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First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL B.

An Act respecting the Boundary between the Provinces of Ontario and Manitoba.

Read a first time, Tuesday, 17th November, 1953.

Honourable Senator W. Ross MACDONALD.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

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1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA.

BILL B.

An Act respecting the Boundary between the Provinces of Ontario and Manitoba.

Preamble.

WHEREAS the interprovincial boundary between the Provinces of Ontario and Manitoba has been surveyed and marked on the ground by commissioners appointed for the purpose in accordance with the descriptions in the Schedule to the Act of the Parliament of the United Kingdom known as the *Canada (Ontario Boundary) Act, 1889*, and in the Acts of the Parliament of Canada known as *The Manitoba Boundaries Extension Act, 1912*, chapter 32 of the statutes of 1912, *The Ontario Boundaries Extension Act*, chapter 40 of the statutes of 1912, and *An Act to amend The Manitoba Boundaries Extension Act, 1912, and The Ontario Boundaries Extension Act*, chapter 16 of the statutes of 1950, which boundary line as so surveyed and marked is described in the Schedule;

AND WHEREAS, the legislatures of the Provinces of Ontario and Manitoba having consented thereto, it is desirable that the boundary so surveyed and marked on the ground be declared the boundary between the Provinces of Ontario and Manitoba;

NOW THEREFORE, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:

Short title.

1. This Act may be cited as the *Ontario-Manitoba Boundary Act, 1953*.

Boundary declared.

2. The boundary line surveyed and marked on the ground by commissioners appointed in 1897, 1921, 1929 and 1931 to delimit the boundary between the Provinces of Ontario and Manitoba and described in the Schedule is hereby declared to be the boundary line between the Provinces of Ontario and Manitoba, and in so far as the boundary line so described increases, diminishes or otherwise alters the limits of those Provinces, their limits are increased, diminished or otherwise altered accordingly.

Coming into force.

3. This Act shall come into force on a day to be fixed by proclamation of the Governor in Council.

Explanatory Notes.

The Boundary Line between the Provinces of Ontario and Manitoba was determined by the various statutes enumerated in the preamble to this Bill.

Owing to the fact that certain developments were taking place along the Boundary, and that mining claims were being staked very close thereto, and that prospectors and mining companies could not tell in which of the two Provinces their claims were situated, it became necessary to survey and mark on the ground the Boundary Line between the two Provinces.

For this purpose, Commissioners were appointed by the parties concerned and the Boundary Line was surveyed and marked on the ground in its entirety.

Once the survey was completed, the Provinces have requested that an Act of the Federal Government be passed declaring that the Boundary, as surveyed and marked on the ground, be declared the true and unalterable boundary between their respective provinces. To that effect, the Legislatures of the Provinces of Ontario and Manitoba passed Acts of Consent, as required by section 3 of the *British-North America Act, 1871*.

It is to give effect to the request of the Provinces of Ontario and Manitoba that this Bill is being introduced.

SCHEDULE.

Description by Metes and Bounds of the Boundary Line between the Province of Ontario and the Province of Manitoba.

Commencing at the most northerly point on the International Boundary between Canada and the United States at the northwest angle of the Lake of the Woods, as established by Dr. Tiarks and David Thompson under the direction of the commissioners appointed under Article VII of the Treaty of Peace and Amity between His Britannic Majesty and the United States of America signed at Ghent the 24th December, 1814, and confirmed by Article II of the Ashburton Treaty of 1842, said most northerly point being styled the Initial Point on the official plan of survey of the boundary between the Provinces of Ontario and Manitoba from Lake of the Woods to Winnipeg River, which said Initial Point may be more particularly known and described as being seventy-two chains and fifty links, more or less, due north of the most northerly point on the International Boundary at the northwest angle of the Lake of the Woods as determined by Article I of the Treaty between His Britannic Majesty in respect of the Dominion of Canada and the United States for the Further Demarcation of the Boundary between Canada and the United States, signed at Washington on February 24th, 1925, which said Initial Point is also one hundred and fifty chains and one link, more or less, due north from an iron post extending four feet above ground and planted about five chains northerly from the north bank of the Northwest Angle River, bearing the following inscriptions:—"October 20th, 1818" on the south side, and on the north side the words "convention of London" said post having been planted by the International Boundary Commissioners in 1872 to mark the boundary between the Dominion of Canada and the United States of America; which said Initial Point is also one hundred and ten chains and sixty-two links, more or less, due north from an iron post extending four feet above the ground bearing similar inscriptions and planted by the same authority as the above mentioned post.

Thence from said Initial Point due north astronomically along the boundary between the Provinces of Ontario and Manitoba, as marked on the ground by the commissioners appointed for the purpose in 1897 and 1921, a distance of two hundred and thirty-eight miles, thirteen chains and twenty-eight links, more or less, to a point at the centre of the road allowance on the north side of the twelfth Base Line of the system of Dominion land surveys, said point being thirty chains and fifty-seven links due north from a concrete monument on said boundary, which said monument is about three feet high above the ground and bearing the following inscriptions: on the east side, "No. 218 ONTARIO", and on the west side, "No. 218 MANITOBA", the said point being marked by a concrete monument about three feet high above the ground and bearing the following inscriptions: on the southeast side, "No. 220 ONTARIO", and on the northwest side, "No. 220

MANITOBA", said boundary from the Initial Point to the Winnipeg River being marked at intervals of approximately one mile in length by iron posts and mounds, each post bearing the number corresponding to the number of miles which it is distant from said Initial Point on the south side, the letters "MAN" for Manitoba on the west side and the letters "ONT" for Ontario on the east side, and from the Winnipeg River northerly to the point marked by the monument bearing the inscriptions, on the southeast side "No. 220 ONTARIO", and on the northwest side "No. 220 MANITOBA", the said boundary being marked at intervals of approximately six miles in length by concrete monuments bearing brass plates on which are the following inscriptions: on the east side, the number of the monument and the word "ONTARIO" and on the west side the number of the monument and the word "MANITOBA", said boundary from the Winnipeg River to the point marked by the monument bearing the inscriptions, on the southeast side, "No. 220 ONTARIO", and on the northwest side, "No. 220 MANITOBA" being also marked at intervals of approximately one mile in length with special posts and mounds, the posts bearing the inscriptions "Interprovincial Boundary" "Ontario-Manitoba", each post having also marked on it the number of the monument, the number of the bench mark and the year of the survey.

That part of the said boundary which lies between the Lake of the Woods and Winnipeg River is shown on the official plan of the survey of said boundary dated 30th April, 1898, and signed by Elihu Stewart, D.L.S., and B. J. Saunders, O.L.S., the commissioners appointed in 1897, and that part of said boundary lying between the Winnipeg River and the twelfth Base Line aforesaid being shown on a series of sixteen plans of survey published in atlas form in 1925 and signed by the Surveyor-General of Dominion Lands, and the Director of Surveys for the Province of Ontario, as the commissioners appointed in 1921, all of which plans are of record in the Department of Mines and Technical Surveys at Ottawa.

Thence in a right line on an initial azimuth of 44° 25′ 50″ along the boundary between the Provinces of Ontario and Manitoba, as marked on the ground by the commissioners appointed in 1929, a distance of eighty-seven miles, fifty-five chains and thirty-two and eight-tenths links more or less to the most eastern point of Island Lake, the said point being fixed on the ground in the year 1930 and being marked by a concrete monument bearing the following inscriptions: on the southeast side, "No. 295 ONTARIO", and on the northwest side, "No. 295 MANITOBA" and situated in about North Latitude 53° 44′ 19″ ·42 and in about West Longitude 93° 39′ 14″ ·91; said boundary from the point marked by the monument bearing the inscription on the southeast side "No. 220 ONTARIO", and on the northwest side "No. 220 MANITOBA" to the most eastern point of Island Lake being marked at intervals of approximately one mile in length by special posts and mounds, each post having marked on it the number of the post and the year of survey, and said portion of the boundary being also marked at intervals of approximately six miles in length by concrete monuments bearing brass plates on which

are the following inscriptions: on the southeast side, the number of the monument and the word "ONTARIO", and on the northwest side, the number of the monument and the word "MANITOBA"; thence in a right line on an initial azimuth of 38° 40′ 34″ along the said boundary a distance of two hundred and eighty-two miles, thirty-three chains and fifty-seven and one-tenth links more or less to the Terminal Point marked by a concrete monument about four feet high above the ground and bearing the following inscriptions: on the southeast side, "No. 457A ONTARIO", and on the northwest side, "No. 457A MANITOBA", the said point being twenty-one and four-tenths feet due west astronomic from the point where the eighty-ninth meridian of west longitude intersects the southern shore of Hudson Bay, as the latter point was fixed by the Geodetic Survey of Canada in the year 1929; said boundary from the most eastern point of Island Lake to the said Terminal Point being marked at intervals of from one mile to three miles in length by special posts of the same type as the special posts above described as marking the boundary from the point marked by the monument bearing the inscriptions, on the southeast side, "No. 220 ONTARIO", and on the northwest side, "No. 220 MANITOBA", to the most eastern point of Island Lake, and said portion of the boundary being also marked at intervals of from five miles to twenty-five miles in length by concrete monuments bearing brass plates on which are the following inscriptions: on the southeast side, the number of the monument and the word "ONTARIO", and on the northwest side, the number of the monument and the word "MANITOBA"; and as said boundary is shown on three plans of the Ontario-Manitoba Boundary, namely (1) from monument No. 220 on the twelfth Base Line to monument No. 295 at east end of Island Lake; (2) from monument No. 295 at east end of Island Lake to monument No. 356; and (3) from monument No. 356 to monument No. 457A at Hudson Bay; duly approved by the three Commissioners appointed in 1931 on the 26th day of January, 1953, and of record in the Department of Mines and Technical Surveys at Ottawa.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL C.

An Act to amend the Explosives Act.

Read a first time, Tuesday, 24th November, 1953.

Honourable Senator W. Ross MACDONALD.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82598

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL C.

An Act to amend the Explosives Act.

R.S., c. 102.

HER Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:

1. Paragraph *(d)* of section 2 of the *Explosives Act*, chapter 102 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"Factory."

"*(d)* "factory" means any building, structure, premises or land in or upon which the manufacture or any part of the process of manufacture of an explosive is carried on, the site on which such building, structure or premises are situated, and all other buildings, structures or premises within such site;"

2. Section 3 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

Her Majesty bound by this Act.

"**3.** Her Majesty in right of Canada or any province is bound by this Act, except that it does not apply to the possession, storing, sale or offering for sale, making, manufacture or importation of explosives under the direction or control of the Minister of National Defence."

3. (1) Paragraph *(b)* of section 4 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"*(b)* prescribing the form and duration of licences, permits and certificates issued under this Act, the terms and conditions upon which such licences, permits and certificates shall be issued, the fees to be paid therefor, and providing for the cancellation and suspension of such licences, permits and certificates;"

(2) Paragraph *(l)* of section 4 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"*(l)* limiting the amount of authorized explosives that may be kept in places other than licensed factories

Explanatory Notes.

The purpose of this Bill is to amend certain sections of the *Explosives Act* in order to remove difficulties that have arisen in its administration.

1. The purpose of this amendment is to broaden the definition of "factory" to include the site on which the manufacture of explosives is carried on and any building, structure or premises on such site. The present paragraph *(d)* reads as follows:

> "*(d)* "factory" means any building, structure or premises in which the manufacture or any part of the process of manufacture of an explosive, is carried on, and any building or place where any ingredient of an explosive is stored during the process of manufacture, and any building or place within a factory site in which a finished explosive is stored;"

2. Section 3 of the present Act reads as follows:

> "**3.** This Act applies to the possession, storing, sale or offering for sale, making, manufacture or importation of explosives by or on behalf of Her Majesty in right of Canada or any province except explosives under the direction or control of the Minister of National Defence."

It has been misconstrued as making the Act applicable only to Her Majesty. The amendment makes it clear that this section makes the Act applicable to the Crown in addition to the subject.

3. (1) The present paragraph *(b)* of section 4 reads as follows:

> "*(b)* prescribing the form and duration of licences, permits and certificates issued under this Act, the terms and conditions upon which such licences, permits and certificates shall be issued, and the fees to be paid therefor;"

This amendment will authorize regulations to provide for the suspension or cancellation of licences, permits and certificates, as for example, where the holder thereof fails to comply with any provision of the Act, the regulations or the terms or conditions of licences, permits or certificates.

(2) It is intended to amend paragraph *(l)* of section 4 by adding the word "conditions". Paragraph *(l)* now reads as follows:

> "*(l)* limiting the amount of authorized explosives that may be kept in places other than licensed factories and licensed magazines, and prescribing the manner in which it shall be handled and stored in such places;"

and licensed magazines, and prescribing the manner in and conditions upon which it shall be handled and stored in such places;"

4. Subsection (1) of section 5 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

Authorized explosives only.

"**5.** (1) Except as provided by the regulations, no person shall have in his possession, import, store, use, make or manufacture, whether wholly or in part, sell or offer for sale, any explosive that is not an authorized explosive."

5. Subsection (2) of section 9 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

No import without permit.

"(2) Except as provided by the regulations, no person shall import any explosive into Canada without a permit issued under this section."

6. Section 10 of the said Act is repealed.

7. Paragraph *(a)* of subsection (2) of section 11 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"*(a)* a plan, satisfactory to the Minister, drawn to scale, of the proposed factory, magazine or premises and of the site on which such factory, magazine or premises is situated and of all buildings, structures or premises thereon or proposed to be erected thereon and also of the lands adjacent thereto and all buildings, structures or premises thereon with a statement of the uses to which such site, buildings, structures or premises are or are to be put and the exact distances between the several buildings, structures or premises marked thereon;"

8. Sections 15 and 16 of the said Act are repealed.

9. (1) Paragraph *(b)* of subsection (1) of section 20 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"*(b)* fails to comply with any order, direction or requirement of an inspector made in pursuance of this Act or any regulation, in respect of which no appeal has been taken under subsection (2),

(bb) fails to comply with any order, direction or requirement of an inspector made in pursuance of this Act or any regulation, as amended or confirmed by the Minister pursuant to subsection (2), or"

4. By this amendment, it is intended to cover by regulations the exceptions provided for in sections 10 and 15, and others as they may arise. The words "offer for sale" have also been added. The present section 5(1) reads as follows:

"**5.** (1) *Except as provided in this Act*, no person shall have in his possession, import, store, use, make or manufacture, whether wholly or in part, or sell, any explosive that is not an authorized explosive."

5. This amendment will subject the importation of small arms ammunition to the same restrictions as other explosives. The present section 9(2) reads as follows:

"(2) No person shall import any explosive into Canada, *other than safety cartridges*, without a permit issued under this section."

6. See notes opposite section 4. Section 10 reads as follows:

"**10.** The Minister may issue a special permit to import, for the purpose of chemical analysis or scientific research, an amount not exceeding two pounds of any explosive specified in such permit."

7. With the exception of the words underlined, which were added to conform with the new definition of "factory", there are no material changes. Paragraph *(a)* of the present section 11(2) reads as follows:

"*(a)* a plan, satisfactory to the Minister, drawn to scale, of the proposed factory, magazine or premises and of the *land* on which such factory, magazine or premises is situated and of all buildings thereon or proposed to be erected thereon and also of the lands adjacent thereto and all buildings thereon with a statement of the uses to which such *lands* and buildings are put and the exact distances between the several buildings marked thereon;"

8. See notes opposite sections 3 and 4. Sections 15 and 16 read as follows:

"**15.** The Minister may issue a permit to manufacture for experimental or testing purposes only, and not for sale, any new explosive, upon such conditions and subject to such restrictions as are fixed by the Minister.

16. Where the holder of any licence, permit or certificate issued pursuant to this Act, has been charged with any violation of any provision of this Act or any regulation, the Minister may forthwith suspend the licence, permit or certificate of such holder until the said charge or charges has or have been disposed of, and in the event of the conviction of such holder on such charge or charges the Minister may cancel such licence, permit or certificate."

9. The present section 20 reads as follows:

"**20.** (1) Every person who

(a) fails to permit an inspector to enter upon any property, or to inspect, examine or make inquiries in pursuance of his duties,

(b) fails to comply with any order, direction or requirement of an inspector made in pursuance of this Act or any regulation, or

(c) in any manner whatsoever, obstructs an inspector in the execution of his duties under this Act,

is guilty of an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to both fine and imprisonment.

(2) Subsection (2) of section 20 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

Appeal to Minister.

"(2) A person who is dissatisfied with an order, direction or requirement of an inspector made in pursuance of this Act or any regulation may, within fifteen days from the day on which the order, direction or requirement was made, submit the facts respecting the order, direction or requirement to the Minister for his consideration and decision, and the Minister may confirm, revoke or amend the order, direction or requirement.

Certificate of Minister prima facie proof that no appeal taken.

"(3) In any prosecution under paragraph *(b)* of subsection (1) for failure to comply with an order, direction or requirement of an inspector, a certificate purporting to have been signed by or on behalf of the Minister stating that no appeal in respect of the order, direction or requirement has been taken under subsection (2), shall be received in evidence as prima facie proof of that fact.

Certificate of Minister prima facie proof of order, etc., as confirmed or amended.

"(4) In any prosecution under paragraph *(bb)* of subsection (1) for failure to comply with an order, direction or requirement of an inspector as amended or confirmed by the Minister, a certificate purporting to have been signed by or on behalf of the Minister stating

(a) that the Minister has amended or confirmed the order, direction or requirement of the inspector, and

(b) the terms of the order, direction or requirement as amended or confirmed,

shall be received in evidence as prima facie proof of the matters set forth in the certificate.

10. The said Act is further amended by adding thereto, immediately after section 21, the following section:

Offences in respect to application.

"**21A.** Every person who,

(a) in or with respect to an application for a licence, permit or certificate under this Act, submits any false or misleading information or makes any false or misleading statement, or

(b) makes an application for a licence, permit or certificate that by reason of any non-disclosure of facts is false or misleading,

is guilty of an offence."

11. Section 24 of the said Act is amended by adding thereto the following subsection:

Peace officer may arrest person committing offence.

"(2) Any peace officer may without warrant arrest any person whom he finds committing or whom he on reasonable ground suspects of having committed an offence against this Act."

"(2) An *owner or operator* who is dissatisfied with an order, direction or requirement of an inspector may, *before he is convicted under this section for failure to comply with such order, direction or requirement*, submit the facts with respect to such order, direction or requirement to the Minister for his consideration and decision, and the Minister may, before such conviction, revoke or amend the order, direction or requirement."

Under paragraph *(b)* of subsection (1) of the present section failure to comply with any order, direction or requirement of an inspector, made in pursuance of the Act, or any regulation is an offence. However, if a person is dissatisfied with an order, direction or requirement of an inspector, he may, before he is convicted, submit the facts to the Minister for his consideration and decision, and the Minister may before such conviction, revoke or amend the order, direction or requirement. The amendment now provides for a time limit to submit an appeal. If, on appeal, the Minister confirms or amends the order the person must comply with the amended or confirmed order. The certificate of the Minister to the effect that an appeal was not entered within the time limit constitutes prima facie proof of that fact. A certificate of the Minister to the effect that the order has been confirmed or amended by him, and the terms of such order, direction or requirement as confirmed or amended in the certificate also constitutes prima facie proof of those facts.

10. New. Some licences, permits or certificates have been issued on the basis of false or misleading information by applicants. This section creates a number of offences in order to prevent the repetition of such occurrences.

11. New. This amendment authorizes peace officers to arrest without warrant a person whom they find committing or whom they reasonably suspect is committing an offence against the Act. Some provincial peace officers were doubtful as to their authority to do this under the present Act.

12. Section 25 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

Disclosure of confidential information.

"**25.** Any person employed under this Act who without due authority from the Minister discloses any confidential information is guilty of an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, and is not thereafter eligible for employment in the service of Her Majesty."

13. Section 28 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

Certain powers of Minister may be delegated.

"**28.** The powers conferred upon the Minister by sections 6, 7, 9 and 12 and subsection (2) of section 27 may be exercised by any person designated by the Minister.

12. No material changes. The present section 25 reads as follows:

"**25.** Any *official* employed under this Act who without due authority from the *Department* discloses any confidential information is guilty of an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months and is not thereafter eligible for employment in the service of Her Majesty."

13. This amendment gives the Minister authority to designate the person or persons who may exercise the powers given him by sections 6, 7, 9, 12 and subsection (2) of section 27. The present section 28 reads as follows:

"**28.** The powers conferred upon the Minister by sections 6, 7 and 9 may be exercised by such person or persons as the *Governor in Council* may from time to time designate."

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL D.

An Act for the relief of Catherine Miller Mary Harris Dawson Coutts.

Read a first time, Thursday, 26th November, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

81472

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL D.

An Act for the relief of Catherine Miller Mary Harris Dawson Coutts.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Catherine Miller Mary Harris Dawson Coutts, residing at the city of Verdun, in the province of Quebec, operator, wife of George Coutts, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the third day of September, A.D. 1937, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Catherine Miller Mary Harris Dawson, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Catherine Miller Mary Harris Dawson and George Coutts, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Catherine Miller Mary Harris Dawson may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said George Coutts had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL E.

An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Ann Hunter Daykin.

Read a first time, Thursday, 26th November, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

81521

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL E.

An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Ann Hunter Daykin.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Elizabeth Ann Hunter Daykin, residing at the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario, passenger agent, wife of Reginald Gerard Daykin, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-second day of May, A.D. 1947, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Elizabeth Ann Hunter, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Elizabeth Ann Hunter and Reginald Gerard Daykin, her husband, is hereby dissolved and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Elizabeth Ann Hunter may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Reginald Gerard Daykin had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL F.

An Act for the relief of Martha Anne Sutherland Clarke.

Read a first time, Thursday, 26th November, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82704

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL F.

An Act for the relief of Martha Anne Sutherland Clarke.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Martha Anne Sutherland Clarke, residing at the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario, wife of John Leslie Clarke, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-second day of December, A.D. 1948, at the said city of Toronto, she then being Martha Anne Sutherland, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Martha Anne Sutherland and John Leslie Clarke, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Martha Anne Sutherland may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said John Leslie Clarke had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL G.

An Act for the relief of Phyllis Best Childs.

Read a first time, Thursday, 26th November, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82708

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL G.

An Act for the relief of Phyllis Best Childs.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Phyllis Best Childs, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, cashier, wife of John Christopher Childs, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the thirty-first day of December, A.D. 1938, at the town of Iberville, in the said province, she then being Phyllis Best, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Phyllis Best and John Christopher Childs, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Phyllis Best may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said John Christopher Childs had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL H.

An Act for the relief of Marilyn Clerk Merlin Clarke.

Read a first time, Thursday, 26th November, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82716

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL H.

An Act for the relief of Marilyn Clerk Merlin Clarke.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Marilyn Clerk Merlin Clarke, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, stenographer, wife of John Walker Clarke, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of St. Lambert, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the sixth day of October, A.D. 1951, at the town of Hampstead, in the said province, she then being Marilyn Clerk Merlin, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Marilyn Clerk Merlin and John Walker Clarke, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Marilyn Clerk Merlin may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said John Walker Clarke had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL I.

An Act for the relief of Kenneth Urban Lunny.

Read a first time, Thursday, 26th November, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82712

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL I.

An Act for the relief of Kenneth Urban Lunny.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Kenneth Urban Lunny, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, advertising executive, has by his petition alleged that on the seventh day of September, A.D. 1946, at the city of Westmount, in the said province, he and Marie Dolores Oliver, who was then of the said city of Montreal, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Kenneth Urban Lunny and Marie Dolores Oliver, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Kenneth Urban Lunny may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Marie Dolores Oliver had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL J.

An Act for the relief of Florence Bella Davis Baines.

Read a first time, Thursday, 26th November, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82845

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL J.

An Act for the relief of Florence Bella Davis Baines.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Florence Bella Davis Baines, residing at the town of Pointe Claire, in the province of Quebec, wife of Ronald Ellaby Baines, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the town of Spencerville, in the province of Ontario, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twentieth day of December, A.D. 1924, at the town of Hampstead, in the said province of Quebec, she then being Florence Bella Davis, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Florence Bella Davis and Ronald Ellaby Baines, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Florence Bella Davis may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Ronald Ellaby Baines had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL K.

An Act for the relief of Claude Arlington Root.

Read a first time, Thursday, 26th November, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82531

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL K.

An Act for the relief of Claude Arlington Root.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Claude Arlington Root, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Westmount, in the province of Quebec, general manager, has by his petition alleged that on the nineteenth day of November, A.D. 1928, at the city of Brooklyn, in the state of New York, one of the United States of America, he and Kathleen Elizabeth Gilloran, who was then of the city of Montreal, in the said province, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Claude Arlington Root and Kathleen Elizabeth Gilloran, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Claude Arlington Root may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Kathleen Elizabeth Gilloran had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL L.

An Act for the relief of Lizzy Weiss Nomberg.

Read a first time, Thursday, 26th November, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82825

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL L.

An Act for the relief of Lizzy Weiss Nomberg.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Lizzy Weiss Nomberg, residing at the city of Outremont, in the province of Quebec, office clerk, wife of Nachman Nomberg, otherwise known as Nathan Nomberg, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the fourteenth day of August, A.D. 1949, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Lizzy Weiss, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Lizzy Weiss and Nachman Nomberg, otherwise known as Nathan Nomberg, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Lizzy Weiss may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Nachman Nomberg, otherwise known as Nathan Nomberg, had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL M.

An Act for the relief of Mildred Elizabeth Sears Leighton.

Read a first time, Thursday, 26th November, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82319

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL M.

An Act for the relief of Mildred Elizabeth Sears Leighton.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Mildred Elizabeth Sears Leighton, residing at the city of Vancouver, in the province of British Columbia, cashier, wife of George Flewelling Leighton, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-fifth day of March, A.D. 1940, at the town of Greenfield Park, in the said province of Quebec, she then being Mildred Elizabeth Sears, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Common of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Mildred Elizabeth Sears and George Flewelling Leighton, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Mildred Elizabeth Sears may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said George Flewelling Leighton had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL N.

An Act for the relief of Margot Landwirth Steinbach.

Read a first time, Thursday, 26th November, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

81533

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL N.

An Act for the relief of Margot Landwirth Steinbach.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Margot Landwirth Steinbach, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, bookkeeper, wife of Adam Steinbach, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twelfth day of April, A.D. 1946, at the city of Leipzig, Germany, she then being Margot Landwirth, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Common of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Margot Landwirth and Adam Steinbach, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Margot Landwirth may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Adam Steinbach had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL O.

An Act for the relief of Pauline Noel Lapointe.

Read a first time, Thursday, 26th November, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82829

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL O.

An Act for the relief of Pauline Noel Lapointe.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Pauline Noel Lapointe, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, switchboard operator, wife of Louis Lapointe, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Outremont, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-sixth day of April, A.D. 1941, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Pauline Noel, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Pauline Noel and Louis Lapointe, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Pauline Noel may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Louis Lapointe had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL P.

An Act for the relief of Joseph Philippe Marc Andre Fortier.

Read a first time, Thursday, 26th November, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82837

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL P.

An Act for the relief of Joseph Philippe Marc Andre Fortier.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Joseph Philippe Marc Andre Fortier, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, mechanical optician, has by his petition alleged that on the seventh day of September, A.D. 1944, at the town of Scarborough, in the county of York, England, he and Barbara Mary Veronica Reid, who was then of the said town, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Joseph Philippe Marc Andre Fortier and Barbara Mary Veronica Reid, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Joseph Philippe Marc Andre Fortier may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Barbara Mary Veronica Reid had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Q.

An Act for the relief of Nancy Rachel Bonnar Barclay.

Read a first time, Thursday, 26th November, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82841

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Q.

An Act for the relief of Nancy Rachel Bonnar Barclay.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Nancy Rachel Bonnar Barclay, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of James Malcolm Ruthven Barclay, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-fourth day of January, A.D. 1941, at the city of Westmount, in the said province, she then being Nancy Rachel Bonnar, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Nancy Rachel Bonnar and James Malcolm Ruthven Barclay, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Nancy Rachel Bonnar may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said James Malcolm Ruthven Barclay had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL R.

An Act for the relief of Marusia Zozula Hempseed.

Read a first time, Thursday, 26th November, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82833

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL R.

An Act for the relief of Marusia Zozula Hempseed.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Marusia Zozula Hempseed, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, secretary, wife of Andrew Hempseed, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the eighteenth day of December, A.D. 1948, at the said city, she then being Marusia Zozula, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Marusia Zozula and Andrew Hempseed, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Marusia Zozula may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Andrew Hempseed had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL S.

An Act to amend the Telegraphs Act.

Read a first time, Tuesday, 1st December, 1953.

Honourable Senator W. Ross MACDONALD.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83144

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL S.

An Act to amend the Telegraphs Act.

R.S., c. 262.

HER Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:

1. Section 17 of the *Telegraphs Act*, chapter 262 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, is amended by striking out the word "or" at the end of paragraph *(a)* thereof, by inserting the word "or" at the end of paragraph *(b)* thereof, and by adding thereto the following paragraph:

"*(c)* authorized under the laws of Newfoundland as they existed immediately prior to the expiration of the 31st day of March, 1949, to construct or maintain telegraphic wires or cables, in, upon, under or across any gulf, bay or branch of any sea or any tidal water within the jurisdiction of Newfoundland, or the shore or bed thereof respectively, so as to extend beyond the limits of Newfoundland, and declared by proclamation of the Governor in Council to be subject to this Part."

Explanatory Note.

The purpose of this Bill is to empower the Governor in Council to apply Part III of the *Telegraphs Act* relating to marine electric telegraph companies to any company which, prior to April 1st, 1949, was authorized under the laws of Newfoundland to construct or maintain in Newfoundland waters submarine cables extending beyond the limits of Newfoundland.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL T.

An Act for the relief of James Alexander Stevenson.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

81468

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL T.

An Act for the relief of James Alexander Stevenson.

Preamble.

WHEREAS James Alexander Stevenson, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, salesman, has by his petition alleged that on the thirty-first day of July, A.D. 1948, at the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario, he and Marguerite Diane Westwell, who was then of the said city of Toronto, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between James Alexander Stevenson and Marguerite Diane Westwell, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said James Alexander Stevenson may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Marguerite Diane Westwell had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL U.

An Act for the relief of Vyvyan Holcombe Hervey.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82507

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL U.

An Act for the relief of Vyvyan Holcombe Hervey.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Vyvyan Holcombe Hervey, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, general manager, has by his petition alleged that on the fourteenth day of August, A.D. 1922, at the city of Calgary, in the province of Alberta, he and Dorothy Ada Kellett, who was then of the city of London, England, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Vyvyan Holcombe Hervey and Dorothy Ada Kellett, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Vyvyan Holcombe Hervey may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Dorothy Ada Kellett had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL V.

An Act for the relief of Gilberte Drouyn Serres.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83082

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL V.

An Act for the relief of Gilberte Drouyn Serres.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Gilberte Drouyn Serres, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, switchboard operator, wife of John Albert Ernest Serres, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-third day of June, A.D. 1933, at the said city, she then being Gilberte Drouyn, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Gilberte Drouyn and John Albert Ernest Serres, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Gilberte Drouyn may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said John Albert Ernest Serres had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL W.

An Act for the relief of Margaret Alice May Plinn Cote.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82239

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL W.

An Act for the relief of Margaret Alice May Plinn Cote.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Margaret Alice May Plinn Cote, residing at the village of South Stukely, in the province of Quebec, shop worker, wife of Henry Charles Cote, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Verdun, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the second day of April, A.D. 1944, at the said village, she then being Margaret Alice May Plinn, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Margaret Alice May Plinn and Henry Charles Cote, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Margaret Alice May Plinn may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Henry Charles Cote had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL X.

An Act for the relief of Stanislas Anthony Placzek.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

81476

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL X.

An Act for the relief of Stanislas Anthony Placzek.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Stanislas Anthony Placzek, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Noranda, in the province of Quebec, miner, has by his petition alleged that on the thirtieth day of December, A.D. 1940, at the city of Rouyn, in the said province, he and Ann Troski, who was then of the said city of Rouyn, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Stanislas Anthony Placzek and Ann Troski, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Stanislas Anthony Placzek may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Ann Troski had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Y.

An Act for the relief of Rose Enkin Carriere.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83070

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Y.

An Act for the relief of Rose Enkin Carriere.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Rose Enkin Carriere, residing at Ile Perrot, in the province of Quebec, buyer, wife of Auguste Louis Carriere, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the third day of March, A.D. 1932, at the said city, she then being Rose Enkin, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted; Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Rose Enkin and Auguste Louis Carriere, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Rose Enkin may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Auguste Louis Carriere had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Z.

An Act for the relief of Lottie Levine Lubotsky, otherwise known as Lottie Levine Kuznicki.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

81559

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Z.

An Act for the relief of Lottie Levine Lubotsky, otherwise known as Lottie Levine Kuznicki.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Lottie Levine Lubotsky, otherwise known as Lottie Levine Kuznicki, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, bookkeeper, wife of Carl Lubotsky, otherwise known as Konstanty Kuznicki, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-third day of September, A.D. 1951, at the said city, she then being Lottie Levine, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Lottie Levine and Carl Lubotsky, otherwise known as Konstanty Kuznicki, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Lottie Levine may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Carl Lubotsky, otherwise known as Konstanty Kuznicki, had not been solemnized

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL A[1].

An Act for the relief of Solanges Laperle Desjardins.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83074

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL A[1].

An Act for the relief of Solanges Laperle Desjardins.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Solanges Laperle Desjardins, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, stenographer, wife of Leon Desjardins, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-eighth day of January, A.D. 1952, at the said city, she then being Solanges Laperle, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Solanges Laperle and Leon Desjardins, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Solanges Laperle may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Leon Desjardins had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL B[1].

An Act for the relief of Jack Kaufman.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83078

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL B[1].

An Act for the relief of Jack Kaufman.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Jack Kaufman, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, taxi owner, has by his petition alleged that on the third day of February, A.D. 1949, at the said city, he and Helena (Ruth) MacFarlane, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Jack Kaufman and Helena (Ruth) MacFarlane, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Jack Kaufman may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Helena (Ruth) MacFarlane had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL C[1].

An Act for the relief of Selma Sara Schachter Lande.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G.,O. A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82752

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL C[1].

An Act for the relief of Selma Sara Schachter Lande.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Selma Sara Schachter Lande, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Theodore David Lande, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-eighth day of August, A.D. 1947, at the said city, she then being Selma Sara Schachter, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Selma Sara Schachter and Theodore David Lande, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Selma Sara Schachter may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Theodore David Lande had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL D[1].

An Act for the relief of Paul Joseph Simard.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

81892

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL D[1].

An Act for the relief of Paul Joseph Simard.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Paul Joseph Simard, domiciled in Canada and residing at the town of Seven Islands, in the province of Quebec, manager, has by his petition alleged that on the seventeenth day of May, A.D. 1941, at the city of Quebec, in the said province, he and Marie Mathilde Francoise Loranger, who was then of the city of Westmount, in the said province, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Paul Joseph Simard and Marie Mathilde Francoise Loranger, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Paul Joseph Simard may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Marie Mathilde Francoise Loranger had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL E[1].

An Act for the relief of John McCullough Gasken.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G.,O. A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

81545

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL E[1].

An Act for the relief of John McCullough Gasken.

Preamble.

WHEREAS John McCullough Gasken, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Hamilton, in the province of Ontario, engineer, has by his petition alleged that on the ninth day of December, A.D. 1950, at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, he and Aashild Marie Grebstad, who was then of the said city of Montreal, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between John McCullough Gasken and Aashild Marie Grebstad, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said John McCullough Gasken may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Aashild Marie Grebstad had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL F[1].

An Act for the relief of Joseph Louis de Gonzague Giguere.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83183

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL F[1].

An Act for the relief of Joseph Louis de Gonzague Giguere.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Joseph Louis de Gonzague Giguere, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, administrator, has by his petition alleged that on the fifth day of May, A.D. 1937, at the said city, he and Marie Edith Carmen Harvey, who was then of the city of Quebec, in the said province, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Joseph Louis de Gonzague Giguere and Marie Edith Carmen Harvey, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Joseph Louis de Gonzague Giguere may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Marie Edith Carmen Harvey had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL G[1].

An Act for the relief of Jean Hunter Bercovitz.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82744

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL G[1].

An Act for the relief of Jean Hunter Bercovitz.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Jean Hunter Bercovitz, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, draughtswoman, wife of Max Bercovitz, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the third day of December, A.D. 1948, at the city of St. Johns, in the said province, she then being Jean Hunter, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Jean Hunter and Max Bercovitz, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Jean Hunter may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Max Bercovitz had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL H[1].

An Act for the relief of Diane Lorraine Cleveland Morgan Stewart Patterson.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83187

First Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL H[1].

An Act for the relief of Diane Lorraine Cleveland Morgan Stewart Patterson.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Diane Lorraine Cleveland Morgan Stewart Patterson, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Donald Stewart Patterson, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the village of Senneville, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the sixteenth day of February, A.D. 1933, at the said city, she then being Diane Lorraine Cleveland Morgan, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Diane Lorraine Cleveland Morgan and Donald Stewart Patterson, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Diane Lorraine Cleveland Morgan may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Donald Stewart Patterson had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL I[1].

An Act for the relief of Elsie Eleanor Bennett Kirkcaldy.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83179

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL I[1].

An Act for the relief of Elsie Eleanor Bennett Kirkcaldy.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Elsie Eleanor Bennett Kirkcaldy, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Robert Malcolm Kirkcaldy, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Verdun, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the seventeenth day of January, A.D. 1925, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Elsie Eleanor Bennett, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Elsie Eleanor Bennett and Robert Malcolm Kirkcaldy, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Elsie Eleanor Bennett may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Robert Malcolm Kirkcaldy had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL J[1].

An Act for the relief of Bernice Margaret Vizzutti Charters.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82323

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL J[1].

An Act for the relief of Bernice Margaret Vizzutti Charters.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Bernice Margaret Vizzutti Charters, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, typist, wife of Austin Joseph Charters, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the town of Montreal West, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-seventh day of March, A.D. 1948, at the said city, she then being Bernice Margaret Vizzutti, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Bernice Margaret Vizzutti and Austin Joseph Charters, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Bernice Margaret Vizzutti may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Austin Joseph Charters had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL K[1].

An Act for the relief of Archibald Christopher Mottley.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

81900

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL K[1].

An Act for the relief of Archibald Christopher Mottley.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Archibald Christopher Mottley, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, porter, has by his petition alleged that on the sixteenth day of September. A.D. 1930, at the said city, he and Frances Louisa Roberts, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Archibald Christopher Mottley and Frances Louisa Roberts, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Archibald Christopher Mottley may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Frances Louisa Roberts had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL L[1].

An Act for the relief of Bessita Asaria Farchi Lotenberg, otherwise known as Bessita Asaria Farchi Lotey.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82631

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL L[1].

An Act for the relief of Bessita Asaria Farchi Lotenberg, otherwise known as Bessita Asaria Farchi Lotey.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Bessita Asaria Farchi Lotenberg, otherwise known as Bessita Asaria Farchi Lotey, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, interpreter, wife of Jacob Lotenberg, otherwise known as Jacob Lotey, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the fourth day of November, A.D. 1933, at the city of Paris, France, she then being Bessita Asaria Farchi, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as sollows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Bessita Asaria Farchi and Jacob Lotenberg, otherwise known as Jacob Lotey, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Bessita Asaria Farchi may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Jacob Lotenberg, otherwise known as Jacob Lotey, had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL M[1].

An Act for the relief of George William Bonfield.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

81575

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL M[1].

An Act for the relief of George William Bonfield.

Preamble.

WHEREAS George William Bonfield, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, building superintendent, has by his petition alleged that on the twenty-fifth day of September, A.D. 1937, at the said city, he and Rose Hilda Poyner, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between George William Bonfield and Rose Hilda Poyner, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said George William Bonfield may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Rose Hilda Poyner had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL N[1].

An Act for the relief of Marjorie Joan LeRiche Dunphy.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82211

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL N[1].

An Act for the relief of Marjorie Joan LeRiche Dunphy.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Marjorie Joan LeRiche Dunphy, residing at the town of Hampstead, in the province of Quebec, stenographer, wife of Donald Murdoch Dunphy, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Granby, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the third day of June, A.D. 1950, at the said town, she then being Marjorie Joan LeRiche, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Marjorie Joan LeRiche and Donald Murdoch Dunphy, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Marjorie Joan LeRiche may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Donald Murdoch Dunphy had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL O[1].

An Act for the relief of Geraldine Donovan Wilcox.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83100

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL O[1].

An Act for the relief of Geraldine Donovan Wilcox.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Geraldine Donovan Wilcox, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, switchboard operator, wife of Clifford Wilcox, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-fifth day of August, A.D. 1945, at the said city, she then being Geraldine Donovan, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Geraldine Donovan and Clifford Wilcox, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Geraldine Donovan may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Clifford Wilcox had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL P[1].

An Act for the relief of Norma Mary MacKenzie Benton.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

81484

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL P[1].

An Act for the relief of Norma Mary MacKenzie Benton.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Norma Mary MacKenzie Benton, residing at the city of Ottawa, in the province of Ontario, teacher, wife of James Wesley Benton, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Verdun, in the province of Quebec, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the eighth day of July, A.D. 1936, at the said city of Ottawa, she then being Norma Mary MacKenzie, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Norma Mary MacKenzie and James Wesley Benton, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Norma Mary MacKenzie may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said James Wesley Benton had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Q[1].

An Act for the relief of Anna Smilovitch King.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82424

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Q[1].

An Act for the relief of Anna Smilovitch King.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Anna Smilovitch King, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, factory owner, wife of Morris King, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-seventh day of May, A.D. 1929, at the said city, she then being Anna Smilovitch, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition by granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Anna Smilovitch and Morris King, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Anna Smilovitch may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Morris King had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL R[1].

An Act for the relief of Kathleen Dempsey Robertson.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83200

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL R[1].

An Act for the relief of Kathleen Dempsey Robertson.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Kathleen Dempsey Robertson, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, receptionist, wife of Basil Duncan Robertson, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-seventh day of March, A.D. 1943, at the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario, she then being Kathleen Dempsey, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Kathleen Dempsey and Basil Duncan Robertson, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Kathleen Dempsey may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Basil Duncan Robertson had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL S[1].

An Act for the relief of Joyce Delia Pierce Korenberg.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

81509

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL S[1].

An Act for the relief of Joyce Delia Pierce Korenberg.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Joyce Delia Pierce Korenberg, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, secretary, wife of Herbert Martin Korenberg, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the eighth day of September, A.D. 1951, at the city of Verdun, in the said province, she then being Joyce Delia Pierce, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Joyce Delia Pierce and Herbert Martin Korenberg, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Joyce Delia Pierce may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Herbert Martin Korenberg had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL T[1].

An Act for the relief of Alfonsas Jankus.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83120

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL T[1].

An Act for the relief of Alfonsas Jankus.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Alfonsas Jankus, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Verdun, in the province of Quebec, labourer, has by his petition alleged that on the seventeenth day of March, A.D. 1951, at Edmonton, in the county of Middlesex, England, he and Alice Tamara Hagemann, who was then of the city of London, England, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Alfonsas Jankus and Alice Tamara Hagemann, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Alfonsas Jankus may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Alice Tamara Hagemann had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL U[1].

An Act for the relief of Michael Lansky.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
82623 OTTAWA, 1953

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL U[1].

An Act for the relief of Michael Lansky.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Michael Lansky, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, taxi owner, has by his petition alleged that on the fourteenth day of March, A.D. 1948, at the said city, he and Ettye Rumanek, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Michael Lansky and Ettye Rumanek, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Michael Lansky may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Ettye Rumanek had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL V[1].

An Act for the relief of Wilma Elizabeth Dalglish Rochon.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82235

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL V[1].

An Act for the relief of Wilma Elizabeth Dalglish Rochon.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Wilma Elizabeth Dalglish Rochon, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, bookkeeper, wife of Henry William Rochon, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the fourteenth day of August, A.D. 1944, at the city of Halifax, in the province of Nova Scotia, she then being Wilma Elizabeth Dalglish, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Wilma Elizabeth Dalglish and Henry William Rochon, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Wilma Elizabeth Dalglish may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Henry William Rochon had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL W[1].

An Act for the relief of John Cromkie Nicol.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82872

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL W[1].

An Act for the relief of John Cromkie Nicol.

Preamble.

WHEREAS John Cromkie Nicol, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, machinist, has by his petition alleged that on the nineteenth day of November, A.D. 1938, at the said city, he and Lillian May Joyce, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between John Cromkie Nicol and Lillian May Joyce, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said John Cromkie Nicol may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Lillian May Joyce had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL X[1].

An Act for the relief of Tyrus Raymond Markham.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82611

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL X[1].

An Act for the relief of Tyrus Raymond Markham.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Tyrus Raymond Markham, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Westmount, in the province of Quebec, radio technician, has by his petition alleged, that on the eighteenth day of September, A.D. 1944, at the city of Montreal, in the said province, he and Annette Grondin, who was then of the said city of Montreal, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Tyrus Raymond Markham and Annette Grondin, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Tyrus Raymond Markham may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Annette Grondin had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Y[1].

An Act for the relief of Thelma Louise Heinz Finlay.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82219

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Y[1].

An Act for the relief of Thelma Louise Heinz Finlay.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Thelma Louise Heinz Finlay, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, stenographer, wife of Leslie Finlay, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the first day of October, A.D. 1949, at the said city, she then being Thelma Louise Heinz, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Thelma Louise Heinz and Leslie Finlay, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Thelma Louise Heinz may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Leslie Finlay had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Z[1].

An Act for the relief of Dorothy Joan Glegg Statham.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82031

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Z[1].

An Act for the relief of Dorothy Joan Glegg Statham.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Dorothy Joan Glegg Statham, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, sales-clerk, wife of George Harvey Statham, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-first day of April, A.D. 1934, at the said city, she then being Dorothy Joan Glegg, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Dorothy Joan Glegg and George Harvey Statham, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Dorothy Joan Glegg may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said George Harvey Statham had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL A2.

An Act for the relief of Mary Laura Olive Coote Laflamme.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83192

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL A[2].

An Act for the relief of Mary Laura Olive Coote Laflamme.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Mary Laura Olive Coote Laflamme, residing at the the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, operator, wife of John Joseph Laflamme, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the third day of November A.D. 1951, at the said city, she then being Mary Laura Olive Coote, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Mary Laura Olive Coote and John Joseph Laflamme, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Mary Laura Olive Coote may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said John Joseph Laflamme had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL B[2].

An Act for the relief of Sadie Denenberg Rockman.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82535

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL B[2].

An Act for the relief of Sadie Denenberg Rockman.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Sadie Denenberg Rockman, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Saul David Rockman, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the seventeenth day of February, A.D. 1946, at the said city, she then being Sadie Denenberg, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Sadie Denenberg and Saul David Rockman, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Sadie Denenberg may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Saul David Rockman had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL C2.

An Act for the relief of Yukiko Takeuchi Zusko.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83196

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL C[2].

An Act for the relief of Yukiko Takeuchi Zusko.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Yukiko Takeuchi Zusko, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, waitress, wife of Peter Zusko, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twentieth day of May, A.D. 1948, at the said city, she then being Yukiko Takeuchi, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Yukiko Takeuchi and Peter Zusko, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Yukiko Takeuchi may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Peter Zusko had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL D[2].

An Act for the relief of Joan Gooderham Wyman.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82059

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL D[2].

An Act for the relief of Joan Gooderham Wyman.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Joan Gooderham Wyman, residing at the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario, secretary, wife of Russell Asquith Wyman, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Arvida, in the province of Quebec, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the tenth day of June, A.D. 1950, at the said city of Toronto, she then being Joan Gooderham; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Joan Gooderham and Russell Asquith Wyman, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Joan Gooderham may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Russell Asquith Wyman had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL E2.

An Act for the relief of Guy Favreau.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83002

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL E².

An Act for the relief of Guy Favreau.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Guy Favreau, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, salesman, has by his petition alleged that on the twenty-fourth day of May, A.D. 1939, at the said city, he and Simone Begnoche, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Guy Favreau and Simone Begnoche, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Guy Favreau may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Simone Begnoche had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL F2.

An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Stewart Hughes Koren.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1952

82986

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL F².

An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Stewart Hughes Koren.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Elizabeth Stewart Hughes Koren, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, journalist, wife of Irvine Koren, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the eighteenth day of April, A.D. 1946, at the city of Westmount, in the said province, she then being Elizabeth Stewart Hughes, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Elizabeth Stewart Hughes and Irvine Koren, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Elizabeth Stewart Hughes may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Irvine Koren had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL G2.

An Act for the relief of Esther Wray Carpenter Batt.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82982

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL G².

An Act for the relief of Esther Wray Carpenter Batt.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Esther Wray Carpenter Batt, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of William Thomas Batt, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-ninth day of May, A.D. 1931, at the said city, she then being Esther Wray Carpenter, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Esther Wray Carpenter and William Thomas Batt, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Esther Wray Carpenter may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said William Thomas Batt had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL H[2].

An Act for the relief of Shirley Mary Davis Robertson.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83302

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL H².

An Act for the relief of Shirley Mary Davis Robertson.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Shirley Mary Davis Robertson, residing at the town of Mount Royal, in the province of Quebec, wife of William Lorne Robertson, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of St. Lambert, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the fifteenth day of May, A.D. 1948, at the said town, she then being Shirley Mary Davis, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Shirley Mary Davis and William Lorne Robertson, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Shirley Mary Davis may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said William Lorne Robertson had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL I[2].

An Act for the relief of Carlo Castelli.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82043

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL I².

An Act for the relief of Carlo Castelli.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Carlo Castelli, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Verdun, in the province of Quebec, manager, has by his petition alleged that on the twenty-ninth day of August, A.D. 1942, at the city of Montreal, in the said province, he and Maria Parisella who was then of the said city of Montreal, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Carlo Castelli and Maria Parisella, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Carlo Castelli may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Maria Parisella had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL J2.

An Act for the relief of Eveline Shaheen Sauvageau.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

81537

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL J[2].

An Act for the relief of Eveline Shaheen Sauvageau.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Eveline Shaheen Sauvageau, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, saleslady, wife of Camille Sauvageau, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at Trinity Bay, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the ninth day of November, A.D. 1947, at the said city, she then being Eveline Shaheen, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Eveline Shaheen and Camille Sauvageau, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Eveline Shaheen may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Camille Sauvageau had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL K[2].

An Act for the relief of George William Swinwood.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82452

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL K[2].

An Act for the relief of George William Swinwood.

Preamble.

WHEREAS George William Swinwood, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, transport driver, has by his petition alleged that on the seventeenth day of January, A.D. 1928, at the said city, he and Olive Irene Willett, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between George William Swinwood and Olive Irene Willett, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said George William Swinwood may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Olive Irene Willett had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL L[2].

An Act for the relief of Marguerite Frances Wiggins MacKay.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82331

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL L[2].

An Act for the relief of Marguerite Frances Wiggins MacKay.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Marguerite Frances Wiggins MacKay, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, typist, wife of Carl Patrick MacKay, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the first day of October, A.D. 1951, at the said city, she then being Marguerite Frances Wiggins, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition by granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Marguerite Frances Wiggins and Carl Patrick MacKay, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Marguerite Frances Wiggins may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Carl Patrick MacKay had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL M2.

An Act respecting Victorian Order of Nurses for Canada.

Read a first time, Tuesday, 8th December, 1953.

Honourable Senator PATERSON.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
82501 OTTAWA, 1953

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL M².

An Act respecting Victorian Order of Nurses for Canada.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Victorian Order of Nurses for Canada, a body politic and corporate incorporated by Royal Charter, dated the 28th day of December, 1897, has by its petition prayed that it be enacted as hereinafter set forth and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the petition: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Incorporation.

1. (1) Victorian Order of Nurses for Canada, created by Royal Charter, dated the 28th day of December, 1897, as amended by supplementary charters, dated July 22nd, 1911, April 24th, 1923, July 25th, 1929 and July 22nd, 1936, and Order in Council P.C. 106 of January 3rd, 1947, has existed since the said 28th day of December, 1897, and shall continue to exist as a corporation with the objects, powers, attributes and privileges herein contained.

Revocation.

(2) The provisions of the said Royal Charter and of the said supplementary charters and Order in Council are hereby revoked, but such revocation shall not in any way affect the corporate existence of the Order, and the Order shall continue to be the same corporation as that constituted by the said Royal Charter, and the rights and liabilities of the Order except as modified by this Act, shall not be affected by the said revocation, and the Order shall be the owner of and shall continue to be entitled to its property and assets and to be subject to its undertakings and liabilities.

Name.

2. The name of the Corporation shall be Victorian Order of Nurses for Canada, herein referred to as "the Order".

Head office.

3. The head office of the Order shall be at the city of Ottawa in the province of Ontario.

Powers.

4. The Order may:

May hold property.

(a) hold real and personal estate and receive grants and devises of the same: Provided that the annual value of the real estate so held, granted or devised shall not exceed in the whole one hundred thousand dollars per annum;

Proviso.

Appoint, etc., officers.

(b) appoint honorary, general and district officers, define their duties and fix the amount of their compensation;

Establish branches.

(c) provide for the constitution and define the powers of branches or associations of the Order in or within any province of or other area within Canada; and

Make rules and regulations.

(d) from time to time make rules, regulations and by-laws for the governing of the Order and the management of its affairs.

Order may establish, etc., nursing services and assist in training.

5. The Order may:

(a) establish, maintain and carry on a visiting nursing service in Canada, and to that end engage and direct the activities of nurses and undertake the care of the sick in their homes; demonstrate nursing methods, and aid in the prevention of disease and the maintenance of health;

Nurses.

(b) assist in training nurses in public health nursing;

(c) establish, maintain and elevate standards of nursing service;

(d) promote the formation of provincial, local and other corporations or organizations having the same or similar names and objects;

(e) create branches of the Order and authorize other corporations or organizations to operate as branches of the Order and withdraw such authority;

Uniforms, etc.

(f) select and appropriate such uniforms, badges and emblems as it may see fit and as are not in use by other bodies and to determine by whom and how the same may be used.

Members.

6. The Order shall have the following members:

(a) life members who are elected by the Board of Governors;

(b) members who are members of provincial or local boards or committees of the Order or members of boards or committees named by the Board of Governors;

(c) supporting members, being persons who subscribe to the funds of the Order and are elected by the Board of Governors at each general meeting;

(d) such other members as may from time to time be appointed by the Board of Governors.

Grand president and patron.

7. A grand president of the Order and a patron may be appointed from time to time by the Board of Governors.

Board of Governors.

8. The general control of the Order shall be vested in a Board of Governors constituted as follows:

(a) (i) each branch, as defined by by-law, shall elect from among the members of the Order at least one governor in the manner prescribed by by-law and each branch shall elect an additional governor for every twenty full-time nurses employed;

(ii) the first election shall be completed during the month of January following the coming into force of this Act and succeeding elections shall be conducted in accordance with the by-laws of the Order.

(b) (i) official provincial medical associations may each appoint one governor;

(ii) the registered nurses' association of each province may appoint one governor;

(iii) the Canadian Medical Association may appoint one governor;

(iv) the Canadian Nurses' Association may appoint one governor.

By-laws.

9. (1) The by-laws of the Order presently in force shall remain effective until replaced by others in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

Officers.

(2) The present officers and governors shall continue in office until replaced by others in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

Meeting of Board of Governors.

(3) A meeting of the Board of Governors shall be held at least once in each year.

General meeting.

10. A general meeting of members of the Order shall be held immediately after each annual meeting of the Board of Governors to receive and consider the report and recommendations of the Board of Governors and to transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

Council of nurses.

11. There shall be a council of nurses to consist of such members and to have such duties and responsibilities as may be provided by by-law, in order to provide a means of communication between the nurses and the governing bodies of the Order.

Investment of funds.

12. Subject always to the terms of any trust relating thereto, the Order may from time to time invest all or any of its funds or moneys in such manner as it may deem advisable.

Board of management.

13. The Board of Governors may from time to time delegate all or any of its powers to a board of management appointed by the Board of Governors consisting of members of the Order and may empower such board to delegate its powers to such committees or sub-committees of the Order as the board of management may deem expedient.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL N2.

An Act for the relief of Marie Jeannine Bisson Lecuyer.

Read a first time, Thursday, 10th December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

81872

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL N^2.

An Act for the relief of Marie Jeannine Bisson Lecuyer.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Marie Jeannine Bisson Lecuyer, residing at the city of Rouyn, in the province of Quebec, dressmaker, wife of Felix Lecuyer, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the village of Belanger, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the seventeenth day of July, A.D. 1937, at the village of St. Elzear de Laval, in the said province, she then being Marie Jeannine Bisson, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Marie Jeannine Bisson and Felix Lecuyer, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Marie Jeannine Bisson may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Felix Lecuyer had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL O2.

An Act for the relief of
George Joseph John Louis Gustav Brisebois.

Read a first time, Thursday, 10th December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82247

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL O².

An Act for the relief of
George Joseph John Louis Gustav Brisebois.

Preamble.

WHEREAS George Joseph John Louis Gustav Brisebois, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, security investigator, has by his petition alleged that on the twenty-seventh day of June, A.D. 1941, at the city of Chatham, in the province of New Brunswick, he and Margaret Lenore Touchie, who was then of the said city of Chatham, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between George Joseph John Louis Gustav Brisebois and Margaret Lenore Touchie, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said George Joseph John Louis Gustav Brisebois may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Margaret Lenore Touchie had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL P2.

An Act for the relief of Ivy Isabel Brown Wilkinson.

Read a first time, Thursday, 10th December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82876

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL P[2].

An Act for the relief of Ivy Isabel Brown Wilkinson.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Ivy Isabel Brown Wilkinson, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, clerk, wife of George Frederick Wilkinson, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at Humber Summit, in the province of Ontario, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twentieth day of August, A.D. 1927, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Ivy Isabel Brown, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Ivy Isabel Brown and George Frederick Wilkinson, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Ivy Isabel Brown may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said George Frederick Wilkinson had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Q[2].

An Act for the relief of Eileen Sybil Fels Goldstein.

Read a first time, Thursday, 10th December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82112

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Q[2].

An Act for the relief of Eileen Sybil Fels Goldstein.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Eileen Sybil Fels Goldstein, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, saleslady, wife of Gilbert Roland Goldstein, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twentieth day of June, A.D. 1931, at the city of Burlington, in the state of Vermont, one of the United States of America, she then being Eileen Sybil Fels, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Eileen Sybil Fels and Gilbert Roland Goldstein, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Eileen Sybil Fels may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Gilbert Roland Goldstein had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL R[2].

An Act for the relief of Liliane Bernier L'Heureux.

Read a first time, Thursday, 10th December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82998

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL R[2].

An Act for the relief of Liliane Bernier L'Heureux.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Liliane Bernier L'Heureux, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Richard L'Heureux, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the fourteenth day of April, A.D. 1951, at the said city, she then being Liliane Bernier, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Liliane Bernier and Richard L'Heureux, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Liliane Bernier may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Richard L'Heureux had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL S[2].

An Act for the relief of Andrew Warden Clark.

Read a first time, Thursday, 10th December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83426

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL S[2].

An Act for the relief of Andrew Warden Clark.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Andrew Warden Clark, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, chauffeur, has by his petition alleged that on the eighteenth day of March, A.D. 1922, at the said city, he and Mary Jane Morgan, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Andrew Warden Clark and Mary Jane Morgan, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Andrew Warden Clark may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Mary Jane Morgan had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL T2.

An Act for the relief of Frances Herscovitz Hershon.

Read a first time, Thursday, 10th December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82740

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL T[2].

An Act for the relief of Frances Herscovitz Hershon.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Frances Herscovitz Hershon, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Paul Hugh Hershon, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-first day of June, A.D. 1951, at the city of Outremont, in the said province, she then being Frances Herscovitz, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Frances Herscovitz and Paul Hugh Hershon, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Frances Herscovitz may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Paul Hugh Hershon had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL U2.

An Act for the relief of
Mary Frances Beatrice Lord Tomkinson.

Read a first time, Thursday, 10th December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83430

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL U².

An Act for the relief of
Mary Frances Beatrice Lord Tomkinson.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Mary Frances Beatrice Lord Tomkinson, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, housekeeper, wife of Thaddeus Roy Tomkinson, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the third day of March, A.D. 1928, at the said city, she then being Mary Frances Beatrice Lord, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Mary Frances Beatrice Lord and Thaddeus Roy Tomkinson, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Mary Frances Beatrice Lord may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Thaddeus Roy Tomkinson had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL V[2].

An Act for the relief of Roslyn Belkin Cohen.

Read a first time, Thursday, 10th December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83321

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL V².

An Act for the relief of Roslyn Belkin Cohen.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Roslyn Belkin Cohen, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, secretary, wife of Philip Stanley Cohen, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the eighth day of September, A.D. 1951, at the town of Lake George, in the state of New York, one of the United States of America, she then being Roslyn Belkin, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Roslyn Belkin and Philip Stanley Cohen, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Roslyn Belkin may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Philip Stanley Cohen had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL W2.

An Act for the relief of
Phyllis Mildred Brohart Stephens Mowat.

Read a first time, Thursday, 10th December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83341

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL W².

An Act for the relief of
Phyllis Mildred Brohart Stephens Mowat.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Phyllis Mildred Brohart Stephens Mowat, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, nurse, wife of Joseph Thomson Mowat, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the sixteenth day of September, A.D. 1949, at the said city, she then being Phyllis Mildred Brohart Stephens, a widow; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Phyllis Mildred Brohart Stephens and Joseph Thomson Mowat, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Phyllis Mildred Brohart Stephens may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Joseph Thomson Mowat had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL X[2].

An Act for the relief of Anna Lillian Montague Maye.

Read a first time, Thursday, 10th December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82880

First Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL X².

An Act for the relief of Anna Lillian Montague Maye.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Anna Lillian Montague Maye, residing at the town of St. Eustache-sur-le-Lac, in the province of Quebec, wife of Frederick Matthew Maye, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the village of Rawdon, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the third day of December, A.D. 1935, at the city of Sydney, in the province of Nova Scotia, she then being Anna Lillian Montague, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Anna Lillian Montague and Frederick Matthew Maye, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Anna Lillian Montague may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Frederick Matthew Maye had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Y².

An Act for the relief of Gerald Fry.

Read a first time, Thursday, 10th December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83509

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Y².

An Act for the relief of Gerald Fry.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Gerald Fry, domiciled in Canada and residing at Ville St. Laurent, in the province of Quebec, manager, has by his petition alleged that on the third day of June, A.D. 1950, at the town of Ilford, in the county of Essex, England, he and Jeanne Mary Lee, who was then of the said town of Ilford, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Gerald Fry and Jeanne Mary Lee, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Gerald Fry may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Jeanne Mary Lee had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Z2.

An Act for the relief of Gordon Amos Finlay.

Read a first time, Thursday, 10th December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82764

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Z².

An Act for the relief of Gordon Amos Finlay.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Gordon Amos Finlay, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, draughtsman, has by his petition alleged that on the seventh day of June, A.D. 1945, at the city of St. John's, in the province of Newfoundland, he and Patricia Ann Bishop, who was then of the said city of St. John's, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Gordon Amos Finlay and Patricia Ann Bishop, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Gordon Amos Finlay may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Patricia Ann Bishop had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL A3.

An Act for the relief of Eleanor Mary Hastie Moon.

Read a first time, Thursday, 10th December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82607

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL A[3].

An Act for the relief of Eleanor Mary Hastie Moon.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Eleanor Mary Hastie Moon, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, supervisor, wife of Thomas Clyde Moon, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twelfth day of May, A.D. 1945, at the city of Westmount, in the said province of Quebec, she then being Eleanor Mary Hastie, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Eleanor Mary Hastie and Thomas Clyde Moon, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Eleanor Mary Hastie may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Thomas Clyde Moon had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL B[3].

An Act for the relief of Jean de Tonancour Racette.

Read a first time, Thursday, 10th December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

83213

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL B[3].

An Act for the relief of Jean de Tonancour Racette.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Jean de Tonancour Racette, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, insurance adjuster, has by his petition alleged that on the twenty-third day of June, A.D. 1945, at Ile Perrot, in the said province, he and Marie Massue, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Jean de Tonancour Racette and Marie Massue, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Jean de Tonancour Racette may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Marie Massue had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL C3.

An Act for the relief of
Pauline Frances Elizabeth Appleton Powell.

Read a first time, Thursday, 10th December, 1953.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

81529

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL C3.

An Act for the relief of
Pauline Frances Elizabeth Appleton Powell.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Pauline Frances Elizabeth Appleton Powell, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of William Powell, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the seventeenth day of November, A.D. 1940, at the town of Ifield, in the county of Sussex, England, she then being Pauline Frances Elizabeth Appleton, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Pauline Frances Elizabeth Appleton and William Powell, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Pauline Frances Elizabeth Appleton may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said William Powell had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL D[3].

An Act for the relief of Joseph Anthony Albert Britt.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 14th DECEMBER, 1953.

First reading copies of Bills D-3 to S-3 were not printed in English.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

81597

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL D[3].

An Act for the relief of Joseph Anthony Albert Britt.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Joseph Anthony Albert Britt, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, salesman, has by his petition alleged that on the twenty-third day of March, A.D. 1946, at the said city, he and Hazel Esther Shaw Lemerick, who was then of the said city, a widow, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Joseph Anthony Albert Britt and Hazel Esther Shaw Lemerick, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Joseph Anthony Albert Britt may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Hazel Esther Shaw Lemerick had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL E[3].

An Act for the relief of Violette (Labeebe) Zakaib Kenemy.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 14th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83118

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL E[3].

An Act for the relief of Violette (Labeebe) Zakaib Kenemy.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Violette (Labeebe) Zakaib Kenemy, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, forelady, wife of Fred (Fouad) Kenemy, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the ninth day of June, A.D. 1940, at the said city, she then being Violette (Labeebe) Zakaib, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Violette (Labeebe) Zakaib and Fred (Fouad) Kenemy, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Violette (Labeebe) Zakaib may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Fred (Fouad) Kenemy had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL F3.

An Act for the relief of
Elizabeth Josephine Grant Drummond.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 14th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83515

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL F[3].

An Act for the relief of
Elizabeth Josephine Grant Drummond.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Elizabeth Josephine Grant Drummond, residing at the town of Bridgewater, in the province of Nova Scotia, wife of David Barclay Drummond, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Westmount, in the province of Quebec, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the seventeenth day of April, A.D. 1944, at the city of Halifax, in the said province of Nova Scotia, she then being Elizabeth Josephine Grant, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Elizabeth Josephine Grant and David Barclay Drummond, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Elizabeth Josephine Grant may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said David Barclay Drummond had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL G[3].

An Act for the relief of Joseph Georges Roger Dufort.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 14th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82126

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL G[3].

An Act for the relief of Joseph Georges Roger Dufort.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Joseph Georges Roger Dufort, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, chief instructor, R.C.A.F., has by his petition alleged that on the twentieth day of February, A.D. 1943, at the said city, he and Marie Georgianna Rosina Decarie, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Joseph Georges Roger Dufort and Marie Georgianna Rosina Decarie, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Joseph Georges Roger Dufort may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Marie Georgianna Rosina Decarie had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL H[3].

An Act for the relief of Max Wulfovitch.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 14th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

81507

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL H[3].

An Act for the relief of Max Wulfovitch.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Max Wulfovitch, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, has by his petition alleged that on the fifteenth day of February, A.D. 1914, at the said city, he and Rose Bercovitch, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Max Wulfovitch and Rose Bercovitch, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Max Wulfovitch may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Rose Bercovitch had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL I[3].

An Act for the relief of Jessie Moffat Luce.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 14th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83604

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL I[3].

An Act for the relief of Jessie Moffat Luce.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Jessie Moffat Luce, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, stenographer, wife of Keith Cyril Luce, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-sixth day of November, A.D. 1949, at the city of Ottawa, in the province of Ontario, she then being Jessie Moffat, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Jessie Moffat and Keith Cyril Luce, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Jessie Moffat may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Keith Cyril Luce had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL J[3].

An Act for the relief of Julia McKenzie Clarke Smith.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 14th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83580

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL J[3].

An Act for the relief of Julia McKenzie Clarke Smith.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Julia McKenzie Clarke Smith, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, stenographer, wife of Norman Walter John Smith, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the fourth day of November, A.D. 1944, at the said city, she then being Julia McKenzie Clarke, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Julia McKenzie Clarke and Norman Walter John Smith, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Julia McKenzie Clarke may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Norman Walter John Smith had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL K[3].

An Act for the relief of Phyllis Matthews Cloutier.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 14th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82098

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL K[3].

An Act for the relief of Phyllis Matthews Cloutier.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Phyllis Matthews Cloutier, residing at the city of Edmonton, in the province of Alberta, manager, wife of Ermel Valmon Cloutier, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the tenth day of September, A.D. 1945, at the city of Bournemouth, England, she then being Phyllis Matthews, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Phyllis Matthews and Ermel Valmon Cloutier, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Phyllis Matthews may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Ermel Valmon Cloutier had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL L[3].

An Act for the relief of Rose White Bishop.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 14th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83600

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL L[3].

An Act for the relief of Rose White Bishop.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Rose White Bishop, residing at the town of Greenfield Park, in the province of Quebec, wife of Craig Sydney Bishop, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-fourth day of December, A.D. 1947, at the said town, she then being Rose White, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Rose White and Craig Sydney Bishop, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Rose White may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Craig Sydney Bishop had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL M[3].

An Act for the relief of Victor Della Porta, otherwise known as Jack William Taylor.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 14th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82637

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL M[3].

An Act for the relief of Victor Della Porta, otherwise known as Jack William Taylor.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Victor Della Porta, otherwise known as Jack William Taylor, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Verdun, in the province of Quebec, salesman, has by his petition alleged that on the twentieth day of March, A.D. 1943, at the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario, he and Sonia Korostil, otherwise known as Sonia Robbins, who was then of the said city of Toronto, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Victor Della Porta, otherwise known as Jack William Taylor, and Sonia Korostil, otherwise known as Sonia Robbins, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Victor Della Porta, otherwise known as Jack William Taylor, may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Sonia Korostil, otherwise known as Sonia Robbins, had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL N[3].

An Act for the relief of Edith Hersh Beck.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 14th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

81569

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL N[3].

An Act for the relief of Edith Hersh Beck.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Edith Hersh Beck, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, saleslady, wife of Philip Beck, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the thirtieth day of June, A.D. 1935, at the said city, she then being Edith Hersh, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Edith Hersh and Philip Beck, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Edith Hersh may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Philip Beck had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL O[3].

An Act for the relief of Dorothy Amelia Hockley Burne.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 14th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

83608

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL O[3].

An Act for the relief of Dorothy Amelia Hockley Burne.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Dorothy Amelia Hockley Burne, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, hairdresser, wife of Ronald Christian Burne, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-eighth day of January, A.D. 1939, at the said city, she then being Dorothy Amelia Hockley, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Dorothy Amelia Hockley and Ronald Christian Burne, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Dorothy Amelia Hockley may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Ronald Christian Burne had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL P3.

An Act for the relief of Dora Garoff Bernstein.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 14th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83347

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL P3.

An Act for the relief of Dora Garoff Bernstein.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Dora Garoff Bernstein, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, office manager, wife of Sydney Bernstein, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the second day of November, A.D. 1947, at the said city, she then being Dora Garoff, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Dora Garoff and Sydney Bernstein, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Dora Garoff may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Sydney Bernstein had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Q[3].

An Act for the relief of Phyllis Weiss Cohen.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 14th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G.,O .A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82992

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Q[3].

An Act for the relief of Phyllis Weiss Cohen.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Phyllis Weiss Cohen, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Clarence Jacob Cohen, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-eighth day of April, A.D. 1937, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Phyllis Weiss, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Phyllis Weiss and Clarence Jacob Cohen, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Phyllis Weiss may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Clarence Jacob Cohen had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL R[3].

An Act for the relief of Rose Lillian Budd Cooke.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 14th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83667

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL R[3].

An Act for the relief of Rose Lillian Budd Cooke.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Rose Lillian Budd Cooke, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, supervisor, wife of William Anthony Cooke, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Halifax, in the province of Nova Scotia, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twelfth day of February, A.D. 1930, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Rose Lillian Budd, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Rose Lillian Budd and William Anthony Cooke, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Rose Lillian Budd may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said William Anthony Cooke had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL S[3].

An Act for the relief of Jeanne Delattre Toubeix.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 14th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82233

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL S[3].

An Act for the relief of Jeanne Delattre Toubeix.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Jeanne Delattre Toubeix, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, secretary, wife of Etienne Armand Toubeix, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-ninth day of March, A.D. 1951, at the city of Paris, France, she then being Jeanne Delattre, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Jeanne Delattre and Etienne Armand Toubeix, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Jeanne Delattre may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Etienne Armand Toubeix had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL T[3].

An Act respecting The Associated Canadian Travellers.

Read a first time, Monday, 14th December, 1953.

Honourable Senator STAMBAUGH.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83053

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL T[3].

An Act respecting The Associated Canadian Travellers.

Preamble. 1939, c. 60

WHEREAS The Associated Canadian Travellers has by its petition prayed that it be enacted as hereinafter set forth, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the petition: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Qualifications for membership.

1. Section 4 of An Act to incorporate The Associated Canadian Travellers, being chapter 60 of the statutes of 1939, is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"**4.** Any male person over the full age of eighteen years may, subject to the terms of the duly enacted by-laws of the Association from time to time in effect, become a member of the Association, provided that the Association shall, upon the acquisition of the affairs of the Letters Patent Association mentioned in the next following section, admit all persons who are at the time of such acquisition members in good standing of the said Letters Patent Association as then constituted."

2. Subparagraph (ii) of paragraph *(d)* of subsection (1) of section 5 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(ii) A personal accident and sickness fund for providing benefits in the event of the death of, or injury to, a member by accident, and for providing indemnity during the incapacity of a member arising out of accident or sickness."

Explanatory Notes.

1. Section 4 presently reads as follows:

> "4. Any *white* male person over the full age of eighteen years may, subject to the terms of the duly enacted by-laws of the Association from time to time in effect, become a member of the Association provided that the Association shall, upon the acquisition of the affairs of the Letters Patent Association mentioned in the next following section, admit all persons who are at the time of such acquisition members in good standing of the said Letters Patent Association as then constituted."

The change is desired to remove the discrimination presently existing in the section.

2. Section 5 (1) *(d)* (ii) presently reads as follows:

> "(ii) A personal accident and sickness fund for providing benefits in the event of death from any cause whatever, or of injury by accident, of a member, and for providing indemnity during the incapacity of a member arising out of accident or sickness."

The change is desired for the purpose of removing the anomaly of having benefits from an accident and sickness fund paid in the event of "death from any cause whatever" as presently provided, and limiting such benefits to death by accident.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL U[3].

An Act for the relief of Esther Smilovitch Benjamin.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83020

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL U[3].

An Act for the relief of Esther Smilovitch Benjamin.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Esther Smilovitch Benjamin, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, saleslady, wife of Harry Benjamin, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-ninth day of July, A.D. 1947, at the said city, she then being Esther Smilovitch, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Esther Smilovitch and Harry Benjamin, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Esther Smilovitch may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Harry Benjamin had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL V3.

An Act for the relief of Shirley Ann Slayton Dubuc.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82029

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL V3.

An Act for the relief of Shirley Ann Slayton Dubuc.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Shirley Ann Slayton Dubuc, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, secretary, wife of Bernard Arthur Racicot Dubuc, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the fourteenth day of June, A.D. 1947, at the said city, she then being Shirley Ann Slayton, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Shirley Ann Slayton and Bernard Arthur Racicot Dubuc, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Shirley Ann Slayton may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Bernard Arthur Racicot Dubuc had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL W3.

An Act for the relief of Grace Mary Harrison Laycock.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82750

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL W3.

An Act for the relief of Grace Mary Harrison Laycock.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Grace Mary Harrison Laycock, residing at Ile Perrot, in the province of Quebec, dress operator, wife of Wilfred John Laycock, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the second day of September, A.D. 1949, at the said city, she then being Grace Mary Harrison, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Grace Mary Harrison and Wilfred John Laycock, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Grace Mary Harrison may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Wilfred John Laycock had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL X[3].

An Act for the relief of Lawrence Druxerman.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83726

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL X[3].

An Act for the relief of Lawrence Druxerman.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Lawrence Druxerman, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, salesman, has by his petition alleged that on the twentieth day of October, A.D. 1949, at the said city, he and Charlotte Handler, who was then of the city of New York, in the state of New York, one of the United States of America, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Lawrence Druxerman and Charlotte Handler, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Lawrence Druxerman may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Charlotte Handler had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Y[3].

An Act for the relief of Shirley Catherine Bradley Boyd.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83208

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Y³.

An Act for the relief of Shirley Catherine Bradley Boyd.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Shirley Catherine Bradley Boyd, residing at the town of Lachute, in the province of Quebec, bank employee, wife of Ross William Boyd, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the village of Fulford, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-seventh day of March, A.D. 1948, at the said town, she then being Shirley Catherine Bradley, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Shirley Catherine Bradley and Ross William Boyd, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Shirley Catherine Bradley may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Ross William Boyd had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Z[3].

An Act for the relief of Ferdinand Nunes, otherwise known as Ferdinand Numes.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83008

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Z[3].

An Act for the relief of Ferdinand Nunes, otherwise known as Ferdinand Numes.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Ferdinand Nunes, otherwise known as Ferdinand Numes, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, civil engineer, has by his petition alleged that on the second day of June, A.D. 1947, at the said city, he and Ruth Violet Ross, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Ferdinand Nunes, otherwise known as Ferdinand Numes, and Ruth Violet Ross, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Ferdinand Nunes, otherwise known as Ferdinand Numes, may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Ruth Violet Ross had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL A[4].

An Act for the relief of
Sarah Estephanie Debonnaire Johnson.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82317

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL A4.

An Act for the relief of
Sarah Estephanie Debonnaire Johnson.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Sarah Estephanie Debonnaire Johnson, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of John Joseph Johnson, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at Ville La Salle, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-fourth day of May, A.D. 1924, at the said city, she then being Sarah Estephanie Debonnaire, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Sarah Estephanie Debonnaire and John Joseph Johnson, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Sarah Estephanie Debonnaire may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said John Joseph Johnson had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL B[4].

An Act for the relief of Sarah Ida Rishikof Neidik.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82605

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL B[4].

An Act for the relief of Sarah Ida Rishikof Neidik.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Sarah Ida Rishikof Neidik, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, bookkeeper, wife of Ben Neidik, otherwise known as Simcha Benny Neidik, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the seventh day of November, A.D. 1943, at the said city, she then being Sarah Ida Rishikof, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Sarah Ida Rishikof and Ben Neidik, otherwise known as Simcha Benny Neidik, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Sarah Ida Rishikof may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Ben Neidik, otherwise known as Simcha Benny Neidik, had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL C4.

An Act for the relief of Harold Goldstein.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83094

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL C[4].

An Act for the relief of Harold Goldstein.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Harold Goldstein, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, soldier, has by his petition alleged that on the twenty-eighth day of May, A.D. 1942, at the city of Epsom, in the county of Surrey, England, he and Lilian Margaret Ireland, who was then of Haslemere, in the said county, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Harold Goldstein and Lilian Margaret Ireland, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Harold Goldstein may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Lilian Margaret Ireland had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL D[4].

An Act for the relief of Mary Kathleen Hayes MacDonald.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

81543

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL D[4].

An Act for the relief of Mary Kathleen Hayes MacDonald.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Mary Kathleen Hayes MacDonald, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, clerk, wife of George King MacDonald, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the village of Wallaceburg, in the province of Ontario, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the first day of August, A.D. 1942, at the said city, she then being Mary Kathleen Hayes, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Mary Kathleen Hayes and George King MacDonald, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Mary Kathleen Hayes may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said George King MacDonald had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL E4.

An Act for the relief of Dorothy Elizabeth Brewin Lovegrove.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82770

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL E[4].

An Act for the relief of Dorothy Elizabeth Brewin Lovegrove.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Dorothy Elizabeth Brewin Lovegrove, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Sidney John Lovegrove, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the seventh day of October, A.D. 1933, at the said city, she then being Dorothy Elizabeth Brewin, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Dorothy Elizabeth Brewin and Sidney John Lovegrove, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Dorothy Elizabeth Brewin may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Sidney John Lovegrove had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL F4.

An Act for the relief of Barbara Jean White Simpson.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83240

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL F[4].

An Act for the relief of Barbara Jean White Simpson.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Barbara Jean White Simpson, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, stenographer, wife of Robert Bruce Simpson, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-seventh day of June, A.D. 1948, at the town of Mount Royal, in the said province, she then being Barbara Jean White, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Barbara Jean White and Robert Bruce Simpson, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Barbara Jean White may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Robert Bruce Simpson had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL G4.

An Act for the relief of Donald George Kirk.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82450

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL G[4].

An Act for the relief of Donald George Kirk.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Donald George Kirk, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, stockkeeper, has by his petition alleged that on the thirtieth day of August, A.D. 1941, at the city of Verdun, in the said province, he and Grace Kemp Richmond, who was then of the said city of Montreal, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Donald George Kirk and Grace Kemp Richmond, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Donald George Kirk may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Grace Kemp Richmond had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL H[4].

An Act for the relief of Joseph Wilmott Albert Parmenter.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83777

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL H[4].

An Act for the relief of Joseph Wilmott Albert Parmenter.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Joseph Wilmott Albert Parmenter, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, credit investigator, has by his petition alleged that on the fourth day of June, A.D. 1949, at the said city, he and Marie Rita Paulette Huguette Germain, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Joseph Wilmott Albert Parmenter and Marie Rita Paulette Huguette Germain, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Joseph Wilmott Albert Parmenter may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Marie Rita Paulette Huguette Germain had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL I[4].

An Act for the relief of Margaret Agnes Dupont Legault.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

81573

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL I[4].

An Act for the relief of Margaret Agnes Dupont Legault.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Margaret Agnes Dupont Legault, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, operator, wife of Joseph Herve Legault, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twentieth day of November, A.D. 1946, at the said city, she then being Margaret Agnes Dupont, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Margaret Agnes Dupont and Joseph Herve Legault, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Margaret Agnes Dupont may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Joseph Herve Legault had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL I[4].

An Act for the relief of Margaret Agnes Dupont Legault.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

81573

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL I[4].

An Act for the relief of Margaret Agnes Dupont Legault.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Margaret Agnes Dupont Legault, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, operator, wife of Joseph Herve Legault, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twentieth day of November, A.D. 1946, at the said city, she then being Margaret Agnes Dupont, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Margaret Agnes Dupont and Joseph Herve Legault, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Margaret Agnes Dupont may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Joseph Herve Legault had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL J[4].

An Act for the relief of Jack Merson.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

81593

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL J[4].

An Act for the relief of Jack Merson.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Jack Merson, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, salesman, has by his petition alleged that on the fifth day of March, A.D. 1950, at the said city, he and Rita Wolfson, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Jack Merson and Rita Wolfson, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Jack Merson may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Rita Wolfson had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL K[4].

An Act for the relief of Philip George Ralph Anley.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82094

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL K[4].

An Act for the relief of Philip George Ralph Anley.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Philip George Ralph Anley, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, telephone technician, has by his petition alleged that on the thirtieth day of July, A.D. 1945, at the city of Owen Sound, in the province of Ontario, he and Jean Rosella Monk, who was then of the said city of Owen Sound, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Philip George Ralph Anley and Jean Rosella Monk, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Philip George Ralph Anley may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Jean Rosella Monk had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL L[4].

An Act for the relief of Rebecca Joyce Isobel Hahn Vengroff.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G.,O .A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82106

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL L[4].

An Act for the relief of Rebecca Joyce Isobel Hahn Vengroff.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Rebecca Joyce Isobel Hahn Vengroff, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, entertainer, wife of Irving Edward Vengroff, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the seventeenth day of May, A.D. 1949, at the said city, she then being Rebecca Joyce Isobel Hahn, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commoms of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Rebecca Joyce Isobel Hahn and Irving Edward Vengroff, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Rebecca Joyce Isobel Hahn may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Irving Edward Vengroff had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL M[4].

An Act for the relief of Mary Szabowska Skowron, otherwise known as Marie Szabowska Skowron.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83671

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL M[4].

An Act for the relief of Mary Szabowska Skowron, otherwise known as Marie Szabowska Skowron.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Mary Szabowska Skowron, otherwise known as Marie Szabowska Skowron, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, bookkeeper, wife of Wladyslaw Skowron, otherwise known as Walter Skowron, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the ninth day of June, A.D. 1951, at the said city, she then being Mary Szabowska, otherwise known as Marie Szabowska, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Mary Szabowska, otherwise known as Marie Szabowska, and Wladyslaw Skowron, otherwise known as Walter Skowron, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Mary Szabowska, otherwise known as Marie Szabowska, may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Wladyslaw Skowron, otherwise known as Walter Skowron, had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL N4.

An Act for the relief of George Arthur Crittenden.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83335

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL N[4].

An Act for the relief of George Arthur Crittenden.

Preamble.

WHEREAS George Arthur Crittenden, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, clerk, has by his petition alleged that on the twenty-fifth day of April, A.D. 1942, at the said city, he and Cecile David, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between George Arthur Crittenden and Cecile David, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said George Arthur Crittenden may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Cecile David had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL O[4].

An Act for the relief of Evangeline Emma Bonner Dancsak.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83859

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL O[4].

An Act for the relief of Evangeline Emma Bonner Dancsak.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Evangeline Emma Bonner Dancsak, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, bookkeeper, wife of Stephen Dancsak, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the third day of April, A.D. 1940, at the said city, she then being Evangeline Emma Bonner, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent fo the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Evangeline Emma Bonner and Stephen Dancsak, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Evangeline Emma Bonner may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Stephen Dancsak had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL P4.

An Act for the relief of Reginald George Silversides.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82037

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL P4.

An Act for the relief of Reginald George Silversides.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Reginald George Silversides, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Verdun, in the province of Quebec, scaleman, has by his petition alleged that on the twentieth day of July, A.D. 1940, at the said city, he and Wilhelmina Grace Latter, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Reginald George Silversides and Wilhelmina Grace Latter, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Reginald George Silversides may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Wilhelmina Grace Latter had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Q[4].

An Act for the relief of John Partridge.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83560

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Q[4].

An Act for the relief of John Partridge.

Preamble.

WHEREAS John Partridge, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, technician, has by his petition alleged that on the seventeenth day of July, A.D. 1926, at the said city, he and Hilda Florence King, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between John Partridge and Hilda Florence King, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said John Partridge may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Hilda Florence King had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL R[4].

An Act for the relief of Jacques Labonte.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

81862

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL R[4].

An Act for the relief of Jacques Labonte.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Jacques Labonte, domiciled in Canada and residing at Ville St. Pierre, in the province of Quebec, customs officer, has by his petition alleged that on the nineteenth day of July, A.D. 1948, at Ville St. Pierre aforesaid, he and Jacqueline Picotte, who was then of Ville St. Pierre aforesaid, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Jacques Labonte and Jacqueline Picotte, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Jacques Labonte may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Jacqueline Picotte had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL S[4].

An Act for the relief of Laura Solow Schwartz.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

81886

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL S[4].

An Act for the relief of Laura Solow Schwartz.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Laura Solow Schwartz, residing at the city of Brooklyn, in the state of New York, one of the United States of America, bookkeeper, wife of Harry Schwartz, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-ninth day of March, A.D. 1952, at the said city of Brooklyn, she then being Laura Solow, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Laura Solow and Harry Schwartz, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Laura Solow may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Harry Schwartz had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL T4.

An Act for the relief of Leona Kuprasz Veremchuk.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA. 1953

83939

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL T[4].

An Act for the relief of Leona Kuprasz Veremchuk.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Leona Kuprasz Veremchuk, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, typist, wife of Leo Veremchuk, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the second day of September, A.D. 1950, at the said city, she then being Leona Kuprasz, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Leona Kuprasz and Leo Veremchuk, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Leona Kuprasz may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Leo Veremchuk had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL U4.

An Act for the relief of Mary Bernice Patricia Mullins Coristine.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83098

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL U[4].

An Act for the relief of Mary Bernice Patricia Mullins Coristine.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Mary Bernice Patricia Mullins Coristine, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Patrick Henry Alwyn Coristine, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the third day of June, A.D. 1939, at the said city, she then being Mary Bernice Patricia Mullins, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved, and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Mary Bernice Patricia Mullins and Patrick Henry Alwyn Coristine, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Mary Bernice Patricia Mullins may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Patrick Henry Alwyn Coristine had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL V4.

An Act for the relief of Evelyn Saxe Harris.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83781

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL V[4].

An Act for the relief of Evelyn Saxe Harris.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Evelyn Saxe Harris, residing at the city of Outremont, in the province of Quebec, wife of Hyman Harris, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-fourth day of June, A.D. 1945, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Evelyn Saxe, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Evelyn Saxe and Hyman Harris, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Evelyn Saxe may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Hyman Harris had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL W4.

An Act for the relief of Catharina Elizabeth van de Casteel Fortune.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83339

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL W4.

An Act for the relief of Catharina Elizabeth van de Casteel Fortune.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Catharina Elizabeth van de Casteel Fortune, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, secretary, wife of Kenneth Sefton Fortune, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at Petit Bois, Varennes, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the seventeenth day of July, A.D. 1948, at the village of Knowlton, in the said province, she then being Catharina Elizabeth van de Casteel, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Catharina Elizabeth van de Casteel and Kenneth Sefton Fortune, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Catharina Elizabeth van de Casteel may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Kenneth Sefton Fortune had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL X[4].

An Act for the relief of Hazel Viola Christena Darey Moore.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83548

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL X[4].

An Act for the relief of Hazel Viola Christena Darey Moore.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Hazel Viola Christena Darey Moore, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, saleslady, wife of Ernest Frederick Moore, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the eighteenth day of March, A.D. 1935, at the said city, she then being Hazel Viola Christena Darey, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Hazel Viola Christena Darey and Ernest Frederick Moore, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Hazel Viola Christena Darey may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Ernest Frederick Moore had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Y4.

An Act for the relief of Leontine Pelletier Lamothe.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83960

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Y4.

An Act for the relief of Leontine Pelletier Lamothe.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Leontine Pelletier Lamothe, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, manageress, wife of Lucien Lamothe, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the fifth day of September, A.D. 1927, at the said city, she then being Leontine Pelletier, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Leontine Pelletier and Lucien Lamothe, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Leontine Pelletier may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Lucien Lamothe had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Z[4].

An Act for the relief of Lillian Hazel Welch Alexander.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

81870

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Z[4].

An Act for the relief of Lillian Hazel Welch Alexander.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Lillian Hazel Welch Alexander, residing at the city of Lachine, in the province of Quebec, operator, wife of Robert John Alexander, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the town of Ste. Anne de Bellevue, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-ninth day of March, A.D. 1941, at the town of Farnham, in the said province, she then being Lillian Hazel Welch, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Lillian Hazel Welch and Robert John Alexander, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Lillian Hazel Welch may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Robert John Alexander had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL A5.

An Act for the relief of Therese Perrier Langlois.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83944

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL A5.

An Act for the relief of Therese Perrier Langlois.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Therese Perrier Langlois, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Norbert Langlois, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the second day of October, A.D. 1946, at the said city, she then being Therese Perrier, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Therese Perrier and Norbert Langlois, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Therese Perrier may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Norbert Langlois had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL B[5].

An Act for the relief of Anita Eleanor London Lewy.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

81519

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL B5.

An Act for the relief of Anita Eleanor London Lewy.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Anita Eleanor London Lewy, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, secretary, wife of Albert Siegbert Lewy, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Outremont, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-seventh day of October, A.D. 1951, at the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario, she then being Anita Eleanor London, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Anita Eleanor London and Albert Siegbert Lewy, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Anita Eleanor London may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Albert Siegbert Lewy had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL C5.

An Act for the relief of Norma Patricia Cooke Campbell.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83765

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL C5.

An Act for the relief of Norma Patricia Cooke Campbell.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Norma Patricia Cooke Campbell, residing at the city of Verdun, in the province of Quebec, clerk, wife of Bruce Campbell, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the seventh day of September, A.D. 1946, at the said city of Verdun, she then being Norma Patricia Cooke, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved, and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Norma Patricia Cooke and Bruce Campbell, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Norma Patricia Cooke may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Bruce Campbell had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL D[5].

An Act for the relief of Alexandra Morgoci Cucu.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82225

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL D[5].

An Act for the relief of Alexandra Morgoci Cucu.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Alexandra Morgoci Cucu, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, saleslady, wife of George Cucu, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-first day of September, A.D. 1941, at the said city, she then being Alexandra Morgoci, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Alexandra Morgoci and George Cucu, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Alexandra Morgoci may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said George Cucu had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL E5.

An Act for the relief of Daisy Helen Dean Harpes.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83855

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL E5.

An Act for the relief of Daisy Helen Dean Harpes.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Daisy Helen Dean Harpes, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, domestic, wife of Maurice Harpes, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-eighth day of October, A.D. 1929, at the said city, she then being Daisy Helen Dean, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Daisy Helen Dean and Maurice Harpes, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Daisy Helen Dean may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Maurice Harpes had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL F5.

An Act for the relief of Gerald Gaudet.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82102

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL F5.

An Act for the relief of Gerald Gaudet.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Gerald Gaudet, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, accountant, has by his petition alleged that on the twenty-first day of August, A.D. 1944, at Leger's Corner, in the province of New Brunswick, he and Phyllis Fox, who was then of the city of Fredericton, in the said province of New Brunswick, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Gerald Gaudet and Phyllis Fox, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Gerald Gaudet may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Phyllis Fox had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL G5.

An Act for the relief of Genevieve Mary Emily McGuire Carragher.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

84030

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL G[5].

An Act for the relief of Genevieve Mary Emily McGuire Carragher.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Genevieve Mary Emily McGuire Carragher, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, mail clerk, wife of James Joseph Carragher, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-eighth day of November, A.D. 1936, at the said city, she then being Genevieve Mary Emily McGuire, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Genevieve Mary Emily McGuire and James Joseph Carragher, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Genevieve Mary Emily McGuire may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said James Joseph Carragher had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL H5.

An Act for the relief of Sydney Silverman.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82049

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL H[5].

An Act for the relief of Sydney Silverman.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Sydney Silverman, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, driver, has by his petition alleged that on the twelfth day of September, A.D. 1943, at the said city, he and Rita Frank, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Sydney Silverman and Rita Frank, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Sydney Silverman may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Rita Frank had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL I[5].

An Act for the relief of Joseph Lucien Nadon.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

84082

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL I[5].

An Act for the relief of Joseph Lucien Nadon.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Joseph Lucien Nadon, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, yardmaster, has by his petition alleged that on the sixteenth day of January, A. D. 1923, at the said city, he and Adrienne Derouin, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Joseph Lucien Nadon and Adrienne Derouin, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Joseph Lucien Nadon may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Adrienne Derouin had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL J5.

An Act for the relief of Patricia Louise Noseworthy St. Laurent.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82329

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL J5.

An Act for the relief of Patricia Louise Noseworthy St. Laurent.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Patricia Louise Noseworthy St. Laurent, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, teletypist, wife of Arthur Henri de la Durantaye St. Laurent, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the village of Fort Chambly, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the nineteenth day of December, A.D. 1950, at Grand Falls, in the province of Newfoundland, she then being Patricia Louise Noseworthy, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Patricia Louise Noseworthy and Arthur Henri de la Durantaye St. Laurent, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Patricia Louise Noseworthy may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Arthur Henri de la Durantaye St. Laurent had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL K5.

An Act for the relief of Joseph Octave Leopold Richer.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

84143

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL K5.

An Act for the relief of Joseph Octave Leopold Richer.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Joseph Octave Leopold Richer, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, taxi driver, has by his petition alleged that on the third day of November, A.D. 1934, at the said city, he and Helene Marshall, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Joseph Octave Leopold Richer and Helene Marshall, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Joseph Octave Leopold Richer may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Helene Marshall had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL L[5].

An Act for the relief of George Gerald Patterson.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83220

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL L5.

An Act for the relief of George Gerald Patterson.

Preamble.

WHEREAS George Gerald Patterson, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Verdun, in the province of Quebec, mechanic, has by his petition alleged that on the twenty-eighth day of June, A.D. 1922, at the town of Waterloo, in the said province, he and Winnifred Mary Ashton, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between George Gerald Patterson and Winnifred Mary Ashton, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said George Gerald Patterson may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Winnifred Mary Ashton had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL M5.

An Act for the relief of Marcel Berube.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
83319 OTTAWA, 1953

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL M5.

An Act for the relief of Marcel Berube.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Marcel Berube, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Lachine, in the province of Quebec, machinist, has by his petition alleged that on the twenty-fourth day of July, A.D. 1948, at the said city, he and Mary Patricia Neller, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Marcel Berube and Mary Patricia Neller, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Marcel Berube may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Mary Patricia Neller had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL N5.

An Act for the relief of Gertrude MacDonald Watt.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

83572

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL N5.

An Act for the relief of Gertrude MacDonald Watt.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Gertrude MacDonald Watt, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, nursing assistant, wife of Christian Findlay Watt, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the sixth day of November, A.D. 1944, at the said city, she then being Gertrude MacDonald, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved and evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Gertrude MacDonald and Christian Findlay Watt, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Gertrude MacDonald may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Christian Findlay Watt had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL O5.

An Act for the relief of Claire Pierrette Desrochers Dixon.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82065

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL O5.

An Act for the relief of Claire Pierrette Desrochers Dixon.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Claire Pierrette Desrochers Dixon, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, assistant accountant, wife of Kenneth William Dixon, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Verdun, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the ninth day of October, A.D. 1943, at the city of Halifax, in the province of Nova Scotia, she then being Claire Pierrette Desrochers, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Claire Pierrette Desrochers and Kenneth William Dixon, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Claire Pierrette Desrochers may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Kenneth William Dixon had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL P5.

An Act for the relief of Fernand Laurin.

AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, 15th DECEMBER, 1953.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82041

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL P5.

An Act for the relief of Fernand Laurin.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Fernand Laurin, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, dental surgeon, has by his petition alleged that on the thirtieth day of June, A.D. 1949, at the said city, he and Marie Therese Savard, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Fernand Laurin and Marie Therese Savard, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Fernand Laurin may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Marie Therese Savard had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Q5.

An Act respecting The Great Lakes Reinsurance Company.

Read a first time, Tuesday, 15th December, 1953.

Honourable Senator BISHOP.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953

82497

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Q5.

An Act respecting The Great Lakes Reinsurance Company.

Preamble. 1951 (1st Session), c. 69.

WHEREAS The Great Lakes Reinsurance Company, a company incorporated by Act of the Parliament of Canada, has by its petition prayed that it be enacted as hereinafter set forth, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the petition: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

1. Section 3 of chapter 69 of the statutes of 1951 (First Session), is repealed and the following substituted therefor:—

Capital stock.

"**3.** The capital stock of the Company shall be two million dollars."

Explanatory Note.

The purpose of this Bill is to increase the capital stock of the Company.

The present Act reads as follows:

"**3.** The capital stock of the Company shall be five hundred thousand dollars."

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL R[5].

An Act respecting Canadian Pacific Railway Company.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 20th January, 1954.

Honourable Senator TAYLOR.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

83933

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL R5.

An Act respecting Canadian Pacific Railway Company.

WHEREAS Canadian Pacific Railway Company has by its petition prayed for the passing of an Act authorizing it to construct a certain line of railway, as hereinafter set forth, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the petition: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

May construct line of railway.

1. Canadian Pacific Railway Company, hereinafter called "the Company", may within two years after the passing of this Act commence to construct a line of railway from a point on the Ontario and Quebec Railway, being a part of the Canadian Pacific Railway system at or near Havelock, Ontario, thence northerly a distance of approximately fifteen miles to a point at or near Nephton, Ontario; and may within five years after the passing of this Act complete the said line of railway and if within the said periods respectively the said line of railway is not commenced or is not completed and put in operation, the powers of construction, hereby conferred upon the Company shall cease and be null and void as respects so much of the said line of railway as shall then remain uncompleted.

Explanatory Note.

The purpose of this Bill is to authorize the Canadian Pacific Railway Company to construct a branch line of railway from Havelock, Ontario, to a point at or near Nephton, Ontario.

Parliamentary authority is necessary as the line is more than 6 miles in length.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL S5.

An Act respecting Commerce Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

Read a first time, Thursday, 21st January, 1954.

Honourable Senator HOWARD.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

85547

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL S5.

An Act respecting Commerce Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

Preamble. 1927, c. 90.

WHEREAS Commerce Mutual Fire Insurance Company, a corporation incorporated by chapter 90 of the statutes of 1927, has by its petition prayed that it be enacted as hereinafter set forth, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the petition: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Name changed.

1. The name of "Commerce Mutual Fire Insurance Company", and in French "La Compagnie d'Assurance Mutuelle du Commerce contre l'Incendie", hereinafter called "the Company", is hereby changed to "The Commerce General Insurance Company", and in French "La Compagnie d'Assurance Generale de Commerce", but such change in name shall not in any way impair, alter or affect the rights or liabilities of the Company, nor in any way affect any suit or proceeding now pending, or judgment existing, either by, or in favour of, or against the Company, which, notwithstanding such change in the name of the Company, may be prosecuted, continued, completed and enforced as if this Act had not been passed.

Rights saved.

Coming into force.

2. This Act shall come into force on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred and fifty-five.

Explanatory Note.

The purpose of this Bill is to change the name of "Commerce Mutual Fire Insurance Company", and in French "La Compagnie d'Assurance Mutuelle du Commerce contre l'Incendie", a company incorporated by chapter 90 of the statutes of 1927, to that of "The Commerce General Insurance Company", and in French "La Compagnie d'Assurance Generale de Commerce".

First Session, Twenty Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL T5.

An Act for the relief of Dorothy Ann Stuart Story McKenna.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 27th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

82108

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL T5.

An Act for the relief of Dorothy Ann Stuart Story McKenna.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Dorothy Ann Stuart Story McKenna, residing at the city of St. John's, in the province of Newfoundland, wife of Harold Emmett McKenna, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Halifax, in the province of Nova Scotia, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-ninth day of October, A.D. 1949, at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, she then being Dorothy Ann Stuart Story, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved, and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Dorothy Ann Stuart Story and Harold Emmett McKenna, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Dorothy Ann Stuart Story may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Harold Emmett McKenna had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL U5.

An Act for the relief of Joyce Tulloch Foley.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 27th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

82307

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL U5.

An Act for the relief of Joyce Tulloch Foley.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Joyce Tulloch Foley, residing at the town of Waterloo, in the province of Quebec, factory worker, wife of Joseph Alfred Albert Rodger Foley, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the eleventh day of January, A.D. 1947, at the said city, she then being Joyce Tulloch, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Joyce Tulloch and Joseph Alfred Albert Rodger Foley, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Joyce Tulloch may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Joseph Alfred Albert Rodger Foley had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL V5.

An Act for the relief of Ruth Annie Ricketts Perrett.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 27th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

85080

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL V5.

An Act for the relief of Ruth Annie Ricketts Perrett.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Ruth Annie Ricketts Perrett, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, clerk, wife of Arthur Henry Perrett, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the second day of August, A.D. 1941, at the said city, she then being Ruth Annie Ricketts, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Ruth Annie Ricketts and Arthur Henry Perrett, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Ruth Annie Ricketts may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Arthur Henry Perrett had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL W5.

An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Harriet Wyburd Ramseger.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 27th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

83755

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL W5.

An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Harriet Wyburd Ramseger.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Elizabeth Harriet Wyburd Ramseger, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, accountant, wife of Ewald Ramseger, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-sixth day of October, A.D. 1935, at the city of Verdun, in the said province, she then being Elizabeth Harriet Wyburd, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Elizabeth Harriet Wyburd and Ewald Ramseger, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Elizabeth Harriet Wyburd may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Ewald Ramseger had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL X5.

An Act for the relief of
Warma Wilhelmiina Rantasalmi Wirtanen.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 27th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

83677

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL X[5].

An Act for the relief of
Warma Wilhelmiina Rantasalmi Wirtanen.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Warma Wilhelmiina Rantasalmi Wirtanen, residing at the city of Arvida, in the province of Quebec, wife of Olavi Wernerinp Wirtanen, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the fourth day of April, A.D. 1926, at Honkilahti, Finland, she then being Warma Wilhelmiina Rantasalmi, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Warma Wilhelmiina Rantasalmi and Olavi Wernerinp Wirtanen, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Warma Wilhelmiina Rantasalmi may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Olavi Wernerinp Wirtanen had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Y5.

An Act for the relief of Ruth May Rowley Grundy.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 27th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

82051

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Y5.

An Act for the relief of Ruth May Rowley Grundy.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Ruth May Rowley Grundy, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Kenneth John Grundy, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Verdun, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the tenth day of January, A.D. 1950, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Ruth May Rowley, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Ruth May Rowley and Kenneth John Grundy, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Ruth May Rowley may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Kenneth John Grundy had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Z5.

An Act for the relief of Rodney David Themens.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 27th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

84260

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Z5.

An Act for the relief of Rodney David Themens.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Rodney David Themens, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, has by his petition alleged that on the thirtieth day of November, A.D. 1945, at the said city, he and Margaret Alice Mary Nugent, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Rodney David Themens and Margaret Alice Mary Nugent, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Rodney David Themens may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Margaret Alice Mary Nugent had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL A6.

An Act for the relief of Patricia Mackell Wilson.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 27th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

83685

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL A[6].

An Act for the relief of Patricia Mackell Wilson.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Patricia Mackell Wilson, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, dental assistant, wife of Donald Gordon Wilson, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the nineteenth day of March, A.D. 1949, at the said city, she then being Patricia Mackell, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Patricia Mackell and Donald Gordon Wilson, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Patricia Mackell may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Donald Gordon Wilson had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL B6.

An Act for the relief of Joseph Aurele Denault.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 27th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

83771

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL B[6].

An Act for the relief of Joseph Aurele Denault.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Joseph Aurele Denault, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of St. Lambert, in the province of Quebec, contractor, has by his petition alleged that on the twentieth day of May, A.D. 1933, at the village of Stanstead, in the said province, he and Bertha Patenaude, who was then of the said village, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Joseph Aurele Denault and Bertha Patenaude, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Joseph Aurele Denault may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Bertha Patenaude had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL C6.

An Act for the relief of Arthur Ryan.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 27th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

81583

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL C6.

An Act for the relief of Arthur Ryan.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Arthur Ryan, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Sherbrooke, in the province of Quebec, electrical engineer, has by his petition alleged that on the nineteenth day of August, A.D. 1938, at the city of Timmins, in the province of Ontario, he and Lois Rogers, who was then of the town of Little Current, in the said province of Ontario, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Arthur Ryan and Lois Rogers, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Arthur Ryan may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Lois Rogers had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL D[6].

An Act for the relief of Mary Clenman Bernard, otherwise known as May Clenman Bernard.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 27th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

82736

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL D[6].

An Act for the relief of Mary Clenman Bernard, otherwise known as May Clenman Bernard.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Mary Clenman Bernard, otherwise known as May Clenman Bernard, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Leon Bernard, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the eighth day of December, A.D. 1940, at the said city, she then being Mary Clenman, otherwise known as May Clenman, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Mary Clenman, otherwise known as May Clenman, and Leon Bernard, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Mary Clenman, otherwise known as May Clenman, may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Leon Bernard had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL E6.

An Act for the relief of Lloyd Demont Noseworthy.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 27th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

81888

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL E[6].

An Act for the relief of Lloyd Demont Noseworthy.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Lloyd Demont Noseworthy, domiciled in Canada and residing at the town of Whitbourne, in the province of Newfoundland, has by his petition alleged that on the sixth day of January, A.D. 1945, at the city of St. John's, in the said province, he and Edna Churley, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Lloyd Demont Noseworthy and Edna Churley, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Lloyd Demont Noseworthy may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Edna Churley had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL F6.

An Act for the relief of Douglas Charles Fortune.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 27th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

83861

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL F[6].

An Act for the relief of Douglas Charles Fortune.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Douglas Charles Fortune, domiciled in Canada and residing at the town of Huntingdon, in the province of Quebec, loom fixer, has by his petition alleged that on the twenty-sixth day of August, A.D. 1939, at the said town, he and Violet Ada Warden, who was then of the said town, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Douglas Charles Fortune and Violet Ada Warden, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Douglas Charles Fortune may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Violet Ada Warden had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL G6.

An Act for the relief of Kenneth George Wright.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 27th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

84248

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL G6.

An Act for the relief of Kenneth George Wright.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Kenneth George Wright, domiciled in Canada and residing at the village of Knowlton, in the province of Quebec, lineman, has by his petition alleged that on the fourteenth day of December, A.D. 1940, at the town of Waterloo, in the said province, he and Viola Irene Norris, who was then of the said town, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Kenneth George Wright and Viola Irene Norris, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Kenneth George Wright may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Viola Irene Norris had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL H6.

An Act for the relief of Sonia Rofman Bailis.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 27th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

84064

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL H[6].

An Act for the relief of Sonia Rofman Bailis.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Sonia Rofman Bailis, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Lipa Bailis, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the nineteenth day of December, A.D. 1952, at the said city, she then being Sonia Rofman, a widow; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Sonia Rofman and Lipa Bailis, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Sonia Rofman may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Lipa Bailis had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL I[6].

An Act for the relief of Bessie Livshitz Rudy.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 27th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

83562

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL I[6].

An Act for the relief of Bessie Livshitz Rudy.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Bessie Livshitz Rudy, residing at the city of Outremont, in the province of Quebec, wife of Harry Rudy, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the town of Lacolle, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the second day of March, A.D. 1924, at the city of Montreal, in the said province, she then being Bessie Livshitz, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Bessie Livshitz and Harry Rudy, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Bessie Livshitz may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Harry Rudy had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL J6.

An Act for the relief of
Monika Emilija Kasputyte Janauskas.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 27th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

84252

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL J[6].

An Act for the relief of
Monika Emilija Kasputyte Janauskas.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Monika Emilija Kasputyte Janauskas, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, research assistant, wife of Antanas Janauskas, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the eighth day of July, A.D. 1949, at the said city, she then being Monika Emilija Kasputyte, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Monika Emilija Kasputyte and Antanas Janauskas, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Monika Emilija Kasputyte may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Antanas Janauskas had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL K[6].

An Act for the relief of Suzanne Marie-Therese Gens La France.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 27th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

83845

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL K[6].

An Act for the relief of Suzanne Marie-Therese Gens La France.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Suzanne Marie-Therese Gens La France, residing at the city of Westmount, in the province of Quebec, wife of Paul La France, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the sixteenth day of August, A.D. 1948, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Suzanne Marie-Therese Gens, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Suzanne Marie-Therese Gens and Paul La France, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Suzanne Marie-Therese Gens may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Paul La France had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL L[6].

An Act for the relief of Noella Cooker Prince.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 27th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

84076

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL L[6].

An Act for the relief of Noella Cooker Prince.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Noella Cooker Prince, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Hector Prince, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-second day of January, A.D. 1938, at the said city, she then being Noella Cooker, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Noella Cooker and Hector Prince, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Noella Cooker may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Hector Prince had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL M6.

An Act for the relief of Rupert Evans Joyce.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 27th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

83010

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL M[6].

An Act for the relief of Rupert Evans Joyce.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Rupert Evans Joyce, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, salesman, has by his petition alleged that on the seventeenth day of December, A.D. 1929, at the said city, he and Helen Sirois, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Rupert Evans Joyce and Helen Sirois, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Rupert Evans Joyce may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Helen Sirois had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL N6.

An Act for the relief of Lois Helen Kutzman Caplan.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

84599

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL N6.

An Act for the relief of Lois Helen Kutzman Caplan.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Lois Helen Kutzman Caplan, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, teacher, wife of Herbert Caplan, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-seventh day of January, A.D. 1952, at the said city, she then being Lois Helen Kutzman, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Lois Helen Kutzman and Herbert Caplan, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Lois Helen Kutzman may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Herbert Caplan had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL O⁶.

An Act for the relief of Fernand Constant Daemen.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

83574

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL O⁶.

An Act for the relief of Fernand Constant Daemen.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Fernand Constant Daemen, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, operator, has by his petition alleged that on the seventeenth day of April, A.D. 1948, at the said city, he and Marie Juliette Jacqueline Gagne, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Fernand Constant Daemen and Marie Juliette Jacqueline Gagne, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Fernand Constant Daeman may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Marie Juliette Jacqueline Gagne had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL P6.

An Act for the relief of Mary Kazymerchyk Senyck.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

84088

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL P6.

An Act for the relief of Mary Kazymerchyk Senyck.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Mary Kazymerchyk Senyck, residing at the city of Verdun, in the province of Quebec, dressmaker, wife of Emyle Senyck, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-third day of August, A.D. 1941, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Mary Kazymerchyk, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Mary Kazymerchyk, and Emyle Senyck, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Mary Kazymerchyk may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Emyle Senyck had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Q[6].

An Act for the relief of Rosalie Hetty Arbess Sofin.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

83747

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Q[6].

An Act for the relief of Rosalie Hetty Arbess Sofin.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Rosalie Hetty Arbess Sofin, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, psychologist, wife of William Sofin, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the thirteenth day of May, A.D. 1945, at the city of Outremont, in the said province, she then being Rosalie Hetty Arbess, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Rosalie Hetty Arbess and William Sofin, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Rosalie Hetty Arbess may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said William Sofin had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL R6.

An Act for the relief of Lucille Lafortune Wilson.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

83673

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL R[6].

An Act for the relief of Lucille Lafortune Wilson.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Lucille Lafortune Wilson, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, music clerk, wife of Reginald Wilson, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the fourteenth day of February, A.D. 1953, at the said city, she then being Lucille Lafortune, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Lucille Lafortune and Reginald Wilson, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Lucille Lafortune may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Reginald Wilson had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL S6.

An Act for the relief of Wilfrid Cote.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

81864

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL S[6].

An Act for the relief of Wilfrid Cote.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Wilfrid Cote, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, labourer, has by his petition alleged that on the first day of September, A.D. 1945, at the said city, he and Alice Arteau, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Wilfrid Cote and Alice Arteau, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Wilfrid Cote may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Alice Arteau had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL T6.

An Act for the relief of Janca Fani Pollak Schlesinger.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

84072

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL T6.

An Act for the relief of Janca Fani Pollak Schlesinger.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Janca Fani Pollak Schlesinger, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, operator, wife of Paul Schlesinger, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-seventh day of January, A.D. 1940, at the city of Bucharest, Rumania, she then being Janca Fani Pollak, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Janca Fani Pollak and Paul Schlesinger, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Janca Fani Pollak may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Paul Schlesinger had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL U6.

An Act for the relief of Sadie Marie Ansingh Grosheintz.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

82868

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL U[6].

An Act for the relief of Sadie Marie Ansingh Grosheintz.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Sadie Marie Ansingh Grosheintz, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, student, wife of John Manfred Grosheintz, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the fifteenth day of May, A.D. 1946, at King Township, in the province of Ontario, she then being Sadie Marie Ansingh, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Sadie Marie Ansingh and John Manfred Grosheintz, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Sadie Marie Ansingh may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said John Manfred Grosheintz had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL V6.

An Act for the relief of Douglas Morrison Meldrum.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

84159

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL V6.

An Act for the relief of Douglas Morrison Meldrum.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Douglas Morrison Meldrum, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, printer, has by his petition alleged that on the twentieth day of June, A.D. 1931, at the said city, he and Margaret Simpson, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Douglas Morrison Meldrum and Margaret Simpson, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Douglas Morrison Meldrum may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Margaret Simpson had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL W6.

An Act for the relief of Alec Lenetsky.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

84365

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL W6.

An Act for the relief of Alec Lenetsky.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Alec Lenetsky, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, manager, has by his petition alleged that on the twenty-ninth day of December, A.D. 1946, at the city of Philadelphia, in the state of Pennsylvania, one of the United States of America, he and Rose Byer, who was then of the said city of Montreal, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Alec Lenetsky and Rose Byer, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Alec Lenetsky may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Rose Byer had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL X[6].

An Act for the relief of Dorothy Lilian Asbury Davies.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

83865

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL X[6].

An Act for the relief of Dorothy Lilian Asbury Davies.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Dorothy Lilian Asbury Davies, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, office clerk, wife of William Davies, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the first day of September, A.D. 1943, at the town of Barrie, in the province of Ontario, she then being Dorothy Lilian Asbury, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Dorothy Lilian Asbury and William Davies, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Dorothy Lilian Asbury may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said William Davies had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Y6.

An Act for the relief of Nicholas Krauchuke.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

85338

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Y6.

An Act for the relief of Nicholas Krauchuke.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Nicholas Krauchuke, domiciled in Canada, and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, technician, has by his petition alleged that on the sixteenth day of July, A.D. 1949, at the said city, he and Marie Ida Therese Gelinas, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Nicholas Krauchuke and Marie Ida Therese Gelinas, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Nicholas Krauchuke may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Marie Ida Therese Gelinas had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Z[6].

An Act for the relief of Esther Kohn Rosner.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

85128

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Z⁶.

An Act for the relief of Esther Kohn Rosner.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Esther Kohn Rosner, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, bookkeeper, wife of Joe Rosner, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at St. Vincent de Paul, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twelfth day of March, A.D. 1950, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Esther Kohn, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Esther Kohn and Joe Rosner, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Esther Kohn may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Joe Rosner had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL A7.

An Act for the relief of Marguerite Jazzar Nassar.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

83657

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL A7.

An Act for the relief of Marguerite Jazzar Nassar.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Marguerite Jazzar Nassar, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, saleslady, wife of Phillip Nassar, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the eighteenth day of June, A.D. 1943, at the said city, she then being Marguerite Jazzar, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Marguerite Jazzar and Phillip Nassar, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Marguerite Jazzar may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Phillip Nassar had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL B7.

An Act for the relief of Leona Bobby Denberg Wiseman, otherwise known as Leona Bobby Denberg White.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

84256

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL B7.

An Act for the relief of Leona Bobby Denberg Wiseman, otherwise known as Leona Bobby Denberg White.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Leona Bobby Denberg Wiseman, otherwise known as Leona Bobby Denberg White, residing at the city of Outremont, in the province of Quebec, bookkeeper, wife of Sidney Wiseman, otherwise known as Sidney White, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twelfth day of March, A.D. 1944, at the city of Montreal, in the said province, she then being Leona Bobby Denberg, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Leona Bobby Denberg and Sidney Wiseman, otherwise known as Sidney White, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Leona Bobby Denberg may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Sidney Wiseman, otherwise known as Sidney White, had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL C7.

An Act for the relief of Marianne Roos Axelrad.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

83661

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL C7.

An Act for the relief of Marianne Roos Axelrad.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Marianne Roos Axelrad, residing at the city of Westmount, in the province of Quebec, teacher, wife of Arthur Aaron Axelrad, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-first day of December, A.D. 1949, at the said city of Westmount, she then being Marianne Roos, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Marianne Roos and Arthur Aaron Axelrad, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Marianne Roos may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Arthur Aaron Axelrad had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL D[7].

An Act for the relief of Margaret Jaunzen Dishler.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

84740

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL D[7].

An Act for the relief of Margaret Jaunzen Dishler.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Margaret Jaunzen Dishler, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, clerk, wife of Dally Dishler, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twelfth day of July, A.D. 1947, at the city of Hanover, Germany, she then being Margaret Jaunzen, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Margaret Jaunzen and Dally Dishler, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Margaret Jaunzen may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Dally Dishler had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL E7.

An Act for the relief of Pearl Witzling Socolow.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

84660

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL E7.

An Act for the relief of Pearl Witzling Socolow.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Pearl Witzling Socolow, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Samuel Socolow, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the third day of June, A.D. 1945, at the said city, she then being Pearl Witzling, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Pearl Witzling and Samuel Socolow, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Pearl Witzling may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Samuel Socolow had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL F[7].

An Act for the relief of Jennie Chun Readman.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

84736

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL F7.

An Act for the relief of Jennie Chun Readman.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Jennie Chun Readman, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, comptometer operator, wife of William Readman, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the eleventh day of May, A.D. 1946, at the said city, she then being Jennie Chun, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Jennie Chun and William Readman, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Jennie Chun may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said William Readman had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL G7.

An Act for the relief of Gizella Szabo Herczeg.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

85108

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL G[7].

An Act for the relief of Gizella Szabo Herczeg.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Gizella Szabo Herczeg, residing at the city of Outremont, in the province of Quebec, switchboard operator, wife of Joseph Kalman Herczeg, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-third day of September, A.D. 1944, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Gizella Szabo, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Gizella Szabo and Joseph Kalman Herczeg, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Gizella Szabo may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Joseph Kalman Herczeg had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL H[7].

An Act for the relief of Lilija Hedviga Treimane Jursevskis.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

84096

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL H[7].

An Act for the relief of Lilija Hedviga Treimane Jursevskis.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Lilija Hedviga Treimane Jursevskis, residing at the town of Ste. Agathe des Monts, in the province of Quebec, pottery worker, wife of Zigfrids Mikielis Jursevskis, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said town, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-sixth day of December, A.D. 1939, at Liepaja, Latvia, she then being Lilija Hedviga Treimane, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Lilija Hedviga Treimane and Zigfrids Mikielis Jursevskis, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Lilija Hedviga Treimane may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Zigfrids Mikielis Jursevskis had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL I7.

An Act for the relief of John Richard Maher.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

86000

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL I[7].

An Act for the relief of John Richard Maher.

Preamble.

WHEREAS John Richard Maher, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Longueuil, in the province of Quebec, mechanical engineer, has by his petition alleged that on the fifteenth day of December, A.D. 1941, at the city of Montreal, in the said province, he and Vena Jeannette Charlebois, who was then of the said city of Montreal, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between John Richard Maher and Vena Jeannette Charlebois, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said John Richard Maher may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Vena Jeannette Charlebois had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL J7.

An Act for the relief of Elizabeth McDonald Jones Roy.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

82243

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL J[7].

An Act for the relief of Elizabeth McDonald Jones Roy.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Elizabeth McDonald Jones Roy, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, teacher, wife of Wesley Arlington Roy, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the village of St. Sebastien, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the third day of May, A.D. 1941, at the said city, she then being Elizabeth McDonald Jones, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved be evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Elizabeth McDonald Jones and Wesley Arlington Roy, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Elizabeth McDonald Jones may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Wesley Arlington Roy had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL K[7].

An Act for the relief of Claire Viola Frechette Ainsworth.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

84744

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL K[7].

An Act for the relief of Claire Viola Frechette Ainsworth.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Claire Viola Frechette Ainsworth, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, supervisor, wife of John Ainsworth, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Verdun, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twentieth day of September, A.D. 1947, at the said city of Verdun, she then being Claire Viola Frechette, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Claire Viola Frechette and John Ainsworth, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Claire Viola Frechette may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said John Ainsworth had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL L7.

An Act for the relief of Margaret Reta Dodge Parsons.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

81525

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL L7.

An Act for the relief of Margaret Reta Dodge Parsons.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Margaret Reta Dodge Parsons, residing at the city of Ottawa, in the province of Ontario, waitress, wife of Malcolm Mark Parsons, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-fourth day of June, A.D. 1939, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Margaret Reta Dodge, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Margaret Reta Dodge and Malcolm Mark Parsons, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Margaret Reta Dodge may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Malcolm Mark Parsons had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL M7.

An Act for the relief of Estella Cluett Jensen.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

85235

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL M7.

An Act for the relief of Estella Cluett Jensen.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Estella Cluett Jensen, residing at the city of Kingston, in the province of Ontario, fur finisher, wife of Allan Rose Jensen, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the village of Belleoram, in the province of Newfoundland, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the nineteenth day of November, A.D. 1936, at the said village, she then being Estella Cluett, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Estella Cluett and Allan Rose Jensen, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Estella Cluett may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Allan Rose Jensen had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL N7.

An Act for the relief of Angelina Natale Beaucaire.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

85144

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL N7.

An Act for the relief of Angelina Natale Beaucaire.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Angelina Natale Beaucaire, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Joseph Alphonse Oscar Beaucaire, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the thirteenth day of February, A.D. 1941, at the said city, she then being Angelina Natale, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Angelina Natale and Joseph Alphonse Oscar Beaucaire, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Angelina Natale may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Joseph Alphonse Oscar Beaucaire had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL O7.

An Act for the relief of Dorothy Miller Osborough Davidson.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

85471

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL O7.

An Act for the relief of Dorothy Miller Osborough Davidson.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Dorothy Miller Osborough Davidson, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Robert William Davidson, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the nineteenth day of August, A.D. 1949, at the city of Arbroath, in the county of Angus, Scotland, she then being Dorothy Miller Osborough, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Dorothy Miller Osborough and Robert William Davidson, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Dorothy Miller Osborough may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Robert William Davidson had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL P7.

An Act for the relief of Marie Rose Gisele Houde Dionne.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

84357

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL P7.

An Act for the relief of Marie Rose Gisele Houde Dionne.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Marie Rose Gisele Houde Dionne, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, interior decorator, wife of Joseph Alfred Antonio Raoul Dionne, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the fourteenth day of July, A.D. 1940, at the said city, she then being Marie Rose Gisele Houde, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Marie Rose Gisele Houde and Joseph Alfred Antonio Raoul Dionne, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Marie Rose Gisele Houde may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Joseph Alfred Antonio Raoul Dionne had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Q7.

An Act for the relief of Olga Pscheidt Arsenault.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

84369

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Q7.

An Act for the relief of Olga Pscheidt Arsenault.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Olga Pscheidt Arsenault, residing at the town of Mount Royal, in the province of Quebec, hairdresser, wife of Leonard Gerard Arsenault, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-fifth day of April, A.D. 1934, at the said city, she then being Olga Pscheidt, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Olga Pscheidt and Leonard Gerard Arsenault, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Olga Pscheidt may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Leonard Gerard Arsenault had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL R[7].

An Act for the relief of Edward Robinson Harris.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

85342

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL R7.

An Act for the relief of Edward Robinson Harris.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Edward Robinson Harris, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of St. Lambert, in the province of Quebec, toolmaker, has by his petition alleged that on the twenty-fourth day of October, A.D. 1942, at the city of Montreal, in the said province, he and Thelma Robertson, who was then of the said city of St. Lambert, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Edward Robinson Harris and Thelma Robertson, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Edward Robinson Harris may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Thelma Robertson had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL S[7].

An Act for the relief of Cathrine Pieternelle Wytenbroek Knight.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

85423

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL S7.

An Act for the relief of Cathrine Pieternelle Wytenbroek Knight.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Cathrine Pieternelle Wytenbroek Knight, residing at the city of Verdun, in the province of Quebec, wife of George Harry Knight, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the first day of July, A.D. 1942, at the city of Ottawa, in the province of Ontario, she then being Cathrine Pieternelle Wytenbroek, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Cathrine Pieternelle Wytenbroek and George Harry Knight, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Cathrine Pieternelle Wytenbroek may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said George Harry Knight had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL T7.

An Act for the relief of Anton Bliziffer.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA. 1954

84276

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL T7.

An Act for the relief of Anton Bliziffer.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Anton Bliziffer, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, chef, has by his petition alleged that on the twenty-first day of May, A.D. 1932, at the said city, he and Isabella Mair, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Anton Bliziffer and Isabella Mair, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Anton Bliziffer may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Isabella Mair had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL U7.

An Act for the relief of Theodore Rolfsmeyer von Berzeviczy.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

83124

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL U7.

An Act for the relief of Theodore Rolfsmeyer von Berzeviczy.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Theodore Rolfsmeyer von Berzeviczy, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, dressmaker, wife of Albert Ruediger von Berzeviczy, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the eighth day of April, A.D. 1950, at the city of Salzburg, Austria, she then being Theodore Rolfsmeyer, a widow; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Theodore Rolfsmeyer and Albert Ruediger von Berzeviczy, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Theodore Rolfsmeyer may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Albert Ruediger von Berzeviczy had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL V7.

An Act for the relief of Agnes Broo Hammond Bailey.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

85467

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL V7.

An Act for the relief of Agnes Broo Hammond Bailey.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Agnes Broo Hammond Bailey, residing at the township of Sutton, in the province of Quebec, wife of Linwood Levi Bailey, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the township of Mansonville, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the ninth day of June, A.D. 1944, at the town of Cowansville, in the said province, she then being Agnes Broo Hammond, a widow; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Agnes Broo Hammond and Linwood Levi Bailey, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Agnes Broo Hammond may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Linwood Levi Bailey had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL W7.

An Act for the relief of Emma Antoinette Rachel Lauzon McDuff.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

83849

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL W7.

An Act for the relief of Emma Antoinette Rachel Lauzon McDuff.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Emma Antoinette Rachel Lauzon McDuff, residing at the city of Outremont, in the province of Quebec, office clerk, wife of Raymond Arthur McDuff, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the thirtieth day of July, A.D. 1934, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Emma Antoinette Rachel Lauzon, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Emma Antoinette Rachel Lauzon and Raymond Arthur McDuff, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Emma Antoinette Rachel Lauzon may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Raymond Arthur McDuff had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL X[7].

An Act for the relief of Idella Adeline Sharpe Cutler.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

82227

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL X[7].

An Act for the relief of Idella Adeline Sharpe Cutler.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Idella Adeline Sharpe Cutler, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, grinder and polisher, wife of Peter George Cutler, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the fifteenth day of January, A.D. 1938, at the said city, she then being Idella Adeline Sharpe, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Idella Adeline Sharpe and Peter George Cutler, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Idella Adeline Sharpe may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Peter George Cutler had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Y7.

An Act for the relief of Walter Leonard Woodward.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

85479

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Y7.

An Act for the relief of Walter Leonard Woodward.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Walter Leonard Woodward, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, machinist, has by his petition alleged that on the twenty-third day of March, A.D. 1946, at the said city, he and Lillian Robinson, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Walter Leonard Woodward and Lillian Robinson, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Walter Leonard Woodward may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Lillian Robinson had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Z7.

An Act for the relief of Marion Shirley Barsky Burg.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

82760

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Z7.

An Act for the relief of Marion Shirley Barsky Burg.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Marion Shirley Barsky Burg, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, student, wife of Ronald Burg, who is domiciled in Canada and is at present residing at the city of New York, in the state of New York, one of the United States of America, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the fourteenth day of March, A.D. 1948, at the city of Westmount, in the said province, she then being Marion Shirley Barsky, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Marion Shirley Barsky and Ronald Burg, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Marion Shirley Barsky may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Ronald Burg had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL A[8].

An Act for the relief of Florence Elene Thom Ward.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

84416

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL A[8].

An Act for the relief of Florence Elene Thom Ward.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Florence Elene Thom Ward, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, dental assistant, wife of Francis Hawkins Ward, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Westmount, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the fourth day of August, A.D. 1945, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Florence Elene Thom, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Florence Elene Thom and Francis Hawkins Ward, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Florence Elene Thom may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Francis Hawkins Ward had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL B[8].

An Act for the relief of William Jean Paul Powroz.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

86004

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL B[8].

An Act for the relief of William Jean Paul Powroz.

Preamble.

WHEREAS William Jean Paul Powroz, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, seaman, has by his petition alleged that on the twenty-seventh day of July, A.D. 1945, at the city of St. Hyacinthe, in the said province, he and Margaret Jane Hamilton, who was then of the said city of Montreal, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between William Jean Paul Powroz and Margaret Jane Hamilton, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said William Jean Paul Powroz may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Margaret Jane Hamilton had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL C[8].

An Act for the relief of Lewis Swailes.

Read a first time, Thursday, 28th January, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

81579

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL C[8].

An Act for the relief of Lewis Swailes.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Lewis Swailes, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, electrician, has by his petition alleged that on the fourteenth day of April, A.D. 1927, at the said city, he and Sarah Jane Foy, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Lewis Swailes and Sarah Jane Foy, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Lewis Swailes may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Sarah Jane Foy had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL D[8].

An Act for the relief of Shirley Goodlin Myrovitch.

Read a first time, Tuesday, 2nd February, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

84974

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL D[8].

An Act for the relief of Shirley Goodlin Myrovitch.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Shirley Goodlin Myrovitch, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, stenographer, wife of Alexander Myrovitch, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the eighteenth day of December, A.D. 1949, at the said city, she then being Shirley Goodlin, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Shirley Goodlin and Alexander Myrovitch, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Shirley Goodlin may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Alexander Myrovitch had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL E8.

An Act for the relief of Germaine Lafond Joyal.

Read a first time, Tuesday, 2nd February, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

82904

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL E[8].

An Act for the relief of Germaine Lafond Joyal.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Germaine Lafond Joyal, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, dressmaker, wife of Jules Edouard Joyal, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the town of Drummondville, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the first day of February, A.D. 1927, at the village of St. Majorique, in the said province, she then being Germaine Lafond, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Germaine Lafond and Jules Edouard Joyal, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Germaine Lafond may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Jules Edouard Joyal had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL F8.

An Act for the relief of Kenneth Charles Overbury.

Read a first time, Tuesday, 2nd February, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

84520

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL F[8].

An Act for the relief of Kenneth Charles Overbury.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Kenneth Charles Overbury, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Lachine, in the province of Quebec, metallurgical technician, has by his petition alleged that on the first day of September, A.D. 1951, at the said city, he and Frances Susanne Therese Gauthier, who was then of the city of Westmount, in the said province, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Kenneth Charles Overbury and Frances Susanne Therese Gauthier, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Kenneth Charles Overbury may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Frances Susanne Therese Gauthier had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL G8.

An Act for the relief of Hazel Emily Louise Hunter Naud.

Read a first time, Tuesday, 2nd February, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

84084

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL G[8].

An Act for the relief of Hazel Emily Louise Hunter Naud.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Hazel Emily Louise Hunter Naud, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, advertising clerk, wife of Frank Ivanhoe Joseph Naud, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the fifteenth day of July, A.D. 1950, at the said city, she then being Hazel Emily Louise Hunter, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Hazel Emily Louise Hunter and Frank Ivanhoe Joseph Naud, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Hazel Emily Louise Hunter may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Frank Ivanhoe Joseph Naud had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL H[8].

An Act for the relief of Pearl Agnes Harding Potvin.

Read a first time, Tuesday, 2nd February, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

83767

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL H[8].

An Act for the relief of Pearl Agnes Harding Potvin.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Pearl Agnes Harding Potvin, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, telephone operator, wife of Stanley Nelson Potvin, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the town of Sweetsburg, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-sixth day of January, A.D. 1947, at the city of St. Johns, in the said province, she then being Pearl Agnes Harding, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Pearl Agnes Harding and Stanley Nelson Potvin, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Pearl Agnes Harding may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Stanley Nelson Potvin had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL I[8].

An Act for the relief of Samuel Goldberg.

Read a first time, Tuesday, 2nd February, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

84068

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL I[8].

An Act for the relief of Samuel Goldberg.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Samuel Goldberg, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, clerk, has by his petition alleged that on the twenty-seventh day of August, A.D. 1942, at the said city, he and Irene Mary Edith Baraneck, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Samuel Goldberg and Irene Mary Edith Baraneck, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Samuel Goldberg may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Irene Mary Edith Baraneck had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL J[8].

An Act for the relief of Nancy Elizabeth Borden Sise.

Read a first time, Tuesday, 2nd February, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

84532

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL J[8].

An Act for the relief of Nancy Elizabeth Borden Sise.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Nancy Elizabeth Borden Sise, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Hazen Edward Sise, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-ninth day of August, A.D. 1942, at the said city, she then being Nancy Elizabeth Borden, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Nancy Elizabeth Borden and Hazen Edward Sise, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Nancy Elizabeth Borden may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Hazen Edward Sise had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL K8.

An Act for the relief of Audrey Madeline Crothers Walklate.

Read a first time, Tuesday, 2nd February, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

82896

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL K[8].

An Act for the relief of Audrey Madeline Crothers Walklate.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Audrey Madeline Crothers Walklate, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, clerk, wife of William Thomas Walklate, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the town of Valois, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the fifteenth day of April, A.D. 1950, at the city of Westmount, in the said province, she then being Audrey Madeline Crothers, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Audrey Madeline Crothers and William Thomas Walklate, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Audrey Madeline Crothers may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said William Thomas Walklate had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL L[8].

An Act for the relief of Joyce Gowrie Kimber Kendler.

Read a first time, Tuesday, 2nd February, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

84345

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL L[8].

An Act for the relief of Joyce Gowrie Kimber Kendler.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Joyce Gowrie Kimber Kendler, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, stenographer, wife of Emil Kendler, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the town of Hampstead, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twelfth day of January, A.D. 1946, at the said city, she then being Joyce Gowrie Kimber, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Joyce Gowrie Kimber and Emil Kendler, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Joyce Gowrie Kimber may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Emil Kendler had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL M8.

An Act for the relief of
Gloria Alphonsine Timmins Ferguson.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 3rd February, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

85854

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL M[8].

An Act for the relief of
Gloria Alphonsine Timmins Ferguson.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Gloria Alphonsine Timmins Ferguson, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Ben Earl Ferguson, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twentieth day of September, A.D. 1947, at the said city, she then being Gloria Alphonsine Timmins, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Gloria Alphonsine Timmins and Ben Earl Ferguson, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Gloria Alphonsine Timmins may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Ben Earl Ferguson had not been solemnized.

First Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL N8.

An Act for the relief of Adella Alice McNeil Slobosky.

Read a first time, Wednesday, 3rd February, 1954.

The Honourable the Chairman of the
Committee on Divorce

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1954

84349

1st Session, 22nd Parliament, 2 Elizabeth II, 1953-54.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL N[8].

An Act for the relief of Adella Alice McNeil Slobosky.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Adella Alice McNeil Slobosky, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, saleslady, wife of Maurice Slobosky, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twentieth day of August, A.D. 1949, at the city of Verdun, in the said province, she then being Adella Alice McNeil, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Adella Alice McNeil and Maurice Slobosky, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Adella Alice McNeil may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Maurice Slobosky had not been solemnized.