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# Upholds the Doctrines and Rubrics of the Praver Book. 



## ECCLESIASTICAL NOTES.

Tee Late Desn Howson.-The Dean of Llandaff, (Dr. Varghan, in a. aermon., lately preached thus refers to the death of Dean Howion:-Wesometimes mark in this place, and we make no apology for doing so, useful lives endod; noble spirits made perfect, within the State or the Ohurch of Fingland. One such life ended last Tuesday; and the Church, at least, is the poorer. Tho mourning yesterday, when Dean Howson Was laid to rest in the oloisters of the cathedral which had drawn from him new life for its worship and new beauty for its structure, was no merely local mourning. It has its echo all over Fingland, wheresoever a beautiful character, a life at once studious sociable, and practical, a "life given to useful labour in wiiting and educating, and a Churchmanship earnest without anil owness and liberal Without vagueness, can find approciative hearts to call it the kind of Christianity best for Englishmon, most traly expressive of the national spirit, in its strength and in its charm, "in things pertaining to God.". We can ill spare such an influence at this time from the Chnoch of our affections. Mon like the late Dean of Chester draw towards religion, draw towards the Church of England in particular, the sympathy as well as the respect of that vast body of the middle class of our countrymen to which Chistianify is dirist Himself, in His character and in His work, at once power and wisdom, at once the propitiation and the life. God grant us more men of this stamp to pilot our veseel amid the rocks and shoals of this present day of reproach and peril, and to preserve to the Christianity of England its disinctive feature, as a religion which has manlinese for its backbone and spirituality for its life's breath.'

An Enalish Vistion at St. Patrick's Cathedral.-" We woke to the wettest of wet Sundays, which mattered little, as I had resolved to spend it in St Patrick's Cathedral, of which, and the music, I had heard so mach. Not untruly. Even after having heard the finest cathedral services in England and France, and the various funzioni of two Easters at Rome, I lound it beautiful. Beethoven's 'Hallelujah,' from the Mount of Olives, part of Sphor's Last Judgment, and Handel's 'Lift up your heads, $O$ yo gates,' were done with rare perfection. Indeed, for refinement and even balance of voices, accuracy and purity of singing, any music lover would find the choir of St. Patr ck's worth crossing the Chaninel to:listen to, which is saying a good deal. Also for the sermons. Irish preaching is popularly supposed to be 'full of sound and. fury, signifying:nothing.' But Dean (Bishop) Reichel has apparently added German depth and solidity to his native force. Brief, terse, vivid, a clear skeleton of thought, clothed with the bone and mascle of language-very muacular language too; no mincing of matters in the smallest degree- the sermons were a treat to listen to. And in the afternoon discourse uyon the text. "Remove from among you the accursed thing,' whioh-was listened to by an onormous deid-gilent crowd, such as might have gathered únder Luther or Savonariola. It was
scribing the state of a man, God-foreaken, in Whom conscience itself is dead-which the Deen held to be the sin against the Holy Ghost -he lowered his voice and said, after a soloinn pause, : For this there is no repentance, either in this, woild, or in the world to come,' the hush of awed silence which came over the dense congregation was something nevar to be for-gotten."-English Illustrated Magazine (for Decembor.)

Churci Reform-Free and Open Churoh-es.-The Bishop of Peterborough will introduce the Parish Churches Bill into the House of Louds early next Sossion. 'The enacting clause provides that "every parish church in England and Wales is hereby deciared to be for the free use in common of all the parishioners for the purposes of Divine worship according to the rites and ceremonies of the Church of England.

The Chirch's Unity- Nothing is more true than that the present establishment of the Church is a poweiful and from a historian's point of viow, a well-conceived, fitly-rendered, and noble auxiliary to inward unity, an auxiliary which it would be:wrong to disband. But the anticipation (be it of hope or fear) readily cheats itself which presumes that the Church would, were that aid withdrawn, divide into a number of groups, or even into two great associations of High and Low. The same formularies which now express and unite the universal "polar" tendencies of religious thought and feoling would loss nothing of their power. They are not born of the spirit of compromiso as small thinkers delight to think, but of the catholicity which knows that truth is manifold, and enters on that great inberitance without fear. The Church of Ireland had tendencies within it more pronounced than ours. The Cburch of America includes the same lines of teaching and practices of ritual as ours; divergency does not become or tend to become seperation there. The sense of a unity which underlies the differences that outsiders magnify, suggests more and mone that extremists may safely be left to recover their balance. The feeling for unity would lose none of its power under pressure. In the whole history of tho Church, disunion has never beon the fruit of external violence.-The Primate's Charge.

## Resumption of Cheistlan Work in Burmair.

 The Bishop of Rangoon has telegraphed to the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel for threo clergymen for Mandalay, which is now open to the Church, aftor a suspension of all missionary work for six years. In 1869 (says the Guardian) the Revi. J. E. Marks, the Society's missionary, at the invitution of the then King, visited Mandalay with some of his pupils from St. John's College, Rangoon, and the King undertook to build a church, a clergyhouse, and a Iarge school, if Mr. Marks would consent to work in the capital. The King was as good as his word, and in tho handsome church which he built her Majosty placed a marble font. On the death of the King and the accession in 1878 of Theebaw, the Royal protection was withdrawn and the missionary was ordered to retire to British territory. It isbolieved that the clorgy-house has boen used as Buddhist monestary and the church as a State lottery-office ; but the Bishop evidently regards Mandalay as roopened, and wishes the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel to iesume its connection with it.

The National Churoh - An mident Liberationist having indiscrectly jumped at the use of the word "National," in the Bishop of Petorborough's recent address, Dr. Mageo points out that the word "National," in" this connection. no more means that the Churoh is a department of the Civil Sorvice than that it proves the property of the National Lifeboat Institution, or the National Bank, to bo stato property, "As by law established" does not mean as "by law founded.'
"She Hatii Done What Sie Could."-As an instance of the good work which one woman can accomplish may be mentioned tho labor of Miss Charlotte Mulligan in connection with tho Mission work in Buftulo. She now has a Sunday school class of upwards of 60 young men, and during the timo she has boen in the work sho has brought 5,000 young men within its influence. As one outgrowth of this class niono the mission can point with pride to the Guard of Honor Society, which owns a building on Washington Stroet worth $\$ 10,000$, which is in itself a conter of good influencos.

A Rare Diboovery.-The body of St. Paulinus, sometime Bishop of Trier (or Trovos) has been discovored at that city. In at sarcophagus hown out of a single stone was found a coftin made of some foreign wood, in wonderful preservation. The coffin was adorned with one gold and two silver plates, on each side of which are ongraved the initials of our' Saviour, with tho Alpha and Omega; on another silver plate are two plastic reprosontations. The whole seoms to be of the fourth century.
"The Sons of Stranaerb Build op Her Walis." - In the New York lottor of a Mothodist paper tho remark is mado that it is a singular fact connected with the history of the Protostant Episcopal Church-tho multitude of mon in its ministry who have boen occupants of Methodist pulpits, mombers of Mothodist churches, or sons of Mothodist parents.

Watgi Night Serviges.-A witor in tho Pall Mall Gazette, referring to the special services hold on New Year's Jive in a large number of churches, eays:-"Many of tho oldor generation romomber when the Watch Night services wero almost exclusivoly confined to the Wesleyan body. Now they are as common in churches as in chapels; and though the Prayer Book in no way recognizes Now Ycari's Day (January 1 boing the Feast of the Circumcision), the rubric directing that the Collect for the Nativity shall be said continuously 'till New Yoar's Evo' gives sufficient occlesiastical authority to satisfy the scruples of all but the most straight-laced Churchmon as to the orthodoxy of these popular services.
It is reportod that a native King aeized Bishop Hannington, English Bishop of Eastern Africu, with the design of putting him to death.

## NEWS FROM THE HOME FIELD.

Gathered specially for this Paper by Our Oion Correspondents.

## DIOCESE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

Sackville.-On Christmas Day a handsome copy of the "Teacher's Bible was presented to Mise Annio W. Schmidt, of Hammond's Piains, in recognition of her valuable services as a Sunday School Teacher, and as organist of St. John's Church. The addross which accompanied it, showied the high esteom in which this young lady is held by those for whose welfare she so zealously labours. We may add that Miss Schmidt belongs to a family of oarnest church workers, and that she is a sister of our highly valued Lay Roader, Mr. William A. Schmidt.

Ameerst,-After prayers had been said in Christ Church on the morning of Circumcision Day, the Vicar read a touching letter from the Rector, Canon Townshend, showing that his formor charge is beld in affectionate remembrance, and that be rejoices to know that the work of the Church is prospering under the ministration of our zealous pastor. The Vicar also delivered an earnest addross from I Cor. xvi. 13, and at the vonclusion, arged his hearors to tako tho text as their daily motto. There was also a colebration of the Holy Communion. The Epiphany was duly observed by Divine Sorvico and the Holy Communion celobrated.

A vory large and pleasant social gathering of church pcople was held at the Rectory on the evening of the 5 th inst. "A genuine housowarming," when a most onjoyable ovening was spont in agreeable convorsation interspersed with music \&c. \&c.

Puawasir--The general work of this parish is going on smoothly. Tho intorest in the Sunday-school still continues, and in the spring it is hoped, that it will be further increased. On Christmas Eve a social and "ten cont calico tree," was held in the Rectory, and notwithstanding the ver'y disagreaable weather which provented many from attending-the creditable sum of $\$ 32$ was roalized. It is intended to hold another in about a month; overy logitimate moans will bo used to lesson the dobt on the Church, and with God's blessing on our work groat things can be accomplished.

Windsor.-Tho organist of Christ Church, Miss Mary Dimmock, who has been of great sorvice to the cause of music to the town, was proented by tho choir last week with a valuable ebony Davenport.

Lookeport.-Jordan Falls.-The first watchnight service was holdin Holy Trinity Church, beginning at 11.15 on the last night of the old year, by Rov. S. Gibbons. In spite of the disagreonbleness of going, the church was well fillod by attentive people, who carriod away lossons from the past and rosolved now things for tho now yom.

Lockepont.-On Mondny, the 4 th instant, everybody in this village was schocked by the awfully suddon doath of Jacob Lacko, Esq., the Warden of Sbelburno County, who died at I o'clock, without any warning. Up to 1885 he was head of a fishing firm which then had to succumb to the general depression, and he failed without angthing to fall back upon. When it was resolved to build the present churoh at this place, besides his own gifts, he secured good sums of money from his West Indian correspondents towards its completion. He has always baen a prominent momber of our society, and was for years chairman of overy public mecting having for its object any good purpose. The division of the Sons of Temperance walked as a body at the funeral of their late
brother to the church, where the first part of the service was conducted and a sermon'preached by the Missionary in charge; thence to the old burial ground, where his remains were laid to rest till " the Day." He leaves a wife and six children to mourn the loss of a kind father and thoughtful husband.

Green Harbor-A Christmas Tree-deferred from Christmas week-was held, with an exhibition of pictures by magic lantern, in the school-house at Green Harbor, for the Sunday school childron. Very valuable presents were given away, a box liaving been sent out from England by Miss Jackson; of North Lodge, for this purpose. Before separating, a speech from the parson and three cheers for the donors were indulged in.

Halifax Church of England Inscitute. The lectuire committee of this Institute have just issued their programme for the winter lecture course. The lectures will take place in Argyle Hall, and this change from the cramped accommodation of the institute rooms will meet with general approval. Rev. Dr. Partridge is to open the course on January 19th; subject, "Three Thousand." This will be followed by a lecture on "Mark Twain" from F. C. Sumichrast, Esq., and will take place on February 9th. Professor C. G. D. Roberts will lecture on March 2nd; subject to be announced. This being Professor Roberts' first appearance before a Halifax audience, ho will certainly draw a large audience. The last lecture of the course will be delivered by Rev. David Neish, curato of St. Paul's; subject, "Tho Rnglish Church in the Eighteenth Century." Such a curse is likely to prove popular, and ought to be well supported by the Church people of Halifax.

The Mission House across the Northwest Arm, which was provided for the people of that place by the Rev. A. D. Sylvester, and in which he has held services during the past years, was Inst Thursday the scene of a pleasant ceremony, at which the rev. gentloman was presented with a flattering address, accompanied with a very handsome Bible.

Northefest Arm Mission.-The flourishing Sunday-school of this Mission had a very succossful Chisistmas tea and tree at the little church at the Arm last weok. Pretty presents of appropriate books wern given to the scholars and much delight was experienced by all. The indefatigable Sunday-school superintendent, Jamos Gabriel, Esq., was presented with a very handsome walking cane. Much credit is due to this gentloman for keeping open the Sunday-school, which but for his efforts would have certainly collaped in this section of the town.

St. Mattialas Mission.-Thursday and Friday of hast week were busy days at the Mission across the Common. On Thursday the building was fillod with a large guthering, which had assembled to take part in a congregational tea The tables groaned under tho weight of delicacies which had been supplied by the everwilling and active band of enthusiastic ladios of the Mission. After tea a pleasant ovening was spent in listening to specches, recitations and songs. Noxt day was the children's day, when the accommodation afforded by the Mission whe taxed to the utmost by the crowd which assembled. After a sumptuous tea had been disposed of, Christmas trees wero stripped of bage of candies and oranges and distributed to the children. The remainder of the evening Fas spont in games provided for the children. There is no doubt, under God's blessing, a great future for the Church in this scetion of the city. The future is rich with promise, if those who are alive to opportunitios offered for the spread of the Church seize them in a catholic spirit and make the best of them.

Itbrary Bequest to Eing'si-The library of the late Rev. G. W. Hodgson, MA., which he left to King's College, arrived there in the early part of last month. The King's College Record says:-It consiats of about five hundrod volumes, and includes choice works in Theo$\log \dot{y}$, Classical Literature and Modern Languages. As it is a library collected lately, and for practical use, by a man of large and varied attainments, it will, no doabt, be ver'y useful to both professors and students. The necessary shelving will be put up immediately, as there is not even sufficient room at present to contain the books we have, without reckoning this last bequest.

## CAPE BRETON.

Cow Bay.-An address was presented to the Rep. W. J. Lockyer on Christmas Day by nino of his parishioners. The addrese, which was accompanied by a fur coat and gloves, referred to the esteem in which Mr. Lockyer was held, and expressed thankfulness for the many hearty services now enjoyed, and to the fact that the Church is surely gaining ground in the Mission. Mr. Lockyer replied by personally thanking his kind and thoughtful parishioners for. their kindness, and the very tangible manner n which it was shown.

Sydney Mines and Nobth Sydney.-Tho usual Christmas services were held in theso parishos, and were well attended. Both churches are very prettily and tastefully decorated. In both parishes the day was marked in a mannor very pleasing to the Rector and his wife. At the Mines the Sunday-school teachers waited upon Mre. Bambrick and presented her with two raluable and useful pieces of furniture; and at North Sydney the churchwardens handed the rector thirty dollars as a Christmas-box from the congregation.

The ordinary parochial work progresses, on the whole, encouragingly. The week-day sorvices and the Bible classes in both parishes aro fairly well attended; the childron's services seem to be ralued by the older members as woll as the younger, and in connection with both eongregations there are sewing societies in regular and active operation.

## DIOCESE OF FREDERICTON.

Derby.-An entertainment of a novel and interesting character was hold in this parish, 30th Dec. last, for the pirpose of adding to the repair fund of the parish church. An autograph quilt was disposed of by vote, and realized $\$ 31.15$. The proceeds of a Christmas tree and refreshments sold during the evening, brought up the net amount to $\$ 70$. Several members of the Derby Cornet Band were present and furnished some excellent music for the occasion. And towards the close of the evening, Santa Claus himself appeared in his well-known costume, and amid the applause of all present, distributed the articles from tho tree to all ontitled to receive them.

## DIOCESE OF QUEBEC.

Marbleenead.-Christmas-tide and Epiphany were observed at the churches of St. Paul, Marbleton, and the Good Shepherd, Dudswell Centre, by Divine service and Christmas-trees. The ladies of the congregations are deserving of all praise for their elaborate decorations of the churches, and for the well-laden Christmastrees. On one of these trees there.was a surprise present to the incumbent and his good lady of a valuable fur costand cap, costing $\$ 44$.

Bartonville.-Fortnightly serrices are regularly beld here by the Rev. Mr. Bernard, of Bury, and the Rev.. Mr. Jadge, of Cookshire, to each of whom there was made a presenta-
tion by Mrs. Chas. Looke of a purse of money, collected by her and Miss Sarah Locke, as a Christmas present. The list of subscribers, twenty in number, accompaniod the gift.
Learnad Plain.-Rev. Mr. Judge was hast week presented with a purse of $\$ 13$ by the peowee of this neighborhood. In offering his thanks Mr. Judge said he looked upon the gift as an expression of good-will towards him, and also appreciation of the services held there.

## DIOCESE OF MONTREAL.

Freligesbúrge--Seitices on Now Year's Eve and New Year's Day were held in the Bishop Siewart Memorial Church, with a good number of worshippers, who thus consecrated appropriately the early hours of 1886. The first Sunday in the new year was the twentyfourth anniversary of the present pastorate of the parish. Appropriate reforences were made by the rector, and to the material advancement of the parish, reaching upwards of $\$ 15,000$ during that period. The Hon. and Rev. C. J. Stewart founded the parish in 1807, and continued its minister till 1815. Canon Reid, D.D., succeeded him, with a ministry of about 50 jears. Canon Davidson began his ministry as curate in 1862.
The annual festival of the Sunday-school, with a tree brilliant and laden with gifts for all, and special valuable rewards to those who had attained the highest marks of proficiency in Bible tratbs and Church doctrine, was held on the evening of the Epiphany. The members of the school, to the number of about seventy faithful learners from Sunday to Sunday, eat down to an ample repast with the rector and teachers, after which the hours were appropriately filled with a short devotional service, the reading of the record of each scholar in class work from the beginning of September, with the amount collected in Sunday-school for the yoar, viz., \$22.17, and various enjoyments. The marks obtained for punctuality, attendance at the worship of God in His tomple, and acquisition of Scriptural lessons, would do credit to any school of instruction, religious or secular, and must have been most gratifying to parents and toachers, and eminentiy so to the pastor of the congregation. The carols-not the secondary rehearsal in any way of the joyulus services of Christmas Evo-were suited to the festival of the Epiphany, and were rendered by the members of the school with a brightness and cheorfulness which comported with an appreciation of the ministry and message of the Infant of Days and King of kings. The rector, in passing on the tokens fiom Santa Claus to cach particular owner, had reason to commend the deserving faithfulness and diligence of the recipients. The last of these, Mr. Arthur W. Landsberg, who was about to leave his home and the school of his childhood and youth, for commercial life in Boston, called forth a handsome copy of "American Poems" from the rector and toachers, with hearty good wishos for a bright future. The festival was one most pleasing in itself, and long to bo remembered.

Thorne.-On the evening of New Year's Day the incumbent of this Mission and his family were:surprised by the arrival of a large concourse of parishioners at the Parsonage, of which they took possession. The ladies had, as usual, provided themselves with a bountiful supply of creature comforts, which received full justice from the assembled guests. During the carly part of the evening all enjoyed themselves with several kinds of games, but all missed the musical talent of Mr's. Greer, owing to indisposition. After tea the meeting was called to order by Mr. John Hodgins, who requested Mise Mary Jane Martin and Miss Rosanna Hodgins to read and present Mr. and Mrs. Greer with an address and purse. Miss Hodgins then read the addrees, which was signed
by several on behalf of the different congregations, and Miss Martin presented the purse, which containod \$75.63.
Mr. Greer, in replying, thanked his parishioncrs for their continued kindness to Mrs. Greer and himself since they came to the parish, and for the warm and loving manner in which they had spoken of Mrs. Greer and himself in their address. He also tendered his heartfelt thanks for their most kind and liboral gift, emanating from warm and loving honts.

After the address, tho moeting closed by singing the Doxology.
It is worthy of nota, in connection with this Mission, that the New Year's gifts for the preceding throe years have beon $\$ 18, \$ 26$ and $\$ 51$.

Montreal.-St. George's.-The Rev. E. A. W. King and Rev. C. J. Boulden, incumbent of Borthier, assisted at the morning service on Sunday the 18th inst. Mr. Boulden preaohing an excellent and instructive sermon. There was a ver'y large co.lgregation present.

On Tuosday ovening, the 18th, the Young Men's Asseciation of St. George's held the first of the public conversaziones reforred to in our report of the annual meeting as one of the attractions to be offiered during the pr:sent year. We hope to have a full report for our next number.
Grace Church.-On the evening of 13th Jan., the Church Mutual 1mprovement Society held an entertainment, at which the West, End Temperance Society gave a number of songs, recitations and piano solos. Mr. Wurtolle also gave a most clever. performance with his musical glasses.

Holl.-The annual Sunday-school Festival was held in the basement of St. James Church on Wednesday evening, the 13th instant. The children sat down to a very bountiful tea, which had been liberally suppliod by the members of the congregation. At half-past seven o'clock there was an entertainment followed by a magic lantern exhibition. The school-room not being sufficiently elastic some had to leave who would like to have gained admittance.
During the evening a presentation was made to the Rector on bohalf of the Sunday-school children of a nice carpet and rug for his study, which was received as a pleasing token of thoir kindness and estoem. After singing tho doxology the children went home, having thoroughy onjoyed their ploasant fostival. Their thanks are especially due to Mrs. Tough and Miss Kelly for providing such an excellent programme.

## DIOCESE OF ONTARIO.

Pakeniarr.-At tho invitation of the Rev. Mr. McMorine, Mr. Dingley Browne, organist, at St. Albans, Ottawa, recontly spont a weok here, and has given the choir soveral practices. He presided at the organ on Sunday, the 10th alt., and great improvement was noticeable in the singing of the choir.

Arciville. - Trinity.-A succssful entortainment in aid of this Church was held on Tuesday evening, tho 12th inst., in the basement of the Church. The incumbent, the Rov. Mr. Jones, occupiod the chair. A trio, contrihuted by Prof. Workman and Messrs. Cook and Johns was very well rendered. The other performers were Miss Carter and Mr. F. Satchell.

Billina's Bridge.-On Wednosday evoning, the 6th, was held in the Roller Rink in Ottawa, one of the most enjoyable entertainments held this year in aid of Trinity Church. The Committee of management consisted of Mrs. Macdougall, Mrs. McCuaig and Mr. F. M. McDougall, under whose direction a programme was prepared and carried out, reflecting great credit on all the porformers, among whom were Mrs.
T. Charlea Watson, Miss Clara Cotte and Messrs. Beddoo, Andrews and McDougall and othors. Refreshments wore served during the evening.

New Edinburah. - St. Bartholomcw's. Through the genorosity of their Excollencies tho Marquis and Marchioness of Lansdowne tho children of the Sunday-school were treated to a Christmas Troo and bountiful toa on Fridny ovoning, the 8th, at Government House. Thoro were about 300 childron prosont, and a most delightful ovening was spont.
Otrawa.-An appeal for larger contributions from the Board of Domostic and Foroign Missions of Canada was read in all tho churchos here on Sunday, the 10th ult., in place of the sermon.
St George's.-The Men's Association held another very attractive entertainment in the lecture hall on Tuosday, the 12th ult. The attendance was good and the different numbers on the programme were woll rondered. Miss B. Lampman, who sings with very much taste, although but a now porformor, and is especially deserving of notice.
A Sunday-school Fostival and Christmas Treo was given in the lecture hall last Wednesday, followed by tho distribution of prizes. Mr. Topley entertained tho children with magic lantern views.
Christ Church.-The mombors of tho Iay Association recenlly prosented the Rov. W. J. Muckloston with "Tho Lifo and Times of Josus tho Messiah," by Dl. Edershoim, to show thoir appreciation of the reverend gentleman's valuable and self sacrificing labors in tho parish,
The Annual Sundary-school Festival was held on Tuesday evening, the 12th, and was largoly attonded. After tea had been sorved Dr. R. J. Wiekstoed vory kindly exhibited his magnificent colloction of views for magic lantern.

Kinaston.-On Welnosday ovening, the Gth inst., St. Pauil's Sundny-school toacher's gave their annual Epiphany treat to tho childron. The evening entortainment consisted of a woll rondered programmo by the childron of songs, dialogues and recitations, and exhibition of some bonutiful scripture and landscape scenes by Mr. Georgo Fonwick, and tho distribution of woll filled bags of candy, figs, nuts and oranges by the tenchors. Threo hearty choors wero given for Mr. Fenwick as an appreciation of his great kindnoss in again giving thom an oxhibition of his bonutiful and costly viows.

Mishionary Meetina.-On the 7 th inatant, a missionary meoting was held in the English Church at Sunbury. Thero was a large attendance, and the Hon. G. A. Kirkpatrick occupied the chair. A deputation, consisting of the Rev. Messrs. Carey, Bonsfield and Nimmn, was prosont and mado adrressos, and the collection takon up was double that of the provious year. Tho doputation was hospiiably entertained by Mr. Langwith.

Souti Lake.-The new Anglican Church at South Lako was opened on the 10 th ingt., and servicos wore bold in the morning and aftornoon. In the morning, tho sermon was proached by Rov. Rural Dern Carcy, from Genosis xxxviii., 17: "This js none other than the house of God; this is the gate of heaven." About nincly peoplo were present, and at tho conclusion of the sorvice Iloly Communion was administored. In the aftornoon the Rev. Mr. Nimmo pronched from Romans xii, I: "I bosoech you, therefore, brothren, by the mercies of God, that you prosent your bodies a living sacrifice, holy, accoptable unto God, which is your reasonable sorvice." There was a still larger congregation than in the morning, and the offertory for the building fund amounted to $\$ 25$. The Church is a substantial frame structure, tongued, grooved and folted, and consists of nave, chancel, tower, porch and vestry, the
dimensions of which are as follows. Nave, 30 x 26 ; chancel, $12 \times 16$; tower, $10 \times 10$. The building is Gothic in style and neatly fitted up inside. The chancel is carpeted and furnished with chairs, lectern and prayer desk, and the aisles are matted. There is a nice organ also. The cost of the whole, exclusive of the people's labcr, is $\$ 1,200, \$ 800$ of which was raised in the locality, making the total debtabout $\$ 300$. Thio building refleets great credit on Mr. Jas, Bermingham, the members of the building committoe and all who assisted. The sorvices were aidod matarially by a voluntear choir from Gananoque unde the direction of Dri. Morrick and Messrs. W. B. Cayroll and Skinner. The morning sorvico was musical, chants, lyrics and the ter sanctus all being sung. Years ago services were begun by Rural Dean Cairoll; of Gananoque, who conducted them in the Orange hall, but since Mr. Nimmo's appointment, the mission hàs been connocted with Bormingham and Sunbary, making one of the most important missions in the diocese.

Barmerield.-A very succossful ontertainment was hold in the public school house in aid of St. Mark's Church; a pleasant feature of which was the presontation to Mr. Jacobs, the organist, of a handsome purso.

Upper Otiawa Mission.-A third case of church furnishings hate beon recoived from England. Miss Wilshero is tho kind friend to whom wo are indebted this time. Many months has this good lady and her friends been engraged in this labor of lovo, and the yasult far oxceeds our most sanguine expectations: Love ly altar frontals and super-frontals for four churchos, made according to measure; communicants' kneelor, baautifitly worked by hand; sets of fine altar linen, dossals, book-markers, lymn bocks, fonts for three churchos, and othor articlos needloss to sjeecify, but all of excellent matorial, and capable of making our humblest littlo log chureh more likely to inspire that reverence and devotion with which we aro told the Sanctuary of God should bo over approachod.
Tho contonts of this case are in part for st , Alban's, Matlawa; St. Margaret's, Chalk River, and St. Augustino's, Deux Rivieres, a portion also going to one of my former churches on Latio Nipissing. 'The churches at Doux Rivieres, Chalk River, and a third at Lake Tallon, are yot in prospective. Tho timber for the two latter is being taken out this wintor, nnd tho one ut Doux Riviores is up and ready to bo roofed in, but will now have to stand over until spring and funds emable us to proceed with it. I do not anticipate any difficulty in having all throo ready for Divine service enrly in the spring, and had hoped to have that at Doux Rivieres in use this winter Fow can realize what a blessed change even these humble little churches will bo, not alone to the people, but also, und perhaps in a senso chiofy, to myself and my lay assistants.
A service in a little low log building, dark and gloomy onough by day, with its blackencd bare timbers, but intonsified at night by the faint and flickering light of three or four stable lantorns susponded from tho wall, or elovatod on an invertod box upon a table, might, as a novelty, impross a visiting parson, but a fow yonrs amid such novelties, and quite a different fooling is generated. An occasional sorvice such as this might bo all very woll, but a service amid such surroundings to bo the rule, and not the exception, is a trial, the burden of which one can only approciate by oxperionco. We oach in turn, priest and lay missionaries, have our "refroshment Sunday" when wo take the duts at our dear little choreh in Mattawn, which, by tho kin holp of our English friends, has, in its sanctuary appointments, beon mado so bright and beautiful, and where the servicos are always so hearty and congregational. Wo nre now looking forward hope gational. We are now looking forward hope
finish payments on St. Alban's; and to complete it and the three other charches. To this end, aid is promised by our English friende, in the possession of many of which we are most fortunate. They have in the past evinced $a$ deep interest in the success of our undertakings in this now and large mission field, and I am now led to hope for frither and most sabstantial aid in order to successfully complete whiat has been begun. Let this be accomplished, and the permanency and stability of the Mission as now organized is secured for all time. I write this in the intereste of the Mission, and for the information, and I know the satisfaction, of your many readers who have in the past three years contributed in no unworthy degree to the extension of the Charch's missionary worls in this large field of labor, and who will now, with me, rejoice in the prospect of farther developmont in our missionary undertakings. To complete these four churches.' (St: Alban's, Mattawa; St. Margaret's, Chalk River; St. Augustine's; Deux Rivieres; and ——, Lake Tallon) and have them ready for consecration, three thousand dollars is required. Not a large sum, certainly, when we consider how much is constantly expended on one church in some of our towns and villages, and yet a large sum for us, when its collection devolves on one individual, assisted only by such volunteer holp as may be offered from beyond the limits of the Mission. I shall be glad to receive such help from any one sufficiently interested to offer it, and will cheeffully furhish very neat collecting calds, with printed columns for subscriptions ranging from 25 c . to $\$ 10$, to any one willing to undertake a collection in their neighborhood on behalf of our work. In many a well-to-do parish there are boys and girls in the Sundayschools who, if their interest was only onlisted, could render invaluable help to the Mission worik of the Church by such means as this. Would it not be a wise step to generally enlist the sympathies of the young as active promoters of Home and Diocesan Mission work? One of my English frionds who has undertaken to collect $a$ definito sum, and who already has nearly one hundred pounds, found quite recently more interest taisen in eloctions than in Mission work, yot she says "My molto is 'hope on, hope over,', and the sum shall be got. Whero there's a will there's a way. So, with God's blessing, I thinls it will come." Would that we bad many more such hopeful hearts and earnest, prayorful, active holpers. Yours truly,

## Fonster Bhiss,

Priest in charge, Upper Ottawa Mission. The Mission House, Mattawa, Festival of the Holy Innocents.

## DIOCESE OF TORONTO.

Personal.-We understand that the Rev. Mr. Macklom, recontly ordained, will go as curate to All Snints', Toronto.
The Rev. Wm. Roiner is acting as locum tenens at Barrie. It is said the Rev. W. R. Forster has declined to accept the position of curato in charge.
We regret to hear that the Rov. J. H: Harris, of Brooklin, is soriously ill.
The Rev. C. H. Shortt officiated at St. Mark's Chur ch, Port Hope, on Sunday evening last.
The services at St. Luke's Church, Ashburnbam, were taken last Sunday by the Rev. T. B. Angell, in the absence of the Rector on a Missionary deputation.
Toronto.-St. George's.-Professor Clark, of Trinity College, who has for the past three years been connectod with this church, has been obliged through pressure of College work to resign. the curacy. His many friends at St. Goorge's presented him with a representation of the Battle of Cressy in "beaten brass," and a purse of money, on his retirement. His services as a preacher have been much appre-
ciated; and socially he is a great favorite. We are glad old Trinity retains such an able worker.
Port Whitby.-A social will be held in connection with this church on the 20th January. There will be a splendid programme of songs and readinge; in addition to addresses by the Rev. E. C. Acheson, Rev. J. H. Harris and local ministers. The Whitby Cornot Band has also promised to be present. Proceeds in aid of the church funds

Camprellfford.-The Christmas-tree and entertainment held in connection with the village Sunday-school here, on the 6th of January; was a great success. The programme was well rendered, and the presents were both numerous and expensive. The children were delighted with their treat.
ON Dir--It is ramored that the authorities of Wyclife Oollege intend seearing a building known as the Quaker College at Piokering, for the purpose of establishing a bojs' school as a feeder for the Toronto institution. The establishmont is now closed owing to a dispute between the orthodos and progressive parties among the Friends, The legal lights are ondeavoring to settle the difficulty.:

Speoial Mebtings.-Meetings of the Sundayschool and Sustentation Fund Committees were held on the 12th inst. At the former it was decided to postpone holding the Sunday-school Convention until May, when it is expected the idea will be carried out.

Cotrage Meetings.-The cottage meetings held in connection with the Chareh of the Ascenision, Toronto, by Mr. H: C. Dixon, have been ver'y successful for the pist few yoars. Three times they have been obliged to move to more commodious quarters, the lasi place occupied by Mr. Dixon being the Temperance Hall. This building being within the limits of the pärish of St. James'; Canon Dumoulin wrote asking Mr. Dixon to hold the meetings uuder the auspices of St. James', and to sever his connection with the Church of the Ascension. To this Mr. Dixon will not consent, and the upshot will probably be that the meetings will be continued on an independent basis altogether. This is another instance practically of a Mission Hall being condacted by an irresponsible layman within the city, in opposition to the wiskes of the parish clergyman. It shows plainly the necessity of a canon of discipline for the laity, and is another proof of the statement frequently made that ours "is the roomiest Church in America."

Oshatwa.-A now stable, costing over \$225, is in process of erection in this parish. It will make the buildinga complete. A handsomo church, fine rectory, excellent school-room-all give evidence of Church life and vigor.

## DIOCESE OF NIAGARA.

Mount Forest.-During the last few weeks wo have been very busy in this parish. On Advent Sunday a fow friends in the parish presented for use in the Cluurch a beautiful violet altar frontal of exquisite design, from the well known St. John's Guild; Montroal; so well pleased are we with Montreal work that we get all from there. Every Advent Evensong concluded with Litany sung on our knees. The Christmas decorations were more complete and effective than they have ever been in Mount Forcst before, this cannot be wondered nt when the kind and generous help from so many of St. Paul's congrogation is considerod. The rich white hanginge were completed this year by the kind present of reading desk and ardonce hangings given by Miss Moddio Jelley of this Town. The services on Christmas Day
were bright, hearty and reverent: In the morning the Curate, the Rev. C. G. Snepp, known, the ever ready; and never failing help; and therefore the necessity of going like the the shepherds to Him at once. The offertories were the most generous given in the town for took as his subject, the Angels'Song, and the Rector, the Rev. R. S. Radcliffe at night preacied from Pealm.ix:: 5-10: "Jesus when peare, and at the country stations they were four times as large as on any previous occasion. And when we consider the handsome fur coats given to the clergy one week before Christmas, we know the Ministers of Christ are not for gotton in this parish'at least.
The Sanday-fchool entertainment on the evoning of Dec. 30th., in the Town Hall, was a great success ; the school is steadily increasing in numbers and religious zeal. The teachers are manifesting more real consecration for the work whereunto they have boen called. Absentees have been looked after, and each eacher has had his or her class to tea, and the pleasant evenings have not passed by without a few words of instruction and friendly advice from one of the clergy.
Noxt year it is hoped the Church of the Good SLopherd, Riverstown, will be built to take the place of the old church which has tood for 30 years, and is mostunfit for worelip from decery.
During the Advent Soason the Rev. R. S Radeliffe in company with the Rev. Alfred Belt, of Arthur, held a most successful Mission in St. John's Church, Cayuga.
On New Years Eve a special "watch-night service" was held in St. Paul's Church, Mount Forest, consisting of addrosses from the clergy, and Holy Communion. Thé service was marked for its deep cainestriess. The Celebrant was a brother of the Rector, the Rev. Elwin Radeliffo, of Ontario diocese, the Rev. G. B. Cooke, of Palmerston, reading the Gospel. The clergy of the parish giving the addresses. The fine bell of the church tollod the old year out and the new year in with grand tones, while priesta and people knelt in prayerful silence. Those present will not soon forget the servicc.

## DIOCESE OF HORON.

Clinton.-The services at St. Paul's Chureh, which was beautifully decorated with overgreens, banners, and illuminated texts on Christmas and on St. John's Day, wore very numeronsly attended. At the latter Rev. Mr Craig expressed his thanks to the congregation for the bandsome donation made him on Christmas morning. . The rendering of the anthems at both services was all that could be desired and fully maintained the character which the choir of the church have established. The meeting of St. Paul's Church Guild, in the new school house, are largely attended with the increased accommodation which the new build ing affords. The recent regulation by which parties not members of the gaild or congregation are admisible on a five cent admission fee, seeming to be appreciated by outsiders.

Bayfield.-The Christmas tree gathering in connection with Trinity Church Sunday-school proved a grand success. The manner in which the children rendered their parts were excellent. The presents were numerous and very appropriate. Great praise is due the parties having charge of the programme for the very satisfactory manner in which every thing passed off

Wallaokburg.-His Lordship the Bishop of Huron har appointed the Rev. J. Barofoot to the charge of this Mission.

The Ruri-decanal meeting of Middlesex was held in Christ Church school-room on the 12th. The attendance wai fairly good, several laymen being present and taking an active in terest in the Charch's work. The Rev.. Rural

Dean Smith prosided. Rov. Evans Davis was appointed secretary. Arrangernents were made for having Missionary sermons preached in each of the churches in the Deanery, and where required Missionary meetings will also bo held, following tho Missionar'y sormon. Other matters woro discussed of interost to the Church and conuected with the Doanery. The next mecting will be held in the same place on the third Thursday in May.

Mitcerll.-Bishop Baldwin has appointed Mr. Abraham Dent, solicitor, a lay reader in connection with Trinity Church. Mr. Dent was publicly inducted into the position by tho rector, Rev. Mr. Ridloy, at morning service on Sunday, the 3rd instant.

London.-Bishop Baldwin's Bible Readings at St. Paul's have been resum d. They are held on Friday afternoons, from 4 to 5 o'clock.

The Bishop has appointed the Rev. Rural Doan Keys, of Chatsworth, to be incumbent of Clarksburg Mission, in room of Rev. H. Wylie, who has gone to England.

## DIOCESE OF ALGOMA.

Gravenhurst.-The Bishop has mado his visitation to Gravenhurst, staying with us from Dec. 31st to January 5th.
The station at Taskerville was visited on New Year's Day; where the Bishop administered Confirmation and pronched an impressive sermon. Gravenharsti had the benefit of two ser mons from the Bishop on Sunday 3rd inst., and Confirmation in the morning service.
The station at Northwood was visited on Sunday afternoon for Conflrmation, and tho Bishop preached at that service. On Monday ovening the Bishop met the Church officers at the parsonage, and a very pleasant evening was pont in talking over Church matters. The officers of the Church at Gravenburst, thinking the time had come for some effort towards further self-support, passod a resolution to assess the Church $\$ 100$ topards the General Mission Fund from Easter 1886. This resolution was placed upon the minate book to be brought up at the annual meating at which time we hope the Church will pass the same, as there is a gen aral opinion that the stronger congregatiions hould do somothing to assist in the gonera work of the Diocese. The Bishop's visit ha left behind vory kind feelings towards him.

PROVINCE OF RUPERTS LAND,
noldding the diooebes of rupert's land,
SABKATCHEWAN, MOOBONEE, MACKENZIE RIVER
QJ'appeley and athabasoa.

## DIOCESE OF RUPERT'S LAND

Winnipeg.-The Christmas seabon passed of very satisfactorily. There is evidence of a revival of trade, and a very hopeful feeling among all classes.

The churches were decorated as usual, Christ Church and All Saints' elaborately, the others more simply.

At Christ Church, on Cbristmas Day, there were two celebrations, and 120 communicants. The servico was, as usual, fully choral, the Communion Service being sung to Dykes in F. The choir numbered 42. The Christmas offor tory for the Rector was \$62.35.
On New Year's Eve the choir was entertained by the congregation to a supper, when prizes were presented to the choir boys for attondance and good behaviour. The Rector was presented with a portrait by the men of the choir, 13 in number. Rev. H. H. Barber, of all Saints'; was present, and gave an address. At 11 p.m. a midnight service was held, with celebration. There were 70 commani cants, and the whole of the large congregation
romained throughout the service. Rev. Mr. Pentreath, Rector of the parish, conducted the service.

All Saints'--Rov. H. IH. Barber is making an excellent record in this parish. On Christmas Day thero wero two celebrations, and 97 communicants. Tho sorvices are choral at all timos. The Christmas offortory for the Rector was $\$ 70$.
Among many othor nets of kindness, the parishioners havo given Mr. Barbor a handsome fur-trimmed overcoat, lined with chamois leather, a Persian lamb eap and gloves; and to Mrs. Barber a fur cont and cap.
A Guild has been formed, and a Parish Magazine started.

Holy Trinity.-This chareh is decorated with festoons and evorgreons. Thoro was $n$ large number of communicants at tho two celobrations on Christmas Day. Rov. O. Fortin conducted the sorvice.

Personal.-Rey. Canon O'Mcara, incumbent of St. George's, is in the Maritimo Provincos collecting for the Diocese. It is underatood that he is about to resign his professorship in St. John's Collegre.
The Bishop of the Dioceso preached in St. Goorge's on Christmas Day.

Brandon.-This flomrishing town. which has the only self-supporting purish outsite of Winnipeg, has at last got a Rector. Rev. Risust P. Flowelling, lato Missionary at Dalhousie and Campbollton, N.B., has acecpted tho position, and arrived in Winnipeg on Sunday, Jnn. 3rd. He ansisted at Christ Church and All Saints', and left for his new work on Tharsiny morning. Mr. Flowolling is a native of Now Brunswick, $a$ son of the lato Hon. W. P. Flowelling, formerly Survoyor-General of Now Brunswick, and was for some yoars ongruged in teanhing, and was head of the firm of Flewelling, Anderton $\&$ Co., of Malifux, bofore entoring tho ministry. Before leaving, be received gratifying addresses from his lato pricishionors, with purses. Ho has boen very successful, and has beon a hard and faithful worleer. The Mission was so extensive, and the salary so small, that ho found himself unablo to do tho work properly, and he folt obliged to seek a change.
It is a defect in tho Church system that tho faithful, self-denying Missionaries aro seldom appreciated in their own Diocsse when parishes of any importance become vacimit. Curacies in towns are given to young mon in other parts of tho Dominion, whilo parishes search over tho world for a rector, and often pass by better mon. It is often left for outsiders, and men in distant congrogntions, who know the worth of such mon, to place them whore their gifts can be used for tho Church under more favorablo circumatancos.

Perbonal.--Von. Aichdeacon Pinkham has returned from his visit East. Ho collected between $\$ 600$ and $\$ 700$ for the Mission Fund.

## DIOCESE OF SASKATCHEWAN.

Letmbaidge.-This phace is in the District of Alberta, 800 miles wast of Winnipeg. Iivo months ago there was not a house in the place. Now there is a population of 1,200 . It is the hoadquarters of the Galt Mining Company, and outside of the company's buildings thore aro 200 of all kinds.

Preparations are being made to build a church in the spring. A site and several hundred dollars havo been secured, and Sir A. T. Galt has given $\$ 50$ a year for five yenrs towards the support of a clorgyman.

Calgary.-Judgo Travia and Rev. Parke Smith have given the east window for the church. A bell has been placed in position in
memory of Corporal Lowry, who fell during the rebellion.
Bishop McLean recontly visited Calgary, and held an ordination.

Fort MoLbod.-The new church, of which Rev. Ronald Hilton is incumbent, was opened on Christmas Day.
The weather has been very mild all over the Northwest. At Fort McLeod a cricket match was played on Christmas Eve. Some played in their shirt-sleeves. The thermometer has averaged $58^{\circ}$ in the shade. On Christmas night, at McLiood, the temperature was $46^{\circ}$ above.

We call the attention of our readers to the letter of Dr. Dix, of New York, in reply to the malicious attack upon the Corporation of Trinity Church of that city.

## BRITISH BUDGET.

It is said that the Deanery of Worcester has boon offered to Canon Liddon.

Lord Alwyne Compton, the Bishop-designate of Jily, writes to say, in referenco to the statement that ho is a Liberal in politics, that he has always bsen a Conservative, and has not seen any reason to change his views.

Bishop Titcombo, acting under the advice of Sir William Jenner, has resigned the oversight of the Anglican congregations on the Continent, to which he has devoted himself with such ability and success since his appointment.

It is said that the Dean of Exeter will probably succeed Lord Alwyno Compton as as Prolocutor of Convocation. Dean Cowie was as Proveral yonrs Prolocutor of the Northern Convocation when he held the Deanery of Manchoster.

At the recent Adrent Ordinations for the Church of Irelund thero were ordained 10 doncons and 23 priests; by the English Bishops 273 doacons and 265 priests. Twonty-six graduntes of Trinity Colloge, Dublin, were ordained in England.

Another London landmark is doomed. The ancient Fronch Protostant Church in St. Martin'sle-Grand is to be romoved, on account of imponding extensions of the General Post offce. The librury of the church, which contains many rare books and MSS., is to be handed ovor in trust to the City authorities, and room will be found for the collection in the Guildhall.

The rumours which havo bcon current as to possible appointments to the soc of Manchoster havo onco moro recoived a temporar'y settlemont by the actunl offor of the post to the Bishop of Truro, who at the date of our latest advices is considering the very serious question whother he ought to lonve his present sphere of honourable usefulness for the great Lancashire diocese.

According to the World, the Bishop of Derry is likely to be olocted to the vacant Primacy. It seems important, for many rensons, that whoever is elocted should be a prelato in touch with the Church of England. It is generally undertheod that the Archbishop of Dublin, before his olection. expressed his intention not to accept the Archbishopric of Armagh.

A Nova Scotia Rector writes: "Enclosed find my subscription for 1886. I am very much pleased with our Church paper and note many improvements in it, and sinceroly hope it may long continue to hold the approbation of its subseribers. Wishing you every success.

## AMERTCAN B DDGET.

A new church, the Church of the Saviour, has been consecrated at Hanford, Tulure County, California. It cost some $\$ 2,300$, the gift of the English colony at Hanford and of their friends in England.
The Assistant Bishop of New York has ordained to the Diaconate the Rev. M. K. Schemerhorn, formerly of the Unitarians, and the Rev. Mr. Liett, formerly pastor of the Reformed Church at Rhinebeck, N.Y.

By the bequest of Mr. John P. Howard, who died lately, St. Paul's, Burlington, Vt., receives $\$ 12,000$ for a rectory, and the Diocese $\$ 20,000$ for a diocosan school for girls, conditioned on an equal amount being raised.
The denth is announced, with much regret, of Rev. Francis Hrrison, D.D., rector of St. Paul's Church, in Troy, which occurred on Decomber 29th, from diabetes. Dr. Hairrison was one of the most prominent ministers of the Albany Diocose. He was the custodian of the standard Prayer Book, and also a member of the committee on the revision of the Book of Common Prayor: Ho had frequently been voted for in Western Diosessan Convontions as a candidate for Bisnop, and on one occasiou declined an olection.

## BISHOP COXE ABOUT CONFIRMA- TIONS.

1. Ts it not well for the Reverend Clergy to have always a list of the unconfirmed in hand, and to give them a whole year's instructions, in preparation for Confirmation?
2. They should be visited for close porsonal appeals to hoart and conscienco, in private; but many will join a class for instructiono, if aseured that they will be loft quite uncommitted as to further steps, which must be takon of their voluntary choice.
3. It is all-important to lead them to form habits of intelligent Scriptural reading; and to a mastery of the great teaching of the Christian Year. This will make them love public worship, and will root and ground them in all the doctrines of the Faith.
4. But, there must be more attention given than has boon usual, of late, to the doctrines of Church order and organic law.
5. Every one coming to Confirmation should understand why the "laying-on-of-hands" is the office of Bishops only; and hence they should be made acquainted with the history of the Continuity of Apostolic ministrations in the church.
6. The Canon (xvi) of Parochial Instruction requires all who have cure of souls to be "diligent in instructing the chitdren in the Catchesim;" and not only so, for it is farther enjoined that "by stated catechetical lectures and instruction they shall be diligent in informing the youth and others in the Doctrine, Constitution and Liturgy of the Church." I
fear this great duty is not nearly so faithfully discharged in our days, as it was thirty years since. A great deal is directly and indirectly taught to whioh the Charch has never given her sanction, but these fundamental mattera, on which true Charchmanship and truo religion must be built, are greatly underestimated, and hence are not enforced, as the Church commands. Let this year be marked by a retuin to efficient duty in this respect.-(The Church Kalendar.)

All doctrines of religion, all interpretations of Scriptare, and all theories of life, are to be tested by one rule, viz: Do they harmonise with the example and teachings of Jesus Chriat?

## OLD TRINITY, NEW YORK.

The Star and Witness and other secular papers of Montreal; lately published a most outrageous and malicious attack upon the Corporation of Mrinity Church, New York. Knowing that many Canadians regard old Trinity with little less affection than if it were their own, we wrote Dr. Dix and are glad to furnish our readers with his reply. And we would ask that every reader of the Guardian woold take the opportunity of making known the facts, and thus prevent the lie from gaining further currency:

61 Churoin Sr., New York, $\}$ Jan. 14, 1886.

## $x$ IH Davidson, Esq.,

My Drar Sir:-I have much pleasure in acknowledging the receipt of your commanication of the 12th inst., in which, calling my attention to the fact that the Canadian Newspapers are circulating an article refecting on the Corporation of Trinity Church, which they have reprinted from a well-known New York journal, you offer me the columns of the Churcr Guardian for any statement which I may desire to make on the subject. I thank you for your courtesy, and avail myself of the opportunity of counteracting, if possible, the mischief which has been done. It is to be regretted, however, that in the case of misrepresentations of this class, the journals which are so quick to give currency to the libel or the slander are as slow to publish the refatation. The lie travels with the speed of an express train, while the trath lags behind, and seldom succeeds in overtaking it.
Attacks on Trinity Church produce littlo effect in the City of New York; they are re garded as a matter of course. From certain quarters they may always be expected; there are persons here, who, when they have nothing else more important on hand, would appear to say, "Go to ; let us have our usual slap at Trinity Church." Nor is this surprising; for there is neither man, nor corporation, nor institution, nor government, which may not bo assailed, and is not sure to bo assailed when a sufficient motive presents itself. The motives for atiacking Trinity Church are obvious and permanent. list. It is a corporation, and there is a wide-spread jealousy of corporations. 2nd, It is an ecclesiastical corporation, and the feeling against such is more bitter than that against secular corporations. 3rd. It is a religious organization, and therefore hateful to the infidel class. 4th. It is a wealthy corporation, and therefore detestable in the eyes of the radicals of the period. It is no wonder that we are the butt of attacks from many quarters; we shall be so, as long as our corporate life endures.
Now, as to the attacks themselves; they come on periodically and at regular intervals; we look for them, as wo look for measles, scarlet fever, and whooping cough. We can generally trace them to persons whose fingers are itching to get hold of our property, or who are strongly prejudiced against church endowmente, or who demand the taxation of church buildings, or who desire the extermination of the Christian religion. I very rarely notice these diatribes; I have no time to spare in making anewer to them; nor, indeed, does the game seem to be worth the candle. Our citizens understand very well, by this time, the motives of our defamers, and attach to them no more importance than they deserve. But now and then an assault is made, so gross; so wanton, so reckless, as to be exceptional in its charactor; and I have occasionally laid other more weighty matters aside, and taken up my pen by way of correction of the misstatements. I will do so in this instance,
for the benefits of ansophisticated persons in Canada and elewhere, who might misunderstand our silence under recent charges. Let me, however, first give you some instances, takon from past records, which indicate the persistence:as well as the recklessness of our adversaries.
In the year 1873, there appeared in the Independent Statesman, published at Concord, N. H., an article to which my attiontion was immediately called by the Bishop of New Hampsiire, as likely to do great mischief. I wrote a full and long reply, which the editor was kind enough to publish. The charges contained in that commanication were of the usual tenor, comprising the wildest statements as to the value of our property which the writer ostimated at $\$ 60,000,000$. (it did not exceed $\$ 6,000,000$, ) together with general defamatory criticisms on the vestry and myself; but the most ridiculous of all was the assertion that the parish during our civil war had beon "disloyal, bitter, and malignant in its hatred of the union." To answer that anonymous defame was like breaking a butterfly on the wheel.
Again, in 1878, there appeared in the Index, a newspaper published in Boston in the interest of a coterie of free thinkers, a communication containing, among othor libellous assertions, these: "that according to the official records in the offices of the Chief of Police and the Exciso Commissioners, the real Estate of Trinity Church supports 764 liquor saloons or gin-mills, and 96 known houses of prostitution ( 92 white and four coloured) with many others suspected to be such." My father, Genl. John A. Dix, was at that time Comptroller of the Corporation. He prepared a reply, in which, fortified by certificates and depositions from the Police Department and the Excise Board, he demonstrated the absoluto untruth of these astounding and utterly reckless charges, and gave positive evidence of indisputable character that there was not even so much as a liquor saloon, a disreputable house on any lot belonging to and controlled by our Church. Yet these bare-fuced lies went all over the country and were probably received by vast numbers of persons as undoubled truth.
It is now about a year since another case of defamation of this kind occurred. The author, in this instance, addressed the public in the columns of a Western journal; and I must say that his performance should prove the despair of all succecding vampires of his class, since it is not possible that exaggeration and falsehond can horeafter be pushed to a higher point. Tho writer, in this instance, was also a free-thinker, and fresh from a convention of infidels which had been in session in New York; and by way of securing the confidence of his readers, he said that during his stay in the city he had given much time to the work of ascertaining the simple facts about the property of Trinity Church Corporation, in order that overybody might rely on what he had to tell; whereupon he proceeded with a serics of statements so grotesque in their absurdity that they deserve to be kept on record as instances of the power of the "liberal" imagination. Thus, for instance, he declared, of his own personal knowledge, acquired on the spot, that the entire water-front of the city, on the North River side, from Chambers street upwards about a mile, belongs to Trinity Church, including the wharves and docks of the transatlantic steamship companies, and that, notwithstanding the enormous revenue which it yields, it is exempt from tazation, as Church property! The fact is, that we do not own so much as one halfinch, or any other remant, of water-front, hore or anywhere else. Next, this most veraciousif reporter stated that the large building, some six or seven stories high, which forms the northern boundary of Trinity Churchyard, and is known as "Trinity. Building," also belongs to the church, and that we pay no taxes upon it either. He might well say that we
pay no taxes on it, for, in point of fact, it does not bolong to us, and nevor did, nor does the ground on which it stands, and we haveno more interest in it, of any sort, than we have in the building in which your Chorom GoardIAN is printed. Again, he proceeded to de scribe the congregation of Trinity Church as one of the most "fashionable" in the city, and added; by way of a fine climax, "it is needless to add that no poor porson ever kneols at that altar;" whereas, as our Yoar Book would have told him had he consulted it, we have a Missionary cure immediately around the church, containing 482 registered families and $651 \mathrm{com}-$ municants, all of the artisan and working classes or the very poor; and all in charge of our ataff of curates.
Now, these are specimens of the character of the storeotyped attacks on our corporation; and to come to " the latest thing out" of this kind, which the Canadian nowspapers have so generously served up to their readors, I can but assure you that it partakes of the same qualities. There is a general lack of fairness; there are positive mis-statements as to matter of fact. The first building selected, and minutely doscribed, as a specimen of the awful condition of our property, No. 34 Laight street, does not bolong to us, and never did, nor do wo own the lot on which it stands. The next house, Ne. 63 Watts strect, has a cellar in a bad condition, but not through our fault; the house stands on low ground, where the river-water, at high tide, comes up into tho cellars of that quartor ; but wo have beon at great oxpense in trying to r'emedy the evil. Anothor house specified, No. 522 Wrashington street, is not on the church ground, and does not belong to us. As to the general accusation that wo are careless and indifferent landlords, it is abundantly disproved by the minute books of our Committee of Repaire, which show an unremiliting attention to our property, and an incessant and vory largo annual outlay in keoping it in the bost order that we pan. But, without ontering into particulars, let me only add this, as to the recent article to which you have called my attention : It was printed in the morning edition of the New York Herald of Janaary 7th. The evening papers of the same day contained a reply to it by our Comptroller, Mir. S. V. R. Creeger. The larger and more respectable part of the city press, in kind and appreciative editoriale, sustained us in our defence; and the author of the charges himself admitted, on the following day, that he was wrong in some of hisfacts, and had spoken unadvisedly and on insufficiont information.
I hope I have not trespassed on your civility in permitting mo to say what I had to say to your readers. In conclusion, let me beg them, and all to whom these presents may come, to cut out and lay by for reforence the statements which I am about to malse, as it is quite certain that, at some time or or other, they will find it useful to recall them.
I have to say, then, holding myself personally responsible for the accuracy of each de-claration:-

Ist. That the entire income of our church propor'ty for the current yoar, from all sources of revenue, is aboat $\$ 550,000$. From this your readers may infer how grossly they exaggerate who talk of Trinity Church property as worth sixty, seventy, or even a hundred millions of dollars.

2nd. That we pay taxes on every foot of ground used for secular purposes, and that nothing is exempt from taxation except the church edifices, tho cemeteries, the school-houses in which daily free schools and night schools are maintained by us for the benefit of the poorer classes, and a hospital in which the sick poor receive gratuitous treatment.
For your farther information about our parish, I enclose a printed statement showing what we do with our income, to which I add a
copy of our Year Book for 1885, sent to you this day by mail.
Assuring you of the high regard in which I hold you,

I romain,
Ver'y truly fours,
Morgan Dix,
Rector of Trinity Church.
CONTEMPORARY CHURCH OPINION.
The Trish Etclesiastical Gazette is publishing an axcellent series of articles on "Musio in our Parish Churches," from which wo give tho following extract:-
Let the Canticles and Psalms bo precisely and tunefully sung to the setting of appropriate chnnts; Iet the hymns be as perfectly rendered as possible, in four-part harmony, with due offects of light and shado; let the responses be softly and leverentially sung; and then the congregation will not bo slow to appreciato the change, and to recogniso the advantages of an officient choir. Too ofton all chance of nehioving any satiafuctory results is annililated by the sudden desire of an incumbent to introduce into his chureh a surpliced choir-a fatal mistake, for though the appearance of the choir may be decidedly improved, yot the reality of a choral service is lost, for ladios' voicos aro banished from the choir, and the alto part is thus practically silonced, Let thoso in authority be coritent to malke the most- of oxisting matorials, and not to look for too rapid rosults. Let them always bo ready to hand over the charge and diroction of thoir choirs to those who have the practical work of trajning them; but lot them evar keeping before their minds that the object of their choir is to lead thesinging of the congregation, and that thoy must not therofore sacrifice the wishes and the comfort of the many to the whims and aspirations of the fow. Let thom, in frect, romember the oxhortation of the Psalmist-"Sing wo morrily unto God our strongth: make a choorful noiso unto the God of Jacol."

## Tho Churcil Messenger snys:-

We would porsuade our readers that the only safoty is in accepting the cannon of Scriplareas the Catholic Church has witnessed to and kept it-as the Word of God. To pick at it, to weight it in the scale of individual judgmont, to classify this or that part of it as fablo and romance, to wrest it, and make it charge its Author with injustice and cruelty-these things are profane. It has stood every possiblo test. There is no conceivable trial that it has not undorgone. It has survived. It has survived becnuse it is a spark of Omaiscionce and a part of Eternity. It will survive. All who havo gone before us, leaning on it, have found it safo and roliable. Those to come, as long as the world atands, until Christ returns to fulfill all that has been written, will find it safo and trustworthy. We ehould take it as it is, all of it; and read it and marle it and lanen it-and patiently live by it. By that Blessed Word alone can we be taught to embrace and ovel hold fast the blessed hope of that Life which God hath given us in His Son.

Prople are quite willing to have the Chureh brought to them withont ever a thought of themselves carrying tho Church to others. And, in the same spirit of utter passivity and sluggishness, multitudes wait to have the Holy Spirit take possession of them and transform them without thoir ever asking Him to do so, or submitting thomselves to Him, or in any way co-operating with Him. What is the great sin of such? It is that by not sceking and finding, they have nothing, in their turn, to impart and therewith bless others. Thus they rob God, they rob their follow-men, they rob themselves. What could they do worse?

# Ohe Churd Guatdian 

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## SPECIAL NOTTCE.

**Sorbarthers in Arrears aro respectfully roquested remit ut thelr earllest eonvenience. The very low price at which tha papor is published ronders necessary a rigid enforcement of the rulo of pnyment in advance. The label gives the dato of oxplration.
Will Subsertbers please examine Label,ana Remit PROMPTLY:

## CALENDAR FOR JANUARY.

Jandany 1st-The Circumcision of Chirst.
" 3rd-Second Sunday after Christmas. 6th-Tho Epiphany.

* 10th-First Sunday after the Epiphany
" 17th-Second Sunday after Epiphany.
" 24th-Third Sunday aftor Epiphany.
" 25th-The Conversion of St. Paul.
31st-Fourth Sunday aftor Epiphany.


## CONVENTIONALITY.

"The greatest obstacle," says Nathaniel Hawthorno, " to being heroic is to doubl whether one may not be going to prove one's self a fool ; the truest heroism is to resist the doubt, and the profoundest wisdom to know when it ought to be resisted, and when to bo obeyed." This witnoss is true. The world may be roughly divided into three classes. First, and this is by far the largest class, those who are constantly restrained from action by the fear of making fools of themsolves. Secondly, those who ignore this foar, and usunlly make fools of thomselves in consequenco. Thirdly, those who know what they are about and do what thoy havo to do regardless of opinioncontent to bo accounted fools if need bo, uphold by tho conviction that they will eventually be justified.

What is it to make a fool of one's self? Whence originates the fear which is manifestly so potent? The two questions are not identical, though it is a common error to confuse thom. To make a fool of one's self is to act as, prosumably, a fool would act-to shut one's eyos to plain facts and commit one's self to some course which is demonstratively unwise. A man so acting is a fool, and his action does but demonstrate his folly; any foar which will restrain him is a wholesome fear, and wise mon will not seek to lessen it. But the feur of making a fool of one's self is not usually much felt by fools; it cows the timid rathor than the foolish, and cheeks wise actions more often than unwise ones. The timid-and thoir name is legion-are less afraid of boing fools than of being thought fools by their fellows. Their fear, no doubt, is a foolish foar, but it has in it an element of wisdom. They count others wiser than themselves and'attach more value to their opinion, or to their opinion as they recognize it, than
they dare attach to their own opinion if. it seems to be ofposed to that of others.
This tyranny of opinion is the main strength of that social tyrauny which we call conventionality, Man is largely a gregarious animal, but a gregarious animal with a powerful imagination. He wants to act in such a manner that others will approve his actions; but he credits others with a wisdom which they, as a rule, do not possess, and pictures them as expecting from him a course of conduct which, as often as not, they have never thought of. People do, not what they ought to do, but what they think other people think they ought to do. The thought of what other people think hamper's them and practically onslaves them. They shrink from attempting to pass this barrier; for them the fools land lies be yond: and hence they degrade into mere respectable nonentitios-fearing to bo thought fools, they become fools.
Conventionality is not in. itself a bad thing. It is the necesary outcome of that give-and take principle which onsures the well-being of society. If we were always to act without considering others, we should soon need to be suppressed as nuisances. Social customs, even when seemingly most frivolous, are often in the long run beneficial. An ill-made road is better than no road at all, and social customs are, in the main, tracks marked out by the footsteps of our predecessors along which we can wall more easily than we could if no track were visible. At the same time it must never be forgotten that customs and usages are made for man, not man for customs and usages. Moreover, ever'y custom must have been initiated by some one who first struck out a new track; what to us may seem an untried novelty may come to be customary in course of time. Man is more than a unit of society; he has an individuality of his own; if he lets socisty rule his actions, he abjures his freedom, and society itself suffers. What kind of tree would that be in which concention thwarted all attempts at branching? Each new branch, each new twig, is a deviation from propious custom, yet a tree without twigs and branches would be a barren stock-a mere bare pole. Happily for the beauty of the landscape, trees are not restrained from foliage through the branches foaring that they will make fools of themselves. It is the timid branches of the human tree-the great tree Ygdrasil, as our fathers called it-mbich too often are but withered stems through that foar of which their prototype knows nothing.
The true and perfect buman life is exemplified for us by our Lord. He respected reasonablo conventions, and even others if not manifestly unreasonable, but He refused to be fottered by convention. He acted independently when the need arose. It was in direct defiance of conventioual opinion that He ate and drank with publicans and sinners,-yot He treated with all due respect even the scribes "who sat in Moses' seat," and never needlessly affronted any one by .making light of customs which were generally received. "To overcome the world," in His sense of the word, is not to make war upon society, but to refuse to be enslaved by it. The secret of
the victory, He says, is Faith-that trust in

God and realization of the anseen world, which will teach any one when conformity is barmless, and enable us to resist them when there is the need of opposition.

Clearly for any Christian man the ruling thought ought to be, not "Will the world think me foolish ?" but "Does God wish me to do this or that?" If any action after doo thought appearis to be unmistakoably the right action, that action we are bound to do, whether our fellows condemn it or approve it. Often enough wo shall find on trial that the expectec disapproval was, in the main, imaginary. Bat, whether it be imaginary or no, that is not the point which ought to weigh with us. "Quit you like men," says St. Paul. "Be strong." Men cannot subinit to be mere conventional automata; they must think for themselves, act for themselves, act as becomes an enlightened judgment. They will remember that One is their Master, and that One God, and not society. They will resist all kinds of social tyranny in the fulfilment of that service which is perfect freedom.

## BOYS AND GIRLS.

The world in general respects facts. "Facts are stubbốn things," we say : and we no more think of fighting a recognized fact than of running our heads against stone walls I But outside the territory of recognized facts there are a multitude of which we often fail to tako note, and we gain many needless head-aches and heart-aches through rashly or carelessly ignoring them. If facts are facts, so also aro the relations which exist between them; and these facta, as we may call them, of the second order, are quite as atubborn as any others. But relations are such seemingly intangible existences that we are apt to credit them with an imaginary elasticity. We think that, though the related facts themselves are firm, their relations will yield to suit our purposes. When we find that they do not yield, we blame any thing rather than our own shortsightedness; none the less, so doing, we condeme ourselves, and must find, at last, the facts too strong for us. Boys and girls are tangible realities enough. We all recognize their existence and try to make the best of it. That "boys will be boys" is an accepted axiom far too indispatable to be called in question, and that girls are and will bo girls is only less enforced because girls, as a rule, are more retiring. What, however, wo most often fail to realize is that boys and girls will be boys and girls, that in their relations with one another their instincta will be equally irrepressible. There are many organizations for the benefit of the boys which do a very useful work, which no one for a moment would wish to undervalue. There are also organizations, not so numerous, but in their way of equal value, which cater for the necessities and amusements of the girls, and are more or less successful in attaining their object. But so far few have had the courage to work for boys and girls in common. Each sex seems to have its own friends, but the sexes as related to each other are unprovided for.

Now, above a certain social stratum, this divided interest does not much matter. When boys and girls meet freely'in society, there may not be much need for making farther provision
for their intercourse. Their relations are sufficiently free and natural, and society provides all proper safegtarde. But below this stratum thinge are: different. Then boys as boys, and girls:as girls, aré, each alike, made independent: The boy' is'early his own master, and the girl has no one to act as chaperon. Their drawing-room is the street, and, they mingle freely without oversight or restriction. Often enough, far too often, evil results from this unfettered intercourse; still the maryel is, all things considered, that the results are not much more pernicious than they are. No donbt nature, as God has formed it, has certain safeguarde of its own. There is a natural manliness in boys which prompts them to respect female purity, and there is a natural womanliness in girls which toachos them to shrink from immodest familiarities. The Church, too, does much by its teaching to emphasize the value of such natural. safeguards; and by personal dealings with either 日ex, it puts obstacles in the way of wrong doing. But, surely, we need more than this. Safeguards against evil are not to be diseredited; but the best safeguard is to provide facilities for such innocent intercourse as the circumstances may suggest. Boys and girls will come together, and each sex is bottered by association; with the other. What we want is to secure for all classesthat common, and reasonably well-protected ground which society provides for the wealthier classes, and whore boys and girls may meet without suspicion or reproach.
And to do this ought not to be so difficult. It has been found practicable when it has been fairly attempted. In most parishes there is some available room where social evenings may be arpanged for. The hire of a parlor organ or a piano does not cost much. Music and singing may bo had for asking. A few tables, with some simple games, such as chess, draughts, dominoes, and the like can be provided. The whole should of course, be placed under the oversight of the clergymen or some responsible adult person.
The difficulty, it will be said, is not so much in arranging for such evenings, as in ensuring that when the evening is over, the guesta will gain their homes unharmed. And this no doubt is a difficulty, but one which exists in any case How do young girls and boys get home when they leare the churches after evening service? As it is, do what we may; they will be out together late sufficiently often. We cannot negative the possibility of mischief; the most wo can hope for is to minimize the risk, We cannot alter their relation to each other; we may succeod in controlling it.

## BAPTISM.

"The Minister of every Parish shall often admonish the people that they defer not the Baptism of their children.longer than the first or second Sunday next after thelr birth."
Because the Church regards Baptism as the channel of spiritaul benefit to the baptized lit tle ones, therefore she urges you to bring them very early to receive the "washing of regene ration." But this is only one side of the matter, the instrumontal side. There is another aspect of the case, a perisonal one.
Baptism is not a self-operating charm. It is a sign, not only of grace given, but of obligations conferred. " It imposes duties upon you and yours. As the daughter of Phariaoh gave back the infant Moses to be nurtared for a time by his own mother, so the Church restores to you vour little ones, that you may rear them for hor. And as ble" puts the babe, made by her
agency " A member of Christ, $\&$ child of God,
and an inheritor of the Kingdom of Heayen," once more into your arms, she says, "Teach this child, so soon as he shall be able to learn what a solemn vow, promise, and profession, he has here made by you." Provide that he shall hear sermons, and learn all those things which a Christian ought to know and believe to his soulls health. Bring up this child to lead a godly and a Christian life, and take care that he be brought to the Bishop to be confirmed so soon as he shall be sufficiently instructed. "Sufficiently instructed." For the child is to act in this matter, and hence must act intelligently. Consequently no definite age can be specified. For one child at ton years of age may be as well instructed and prepared as some other at the age of fifteen. Here, then, is the period of childhood longer or shorter, in which you are to lay the foundation of the Christian charter of your children ; rather ought I to say, to build upon the foundation already laid in Baptism.
And meantime, to assist foa, the Church teaches your children to acknowledge themselves bound to beliove and do as their sponsors have promised for them. So anxious is the Church that your child should have at the earliest moment the spiritual grace of which baptism is the channel, and so fully pursuaded is She that in this matter She has the mind of Christ, that She seals the grace to them before they are capable of performing the accompanying conditions; but She takes care to inform them that unless they are at the pains to pro pare themsolves personally to moet those conditions, they will inevitably forfeit the grace of Baptism and thus, instead of remaining inheritors of the Kingdom of Heaven they will be disinherited.-The Church Helper, Western, Michigan.

## CRURCH MUSIC.

Music is the language of the sentiments and passions, as are words the atterance of tho thoughts and desiros. To portray earthly scenes and excite human passions, is the inheritent scope and sphere of all secular music. And groat as may be the merit and beauty of the works of masters in all the schools of this department of song, their beauties are not sacred and their parpose is not religious. There is a time for them, but that time is not the hour of prayer. There is a place for them, but that place is not the Fathor's House. "Take these things hence."
True church music, like church architecturo, so accords with its purpose in its essential characteristics, that it camot be mistaken for anything else. Conceived in reverent thoughts of the majesty and power of God, and the nothingness of his dependont and sinful creatures, wormed to a glow of devout thankfulness in recounting the love of Him who gave His life a ransom for many, and borne upwards to the sublimest heights which human genius can evor roach in contomplation of the triumphs of the Cross, the consummation of the world's redemption and the exceeding and eternal weight of glory which awaits His faithful children at the Fatere's right hand-it differs from all which is secular, in the sentiments it conveys, and the feelings it calls forth, as do the awfal themes which inspire its measures differ from the trifles and frivolitios of our every day life. The serious and thoughtful progression of its modulations and cadencos, the simplicity, severity, and strength of its harmonies, are in the broadest possiblecontrast to the rollicking vocal figldte, tho frivolous trills, the showy cadenzas, and the effeminato sentimentality which too often characterize the music by which the worship of God is profaned in our Churches.
These compositions, which, though sung to ncred words, are, nevertheless, thoroughly secular and sensuous in their essential characteristics, serve to delight the ears of anthinking
dilettanti, but are obnoxious to all who are sufficiently educated in its fundamental principles to enable them to discriminato belwcen the true and the false in art. Thoy are available for the exhibition of the vocal powers of the performers, but not for the reverent and becoming worship of God. They render the service of song in the House of the Lund an opera-like ontertainment, buthindor rathor than aid the devout offering of prayor and praiso. Therefore, wo repeat "take these thinas menor."-Bishop Young, in "Churchand Home," Florida.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

(The name of Correapondent must In all carges ho onelosed Fith letler, but will not bo publilihin unless deslred. Tha Ealtor will not hold himserr responsible, howe vor, for any

## ALTAR OR NO ALTAR.

To the Editor of Tae Chumen Guardian:
Dear Sir,-Lonking through your issuo of the 6th January, I observe the word "altar" used in several items of news which doseribe Christmas decorations. It is not Iong sinco I road something on tho subject in inother Church paper. If I remembor rightly, it was said that there is no part of an English Church described in the Prayor Book as an "altar;" and that the word should not be used.
I would like to know the truth of this matter. If any of the writers of your communicntions will be so kind as to enlighten mo on the subjeet, I shall be obliged, Or if any reador of the Guardian will do so, ho will, perhaps, earn tho thanks of others as well as of

## Inquirer.

Drar Sir,-In your ibsue of January Gith, your Nova Scotia correspondent, in reference to the Christmas decorations at St. Paul's Oburch, Halifax, says:-
"One pcint and change was noticonble this year, and that was that tho proper placo, the sanctasery, had the prominent decorntions, and the pulpit had not received the principal share."
As one who enjoyed the privilege of serving during four years as Dr. Hill's curato, I beg leave to say emphatically that the insinuation that under his rectorship the pulpit wns decorated at the expense of "the sanctuary" is as false as it is contemptible.
Now that Dr. Hill's voice is no Iongor heurd in "old St. Paul's," it is casy and safe for an anonymous writor to sneer at his fidelity to Evangelical principles; but I am much mistaken if true men in any school of Churchmanship will endorse this ungenorous assault upon the administration of an absent man.
G. Obborne Troop,

Rector of St. James' Church, St. John, N.B. January 8th, 1885.

Drar Sir,-Will you allow mo, the first subcrisber to your valuable journal, to suggest the addition to it of a column similar to that in the English Church Times. Such a column would be invaluable, both to clergy and laity, but especially to the former. Many of us live in out-of-the-way places, and are soparated from our brethron by long distances. Our stock of books is in some cases very scanty, and we do not alpays know the beat books to get with our money, if we have any to spal'e. Ls stated by your correspondent "A.P.U.C." it would be of great assistance to have the advice of our clerical brethren elsewhere upon various parochial matters respecting which we cannot rely upon our own judgment. Many a scheme for the bencfit of the parish or mission is dolayed or abendoned for want of a littlo information or advice such as could be furnished in a "Correspondence Colomn." I, for one, would much rathor pay the full amount of my subscription and bave the prisilege of such a column, than pay lass and continue to be without it. I am, dear Sii, yours truly,
R. D.

## FAMILY DEPARTMENT:

## NOT AS I WILL

Blindrolaed and alone'I stand
Whth niknopn thresholds on each hand:
The darkness deepens as I grope,
Arrald to fear arrald to hope;
Yet this one thing I learn to know
Each diny marig I learn to ko That doors are opened, ways are made, Eurdeng are lifted or are lald, By some grent law, unseen nnd still; Unfathompad purpose to fulgh,
"Not as F will."

Blindfolded and alone I wait, Toss seems too bitter, gain too late ;
And too rew burdens in the lond, And too rew helpers on the road; And joy is waak and grier is strong; And thls ono thing I learn to know
Each day more surely as I go, That I am glad the good and In By ehangeless iaws are ordered stlll,
"Not $n \mathrm{I}$ Will!" the sound growg sweet
Each time my lips the words repeat.
"Not as I will l' She darkness 0 oels
More sare than light when this thought steals
More sare than iggt when this thought
All untost and all lonellness.
"Not as I will," beonnse the one
Wholoved us first and best is gone Refore us on the road, and still
For us "Not als we will,"

## FRIENDLY LIONS.

Evory boy who has visited a menagerie knows that the lion is capable of being taught A lion exhibited in a Dutch menagerie would leap through a barrol covered with blazing paper. He was so tame that the keepor took his food from him several times, with no resistance save a slight clutch and growl.
If a lion is captured when young, and treatod with lindnoss, he becomes attached to his master, and will follow him like a dog. Anderson, the Swedish naturalist, saw, in the hut of an African trader, one who was not only fond of his owner, but lived on the most affectionate terms with the dog, cate and other domostic animuls.
Layard says, in his "Nineveh and Babylon," that the Pasha of Fillah, the town built on the ruins of ancient Babylon, had a tame lion, who was allowed to stroll unattended through the bazarrs. He had only one bad habit: when be was hangry, he would take possession of a butcher's stall, drive out the butcher, help himself to a joint, eat it, and thon depart.
If ho had a fancy to broakfast on fish, ho would go down to the bank of the Euphrates, wait the coming of a fisherman's boat, scare away the owner, pick out the largest fish, and break his fast at his leisure.
The Pasha oncouraged his pet to get his daily rations by this method, as it relieved him from paying fishermen's and butchers' bills.

When the lion had appeased his hunger, he would stretch himself in the sun, and allow the Arab boys to play with him, as if ho was a largo dog.

The captain of an English frigate kept a large pet lion, which he had reared from a cub, that was so tame as to be allowed the run of the anip.
"Prince," as he was called, was more at tached to his keeper than to his owner. One day the keoper got drunk, and the captain ordered him to be fogged. The grating on which the krepor, stripped to his waist, was tied stood opposite Prince's cage. While preparations were being made for the flogging, the lion lept walking around his cage, stopping now and then to look at his friend and at the boatawain, who stood, "cat" in hand, waiting the word.

At tho first stroke of the knotted tails on the man's brae bnck, the lion's sides resounded with the quick lashings of his tail. Fis eyes glowed with rage when he saw the blood begin to flow. With a roar of thunder, he dashed himself against the cage's bars.: They bent, but did not givo wny; and the lion, finding: that he could not break out, rolled on the floor, shrioking as if in agony.
"Out down the man!"? said the captain to the boatswain.
"Go to your friend !"! said he to the bleeding keeper.

When the man entered the cage, the lion scemed to be beside himself for joy. He caressed fim with his paws, licked gently the mangled back, and then, folding him in his huge fore-limb, looked as if be dared the whole crew to take his friend from his embrace.- Youth's Companion.

## YOUR EVENINGS.

Joseph Claik was as fine-looking and healthy a lad as ever left the country to go into a city warehouse. His cheeks were red with health, his arms strong, and his step quick. His mas ter liked his looks, and said, "That boy will get"on."
He had been a clerk aix months, when Mr Abbott observed a change in Joseph. His cheek grew pale, his eyes hollow, and ho always seamed slegpy,

Mr. Abbott said nothing for a while. At longth; finding Joseph in the counting-room one day, the asked him if he was well.
"Pretty well, sir." answered Joseph.
"You have looked sickly of late," said Mr. Abbott.
"I have the headache somotimes," the young man replied.
"What gives you the headache?" asked the morchant.
"I do not know, sir."
"Do you go to bed in good time?"
Joseph blushed.
"As early as most of the young men, sir," he said.
"And how do you spend your evenings, Joseph?"
"Oh, sir, not as my pious mother would approve," answered the young man, tears standing in his eyes.
"Joseph," said the old merchant, "your character and all your futare usefulness and prosperity depend upon the way you pass your evenings. Take my word for it, it is a young man's evenings that make him or broak him. ${ }^{\text {" }}$

## PARENTS AND CHILDREN.

The following are some of the friendly hints which have been largely circulated in two large cities across the water, and will be just as useful hore:
1.-Parents, knowing how immorality abounds, should exercise far more watchfulness over their children than many do-should know where they go, who are their friends, how their evenings are spent, and as far as possible become the companions of their pleasures. Family life needs to be revived in our midst. In many cases much may be done by making the home more attractive for the younger mombers of the family in the evenings, encouraging them to invite their frionds in, instend of standing about in the streets, and by providing healthy reading and simple amusements in the house.
2.-Girls and boys ought to be told by their parents of the danger and temptations to which they will be exposed-ignorance is no safeguard of virtue, but its most subtle foe.
3.-Young men and young women should be warned against the degrading tendency of rough or unmannerly behavior in the streets and public walks.
4.-No situation should be taken on the strength of a mere advertisement, least of all situations in other towns and places.
5.- Let parents train up thoir children in the fear of God, and in reverence for their own bodies.
The observance of these simple rules, more needed here than in the old country, would save many children from a miserable life of shame and sin and prematore destruction.-Iron Cross.

## WHCH IS BEST ?

An infidel was delivering a lectare at Northampton, England, and at the clobe he challenged discussion. : Who should accept the challenge but an old. bent woman; in most antiquated attire; who went, up to the lecturer and said:
"Sir, I have a question to put to you."
"Well, my good woman, what is it?"
"Ten years ago", she said, "I was left a widow, with eight littlo children unpropided for, and nothing to call my own. but this Bible. By its direction, and looking to God for strength, I have been enabled to feed myself and my family. I am now tottering to my grave, but I am perfectly happy, because I look forward to a life of immortality with Jesus in heaven. That's what my religion has done for me. What has your way of thinking done for you?"
"Well, my good friend, I don't want to disturb your comfort, but-'
"Oh, that's not the question," interposed the woman; "keep to the point, sir. What has your way of thinking done for you?"

The infidel endeavored to shirle the matter again. The feelinge of the people gave vent to uproarious applause, and he bad to go away discomfitted by an old woman.-The Freeman.

## THE CHRISTIAN YEAR.

Advent now brings the year,
Opening with holy fear.
Haste; ye faithful, to prepare
For the coming in the air:
Of the Lord with angels bright
Thronging from the heavenly height!
He shall come our Judge to be:
Haste, ye faithful; bow the knee;
Watch ye all, and watching pray:
"Jesus, spare us in that day?"
Christmas : time of exultation,
Joy, and peace, and adoration,
Telling how of old He came,
Sinless Babe of Saving name:
How the shepherds, angel-sent,
Swift to Bethlehem² s manger went,
There to find the Child foretold
By all Prophet-tongues of old;
Little King, no sceptre bearing,
But the meanest shelter sharing;
Son of God, His glory biding
And as Man with man abiding;
Son of Mary, lowly Maiden,
With eternal honor laden.
Little Jesus, coming still
To the hearts He fain would fill;
Finding with the meek a place
To exalt them through His grace ;
While the angels, as of yore,
Praises still on praiees pour,
And with "Merry Chaistmas" sweet,
Christians all good Christians greet.
Circumcision: showing forth
Of obedience to worth,
When the little Jesus brought
To the Rite commanded taught
All His Children to oher;
Following in the Cburch's way;
To be pure as He is pare,
Seeking pleasures that en dure.
Epiphany: whose wondrous star
Led the Magi from afar,
And the Christ revealed to them In the Babe of Bethlehem.
Precious gold to Ilim they bring,
Thus acknowledging their King;
Precious frankincense they pour:
For the God whom they adore;
Precious myirh their love supplies
For their Lord and sacrifice.
Every gift we cañ command
Of loyal heart and loyal hand,
Eyery deed that serves to show

Heavenly love ja love below， Jesas claims aidutibate due All good Chirsthanserow from you When Epiphany is spent Snindays three，like leralds sent， Cry aloud the Fastof Lent． Septuagesima firita，and second Sexagesima is reckoned ； Quinquagesima，the last Then comes in the solemn Fast With Ash Wednesday＇s litanies That from hearts repentant rise Forty days at Jeens＇feet Hide we now＇in blest rètreat． $\Delta t$ their close throagh Holy Week We His Way of Sorrow seek． Entering first Jeríisalem， While the throngs His progress hem，
And with shouts of welcome press Zion＇s lowly King to bless， Scattering palme along His way On that ouse triumphant Day． Though they shout He weeps aloud 0 ＇er the self－deceiving crowd， Through that weel we see Him bear
Anguish none can know or share； On Good Friday follow Him， Scourged and bruised in every limb， And with thorns in insult erowned． While the foes that Him surround Jibes and sneers incessant toss On the Altar of the Cross Wo behold Him meekly die For the world＇s iniquity． Every Friday for His sake Let us here our station take， At His feet confession making， Self and sin abhored forsaking．

Easter－Even ：Hour of rest； Faitb＇s sweet vigil calm and blest， In the tomb Hie Body lies， And His Soul in Pasadise
Waits the morn when He shall rise． Here wo watch，and watching pon－ der
On the never－lessened wonder． How from Baptism we emerge On the new life＇s trembling verge， In His death the＂old man＂dead And the＂new man＂raised instead． Honceforth now be crucifed All our anger，lust，and pride； Every evil passion die， Mortified continually！
Enster－day：The＂day of days：＂ Radiance immortal plays Round the sepulchre whose door Open now can close no more！ Stricken guard and broken seal To our longing eyes reveal What the glorious Angel saith Who unbarred that gate of death ：
＂He is risen；do not fear；
Jesus is no longer there；
But in lowly Galilee
Ye again your Lord shall see．＂
Swift，with Alleluias siveet， Follow we His holy feet， Singing all the joyful way：
＂Christ the Lord hasrisen to－day＂
Precious Easter－Tide：Again
Jesus walks the ways of men， In a body glorified，
Yet the very same that died， Pierced in hands，？and feet，and side； And we know in His own time We shall have that change sublime． Forty days，most wondrous days 1
He ，in word and act，displays Sign and miracle，the keys
Of His Kingdom＇s mysteries：
On the great Ascossion Day，

With His holy hands extended， Lioading forth His chosen，pressing To receive His final blessing， We bohold Him pass away； In acloud of glory rise， Vanishing from mortal eyes． Once again the Angels fair Tidings wonderful declare： He shall come again，they say， As ye вaw Him go away．
While our hearts within us burn， With His chosen now we turn， And，obediont with them，
We go to Jerusalem，
There，in expectation sweet， To wait the promised Paraclete，
The Holy Ghost，whose tongues of fire
Shall illamine and inspire．
Iol He comes on Whitsun－Day，
The Holy Ghost for whom we pray
And on rushing mighty wings．
Gift of seven－fold gitts He bringe， And His coming mariks the birth Of the Holy Church on earth．
Now our Jesus，mission onded， Be our triune praises bleñded To the Father and the Son And the Holy Ghost in One． Holy 1 Holy！Holyl ory On the Feast of Trinity； And till Advent comes again Alleluia be our struin ！
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## BOOK NOTICES，\＆C．

The Pansx．－D．Lothrop \＆Co． Publishors，Boston，Mass．Only $\$ 1$ per annum．
The Docember and January num－ bers of this favorite journal are spo－ cially excellent and attractive．It contains reading matter for week－ days and Sunday，and is beautifully illustrated．Edited by＂Pansy＂ herself，it holds a high place in the hearts of the children，and in the approval of carnest－minded parents． Among the more intoresting fan－ tures for 1886 are Pansy＇s serial story：＂Reaching Out，＂being a further account of＂Little Fishers， and their Nets．＂Margaret Sidnoy furnishes a charming story，＂St． George and the Dragon，＂to run through the year．Rov．C．M．Liv－ ingston will tell stories of discov－ eries，inventions，books，people， places．Faye Huntington will be a regalar contributor during the year．Pansy will take the reader with ber wherever she goes，in papers under the title of＂Where I Went，and What I Saw．＂
The Spibit of Misstong for Jenuary comes to us in new style， and much improved in style of treating the matter prosented to its readers．Usually Missionary publications are regarded as rather ＂dry＂－we do not say rightly so ； bat this will be found instructive， interesting and practical in every department．We understand some new arrangement for editorial work has been made，whereby it is left more fully in the hands of the edi－ tor or editors，and the result being most satisfactory．

The great hindrance to Christian progress is unchristian Christian－ ity－Christian doctrine withont a Christian practice．

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＂The tone of your paper is，in my humble opinion，admirably adapted to promote the growth of sound Church teaching，wherever it may be read．＂

No earthly power compels a man to fill the office of $a$ Christian min－ ister if he disbelieves the Gospel and God＇s whole revelation to man． He must talke the message of sal－ vation as the Scriptures declare it， and proclaim it as the absolute truth，without any philosophical ＂ifs＂and＂peradventures；＂that is，if he be an honest man．

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##  FREECataly，



PLAID SHAWL GIVEN AWAYI
Thirongh ihe fillure of allugro







 Whon those Forty Days are ended，Christian practice．

## MISSION FIELD.

## TINNETELLY MISSION.

Bishop Sargent's Jobilee.

## (Continued.)

In 1856 a training instilution was commenced, which is still in operation, and has produced some of the best village schoolmasters in Tinnevelly; and in 1860 the Sarah Tucker Seminary for schoolmistrosses was opened, which has prospered greatly up to the present timo. The years that followed were marked by the decease of severnl much respected missionaries, the ordination of more native pastors, and the establishment of Distriet Church Councils in the oight districts into which the Mission is divided. On December 10, 1874, the first Provincial Council was convencd, in which matters of general intorest to the Mission were discussed. On March 11, 1877, Dr. Sargant was consecrated Bishop of the Tinnerelly Missions of the O. M. S. From 1835 to 1885 he has witnessed the rise, progress and development of the Native Chureh, and his practical wisdom and ability in organising and grovoming it aro obtnining general recognition. The jecults of missionary operations in Tinnovolly aro remarkable.. . Apart from the spiritual benefits, a variety of lesser temporal advantages have also lioan gained. The Gospel has raised the moral tone of its recipionts, has diminishod crime, and checlecd a great many ovils. It has raised tho oppreesed and degraded Hindu woman, has placed her by the side of man, and has thus propared hor to be a powerful instrument of social regenoration in the futuro. The Brabminical system has lost much of its hold upon the peoplo. The wise advico of inissionarios, nad thoir interforence on behalf of the opprossed, has secured in many cases the rights of converts in tomporal matters. Villages hnve been formed, and houses built in regular atreets; dispensaries have beon opened for tho benefit of Christian and heathen people. Funds are provided for the maintenance of widows of native mission agents.
A varioty of books have been printed in the native languages. Boarding-schools, a high sclool and a collego have been established for children and young men, several of whom hare now risen to be graduates of the Madras University. A further proof of the working of tho Gospel in the minds of the jeople is seen in the abandonment of idols by thousands of worshippors, who bave been brought to adore the one true God, through the mediation of the God-man. The superstitution of the Hindu is gradually deelining undor the influence of Englibh education, and some who were its supporters have been sanctified in the name of the Lord Josus by the ronewing power of the Holy Spirit, when the Gospol has boen brought home to their hearts. There has also been an increasing care lor the heathens among the converts. Mon of intolligenceamong the laity preach to them, and try
to turn them from the eyror of their ways.' Substantial charches and prayer-houses have been built in many places, and the Lord's Day is more generally observed than in former times. Prayer-meetings aro roverently conducted in many villages, and many read the Bible privately in their families. The faith of the Church in Tinnevelly is of sufficient depth to supply not a fow martyrs, who would testify, should occasion :arise, by their lives laid down for the Mastor's sake. Encouraged by such a review of the past, and anticipating the universal triumph of tho truth, when the kingdoms of this world shall become the kingdoms of our Lord, and of His Christ, we are constrained to say, "Not unto us, O Lord, not unto us; but unto Thy Name be the praise, for thy loving mercy, and for Thy truth's sake."

## ZULULAND.

As there is good reason to hope that the long night of discouragement and difficulty that has hung over Mission work in Zululand and Swaziland ispreparing to make way for a dawn of better things, we present our readers with the following description, which may enable them to follow the changes for the better which we earnestly hope, in God's good providence, are about to talse placo.
The present boundary of ZuluInd to the south is the Tugela River, which, since the praclamation of British sovereignity over Natal in 1843, has proved a tolerably sufficient barrier to the incursions of the Zulus in that direction, as it was in former times the scene of some of their fiercest battles. To the north of Zululand, next the Indian Ocenn, we have Tongaland, a thickly wooded and in some parts marshy country, inhabited by a race much inforior to the Zalus, and consequently despised by them, espocially as they prefer a peaceful life to tho glories of war. Owing to their aversion to fighting and consequent unwillingness to invite attack, probably, they keep but few cattle, and rear goats principally. Till our war with the Zulus, Tongaland was a dependency of Ketchwayo's, and they were little given to vonturing out of their own territory; but now they pass more freely into the labor-fields of Natal, under the protection of Chief John Dunn, who has erected one or two stations on thoir route where they may rest in safoty and get some food. To the north-west, Zululand borders on Swaziland, the abode of another interesting race, inforior in character to the Zulus, as they are greatly addicted both to lying and stealing. But though the men are inferior to the Zulu men, the wotuen aro superior to the Zulu women, and noted for their beauty in South Africa, possibly because they have less heavy worl to do.
(To be continued.)
Turning sunshine into night, and making misery gratis when we are not miserable, is anything but Christian; though some good people sometimes make a merit of it.



 St = MAKEHENSLAY CHICKEN CHOLERA,

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## Temperance Column.

## THE BAND OF HOPE IN THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

A paper read before the SundaySchool Association of the Diocese of Montreal by the Rev J. S. Newnham, Assistant Christ Church Cathe dral, Montreal.

## (Continued.)

I might fill pages with facts such as those:-

1. Tostimony from Dr. Guthrie that ho has known no less than ten ćlergymen of his communion do posed through drink.
2. Roport of one of the Methodist Conferences in England, that during the year, while 1,800 membors had died, between 3,000 and 4,000 had boen expellod mainly for intomporance.
3. From anothor report, that four out of five cases of Ghurch disciplino occurred through drink.
My fourth proposition in dofence of Tomperanco in the Sunday sohool is that Temperance assists and Intemperance injures the Sun-day-school direotiy. This has alroady been shown to some extent by some of the facts quoted above, but I add one or two more:-
4. Extract from a letter of a Sunday-school toachor:-" Of the 18 scholars in my class, 12 became sots. . . . My own intemperate habits were formed while I was a toacher.

Oh! if superintondonts and teachors could only see a little of the immense amount of their labours which are utterly frustratod by strong drink, I am sure that the love which leads thom to teach the scholar would load thom to give up the use of that drink."
2. Throe youths, members of Bible Classes, wore stopped near a tavern for singing, while intoxicated, "There is a Happy Land;" and at a streot corner, in half-anhour, 14 young boys woro counted intoxicated!
3. Extract from a Sunday-school magazine: "Out of 100 boys taken from a school register, 99 became drunkards."
What, then, is the verdict after theso four propositions have boen so amply domonstrated? Thore can be only one answer: that Tomperance work in the Sundry-school is not only justifiablo, but absolutely imperative and urgent.
Thon follows the question as to how this work is best earried on, and this I will treat very briefly. Tho mothod will vary according to the special local ciroumstances; I can only give cortain general rulos. But whatever the difficulties, let ue do something! An Irishman, ridiculed for starting off with only one spur, repliod wisely: "If I get one side of the horse moving, I'll trust the other side." So I say, move on ono point, if you can not do more; foeble work rather than none. Remember the Athenian's three rules for success: 1st. Action! 2nd. Action I! 3rd. Action ll!
I hope you will not think my
paper as hydra-headed as the Dragon of Drink itself if I divide this again into two heads: 1st. Teach ing in the Sanday-school; and 2nd. The Band of Hope during the week. 1st. In the Sanday-school itself. Teach the children the Christian daty of Temperance and the evils of Intemperance. (a.) Explain the Scriptural principles of temperance, both as to keeping the body in temperance, because it is the Temple of the Holy Ghost, and redeemed along with the soul by Jesus Christ, and also as to the duty of self-denial and abstinence from all that causes a weak brother to stumble. The CatechismLesson will often give the teacher opportunity for this, and so will the Bible Lesson at times; and I think that if neither have led naturally to this for some weeks, ten minutes may be taken for a temperance talk at the close of the lesson. (b.) Then periodically, say twice or four times in the year, the school should have a Temperance Sunday, when the ordinary lessons are laid aside, for half an hour atail events, and special Scriptures are read or recited, hymns are sung, and short, simple addresses given, or perhaps a blackboard lesson. Such $a$ Sunday we of the Cathedral school had recently, when the Bishop gave us an address and congratulated us on the movement.
2. The Band of Hope meeting during the weok. This should be an oftishoot of the Sunday-school, and recruited from it, and lsept in close connection with it; but owing to the different circumstances of the meeting, the treatment can be more secular and more entertaining, as the childron have to give up their play-time to it. This meet ng should be weekly if possible, but certainly fortnightly, and the object should be to keep all the mombers till they are old enough to taliee a part in tho adult society:

## (To be continued.)

Tempranoe Work in the Navy. -Miss Watson has received letters during the last month from fortysix of her Majosty's ships scattered all over the world, in China, India, South Atlantic, Mediterranean, the British Seas, North Atlantic, and West Indies, on board each of which, in all these different climes, are active temperance organiza tions in counoction with a nonconformist society. It is probable that Che Naval Church Society has not heard from half a dozen of hor M:ijesty's ships on the same stations, on board which there is any Church of England temperance organization. Her Majesty's ship "Senhorse " is rarely visited hy a naval chaplain, yet out of a ship's company of fifty mon who might drink their ration of grog only about six men do so, the others having themselves stopped their allowance of grog on joining the Roynl Naval Tomporance Society. From her Majesty's ship "Dolphin," in the Mediterranean, we learn that a great many men stop their rum, and take up ter and sugar instead. Whilst from her Majesty's ship "Mi stletoe," stationed at the Channel Islands; we have " more good
news, three more rams stopped this month" by seamen becoming toetotallers. The crew of a guiboat in the China Seas, her Majosty's ship "Firebrand," have sent home a collection of $\mathrm{E}_{1} 9 \mathrm{~g} .4 \mathrm{~d}$. towards this nonconformist temperance work. These specimens of the lettors received from the forty-aix ships-of-war referred to show that men-of-war's men are thorougbly in earnest about temperance; and it is a thousand pities that the Church in the navy has so small a part in this good work, which is so generally associated in the minds of seamen with the duties of religion.

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