be tightened.

Show What You Can Do! PRIZE CONTEST.

A fascinating, cloth bound story book will be given to the boy or girl under sixteen years of age whose parents are PAID UP subscribers to this paper, and who writes the best composition of not more than 400 words on QU'APPELLE, — including answers to the questions:

What is the meaning of the word?
What does it stand for?

Your aim in this composition should be to say a great deal in a few words. See to the correct formation of each letter, dotting the i's and crossing the t's. See to legibility, correct spelling, and punctuation.

A SECOND BOOK can be won under the same rules by the one who makes THE MOST ENGLISH WORDS out of the letters composing QU'APPELLE.

Arrange your words in the following order: Put all words beginning with a first, then those with e, l, p, q, u; for instance, apple, equal, and so on. Do not use any proper names. No letter must be used oftener in a word than it occurs in Qu'Appelle. The letter p for instance may be used twice. Slang words are not allowed. Do not make your c like e, nor the a like o, nor the e like l. Remember to write legibly and with pen and ink. Besides giving your name and age, give also your father's name.

The names of the three best composition writers will be published in this paper, the first one being the winner of the book. The name of the lucky one in the word contest will also be published, together with his or her list of words.

Address: ST. PETERS BOTE,
Contest Department,
MUENSTER, SASK.

N.B. Any one who is not a subscriber may take part in the contest by sending in, with the answer, One Dollar for a half year's subscription. Contest ends March 31, 1919, with the last mail train in on that day.

Potatoes for Sale.

About 400 bushels Early Ohio potatoes for sale. \$1.40 per bush. if taken on the place.

FOR SALE ALSO

2 Teams of Horses.

Apply to MAT. RATH, Sec. 9, 3 miles S. E. of Muenster, Sask.

FOR SALE

Farm of quarter section, six miles from Bruno, full quarter fenced, good buildings; cheap, cash payment only \$200, balance on easy terms. For particulars write or call OTTO SCHOEN, BRUNO.

Wanted

German bricklayers, 2 men. Good wages and steady work. Apply: Curt Hempel, BRUNO, SASK.



Satisfaction

You will like your Gray-Dort for its eagerness to do things your way—for its power—flexibility—simplicity.

You will like it for its reasonable first and after cost—good appearance, thorough comfort and reliable performance—for the full value it delivers.

Own a Gray-Dort and cut down unproductive time—keep healthy—bright—lively—efficient—the times demand your best.

Your inspection of a Gray-Dort is requested—make it to-day.

KELLY BROS., HUMBOLDT.

Dealers in Gray-Dort and Dodge Bros. Automobiles, Dodge Bros. Trucks, Emerson Tractors and ploughs, New Hart car, 15-30 Tractors and Threshers, and P&O Tower-Lift tractor plows, Farm lighting plants

At your Service day or night.

WE GUARANTEE OUR GOODS



Agents for DOMINION LIFE INSURANCE

O.G.D. St. Peters Bote I.O.G.D.

is published every Wednesday by the Benedictine Fathers of St. Peter's Abbey at Muenster, Sask. The subscription price, payable in advance, is \$2.00 per annum, \$1.00 per half year, and 50 Cents per quarter. Single copies 5 cents.

Contributions, advertisements and changes of advertisements should reach the office of publication not later than Saturday to ensure their appearance in the following issue. Sample copies sent free upon request. Notices of change of address should always contain both the old and the new address. REMITTANCES should always be made by Registered Letter, Postal Note or Money Order, payable at MUESTER, SASK.

Address all communications to ST. PETERS-BOTE, MUESTER, SASK., CANADA.

1919 Church Calendar 1919

Table with columns for February, March, and April, listing various feast days and their corresponding dates.

Table with columns for Feasts of Obligation and Other Feasts, listing specific dates and names of feasts.

Religious News

ST. BONIFACE, Man. — The Rev. P. Dandurand, O. M. I., will complete his hundredth year, March 23. The celebration of this event will be held on the 25th. The jubilarian will say his mass in the Cathedral at nine o'clock and Archbishop Beliveau will deliver the sermon.

TOLEDO, O. — On March 7th, Rev. Michael Puetz, for many years pastor of St. Augustine's Church, Napoleon, O., celebrated the golden jubilee of his ordination to the priesthood.

CLEVELAND, O. — A campaign was started on Feb. 10th for \$50,000 needed to complete the new St. Vincent's High School in Akron. In five days \$50,450 was collected from church members.

COLUMBUS, Ohio. — The American Academy of Christian Democracy, a training school for nurses and social workers, was partly destroyed by fire.

LOUISVILLE, Ky. — Rev. M. H. Zumbusch, O.C.R., died at Gethsemany Abbey, Ky., Feb. 25th. He was in the eighty-third year of his age and was priest for fifty-eight years.

ST. PAUL, Minn. — Burglars entered the Holy Redeemer Church at Marshall, Minn., and took away gold and silver vessels valued at \$300.

FARGO, N. D. — Rev. Daniel O'Callaghan, formerly pastor at Starkweather, N. D., died in Philadelphia, Feb. 17th.

OKLAHOMA. — Brother Boniface John Moster, O. S. B., passed away at the Benedictine Abbey, Sacred Heart, Okla.

SANTA FE. — Chaplain Fr. A. Lederle died at Fort Stanton, N.M., of pneumonia.

LONDON, Engl. — Rev. Herbert Cooper, M.A., recently Vicar of Berry Pomeroy, has been received into the Church by Abbot Cammins at Knarsborough.

attend in good numbers, but the performance attracted also nearly all the young people of Muenster. Anaheim, likewise, sent its quota. The receipts amounted to about \$100.00 which sum will be expended to buy a nice flag for the society.

PUBLIC AUCTION SALE. Mr. Gottlieb Zimmermann having sold his farm, will dispose of his 5 horses, 21 head of cattle, machinery, harnesses etc. by auction sale on THURSDAY, MARCH 20th, 1919. The sale will commence at 11 o'clock under the auspices of Mr. A. Pilla, who will act as auctioneer.

MUESTER. — The Rt. Rev. Abbot Bruno made a trip to Regina and Winnipeg, March 5th, in the interests of St. Elizabeth Hospital, Humboldt, returning to Muenster Sunday afternoon.

Rev. Father Chrysostom sang High Mass in honor of the Holy Angels last Monday morning, March 10th, at nine o'clock and then buried the five weeks old child of Wm. Bergemann that died last Saturday.

Mr. Geo. Zochmann, formerly a resident of Dead Moose Lake, now of St. Paul, Minn., writes that he experienced great difficulties during the past year to find a suitable and paying job in the United States. Since Jan. 8th he was a patient at the City and County Hospital at St. Paul, where he was operated. He expects to leave the hospital again in about a week or two.

FOR SALE 1200 bu. of seed barley. Geo. K. Muench, Muenster.

The St. Peters Bote has received, during the course of the past three weeks, a few letters to which the writers, either intentionally or not, had forgotten to affix their signatures. As the "Bote" has repeatedly stated, such letters, be they correspondences or not, cannot be taken into consideration but are thrown, without any further ado, into the waste-basket.

FOR SALE 1200 bu. of seed barley. Geo. K. Muench, Muenster.

The St. Peters Bote has recently contributed the following sums of money towards good purposes: For the new convent of the Ursuline Nuns at Bruno a reader at Muenster \$25.00, another of the same place \$15.00, four charitable readers at Anaheim have contributed for the same good purpose the sums of \$25.00, \$10.00, \$3.00 and \$2.00 respectively, and a party in Bruno \$5.00. The Ursuline Sisters wish to express to all their benefactors their sincerest thanks. A kind reader at Leofeld sent in \$5.00 for the edu-

cation of priests; a kind lady at Muenster has donated \$5.00 for the same praiseworthy object and \$5.00 for Father Brabender. May God reward such charity most abundantly.

Glancing over the governmental statistics the editor of the "Bote" found that the creameries in operation in St. Peters Colony in the year 1917 manufactured 435,000 lbs. of butter, which represents 10% of all the butter manufactured in the province of Saskatchewan during that year.

ANNAHEIM. — Mr. Mart. T. Reynolds was teaching school again for some time at Anaheim, replacing his sister who was away on a visit. She is expected to return this week.

FOR SALE a few second hand tractors; sizes 8-16 and 10-20. Prices are right. Jos. Langen, Anaheim.

The church of Anaheim proved to be getting too small to seat all its members. As a remedy about 50 new seats were installed on the choir-loft last week.

Mrs. Victor Mueller was transported to the hospital at Humboldt, Sunday last. Whether she is suffering from an attack of the influenza or from some other sickness was not yet diagnosed.

It is claimed that Mrs. Wm. Ebert is battling against a second attack of the influenza.

Mrs. Ed. Ebert was delivered of her firstborn child, a bouncing boy, at St. Elizabeth Hospital, Humboldt, on Saturday, March 8th.

LENORA LAKE. — At the annual meeting of the parishioners of St. Anthony's Church, Lenora Lake, the following gentlemen were elected trustees: Nic. Schuller, Geo. Gerwing, Herm. Schmitz, John Politesky and John Wolsfeld. This meeting should have been held at the beginning of this year, but owing to the prevalence of the so-called Spanish Influenza which was then raging within the confines of the parish, it was postponed till now.

Mr. John Wolsfeld who was a visitor in the United States seek relief for his ailments, returned to Lenora Lake on Thursday of last week. Though his condition was not notably improved, he is glad to be back home again. Mr. and Mrs. Albert Gerwing-Mr. Wm. Gerwing and Mr. and Mrs. Lynch who were also sojourning in the land of the stars and stripes during the past couple of weeks, likewise returned to Lenora Lake, last week.

The total loss caused by the fire which destroyed the store occupied by Messrs. Rabinovitch & Kaplan, on March 2nd, is estimated to amount \$30,000. This firm sustained the heaviest loss. Their stock was valued at \$19,000, besides an addition onto the premises which was their property, and fixtures, valued at \$1,500, making their total loss \$20,500. They had insurance on the stock of \$10,000. Mr. J. M. Crerar, who had his law offices on the second floor, says he has suffered a loss of between \$4,000 and \$5,000. He valued his law library alone at \$2,500; and in addition many valuable papers, furniture, etc., which he estimated would mean a loss of nearly another \$2,500. He had no insurance. The building was owned by R. J. Kepkey and valued at about \$2,000. It was a frame building, erected several years ago and was first used as a post office.

The Caesarian operation, the first of its kind to be undertaken in Humboldt, was performed by Dr. McCutcheon at St. Elizabeth Hospital on Sunday night, March 2nd, when Mrs. Leo Bohl, of Dead Moose Lake, gave birth to a daughter. It is an operation rarely heard of and resulted in saving the life of the mother and child, who are both doing well. Though the Caesarian section is a serious and dangerous operation, it is, certainly and by all means, to be preferred to another dangerous operation which is very often resorted to, namely craniotomy, which invariably results in the death of the child, even before it can be baptized—and not infrequently, alas, in the death of the mother. The Catholic Church puts craniotomy, embryotomy and such operations which directly result in the death of the child on the same level as homicide. Dr. McCutcheon is, therefore, highly to be commended for having had recourse to the Caesarian section in preference to other operations that so easily brush aside God's commandment which says: "Thou shalt not kill."

Mr. F. I. Hauser went to Regina last week to represent Humboldt at the convention of the Saskatchewan Rural Municipalities.

Sergt.-Major Norman Driver, Corpl. Carl Jensen and Pte. A. J. Anstett, all three Humboldt soldiers, returned home last week from overseas.

In view of the exertions and work done by the Humboldt board of trade to further the interests of the farmer districts the Rural Municipality of Humboldt at the monthly meeting of its council on March 1st has voted a grant of \$200 to the said board of trade with the request that the sec-treas. of the municipality be made a member of the executive of the board of trade.

At the same meeting F. I. Hauser was appointed assessor for 1919. A grant of \$50 was made to the Salvation Army Red Shield Fund. John Kuechle was appointed pound-keeper for Div. 2, in place of Jos. Burton, resigned, pound to be located on S. E. 33-37-23. The account of F. Heiderger, \$75.00, auditing books, was ordered paid. Motion passed at meeting Jan. 7th last, authorizing payment of \$1.00 per pelt bounty on bush and prairie wolves, was cancelled.

WANTED a girl to help with housework. Good wages and a good home. Apply to Mrs. C. Bruser, Humboldt.

His Lordship, the Rt. Rev. Bishop Pascal, O. M. I., the Rt. Rev. Abbot Bruno Doerfler, O. S. B., the Rev. Jan, O. M. I., of Saskatoon, P. Nicolet, of Viscount, and T. Schmid, of Humboldt, who compose the diocesan council, are this week assembled here, in Humboldt, to treat of matters pertaining to the welfare of the diocese of Prince Albert.

The Ven. Sisters of St. Elizabeth observed 40 hours devotion

again, this year, preceding Ash- same manner as Blessed Sacrament from 6 o'clock in 7.30 o'clock in number of the Sis- ly, during the tion, kneeling decorated chap- BRUNO.—The Mr. Curt Hemp- pletion. The p at work applyi touches.

The Rev. P. trip to Muenster week. DANA.—St. M been enriched which arrived la services on Sunda and singing for after a long inte

VISCONT, Sas Dear St. Peters A quiet weddi St. John's churc on the 4th of Ma Tetzloff, from C and Miss Clara John's mission, v holy bonds of ma Nicolet, at 11 o' the Mass, a heat given to the ney in the home of people of the n the house, bring wishes and con mother of the l Mann, who receiv is now fairly or valescence.

WASHINGTON government de control of the re- tion and to hav themselves for th Efforts will be operations on a to carry on as provement prog in order to av employes out of disturbing ind No attempt will the problem by —A. Mitchell in as attorney y ited States, succ Gregory.

NEW YORK York harbor tied up at the day of the mar but the mediato of labor reportee been made towa ment.

MOBILE, Al towns in south swept by a Great property loss of life hav The towns str Pollard and Flo LOS ANGELES left for his hom announcing th there he would tie manufactur mobile than an BISMARCK, bate, during v asperity develop to prohibit the ges other than lie and parochia was rejected by Some of the me the proposed me of Prussian aut can democracy.

The North- lature has mad of \$34,000 fo and coyotes.

CHINOOK, and Trappers Chinook count wax fat and pr So destructive

United St

again, this year, on the three days preceding Ash-Wednesday in the same manner as last year. The Blessed Sacrament was exposed from 6 o'clock in the morning until 7.30 o'clock in the evening. A number of the Sisters were constantly, during the time of the exposition, kneeling in the beautifully decorated chapel and praying.

BRUNO.—The new house of Mr. Curt Hempel is nearing completion. The plasterers are now at work applying the finishing touches.

—The Rev. Father Leo made a trip to Muenster on Monday of this week.

DANA.—St. Maurus Church has been enriched with a new organ which arrived last week. At the services on Sunday there was music and singing for the first time again after a long interval.

VISCOUNT, Sask., March 7, 1919.
Dear St. Peters Bote:—
A quiet wedding took place in St. John's church (Viscount P. O.) on the 4th of March. Mr. Andreas Tetzloff, from Gull Lake, Sask., and Miss Clara Mann, from St. John's mission, were united in the holy bonds of matrimony by Rev. P. Nicollet, at 11 o'clock a. m. After the Mass, a hearty reception was given to the new married couple in the home of the bride. The people of the neighborhood filled the house, bringing along good wishes and congratulations. The mother of the bride, Mrs. Martin Mann, who recently was very sick, is now fairly on the road to convalescence. —Corr.

United States News
WASHINGTON, D. C. — The government determined to retain control of the railway administration and to have the roads finance themselves for the next few months. Efforts will be made to maintain operations on a normal scale and to carry on as much of the improvement program as possible, in order to avoid throwing employees out of work, or otherwise disturbing industrial conditions. No attempt will be made to solve the problem by raising rates.
—A. Mitchell Palmer was sworn in as attorney general of the United States, succeeding Thomas W. Gregory.
NEW YORK. — Traffic in New York harbor remained virtually tied up at the end of the second day of the marine workers strike, but the mediator of the department of labor reported that progress had been made toward effecting a settlement.
MOBILE, Ala. — At least three towns in southern Alabama were swept by a tornado, March 5th. Great property damage and some loss of life have been reported. The towns struck were Eufaula, Pollard and Flomaton.
LOS ANGELES. — Henry Ford left for his home in Detroit, after announcing that on his arrival there he would perfect plans for the manufacture of a cheaper automobile than any now marketed.
BISMARCK, N.D. — After a debate, during which considerable asperity developed, the house bill to prohibit the teaching of languages other than English in the public and parochial schools of the state was rejected by a vote of 79 to 28. Some of the members declared that the proposed measure savored more of Prussian autocracy than American democracy.
—The North Dakota state legislature has made an expropriation of \$34,000 for bounty on wolves and coyotes.
CHINOOK, Mont. — Hunters and Trappers are invited to the Chinook country in Montana and wax fat and prosperous on bounty. So destructive to stock have wolves

become in that sector that stockmen are offering \$100 per head for adult lupines and \$20 per head for pups. An association of leading stockmen guarantees the bounty and there is also a state bounty.
DEVIL'S LAKE, N.D.—A highway from Portland, Maine, to Portland, Oregon, as a memorial to the late Theodore Roosevelt, is a project launched by northwestern good roads men at a meeting in Duluth. The present Wonderlaad Trail will be incorporated in the scheme and will be renamed the Theodore Roosevelt highway. According to plans the road will pass through Duluth, Grand Forks and Devil's Lake, N. D.

Foreign News

LONDON.—Deaths from influenza increased in an alarming manner week before last in England, according to official figures. The total number of deaths from this cause in 96 great towns of England and Wales was 3,046 compared with 1,363 in the preceding week. In greater London the number of deaths was 974 as compared with 451 the previous week.
—The Times published a despatch from Omsk, Siberia, in which it is announced that the town has been swept by a "buran", the terrible Siberian blizzard. The hurricane rolled huge lumps of ice along the streets and rendered it impossible to remain outdoors alive. Acres of iron roofing were carried away and the conditions of the railways is officially described as catastrophic.
—Private traders will be free to import bacon into Great Britain from March 10. This announcement was made in the house of commons last Wednesday.
—The British government has decided to release all Irish political prisoners, says the Daily Mail of March 6th. In order to prevent a great public demonstration the newspaper adds, the prisoners will return to Ireland in small batches.
TIPPERARY, Ireland. — Mrs. Bourke, who has died at Nenagh, County Tipperary, is reported to have reached the marvellous age of 121. She claimed to have had fifty direct descendants in the war.

Mr. Farmer:
Did you insure your buildings against loss of fire? **Do it now!**
Do you wish protection against loss of your mare at foaling? **Take a Policy covering this risk.**
Do you need Capital for further investments? **Call or write me for a Loan.**
What about a Life Insurance Policy for the protection of your investments?
I have a number of good farms for sale with very low cash payments and on easy terms.
Call at my office when in Bruno and get acquainted.
Otto Schoen, Bruno, Sask.

Seed Barley for Sale
About 1000 bu. of Seed Barley for sale, \$1.00 a bushel if taken from place. Apply to Victor Mueller, close to school house on south side of road, **ANNAHEIM, SASK.**

All kinds of Fish Cheap.
Lent is here and everybody needs fish. You cannot buy fish cheaper anywhere else than right opposite the depot on the corner.
P. Hackett Muenster, Sask.

Join the E-B Tractor School
FREE TO ALL interested in Power Farming
The same school that was held for Officers of the United States Army in 1918.
Hear how Tractors are designed.
See how Tractors are repaired.
Learn how to operate a Tractor.
The school is held for 2 days and starts promptly at 9 o'clock in the morning. Don't miss this big chance for free instruction.
School will be held at **KELLY BROS. Garage, Humboldt,**
March 13th and 14th
Every Farmer should take Advantage of this **FREE SCHOOL.**

Municipality Hail Insurance Act
R. Municipality of Wolverine 340
TAKE NOTICE that the minister has approved Bylaw No. 22 of this municipality to join with other municipalities to indemnify owners of crops within their limits from loss by hail, and that that the said bylaw is now in force.
And take notice further that under and by virtue of the said bylaw and under the authority of the said act all persons are hereby assessed for a special rate of four cents per acre for the year 1919 upon all lands within the municipality (exclusive of lands within any hamlet therein and any lands held under grazing lease from the Dominion of Canada), upon or in respect of which they are respectively assessable for municipal taxes under any act relating thereto and that the said lands or any such persons interest therein is charged with the payment of such special rate but subject to the provisions as to withdrawal in said act contained.
Dated at Burr this 5th day of March 1919
R. H. CASH, Sec.-Treas.

WANTED a good honest lady for housekeeper. Good salary. May eventually become my wife. Children are no obstacle. My age about 50. Farmer. A good home for the right party. Please write to **M. P. c-o St. Peters Bote, Muenster, Sask.**

FARM FOR SALE, quarter Sec., 1 1/2 mile from Bruno, 80 acres cult., large acreage open f. cultivation, 2 buildings on farm, good water-supply. Price only \$3600. A small cash payment and easy terms. Call or write to **Otto Schoen, BRUNO, Sask.**

STRAYED from S. 24-37-25, one ten year old gray mare, right hind foot cut by wire; one brown mare, 2 yrs. old, white forehead, glass eye, right front foot and left hind foot dappled; one foal (stallion), 1 year old, ash-gray, white star on forehead. All three horses had a halter on when strayed. Finder is offered \$15.00 reward. Please notify **John Horvath, Bruno, Sask.**

FOR SALE: 1/2 Section of good farm land, 1 1/2 miles from BRUNO, good House, 140 acres under plow, lots of hay. Possession immediately. If sold quickly \$6800. Call or write to **W.F. Hargarten, Bruno, Sask.**

FOR SALE: New House, six rooms, nearly completed. For sale together with lot in the village of Bruno. Sold cheap if sold at once. Call or write to **Curt Hempel, BRUNO, SASK.**

Help the Catholic Orphanage in Prince Albert by buying a **Pure bred White Wyandotte Rooster.** 12 for sale, \$5.00 each. Write to **Father Prueck, Prince Albert.**

FOR SALE
A good team of working horses.
Michael Kloss, ST. GREGOR, Sask.

Seed Barley for Sale
About 1000 bu. of Seed Barley for sale, \$1.00 a bushel if taken from place. Apply to Victor Mueller, close to school house on south side of road, **ANNAHEIM, SASK.**

All kinds of Fish Cheap.
Lent is here and everybody needs fish. You cannot buy fish cheaper anywhere else than right opposite the depot on the corner.
P. Hackett Muenster, Sask.

Join the E-B Tractor School
FREE TO ALL interested in Power Farming
The same school that was held for Officers of the United States Army in 1918.
Hear how Tractors are designed.
See how Tractors are repaired.
Learn how to operate a Tractor.
The school is held for 2 days and starts promptly at 9 o'clock in the morning. Don't miss this big chance for free instruction.
School will be held at **KELLY BROS. Garage, Humboldt,**
March 13th and 14th
Every Farmer should take Advantage of this **FREE SCHOOL.**

BIG AUCTION SALE

of valuable Farm Stock, Horses, Machinery, and Household Goods, on the **LEMMERICH FARM,** S.W. 1/4 Sec. 4, T. 38, R. 23, W. 2nd, 5 miles west and 2 miles north of **HUMBOLDT,** on **Tuesday, March 25th, commencing at 12 o'clock sharp.**

- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| Horses: | Machinery: | tool grinder
picks, shovels, scoops, and all kinds of handy farm tools.
Several stacks of hay |
| Team of mares, 4 yrs. old, one heavy with foal, weight about 2800 lbs. | 7 ft. D-ering binder, good as new, used in one season | |
| Bay mare, 12 yrs. old, heavy with foal, weight 1500 | 20 run McCormick single disc drill | |
| Dapple gray mare, 6 years, 1400 lb | 2 run Deering shoe drill | |
| Black mare, 10 years, heavy with foal, 1500 lb | 14 in. Cocksbutt gang plow | |
| Black mare, coming 6 years, 1400 lb | walking plow | |
| Bay gelding, 6 years, 1400 lb | disc harrow | |
| Bay mare, 3 years, 1200 lb | 4 section lever harrow | |
| Bay mare, 3 years, 1100 lb | spring tooth harrow | |
| 2 mare colts, 2 years old | McCormick mower | |
| 1 mare colt, 1 year old | Frost & Wood mower, good as new | |
| Driving mare, 8 years, 1050 lb | hay rake | |
| 4 sets of work harness | 2 wide tire wagons | |
| 1 single driving harness | 2 treble boxes | |
| | hay bottom | |
| | two seated buggy | |
| | single buggy | |
| | 2 bob sleight, both 2 1/2 in. run, one steel sole, the other cast iron sole | |
| | jumper | |
| | Hero fanning mill | |
| | seed grain pickler, used one season | |
| | 12 bbl. rain water tank | |
| | 20 keg stock tank | |
| | stock tank heater | |
| | wheel barrow | |
| | Melotte cream separator | |
| | grind stone | |

Terms: All sums under \$25.00 cash; over that amount time will be given, if desired, until Dec. 1, 1919, at 8 per cent. on good bankable notes. 5 per cent. discount for cash on all credit amounts.

FREE LUNCH at 11.30 o'clock A. M.
J. W. BURTON
Administrator of the Estate of the late Mrs. Margareta Lemmerich.
H. J. LUEKE
Auctioneer.

A GOOD BARN INCREASES FARM PROFITS

Even in this enlightened age there are still some farmers who look upon a GOOD BARN as an expense rather than a source of profit, with the result that their stock in winter require most of their feed to fight the cold — or, lacking the protection of a cool shelter during the heat of summer, fall victims to disease or dysentery.

A GOOD BARN, — — a well built, well ventilated and insulated barn will make

MORE PROFITS OUT OF LESS FEED
ADD TO THE MARKET VALUE OF THE FARM
PAY BIG RETURNS ON THE INVESTMENT

NOW is the time you ought to be making preparations for that barn YOU intend building this year. A rush job sometimes turns out to be an unsatisfactory job. Without delay we can work out all the details for you and remember our service is **Absolutely Free.** Come in and look over our plans. They'll please you.

"A Good Barn — Every Farm Needs One"

Dutton-Wall Lumber Co., Ltd.
C. W. RUSSENBOLT ————— **MANAGER CARMEL YARD**

Lenten Time.
 In solemn, silent, thoughtful mien,
 In humbleness and prayer,
 In interior self-examination
 Oh Christian soul prepare!
 Give thought and time to things of God,
 'Mid worldly strife and care—
 Of all the earthly jewels you own
 Your soul is the one most rare!
 No worldly gauge or estimate
 Can place or make a man—
 The saving of his immortal soul
 Should be his one supreme plan!
 And Jesus Who was without sin
 Showed how we on earth should fare—
 By following the example He gave
 Of self-denial, fasting and prayer!

A Great Saint.

On March 12, is kept the feast of St. Gregory, that holy Benedictine Pope of whom it may truly be said, "He hath a tear for pity and a hand open as day for melting charity"; for, with him, to succor the poor was the first of Christian virtues. "He relieved their necessities," we read, "with so much sweetness and affability as to spare them the confusion of receiving alms." He often entertained several at his own table; and, at the beginning of each month, distributed amongst them corn, wine, cheese, fish, meat, and oil. Authorities tell us that we owe to him that formula of the Pontiffs with which we are all so familiar in Papal Encyclicals—"Servant of the servants of God."

Courtesy to Their Host.

The "Western Catholic" reads a lesson to a class of Catholics always to be found in every parish when it says:
 Timeliness may well dispute with cleanliness its proximity to godliness. The one who comes late to a social function is ready with an excuse or an apology. He knows that it is expected as a matter of ordinary courtesy to his host. There is one class who have not the slightest regard for their fellow guests nor do they recognize the courtesy due their Host. We speak of those who habitually and without just cause are late for Sunday Mass. They are wanting in the common courtesies when dealing with Almighty God.
 On Sunday morning the Lord is their Host. He is entertaining them at a great Banquet of His Body and Blood. They are the honoured guests yet their sense of the tremendous honor that their Host is paying them is so blunted that they will not show Him the courtesies they show their fellow men in society.
 They do not seem to care that it is disrespectful to God, a distraction to the priest at the altar and a scandal to the rest of the congregation. They saunter into church with an indifferent air. One would imagine that they were doing a favor to Almighty God by coming at all.

Immodesty of Dress.

What a splendid opportunity our Catholic young women have in every community to set examples that will have far reaching influence for good, by practicing modesty in their attire. How refreshing and pleasing it is to see occasionally a young woman who dresses sensibly and modestly. Such a woman commands respect and is not liable to be stared at or made a target for ungentlemanly remarks by young men.
 Catholic mothers should do all in their power towards overcoming the craze for freakish, ridiculous styles in dress. By so doing they will render a service to their daughters and to the community in which they live also.
 The thoughtful young man who is seriously contemplating matrimony, is not very liable to choose a woman, who exposes her charms for the gaze of men who have no respect for her.

The Reunion of Christendom.

Never since Christ first uttered His Highpriestly Prayer that all who believe in Him might be one (Ut omnes sint) has there been a time when Unity among Christians of the whole world was so necessary to the salvation of the human race as right now.
 Above the ruin of ancient thrones and the wreck of the Houses of Romanoff Hapsburg and Hohenzollern a vast Democracy has arisen in Central and Eastern Europe and Northern Asia; in fact the whole world seems in a fair way to become a confederation of republics. Over this new birth of the enfranchised peoples of the earth, whose spirit is to preside:
 Is it to be the Spirit of Christ or Anti-Christ? That is the question of supreme import and whether the new epoch now dawning is to reveal a condition of the human family, better or worse, depends upon the answer.
 The observance of an Octave of Prayer for the Reunion of Christendom was adopted by the joint Commissions of the Anglican Communion in the United States, Canada and England, who in turn have officially invited all the other Commissions formed among the Orthodox Schismatics of Russia and the various Protestant denominations in preparation for a World Conference on Faith and Order to unite with them in the same observance. This is the first time that anything like this has happened since the Protestant Reformation.
 Never before have Catholics and Orthodox and Protestants of every name actually agreed upon a given period of time in which with one consent they will unite in praying for Unity and Actually using the same words; for the Prayer commanded by Pope Benedict XV, which begins: "O Lord Jesus Christ, Who saith unto Thine Apostles: Peace I leave with thee," is the one adopted also by the various Commissions above named.

TESTIMONY FROM AN ANGLICAN ARMY CHAPLAIN

"Really absolute heathen," is the description of the Church of England men given by an Anglican army chaplain in a letter printed in the Cowley Evangelist. It strikingly depicts the helplessness of the Church of England chaplain in the face of death. The writer says:
 "The saddest fact of all is the 'C. of E.' men, really absolute heathen, and no sense of Christianity as a power. The administration of a 'C. of E.' padre to his dying men is the saddest and most pathetic experience possible. I went to a lad who was dying and told him so. But he could be 'bothered with God and that,' only could not swallow his soup, and wanted some change of food. There must be a radical change if the 'C. of E.' is to lay hold of these souls. They can be won. I am sure, if the 'C. of E.' is only simple and definite and sure of her position; there is ample scope. There is no place for Protestantism, or anything other than the Catholic faith put simply, and lovingly, and intelligently. The great need is a sense of sin, there is practically none. God has no place as a rule in the lives of a vast majority, though again and again, in individuals, there is manifested a desire for better things, but oh! the paralyzed arm of the 'C. of E.'
 And, oh! the paralyzed arm of all Protestantism severed from the church! What indeed can its chaplains do for the sick and dying, as the London Tablet remarks in quoting the above letter, that a nurse could not do just as well? "When the whole idea of sacramental absolution has faded away, what can the chaplain do that a layman could not do as well?"

The Perfume of the "Little Flower".
 "Last month in Rome was held the Congregation for discussion of the Validity of the Apostolic Process for Soeur Theresa. It is, indeed, a big step, and we are most grateful to all the friends of the cause who, by their prayers, have obtained that such a step should be made just a year after the Process has been carried to Rome. We now continue to rely on prayer to obtain that the remainder of the work may be accomplished speedily."
 The above announcement is quoted from a letter from the Superioress of the Carmelite Monastery at Lisieux, France, the blessed home in which Sister Theresa of the Child Jesus of the Holy Face, invoked under the title of "Little Theresa," spent all the beautiful years of her life as a Carmelite nun, having followed her four older sisters into this religious retreat.

Religion and Education in Alsace-Lorraine.

The French Senatorial Commission for Alsace-Lorraine has charged M. Debierre to give his special attention to the matter of religion and education in the liberated provinces. The appointment of such a man argues loudly for the future of both religion and education in these Catholic countries. M. Debierre is the incarnation of Latin Masonry, and stands high in its official circles. For twenty years, as *La Croix* states, he has unceasingly advocated war on God and the Church. An extract from a speech made by him in 1906 shows clearly his position.
 "God and Master was the teaching of the past. Neither God nor Master is the answer for the future, for God and Master [is the symbol of slavery... Our Republic, the Republic of Freemasons, and free-thinkers, summons all men of goodwill to liberate the school from confessions and the human brain from illusions and lies, to bring about liberty of conscience and to protect it from the compulsion exerted by any church or any religion whatsoever... Liberty of conscience will not really begin until the Republic has separated the school from both churches and religion, and given to the child, the citizen and the mother of to-morrow, liberty of reason."

This extract indicates the programme of the man entrusted by the senatorial majority to look after religion and education; open warfare against God, sectarianism and persecution, with the school removed from the influence of Church and religion and transformed into a nursery of free-thinkers whose device shall be "Neither God nor Master." It is said that the appointment was made through a surprise measure, while the moderate members were absent, and *La Croix* expresses the hope that Catholic senators will be able to prevent M. Debierre from doing all the harm he contemplates. One source of consolation is the fact that so ardent a champion of Catholic rights as M. Groussau is one of the three members appointed by the Commission of the Chamber of Deputies to elaborate a plan for the conduct of religious and educational matters in Alsace-Lorraine.
 M. Debierre's appointment has caused the greatest anxiety to the people of Alsace-Lorraine, and also in France. *La Croix* warns them to be on their guard against the Masonic 'Ligue de l'Enseignement,' which is already regarding the reconquered provinces as its prey, and to organize, for the defence of their Catholic liberties, traditions and children, a league of their own throughout the land and especially an association of the heads of families similar to the one in France, which shall take on itself to fight for the rights of Christian education in every commune and every parish. *La Croix* urges the Catholics of Alsace-Lorraine to profit by the sad experiences of their Catholic brethren in France and to organize before it is too late, otherwise persecution and religious hatred will soon succeed to their enthusiasm, and war on their Faith, their most cherished treasure, will be the bitter accompaniment of their long-desired and much-lauded return to France. —America.

The New Missal.—The Vatican Press of Rome is now actively engaged in preparing the type matter for printing the newly revised Missale Romanum and P. J. Kennedy, & Sons of New York have been authorized to reproduce the work in this country.
 Arthur Kennedy, of that firm is expected shortly from Rome and work on this monumental volume will be immediately started so that exact duplicates will be issued simultaneously with Rome.

From The Catholic Orphanage.

PRINCE ALBERT, March 2, 1919.

My dear Friends:—
 On the 10th of March we celebrate the feast of the 40 holy martyrs, the patrons of our little Crop Insurance which is still alive although a bit shy after last year's seeming failure. Still as in previous years we shall make a beginning by having a solemn High Mass on the 10th of March in order to call the protection of our holy patrons on the work of our many friends and benefactors.
 Indeed last year's crops did not turn out to the satisfaction of all. Some had hardly anything. Still I think that we had done our share in a loyal manner. From the 1st of April to the 1st of October Mass was said every Saturday in order to obtain the blessing of God on the crops of all those that had joined our little Insurance Company. On the same day the beads were said before the Blessed Sacrament for the same intention. Still in spite of all our supplications God had decreed not to grant our request in many instances.
 You had made generous promises in favor of the Orphanage at the condition that your crops were good; again you had done your share. Seemingly we all have been the losers. I say: "Seemingly" for a prayer is never lost, it never remains unanswered. If it does not obtain what is asked for it obtains something else more in harmony with our real needs, the needs of our immortal soul. Therefore we do not regret our prayers of last year and we are sure that you have not been the losers. We will do the same again this year, being convinced that the prayers of the children will be for you a source of Heaven's choicest blessings.
 Or should we rather feel discouraged and give up everything because our request was not granted during last summer to the extent that we expected? This would not be in harmony with our Saviour's desires when He so strongly recommends, even commands us to pray and never cease praying.
 Therefore we will cheerfully do our share as in previous years. Won't you also do yours? Your little deeds of kindness won't be lost, will not go unrewarded. You know that God looks upon as done to Himself whatever is done for the benefit of the least ones of His children.
 Thus I sincerely hope that you will do your share in a generous fashion. But who is willing to act as Promoter? I am confident that quite a few will be ready for a little extra work. Send a line to my address and you get a supply of the well-known blue leaflets. Then get busy and go in a manly manner after your friends and neighbors and don't be easy on them. Don't let them off till they have signed their name; if they do not so willingly they will do it in order to get rid of you, it does not matter. May I not hope that the number of subscriptions will be greater than in previous years? Why not? We hear so much about making this or that year a banner-year in doing good?

Wishing to all and every one health, success and above all the blessings of Heaven, I remain yours gratefully in the Lord,
 Rev. W. BRUECK, O. M. I.

—Perhaps there are no more saloons in your home town; but did you help to do away with immoral shows, dances, pictures, books etc.? "Oh," you answer, "people are not so 'prudish' any more!" Maybe, but they have the same passions as in the centuries past, and the Devil still goeth about seeking whom to devour.

THE HUMBOLDT CREAMERIES, LTD.

BOX 46
 HUMBOLDT, SASK.
 Manufacturers of
 FIRST CLASS BUTTER
 SHIP YOUR CREAM TO US!
 We pay highest prices for butterfat during winter and summer.
 Write to us for further information
 O. W. ANDREASEN, Mgr.

The Bruno Creamery BRUNO, SASK.

Manufacturers of
 FIRST CLASS BUTTER
 SHIP YOUR CREAM TO US!
 We pay highest prices for Butterfat during winter and summer.
 RICHARD SCHAFER, Mgr.

Ship your Cream to the Rose Lawn Creamery ENGELFELD, SASK.

You are paid highest market prices for Butterfat, according to quality, during summer and winter.
 Full information given on request.
 JACOB KOEP, Prop.

L. Moritzer Humboldt, Sask.

Gen. Blacksmith and Horse shoer
 Repairs on all kinds of Machinery satisfactorily done. Also have Oxy-Acetylene Welding Plant and am able to weld castings or anything of metal.
 Agent for Coekshutt Implements.

Dead Moose Lake Store

Carl Einberg, Proprietor
 For years I have conducted my business here, and that my many patrons are satisfied is proven by their increasing patronage. That's right! Why go elsewhere, when you can buy all you need right here at the cheapest prices?
 We have Boots, Shoes, Dry Goods, Groceries, Tobacco etc.
 Best service always guaranteed.

Feed and Livery Stable

If you want QUICK SERVICE, whether with AUTO or otherwise, call on St. Gregor's dependable FEED AND LIVERY STABLE.
 I am also handling the John Deere and Coekshutt Machinery and I have the agency for all sizes of Farm Tractors.

A. V. LENZ, ST. GREGOR, SASK.

All kinds of Meat can be had at Pitzel's Meat Market

The place where you get the best and at satisfactory prices.
 WE BUY Cattle, Hogs, Sheep and Poultry. If you have them to sell, let us know, we pay highest prices.
Pitzel's Meat Market
 Livingstone St., HUMBOLDT, Phone 52.

Fish—Fish—Fish

Now is the time to put in a Stock of Fish! Fresh-frozen and spiced herrings, Russian sardines 'Table-talk', Lunch Style herring, etc.
 Whitefish, round, 50-100 lb lot, 12c
 " " cleaned, 50-100 lb, 12c
 Lake trout, cleaned, 25-50 lb, 14c
 Jack fish, round, 50-100 lb lot, 9c
 Pickerel, W. eyed pike, 25-50 lb, 14c
 Brills, 10-20 lb lot, 10c
 Lake Superior herring, fresh-frozen, 10c
 Salt water herring, " 8c

Fresh Meat always on hand. Delicious Sausages our Speciality. Best prices paid for live or butchered Cattle, Hogs, Poultry etc.

Central Meat Market Schaeffer & Eckers, Humboldt, Sask.

WANTED
 a few young ladies to enter the training school for nurses at the Holy Family Hospital in Prince Albert. For particulars write to SISTER MARY BENEDICTA.

Dr. D. B. NEELY
 PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
 Office in Residence, (formerly Jno. Q. Brandon's residence), opposite Arlington Hotel.
 Phone No. 122 Humboldt, Sask.

Dr. R. H. McCutcheon
 Physician and Surgeon
 Office:
 Keykey Block — Humboldt, Sask.

Dr. A. S. GARNETT HUMBOLDT
 Office: Main Street, Phone 38.
 Residence: Livingstone St., Phone 78

Veterinary Surgeon V. W. STEEVES, V. S., HUMBOLDT.
 Graduate of the Ontario Veterinary College and Saskatchewan Veterinary Association. Office in Humboldt Realty Co. Building, Main St. Phone 90 day — 128 at night.

Dr. P. Duval
 Physician — Surgeon — Coroner
 Office at Hargarten's Pharmacy
Bruno, Sask.

Dr. F. R. NICOLLE, B. A.
 Physician and Surgeon,
 QUILL LAKE, SASK.

E. S. WILSON
 LEGAL ADVISER, ATTORNEY, AND NOTARY PUBLIC.
 Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.
 Office: Main St., Humboldt, Sask.

FOR
LIFE INSURANCE
 call on me for further particulars. I am agent for the
 GREAT WEST
 LIFE INSURANCE CO.
L. J. Lindberg, Muenster.


Licensed Auctioneer
 I am ready to call AUCTION SALES anywhere in the Colony. Write or call on me for terms.
A. H. PILLA, MÜNSTER

North Canada Lumber Co., Ltd.
 CUDWORTH, SASK.
 Come and see our new Stock before you build.
 We have the largest, the best, and the most complete Stock.
JOHN ARNOLDY, Agent.

Land Market!

Come to us for choice lands in the **Watson District**

VOSSEN & SCHINDLER
 REAL ESTATE, LOANS AND INSURANCE
 Watson, Sask., Canada.

DELCO-LIGHT
 The complete Electric Light and Power Plant
 Makes the farm a better and more desirable place to live and to work.

A. N. Patvermacher, BRUNO, SASK.

WANTED
 an intelligent Catholic boy or young man who wishes to learn the Printer's Trade. Must be able to read and write English correctly. Only such need apply who can stay at the work.
 Apply to
 St. Peters Bote, Muenster, Sask.

Vol. 16 No. 4
 SPARKS
 (Special)
 —The w
 from agr
 back par
 coined th
 at great
 "boiler pl
 has doub
 been heard
 editor, wh
 be a Simon
 it shows a
 good manne
 adays in pul
 —O Jam
 you leave y
 good manne
 To slap yo
 like that. I
 a half of the
 help you to
 your paper b
 Canadians' d
 —This sa
 that "this is
 value peace
 oppose the i
 in every form
 loud talk and
 irritated by t
 language eve
 ye editor.
 —O Jamie
 that vaunted
 "sprung" tha
 To judg' from
 seem that y
 speaking dist
 and tell these
 diers are not
 the way to in
 respect for Br
 —The mach
 needs the oil
 running smoo
 —If you w
 progress drop
 grumbles.
 —It is th
 own standar
 and judge peo
 —Billy Sur
 orising the d
 source of all
 money.
 —Did you
 that not one
 a nail straig
 thing is as sim
 log. Keep yo
 the head of t
 watch the ham
 at the same ti
 —Nail driv
 est illustrati
 of success. H
 head. Centre
 your head on
 to see done—
 —Professor
 Syracuse U
 the impending
 "No Tobacco
 day will boost
 vivals. After
 der a "No Gum
 an organization
 accidents, a
 and similar mo
 order. By the
 rives the "ref
 made such a p
 try that it wil
 cupation by th
 —One way
 during Lent
 earlier than us
 Holy Mass, pro
 make this p
 families with
 ly pray the Ros
 decade of it, in
 days of Lent
 no special serv
 —It's few
 Catholics will
 their friends.
 their storekee
 chickens' break

SPARKS FROM THE ANVIL
(Special for St. Peter's Bote.)

Thus at the flaming forge of life
Our fortune must be wrought;
Thus on its sounding anvil shaped
Each burning deed and thought!
LONGFELLOW.

The weekly Spit-ball heard from again. Hold on! I must take back part of that. Since I last coined that expression, the paper at great expense by the use of "boiler plate" and "patent inside" has doubled its size. But it has been heard from "alright." Ye editor, who no doubt lays claim to be a Simon-pure Briton, says that it shows a want of discretion and good manners to talk German nowadays in public.

O Jamie, Jamie! where did you leave your discretion and your good manners when you wrote that? To slap your friends in the face like that. Isn't it the dollar and a half of the German-speaking that help you to live? Where would your paper be without the German-Canadian's dollars?

This same editor says further that "this is a time when all who value peace and prosperity should oppose the introduction of liquor in every form. Liquor promotes loud talk and returned soldiers are irritated by the sound of a foreign language even when sober." So far ye editor.

O Jamie! where again was that vaunted discretion when you "sprung" that on your readers? To judge from your talk it would seem that you live in a foreign-speaking district, and there you go and tell these people that our soldiers are not always sober. Is that the way to instill into them a great respect for British ideals?

The machinery of community needs the oil of charity to keep it running smoothly.

If you want to make faster progress drop your grouches and grumbles.

It is a mistake to set up your own standard of right and wrong and judge people accordingly.

Billy Sunday believes in exorcising the devil by getting at the source of all evil, the people's money.

Did you ever stop to think that not one person in ten can drive a nail straight? And yet the thing is as simple as falling off a log. Keep your eye absolutely on the head of the nail. You can't watch the hammer and the head at the same time.

Nail driving is one of the finest illustrations of the philosophy of success. Hit the nail on the head. Centre your eye, your heart, your head on the thing you want to see done—and you will do it.

Professor F. W. Roman, of Syracuse University, announces the impending organization of the "No Tobacco League." Billy Sunday will boost it in his circus revivals. After it is in running order a "No Gum League," likewise an organization against automobile accidents, a "No Noise League," and similar movements will be in order. By the time Doomsday arrives the "reformers" will have made such a paradise of our country that it will be ready for occupation by the host of the blest.

One way of doing penance during Lent is to rise somewhat earlier than usual so as to attend Holy Mass, provided one's duties make this possible. Catholic families with the right spirit usually pray the Rosary, or at least a decade of it, in common on those days of Lent on which there are no special services in church.

In a few weeks thousands of Catholics will send Easter cards to their friends. Let Catholics tell their storekeeper that instead of chickens breaking through their

shell, they would prefer a symbol of Christ rising from the dead. Easter is the triumph of our faith; the seal of our immortality. Let us therefore see to it that this thought is conveyed in our greetings. Insist on a genuine religious, artistically executed postcard for Easter.

Laurier and Children.

Sir Wilfrid was very fond of children and they returned his affection. At the time of the long naval debate, a Liberal caucus waited anxiously one winter morning for the leader. Reporters at the main entrance witnessed the aged statesman spending the valuable moments prodding the snow with his cane in an endeavor to find the lost mitten of a little girl who was crying piteously. It was only when the mitten was found that Sir Wilfrid hastened to his duties.

During his tour of the West in 1910 an incident occurred, which showed his thoughtfulness where children are concerned. The crowd, which had assembled in Edmonton on a hot August afternoon was so great, that an indoor meeting could not be held. Sir Wilfrid spoke from a balcony on the main street, which was crowded with people. In the midst of his speech he paused and pointed to a window opposite, where a little girl sat alone on a ledge swinging her feet over the street below. Anxiously he inquired: Is that child safe? Amid all the display and acclaim his thoughts were on the child in danger.

While traveling west near Fort William the call for breakfast found him missing. There was some anxiety expressed as to his safety. "No need for worry," said F. F. Pardee, who knew his chief well, "You will likely find him outside with the youngsters." And he was found playing catch with a sturdy four year old.

During the same tour a public reception was held at a temporary stand built on a Manitoba prairie. A little girl of eight with bare feet looked on while a fluffy beribboned little maid presented Sir Wilfrid with a bouquet of roses and was awarded with a kiss. The little prairie maid wandered away and quickly gathered a bunch of wild weed blossoms. Then she returned and edged her way through the throng. She was pushed back by a committee man, but there happened to be a break in the line and she found herself almost confronting Sir Wilfrid. Just then he spied her and said to her: "Were you good enough to mean those flowers for me?" He took them and kissed the little girl. Then he drew a sprig from the bunch and fastened it on the lapel of his coat. And when he departed he left behind a little girl with happy memories.

One day as the train lay in a switch near Humboldt, a boy with a kodak stepped in and explained he wanted to take his first picture of "Mister Laurier." A few moments later the tall figure was standing patiently on the track for the young photographer's benefit.

During one campaign, an excited supporter telegraphed from a remote constituency in Quebec: "Report in circulation that you have never had any of your children baptized by church. Very damaging to party. Telegraph me if untrue."

Sir Wilfrid's reply was characteristic: "Report unfortunately quite true. I never had a child."

OFFICIAL WEATHER REPORT FOR MUEENSTER, SASK.

DATE	1919		1918		1917	
	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum
1. Feb.	24	5	5	-11	-22	-48
2. "	6	-20	-4	-26	-19	-55
3. "	-1	-26	-18	-46	-19	-37
4. "	-5	-23	11	-40	-17	-30
5. "	-3	-25	30	2	17	-23
6. "	-5	-33	25	0	32	13
7. "	-3	-35	12	0	33	-6
8. "	0	-27	12	-13	3	-33
9. "	25	-9	35	5	3	-12
10. "	29	5	36	12	1	-20
11. "	25	0	35	2	8	-18
12. "	21	5	15	2	19	5
13. "	20	7	6	-18	22	13
14. "	16	-18	5	-28	22	10
15. "	25	-8	-4	-16	27	13
16. "	21	-7	-9	-32	26	13
17. "	20	-9	-5	-30	-4	-31
18. "	11	0	-7	-20	-8	-35
19. "	14	-19	-14	-29	-10	-32
20. "	14	-10	-16	-46	-11	-42
21. "	22	11	-3	-30	-11	-32
22. "	10	-5	33	-13	-10	-31
23. "	0	-21	36	14	-1	-26
24. "	9	-45	34	4	-3	-29
25. "	-18	-36	12	-16	-1	-20
26. "	-15	-52	16	10	2	-22
27. "	-9	-43	20	-10	11	-10
28. "	-10	-38	-16	2	9	-9

Remarks for the Month of February 1919.

Highest temperature: 29 (on Feb. 10); lowest temperature: -52 (on Feb. 26). Average temperature: Highest 8.03, lowest -17.92 Snow 4.50 inch.

The highest average temperature during the Month of Feb. 1918 was 13.85, the lowest -15.21.

Subscribe to St. Peter's Bote!

Announcement to the Farmers of the Humboldt District.

I have in my Show Room on MAIN STREET The LATEST in the TRACTOR Line Case 15-27 which pulls 4-14" plows and a 26-46 separator Price \$1735.00

Can You Beat That?

Don't fail to look this Tractor over when you make YOUR NEXT TRIP TO HUMBOLDT.

NOW IS THE TIME to get prepared for Spring before the Rush. Look over your Old Machines and ORDER ANY REPAIRS you want NOW.

How about that DRILL order? I have the Massey-Harris with a STEEL GRAIN BOX.

One look will convince you that it is the Best Buy on the Market.

Great West Gang Plows and Sulky's are in a class by themselves.

Mulcher Packers

with the ever lubricated axle, only need oiling once a year. Made in all sizes, two, three and four furrows, to attach to plows. Eleven and fifteen feet, made in sections.

I have them in stock at Humboldt. Those Mulchers are recommended by Seager Wheeler, the Wheat King, and all the leading Farmer Papers. They are guaranteed not to clog in wet soil.

26 ft. wood Boss Harrows

built by the most reliable Firm in Winnipeg. Regular selling price \$38.00, I am selling them while they last at \$34.00 F.O.B. Humboldt. GET YOUR ORDER IN QUICK and don't be disappointed.

Fox Automatic Grain Picklers Capacity 125 bushels an hour.

Winner Fanning Mills Wild Oats Separators Roller and Plate Grinders, all sizes and other Goods, too numerous to mention.

Let me know your requirements and I can supply your wants in anything for the Farm. My MOTTO: A SQUARE DEAL and SERVICE at all times, DAY OR NIGHT.

E. D. LELACHEUR

THE HUMBOLDT MACHINE MAN Main Street HUMBOLDT, SASK.

The Merchants' Bank of Canada
has opened a Branch of the Bank at
DANA, SASK.

which will be open every Monday and Thursday.

The manager cordially invites residents of the district tributary to Dana to call and get acquainted, and begs to state that all their banking requirements will have very careful attention from this well known, popular institution.

E. W. ALEXANDER, Manager.

Banque d'Hochelaga

Head Office Montreal. Established in 1874

Authorized Capital \$10,000,000.00 — Capital Paid up and Reserve \$7,800,000.00
Total Assets \$57,000,000.00

General Banking Business transacted on most favorable terms. Special attention given to accounts of Congregations, Parishes, Municipalities, School Districts and Institutions patronized by Farmers. Joint Accounts opened in the name of husband and wife, or any two persons, so that either one can do the banking business. It saves a lot of trouble in case of the death of either one of the parties.

We encourage the purchase and keeping of stock.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT:— Interest paid at highest rate and computed semi-annually on all deposits of ONE Dollar up.

COLLECTION DEPARTMENT:— Special attention given to sale notes. Money transferred to any part of the world at current rates.

Muenster Branch. Muenster, Sask.

FORD PRICES. The policy of the Ford Motor Company of Canada, Limited, to sell its cars for the lowest possible price consistent with dependable quality, is too well known to require comment. Therefore, because of present conditions there can be no change in the price of Ford Cars.

FORD

- Runabout - - - - \$660
- Touring - - - - 690
- Coupe - - - - 875
- Sedan - - - - 1075
- Standard Chassis - 625
- One-Ton Truck Chassis 750

These prices are F. O. B. Ford, Ontario.

All prices subject to war tax charges, except truck and chassis.

Ford Motor Company of Canada, Ltd., - FORD, ONT.
J. G. YOERGER, Dealer, HUMBOLDT, SASK.

For Cheap Sale!

320 Acres of good farm land, 80 acres cultivated; able to cultivate another 100 acres. Plenty of good well water and hay. Situated 3 1/2 miles South of St. Gregor, Sask.

Apply to Box 432, HUMBOLDT, SASK.

for Groceries, Drygoods, Boots, Shoes, Outfit for the whole family from head to toe, and good prices for Produce

at the

Shapack & Wolfe Co.

General Store Humboldt, Sask.

We refund your money if you are not entirely satisfied!

Land and Farms!

I have a number of Farms and Wild Lands for sale at low prices. Some will be sold on Crop Payment.

For further particulars apply in person or by letter to

Henry Bruning, MUEENSTER, SASK.

Canadian News

(Continued from Page 1)

armed the policemen. They were just proceeding to call the police, when the patrol wagon arrived on the scene. Explanations were made, but the man with the can had disappeared. It was for him the wagon had been summoned.

Nova Scotia

HALIFAX.—Emergency measures, it was learned, were necessary to overcome insubordination among some of the soldiers on board the transport Empress of Britain which docked here Feb. 24. During early hours of the trip several men absolutely refused to carry out fatigue duties assigned to them. It was not until Col. J.M. Yates, the officer commanding the troops on board, threatened to order the vessel back to a British port that the difficulty was overcome and the men in question carried out their orders.

New Brunswick

ST. JOHN.—Lieut. R.L. Johnson and E. R. Osten, were drowned in the Kennebecis river near here. They were crossing the ice in an closed automobile, when the car broke through and floated under the ice. Col. McAvity, who was also in the car, and the chauffeur managed to swim to an opening.

Release of Sinn Feiners in English Prisons Demanded by Irish People

The London News, according to an Oregonian dispatch, says that Irish opinion is greatly stirred over the failure of the British government to release the 20 Sinn Fein members of parliament in English prisons. The News says the Sinn Fein leaders had good reason to believe that the men were to be released but there is now no prospect of their being released and the position is ten times worse than it that prospect had never been held out.

"The Sinn Fein executive committee considers that it has been tricked again and accordingly will go ahead with plans that were matured some weeks ago to bring this question forcibly into notice. They will be supported in this course by an immense volume of public sentiment, but as a profound as it is understandable. For the prisoners have neither been charged with any offense nor tried and it is known they are suffering severely in health after nearly nine months in jail.

"It cannot be doubted that any campaign of force thus opened will throw the whole country once more into a state of disorder. Both the political and industrial wings of the republican movement find the moment ripe for a blow. The gravest danger to the government always has been that these forces would form a temporary union. That union will almost certainly be achieved very shortly, thanks to the unique combination of governmental blundering in Dublin and London.

The agitation may result in the adoption of a resolution urging President Wilson and the other American commissioners to bring up the question at the peace conference, says a Washington dispatch to the New York World. Friends of the president, who fear he would be embarrassed by such action, virtually admit they are unable to prevent a favorable vote if its supporters insist.

"The concentration of the two wings upon concrete issues could not have been more skillfully timed by the cleverest generals. With their banner inscribed 'Release the Prisoners' and 'A 40-Hour Week,' the allied army of patriots and industrialists would be able to rally three-quarters of the population."

FRENCH CATHOLICS PETITION POWERS

The Cardinals, Archbishops and Bishops of France have petitioned the French government to introduce into the Peace Conference the question of religious freedom for Mexico. This is evidenced in a letter addressed by Msr. Alfred Baudrillart, president of the Catholic University of Paris, to His Grace, the Most Reverend Archbishop Orozoco, of Guadalajara. The

letter of the French prelate, who was one of the ecclesiastical mission to visit America recently, follows:

INSTITUTE CATHOLIQUE DE PARIS
74, Rue de Vaugirard
Paris, 27th December, 1918.

Monsignor: Your Grace has already received a letter that His Eminence, Cardinal Amette, wrote in the name of all the Bishops Protectors of the Catholic University of Paris.

I have since had an interview with "La Croix," which I have the honor of transmitting to you. I have presented the request of the Mexican Bishops to Mr. Poincare, president of the republic, in the audience that he honored me with on the 17th of December last, and he said I should speak of this with Mr. Pichon, minister of foreign affairs. His Eminence Cardinal Amette, will send him a note to this effect.

I hope, Monsignor, you and your venerable brothers in the hierarchy will recognize that we have done all we could to further your wishes.

May Your Grace deign to present to Monsignor, the Archbishop of Yucatan and of Michoacan, our respects and our religious esteem.

ALFRED BAUDRILLART,
Rector.

Member of the Academy of France.
Cardinal's Letter.

The letter of Cardinal Amette referred to above follows:

Paris, Dec. 9, 1918.

Monsignor: On his return from America Msr. Baudrillart informed the Archbishops and Bishops, Protectors of the Catholic University of Paris, in their yearly meeting, of the sad and intolerable situation of the Mexican Church.

We have been deeply moved by his exposure and we share from our hearts your sufferings, and with our venerable brothers of the United States of America we protest with our might against the outrage committed in your country against the Faith and Christian liberty. We wish that we could lift our voice so that you could obtain justice and that respect for the great principles of the freedom of the people and their liberty of conscience that the peace conference has as its principal aim to establish in the world, might be assured in Mexico, as in other civilized nations.

Not having any other means to serve your cause, we ask God to take it into His hands. We offer you and to all your venerable colleagues of the Mexican Hierarchy the homage of our respectful and brotherly sympathy.

His Eminence, Cardinal Luçon, Archbishop of Reims; and the twenty-seven other Archbishops and Bishops, Protectors of our Catholic Institute, have also asked me to express their sentiments to you. For your Grace, to receive them and believe me to be your very humble brother in Jesus Christ.

LEON CARDINAL AMETTE,
Archbishop of Paris.

To His Grace, the Archbishop of Guadalajara.

The Interview.

The interview which Msr. Baudrillart gave to the celebrated Catholic daily of Paris, La Croix, follows, as narrated by the editor:

It is no longer a secret that the Bishops Protectors of the Catholic Institute of Paris asked His Eminence, Cardinal Amette, to send a letter of sympathy to the Mexican hierarchy.

Why was this done at the present time?

We knew that Msr. Baudrillart, who has been so kind as to communicate to us his impression of America, could tell us all about this subject; he has done so, and we are happy to be able to repeat to our readers the very interesting interview we had with the rector of the Catholic Institute.

"Would we be indiscreet, Msr. Baudrillart," we asked him, "if we questioned you regarding the meaning of the act of the Bishops Protectors of the Catholic Institute in favor of Mexico?"

"Not at all. On the contrary, it is necessary and advantageous to clear the French public opinion on one of the subjects that preoccupy the minds of many Americans, the Mexican question.

"The revolutionary state of the country and the despotism of the masters that reign only by terrorism are a permanent danger to peace. The American Catholics are very anxious because of this state of affairs, that has injured so grievously their brothers, the Catholics of Mexico, who are crushed under the most odious laws.

"The conversation I had in Chicago with the Apostolic Protonotary, Msr.

Kelley, founder of the Catholic Church Extension Society, and those with which I have been honored by several exiled Mexican Archbishops, have given us light on the situation and made known to us the wishes of the hierarchy and the Catholics of that unhappy country.

"What do they expect from us? Do they desire a foreign intervention?"

"None of them wish this, and still less the intervention of the United States. That might endanger their independence, and all are zealous patriots. But they think that one of the questions that must be treated at the peace conference is that of Mexico, and that the authority of the conference might be exercised with the authorities of Mexico to better the general situation and especially the religious one."

"Why, Monsignor, this intervention of the peace conference?"

"Because the peace of the world is endangered directly by Mexico's troubled state, because foreign capital (French, English and American) is continually in danger, also because the Constitution of Mexico now in force is Socialistic and entirely inimical to religion, and hostile against the foreigners. Peace and order cannot be restored in Mexico if religious liberty is not given to the people, who in spite of the efforts made to tear them away from their Church, are still loyal to the faith.

"All this was written in the protest of the Mexican prelates, on the 24th of February, 1917, a protest that has been recognized by a letter of Benedict XV, and to which the American hierarchy added theirs in a letter signed by the venerable Cardinal Gibbons in the name of all."

"At what price can peace be restored in Mexico, Monsignor?"

"These are the conditions that the Mexican hierarchy consider essential, for any kind of government in power to enforce:

"1. Complete religious liberty on the basis of the independence of the Church and state, as it is in the United States and Brazil.

"2. Complete liberty of association, i. e., a liberty extended to religious associations, and absolute liberty to teach; now all Catholic teaching is prohibited, and all schools have been closed.

"3. Restoration to the Church of all its buildings, churches, episcopal and parochial houses, seminaries, colleges, schools and other buildings confiscated in 1913 (without returning those confiscated in 1857), and a constitution that will allow the Church to own the necessary property for its existence.

"They do not wish to establish the old union between Church and state? I am listening with great interest, and am asking myself whether you are talking of Mexico or of France."

"Unhappily, they resemble each other," said Msr. Baudrillart. "Without comparing our fate and that of our Bishops with that of the Mexican Bishops and Catholics, we must recognize that their justification is also ours."

"Do you not think, Monsignor, that the Mexicans will not look with displeasure on intervention by the peace conference, as mild as it would be?"

"No; nearly all Mexicans will see it with pleasure, as they are suffering greatly because they are Catholics. Even the Sacraments are forbidden them. They suffer, too, in their national dignity, as everybody knows that Carranza received German gold, and that he does not allow Mexicans to show their preference for the Allies. He also forbade them to buy Liberty bonds."

"But would not the United States consider the intervention of the peace conference as intruding on a question that they alone should solve?"

"I do not think so. The American Catholics would be satisfied, and they count for much. Also the government would be glad should any one help it to get out of the difficult situation in which it has engaged itself. Mexicans wish only for what Mr. Wilson wants to give all countries—Independence, liberty and peace.

"What joy for the Mexican Bishops if the French Hierarchy and even all generous France would interest herself in the future of those that are now enduring a veritable persecution."

"Has anybody as yet done anything in so just a cause?" was asked.

"Yes. The British embassy in Mexico has done much. It is owing to her that the Archbishop of Guadalajara was not executed, although condemned to death. The Spanish government has also shown good intentions. As to the French minister, he is purged by the implacable hatred of Carranza."

This is the very interesting message that we have had from Msr. Baudrillart's own lips. He added that he made all this known of the Catholic

John Mamer MUESTER, SASK.

Dealer in Farm Implements.

Deering and McCormick Machinery, Mogul and Titan Tractor Engines, Hamilton and Oliver Tractor plows, drills, harrows and disc harrows, binders, mowers, and hayrakes.

Wagons of all kinds on hand.

I also handle the Oliver sulky and gang plow and keep all kinds of repairs and shares on hand.

Oliver, Parlin & Orendorff, Emerson, John Deere and Moline shares.

I will repair

all kinds of binders and mowers and guarantee to give satisfaction.

Bring your machinery in early so I can have time to fix them up in good shape.

Dry Cleaning and Dyeing Pressing and Repairing.

Humboldt Tailoring Co.
Practical Tailors and Cutters.

We make Clothes to Order. See our new Spring Samples. Customers own cloth made up in any style.

We also dry-clean, dye, press, and repair garments of every description.

Country Orders have special attention.

All work guaranteed satisfactory. Send your parcel by post and address it to

Humboldt Tailoring Comp.
Practical Tailors
Main Street Humboldt, Sask.

Institute of Paris, and that they had asked His Eminence, Cardinal Amette, to send to the Mexican Bishops an address of sympathy.

"Thanking the illustrious academician for his good-will in answering all our questions, we think he will appreciate that we repeat his sentence speaking of the French Bishops: "May God will that the French opinion will not rest there."

WHAT PONTIFF DID NOT SAY TO WILSON

L'Oeuvre, having made a statement alleging that it had been informed from a most reliable source that the audience which President Wilson had with the Pope, consisted mainly of a plea made by His Holiness for the consideration of the Roman question at the Peace Conference, the Osservatore Romano officially declares that this statement is unfounded.

When looking for LAND see me. I can sell you land at all prices and on the terms you want.

A. J. RIES, ST. GREGOR.

Subscribe to St. Peters Bote!

FARM for SALE

60 acres under cultivation, 9 acres woods, extra fine hay meadows. Situated two miles west of DEAD MOOSE LAKE P. O. Price \$20. per acre, you make the terms.

Apply to owner, J. F. Seckinger, D. V. D., Box 300, Humboldt, Sask.

Farmers Read This, It Will Interest You!

A Fordson Tractor will do the work of four horses, costs less and can be operated for less money than it takes to feed four horses. Price \$1015.00.

Ford Trucks complete with grain body and cab, \$1035.00.

Smith Form-a-Truck, 1 to 3 ton capacity, to fit any make of car, \$525.00 to 775.00. You can convert your old car into a good serviceable truck by using a Smith Form-a-Truck.

If it is a Car you are going to buy, we have the two most popular cars on the American Continent, the Ford and McLaughlin. These cars are backed up by good, honest service and for comfort and durability they cannot be excelled.

We will consider it a favor to have you call to examine our various lines and it will be a pleasure to have the opportunity of showing you what we have to offer.

Get your DE LAVAL CREAM SEPARATOR now and be prepared when your cows get fresh.

A large assortment of GOODYEAR TIRES, AUTOMOBILE ACCESSORIES, GASOLINE, OIL and GREASES always in stock.

J. G. YOERGER

HUMBOLDT, SASK. Phone 75

ST. GREGOR MERCANTILE COMP.

The Big Store — St. Gregor, Sask.

We find after stocktaking, that our supply of DRESS SHIRTS is considerably larger than it should be. These are all well-known makes and of the latest patterns. In order to reduce this supply we have taken all our \$2.00 and \$2.50 patterns and marked them down to

\$1.50

Remember this is no Job Lot, nor out of date or Bankrupt stock, but right up to the minute in every respect.

We also have several lines of shirts which sold regularly from \$1.35 to \$1.75, and good value at that. In order to clear them, we have marked them all

\$1.00

DON'T MISS THIS OPPORTUNITY.

Are you in need of any Wire?

WE HAVE IT and don't forget we meet ALL COMPETITION.

A. J. RIES & SON.

We never conduct FAKE SALES. Your money cheerfully refunded if your purchase is not satisfactory and YOU ARE THE JUDGE.

St. Pe

the oldest Ca Saskatchewan Wednesday at an excellent.

SUB \$2.00 per year Single

ADVERTISING Transient ad inch for first inch for subsequent notices 10 play advertising 4 insertions, \$1 year. Discour Legal Notices reil 1st insertio

No advertisement price, which th unsuited to a C

Address all ST. PE Muenster,

In The Of

COBLENZ, Field Marshal planning to use a drive against with Libau as rations, is indication which has States intelligence

PARIS, Mar reme War Cop adopted the German disarm provide for ar men enlisted fo

AMSTERDA the Bremen Ci state assembly votes have been Socialists 48,36 cialists 23,873; Democrats 24, geoise parties t

PARIS, Mar National Assem a dispatch from proved by unan calling to milita the class of fro clusive. It is e measure will pr an army of 600,

LONDON, M sonnel of the G be restricted to reme Council h military conditi on Germany inc that no tanks w more poison ga and that all Ge must be hande troyed. It is a commissions w carrying out of

BASEL, Mar tier between Ge Czecho-Slovakia midnight Sunda papers report.

WASHINGTON Strike outbreaks been due, prima food and not t Bolshevik propa to advices to th reporting condit as witnessed by lished reports as in Berlin, accord vices, have bee gerated.

BERLIN, Mar cantile fleet in the disposition decided at an e food and shipping Brussels, consis German figures, of 1,986,700 gro sailing vessels of sailing craft an smaller steamer be left by the en for internal trad figures include s during the war, finished steamers insists cannot be the armistice.

BRUSSELS, monthly ration 870,000 tons of f lowed by the Al which is in this with a German