O I wish we were hame to our ain folk, Our kind and our true-hearted ain folk, Whar' the gentle are leal, and the

free, made us sae fond o' our folk, y tauld us in goupins we'd g. t

To talk o'er the news, their views an' a' that, While down by the kad yard the burnic ran clear,
I'hat is mare to my likin' than a' that o
O I wish I were home to our ain folk,
Our kind and our-true-hearted ain folk,
Whar, the tall thistles wave, o're the beds

We'll meet them again in the world of An' then we'll be hame to our ain folk, Our kind and our true-hearted ain folk. Whar' far 'you, the moon, in the heaves The hames are the hames o' our ain folk.

Dr. Russel's Letters on the American Civil War.

Washington Sunday Nov. 10, 1861.

The impression is foreing itself into a conviction that neither Gen. McClellan or any other General will convert the mass of men under arms about here into a well dismen under arms about here into a well disciplined army according to the European standard or the nations of the most easily satisfied military critics. There is something radically deficient—a sentiment wanting, without which respect for the officer and obedience on the part of the mem canstandard or the nations of the most easily satisfied military critics. There is acmething radically deficient—a sentiment wanting, without which respect for the officer and obedience on the art of the mem cannot be developed into a system of uniform action in all times and under all circumstances. It would take years to infuse a substitute for the teeling which produces such results in the European mind and facilitates the change from the man to the soldier so readily. There is a change and it effects the man's intellect as well as his body, and you can recognize it in the precision and vigorous materalism of the one as much as in the upright carriage, regulated pace, and even the expression of eye in the other.

of his arrests on Wedesday resembles nothing for an imperiation of an imperiation of the people of the process of voting for an imperiation of an existing the sense of the people of the peo

state of the control of the control

who was arrested the other day for earrying, then of the North at the correspondence directed to persons in the could induse her to south, was seized in the state Department. Constitution shall have

the day before ynitridity," in the was longer the control of the first of positions to the state of the first of positions that had an entry position or the control of the first of positions that the state of the first of the control of the first of the first of the first of the first of the control of the first of the

The purser of the TRENT sends the

To Keep Potatoes, Bury them.—A correspondent of the Scottish Farmer relates the following case respecting the preservation of potatoes:—"I had an old ice well of the ordinary description, which I abandoned when I built one constructed of double timbers on the surface, after the American fashion. My gardener used, for several years, the old well as a potatoe store. It happened three years ago that the roof fell in and buried several hundred weights of potatoes, which, as we had plenty, was not cared for at the time. Last year we required stones and had those forming the sides and roof of the old well dug out, when to our astonishment we found a most the whole of the potatoes as sound as those of the same year's

Russell to prepare his despatch for Lord Lyons. On Saturday the Ministers met again to revise and finally settle its terms, The purser of the TRENT sends the following letter to the "Times":—

SIR,—I hasten to forward you some particulars of the grievous outrage committed to account in seasons when we have, as we had last year, a surplus crop; by burying to account in seasons when we have, as we had last year, a surplus crop; by burying them deep enough and in a dry place we might secure ourselves against a short crop, as in all probability will be the case this year refuse to make honorable reparation for an entire weeks ago, the little steamer Theodora,

ship, or the Reeves of two or three Townships, (when convenience suited,) should call a conjoint meeting, and organize a Rifle Club or local Association naming a President, Sec.-Tre

and Conneil of Ave.

The Presiding Officer at such meeting should announce to the Secretary of this Branch Association the formation of any such Township Association, send-

any such Township Association, sending at the same time, the names of the Officers, and such local Association will be recognized at once, and accepted as, affiliated, by this Association.

Each local or Township Association should require a small entrance fee from each member, to defray current expenses, and to enable them to know and number their members.

They should then select the most central and convenient spot for a shooting range or ground, and provide targets, establish, weekly matches for shooting among themselves, and thus place at the disposal of every man constant facilities for practising.

—It will be the endeavor of this Council

Lies for practising.

Lies for practising. rifles, and to obtain the services of a arms, to be used under his supervision

and instruction.

It is certain that a short acquain with the Enfield rifle, and a very instruction will satisfy our yeoman. naturally apt marksmen and keen hatters—of the superiority of the Enfield, and means will be found to gratify a texts which cannot fail to gratify a taste which cannot fail to grow, by p viding this improved weapon to me bers of this Association at cost price. Volunteers are furnished with this in-valuable arm, and with ammunition,

free of charge.

The prizes of the Branch Association and of the Provincial Association-some of great value—the silver mediof the British Rifle Association, an

some of great value—the silver medal of the British Rifle Association, and the Queen's great prize in England, are all open to the members of these Associations, independent of such prizes as they may offer among themselves.

The Council respectfully suggest to the inventors of and dealers in patented agricultural implements, that the gift of an improved plough or other agricultural implement, to be shot for, as a prize, by a Township Association, would cut two logs with the same hand-saw-spread at once the reputation of the implement and of the donor, and reward good shoot-ing,—thus profit and patriotism would go hand in hand.

The Council close these sugges The Council close these suggestions by pointing out many localities on the line of the Ride... u navigation where combinations of Townships could be conveniently formed and Associations organisced, especially—Smith's Falls, Maitland's Rapids, Mirrickville, Burritt's Rapids, Long Island. The Lockmasters at these points are old and tried soldiers, admirably qualified to direct a local rifle organization.

W. F. COFFIN, Licut.-Colonel, B. GALLWEY, Capt... PRESIDENT.

W. B. GALLWEY, Capt., PRESIDENT SECRETARY.

One of the effects of apprehension of war in the States will probably be the return of Canadian bank bills. The Chicago Press Canadian bank bills. The Chicago Press

"says that the foreign news create a good

"deal of anxiety in relation to Canada

"money. If we are to have trouble with

"England, it is plain that the more Canada

"money we have on hand the worse we are

"off. The feeling did not extend, so far as

"we know, to the issue of the bank of Mon
"treal; but everybody was anxious to get

"rid of the bills of the miscellaneous Canada

"hanks "rid of the bills of the u-iscellaneous Canada
"banks, whose circulation we have long
"since advised should be stopped. War
"under any circumstances, with England
"cannot commence for some weeks to come,
"and the sconer the stuff is sent home
"the better. It was taken reluctantly to"day by most houses."

kes, and even go to the length of releasing the Southern Commissioners, but if the demand is not complied with, a declaration of war on the part of England is inevitable.

The News says:—"Beneath everything there exists an undercurrent of apprehension lest the American Government madly contemplate the desperate policy of aceking to gain a standing ground for abandoning the design of subjugating herself.

The Liverpool Courier extra says:—We have been informed that a private telegram has been received in this town this morning stating that the 'Warrior' is forthwith to proceed to Annapolis, with the British Cabinet's ultimatum for the delivery of the prisoners and full reparation.

The Morning Star declares the statement COULDN'T CATGH HER.—The privateer out, and started out in chase of the Sumpter as he suppposed, but on coming up with the pursued the gallant defender of the "stars and Sripes" found much to his mortification, no doubt, that he had been chasing the peaceable Frenchman, instead of the rebellious Southerners.—The Sumpter of course "went on her way rejoicing." Such was the story in circulation in this city yesterday, which we believe, was obtained from the officers of the steamer "Delta," from St. Thomas.—Halfax Reporter.

Agents of the American governme purchased ten thousand tonn of the Eastern Townships, on the line Grand Trunk Railway, which is now pressed and baled for transportation

Rev. W. W. King of Chicago was recently divorced from his wife at her own suit, for baying abandoned her. Within twenty-four days he married a lady from Minuscots and went on preaching and rejoining by the

desendors are Mr. Soule of Louisi Hunter of Virginia, h They were Havana is the British steamer Clyd the December, was spaned and poor

Real over previous into the water belowing the long winter evenings, without the sale

* . * . . .

CABLETON PLACE, Wednesday, December 25, 1861

LATEST NEWS Mason & Slidell to be given up-

We have advices from Washington to the effect that the United States government has determined to yield everything to the demands of the British government rather than incur war. Mason and Slidell are to be given up with an ample apology for their arrest, and the insult offered to the British

This news will be gladly hailed through out the country, but it should not prevent the progress of preparations in Canada.-The restitution will be ungraciously made and the bitterness of the humiliation will long rankle in the American breast.

This affair has kindled a deep feeling between the people of the two countries, and the relations of the two governments will be of a sullen character for some time to come. The Americans are not disposed towards Britain in any affectionate spirit. The New York Times says the events of the past few days" have revealed to us a denth of enmity for which we were hardly prepared on the part of the English people, and for which, depend upon it, we shall have a very long memory." Thus forewarned, it becomes us to forearm; and in view of such probabilities we should be careless of our own preservation were to forego our efforts for dedefence, or to relapse into our old lethargy of fancied security.

The Herald says: according to latest advices all fears of a rupture with England on the Mason and Slidell affair may be dismiss-

force yesterday, and was fired on by the rebej in ambush. A brisk engagement ensued, when the rebels retreated to Fairfax Their total loss was 150, including the colo-nel of the 1st Kentucky rebel regiment kill-observed by several of the ancient nations in celebration of the "Birth of the Sun," restricted to the narrow confines of business

administration will yield to the present demands of England, even if these demands involve the restoration of Mason and Slidell of man and beast. It typified the new birth to the protection of the British flag, and a dasayowal and apology for their seizure by and of all cycles in nature. If thus repre-

Further information received from the sented the state of infancy, innocency, and against the enemy at and near Clinton, another part of his force under Col. Davis and Major Marshall, surprised another camp of rebels on the afternoon of the 18th, near Milford, a little north of Warrensburg. A brisk skirmish ensued, when the rebels finding themselves surrounded, surrendered.—Col. Davis took 1300 prisoners, including 3 Colonels and 17 captains, 1000 stand of arms, 60 waggons, 1000 horses and a large ly allied both to the word time and fullness,

The troops in Kansas have been stirring the past week, and good news is expected from them daily.

Arrival of the America.
Halifax, Dec. 21st.

The Royal Mail Steamship America, from Liverpool 7th, via Queenstown 8th, for New

prorogued till the 7th of January.
It was stated that orders for the pur

of half a million quarters of wheat had been sent to the Black Sea ports from London

glish troops were to be sent to Canada.

The constitutional, Patrie, Debats, and several other French journals says that France will remain neutral in the event of a war between England and the United blasts of adversity, and of the elements.

An accident of lamentable character, attended, we regret to say, with the loss of two lives, occurred on Thursday evening on the Rideau Bridge, near this city. The particulars may be briefly stated. Mr. Hardy Little, of Gloucester, farmer, has recently taken the Hotel on York street, in this city, known as the Exchange, and the his own man and team. In the afternoon the team was bringing in a load of wood, together with Mrs. Little, her brother, two children and the servant maid. On arrivwith Mrs. Little, her brother, two in and the servant maid. On arrivithe Rideau Bridge, the teamster object that Rideau Bridge, the teamster object the Rideau Bridge, the teamster object to appear to along at a space, the horses having apparently fright. He immediately stopped his least to allow the approaching one to when, just as he had done so, the runterm came in collision with his, and team came in collision with his, and the second s the violance of the concussion was such that the waggon and its load together with the horses, were precipited into the water below. The water below, the long winter evenings, without the smile almost every part of the Province, but conterminous therewith, where

the rest were all saved. It is not bodies of Mrs. Litle and her child had not been recovered.—Ottawa Citizen.

dd. of all classes, creeds and origins.

will have greeted the annual advent of the

generous old Santa Claus, and discussed his

rratuities in the form of the well filled stock-

the festival from time immemorial.

'and-thine' is merged in a community of in

ties of the season in their Saturnalia com-

"Come stir the fire, and close the shutters fast; Let fall the curtain, wheel the sofa round; And while the bubbling and loud hissing ura Throws up a steamy column, and the cups That cheer, but not inebriate, wait on each, So let us welcome cheerful evening in." CHRISTMAS. "Christmas comes but once a year, And when it comes, it brings go

In some such snug room, fitted up with The old carol says so, and we hope it may ng be sung amongst us, with a full and earty assent, and that the good cheer may ot only be regarded as applied to the viand nd beverages of which we may partake, but to the hearty and kindly feeling existing afar remote, and may "wheel the sofa round," ngst our friends, the readers of the Herand gather near the fireside,-with books, The ever revolving wheel of time, which well loved, there is a realization of calm ennows no pause and is tireless in its revolujoyment vainly sought for in more brilliant ions, has again brought us to the day that scenes, that gives a charm to "rugged win is celebrated as the aniversary of the birth ter." robbing it of all dreariness, and makes of the Saviour of the world. The present the dark, bleak nights glide rapidly and merissue will not have reached our distant read- rily away. So may be forgotten, in the in ers, ere the "Merry Christmas" will have terchange of thought and kindly glow of passed round the fireside and the festive human sympathies, the "northern blasts that poard, and the little folk-God bless them- blow." and the "fierce pelting of the bitter

sant is the ushering in of those same

ng evenings, pictured in the poet's descrip-

and who, amongst our many readers, enjoy ing. To our readers, young and old, one ling health and prosperity, have not enjoyed and all, we heartily wish a Merry Christmas the beautiful weather of the last few weeks. and a happy New Year; and may they We have enjoyed it in a high degree, and spend this season in the old fashionable hil- with leave of the reader we are disposed to arity and good cheer that has characterized moralize a little on the past. In the life of the good man there is an Indian Summe There are many considerations which com- more beautiful than that of the season mend the innocent festivities of this season richer, sunnier and more sublime than an to a hearty and general observance. Not Indian Summer the world ever knew-It only are they calculated to beget and foster the Indian Summer of the soul. When the kindly feelings between man and man-not glow of youth has departed, when the warmth only do they tend to revive in our selfish of middle age is gone, and the buds and blos nature, the sentiments of fraternity and soms of spring are changed to the sear and quallity,-but they serve to perpetuate a vellow leaf, then the mind of the virtuou custom which may link us in sympathy with man, still ripe and vigorous, relaxes its laour brethern of very ancient times. The bors, and the memories of a well spent life observance of the 25th day of December, is cush forth from their secret fountains, ennot of exclusively Christian origin, but ori- riching, rejoicing, and fertilizing; then the ginated in times very remote. That day, trustful resignation of the Christian sheds the field, and fifteen wounded picked up.—
With some seven or eight succeeding it, was around a sweet and holy warmth, and the which all tribes and nations then considered but soars beyond the winter of hoary age as the most proper visible representation of and dwells peacefully and happily upon that Brigadier General by the President.

There is not the slightest doubt at Washthe invisible Divinity. It is at this season bright spring and summer which await him that the Mason and Slidell affair will be amicably and honorably arranged.

The Merald's despatch says that, looking to the paramount and absorbing issue of the suppression of the Southern rebellion, the administration will yield to the present debeauty, to supply, beneficently the wants | tertaining knowledge, and they may, reasona and representative of the outer creations, as we have attempted to describe it.

BE NOT DECEIVED.

memorative of the peaceful reign of Old Saturn, which name in its radical significance, The rebel loss is not known yet.

Information from Glasgow states that our troops captured about two tons of powder buried on Caleb Jackson's farm.

Major Hubbard captured 60 rebels a day or two since in Johnson County.

The troops in Kness have been stirring this the community of interests which chardians to sleep, quietly, until war, with all this the community of interests which chardians to sleep, quietly, until war, with all the community of interests which chardians to sleep, quietly, until war, with all the community of interests which chardians to sleep, quietly, until war, with all the community of interests which chardians to sleep, quietly, until war, with all the community of interests which chardians to sleep. this the community of interests which char- dians to sleep, quietly, until war, with all acterized the childhood season of man and its stern realities, bursts like a thunder clap the race, and which, they thought it was fit- over their heads.

ting to celebrate in this childhood season of the year.

We would caution all interested, against being deceived by these Washingtonian We should remark that, though the 25th apostles, who would have Canada defencele

burst into a storm—the present duty of all At this season of the year the poor should in authority in the military matters of the formed. not be forgotten. Fortunately there are few province is clear. It is to prepare in every within the last few days, for present and fu- of this class in the circle of our acquaintance, direction. To prepare boldly and efficiently,

ture use.

The British frights Warrier was taking in 760 tons of coal prepatory to service on the North American coast.

The ship Silas Greenman for New York, having 100 tons of lead on board, was stopped in the river Thames—the export of the article having been profitbited.

The Hero, carrying 76 guns was to leave Portsmouth on the Sth intt. for the North American coast.

A considerable number of additional English troops were to be sent to Canada.

The ship Silas Greenman for New York, having 100 tons of lead on board, was stopped in the river Thames—the export of the means of subsistance. To such and all others in need, let us hope that their case will not only excite the empty wish—"be ye will not only excite the empty wish—"be ye glish troops were to be sent to Canada.

The British frights Warrier was taking in must be many sons and daughters of misfort tune—many whom the iron hand of adversities somewhat satisfactory to note the all ties somewhat satisfactory to note the all treed tone of the American Press, with which, indeed, there is some reason to be satisfied. But it does not follow that, because these petted spaniels cower under the growl of the lion, that the difficulty is over. This favorable feature of the case shows some disposition to listen to reason, where an outletent at the time and place required, with any arms and accoutrements he there to note the all trend tone of the American Press, with which, indeed, there is some reason to be satisfied. But it does not follow that, because these petted spaniels cower under the growl of the lion, that the difficulty is over. This favorable feature of the case shows some disposition to listen to reason, where an outletent at the time and place required with any arms and accoutrements he to some reason to be a such provision as his officer may direct. When the Commander in Chief requires the such provision, over and above the difficulty is over. This favorable feature of the case shows some disposition to listen to reason, where an outletent to note th bountifully, in the shape of food, fuel and raiment, to screen them from the bitter blasts of adversity, and of the elements.

We hope that all our readers and friends are happy in their circumstances and in their families. and we cordially wish them the hearty enjoyment of "good cheer," happiness in their domestic circles and a right merry Christmas!

We have had some days of most delight ful weather during the last few weeks, which may be fairly set down as our Canadian of rancor and hatred that would provoke hos
We have had some days of most delight ful weather during the last few weeks, which may be fairly set down as our Canadian of rancor and hatred that would provoke hos
The number of men to be taken from the first instance be taken from the first last the first instance be taken from the first last that the realities of war are teaching our Yankee neighbors a little of that prudence of volunteers be not sufficient, then such further numbers as are required must be drawn by lot. No militiamen drafted for actual to service is exempt unless he forthwith pays a penalty of \$40, "which shall be given to any approved man of the same class who is not himself drafted for service, and will serve on the place of the militiaman paying such penalty. Or such a militiaman paying such penalty or such a militiaman provide an approved substitute of the same class and not drafted to serve in his place."

If a greater number of men are required than the whole number of first class service men, Volunteers be not sufficient, then such further numbers as are required must be drawn by lot. No militiamen drafted for actual to service is exempt unless he forthwith pays a penalty of \$40, "which shall be given to any approved man of the same class who is not himself drafted for service, and will serve on the penalty of same penalty of sam tilities: but as a necessity, forced upon us

relate, Mrs. Little and the infant were fluence of social converse. And sgain how of friendship or affection, or the cheering in-fluence of social converse. And, sgain, how cial order has been issued from Quebec, and no militiaman will be subject to any corporal hows that the government have determined on organizing an active militia force which may serve as a nucleus around which may militiaman except for mutiny, desertion to rather a large body. In the absence of pos-tive information it is not easy to decide whether it is owing to the complexion of the answer given by the federal government the latest modern improvements, but where to Lord Lyons. Under whatever inspiration ne can actually see the fire stirred, in place they may have been induced to adopt this prudential course, we may reasonably interpret their action as a proof thatour relation with the U. S. have reached an important and songs, and fond, familiar talk with friends crisis, and that the wisest policy will be to prepare at once and hold ourselves in readiness for the most serious emergency :-

Quebec, Dec. 20th 1861. Militia, to be immediately formed for active service, from Volunteers, from service men. No man to be accepted who does not volunteer for immediate service, and on a day's Battalion, approved of by the Colonel of the District, and a joint certificate of their fitess sent to the Commander-in Chief, who clione sanctions their appointment. Field officers of Battalion may be company officers

A. D. SALABEBRY, Lt. Col. D. A. G. M.

CANADIAN MANUFACTURES. high a position in the scale of manufacrter" that some time ago, the firm of ome cloth which they had manufactured at for which the same price was demanded, and at the city of Toronto. He says :-

As all Her Majesty's subjects in Canada are anxious, under present circumstances, know the legal duties required of them, we had no bearing upon the case, in the hope give an analysis of the militia law as it now that they might be enabled to entrap them.

to points would be open by February at the latest Countess Canning, wife of the Governor General of India, died in Calcutta on the 18th of Nove ber.

The British Parliament has been further companies and summer seasons of a propogned till the 7th of India and Dakville; and summer seasons of a propogned till the 7th of India and Dakville; and India and Dakville; an Commodore may be appointed to command the whole. Corps of Engineers may also be

The Commander in Chief may, in case of of this class in the circle of our acquaintance, but within the bounds of our circulation there must be many sons and daughters of misfortune many whom the iron hand of adversity in case of the commander in one many of the commander in one of the case of the commander in one many of the commander in one of the case of the commander in one of the case of the commander in one many of the commander in one of the case of the

bountifully, in the shape of food, fuel and burst of passion was expected. It may be in the first instance be taken from the hitter that the resistion of passion was expected.

nen, then the requisite number will be taken rom the second class service men, in like

manner as the first.

The men drafted will be marched to such place as the Commander in Chief may appoint, there embodied and officered by such officers as the Commander in Chief may se-

ring up any

the enemy, or traitorously delivering up any garrison, fortress, post, guard, or for traitorous correspondence with the enemy.

When any troops, regular or militia, are on march within the Province, every householder must, when required, furnish them with houseroom, fire, and utensils for cooking and candles. And in case of emergency, the officer in command of the troops, be it a company or an army, having first obtained a warrant from a Justice of the Peace, may take any horses, carriages or oxen the sertake any horses, carriages or oxen the service may require, "the use of which will be hereafter paid for at the usual rate of hire." The commanding officer may also billet the troops upon the householders "in such a manner as may be most convenient to the officer and private of infantry, a daily rate of ten cents will be paid to the householder, and for each cavalry soldier, whose horse is provided with stabling, &c., a daily rate of twenty-five cents. No commissioned officer shall be obliged to pay for his lodging where he is regularly bille

When troops are in cantonments, any Justice of the Peace, upon receiving an order to that effect from the officer commanding the troops, may issue his warrants to the persons within his jurisdiction requiring them to furnish the carriages, horses, oxen, necessary for the service. If refused they will be impressed. But no carriage, horse or ox shall be required to proceed more than thirty miles. In cases of emergency, boats may be required in like manner, and the railway companies may by a similar process be made to contribute to the common defence.

THE HOGAN MURDER CASE .-- Our rea It must be highly gratifying to every ders will remember that James Brown was M. P. P., on the night of the first of Decemturing ability. We learn from the 'Galt Re- ber 1859. His counsel, Mr. J. H. Doyle, came before the Court of Oucen's Bench, lessrs, Hunt & Elliott, of Preston, sent and made application for a new trial, on the ground that the evidence was not sufficient heir woolen mills to an eminent firm in to convict, and that his Lordship Chief Jus-Montreal, who were so satisfied that it was tice Draper had rejected material evidence of a quality superior to the run of English offered by the defence. The application for loths for which the same price was demand- a new trial was made before Chief Justice ed, that they forwarded it to their agents in Robinson, who after stating the present London, and received in reply a few days position of the case gave the following decithe cheering announcement that the sion, which was concurred in by Justices Canadian samples sent were considered thir- MacLean and Burns. The prisoner will ty per cent, better than the English cloth therefore be tried again at the next assizes

criminal cases was not, he proceeded to say, raised so frequently now as formerly. The reason of this the learned Chief Justice stated at some length. Counsel were now allow ed to put many questions to witnesses which Then a witness might make some statemen eral of the Canadian newspapers, and The Provincial Militia is divided into two foreign to the case, which the counsel might Several of the Canadian newspapers, and ourselves amongst the number, have been accused of trying to stir up strife and create a war feeling between this country and our cousins on the other side of the St. Lawrence; and it is very glibly told on the streets and corners that, but for the newspaper press causing a slight ruffle on the surface, the tide of peaceful relations would continue to flow as smoothly as ever. The parties who make such assertions in the face of the clearest evidence to the contrary either do not read and think for themselves or they are purposely trying to lull Canadians to sleep, quietly, until war, with all tits stern realities, bursts like a thunder class. classes—First Class and Second Class. The first class consists of unmarried men, and the second class of married men. When the Sedentary Militia are called out in case of war, those first taken for actual service shall be volunteers from the Service Men; then the first class service men, then the second class of the service could not have been there, or that Sherrick was dead, such evidence could hardly be regarded as other than material.—

Then, if he could prove that Sherrick was at a distance at the time, and therefore could not have been there, or that Sherrick was dead, such evidence could hardly be regarded as other than material.—

Then, if he could prove that Sherrick was at a distance at the time, and therefore could not have been there, or that Sherrick was dead, such evidence could hardly be regarded as other than material.— The Royal Mail Steamship America, from Liverpool 7th, via Queenstown 8th, for New York put in here as six c'clock this morning, short of coal. She has 45 passengers for New York She will sail about 10 c'clock. Werlike sentiments and preparations in England were unbated. A large anti-war meeting had however been held at Dublin, Breadstuffs closed quiet but steady on Friday, and Provisions firm. Consols 895. The Nigara artived at Queenstown on that day. The evidence is rather to the 8th, from Boston via Halifax.

The British Government has sent a letter approving of the course of Commander that the time was fixed on because will have been watching the time the second and would have Canada defenceless, who would have Canada defenceless, in the hour of need, and would barter British honor and British rights for the petty fish honor and British rights for the petty fish honor and British rights for the petty fish honor and British fights for the petty fish honor and British for the petty fish honor a

Great interest is excited in Paris.

anded. The men of the active force must erve for not less than five years. The mili-erve for not less than five years. The mili-an imposing popular demonstration in his an imposing popular demonstration in his

THE AMERICAN PRESS.

We publish below the opinions of several rland and the United States. It will be erved that they are very sensibly drawing in their horns; and beginning to admit that they may possibly have done wrong. A few days more serious thinking may bring them to their senses and prepare them for delivering up the prisoners and apologising the England for the insult offered to her flag.

From the Tribune. In this emergency we do not presume to say what the Government should or should not do. Whatever course it may adopt will be determined by mature and careful conideration of all the rights and duties of the deration of all the rights and most pressing of our duties is to finish the Rebellion and the blockade at once, by employing the the N. Y. Evening Post says that an impetuous gentleman was lately endeavoring to show to the President the power of this country to beat England in a conflict upon

From the New York Times. rive the public a startling and most unwelme surprise. In spite of the evident exggerations contained in our report, enough nains that is unquestionably true to show not only all the answer that the impetuous that we are on the brink of war with Enland, and that nothing but the highest and the steadiest statesmanship at the helm, and the cordial confidence of the public in the wisdom and patriotism of the Government,

In our opinion, England and the world may rely upon it, that in the matter as in may rely upon it, that in the matter as in every other, the public peace will not be disturbed or hazarded by any persistence of the American Government in an unjust or unwarranted public act. If the act of Capt. Wilkes was not in conformity with public law, it will be disavowed. And in deciding this point our Government will not be affected, either by the unworthy sentiments so lavishly imputed to it by the English Press, or by the more ignoble apprehension lest doing right should be imputed to a wrong motive. We see it rumored that the Emperor of France has tendered his mediation doing right should be imputed to a wrong motive. We see it rumored that the Emperor of France has tendered his mediation in this instance. It is a case peculiarly fitted to such a mode of settlement—and we see no reason why, if offered, it should not would furnish soldiers who would act in dom and the justice of our Government, and believe that if war with England can be avoided with nonor, they will have no difficulty in finding the means of doing it. Nor do we see anything in this case, in its present aspect, to render a pacific adjustment perfectly compatible with the honor of both na-

President Lincoln wisely forebore any al-sion to the arrest in his Message to Congress. The government is, as yet, uncommitted with reference to it. Secretary Well's approval of the course of Captain fer by any consequences that may grow out of his act. The government is as free to determine its attitude toward Great Britain as if the Navy Department had not assured the side of the state of the same of the dence and firmness that he will neither

From the New York Herald. There can be no doubt that this news will produce a great sensation throughout this country. But there is no need of getss the part of wisdom for our government to be prepared for any emergency that may arise. The greatest efforts should at once be made, without the loss of a day, to once be made, without the loss of a day, to put our seacoast and lake defences in the most effective condition of defence; and our local militia should be more fully armed, equipped and drilled in the use of artillery and heavy ordnance. These are the duties required of each State. For the rest, we

required of each State. For the rest, we may leave the management of this question in the hands of Mr. Secretary Seward.

Meantime we are confident that this Mason-Slidell affair, without interrupting our relations of peace with England, will have a great moral effect in favor of our Government and our cause throughout the European continent; but if England is determined, in spite of her own code and long practice, to make demands upon this government such as are indicated in the London teach

de with any unrounce.

Britain may set up in regard to the Trent, we cannot anticipate. But one thing we have paragraph and the position, industry, and qualificate mently fit him to discharge the argofessional duties of this differences, and at the same time, a digneration and self-respect, than they are now. The rebellion, which foreigness ampose to have weakened them in their resources, has thus far only tended to bring out readers, being a scn of Mr. and R. Willson's of Fitzroy.

FATAL ACCIDENT—We regret to learn ast an accident of a most painful nature, securred at Arnprior, on Tuesday the 17th inst., which resulted in the death of a man named James Stuart, from near Burnstown. It appears that as he was leaving Mr. Miller's Cooper shop, with a load of pork barrels, the horses got frightened and ran away, at the same time, that we shall submit to no large the paragraph than the wear afford to see required of any people than we have shown toward every other name and the wear afford to see required of any people than we have shown toward every other name and the wear of the death of a man named James Stuart, from near Burnstown. It is appears that as he was leaving Mr. Miller's Cooper shop, with a load of pork barrels, the horses got frightened and ran away, at the same time, that we shall submit to no large the protes for the destruction of our commence. Rather than applegase for what is not wrong, and rather than applegase for what is not wrong, and rather than applegase for what is not wrong, and rather than surrender to the Swiss sharp shooters, appear to be less omposed. No doubt each carefully observed, even while she we have carefully observed, even while she we hav

The Boston Evening Traveller of Monday

"We would not have our Government even in this hour of extreme peril, submit to threatened blow. We hope that those who now guide the destinies of the nation will bring to the consideration of this most important matter both wisdom and moderation. and that Congress, especially, will refrain from prejudging the question so intimately connected with the prosperity and well being of the people of two nations, now for nearly lifty years at peace with each other. Lo there be no assumption of a "defiant attatuted." Our rights we will maintain with firmness, but at the same time with that prudence which the future of our beloved country so imperatively requires.'

It also republishes the following portion of an article, which appeared in its issue Friday last, as pertinent to the pre-

answer-'One war at a time!'

gentleman deserved, but it is the best answer that could have been made to his boasting, wisdom and patriotism of the Government, can save us from that direct of calamities. We may say at the oneset, however, that dark as the prospect appears, it is by means hopeless.—the peril may and will be averted, if that wisdom and public confidence are not withheld.

In our opinion, England and the world state of the confidence in the confidence are not withheld.

In our opinion, England and the world state of the confidence in the confi ter situated to judge intelligently of our capacity for war than any other man in the world. He knows how severely the secession inflict upon us certain and utter defeat -We do not suppose that England could con quer the North, Let as we suppose that she would be so unwise as to attempt its con quest. * * * * These persons who epted. But we do not believe it will combination with English fleets, and so conded. We have full faith in the wisthe war from the Banks of the avoided with honor, they will have no diffi a noonday reality. All that France was to What could our fathers have done at York-town, but for the fleet of Comte de Grasse? Literally nothing. Fort Royal would be Literally nothing. Port Royal would be the Yorktown of the Confederates, should England throw her weight into the scale of the South. Mr. Lincoln sees all this, and norant braggarts whose dull eyes have not been opened by the events of the last eight months. The country agrees with the Pre-The country agrees with the Pre-

"War between two such nations as Eng mpromise the national dignity nor allow summit of political crimes. Neither can be government to get embroiled in a need afford to be in the wrong in such a war when it makes its appeal to the civilized world; and that government would be in the wrong which would cast a deliberate in-sult on the nationality of the other. No rights that are common; no two countries can do so much good to each other in a state of peace, or so much harm in a state of war. Even now, with a gigantic civil war on our hands, we are in a fair way towards a resumption of the vast commercial intercourse that

is so mutually beneficial.

"There can be but one path for the citizen that is to stand by the government and the Flag. But let it be hoped that the national sword will never be drawn but to defend the right."

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—Rev. George Bell, of Clifton, C. W., writes to the Mon treal Witness as follows :--

"The undersigned desires to warn the pub-lic against a heartless villian named James Jamieson. In the Autumn of 1860 he ed, in spite of her own code and long practice, to make demands upon this government such as are indicated in the London Observer, she must of course assume all the responsibilities of a war between the two nations. It will not probably enter the mind of a single American, for a moment, even after reading the news in our columns to-day that Mason and Slidell will be surrendered to the English Government.

From the New York Evening Post.
What the general temper of our people may be under this wilful provocation, coupled with any unfounded demand which Great Britain may set up in regard to the Trent, we cannot anticipate. But one thing we know, the American people were never in a lattice of the Autumn of 1860 he came into Canada seeking employment as a teacher, representing himself as a B. A. of the University of New York, a theological student of Andover, and as a Licenciate of the O. S. Presbyterian Church. Having spent some weeks in Canada West, borrow ing money and not returning it—disappear ing without paying his bills—embezilioz money collected for charitable purposes, and obtaining money and articles of clothing on false pretences, he made his escape to the United States. He was lately discovered as an agent of the Canada S. S. Union, from whom, by means of false pretences and papers, probably fictitious, he obtained employment as a teacher, representing himself as a B. A. of the University of New York, a theological student of Andover, and as a Licenciate of the University of New York, a theological student of Andover, and as a Licenciate of the University of New York, a theological student of Andover, and as a Licenciate of the University of New York, a theological student of Andover, and as a Licenciate of the University of New York, a theological student of Andover, and as a Licenciate of the University of New York, a theological student of Andover, and as a Licenciate of the University of New York as a B. A. of the University of New York as a B. A. of the University of New York as a B. A. of the Unive

of war has reported to his government the refusal on the part of the Washington Cabinet to deliver up the despatches addressed from Paris to the French patches addressed from Paris to the French

onsul at Charleston.
The Patrie has an article on the difficulty The Patrie has an article on the difficulty in which it argues that France is not interested in the difficulty between England and America, but says if Great Britain fails to get reparation, a new state of things may ensue, and if she recognizes the Confederacy, the Powers must necessarily take such change into consideration for the sake of their commercial interests, and must desire to ter-minate the blockade against the Southern

Washington, Dec. 15.

The despatches relative to the action of the British Government, which will appear in the New York journals of Monday, were received by the Government this afternoon.

Notwithstanding the belligerent attitude assumed there is no disposition on the part of any member of the Cabinet to alter the plans or policy of the Government assumed in the arrest of Slidell and Mason.

The report of the demand of the English

Government for the surrender of Mason and Sidell causes great excitement, as it extends through Washington, and is discoursed on the streets and in botels. The sentiment of defiance is universal.

On Friday afternoon Franklin's Rhode Island battery at Edward's Ferry, opened fire upon the rebel fortifications in front of Leesburg and the neighboring woods where the rebel troops had been concealed.

The cannonading was kept up for six hours with shell, and it succeeded in driving back the troops to a safer distance.

Baltimore, Dec. 14. The Old Point boat brings a report of the discovery and prompt suppression by the military authorities of a negro insurrection

One account states that the piot was discovered by the body servant of a military officer, who said that the negroes of the city were to be joined by large bands from the who were to come at night. He

country, who were to come at night. He said the sash factory had been fired by a free negro, who had been arrested. A small quantity of arms had been found

A small quantity of arms had been found under the floors of the negro cabins.

They were all new, and in good condition. In another negro cabin knives and hatches were found secured. The greatest consternation prevailed. Families were closing up and barring their windows. The fire companies being composed of men who were on military duty, the fire engines were worked by negroes, who broke and rendered useless the two best ones.

Another account says that the negro insurrection broke out in the interior of South Carolina two days before. The fire is still raging unchecked; but this last report is not well authenticated.

Cincinnati, Dec. 16.

A despatch from Philippi says that our force at the battle of Alleghany Camp numbered 1,800. They came in sight of the enemy drawn up in line of battle in front of their entrenchments, charged npon them and drove them back. A hot fire was kept up during the afternoon on both sides, and several brilliant charges were made by our men.
Gen. Milroy withdrew his forces at night-fall, intending to renew the attack in the

During the night, however, the rebels silently left their camp, burning everything they could not earry with them.

Our loss is 20 killed and 50 wounded, while the rebel loss is 150 killed, including

By this action the froat of Gen. Reynold's

principally of Wood and extremely inflam-matory, which accounts for the remarkably rapid progress of the fire.

At midnight the circular church and In

titute Hall were burning, and the proximity of the flames to the Charleston and the Mills Houses caused them to be evacuated

A despatch from Richmond dated the 14th instant, says that the Federals, 500 strong, attacked Col. Edward Johnson at Valley Mountain, on the 13th instant, but were repulsed with great loss, after an engagement of several hours.

not modified or altered one so —but to show this more cle necessary to take a brief glan of what is now called the To Medecine in affiliation with University.

In October, '56, a contrete

guerillas, including the notorious Jake Kurn. But in the last in t

ABBIYAL OF THE "FURA"

The of the blood plant downers and the property of the blood plant and the prop despatches in her hands and a box loaded, and told her to go to her cabin, open the porthole, an if if an attempt was made to take the box, to drop it into the sea. Mrs. Slidell obeyed and was not molested, and took the despatches to Great Britain.

The Paris Patrie learns that the San Jacinto in November searched a French vessel—and also a Danish and a Portugese vessel.—These facts, says the Patrie, are of the same importance as showing that the Washington Cabinet fancies it has the power to exercise the right of search to the fallest extent.

The speculations of the French press are contradictory. Some writers say France will remain a quiet spectator of passing events. Others say that there is a disposition to employ the navy in case of war.—But the predominant feeling is represented as favorable to a reconciliation between Great Britain and America.

The panis heesme awaris and the was of the was not mose of the same and the refusal on the regiment of the same and the regiment of war has reported that the French Minister of war has reported to his government.

The panis heesme awaris and the rest to take the fallest extent.

The panis heesme awaris and the rest to the contradictory and the regiment of the cate of the was one mass of flames.

The panis heesme awaris and the rest to the description to the machine shop of Cameron & Co. Before mid-the refusal on the regiment of the extensive conflagation in the refusal on the regiment of the same of the was one mass of flames.

The panis heesme awaris and thought the repels and is taking gone over the the machine dual that the wood education, who fall gound of the word of the cate of the Memphis.

Has treason has long been dual to the the machine quanton, of a good education, what I have long held the opnion, that we were dosing our public with them is the principle when so will cannot be refused to take the Britain and Memphis.

Captain Milwand went to Craney Island to Santa and Memphis.

The panis heesme and a Pritain and Greek to take the substitution of the

To the Editor of the C. P. Herald. SIR. - Under the caption of "University SIR,—Under the caption of "University Reform," we notice by the last issue of your journal, that a person signing himself "W," has commenced the task of enlightening the inhabitants of Central Canada on that important subject, and that he has proceeded as far as his fourth letter.

has commenced the task of enlightening the inhabitants of Central Canada on that important subject, and that he has proceeded as far as his fourth letter.

While he is pleased to cast, now and then, a favorable glance at other institutions, the principal scope of his one-sided effusious, seems to be used in favor of Victoria College and her Medical School, to the depreciation of our Provincial University, and the Toronto School of Medicine.

That the standard of examination for matriculation in University College has on several occasions been modified, to make the Mover be a commission to examine a bridge at Wm. Yuill's, on the cross-road between 10 and 11, said commission to have the power to contract with any party who may be prepared to tender for erection of said bridge.—Carried.

Alexander McLean, presented an account of thirty-eight dollars and four cents, for repairs upon the Bay bridge, and the bridge across the western branch of the Mississippi at Almonte.—Ordered to be paid.

The petition of Daniel Drummond and others was ordered to lay over in the mean-time.

to the fames to the Charleston and the Milk Houses assessed them to be executed by their imassas. At some other institution that to one other their their their imassas. At some other their imassas, the one of their imassas. At some other their imassas, the one of their imassas. At some other their imassas, the one of their imassas, the one of their imassas. At some other institution, the order of Arthibial and Queen-stress, to the rear of the Charleston Hotel. All the buildings on King street from Clitteria excitation to the contract of the configuration to be carried to the contract of the configuration to be contract this time, and ordered several buildings on the rotte of the configuration to be contracted, but not before the these polymers, one that the proposed to the contract of the configuration to be contracted, but not before the these polymers, and the contract of the configuration to be contracted, but not before the these polymers, and the proposed the contract of the configuration to be contracted, but not before the these polymers, and the proposed the contract of the configuration to be contracted, but not before the theory possible the representation of the configuration to be contracted, but not before the these polymers, and the proposed the derivation of the form of the proposed to the contract of the contract of the configuration to be contracted, but not before the theory possible the representation of the contract of the con

ment of several hours.

For the Carleton Place Herald.

The mode, Mr. Editor, in which our constables are invariably paid for discharging important public duties, is extremely unsatisfactory, and, in many cases, a very great hardship. Frequently persons having a numerous family, totally dependent upon their exertions for their support, are appointed officers of the passe, against their will and also their interest. How often are constant in Leterature and Arts at the University of the professors of the medical department of Victoria College, and all excepting Dr. Rolph abandoned that institution, and formed a new school in which they were joined by a few of the professors of the medical department of Trinity College, Toronto, then defunct. This new school had no power to confer Degrees, and in order to do so, must become affiliated with a University. The examination for medical students in Leterature and Arts at the University of

stone at three dollars per cord was also accepted.

Moved by Mr. Anderson, seconded by Mr. Houston, That the Clerk be and he is hereby instructed to enter into contracts with Thaddius Marshall, and two good and sufficient sureties, for the construction of the bridge at the Bay in accordance with the plan, specifications and tender. Also to contract with James Wallace in like manner contracts with James wallace was selec

—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Houston, seconded by Mr.

Anderson,—That Messrs. Galbraith, Toshach and the Mover be a commission to ex-

W. & T. LEENING COMMISSION MERCHANT 28 St. Nicholas St. Montreal, Dec. 19th 1861,

Bay, near Almonte, and three for the furnishing and delivery of 14 cords of stone on the Perth road were received.

The Tenders having been considered, Mr. Thaddius Marshall's tender for building the Bay Bridge, for the sum of five hundred and forty dollars, was accepted. The tender of James Wallace for the delivery of 14 cords of stone at three dollars per cord was also accepted.

Carried.

Moved by Mr. D. C. McNab, and seconded by Samuel Dickson, Esq., and Resolved —That petitions be sent to the Executive and to both Houses of Parliament, from the whole body of the rate-payers in the North Riding of Lanark and a request be also sent to the rate-payers in the South Riding and in the County of Renfrew, to join said petition, which petition among other things shall state.

for the delivery of 14 cords of stone on the Perth road, with the like securities as above.

Description of the like securities as above. will be a work of material advantage to the Province at large, of far greater moment to Canada as a provincial work than a merely local thoroughfare for travel and the transport of goods, by being not only a great feeder to the Grand Trunk, but as carrying a large amount of traffic to the Ottawa valley—opening up that vast region of country—producing settlement of the wild lands as a commercial necessity—increasing both the casual and territorial revenue of the Crown, and developing the vast commercial agricult.

At Brockville, on the 15th instant, the wife of Wm. Fitzsimmons, Esq., of a daughter.

DIED.

At Smith's Falls on the 23rd inst., after a long and painful illness which she bore with Christian patience and resignation to the will of her Heavenly Father, Mrs. Nancy Gould, wife of Jason Gould, Esq., in the 52nd year of her age.

John Gorman, James Gorman, Thomas Henderson, Robert Howard, John Burton, W. H. Palmer, M. McKeilly, W. S. Thomson, William Curry, George Thomson, J. Sharp, Andrew Marshall, William McNaughton, Joseph Daniels.

THIRD CLASS,

James Hamilton, Campbell Blackbura, John Sullivan, Alexander Mitchell, Stephen Walford, Margaret Phillips. Certificates to remain in force for one year. and developing the vast commercial, agricul-tural and mineral resources of Central Ca

ard. That provided relief be afforded, the rate-payers of these Municipalities through the County Council would transfer and assign to the Government the Mortgage now held against the Brockville & Ottawa Railway Company, so that the Provincial Government may avail themselves of any advantage secured by such Mortgage, and will thus be enabled to deal with the said Com-

thus be enabled to deal with the said Company as they deem best conducive to promote the interests of the country at large.

4th. That upon these grounds relief from all Railroad indebtedness be prayed for; that in particular these Municipalities may be relieved from the payment of the back interest now due and the whole of the Prininal when it becomes due thirteen year

hence.

Before putting the resolution, Mr. Robert son of Ramsay wished to make an amendment, and therefore moved, seconded by Mr. H. H. Bellamy. That the resolution be amended by striking out all the words on st clause.-

The original motion was then put and Moved by Mr. James Dickson of Clayton, and seconded by Mr. Connery of Pakenham.

Resolved that a Committe be appointed that a Committe be appointed to the committe be appointed to the committe be appointed to the committee be appointed to the com to draught a Petition in accordance with the foregoing resolution, said Committee to consist of the Warden Messrs R. Dickson, J. Foley, D. C. McNab and the mover, that the said Committee meet at some

Esq., and to every Reeve in the Counties of Lanark and Renfrew, and that twelve copies of the Petition be forwarded to each Municipality to be circulated in each School sec-tion in each Township for signatures; and that on the second Saturday in February, the said Committee do meet at Almonte, to trans-mit the Petition and devise the best means

mit the Petition and devise the best means of having the same presented.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. James Coulter, seconded by Mr. John Gillan and resolved, that the said Petition be presented to the House of Assembly by Messrs. McLaughlan, Morris and Bell—to the Legislative Council by the Hon. P. M. Vankoughnet and the Hon. James Shaw, and to the Governor General in Canada by the Provincial Secretary.—Carried

Carried.

Moved by J. Robertson, Esq., seconded by Mr. J. Coulter that the thanks of this meeting are justly due to D. Galbraith, Esq., for the able manner in which he filled the office of Chairman to this meeting.—Carried.

D. Galbraith, Chairman.
THOMAS COULTER, Secretary.

Clayton, Dec. 21st, 1861.

NOTICE.

The Annual Township meeting of the Township of Beckwith for the election of Councillors for the year 1862, will be held at the Town Hall on Monday the 6th day of Jany., 1862, at the hour appointed by Provincial Statute.

Dated this 23rd Date 1861.

A TEMPERANCE SOIREE

Church, Village of Ashton, on Friday even

ess the meeting. An efficient choir will leo be in attendance to enliven the exerci

At St. John's Church, 12th Line Lanark, on Friday, Dec. 20th inst., by the Rev'd. E. H. M. Baker, Recter of Carleton Place, Mr. William King of Innisville to Miss Anne McPhee of Almonte. At the same time and place, by the same, Mr. Henry Rath to Miss Elizabeth James, eldest daughter of Mr. Thomas James, all of Secret

On the 18th instant, the wife of Mr. Joh On the 18th instant, the wife of Mr. John Robertson, 8th line Ramsay, of a son:
On the 13th inst., the wife of Mr. Samuel Lowry, Upper Pakenham, of a daughter.
On the 17th inst., the wife of Mr. Donald At Brockville, on the 15th instant, the wife

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS SEDENTARY MILITIA.

3RD BATTALION OF CARLETON. THE Officers of this Battalion are THE Officers of this Battalion are requested to meet the Lt. Colonel, on Friday next the 27th Inst., at Edward Riely's, Jun., in the Village of Richmond at 12 o'clock, noon, precisely, to take steps for organizing a Company of Seventy-five men for immediate active service, as required by the Militia General Order of the 20th December, Inst.

JOHN SUMNER,

Lt. Col. 2nd Rattalian Chalatan Present

Lt. Col. 3rd Battalion Carleton Place December 23, 1861.

NOTICE. A LL Parties indebted to the undersign by note or account are hereby reque ed to pay the same forthwith and save cos RORISON & McEWEN.

Arnprior, Dec. 23rd, 1861. Teacher Wanted. Second Class School Male Teacher wanted for School Section No. 7, Beck-Apply to the undersigned.

RICHARD GRIFFITH, Trustees

JAMES FLOYD. NOTICE. BYVIRTUE OF and in compliance with the Municipal Acts of UPPER CA-

NADA: THE Annual Township Meeting, of the Freeholders and Householders, of the Town-Freeholders and Householders, of the Township of Ramsay, will be held in the TOWN HALL, on MONDAY the SIXTH DAY OF JANUARY, 1862, at the hour of TEN of the Clock in the forencon, for the purpose of Electing FIVE fit and proper persons to serve as Township Councillors for the ensu-

Ramsay, Dec. 24th, 1861. NEW YEARS FESTIVAL. A GRAND New Years Festival will be held in the Town Hall, Smith's Falls. on 1st January, 1862, at half past one P. M. Tickets 25 cents.

DAVID CAMPBELL.

Smith's Falls, Dec. 23rd, 1861.

uglas, Dec. 23rd, 1861.

THIS Board met at the Grammar School, Renfrew, on the 19th inst.
Present,—The Rev. George Thomson, A. M., Chairman, Rev. Messre S. C. Freser, W. Lochead, Tomblin, and Father Almeras and Messre W. Halpenny, T. Brady, Johnstone, J. L. McDougall, and A. Thomson. Mr. George Ross was re-appointed Scenetary.

The following Teachers were duly licensed SECOND CLASS. Nicholas Dixon, Mary Sutherland, Ana F. Marine, Margaret Gibbons, Mary Turn-bull, Catherine Costelio, Isabella Paikerton, Bridget Tynne, Olive Robinson, John Park James McLauchlan, Thomas Elliott, Henry Airth, Donald Stewart, Timothy H. John Gorman, James Gorman, Henderson, Robert Howard, John

James Hamilton, Campbell Blackburn,
John Sullivan, Alexander Mitchell, Stephen
Walford, Margaret Phillips. Certificates
to remain in force for one year.
The Board adjourned to meet at the same
place on the last Thursday of June next at
10 A. M.

GEORGE ROSS, Secry. EMPLOYMENT. THE undersigned is desirous of securing the services of 50 Young Men to en

Smith's Falls, Dec. 20th 1861. 16-g

ATTENTION.

FANNING MILL NOTICE. G. M. COSSITT & BRO, are now man New Canadian Sifter

New Canadian Sifter.

THE attention of Farmers is respectfully called to this new machine. For chaffing, cleaning and separating all kinds of Grain, it far superior to all other Fanning Mills now in use. To Farmers who raise Spring Wheat,—We respectfully invite your attention to this machine. You can effectually separate Oats from Wheat and thus secure the highest market prices, and always have pure seed to sow. This mill took the first premium at the last Agricultural Fair at Almonte.

G. M. COSSITT & BRO.

G. M. COSSITT & BRO.

Smith's Falls, Dec. 1861.

bend the groups of R. Mr. Wunner & Co., Hamilton, on the plate.

Hamilton, Nov. 18, 1881.



following rates:—

Six lines and under first insertion, 75 cents and 20 cens each subsequent insertion; six to sen lines. First insertion, \$1,00, and 30 cents each subsequent insertion; above ten lines, 10 cents per line for the first insertion; and 3 cents a line for each subsequent insertion. The number of lines in an advertisement to be ascertained by the space which it occupies in a column. Advertisements without specific directions inserted until forbid and charged accordingly.



Brockville & Ottawa Railway.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ON and after Monday, Dec. 9, and until further notice, Trains will run as follows:

MAIN LINE. — GOING SOUTH.

Leave Almonte for Brockville and Perth, 7.15 a.m.,

Carleton Place do do 7.45 "

Franktown do do 8.20 " Franktown do
Smith's Falls for Brockville
Irish Creek do
Bellamy's do
Arrive at Grand Trunk Junction
Arrive at Brockville
GOING NORTH. Leave Brockville for Almonte and Perth, 3.00 p. m

"Bellamy's do do 3.40 "

"Irish Creek do do 1.25 "

"Smith's Falls for Almonte 5.10 "

"Franktown do 5.45 "

"Carleton Place do 6.20 "

Arrive at Almonte 6.45 "

" Franktown do
" Carleton Place do
Arrive at Almohte
PERTH BRANCH. Leave Perth for S. Falls and Brockville,
Do do and Almonte Leave Smith's Falls for Perth Arrive at Perth

Provincial Insurance Company of Canada A PPLICATIONS for Insurance, and notice of losses promptly attended to, by, RICHARD H. DAVIE, Agent at Pakenham.
December 13, 1861.

A Second Class School Male Teacher wanted for School Section No. 5, Ross. Apply to the undersigned.

WILLIAM WARNOCK,

THOS. SMITH,

JAMES MOLAREN,

Trustees

Notice to Debtors.

A LL PERSONS indebted to the Undersigned, are hereby requested to pay the same on or before the 1st day of January next, as all accounts unpaid at that date will be handed in to the clerk of the Court for

HUGH McLEOD. Carleton Place, Dec. 14.

Last Notice.

LL those indebted to the Estate of the A late J. B. BUSKEY are hereby informed that unless immediate payment be made, their accounts will be placed in the hands of the Clerk of the Court for collection. NATHANIEL MONEELY, HUGH McLEOD,

Attornies of the late J. B. Buskey.

Township of McNab Agricultural Society.

THE Annual Meeting of this Society, for the Election of Officers for the ensuing year, will take place at the Town Hall (near Balmer's Island Bridge) on FRIDAY the 10th day of January next, at Eleven o'clock, A. M.

ERIC HARRINGTON

ERIC HABRINGTON, Secry. and Treasy.
Arnprior, 16th Dec., 1861.

ON Tuesday, the 3d of December inst., a FUR VICTORINE. It was sup posed to have been dropped on the road between Carleton Place and the Ramsay Lead Mines. Any person returning the same to Mr. Oatey, at the Mines, will be rewarded.

December 13, 1861.

JUST Received direct from PAISLEY, per Steamship "John Bull," a splendid lot of Shawls and Ladies" and Geut.'s Plaids. some of which are of a very superior quality and will be sold Cheap. ALBERT TESKEY. Appleton, 26th Nov., 1861.

L OST, a HOUND DOG, answers to the name of BRUNO, colour—white, with black head and ears, black spots on the body,

Any person returning the same DAVID S. BOOTH.
Nov. 1st, 1861.

Biton, Nov. 18, 1881.

FIRE! FIRE!! FIRE!!!

The Carleton Place Herald

Is produced by the street of the Rods, which are warranted to be specified protection, without considering the Size of the Rods, the kind of insulators and the imperfect way they are put up. Take an imperfect Electricity on the Magnetic Telepraph operate correctly if any part of it is not properly put together. And so it is with Lightning Rods. Get the small cheap Rods and inferior points and insulators, and your buildings have been struck and burnt by Lightning with Rods on, many falsely contend that they are no protection, without considering the Size of the Rods, the kind of insulators and the imperfect way they are put up. Take an imperfect Reactively and the struck by lightning Rods. Get the small cheap Rods and inferior points and insulators, and your buildings will be sure to be struck by lightning, as they will attract the electricity but are not sufficient to carry it off. But if you want your buildings protected, call on the Subscriber for Propessor Morses.

LATEST PATENT INSULATORS AND POINTS, and your determinant of the Rods and inferior points and insulators, and your buildings protected, call on the Subscriber for Propessor Morses.

LATEST PATENT INSULATORS AND POINTS, and your buildings protected, and on the Subscriber for Propessor Morses. on the Substitute for Factorian and Founds, and the large Twisted Robs, and your buildings will never be struck by lightning.

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

WM. EDGAR.

Smith's Falls, 29th July 1861.

WASHING MACHINES.

Man's money saved by securing the rights of

Woman!

THE Undersigned is now manufacturing and has for sale in Almonte, the only genuine advocate of Women's Rights, called Gardiner's Patent Washing Machine.

The working of this Machine is its best recommendation, as it is now deservedly supposed to be an indispensable article in every family; in fact, it is an article which justly lays claim to a small coozy neuk in every woman's wash-room. This article is got up in a neat style; made of the best material; and, in order that all may become acquainted with its utility, just come and examine it, take it home and try it, and then buy it.

LAND FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale, 300 acres of LAND, being W. half of Sixteen in the first Concession, and E. half of 15, and W. half of 16 in the Second Concession of the Township of Beckwith, with about 160 acres cleared, well fenced and well watered. Also a good STONE HOUSE, well finished, 26 x 36, and Stone Kitchen, a young Orchard, two Frame Barns, 30 x 42, good Stables, wood Shed and Carriage house, with 3 other Log Barns, and other outhouses.

An indisputable title will be given.

For particulars apply to the Subscriber.

MRS. D. KERFOOT. WM. SCRIMGEOUR.

A GOOD THING. DR. HOPE'S MAGNETIC CINTMENT, is well wer trial, is any case of Piles, Sugns, Scalds, Old Sores, damed or Store Syes, Eruptions on the Skin, and in or man where an epipment is mercal. It will recommend it

August 31, 1861.



JUDSON'S 6.45 Pm Mountain Herb Pills.

The above trains make the following connections, viz—At Almonte with the stages to and from Arnoprior: at Brockwille with the Grand Truak Trains going East at 11,15, a. m. and West at 6.30, p. m. Passengers leaving Aroprior, Almonte or Perth in the morning, arrive at Montreal and Ottawa the traveline. Has spent the greater part of his life in tayeding, having visited meanly rear sountry in the

IMPURE BLOOD! The blood is the life! and when any foreign or unhealthy matter gets mised with it, it is at once distributed to every organ of the body. Every nerve feels the poison, and all the vital organs quickly complain. The stomach will not digest the food perfectly. The liver cases to secrete a sufficiency of bile. The action of the heart is weakened, and so the circulation is feels. The large become clorged with the poisonous matter; hence, a cough—and all from a slight impurity at the fountained of life, the Blood! As if you had thrown some earth, for instance, in a pure apring, from which ran a siry rivulet, in a few minutes the whole course of the stream becomes disturbed and discolored. As quickly does impure blood fly to every part, and leave its sting behind. All the passages become obstracted, and unless the obstruction is removed, the lamp of life soon dies out.

These pills not only purify the blood, but regenerate all the secretions of the body; they are, therefore, unrivalled

Judson's Pills are the Best Remedy in exist ence for the following Complaints:

GREAT FEMALE MEDICINE! and bring the riels soler of health to the pale cheek.

AP The Plants and Herbs of which these Pills are made, were discovered in a very surprising way among the Tesusans, a tribe of Aborigines in Mexico. Get the Almanac of our Agent, and you will read with delight, the very interesting account it contains of the "Usuat MEDICINE" of the Asteos.

Observe.—The Mountain Herb Pills are put up in a Brautiful Wrapper. Each box contains 40 pills, and Reladi at 25 cents per cos. All genuine, have the signature of B. L. JUDSON & Co., on each box.

B. I. JUDSON & Co.

No. 50 Leonard Street,

83- FOR SALE BY ALL MEDICINE DEALFRE -P. Struthere; A. McArthur; J. Sumner; Carleto Place. H. W. Rae, Almonte. T. Coulter. Clayto A. McDougal, Smith's Falls; Wait & Ward, Arn prior; A. Alian, Porth, and say all medicine dealer a Canada.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next Session, for an Act to separate the Township of McNab from County of Renfew, and to annex the d Township to the County of Lanark.

Dec. 3rd, 1861, 14-0

Black Dog Lost.

TRAYED from the Subscriber about the 8th of September last, a LARGE BLACK DOG, with amooth short hair—a white ring round his neck, some small white spots on his breast—short tail. Information of the same will be thankfully received by JOHN HANOVER.

ennie's Corners, Nov. 25th, 1861.

IMPORTANT. DR. WISTAN'S PULMONIC STRUE, in highly reconstructed for Coughs, Colds, Abitani, Colum, and all decades for Large of Shryak, Storotaged Miles. (1)

MOLICE'S. BELL

The second secon

THAT Large Stone Building on the St.

TANNERY.

—Arso—
The Dwelling House on the opposite side of the road with the Garden and about four five acres of land.

For particulars enquire at this office.

Carleton Place, Feb. 25, 1861.

25

ber.
layton, third Wednesday in April and secon Wednesday in November,
akenham, second Tuesday in May and secon Thursday in October.
ranktown, second Tuesday in May and Sept'be lumonte, last Thursday in April and October.
and Point, first Tuesday in May and October.
onnechere Point, second Tuesday in April ar ober.

October.
Ross, fourth Fuesday in April and October,
Pembroke, second Wednesday in March and th
Wednesday in October.
Roseville, second Thursday in May and Septem
Araprior, first Thursday in May and October.
Ashton, First Thursday in March and October.
Mirickville, first Thursday in September, October and November.
Eganville, Wednesday, 30th October.
Rentrew, Wednesday, 6th November.

An indisputable title will be given.

For particulars apply to the Subscriber

MRS. D. KERFOOT. Beckwith, Nov. 18, 1861. 11-ca*

LIGHT! LIGHT!! LIGHT!!! THE BEST COAL OIL only 75 cts.
per gallon. In packages of 20, 40
and 50 gallons for country Merchants at

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, &c., &c., at 20 per cent less than usual price—FOR CASH Fluid and Common Oil Lamps, changed to burn Coal Oil. JOHN HART.

10,000 SHEEP PELTS! 1000 GOOD BEEF HIDES!!!

Perth, Nov. 4th, 1861.

The highest Cash price will be paid at the "WOLVERINE MILLS." WILLIAM PAISLEY.

WANTED.
FROCK ELM LOGS, not less than 18 in. thick, and straight grained. Also, antity of Birch, and Basswood. Apply JOHN HOGG,

Carleton Place, Dec. 2d, 1861. 13

3,000 WANTED.

10.000 SHEEP PELTS!! For which the Highest Price in Cash will JAMES ROSAMOND. Almonte, 17th Oct., 1861.

1 UMBER! LUMBER!!
200,000 FEET SAWED PINE
LUMBER of different qualities, for Sale at the following rates for Cash:
4½, 5½, 6½ and 8 Dollars per thousand:—
Also a large quantity of HARDWOOD.
CUSTOM LOGS Sawed and Stuff cut to

Waba Creek Sawmill, Fitzroy, near Arn-

TEACHER WANTED. FOR School Section No. 6, Township of WESTMEATH—Salary £45. Apply to the Undersigned Trustees.

JOHN ROBERTSON,

DAVID BUCHANAN, MATHEW STEVENSON, 14-g*

THE SUBSCRIBER offers for Sale COOKING and PARLOR STOVE.

wenty per cent Cheaper than usual, at hi ALLAN McDONALD. Carleton Place, Oct. 21st, 1861. 7

COMMERCIAL HOTEL, PAKENHAM.

PAKENHAM.

WILLIAM DICKSON.

HAVING Leased the Commercial Hotel,
Pakenham Village, formerly occupied,
by John McAdam, has fitted up the Prenises in the most comfortable manner, and is
prepared to accommodate the travelling putlic. His Bar will be constantly supplied with
the choicest Liquors, and the Stables are
a good description, while attentive men will
take the greatest care of horses given to their

Pakenham, March 8, 1861.

LANDS FOR SALE.

These Lands are situated on the South side of Muskrat Lake, and are of good quality. Other Lands in the West also for Sale.

Apply to ANDREW DICKSON Pakenham, March 7, 1861.

WINTER GOODS, 1861.

FALL AND VINTER GOODS.
To which he invite the particular attention of Buyers, amongst which will be found, a very fine Assortment of MANTLES, Dress and Mantle material SHAWLS.

PLAIN AND PRINTED COBOURGS, PLAID DRESS GOODS, In a great Variety. CLOTHS, TWEEDS.

TRIMMINGS, &c.

To all of which he respectfully invites attention, being confident that for Style, Quality, Price and Variety, they will not be surpassed. Special attention to the Large and varied STOCK of GROCERIES, HARDWARE, LEATHER and CROCKERY, as well as to his very fine and superior Lot of GENUINE TEAS. The whole will be Sold at very Low Prices. TRIMMINGS, &c. Sold at very Low Prices.

A. McARTHUR.

Carleton Place, Oct. 7, 1861.

5.

G. H. TURNER & Co. DRUGGISTS AND APOTHECARIES. Dealers in Drugs & Medicines, CHEMICALS,

PATENT MEDICINES PAINTS, OILS, VAR-NISH, PUTTY, BRUSHES, WINDOW GLASS, DYE STUFFS, COAL OILS AND LAMPS, BURNING FLUID, LAMP CHIM-NEYS,

TILDENS EXTRACTS, CONCENTRATED BOLLOTTO MEDICINES, THUS SES AND SHOULDER BRACES.

SURGICAL AND DENTAL Instruments, Gold Foil, Precipitated Silver,
Tin Foil,
Tube Paints of every Color,

Camels' Hair Pencils, Fitches. &c. &c. &c. Next Door to Wilson House, Brockville. 8

JOHN HART,
BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, &c. &c.
HAS Just received a very extensive Stock
of STATIONERY, &c., from Glasgow ex the "United Kingdom". His Stock
of Demy, Foolscap, Pott, Post and Note
Papers is not much short of
200 REAMS.
Comparising every Calar Style Onelity and

Comprising every Color, Style, Quality and Price. Parties having much writing to do will save money by purchasing by the Ream. 50,000 ENVELOPES. Every size, style, color, and quality, and at prices from 6 cents per 100 to 4 cents each.

Carleton Place, Oct. 3, 1861.

NOTICE.

A LL Parties indebted to the Undersigned by Note or Account are hereby requesded o pay the same forthwith and save costs.

ALLAN McDONALD.

Carleton Place, Oct. 21st, 1861.

Prices from 6 cents per 100 to 4 cents each.

VARNISHES, &c.

Nos. 1 & 2 Furniture Varnish; No. 1

Carriage dutto, Asphaltum, Brown Japan, Elastic Coach, Imperial Coach, Extra Furniture, Flow'ring, Leather, English Crown Coach, White Copal, Damar, Liquid Dryer, Window Blind, &c.

OILS, LEADS, &c.

COAL OIL AND LAMPS.

A Superior quality of Coal Oil, now sold.

A Superior quality of Coal Oil, now sold.

Cash, and challenge Competition with regard.

A Superior quality of Coal Oil, now sold at \$1 per Gallon—other qualities in propor-

Perth, Oct. 1861.

METCALF'S HOTEL. CARLETON PLACE.

THE Subscriber having fitted up the Establishment in the most comfortable manner, is prepared to accommodate the tra-velling public. His Bar will be supplied with the choicest liquors. Horses carefully

ROBERT METCALF. Nov. 26, 1861.

DIVISION COURTS 1862. THE times and places for holding the Division Courts for the United Counties of Lazark and Rentrew, for the year 1862, are appointed as fol-

lows, viz:

The First Division Court to be holden at the Court House in the Town of Perth, on the Eighth day of January, the Seventeenth day of March, the fifth day of May, the ninth day of July, the first day of September and the fifth cay of November, 1862.

The Second Division Court to be holden at the Town Hall in the Village of Lanark, on the Tenth day of January, the Fifteenth day of March, the tenth day of September, and the first day of November, 1862.

The Third Division Court to be holden at the School House in the Village of Carleton Place on the Twentieth day of January, the Eighth day of March, the Twenty Seventh day of May, the Fourteenth day of July, the fifteenth day of September, and the Eleventh day of November, 1862.

The Fourth Division Court to be holden at the Town Hall in the Village of Smith's Falls on the Fourth day of January, the twenty-second day of March, the twenty-sixth day of May, the fifth day of July, the Fourth day of September, and the tenth day of November, 1862.

The Fifth Division Court to be holden at the Town Hall in the Village of Pakenham, on the twenty-second day of January, the sixth day of March, the twenty ninth of May the sixteenth day of July, the Seventeenth day of September, and the thirteenth day of November 1862.

The Sixth Division Court to be holden at the Town Hall in the Village of Reafrew, on the twenty-third day of January, the fifth day of March the seventeenth day of January, the fifth day of March the seventeenth day of January, the fifth day of March the seventeenth Division Court to be holden at the Public Hall, in the Town of Douglas, on the twenty fourth day of January, the fifth day of March the eighteenth Division Court to be holden at the Public Hall, in the Town of Douglas, on the twenty fourth day of January, the fourth day of March, the eighteenth day of July, and the nineteenth day of September 1862.

The Eighth Division Court to be holden at the Public Hall, in the Town of Douglas, on the twenty fourth day of January, the fourth day of Ma

OHN G, MALLOCH,

FARM FOR SALE

OT Ni 11, 8th Con. in the To ship of Rose, a good Plank House, two Barns a table. The Road from Portage du Fort to Per a te runs past the end of it, nearly opposite M. H. penny's Tavern. Immediate possession w. be given. For erms apply to

ALEXR. THOMSON, Sen. On the Pres

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

THE SUBSCRIBER offers for Sale the Mill Site and entire Water Privilege, on lots Numbers Sixteen and Seventeen, in the 12th Concession of the Township of Beckwith, with six acres of Land.—The Water Privilege can be made available for driving any kind of machinery. The property is situated on the Mississippi River, within one mile of the Depot of the B. & O. Railway, at Carleton Place. A good and sufficient title will be given, and terms reasonable to suit the purchaser. Apply on the Premines to ELIZABETH BAILEY.—Carleton Place, Oct. 1st, 1859. cariston Place, Oct. 1st, 1859.

GEORGE HAY.

Importer, and Wholesale and Retail Dealer
IN BRITISH AND AMERICAN HARDWARE.

KEEPS on hand a General Assortment of Shelf
and Heavy Goods, among which may be
enumerated, Bar Iron, Smiths Coals, Rafting Ropes,
and small Cordage, Axes, Stoves of all kinds, Agricultural Implements, Builders' Hardware, Paints &
Oils, House Furnishings, Mechanics Tools, Gutlery,
Mill Saws, &c. &c., to be disposed of at reasonable
prices for Cash or first class credit only.

Al.SO

N SALE LOW FOR CASH, Rock and Coal

NEW HOTEL-ALMONTE VILLAGE THE Proprietor would respect by anuounce to the travelling public that he has opened a Hotel in the Village of Almonte, where he will be bappy to accommodate all parties who may favor him with a call.

J. B. SHIPMAN. P. S. Parties travelling by the Stage to Amprior can procure tickets at the Almonte House as the Stage puts up there.



TAKE NOTICE. THAT DRY FEET is the best preven-tive against disease and death, and

that at

P. TUCKER'S,

Is just the place to get BOOTS and SHOES, that
will keep on Wester H. weathers. All work warranted by hand. No machinery.

Lidies' Gents., and Children's Boots and Shoes
made to order in superior style and workmanship.

SURGERY

Performed upon old Boots and Shoes, by adding of
Feet, making good the Legs, binding the Broken,
healing the Wounded, altering the Constitution, and
supporting the body with new Soles.

NO CURE NO PAY.

Advice gratis on the most desperate cases.

Advice gratis on the most desperate cases. ariston Place, June 10, 1861.



mates to the Public that he has laid in a mates to the Public that he has laid in a Stock of the above necessaries and luxuries, which he is ready to sell at a low figure for Cash, and challenge Competition with regard to quality. HIGH WINES by the barrel at the lowest selling price.

ABSOLOM McCAFFREY.

Carleton Place, June 3, 1861.



REMOVAL. THE SUBSCRIBERS in order to mee the increased demand for articles in their line of business, beg to inform their Customers and the Public generally, that they have removed to the large and commodious Premises, formerly occupied by Mr. Dewar, and next door to Mr. Galvin's Tailoring Shop, where they will have constantly on hand every article in the Trade. They have in course of construction, 1,000 Chairs of all kinds, Bedsteads, and Tables of every description, and all other articles of FUR. description, and all other articles of FUR-NITURE, lower than ever before offered for Cash. Undertaking executed with neatness

and despatch.

They would also notify all those indebted to the Firm by Note or Book account that they may now have a rare opportunity of squaring off their arrearages.

JOHN HOGG,

For W. J. BELL & Co. Carleton Place, 30th October, 1861. 8



FRESH ARRIVALS OF TEAS, SUGARS. &c.

THE Subscriber begs to call the attention of the Public to his large Stock of NEW TEAS, just brought in from New York, consisting of Young Hyson, ()Id Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Imperial, Oolong, purchased at a low figure, and put up in neat packages, and which will be offered for Sale low. Carleton Place, 25th July, 1861.

THE Subscriber has for Sale, 4 Hhds.

Musco. Sugar, very bright, and has also made large additions to his usual extensive Assortment of DRY GOODS and HARDWARF.

Also 20 doz. of Fresh Hats and Caps, newest style from New York, for Sale by JOHN SUMNER.

TON will be found complete in every

GROUND RICE Agon, is all cases. Price 25 come per buttle? Price taken in exchange for castings at the Araprior Fromity. Settings at the Araprior Fromity.



RANCIS ALLEE, C is prepared to execution all orders with which may be favored in a line of business

ared to work



HORSE SHOEING 5s PER SETT. Done in the most approved manner.

He is also manufacturing Ploughs, Harrows, Wagons, Buggies, and every Implement required by a Farmer, all of which he will sell cheap for Cash.

RICHARD GILHULLY. Carleton Place, May 21st, 1861. 37



ROBERT MCNEIL

W ISHES to inform the public that he has removed his Saddle and Harness making establishment to Almonte, where he will be prepared to the property of the prope



NATHANIEL MCNEELY. THANKFUL for the Patronage he has received heretofore, desires to inform the Public that he is now prepared to work cheaper than usual for Cash.

Horse Shoeing 5s. per Sett. Done with Neatness and despatch. He is also manufacturing Plows, Harrows, Wagons, Buggies, and every Implement used on a Farm, all of which will be Sold Chear

NATHANIEL MCNEELY. Carleton Place, May 21st, 1861. 37



FURNITURE THE Subscribe

Cigars, of the best abrands and as cheap as the cheapest in the Village. The Subscriber grateful for past patronage

Cigars, of the best all orders entrusted to him with neatness and despatch, and at prices to suit everybody.—

Coffins furnished on the shortest notice.

JACOB LESLEY.

Carleton Place, May 28th, 1861.



JAS. DUNLOP HOUSE CARPENTER. Mill-Wright, &c., &c.

C. W. BUREAUS, Bedsteads, Tables, Picture Frames, and other articles of household furniture made to order. He is also prepared to build small fishing smacks, pleasure and 38-tf. Machinery, Castings, Implemen & MURRAY & MILLER



a number of others. All orders p



STOCK OF GOODS. In the above department which can not be surpassed in any House in Canada as to variety, quality, and prices—below find a list of a few articles, with a thousand others too

Numerous to mention.
Iror, and Steel
Wrought and Cut Nails,
Spades and Shovels,
Hoes and Forks,
Scythes and Snaiths,
Locks and Latches,
Window blind fastenings, Whip Soctets,
Axistrees, Top Props.
Oil Clofk.

Butts and Screws, s,Whip Sockets, Oil Cloth, Back Lights, Lacing, Seat Sticks, Bent Bows, Assorted Nails, MILL SAWS.

Best Black Springs, 12 cents per lb Cash.
Best Bright Springs, 12½ cts. per lb Cash.
All of the above Goods will be sold very low for Cash or approved Credit. Call and get prices before purchasing elsewhere.
Orders are respectfully solicited,
W. BOTSFORD.

Graham Building, Perth. May 30, 1861.



JOHN DEACON Jr. HA.
BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY AT LAW
CONVEYANCER, &c., Perth, County of Lanark.

REPERENCES:
Lessrs.Gillespie, Moffatt & Co. Montre
William Lyman & Co.,

D. FRASER.
BARRISTER, &c.

THOMAS W. POOLE, CORONER, Norwood, C. W.

PHYSICIAM MOSTYN. M. I.
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR.
Graduate of Queen's College, Kingston, Concert, for the United Counties of Lanark and Ren're a Almonte, Ramsay, C. W.

ROBERT HOWDEN, M. D.

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON, Graduate of t.

University of McGill, and Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Lower Canada Almonte, C. W.

PHYSICIA! AND CORONE! AND CORONE!

G. D. NORTHGRAVES, WATCH AND CLOCKMAKE JEWELLER, & C.

ATCHES, Clocks, and Jewellry of the kinds repaired with eare and accuration reasonable terms.

All his work warranted to give satisfaction.

Almonte, June, 1861.

M. MACNAMARA, Water.
M. maker, Jeweller, & Engraver (Opposite Allan's Commercial Hotel.)
(LOCKS, Watches and Jewellery of every description, repaired in the best manner, and cription reasonable terms.

2 School Seals furnished and engraved for \$2 cc... 21a Perth, Jan. 28th, 1861.

C. NEILSON, WATCHMAKER GORE STREET, PERTH, C. W. Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry carefully cleaned and repaired on the most reasonable.

VICTORIA WOOLEN MILL!

ALMONTE, C. W.

JAMES ROSAMOND

WOOLEN GOODS GEORGE REID,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
British, American, and Germs;
HARDWARE, BROCKVILLE, C. W.
Iron, Steel, Nails, Cutlery, Saddlery, Car
riage Trimmings, &c.

W. McCANN,
STATION AGENT, FOR B. & O. RAILWAY Co.,
SMITH'S FALLS.
Agent for the British & American Express C. Provincial Insurance Company
of Canada.

Risks taken and losses promptly settled.
Smith's Falls Station,
Jan. 24th, 1861.

213

Provincial Insurance Compan TORONTO Agent at Almonte

MANUFACTURE FIRE ENGINES. STEAM ENGINES AND ALL KINDS OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS At the Perth Foundry, near Railway Dep t PERTH, O. W. 42-1 JOHN MONAUGHTON.

ALE, BEER & LALT WHISKEY,

Brockville, C. W.

ers for any quantity punctually atto

The highest price in Cash paidt

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, AND ACCOUCHEU ASHTON, C. W. EDWARD H. HORSEY, M. D. PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, & GRAHAM'S BUILDING.

PERTH. 52-cg

PERRY'S HOTEL.

GRAHAM STREET—PAKENHAM:

GOOD STABLING, with every other

convenience and accommodation f. E 8th April, 1861.

22nd May, 1861. GEORGE POSTER,
TAILOR AND CLOTHIER,
Smiths Falls
Orders punctually attended to and
Work warranted.
47

MARRIAGE LICENCES.
ISSUED AT CLAYTON by
THOS. COULTER.