Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

COLDS. "Orrville, Ohio, Sept. 10, 1882. "Having been subject to a bronchial affection, with frequent colds, for a number of years, I hereby certify that AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL gives me prompt relief, and is the most effective remedy I have ever tried.
JAMES A. HAMILTON,
Editor of *The Crescent*."

COUGHS. "Mt. Gilead, Ohio, June 26, 1882. "I have used AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL this spring for a severe cough and lung trouble with good effect, and I am pleased to recommend it to any one similarly affected.
HARVEY BAUGHMAN,
Proprietor Globe Hotel."

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

ESTABLISHED 1873.

The Weekly Monitor

IS PUBLISHED

Every Wednesday at Bridgetown.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION...$1.50 per annum; in advance; if not paid within six months, $2.00

Communications solicited on all matters of public interest, to be accompanied with the writers name, which will be held, if so desired, strictly confidential. Anonymous communications go to the waste basket.

H. S. PIPER,
Editor and Proprietor.

Weekly Monitor.

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Special rates for longer terms.

Yearly advertisements changed oftener than once a month. will be charged 25 cents extra per square for each additional alteration.

MANHOOD

HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED.

We have recently published a new editon of DR. CULVERWELL'S CELEBRATED ESSAY on the radical and permanent cure (without medicine) of Nervous Debility, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc., resulting from excesses.

Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents, or two postage stamps.

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from thirty years successful practice, that alarming consequences may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicines or the use of the knife; pointing out mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

This lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Address
The Culverwell Medical Co.
41 Ann St., New York.
Post Office Box0. 45

1885. 1885.

ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRIES.

THE BRIDGETOWN

Marble Works,

ARE prepared to compete with any similar concern in the Province, both in workmanship or price.

MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, TABLETS.

—IN—

Marble, Freestone & Granite,

of all descriptions manufactured to order at short notice.

ALSO:

Furniture Tops!

Call and inspect work.

OLDHAM WHITMAN.

Bridgetown, Jan. 12th, 85'

BRIDGETOWN

FOUNDRY COMPANY

(LIMITED.)

THE above Foundry Co., having just opened its new premises, on the site formerly occupied by Craig's Foundry, lately destroyed by fire, is now prepared

TO MANUFACTURE

STOVES, PLOWS, HAY CUTTERS, MILL and Other Castings.

All work attended to promptly. Charges reasonable.

W. A. CRAIG,
MANAGER.

Bridgetown, March 10th, '85 y

SAMUEL LEGG,
Watch and Clock Maker.
—IN—
Murdoch's Block.

Also Agent for the
HARTFORD LIFE
—AND—
ANNUITY INSURANCE CO.
Of Hartford, Conn.

Bridgetown, July 1, '85.

A. G. SHARP, SHOEMAKER

Has on hand some first-class Calfskin, Cold Liquor Tanned and Oak Tanned English Balmorals—two assortments.

Repairing done in first-class American style.

A specialty of SEWED WORK both new and repairing.

All at Lowest Prices.

Bridgetown, April 8th, '85. 6m.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it IN NEW YORK

Weekly Monitor.

SALUS POPULI SUPREMA LEX EST.

VOL. 13. BRIDGETOWN, N. S., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1885. NO. 33.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

The Most Wonderful Family Remedy Ever Known.

CURES—Diphtheria, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Bleeding at the Lungs, Hoarseness, Influenza, Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough.

Excels all other Remedies for External Use.

CURES—Catarrh, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Chronic Diarrhœa, Kidney Troubles, and Spinal Diseases. Circulars free. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE.

PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS

MAKE NEW, RICH BLOOD.

Positively cure SICK-HEADACHE, Biliousness, and all LIVER and BOWEL Complaints, MALARIA, BLOOD POISON, and thus Diseases (ONE PILL A DOSE). For Female Complaints these Pills have no equal. I find them a valuable Cathartic and Liver Pill.—Dr. T. M. Palmer, Monticello, Fla. "In my practice I use no other."—J. Dunnison, M.D., DeWitt, Iowa. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25 cts. in stamps. Valuable information FREE. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

MAKE HENS LAY

It is a well-known fact that most of the Horse and Cattle Powder sold in this country is worthless; that Sheridan's Condition Powder is absolutely pure and very valuable. Nothing on Earth will make hens lay like Sheridan's Condition Powder. Close one teaspoonful to each pint of food. It will also positively prevent and cure

CHICKEN CHOLERA,

Hog Cholera, &c. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25c. in stamps. Furnished in large cans, price $1.00, by mail, $1.20. Circulars free. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

TAILORING AT CASH PRICES!

—:o:—

BY connection with manufacturers we exhibit fine goods at economical prices, and with vast resources of working department, we make ordered Clothing economically, carefully, promptly, systematically and satisfactorily.

Heavy All-Wool Homespun Suits to Order, $10
Real Scotch Tweed Suits, - - - - 16
Our Latest Specialty Pants Order, - 3.50

JUST TRY OUR.

BEST READY MADE CLOTHING,

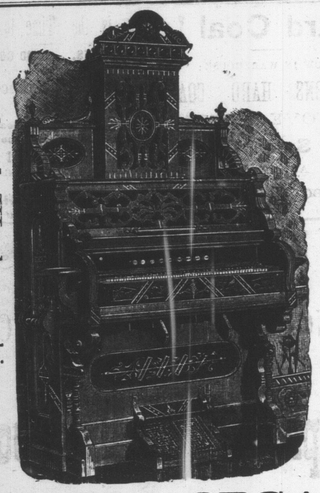
Manufactured by us. If you want any, please look at it, no matter whether you purchase or not. Latest styles. All sizes Men's, Youths', Boys' Juveniles.

Terms of this house, CASH in buying and selling.

Samples of Goods sent to any address on application, with prices per yard, or garments made to order.

CLAYTON & SONS.
HALIFAX, N. S.

Good Workmanship.



Reasonable Prices.

ACADIA ORGAN COMPANY,

MANUFACTURERS OF

FIRST CLASS CHURCH & PARLOR ORGANS,

Warerooms in Reed's Furniture Factory.

BRIDGETOWN, NOVA SCOTIA.

A. E. SULIS.

To Let!

THE House and premises recently occupied by Mr. A. Drysdale, near Providence Church.

Possession given immediately.

W. W. CHESLEY.

Bridgetown Sept 1st, 1885. 2m.

Administratrix Notice.

ALL persons having any legal demands against the estate of the late CHARLES E. MORTON, of Centreville, in the county of Annapolis, farmer deceased, are requested to render their accounts duly attested, within three months and all persons indebted to the said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to

LUCY A. MORTON,
Administratrix.

Centreville, Oct. 13th, 1885. 3mpd.

To Loan.

ON first class Real Estate security, $35,000. None but first class security will be taken.

J. G. H. PARKER.

Bridgetown, Dec. 23rd '84.

Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber being desirous of giving more attention to his

GROCERY and PROVISION TRADE,

has decided to sell his valuable FARM, situated in Beaconsfield, three and a-half miles from Bridgetown, and directly under the North Mountain.

The property comprises about 300 acres of splendid land, 25 or 30 under cultivation, and 200 abounding in valuable Hard and Soft Timber.

There is also between 200 and 300 healthy and bearing Fruit Trees, in Apple, Plum, Pear, &c.

A good House, Barn, and other Outbuildings, together with pure and never-failing water privileges are among the inducements.

For full particulars apply to the subscriber.

T. J. EAGLESON.

Bridgetown, Oct. 9, 1883. tf

F. C. HARRIS,
Licensed Auctioneer,
Commission Merchant and Real Estate Agent

Special rates for sales of Real Estate and Farm Stock.

Bridgetown, March 26th, 1884. n50

NOTICE!

The subscriber having met with a heavy loss by fire, will esteem it a favour for all who are indebted to him to call and settle their accounts.

W. A. CRAIG.

WE SELL

Cordwood,

SPILING, BARK,

R. R. TIES, LUMBER, LATHS,

PRODUCE,

Potatoes, Fish, etc.

Best Prices for all shipments.

Write fully for Quotations.

HATHEWAY & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

22 Central Wharf, BOSTON.

Members of Board of Trade, Corn and Mechanic Exchanges. jan28ly

MONEY AT 6 PER CENT.

Can be obtained from the

N. S. P. B Building Society and Savings Fund,

On real Estate Security, payable in Monthly instalments extending over a period of about eleven years.

For particulars apply to

J. M. OWEN,
Agent for County of Annapolis.

Annapolis 27th Feb 1883,y

JOHN Z. BENT,
UNDERTAKER.

Bridgetown N. S., near Presbyterian Church.

Coffins and Caskets, and Coffin trimmings, in all styles, always on hand. All branches of this department of his business will receive the most careful attention. 36ly

J. G. H. PARKER,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, CONVEXANCER,
and REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Practise in all the Courts. Business promptly attended to.

OFFICE—Fitz Randolph's NEW BUILDING, Bridgetown. 7ly

J. M. OWEN,
BARRISTER - AT - LAW,

Notary Public, Real Estate Agent.
United States Consul Agent.
Annapolis, Oct. 4th, 1882—ly

ANNAPOLIS, SS.

In the Supreme Court in Equity, 1885.

BETWEEN, STEPHEN E. BENT, Plaintiff,

AND

ALDEN CROCKER and JANETTE ELIZABETH CROCKER, Defts.

TO BE SOLD AT

Public Auction,

by the Sheriff of the County of Annapolis, or his deputy, in front of the office of J. G. H. Parker, at Bridgetown, in the County aforesaid on

Saturday, December 5th,

next, at 12 o'clock, noon.

Pursuant to an order of foreclosure and sale made herein, dated the 29th day of September, A. D. 1885, unless before the day of sale the said defendants shall pay the said plaintiff or his solicitor, or into court the sum due on the mortgage herein and costs.

All that certain tract or parcel of

LAND,

situate, lying and being in Wilmot, in the County of Annapolis, bounded and described as follows:—

FIRST.—Beginning at the south west angle of a lot of land conveyed by William J. Spinney to Arthur Spinney, by a deed bearing date the 1st day of November 1874, from thence running north nine degrees west along said Arthur Spinney's land, thirty-eight chains and fifty-three links, thence north eighty-seven degrees east four chains, thence north nine degrees west, two chains and fifty links, thence south eighty-seven degrees west four chains, thence north nine degrees west eight chains, thence south eighty-one degrees west eight chains and thirty-seven links, thence south nine degrees east forty-nine chains and three links, thence north, eighty-one degrees east eight chains and forty-one links, to the place of beginning, containing forty-five acres more or less.

SECOND.—Beginning at the north-east angle of said tract or parcel of land, and running south nine degrees, east forty-nine chains and three links, thence south eighty-one degrees, west eight chains and forty links, thence north nine degrees west thirty-eight chains and fifty-three links, thence north eighty-seven degrees east four chains, thence north nine degrees west two chains and fifty links, thence south eighty-seven degrees west four chains, thence north nine degrees west, eight chains, thence north eighty-one degrees east eight chains and thirty-seven links, to the place of beginning, containing forty-three acres more or less, together with all and singular, the easements, tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances to the same belonging, or in anywise appertaining, with the revision and revisions, remainder and remainders, rents, issues and profits thereof, and all the estate, right, interest, claim, property and demand, both in law and in equity of the said Alden Crocker and Janette Elizabeth his wife, of, in, to or out of the same or any part thereof.

TERMS.—Ten per cent. deposit at time of sale, remainder on delivery of deed.

J. AVARD MORSE,
High Sheriff.

J. G. H. PARKER, Solicitor of Pltff.

Bridgetown, Nov. 2nd, '85. 5i

Sept. 1st, '85.

The usual Large and Varied Stock of ENGLISH, SCOTCH, CANADIAN TWEEDS & ENGLIS WORSTEDS, for Fall Orders is now open at

JOHN H. FISHER'S,
BLUE STORE.

CURE FOR THE DEAF.

Peck's Patent Improved Cushioned Ear Drums Perfectly Restore the Hearing

and perform the work of the natural drum. Always in position, but invisible to others and comfortable to wear. All conversation and even whispers distinctly heard. We refer to those using them. Send for illustrated book with testimonial, free. Address F. Hiscox, 853 Broadway, N.Y. Mention this paper.

Poetry.

Mother.

Nursed thou once a little laddie
On thy breast?
Rested there a dusky head
So greatly blessed
Seemed the shadowed eyes of velvet,
Raised to thine,
To mutely wonder 'Art thou really
Mother Mine?'

The little waxen, fragile fingers
Playing sweet
The restless, aimless, helpless,
Toddling feet.
The rose bud, smiling lips
And dimples fair,
Ah! What for them wouldst thou not
Do or dare!

Mother! Though the baby hands
No longer play,
But sternly battle with the burthen
Of each day,
Though the eyes no longer wonder,
For they know
All the fleeting of the sunlight
Here below.

Yet tenderly, the stalwart man still
Clings to thee,
Reposing in the halo of thy love
Contentedly.
Nobler—better—more earnest
In his place,
For the memory of her kisses
On his face.

Select Literature.

Rachel.

A TRUE STORY OF WESTERN LIFE.

It was the middle of a short December afternoon. From the scholars in the little log schoolhouse in the Stillman district rose a buzzing sound as they bent over their desks, intent on books or mischief, as the case might be. The teacher, a good-looking young man of twenty or thereabouts, was busy with a class in arithmetic when a shrill voice called out:

'Teacher, Rachel Stillman's readin' a story book.'

'Bring the book to me, Rachel,' said the teacher quietly, and the delinquent, a girl of about fourteen, slowly rose, and walking to him placed a much worn, ancient-looking volume in his hands.

'Why,' he said, glancing at the open page, 'it is the "Pilgrim's Progress." No wonder you are interested, Rachel. But you must not read it during school hours.'

The child lifted to his face a pair of large blue eyes, beautiful with their timid wistfulness, as she replied:

'I know I oughtn't sir, but I wanted to see how they got out of Doubting Castle so bad.'

He smiled. 'I will give you the book,' he said, 'after school; then you can read it to-night at home.'

'Oh, no,' she whispered, 'father won't let me read story books.

'He surely would not object to this book,' answered the young teacher, 'but I will keep it until recess to-morrow morning, and never fear! Christian and Hopeful will outwit the old giant yet.'

The wistful eyes lighted, and with a grateful smile Rachel returned to her desk.

'First class in spelling, take your places,' called the teacher. Rachel belonged to this class, as did all the larger scholars, among whom was her brother Thomas, two years older than herself. The teacher had promised a prize at the end of the term to the member of the class obtaining the greatest number of head-marks, and consequently a good deal of interest was taken in the lessons. Rachel had been at the head of the class the evening before, therefore she now took her station at the foot. Tom, her brother, was 'head,' and for some time no change in position was made, but finally 'somebody blundered,' and Rachel, who was one of the good spellers, went up in the long line. Presently another hard word was missed, and this time Rachel walked to the head. Tom gave her a spiteful push. 'Another mark, Rachel,' said the teacher, 'for that is the last word.' The class resumed their seats, and in a few minutes school was dismissed for the day. 'Good evening,' said the teacher as Rachel and her sister, a pretty, delicate-looking child of ten, passed him at the school room door, 'now don't worry about Christian, Rachel.'

'I won't,' she answered, laughing. 'I guess he'll get out. Didn't he stand up to old Apollyon!'

'Like a good one,' said the teacher. 'Hope I'll come off as well.'

She looked at him inquiringly, but he turned to his desk again, and the sisters set out on their half-mile walk home. Let us precede them and see what manner of home it is to which these children belong. The farm is a large one; the buildings substantial, and everything has a prosperous, well-to do look. Mr. Stillman, the owner of these broad acres, and father of these three, Tom, Rachel and Susy, as well as of three more girls and another stalwart son, is a stout comfortable-looking man of forty-five or fifty years; comfortable to look at, but a glance at his close, thin lips and keen gray eyes, would convince an observant person that he could and would make it very uncomfortable for any person in his power who might differ from him in opinion or venture to dispute his authority. Just now he is chatting pleasantly about to-morrow's work with his hired man, and pays no attention to the children who pass him on their way to the house.

Indoors Mrs. Stillman, a slender, fair-haired woman who looks as if she owed the world an apology for being in it, is preparing supper, being assisted by her two daughters, Elizabeth, a sad-faced woman of twenty-four and Margaret, a girl of eighteen, with her father's determined mouth and chin and her mother's large blue eyes and fair hair.

The clock struck four as the school girls entered the kitchen, a large room, which in winter did duty as both dining room and kitchen.

'Run in the room, girls,' said the mother, 'and get warm; supper is about ready.'

'Oh, we're not cold, mother,' said Rachel. 'Let me hang up your things, Susy. Mother I got another head mark.'

The mother smiled. 'I hope you or Tom will get the prize,' she said, 'where is he?'

She was interrupted by a stamping of feet as the door was thrown open and the men, followed by Tom, entered the kitchen.

'Supper is ready,' said Mrs. Stillman. 'We were just going to call you.'

'Well, I guess it'll keep till we're ready,' said Mr. Stillman, roughly. 'Rachel bring some water. The bucket is empty, of course. Margaret where's the washbasin? Nothing in its place, as usual! Pity there wasn't two or three more girls layin' about.'

Nobody answered this tirade. The hired man picked up the basin, Margaret handed a towel, Rachel came with the water and soon the family gathered about the well-spread table.

'I tell you,' remarked Mr. Stillman, after a few mouthfuls of savory food had put him in apparently a better humor, 'I think we'll have fine weather for hog killing by next week, and I never had a better lot of hogs, either.'

'Oh, father,' said Margaret, 'don't butcher next week. Friday is Christmas and—'

'Christmas,' interrupted her father. 'Well, don't we always butcher then?'

'Yes, I know,' answered the girl, her lips trembling in spite of her efforts to control herself, 'but, father, we always have so much to do.'

'We will do this year as we always have,' broke in the father angrily. 'I suppose,' with a look at his wife that made the poor woman shrink as from a blow, 'this is some of your plans. You and the girls want to go gadding around the country.'

'Mother never said anything about it,' said Margaret her temper rising. 'But nobody else takes Christmas time to do their hardest and dirtiest work.'

'Will you hush?' thundered the father. 'What do I care how anybody else does; I am master here.'

Nobody spoke again. The assertion was not to be disputed. He was master and well his wife and daughter knew it. Poor Mrs. Stillman. Two fortunate baby girls had died a few weeks after their birth and she tears the mother shed over the little coffins were not half so bitter as those that fell on their innocent faces when first they were laid on her bosom.

When on this evening the father had proved his authority, his two elder daughters rose from the table and taking a couple of large buckets, went quietly out of the house, and, going to the barnyard, proceeded to milk the half-dozen cows awaiting them. It was pretty dark and cold, but no words were spoken except to the animals, as the girls hurried through the milking and hastened back to the kitchen, where Rachel and the mother cleared away the supper things and made needful preparations for next mornings breakfast.

When the milk had been put away and all things were in order, Mrs. Stillman and her daughters entered the large room adjoining the kitchen, which was used as a bedroom for the parents, and sitting room for the family, Mr. Stillman not permitting a fire kept in any other room in the house.

Mrs. Stillman sat down, knitting in hand, as close in the corner as possible, Elizabeth and Margaret brought out a huge basket of rags and went to work cutting and sewing carpet balls. The younger children were busy with their lessons at the table, where the father sat reading his newspaper. All were silent, for to have spoken while father was reading would have brought a torrent of wrath on the head of the offender. At last, however, Mr. Stillman laid down his paper, and addressing Tom, said:

'Well, how did you get along at school, to-day?'

'Oh, first-rate,' said the boy, in whose mind that lost head mark rankled; 'but Rachel was called up.'

'How was that, Rachel?' said the father, sharply.

Poor girl! deep in the mysteries of 'long division,' she did not answer.

'Rachel,' he repeated, 'what were you called up for in school to-day?'

She glanced up reproachfully at Tom. 'I was reading in the 'Pilgrim's Progress' just a little, father. It's not a story, it's——'

'Never mind what it is,' interrupted the father; 'I send you to school to study your school books, and I don't want to hear of your touching any others.'

'May I bring it home?' faltered the child.

'Bring it home, indeed! No, ma'am. I guess you can find enough to do at home 'Not a word now,' as he saw her about to speak, 'or you stay home for good.'

The child bent over her slate, but her tears would fall, and at last a sob burst forth in spite of her.

'Clear out to bed this minute, Rachel, said her father, 'I want no snivelling here.

Upstairs, in the cold, dark room, what bitter thoughts surged through the childish brain.'

Mr. Stillman, loved his wife and children, although you may not think so. He wanted them to be happy, but in his own way. He must choose their pleasures. If they could not find pleasure in the things that pleased him it was not his fault. It was their perverseness. And as no two souls are alike, the attempt to fit a number of them by the same pattern necessarily caused a good deal of pain to the souls undergoing the trying operation. Mrs. Stillman's sensitive organization was completely crushed; her eldest daughter's nearly so. Martha, the second daughter, refusing to be shaped, had escaped by marrying a clever young hired man, who pitied the daughter of his employer, and persuaded her that by eloping with him she would be more happily situated at all events than she was at home. The mesalliance sneered Mr. Stillman greatly, and since the marriage, which had taken place a year ago, all intercourse with the disobedient daughter had been forbidden.

Margaret, the third daughter, as we have seen also rebelled at the fitting, and having a goodly portion of her father's determination, it was evident he would have some trouble in competing with it. So far Rachel had given him no trouble. She and Susan were only babies in his opinion, and as he ordered them about, he no more thought of their feeling than he did of those of the horses he worked.

With the boys it was different. They would be men some day. They must be treated with more consideration. At an early age John, two years older than Elizabeth, was given a share in the stock and land to cultivate for himself, so that when at the age of twenty-four, he married the daughter of a neighboring farmer, he had a 'right good start' in life.

But his sister toiled early and late—washing, ironing, milking, churning, baking, nursing the younger children, in short, sharing as far as she could her mother's labors, for her board, and a scanty, grudgingly-given wardrobe. She was twenty-four now and had never in her life known what it was to possess a five dollar bill. There are many Mr. Stillmans. Are they honest men. If the son had a right to wages, had not the daughter? I leave the question with you.

Poor Rachel carried a heavy heart to school next morning. The Tinker's wonderful allegory to her vivid imagination was very real. And now to leave her hero in that awful dungeon, never to know how to escape, was almost more than she could bear.

'Here, Rachel,' said the teacher, when the time for recess came, 'here is your book.' He held it to her, but she did not take it. 'Father,' she said, then sobs choked her utterance. The young man looked at her silently a moment then he said, 'I am so interested in Christian, Rachel, that I will read aloud if you will listen.'

In all her life Rachel never forgot their readings at recesses and noons, which lasted not only until Christian reached the Celestial City, but until Christians and her children joined them. And her gratitude to her young teacher would have surely awakened love if she had been a few years older. When in March the term closed, not even the prize as best speller—a beautiful copy of the Pilgrim's Progress—consoled her.

As for the teacher, he was only glad the winter's work, which had been undertaken solely to furnish means for the pursuit of his profession, was over. He liked some of his scholars very much, Rachel especially, she was so intelligent, so grateful, and when, with blue eyes swimming in tears, she said good-bye, he did for a second feel sorry to leave her, and told her so.

'You ought to have seen Rachel an' Susie cryin' when old Grey bid us good-bye,' said Tom at home the evening of that last day at school.

'Did you cry?' asked Margaret.

'Guess not. I'm glad school's out. Hope I'll not have to go next winter,' said Tom.

'I guess you won't,' answered Margaret. 'You're smart enough now, bub.' She always called him 'bub' when she wanted to vex him. 'But old Grey, as you call him, will make his mark in the world, see if he doesn't.'

The entrance of Mr. Stillman closed the conversation, and Tom went out banging the door after him No wonder Margaret was getting ill-natured. The winter was a long, dull season in the Stillman house. Even her enjoyment at the few social gatherings she was allowed to attend in the neighborhood, was marred by the knowledge that she could not entertain her young friends in turn. Once or twice she had attempted to fix up the spare room and have a fire there for company, but her father had forbidden it.

'I'd like to know,' he said, 'why the settin'-room ain't good enough. If your company can't sit with the family they can stay away, Miss.'

And they stayed away, generally, after one visit Mr. Stillman was not a success as a host, especially for young people.

And a young minister who came home from meeting one Sunday with Elizabeth was so completely abashed by the cool reception he received that not even the daughter's pleading eyes could induce him to remain in the father's presence. A few weeks afterwards, Elizabeth heard of his departure for a distant part of the state, and her face became sadder than ever.

Jim Lansing, the son of a widow neighbor, who managed a good sized farm and two grown sons with equal skill, was more successful.

He generally brought his mother along on his visits, and while she, with ready wit, entertained Mr. Stillman, Jim, the girls and the carpet rags escaped into the kitchen.

'But spring is near, and,' thought Margaret, 'he can't keep us out of the spare room in warm weather; and, besides, we will have all out-of-doors.'

July came with her blue skies, her singing birds, her wealth of beauty. But there was no time at Stillman's to enjoy it. A larger crop than usual had been put in and extra hands employed. Not in the house. Why, there were five women, counting ten-year old Susie and the poor, delicate mother. What extra help could they need, although washing and cooking must be done for all the men? You see 'hands' could be got for low wages if the farmer boarded them and had their washing done; and what else had the women to do? True, mother was not so strong as she used to be, but she did not complain. She was only more shadowy and quiet than ever; and Mr. Stillman told his daughters to 'stir' around themselves and not let mother do all the work.

'Oh dear,' said Margaret, one morning as she and Rachel were bending over the wash-tubs while mother, Elizabeth, and Susy did the churning and baking, and prepared dinner, 'I wish we could go to the picnic on the fourth; everybody's going.'

'Maybe we can,' said Rachel, hopefully. 'I heard father say he would not cut the wheat until the sixth, and also, Margaret, I heard him say your calf was worth ten dollars. If he gives you the money you can get a new white dress, and I might wear your old one. It is so small for you.'

Margaret laughed. 'The calf is mine,' she said, 'it would have died if I had not taken care of it, and father gave it to me so I will have a new dress and you shall have my old one.'

Out in the barn-yard, as the girls talked and worked, Mr. Stillman and Tom were putting the pretty calf in the wagon preparatory to taking it to the butcher.

When the girls went into dinner the men had finished theirs and were lounging about in the shady yard enjoying their 'nooning.

As they entered the dining-room, Mr Stillman handed Margaret a package, saying: 'There's your share of the calf, Margaret.'

'My share!' she exclaimed, 'why, the calf was all mine; at least, you said so.'

As she spoke she opened the paper and unrolled a piece of cheap lawn, bright yellow, with blue flowers. With an angry gesture she threw it on the floor and left the room.

Mr. Stillman stood a moment amazed. Then turning to Rachel he said: 'You can have the the dress, Rachel. I'll teach Margaret a lesson.'

'I don't want it,' she said. 'It was bought with Margaret's money? Why didn't you give her her money? When you sold Tom's pigs he had his money to do as he pleased with.'

'Nice girls, these of yours, mother,' said Mr. Stillman to his frightened wife, 'They'll be turning us out of doors next. You pick up that goods, Miss.'

Rachel obediently took up the lawn and began to fold it. 'That calf was mine,' he went on, 'I only intended to pay Margaret for caring for it.'

'You should have said so, then,' answered his daughter, facing him with eyes as keen as his own, 'you told her if she raised it she could have it, and, of course, she thought you meant what you said.'

(To be Concluded in our next.)

The Little Snakes.

A barelegged boy riding a rake on one of the divides near the Santa Fe trail dragged into the window a rattler; but instead of coiling and giving forth a defiant buzz, the snake manifested every inclination to get off peaceably. The average Kansas lad would have taken a strap from his harness, given the reptile two or three paralyzing taps, counted the rattles, and gone on his way before anybody discovered the rake was idle. Not so did Billy Woodward, who is only a few months from County Donegal and possessed of the abundant natural curiosity of an Irish boy abroad. He got down from his high seat and began to study natural history. The snake tried to run away, but Billy 'headed her off,' afterward. Once or twice the fugitive coiled and threatened, to the boy's great delight. For fifteen minutes the tessing went on, and then the snake darted her head into a hole in the prairie sod. Perhaps a third of her length was concealed, while there came from underground a noise which the boy said sounded like 'a queer kind of clucking.' By the time he had got a trace chain loose the snake was out of the hole and wriggling slowly toward the uncut grass. Billy followed her up, 'fetched her a couple of cracks' and supposed the sport was over.

Later in the day a party of hunters came along and the boy exhibited his trophy, and told what he had seen. One of the hunters, a ranchman of varied experience, got out his pocket knife, and with the remark that he guessed he could show the others something about rattlesnakes they never knew before, stooped down and drew the sharp blade across the thickest fold of the dead snake. Out squirmed eleven young rattlers, all of a size eight inches long and as large around as a lead pencil. They were a very lively family, and had to be laid out one at time. Billy's eyes grew big as he saw the revelation which added the best part to his snake story. The ranchman said that when overtaken with her young the maternal rattler will, as a last means of protection, swallow the little ones. She calls them with a noise which is a combination of cluck and whistle. Very rarely does it happen that the act is witnessed. In all his experience the ranchman said he had never seen this snake swallowing performance but once. Then he had come upon the mother snake and her young sunning among the stones. They had tried to get away, but failing, the young had glided into the mouth of the one in response to the peculiar call, and had disappeared before his eyes.—*Globe Democrat.*

Chewing Gum Advised.

'Thinness is a physical characteristic o Americans. I account for this because of the fact that they are in a new country to whose climate they have not become used. Even the descendants of the people who came to America two hundred years ago are not fully acclimated. This is true it matters not to what country people may remove. Natural history demonstrated that at least three hundred years are required to acclimatize a nation that has taken up its abode in a new country. Now, as thinness is a characteristic of Americans, they ought to use whatever will make fat they ought not use what will keep them lean. The habit of chewing gum causes certain juices which aid digestion to flow unmixed with any injurious substances. The habit of chewing tobacco also causes these juices to flow freely, but the tobacco chewer either expels them from the mouth or swallows them mixed with the poisonous juice of the weed. I see you have your note book out; just dot down this fact: Twenty years ago the rule was that Southern women were thin and delicate; it is not the rule now. Southern women are not physically equalled in all North America. Any physician who is as well informed as he ought to be will tell you that it is true. This change is due to the habit of chewing gum. You may smile, you may even laugh, but I am telling you a plain fact. As to Southern men they are as thin and gaunt as they ever were, and so they will remain until they cease to chew tobacco and begin to chew gum.'—*Macon (Ga.) Messenger.*

—James R. Ormond, the referee in the Hanlan-Teemer race, says: 'The publication of Teemer's letters to Hanlan shows that Teemer made a proposition to the ex-champion which, on its face, was dishonest. If Hanlan had given the letters to the public as long ago as last August or September, and at the same time declared his intention of never again rowing in a race in which Teemer was participant, he would have built himself up in public estimation to a wonderful extent and placed Teemer under a cloud. In that way he could have removed a rival whom he feared, beside increasing his own popularity. Instead of doing this, he trusted to Teemer's promises, and entertained with confidence the hope that Teeme would make an effort to win. By doing so he made himself equally guilty with Teemer. It appears now that Teemer never intended to let Hanlan win, and that he gave Ned written pledges only for the purpose of drawing him into a race. The disclosures show that Teemer did not act in good faith with Hanlan in what was understood to be a dishonorable transaction, but they also show that Hanlan was a willing party to the dishonorable transaction, proposed, but was duped in the long run by Teemer "rowing the race out on him.'"

—The Boston Inspector of Provisions has discovered a new and highly original business carried on in that city, which as it is connected with the supply of human food, he has felt called upon to investigate though without finding any cause of complaint against the ingenious person who is carrying it on. The ingenious person is a dealer in "sucked" eggs. In other words, he collects from the wholesale dealers eggs that are dirty or cracked or unsalable, and breaks them, selling those which turn out to be untainted and fit to use, by the gallon, to bakers and confectioners, while the thoroughly spoiled ones go to the manufacturers of fancy leathers, who use them in great quantities.

THE COLD BATH.—In reply to the inquiry about a daily bath we would say that many people make such a bath with beneficial results. A good way to take it is as follows: have the room in which you bathe warm enough to be comfortable, put on your bath mittens (made of Turkish toweling) wet and soap them well and pass them over the body, then wipe quickly and well with a rough towel.

—What makes everybody sick but those who swallow it? Flattery.

TIRED OUT. The distressing feeling of weariness, of exhaustion without effort, which makes life a burden to so many people, is due to the fact that the blood is poor, and the vitality consequently feeble. If you are suffering from such feelings,

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

is just what you need, and will do you incalculable good.

No other preparation so concentrates and combines blood-purifying, vitalizing, enriching, and invigorating qualities as AYER'S SARSAPARILLA.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

The Weekly Monitor.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1885.

Godey's Lady's Book.

We would direct the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Godey's Lady's Book on our fourth page. Don't forget that for the low sum of $3.00, the MONITOR and Godey's will be furnished for one year.

American Agriculturist.

Farmers! Attention! Those desiring to obtain the American Agriculturist, one of the finest journals for farm and household published, can do so in connection with the MONITOR for the low sum of $2.50; or for 4 subscriptions in advance, we will send Agriculturist free for one year.

ANOTHER SWINDLE.—We clip the following from the St. John *Telegraph*. It applies with equal force to Nova Scotia:—

"In Ontario a new swindle is being perpetrated upon farmers, and as it may yet be introduced in New Brunswick it will be well for our country readers to beware. A man goes through the country purchasing farms. His plan is to make a contract in writing for the purchase of the farm, the purchaser to have the right to pay the money and take possession within a month. When the month is just about expiring the purchaser looms up and demands immediate possession, but the farmer is frequently sick of his bargain. The would-be-purchaser becomes inflamed, threatens suit, or is willing to compromise for a few hundred dollars, and the farmer gives it up. It's a deep scheme, and looks as innocent on the face of it as the old-fashioned hay-fork swindle."

— Thomas K. Cree, in "The Christian at Work," outlines General Grant's pacific policy with the Indians of the United States. He states that through the General's efforts, by far the greater part of the abuses that existed in the Department of Indian Affairs before he became President, were practically done away with, and a new order of things was established, which has done wonders towards ameliorating the condition of the tribes. His policy prevented much bloodshed, caused a better distribution of the Indian grant, and encouraged the Indians to found settlements, become educated, and to labor toward their partial support at least. No better tribute can be paid to the memory of the departed General than this recognition of his wise and christian like work. As a consequence of the General's policy, Mr. Cree says:—"The press east and west are loudly demanding the rights of the Indian, and are asking that not only shall he be protected, but that as fitted for it he shall be made a citizen. Truly the world moves, and the hero who now rests so quietly at Riverside Park may be hailed as a preserver of the Indian race."

— In the last issue of the Library Magazine, published by John Alden, of New York, an article is given from the New York Times, written by a person who signs himself "H. F.," entitled "The Anglican Church Establishment." The question is now a political one in England, and is assuming serious dimensions. The English aristocracy to almost an individual, are in favor of establishment, while the middle and lower classes lean the other way. According to "H. F." the tories mainly support, while the radicals mainly oppose the present existing affairs in regard to the condition of the Church in relation to the State. The writer outlines the history of the Church from Henry VIII's time down to the present day, and although his intentions may be impartial, his sympathies are evidently not with the Anglicans. He concludes his article as follows:—

"It is said that a *plebiscite* of the voters of England taken upon this question would show a large majority in favor of disestablishment. From what little I can see this is probably true. But it is fair to say that in the minority would be most of the wealth and most of the education of the land, and the victory—whatever else it might be—would not be a triumph for toleration. With all its obvious faults the Church is certainly broad enough for any state of mind, if one measures the range between Dr. Cunningham Geike, who fraternizes with the Salvation Army, and Dr. Bickersteth, who can see over the wall into the garden of the Vatican. This truly Catholic attitude of the Church commends itself to many men who have no religious faith whatever, yet who don't object to a tolerant, showy Establishment as a part of the monarchical system. The Roman Catholic element in England, too, is quietly in favor of the Establishment; first because of its natural aristocratic leanings and social and mental lack of sympathy with Dissenters, and, second, because the Church furnishes a splendid recruiting ground for the Roman propaganda. To sum up: The Establishment is attacked on social, religious, and utilitarian grounds; it is defended on social, religious, and sentimental grounds."

Canon Farrar, thus expresses himself in regard to the great question:—

"My principal ground is that the Anglican Church is doing a work of definite value, and its power would be weakened, especially in country places. In point of fact the Church of England has never been established at all. It is older than the State, older than the Crown, older than both houses of Parliament, older in fact than the united nation. The disestablishment of a Church which has lasted for centuries involves very different questions from those which would be raised by the proposed disestablishment of a Church in a new nation.'

— People in Halifax are becoming vaccinated by hundreds. The local papers say nearly everybody is nursing a sore arm. Our people in this County will be wise if they will follow the example of the citizens of Halifax. Vaccination is a simple means of prevention of small-pox, and no one should incur the possible risk of contracting the disease, when the danger can be reduced to a minimum, at the cost of a few days' inconvenience, and the small fee asked by the doctor.

— Latest advices regarding the war between Servia and Bulgaria, report a preponderance of victories for the latter and that the Servians are becoming discouraged.

—The Seattle Post Intelligencer of Oct. 27th, says:—"The completion of the Canadian Pacific Railroad, has stirred up the railroad world wonderfully. The Canadians promise to show us some new things in railroading. If they do one-half of what is expected of them in the way of lowering rates and treating the public with fairness the new line will be an incalculable benefit to the entire North West.

— The New Brunswick supreme court judges have been gazetted commissioners to administer the oaths of office to persons appointed by the federal government.

Local and Other Matter.

— The December Term of the County Court opens here on Tuesday next.

— Sir John McDonald has gone to England, and Hon. E. Blake will also cross the water on the 10th Dec.

— The small-pox is said to be decreasing in Montreal and increasing in Charlottetown. It is also in Cape Breton, but is under control.

— A series of lectures are to be held in this town during the winter months under the auspices of the Methodist denomination. Some able lectures are to be expected, and it is to be hoped that they will be well attended.

—We call attention to the advertisement of Mr. Wm. M. McVicar, A. M., of Woodlands, Wilmot. Mr. McV. is a capable instructor of extended experience, and those desiring private tuition for their children should correspond with him.

—The Bridgetown Agricultural Society will hold its annual meeting on Tuesday next in the office of J. Cox, Esq., Bridgetown, at the usual hour.

DROPPED DEAD.—On Wednesday last, Mr. George Conley, of Lower Granville, Annapolis Co., dropped dead on the road, from heart disease. Deceased was about 48 years of age.—*Digby Courier.*

—Still no news of the missing boy. The matter should not be allowed to drop; but be taken in hand by the authorities, and a strict inquiry made into all the circumstances in connection with the sad affair.

—F. C. Harris of this town killed an eight months' old pig last week, that weighed 328 lbs., and Mr. Jacob Foster also of this town, one seven months old that weighed 320 lbs.

—Mrs. Wm. R. Troop of Granville, presented us with a bunch of mayflowers in bloom picked last week. Some dandelions were also seen in bloom.

— Samuel Graves, of Aylesford, was found dead in the woods near his residence on the 14th inst., having expired suddenly from heart disease. He was 65 years of age.

— Albert Morse, Esq., of this County and W. B. Stewart, Esq., of Digby County, have been appointed clerks under the New Dominion Franchise Act.

— A supply of No. 1 and two Dry Pine and Spruce Berwick Shingles, just received and for sale by J. W. Beckwith. 1i

— Mr. Wm. Tupper, of Tupperville raised this year 150 lbs. of squash from one seed of the Marrowfat variety.

— J. L. Sweet, station master at New port, and one of the pioneer officials on the Windsor & Annapolis Railway, died a few days ago.

—Mr. A. Sulis, is now actively engaged in fitting up his building in which he is to have his organ factory.

Mr. Burns is making quick work with his new blacksmith shop, which is a large two story structure. He already has it up, boarded in and partly shingled.

— Men's New Overcoats and Ladies' Latest Style Ottoman and Fancy Mantle Cloths, cheap at Runciman, Randolph & Co's. 2i

EDUCATIONAL.—Mr. J. Edgar Batton, formerly of Middleton, has been appointed Principal of the public school, at Weymouth Bridge.

— Rev. William E. Hall, of Bear River, N. S., has accepted the call of the Sackville Baptist Church, and will enter upon the pastorate next February.

—John Lockett has just received a lot of Cloths suitable for Ladies' Newmarkets, Redingotes, Sacques, etc. Also another bale of that 36 inch Grey Cotton, 10 yards 50 cents. 1i

— The Reformed Episcopal church, which was built at Digby in 1876 at a cost of $7,000, has recently been purchased by the Baptist Congregation of that town for the sum of $2,000.

— Mr. J. A. Chipman, of Halifax, was on Friday last, elected Alderman for Ward 1, in that city. A vacancy had occurred in the representation of this ward owing to Mr. Sedgewick accepting the position of recorder. Although Mr. Chipman entered the contest at the eleventh hour, he came out the winning candidate. Mr. Chipman is an native of this County and we notice with pleasure any successes that attend our boys. He is already an active member of the Chamber of Commerce and brings to his new position, not only ripened experience, but abilities of no mean order.

— It is wonderful how the supply of Eggs keeps up at this late season of the year. They are pouring into J. W. Beckwith's as though it were spring. Notwithstanding the recent decline in the Boston market he is enabled to continue on at the same prices he was paying last week.

— Several of our contemporaries, in copying the forecast of weather published in our columns by Dr. S. C. Primrose, state that we said the Dr.'s predictions had been verified in the past. This is partly incorrect, as what we did say was, that *several* of his predictions have proved correct. The Dr. does not claim by any means to be an infallible weather prophet. More as a means of diversion than anything else, he has been an observer of weather phenomena, and has taken observations for ten or twelve years, and upon these observations he bases a theory, and from that deducts his predictions.

— A Rawdon correspondent of the *Hants Journal* reports the discovery of gold in his locality. He says:—

There is much excitement over the discovery here of a new gold mine. Jacob Coon, the exploring Indian, who has been so successful in the past, found a lead which runs directly under the Methodist Meeting House. It is thought to be very rich in deposit. Several claims have been taken up. The first was by Mr. Moxon; B. M. Davidson; and the Mac Larens have also secured claims. The coal that was referred to in the *Journal* is a sure thing, it is said at Kennetcook. So our County will compel some company or government before long to build a Railway.

ANNIVERSARY.—The Olive Branch Division, of the Sons of Temperance, celebrated its 36th anniversary on Monday evening. A large number of members and invited guests were present, as many as the hall could comfortably accommodate. Judging from appearances, the Division, though somewhat advanced in life, possesses all the vigor and vivacity of youth;

The evening's entertainment was very pleasant. First on the programme were the gastronomical exercises, in which all present took a satisfactory part. Beans, bread, cake, pie, coffee, tea, apples, oranges, etc., were all thoroughly discussed, the question of their excellence being decided in the affirmative by a unanimous vote.

Next came the musical and literary exercises. When the names of expected participants were called, it was discovered that a few, owing to their zealous execution of the first part of the programme, were "too full for utterance." Nevertheless, recitations, speeches, duets, songs were forth coming in abundance, until it was fully time for all temperate people to sing, "Good night, good night to every one."

Long may this old Division continue to lift up its banner and display the dove bearing the Olive Branch of peace. Yea, may it continue to lift up its banner until our fair land rejoices in the complete prohibition of the manufacture and sale as a beverage of all forms of intoxicating drinks.

— Foster & Sons, St. John, are doing a large business in the manufacture of cut nails, tacks, brads and shoe nails. They cut up a thousand tons of iron, steel and other metals per annum into their specialities and employ a large number of hands.

— The question of "help" is evidently a serious one in California, as shown by a rough tariff obtained from an employment agency of the wages of various grades there: cooks, $249 to $720 a year; nurses, $180 to $360; housemaids, $180 to $300; coachmen, $360 to $720; butlers, $500 to $600; Chinese cooks and general servants, $240 to $420. Even a child of fourteen cannot be hired as nurse under $120 a year.

LOST.—Between Victoria Hall and the residence of the proprietor of this paper, a Church of England prayer book bound in Russia leather. The finder will confer a favor by leaving at this office. tf

— The time is approaching for making Christmas presents. Those who desire to send a remembrance to friends from this County living abroad, could make them a present of a years' subscription to the "MONITOR." It would prove acceptable.

HYMENIAL.—A pleasant event took place on Wednesday, Nov. 18th, at Brooklyn, Annapolis Co. Miss Florence A. Skinner and Mr. Benjamin B. Jacques, were united in marriage, the ceremony was performed by the brother of the bride, Rev. J. D. Skinner, of Yarmouth. As the married pair took their seats at the close of the ceremony, the sun shone brilliantly through the passing clouds, gilding the evergreen circlet under which they had pledged their fidelity, as though betokening a bright future of happiness. The bride was the recipient of a number of valuable presents. After partaking of refreshments the happy couple took leave of the many friends gathered on the occasion and started for their future home, carrying with them the best wishes of the many well deserved friends of the bride. We join in the congratulations and good wishes for the prosperity and happiness of the newly married couple.

—The following would point to a probable satisfactory settlement of the Fishery Question.

TORONTO, Nov. 21.—The *Mail's* London cable says:—There is the highest authority for saying that preliminary negotiations looking to the appointment of an international commission for the settlement of the Fishery Question between Canada and the United States has been going on for some time between the British and American Governments, and are now approaching a satisfactory termination. The commission will of course deal with the trade relations of the two countries. The scheme for the settlement of the Fishery Question is being based, doubtless, on the establishment of closer trade relations.

— Below are given the names of the successful candidates for this County and the lower part of Kings, for Teacher's Licenses, during the examinations for the year:—

Grade A.—G Howard Alexander, Wilmot.

Grade B.—Chas M Woodworth, Aylesford; Frank McMahon, do.

Grade C.—Lucy M Dennison, Wilmot; Delma M Copeland, Bear River; Geo E Chipman, Tupperville; Mary C Vroom, Bear River; Annie M Charlton, Lawrencetown; Emma J Calnech, Granville Centre; Effie S S Hort, Lequille; Laura W Copeland, Bear River; Flora B Armstrong, Aylesford; W Boyd Parker, Granville Ferry; James A Quinlan, Dalhousie Centre; Dora B Jordan, Granville Centre; Minnie S Bent, Lawrencetown; Ardelice K Dodge, Wilmot; Louise McGregor, Tremont, Kings Co; Emma B Baird, Clementsvale; Hattie N McMahon, Aylesford; Bessie S Pierce, Melvern Square; Mary A Young, Bridgetown.

Grade D.—Nellie C Gates, Annapolis; Mary A Oakes, New Albany; Minnie Rice, Bear River; Hattie L Balcom, Aylesford; Minnie A Neily, Kingston Village; Anzonetta M Guest, Young's Cove; Bessie C Whitman, New Albany; Mary E Hendry, New Albany; Mary A Woodward, N Williamston; Annie J McCormac, Aylesford.

The following obtained a license in Grade D., but not the license applied for:

Percy M Dodge, Clarence Centre; Maggie M Leitch, Bridgetown; Norval H Parsons, Kingston; Cassie M Munroe, Paradise; Georgie Bath, Bridgetown; Susie A Young, do; Mary A Munro, Wilmot; Annie L Rumsey, Paradise; Maud M Wimers, Wilmot; Josie F Marshall, Bear River; Hattie E Morton, Tupperville.

The following students of Normal School from this County obtained licenses as follows:

Grade A.—Beriah S Banks, Annie E Anderson, Eva L Reed, J W Litch.

Grade B.—Fred W Bishop, Stanley C Leonard, Melbourne B Whitman, Howard P Kempton, Carrie Daniels, Frances Gray, Wm A Marshall, Mattie R Ford, Chas T Illsley, Bertha Ruggles.

—The Bridgetown public school was the scene of a very grave act of insubordination one day last week on the part of two new pupils named Daniel and William Sheban, aged respectively 16 and 14 years. They were in the intermediate department, and as they would not obey the teacher, Miss Davies, she called in the principal, Mr. Brown. The latter when he came in told Daniel to retire to the class-room. The boy said he would not, and started for the door. On being headed off, he called to his brother to bring the iron poker, which he did, and both then faced the teacher, the younger one using his slate for a weapon. Mr. B. then called in one of his oldest pupils, Mr. A. Troop, to take charge of William and advanced upon Daniel, himself, who is a stout, heavily built lad for his years. As the principal advanced Daniel raised the poker, an ugly weapon to use being about four feet in length, and struck with both hands a savage blow at the teacher. The latter barely managed to dodge the blow, which if it had fallen on his head would have disabled him for life. Before Daniel could again raise the poker the principal had him fast. William then commenced some demonstrations, and Mr. Troop took him in charge, but not before he had broken the slate over Mr. T.'s head and bitten a piece out of his hand. Dan, who kicking and struggling, had to be carried a considerable distance, and through three doors, was fastened up in the class room to await punishment. The principal then went back and got the other boy, who fought so that he had to be held down on the floor by Mr. T., and brought him into his room. The trustees were at once notified to come down and consider what had best be done under the circumstances. When the trustees arrived it was found that Daniel had raised the window of the class room and taken French leave. The younger boy was then dismissed for the time being. Later on investigation of the matter was held and it was decided by the trustees that before the boys should be allowed to return to the school, that they should be obliged to read a written apology to the principal of the school and to the teacher of the intermediate department, in the presence of the pupils of each room, and to promise to behave themselves in the school-room in the future.

The scene in the school-room, is certainly the most outrageous that ever occurred in the present school building, and we think that Mr. B. acted with singular forbearance under the circumstances. Many a teacher under similar provocation, would have inflicted some severe physical injury upon the oldest boy, at least. The two culprits may consider that they have gotten off pretty easily.

—A meeting of the Board of Health for the Eastern Division of the County was held according to announcement in Victoria Hall last Saturday afternoon. At this meeting it was decided to call a public meeting last night to find out the feeling of the people in reference to the proposed action of the Board to adopt the most stringent means for the prevention of the introduction of small-pox into our County. At 7 o'clock a large number of town people assembled, Dr. J. W. Crosskill, was chosen chairman, and H. Ruggles, Esq., secty., and the following resolutions passed:—

Resolved, That in view of the possible introduction of small-pox into this district, this meeting deems it expedient that all goods imported into this district from places infected with small-pox be disinfected by the proper officer who may be herein after appointed to do so.

Resolved, Any legal action taken by the Board of Health for the purpose of preventing the introduction of small-pox into our midst will meet with the hearty approval of this meeting.

Resolved, That this meeting deem it expedient that all parties should be vaccinated forthwith, for the purpose of protection against the disease, and would therefore strongly urge the same upon all classes in this district,

Resolved, That in case small-pox should appear in this district the closing of public Schools and Churches by the Board of Health, should such Board consider it necessary, will meet the approval and co-operation of this meeting.

At the conclusion of the business for which the meeting was called the High Sheriff suggested that before the meeting adjourned the subject of the mysterious disappearance of the boy Carter, some weeks since, be discussed, and that the government be requested to offer a reward for the discovery of said boy dead or alive, in accordance with which the Sheriff was requested by resolution to communicate with the government to that effect.

A meeting of the Board of Health took place immediately after the close of the public meeting, but we have not been placed in possession of their resolutions, nor will we be until they are ratified by the Governor in Council.

— The immense gun constructed at Elswick recently for the British government has a total weight of 200 tons, being considerably in excess of previous undertakings. Its length is stated at some 44 feet, though with an extreme diameter at the breech of but five feet six inches, a very elongated chase or barrel tapering down to 28 inches, with a slight swelling at the muzzle.

—Mr. W. R. Matthews, of Middleton station, writes us as follows:—

The papers have been throwing large hogs at us all the fall. Hitherto my natural bashfulness has prevented me beating the record. Early last spring I purchased two pigs for six dollars. During the summer I fed them one barrel corn meal at four dollars, four bushels cracked barley and oats, two dollars and fifty cents, ten barrels potatoes about six dollars, beside the milk of one cow, total cost eighteen dollars and fifty cents. The pigs were killed two weeks ago after being kept seven months, and I had a total of two hundred and ten pounds of pork at eight cents per pound which gave me sixteen dollars and eighty cents. That is what you call getting rich very deliberately. Of course I have not credited the pigs with the music they furnished and they were the most musical pair I ever heard.

THEY ARE NOT COUNTERFEITS.—A recent Ottawa despatch says:—A statement has been pretty widely spread that there are in circulation numbers of counterfeit silver coin. The department of finance has been investigating the statement, and traces it to the fact that the new coinage has not the letter "H" in small size underneath the wreath below the denomination of the Dominion. The finance department desire to have it generally known that absence of the letter "H" is not an indication. Sometimes when the royal mint is unable to do the work for Canada or other colonies, owing to pressure of previous engagements, the mint authorities employ Messrs. Heaton & Sons, of Birmingham, to manufacture the coin, in which case that firm puts the letter "H" on. When the royal mint does the work itself no "H" is stamped on. The presence or absence of the "H" has therefore nothing to do with the genuineness of the silver coin of Canada.

SHIPPING NOTES.—Schr Ivica, Longmire, sr. on Saturday last, from St. John. She returned yesterday.

MALIN Nov. 11.—Brigantine reported previously ashore on Tor Rock is Pathfinder, of Digby, N. S (Official No. 64,007). Dunkirk for Sydney, Cape Breton; struck rocks at 2 o'clock this morning; hull completely submerged; captain reports total loss. Lloyd's agent on his way to inspect vessel.

MALIN, Nov. 12.—Pathfinder's hull 20 fee under water; no chance saving anything.

OTTAWA, Nov. 17.—Notice is hereby given that a fog bell, established by the government of Canada at the Bunker light station, in Yarmouth harbor, Nova Scotia, was put in operation last month. Position—lat. 43, 48, 30, N. lon. 68, 8, 45, W. The bell is on the western or channel side of the light building, and is operated by clockwork machinery. During thick and foggy weather it will sound at intervals of 15 seconds.

Barque Hazlehurst (of Annapolis, N.S.), Fraser, at New York, from Colombo, had fine weather to the Cape, then westerly gales for three weeks, thence fine weather and fresh S. E. trades; crossed the Equator Sept. 19; had light variable winds to lat. 30, N. lon. 57. W; moderate easterly winds.

Devastation and Death.

FIVE THOUSAND LIVES LOST BY A CYCLONE.

LONDON, Nov. 22.—A despatch to the *Times* from Calcutta says that five thousand people have been drowned and a hundred and fifty villages submerged in Orissa, by a cyclone, and that 1,341 square miles in Moorshedabad and Huddea districts have been devastated.

—Patrick Hogan, shoemaker, at Piquid Road, P. E. I., hanged himself while laboring under a fit of insanity, occasioned, it is said, by fright on hearing of the increase of small-pox in Charlottetown.

DROPSY, GRAVEL, BRIGHTS DISEASE.

These common and dangerous complaints are due to a bad condition of the fluids, unhealthy changes in the blood and secretions—the Liver being equally at fault with the Kidneys. Regulate these conditions with Burdock Blood Bitters, one of the best system renovators known to medical science.

NEW STORE! New Goods!

Fancy and Staple Groceries!

THE subscribers would respectfully intimate to the inhabitants of Bridgetown and vicinity that they have opened a Large and Fresh stock of

GROCERIES,

in the store recently occupied by F. C. Harris, Esq., on Queen St., Bridgetown.

Everything in the Grocery line always kept in stock.

Fruit & Confectionary, CHOICE

Sugars, Molasses, Teas, BEST BRANDS

FLOUR AND MEAL.

GIVE US A CALL.

Thompson & Shaffner.

Bridgetown. Nov. 24th, '85.

New Advertisements

The Private Academy for Boys, —AT— "THE WOODLANDS," will re-open on JANUARY 4TH under the superintendence of the former principal,

Mr. Wm. McVicar, A. M.

The location of the School, with its beautiful surroundings, combined with the efficient character of instruction imparted, renders it one of the most desirable places of Education in the Lower Provinces. tf.

FALL '85! FALL '85!

JOHN LOCKETT,

Has just received and to arrive, 10 Cases well assorted

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods.

TWO CASES

MENS' HEAVY

Ulsters, Overcoats & Reefers,

Ranging from $4.00 to $14.00.

14 CASES

Boots & Shoes, Men's & Women's Overbooots & Rubbers.

Something very choice in

LADIES' WATERPROOF,

TWO CASES

Men's & Boy's Hats & Caps.

10 Half Chests. fine

CONGOU TEA,

the same brand that I have been selling for the last 6 months.

SUGAR & MOLASSES.

15 Bbls. Granulated Refined and Barbadoes Sugars.

Barbadoes and Antigua Molasses.

RIASINS.

40 Boxes, Half and Quarter Boxes, London Layers' Valencias, Sultanas and Elena Raisins.

1 Bbl. NEW CURRANTS, FIGS, ORANGES, CITRON and LEMON PEEL. Six Boxes MOTT'S PURE SPICES. CHASE & SANBORN'S STANDARD COFFEE.

The choicest brands of FLOUR, always in stock.

Best WATER WHITE AMERICAN OIL, Sacks of COARSE and FINE SALT.

I respectfully invite the attention of the closest cash buyers to the above.

JOHN LOCKETT.

Bridgetown, Nov. 25th, 1885. 1i

NOTICE!

THE subscriber thanking his friends and customers for the patronage during the past year, wishes to inform them that he has now on hand a full stock of

Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots Shoes & Rubbers, Flour, Meal, Etc.

at lowest prices.

All kinds of produce taken in exchange for goods.

T. G. BISHOP.

South Williamsten, Nov. 23rd 1885.

Administrator's Notice.

ALL persons having any legal demands against the estate of the late JOHN W. BOWLBY, of Victoria, in the County of Annapolis, farmer, deceased, are requested to render their accounts duly attested within three months' and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to made immediate payment to

GEORGE ROACH, Administrator.

Victoria, Nov. 20th, 1885. 3mpd.

A. G. SHARP, SHOEMAKER

Has on hand some first-class Upper Leather, Waterproof,

—ALSO:—

SOLE LEATHER & FRENCH CALF, best in town.

THE SIGN OF BLACK BOOT, QUEEN ST., BRIDGETOWN.

Bridgetown, April 8th, '85. 6m.

WINTER GOODS!

Just arrived a Complete Stock of WINTER GOODS, comprising:—

Fur Tippets, Fur Mits, Fur Caps, German Wool Shawls, Children's Caps, Wool Fascinators, Ladies' Sacques.

Fancy Table Spreads, Comfortables, Blankets, Flannels, all Colors.

Velvets, Velveteens,

Gents' & Ladies' Wool Underwear, Hosiery of all Kinds.

Gents' & Ladies' Woollen Gloves & Kid Mits.

ULSTER, SACQUE, REDINGOTE, and other CLOTHS suitable for the season. 10 YDS. FACTORY COTTON, for 38 CENTS, SHIRTINGS, COTTON FLANNEL, ALL KINDS OF YARN, WINCEYS, etc., etc. LADIES' & MISSES NEWPORTS.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Children's Long Rubber Boots, Rubbers all sizes. A lot of HANDSOME SLIPPERS, suitable for CHRISTMAS GIFTS. STATIONERY, etc.

A full and complete stock of GROCERIES CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, FLOUR, MEAL, MOLASSES, etc. HARDWARE, PAINTS and OILS.

A special rate on AMERICAN WATER WHITE OIL, in 5 gal. lots.

W. W. Saunders.

A Very LARGE —AND— Carefully Selected ASSORTMENT OF CANNED GOODS, CONSISTING OF FISH, FRUIT —AND— VEGETABLES, IN STOCK and offered at prices that will speedily effect a sale.

Richard Shipley.

Bridgetown, Nov. 10th, '85.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LARGER IMPORTATIONS Than Ever of Fall & Winter Goods!

THE FINEST LINE OF BLACK DRESS GOODS,

In Empress Cashmeres, Jersey Tricots, Velvet Finish Cashmeres and Merinos. The newest make in English Dress Goods.

All Wool Serges, Beiges, Dress Flannels, Ottoman,

In all the Leading Makes and Shades of DRESS GOODS.

24 Boxes Silk Finish Velveteens, in all the Fashionable Shades.

WHITE, GREY, BLUE, AND SCARLET FLANNELS.

Please send for samples and prices of these Goods to convince that they are the best value I have ever offered.

COTTON FLANNELS, the best value in the market.

Ladies' Jerseys, Children's Jersey Dresses, Children's Wool Goods, Bonnets, Hats, and Tam O' Shanters.

Ladies' & Gents' Cardigan Jackets, LADIES' UNDERVESTS —AND— UNDERSKIRTS.

Wool Squares, Shawls, Clouds, Hosiery, Etc., Etc.

A large stock of those ALL WOOL SHAWLS, which gave such excellent satisfaction last year.

As usual I have a fine assortment of Redingote, Ulster & Sacque Cloths, —AND— Children's Cloakings.

Headquarters for Best Quality of Josephine Kid Gloves, from 2 to 6 buttons, also Gloves in CASHMERE, WOOL, LOUISE, HABIT GAUNTLETS, etc.

Large Stock Comfortables; all prices.

WELFORD YARNS, Mikado Frilling, the newest makes. SILK HANDKERCHIEFS. Hercules Braid, all widths.

Furs! Furs!

LADIES' AND GENTS' FUR CAPS. LADIES' FUR TIPPETS AND MUFFS, best quality.

LADIES' DOGSKIN SACKS, all sizes FUR TRIMMINGS, all widths.

Mens' Suitings. PERFECT FITTING

Dress OVERCOATS,

The best value I have ever offered.

The above does not commence to enumerate one quarter of my large and complete stock, therefore customers and the public generally, must not think their selection will be limited. All are requested to call and prove for themselves, that in my store the most critical taste can be satisfied. No trouble to show goods.

J. W. Beckwith.

Hard Coal!

NOW IN WAREHOUSE:

20 TONS HARD COAL, STOVE SIZES,

For Sale Cheap, APPLY TO

Geo. E. Corbitt,

Annapolis, Nov. 3, '85. tf Agent.

Now is the Time to Insure! LOW RATES. SOLID COMPANY.

Lancashire Insurance Company,

CAPITAL, - - - £3,000,000 Sterling.

RESERVE FUND, £904,000 Sterling.

FIRE!

Risks taken in the above staunch Company at low rates.

JOHN P. MURDOCH, Agent.

Bridgetown, Sept. 28th. tf

LAND FOR SALE!

Lying on the

HANLEY MOUNTAIN ROAD,

between J. L. Morse and M. Fenerty, running West to lands owned by Edward C. Bishop, containing about

50 ACRES.

MOSES YOUNG.

Brooklyn, Nov. 18th 1885. 51i37.

NEW GOODS!

—:AT:—

RUNCIMAN, RANDOLPH & CO'S.

WE HAVE RECEIVED OUR STOCK OF

Staple & Fancy Dry Goods.

SHAWLS,

Misses & Ladies' Rubber Gossamers,

LADIES' CLOUDS, WOOL HOSIERY, SCARFS,

MEN'S HATS, CAPS, TIES & BRACES,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

HORSE RUGS, BLANKETS.

SLEIGH ROBES, ETC., ETC.

GREAT BARGAINS!

NOTWITHSTANDING the exceptionally low prices at which the subscriber is at present selling all lines of goods, during the months of August and September he will sell all lines of

Dry Goods, Boots & Shoes, Glass, Earthen & Tinware;

of which owing to his purchase of the entire Stock from the store of J. E. Elliott he has a large variety—at 10 per cent. below his present prices,

FOR CASH,

as he is compelled to make room for

Fall & Winter Goods,

which are constantly coming in. Constantly on hand,

Flour, Meal & Groceries,

which we are selling as low as can be purchased in the country.

Goods shown at all times with pleasure.

C. S. PHINNEY.

Paradise, Aug. 19th '85.

MRS. L. C. WHEELOCK,

Has in stock a large assortment of

DRESS GOODS, MANTLE CLOTHS, ETC.

Also a large assortment of

HATS AND BONNETS,

entirely new styles with FANCY FEATHERS and other trimmings to match. Our stock in this line is something nice.

EXTRA VALUE IN GREY FLANNELS.

GREY COTTON, from 4 cents per yard upward.

EGGS taken at highest market prices for Cash or trade.

CORN IN EGYPT!

Roop & Shaw

Beg to notify the public generally that they always keep on hand an assortment of

CARRIAGES of the latest styles, made from First Class Stock, which will be sold on easy terms and reasonable prices.

Middleton, April 20th, 1885. n2tf.

HEATH & MILLIGAN'S PREPARED PAINT!

Best in the Market!

Unequalled for Spreading, Finish and Durability!

Paint that Beautifies and Protects!

—:0:—

NO one will deny that the finer a paint is ground, the longer it will wear and the more surface it will cover, and if to this we add the fact that if the color is ground in with the Lead and Oil, it will be seen that the paint will not spot or fade, as is the case with paint made by hand.

These three qualities (Spreading, Finish and Durability) are shown in the Heath & Milligan Manufacturing Co.'s Paints, over all others. If you want a paint that will endure, and at the same time hold its beauty, you will be interested in these goods.

TAKEN FROM GUARANTEE.

"If at the end of one, two, three or five years the paint is not equal to that prepared by the painter, as regards beauty of finish and durability, we will refund the money paid."

Books of color plates, showing harmonious combinations of the different colors can be obtained by applying to

HUGH FRASER, Bridgetown, N. S., Agent.

At the BRIDGETOWN DRUG STORE.

Received a full stock of FANCY GOODS.

SHOULDER BRACES, TRUSSES of all sizes and kinds, a new and approved lot of PATENT MEDICINE, Ladies' and Gentlemen's DRESSING CASES, MONEY PURSES, CARD CASES, SHAVING BRUSHES, COMBS and BRUSHES, PERFUMERY, BIRTHDAY CARDS, PHOTO and AUTOGRAPH ALBUMS, FLESH, HAIR and HAT BRUSHES, in great variety. Also, TOILET POWDERS, PUFF BOX and PUFF, ENVELOPES and STATIONERY, STEEL PENS AND AUTOMATIC PENCILS.

JUST RECEIVED.

Two Carloads FLOUR AND MEAL, which will be sold LOW FOR CASH.

Also.—A well assorted stock of

Groceries!

MOLASSES AND SUGAR, SPICES, SALT, TOBACCOS, BROOMS, SOAP, SOAP, RAISINS, CURRANTS, CANNED GOODS, BISCUITS, SYRUPS, ETC

P. NICHOLSON.

Bridgetown, July, 1885

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS.

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,

And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO.

General News.

—The eldest daughter of the late Charles Dickens, has written a biography of her father.

—Snipe and duck shooting on the Tantramar marshes has been very poor this season, the dry weather having kept game from their usual feeding grounds.

—One of the latest great railway schemes that is engaging the attention of British capitalists is that of a line from British Burmah through Siam and along the south-western portion of China to Canton.

—If any person would see the difference between real worth and real worthlessness let him buy a small pack of Sheridan's horse and cattle powders and feed it out to his hens. The increase of eggs will surprise you. If your flock is large, buy a $1.00 can.

—Kenneth Sutherland, Esq., of the W. & A. R., raised 8 bbls. of cranberries off one quarter of an acre of his bog, at Kentville lake, this year. He has two acres set and is preparing to set a couple more acres.—*Western Chron.*

—The customs department has decided that children of English fathers and Chinese mothers entering British Columbia are Chinese within the meaning of the act of last session and liable to a tax of fifty dollars per head.

DIPHTHERIA.—In that state of the system which precedes Diphtheria, Low Fevers, etc., EAGER'S PHOSPHOLENE will prove to be a valuable Tonic, bracing the system and often averting what would have been Diphtheria. Get a circular and read it, at the drug store.

—A boot and shoe manufacturer of St. Roch's has just taken out a patent in the United States for a heel-making machine which under the sole control of a young boy, is capable of heeling 3,000 pairs of boots daily.

—Have you ague in the face and is it badly swollen? Have you severe pains in the chest, back or side? Have you cramps or pains in the limbs, or rheumatism in any form? If so get *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment.* It will give instant relief and finally cure you.

—While Scott Thomas, a moulder in a St. Louis foundry, was emptying 10,000 pounds of iron into a pit fourteen feet deep the cable holding the ladle broke. The unfortunate man was hurled into the pit with the molten metal on top of him. His body was charred beyond recognition.

—DIRECT RELIEF follows the use of Hagyard's Yellow Oil, in case of Pain, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Sciatica, Sore Throat, Asthma, Croup, and all soreness of the flesh. Yellow Oil is an internal and external remedy that should be kept in every household.

—The farmers of Maine now produce 14,000,000 pounds of butter annually apart from the make of associated dairying. Creamery butter averages to fetch at least five cents a pound more than the ordinary production of the farm, while it really costs more to produce butter in small than in large quantities other things being equal.

—MALARIA is the action of diseased germs in bad air, poor drainage and swampy regions, etc., upon the system producing chills, fever, neuralgia, and many dangerous diseases. Burdock Blood Bitters regulates the bowels, liver and blood and wards off and cures Malaria.

—We take pleasure in recommending Hall's Hair Renewer to our readers. It restores. It restores gray hair to its youthful color, prevents baldness, makes the hair soft and glossy, does not stain the skin, and is altogether the best known remedy for all hair and scalp diseases.

—Mr. Lou J. Beauchamp, the temperance speaker, was forced to leave the Province yesterday by ill health, and many of his appointments had to be cancelled. He was in Nova Scotia for forty-nine days, during which time he delivered fifty-three addresses to large audiences.—*Chronicle 21st.*

—The renovation of the King's College building goes forward briskly. Not less than seventy-five new windows have been put in, and other changes to correspond. Harmony and good-will prevail between Professors and students. The Professors are frequently on play grounds, and are adepts at the several games. This is as it should be.—*Hants Journal.*

THE W. C. R.—Mr. P. Innes, with his engineer, Mr. Gregory, arrived here this week and went over the Western Counties Railway in a special train to examine the road and see what sort of a bargain he was going to get from the Local Government, when they handed over this road to him.—*Yar. Times.*

—Ayer's Sarsaparilla thoroughly cleanses the blood, stimulates the vital functions, and restores the health and strength. No one whose blood is impure can feel well. There is a weary, languid feeling, and often a sense of discouragement and despondency. Persons having this feeling should take Ayer's Sarsaparilla to purify and vitalize the blood.

—An English gentleman named Hicks was shot down and mortally wounded in front of his own door in the suburbs of Victoria, B. C., on Thursday evening, by two highwaymen, and robbed of $1,800 in money, and a diamond pin, watch, and ring. The victim was married two weeks ago, and was preparing to leave for England Friday with his bride.

WESTERN SHORE STEAM SERVICE.—The steamer City of St. John was purchased Monday from Capt. George Burchell, of Sydney, by Hon. L. E. Baker, of Yarmouth, who intends placing her after a thorough overhauling in Yarmouth, on the route between Halifax and St. John, via the western shore ports of Nova Scotia.—*Hx. Chronicle.*

—Some little excitement has been caused here lately by the announcement that coal has been discovered on the Walton Road about five miles from the village. A company has been formed with a capital of $500 00 to work the mine and it is hoped that the find will prove a profitable one.—*Hants Journal.*

—The following is said to be an infallible remedy for both smallpox and scarlet fever: Sulphate zinc, 1 grain; foxglove (digitalis), 1 grain; half teaspoonful of sugar. Mix with two tablespoonfuls of water. When thoroughly mixed add four ounces of water. Take a tablespoonful every hour. For a child a smaller dose, according to age.

RARE BIRD SHOT.—Mr. James Morrison, jr., of Lower Granville, recently shot a fine specimen of Golden Eagle, on Bear Island. The bird measures 7ft. 2in. from tip to tip, Mr. F. W. Hatheway, Naturalist, has mounted it in a very life-like and artistic manner for H. M. Irvine, Esq., Mr. H. has also a large collection of rare and native birds and is happy to show them to persons interested in natural history.—*Spectator.*

THE SMALL-POX SCOURGE.—*Charlottetown, Nov. 21.*—Five deaths from small-pox have occurred since last evening, one being of a woman who was delivered of a still-born child on the attack of the disease last night. Five developed cases were reported to-day, four in the infected district and one on Queen Street. Four suspected cases are also reported. The number of deaths has cast a gloom over the community. The board of health have forbidden the congregations to assemble in the churches to-morrow.

—A most melancholy accident is reported from Mira. On Sunday, a young man named McDonald, had driven to church with a fractious horse. After church he invited a young women, to whom he was to be married in a few weeks, to get into the waggon and drove her to the residence of her father. He then left for home. A few miles from his home the horse was found by some neighbors standing on the road, and under the waggon lay the lifeless body of young McDonald with his neck broken. It is supposed that the horse took fright and ran away, the waggon coming in contact with a stone, the deceased was thrown to the ground, the fall breaking his neck.—*North Sydney Herald.*

HYMENIAL.—There occurred at Wolfville, on Wednesday morning one of these episodes which have such a great effect over the lives of the two persons most interested. The happy ones were Miss Minnie Higgins—daughter of Mr. J. M. Higgins, of the *Chronicle* business staff—and Mr. M. A. Buckley, late of the well-known firm of Buckley & Allen, the Granville street booksellers. The ceremony was performed by Rev. T. A. Higgins, uncle of the bride. The wedding party left by morning express for Boston and points west, intending to go as far as southern California, where they will spend the winter.—*Chronicle.*

MURDER.—The following are the comparative statistics of murder in leading countries:

England	237	murders to 10,000,000	pop.
Belgum	240	" "	"
France	265	" "	"
Scandinavia	266	" "	"
Germany	279	" "	"
Ireland	294	" "	"
Austria	310	" "	"
Russia	323	" "	"
Italy	504	" "	"
Spain	533	" "	"
United States	820	" "	"

WHERE CAMPHOR COMES FROM.—While only 225 miles long and eighty-five wide, the Island of Formosa, just conquered by the French, is very valuable for its richness in animal and vegetable life. One of its products is camphor, of which it is the world's chief source of supply, although the tree (laurus camphora) also grows in Borneo, Sumatra, Japan and China. The camphor is distilled from finely cut wood in gently heated crucibles the vapors being condensed upon a network of rice stems.—*Science.*

MURDERER OF FOURTEEN MEN.—*Louisville, Ky., Nov. 16, 1885.*—Alf Little, called the Breathitt county despernado, was to-day sentenced in the United States court for 16 years on the charge of forging pension papers and postoffice orders. Little is now 45 years old, and is credited with the murder of 14 men. Before he reached the age of manhood he killed one of his playmates. Later he murdered three brothers. Once when passing a sick man's house, he entered the sick chamber, dragged the invalid out of bed, and kicked him to death. A year or so ago the militia had to be ordered out to suppress Little.

—A gentleman who has just returned from Montreal, says the Fredericton *Reporter*, relates some laughable vaccination incidents witnessed on the cars. In the smoker one of the travelling physicians was asked the cause of the trouble with several ladies in the Pullman. He says very few of the ladies object to bare their arms for inspection, but with the glove fitting sleeves the operation is a tedious one. But of late, especially with American ladies, the arm plan has been almost entirely abandoned and the physician's quill is used upon one of the lower limbs. Hence all the fuss in that Pullman car.

YARMOUTH AHEAD.—Referring to the race across the ocean recently described in the *Herald*, our Yarmouth namesake says: It is claimed by some that the passage of the Windsor barque Belt, from Antwerp to New York, in 17 days and 22 hours, is the fastest ever made. But such is not the case. On the 5th January, 1881, the Yarmouth ship Everest, 1680 tons, Capt. Churchill, sailed from Liverpool and arrived at Hampton Roads, Virginia, on the 20th—making the passage in 15 days. Indeed, the captain stated "the vessel was moored, sails furled, and everything cleared up, and we had an hour or two to spare besides, within the 15 days." It will thus be admitted that the Everest has made the quickest western passage by a sailing vessel ever recorded.

—John W. Cupid, inspector of Customs of St. John, N. B., came to his death on the 22nd inst., in a painful manner. He had been ill and retired early on the previous evening with a newspaper to read by a lamp at his bedside. An hour later his daughter, hearing a call, went to his room which was full of smoke and the bed was on fire. Mr. Cudlip was rescued from the bed unconscious, pulseless and frightfully burned. A physician was promptly called and the sufferer afterwards became conscious, remaining so until death at three o'clock a. m. The deceased was formerly prominent in business, being head of the firm of Cudlip & Sydner, West India merchants. He formerly sat in the assembly for several terms, representing St. John, and was appointed inspector of customs in 1874 by the McKenzie government. He was 69 years old.

THE WATERTOWN MURDER.—*Boston, Nov. 23.*—Information was received by the Cambridge police this morning that Fraser Cunliff, had been arrested in New York and sentenced to six years in the state prison for burglary, and that he had made a confession of the murder of Mrs. Etta Carlton, at Watertown, in which he implicates the husband of the murdered woman in the crime. Cunliff is a colored man who was arrested at the time of the murder on suspicion of having committed the deed, but there was not sufficient evidence to warrant his being held at the time. At the time of his arrest suspicions against him were very strong and the officers engaged in working the case have never lost sight of his connection with Carlton at and previous to the time of the murder.

THE SMALL-POX IN P. E. ISLAND.—A despatch from Charlottetown, 18th inst., says: Two new cases have developed, and nine are reported since Tuesday night. The patients in hospital are doing well. No deaths yet. Dr. Jenkins the health officer, has issued a letter. In it he says:

The infection of small-pox, though capable of propagating the disease, under almost any circumstances if neglected, is very easily destroyed when properly attacked. Let me strongly urge upon you the following precautions: Keep calm, have no fear, be cautious, get vaccinated, use disinfectants, especially carbolic acid, which is powerful though not pleasant. Camphor, toilet vinegar and burnt coffee are pleasant, but not so powerful. Let each family keep to itself as much as possible for a while, until we know the limits to which the infection has been carried; use fruit salt as an aperient, and put your trust in Providence.

—The following is the property qualifications under the new Dominion Franchise Act:—

Owners of real property worth $300 in cities, $200 in towns, and $150 in Counties.

Tenants of property at a rental of $2 a month, $20 a year and upwards.

Occupants of property worth $300 in cities, $200 in towns, and $150 in counties.

Persons earning incomes of $300 a year in cities and towns, or $300 in money or money's worth in counties.

Son, grandson, stepson, or son-in-law of owner of real property of sufficient value to qualify two or more voters.

Fishermen who own boats, nets, etc., together worth $150.

More North-West.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—A special from Winnipeg says: Despatches from Battleford concerning the Indians are of a most alarming nature. It has for some time been known that the southern Indians in the North-West territories did not profit by the lesson given their northern brethern but have been more aggressive than ever. It is now asserted that the southern and northern tribes of Indians are on the point of forming an alliance to sweep the whole country from the far north to the boundary line—massacring the inhabitants and destroying their homes. This means much more than the late rebellion, and it will be impossible for the government to compare it to a simple riot. It means a revolt to the entire Indian population of the North-West unless vigorous and immediate measures are taken. From information obtained from runners who have been among the various tribes, and from the observation of others, it is predicted that the trouble many come at any moment. The government was warned very much in the same manner of the Sakatchewan troubles, but neglected to take precautionary measures until too late.

CURED OF DEAFNESS.

Harry Ricardo, of Toronto, was deaf for eight years, and also suffered with Chronic Rheumatism. After all else failed, Hagyard's Yellow Oil cured both afflictions. Yellow Oil is a reliable internal and external remedy for all painful and inflammatory complaints.

The Revising Barristers and Their Work.

HOW ONE OF THEM PROPOSES TO PROCEED.

County Judge Watters, of St John, appointed Revising Barrister for that district, said to a reporter:

"I shall commence immediately. How do I proceed? Well, it is necessary that I should obtain a certified copy of the assessment roll of 1885. I accept that assessment as prima facie evidence that everything stated therein is true. The revised roll of voters for 1885 is taken as prima facie evidence of the qualifications of the voters whose names appear on that list. Everything outside of that must be done by enquiries by the revising officers, or by special applications of persons. A preliminary list is made up, composed of the names of the old list; and the names of those who have applied to be placed on the new list. It is to be published by the first of March, I think, and a meeting is to be called within three or four weeks after to revise this list and to hear any objections to any names that may be handed in. Having completed the preliminary revision, the revising officer shall before the first of May next divide the city and county in polling districts, each district to contain not more than two hundred names. Immediately after this sub-division has been made the revising barrister will prepare from the first list of voters, as preliminarily revised by him, a separate list of voters for each polling district. After the completion of the preliminary revision and the preparation of lists for polling districts, these lists shall be published. The final revision will take place about five afterward, when the revising officer holds a court in each parish or district, as he may choose, and finally disposes of all applications and objections. This court will be held in June, I think, and the final list will be published immediately afterwards. It is not necessary that I should hold a court in every polling district. For instance, in the city I can hold one court, and consider all applications from the polling districts within the city limits. The same course can be followed in the parishes.

"How many polling districts will there be? That I cannot tell. With regard to non-resident voters there will be a change. Heretofore they voted at the Court House. Under the new law they will vote wherever their property is situated. There may be a little friction in the working of the law the first year, but I think after the machinery gets in operation there will be no trouble.

"What are our salaries? Well, you have got me there. The Government has studiously avoided committing itself on this point, but, judging by the discussions I think the salary will not be a very large one.

A Life Sentence.

OTTAWA, Nov. 12.—In the Carleton county assizes court, last evening, the eight men—McHugh, Goodman, Brock, Black, Rolph, Ryan, Nolan and James Burns, who were convicted in the Stewarton and Theodore street rape cases, were placed in the dock and his lordship, Justice Rose, sentenced them each to imprisonment for life, telling them that it was only the recommendation to mercy by the jury that prevented him from consigning them to the gallows as the law provided. The dreadful sentence fell on a dreadly silence, during which one gentleman seated by the solicitors' table put down his head and wept bitterly, whilst surprise was depicted on every face in the court and the prisoners turned deathly pale and motionless. Then a short enthusiastic burst of applause came out. This was at once suppressed, and was succeeded by a heartrending shriek as Mrs. Goodman, mother of one of the condemned men, wildly wringing her hands and incoherently talking, in a perfect paroxysm of grief burst through the court and made her way up the steps to the dais on which the judges were seated. Before Mrs. Goodman could recover articulation she was forcibly removed from the court, only to burst in again, however, and address his lordship from the clerk's table; "My lord, my lord, have mercy on me! Don't take him away, my lord!"

It was a relief to all present to hear Justice Rose, calm and judicial, though in a somewhat tremulous voice at the painful moment, as he assured the unhappy woman—"My heart bleeds for you, but I am here as a judge; I have only done my duty, and relief to you must come from the executive."

Mrs. Goodman was then gently led from the court to the head of the stairway, forming the public means of access. Her grief was most acute. Wildly shrieking, she beseiged each and everyone present to render her immediate assistance, the burden of her prayer being "My God, my God, send me help now to-night; can't you help me, won't you help me," and many a manly heart was melted almost to tears. Many a head bent low with compassion as she turned from one to another with the same wild imploring cry for aid, and each felt how utterly powerless he was in such a case. As the intense and maddening first sense of her grief wore off she allowed herself to be led down the stairs and home, giving probably an absolutely true history of the whole case on the stairway: "My boy isn't like that; he couldn't do it; he would never have insulted a child until he took that cursed drink with the other two."

About half an hour after the sentence was pronounced there was a crowd of weeping women, amongst whom might be heard the true heart-broken Irish, "Ochone, ochone!" as the mothers of the other prisoners made a vain effort to see their boys or to meet his lordship, and get him to intercede with the executive for them. After waiting, however, for some hours and not being able to pass the cordon of constables they gave up the attempt and retired.

An Important Decision.

MONCTON, Nov. 16.—Intelligence of an important decision of the supreme court of Canada has just been received here. About a year ago Westmorland County voted on a petition for the repeal of the Scott Act. The act was sustained by 70 majority, and the repealers contested the election on the grounds of bribery and corruption of the Scott Act party, and also demanded a recount of the votes. Judge Botsford decided that no power was given in the act for scrutiny, and the repealers carried the case to the supreme court of New Brunswick, securing a rule for a mandamus ordering a scrutiny. The Westmorland prohibitory alliance then carried the case to the supreme court of Canada, and the decision just rendered disallows the order of the New Brunswick court and declares there can be no scrutiny on the grounds of bribery and corruption in a Scott Act election. In the present case the decision appears to be in favor of the Scott Act, but if it is good the result will probably be a great increase in bribery and corruption, on the part of the opponents of the act.

—A circumstance, which is certainly worthy of note, took place at a gentlemen's club room of this city a few evenings ago. Four members of the club, whose names we could mention if necessary, and whose reliability no one would question for a moment, sat down to play a social game of whist. A thorough deal of the cards was made by one of the company. He dealt the cards and the cut for trumps was made and the cards given around to the four players. When this was done, one of the party laid down his hand, expressing great surprise on finding he had thirteen cards of one kind—namely, spades; a second party laid down his hand with the same surprise, he also having thirteen of a kind; and the third and fourth men now placed their cards upon the table, revealing the same kind of hands. One of the gentlemen belongs to St. Stephens and he held all the trumps. All of these gentlemen are willing to make affidavit to the above facts. But one instance like the above has occurred within the recollection of man, and that happened in the city of Philadelphia many years ago, and the papers at the times discussed the strange occurrence from one end of the continent to the other.—*Calais Cor. St. Croix Courier.*

INFLUENZA.

This is an epidemic worse and more depressing than an ordinary cold, and requires prompt remedies to break it up. Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam is a trustworthy remedy for all forms of colds and dangerous results.

TELEGRAPH NOTES FOR THE WEEK.

London, E., Nov 17.—The increased space granted to Canada at the colonial exhibition here amounts to six thousand five hundred feet inside the building and almost as much in the gardens for outside exhibits. It is believed that this addition makes the Canadian court the largest granted to any of the colonies, not excepting the Indian court, which is generally expected to make the largest show.

Ottawa, Nov. 20.—The business failures throughout the United States and Canada during the last seven days numbered, for the United States 312 and for Canada 28, or a total of 240, against 223 last week, and 179 the week previous. The increase observable in the last two weeks arises principally in the Western and Pacific states and in Canada.

Fredericton, Nov. 17.—Hon. Mr. Fielding, provincial secretary of Nova Scotia, had conferences yesterday and to-day with members of the New Brunswick government, with a view to the making of joint arrangements for protecting the provinces of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia against the danger of importation of small-pox from the province of Quebec by the Intercolonial railway. The New Brunswick government are most willing to co-operate to the extent of their power, but their health legislation is somewhat defective and they may be unable to go as far as is desirable. Provincial Secretary McLellan, of New Brunswick, will go to Moncton to-morrow with Mr. Fielding to secure the co-operation of the railway authorities. New Brunswick is also exposed to danger by the communication between the county of Madawaska and Quebec province. Many of the French of Quebec come into this province during the winter to work in the lumbering operations. Special precautions will have to be taken in that quarter. It is expected that the government of Maine will co-operate with the government of New Brunswick on that boundary.

St. Paul, Nov. 19.—A Winnipeg special to the *Pioneer Press* says a meeting was held last night at St. Vita to take action to bring Riel's body home, and the matter was referred to Archbishop Tache, at whose house all of Riel's relations had assembled on the day of the execution, except Mrs. Riel, who the day before had given birth to a still-born child.

Toronto, Nov. 18.—William Campbell, postmaster at Aylmer, has absconded and is found to be a defaulter to the amount of $5,000, including $2,000 of savings bank deposits.

London, Nov. 19.—Sampson Jacques, reporter for the *Pall Mall Gazette*, sentenced to one month's imprisonment in connection with the Armstrong abduction case on the 11th, has been released.

Charlottetown, Nov. 23.—The aspect of the small-pox epidemic is not so gloomy as on Saturday. Only four deaths have occurred since then—George Ferguson, Mrs. Nooman, Mrs. O'Harra and a child of Neil McCallum. Fifteen new cases are reported, one being J. W. Mitchell, foreman of the *Examiner* office. The government have made vaccination free to all. J. Newton has closed his furniture establishment, and W. A. Weeks & Co., will close their new store on Wednesday, keeping the old one still open.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 14, 1885.—At the annual meeting to-day of the officers and stockholders of the Chicago Exposition Company, the proposition to have a world's fair in America in 1892, in commemoration of the landing of Columbus, was favorably received.

St. Catherine's, Ont., Nov. 19.—The Scott act was defeated in this city to-day by a majority of 577.

Rangoon, Nov. 22.—The British expeditionary force has captured Magive, a town of Burmah on the Irrawaddy river, thirty-five miles above Prone. Among the prisoners taken were three Italian officers serving in the Burmese army. General Prendergast is now at Memboa. He states that fighting is expected shortly.

Rangoon, Nov. 19.—The British forces have carried the forts in the vicinity of Minhla and captured the city after three hours' firing from batteries, armed launches and heavy guns on board the steamers. The British lost four men killed and twenty-seven wounded. Minhla was a most strongly fortified position on the river and by its capture the way is cleared for a British advantage to Mandalay, as the forts at Ava, at twelve miles from the Burmese capital, are now slight structures in comparison with those at Minhla.

Harper's Christmas Number.

Following the custom of recent years, *Harper's Magazine* for December is especially a Christmas number. It may fairly be said to be the most brilliant number ever issued. Among its contributors are George William Curtis, Charles Dudley Warner, W. D Howells, Constance Fenimore Woolson, Chas Egbert Craddock, Elizabeth Stuart Phelps, Edwin Arnold, William Black, R. D Blackmore, George H. Boughton, Brander Matthews, C. F. Cranch and W. H. Gibson, and the illustrations are from such artists as Abbey, Reinhart, Boughton, Gibson, Calderon, Pyle Fredericks, Dolman and Smedley. The number contains nineteen full page engravings. The opening article on "The Nativity in art is a thoughtful and suggestive study by the Rev. Henry J. Van Dyke, jr., D. D., illustrated by engravings from masterpieces by great painters. A notable feature of this issue is the number of strong short stories. Edwin Arnold, author of the "Light of Asia," contributes a translation from the Sanskrit of a very striking poem entitled "Ritu Sanhara" or "Round of the Seasons." Besides this, there is a number of short poems. The *Editor's Easy Chair*, treats of "Christmas, Past and Present," and the *Editor's Drawer*, takes up the subject on a distinctively American line, and in a vein of delightful humor. The number closes with "A Christmas Lament."—T. C. ALLEN & Co., Booksellers, News Dealers, etc., Granville street, Halifax.

DEBILITY.

Perhaps you are weak and weary, all run down, get tired with slight exertion, feel faint and dizzy, or dull and languid, then you need a good tonic regulator to make pure blood circulate, and give you strength. Try Burdock Blood Bitters—it will not fail you.

Marriages.

DEWOLF—STEELE.—In Boston, Nov. 18th, by Rev. O. C. S. Wallace, Mr. Isreal H. DeWolfe, M. A., Principal of the Hale High School of Stowe, Mass., and Miss Augusta A., eldest daughter of Israel Steele, Esq., of Boston, formerly of Yarmouth, N. S.

JACQUES—SKINNER.—At the house of the bride, Nov. 18th, 1885, by Rev. J. D. Skinner, assisted by Rev. J. W. S. Young, Mr. Benjamin B. Jacques, of Central Chebogue, N. S., and Miss Florence A. Skinner, daughter of Mr. Chas. Skinner, of Brooklyn, Annapolis Co., N. S.

WYNOT—EISENHAUR.—At Annapolis, Oct. 19, by Rev. S. B. Dunn, Mr. Uriah Wynot of Bridgewater, to Miss Hattie Eisenhaur of Clementsport.

PARKER—GILLIATT.—At Clementsport, Nov. 18th, by Rev. S. B. Dunn, Mr. Daniel Parker, to Miss Lydia Gilliatt, all of Granville.

PARKER—POTTER.—At the residence of the bride's father, Nov. 18th, by Rev. J. M. Parker, John L. Parker, of Upper Clements, and Ruth O., second daughter of Aaron Potter, Esq., of Clementsvale.

Deaths.

DODGE.—At Lawrencetown, on the 15th inst., Lillian Ethel, infant daughter of Louis, and Lillian Dodge, aged 12 days.

CONLEY.—At Lower Granville, Nov. 16th, very suddenly of heart disease Capt. George Conley.

FREEMAN.—Nov. 15th, at the old homestead, at Paradise, at the advanced age of 83 years Mrs. Mary Freeman, relict of the late Capt. Thomas Freeman.

She, dear old lady, for some time past longed for "the wings of a dove to fly away and be at rest." May the mourning relatives "comfort one another with these words." Thes, 14, 13—18. DAVID PRICE.

[Liverpool and Boston papers please copy.]

HALIFAX MARKET REPORT.

CORRECTED EVERY WEEK BY RUMFORD BROS. Mumford's Building, Argyle Street, Halifax

	c. c.		c. c.
Choice Butter	18 @ 19	Turkeys	12 @
Rolls, in Boxes	16 @ 17	Ducks, pairs	45 @ 60
Eggs, in bbls.	25 @	Fowls & Chickens	30 @ 40
Hams & Bacon	9 @ 11	Geese	50 @ 70
Beef, in qtrs.	5 @ 7	Partridges	25 @
Hogs, dressed	6½ @ 7	Rabbits	@ 12
Mutton, carcass	4 @ 5	Oats	40 @
Lamb "	5 @ 6	Wool Skins	@ 50
Veal "	4 @ 5		

Potatoes per bus.,	90c
Hay,	$12.00 @ $14.00
Apples, per bbl.	$1.50 @ $2.00
Turnips	80
Carrots	90 @ 100
Parsnips,	$1.25
Beets	80

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D., New York City.*

New Advertisements.

The Century
For 1885-86.

The remarkable interest in the War Papers and in the many timely articles and strong serial features published recently in THE CENTURY has given that magazine a regular circulation of

More Than 200,000 Copies Monthly.

Among the features for the coming volume, which begins with the November number, are:

THE WAR PAPERS
BY GEN. GRANT AND OTHERS,

These will be continued (most of them illustrated) until the chief events of the Civil War have been described by leading participants on both sides. General Grant's papers include descriptions of the battles of Chattanooga and the Wilderness. General McClellan will write of Antietam, General D. C. Buell, of Shiloh, Generals Pope, Longstreet and others of the Second Bull Run, etc., etc. Naval combats, including the fight between the *Kearsarge* and the *Alabama*, by officers of both ships, will be described.

"Recollections of a Private" and special war papers of an anecdotal or humorous character will be features of the year.

SERIAL STORIES BY
W. D. Howells, Mary Hallock Foote, and George W. Cable.

Mr. Howell's serial will be in lighter vein than "The Rise of Silas Lapham." Mrs. Foote's is a story of mining life, and Mr. Cable's a novelette of the Acadians of Louisana. Mr. Cable will also contribute a series of papers on Slave songs and dances, including negro serpent-worship, etc.

SPECIAL FEATURES

Include "Tricycle Pilgrimage to Rome," illustrated by Pennell; Historical Papers by Edward Eggleston, and others; Papers on Persia, by S. G. W. Benjamin, lately U. S. minister, with numerous illustrations; Astronomical Articles, practical and popular, on "Sidereal Astronomy"; Papers on Christian Unity by representatives of various religious denominations; Papers on Manual Education, by various experts, etc., etc.

SHORT STORIES

By Frank R. Stockton, Mrs. Helen Jackson (H. H.), Mrs. Mary Hallock Foote, Joel Chandler Harris, H. H. Boyesen, T. A. Janvier, Julian Hawthorne, Richard M. Johnson, and others; and poems by leading poets, The Departments,—"Open Letters," "Bric-a-Brac," etc., will be fully sustained.

THE ILLUSTRATIONS.

Will be kept up to the standard which has made THE CENTURY engravings famous the world over.

PRICES. A SPECIAL OFFER.

Regular subscription price, $4.00 a year. To enable new readers to get all the War Papers, with contributions from Generals Grant, Beauregard, McClellan, J. E. Johnston, Lew Wallace, Admiral Porter and others, we will send the 12 back numbers, November, 1884, to October, 1885, with a year's subscription beginning with November, 1885, *for $6.00 for the whole.* A subscription, with the 12 numbers bound in two handsome volumes, *$7.50 for the whole.* Back numbers only supplied at these prices with subscriptions.

A free specimen copy (back number) will be sent on request. Mention this paper.

All dealers and postmasters take subscriptions and supply numbers according to our special offer, or remittance may be made directly to

THE CENTURY CO. NEW YORK.

THE GREENWOOD
Champion Ear
Protector!
SALES LAST YEAR,
300,000 PAIRS.

Perfect in every respect. Can be folded so as to carry in vest pocket.
SELF-ADJUSTABLE.
Correspondence solicited from General Dealers.
Agents wanted. Commissions large. Address
R. S. McCORMICK,
BRIDGETOWN, ANNAPOLIS COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA,
Sole Agent for Dominion of Canada.

"I have much pleasure in testifying that Greenwood's Ear Protectors have been used by me and by different members of my family, and that we have found them most serviceable and beneficial."
Bridgetown, 1882. REV. L. M. WILKINS.

Sample pairs 50 cents in cash or stamps.

$25 REWARD will be paid for information leading to the conviction of parties selling the above named goods in the Dominion, unless authorized by me.
4it35 R. S. McC.

White Chester Boar.

The subscriber offers the services of this
Pure Bred Boar.
For particulars apply to the subscriber,
J. N. NORTH.
Middleton, Nov. 18th, '85. 4i.

Auction Sale.

To be sold at Public Auction at the
COURT HOUSE
—IN—
ANNAPOLIS ROYAL,
—ON—
Saturday, 5th of December,

A. D., 1885 at 11 o'clock in the forenoon pursuant to an order of the Equity Court, dated at Halifax, the 24th day of August, A. D., 1885.

1st.—A certain judgment entered in the Supreme Court at Annapolis, on the 4th day of September, A. D., 1877, between Thomas Milledge Gavaza, Trustee of the Estate of Emma Gavaza, wife of James V. Gavaza, Plaintiff, and Norman A. Gavaza and Thomas Milledge Gavaza, Administrators of the Estate of Thomas A. Gavaza, deceased, Defendants, for the sum of $433.03 debt and costs, said judgment being duly recorded in the office of the Registrar of Deeds in and for the County of Annapolis, in Book 4, Page 287.

2nd.—All that certain piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in Annapolis Royal adjoining a lot of land and premises belonging to the Wesleyan Church on which the Parsonage and Church are situated, beginning at the north easterly corner of the said property, thence running in a south easterly direction along the main road sixty-six feet, thence westerly in a course parallel with the side boundary of the said Wesleyan Church property one hundred and twenty-three feet, more or less, until it comes in a line with the rear boundary of the said property, thence sixty-six feet until it strikes the southwesterly corner of the said property belonging to the Wesleyan Church as aforesaid, thence one hundred and twenty-three feet, more or less, to the place of beginning, together with the buildings, etc., thereon.

TERMS.—10 per cent. deposit, remainder on delivery of assignment and deed.

JNO. B. MILLS.
Trustee of Estate of Emma M. Gavaza.
Annapolis Royal, Oct. 27th, 1885. tf

SEND TO THIS OFFICE FOR BILL HEADS, CARDS, TAGS, ETC.

New Advertisements. New Advertisements.

WHY WORRY YOUR HEAD
WHEN YOU WANT
WEDDING,
BIRTHDAY,
—OR—
CHRISTMAS PRESENTS,
—JUST CALL AT THE—
Bridgetown Jewelry Store
J. E. SANCTON, PROPRIETOR,
AND TAKE A LOOK AT THE
Most Complete Assortment
—OF—
BEAUTIFUL GOODS,
—EVER OFFERED IN—
BRIDGETOWN,
AND YOU WILL GO HOME HAPPY.
THE QUALITY AND STYLES
—ARE—
BETTER AND PRETTIER THAN EVER,
—AND THE—
Prices Away Below Former Years.
Remember the Place,
STORE, NEXT DOOR TO POST OFFICE.
Bridgetown, Nov. 17th, 1885. tf

Lawrencetown Pump Company,
(ESTABLISHED 1880.)
N. H. PHINNEY, Manager.
CELEBRATED
Rubber Bucket Chain Pump,
—ALSO:—
MONCTON
Non-Freezing FORCE PUMP.
These Pumps are admitted by thousands who are using them to be the best in the Dominion.
Orders Promptly Attended To.

Read this Carefully, and if it don't Save your Life, it will be Sure to Save your Money.

MORRISON the TAILOR
HAS JUST OPENED A CHOICE LOT OF
ENGLISH WORSTEDS, in all Colors,
—:ALSO:—
SCOTCH TWEEDS,
In fact everything from IRISH MOLESKIN to ENGLISH DOESKIN.
OTTOMAN CORDS.
and all other Cords, at prices that will surprise the nation. Call and be convinced
A. J. MORRISON Merchant Tailor, MIDDLETON, N. S.

Rare Bargain!

The subscriber offers for sale that DESIRABLY SITUATED PROPERTY, formerly owned by the late
DANIEL NICHOLS.

THE property contains 25 acres and is most beautifully situated in the fertile district of Central Clarence, facing the Leonard Road which leads to the village of Paradise. The house is in thorough repair, containing 8 rooms, and is fitted up with all modern conveniences, such as bath room, water closet, water pipes led into the house from a never-falling spring, etc. The cellar extends under the whole house, contains a milk pantry, is frost proof, has a concrete floor, and is capable of storing 450 bbls. of apples. The orchard on the place yields from 75 to 80 bbls. of apples per year of choice fruits, together with a quantity of plums, pears and cherries. A vegetable garden is also on the place, which is in a good state of cultivation, and has quite an assortment of small fruits such as currants, gooseberries, strawberries, etc.

A nice hawthorne hedge, well trimmed, separates the premises from the highway. The place cuts sufficient hay for a cow and horse, and has a good pasture with some woodland.

Adjoining the house is a store, which is thoroughly shelved, and well situated for a general trade. A good hall is over the store.

For terms apply on the premises to
MRS. D. NICHOLS.
Clarence, Sept. 3, '85. 6m.

H. H. BANKS,
Commission Agent and Auctioneer of Country Produce,
COLONIAL MARKET, HALIFAX, N. S.

If you wish to realise higher market prices in cash for Apples, Potatoes, Plums, Pears, Butter, Cheese, Eggs and other Produce,

CONSIGN TO THE ABOVE ADDRESS.

I buy no goods on my own account, thus giving my whole attention to consignments. Consigners will be kept well posted in market prices.
Halifax, Aug. 17th, '85 19 5mos.

THE SUBSCRIBER
Has on hand, and for sale at reasonably LOW PRICES.
First Class Harnesses,
IN
SILVER, NICKEL, BRASS.
Team Harnesses,
always on hand.
Team & Harness Collars.
The Zinc Collar Pads. A GOOD Stock of
Saddles, Trunks & Valises.
Also, a CHEAP lot of
WHIPS.
Repairing done with neatness and despatch.
J. W. ROSS.
Bridgetown, April 28th, 1885.

H. V. BARRETT,
BRIDGETOWN, N. S.
—AGENT FOR—
John S. Townsend & Co., - - London, Eng.
Green & Whineray - - London, Eng.
Boston Marine Ins. Co. - - Boston, Mass.

TWO STOVES FOR SALE!

THE subscriber offers for sale the following, one "Conquest" Cooking Stove, and a "Gipsy Queen" base burner. Both second-hand, but in excellent order.
E. C. YOUNG.
Bridgetown, Nov. 18th, '85. 3i.

New Advertisements.

ANCHOR LINE
STEAMERS!
HAL

Miscellaneous.

Monkeys at Breakfast.

An English gentleman who lived in India during his early life tells an amusing story of some pranks played by monkeys. They were almost as tame and playful as kittens about his home, and there were a great number of them. He says:—

I was married in India, and engaged for our home a house fourteen miles from any other habitation of white men. On the morning of my arrival my wife went to change her travelling dress, while the servants laid breakfast on the verandah overlooking the river. At the clatter of the plates there began to come down from the big trees that overshadowed the house, and up from the trees that grew in the ravine behind it, and from the house roof itself, from everywhere, a multitude of solemn monkeys. They came up singly, in couples, and in families, and took their places without noise or fuss on the verandah, and sat there like an audience waiting for an entertainment to commence. And when everything was ready the breakfast all laid, the monkeys all seated, I went to call my wife.

'Breakfast is ready and they are all waiting,' said I.

'Who are waiting?' she asked in dismay. 'I thought we were going to be alone and I would come out in my dressing-gown.'

'Never mind' I said. 'The people here are not very fashionably dressed themselves. They wear pretty much the same things all the year round.'

And so my wife came out. Imagine then, her astonishment. In the middle of the verandah stood our breakfast table, and all the rest of the space, as well as railings and the steps, were covered with an immense company of monkeys, as grave as possible, and as motionless and silent as if they were stuffed. Only their eyes kept blinking, and their little ears kept twitching. Laughing heartily, at which the monkeys only looked the graver, my wife sat down.

'Will they eat anything?' she said.

'Try them,' I said.

So she picked up a biscuit and threw it among the company.

Three hundred monkeys jumped up in the air like one, and just for one instant there was a riot that defied description. The next instant every monkey was sitting on its space as solemn and serious as if it had never moved. Only their eyes winked and their ears twitched.

My wife threw them another biscuit and again the riot, and then another. But at length we had given all that we had to give, and stood up to go. The monkeys at once rose—every monkey on the verandah—and advancing gravely to the steps, walked down them in solemn procession, old and young together, and dispersed for the days occupation.

Employing a Fly.

Flies are most useful scavengers, for they destroy much matter which is injurious to man. They lay their eggs in decaying animal substances, and these hatch out in a very short time. The young flies begin to eat as soon as they are hatched, and soon eat up the decayed matter. It is said that the progeny of two blue-bottle flies will eat up a dead horse more quickly than one lion could perform the task.

Flies have a wonderful scent. If a piece of decayed meat is placed in an open place were there are no flies, it will not be long before a troop of flies, will be crawling over it. An ingenious man once made a fly serve him.

A poisoned rat had crawled under the floor of a gentleman's dining-room and died there. The room, which had been fitted up at a great expense, became uninhabitable and workmen were called in to remove the flooring.

But one of them suggested that if a blue-bottle fly should be turned into the room, it would find the exact spot where the dead rat was lying. The fly being caught and turned in, buzzed about the room for some time. At last it alighted upon a certain spot on the floor, and remained there.

'There's where your dead rat is!' the workman said. A single board was removed, and the rat was exposed to view. The fly had scented the body through the crack in the floor.—*Youth's Companion.*

—A Birmington (England) paper says: 'Not long ago the wife of a prominent gentleman in this town called at a leading shop and noticed a beautiful camel's hair shawl. She inquired the price and was informed £40. She admired the shawl very much and, upon being solicited to buy it, said that her husband would never consent to pay £40 for it, 'but,' she continued a bright idea striking her, 'I will pay you £20 on it, and the next time you see my husband passing show him the shawl and tell him it is only £20, and I am sure he will buy it.' The proprietor readily assented, and a few days afterwards the husband on passing the shop, was called in, saw the shawl, and in a little while consented to give £20. A few days latter, while walking in the street, his wife observed the identical shawl upon the shoulders of a woman for whom she long suspected her husband entertained more than a neighborly regard.'

—There is in Atlanta, Georgia, a beautiful young lady who is deaf and dumb but in spite of her infirmities she is a regular attendant at church. Unable to hear a word of the sermon or a note of the music, she is nevertheless a devoted worshipper. Last Sunday an old man sat near her with an immense ear trumpet levelled at the preacher. The spectacle of these two people worshipping God at such a disadvantage was, says the *Constitution*, a severe rebuke to more fortunate people who go to church.

—Mr. Adam Badeau says that when the Duke of Argyle attempted to kiss the Princess Louise after the betrothal of the Princess to his son, the marquis of Lorne, the Queen showed her displeasure and indignation very candidly.

Agricultural.

How to Tan Sheepskins.

To those who occassionally kill a sheep, we would say remember that following recipe for tanning a sheepskin. They make the best kind of mats for the house or carriage, and a good Cotswold skin well tanned makes a good cushion for the waggon-seat, and for many uses it is valuable:

'For mats, take two long-wool skins and make a strong suds, using hot water, when it is cold wash the skins in it, carefully squeezing them between the hands to get the dirt out of the wool, then wash the soap out with cold, clear water. Then dissolve alum and salt, each a half pound, with a little hot water, sufficient to cover the skins, and let them soak in it over night for twelve hours, then hang over a pail to drain. When they are well drained, spread or stretch carefully over a board to dry. When a little damp, have one ounce of saltpetre pulverized, and sprinkle on the flesh side of each skin, rubbing in well, they lay the flesh sides together, and hang in the shade for two or three days, turning the under skin uppermost every day till perfectly dry, then scrape the flesh side with a blunt knife to remove any remaining scraps of flesh. Trim off projecting points, rub the flesh side with the hands, and it will be very white and handsome, suitable for a door or carriage mat. They also make good mittens. Lambskins, or even sheepskins if the wool be trimmed off evenly to a half or three-fourths of an inch long make beautiful and warm mittens for ladies or gentleman, and the girls with a little practice can make them.'

"Swill Pork."

There is in some localities a growing sentiment to the effect that producers of pork by wholesale processes should not be compelled to compete with the degraded product from city swill. Those who supply grass and corn cannot realize the profit gained by persons who, within easy reach of large towns, are enabled to secure garbage or hotel refuse at low rates or even for the hauling. The Massachusetts *Ploughman* considers this subject at length, intelligently, and shows that it touches not only producers, but consumers and the general welfare, and has even a bearing upon our export trade. First the passing swill cart is, indescribable stench' and a menace to health, as are also, to an aggravated degree, the hogpens where this fermented or rotting slop is shovelled out to the abused swine amid 'sickening odors' against which long suffering, peace-loving neighbors hesitate to make complaint. Again, its use promotes disease—as hog-cholera and possibly trichinæ—and the average housekeeper is not able to detect by appearance the difference between this meat and that fattened by decent methods. Moreover, the swine maladies, spread from herd to herd, down stream or by other means of transit, cause the innocent to suffer, and militate, withal, against the reputation of American pork products abroad. Our contemporary finds in these suggestive facts warrant for legislative restrictions upon sale, if not upon production, at least the objectionable product should be labelled 'SWILL PORK,' so that buyers averse to taking risks may avoid it, and raisers of grain-fed pigs be relieved from the unfair competition.—*New York Tribune.*

—We would like to help that large class of farmers who seem contented with scrub males, to figure on the advantages of blooded animals instead. A good shorthorn or Hereford may be counted on to sire 50 calves a year for ten years, total 500. Steers of scrub origin may take 1,000 live weight at 4 years old, worth 3 cents a pound, or $30. As a compared with this, your improved half-breed will reach 1,400 pounds by three years old, or $42. It costs some less for one year less of feeding, say $6, which added to the $42 makes $48 on this side of the account. The difference in the value then is $18 on a single steer, let us multiply this by the annual progeny of fifty and we get $900 as the yearly gain, or $9,000 in ten years, as showing the increased value of such a bull. But the farmer may not be a large enough stockman to warrant the buying of a pure bred bull for his own use. The figures are quite as significant, were the animal to be owned by several farmers of a neighborhood. By this course the improvement would extend throughout a neighborhood.

—The *Farm Journal* gives a word of excellent advice in terms following: Every farmer should have a stencil plate with his name and residence cut in it, so that he may plainly mark all bags, blankets, robes and boxes with it also a brand with which he can burn his name into the handles of hoes, shovels and tools. When he is blessed with a borrowing neighbor, the sight of the name may remind the borrower to return the tool before he has worn it out. At least there will be less danger of his thinking he owns it because he has had it so long that he has forgotten how he came by it.

HOW TO KEEP CIDER SWEET.—Pure sweet cider that is arrested in the process of fermentation before it becomes acetic acid or even alcohol, and with carbonic acid gas worked out, is one of the most delightful beverages. The Farm, Field and Fireside recommends the following scientific method of treating cider to preserve its sweetness. When the saccharine matters by fermention are being converted into alcohol, if a bent tube be inserted air tight into the bung, with the other end into a pail of water, to allow the carbonic acid gas evolved to pass off without admitting any air into the barrel, a beverage will be obtained that is a fit nectar for the gods. A handy way is to fill your cask nearly up to the wooden faucet when the cask is rolled so the bung is down. Get a common rubber tube and slip it over the end of the plug in the faucet, with the other end in the pail. Then turn the plug so that the cider can have communication with the pail. After the water ceases to bubble bottle and store away.

STEAM FURNITURE WARE ROOM,

THE Subscriber wishes to inform his numerous friends, and the public generally, that his Spring Stock of Furniture is now complete, and he has now on hand,

30 PARLOR SUITS
30 PINE BEDROOM SUITS
20 ASH AND WALNUT SUITS;
12 BLACK WALNUT SUITS.

Parlor Suits range in price from $48 TO $200
Bedroom Suits from $22 TO $200.

A FULL STOCK OF
Household Furniture
of All Kinds.

A FINE LOT OF
GILT WINDOW CORNICES
which were obtained at a bargain and will be sold at low prices.

The Subscriber would also state that he has added a quantity of
New MACHINERY!
to his Factory, and is prepared to make and sell furniture AS CHEAP as can be obtained in the Dominion.

ALL ARE INVITED TO CALL AND EXAMINE HIS STOCK, WHICH HE CLAIMS TO BE THE MOST COMPLETE THAT CAN BE FOUND.

J. B. REED.

BROWNS' MILLS,
Lawrencetown.
Sawing, Grinding, Threshing.
Lumber sawn to order,
Grain ground to order,
Grain threshed to order.

HAVING a first-class Gray's full power Threshing machine capable of threshing ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY BUSHELS PER HOUR, we shall be ready to fill orders in this department with extra promptness and despatch. Grain, when in condition, will be ground immediately on being threshed if required.

IN STOCK,
Long and Short Shingles, Boards, Staves &c.
Best fresh ground Cornmeal, Graham, Buckwheat, Middlings, Flour, MIXED FEED, &c., &c., &c.
Logs and grain bought at market rates.
All orders filled promptly, at short notice and at Bottom prices!
Terms,—Cash.
J. A. BROWN & CO.
Lawrencetown, August 1884.

Chas. McCormick,
Licensed Auctioneer & Conveyancer.
DEEDS, Mortgages, Bills of Sale, and all Legal Documents promptly and correctly drawn. Business with the Registry Office attended to. 15 years experience. Correspondence strictly confidental. 493m

CARD.
W. M. FORSYTH
STIPENDIARY MAGISTRATE, DISTRICT NO. 2
Office in
LOCKETT'S BUILDING, BRIDGETOWN.
Office hours, from 2 to 5 p. m.
April 2nd, 84. 51tf

Eagleson's Hotel!
THE subscriber has leased the premises formerly occupied by JOSEPH BUCKLER as a Hotel, and intends to keep up the old stand as a Hotel, with a stable attached, for the accommodation of the public. The stand is situated on the corner of
Granville & Queen Streets,
and is too well known to require further description. The best attention given to guests.
Passengers conveyed to all parts of the county.
TERMS, moderate.
THOS. J. EAGLESON. Proprietor.
Bridgetown, June 2nd, 1885. tf.

H. J. Banks,
TAILOR,
BRIDGETOWN, N. S.,
IS prepare to do all descriptions of work in his line at reasonable figures.
The latest fashion plates are always obtained, and work of the most fashionable cut and finish can always be had.
Fits guaranteed.
Give me a call and don't send your money out of the place to build up establishments in other towns.
Shop on WATER STREET.
H. J. BANKS.
Bridgetown, Oct. 16, '83. tf

EYE, EAR AND THROAT!
Dr. J. R. McLean,
Corner Hollis & Salter streets
HALIFAX.
Sept. 15th, 288 —tf

PACKAGE of Comic Pictures and our Big Catalogue for 3c and this slip.
A. W. KINNEY, Yarmouth, N. S.

DYE WORKS,
GILBERT'S LANE, - - - SAINT JOHN, N. B.
MEN'S CLOTHES, of all kinds, CLEANSED or RE-DYED and Pressed, equal to new. LACE CURTAINS, BLANKETS, CARPETS, &c., Cleaned by a NEW PROCESS, every week day. SILKS, IRISH POPLINS, DRESS MATERIALS OF ALL KINDS DYED. FEATHERS, KID GLOVES, TIES, &c., &c., CLEANED OR DYED.
All Orders left at the following places will receive prompt attention. PRICES LOW: Macaulay Bros. & Co, 61 Charlotte street; W. P. Moses & Co., Yarmouth, N. S.; W. H. Killer, Truro, N. S.; P. H. Glendenning, New Glasgow, N. S.; Wm. Shannon, Annapolis, N. S.; Chipman & Etter, Amherst, N. S.; Miss Wright, Digby, N. S.; Robt. Young, Charlottetown, P. E. I., or at the DYE WORKS, GILBERT'S LANE, ST. JOHN, N. B.
A. L. LAW, Proprietor.
H. S. PIPER, AGENT BRIDGETOWN.

Godey's Lady's Book
—AND—
The 'Monitor,'
Both For One Year,
$3.00.
EACH month for 1886 GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK, "the old reliable magazine" will contain a beautifully engraved frontispiece, illustrations of prevailing fashions in colors and black and white, designs of the latest novelties in fancy work in colors or black and white, of BERLIN WORK, CROCHET, DRAWN-THREAD WORK, EMBROIDERY, KNITTING, KNOTTING OR MACRIME, LACE, NETTING, POONAH PAINTING AND TATTING, with complete instruction for the same. In addition to plain directions and perfect illustrations of the various stitches, and instructions in different kinds of FANCY WORK, the magazine will contain many useful and elegant designs for a great variety of articles not affected by changes of fashion. It is so admirably adapted to its purpose as to be indispensible to the work-table of every lady. A FULL SIZE CUT PAPER PATTERN, of which you can make your own selection from any design illustrated in the magazine, FREE OF COST, exhaustive notes on FASHIONS with full description of those illustrated, a department of RECIPES that have been practically tested before publication, a department on HOUSEKEEPING and DRESS-MAKING, two pages of SELECT MUSIC, an ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN, a department of AGRICULTURE, besides NOVELS, NOVELETTES, STORIES, HISTORY, BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES, POETRY, NOTES ON MUSIC, ART, LITERATURE, SCIENTIFIC MISCELLANY and current events of the day by the best magazine writers. The mechanical production of the book will excel that of any other $2.00 magazine published. The twelve books during the year will constitute a volume of over one thousand pages. Price $2.00. A sample copy 15 cents. Liberal terms to club raisers. Address,
Godey's Lady's Book.
P. O. Box, PHILADELPHIA.

DR. FOWLER'S EXTRACT OF WILD STRAWBERRY
CURES CHOLERA, CHOLERA INFANTUM, DIARRHŒA AND ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS
SOLD BY ALL DEALERS.

FLOUR!
Just received, two carloads of FLOUR of the following brands,
SIMON PURE, DIAMOND, LORNE.
together with a quantity of
Feed Flour & Corn Meal,
sold at
ST. JOHN PRICES.
D. S. ST CLAIR.
Bridgetown, May 22nd, '85. n73m.

Notice of Change of Partnership.
The Law Firm of
T. D. & E. RUGGLES,
Office on Queen Street, Bridgetown, N. S., will henceforth be known under the name and style of
T. D. RUGGLES & SONS,
consisting of T. D. Ruggles, Q. C., Edwin Ruggles, B. A., and Harry Ruggles, B. A.
Dated December 16th, A. D., 1884. tf

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT!
Whereas
James M. Dunn,
of Port Lorne, in the County of Annapolis, having by Deed of Assignment, bearing date the 2nd day of October, A. D., 1885, assigned to me all his personal assets and effects in trust, first to pay all expenses connected with said assignment, then to apply the residue toward the payment of the claims of such of his creditors as shall execute the said deed of assignment, within three months from the date thereof.
Notice is hereby given that the said deed of assignment is recorded and filed in the office of the registrar of deeds for the County of Annapolis and a duplicate thereof is at the residence of the undersigned, where parties interested in the assignment may inspect the same.
Creditors failing to execute the same within the time named will not be entitled to any benefit thereunder.
All persons indebted to said James E. Dunn, are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.
JOSEPH H. GRAVES, Assignee.
Granville, Oct. 7th, 1885. 3m.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT!
Edward Fales,
of Wilmot, in the county of Annapolis, trader, having by deed dated the first day of October, A. D. 1885, assigned all his real and personal property to me, in trust, to dispose of the same and after payment of certain preferential claims, apply the proceeds thereof toward the payment *pro rata* of the respective claims of the creditors, who shall execute said deed of assignment, within six months from the date thereof.
Notice is hereby given, that the said deed lies at the office of John Ervin, solicitor, Bridgetown, N. S., for inspection and signature of all parties interested, and the duplicate thereof is on file and recorded in the office of the Registrar of deeds for the said County of Annapolis.
ANSLEY ELLIOTT,

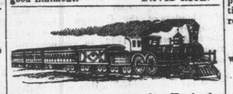
Administrator's Notice.
ALL persons having legal demands against the estate of REBECA GOUCHER, late of Torbrook, in the county of Annabolis, deceased, are hereby notified to render their accounts duly attested to, within three months from this date and all persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to
JOHN W. GOUCHER, Administrator.
Torbrook, Aug. 31st, 1885. 3m

Notice.
ALL persons having legal demands against the estate of of the late JOSEPH CLARK, of Granville, in the County of Annapolis, Farmer, deceased, are requested to render the same duly attested to, within twelve months from this date, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to
HANNAH CLARK, Executrix.
Granville, Nov. 14th, 1885. 3m.

THE CURRENT CHICAGO, U. S. A. The great Literary and Family Journal of our time. Clean, perfect, grand! Over 600 brilliant contributors $4.50, yearly; 6 months, $3. Buy it at your news dealers—Send 10 cents for sample copy. THE CURRENT AND MONITOR, ONE YEAR, ONLY $4.40.

50 LOVELY Chrome Cards, with name and a prize, for 10c and this slip.
A. W. KINNEY, Yarmouth, N. S.

MRS. SOPHIA POTTER'S BONE RHEUMATIC LINIMENT.
SPRINGFIELD MINES, CUM. CO., Sept. 3rd, '84.
MRS. SOPHIA POTTER.—Dear Madam,—I want to tell you the benefit I have received from using your Liniment. Twenty-five years ago I was attacked with lame back, and been laid up at times from 2 to 4 weeks until a year ago last June. I used your Liniment according to directions, and have felt nothing of it since. Yours with best wishes,
TREMAIN MCGLASHING.
BEAR RIVER, DIGBY CO., N. S. Aug. 25th, 84.
MRS. SOPHIA POTTER.—Dear Madam,—Twenty years ago I hurt my chest which has troubled me ever since, at times laying me up entirely. Pain about the heart was severe. Doctors said the skirts of the heart and lining of the stomach were torn. Over a year ago I tried your Bone Rheumatic Liniment a few times and have felt no pain or trouble since. I would recommend it as a good Liniment. DAVID RICE.



Windsor & Annapolis Raiw'y
Time Table.

Miles.	GOING EAST.	Express Daily.	Pas. and Freight Mon. Wed. and Sat. only.	Passengers and Freight Daily.
		P.M.	A.M.	A.M.
0	Annapolis—leave	1 30	5 30	.....
6	Round Hill	1 50	5 55	.....
14	Bridgetown	2 14	6 25	.....
19	Paradise	2 31	6 45	.....
22	Lawrencetown	2 41	7 00	.....
28	Middleton	2 59	7 25	.....
32	Wilmot	3 11	7 43	.....
35	Kingston	3 21	7 57	.....
42	Aylesford	3 39	8 32	.....
47	Berwick	3 53	8 55	.....
59	Kentville—arrive	4 30	9 45	.....
	Do—leave	4 45	10 40	5 40
64	Port Williams	5 00	11 00	6 00
66	Wolfville	5 07	11 10	6 10
69	Grand Pre	5 17	11 22	6 25
77	Hantsport	5 36	11 55	6 58
84	Windsor	6 05	12 25	7 25
			P.M.	
116	Windsor Junct	7 20	3 10	9 50
130	Halifax—arrive	7 55	3 55	10 45

Miles.	GOING WEST.	Express Daily.	Pas. and Freight Mon. Wed. and Fri. only.	Passengers and Freight daily.
		A.M.	P.M.	A.M.
0	Halifax—leave	7 00	3 30	8 25
14	Windsor Junc—leave	7 33	3 30	8 25
46	Windsor	8 53	5 35	10 50
53	Hantsport	9 17	6 03	11 20
61	Grand Pre	9 39	6 33	11 56
64	Wolfville	9 49	6 46	12 10
66	Port Williams	9 56	6 55	12 22
71	Kentville—arrive	10 10	7 10	12 45
				P.M.
	Do—leave	10 25		1 20
83	Berwick	11 02		2 13
88	Aylesford	11 16		2 36
95	Kingston	11 34		3 06
98	Wilmot	11 44		3 34
102	Middleton	11 59		3 49
108	Lawrencetown	12 14		4 10
111	Paradise	12 24		4 26
116	Bridgetown	12 41		4 50
124	Roundhill	1 05		5 23
130	Annapolis—arrive	1 25		5 50

Trains are run on Eastern Standard Time. One hour added will give Halifax time.
Steamer Secret leaves St. John at 7 a. m., every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, for Digby and Annapolis. Returning, same days for Digby and St. John.
Trains of the Western Counties Railway leave Digby daily at 3.00 p. m., and leave Yarmouth daily at 7.30 a. m.
Steamer Dominion leaves Yarmouth, every Saturday evening for Boston.
"International Steamers leave St. John "at 8.00 every Monday, and Thursday for "Eastport, Portland and Boston.
Trains of the Provincial and New England All Rail Line leaves St. John for Bangor, Portland and Boston at 6.30 a. m., and 8.30 p. m. daily, except Saturday evening and Sunday morning.
The Steamer New Brunswick leaves Annapolis for Boston every Thursday p. m., and returns from Boston every Monday at 8 a. m. oct, via., Digby.
P. INNES, General Manager.
Kentville, Nov. 14th, 1885.

FOR BOSTON VIA BOSTON DESPATCH.
ANNAPOLIS LINE.
Commencing Oct. 1st, the Steamer, "NEW BRUNSWICK will leave Annapolis for Boston Direct, calling at Digby, every Thursday, p. m., after arrival of W. & A. Ry. Express from Halifax. Passengers from Yarmouth and other stations on the W. C. Ry. connect with this Str. at Digby. Returning, will leave Boston for Annapolis every Monday, at 8 a. m., connecting with the trains of the W. C. Ry. and W. & A. Ry. the following day. The Str. "SECRET" leaves Annapolis and Digby every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, p. m., for St. John, connecting with the regular trips of I. S. S. Co's., new and elegant Stmrs. "State of Maine" and "Cumberland," which now leave St. John every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8 o'clock, a. m.
For tickets or further information apply to your nearest ticket agent or to
GEO. E. CORBITT, Agt., Annapolis, N. S
November 3, 1885.

Dr. .O W. Norton's Burdock BLOOD PURIFIER!
—CURES—
INDIGESTION, BILIOUSNESS, LOSS OF APPETITE, DIZZINESS, DYSPEPSIA, JAUNDICE, BOILS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, SICK HEAD ACHE, HUMORS, SCROFULA, ERYSIPELAS,
and all diseases arising from Deranged Liver, Impure Blood or irregular action of the Bowels. Try one bottle and be convinced of its curative powers. Price $1.00, large 24oz. Don't be put off with anything else.

Norton's Magic Pain Eradicating Liniment,
has made more cures of
RHEUMATISM, SPRAINS, SORE THROAT, NEURALGIA, PARALYSIS, LUMBAGO, TOOTH ACHE,
and all other pains and aches than any other Liniment now selling, from Windsor to Yarmouth.

Norton's All-Healing Balm,
is a great healer of all sores of any kind,
SCALD HEAD, CRACKED HANDS, OLD FEVER SORES, PILES
of which it has cured many, after trying lots of other remedies.

Norton's MOUNTAIN HERB PLASTERS
are the best in the market for
LAME BACK, LAME CHEST, LAME HIPS, LAME STOMACH,
Try them.

Norton's Antibilious Female Pills,
are having a large sale and no one will use any others after once trying, as they cause no pain, tone up the system, remove all obstructions, and send the poor sufferer on her way rejoicing.

Norton's Salt Rheum Ointment,
will cure the worst cases of it, or money refunded. Try it.

NORTON'S ITCH OINTMENT,
will cure the Seven Year Itch or any other Itch. Has never failed for over forty years to do so.
All of these medicines are for sale by dealers in general, from Windsor to Yarmouth and all orders may be sent to
J. B. NORTON,
BRIDGETOWN.

PLANTS! PLANTS!
—FOR THE—
Garden and House.
FLOWER
—AND—
VEGETABLE SEEDS,
Small Fruits,
Fruits and Ornamental Trees,
FRENCH ROSES,
And Clematis,
a specialty, imported direct from France, New and Rare Plants, such as
BLUE PRIMROSES, GOLDEN LEAVED PRIMROSES, RED HELIOTROPES, GLOXMIAS, HIBISCUS, CALCEOLARIAS, ETC., and a
CRIMSON Maroon Lobleia, etc,
Catalogues now ready, free to all applicants, and sent to all customers of last year.
James H. Andrews,
Willow Park Nurseries, Halifax.
Feb. 27, '84. n46tf

Schr. Ivica.
CAPT. LONGMIRE.
THE above well and favorably known packet Schooner will make regular trips between
Bridgetown & St. John,
during the season of 1885. Freight carried at reasonable figures and carefully handled.
LIME,
always on hand. Apply either on board to the Captain, or to MRS. LONGMIRE.
Bridgetown, May 20th, '85. 13t.

THE CELEBRATED COOK'S FRIEND BAKING POWDER.
Best value in the market. Has taken first prizes wherever exhibited. Holds six Medals and many Diplomas. Dont be fooled into buying a high priced powder for the sake of its so-called purity.
The COOK'S FRIEND is made of as pure material as money can buy. It possesses more raising strength in proportion to cost than any other. Sold by storekeepers generally and made only by
W. D. McLAREN, MONTREAL.
Buy it, try it and be convinced.

AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST,
100 Columns and 100 Engravings in each issue.
43rd Year. $1.50 a Year
Send three 2c. stamps for Sample Copy (English or German) of the OLDEST AND BEST AGRICULTURAL JOURNAL IN THE WORLD.
ORANGE JUDD CO., DAVID W. JUDD, Pres
751 Broadway, New York.

John Ervin,
Barrister and Attorney at Law,
OFFICE, COX'S BUILDING, BRIDGETOWN
503a pd

For the Ladies.

Winter Fashions.

Alligator skin bonnets are a novelty.

All shades of green are popular for street and house costumes.

Woollen braid, made expressly for the purpose, trims the most elegant hats.

Fine smooth broadcloths, embroidered with silks, beads, and cords, are among the most elegant fabrics imported.

New veils to wear with small bonnets revive the old mask shapes with rounded fronts and pointed ends.

Silver art-jewelry, as it is called, is the newest fad with English women. This is ornamented with Kate Greenaway groups or Japanese designs.

New passementeries for trimming velvet dresses are set with cairngorms and dark blue crystals.

A novelty in hat trimmings is velvet ornamented with nails made of jet having the points turned upward.

A new trimming for wraps and outside garments is made of silk braid, the ends being cut so as to simulate the appearance of feathers.

The special novelty in kid gloves is a long mosquetaire or button glove of undressed kid with what is called 'Tyrol' stitching on the back.

Fur trimming is more than ever popular for all kinds of garments, and all kinds of borders are used. Cinnamon bear is considered very elegant.

Crescent brooches retain their hold upon popular favor. Some of the newer styles are birds and animals, studded with precious stones.

There is a growing fancy for catching up draperies with clasps of gold, silver or bronze; in odd designs, richly chased. Very old pieces of jewelry are being utilized for the purpose.

Among the novelties in linen collars, are bands that do not lap, but are fastened with a narrow ribbon that is drawn through two eyelets and is tied in a little bow.

Mushroom-tint is a popular new shade. It is dark enough to be popular for travelling suits, it does not show the dust and does not make too sombre a costume.

Many of the winter hats and bonnets are pinched up in front and cut off at the back, so as to make it difficult to decide whether the article is intended for hat or bonnet until it is trimmed.

Buttons are not so much used on waists, but the majority are so trimmed that there is no room for them, and the old-fashioned hooks and eyes are coming into more general use for fastened dresses.

Cloak clasps are in the most elegant designs, some being made from the teeth of antediluvian animals. Four are required for one set, they being about three inches long. They are also mounted singly as brooches.—*Godey's Lady's Book.*

Recipes.

SALMON SALAD.—One cup canned salmon, one cup crackers broken into bits, one large onion chopped fine; salt and pepper, moisten with vinegar; stir all together lightly and serve.

INDIAN MEAL GRUEL.—Boil one pint of water in a sauce-pan, put one-half teaspoon salt in it, mix two even tablespoons meal with enough cold water to smooth and thin it, stir this into the boiling water. Boil gently, stir carefully half an hour, and add teaspoon or so of cream or milk if liked. Boil up after milk is added.

STUFFED EGGS.—This is a good breakfast dish. Cut some hard-boiled eggs in halves; take out the yolk and mash it smoothly with an equal quantity of grated ham, a little parsley, pepper and salt to taste, and a small lump of fresh butter. Fill the cup-like whites of the eggs with this mixture, pour over them a little melted butter and heat in the oven. Serve with each half egg placed on a neat square of bread nicely fried in butter.

POTATO SALAD.—Two cups of mashed potatoes rubbed through a colander; three quarters of a cup of firm white cabbage chopped fine, two tablespoonfuls of cucumber or gherkin pickle, also chopped, yolks of two hard-boiled eggs, pounded to powder. Mix all well together.

—A lovely Christmas gift for an invalid is a 'banner of love.' Select a piece of dark garnet velvet, the proper length and width, and line it with stiff brown paper or wigan, making and inner lining of silk or cambric which should be neatly overhanded with the outside, or the two may be run together on three sides, turned, and the remaining side sewed overhand. Turn the upper end over a small rod and fasten. The bottom of the banner should be trimmed with fringe or rows of the little balls that are made over circles of pasteboard. If these are used, put on a double row, the balls alternating in length. The words 'Christmas all the year,' are to be painted on the velvet. Fastened to the rod under the velvet cover, place as many strips of paper as you can, each strip bearing an appropriate verse or motto, such as 'He shall give his angels charge concerning thee,' 'He that keepeth thee shall not slumber,' 'The everlasting arms are beneath me.' A scrap of poetry neatly written or painted on the strip is, of course, a pretty addition. Any one who can neither paint or embroider may make this banner beautiful by forming on it the words. 'Merry Christmas,' from fleecy, white cotton batting. Bits of the cotton may also be fastened carelessly over the surface and a quantity droop heavily from the bottom of the banner. If a little mucilage is sprinkled on the cotton and in this mucilage bits of the frosting used on wax work dropped, the snowy border will glisten like frost and present a particularly lovely appearance. The under leaves may be used or omitted at will. A part of an old umbrella handle will answer for a rod, an acorn can be fastened on either end, and the whole gilded or painted any color preferred.

ADA'S SUGAR CAKE.—3 cups sugar, 2 of butter, 3 eggs well beaten, 1 teaspoonful soda, flour sufficient to roll.

Joker's Corner.

The Christian Name and Degree.

HOW IT IS WORKED UP BY YOUNG COUPLES.

(From the San Francisco Journal.)

Did you ever listen to a young couple working up to that point of affectionate intimacy at which they call one another by their Christian names?

'It has been a lovely party, hasn't it, Miss Jackson?'

'Lovely, Mr. Wilkins.'

'I have known you a long time, Miss Jackson.'

'And I have known you quite a while.'

'I've often heard my sister speak of you.

'And my brother is always talking about you.'

'Is he? I hear so much about you that I feel quite at home with you.'

'It is a lovely night, isn't it, Mr. Wilkins?'

'Beautiful. I think Edith's such a pretty name.

'Do you? I don't like it.'

'Edith.'

'What did you say?'

'Oh, nothing. I was merely repeating the name.'

'I don't like all men's names. I like some. I like Philip, and Ferdinand, and—'

'What do you think of George?'

'That's your name. George!'

'I beg your pardon.'

'Oh, nothing; I was only repeating the name.'

'What a lovely night it is, isn't it Miss Edith?'

'Oh there! George Wilkins, what did you let me slip on that cobble stone for?'

'Pon my word, I didn't do it, Miss Edith.'

'Well, we are home, or I am, Mr. George!'

'I am very sorry.'

'So am I. I am very much obliged for your escort; I've had such a lovely time.'

'And so have I.'

'Good night, Mr. Wilkins.'

'Good night, Miss Jackson.'

'Good night.'

'Good night.'

'Good night—Edith.'

'Good night—George.'

He Saw His Father.

'Father,' he began, after taking the the old man out back of the barn, 'your years are many.'

'Yes, my son.'

'You have toiled early and late, and by the sweat of your brow you have amassed this big farm.'

'That's so, William.'

'It haspained me more than I can tell to see you, at your age, troubling yourself with the cares of life. Father your declining days should be spent in the old arm-chair in the chimney corner.'

'Yes, William, they should.'

'Now, father, being you are old and feeble and helpless, give me a deed of the farm, and you and mother live out your few remaining days with me and Sally.'

'William,' said the old man, as he pushed back his sleeves, 'I think I see the drift o' them remarks. When I'm ready to start for the poor-house I'll play fool and hand over the deed! William!'

'Yes, sir.'

'In order to dispel any illusion on your part that I'm old and feeble and helpless, I'm going to knock down half an acre of corn-stalks with your heels!'

And when the convention finally adjourned, William crawled to the nearest hay stack and cautiously whispered to himself:

'And Sally was to broach the same thing to ma at the same time! I wonder if she's mortally injured, or only crippled for life!'—*New York Sun.*

WHY HE DON'T GO FISHING.—'Once' said a reverend narrator, the superintendent asked me to take charge of a Sunday school class.—' You'll find 'em a hard lot,' said he; 'they all went a-fishing last Sunday but little Johnny Rand. He is really a good boy, and I hope his example may yet redeem others. I wish you'd talk to 'em a little.'—I told him I would. They were rather a hard looking set. I don't think I ever witnessed a more elegant set of black eyes in my life. Little Johnny Rand, the good boy was in his place, and I smiled on him approvingly. As soon as all the lessons were over, I said, 'Boys, your superintendent tells me you went fishing last Sunday—all out little Johnny here. You didn't go did you Johnny?' I said.—'No sir,'—'That was right. Though this boy is the yougest among you,' I continued, 'you can learn from his lips words of good counsel, which I hope you will profit by.' I lifted him up on the seat beside me and smoothed his auburn ringlets. 'Now, Johnny, I want you to tell these wicked boys why you didn't go fishing with them last Sunday. Speak loud, now. It was because it was very wicked, and you would rather go to Sunday-school, wasn't it?'—'No sir, it was because I couldn't find the worms for bait,' And there was silence for a space.'

—A newly married lady who recently graduated from Vassar College, is not very well posted about household matters. She said to her grocer not long since: 'I brought three or four hams here [a couple of months ago, and they were very fine. Have you got any more like them?' Grocer: 'Yes ma'am there are ten of those hams hanging up there.' 'Are you sure they are all off the same pig?' Yes, ma'am.' Then I'll take three of them.'

—He (afraid she will order a second plate)—'Did you know they made ice cream out of glucose, gelatine, corn starch, castor oil, skim milk, oleomargarine, cayenne pepper and strychnine?' She (licking out the dish)—'No I didn't know that, but I've noticed they are so stingy in filling their dishes that one has to eat two plates in order to get enough.'

—'Mother, I believe God thinks I'm dead,' said a five year old, the other evening. 'Why?' asked the mother, somewhat astonished at the remark. 'Cause I havn't said my prayers for a week.'

—A well known clergyman of Poughkeepsie, said at a recent sociable that his first marriage fee was 60 cents and a barrel of Fall Pippins, paid by the bride, who married a poor