

\$1.50 Bicycles AND Watches GIVEN FREE FOR Sunlight Soap Wrappers

Searns Bicycle each month. Gold Watch each month. Total value of \$1000 GIVEN FREE during 1897.

Registration of companies, the committee are entirely relieved of the provisions. No company unless otherwise provided.

For every \$5,000 of nominal capital, or of \$5,000, after the first \$10,000, up to \$25,000, the fee remains the same.

For every \$5,000 of nominal capital, or of \$5,000, after the first \$50,000, the fee is increased from 25 cents to \$1.25.

The following new conditions of registration have also been added by the committee.

For registration of any increased capital made after the first registration of a company, the same fees per \$5,000 part of \$5,000, as would have been payable if such increased capital had been part of the original capital at the time of registration.

For a license to or registration of any trans-provincial company, the same fees are payable for registering a company.

For registration under this act of any mining company, the fee is \$10, and in addition, there is a license or certificate of registration under this act is issued pursuant to section 55 hereof.

For a license to or registration of any company, the fee is \$10, and in addition, there is a license or certificate of registration under this act is issued pursuant to section 55 hereof.

For a license to or registration of any company, the fee is \$10, and in addition, there is a license or certificate of registration under this act is issued pursuant to section 55 hereof.

For a license to or registration of any company, the fee is \$10, and in addition, there is a license or certificate of registration under this act is issued pursuant to section 55 hereof.

For a license to or registration of any company, the fee is \$10, and in addition, there is a license or certificate of registration under this act is issued pursuant to section 55 hereof.

For a license to or registration of any company, the fee is \$10, and in addition, there is a license or certificate of registration under this act is issued pursuant to section 55 hereof.

For a license to or registration of any company, the fee is \$10, and in addition, there is a license or certificate of registration under this act is issued pursuant to section 55 hereof.

For a license to or registration of any company, the fee is \$10, and in addition, there is a license or certificate of registration under this act is issued pursuant to section 55 hereof.

VOL. 15. GREECE WON'T ADMIT DEFEAT

GREECE WON'T ADMIT DEFEAT

Determined to Continue the Unequal Struggle—The Battle at Velestino.

Greeks Successfully Holding Their Ground—To Make a Final Stand at Volo

Officers Inform Constantine That They Will Resign Unless Led Against Turks.

London, May 4.—The Times prints the following dispatch from its Volo correspondent, dated 3 p.m., Monday:

"When I arrived at Velestino yesterday afternoon I had just seen the Turkish infantry advancing in two columns, intending to cut the railway."

"Having succeeded in holding the position, the other supported the artillery, which had guns on the right flank, under the command of the right infantry, under Col. Rogli, advanced to a low plateau on the left, where two batteries were in position."

"General Smouski had ordered shells to be fired when the enemy was within range. Consequently the guns did not open fire before 5.30 p.m."

"The Turks were evidently about 14,000 strong. The cavalry reconnoitered the woods where the Greeks were concealed, but the batteries remained silent until six o'clock, and at that time the fire fell far short of being effective, though the Greek practice was the best that I have yet noticed."

"The Turks ran away from the shells, but continued the advance in order. Our right was really never engaged, and the railway station was defended only by a small force with two Krupp guns."

"Towards the end the Turkish centre was seen to advance, in the distance, but sunset at 6.45, caused a temporary cessation. Trains are running to Pharsalos now, and I managed to get through. Returning on horseback at six o'clock, I was surprised by the Greek outposts, which were in the hands of headquarters to issue regular passes. I was treated with much civility, but detained to a late hour."

"The Greek retro-movement on the way to Velestino, I went out again, when the Greeks brought up nearly the whole Pharsalos force. Save in a sharp struggle during the night, the Greeks have been successfully holding their ground. The Turks mounted a battery on the hill facing the Greek left approach at the end of the wood, and burned a small village. Nearly all the fighting to-day has been on the extreme left in the direction of Lake Karalis and the eastern Volo road. Whoever gains this road commands Volo and could sweep off the retreat here."

"Trains still run to Velestino, the officials displaying the greatest coolness and courage. In one case a railway director is working a locomotive."

"More decisive fighting is expected tomorrow (Tuesday). As yet the Greek losses have not been heavy. The Red Cross Society, formerly much in evidence, is now conspicuous by its absence, and this fact causes comment."

"The Daily Telegraph's correspondent at Volo says: Foreign warships have moved further out, leaving the Greek fleet free range, and the Greek fleet has sent four heavy guns to Velestino."

"A dispatch to the Times from Larissa says the alleged report that Volo has been occupied by the Turks is not true, but the Greeks have resolved to concentrate their forces there and make a stand."

"The Times prints the following dispatch from Velestino: 'During the fighting last week the Greek losses included an officer and deputy killed. It is believed that many officers have told Constantine that they will resign unless he orders the troops to Pharsalos, that the troops will not fight unless they are led by the Emperor himself. There is a strong desire to regain the esteem of Europe, and the campaign has been obliterated by a desire to regain the esteem of Europe. Only 4,000 soldiers are actually engaged at Pharsalos, the remainder being distributed in various positions. Discipline is improving, though the organization is still somewhat defective.'"

"The Athens correspondent of the Times says: 'Newspaper clamor against the three princes continues, but the majority of the educated and reflecting people regard the possibilities of a revolution as a distant dream, and are prepared to support the dynasty should danger be imminent. It must be understood that there are no socialists, anarchists or similar organizations in Greece, therefore there is no prospect of likelihood of any movement like the Paris committee. When fevers and other epidemics are spread, safety is insured by the system of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which is having this and impure blood, is in the most favorable condition to 'catch' the germs of disease may be floating in the air. Be wise in time."

Windsor Salt

Windsor Salt

Windsor Salt

Victoria Times

VICTORIA, B.C. FRIDAY, MAY 7, 1897. NO. 17.

NO MONOPOLY IN CROW'S NEST PASS

Blair Declares That Canada Should Have Free Railway Facilities Through It.

An Important Statement of the Minister of Railways in the House To-day.

A Great Reception Tendered Jameson, Member Elect for Winnipeg, When Introduced

AGAINST ARBITRATION. Senator Henry M. Teller and the Peace Party.

Denver, May 4.—Senator Henry M. Teller, who is paired on the arbitration treaty, has expressed himself very freely against that measure in an interview with a reporter of the Associated Press. While declaring himself in favor of the peaceful settlement of international disputes, he denied that a special treaty was necessary to provide for it. He declared that the proposed arbitration treaty was very faulty. He questioned whether the senate could legally surrender one of its constitutional prerogatives.

AGAINST ARBITRATION. Senator Henry M. Teller and the Peace Party.

Denver, May 4.—Senator Henry M. Teller, who is paired on the arbitration treaty, has expressed himself very freely against that measure in an interview with a reporter of the Associated Press. While declaring himself in favor of the peaceful settlement of international disputes, he denied that a special treaty was necessary to provide for it. He declared that the proposed arbitration treaty was very faulty. He questioned whether the senate could legally surrender one of its constitutional prerogatives.

AGAINST ARBITRATION. Senator Henry M. Teller and the Peace Party.

Denver, May 4.—Senator Henry M. Teller, who is paired on the arbitration treaty, has expressed himself very freely against that measure in an interview with a reporter of the Associated Press. While declaring himself in favor of the peaceful settlement of international disputes, he denied that a special treaty was necessary to provide for it. He declared that the proposed arbitration treaty was very faulty. He questioned whether the senate could legally surrender one of its constitutional prerogatives.

AGAINST ARBITRATION. Senator Henry M. Teller and the Peace Party.

Denver, May 4.—Senator Henry M. Teller, who is paired on the arbitration treaty, has expressed himself very freely against that measure in an interview with a reporter of the Associated Press. While declaring himself in favor of the peaceful settlement of international disputes, he denied that a special treaty was necessary to provide for it. He declared that the proposed arbitration treaty was very faulty. He questioned whether the senate could legally surrender one of its constitutional prerogatives.

AGAINST ARBITRATION. Senator Henry M. Teller and the Peace Party.

Denver, May 4.—Senator Henry M. Teller, who is paired on the arbitration treaty, has expressed himself very freely against that measure in an interview with a reporter of the Associated Press. While declaring himself in favor of the peaceful settlement of international disputes, he denied that a special treaty was necessary to provide for it. He declared that the proposed arbitration treaty was very faulty. He questioned whether the senate could legally surrender one of its constitutional prerogatives.

AGAINST ARBITRATION. Senator Henry M. Teller and the Peace Party.

Denver, May 4.—Senator Henry M. Teller, who is paired on the arbitration treaty, has expressed himself very freely against that measure in an interview with a reporter of the Associated Press. While declaring himself in favor of the peaceful settlement of international disputes, he denied that a special treaty was necessary to provide for it. He declared that the proposed arbitration treaty was very faulty. He questioned whether the senate could legally surrender one of its constitutional prerogatives.

AGAINST ARBITRATION. Senator Henry M. Teller and the Peace Party.

Denver, May 4.—Senator Henry M. Teller, who is paired on the arbitration treaty, has expressed himself very freely against that measure in an interview with a reporter of the Associated Press. While declaring himself in favor of the peaceful settlement of international disputes, he denied that a special treaty was necessary to provide for it. He declared that the proposed arbitration treaty was very faulty. He questioned whether the senate could legally surrender one of its constitutional prerogatives.

AGAINST ARBITRATION. Senator Henry M. Teller and the Peace Party.

Denver, May 4.—Senator Henry M. Teller, who is paired on the arbitration treaty, has expressed himself very freely against that measure in an interview with a reporter of the Associated Press. While declaring himself in favor of the peaceful settlement of international disputes, he denied that a special treaty was necessary to provide for it. He declared that the proposed arbitration treaty was very faulty. He questioned whether the senate could legally surrender one of its constitutional prerogatives.

AGAINST ARBITRATION. Senator Henry M. Teller and the Peace Party.

Denver, May 4.—Senator Henry M. Teller, who is paired on the arbitration treaty, has expressed himself very freely against that measure in an interview with a reporter of the Associated Press. While declaring himself in favor of the peaceful settlement of international disputes, he denied that a special treaty was necessary to provide for it. He declared that the proposed arbitration treaty was very faulty. He questioned whether the senate could legally surrender one of its constitutional prerogatives.

AGAINST ARBITRATION. Senator Henry M. Teller and the Peace Party.

Denver, May 4.—Senator Henry M. Teller, who is paired on the arbitration treaty, has expressed himself very freely against that measure in an interview with a reporter of the Associated Press. While declaring himself in favor of the peaceful settlement of international disputes, he denied that a special treaty was necessary to provide for it. He declared that the proposed arbitration treaty was very faulty. He questioned whether the senate could legally surrender one of its constitutional prerogatives.

AGAINST ARBITRATION. Senator Henry M. Teller and the Peace Party.

Denver, May 4.—Senator Henry M. Teller, who is paired on the arbitration treaty, has expressed himself very freely against that measure in an interview with a reporter of the Associated Press. While declaring himself in favor of the peaceful settlement of international disputes, he denied that a special treaty was necessary to provide for it. He declared that the proposed arbitration treaty was very faulty. He questioned whether the senate could legally surrender one of its constitutional prerogatives.

AGAINST ARBITRATION. Senator Henry M. Teller and the Peace Party.

Denver, May 4.—Senator Henry M. Teller, who is paired on the arbitration treaty, has expressed himself very freely against that measure in an interview with a reporter of the Associated Press. While declaring himself in favor of the peaceful settlement of international disputes, he denied that a special treaty was necessary to provide for it. He declared that the proposed arbitration treaty was very faulty. He questioned whether the senate could legally surrender one of its constitutional prerogatives.

AGAINST ARBITRATION. Senator Henry M. Teller and the Peace Party.

Denver, May 4.—Senator Henry M. Teller, who is paired on the arbitration treaty, has expressed himself very freely against that measure in an interview with a reporter of the Associated Press. While declaring himself in favor of the peaceful settlement of international disputes, he denied that a special treaty was necessary to provide for it. He declared that the proposed arbitration treaty was very faulty. He questioned whether the senate could legally surrender one of its constitutional prerogatives.

AGAINST ARBITRATION. Senator Henry M. Teller and the Peace Party.

Denver, May 4.—Senator Henry M. Teller, who is paired on the arbitration treaty, has expressed himself very freely against that measure in an interview with a reporter of the Associated Press. While declaring himself in favor of the peaceful settlement of international disputes, he denied that a special treaty was necessary to provide for it. He declared that the proposed arbitration treaty was very faulty. He questioned whether the senate could legally surrender one of its constitutional prerogatives.

AGAINST ARBITRATION. Senator Henry M. Teller and the Peace Party.

Denver, May 4.—Senator Henry M. Teller, who is paired on the arbitration treaty, has expressed himself very freely against that measure in an interview with a reporter of the Associated Press. While declaring himself in favor of the peaceful settlement of international disputes, he denied that a special treaty was necessary to provide for it. He declared that the proposed arbitration treaty was very faulty. He questioned whether the senate could legally surrender one of its constitutional prerogatives.

WAR NOTES

The Turks Marching on Karlitza—The Greek Fleet in Creta.

Athens, May 5.—Crown Prince Constantine telegraphs that two Turkish battalions are marching on Karlitza, and that the Greek commander there has asked for reinforcements.

The government of Greece is negotiating with the admirals in command of the fleets of the foreign powers in Cretan waters for permission to send a Greek warship to the island of Crete to bring off Col. Vassos and other Greek officers who have been recalled.

Volo, May 5.—The Turkish forces made a fierce attack to-day on the Greek troops at Velestino. The Turks were repulsed with heavy losses on both sides. Fighting is proceeding between the opposing armies at two other points.

A Calamity Almost Equal in Magnitude to the Memorable Fire at Opera Comique.

Paris, May 4.—Fire broke out at 4 p.m. in a crowded charitable bazaar in the Rue Jean Goujon at which the Duchess d'Uzes and other well known patronesses were present. Many people were burned to death.

Terrible Disaster in a Crowded Bazaar—Fire and Panic Causes Many Deaths.

Over One Hundred Corpses Already Recovered—The Wounded Numbers 180.

A Calamity Almost Equal in Magnitude to the Memorable Fire at Opera Comique.

Paris, May 4.—Fire broke out at 4 p.m. in a crowded charitable bazaar in the Rue Jean Goujon at which the Duchess d'Uzes and other well known patronesses were present. Many people were burned to death.

Terrible Disaster in a Crowded Bazaar—Fire and Panic Causes Many Deaths.

Over One Hundred Corpses Already Recovered—The Wounded Numbers 180.

A Calamity Almost Equal in Magnitude to the Memorable Fire at Opera Comique.

Paris, May 4.—Fire broke out at 4 p.m. in a crowded charitable bazaar in the Rue Jean Goujon at which the Duchess d'Uzes and other well known patronesses were present. Many people were burned to death.

Terrible Disaster in a Crowded Bazaar—Fire and Panic Causes Many Deaths.

Over One Hundred Corpses Already Recovered—The Wounded Numbers 180.

A Calamity Almost Equal in Magnitude to the Memorable Fire at Opera Comique.

Paris, May 4.—Fire broke out at 4 p.m. in a crowded charitable bazaar in the Rue Jean Goujon at which the Duchess d'Uzes and other well known patronesses were present. Many people were burned to death.

Terrible Disaster in a Crowded Bazaar—Fire and Panic Causes Many Deaths.

Over One Hundred Corpses Already Recovered—The Wounded Numbers 180.

A Calamity Almost Equal in Magnitude to the Memorable Fire at Opera Comique.

Paris, May 4.—Fire broke out at 4 p.m. in a crowded charitable bazaar in the Rue Jean Goujon at which the Duchess d'Uzes and other well known patronesses were present. Many people were burned to death.

Terrible Disaster in a Crowded Bazaar—Fire and Panic Causes Many Deaths.

Over One Hundred Corpses Already Recovered—The Wounded Numbers 180.

A Calamity Almost Equal in Magnitude to the Memorable Fire at Opera Comique.

Paris, May 4.—Fire broke out at 4 p.m. in a crowded charitable bazaar in the Rue Jean Goujon at which the Duchess d'Uzes and other well known patronesses were present. Many people were burned to death.

Terrible Disaster in a Crowded Bazaar—Fire and Panic Causes Many Deaths.

Over One Hundred Corpses Already Recovered—The Wounded Numbers 180.

A Calamity Almost Equal in Magnitude to the Memorable Fire at Opera Comique.

Paris, May 4.—Fire broke out at 4 p.m. in a crowded charitable bazaar in the Rue Jean Goujon at which the Duchess d'Uzes and other well known patronesses were present. Many people were burned to death.

Terrible Disaster in a Crowded Bazaar—Fire and Panic Causes Many Deaths.

Over One Hundred Corpses Already Recovered—The Wounded Numbers 180.

A Calamity Almost Equal in Magnitude to the Memorable Fire at Opera Comique.

Paris, May 4.—Fire broke out at 4 p.m. in a crowded charitable bazaar in the Rue Jean Goujon at which the Duchess d'Uzes and other well known patronesses were present. Many people were burned to death.

Twice-a-Week.

LOWELL MASS

Fifty Years Ago.

This is the cradle in which these grew. That thought of a philanthropic brain, that thought of a philanthropic brain, that thought of a philanthropic brain.

For the multitudes that were racked with pain. 'Twas sarsaparilla, as made, you know by Ayer, some 50 years ago.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

was in its infancy half a century ago. To-day it doth bestride the narrow world like a colossus.

Others imitate this remedy; they can't imitate the record.

50 Years of Cures.

have caused a loss of over 200 lives. One hundred and eleven corpses have been recovered, together with twelve portions of bodies whose identity may never be established.

Since 5 o'clock this morning crowds of people have been flocking to the Palais de L'Industrie, where many bodies and a large number of the injured were taken.

At 8 o'clock there was a movement towards the corner of the ruins and another body was dragged out from the debris by which it had been covered.

It was little more than a black trunk, headless and limbless. As soon as the bodies are claimed by the anxious relatives and others who are searching for the missing, they are placed in carriages held in waiting and taken away.

In the courtyard of the hospital President Faure met the surgeons attending the injured and thanked them for their devotion.

The wife of the Spanish consul expressed just as the president reached the bedside.

There is a meeting of the cabinet as a result of the fire.

Many tales of despair are told. Mme. Feulard was saved by her husband, who, as soon as he placed her in safety, dashed back in the burning building in order to save his daughter.

He had clasped the girl in his arms when he was caught in the flames, and the father and daughter perished before the eyes of the agonized mother.

Baron de Mackau had a similar experience. Seven times he entered the flaming building to save his sister, and each time she told him to save another. His sister fell before his eyes later when strength was no longer left her.

The Westfield, Ind. News prints the following in regard to an old resident of that place: "Frank McAvoy, for many years in the employ of the L.N.A. & C. Ry. here, says: 'I have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for ten years or longer—and never without it in my family. I consider it the best remedy of the kind manufactured. I take pleasure in recommending it.' It is a specific for all bowel disorders."

For sale by all druggists. Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

A GOOD INDEX.

Kootenay newspapers are almost unanimous in condemnation of the Turner government...

TRULY WONDERFUL.

A few weeks ago the Turner government's "railway policy" was embodied in a bill...

For aid to a railway from Penikese to the Boundary Creek district...

As to the residue of the loan, the bill provided this disposal: "Any balance of the moneys raised hereunder not required for the payment of the railway subsidies authorized hereby shall be appropriated in such amounts and in such manner as the legislature may from time to time authorize and direct, towards the construction of roads and public means of communication and transport, and of other public works."

Nobody who looked at that bill had any other idea than that the government's plan was first, and most important, to give Mr. Hume and his company an additional bonus for a railway which they were already pledged to build...

"There is little doubt that the wonderful auriferous region between the Mountain ranges which extend from the 49th parallel on the south to the Arctic circle on the north will one day be intersected by a trunk railway line."

The Cowichan-Alberni railway on the south, then by the Canadian Pacific, then by the Coast-Cassiar line. It is a magnificent outlook on the province...

It means even more to Canada as a whole than it does to our own province. If it receives the co-operation of the Dominion parliament, and we have excellent reasons to believe that it will, the result will be the immediate expenditure of millions of dollars on the employment of good wages for thousands of workmen, the influx of population, the appreciation in value of all kinds of property, the development of new industries and the expansion of those already established, new markets for farm produce and the opening of our imperial province. Such is the object at which the government has aimed in its railway policy and such will be the result sure to follow from it if it can be carried through with success."

The people of Chilliwack, for whose special edification this remarkable passage was penned, must surely lose themselves in admiring awe when they peruse its majestic sentences. If they have some difficulty in believing that the Colonist that all these magnificent conceptions are on the eve of becoming sweet realities, they at least cannot help admiring the imagination which can so magically transform the government's little "railway policy."

"PHENOMENAL" QUARANTINE.

Mr. Shaughnessy of the C.P.R. writes of the William Head quarantine as a "phenomenal quarantine office." Doubtless any quarantine office that ventures to impose an effective quarantine on any of the vessels that belong to the mighty C.P.R. is "phenomenal" in Mr. Shaughnessy's eyes...

Since the general election last June Liberals have been elected in the following constituencies: Brandon, Winnipeg and Macdonald, in Manitoba; Cornwall and Stormont, North Grey, North Ontario, South Brant, South Oxford, North York, in Ontario; Bonaventure, Bross, St. John and Ibeville, Quebec County, Quebec East and Wright, in Quebec; Queen's West and Prince West, P.E.I.; Sunbury and Queen's, N.B.; Colchester, Shelburne and Queen's, N.S.; Saskatchewan-22. Conservatives have been elected in East Simcoe, Ont., and Champlain, Que. Liberal gains—Brant South, Colchester, Cornwall and Stormont, Macdonald, North Ontario, Prince West, Winnipeg-7 (exclusive of Brandon, in which Mr. McCarthy was succeeded by a Liberal). Conservative gains—Where are the prophets who said the Laurier government would not last long!

Speaking of the Cassiar railway the government organ says: "If the contrary is shown and the railway is built, the Cassiar will be opened, and, as said above, for every three square miles contiguous to the railway which the road will open, it will render accessible ten square miles belonging to the crown, and beyond this will be the vast region of 125,000,000 acres of Cassiar, which will not be touched by the company's lease. A better arrangement than this could hardly be suggested; yet it was opposed by the opposition at every stage." That is to say, one short rail 75 miles in length is to give access to a district about 450 miles square. When the Colonist starts in to "draw it long bow" for its masters it believes in moderate effort will not be overdone!

It is satisfactory to find the four judges of the supreme court interpreting the mining law as they have done in the Paris, Belle case. It is a matter of small moment to the public whether the railway company or the Paris Belle people possess the surface rights in dispute, but it would be a serious matter if the view of Chief Justice Davis as to the validity of the Paris Belle mineral location were to prevail. It is commonly understood that his ruling as to "mineral in place" would invalidate many of the claims in Trail-Creek district, as they do not comply with the conditions which it would have imposed.

COWICHAN-ALBERNI'S AFFLICTIONS.

The independent electors of Cowichan-Alberni, who were opposed to sending mere automatons to the provincial legislature are suffering from the pangs of disappointment these days. Their constituency had for some time been known as a pocket borough, which would at the shortest notice provide a sure seat for any cabinet minister who found things too warm for him elsewhere. When Major J. M. Mutter refused to be bull-dozed by the late attorney-general, and when he told that gentleman that while he would support the government he would still preserve his independence, the people of Cowichan-Alberni were hopeful that in the Major they had found a man who would oppose the government when it was in the interests of the constituency and the province to do so. The Major's independence at the beginning of the election campaign won for him a seat in the house. But the Major forgot his independence when he reached the house and he, with unwavering fidelity, handed over to the government the support of his constituents.

The Cowichan-Alberni electors can find no consolation for their disappointment in the conduct of their other representative, Mr. George Albert Huff. Filled with ambition to become a legislator, he vested himself with the mantle of quasi-independence, and made a bid for the support of the opponents of the government by declaring his intention of opposing any government acts that were not in the interests of his constituents. He too secured a seat in the legislature because the people believed that he would not prove a hidebound supporter of the Turner administration. But his anti-election promises were short-lived. Not having a military training, he does not, about his assent to all government acts in the commanding tones of his distinguished colleague, but he loses no opportunity of propitiating the government for those moments of independence. A few days ago certain members decided that it would be well to let the E. & N. railway know that they could not extort unjust tribute from the miners in the railway belt with impunity, and a clause was inserted in the mineral act giving miners the power to appropriate railway lands for mining purposes. Mr. Huff, having some regard for the interests of that portion of the constituency in which he resides, voted in favour of the clause. Last night the mandate of the Dunsenian ministry went forth, that the clause should be struck out, and George Albert Huff immediately identified himself by voting to eliminate the clause. When a motion was made to remove the tax from working miners Mr. Huff was again found voting with the government. When the government itself considered that fifty years

was too long a time to allow the district of Cassiar to be weighed down by a monstrous incubus, but were unwilling to accept Mr. Semlin's motion to make it twenty-five years. Mr. Huff at once carried out the wishes of the government and moved to make the period 35 years. His mantle of independence has been discarded, and he is now one of the most submissive members of the government party.

The independent electors of Cowichan-Alberni will not be slow to learn the lesson which the conduct of their representatives teaches them. They will not be hoodwinked in the future by any professions of independence from those who are within the shelter of the government wing, and they will support only those who have the courage to come out boldly in opposition to a discredited and incompetent administration. There are men to be found among the sent of the government loaves and fishes will not be so apt to influence.

Since the general election last June Liberals have been elected in the following constituencies: Brandon, Winnipeg and Macdonald, in Manitoba; Cornwall and Stormont, North Grey, North Ontario, South Brant, South Oxford, North York, in Ontario; Bonaventure, Bross, St. John and Ibeville, Quebec County, Quebec East and Wright, in Quebec; Queen's West and Prince West, P.E.I.; Sunbury and Queen's, N.B.; Colchester, Shelburne and Queen's, N.S.; Saskatchewan-22. Conservatives have been elected in East Simcoe, Ont., and Champlain, Que. Liberal gains—Brant South, Colchester, Cornwall and Stormont, Macdonald, North Ontario, Prince West, Winnipeg-7 (exclusive of Brandon, in which Mr. McCarthy was succeeded by a Liberal). Conservative gains—Where are the prophets who said the Laurier government would not last long!

Speaking of the Cassiar railway the government organ says: "If the contrary is shown and the railway is built, the Cassiar will be opened, and, as said above, for every three square miles contiguous to the railway which the road will open, it will render accessible ten square miles belonging to the crown, and beyond this will be the vast region of 125,000,000 acres of Cassiar, which will not be touched by the company's lease. A better arrangement than this could hardly be suggested; yet it was opposed by the opposition at every stage." That is to say, one short rail 75 miles in length is to give access to a district about 450 miles square. When the Colonist starts in to "draw it long bow" for its masters it believes in moderate effort will not be overdone!

It is satisfactory to find the four judges of the supreme court interpreting the mining law as they have done in the Paris, Belle case. It is a matter of small moment to the public whether the railway company or the Paris Belle people possess the surface rights in dispute, but it would be a serious matter if the view of Chief Justice Davis as to the validity of the Paris Belle mineral location were to prevail. It is commonly understood that his ruling as to "mineral in place" would invalidate many of the claims in Trail-Creek district, as they do not comply with the conditions which it would have imposed.

COWICHAN-ALBERNI'S AFFLICTIONS.

The independent electors of Cowichan-Alberni, who were opposed to sending mere automatons to the provincial legislature are suffering from the pangs of disappointment these days. Their constituency had for some time been known as a pocket borough, which would at the shortest notice provide a sure seat for any cabinet minister who found things too warm for him elsewhere. When Major J. M. Mutter refused to be bull-dozed by the late attorney-general, and when he told that gentleman that while he would support the government he would still preserve his independence, the people of Cowichan-Alberni were hopeful that in the Major they had found a man who would oppose the government when it was in the interests of the constituency and the province to do so. The Major's independence at the beginning of the election campaign won for him a seat in the house. But the Major forgot his independence when he reached the house and he, with unwavering fidelity, handed over to the government the support of his constituents.

The Cowichan-Alberni electors can find no consolation for their disappointment in the conduct of their other representative, Mr. George Albert Huff. Filled with ambition to become a legislator, he vested himself with the mantle of quasi-independence, and made a bid for the support of the opponents of the government by declaring his intention of opposing any government acts that were not in the interests of his constituents. He too secured a seat in the legislature because the people believed that he would not prove a hidebound supporter of the Turner administration. But his anti-election promises were short-lived. Not having a military training, he does not, about his assent to all government acts in the commanding tones of his distinguished colleague, but he loses no opportunity of propitiating the government for those moments of independence. A few days ago certain members decided that it would be well to let the E. & N. railway know that they could not extort unjust tribute from the miners in the railway belt with impunity, and a clause was inserted in the mineral act giving miners the power to appropriate railway lands for mining purposes. Mr. Huff, having some regard for the interests of that portion of the constituency in which he resides, voted in favour of the clause. Last night the mandate of the Dunsenian ministry went forth, that the clause should be struck out, and George Albert Huff immediately identified himself by voting to eliminate the clause. When a motion was made to remove the tax from working miners Mr. Huff was again found voting with the government. When the government itself considered that fifty years

Undoubtedly a good deal of harm would have been wrought by the clause as it stood.

OUR LADY OF THE SNOWS.

A nation spoke to a nation. A Queen sent word to a throne: Daughter am I in my mother's house But distress is my own. The gates are mine to open. As the gates are mine to close, And I set my hours in order, And I set my hours in order, And I set my hours in order.

Nether with laughter nor weeping, Fear not the child's anxiety, Soberly under the white man's law My white men go their ways, Not for the death clamour, Insult or threat of blows, Bow we the knee to Baal, Said our Lady of the Snows.

My speech is clean and single, I talk common things, Words of the wharf and market-place, And the wares the merchant brings, Never to be favour'd nor to be rebuffed, But a stumbling block for my foes, Many there be that hate us, Said our Lady of the Snows.

I called my chiefs to council, In the din of a troubled year, For the sake of a sign ye would not see, And a word ye would not hear. This is our message and answer, For we are a people, Said our Lady of the Snows.

Carry the word to my sisters, To the Queens of the East and South; In the hearts of the people, By more than the word of the mouth. They that are wise may follow, Are the world's war trumpet blows, But I, I am the first in the battle, Said our Lady of the Snows.

A nation spoke to a nation, A Queen sent word to a throne: Daughter am I in my mother's house, But distress is my own. The gates are mine to open, As the gates are mine to close, And I set my hours in order, And I set my hours in order, And I set my hours in order.

COAL MINES REGULATIONS.

Correspondence Relating to the Weighing of Coal.

A return of all correspondence relating to the alleged violation of section 16 of the Coal Mines Regulation Act has been presented to the House in compliance with a resolution respecting the matter passed by the House on the 24th ult. The correspondence follows: Provincial Secretary's Office, Victoria, B. C., March 1897. Sir, I am directed to forward the enclosed copy of a letter from the Miners' Association of the Province of British Columbia, respecting the alleged violation of section 16 of the Coal Mines Regulation Act, and to state that the minister of mines desires that you will investigate the matter and report to him the result of such enquiry.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant. (Sd.) A. CAMPBELL REDDIE, D.Y. Provincial Secretary. The Government Inspector of Mines, Nanaimo.

Smith, Secretary Miners' Association, Col. Baker.

To the Hon. Col. Baker, Minister of Mines, Victoria, B. C., 31st March, 1897. Dear Sir, The members of the above association have every reason to believe that section 16 of the Coal Mines Regulation Act is being violated by the Miners' Association of the Province of British Columbia. We would be glad if you, in your capacity as Minister of Mines, would look into the matter and make any correction that you consider the case demands according to the law.

I am, Sir, on behalf of the above Association, yours faithfully, (Sd.) RALPH SMITH, Sec'y.

Government Office, Nanaimo, B. C., 31st March, 1897.

Sir, I have the honor to enclose my report as requested by you in your letter of the 18th inst. In addition to your report on the Nanaimo and Wellington collieries, I have the honor to enclose a copy of a letter from the Miners' Association of the Province of British Columbia, dated the 14th inst., in which they state that they are doing at the collieries with section 16 of the Coal Mines Regulation Act.

I have, &c. (Sd.) ARCHIBALD DICK, Inspector of Mines. Hon. Col. James Baker, Minister of Mines, Victoria, B. C.

Nanaimo, B. C., 31st March, 1897. Sir, As per instruction by your letter of the 18th inst. I have the honor to enclose a copy of a letter from the Miners' Association of the Province of British Columbia, dated the 14th inst., in which they state that they are doing at the collieries with section 16 of the Coal Mines Regulation Act.

Nanaimo colliery being the oldest I will take it first. I went and had an interview with the coal miners, they told me that the coal was weighed by the car as it came out of the mine, the price being 5 cents per ton, but they were not paid 50 cents there being a deduction from the above for dress and fine coal of 5 per cent. After working for some time and the mine was closed, I was informed that in place of getting 50 cents after the deduction of 5 per cent for dress and fine coal, they were getting 45 cents per ton. Not being altogether satisfied with the miner's statement, I went to the Nanaimo colliery office. Here I saw Mr. Bate. After telling him my name and what I wanted, he told me that as per agreement between the company and the miner, they were allowed a deduction of 15 per cent for small coal and dress that comes out of the mine and weighed with the lump coal.

Wellington colliery. I went to this colliery on the 25th inst. and made a full enquiry as to the system of having the coal weighed that came out of the mines. I saw and spoke to quite a few miners on this subject, and I am quite certain that none of them knew the reason. I asked about the weighing and screening of the coal. I asked if they were quite aware that the coal they sent out of the mine and weighed before it was dumped was not weighed before it was dumped. All of them said, "Yes, we know that was the system before we started working." They also told me that they knew that they were not paid for what went through the screen, but that they were paid for the coal that goes over the screen. Some of the men that I spoke to were in the day's working doing some outside, their wages were paid by the company.

I then saw Mr. Russell, underground foreman, and he said that all the men in the mine were paid by the company. He knew before they started work that they were only paid for what coal they sent out of the mine over the screen. At the men, when employed, are not told this, neither are they told that they will be paid for the coal that goes over the screen, but at the same time

they know that they will be paid, and that the coal has to go over the screen before it is weighed, and all our employees were told at one time that the screening was not weighed, neither are they paid for it.

I then saw Mr. Little, manager of the Union colliery. He told me that when they commenced on the present system of screening the coal before it was weighed, all the men at that time were told that they would only be paid for what coal went over the screen, this being the coal that was sent to the mines and all the rest was wanted for the miners to send and they are not asked to send out the coal and it costs one ton of good coal that passes over the screen. Mr. Little also said that they had not told all the men that are in the employ that they will only be paid for the coal that goes over the screen, neither have they been told that they will be paid for the coal at the same time when a man gets employed. He knows that he will only be paid for what coal he sends out that passes over the screen, and not for what goes through and between them.

There is about 20 per cent of what comes out of the mine in the cars goes through the screen. After weighing out the clay and other refuse there is about 10 per cent of the coal that is in the employ that they could neither sell or use it. They had to erect a coal washing plant to separate the clay and other refuse from the coal. With this washer and plant they got a large percentage of the coal was lost, as they could not sell it, neither could they use it to make this coal saleable. The above washer and machinery in connection with the same had to be got, and that at an outlay of \$70,000.

I have had a talk over the above with many of the men employed in the mines at Union, and also with the manager. Both miners and manager admit that the coal is weighed and they are paid as per agreement between the company and the miner.

I have, &c. (Sd.) ARCHIBALD DICK, Government Inspector of Mines. Hon. James Baker, Minister of Mines, Victoria, B. C.

THE KING OF MAN-KILLERS

Brighu's Disease of the Kidneys Baffled the World's Most Eminent Medical Authorities' Unit

DoDD'S KIDNEY PILLS

Came to the Rescue and Delivery of Maukling, Stopping Forever the Deadly Assaults of Life's Most Insidious Fo.

Men are dropping from the ranks everywhere. Cut down in the flower of youth or the fruitage of manhood by that ruthless destroyer—Bright's Disease of the Kidneys.

Only a few days ago Sir Hercules Robinson, the doughty governor of Cape Colony was forced to resign that post because of encroaching Bright's Disease.

Hardly had his successor been appointed when the wires brought news of the death of William P. St. John, a New York banker, and remembered by everyone as the treasurer of the National Democratic party during the latest national campaign. Bright's disease carried him off.

It has killed many better men than most of us. So has Diabetes, its twin curse. Yet there is one cure, and only one, that never fails in cases of Diabetes and Bright's Disease. Let these testimonials bear witness:

Mr. Fred Carstens, Palmerston, Ont., says: "After many years' suffering with 'Bright's Disease, I am a new man, cured by using three boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills."

Mr. P. X. Groulx, Ottawa, Ont., says: "Dodd's Kidney Pills have been a god-send to me, as they have cured me of Bright's Disease."

S. G. Moore, King street, London, Ont., says: "After taking a few boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills I am as well as ever. In my life, despairing of recovery from Bright's Disease."

Mr. Chas. T. Bye, Garrawood, P. O., Ont., says: "For the past three years I have suffered from Diabetes, but nothing cures published. I used Dodd's Kidney Pills which have perfectly cured me."

DoDD'S KIDNEY PILLS are for sale by druggists everywhere, and by the DoDD's Medicine Co., Toronto, Ont. Price 50 cents a box.

TO AMEND THE LAND ACT.

Bill to Amend the Land Act Introduced by the Chief Commissioner.

An act to amend the land act has been introduced by Hon. Mr. Martin. It provides that sub-section (3) of the section substituted for section 53 of the land act by section 2 of the land amendment act, 1894, is hereby repealed, and the following is substituted therefor:

"3. The Lieutenant-Governor in Council may grant leases of crown lands which have been subdivided by survey into lots not exceeding twenty acres in extent to any of Her Majesty's subjects for the purpose of bona fide personal occupation and cultivation, on such terms and conditions as may be deemed advisable. No person shall be entitled to hold more than one lot under such lease. Leases granted under authority of this clause shall contain conditions binding the lessee to build a dwelling house during the first year of tenancy, and to settle upon, cultivate, and occupy the land within the meaning of the land act and such conditions as may be approved by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council. Such lease shall also contain a covenant providing that the lessee shall, at the expiration of the term of the lease, be entitled to a crown grant of land so leased to him, provided that all the conditions and stipulations of the lease have been faithfully fulfilled."

Section 13 of the land act amended by section 13 of the land amendment act, 1894, is hereby repealed, and the following is substituted therefor: "13. All crown grants heretofore issued of lands, the rights to which was acquired by section 2 of the land amendment act, 1894, shall continue in force in that the event of any lands thereby granted being divided into lots, one-fourth of all the blocks of lots shall

be redivided to the crown. The blocks to be so redivided to the crown shall be ascertained as follows: The chief commissioner of lands and works shall first select one block and the owner thereof, and so on in turn, the chief commissioner selecting one and the owner three of the unchosen blocks until the division is made." The crown shall have a lien upon all steamships, railway and stationary engines, smelters, concentrators, and all apparatus of wood upon which a royalty is reserved and payable in any way or manner, or for any purpose, and which is being used or consumed, also on steamships, tow boats, scows or other vessels, and upon all railway trains, in transporting such timber, such as to confer the same rights, and to be enforceable in the same manner, as the lien and rights of recovery of royalties conferred by under the provisions in that behalf of the land act and amending acts.

FROM THE CAPITAL

Capt. Yates Intervenes the Government Re Line to South America.

Sir Charles Tupper Wants Information About Some Appointments He Made.

Ottawa, May 5.—William Galbraith, appointed guardian for the fisheries in the northern waters, has no jurisdiction whatever on the Fraser.

Hon. Mr. Sifton stated in the house today to Mr. McInnes that three tenders were received for the exclusive right of dredging for gold in the bed of Stewart river and tributaries of the Yukon, at a royalty of 25 cents an ounce.

Hon. Mr. Mulock has arranged for sending mail to the Yukon country on the 14th inst. from Victoria, B. C. An officer of the interior department will take charge of it. He will take letters only.

Oil men are here in full force protesting against the abolition of restrictions on carrying oil in tank vessels. They are willing to accept a reduced duty on oil. Nearly every industry which has been affected by the new tariff is asking for protection. Mining machinery has been refused to accept a reduced duty on oil.

Captain Yates, of Victoria, accompanied by the British Columbia members, had an interview with Sir Richard Carrington yesterday to urge a subsidy for the line of steamers from Victoria to South American ports. Sir Richard said the intention of the government was very shortly to send a commissioner to South America, and on his report the government might decide to establish direct steamship communication.

In the house Sir Charles Tupper said that although Lord Aberdeen had made a large number of appointments before his retirement, former Lord Aberdeen had not carried them out. The Premier replied that he is still considering them.

The detachment of the North-West Mounted Police to be sent to participate in the Queen's Jubilee demonstration will be in command of Superintendent Perry of Regina.

GET WHAT YOU ASK FOR.

At the present time, when there is so much substituting, and deception practiced by some dealers whose life object is large profits, it is absolutely necessary to say to the ladies, "Get what you ask for."

Unscrupulous dealers are using every effort to sell inferior and adulterated dyes whenever the Diamond Dyes are asked for.

To avoid fraud and deception the ladies will please see that the name "Diamond Dyes" is on every packet they buy.

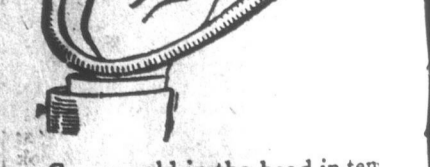
Bear in mind that inferior dyes ruin your goods; therefore they are a source of loss, trouble and annoyance. Diamond Dyes are all warranted, and more than twice the strength of the common dyes, and sold for the same price—ten cents.

Two red marines from the Imperial force came to town yesterday and spent the most of the day in getting ready for tomorrow morning they brought up to the Telegraph hotel on Store street in a very inebriated condition and soon made things lively. They smashed the mirrors, pulled up the carpets and took a fall out of the lighting apparatus. The proprietor of the hotel laid a complaint against them in the police court this morning, charging them with willful and malicious damage to property. The marines will interview the police magistrate on Friday morning.

DR. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE

CURBS cold in the head in ten minutes. Cures incipient catarrh in from one to three days. Cures chronic catarrh, hay fever and nose-bleed. Complete, with-blower free.

SOLD BY ALL DEALERS Price 25 Cents



TURKS REPUL WITH GREAT

Six Thousand of Edhem's Soldiers Lay Dead at Battalio.

Aerial Slaughter in the Balkans Which Raged Yesterday.

Greeks Claim a Decisive Victory in the Balkans.

London, May 6.—A British Athens asserts that the Greeks are fighting at Velestino. The Greek line of defence yesterday were Pharsalos killed and wounded. The enemy was repulsed; fully six thousand were wounded.

Headquarters of the Greek Army, May 6.—The Greek decisive victory in fighting Velestino. The Greek line of defence yesterday were Pharsalos killed and wounded. The enemy was repulsed; fully six thousand were wounded.

The Greek right wing in command of Col. Mavromichalis was destroyed by Turkish forces with great skill.

The Greek forces in the town of Velestino were being made with the utmost for a decisive battle. The Greek forces are now a large number of guns.

The Greek forces are now a large number of guns. The Greek forces are now a large number of guns.

The Greek forces are now a large number of guns. The Greek forces are now a large number of guns.

The Greek forces are now a large number of guns. The Greek forces are now a large number of guns.

The Greek forces are now a large number of guns. The Greek forces are now a large number of guns.

The Greek forces are now a large number of guns. The Greek forces are now a large number of guns.

The Greek forces are now a large number of guns. The Greek forces are now a large number of guns.

The Greek forces are now a large number of guns. The Greek forces are now a large number of guns.

The Greek forces are now a large number of guns. The Greek forces are now a large number of guns.

The Greek forces are now a large number of guns. The Greek forces are now a large number of guns.

The Greek forces are now a large number of guns. The Greek forces are now a large number of guns.

The Greek forces are now a large number of guns. The Greek forces are now a large number of guns.

The Greek forces are now a large number of guns. The Greek forces are now a large number of guns.

The Greek forces are now a large number of guns. The Greek forces are now a large number of guns.

The Greek forces are now a large number of guns. The Greek forces are now a large number of guns.

The Greek forces are now a large number of guns. The Greek forces are now a large number of guns.

The Greek forces are now a large number of guns. The Greek forces are now a large number of guns.

repeived to the crown. The blocks be so reconveyed to the crown shall be ascertained as follows: The chief...

TURKS REPULSED WITH GREAT LOSS

Six Thousand of Edhem Pasha's Soldiers Lay Dead on the Battlefield.

Awful Slaughter in the Great Battle Which Raged Yesterday at Velesino.

Greeks Claim a Decisive Victory—Great Credit Given General Smolenski.

London, May 6.—A dispatch from Athens asserts that the losses of the Greeks in fighting at Velesino...

Before then officers will have arrived here from Victoria with extradition papers. On Sunday, April 17, a young man named Grant hired a bicycle...

In the London Times of April 16 appears the following in regard to the representation of Colonial troops at the Diamond Jubilee...

From Thursday's Daily.—The funeral of the late Charles Benjamin Brown took place this afternoon from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Morrison, 24 Superior street.

The funeral of Louis Enrich, who died on Tuesday after a lingering illness, took place this morning from the undertaker's rooms...

The quarterly meeting of the committee of the Medical Council was held yesterday when the following officers were elected: President, Dr. McKee...

Chief of Police Sheppard has received a letter from George Chambers, of 1308, South Eleventh street, Tacoma, asking for further information concerning the finding and disposition of the remains...

On Monday evening the Easter vestry meeting of St. Barnabas church was held and the following officers elected to serve during the coming year: Priest's warden, Mr. E. E. Wootton...

B. C. QUESTIONS ARE DISCUSSED

Dominion Government's Position on Proposed Steamship Line and Coast-Kootenay Road.

Messrs. Templeman and Elley Interview Sifton Regarding Indian Reserve Matters.

Awaiting Government's Policy on the Crow's Nest Pass Road—Cold Storage Facilities.

Ottawa, May 6.—Capt. Yates, of Victoria, left for home to-day. He had an interview with the ministers and was informed that the government had decided to send a commissioner to Central America...

From Thursday's Daily.—The funeral of the late Charles Benjamin Brown took place this afternoon from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Morrison, 24 Superior street.

The funeral of Louis Enrich, who died on Tuesday after a lingering illness, took place this morning from the undertaker's rooms...

The quarterly meeting of the committee of the Medical Council was held yesterday when the following officers were elected: President, Dr. McKee...

Chief of Police Sheppard has received a letter from George Chambers, of 1308, South Eleventh street, Tacoma, asking for further information concerning the finding and disposition of the remains...

On Monday evening the Easter vestry meeting of St. Barnabas church was held and the following officers elected to serve during the coming year: Priest's warden, Mr. E. E. Wootton...

SHIP TRAVELLER WRECKED.

Captain and Fourteen of the Crew Died at Sea.

Port Louis, Island of Mauritius, May 6.—The British ship Traveller, Capt. Christie, from Sanaboy for Delaware...

C.P.R. CHANGES. The Great Highway Now Divided Into Two Big Sections.

Montreal, May 6.—The following circular was issued from the office of T. G. Shuggins, vice-president of the C.P.R.: "The office of assistant-general manager is abolished, and Mr. Thos. Tait is appointed manager of the company's lines east of Fort Williams, with office at Montreal."

THE PLAGUE DIMINISHING. Cheering Reports From Bombay and Other Points.

Bombay, May 5.—The plague continues to diminish in Bombay, and has fallen to an average of 15 cases daily. It is diminishing at Poona and also at Kurachee...

RAILWAY AID BILL. Land Grant For All the Proposed Yukon Roads.

The Three Yukon railway companies which secured charters during the present session are to be aided with land grants. In the house this afternoon the government introduced a bill...

ABOUT MURDERER BUTLER. Counsel for the Defence Talks About the Great Criminal.

BENCHERS' RESOLUTION

Condolence With the Family of the Late Hon. Mr. Richards.

The following resolution has been forwarded to Mrs. Richards by the Benchers of the Law Society of British Columbia...

THE SEALING SCHEMER TRIUMPH. Capt. Clarence Cox, returned this morning from her coast sealing cruise, with 200 skins for the season.

The sealing schooner Triumph, Capt. Clarence Cox, returned this morning from her coast sealing cruise, with 200 skins for the season. Captain Cox reports the loss of a sealing boat with two Sitka Indians...

THE CHARMER LAST EVENING BROUGHT OVER nine carloads of general merchandise, including two carloads of canned goods for the Yukon.

QUARANTINE PRECAUTIONS. Any person who might have felt inclined to the view that Dr. Watt took more precautions than were necessary in connection with the Empress of China will be apt to change his opinion...

PARIS, May 6.—With the exception of the Socialist newspapers, the whole press associated itself with the profound sorrow which has overtaken the upper classes of French society.

PROFOUND SORROW IN PARIS. Theatres to be Closed for the Month—Most of the Bodies Identified.

WINNIPEG WIRINGS. Good Progress in Seeding Operations—Jake Gaudaur's Purchase.

FROM THE CAPITAL

Yates Intervenes the Government in Line to South America.

Charles Tupper Wants Information About Some Appointments He Made.

May 5.—William Galbraith, noted guardian for the fisheries of northern waters, has no jurisdiction over on the Fraser.

Mr. Sifton stated in the house to-day that three tenders were received for the exclusive right of mining for gold in the bed of Stewart and tributaries of the Yukon, at a rate of 25 cents an ounce.

Mr. M'Cook has arranged for a mail to the Yukon country on the 14th inst. from Victoria, B. C.

Men are here in full force protesting against the abolition of restrictions carrying oil in tank vessels. They are willing to accept a reduced duty on nearly every industry which has been affected by the new tariff in asking protection.

Mr. Sifton stated in the house to-day that three tenders were received for the exclusive right of mining for gold in the bed of Stewart and tributaries of the Yukon, at a rate of 25 cents an ounce.

Mr. M'Cook has arranged for a mail to the Yukon country on the 14th inst. from Victoria, B. C.

Men are here in full force protesting against the abolition of restrictions carrying oil in tank vessels. They are willing to accept a reduced duty on nearly every industry which has been affected by the new tariff in asking protection.

Mr. Sifton stated in the house to-day that three tenders were received for the exclusive right of mining for gold in the bed of Stewart and tributaries of the Yukon, at a rate of 25 cents an ounce.

Mr. M'Cook has arranged for a mail to the Yukon country on the 14th inst. from Victoria, B. C.

Men are here in full force protesting against the abolition of restrictions carrying oil in tank vessels. They are willing to accept a reduced duty on nearly every industry which has been affected by the new tariff in asking protection.

Mr. Sifton stated in the house to-day that three tenders were received for the exclusive right of mining for gold in the bed of Stewart and tributaries of the Yukon, at a rate of 25 cents an ounce.

Mr. M'Cook has arranged for a mail to the Yukon country on the 14th inst. from Victoria, B. C.

Men are here in full force protesting against the abolition of restrictions carrying oil in tank vessels. They are willing to accept a reduced duty on nearly every industry which has been affected by the new tariff in asking protection.

Mr. Sifton stated in the house to-day that three tenders were received for the exclusive right of mining for gold in the bed of Stewart and tributaries of the Yukon, at a rate of 25 cents an ounce.

Mr. M'Cook has arranged for a mail to the Yukon country on the 14th inst. from Victoria, B. C.

Men are here in full force protesting against the abolition of restrictions carrying oil in tank vessels. They are willing to accept a reduced duty on nearly every industry which has been affected by the new tariff in asking protection.

Mr. Sifton stated in the house to-day that three tenders were received for the exclusive right of mining for gold in the bed of Stewart and tributaries of the Yukon, at a rate of 25 cents an ounce.

Mr. M'Cook has arranged for a mail to the Yukon country on the 14th inst. from Victoria, B. C.

Men are here in full force protesting against the abolition of restrictions carrying oil in tank vessels. They are willing to accept a reduced duty on nearly every industry which has been affected by the new tariff in asking protection.

Mr. Sifton stated in the house to-day that three tenders were received for the exclusive right of mining for gold in the bed of Stewart and tributaries of the Yukon, at a rate of 25 cents an ounce.

Mr. M'Cook has arranged for a mail to the Yukon country on the 14th inst. from Victoria, B. C.

Men are here in full force protesting against the abolition of restrictions carrying oil in tank vessels. They are willing to accept a reduced duty on nearly every industry which has been affected by the new tariff in asking protection.

Mr. Sifton stated in the house to-day that three tenders were received for the exclusive right of mining for gold in the bed of Stewart and tributaries of the Yukon, at a rate of 25 cents an ounce.

Mr. M'Cook has arranged for a mail to the Yukon country on the 14th inst. from Victoria, B. C.

Men are here in full force protesting against the abolition of restrictions carrying oil in tank vessels. They are willing to accept a reduced duty on nearly every industry which has been affected by the new tariff in asking protection.

Mr. Sifton stated in the house to-day that three tenders were received for the exclusive right of mining for gold in the bed of Stewart and tributaries of the Yukon, at a rate of 25 cents an ounce.

Mr. M'Cook has arranged for a mail to the Yukon country on the 14th inst. from Victoria, B. C.

Men are here in full force protesting against the abolition of restrictions carrying oil in tank vessels. They are willing to accept a reduced duty on nearly every industry which has been affected by the new tariff in asking protection.

Mr. Sifton stated in the house to-day that three tenders were received for the exclusive right of mining for gold in the bed of Stewart and tributaries of the Yukon, at a rate of 25 cents an ounce.

Mr. M'Cook has arranged for a mail to the Yukon country on the 14th inst. from Victoria, B. C.

Men are here in full force protesting against the abolition of restrictions carrying oil in tank vessels. They are willing to accept a reduced duty on nearly every industry which has been affected by the new tariff in asking protection.

Mr. Sifton stated in the house to-day that three tenders were received for the exclusive right of mining for gold in the bed of Stewart and tributaries of the Yukon, at a rate of 25 cents an ounce.

Mr. M'Cook has arranged for a mail to the Yukon country on the 14th inst. from Victoria, B. C.

Men are here in full force protesting against the abolition of restrictions carrying oil in tank vessels. They are willing to accept a reduced duty on nearly every industry which has been affected by the new tariff in asking protection.

DR. CHASE'S ATARRH CURE. Cures cold in the head in ten minutes. Cures incipient catarrh in from one to three days. Cures chronic catarrh, hay fever and rose fever. Complete, with-blower free. Sold by all Dealers.

The Street
s and Weakness
Dyspepsia.
Rose From Every Trouble

For a long time I was a great sufferer from dyspepsia, and was often obliged to stop on the street until I recovered from cramps, pains, and a sense of giddiness that were brought on by the terrible disease. I had little sleep, could not sleep much, and was so nervous that I thought I would go mad.

THREE DAYS
Be Devoted to the Celebration of
er Majesty's Diamond Jubilee.

Officers will spend three days in celebrating the Diamond Jubilee of Her Majesty the Queen. The celebration committee held its last evening session on June 23. On Sunday, June 20, a special service will be held. Those who were present at the meeting of the committee were: Secretary, Captain Adair, R. N., and other officers and a number of citizens.

ment Business Man of Peterboro
Cured of Eczema.
Thomas Gladman, bookkeeper
Hall, Esq., wrote the following
"I have been troubled for nine years
Eczema on my leg, and at times
thing was something terrible; tried
many doctors and was pronounced
curable. I had given up hopes
of being cured when I was recom-
ended by Mr. Madill, druggist, to
box of Dr. Chase's Ointment, and
happy to testify that after using
boxes I am completely cured."

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

Full court case hearing argument
today in C. P. R. Co. vs. Parker
Richard. On the line of the rail-
road between Spencer's bridge and Ash-
croft the defendants bring water on to
land for irrigation purposes from
Thompson river. The company
that the soil is of a porous form
and the water percolating through
the roadbed to soften and ruin it.
The plaintiff refused the plaintiffs an
order of damages, and the company
appeal. E. H. McPhillips, Q. C.,
Charles Wilson, Q. C., for respon-
dent. Judgment was reserved until
tomorrow.

found an excellent remedy for
Carter's Little Liver Pills.
side of letters from people who
have proved this fact. Try them.

Dr. BOBERTZ

old reliable and celebrated Detroit
specialist is still treating with greatest
SKILL AND SUCCESS
Nervous and Chronic Diseases,
men who are weak, nervous, broken
down, over work, worry, from the
excess of youth or the excess of man-
ly; men who have failed to find a
DO NOT DESPAIR, DO NOT GIVE UP!

Dr. BOBERTZ

You can rely upon being speedily
permanently restored to
HOOD. Describe your case fully and
ask containing valuable advice, testi-
monials and full information how to ob-
tain a perfect cure at home, safely and
cheaply. Will be sent you in plain, sealed
envelope Free of Charge. Addressing
this paper.

Dr. Bobertz

282 WOODWARD AVE.
DETROIT, MICH.

NO FRANCHISE
FOR WOMEN

The Ladies Must Struggle Along An-
other Year Without the Right
to Vote.

Mr. Helmcken's Woman's Franchise
Bill Does Not Reach the
Second Reading

Anti-Alien Clause is Eliminated from
the Mining Act—Pri-
vate Bills.

Monday, 3rd May, 1897.
The Speaker took the chair at two
o'clock, and the Rev. Canon
Beaumont.

CAMPBELL CREEK SCHOOL.
Mr. W. Hume moved and Mr. Macpherson
seconded that an order of all cor-
porations be granted for a return of all cor-
porations in connection with the closing of Campbell Creek
school.

LUMBER INSPECTION.
Mr. Rithet introduced a bill relating
to the grading of lumber for exportation
to foreign markets. The bill was con-
sidered in committee, where Mr. Rithet
explained the principle of the bill. He
said it was not the intention to put the
act in operation until the State of Wash-
ington passed a similar act.

Mr. Hume moved and Mr. Macpherson
seconded that an order of all cor-
porations be granted for a return of all cor-
porations in connection with the closing of Campbell Creek
school.

Mr. Helmcken moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

Mr. Helmcken moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

Mr. Helmcken moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

Mr. Helmcken moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

Mr. Helmcken moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

Mr. Helmcken moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

Mr. Helmcken moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

Mr. Helmcken moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

Mr. Helmcken moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

Mr. Helmcken moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

Mr. Helmcken moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

Mr. Helmcken moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

Mr. Helmcken moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

Mr. Helmcken moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

Mr. Helmcken moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

Mr. Helmcken moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

bill would encourage repudiation.
Hon. Mr. Turner would be willing to
accept 35 years.

Mr. Semlin was glad to learn that the
premier's conscience was pricking him.
Mr. Huff moved that the lease be for
35 years.

Mr. Helmcken suggested that Mr.
Huff withdraw his motion. If the bill
should prove a bad one the sooner the
lease is terminated the better.

Mr. Kennedy said that before 35 years
another railway may traverse the whole
of the Cassiar district and miners could
be carried to Cassiar by this other rail-
way, but still the Cassiar Central can
levy tribute upon him.

Mr. Huff was unwilling to do any-
thing that would tend to kill such an ad-
mirable project.

Dr. Walkem said that Mr. Huff
should take a lesson from what his own
district was suffering from the effects of
giving everything to a railway com-
pany.

Mr. Semlin pointed out that the Do-
minion government listened to the re-
presentations made against the Stewart
river lease. The provincial government
should follow their example and not in-
flict such an injury upon the province.

Mr. Macpherson would like to save
the government from themselves. Fu-
ture generations would execrate the
names of those who had placed a Cassiar
under the bondage of a company.

Mr. Cotton said that if the matter was
an experiment twenty-five years was
ample time to decide the fate of the ex-
periment.

Hon. Mr. Eberts said there was no
analogy between the Stewart river lease
and the concessions to be granted under
this act. The company had consented to
the granting of inserting a further
amendment. Hon. Mr. Baker explain-
ed that the object of the amendment
was to give city councils the right to
appoint three aldermen on the school
board.

Mr. Hume moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

Mr. Hume moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

Mr. Hume moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

Mr. Hume moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

Mr. Hume moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

Mr. Hume moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

Mr. Hume moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

Mr. Hume moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

Mr. Hume moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

Mr. Hume moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

Mr. Hume moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

Mr. Hume moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

Mr. Hume moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

Mr. Hume moved and Mr. Rithet
seconded that the bill be read a third
time. The bill was read a third time.

much better for the province if it passed
as reported by the committee.

Mr. Semlin was quite satisfied that the
committee had acted to the best of their
ability, but he had full confidence in the
good judgment of the house and it would
be a bad precedent to accept any bill
en bloc. It would be well to watch the
bill carefully.

Hon. Col. Baker said that the Do-
minion house and the Imperial house
accepted bills as read that were reported
upon by select committees. He would
be perfectly willing to accept the bill as
it came from the committee.

Mr. Kennedy took exception to the
course suggested by the government. He
would dislike to accept any legislation
without understanding its provisions.

The house went into committee on the
Cassiar Central Railway bill. The mo-
tion to make the lease for 35 years was
carried on the following division:

Ayes—Huff, Smith, Mitter, Helmcken,
Foster, Baker, Eberts, Turner, Adams,
Rithet, Bryden, Rogers, Adams, Stod-
dard, Macgregor, Braden—16.

Noes—Semlin, Cotton, Kennedy, Gra-
ham, Sward, Kidd, Macpherson, Kellie,
Walker, Macgregor, Braden—16.

WOMAN'S FRANCHISE.
Mr. Helmcken moved the second read-
ing of the Woman's Franchise act. He
read the petition signed by 3,411 women
praying for the franchise. He had not
introduced the bill for fear, but because
the voice of the ladies should be heard
in respect to it. They were just as ca-
pable of legislation as the men. He
would like to ask the members what
good reason there was for not granting
the franchise to women. A similar bill
had passed its second reading in the
British house of commons by a majority of
71, but he admitted that it got no fur-
ther than committee. In the States wo-
man's suffrage was productive of much
good. The members of the government
of some members was that they were
afraid the ladies would usurp the seats
in the house and that Mrs. D. W. Hig-
gins, whose name appears first on the
petition, might sometime occupy the
Speaker's chair. (Laughter.) It would
be strange if it were right for women
to vote for aldermen and school trustees
and wrong for men to vote for legisla-
tors. The members of the government
rested until they got what they were
after, and judging from the petition, the
women of British Columbia were obli-
ged to follow a similar course. No mem-
ber of the house or the liberality of
the Britisher in the man who wrote
the letter which appeared in the Times.
Captain Irving spoke in favor of the
alien clause as then struck out on the
following division:

Ayes—Hume, Sward, Cotton, Smith,
Baker, Turner, Martin, Rithet, Adams,
Foster, Bryden, Eberts, Rogers, Braden—13.

Noes—Kennedy, Macpherson, Kidd,
Semlin, Graham, Kellie, Helmcken,
Mitter, Walker, Stoddard, Irving and
Braden—12.

As the clause was thus struck out,
Mr. Graham's amendment dropped.

Mr. Cotton moved to insert the follow-
ing clause: "Every person or joint
stock company engaged in the purchase
or holder of a mineral claim in mining
minerals (other than coal) shall take out
a free miner's certificate, and every per-
son or joint stock company who mines
gold or silver shall be deemed to hold
such certificate shall, on conviction
thereof in a summary way, forfeit and
pay a penalty not exceeding \$25, besides
costs."

The object of the clause is to relieve
working miners from paying the \$5 tax
of 10 to 12.

Mr. Rogers then moved to strike out
the clause giving miners the right to
expropriate railway lands for mining
purposes.

Mr. Huff said he would support Mr.
Rogers' motion to strike out the ex-
propriation clause.

The clause was struck out on a vote
of 13 to 9.

The further amendment of the report
was then postponed, and the house ad-
journed at 11:40 p.m.

ANSWERS.
Mr. Kidd asked the hon. the chief
commissioner of lands and works the
following questions:—
What modifications have been made,
or promised to be made, by the govern-
ment in the leases of the Burnaby small
holdings?

The Hon. Mr. Martin replied as fol-
lows:
1. The valuation of land not to ex-
ceed \$30 per acre.
2. Duration of leases to be 49 years.
3. Annual rental of holdings not to
exceed 5 per cent. on valuation.
4. Settlers to have the privilege of
purchasing their holdings outright at
any time, and to receive credit for the
amount paid to the sinking fund.
Mr. Braden asked the hon. the min-
ister of mines the following questions:
Has any person applied to
record any mineral claim situated on
the following questions:—

You can't go on losing
flesh under ordinary con-
ditions without the knowl-
edge that something is
wrong, either with diges-
tion or nutrition. If the
brain and nerves are not fed,
they can't work. If the
blood is not well supplied,
it can't travel on its life
journey through the body.
Wasting is tearing down;
Scott's Emulsion is building
up. Its first action is to im-
prove digestion, create an ap-
petite and supply needed nu-
trition. Book free.

Mr. Kidd asked the hon. the chief
commissioner of lands and works the
following questions:—
What modifications have been made,
or promised to be made, by the govern-
ment in the leases of the Burnaby small
holdings?

The Hon. Mr. Martin replied as fol-
lows:
1. The valuation of land not to ex-
ceed \$30 per acre.
2. Duration of leases to be 49 years.
3. Annual rental of holdings not to
exceed 5 per cent. on valuation.
4. Settlers to have the privilege of
purchasing their holdings outright at
any time, and to receive credit for the
amount paid to the sinking fund.
Mr. Braden asked the hon. the min-
ister of mines the following questions:
Has any person applied to
record any mineral claim situated on
the following questions:—

Mr. Kidd asked the hon. the chief
commissioner of lands and works the
following questions:—
What modifications have been made,
or promised to be made, by the govern-
ment in the leases of the Burnaby small
holdings?

The Hon. Mr. Martin replied as fol-
lows:
1. The valuation of land not to ex-
ceed \$30 per acre.
2. Duration of leases to be 49 years.
3. Annual rental of holdings not to
exceed 5 per cent. on valuation.
4. Settlers to have the privilege of
purchasing their holdings outright at
any time, and to receive credit for the
amount paid to the sinking fund.
Mr. Braden asked the hon. the min-
ister of mines the following questions:
Has any person applied to
record any mineral claim situated on
the following questions:—

and privileges of a free miner, and shall
be considered a free miner, upon taking
out a free miner's certificate. Provided,
however, that no alien shall be per-
mitted to record a mineral claim unless he
has previously, and in accordance with
the provisions of the act regulating the
same, declared his intention to become
a British subject; and no crown grant
shall be issued on any mineral claim re-
corded after the passage of this act to
any person other than a British subject.
A minor who shall become a free miner
shall, as regards his mining property,
and liabilities contracted in connection
therewith, be treated as of full age. A
free miner's certificate issued to a joint
stock company shall be issued in its cor-
porate name. A free miner's certificate
shall not be transferable."

He said that this included no prohibi-
tion of the sale of mines or the people of
any country from working in mines. The
same principle was in the land act at
present. There was no one more sur-
prised than the American to find that it
was to his advantage to come over here
and remain an American citizen. He
was able to record claims here and on
the American side as well. Indeed
British subjects were known to declare
themselves to be American citizens in
order that they might record
claims on both sides of the line. Ameri-
cans were willing to become British sub-
jects in order to take up lands, and they
would do the same in order to record
mineral claims.

Mr. Braden was quite willing to ac-
cept Mr. Graham's amendment. He
urged the adoption of an alien
clause. He had just received a tele-
gram from Sandon to the effect that
the citizens there were unanimously in
favor of the alien clause.

Mr. Cotton moved to insert the follow-
ing clause: "Every person or joint
stock company engaged in the purchase
or holder of a mineral claim in mining
minerals (other than coal) shall take out
a free miner's certificate, and every per-
son or joint stock company who mines
gold or silver shall be deemed to hold
such certificate shall, on conviction
thereof in a summary way, forfeit and
pay a penalty not exceeding \$25, besides
costs."

The object of the clause is to relieve
working miners from paying the \$5 tax
of 10 to 12.

Mr. Rogers then moved to strike out
the clause giving miners the right to
expropriate railway lands for mining
purposes.

Mr. Huff said he would support Mr.
Rogers' motion to strike out the ex-
propriation clause.

The clause was struck out on a vote
of 13 to 9.

The further amendment of the report
was then postponed, and the house ad-
journed at 11:40 p.m.

ANSWERS.
Mr. Kidd asked the hon. the chief
commissioner of lands and works the
following questions:—
What modifications have been made,
or promised to be made, by the govern-
ment in the leases of the Burnaby small
holdings?

The Hon. Mr. Martin replied as fol-
lows:
1. The valuation of land not to ex-
ceed \$30 per acre.
2. Duration of leases to be 49 years.
3. Annual rental of holdings not to
exceed 5 per cent. on valuation.
4. Settlers to have the privilege of
purchasing their holdings outright at
any time, and to receive credit for the
amount paid to the sinking fund.
Mr. Braden asked the hon. the min-
ister of mines the following questions:
Has any person applied to
record any mineral claim situated on
the following questions:—

You can't go on losing
flesh under ordinary con-
ditions without the knowl-
edge that something is
wrong, either with diges-
tion or nutrition. If the
brain and nerves are not fed,
they can't work. If the
blood is not well supplied,
it can't travel on its life
journey through the body.
Wasting is tearing down;
Scott's Emulsion is building
up. Its first action is to im-
prove digestion, create an ap-
petite and supply needed nu-
trition. Book free.

Mr. Kidd asked the hon. the chief
commissioner of lands and works the
following questions:—
What modifications have been made,
or promised to be made, by the govern-
ment in the leases of the Burnaby small
holdings?

The Hon. Mr. Martin replied as fol-
lows:
1. The valuation of land not to ex-
ceed \$30 per acre.
2. Duration of leases to be 49 years.
3. Annual rental of holdings not to
exceed 5 per cent. on valuation.
4. Settlers to have the privilege of
purchasing their holdings outright at
any time, and to receive credit for the
amount paid to the sinking fund.
Mr. Braden asked the hon. the min-
ister of mines the following questions:
Has any person applied to
record any mineral claim situated on
the following questions:—

You can't go on losing
flesh under ordinary con-
ditions without the knowl-
edge that something is
wrong, either with diges-
tion or nutrition. If the
brain and nerves are not fed,
they can't work. If the
blood is not well supplied,
it can't travel on its life
journey through the body.
Wasting is tearing down;
Scott's Emulsion is building
up. Its first action is to im-
prove digestion, create an ap-
petite and supply needed nu-
trition. Book free.

Mr. Kidd asked the hon. the chief
commissioner of lands and works the
following questions:—
What modifications have been made,
or promised to be made, by the govern-
ment in the leases of the Burnaby small
holdings?

The Hon. Mr. Martin replied as fol-
lows:
1. The valuation of land not to ex-
ceed \$30 per acre.
2. Duration of leases to be 49 years.
3. Annual rental of holdings not to
exceed 5 per cent. on valuation.
4. Settlers to have the privilege of
purchasing their holdings outright at
any time, and to receive credit for the
amount paid to the sinking fund.
Mr. Braden asked the hon. the min-
ister of mines the following questions:
Has any person applied to
record any mineral claim situated on
the following questions:—

You can't go on losing
flesh under ordinary con-
ditions without the knowl-
edge that something is
wrong, either with diges-
tion or nutrition. If the
brain and nerves are not fed,
they can't work. If the
blood is not well supplied,
it can't travel on its life
journey through the body.
Wasting is tearing down;
Scott's Emulsion is building
up. Its first action is to im-
prove digestion, create an ap-
petite and supply needed nu-
trition. Book free.

Mr. Kidd asked the hon. the chief
commissioner of lands and works the
following questions:—
What modifications have been made,
or promised to be made, by the govern-
ment in the leases of the Burnaby small
holdings?

The Hon. Mr. Martin replied as fol-
lows:
1. The valuation of land not to ex-
ceed \$30 per acre.
2. Duration of leases to be 49 years.
3. Annual rental of holdings not to
exceed 5 per cent. on valuation.
4. Settlers to have the privilege of
purchasing their holdings outright at
any time, and to receive credit for the
amount paid to the sinking fund.
Mr. Braden asked the hon. the min-
ister of mines the following questions:
Has any person applied to
record any mineral claim situated on
the following questions:—

You can't go on losing
flesh under ordinary con-
ditions without the knowl-
edge that something is
wrong, either with diges-
tion or nutrition. If the
brain and nerves are not fed,
they can't work. If the
blood is not well supplied,
it can't travel on its life
journey through the body.
Wasting is tearing down;
Scott's Emulsion is building
up. Its first action is to im-
prove digestion, create an ap-
petite and supply needed nu-
trition. Book free.

Mr. Kidd asked the hon. the chief
commissioner of lands and works the
following questions:—
What modifications have been made,
or promised to be made, by the govern-
ment in the leases of the Burnaby small
holdings?

The Hon. Mr. Martin replied as fol-
lows:
1. The valuation of land not to ex-
ceed \$30 per acre.
2. Duration of leases to be 49 years.
3. Annual rental of holdings not to
exceed 5 per cent. on valuation.
4. Settlers to have the privilege of
purchasing their holdings outright at
any time, and to receive credit for the
amount paid to the sinking fund.
Mr. Braden asked the hon. the min-
ister of mines the following questions:
Has any person applied to
record any mineral claim situated on
the following questions:—

You can't go on losing
flesh under ordinary con-
ditions without the knowl-
edge that something is
wrong, either with diges-
tion or nutrition. If the
brain and nerves are not fed,
they can't work. If the
blood is not well supplied,
it can't travel on its life
journey through the body.
Wasting is tearing down;
Scott's Emulsion is building
up. Its first action is to im-
prove digestion, create an ap-
petite and supply needed nu-
trition. Book free.



BOTTLED WIND

Gulline Metal Stitched Air Collars

MADE BY THE GULLINE PNEUMATIC COLLAR CO., CANADA, P.Q.
No sweat pads. The strongest, most durable, lightest,
coolest, easiest and best fitting Horse Collars on earth.
Heavy loads drawn with less exertion than with any other
collars. Stop cure for sore necks and shoulders. The stitch-
ing is rust-proof metal, is not affected by moisture, will
not rot. All collars, from the lightest buggy to the heaviest
dray, are made of the very best leather, and tested by a
pressure equal to fifteen tons pull, and are so guaranteed.

THE GULLINE STRAW COLLARS
are also metal stitched and challenge all others for durability
and beauty of finish (the Gulline Pneumatic Collars excepted).
THE AMES HOLDEN COMPANY, OF MONTREAL, LTD.
Sole Selling Agents for Canada, with full stocks at:
Montreal, Toronto, St. John, N.B., Winnipeg, Victoria & Vancouver, B.C.

All Wool Bicycle Suits

of Shorey's make. Waterproofed
by the Rigby Process, can be pur-
chased as cheaply as unproofed
goods of an inferior make. The
way you will know that you have
gives you Shorey's make of Ready-
made Clothing is to look in the
pockets and see that you find a card
guaranteeing the goods to be
shrink and the workmanship not
to rip, and signed by
H. SHOREY & CO., of Montreal.

BOTTLED WIND

Gulline Metal Stitched Air Collars

MADE BY THE GULLINE PNEUMATIC COLLAR CO., CANADA, P.Q.
No sweat pads. The strongest, most durable, lightest,
coolest, easiest and best fitting Horse Collars on earth.
Heavy loads drawn with less exertion than with any other
collars. Stop cure for sore necks and shoulders. The stitch-
ing is rust-proof metal, is not affected by moisture, will
not rot. All collars, from the lightest buggy to the heaviest
dray, are made of the very best leather, and tested by a
pressure equal to fifteen tons pull, and are so guaranteed.

THE GULLINE STRAW COLLARS
are also metal stitched and challenge all others for durability
and beauty of finish (the Gulline Pneumatic Collars excepted).
THE AMES HOLDEN COMPANY, OF MONTREAL, LTD.
Sole Selling Agents for Canada, with full stocks at:
Montreal, Toronto, St. John, N.B., Winnipeg, Victoria & Vancouver, B.C.

portions of 85 an 86, Victoria district?
If such applications had been made and
refused, on what grounds was the re-
fusal?
—The Hon. Col. Baker replied as fol-
lows:
Yes.
The application was refused on the
ground that the property was not land
whereon the right to enter and mine
for gold and silver had been reserved to
the crown.

Tuesday, May 4th, 1897.
The Speaker took the chair at 2
o'clock, prayers by Rev. Canon Beaumont.

Mr. Braden rose to a question of pri-
vilege and stated that his remarks on the
Alien Labor Clause had not been cor-
rectly reported by the "Colonist." He
would support an anti-alien clause if
there was no Chinamen in the province.
A telegram from the Rossland Stock
Exchange and addressed to the Speaker
was then read. It protested against the
alien clause.

Mr. Kellie suggested that a number
of strings were being pulled to get the
telegrams.
Mr. Braden wondered why the tele-
grams were not sent to the members for
the districts. They attempted to control
the whole of the sealing industry, and
now they want to get hold of a good
thing in Kootenay. The people of Brit-
ish Columbia should protect themselves.
The members of the government who
must be passed if it was useless to defer
its passage. The State of Washington
is peopled largely by people from Can-
ada. They did not become American
citizens by choice. Some inducements
should be offered those who were
anxious to develop the mines to become
subjects of this country.

Hon. Mr. Turner said that there was
nothing of the liberality of the
Britisher in the man who wrote
the letter which appeared in the Times.
Captain Irving spoke in favor of the
alien clause as then struck out on the
following division:

mineral in place in appreciable quantity... The following changes were made on motion of Hon. Col. Baker...

Mr. Braden moved the following in lieu of section 12... Every free miner shall, during the term of his certificate, but not longer, have the right to enter, locate, prospect, and mine upon any waste lands of the crown...

Mr. Braden moved the following in lieu of section 12... Every free miner shall, during the term of his certificate, but not longer, have the right to enter, locate, prospect, and mine upon any waste lands of the crown...

Mr. Braden moved the following in lieu of section 12... Every free miner shall, during the term of his certificate, but not longer, have the right to enter, locate, prospect, and mine upon any waste lands of the crown...

Mr. Braden moved the following in lieu of section 12... Every free miner shall, during the term of his certificate, but not longer, have the right to enter, locate, prospect, and mine upon any waste lands of the crown...

Mr. Braden moved the following in lieu of section 12... Every free miner shall, during the term of his certificate, but not longer, have the right to enter, locate, prospect, and mine upon any waste lands of the crown...

Mr. Braden moved the following in lieu of section 12... Every free miner shall, during the term of his certificate, but not longer, have the right to enter, locate, prospect, and mine upon any waste lands of the crown...

parliament buildings, "such hardware as is required from the Yale-Towne Manufacturing Co. From this it appears that Messrs. E. G. Prior & Co. were the successful tenderers at \$3820; Messrs. Thomas Dunn & Co., put in a tender at \$3838.67; Messrs. McLennan & McPeck, \$3963; Messrs. Nicholles & Renouf, \$3924.00; W. H. Perry, \$4418.

By Mr. Braden—On consideration of the rural license bill to consider that a man and his wife shall be considered one person, and therefore that their names shall only count as one in computing the number of signatures for a license.

By Mr. Braden—On report of Mr. Hume's committee on the bill to amend the placer mining act, 1891.

By Mr. Braden—On report of Mr. Hume's committee on the bill to amend the placer mining act, 1891.

By Mr. Braden—On report of Mr. Hume's committee on the bill to amend the placer mining act, 1891.

By Mr. Braden—On report of Mr. Hume's committee on the bill to amend the placer mining act, 1891.

By Mr. Braden—On report of Mr. Hume's committee on the bill to amend the placer mining act, 1891.

cannot see his way to vary the terms of the paragraph referred to. The Nelson and Fort Sheppard. Mr. Williams' resolution, "That the Nelson and Fort Sheppard Railway Company have been allowed to survey and take up their land grant in a manner not contemplated by the act," was defeated on a straight party vote.

HEINZE'S WATER GRANT. The debate was resumed on Mr. Hume's motion "that the honorable minister of mines, in granting a record of 1,200 inches of water on Beaver Creek to F. Heinze, acted without authority, and that the grant should be cancelled."

Mr. Hume said that even the gold commissioner had protested against the granting of water to Mr. Heinze, and that Hon. Col. Baker had undertaken to correct the error. He believed the application should be cancelled.

Mr. Hume said that even the gold commissioner had protested against the granting of water to Mr. Heinze, and that Hon. Col. Baker had undertaken to correct the error. He believed the application should be cancelled.

Mr. Hume said that even the gold commissioner had protested against the granting of water to Mr. Heinze, and that Hon. Col. Baker had undertaken to correct the error. He believed the application should be cancelled.

Mr. Hume said that even the gold commissioner had protested against the granting of water to Mr. Heinze, and that Hon. Col. Baker had undertaken to correct the error. He believed the application should be cancelled.

Mr. Hume said that even the gold commissioner had protested against the granting of water to Mr. Heinze, and that Hon. Col. Baker had undertaken to correct the error. He believed the application should be cancelled.

on, around and in connection with said buildings. 5. What is the net cost of the two tablets to commemorate the opening of the house, dated 8th February, 1897?

Mr. Macpherson said that he had examined several crown grants in the land office, and they contained a proviso that one-fourth the land should revert to the crown in the event that the land would be used for townsite purposes.

Mr. Macpherson said that he had examined several crown grants in the land office, and they contained a proviso that one-fourth the land should revert to the crown in the event that the land would be used for townsite purposes.

Mr. Macpherson said that he had examined several crown grants in the land office, and they contained a proviso that one-fourth the land should revert to the crown in the event that the land would be used for townsite purposes.

Mr. Macpherson said that he had examined several crown grants in the land office, and they contained a proviso that one-fourth the land should revert to the crown in the event that the land would be used for townsite purposes.

Mr. Macpherson said that he had examined several crown grants in the land office, and they contained a proviso that one-fourth the land should revert to the crown in the event that the land would be used for townsite purposes.

Mr. Macpherson said that he had examined several crown grants in the land office, and they contained a proviso that one-fourth the land should revert to the crown in the event that the land would be used for townsite purposes.

THREE MORE CASES. Smallpox Breaks Out Among the Chinamen at the Quarantine Station.

Dr. Watt Praised for the Firm Stand He Took—An Uncalled-for Attack. That the strict precautions taken by quarantine, to prevent the passengers of the Empress of China spreading smallpox throughout the country were not only unnecessary but were a source of annoyance to the passengers...

Dr. Watt Praised for the Firm Stand He Took—An Uncalled-for Attack. That the strict precautions taken by quarantine, to prevent the passengers of the Empress of China spreading smallpox throughout the country were not only unnecessary but were a source of annoyance to the passengers...

Dr. Watt Praised for the Firm Stand He Took—An Uncalled-for Attack. That the strict precautions taken by quarantine, to prevent the passengers of the Empress of China spreading smallpox throughout the country were not only unnecessary but were a source of annoyance to the passengers...

Dr. Watt Praised for the Firm Stand He Took—An Uncalled-for Attack. That the strict precautions taken by quarantine, to prevent the passengers of the Empress of China spreading smallpox throughout the country were not only unnecessary but were a source of annoyance to the passengers...

Dr. Watt Praised for the Firm Stand He Took—An Uncalled-for Attack. That the strict precautions taken by quarantine, to prevent the passengers of the Empress of China spreading smallpox throughout the country were not only unnecessary but were a source of annoyance to the passengers...

Dr. Watt Praised for the Firm Stand He Took—An Uncalled-for Attack. That the strict precautions taken by quarantine, to prevent the passengers of the Empress of China spreading smallpox throughout the country were not only unnecessary but were a source of annoyance to the passengers...

British Columbia. NEW WESTMINSTER. Capt. Cooper with his steamer returned from his trip to Lake on Saturday evening from much pleased with the very journey. He reports that he is no expert as regards the fishery, but that he has obtained a few big fish during his trip.

At the last meeting of the Mayor's committee on the regulation of the fishery, it was decided to issue a regulation in view of the fact that the fishery was being over-exploited. The regulation was to be enforced in view of the fact that the fishery was being over-exploited.

At the last meeting of the Mayor's committee on the regulation of the fishery, it was decided to issue a regulation in view of the fact that the fishery was being over-exploited. The regulation was to be enforced in view of the fact that the fishery was being over-exploited.

At the last meeting of the Mayor's committee on the regulation of the fishery, it was decided to issue a regulation in view of the fact that the fishery was being over-exploited. The regulation was to be enforced in view of the fact that the fishery was being over-exploited.

At the last meeting of the Mayor's committee on the regulation of the fishery, it was decided to issue a regulation in view of the fact that the fishery was being over-exploited. The regulation was to be enforced in view of the fact that the fishery was being over-exploited.

At the last meeting of the Mayor's committee on the regulation of the fishery, it was decided to issue a regulation in view of the fact that the fishery was being over-exploited. The regulation was to be enforced in view of the fact that the fishery was being over-exploited.

At the last meeting of the Mayor's committee on the regulation of the fishery, it was decided to issue a regulation in view of the fact that the fishery was being over-exploited. The regulation was to be enforced in view of the fact that the fishery was being over-exploited.

At Monday's meeting of the Mayor's committee on the regulation of the fishery, it was decided to issue a regulation in view of the fact that the fishery was being over-exploited. The regulation was to be enforced in view of the fact that the fishery was being over-exploited.

At Monday's meeting of the Mayor's committee on the regulation of the fishery, it was decided to issue a regulation in view of the fact that the fishery was being over-exploited. The regulation was to be enforced in view of the fact that the fishery was being over-exploited.

At Monday's meeting of the Mayor's committee on the regulation of the fishery, it was decided to issue a regulation in view of the fact that the fishery was being over-exploited. The regulation was to be enforced in view of the fact that the fishery was being over-exploited.

At Monday's meeting of the Mayor's committee on the regulation of the fishery, it was decided to issue a regulation in view of the fact that the fishery was being over-exploited. The regulation was to be enforced in view of the fact that the fishery was being over-exploited.

At Monday's meeting of the Mayor's committee on the regulation of the fishery, it was decided to issue a regulation in view of the fact that the fishery was being over-exploited. The regulation was to be enforced in view of the fact that the fishery was being over-exploited.

At Monday's meeting of the Mayor's committee on the regulation of the fishery, it was decided to issue a regulation in view of the fact that the fishery was being over-exploited. The regulation was to be enforced in view of the fact that the fishery was being over-exploited.

At Monday's meeting of the Mayor's committee on the regulation of the fishery, it was decided to issue a regulation in view of the fact that the fishery was being over-exploited. The regulation was to be enforced in view of the fact that the fishery was being over-exploited.

Small text at the bottom of the page, possibly a printer's mark or a small advertisement.

THREE MORE CASES

Smallpox Breaks Out Among the Chinamen at the Quarantine Station.

Watt Praised for the Firm Stand He Took—An Uncalled For Attack.

That the strict precautions taken by Watt, superintendent of Dominion...

The disease was discovered on the week before she arrived here...

Watt is being praised on all hands for the firm stand he took...

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS

Estimated Thousand Dollars to be Borrowed for Their Completion.

The following are the principal clauses of the bill making further provision...

CANADIAN NEWS

Building Victoria Bridge—Floor for South Africa.

Montreal, May 5.—The Grand Trunk...

ONE HONEST MAN.

Inform your readers that if written to comply...

British Columbia.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

Capt. Cooper with his steamer Courser...

VANCOUVER.

At last meeting of the council Mayor Tompkins...

NELSON.

At Monday's meeting of the council Mayor Tompkins...

SLOAN CITY.

Fifteen men are at work on the Howard Fraction...

REVELSTOCK.

The amount of freight coming in is such that it can hardly be handled...

ROSSLAND.

Henry Vellopp, the German mining engineer...

NEW DENVER.

New Denver, April 30.—George W. Pierce and E. H. Lippert...

three-fourth cents per pound. The rise is said to be due to the increasing demand...

SALMO.

Salmo, April 24.—The North Fork Mining Company...

PORT STEELE.

A strike of gold quartz is reported to have been made on Wild Horse creek...

PORT SIMPSON.

Port Simpson, April 27.—A very bright and entertaining concert was given...

REVELSTOCK.

The amount of freight coming in is such that it can hardly be handled...

SLOAN CITY.

Fifteen men are at work on the Howard Fraction. This mine will be a shipper in the near future.

REVELSTOCK.

The men who came down from Downie Creek with Horn's scow...

ROSSLAND.

The owners of the Last Chance have given an option of the mine to parties...

NEW DENVER.

New Denver, April 30.—George W. Pierce and E. H. Lippert...

ing much comment. The assurance of sampling works at Nakusp leads color to the report that the establishment of such an enterprise here is under contemplation for the near future.

The report sent out that the company represented by A. J. Ferguson was about to give up the Edmonton group on Ten Mile is without foundation.

ROSSLAND.

C. O'Brien's resolution to disincorporate the mining exchange and distribute the assets among the members...

PORT STEELE.

A strike of gold quartz is reported to have been made on Wild Horse creek...

PORT SIMPSON.

Port Simpson, April 27.—A very bright and entertaining concert was given...

REVELSTOCK.

The amount of freight coming in is such that it can hardly be handled...

SLOAN CITY.

Fifteen men are at work on the Howard Fraction. This mine will be a shipper in the near future.

REVELSTOCK.

The men who came down from Downie Creek with Horn's scow...

ROSSLAND.

The owners of the Last Chance have given an option of the mine to parties...

NEW DENVER.

New Denver, April 30.—George W. Pierce and E. H. Lippert...

ing much comment. The assurance of sampling works at Nakusp leads color to the report that the establishment of such an enterprise here is under contemplation for the near future.

The report sent out that the company represented by A. J. Ferguson was about to give up the Edmonton group on Ten Mile is without foundation.

ROSSLAND.

C. O'Brien's resolution to disincorporate the mining exchange and distribute the assets among the members...

PORT STEELE.

A strike of gold quartz is reported to have been made on Wild Horse creek...

PORT SIMPSON.

Port Simpson, April 27.—A very bright and entertaining concert was given...

REVELSTOCK.

The amount of freight coming in is such that it can hardly be handled...

SLOAN CITY.

Fifteen men are at work on the Howard Fraction. This mine will be a shipper in the near future.

REVELSTOCK.

The men who came down from Downie Creek with Horn's scow...

ROSSLAND.

The owners of the Last Chance have given an option of the mine to parties...

NEW DENVER.

New Denver, April 30.—George W. Pierce and E. H. Lippert...



SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of Infants & Children. Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.



ALL PARIS IN TEARS

Later Reports of the Awful Results of the Charity Bazaar Holocaust

More Than Two Hundred Victims—Mostly All Women—Indescribable Horror.

Paris, May 6.—The awful bazaar disaster continues to be the sole topic of conversation. Soon after the alarm...

The prefect, M. Le Pine, was one of the first to reach the scene, and he directed the operations for the recovery of the bodies and distributed the injured among the various houses in the vicinity.

"The flames spread with startling rapidity throughout the whole building, which crumbled like a living furnace, but the uproar of the conflagration could not drown the groans and cries of the agonized crowd."

"The flames spread with startling rapidity throughout the whole building, which crumbled like a living furnace, but the uproar of the conflagration could not drown the groans and cries of the agonized crowd."

"The flames spread with startling rapidity throughout the whole building, which crumbled like a living furnace, but the uproar of the conflagration could not drown the groans and cries of the agonized crowd."

nized her daughter's dress and hysterically gazed upon her husband to tell the police to prevent the child from going to the bazaar. Cabinet ministers, ambassadors, noblemen and members of the highest social and financial circles...

Police, their hands covered with gloves, have been deputed by the prefect of police to pick out the portions of remains and to wrap them in pieces of cloth to be transferred in ambulances to the Palais de l'Industrie.

The building was constructed about six months ago. At the time it was remarked that it would burn like matchwood. The interior was quite in shops a la Paris, constructed of prettily painted canvass.

The correspondent of the Associated Press, in an interview with Miss Elsie Busbeck of Philadelphia, who with Misses Hawthorne and Busbeck, was one of the few who escaped, although not unscathed, Miss Busbeck says: "I was at booth 15, near the place where the fire started."

"We were just stepping on the first of the three steps leading out of the building when my head I saw the whole place in flames. At my left I caught a glimpse of an old lady emerging from an adjacent door and saw her stumble on her skirts. The next instant quite a crowd of people were piled on top of her. I reached the street and turned around, but already the heat was so intense that it scorched me and I was obliged to lift my hand to protect my face."

"The flames spread with startling rapidity throughout the whole building, which crumbled like a living furnace, but the uproar of the conflagration could not drown the groans and cries of the agonized crowd."

