Huron Signal.

"The Greatest Possible Good to the Greatest Possible Number."

VOL. XXVIII. NO. 4. GODERICH, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, FEB. 10, 1875. WHOLE NO. 1460.

The Huron Signal,

(ESTABLISHED 1846.)

One of the Largest Papers published in Canada, printed and published at Goderich, Ontario, every

WEDNESDAY MORNING,

at the Office, Montreal Street, adjoining the Market Square, by

ALLAN & DICKSON

PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

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GODERICH, ONT.
Office:—Harvey Block, two doors West of Post office. Gas administered when required.
Teeth with Rest of Nerve, can be filled and kept free from pain. Artificial teeth on Gold, and all work warranted to stand 5 years. Teeth inserted on the most improved style. All operations performed with Ease and Skill. 1446 1y

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Seaforth, April 22nd, 1873. 1307

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MONEY TO LEND. 1372

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BARRISTERS, &c., Goderich.
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Goderich, Dec. 1st, 1871. 1y.

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Office, Acheson's Block, West Street, Goderich. 1358

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J. T. GARROW. P. F. WALKER.

G. CAMPAIGNE,
LAW CHANCERY AND CONVEYANCING. Office at Dixie Watson's, Official Assignee.
ow7-tf Goderich, Ont.

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BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR, &c. &c., Clinton, Ont.
MONEY TO LEND. w35

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PAINTER, PAPER-HANGER, MARBLE Paper Manufacturer. Whitewashing done on shortest notice. Residence, Cameron Street. 1410-1yr

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OFFICE, STABLES & RESIDENCE, St. Andrew's Street, back of D. Ferguson's store, and directly opposite the residence of Horace Horton, Esq., M. P.
N. B.—Horses examined as to soundness. 1313

GEORGE LEMON,
VETERINARY SURGEON, GODERICH, Of 19 years practice,
GRADUATE of the Colleges of Lexington, Kentucky, and Toronto, has opened an Office at Elijah Martin's Collar Mart, where he can at all times be consulted, night or day, on all diseases of Horses and Cattle. 1444 1y

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WILLIAM ALEXANDER. JOHN STARK.
MEMBERS of the Stock Exchange, Stock Brokers and Estate Agents, Stocks, Bonds, and Debentures Bought and Sold.
Money Loaned on Mortgage.
NO COMMISSION CHARGED.
Existing Mortgages purchased on reasonable terms. Orders by letter or telegraph will receive prompt attention.
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For Inventors expeditiously and properly secured in Canada, the United States and Europe.
PATENT guaranteed or no charge. Send for printed instructions. Agency in operation ten years.
HENRY GRIST,
Ottawa, Canada,
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Feb. 11th 1871. w4-1y—

$20,000.
PRIVATE FUNDS to lend on Farm and Town property at lowest interest, Mortgages purchased, no Commission charged, conveyancing fees reasonable.
N. B.—Borrowers can obtain money in one day if title satisfactory.
DAVISON & JOHNSON,
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JAMES VIVIAN
HAS REMOVED HIS RESTAURANT TO Acheson's New Block, West Street, where he will be glad to see all his customers and the public generally.
FRUIT, VEGETABLES, OYSTERS, &c., &c. in their season.
HOT AND COLD MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

$5 to $20 PER DAY.—Agents Wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Post card to States costs but one cent. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. 1437-1yr

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GODERICH LODGE NO. 33
G. R. C., A. F. A. A. M.
THE REGULAR COMMUNICATION is held on the first Wednesday of each month, at 7.30 p. m. Visiting brethren cordially invited.
W. HICKSON, Sec.
Goderich, 4th May, 1871. ow15-1y

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$20,000
TO Loan on Farm or Town property at 7 per cent. Apply to
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Oct. 20th, 1871 41tf Goderich.

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AT LOW RATES OF INTEREST.
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For particulars apply to
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CHAS. ROBERTSON,
Toronto. 1343.

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At Greatly reduced Rates of Interest
THE undersigned has any amount of money to Loan from two to fifteen years, at a low rate of interest and favourable terms of repayment, payable by yearly instalments; rate of expense will defy competition.
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Appraiser for the Canada Permanent Building & Savings Society, of Toronto.

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The Subscriber is agent for the following first-class Insurance Companies.
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HARTFORD of Hartford.
PROVINCIAL of Toronto.
BRITISH AMERICA, of Toronto.
Fire & Marine business done at the lowest possible rates
HORACE HORTON
Office Market Square, Goderich,
Oct. 20th 1870. w36-1y.

Insurance.

THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON And Globe Insurance Company.
Available Assets, $27,000,000
Losses paid in the course of Thirty-five years exceed
FORTY MILLIONS OF DOLLARS!
Claims by CHICAGO FIRE estimated at nearly $2,000,000, are being liquidated as fast as adjusted WITHOUT DEDUCTION. Security, Prompt Payment, and Liberality in adjustment of its losses are the prominent features of this wealthy company.
FIRE and LIFE POLICIES issued with very liberal conditions.
Head Office, Canada Branch, Montreal.
G. F. C. SMITH, Resident Secretary, MONTREAL
A. M. ROSS, Agent for Goderich

ANCHOR LINE.
STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY.
Passenger Accomodation Unsurpassed.
Rates of passage from New York TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, LONDONDERRY, QUEENSTOWN OR BELFAST.
Cabin $50 to $70 gold, according to accommodation.
Return tickets issued at reduced rates.
Intermediate and Steerage as low as any other line.
For passage or further information apply to Henderson Brothers, 7 Bowling Green, New York, Or their Agent MRS. E. WARNOCK, Goderich.
1415

ALLAN LINE
STEAM TO
Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow
Every SATURDAY from PORTLAND during winter and from QUEBEC in summer.
NOTICE TO PERSONS WISHING TO SEND FOR THEIR FRIENDS.
PERSONS wishing to send for their friends can obtain Passage Certificates at lowest rates. The tickets are good for one year and the amount is refunded, less a small deduction, if not used.
REMEMBER,
Passengers by the ALLAN LINE are landed direct from the Steamships on to the Grand Trunk Wharves at South Quebec and Portland, and are forwarded on at once to destination. By this arrangement passengers avoid all incidental expenses and moving of Baggage.
The first Steamer for Quebec will leave Liverpool on 14th April.
For Tickets and every information apply to
P. H. CARTER,
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GODERICH AGENCY
OF THE
Trust & Loan Company of Canada.
Incorpoated by Royal Charter.
CAPITAL—ONE MILLION POUNDS STERLING.
Funds for Investment.
LOANS made on the Security of approved Farm or City or Town Property for periods of Five years or to suit the convenience of Borrowers, and either repayable at expiry of time or by annual instalments. Payments in reduction of Loans will be accepted at any time on favorable terms.
☞ Approved Mortgages purchased.
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St. Joseph's Academy.
FOR YOUNG LADIES UNDER THE DIRECTION of the Ursuline Nuns of St. Joseph will be re-opened on
On Monday, 4th of Jan., 1875.
TERMS.

Tuition per quarter	$3.00
Music, Instrumental, Vocal and Guitar, each per quarter	8.00
French	2.00
Drawing, Pencil	5.00
" Crayon	8.00

Payment quarterly and in advance. &c. &c.,
For further particulars apply at the Academy.
NORTH STREET,
Goderich.
Dec. 30, 1874. 6m

STOCK'S EXTRA
MACHINE OIL
Has been in general use for the past two years and giving the best satisfaction, as may be seen by testimonials from many of the leading houses in Ontario. It will not congeal in the coldest weather, it is therefore suitable for the lightest and fastest, as well as the heaviest machines in use.
TESTIMONIAL
From St. Joseph Hall Machine Works, &c.
I consider Stock's oil cheaper at $1.00 per gallon than olive oil at 50 cents. Yours respectfully,
F. W. GLEN, President
For sale only by
G. H. PARSONS & CO., Hardware Merchants, Goderich.
SOLE AGENTS,
1312.

GLASS
SIZES from 7x9 to 32x46, Star and Diamond Star.
—ALSO—
Coloured Glass for Side Lights For Sale Cheap by
GEO. H. PARSONS
Market Square,
August 21st, 1874. 1436 Goderich

AGENTS WANTED.
Men or women $34 a week. Proof furnished. Business pleasant and honorable with no risks. A 16 page circular and valuable Samples free. ☞ A postal-card on which to send your address costs but two cents. Write at once to
F. M. REED, 8TH ST., NEW YORK.

STAR BAKERY
Victoria St., foot of Hamilton St.,
GODERICH, Ont.
HARRIES, ARTHUR & CO.
BAKERS and Confectioners. Weddings and Parties supplied on short notice. Also, Vessels supplied. Flour and Feed constantly on hand. Goods delivered in any part of the town.
Goderich, Nov. 23, 1874. 1449-1yr

ARE YOU SICK?
If such is the case call on
J. BOND,
PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMIST, of 17 years Practice, where thousands have been cured of various diseases incidental to the constitution.
NOTED FOR PURE DRUGS.
EAST SIDE MARKET SQUARE,
SIGN OF THE RED MORTAR,
GODERICH.
Where you can get Pure Drugs and Chemicals compounded by a first class Chemist Only proprietor of
Bond's Renowned Pulmonic Syrup
that cures Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, &c., &c., never fail a certain and effectual remedy. It has cured thousands when all other remedies has failed, also
BONDS CELEBRATED TONIC BITTERS
which is superior to any ever introduced to the public for Dyspepsia, Constipation, Headache, Indigestion, Palpitation of the Heart, Billious Diseases and General Debility one of the best remedies in connection with Bond's Pulmonic Syrup for Chest and Lung Diseases known. Try it, it has no rival; marvelous in its effects to restoration.
Just received a large and assorted stock of English, French and American Perfumes, Hair Oils, &c. &c. Also one gross of the best Hair Brushes, Tooth and Nail do. in any quantity. All the most popular Patent Medicines constantly on hand.
Bond's Blood Purifier for Horses and Cattle, Condition Powders &c. a large stock on hand.
A Call is respectfully solicited.
LARGE STOCK OF DYE STUFFS.
1439-1yr

Autumn and Winter GOODS.
H. DUNLOP
Merchant Tailor,
WEST STREET,
GODERICH,
BEGS to direct attention to his very full stock of
AUTUMN AND WINTER GOODS,
which he is prepared to make up in the most fashionable style and at the lowest rates.
Gents' Furnishings
of all kinds kept on hand as usual.
Goderich, 28th Oct., 1874.

DANIEL GORDON,
CABINET MAKER,
UPHOLSTERER,
AND UNDERTAKER.
HAS now on Hand a large and complete stock of Furniture such as
BEDROOM,
DINING ROOM,
AND PARLOR SETTS.
All of which he will sell cheap for Cash. Picture framing a speciality.
Has always on hand a complete assortment of coffins, shrouds, caps and Hearses to hire.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS ARRANGED WITH Wholesale dealers and Manufacturers, so that he can supply Canadian, American and English Cottage Pianos from $225 upwards. Also the new celebrated Canada Organ Co. and American Cabinet organ at lowest price.
Terms to suit purchasers payable monthly, quarterly, or a liberal discount for cash.
Parties purchasing would do well to give me a call.
1440 DANIEL GORDON.

Something New

ALL KINDS OF
SEWING MACHINES
repaired and put in good running order before taken from the shop or no charge. Remember the place. McIntosh's Gunshop, in rear of F. Jordan's Drugstore.
Goderich. Aug. 18, 1874. 1435

Extensive New Premises
AND
Splendid New Stock.
C. Barry & Bro.
Cabinet Makers, Undertakers & Wood Turners,
HAMILTON ST.
Have removed across the street to the store next door to W. Acheson's Harness Shop, where will be found
A GOOD ASSORTMENT!
of Kitchen, Bedroom, Diningroom, and Parlor Furniture, such as
TABLES,
CHAIRS hair, cane and wood seated)
CUPBOARDS
BEDSTEADS,
WASH STANDS:
MATTRESSES,
LOUNGES,
SOFAS.
WHATNOTS, LOOKING GLASSES
GILT FRAMING.
☞ C. B. & B are prepared to sell everything in their line
Cheap for Cash.
N. B. A complete assortment of Coffins and Shrouds always on hand and a Hearse to hire; all on reasonable terms.
A CALL SOLICITED.
Goderich, 15 Aug 1870

PUMPS, PUMPS,
PUMPS.
THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVING commenced the manufacture of Pumps are prepared to furnish any kind, at short notice, and on reasonable terms. Having had 9 years experience with Mr. Dodd they can promise satisfaction. Give us a call.
Place of business—Corner of Cedar and Maple streets, near the Huron Road.
JAMES MARTIN & CO.
Goderich, June 19th, 1874. 1427

WHY
DON'T you use "GLINE'S" Slate Roofing Paint and keep your roof from leaking? It is economical, durable and fire proof. Testimonials free. Local agents wanted for Huron and Bruce Counties.
S. A. RUSSELL & CO.,
Agents for Ontario,
1444 6m 66 King street East, Toronto.

WORK At home, male, and female; $5 per week, day or evening. No Capital. We send valuable packages of goods by mail free. Address with ten cent return stamp, M. YOUNG, 172 Greenwich St., N. Y. 1437-6m

FOR ALL

Poetry.

To Spring.

BY WM. BANNATYNE.

Welcome Spring with cheerful face
O most welcome of the seasons!
Her horn is strong and her step is free
Her eye is bright and her heart is merry
She comes from Nature's boundless hall
With gifts from her treasure-house full
Well may we welcome the lovely maiden
The child of the sun and the dews and rain
And wrap the fairest hours to oblivion.

The sparrow sings whistles at his mate,
Impatient to the shepherd's music;
Her glossy wings glide the brook,
Her voice is full of the music of love,
The robin flies down round her chosen,
As she the maid in light and raiment
And more than wonder wherever she comes.

The pleasure-seekers whistle at his mate,
The Cuckoo wanders in the groves,
And forebodings on earthed green
As fond as his music is notes of love,
And gaily o'er the rural scene
The sporting Lambkins racing chase,
Their bleating mingling with their joy
And wage their airless sports merrily.

Come! happy brightness of life's heath!
Come! thou the joy of the man who is
As "or the Lambkins varied in air,
I was thy coming, every where.
I am the joy of the man who is
With cheerful Fancies' favorite song,
But Peace and Love are made power,
To soothe my lot and cheer my way.

The Victim of Science.

(From Harper's Bazar.)

How my pretty cousin became possessed of such an unreasoning horror of all the fleece-bearing, mutton-producing species was perhaps a family mystery. But, if like the hereditary ghost of our mediæval ancestors, its secret rested in the head of the house, my jovial and matter-of-fact uncle kept it securely concealed, and, indeed, never gave sign of having any oppressive weight on his mind. Since those days I have often sought to account for it according to philosophy and science. I have attributed it to, perhaps, some anti-natal impression, calling to mind the case of King James, who would shiver at the sight of a drawn sword, and, who, on at least one memorable occasion, poked a kneeling subject in the eye when delivering the knightly accolade. I have even indulged in wider flights of theory, and traced in imagination the lineage of my gentle kinswoman to the prehistoric wolf of sophistical and sanguinary character, conceiving that perhaps she, in the development of the race, found herself carrying the burden of expiation for that supremely illegal crime against the lamb that did not trouble the water. Not that we ever worried ourselves in that happy time with such speculations. Far from it. It was enough that Mamie Stuart had a peculiar unreasoning aversion that was all her own. Whereas other girls, in this age of universal diffusion of knowledge, considered the mouse a venomous and carniverous animal, from whose attacks it behooved all womankind to flee to the heights of sofa and piano-stool with shrieks and dishevelment, my cousin was moved to similar demonstrations by the proximity of the no less harmless sheep. Indeed, as feminine logic goes, she had a certain amount of reason on her side, inasmuch as the sheep is the larger animal, and in that way truly more formidable. It was simply a blind physical or moral horror rather than fright or terror that seemed to take possession of the girl whenever she happened to come near one of these animals. There was no sense in it, of course. But a repulsion existed as evident as that between the two opposing poles of the magnet. I had seen Mamie affected in that way only once; and although I joked her unmercifully about it, I soon saw it was no subject for joking.

We had forgotten all about it, in fact, and but for the concurrence of several accidents, whose happening I shall endeavor to relate in their proper connection, we might have passed through life without recalling this strange idiosyncrasy.

The first was an exhibition which Mamie made when we were all on a visit of inspection at John Lamson's farm. John was a very good sort of a fellow, I suppose. I ought to say so now, at any rate, after what has happened, for he behaved like a man through it all. And even in those days the only sin I could lay to his charge, when brought squarely to the point, was his great fondness for Mamie, or, what was yet worse in my eyes, her equally great fondness for John. They were accepted and acknowledged lovers; and while I should have considered it a personal insult had John shown less devotion or failed in any of those demonstrations of regard, voluntary or involuntary, which accompany the tender passion, it was quite another matter to see my pet cousin give herself up to love and worship any man—except it had been myself—in such a yet, unreserved way. Moreover, Uncle Stuart approved of the match. If he was rich, so was John. Nor was the model farm of the latter, which John wasted enough substance to support two families) sufficiently absorbing to deter the complacent lover from agreeing to settle down, when married, in the city house around the corner, on the next block, which was to be the paternal wedding gift. His farm, with its costly thoroughbred live stock, was the only objects in life that seemed to interest him enough to find any place in his thoughts along with Mamie. If he had any particular strength of character, it appeared to sleep in the easy existence he was leading. He was a tolerably good-looking man, tall, big and blonde, and if any criticism were to be made of a face that seemed hardly worth the trouble, it would be to the effect that the forehead was slightly retreating, and the features of the lower part of the face somewhat bent or huddled together. But with his long mustache and his glowing curly hair, these defects, if they were such, passed notice entirely, I should probably have never noticed them but for what happened.

It was when John drove us all one September afternoon to see his farm that Mamie, for the first time in years, revived the memory of her constitutional antipathy to sheep. I could see the little girl fighting against it as well as she might, but her resistance ended in a precipitate flight from the spot where John was proudly exhibiting his Cotswolds and Southdowns for our admiration.

"Guess the lady's been butted, sir," said one of the stock hands, respectfully touching his hat to John. "Knowed of just such another myself My own sister, sir, was butted when she was a baby. Never the same since. Growed up to be a woman, and never could abide the sight of sheep. She jilted a drover for nothing else in the world. Married a tailor, sir."

"Why didn't you tell me, Mamie?" said John, as we all stood around drinking a stirrup-cup of Alderney milk in the dairy, where the trembling girl had taken refuge. "I wouldn't have had it happen for the world. That sheep shall be made into mutton to-morrow, drawn and quartered for treason."

"No! don't for anything!" exclaimed Mamie, now quite recovered. "I know I am as silly as silly can be, but I can't help it any more than I can help"—and here she apparently made ample amends by ending her sentence in a whisper reaching only her lover's ear, the effect of which was to cause a flush to rise over his face and a smile of such happiness to appear therein as to turn my soul green with jealousy. In my heart I knew how she had finished the sentence, explaining her conduct by an analogy between unreasoning love and unreasoning fear, whose application John at least did not care to question.

"A sheep has been known to bite," remarked my uncle gravely.

John's next visit to his farm resulted in real disaster. He came around to the house with a headache, and Mamie's pretty persistence in demanding to escort the big fellow as the library sofa with handkerchiefs and cologne and such things would have prevailed over anything but his hobby. There was some drainage to be examined before the winter set in, and, although the equinoctial storm had begun with a cheerless drizzle, John had his way and went.

He came home in a shiver. He went to his bachelor bed with a chill which no blankets, even when his great-coat was added atop of his dressing-gown, could quell. The morning rolls and coffee were an abomination, and omelet a mockery. Dressing was to him a labor of Hercules, and the prospect of going down town a direful thought. He rested, flaccid, all day, hot and could by turns, protesting that he was not sick; but by evening he dispatched his man for Dr. Broughton, and that eminent practitioner needed little of his skill in diagnosis to determine what was the matter when he found John tossing his long length on the lounge, sprawling legs and arms about in uneasy motion, and tumbling his curly blonde hair in still greater confusion.

"All right to-morrow? Of course you will be, or the day after, perhaps. Only you needn't be in a hurry about it, my boy," said the doctor, as he took leave of the unwilling patient, whom he had seen comfortably in bed. "Don't fret yourself. I've got you between my thumb and finger. By-by."

But for all this he had a nurse installed there before midnight; and by morning John's feeble protest against being fed with medicine from a strange hand, with which he greeted the doctor's assistant, had changed into a flighty gabble and restless semi-delirium. The very strength of the man seemed to challenge the power of the disease to do its work quickly and surely. The fever seized him and tortured him ravenously. The vigorous nature which had fought off the symptoms almost to the very end seemed all at once to fly in disastrous route and leave all to the enemy in full possession.

Mamie had to know it as soon as any one, for John was to take her to the opera at the opening night of the season. It was not a pleasant thing to tell her that, instead of talking sweet nonsense in evening dress at the Academy, her lover was mumbling delirious phrases, perhaps not more nonsensical, however, in the insensate ears of a hired attendant. Perhaps the pity of this contrast struck her soul. For the first words she said, with a pretty heroic expansion of her little figure, were:

"Father, I must go to him!"

Uncle Stuart had a very fair idea of diplomacy in managing his motherless daughter, and therefore he only said:

"My poor little girl! You shall go to John just as soon as you can. I will have Dr. Broughton stop here on his way and arrange it with you."

It was done; and, as Uncle Stuart had anticipated, Dr. Broughton's experience with such cases enabled him to convince Mamie that she had at least better sleep over night on the subject.

But it could not go on so long. The doctor's daily reports grew less assuring; and one morning, as he was speaking quite freely and anxiously with me in the library, we heard a sob from the conservatory, whose curtained entrance was directly behind us, and there appeared Mamie, the picture of heart-broken woe, tears brimming over her soft eyes and the very ribbon at her throat quivering with the motion of the heart beneath.

"You would have kept it from me," said she, with reproachful eyes and accent. "I shall go to John now;" and she swept past us, dropping roses and violets from her hands as she went, like a striken Flora.

Go to John she did. And I have no doubt that the gentle presence which the invalid could not recognize in his delirium, the quiet attentions, and the subtle essence of devoted love which pervaded all like a healing ether, must have strengthened and comforted the struggling spirit in its flight for longer possession of its racked tenement. Certain it is that John somehow pulled through the crisis, feebly recognized us all, smiled a ghastly smile when Mamie kissed him, and entered on the period when, in the proper course of events, he should recover.

Here was another puzzle for Dr. Broughton. His patient should have begun to gain strength, but he did not. He still lay there, speechless and helpless, his constitution seemingly powerless for reaction. Each day John's long face grew longer, and the doctor's lengthened with it. His pulse sank until only the feeblest vibration marked the beating of the heart that used to thump so stoutly against the broad breast of the young man. There seemed, indeed, little work for John's heart to do, so bloodless had the poor fellow become. He lay there like a vampire, helplessly feeling the vital fluid ebb from his veins day by day.

The transfusion of lamb's blood, from a healthy and living specimen of that animal, into the veins of a patient suffering from anæmia, or from such a decline of vitality and circulation as in John's case, was a less common operation a few years ago than it is now. But this, in Dr. Broughton's opinion, was the last and only hope of our friend. It was undertaken the very day on which Mamie, finally succumbing to fatigue and anxiety, was sent to bed with a slow fever, having very much the same symptoms that preceded John's attack. It was nothing much, after all; but it kept her away from John, and allowed her to know of the operation only by messages brought twice daily from the sick room of her lover.

The lamb was chosen from John's own stock, brought into town, and established in the carriage house, under treatment for repose and quiet; and on the afternoon of the day in question, of the day when Mamie fell sick, the Cotswold was brought into the chamber by the awe-struck shepherd. The creature had suffered much at the hands of Dr. Broughton and his associate, in the way of having its veins tied up to limit the circulation to the jugular, and it needed only the last painless incision of the lancet, as a cup was quickly inverted over the orifice, and the blood came puffing out.

Slowly through the cup, through the glass, where it showed a strange red, through the flexible tube in the Doctor's hands, and through the needle-like duct, flowed the stream of life from John's lamb to John's heart.

It was over in a few minutes, and the patient, after some queer pains in his back, and a temporary shortness of breath, went off into a quiet sleep, and awoke refreshed. It was a success. The forlorn hope had succeeded. Dr. Broughton was self-satisfied and contentedness. Uncle Stuart fairly owned up that John's experiments in breeding had at last proved of some practical benefit since he had produced animals of as good a blood as his own.

So we all thought, as John grew daily stronger; and Mamie on her sick bed, clasped her hands and thanked God in as pure a prayer as ever maiden mingled with tears.

The one strange thing was that John seemed as thin in the face as ever. Another strange thing was that much such a very unusual result of this sickness, was that the fever, loath to leave its victim without some souvenir of its visitation, had struck malevolently at the vocal chords of the throat whose fine baritone notes used to blend so pleasantly with the tender soprano of Mamie's, and left his voice raucous and harsh. It was as if the east wind had crept in and found a lodgment there; and although the doctor gave hope that this change in timbre was only temporary, it must be said that John was not pleasant as a speaker in those days. Reaping and strident, his tones, though weak, were like anything but the breathings of love.

As the day approached when, by the doctor's authoritative decision, Mamie would be permitted to ride around to John's house and again see her lover, we all felt rather chagrined that the best we could show her was such a cadaverous specimen of convalescence. Not so Mamie. She was such a quivering little piece of femininity, all the morning that uncle had to threaten her with bed and quinine to bring her to a semblance of control.

"The dear, dear fellow," with tears in her eyes. "Frank," (petulantly) "your watch is slow; so is the parlor clock. The carriage ought to have been here long ago. Father, winking very hard to hide something tell-tale on her lashes, "I think I am strong enough to walk."

As last we were there. The door had closed softly behind us, and John was seen bolstered up in bed, with pillows behind him and at each side, the chair in which Mamie had watched so many long hours placed close to his bed, her portrait hanging where his eyes might find it in whatever position he placed himself, and one of her handkerchiefs, which she had left in the days of her nursing in reach of his hand.

It was the most foolish thing in the world for John to have his mustache cut off. But he said it kept his medicine under his nose all day, and off the offending ornament came. His hair, too, had not grown from the clipping it received when the fever heated his brain so that every curl was an intolerable weight; and, in fact, it was a far from attractive-looking lover to whom we brought Mamie.

Still, the admiration that shone out of his cavernous eyes as we entered the door made him almost handsome. Mamie showered up as we stepped over the threshold.

"Now don't tear him to pieces in your affection; he's tender yet," said I, somewhat cynically, anticipating a violent demonstration of rapture.

But there was no need of caution. As Mamie's eyes rested on John's face I felt a slight recoil in her movement. The flush upon her features died out, giving place to a pallor that was startling. Her hand trembled upon my arm. She was staring strangely at the sick man, and her lips began to twist and her breath to come fitful.

"John!" She spoke with a sort of surprised interrogatory, rather than joyful recognition. "Then, in a quivering voice to me, "What have you done to him, Frank?"

"Why, Mamie, what in the world do you mean?" said I, in amaze.

All this passed in the moment while Uncle Stuart was closing the door behind us. As he stepped forward, with the heartiest sort of a smile on his face, Mamie whirled around to him, and spoke rapidly under her breath:

"You told me they brought him to life again by putting lamb's blood in his empty veins. You told me so! Look at him! Oh, dear! Oh, dear!" and the little girl seemed almost frantic with an unnamed terror.

I did look at John, and suddenly it all flashed over me. There, in the emaciated features of the convalescent, were truly the distinguishing characteristics of a sheep's face. The absence of hair emphasized the peculiar effect to the sloping lines of the frontal bones; the long nose, gently bending in aristocratic curve at the end, continued the ovine contour; and the contormation of lips and chin, as his head was leaned faintly back on the pillow, completed the resemblance. Once with the idea in my head, there was no escaping it. John's face did look like that of a sheep, as he lay there. Even the pallor of his skin, the drawn and sunken appearance of the muscles of his cheeks, and the pinched and white lips, added to the caricature, whose fantastic significance grew more painfully vivid with each instant. The look of blank amazement which came into his eyes as he noticed the momentary hesitation of his betrothed completed the portraiture.

Mamie was trembling like a leaf. There was nothing to be done but to break the spell as quickly as possible.

"John, old fellow," said I, stepping forward with Mamie like a dead weight on my arm, "your companion in convalescence brings you greeting."

With the best intentions in the world, I had precipitated the crisis. Had Mamie been allowed to exchange the first words in the close whispers of which lovers are so fond, she might have forgotten sheep and everything else in the happy consciousness of having John again. But there she was, half-way across the room, when John, compelled to make an effort to speak aloud, tried to say:

"Welcome, Mamie."

The very essence of the strident tones left by the fever in his voice seemed condensed in those two words. It was too much for the overwrought imagination of my cousin.

"He bleats! oh, Faank, he bleats!"

It was really agonizing and horrible enough, as that poor girl sank on my arm, to recognize in the voice of a sick man a stricking resemblance to the plaint of the animal whose likeness he seemed to have acquired.

He was astonished too.

Mamie!" he cried again, making greater exertion than before, and thus rendering his tones yet more unnatural; "Mamie!"

Oh, don't! please don't!" cried the girl, now utterly frantic. "Take me away! You have charged him! Oh, my John, my John! why did they change your blood!"

Mr. Stuart and I whisked her out of the room as quickly as we could; fearing the effect both upon herself and John. And as we went there came from the room pathetic exclamations of "Mamie! Mamie! Mam—" and the door closed upon what seemed only like the bleating of the Cotswold whose blood now flowed in the veins of our unlucky friend.

The drive home, as may be imagined, was not altogether pleasant. But for the pathos of Mamie's collapsed condition I believe that Uncle Stuart's almost motherly tenderness would have given way before the indignation swelling in his heart. The poor girl lay there on the cushions, her bloodless face contrasting pitifully with their rich crimson, moaning, with now and then a fluttering sob, seemingly stricken in heart and body. There was nothing for it but to get her home as soon as possible.

It was not a bad relapse. Mamie picked up again in a few days, and came down-stairs one sunny autumn afternoon, looking strongly but thoughtful. John, for his part, not fully comprehending the state of affairs, and being allowed to know only that Mamie had been taken suddenly sick because of her weak condition, and was promptly recovering, worried his honest heart but little. This could not last.

"Mamie," said I, the second day of her appearance down-stairs, "the doctor lets John drive out this afternoon, and I will bring him around to throw a kiss at your window." "Don't do it, Frank," said my cousin, with a solemnity for which I was not prepared, "don't do it, for I can't"—and here came a sob and a sudden flood of tears—"I can't see him."

"My silly little cousin!" said I, drawing near with the purpose of administering certain cousinly consolations. But Mamie put out one thin hand to repulse me.

"No, Frank; I don't want anything of that sort. I know I am silly, I know I am wicked, and I know that all liars have their part in the lake that burneth with coal and brimstone," spoke Mamie with a quaint misquotation, as if she would spare herself nothing in the way of prospective torment for her perfidy. "But when I promised John to love him forever he was John. Now he is something else—you—know—you helped change him—you saw him take his life from that—that sheep!"

This was supremely absurd, but I saw that Mamie was rapidly exciting herself, and thought silence my best role. Hardly pausing to dab each of her eyes with a small wet square of handkerchief, she continued, rapidly:

"I saw it in his face, I heard it in his voice. Oh, Frank, don't make me think of it! Why do you?"—like her suppositious ancestor, the wolf, falsely accusing me of muddying the stream of her thoughts. "I never can look at him again. He used to say he could breed an animal that should equal a human being. Now he has bred himself."

This was all too pathetic to be comic, at least to me, who knew my cousin's constitutional dread of the animal whose life-blood was now that of her lover, and whose features and voice seemed to have reproduced themselves in his person.

But the little girl was firm. She never would—she never *could*—see John again. It was a sorry business getting him to understand the case. For a long time he refused to believe it. He had long consultations with Dr. Broughton. He lavished flowers upon Mamie all winter, hoping that what he called her hallucination would wear off if he could keep himself in her mind by continuing attentions whose memory was all of the pleasant days before that fever.

It was useless. Uncle Stuart told him so along in the spring time, and advised him to take a trip abroad, shake off his infatuation for Mamie, or come in a year if he felt no better, and try his fortune again.

The year has passed. John came back a month ago. He is fat and brown, and wears his moustache waxed at the ends. But Mamie has not changed. The wonderful metamorphosis of my cousin from a marvel of passionate affection to a prodigy of unreasoning dislike becomes all the more wonderful by its persistence.

Last week, after I knew John a fate was irrevocably sealed, I determined to brave what I had never before dared, and put my own fortune to the test. Before I had half begun my confession, Mamie's quick wits recognized my drift, and thus she closed my mouth:

"I never shall forgive myself, Frank, for what happened last year, though I couldn't help it, and I can't help it now. But I haven't yet forgiven you for your part in it."

Unreasonable to the last! We are all victims together.

Fire at Beauport Asylum.

QUEBEC, Jan. 30.

One of the most fearful conflagrations which it has been our lot to record occurred last night at the Beauport Lunatic Asylum. About half-past

Lucknow wants a bank agency.

The Thermometer stood at 20° below zero, in Guelph, on Sunday.

Quinze was sold on Monday morning —20° below zero.

A robbery of a cash box containing $120 was effected at Welland, Wednesday evening. No clue to the thieves.

The American Express Company have now an agency in Lucknow managed by Mr. F. Fletcher.

It is stated that four divorce cases will come before the Senate for adjudication this session.

A young man named Frank McFall fell off the platform of a Canada South train at Niagara county, and had his leg cut off. He has since died.

The tax collector of Bonkillen, Mr. Gander, was called upon by robbers on Saturday night, and made to disgorge $230 at the pistol's mouth.

At Wingham, the Toronto, Grey and Bruce track is completely blocked; no train has arrived there from the East for nearly a week.

Twelve of the unfortunate female patients in the Beauport Asylum have so far been ascertained to have perished in the late fire.

Kenneth McKenzie, M.P.P., formerly of Pusilach, has been elected President of the Manitoba Provincial Agricultural Society.

A lad named John McDonald was charged at the London Police Court with cruelty to a horse by tying a sleigh to his tail and driving him through the market square.

The floor of the Ontario Bank at Guelph caught fire beneath the stove the other morning, but being discovered in time by one of the clerks, it was extinguished with a pail of water.

A son of Chief of Police Wigmore, of London, while being reproved in one of the city schools, received at the hands of his teacher a gash across his cheek with a razor-hide that will probably disfigure him for life.

The Hamilton *Times* has discovered that Charlie Ross is concealed or was very recently in an Indian wigwam near the village of Markham. The story is told by one David Cunningham, of Bolktirk, in Walpole Township.

Mr. Eustainger, the late member for Cornwall, has filed a protest against the return of Mr. A. F. McIntyre, claiming the seat on the ground of personal bribery by agent. A scrutiny of the ballots is also demanded.

On Wednesday night between seven and eight o'clock, the house, with its contents, of Mr. Cuming, farmer, Nichol was totally destroyed by fire. The house was a new one, not quite finished no insurance.

A meeting has been held in Paisley, County of Bruce, to consider the advisability of granting a bonus to assist the W. G. & B. Railroad to run a branch from that place to Owen Sound. A liberal bonus was offered.

There was no traffic at Tiverton, consequently no mails. The weather was fearfully cold; a temperature of below zero. The stage driver from Port Elgin was nearly frozen to death on Wednesday night.

His Excellency and the Countess of Dufferin, gave a brilliant reception in the Senate Chamber, on Thursday evening, in Ottawa, which was numerously attended.

In St. Jean Baptiste village, Elie Turcot, a carpenter, twenty-five years of age was found dead in the Roman Catholic cemetery on the 2nd. It appears that Turcot, wishing to make a short cut home, attempted to cross the cemetery, but got lost in the drift.

The public are warned against Wang Tang Fou, a fraudulent Chinaman, now in the U. S., who is perpetrating frauds on hotel keepers to a great extent. It is reported that he is about to proceed to England via Canada. He represents himself as an officer travelling on a mission from his Government.

On Friday afternoon the dwelling of Mr. Wm. McGill, in the village of Salford, was broken into and a quantity of wearing apparel, some jewellery, a few dollars in money, and a deposit receipt, No. 1,112, dated December 10th, 1874, for four hundred and forty dollars, given by the Manager of the Niagara District Bank, Ingersoll, were stolen. Payment of the receipt has been stopped.

On Tuesday morning the 20th ult Mr. Francis Collins, on the boundary line between Huron and Kinloss died very suddenly. When Mrs Collins left him in the morning there was nothing wrong, but in returning to call him to breakfast she found him dead. Mr. Collins was one of the oldest residents in these parts, having lived here 28 yrs. He was 58 years of age.

A sad accident occurred at Niagara, Ont., on Wednesday night. As the ten o'clock Canada Southern train was leaving Queen street for the depot, Frank McFaul, son of Mr. Thos. McFaul, of that place, fell between the baggage car and coach, and was run over, cutting his leg off in two places. He died next day.

A terrible and nearly fatal accident occurred about eleven o'clock on the night of the 3rd, in Ottawa. The bachelors' assembly ball was being held in Hasagen's dancing academy, when the gable wall of the late Queen's Hall, which was burnt about a year ago, and which was left standing unprotected, fell, crashing through the ceiling of Hasagen's room, and also an empty room below, precipitating six dancers in the cellar, together with about ten tons of *debris*. Several persons were wounded; two severely, but not fatally.

The Ontario Government has offered a reward of $200 for the re-arrest of Arnold, who broke jail on the 31st ult. It appears he was, several days before his arrest for arson, married to a very pretty young woman living near Copetown. The convict is about twenty-eight years of age, five feet eight inches high, medium build, weighs about 135 pounds, fair complexion, light brown hair, heavy brown moustache and small chin whisker, blue eyes, all the fingers off left hand, quiet in his manner and genteel in appearance, dressed in dark clothes, high-crowned black row ly hat; may have shaved off his moustache or chin whisker.

A horrible accident occurred in Montreal, on Saturday morning at the bank where excavations are being made for the new basin, on the west side of the canal, near Wellington Bridge, whereby two of the workmen lost their lives, and three others were more or less injured. There were about 100 men at work under the bank, which was eleven feet high, and was composed of two and a half feet of frozen earth on the top, projecting three or four feet over them. All of a sudden this projecting mass fell, completely covering the two unfortunate men who were killed, and partly burying some others. The names of the killed are John Fitzgerald and Francis Rochelle. Two others had their legs broken.

A Mr. and Mrs. Canan, residing near Toronto, had a narrow escape from death on Thursday morning. The woman made pancakes and mixed with them some arsenic in place of baking powder. The poison had been purchased by Canan to destroy a vagrant dog, and incautiously put on the kitchen shelf. About fifteen minutes after breakfast, Mrs. Canan and also the cat, which had partaken of the cakes, became ill, and afterwards her husband was seized with the same symptoms. Medical advice was promptly summoned. Canan has recovered, but his wife is still in a dangerous condition.

As the Lucan stage was approaching St. John's on Thursday morning, a sudden gush of wind struck it. The horses and sleigh were lifted from the road and thrown over the hill. The stage contained five passengers, one of whom was a lady. As the sleigh reached the bottom of the precipice, all but the lady managed to clambor out, she being rolled over several times with the stage after its descent. The driver received some bruises about the head, but fortunately this was the only damage done.

On the 1st inst, as the morning Express was approaching the public crossing just before coming to Chatham station, a sleigh containing Wm. Wilcox, Henry Crump, his wife and child, attempted to cross the track notwithstanding that the watchman tried to keep it back. The engine struck the sleigh knocking it off the track, fatally injuring the driver Wilcox, and seriously wounding the others. Wilcox had both legs broken, the right in two places, and the left having all the flesh and muscles torn off from the knee down, and the bones were also crushed into small fragments. His left arm was broken and his elbow dislocated, his sides being otherwise cut and bruised. He got entangled in the driving wheel of the engine, and was carried about twenty yards, every revolution causing his head and shoulders to strike the ground. The Crump family all suffered slightly about the head.

Gas in Mines.—Considerable use is being made of gas in England as a means of lighting mines. A steam jet is used to draw gas into and force it down a pipe to the bottom of the mine. The jet can be applied to almost any depth It is now in use 506 yards below the surface of the ground.

Huron Signal.

GODERICH, Feb. 10, 1875.

South Huron.

Reformers in Huron seem to have been surfeited with victory, since no apparent effort has been made to contest the Riding of South Huron. Mr. Cameron has declared his unwillingness to run, owing to ill health. His stay in Florida has not sufficiently recuperated him to make him feel ready to undertake the arduous duties of a campaign. After such well fought victories, it seems unpardonable in the Reform party to permit Mr. Cameron's old opponent to walk the board. But, under the circumstances, it seems necessary to allow our opponents a great victory, and with a charity, which we must confess is not honest, to give them another foothold in the county.

It is not altogether certain that the Ridings will be reconstructed on the system of distribution for the Local House, which would assure us of the Reform character of South Huron, and would draw down upon the devoted head of the Government the censure and abuse of the Opposition; but should it be done, the promised new order of things in the Riding will be adjusted to the satisfaction of Reformers who have looked upon the constituency as justly belonging to them; and should it not be so, another election will tell another tale.

Naught is left us but to submit to fate, which has ruled that the "third effort is always a successful effort," and Mr. Greenway is favored by the gods of of politics. No effort has been made to bring out a candidate in place of Mr. Cameron, who is the only person that could be brought out with any hopes of being successful, and as it is not the nature of Reformers in Huron to court defeat, the South Riding is destined to go uncontested.

The Reciprocity Treaty.

The draft of the proposed Reciprocity Treaty, which has been before the Senate of the United States, has perished from sheer loneliness and estrangement from the friendship it enjoyed in Canada. The Opposition organs are consequently much pleased with the conduct of the United States Senate, whose restrictive policy has demonstrated at least one thing in favor of the treaty, and that is that it would be injurious to some of their interests, and, although we do not desire to make our wealth at other people's ruin, it is evident that wherein the treaty would be injurious to them it would be beneficial to us. The treaty has been opposed by the United States Senate because they represent the manufacturers, and supported by the Canadian government because they represent the people. It is certainly a people's measure, and in many cases a manufacturer's measure—*vide* the ground of objection by the Americans, and the case of our salt business. We have had a specimen of the spirit of the objection which has been raised to the treaty in a recent effort made by the tea dealers of Montreal to secure a heavy import duty on tea coming from the United States, for their especial benefit and to draw so much more from the pocket of the working man and farmer for this luxury.

Free trade is one of the great aids to national opulence, for it prevents the cramping of the number of our industries. By a restrictive policy England has made millionaires of a comparative few fortunate men, and has thousands of inadequately remunerated workmen. Were free trade to be introduced the number of her industries would be increased, and the condition of the masses advanced, although somewhat to the disadvantage of the wealthy manufacturer, but the loss would be incomparable with the gain. Free trade is most beneficial to the middle classes, and in two countries with such similar resources as have Canada and the United States it seems strange that it would not be beneficial to all but a very few. In this country, which is not a manufacturing country like England, free trade would be more of a benefit to the lower classes since it would open up more numerous fields for profit and business. It is not so long since that the Conservative party were working for the workingman, when the strikes took place in Toronto and other places; but now we find them forgetting their very commendable hobby and taking a course directly in opposition to the workingman's interests. But the principle they acted upon was political and not national good, and a principle which would prompt them to make this very matter a hobby should the government drop it forever.

But the subject has not become defunct, but is awaiting a successful resurrection in the course of a few months. The Senate at present in power is known to be of protectionist proclivities, but the Democratic Senate which is to succeed them shortly have been returned by the people as the issue of the free trade discussion in the country. Their policy is that which will treat our proposal with favor, and when the subject is brought before them it will meet with a more cordial reception.

The Newfoundland Legislature opened on Thursday. The revenue of the past year amounted to $838,000. The Governor's Speech announced that a measure will be introduced to do away with restrictions on lumbering and throw open the timber lands of the colony to all comers who comply with the regulations. The building of a railway across the island is recommended, to come out near Cape Ray, for the development of the country, making the eastern end at a future day the terminus for Atlantic steamships.

L. H. & B. R. R.

The London Huron and Bruce Railway Company have failed to secure a mandamus to compel East Wawanosh to hand over the debentures voted in aid of the railroad. By the wording of the agreement, this township stipulated to hand over the debentures if work was commenced within the township or opposite thereto within a year from the time of issuing said debentures. Losing faith in the company, it having failed to comply with the agreement, they refused to hand them over. Two other townships united with them in this refusal, but some arrangement was arrived at between them and the company, and East Wawanosh alone persisted in the refusal after having taken advice. The company applied for a mandamus to compel the delivery of the debentures, and Blake, Kerr, and Boyd, as counsel for the township, appeared before the Court of Queen's Bench to contend against granting the same. The result has been, as already stated, in favor of the Township, but the company will likely take the matter before the Court of Chancery and endeavour to have the decision reversed.

The Township had lost faith in the company because of their frequent promises and failures, and when the old scheme was assumed by the Great Western Company, who agreed to build it only as far as Blyth, they had still greater occasion to feel disposed to persist in their unwillingness to hand over the debentures. Should the road be continued on to Wingham as first intended, East Wawanosh would be ready to assist, but the road being under the supervision of the Great Western they are more sensible than to set about tapping their own roads, one of which passes through Wingham.

The people of Wingham have made some demonstration towards having the road continued thereto, but the effort has resulted in nothing definite. A bonus of $10,000 was proposed, but the persons present at the meeting considered that that sum could not be given by the town, but if Kincardine and Lucknow would grant $3,000 each the amount could be made up by Wingham. These two places, however, have discussed the subject and have postponed the further consideration of the matter. All these circumstances are working favorably to the scheme mooted in Goderich many times of having the terminus of the road here, and we think that by the exhibition of a little energy and liberality the boon could be obtained. We are sadly in need of a more direct connection with the Western States by railway than we at present have. London has grown to be the centre for a wholesale trade, and this fact is an inducement, such a route placing us much nearer a large business centre than we now are. Many apparent advantages present themselves, and we think that, the present hesitancy that manifests itself in the progress of the new road should be taken advantage of, the circumstances properly represented and inducements held out to the Great Western Company which the town might see in its power to offer.

Registrar General's Report.

The report of the Registrar General for Ontario is before us, containing a very complete statement of the vital statistics of the Province for 1873. There is some interesting information contained in it and a resume of that portion more directly applying to this County will be acceptable to our readers.

The year under review ended with the 31st Dec., 1873, and up to that time there were registered in the Province—27,552 births, 10,998 marriages, 11,069 deaths, showing an aggregate increase over 1872 of 5,057. Of the births registered 14,285 were male and 13,248 female, no sex being given in the case of 19, showing a majority of males, which is a remarkable fact inasmuch as nearly the same ratio is maintained every year. There were 290 pairs of twins born, and one case of triplets is reported; and illegitimate births are set down at 229. December seems to be the favorite month for entering into the marriage relationship, and August the least so. Between the ages of sixty and eighty, 171 persons entered the bonds of matrimony, and five over the age of 80 swore to "love and to cherish" their partner "until death did them part." One man at the age of 70 married a woman of 24 years, another 55 years old married a girl of 18, and a venerable gentleman of 89 summers united himself to a maiden of 54 years. The oldest woman married was 72, and she united herself to an innocent of 62 years of age. Two boys of 17 years were wedded to girls of the ages of 15 and 16 years respectively; and one man 22 years old married a girl of 14. The deaths show most numerously amongst infants, and more males died than females. The oldest person reported as having died in this year was Mary Rorke, of Athol, P. E. I., at the age of 115 years; and the number from 100 and upwards is 16. Miasmatic diseases have been the most fatal; only six cases of death by privation are reported, and 63 as the direct results of alcohol. Six murders were committed, and 28 cases of suicide are reported. The ratio of deaths is 110 in every thousand.

In this County the number of births were 658 males and 584 females, showing an increase of 52 over the previous year. Of the 387 marriages reported, 360 were legalized by license and 25 by banns. Under the age of 20 years, 98 were married, and over 60 years four were married. The increase in marriages over the previous year is 50. The number of deaths was 254 males and 236 females, of whom 132 were under three years of age and five of the age of ninety years and over. The number of deaths also ran a decrease since 1872 of 11. No murders or suicides are recorded, 31 were violent deaths and 110 resulted from miasmatic diseases and 36 died of old age. The sanitary condition of the County show an improvement, as a slight decrease is reported in zymotic diseases. The county is eminently a farming community, and this fact accounts for the majority of deaths being amongst farmers, 80 of that class having died in the year and 48 farmers' wives.

The system of registration of births, deaths and marriages has been successful in its results, and is of great usefulness and importance to the country. Some of the reports are not complete, but it is satisfactory to note that these failings are decreasing with every year.

Statistical.

The Finance Minister has already submitted the public accounts for 1873-4 to Parliament, and from the *Globe* we glean a condensed report.

The receipts account of the Consolidated Fund amounts to $24,205,092 for 1873-4, against $20 813,469 collected in 1872-3, or an increase on ordinary revenue of $3,391,623.

The receipts under the head of "Loans," including Savings Banks, besides Dominion notes, Dominion stock and debentures, amounted in 1873-'74 to $14,103,599. "Premiums and Discount" are represented by a sum of $384,327, and "Open Accounts" by $1,237,772; making a total of receipts from all sources of $39,930,791.

The expenditure for ordinary purposes, chargeable to the Consolidated Fund, amounted to $23'316,316. The redemption of public debt, and savings banks, represent payments to the amount of $3,858,259; "Premiums and Discount" are charged with $96,512, and "Open Accounts" (including a capital outlay of $5,254,698) with $9,253,787; making a total expenditure for all purposes of $39,524,876.

The report of the Minister of Inland Revenue was presented on Friday.—The following summary shows the revenue for the years 1873 and 1774:

	1873.	1874.
Excise	$4,513,194	$5,612,582
Public Works	636,799	672,120
Culling Timber	79,767	85,913
Bill Stamps	201,496	209,223
Total	$5,431,255	$6,580,848

The trade and navigation returns for the year ending June 30, 1874, have been presented to Parliament. The total exports for 1874 amounted to $89,351,928, and the imports to $128,213,552, representing a total volume of trade of $217,565,510. A falling off in trade has taken place since last year, but this is consequent upon the depressed state of business in the United States. The duties, however, are larger than in 1873, notwithstanding the decrease in business. The report states that 20,745,105 bushels of grain, grown in Canada, was exported. The annual grain production of the country is thus estimated:—Wheat, 16,300,000 bushels; barley, 11,400,000 bushels; oats, 42,400,000 bushels; rye, 1,000,000 bushels; buckwheat, 3,700,000 bushels; Indian corn, 3,860,000 bushels—total, 78,600,000 bushels:

Now that the West Riding Agricultural Society has become a reality, a question of importance arises as to where the place for holding the exhibition shall be. Opinions have been expressed as to the adaptability of some places over certain others. Dungannon, Manchester, Smith's Hill and Goderich have all been mentioned, but more particularly the two former as the most central points. Both these places are approached by good roads, but both have their disadvantages as regards central position. Manchester is much nearer the Eastern boundary and Clinton than to the lake shore and the extreme northern point of Ashfield, but in running a line from north to south it is very near the centre. Dungannon is very nearly equidistant from the northern point of Ashfield, Wingham and Clinton, but between east and west and north and south it is far from centrally situated. We shall not speak favorably of any place, as we expect the Directors will consider every circumstance with due consideration and decide wisely. But there is one question which is important, and that is the matter of accommodation, for man and beast which is a serious consideration. To ensure the success of the show visitors should have comfortable accommodation. It is on this consideration that Goderich is mentioned, to which place no objection is raised but that it is not conveniently situated to the whole Riding. However, farmers think as much of good accommodation as any one else, and the difference of a few miles would make but little difference to them. A central point is not the only consideration, but if any objection might be raised on this point, the town should make some proposal to secure the show here where it would be of great benefit. The matter is worthy the consideration of the people of the town.

The Caraquet riot has been ended. By the active measures of the authorities, the disturbance was put down but not until one constable and two of the rioters were killed. The leaders were arrested, and thirteen of them were tried and indicted on a charge of murder. The cause of the trouble was the endeavor to enforce the secularist school law of New Brunswick Caraquet is a village in Gloucester County, N. B. inhabited mostly by ignorant French fishermen.

Mr. Fowler is meeting with fair success in the prosecution of his railway scheme. In the County Council of Leeds and Grenville, certain townships petitioned to be grouped together for the purpose of granting a bonus of $200,000 and a by-law for that purpose was adopted.

Wiseacres predict that the approching Session will be closed by Easter, which falls this year on the 29th March, putting the duration of the Session at less than two months. Our opinion is the representatives of the people will experience April showers before the adjournment. So says the Ottawa *Free Press*.

The poet McLachlan, who has been visiting the scenes of his youth in Scotland, has been the recipient of marked honors at the hands of his friends in that country. They have presented him with a complimentary address and some valuable literary works.

Much talk has been evoked in the Dominion house by the conduct of Mr. Platt of East Toronto. He was introduced to the house by a Reformer and an Independent, and refuses to be styled a Conservative but insists that he is an Independent and free from obligations to the Opposition.

A petition has been filed against the return of John A. Macdonald.

FOREIGN NEWS.

England.—A race between the ships America and British Peer for $1,000, to be sailed from San Francisco to Liverpool, is now in progress, and their arrival will be looked for with interest. Both ships sailed from San Francisco on Dec. 8th for Queenstown.

The Earl of Yarborough died on Sunday, aged 40 years.

The Marquis of Hartington has been unanimously elected leader of the English Liberals. One hundred and thirty-seven gentlemen were present at the caucus.

The Queen's Speech on the opening of the prorogued session of Parliament, was delivered in the House of Lords on Friday. The relations of Great Britain to foreign powers are satisfactory. Her Majesty recommends the relaxation of the Peace Preservation Act in Ireland. The amendment of the Merchant Shipping Act, and the appointment of a Public Prosecutor are also recommended. The remainder of the Speech is chiefly devoted to home affairs.

Belgium.—Prince Philip, Duke of Saxony, was married in Brussels, on Thursday, to the Princess Louise, eldest daughter of the King of Belgium.

Spain.—The victorious progress of the Alfonsist armies in Spain continues, the Carlists apparently sustaining defeat in every engagement. General Zoma has defeated and captured the Carlist leader, General Agama.

Official despatches have been received at the Ministry of War announcing that eight battalions of Carlists made an attack upon King Alfonso's troops near Ortelza, making a bayonet charge, but were repulsed with great loss. Despatches are also received reporting other successes by the national troops.

Pampelunatis saved. King Alfonso entered the city on Friday.

The Daily *Telegraph's* correspondent asserts that the object of the Carlist attack at Otelza was to capture King Alfonso. He was known to be in the vicinity. Eight battalions of Carlists were engaged in the movement.

Cuba.—The news from Cuba gives evidence, not only of the undecaying spirit, but of the recent good fortune of the insurgents. In four different engagements the Spanish troops were discomfited and forced to retreat with considerable losses.

Germany.—Prince Bismarck is suffering from a nervous affection. It is rumoured among members of the Upper House that the Prince intends to retire shortly after his sixtieth birthday.

Africa.—Advices from the Cape of Good Hope, say that a large nugget has been found in the gold fields.

American.—The fastest railroad time on record is said to have been made not long since on the New York Central Railroad, by a special train, which carried a party of officials from Rochester to Syracuse, 81 miles, in 61 minutes.

Three men are under arrest in New York for robbing Adams' Express of $600,000 recently.

The United States Senate passed the Bill appropriating $30,000 to defray the expenses of entertaining King Kalakaua during his recent visit here.

A accident occurred on the 3rd on a branch of the South Side Railroad, Long Island, by which the engineer, conductor and brakeman were killed.

A Washington despatch says the "iron-clad oath," one of the first of the reconstruction laws enacted to keep the most active rebel leaders out of Congress five years ago, and which was modified to admit any and all unreconstructed rebels who might present themselves, armed with proper credentials, will shortly be restored to its original form.

Twenty men were frozen to death in Kansas, and several others had their limbs frozen during severe weather in January, and the present cold spell is almost as severe as then. The mean temperature during the month of January was 14° above zero, 5° colder than the mean temperature for eleven years previous.

A fire broke out on the 2nd in a shaft of the Osage Coal Mining Company, Kansas. Thirty men and three boys were in the mine at the time. While the fire was at its height the head of a man appeared in a sea of flame, he having come out of a very furnace. As the man was drawn to the surface he fainted. This was two hours after the fire began, and soon after a man named Marks bravely went down the shaft to rescue those who remained beneath the ground. They soon appeared, coming up one after the other, some with just sufficient strength to hold on to the ropes, and others unconscious. By 4.20 p. m. every man was saved.

Mexico.—On the evening of the 26th ult., a mob attacked the Protestant church recently established in Acapulco, by Rev. M. N. Hutchinson, Superintendent of the Presbyterian mission. The rioters were armed with matchotes and rifles. Mr. Hutchinson escaped and took refuge on a United States man-of-war in the harbor. Gen. Mejia, commandant of the castle, ordered out the troops and charged upon the mob. Four Mexicans and one American were killed, and eleven other were wounded. Among the latter was Mejia's adjutant None of the rioters have been arrested.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

THIRD PARLIAMENT—SECOND SESSION.

Ottawa, Feb. 4th.—At 3 o'clock p. m. His Excellency proceeded in state to the House of Commons, and was pleased to deliver the following speech from the Throne:—

Honorable Gentlemen of the Senate: Gentlemen of the House of Commons.

I have much satisfaction in meeting you at this early and convenient season.

I have to congratulate you upon the organization of the North-West Police Force and the success of its operations. It has materially aided in the creation of confidence and good will among the Indian tribes, in the suppression of the liquor traffic, the establishment of legitimate trade, the collection of customs duties and above all in maintaining the security for life and property within the territory. Another effect of the presence of the police in the North-West has been to enable the Government to largely reduce the strength of the military establishment in that country.

The negotiation of a friendly treaty with the Crees and Sauleaux of the North West for the cession of the Territory, may be regarded as a further guarantee for the continuation of amicable relations with the Indian tribes of that vast region.

During the past summer I had the pleasure and advantage of visiting a very large portion of the Province of Ontario, including the whole coast of the Georgian Bay and Lake Superior. An official tour enabled me to form a better idea of the great extent of the comparatively well settled country, and of that which is still almost wholly undeveloped. I was everywhere received with the kindest welcome, and was much gratified in witnessing the enterprise, contentment and loyalty manifested in every quarter.

Your attention will be invited to a measure for the creation of a Supreme Court. The necessity for such a measure has yearly become more and more apparent since the organization of the Dominion, it is essential to our system of jurisprudence and to the settlement of constitutional questions.

You will also be invited to consider a bill relating to the important subject of insolvency.

Measures will be submitted to you providing for the re-organization of the Government of the North-West and the consolidation of the laws relating to that country, and for a general insurance law and on the subject of copyright.

Gratifying progress has been made in the survey of the Canada Pacific Railway route. Measures have been taken to secure the early construction of the Georgian Bay branch and to provide a connection with the eastern railway system. The report of the surveys of the road from Lake Superior to Fort Garry, which will be ready in a few days, will afford information upon which tenders may be invited for the construction of the eastern and western portions of that section, so as to reach the navigable waters of the interior.

The accounts of the past year will be laid before you. The estimates for the present financial year will be also submitted, they will, I believe, be found to have been framed with every regard to economy consistent with efficiency in the public service.

I am happy to believe that, notwithstanding the general and widespread commercial depression which has prevailed over this continent, the trade of Canada is healthy, and that the contraction we have experienced in some branches of industry for the past year has not been greater than might naturally have been anticipated.

Papers will be submitted to you on the North-West troubles, and in reference to the negotiations between the Dominion Government and the Government of British Columbia on the subject of the Pacific Railway.

Steps have been taken during recess for a combination of efforts on the part of the several Provinces and the Dominion officials. It is hoped that the effect will be increased efficiency and economy in this branch of the public service.

I rely with confidence on your prudence and ability, and on your patriotic devotion to the great public interests entrusted to you, and I pray the Divine blessing may rest upon your labours.

The address was delivered in the Senate Chamber, and on the return of the members, the Speaker announced the vacant seats.

The new members were then introduced.

Mr. McKenzie laid on the table, amid loud cheers, the report of the Minister of Public Works for the past year.

Ottawa Feb. 5.

The business in the Senate consisted of discussion upon the Governor-General's speech.

The report of the Minister of Inland Revenue was laid on the table.

In the Commons an Address was adopted in reply to the Speech from the Throne.

Mr. Cartwright presented the Public Accounts for the year ending June 30th 1874, amid loud cheers.

The American Newspaper Advertising Agency of Geo. P. Rowell & Co., New York, is the only establishment of the kind in the United States which keeps itself persistently before the people *by advertising in newspapers*. They evidently receive their reward, for we have if from a reliable source that advertising orders issued by them for their customers have exceeded three thousand dollars a day since the commencement of the year, *and this is not a very good year for advertising either.*

LOCAL NEWS.

Cheap Bread.—Bread is sold for 9 cents per 4 lb. loaf, in Brussels.

Nomination Day on Thursday, at Varna.

Frozen.—Mr. Wm. Walters, of Goderich Township, had about 40 bushels of potatoes frozen in his cellar, last week.

Lucknow Markets.—Wheat 80 to 75, oats 42, bar ley 35, peas 65, pork $7.75, butter 20, hay $14.

Exeter Markets.—Wheat 80 to 85, Oats 37, Peas 70, Pork $7.75, butter 20, Beef $5 50, Hay $14.

Brussels Markets.—Wheat 81 to 85, barley 35, oats 37, peas 65, butter 20, beef 5, pork $7.75 hay $11,50

St. Valentine's Day.—This day, so important to school children and buddings, will be observed as a holiday by the young folks of Goderich. Cupid will be in his element, and will be busy with his darts, and many will be the hearts he will pierce. Lovers will be busy penning the tender epistle, and many will be the "valentines" left at the doors of the fair ones. Young Goderich will be astir early and late, and will do a good day's work this year, namely, Sunday.

Seed Show.—The spring seed show of the Tuckersmith Branch Agricultural Society will be held in Seaforth, on Thursday, 25th inst.

Runaway.—A horse belonging to Mr. John Treble, of Exeter, ran away in that village on the 1st inst. A veranda post was torn down, the cutter damaged a little and the horse hurt slightly.

Oyster Supper.—The Mechanics' Benevolent Society will give an oyster supper at E. Martain's Hotel, on Friday evening, Feb. 12th. We have received an invitation from Mr. Nairn, the Secretary and will be pleased to be present.

Market Fees.—The Kinburn Farmers' Club of Hullett meet with the Tuckersmith Club, next Friday night, to discuss the matter of imposing market fees. Both these clubs have severally pronounced market fees an imposition.

The Stratford *Beacon* looks not a whit the worse for the fiery ordeal through which it has passed. With commendable energy a new dress was obtained and from which the inside is printed. Such enterprise is worthy of commendation.

Plucky.—The Stratford *Herald* comes to us this week printed on a half sheet. The entire stock of the office was knocked into pie at the recent fire, and the present issue speaks volumes for the plucky proprietors. Their new out fit will be ready this week.

School Burned.—The school house in section 10 of the township of Grey was burned to the ground on the night of the 23th ult. The fire is supposed to have been caused by a defective stove-pipe. Insurance $550. The school is to be rebuilt at once.

Harsh Treatment.—The Exeter *Times* says that a lady teacher in the Exeter school is guilty of harsh treatment towards the schoolars. She uses a stick with a nail sharpened at both ends and stuck through the end of the stick, to thrash the children with.

Officers Elect.—At the Sunday School convention held here week before last, the following were the officers elected for the next Convention: President—Rev. C. Lavell, M. A., Seaforth; Vice-Presidents—Rev. James Graham, Goderich; Alex. Armstrage, Seaforth; Wm. Rodgins, Clinton; Secretary—Rev. S. Wilson, Mitchell; Treasurer—Mr. E. F. Moore, Goderich.

Judge's Criminal Court.—Jas. Rogers for assault on Samuel Jones, of Seaforth, was tried on Thursday, and sentenced to seven weeks hard labor in jail. Bruce Brownlee, of Exeter, was permitted to return to his father, the judge decided that he had made sufficient explation for his waywardness.

Accident.—A sad accident occurred at Blyth on Friday. While James Moore was sawing shingle-blocks his right arm was caught by the saw, and the elbow was almost cut out. The arm was amputated near the shoulder. He is doing as well as could be expected.

True Courage.—That man is truly courageous who will, such mornings as these, tell his wife to keep quietly in bed until he lights the fires and brings in a pail of water. It requires great determination to overcome the weakness and he avers that one good dinner will do him for a week. He gauges his capacity by the aid of a broad belt which he wears around his waist, and when eating he slackens it to the last hole where the buckle catches, and surfeits himself until his stomach swells, so as to tighten the belt. Then he considers that he has eaten enough, and departs again to the swamp. As the effects of his gorge die away, he gradually tightens his belt until the last buckle hole on the inside is reached, when he again becomes conscious of the pangs of hunger, and sallies forth once more in search of food. He states that he has a brother living in the township of Morris, but prefers to stay by himself, and says he is happy in his bachelorings. The poor fellow actually feels proud of his mode of living in summer time, but says that the present winter has thus far been a hard one on people who live in the swamp without a roof over their heads. The municipal authorities of Morris should at once take the necessary steps to have this poor creature placed in safe-keeping, as it is a disgrace to the community at large that any unfortunate being should be left to suffer from exposure without efforts being put forth to place him where he will not be allowed to undergo his voluntary privations. —*Post.*

We might add that Smiley is now in Goderich jail, being the third time he has been within its walls. When brought in on Saturday night, he presented a most disgusting sight. He was subjected to a thorough scouring on Sunday morning, and brought to something like a human appearance. His hair was very long and stuck firmly to the collar of his coat, and the hair being cut close to the scalp it was pulled from his head like a fleece, the most vigorous shake being insufficient to seperate the matted mass. His body was in a fearful state of filth, his face being literally black with dirt, except where in rubbing his face with his hands the moisture from his eyes and mouth washed some spots on his face. The water in which he was washed was simply muddy, after his scouring was ended. His clothes were taken from him—the wardrobe consisted of two vests, two coats, and three pairs of pantaloons—and when he was dressed in the prison clothes, he looked a splendid fellow. Smiley is about twenty four or twenty-five years of age, and possessed of a mania which takes this peculiar manner of venting itself. He is perfectly rational at present and no one would suppose looking at him in his present state that so fine and healthy a fellow could become such a degraded being.

SEAFORTH AND VICINITY.

From our Correspondent.

A Broken Leg.—A son of Mr Thos. Condon, of Egmondville, aged 15 years, got his left leg broken a short distance above the ankle, upon the night of the 4th inst. It seems that he and another boy were wrestling, or "tripping," as it is called, and the other boy hit him pretty violently above the ankle, breaking both bones. This happened between 10 and 11 o'clock at night. Dr. Campbell, of Seaforth, was immediately called in and set the fracture which is now doing well.

Oddfellow's Hall.—This hall is now completed and well furnished. It is one of the finest halls in Ontario. It is an honor to Seaforth. There is a fine store under the hall, which has been rented to Logan & Jamieson for a good figure. The whole building is worth about $7,000. The lodge has now a membership of about 140, and at the present rate of increase will soon be 200. The opening of the lodge was a very successful affair, the hall being crowded *inside* and *out*. A good sum was realized. We wish the brethren success in their good work.

Our Market Clerk.—Mr. Wm. Dorrance, so long and favorably known in town, has been appointed Market Clerk, with a salary of $400. Mr. D. will make a good market clerk, and no doubt will do well, as he is intelligent, polite and obliging, but, nevertheless, having a sincere sense of justice will no doubt do his duty without fear, favor or affection.

The dedication of the new Masonic Hall, will take place on Wednesday March 3.

Owing to the extreme dullness of the salt market and the low price of the article, the several works in town have closed for some time.

Mr. A. G. McDougall has disposed of his interest in the Brussels Cheese Factory to Mr. Wm. Baird, of Stanley, for $2,600.

Mr. Joseph Lake has sold his farm, lot 3, Con. 9, Tuckersmith, to Mr. John Govan for $3,020. The farm contained 100 acres, about 80 cleared. The buildings are log. There is an orchard on the farm. Mr. Lake intends removing to Michigan where he has purchased land.

Mr. Charles Mann has sold a half interest in his imported stallion, "England's Wonder," to Mr. Thomas Dawson of Belmore, for the sum of $900.

A meeting of the Council was held Tuesday evening. The salary of the Town Treasurer was fixed at $40, with an additional $10 for the discharge of the duties of School Treasurer. It was decided not to lump on a market fee during the year 1875. Wm. Dorrance was appointed Town Constable for the current year, at a salary of $350.

CLINTON.

From the *New Era*—The Clinton Council have decided to submit the market fee question to a vote of the ratepayers for their decision.

On Thursday last while Mr. Folland, hostler at McCutcheon's Hotel, was attending to his duties, he received a severe kick in the face from a horse. Although no bones were broken he received several severe and painful cuts, which had to be sewn up.

On Tuesday evening several boys were playing near the school ground, when a son of Mr. W. J. McCutcheon was tripped up by a boy, and McCutcheon falling, the other one accidentally stopped on his arm, dislocating it.

Special services are being held in the Methodist Church in this town. On Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday three services each day were held, and the attendance was very good. Ministers from neighboring circuits are assisting the pastor of the church, and a large number of members of churches contiguous are present at every service.

STEPHEN.

Minutes of former meeting confirmed. Petition to pass a drainage by-law laid over for future consideration. Mr. Miller's letter respecting a competitive examination, duly considered and conditionally complied with. Clerk, Treasurer, Assessor, and Auditors salaries as last year. Mr. Pearson and Treasurer to be a deputation to McGillivray Council. Various orders were granted. Meetings of council to be first Monday in each month.

C. PROUTY,
Tp Clerk.

BAYFIELD.

Sudden Death.—A Frenchman, Peter Musco, after being out on the ice, lifting nets on Monday last, remarked to his comrade that he was dying, and had scarcely uttered the word when he fell dead. Heart disease supposed to be the cause.

Fatal Accident.—The son (aged 14) of Mr. Thos. Stinson, farmer on the Maple Line, was severely kicked by a horse on Saturday morning, which he was taking to water. Dr. Woods was sent for, and was soon in attendance, but the wound was fatal, and the boy died in a few hours. Much sympathy is felt for Mr. Stinson at his sudden bereavement.

Stanley Branch Agricultural Society.—A meeting of the above Society was held in McCan's Hall on Saturday. It was decided to hold the annual dinner on the 24th inst., at McCanns' Hotel at 6 o'clock sharp. Friends and patrons should make a point of attending as a number of leading Agriculturalists belonging to the county will address the meeting. and it is needless to add that the host, McCann, is universally noted for getting up good dinners.

Card.—Robt. Bates & Bro. have dissolved partnership and the business will in future be carried on by R. Bates alone. He is now getting in a large stock of new goods, and continues selling as cheap as ever. Parties indebted to the late firm should notice the advt. this week, as the change in the firm makes prompt settlement necessary.

The first square timber for the Bayfield harbour has been delivered this week at the spot required, by Mr. Campaigne.

West Riding Agricultural Society.

In accordance with announcement, A. M. Ross, M. P. P., met those interested in the formation

Manchester House.

CROFTS & JOHNSTON.

OUR

GREAT CLEARING

SALE

Is going on. We are offering genuine bargains in

CLOTHING, GROCERIES,

Boots and Shoes,

BLANKETS, FLANNELS, FURS,

&c., &c.

WANTED.

200 Cords of first-class Wood at the Manchester House.

CROFTS & JOHNSTON.

The Brantford Murder.

A correspondent from Burtch, a small village near Brantford, referring to the horrible murder which occurred near there recently, thus details the dreadful affair:

"We had a fearful murder, about five minutes walk from the school house at Burtch, on Wednesday night (27th Jan.) last. A man named O'Brien was coming home from Brantford with his wife and little girl, and while coming down a hill a short distance from the corner, the sleigh ran against the end of a railing which is put up on both sides of the road to prevent teams from going over the embankment, which is pretty high at that place. The shock threw O'Brien and his wife—who were both drunk—out of the sleigh and down the embankment, breaking the woman's leg. O'Brien, who was stunned by the fall, on recovering, told his wife to get up and go into the sleigh. She said her leg was broken, and she could not rise. He at once began to kick her, and finally got a club and beat her dreadfully, tearing all the clothes off the upper part of her body and dragging her through the snow by her hair. A pleasure party happening to come along, and finding out what was wrong, some of the young men went down the embankment where they found O'Brien beating his victim with the club. One of the men knocked him down, while the others picked up the woman and put her into the sleigh. O'Brien got in and drove home. When he got there he dragged his wife into the house, and left her laying on the floor, naked to the waist, all night. Next morning she was found to be dead.

"O'Brien was arrested, and the coroner's jury returned a verdict of wilful murder against him. He has since been committed by the magistrate, and is now in jail, awaiting his trial. He has always been a notorious character. The feeling against him is very strong here, and the people are round even to talking of lynching him."

Communications.

DEAR SIGNAL.—In looking over your paper last week I noticed a terrible piece of composition styled "Fair Play" He appears to think a blacksmith in town ought to have some oats, peas or barley to grind, for he invites me out to his shopper. Then he commences about harrows that he says I am afraid of. I must say I never saw the harrow nor the man that made them, that I was afraid of. I am very much obliged to Charley for sending in those two sets of harrows. Poor things, they remained in the Colborne back yard till I sold 47 sets. Charley missed it by sending them here, for they were inspected by a great many practical men and found to be very deficient in workmanship. "Fair Play" also styles Charley's harrows as the Scotch Diamond, which shows you all he knows about Scotchmen. Tie a set of my harrows to a set of Charley's and hitch a good strong team of horses to each, pulling different ways, and you will soon see which is the Scotch harrow. My harrow is the lightest, strongest, toughest and hardest harrow made in Canada or the United States. This "Fair Play" man reminds me of a wolf that got his dander up and went to a cooling stream but was too mad to stop the drink, so he went up the stream and and saw an innocent lamb near by and pounced on it and said it was troubling the water so that no one could get a drink down the stream. I hope "Fair Play" will feel the eye teeth of the farmer, as sharp as the lamb felt those of the wolf, or he is done with him. He goes on to say that I am a *poet*. I can assure him I never composed a verse of poetry in my life. It appears to me there must have been a mad dog about Porter's Mill lately, for this "Fair Play" man sticks at nothing; he says I do not tell the truth about the time I shewed my harrows at Clinton. It was just a year past last fall, and he says two years But it is not hard to account for his truth telling, for he has a rule that works both ways and that deceives him. His parents would do him a good turn to give him sixty five months and send him to D. Ferguson, who has a splendid assortment of rules that are rules. Then further one can scarcely think think by "Fair Play" that my father was the only Judge that year, but the fact is my father had nothing to do with the judging of the harrows, which can be proved. The only train he tells us his companion is that "Gresham's harrows were well introduced," which is true, and they introduced themselves. I did not draw them all over the country in one wagon, like Charley, to introduce them. "Fair Play" advises me to quit wrangling, but I think he should take that advice to himself as he was the first to wrangle. He says "anyone can make a plough" which proves he is no mechanic. I am sure he has many a miraculous escape with that mill. In conclusion I would say all the wrangling out there cant stop the supply of my harrows.

D. K. STRACHAN,

[We hope this is end of this harrowing matter. No good further than a pretty free advertising of the rival artisans has resulted from the controversy, and each ought to "rest and be satisfied."]

A temperance lecture will be delivered in the Town Hall, Clinton, on Thursday evening, the 18th., by Rev. Father O'Shea, of Goderich. The admission fee to the lecture is to be 25 cents, and the proceeds are to be applied to charitable purposes.

DRYSDALE

Now that the fishing season has again arrived every effort is being put forth, but the catches have not been exceedingly encouraging as yet, and to add still more to bad luck, the ice was blown out with upwards of 1,000 nets entrusted to its care. Fortunately [the wind changed next day, and on its return most of the nets were rescued, after many narrow escapes in obtaining them.

A night watchman discovered a heavy iron bar chained across the track of the Pennsylvania Railroad, near Paoli station, on Saturday night. It was moved in time to prevent a frightful calamity. The object is believed to be the plunder of the train and its passengers.

MARRIAGES.

In Clinton, on Feb. 2, by Rev. H. McCosig, Mr. David Noble, of Walkerton, to Miss Matilda Elder, of Seaforth.

At Brampton, on the 27th ult., by Rev. W. Burns, Mr. T. J. Thompson, of Toronto, formerly of Goderich, to Miss Maggie J., youngest daughter of Mr. James Sowell, Brampton.

At the residence of the bride's mother, on the 4th inst., by the Rev. R. Ure, Mr. Wilson Salkeld to Miss Jessie A. B. McLeod, all of Goderich.

THE MARKETS

Gold 1.14⅝. Salt, per bbl 90 to $1.00 retail; wholesale 75 to 80.

GODERICH, Feb. 10, 1875.

Wheat, (Fall) $ bush.	$0 87	@ 0 88
Wheat (Spring) $ bush.	0 85	@ 0 86
Flour (per bbl.)	4 25	@ 4 50
Oats $ bush.	0 40	@ 0 42
Peas, $ bush.	0 60	@ 0 65
Barley, $ bush.	0 55	@ 0 60
Potatoes, $ bush.	0 75	@ 0 80
Hay per ton	12 00	@ 14 00
Chickens	0 15	@ 0 20
Butter, $ lb.	0 18	@ 0 22
Eggs, $ doz (unpacked)	0 18	@ 0 20
Beef	5 50	@ 5 00
Pork	7 50	@ 8 00
Hides	6 00	@ 6 50
Wool	0 30	@ 0 35
Sheep	4 00	@ 6 00
Tun Bark	4 00	@ 4 25
Apples	0 75	@ 1 00
Turkeys	0 80	@ 1 00
Geese	0 60	@ 0 50
Ducks	0 50	@ 0 55

GLENTON, Feb. 10, 1875.

Wheat, (Fall) per bush.	$0 85	@ 0 87
Wheat, (Spring) per bush	0 85	@ 0 87
Flour, (per bbl)	5 00	@ 5 00
Oats, per bush	35	@ 37
Peas, per bush	65	@ 70
Barley, per bush	0 55	@ 0 55
Potatoes, per bush	0 60	@ 0 65
Butter	0 22	" 0 25
Eggs, per doz. (unpacked)	0 15	" 0 17
Pork	7 50	" 8 00
Beef	4 00	" 5 00
Hay	11 00	" 12 00
Sheep skins	0 75	" 1 25
Hides	5 50	" 6 50

BRUSSELS, Feb 1, 1875.

Wheat, (Fall)	$0 85	" 87
Wheat, (Spring) per bush	0 85	" 0 87
Flour, (per bbl)	5 00	" 5 00
Oats, per bush	0 35	" 0 37
Barley per bush	0 65	" 0 65
Potatoes, per bush	0 50	" 0 65
Butter,	0 20	" 0 22
Eggs, per doz. (unpacked)	0 15	" 0 15
Beef	4 00	" 5 25
Pork	7 00	" 8 00
Hides	6 00	" 6 00
Hay	10 00	" 12 00
Wool	0 30	" 0 35

TORONTO MARKETS.

Feb 9.—Fall Wheat 94c to 96c, Spring Wheat 91c to 92c Oats 45c. Barley 61c to 65c. Peas 65c to 67c. Rye 80c to 81c. Pork $8.00 to $8.50. Butter 22c to 25c. Eggs 25c. to 30c.

Miss J. Stewart, Agent for Cornwell's Self-Fitting Chart & Patterns.

The superiority of our Patterns is manifested in all parts. Now to satisfy yourself that this claim is well founded, examine them carefully, and compare them with others, and you will notice among other things that ours have different shoulder measurement, by which any shaped shoulder—high, low, square or sloping—can be thus accurately fitted. Again, you will observe in our patterns for dress-fitting, wants, the sizes of the darts are determined by a mathematical rule, thus' producing a perfect fit. For example—If a given bust measures 36 inches, and the waist 24 inches, the difference—12 inches—will be the exact amount taken up in the darts These two never-failing methods are embraced in our Patterns, and can be used by no other establishment. This is the only system in the world that will produce a perfect fitting dress or pattern. Furthermore, each separate part is cut with such exactness, that the whole, when brought together, fits perfectly. Lustres, Switches, and Braids, Gloves and Hosiery, Corsets and Dress Caps. A call solicited. West Street, Acheson's Block.

Mrs. Caroline Archambault, Comtesse du Chatel, has been condemned in Paris for the vulgar offence of shoplifting. She stole various fancy articles from the counters to use them as New Year gifts.

A colored preacher in South Carolina puts his foot on excessive bribery at elections, and crushes it. "Dis time," he says, "oh gittin' $100 for a vote is all wrong; $10 is as much as it is worth."

A despatch from Chico states that the desperate committed suicide through grief at the death of her husband.

Douglas Jerrold remarked that "it was better to be witty and wise than witty and otherwise."

New Advertisements.

Dancing Academy

I TAKE pleasure in making it known to the inhabitants of Goderich, that, the post quarter having been successful, I will be desirous to open the next quarter on FRIDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 19th, at the usual hours. Terms will be made to meet the wishes of my class of the past quarter as well as all others who may attend.

Terms—$1 for each couple per quarter, ladies and gentlemen teach private lessons if desired.

J. D. INGRAM,
D'ancing Master.

Address B.A. Hse.

1464

BAYFIELD, 3RD FEB. 1875.

Dissolution of Partnership.

WE THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY dissolved partnership by mutual consent.

Witness, Chas. J. Wilson | Robert Bates.
| Mathew Bates.

THE BUSINESS WILL

in future be carried on by me, and parties indebted are to pay up at once, and thereby save costs, as all a course must be balanced by the 28th Feb. 1875.

ROBERT BATES.

GEORGETOWN ACADEMY.

WINTER SESSION
WILL OPEN ON
THE 4TH OF JANUARY, 75

JOHN TAIT.

1453tf

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of John Thompson and William Slight Insolvents.

DEBTORS to the above Estate will please pay their accounts to us at once or in default be sued without further notice.

Goderich, January 26, 1875

GARROW & WALKER,
1459b Solicitors for John H. DeVarnes Assignee.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the Matter of John Payne An Insolvent.

THE Insolvent has made an Assignment of his Estate to me, and the Creditors are notified to meet at his place of business, in the Town of Goderich, in the County of Huron, on Tuesday the Sixteenth day of February, 1875, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon, to receive statement of his affairs, and appoint an Assignee.

Dated at Goderich, this 27th day of January 1875.

DUNCAN WATSON,
Interim Assignee.

SHIRTS READY MADE

OR MADE TO ORDER,

AT wholesale or retail rates. Fancy and plain machine and hand sewing to order.

MRS. LEFLER,
Hamilton St.

Next door to G. McKenzie.

1451-1yr

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Tenders for Grading—Fort William to Shebandowan.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender Pacific Railway," will be received up to noon of SATURDAY, the 27th of February next for the Bridging and Grading required on that Section of the Pacific Railway, extending from the Town plot of Fort William, near Thunder Bay, Lake Superior, to Lake Shebandowan, about 45 miles in length.

For plans, specification, approximate quantities, forms of tender and other information, apply at the office of the Engineer in Chief, Ottawa.

Plans and specifications will be open at the Offices between Lake of the Woods and Red River, will be ready in course of two or three weeks.

By Order,

F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Dept. of Public Works,
Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1875.

1449c

LOOK OUT FOR CHRISTMAS AT THE EXCELSIOR GROCERY.

NEW RAISINS, NEW CURRANTS, NEW PRUNES, NEW CITRON, SPICES, &c.

ALL KINDS OF CANNED FISH & FRUIT.

In abundance.

Teas, Coffees, Sugars, Syrups, Molasses, Tobacco, Cigars, Flour, Feed, Oatmeal, Cornmeal, Potatoes, Eggs, Butter, Cheese, Lard, Hams, Bacon, Shoulders, Pickles, Sauces, Mustard, Starch, Blacking, Soap, Candles, Matches, Brooms, Pails, Tubs, Washboards, Butter Prints, Tea Trays, Knives, Forks, Spoons, Lamps, Chimneys, Wicks, Oil, Coal Oil, Kerosene, Nails, Spikes, Horse Shoes, Horse Nails, Iron, Steel, Anvils, Vices, Grindstones, Axes, Hatchets, Hammers, Hinges, Screws, Augers, Bits, Tacks, Brushes, Twines, Cordage, Powder, Shot, Lead, Caps, Fishing Tackle, Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, Ammunition, Cutlery, Razors, Scissors, Knives, Forks, Spoons, Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Spectacles, Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Felt Overshoes, Felt Boots, Felt Slippers, Felt Soles, Leather, Crockery, Glassware, Stoves, Tinware, Woodenware, Willowware, Oilcloths, Carpets, Wallpaper, Window Shades, Fancy Goods, Toys, Dolls, Doll Heads, Doll Trimmings, Dolls' Furniture, Dolls' Cradles, Dolls' Chairs, Dolls' Tables, Dolls' Bedsteads, Dolls' Washstands, Dolls' Bureaus, Dolls' Mirrors, Dolls' Washtubs, Dolls' Boilers, Dolls' Pails, Dolls' Brooms, Dolls' Baskets, Dolls' Cradles, Dolls' Tea Sets, Dolls' Dishes, Dolls' Pots, Dolls' Kettles, Dolls' Ovens, Dolls' Tins, Dolls' Lamps, Dolls' Chimneys, Dolls' Wicks, Dolls' Knives, Dolls' Forks, Dolls' Spoons, Dolls' Jewelry, Dolls' Watches, Dolls' Clocks, Dolls' Spectacles, Dolls' Boots, Dolls' Shoes, Dolls' Rubbers, Dolls' Felt Overshoes, Dolls' Felt Boots, Dolls' Felt Slippers, Dolls' Felt Soles, Dolls' Leather, Dolls' Crockery, Dolls' Glassware, Dolls' Stoves, Dolls' Tinware, Dolls' Woodenware, Dolls' Willowware, Dolls' Oilcloths, Dolls' Carpets, Dolls' Wallpaper, Dolls' Window Shades, Dolls' Fancy Goods, Dolls' Toys, Dolls' Dolls, Dolls' Doll Heads, Dolls' Doll Trimmings, Dolls' Doll Furniture, Dolls' Doll Cradles, Dolls' Doll Chairs, Dolls' Doll Tables, Dolls' Doll Bedsteads, Dolls' Doll Washstands, Dolls' Doll Bureaus, Dolls' Doll Mirrors, Dolls' Doll 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Only a Baby's Grave.

Only a baby's grave!
Some foot or two, at the most,
Of star-dotted sod; yet I think that God
Knows what that little grave cost.

Only a baby's grave!
Its children even so small,
That they sit there and sing—so small a thing
Seems scarcely a grave at all!

Only a baby's grave!
Strange! how we moan and fret
For a little face that was here such a space—
O more strange, could we forget!

Only a baby's grave!
Did we measure grief by this,
Few tears were shed for our baby dead;
I know how they fall on this.

Only a baby's grave!
What are these set on mount
Too small a gem for His diadem
Whose kingdom is made of such?

Only a baby's grave!
Yet often we come and sit
By the little stone, and thank God to own
We are nearer Heaven for it!

ODDS AND ENDS.

A Paris paper says: "Violence is better than chloroform."

Every household has its acrobats—The pitcher and tumbler.

The sentinel who did not sleep on his watch had left it at the pawnbroker's.

Why are jokes like nuts? Because the dryer they are the better they crack.

There is nothing more hazardous than to be bothering an irritable woman with foolish questions on wash day.

"Too thin" has become obsolete. "Not sufficiently materialized" is the latest form in which this idea is clothed.

A man may be properly said to have been drinking like a fish when he finds that he has taken enough to make his head swim.

Never trust with a secret a married man who loves his wife, for he will tell her, and she will tell her sister, and her sister will tell everybody.

A Michigan man with a large family has been an emigrant fifty-four times, and has just sent to Texas for a pamphlet about the resources of that State.

A Cincinnati woman burned her husband's Sunday suit because he would not put on a buffalo robe and crawl around the back yard and play Santa Claus.

He who is wise now buyeth his girl's little brother something nice, and so getteth the little rascal to make himself scarce whenever necessary hereafter.

Why are sheep the least moral of animals? Because they gamble in their youth, spend much of their time on the turf, many of them are blacklegs, and they all get fleeced at last.

A genteel farmer in Massachusetts, a retired Bostonian, didn't know how to take a wagon wheel off to grease the axle, and so he bored holes through the hub and poured in the grease.

"This sudden round caused Buford to start; the arms which had been about to hurl Arthur away relaxed, quitted hold of him and Rosalie's boy fell and disappeared from the assassin's sight." Beginning of a sensation story in a New York weekly.

Broway Bunker of Carmel loafed around all day trying to get the highest bid for his vote. He wanted three dollars; but just as they were about to compromise on two dollars and a half, the sun went down and the inspector declared the polls closed. All he remarked was, "Great Cæsar! is it possible I'm not in time to vote for the Constitutional amendment prohibiting bribery at elections."

There were 1,260 accidents, more or less serious, including three fatal accidents, in Paris on New Year's night, when the pavements and roads were sheeted with ice. Some of the cafes resembled ambulances, and, all vehicles having broken down or disappeared, the people had to walk home from the theatres, some of them insuring safety by taking off their shoes.

An Express Agent has been robbed and nearly murdered by some parties at Memphis, Tennessee, who hired an office with a front and back entrance and had a small parcel of money sent to them. When the messenger made his appearance they threw a rope round his neck, drew a bag over his head and beat him almost to death, escaping by the back way with the other parcels of money which the agent had for delivery.

Sisters.—There is nothing so beneficially educating to a young man as the companionship of sisters. They laugh him out of those little awkwardnesses of manner which otherwise might become habitual. They refine him unconsciously in all matters of taste and politeness. They nip the little buds of puppyism which, under other circumstances, might flaunt their flowers before less partial eyes. When brothers refuse to accompany their sisters, in order to dance attendance upon other young ladies, let them remember who made them presentable and agreeable to "the other young ladies."

A Woman died at Pittstown, Rensselaer County, N. Y. the other day at the great age of 105 years, after a life which had in it something of romance. Mrs. Manchester was married when a young woman, and was deserted by her husband, who went off to Canada. Several years after when she sought him there, she found him married again. As he begged piteously, the mean fellow, not to be exposed, she calmly left him, and returning home, sent one of his sons to live with his father. Another son, now 70 years old, has lived at Pittstown and cared for his injured mother faithfully. He promised to remain single and live with his mother so long as she should be spared to him; and he has kept his word.

Johnny's Essay on "The Toad"—Todes are like frogs, but more dignity, and when you come to think of it, frogs is wetter. The warts which todes is noted for can't be cured, for they is cronick, but if I couldent git wel Ide stay in the house. My grandfather knew a tode wich some body had tamed til it was folks. Wen its master wissled it would come for flies. They cetches 'em with there tong, wich is some like a long red werm, but more like litenin, only litenin haint got no gum onto it. The fli feil be a standin a rubbin its hind legs together and a thinkin wat a fine fli it is, and the tode a sestin some distance away like it was a sheep. Wile you are seein the fli as plane as ever you see any thing, all at once it aint there, Then the tode he looks up at you sollem, out of his eyes, like he said wat's become of that fli? but you kno he et it.

The Russian Army.—When the system of universal liability to military service is in full operation, the Russian army will consist in time of peace of 900,000 field troops, 120,000 garrison troops, 80,000 local troops, and 68,000 special troops. To these will be added, in time of war, 164 reserve battalions (206,000), and 199 depot battalions (257,000 men), making 1,700,000 regular troops in all. It will take some time before these troops can all be made available for active service after war has actually broken out; but the following force will be at the immediate disposal of the Government in such an event—730,000 field troops, 129,000 garrison troops, 80,000 local troops, 206,000 reserve, 257,000 depot troops, and 70,000 Cossacks. This will make a total of 1,465,000 men, or 163,000 more than the regular troops at the disposal of Germany. Of the field troops Russia would have only about 50,000 more than Germany.

Melancholy husband, to his affectionate wife: "If I should die, my dear, where would you get" Affectionate wife: "Got Why, I should go after your life insurance money, of course."

To Preserve Autumn Leaves.—If they are slightly withered when brought home put in water over night, and they will become smooth. Wipe carefully with a soft towel and lay between sheets of pourous paper, this results on common printers' in the best; only have three or four layers between the leaves. Press these with a moderately hot iron for about three minutes, then arrange the leaves on card board, fasten them with a solution of gum-tragacanth, which is not so apt to crack as gum-arabic, and when dry brush with white mons varnish.

Baking Apple Dumplings (a plain family dish).—Six apples, ½lb. of suet crust, sugar to taste. Pare and take out the cores of the apples without dividing them, and make ½lb. of suet crust; roll the apples in the crust, previously sweetening them with moist sugar, and taking care to join the paste nicely. When they are formed into round balls, put them on a tin, and bake them for about ¾ hour, or longer should the apples be very large; arrange them pyramidally on a dish, and sift over them some pounded white sugar. These may be made richer by using puff paste instead of suet.

Gingerbread Nuts.—1. Six ounces of flour, two ounces of sugar, two ounces of butter, molasses and ginger "by rule of thumb," to make a stiff paste; or two and a quarter pounds of flour, one and a half pounds of molasses, ten ounces of butter, three quarters of a pound of moist sugar, two ounces of lemon peel, and one ounce of ginger. Bake in a quick oven. 2. One pound of golden syrup, one and a half pounds of flour, one and a half pounds of butter, one and a half pounds of sugar, and one ounce of ground ginger. Half the butter and sugar to be melted together; mix well, and roll out very thin; cut to size required with a pastry cutter, and bake in a quick oven.

"I hope you find your tea good, gentlemen," said a bachelor housekeeper to his guests. "Yes," replied one of the guests, "the tea is good, but—ah—the water is deuced smoky."

Montenegro is a kind of half independent principality, bordering upon the Adriatic sea. Its area is about 1,500 square miles, and its population is said not to be over 120,000. Mr. Bronlewski, a Russian naval officer who travelled in Montenegro, says of the people:—"A Montenegrin is always armed and carries about during the most peaceful occupation a smooth barrelled gun, pistols, a long knife worn in the girdle and a cartridge box. Inhabiting mountains which present at every step passes where a handful of brave men may arrest the progress of an army, the Montenegrins are not afraid of a surprise, particularly as they have on their frontier a constant guard; and the whole of their force may be collected within 24 hours upon the threatened point.—When the enemy is in great force they burn their villages, devastate their fields, and, after having enticed him into the mountains, they surround him and attack him in a most desperate manner. When the country is in danger they forget all personal feelings of private advantage and enmity; they obey the orders of their chief, and, like gallant republicans, they consider it a happiness and a grace of God to die in battle. It is in such a case that they appear as real warrior; but beyond the limits of their country they are savage barbarians, who destroy everything with fire and sword. The heads of the slain are exhibited as trophies, and medals are given to those who have taken a stated number."

What a Wonderful Discovery is Perry Davis' Pain-Killer! It not only cures the ills of the human family, but but is also the sure remedy for horses with colic. It has never been known to fail in a cure of the worst cases; and for sprains, galls, &c., it never fails—try it once. Directions accompany each bottle. Sold by druggists generally.—*Kenton County (Ky). Democrat.*

Coughs and Colds, when left to themselves, frequently bring on pulmonary complaints, which lead to that distressing and fatal disease, consumption; but if attended to in time, "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers" are a certain remedy. They stop the irritating cough, and soothe and strengthen the bronchial tubes, allaying all irritations and inflamation. They are also particularly adapted for the use of singers and public speakers. Sold by all druggists and country dealers. Price 25 cents per box.

The Erie Canal.—This canal is 360 miles in length, and the tolls collected upon is for 1861 amounted to over three million dollars, which is nearly double the amount collected in any previous year; and while our neighbors have so much reason to be pleased at this result it is gratifying to know that the sales of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," for the cure of coughs, colds, sprains, bruise rheumatism, frost-bites, chilblains, &c., is increasing much faster. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cents per bottle.

Carelessness.—Many persons neglect their horses' health and condition until it is too late, when at a trifling expense and no trouble the horse might have been saved if attended to in time—To all who may have occasion to use an article of the kind we would confidently recommend "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy;" it is without doubt the best preparation in use, as thousands who have used it testify. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

ELECTRICITY.

THOMAS'
Excelsior Eclectric Oil.
Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold!

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest Medicine ever made. One dose cures common Sore Throat. One bottle has cured Bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an Old Standing Cough. It positively cures Catarrh Asthma and Croup. Fifty cents worth has cured Crick in the Back, and the same quantity Lame Back of eight years standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most sceptical. J. Gillard, of Sparta, Ont., writes: "Send me 3 doz. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have sold all I had from you and want more now; it is a good and wonderful." Wm. Maguire, of Franklin, writes, "I have sold all the agent left, it acts like a charm—it was slow at first but taken splendidly now." H. Cole, of Iona, writes, "please forward 6 dozen Thomas' Eclectric Oil. I am nearly out; nothing equals it. It is highly recommended by those who have used it." J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes—"Send at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well and give such general satisfaction." J. Thompson, Woodford, writes—"Send me some more Eclectric Oil, I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it." Miller & Reed Ulverton, P.Q., write—"The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay." Lemoyne, Gibb & Co., Buckingham, P.Q., write—"Send us one gross Eclectric Oil, we find it to take well."

☞Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cents.
S. N. THOMAS, Prop'r, N. Y., And
NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Sole Agent for the Dominion.
Note.—*Eclectric*—Selected and Electrized.—3m.

☞Sold in Goderich, by Geo. Cattle, F. Jordan J. Bond; Gardiner & Co., Bayfield; Jas. Benthum Rogerville; J. Packard, Exeter; G. Berry, Lucknow; and J. M. Roberts, Dungannon.

OYSTERS
AT
D. Ferguson's,
DIRECT FROM BALTIMORE.
Sold by the Measure.
Will be kept constantly on hand
DURING THE WINTER.
Restaurants and supper parties supplied at special rates.
Goderich, Dec. 15, 1874. 1451-tf

Special Notices.

Hagyard's Yellow Compound and Compound Pulmonic Balsam. Combining a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of selected excipients, Dr. Sage has provided our fellow-citizens with a delicately palatable preparation, which may safely be taken by the delicate, nervous and invalid, by the aged and infirm, by the young and middle aged, and by all who require a tonic, or a mild yet thoroughly efficacious cathartic. Hundreds of testimonials can be shown, and many of our best citizens will testify to the wonderful curative powers of these medicines. We may mention a few of the diseases for which they are a specific: Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Costiveness, Piles, Dizziness, Headache, Jaundice, Dropsy, Ague and Fever, Female Weakness, Nervous Debility, Want of Appetite, Want of Sleep, Want of Strength, Want of Vitality, Want of Blood, and a properly nourished and well balanced system. Sold by all druggists.

Brown's Cough, Consumption, and Consumption.—The remarkable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favorite. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Each packet is labelled Farrar, Mayo and Co., Homœopathic Chemists, 43, Great Marlborough-street and 170, Piccadilly. Works for Patent Preparations, Euston-road and Camden Town, London.

A PUBLIC CAUTION.

Holloway's Pills and Ointment are neither manufactured nor sold in any [illegible] may be obtained in the B. N. American Provinces.

Each Pot and Box bears the *British Government Stamp*, with the words, "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, London," engraved thereon.

It has become necessary to make this announcement, because the New York Chemical Company (who pay nobody), finding at last that their name has been so exposed, have assumed the title of "Holloway and Co.;" but, even now, no one will buy their medicines direct from them, so that they have made arrangements to supply exclusively the firm of Messrs. Henry and Co., of New York, with their so-called "Holloway's Pills and Ointment."

It is presumed that, from the large connection Messrs. Henry and Co. have in the British Provinces and elsewhere, the public is very likely to be imposed upon by unscrupulous vendors and others unless they exercise great caution to prevent their being misled, by finding these medicines bearing a stamp with the name of "Holloway and Co., New York," printed thereon.

Many respectable Firms in the British Provinces, who obtain my medicines direct from here, have very properly suggested that I should, for the benefit of themselves and the public, insert their names in the papers, that it may be known that my medicines can be had genuine from them.

The following is a list of the Firms alluded to; and I particularly recommend those who desire to get my medicines only to apply to some of the Houses named:—

Messrs. Avery, Brown & Co., Halifax, N. S.
Messrs. Forsyth & Co., Halifax, N. S.
Messrs. T. B. Barker & Sons, St. John, N. B.
Mr. T. Dos Brissy, Charlotte Town, P. E. I.
Messrs. Langley & Co., Victoria, B. C.
Messrs. Moore & Co., Victoria, B. C.
Dr. John Pallen, Chatham, N. B.
Messrs. Munro & Co., Montreal.
Messrs. J. Winer & Co., Hamilton, Ont.
Mr. H. J. Rose, Toronto.
Mr. A. Chipman Smith, St. John, N. B.
Mr. John Hound, Goderich, Ont.
Messrs. Elliot & Co., Toronto.
Mr. J. Chaloner, St. John, N. B.
Messrs. Hanington Bros., St. John, N. B.
Mr. R. S. Priddy, Windsor, Ont.
Mrs. Orpen, Morden, N. S.
Mr. George C. Hunt, Jun., Fredericton, N. B.
Mr. W. H. Thompson, Harbor Grace, N. F.
Mr. J. M. Wiley, Fredericton, N. B.
Messrs. W. & D. Yuile, Montreal.

The medicines are sold at the lowest wholesale prices, in quantities of not less less than £20 worth—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, for which remittances must be sent in advance.

Chemists and other vendors of Holloway's genuine Pills and Ointment may have their names inserted in the local papers if they will please apply here—

THOMAS HOLLOWAY.
533, Oxford Street, W. C.,
London March 31st, 1874.

One of the most frequent results of depraved nutrition, caused by indigestion and imperfect assimilation of food, is the unsightly eruption which disfigures the face of so many people. The blood being poor and deficient in material for repairing and building up the tissues, does not properly nourish the skin, and disagreeable humors manifest themselves, the general health at the same time becoming impaired. Radical and permanent cure results from restoring the digestive apparatus, and vitalizing the circulation, which is effected by Dr. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya a purely physological blood-maker and purifier that imparts great freshness of tone and color to the complexion by promoting nutrition.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER.

As a family medicine, it is well and favorably known, relieving thousands from pain in the *Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c.*

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single dissatisfaction, where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effect.

We speak from experience in the matter, having tested it thoroughly; and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended, may depend upon it being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer in curing the diseases for which it is recommended and its wonderful effects in subduing the torturous pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections entitle it to high rank in the list of Remedies. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and we feel gratifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it as Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after trying it.

Price, only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

☞Sold in Goderich, by Geo. Cattle, F. Jordan & J. Bond; Gardiner & Co. Bayfield; Jas. Benthum, Rogerville; J. Pickard, Exeter; G. W. Berry, Lucknow; J. M. Roberts, Dungannon.

THE GREAT FEMALE REMEDY
Job Moses' Periodical Pills.

This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions and a speedy cure may be relied on

TO MARRIED LADIES

It is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

These Pills should not be taken by females during the FIRST THREE MONTHS of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all Cases of Nervous & Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue or slight exertion, Palpitation of the heart, Hysterics, and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package which should be carefully preserved.

ON MONEY, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

1.00 and 13½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle containing over 50 pills by return mail.

NORTHRUP & LYMAN
Toronto,
General Agents for Canada

☞Sold in Goderich by Geo. Cattle, F. Jordan & J. Bond; Gardiner & Co. Bayfield; J. Benthum, Rodgerville; J. Pickard, Exeter; G. W. Berry, Lucknow; & J. M. Roberts, Dungannon.

FELLOWS'
COMPOUND
SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES

The power of arresting disease displayed by this preparation is honorably acknowledged by the medical faculty in every section where it has been introduced; and the rapidly increasing sale is the best guarantee of the estimation in which it is held by the public.

The Syrup will cure Pulmonary consumption in the first and second stages; will give great relief and prolong life in the third. It will cure Asthma, Bronchitis, Laryngitis, Coughs and Colds. It will cure all diseases originating from want of Muscular Action and Nervous Force, such as Enlargement of the Spleen, Dyspepsia, Rickets, Feeble and Irregular action of the Heart, Local and General Paralysis, Aphonia or Loss of Voice. It will cure Leucorrhœa, Chlorosis, Anæmia, and restores the blood to purity and health.

Sold By Apothecaries.

Price, $1.50; Six for $7.50.
JAMES I. FELLOWS, CHEMIST
ST. JOHN, N. B.

Special Notices.

PAIN-KILLER.

After thirty five years' trial, it still receives the most unqualified testimonials to its virtues from persons of the highest character and responsibility. Physicians of the first respectability recommend it as a most effectual preparation for the extinction of pain. It is not only the best remedy ever known for Bruises, Cuts, Burns, &c., but for Dysentry, or Cholera, or any other sort of Bowel complaint, it is a remedy unsurpassed for *efficiency, and rapidity of action.* In the great cities of India, and other hot climates, it has become the standard medicine for all such complaints, as well as for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, and other disorders. For Coughs and Colds, Canker, Asthma, and Rheumatic difficulties, it has proved by the most abundant and convincing testimony to be an invaluable medicine.

It is used internally and externally.

Sold everywhere, Price 25cts.

PERRY DAVIS & SON.
Sole Proprietors.

Jan. 23rd 1875.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

CLARKE'S
WORLD FAMED
BLOOD MIXTURE.

Trade Mark,—"Blood Mixture."

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER.

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases, and Sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It Cures old Sores.
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck.
Cures Ulcerated Sore Legs.
Cures Blackheads, or Pimples on the Face.
Cures Scurvy Sores.
Cures Cancerous Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Clears the Blood from all impure Matter, From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of Testimonials from all parts

Sold in Bottles, 1 dollar each, and in Cases, containing six times the quantity, 4 dollars each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases. BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world.

Sole proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, APOTHECARIES' HALL, LINCOLN, ENGLAND.

Sold in England by all Wholesale Patent Medicine houses.

Wholesale Agents for Provinces of Ontario and Quebec:—EVANS, MERCER & CO., MONTREAL. 1358-1y

Cheap Cash Store.

SOFAS,
CHAIRS,
LOUNGES,
CUPBOARDS,
LOOKING GLASSES,
FANCY CLOCK SHELVES,
PICTURE FRAMES,
FANCY BRACKETS,
WASHSTANDS,
BEADSTEADS,
WHATNOTS,
PICTURES,
MATTRESSES,
TABLES,
COTS.

Or any thing in the Cabinet or Furniture line for SALE CHEAP FOR CASH.

Upholstering and Picture framing on the shortest notice. Remember the place.

JOHN A. BALL,
Next Signal Office.

L. S. WILLSON,

Sewing Machine,
PIANO, ORGAN, MELODEON,
AND
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT AGENT.

Showrooms, the Store formerly occupied by Johnston & Kerr, Hamilton Street, Goderich.

Only Agent
—{FOR THE}—
"FLORENCE"

Sewing Machine in Goderich and vicinity.

☞Celebrated Mathushek Piano from $280 up. 1368

G. H. PARSONS & Co.,
HARDWARE MERCHANTS,
MARKET SQUARE. GODERICH.
Have for Sale
MINK, FOX, and other traps, CROSS CUT SAWS, MILL SAWS, WOOD SAWS, AND BEST MAKES OF HAND SAWS, CHOPPING AXES, VARIOUS MAKERS AND PRICES. BOY'S AXES, HAND AXES AND BROAD AXES. COW TIES OF SEVERAL KINDS, LOGGING CHAINS OF ALL SIZES, GLASS, PUTTY, WROUGHT AND CUT NAILS &c. And a large assortment of all kinds of
HARDWARE,
At low prices for CASH. Opposite
MARKET HOUSE.
G. H. PARSONS & Co
Goderich, Nov. 28 1871

YORKSHIRE CATTLE FEEDER.

FOR FATTENING AND BRINGING INTO CONDITION HORSES, COWS, CALVES, SHEEP AND PIGS.

The Yorkshire Cattle Feeder
is recommended and used by
FIRST-CLASS BREEDERS

Stock fed with it have always taken FIRST PRIZES. Milk Cattle produce more milk and butter. It fattens in one fourth the usual time and saves food.

Price 25c., and $1 per Box.

A Dollar Box contains 200 feeds.
HUGH MILLER & Co.,
Agricultural Chemists,
167 King St., East, Toronto.
For sale by Druggists everywhere.

TICKS ON SHEEP.

Miller's Tick Destroyer, destroys the Ticks, promotes the growth of the wool, and improves the condition of the animal. A 25 cent box will clean 20 sheep, or 50 lambs. Sold by Druggists and storekeepers.

HUGH MILLER & Co.,
Chemists, Toronto
1441-m

Sheriff's Sale of Lands.

County of Huron, } By virtue of a Writ of Fieri
To Wit: } Facias issued out of Her Majesty's County Court of the County of Huron and to me directed against the Lands and Tenements of John Baker, Defendant, at the suit of William H. Verity and John Ross, Plaintiffs, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title and interest of the said defendant in and to the North half of Lot, Number eight, in the third concession of the Township of Stephen in the County of Huron. Which Lands and Tenements I shall offer for Sale, at my office in the Court House, in the Town of Goderich, on Saturday the seventeenth day of April next, at the hour of 12 of the clock, noon.

ROBERT GIBBONS, Sheriff of Huron.
Sheriff's Office, Goderich, }
12th January, 1875. } 1476tc

ERIC McKAY,

CABINET MAKER, UPHOLSTERER AND UNDERTAKER,

Begs leave to announce to the inhabitants of Goderich and surrounding country, that he has now in stock, and is prepared to manufacture every article in his line, such as FURNITURE of all description.

Mattresses, Bolsters and Pillows, Picture Frames ready made and made to order, on the most reasonable terms for Cash. Special attention paid to the
UNDERTAKING BUSINESS.
Having procured
A FIRST-CLASS HEARSE.
And keeps constantly on hand a large stock of IMPORTED AND HOME-MADE COFFINS, SHROUDS, Coffin Trimmings of every description. I am prepared to fill all orders in this Line that I may be favored with, on the most reasonable terms and on the shortest notice. Remember the old stand, opposite the Bank of Montreal, West street.
Goderich, Ont. 15th, 1874. 1443-3m

TRY
BUTTERFIELD'S
CHERRY BALSAM
FOR
COUGHS AND COLDS.
FOR SALE AT G. CATTLE'S
(late Parker & Cattle's)
DRUG STORE!
MARKET SQUARE GODERICH
1400

DOCTOR BALLOU'S OFFICE
No. 10 King Street West,
Three doors from Yonge St., Toronto.

As an evidence of his ability we give below a few of the testimonials of some of our best citizens of cures he performed when he was with us last which is, in our opinion, sufficient proof to keep him busy as long as he chooses to remain in the city, which will be until he cures every case he will take.

I desire that the citizens of Toronto and vicinity (to whom I am well known) should know of the wonderful cure that Dr. Ballou performed upon my son, William J. Spears, in this city, on January 16th, 1874. He had a very severe attack of Inflammatory Rheumatism, and was brought home from school at Oshawa in a helpless condition, and was confined to his bed, on which we carried him to the Albion Hotel, suffering indescribable torture, to be treated by Dr. Ballou, having little hope that he could ever be cured, after seeing so many afflicted with it for a lifetime. But what glad surprise awaited us. After one single treatment his pain entirely left him, his swollen knees and ankles became as natural as ever, and in three days he was, and is to this day, as well as he ever was. In any other age such a cure would be considered almost a miracle. If there are any who desire further proof let them come and see.

ACHIBALD SPEARS,
No. 469 Queen street West, Toronto.

I would cheerfully recommend Dr. Ballou to all my acquaintances, as his services to me were beyond all price, and I had tested the skill of the so-called best physician.

D. A. CAMPBELL,
175 Sherbourne street.

Dr. Ballou cured me of Lung and Throat Disease in three treatments, when I was so weak that I could scarcely walk to his office.

KATE ROSSITER,
201 Sherbourne street.

Dr. Ballou cured my daughter of Epileptic Fits which she had for eleven years, and she never had one after his first treatment, and before it she had them as often as eight to fifteen every week.

Wm. P. McMULLIN,
Hamilton, Ont.

Many other cases of Rheumatism, Dyspepsia Dropsy, Liver and Lung Disease, Heart Disease &c., may be seen at his office.

The Doctor also cures Cancer, Paralysis, Spermatorrhœa, and imperfect manor of all Sexual Private diseases. Treatments strictly confidential, and all letters addressed to him at 10 King street, West, will be attended to. Box 2045. 1443 1y

L. D. SINE'S
ESTABLISHED 1854
GIFT ENTERPRISE
The only Reliable Gift Distribution in the country!
$75,000 00
IN VALUABLE GIFTS
TO BE DISTRIBUTED IN
L. D. SINE'S
17ist REGULAR MONTHLY
GIFT ENTERPRISE
To be drawn Monday, Feb. 22nd, 1875.
TWO GRAND CAPITALS OF
$5,000 EACH IN CASH
One Prize $1,000
Two Prizes $500
Five Prizes $100
Each in Cash!
1 Horse & Buggy, with Silver-mounted Harness, worth $600.
One Fine-toned Rosewood Piano, worth $550!
Three Gold Watches & Chains, worth $300 each!
Three Gold American Hunting Watches, worth $125 each!
TEN LADIES' GOLD HUNTING WATCHES, WORTH $100 EACH!
1000 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all) worth from $20 to $300 each.
Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c., &c.
Number of Gifts 7,600. Tickets limited to 75,000!
Agents wanted to sell Tickets, to whom liberal Premiums will be paid.
Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-Five Tickets $20.
Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to MAIN OFFICE
Excelsior Building } L. D. SINE, Box 432,
Cor. Race & Longworth } Cincinnati, O

THE
Very Thing Wanted
NEW HARDWARE STORE
In GODERICH
OPPOSITE MARKET HOUSE.
SIGN OF THE CIRCULAR SAW

The subscribers beg to say that they have just completed opening out an Entire New and
COMPLETE STOCK OF
HARDWARE.
of all kinds which will be sold at prices that defy competition. Before purchasing elsewhere. Please give us a call.

B.—List of Goods sold, next week

G. H. PARSONS & CO
Opposite The Market House
Goderich June 23rd 1871.

One Box of Clark's B 41 Pills
Is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Graveland Pains in the Back. Sold in Boxes, 1 dollar, 50 cents each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.
Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE,
APOTHECARIES' HALL, LINCOLN, ENGLAND
Sold in England by all Wholesale Patent Medicine Houses
Wholesale Agents for Provinces of Ontario and Quebec:—EVAN, MERCER, & Co. MONTREAL

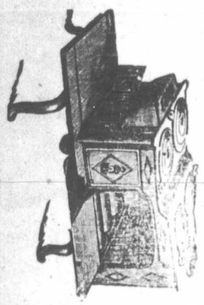
WANTED
A GOOD FIRE PROOF SAFE APPLY AT this office.
Goderich Nov. 16, 1874. t.b.

ATTENTION.

HARDWARE. HARDWARE.

PARTIAL LIST
of goods for sale at Parson's & Co's new Hardware Store, opposite the Market House.
NAILS, GLASS, PUTTY,
CARPENTERS TOOLS,
SPADES, SHOVELS,
SCYTHES, FORKS,
RAKES,
GRAIN CRADLES
MANILLA ROPE,
HEMP AND RUBBER PACKING,
LEATHER BELTING, all sizes,
WHITE LEAD, all prices,
BOILED AND RAW OIL,
BLACK OIL,
MACHINERY OIL.
TURPENTINE,
And all kinds of
HARDWARE.
For Sale Cheap,
BY
G. H. Parsons & Co.
Opposite the Market House,
GODERICH
June, 28. 1871.

Stoves! Stoves!



Eve Troughs and Conducting Pipe
Cistern Pumps, Lead Pipes, &c.
PLAIN AND FANCY
TIN WARE,
COAL OIL
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
☞Coal Oil Lamps, &c. Old Iron, Copper, Brass, Wool Pickings and Sheep Skins taken in exchange.
J. & J. STORY.
☞Sign of the Large Coal Oil Barre
Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 swl

Lands for Sale
BY
E. WOODCOCK,
CONVEYANCER
And Land Agent.

OFFICE—Corner of West Street, Goderich.

A Desirable Farm,

Situate on the 8th con., Western Division of the
Township of Colborne,
on the Northern Gravel Road, about 5 miles from Goderich, containing 50 acres of excellent land in a high state of cultivation. For particulars apply to
E. WOODCOCK,
Conveyancer and Land Agent, Goderich.

That valuable building site, suitable for a first-class Villa Residence, being composed of Lots 8, 9, 10, 11, 28, 29, 30, and 31, in the Wilson Survey of the Town of Goderich, containing in one block, two acres of land. The above eligible property has a frontage of about 330 feet on the Huron Road, and is well stocked with choice fruits. To be sold on reasonable terms.
E. WOODCOCK,
Office, corner of West street, Goderich.

Valuable Town Lots,

Lot No. 992, situate on the North side of West Street in the Town of Goderich. A splendid situation either for business or private residence.

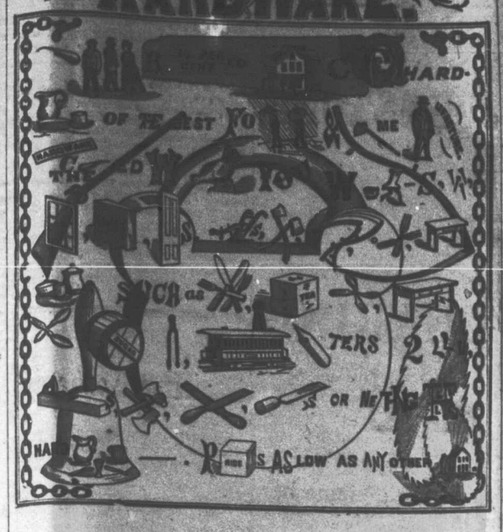
Lot No. 255, corner of Elgin and Wellington Streets in the Town of Goderich, one quarter of an acre.

Lot Letter "C" in the Village of Maitlandville, (or Bridgend place) with a good house thereon erected and garden well stocked with bearing fruit trees.
E. WOODCOCK,
Land Agent and Conveyancer.
Office—Corner of West St., Goderich.
1377

NEW BOOKS.
WALL PAPER, &c. &c.
Wholesale and Retail at Butler's. A beautiful assortment of
JEWELLERY OF ALL KINDS
just received, and to be sold cheap at Butler's. Fishing Tackles of all kinds, consisting of Reels, Baskets, Baits, Hooks and Lines of Superior kinds.
SELLING AT COST
AT BUTLER'S.
Goderich, 19th Aug., 1870. sw104

FOR SALE.
The cheapest, best and most valuable property in the Town of Goderich, being Lots No 53, and 74 with buildings thereon. Also Lots 712, 713, 714 and 723. For further particulars apply to
G. M. TRUEMAN, Or to JAS. SMAILL,
Goderich, Dec. 1st, 1874. 1450-tf

HARDWARE.



Solution to Rebus.

As it does read.—Awl persons R interested Inn Cure-in G Hard-ware of the best Fo-rain & Hoe-me Manufacture, Cawl on-the under-sign-ed w-Hen you w-Ant I-ron, Nails, Sash, Glass Door-s, Plows, Axes, Scythes, Forks; Table-ware, such as Knives and Forks, Tea-spoons, Table-spoons, Sugar-tongs, Car-penters Tools Plane-s Hatchets, Files, Chisel-s, or ne-thing I-s-in THE Hard-ware Line. P-rice-s as low as any other House.

As it should read.—All persons are interested in securing Hardware of the best foreign and home manufacture. Call on the undersigned when you want Iron, Nails, Sash, Glass, Doors, Plows Axes, Scythes, Forks; Tableware, such as Knives and Forks, Teaspoons, Tablespoons, Sugartongs, Carpenter's Tools, Planes Hatchets, Files, Chisels,—or anything else in the Hardware line. Prices as low as any other House.

It is very important that everybody should know that
D. FERGUSON
keeps the best and
CHEAPEST HARDWARE
IN GODERICH.
But it is equally important that they should know that he has now on hand a large quantity of
Lake Huron Fish in Half Barrels,
Which he is selling VERY CHEAP.

DAY'S
COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
ESTABLISHED 1862 ESTABLISHED 1862
TORONTO.
Design,
To prepare Young Men and others as Book Keepers, Bank, Railway, and Steamboat Clerks, Telegraph Operators, and for General Business.
Acknowledged
by Business Men to be a thoroughly practical business school. A large number of its graduates and members are occupying responsible positions in Canada and the United States, on their own as well as others' accounts, and by the satisfactory manner in which they discharge their duties plainly show the great benefit to be derived by pursuing a systematic course of instruction in accounts and business practice, under the supervision of a practical accountant and a man of business experience, before entering into mercantile life: and to which all, both Principals and employees, give their unqualified assent and endorsement.
For Circular please call on, or address, Post paid.
JAMES E. DAY,
Accountant.
82 King St., Hot.
College Rooms, Fourth Building West of Church