

THE CHIGNECTO POST
PUBLISHED
EVERY THURSDAY,
AT
\$1.25 per Annum, or \$1.00 in Advance
PLAIN AND FANCY PRINTING
OF ALL KINDS,
Promptly Executed at Lowest Rates.
ADVERTISEMENTS
Inserted at very Lowest Rates.
C. WOODWORTH, Manager.

Letter from Brandon.

The Crops and the Weather.—Trouble with the Gophers.—Sports and Pastimes.—Farming Systems.

The following interesting extracts are from a private letter dated July 31st, 1886:—

"It has been cooler weather for the last week and is very pleasant. The farmers are busy all over the country at their harvest, which is three weeks earlier than usual, and will thus escape the early frost. Though on account of the dry, hot weather it has ripened too early and is not so heavy a crop as they would like to see and the straw is short. The gophers have proved a terrible pest to the farmers this year. They are a pretty little grey animal not unlike our ground squirrel. They have great holes in the ground and the prairie is thickly studded over with them. They cut down the grain and suck the moisture from the stalk and leave it lying—do not eat the kernels of wheat at all. Some of the farmers have lost as much as forty acres of wheat by ravages and they have been trying hard all summer to exterminate them, paying the boys five cents per pair for all they could trap, and trying to get the Government to take hold of the matter and have them exterminated if possible. We have a pet gopher who has his hole just beneath our dining-room window. He knows all the children and Jeanie and Jessie make quite a playmate of him. He comes to the house and stands upon his hind legs and begs for a piece of bread. We have had some very bad thunder storms this summer, but last Tuesday night was the worst that has ever been experienced in this country. It was something awful, for three hours it continued at the worst. The lightning was terrific, just an incessant blue blaze with forked chain lightning and the air was full of the smell of sulphur. Indeed, we all felt as if we were in a severe continental shock of electricity. The roar of thunder never stopped and was like a continuous shock of earthquake. It was such a night that we will never forget. We stayed quietly all night in our dining room and could only feel that we were in God's hands, and it was of his mercy that we were not consumed, but we were all terribly frightened. About one o'clock we got to bed but we all lay awake to sleep much. There were a number of accidents about town and many cases of prostration, but none fatal that we have heard of. I hope we may not soon experience such another tempest."

We have had quite a lot of sports lately. On Thursday the New Plam Creek boys and the Brandon boys (who are the champions of the Province) played a game of Lacrosse on the club grounds near our house. It was won as usual by the latter, but was a tightly contested game and very interesting to watch. Yesterday, Colo's circus visited the town and attracted immense crowds. This afternoon there has been a very interesting game of Lawn Tennis between the rival clubs of ladies and gentlemen. At five o'clock they had refreshments served in a large tent on the prairie, ice cream and cake with accompaniments provided this time by the gentlemen. We were all out to our Sabbath school picnic about ten days ago, eight miles out to the Little Saskatchewan, a pretty place. It was our first drive over the country and we enjoyed it immensely. Until then I had no idea of the amount of grass grown by the farmers. Why, for miles, as far as the eye could reach, were acres of wheat just turning yellow, and waving in the breeze, it was a magnificent sight. Often the trail wound through these fields of wheat or oats for quite a distance. You know all the roads on the prairie are called trails and they are so nice to drive on. A broad smooth road which seems so soft and springy that the motion of the carriage is delightful. We did not stay long on the picnic grounds as there were about three hundred people there, too many for a good time, so after lunch we went for a drive again, crossed over the Saskatchewan and away up on the hills beyond. The view was beautiful; we could see both the Saskatchewan and the Assiniboine winding in and out through the valley, with the immense fields of grain on either side, with the darker green of potato fields and vegetables here and there, and the farm houses at such distances that I am sure the neighbors can neither hear nor see. Harvest had not then begun and the farmers seemed principally busy in preparing land for next year's grain. They plough it up in the summer with their big plows that overturn so many drills at a time, leave it until the fall and then turn it over again, which is called *hacking*. This makes the ground ready for next year's wheat. The farmers seem very enthusiastic about the country in spite of all disappointments, and every man seems to think that he has the best farm in the country. There was a farm consisting of a whole section of land, with fine house, outbuildings and farmer's house, just two miles across the prairie from us, sold a short time ago for ten thousand dollars. It was owned by the Hon. Mr. Sefton, who was formerly wealthy, but is now *land poor*, as they say of

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SACKVILLE, N. B., THURSDAY, AUGUST 19, 1886.

WHOLE NO. 847.

the men who invested so much money in and the time of the boom and now have it on their hands. This farm was bought by a Mr. Reed, a milkman.

English Gypsies.

Fifty or sixty years ago the gypsies in England were a much more remarkable race than they are at present. The railway had not come to break up their habits, there were hundreds of lonely places in the dole and dingle where they could *hatch the tan*, or pitch the tent, their blood had been little mixed with that of the *Gorgio*, or *Gentile*; they spoke their language with greater purity than at present, and still kept their old characteristics unchanged. If they had the faults of Arabs, they had also many of their good qualities. If they stole horses and forged on farmers, if their women told fortunes, lied, and sometimes cheated a man out of all his ready money by pretending to find a treasure in his cellar, on the other hand they were extremely grateful and honest to those who befriended them, and manifested in many ways a rough manliness which partially redeemed their petty vices. They were all, as many of their sons at present, indomitable "rough riders," "of the horse horse," and to a man boxers, so that many of them were distinguished in the prize-ring, the last of these being *Jem Macé*. At this time there prevailed among the English Romany a strong, mutual faith, a tribal honesty, which was limited, but all the stronger for that, even as the arms of a man grow stronger when he loses the use of his legs. They were a people of powerful frames, passions, and traditional principles. Their weak children soon died from the hardships of common life, the remainder illustrated selection by suffering, and the survival of the fittest—to fight.—*Century for August.*

Some Big Salmon.

In weight the salmon of the Canadian rivers average between twenty and twenty-five pounds. A thirty-pound salmon is very large, and a forty-pound fish will be talked of throughout the season, although it is said that salmon weighing fifty pounds have been caught in the Restigouche, one, indeed, was said to weigh fifty-four pounds. The Princess Louise, the daughter of the Queen of England and the wife of the Marquis of Lorne, the former Governor-General of Canada, caught a forty-pound salmon in the Ousepsee river, in the province of Quebec, a few years ago. Last summer employed one of the two canoe-men who were with the Princess at the time, and he had a great deal to say about her skill in handling that salmon. I don't think he cared much about other members of the royal family, but "The Princess, sir, she was a good un with the rod." Salmon weighing sixty pounds are taken now and then in Scotch rivers, and a few rivers in England still yield large fish. Sir John Hay was the first to catch a salmon in an English river in April, 1789, which was four feet long, three feet around the body, and weighed seventy pounds. There is a story told of a Highlander who hooked a salmon in the River Ayr, and played the fish for hours, until night came on without his being able to tire it out. Then, as the fish was sulking quietly at the bottom, he lay down, took the line in his teeth, and lay motionless until three o'clock in the morning, when some friends of the former came to look for him. With their help he managed to land the fish about daybreak, and it weighed seventy-three pounds. That was certainly a giant, but a salmon weighing eighty-three pounds is reported once to have been sent to the London market.—*From "A Royal Fish," by Ripley Hitchcock, in St. Nicholas for August.*

A curious application of the magnet is described in a French journal, the subject of it being a clock recently patented in France. In appearance the clock consists of a tambourine, on the parchment head of which is painted a circle of flowers corresponding to the hour signs of ordinary dial. On examination, two bees, the one large and the other small, are discovered crawling among the flowers. The small bee runs rapidly from one to the other, completing the circle in an hour, while the large one takes twelve hours to finish the circuit. The parchment membrane is unbroken, and the bees are simply laid upon it; but two magnets, connected with the clockwork inside the tambourine, move just under the membrane and the insects, which are of iron, follow them.

"Rubens, we all know, was a man of versatile genius," says *The London World*, "but among the Blenheim pictures at Christie's, a portrait by him of 'Paracelsus' (with date of birth and death on the frame), who expired thirty odd years before he was born, is another proof of the painter's extraordinary skill."

"That abrupt and discourteous monosyllabic 'Thanks,' got a hold for its Oliver, the other day, Madam ordered her card-case, and a brisk little newsboy picked it up for her. 'Thanks!' said she. 'Wolks,' said he, and bolted."

Inter Colonial Trade.

The idea of a series of conferences and the formation of a board for the promotion of commercial intercourse among the various colonies of the empire, alluded to in a recent issue, has been in the minds of Canadians and other colonists for some time. The Canadian section brought the matter through Sir Charles Tupper before Sir Phillip Cunliffe Owen, who kindly placed Room 3 in Old London Street at the disposal of the proposed committee.

A well attended meeting was held on the 26th July. The chair was occupied by Mr. S. C. Stevenson, and Mr. G. L. Sait acted as secretary. It was moved by Mr. Ira Cornwall, seconded by W. P. O'Brien, and resolved that it is advisable that advantage should be taken of the present gathering of colonists to advance the interests of direct trade between the colonies of the British Empire. This was carried as was also the following: Moved by Mr. Starr seconded by Mr. O'Brien that a committee consisting of Messrs. Ira Cornwall (Canada), James Thompson (Victoria), H. J. Scott (South Australia), Mr. Harrell (New South Wales), W. H. Wyham (West Indies), Mr. Fox (Cape Colony), B. P. Gupta (India), Messrs. O'Brien, Briggs and Sait, with power to add to their number, be named for the purpose of drawing up a code of regulations and defining a general plan of action in carrying out the object for which this room has been established. Several short addresses were made affirming the advisability of extending the intercourse and commerce between the colonies and the commercial interest of the empire.

A number of useful suggestions were made, such as that for placing handbooks and pamphlets in the room and keeping a register of names and addresses and business, so that merchants and exhibitors could easily communicate with each other. It was also decided to have the tariffs of each colony kept here for reference, with files of colonial papers.

The committee afterwards met and appointed Mr. H. J. Scott (S. Australia) chairman, and Mr. Ira Cornwall (Canada) vice chairman; they reported the following recommendations:—

That this organization be called the "Exhibition Commercial Exchange," that all interested in promoting trade between the colonies be eligible for membership; that there should be no membership fee; that committees be appointed to visit each court and report on trade in the agricultural and pastoral interest, and in mining and manufacturing; and that the room be kept open from 10 a. m. to 6 p. m., the exchange meeting to be held from 12 to 1.—*The Canadian Exhibitor.*

Some time ago an American wrote an account of a gelatine shirt that Edison had invented. It was said to be made of thin sheets of gelatine, each sheet to be taken off when soaked and then worn as a shirt. The inventor was said to have made enough sheets to make the shirt last a year. This yarn was printed in various newspapers and at last in *St. Nicholas*. "The gullibility of the South American may be appreciated," said Mr. Edison in a recent interview, "what is known that soon after the shirt story met their eyes the Brazilian dealer sent me a draft for £100 on the bank of England. He wrote that he didn't know much the shirt were, but he did not think they ought to cost over a hundred pounds apiece."

The cattle men of the Calgary district are breeding rare animals than the local demand requires, and they have intimated very plainly that Winnipeg must establish at an early date stock yards, canning and dressing establishments, adequate to the requirements of the dealers, or some other centre for the cattle trade must be established. Whether it be in the interest of the country or not, it is clear that ranching is destined to occupy a very large area of the Territories, and that the Northwest must have a second Chicago.

Rachonut is a preparation for a drink for invalids, put up in half-pound packages and sold for half a dollar. The same thing or its equivalent, can be made at trifling cost by mixing half a pound of rice flour, half a pound of pound of chocolate, three-quarters of a pound of arrowroot and half a pound of white sugar. The chocolate must be grated and all the ingredients reduced to powder and very thoroughly mixed. Prepare for drinking the same as cocoa.—*Popular Science News.*

The anti-slavery movement in our State is winning many adherents. The scheme involves a forfeiture of five cents for every flag word included in the process going towards some missionary fund. There is something that will knock slugs silly so quick as having to chip a shilling every time one utters a word. The movement will spread until the whole slung business is paralyzed. That's the kind of a boiled dinner we are.—*Rockland Gazette.*

Farmers in the vicinity of Conitocook, N. H., begin to complain of a new disease that attacks the potato. They wither and die without any visible cause of destruction.

Salmon-Poaching in Canada.

The unlawful act, which the warden most carefully guard against is "drifting." One or two poachers will steal out at night carrying a peculiarly made net in their canoes. They stretch this across the head of a pool, and it is so weighted and buoyed that it stands upright, reaching nearly to the bottom. As the current causes the net to drift down stream, one canoe stays at each end to keep it straight. There is usually a white rope at the bottom of the net. Seeing this the salmon raise themselves a little, only to be caught by the gills in the meshes. When the shaking of the net shows that one is caught, the poacher quickly paddles to the spot, raises the net, kills the fish with a blow on the head, and throws it into the canoe. In this sneaking way, nearly all the salmon in a pool may be netted out in one night. If the warden happens to come along in their druggies, they try to seize the net and identify the poachers. Then there may be a fight, and perhaps a canoe will be sunk, and a poacher or a warden will get a cold bath. On one river, the poachers used to station a boy on an island below them, with a horn which he blew whenever the warden approached. One of the wardens was so active that the poachers resolved to punish him. They took an old worthless net and stretched it out into the river from a rock on the bank. A rope was rove through the net and the shoreward made fast over a pulley to the traces of a horse. A boy stood beside the horse, and two poachers in a canoe held the outer end of the net. When the warden was dening along in his dug-out, and pulled the net away from the seemingly unwilling poachers. He began taking it into his dug-out, congratulating himself on his prize, and had hauled it half-way in when the warden shore-struck the horse, which started on a full gallop up the bank, jerking the net after it. In a flash the net was pulled out of the dug-out, the latter upset, and the astonished warden pitched into the river. "I hope the poachers were punished in their turn. For if these lawless men had their way, there would be no salmon left in the rivers, and no such glorious sport as fly-fishing.—*St. Nicholas for August.*

Canada at the Wesleyan Conference.

At the recent Wesleyan Conference the President called upon the Rev. Dr. Sutherland to address the delegates as a representative from the Canadian Conference. The Doctor stated that during the past few years there had been a considerable increase in the Methodist district in Canada. Before 1874 three branches of the Methodist Church had united. Then came the Ecumenical Conference in the City Road Chapel, which was followed by the entire union of the Methodist bodies in 1883. They presented a united front. Since that period they had witnessed remarkable spiritual results. The increase during the first year of their union had been 5,000 in their membership; this was followed in their second by an increase of 15,000; and in the third, so far as they are present knew, by an increase of 10,000. He hoped that the bond of union and fraternal affection would become stronger and stronger. The Methodist Church in Canada and the Mother Church in England.

The New Brunswick Government are certainly striving to turn to the best account the opportunity the Exhibition affords for extending England's knowledge of the resources of the province. An excellent handbook, well written, and well printed and illustrated, has been prepared, and is being widely distributed at the Exhibition. The information it contains should do much to bring home to the Britisher the truth that it contains, that it is not always necessary to "go west" to find favorable conditions for obtaining comfortable competence in Colonial life.

A church at Cornwall, Ill., has long been inhabited by swarms of bees. They finally became so plentiful that they drove pastor and congregation out of the church. Last week a party of men ripped open the side of the church and found that the bees had piled up honey in the wall to the height of 16 feet. The honey was confiscated and the bees were driven out.

There is some satisfaction in having a foreign mail go down in a steamer and be recovered after lying at the bottom of the ocean for months. There is found to be less of the customary freshness in the letters of the foreign correspondents that have been subjected to this experience.—*Foreign Post.*

A new process has been invented for working wire nails, by which the nails are not only cut and headed, but strung together on a wire so that they can be wound in coils, thus saving the cost of kegs.

Hon. S. C. Wood, after a tour throughout Manitoba, predicts nearly an average crop of wheat of unsurpassed quality.

Half a million wild ducks are annually killed in southern Louisiana and sent to the New Orleans market.

Extent of the Present Commercial Depression.

The whole world has been suffering for two years under an intense commercial crisis. Hardly any country has escaped the stringency. For special reasons, France has suffered the most. But England, Belgium, Italy, Germany, and even the United States and the South American republics, have not been free from its effects. All kinds of commercial activity bear witness to a universal languor. The railroads show diminished receipts over all the European Continent and in the British Islands. The foreign commerce of France has been declining for five years, during which time the value of the imports has diminished by sixteen per cent, and that of exports by ten and a half per cent. A part of this depression is, doubtless, due to the fall in the quantity of goods handled is not actually so great as the figures would make it appear; but this depreciation in prices is another cause of serious concern to economists. England, also, is struggling against difficulties of a similar character. Italy, where the financial management in later years has been excellent, has had to pay tribute, though in smaller proportionate amounts, to the general depression. Germany has met a check in the speedy race to wealth which it proudly thought it was making. The figures would make it appear; but this depreciation in prices is another cause of serious concern to economists. England, also, is struggling against difficulties of a similar character. Italy, where the financial management in later years has been excellent, has had to pay tribute, though in smaller proportionate amounts, to the general depression. Germany has met a check in the speedy race to wealth which it proudly thought it was making. The figures would make it appear; but this depreciation in prices is another cause of serious concern to economists.

Legal.

T. A. WELLING,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.
BAIE VERTE, N. B.

ROBERT BECKWITH,
Barrister, Solicitor and Notary,
MONCTON, N. B.

R. BARRY SMITH,
Barrister, Solicitor and Notary,
Main Street, - Moncton, N. B.

D. I. WELCH,
Attorney-at-Law, Conveyancer, &c.
Moncton, - - - N. B.

A. D. RICHARD, LL. B.,
Attorney-at-Law, Notary Public, &c., &c.
DORCHESTER, N. B.

POWELL & BENNETT,
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, &c.
SACKVILLE, N. B.

H. A. POWELL, A. W. BENNETT,
W. W. WELLS,
Barrister-at-Law, Notary Public, &c.
Office: at Law of late Hon. R. B. Chandler.
DORCHESTER, N. B.

Coal for Sale.

Spring Hill Mines Coal.

NEW
Harness Shop.

Harness Business

JOSEPH W. DOBSON,
Sackville, 22nd June, 1886.

ESTABLISHED 1874.

"The Tiger Rake."

Messrs. Patterson & Brothers, manufacturers of

The Tiger Horse Hay Rake,

A Full Stock of Hay Rakes.

For sale by

J. A. McQUEEN,
Point de Bute, July 21, 1886.

Mill Property for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale a valuable

Two Shares of Sch. "Ettie C."

Cedar Shingles.

FOR SALE LOW.

One Hundred Thousand Cedar Shingles.

Two Shares of Sch. "Ettie C."

THE vessel was launched in Aug.

Robert Bell, Licensed Auctioneer, Sackville, N. B.

Medical.

O. J. McCULLY, M. A., M. D.
Memb. Roy. Col. Surg., Eng.
Specialty, Diseases of Eye, Ear & Throat.
Office: Corner of Main & Church Sts.,
MONCTON, N. B.

DR. HEWSON,
Surgeon Dentist.
OFFICE: MR. JOHN BELL'S BUILDING,
SACKVILLE, N. B.

C. O. TUPPER, M. D., D. D. S.
AMHERST, N. S.

DR. E. T. GAUDET,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office: Opposite St. Joseph's College,
MEMRAMCOOK, N. B.

DR. J. W. SANCTER,
Surgeon Dentist.
OFFICE: OPPPOSITE BURNHAM HOUSE,
SACKVILLE, N. B.

Machinery and Iron Goods.

The St. John Bolt and Nut Compy.

Track Bolts, Car Bolts,

Hot Forged and Pressed Square and Hexagon Nuts.

Factory ST. JOHN, NEW BRUNSWICK.

J. F. LAWTON, - Proprietor.

ST. JOHN, N. B.

OXFORD FOUNDRY

And Machine Shop.

J. McPHERSON & Co.

Mechanists.

OXFORD, N. S.

W. M. KNIGHT.

Sackville, Nov. 7th, 1885.

ESTABLISHED 1874.

"The Tiger Rake."

Messrs. Patterson & Brothers, manufacturers of

The Tiger Horse Hay Rake,

A Full Stock of Hay Rakes.

For sale by

J. A. McQUEEN,

Point de Bute, July 21, 1886.

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Robert Bell, Licensed Auctioneer, Sackville, N. B.

Nails, Tacks and Brads.

S. R. FOSTER & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

CUT NAILS:

ALL KINDS OF

Shoe Nails, Tacks & Brads.

Office, Warehouse and Manufactory:

Georges Street,

ST. JOHN, N. B.

Hotels.

AMHERST HOTEL,

AMHERST, N. S.

GEO. McFARLANE, - Proprietor.

Clifton House,

74 PRINCESS & 143 GERMANTOWN STS.,

SAINT JOHN, N. B.

A. N. Peters, Proprietor.

LAMY HOTEL

AMHERST, - - - N. S.

Terrace Hotel,

AMHERST, - - - N. S.

SACKVILLE DINING ROOMS

Oyster Saloon!

H. W. KNIGHT, - Proprietor.

Meals and Lunches served at all hours.

Transient Boarders accommodated.

Suppers served in good style at short notice.

A choice stock of Pickles, Sauces, Canned Goods, Confectionery, etc., constantly on hand.

Good Stabling on the premises and a careful groom in attendance. Dec-ly

Railways, &c.

N. B. & P. E. RY.

Summer Arrangement.

TRAINS will run, until further notice

as follows:—

Leave Sackville for Port Elgin daily at

1 P. M. (Standard Time).

Returning, leave Port Elgin at 8.30 P. M. for Sackville.

W. C. MILNER, Secretary.

Railway Office, Sackville, June 14th, 1886.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

1886 SUMMER ARRANGEMENT 1886

On and after Monday, 14th June, 1886, the

Trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:—

WILL LEAVE SACKVILLE.

Express for Halifax, Pictou and Margaree, 8.15 a. m.

Accommodation for Moncton, 8.35 a. m.

Express for Halifax and Pictou, 12.15 p. m.

Express for St. John, 1.15 p. m.

Spring Hill Accommodation, 1.45 p. m.

Express for St. John and Quebec, 1.45 p. m.

WILL LEAVE DORCHESTER:

Express for Halifax, Pictou and Margaree, 8.15 a. m.

Accommodation for Moncton, 8.35 a. m.

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Express for St. John and Quebec, 1.45 p. m.

WILL LEAVE DORCHESTER:

Express for Halifax, Pictou and Margaree, 8.15 a. m.

Summer. Summer. Summer.

Now is the Time to Buy
Summer Goods Cheap.

JUST BEFORE THE SEASON CLOSES WE WILL SELL
All Summer Goods at about Cost
TO SAVE KEEPING OVER.

Sackville Boot & Shoe Store.

I HAVE NOW THE
Largest Stock of Boots and Shoes
Ever carried at prices lower than ever before. The best assortment of
CHILDREN'S BOOTS

Ever shown in Sackville, including Brown, Tan and Wine Color. LADIES' BUT-
TON BOOTS in French Kid, Glazed Calf, Glazed Goat. Kid Top, Foxed and
Beaded Toe STIFFERS. A Man's Solid LAKE BOOT, well finished, for
\$1.50. MEN'S BROGAN, sold for \$1.00.

An Inspection is Respectfully Solicited.

A. G. SMITH.
Sackville, May 18th, 1886.

Large Stock of Furniture.

The Subscribers have received from the Manufacturers of Ontario, Quebec, and
Local, the largest and most complete assortment of

FURNITURE

They have ever offered, and would call special attention to their BED-ROOM and
PARLOR SUITS.

HOUSE BUILDERS' MATERIAL.

Our stock of Paints, Oils, Glass, and all kinds of House Builders' Goods is
very large.

2 Tons Barbed Wire Fencing,
1 Car Steel Cut Nails,
1 Car Dairy and Coarse Salt,

TO ARRIVE IN A FEW DAYS.

TO LET.

The Shop lately occupied by Lawson & Wallace as a Carriage Warehouse, adjoining
the carriage factory of Messrs. Delinault & Savage.

DUNLAP BROS. & COMPANY.
Amherst, July 26th, 1886.

!! SUMMER HAS COME !!

WHITE MUSLINS, in Crosshairs, Checks, Stripes and Plain; Light Prints;
Seersuckers; Foulards; Lace Curtains; All Wool Dress Goods; 18
cts. per yd.; Gloves, in Kid, Lisle, Thread, Taffeta and Silk; Hose, Women's
and Children's, in great variety; Ladies' Hoops, Skirts, Petticoats and Basques;
Black Silks; Damask Silks; Velvets; Real Black Laces; Oriental Laces; Spanish Laces;
Large and Full Stock of Plain and Fancy Dry Goods, offered at Rock Bottom
Prices.

W. D. MAIN & CO.

DOUGLAS BLOCK, - AMHERST.

WESLEYAN LADIES' COLLEGE

HAMILTON, CANADA.
The First of the Ladies' Colleges, has graduated
over 500 in the full course. Has educated over 2,000
in the various departments of Literature, Languages, and
Art. The Largest College Building in the Dominion.
Will open Sept. 1, 1886. Address the Principal,
A. BURNS, D. D., L. L. D.

UNGAR'S STEAM LAUNDRY,

28 TO 34 WATERLOO STREET,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

PARTIES desiring Laundry Work done
will please leave orders with

MR. C. G. HART,
Druggist, Sackville, opposite Brunswick
House, where they will be promptly at-
tended to. Price lists may be had on ap-
plication.

June 24 S. & M. UNGAR.

Municipality of Westmorland.

TO be sold at Public Auction on MON-
DAY, THE 6th DAY OF SEP-
TEMBER NEXT, at 12 o'clock noon, at
or near the Court House, Dorchester,
LOT No. 7, being a portion of certain
lands deeded by the late John Kellor to
the Trustees of the Peace, County of
Westmorland, and more particularly
marked and described in a plan of the
County Grounds made by C. G. Palmer,
C. E., and now on file.

Dated this 28th day of July, A. D.
1886, Office of the Municipality.

A. E. OULTON,
August 4 Secretary.

PARIS GREEN,

Dalmatian Insect Powder,
FLY PAPER,

AT

Sackville Drug Store.

FOR Diarrhoea and Summer Complaints
use "Our Own" Compound Black-
berry Cordial or Extract of Wild Strawberry.

JUST RECEIVED:

Burdock Blood Bitters, Mrs.
Seigel's Syrup, Gales' Medi-
cine, Warner's Cure, Hol-
loway's Pills & Ointment,
And a full line of PATENT MEDICINES.
Physicians' prescriptions carefully com-
pounded.

A. DIXON,
August 4 Druggist.

WANTED.

Experienced Pant-Makers.

DUNLAP, McDONALD & CO.,
August 5 Amherst, N. S.

C. WARMUDE,

Practical Watchmaker,
Music Hall, Sackville, N. B.

Dealer in Watches, Clocks and Jewellery.

W. J. MAHONEY.
Baie Verte, N. B., Aug. 17, 1886.

Advertisements this Day.

For "Property for Sale or Let," &c., see fourth
page. "Business Cards" on first page.

Lovell's Gazetteer & History. John Lovell
Auctioneer. A. E. Wall
Springhill Coal. T. A. H. Mason
Card of Thanks. A. McQueen
Card. Jos. A. McQueen
Notice. W. J. Mahoney
New Fall Goods. W. J. Mahoney
House to Lease. Mrs. Thos. Ogden
Shingles. James R. Ayer
New Store. A. McQueen
Dress Trimmings. J. W. Barnes & Co.

To Advertisers. Advertisements are requested to
be sent to this Office before Wednesday noon
if wanted to appear the same week they are sent

Special Locals.

A Horse and Cow are wanted at the Mt.
Allison Ladies' College on or before the
18th August.

Dr. J. R. McLean, who confines his
practice to Eye, Ear, Throat, and the
various forms of Ocular Diseases, has
his office at 91 Hollis St., Halifax,
daily and permanently, Spectacles
and Eye Glasses, in great variety and
at half the usual prices, carefully
fitted without extra charge. 177-178

LOCAL MATTERS.

LAUNCH.—Messrs. C. W. Oulton
and Isaac Allen launched on 2nd
inst., at Cape Spear, Botsford, a
well-built schooner of 48 tons in-
tended for the Gulf trade. Her
name is the "Albion."

GAME PROTECTION.—Mr. R. C.
Baxall, C. E. Game Warden for
Westmorland Co. has lodged a com-
plaint with Commissioner Cahill
against George Richardson and
Walter Richardson for violation of
the Game Laws. Mr. Baxall is
determined that the game protection
laws shall be vigorously enforced in
this county.

THE SHERIFFS.—Last week's *Royal
Gazette* contains the names of the
sheriffs appointed in New Brun-
swick for the ensuing year. No
change has been made except in this
County, where Angus McQueen,
Esq., has received the appointment
in place of R. A. Chapman, Esq.
Sheriff McQueen has entered upon
the duties of his office.

SCOTT ACT.—The trial of the
charges preferred against Nathan
Hicks and Albert Wheaton, which
was to take place last Tuesday, has
been postponed until the 26th inst.,
where Commissioner Cahill has
adjudged. In the case of Alfred
Polley, the defendant through his
counsel admitted the offence and
paid the costs of the suit. No ar-
raignment has been made with
the Commissioner for remitting the
fine as has been reported.

KENNEDY'S FAREWELL.—The fare-
well entertainment by the Kennedy
Music Hall last Friday was witness-
ed by a fair audience who seemed
pleased with the songs of Scotland
as rendered by the gifted family.
Mr. Kennedy, by request, recited
"Tam O'Shanter," which was given
in a very effective manner. "The
March of the Cameron Men," "Get
up and bar the door," and other
pieces were warmly encored. There
were not many seats of the hall in
Sackville, but there are plenty of
people here who appreciate good
music.

I. O. G. T.—At a regular meeting
of Sheddie Lodge, No. 89, I. O. G.
T., held on Tuesday evening, 3rd
inst., the following were installed
into office for the quarter ending
Nov. 1st, by W. R. Gould, D. G. C. T.:

2. White—C. T.
N. Hoyt—V. T.
W. M. McDonald—R. Sec.
G. Pelletier—A. R. Sec.
J. A. Moore—F. Sec.
J. H. Moore—Treas.
P. Walcott—Chap.
M. McGrath—Marshal.

A. Carter—D. M.
L. Anderson—J. G.
P. McDonald—O. G.
S. L. Betts—R. H. S.
H. W. Watson—R. S.
C. H. Caldwell—P. C. T.

The Lodge for the past quarter
has been doing good work. The
present membership is 50.

CHARTER OAK.—E. Cogswell &
Co., sent a full line of these stores
to the Indian and Colonial Exhibi-
tion, and fortunately the were the
only Canadian stores that reached
their destination without damage on
shipboard. The *New Brunswick
Commissioner* writes under date of
July 31st, "we have sold two of
your stores and they have given
general satisfaction. We will have
no difficulty in selling the balance
and I trust that we have offered
a trade for you." The Commis-
sioner adds that these were the
first Canadian stores sold. A
Canadian writing to E. Cogswell &
Co., under date of August 7th, states
that "Mr. Cornwall has a great deal to
do, but he loses no opportunity to
give all information possible regarding
New Brunswick exhibits and has
lost no chances of getting the best
places for all our New Brunswick goods."

Religious Services.

Rev. J. A. Johnson will preach in the
Presbyterian church next Sunday at
11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Rev. D. C. Lawson will preach in
Cookeville, next Lord's day, the 22nd at
10.30 a. m. and 2.30 p. m. Confer-
ence meeting Saturday, 21st 8 p. m.

It is a fact that can be verified every-
where that West's Cough Syrup is the
only compound known to science, that
can eradicate the seeds of Consumption in
its early stages, and completely cure
Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, and
all Throat and Lung difficulties. Sold by
Chas. G. Hart, Druggist. Price 25
cents, 50 cents, and \$1.00 per Bottle.

A Dangerous Condition.

One of the most dangerous conditions is
a neglected kidney complaint. When
you suffer from weak back, weak-
ness and other urinary troubles apply to
the back Burdock Flower Plaster, and
take Burdock Blood Bitters, the best
system regulator known for the Liver,
Kidneys, Stomach and Bowels.

A Successful Result.

Mr. Frank Hendry, writing from Sea-
forth, says: "I purchased one bottle of
Burdock Blood Bitters, and used it in
blood. It did purify it and now I am in
excellent health." As a blood purifier
and system regulator the result of
taking B. B. B. is always successful.

Do Not Delay.

Do not delay if suffering from any
Bowel Complaint however mild appar-
ently may be the attack, but use Dr. Fowler's
Extract of Wild Strawberry. It is the
old, reliable cure for all forms of Sum-
mer Complaints that require prompt
treatment. Ask your druggist and ad-
dress in patent medicines.

ROUND TOWN.

The weather continues showery
and unsettled.

Mount Allison Ladies' College
reopens to-day.

Mr. A. E. Cogswell started for
Montreal on Tuesday.

The Grand Lodge of Oddfellows
met at Woodstock yesterday.

Hon. J. S. D. Thompson, Minister
of Justice inspected Dorchester
Penitentiary on Tuesday.

The Convention of our lady of the
Sacred Heart, Memramook, will
re-open on Wednesday, 1st September.

A dog and pony show is to be
held in Sackville in October, open to
the public. The show will last four
days.

The Canadian Cricketers won
the recent international match at
Sewright N. J. This is their third
consecutive victory.

The express train from Port
Elgin Monday evening carried away
a staging that had been erected on
the side of the station house while
the train was up the line.

The children of St. Paul's
Church Sunday School had their
annual picnic yesterday near
Morris Pond. They report that they
also had a good time.

The annual competitions of the
New Brunswick and Nova Scotia
Provincial Rifle Associations are
being held this week—the former at
Sussex, the latter at Bedford.

The barque "Midas," of Maitland,
ran into the fishing schooner
"Sivara," of Yarmouth, off Seal
Island on the 11th inst. The crew
was rescued and brought into Parra-
boro.

The trial of Daniel Hatfield for
rape was finished at the Circuit
Court, St. John, on Saturday and
resulted in a verdict of guilty being
returned. The jury were out for
about half an hour.

Mr. T. H. Prescott had a severe
attack of illness—supposed to have
been caused by heart disease—while
working in the telegraph office on
Sunday. Strangely enough at the
time he was attacked, he was re-
siding at the home of Hon. George W.
DeBelle from heart disease at Charlottetown.

Mrs. Fred. M. Anderson, of
Penobscot, committed suicide by
hanging last Friday morning, while
temporarily insane. She had on
several occasions shown symptoms
of insanity, and recent signs com-
menced when Mr. Anderson
formerly lived on Cole's Island and
is a nephew of Mr. Edward Anderson
of this place.

Mr. Charles Atkinson, a native
of Wood Point, and second mate of
the barque "John McLeod," died at
sea on the 11th of March from
dysentery. During the night Jomey
stabbed Atkinson in the abdomen,
inflicting a serious wound and then
went aloft where he afterward shot
himself.

The public schools in the cities
and incorporated towns of this Pro-
vince re-opened on Monday. No
explanation of the remarkable course
adopted by the Board of Education
in this matter has yet been offered,
and some people fail to discover any
solid reason for such a peculiar form
of class legislation. A four weeks
vacation is as long in a city or in-
corporated town as it is in a country
village, and if it proved too short
in the one, it is not long enough in
the other. Teachers in country dis-
tricts are probably quite as capable
of enjoying the recreation of their
vacation as are their better-paid
brethren in towns and cities and
there is no proof that they are not
entitled to the same consideration.
Country children are as liable to
contract their health impairing dis-
eases as those of the city, and the
reason for the difference is the freedom
of country life, and it is extremely
difficult for town and city teachers
and children are the only ones
capable of enjoying holidays and
Easter-tide. Why, then, is the in-
vidious distinction made? Will the
Board rise and explain?

Bayfield.

Mermaid Retreat continues to
be well patronized.

Good progress is being made
in the completion of the N. B. &
P. E. railway. Tracklaying will be
finished in about a fortnight.

Mackerel are plentiful, but
very delicate about taking bait. In
the boat from the Mermaid's Re-
treat, master A. J. Hickman was
high time on Monday.

The rainy weather of the last
fortnight has very much interfered
with having operations and as a
consequence the English hay crop
which is said to be below the aver-
age in quantity will also be much
impaired in quality.

Mr. W. P. Wells, an old and
respected resident of Bayfield, passed
peacefully away on Thursday
morning last. He was eighty-nine
years of age, and was one of the
ablest, if not the eldest resident of
this parish. He was hale and hearty
for a man of his years up to a short
time of his death. He was buried
on Saturday afternoon and, although
the day was rainy, a very large
funeral was in attendance. The
Rev. Messrs. Teed and Stebbings
were the officiating clergymen. Mr.
Teed preaching the funeral sermon.

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mer Complaints that require prompt
treatment. Ask your druggist and ad-
dress in patent medicines.

Parasitico.

Heavy rain Saturday.
Vacation is over School has
commenced again.

Deal and coal shipments again
reviving.

Mr. John M. Brough has bought
for six thousand five hundred dollars
the schooner "Wandrian." A trip to
New York or across the Bay is now
in order.

It is rumored the C. R. & C. Co.
are negotiating for the purchase of
the Short Line Railway from Ox-
ford to Pugwash, with the intention
of building a line from Spring Hill
to Oxford. This would enable them
to ship coal to Montreal by water,
and be a great benefit to people in
the eastern part of the County.

Pugwash.

It is to be feared that the early
wheat already ripe will suffer dam-
age and loss from the continued
wet weather.

The farmers have had catching
times the last two weeks to secure
the hay. It is now pretty well in.
Harvesting grain is being com-
menced; early grain is good and
the prospects for late grain and
potatoes are encouraging.

The old Episcopal Church was
struck by lightning at 6 p. m. of
the 12th inst. Shingles and
clapboards were torn off and the
building set on fire. The steeple
was burned off, but before the fire
got into the main building it was
extinguished. The building is saved,
with windows taken out.

The barque "Salmon" arrived
15th. She was built at Windsor, N.
S., about twenty years ago, called the
"Sassaparilla." Three ships only in
port. The "Olin" attempted to go
out on Saturday, but by the break-
ing of a warp when getting under
weigh, drifted ashore but was not
without damage; the wind now
shifting to north-west, she is not
detained by head winds. Schr.
"Vegete" Maskell, peddling fish,
sold part of her cargo of codfish
and herring and left for a port fur-
ther north. "Sturgeon" loading
boards for P. E. Island.

Dorchester.

The enemy of the Salvation
Army fired their first volley on Sat-
urday evening, 14th inst., at the
barracks, the General of the enemy,
better known as "Rooster," distin-
guishing himself by making an at-
tempt to shoot a private soldier,
namely: The agent of Warner's
Health Resort, and the Collector of
Taxes. During the first charge the
agent of above popular "corset
and health protector" was consid-
erably injured by receiving two ugly
rounds near the most prominent
part of the face. The fighting still
continued in the public square, the
chief contestants then being
"Rooster" and "Collector of Taxes."
The Duke seeing the fighting
became angry, and once came to his
rescue, but immediately lost his "hold"
and was laid parallel with the "old"
and is now known as a pugilist, but
in case of an emergency is always
ready to defend himself. Second
scene, Sunday evening, 15th: The
second charge was made by the
enemy, being led by the mate of
schr. "Annie G." and others, who
fought like heroes, when "Annie G."
was killed and the "Annie G." was
well-known guard of the peniten-
tiary on the nasal organ. The scene
shifted by this time appeared on the
stage of action, supported by the
lively contest continued. Some sol-
diers of the "Annie G." were
who changed to be present at "once
gave chase to the enemy, but now
are supposed to have gone on
search for the anchor of the "Annie G."
which was lost during the re-
cent battle. On Sunday the H.
United States affairs concerning offices
of sheriff and jail keeper, further
proceedings were postponed for the
present.

Boston Market Report.

(Prepared for this paper by Messrs. Hatheway & Co.)
Boston, Aug. 14, 1886.

BUTTER.

Trade continues light, but fine grades
are in demand and quotations are
unchanged. There is not much call
for the general run of butter. Finest
creamery butter, Ontario, the H.
recept still rule at 15 to 17c. per lb., and
some go lower.

CHEESE.

The market sustains a strong tone, but
buyers do not respond readily to much
higher prices here. Sale of extras rule at
8 1/2 to 8 3/4c. per lb., and some receivers
are holding for more.

EGGS.

The market continues dull and prices
are barely maintained. 15 to 15 1/2c. is
the price for best Eastern or Provincial
firsts.

POTATOES.

The market is fairly supplied with
Rhode Island and native Potatoes, with
sales principally at 22 to 23 1/2c.

MEAT.

There is not much change to note in the
Hay market. The demand is moderate,
with sales of choice New York and Eastern
at 18 to 18 1/2c. per ton. Medium grades
are quiet at 14 to 15 1/2c. per ton.

The Belfast Riots.

Rioting has been resumed in Belfast.
From midnight Saturday night till four
Sunday morning a fire fight was in
progress on Shankill road and the Old Falls
road. One person was killed and many
were wounded. The town is in a de-
plably excited condition. A despatch from Belfast says:
"The rioting has been a very serious one,
and has resulted in a number of deaths and
wounds. The rioters have been very
violent, and have been attacking the
police and the military. The rioting
has been going on for several days, and
the situation is very dangerous. The
police and the military are doing their
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military. The rioting has been going on

ALL SORTS.

Winnipeg is to have a pork packing establishment.

Save your cold tea, it is excellent for cleaning grained wood.

Continuous rain threatens the potato crop in the south of Ireland.

The latest feminine fashion is a bed spread made from old kid glove backs.

A little sweet oil and beeswax rubbed on mahogany polishes it up beautifully.

Never plow in an orchard when the trees are in leaf. Be sure you do not.

Good tillage is the strongest weapon with which the farmer can fight hard times and gain success.

The juice of half a lemon in a tureen of strong black coffee, with sugar, will often cure a sick headache.

A consignment of Canadian flour, made of Manitoba wheat, is being shipped to British Columbia as an experiment.

A good pen-wiper for steel pens is a piece of raw potato. It removes the ink crust and causes a smooth flow of ink.

About forty privates of the Royal Irish Rifles have deserted from Halifax, N. S., since the 1st of July and only two of them have been captured.

During 1885, the Royal National Lifeboat Institution of England rescued 371 lives, and saved twenty vessels, besides 184 lives saved by their shore boats.

Woman of the world (to youthful admirer)—You seem to know a great deal of married life. Are you married? Merritt (with a blasé air)—No, but my father is.

At a sale of a fine collection of American coins in Philadelphia, last week, a unique Franklin cent in silver brought \$201, and a "Confederate" copper of 1785 brought \$180.

Miss Sharp—"Are you fond of walking, Mr. Slimmed?" Mr. Slimmed—"Oh, excessively. I could walk forever in a dream of enchantment." Miss Sharp—"Well, then I should think you would learn."

"What do you grow on this land?" he inquired of the farmer who was leaning over a fence inspecting a particularly barren piece of ground. "Grow lazy," was the satisfactory reply.—New Haven News.

The Scientific American says:—Lumbeage may be quickly relieved by binding a piece of oiled cloth, such as is used to cover tables, over the loins outside of the flannel shirt. Profuse perspiration is produced, which rapidly relieves the pain.

Then you are going to the seaside soon, Cicerly dear," said her morning caller. "Oh, bless you, no! We go to the mountains this year. The seaside is too damp. It ruins all one's nice summer dresses."

"Yes, that's so. Especially if you want them to last two seasons, you know." No need of a fun to close that interview. It was cool enough without.

A Scotch elegyman remarked to one of his flock that he heard he was about to be married for the third time. The reverend gentleman added: "They say John, you're getting money with her. You did so on the last two occasions. You'll get rich by the wires." "Dead, sir," responded John, "what will bring them in and puttin' them out there's nae muckle mair o' them sic."

For Sale and To Let.

Grass for Sale.

THE subscriber will sell his GRASS on the Spectacle Marsh in lots to suit purchasers. Terms as usual.

July 14, 1886. C. MILLER.

Marsh for Sale.

SIX acres Prime Broadleaf Marsh, situated on Sunken Island Bay, adjoining Main road. For particulars apply to R. BELL, Esq., or the undersigned.

Price moderate. Terms accommodating. Title not needed. Apply to

W. H. HARRISON.

Mill Property for Sale.

THE subscriber will sell his MILL on Cookville; also, about 4,000 acres of Log Land, which is heavily timbered. Also there is about 2,000 Logs at mill. The mill is in good repair and will be sold on easy terms. For particulars apply to

GEORGE W. TOWSE.

Abokashagan Road, July 14th.

Farm for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale that valuable FARM known as the Gammon Farm, situated near Bonville's Corner, containing about eight miles from Moncton. This is an excellent farm, containing about fifty acres, with new House, Kitchen, Woodhouse, Henry, Pigsty, and a large Barn, all entirely new and very convenient. It is thoroughly fenced, and has a well cultivated garden. The soil is dry and loamy, free from stone, and well adapted for growing early vegetables, grain, or hay, and is now in a high state of cultivation. It is convenient to church, school and mills, and admitted to be the finest Farm in that section. Plenty of good water on the premises. No outlay required outside of stock and farm implements. A rare opportunity is offered to anyone wishing to start a general market farm.

Terms of payment: A portion down; balance by instalments extending over a number of years. Apply to

CHARLES FAWCETT.

Sackville, N. B.

Or BORDEN & ATKINSON.

Moncton.

NEW SPRING CLOTHS.

We have just received and are now opening our

Spring Importation of Cloths

From the leading Scotch and English Manufacturers.

Leave Your Orders Early.

And thereby secure first choice from the Largest and Best Selected Stock

Of these Goods to be seen in the Maritime Provinces.

Tailoring Department

Is always under the most skillful management to be found within the same limits.

Now opening: A fine assortment of English and American HATS.

Dunlap, McDonald & Co.

Amherst, N. S., Mar. 10, 1885.

DR. C. WEST'S

FOR THE LIVER BLOOD STOMACH KIDNEYS

DANDELION

Infallible Blood Purifier, Tonic, Diuretic, Laxative, and Antacid. It cures Biliousness, Jaundice, Liver Complaint, Indigestion, all Kidney Diseases, Rheumatism, Dropsy, and all other ailments of the Liver, Blood, and Kidneys. It is a powerful and safe remedy for all the above complaints. It is sold by all Druggists.

For sale by Charles G. Hill, Druggist.

GROCERIES, &c.

100 Pans, 400 Tins, 400 Barrels of Molasses; 10 Bbls. 100 Cases of Corn Meal; 100 Cases of Flour; 100 Cases of Rice; 100 Cases of Beans; 100 Cases of Lentils; 100 Cases of Peas; 100 Cases of Oats; 100 Cases of Barley; 100 Cases of Potatoes; 100 Cases of Apples; 100 Cases of Oranges; 100 Cases of Lemons; 100 Cases of Limes; 100 Cases of Pineapples; 100 Cases of Watermelons; 100 Cases of Cucumbers; 100 Cases of Cabbages; 100 Cases of Carrots; 100 Cases of Turnips; 100 Cases of Onions; 100 Cases of Garlic; 100 Cases of Shallots; 100 Cases of Parsnips; 100 Cases of Radishes; 100 Cases of Beets; 100 Cases of Potatoes; 100 Cases of Apples; 100 Cases of Oranges; 100 Cases of Lemons; 100 Cases of Limes; 100 Cases of Pineapples; 100 Cases of Watermelons; 100 Cases of Cucumbers; 100 Cases of Cabbages; 100 Cases of Carrots; 100 Cases of Turnips; 100 Cases of Onions; 100 Cases of Garlic; 100 Cases of Shallots; 100 Cases of Parsnips; 100 Cases of Radishes; 100 Cases of Beets; 100 Cases of Potatoes; 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