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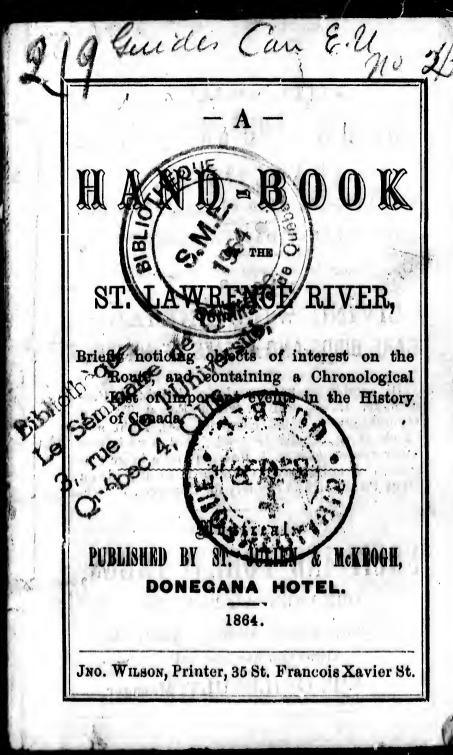
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GUILBA'ULT'S

BOTANIC AND ZOOLOGICAL

GARDEN,

RT. LAWRENCE MAIN STREET, MONTREAL.

OPEN EVERY DAY. ADMISSION 72D.

The Menagerie is one of the largest collections in America of

LIVING WILD ANIMALS,
RARE BIRDS AND FREAKS OF NATURE

His establishment contains a delightful Promende, Lawn and Grove of Forest Trees, a Gymnasium [a most complete one], Tight and Slack Rope, Quoit Grounds, and a variety of other amusements. A Museum and a large collection of curiosities is attached to it; also a large Pavillion and Scenery for Concerts, &c. &c.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

FRUIT AND FOREST TREES,

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS,

Duhlins, Noses, Poultry, Birds, &c.,
Always on hand for Sale.

J. F. GUILBAULT, Manager.

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NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

Certain publications—gotten up by persons amusingly illiterate as to proper names, and laughably ignorant of the subject on which they mis-guide; and not only incorrect as to distances, but frequently mentioning "places of interest" not really in existence—will probably fall into the hands of the tourist.

The leading designs of such pamphlets will be at once apparent.

"As to the primary object," the traveller will say, "the Donegana has no cause of complaint, their own being sufficiently obvious." "True," we reply, "but if, for self-protection, we are driven, much against our own inclination, and contrary to our ordinary practice, to the publication of this 'vade mecum;' and if guides must be published for gratuitous distribution, they should, at least, contain facts, and not a ridiculously inaccurate epitome of incorrect topography, fifty years old."

ST. JULIEN & McKEOGH.

Donegana Hotel, Montreal, 15th May, 1864.

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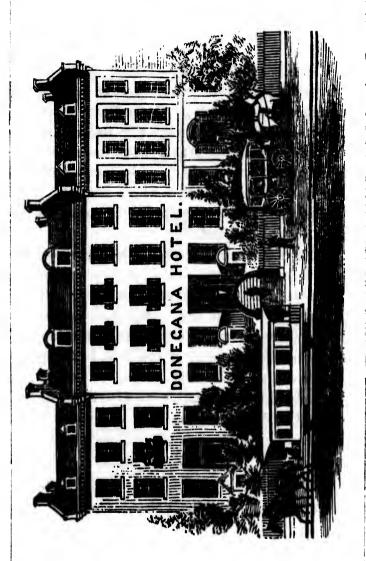
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THE

Donkgana Hotel,

NOTRE DAME STREET,

MONTREAL.

ST. JULIEN & McKEOGH, PROPRIETORS.

This Fashionable Hotel—the best known and most extensively patronised by tourists in British America—is situated on the principal

street and in the centre of the City.

It is but one minute's walk from the new Court House, Fountain and Gardens, Jacques Cartier Place, Nelson's Column, the City Hall, Bonsecours Market, Dalhousie Square, the Quebec Steamboat Landing, the Cathedral of Notre Dame, the Place d'Armes, and the Champ de Mars, a military parade ground, where the bands perform, and which is celebrated as the promenade of the wealth and beauty of the City.

The Street Railway Cars to all parts of the City, pass the Hotel every 10 minutes—Fare,

5 cents.

N B.—The proprietors of the "Donegana" only have the power to furnish passes for their guests to the beautiful Maria Villa Convent, formerly the residence of the Governor General, the Asile de St. Joseph, and various Nunneries.

CHRONOLOGICAL LIST

OF SOME OF THE MOST IMPORTANT EVENTS IN THE HISTORY OF CANADA,

by Jacques Cartier on St. Lawrence's Day. Wintering at St. Croix, he passed up the river to Hochelaga, the site of the present City of Montreal.

1540 Jacques Cartier erected fort at Cap Rouge, and passed the winter there.

1599 Settlement of Tadousac.

July 3—City of Quebec founded by Champlain. He discovered Lake Champlain.

1629 Quebec taken by Sir David Kirkt— Canada surrendered to England, by Champlain.

1632 Treaty of St. Germains—Canada restored to France.

1635 College of Jesuits and Hotel Dieu founded at Quebec.

Ville Marie, now Montreal, founded by D. Maissonneuve.

Fierce and bloody Indian wars extending, with little intermission, during many years.

1670 Church of Quebec constituted a Bishopric Small pox among the Indians, carrrying off more than half their number.

1677 Fort Cataraqui, or Frontenac, near Kingston, built. Father Marquette's expedition, via Michigan and the Mis-

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Denonville's perfidy to the Indians—
Fort Niagara built—Indian retaliation
—'The Fort burnt—Bloody Indian wars
commenced, in which both English
and French were engaged—Sir Wm.
Phipps attacked Quebec—is forced to
retire to Boston.

1691 English and Indians unsuccessfully attacked Montreal.

1697 Peace of Ryswick.

War—Combined land and sea expedition against Canada—English forced to return, losing 8 vessels, and 1,900 men.

1713 Peace—Treaty of Utrecht—Arcadia and Newfoundland ceded to Britain.

1726 M. Beauharnois erects fort at Crown Point.

1745 English and New England provincial troops reduce Cape Breton—Indians ally themselves with England to expel the French.

The French push forward fortifications to the Ohio—English from Virginia do the same—The illustrious Washington a Lieutenant-Colonel in the British army—he is unfortunate on his first expedition.

1754 In convention at Albany, Benjamin Franklin proposes a general union of the colonies to resist the French—

Though not acted on, this document may be considered the basis of union which subsequently led to the overthrow of British dominion in the present United States.

1755 Braddock's defeat and death—His army saved by the intrepidity of Col.
1758 Washington—French are defeated at Crown Point; they lose 1,000 men—British defeated at Oswego, and Fort Edward—Horrid Massacre by French of Indians, leading to the final extinction of French power in America—Louisburg, Fort Frontenac, and Fort Du Quesne captured by British colonists.

1759 Sept. 12—Quebec taken by General Wolfe—Ticonderoga, Crown Point, and Niagara taken.

1763 Canada finally ceded to Britain by the Treaty of Paris, 10th May; the French King remarking that he had no regret in giving up "a few thousand acres of snow."

1764 Two great fires in Montreal, consuming 300 houses.

to Canadians take part of Great Britain—
1783 American General Montgomery, takes
Montreal—Generals Montgomery and
Benedict Arnold attack Quebec—Montgomery killed—Arnold abandons his
camp, and retreats.

1792 Canada divided into two provinces.

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War with the United States.—Eng-1812 to lish take Detroit—General Proctor cap-1814 tures General Wilkinson-Americans capture York (Toronto)—take Fort George, and the whole Niagara frontier -British successful at Stoney Creek-Sir George Prevost defeated at Sackett's Harbor-Commodore Perry captured the whole British fleet on Lake Erie-Proctor defeated by Harrison—Tecumkilled—De Salaberry Hampton--Americans defeated at Chrysler's Farm---Americans burn Niagara---British burn Buffalo--Wilkinson defeated at Lacolle---Battle of Lundy's Lane: both armies claimed victory-American victory on Lake Champlain --- Americans retire from Burlington Heights-Peace, Treaty of Ghent, 24th December, 1813.

1837 Canadian insurrection, easily suppressed.

1840 Union of the two Provinces, under Lord Sydenham's Administration.

Visit of the Prince of Wales, who opens the Victoria Bridge---Census of the Province taken--Population, 2,506,-755.

A FEW WORDS WITH A TRAVELLING FRIEND, BETWEEN OGDENSBURG AND MONTREAL.

My dear tourist, you are a stranger, I sec. Purpose going to Montreal, eh? Well, that's my destination. Your first trip? Ah, I have made it a hundred times. Aye, a may even write that number in the plural. I shall be most happy to supply you with running com-

ments, as we pass along.

Well, then, here is Prescott—here Ogdensburg. You are now, by rail, 113 miles from Montreal; by the channel of the river about 140. Passengers by the Canadian mail boats do not change; those by the American lake boats are transferred at Ogdensburg, to one of our fast river steamers, plying between this point and our Canadian metropolis. It is quite immaterial to the traveller as to which line fortune may have consigned him. We, Canadians, are justly proud of our skilful and experienced steam-boat captains, who, in polite attention to their guests, are not exceeded by the proverbial urbanity of their American confreres.

See, there, a mile below, are the ruins of a wind-mill, where poor, ill-advised Van Schoultz and his 156 sympathisers were taken prisoners in 1838; and four miles down is Chimney

Island.

We have come 9 miles to Edwardsburg. Passing the Galop Rapi 1---merely a strong curren take

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lsburg. ng current. Steam-boats pass up it; sailing vessels take the canal on the north side.

Eight miles further to Iroquois village, at the foot of the canal. See there, to your right, at some distance from the river, is the pretty village of Waddington, N.Y.

Eight or nine miles to the thriving little town of Morrisburg. We pass the Rapid du Plat. Steamers ascend; other boats take the canal.

Four miles. See that house to your left; it is on Chrysler's Farm. General Boyd, contemplating an attack on Montreal, was defeated in descending the river.

Eight miles to Louisville Landing, the last place at which steamers touch in the United States. Six miles in the interior is Massena

Springs, a small watering place.

Four miles. Dickinson's Landing. Here you see the head of the Cornwall canal. Now we enter the Long Sault, do you feel the current? Notice they are shutting off steam. See the breakers. The stream has us. We are making good time, now. Is this a new sensation to you? How do you like the excitement? One of the most important rapids. Over forty miles to the next,

Twelve miles below Dickinson's is Cornwall, a mile from the mouth of the canal. Passing it, in a few minutes you enter Lake St. Francis.

We have passed Cornwall 3 or 4 miles. Observe, over there to your right, through the trees, the spire of the Indian village, St. Regis.

If the bell could speak to you in intelligible language, it might tell a sad tale of woe. Are you an American? Bid temporary adieu, there, to the States; you are now in her Britannic Majesty's dominions on both sides of the lake. The 45th parallel divides that village in twain, giving to your side one half the Indians, and to us the other.

We have to pass down the lake some 36 miles. About mid-way you will notice the cairn erected by the Glengary Highlanders.

We are approaching Coteau du Lac. Notice off there to your right, the light houses which mark the entrance to the Beauharnois canal. Just below here will commence a series of formidable rapids, the Coteau, the Cedars, the Split Rock, and the Cascades. These rapids extend, by the course of the boat, some eighteen miles, over a descent of about 90 feet. Travellers differ in opinion as to which is the most interesting of the three principal rapids of the river. "My opinion?" I say the Cedars are, unquestionably, the most picturesque, the Lachine, perhaps, the most exciting.

We are now on Lake St. Louis. Notice to your left one mouth of the Ottawa spanned by the tubular rail road bridge at St. Annes. Let me offer you a word of friendly advice here. It is customary for the porter of the boat, whilst passing through this lake, to request passengers to point out their baggage, in order that he may place it asid; for delivery to the porter of the Hotel they may select, so as

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Notice to anned by les. Let ice here. the boat, be request gage, in elivery to let, so as

to avoid delay on arriving at the city. Go down with him by all means, you will save yourself much trouble in Montreal. What Hotel do I patronise? My good friend, that's a home thrust; have I kept my secret so well, that you have not already discovered that I am an interested party, and should not offer advice? I represent the Hotel. "What Hotel?" you say. Why, sir, the---the "Donegana," of course; it cannot be, but that its wide-spread reputation must have reached you. I have nothing more to say on this subject.

At the foot of the lake, about eighteen miles across, we pass the Indian village of Caughnawaga to our right, to our left Lachine, 9 miles to Montreal by land, and 18 by water. See that church built by the Indians. Now we enter the swift current carrying us to the Lachine Rapids, or Sault St. Louis; descent 45 feet. Formerly one man only, an Indian, could take boats through this rapid; all our river pilots, however, are now competent to that task.

You have now passed over some of the most picturesque and wonderful cascades ever navigated, let your excitement subside, and prepare to witness the most wonderful engineering work of man. You say, "What is that to the right, high up---there---now---right behind the trees?" Oh, yes; you'll see it plainly in a few minutes. That, sir, that's

THE VICTORIA BRIDGE.

The following interesting particulars of the Victoria Bridge, and the materials used in its

construction, are taken from "A Glance at the Victoria Bridge and the Men who Built it," by Charles Legge:—

First stone No. 1 Pier laid 20th July. 1854. First passenger train passed 17th December, 1859. Total length of Bridge, 9184 feet lineal.

No. of Spans 25; 24 of 242 feet; one of 330 feet.

Height from surface of water to underside of centre tube

Height from bed of river to top of centre tube 108 feet.

Greatest depth of water 22 feet.

General rapidity of Current 7 miles an hour.

Cubic feet of masonry 3,000,000.

Cubic feet of timber, in temporary work, 2,250.000. Cubic yards of clay used in puddling dams, 146,000.

Tons of iron in tubes, say 8,250. Number of rivets, 2,500,000.

Acres of painting on Tubes, one coat 30, or for the four coats 120 acres.

Force employed in construction during summer of 1858, the working season extending from the middle of May to the middle of November.

> Total..........3040 men. Horses, 142. Locomotives, 4. Cost over \$7,000,000.

THE CITY OF MONTREAL.

Montreal, the metropolis of British North America, is situated on an island formed by the confluence of the Ottawa and St. Lawrence, and on the north bank of the latter. It is at the head of ocean navigation. It is accessible by vessels of over 2,000 tons burthen, and has

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three lines of direct steam communication with Europe. It is well lighted, and clean, and rapidly improving in size, beauty, and convenience. Population over 110,000

PLACES OF INTEREST.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Among the many substantial and elegant edifices in the city, of recent completion, may be mentioned:---

THE NEW COURT HOUSE, on Notre Dame street, and directly opposite to Nelson's Monument, is of elegant cut stone, in the Grecian Ionic style. The ground plan is 300 by 125 feet; height, 76 feet.

THE NEW POST-OFFICE, on Great St. James street, is a beautiful cut stone building.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE, situated on St. Sacrament street. Several Telegraph and Insurance offices are in this building, as also the Reading Room.

THE MECHANICS' INSTITUTE, a very fine building, situated on Great St. James street, of cut stone, three stories high, built in the Italian style. The Lecture Room is sixty by eighty feet, height eighteen feet, neatly and tastefully finished.

THE MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK, is a neat cut stone building in the Grecian Doric style.

THE BANQUE DU PEUPLE, is a fine cut stone building.

THE BANK OF MONTREAL, Place d'Armes,

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an elegant cut stone building of the Corinthian order.

THE CITY BANK, next to the above, in the Grecian style, of cut stone, and worthy of note.

THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, nex to the Post-office, is a handsome building of cut stone, and built in the composite style of architecture.

The Bonsecours Market, on St. Paul and Water streets, is a magnificent edifice, in the Grecian and Doric style; cost about \$300,000; has a front of three stories on Water street, and two stories on St. Paul. The upper part of the building is occupied by the various officers of the city. The City Council Room is fitted up in the most elegant style. In the east wing of the building is a large Hall or Concert Room, capable of seating 4,000 persons.

THE St. Ann's, St. Lawrence, St. Antoine, and Papineau Markets.

THE MCGILL COLLEGE.—This is an institution of very high repute. It was founded by the Hon. James McGill, who bequeathed a valuable estate and £10,000 for its endowment. The buildings for the faculty of arts are delightfully situated at the base of the mountain, and command an extensive view.

THE MUSEUM OF THE NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY OF MONTREAL, is situated on Little St. James street, and is free to strangers.

THE NEW CITY WATER WORKS.—These works tap the St. Lawrence at the Lachine Rapids. The two receiving reservoirs for supplying the

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works Rapids. ing the city are about 200 feet above the level of the river, and hold twenty millions of gallons.

THE JAIL.—This is a substantial stone building, surrounded by a high wall, and is worthy of a visit. It has recently been erected, at an expense of \$120,000.

THE GENERAL HOSPITAL, on Dorchester street, is a fine cut stone building, and is one of the

many prominent institutions of the city.

THE ST. PATRICK'S HOSPITAL, at the weste nd of the same street, is an elegant structure, and

occupies a commanding position.

THE PROTESTANT OLPHAN ASYLUM, situated in Catherine street, is a well conducted charity, sustained by the benevolence of private individuals.

THE LADIES' BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION, for the relief of widows and half orphans, is a large three story building in Berthelet street. It is managed

solely by a committee of ladies.

The Bonaventure Hall, is situated on the southeast side of Victoria Square, and being a peculiar combination of brick and cut stone, arrests the attention of persons, and commands the admiration of all connoisseurs of architectural beauty. It is surmounted by a handsome illuminated clock. Cost of building, about £50,000.

The Theatre Royal, Cote street, is a fine brick building, and capable of accommodating about 1500 persons. Under its present management it has become quite popular with the lovers of the drama.

Nelson's Monument, Jacques Cartier Square, Notre Dame Street, near the Donegana Hotel.

The Wharves of this city are unsurpassed by any on the American Continent. They are built of solid limestone, and meeting with the locks and cut stone wharves of the Lachine Canal, they present for several miles a display of continuous masonry which has few parallels. A broad terrace, faced with grey limestone, the parapets of which are surmounted with a strong iron railing, divides the city from the river throughout its whole extent.

The remaining public buildings worthy of notice are, the old Government House, Notre Dame street, now occupied as the Normal School; the Barracks, Water street; the Custom House, St. Paul street; the Odd Fellows' Hall, Great St. James street; the Bon Pasteur Nunnery, Sherbroke street.

Mount Royal Cemetery is situated on the east side of the mountain, about two miles from the city. Judgment and taste have been displayed in the selection and management of the grounds; it is much visited by strangers.

The Champ de Mars—This is a favourite promenade for citizens and strangers, being the general parade and review ground of the military, and is frequently enlivened during summer evenings by music from the fine bands of the regiments.

Place d'Armes is a handsome square, between Notre Dame and Great St. James streets, opposite the French Cathedral. It is surrounded by a neat iron railing, and tastefully laid out and planted with shade trees; in the centre of the square is a fountain.

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The Lachine Canal is among the public works particularly worthy of note, and of which the city may well feel proud. The head of water on this canal has been rendered available for the creation of water power, which has been applied most successfully to the movement of very extensive machinery over a large extent of ground. Among the works here, are foundries, engine and boiler works, a ship-yard and marine works, saw mills, sash, blind and door factories, stave and barrel works, a flour mill, an oatmeal and corn mill, cotton mills, an edged tool factory, India rubber factory, a factory of woollens, a large rope and cordage factory, with other smaller establish-These works, with those on the lower bisin, are using a power daily equal to that of 3500 horses. They furnish employment to more than 2000 men, affording subsistence to 10,000 persons.

As a place of beauty and pleasure, the ride from the city to Mount Royal will attract the traveller at all times. The distance around is nine miles, commanding one of the finest views of beautiful landscape to be found in North America; and in returning, entering the city, a view of the St. Lawrence and of Montreal, both comprehensive and extended, that well repays the time and expense.

Next to the drive around the Mountain is that on the Lachine road, leading to the village of that name, nine miles from the city. The road is directly along the banks of the river, presenting scenery of unsurpassed beauty and grandeur. It is a lovely drive. If the proper hour is selected,

a view may be had of the descent of the steamer over the rapids.

Another favorite drive in the immediate vicinity, is to Longue Point, being in an opposite direction from the last, and down along the banks of the river.

It would be useless to undertake an enumeration of all the places of interest in and about Montreal, for we believe that there are but few places on the American Continent where can be found so much of interest to the traveller, whether in pursuit of health or pleasure, as in this city.

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Canada £, \$4; Canada Shilling, 20 cents; Canada Sixpence, 10 cents, Seven pence Half-Penny, 12½ cents; One and Threepence, 25 cents; Two and Sixpence, 50 cents.

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TERRAPIN RESTAURANT,

Crystal Block, Notre Dame Street,

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This is the only Restaurant in Montreal that has apartments specially appropriated for Ladies.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Ordinary—daily from 12 to 3 o'clock, P.M. Meals served at all hours.

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LAKE CHAMPLAIN

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The Sceamers on the Lake leave Rouses Point on the attival of the Trains from Monreal, making close connections at Whitehall for Sacatoga, schenectedy, Troy, Albany, and New York; also at Ticonderoga for Lake George.

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Downward the Steamer "Queen Victoria" leaves Ottaw Ciry at 630 A.M., Passengers arriving at Montreal at 430 P.M., in time for the

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Dresses, Mantles, Shawls, and every des-" cription of Fancy & Staple Dry Goods and Gentlemen's & Youth's Clothing,

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Montreal, 15th May, 1864.

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Military Goods at Reduced Prices; and Silver

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N.B.—The attention of American Tourists is especially invited to the above Stock, as, from the low scale of duties, Messrs. S. & L. are enabled to sell at much Lower Prices than the same class of Goods can be purchased for in the States.

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The Proprietor of this well-known and popular House would beg to inform his friends and the public that he has recently enlarged, refurnished and improved his establishment, and he is now prepared to receive any increased number of guests, and would solicit the patronage of the travelling public.

From the situation of the Hotel, it being the centre of the Wholesale business part of the City, and its proximity to the various steamboats and Railroads, renders it particularly convenient for Country Merchants.

The table will be supplied with the best the Market afford. The Rooms are large and airy, easy of access, and well and comfortably furnished.

Omnibuses convey guests to and from the Cars and Steamboats.

Patronized by H. R. H. Prince of Wales & Prince Alfred.

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Ladies' & Gent's Furs of every Description.

Always on hand a large assortment of

INDIAN BARK WORK.

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CITY OF QUEBEC.

The city is very interesting to a stranger; it is the only walled city in Canada, and one feels on passing the gateways, and being shut in by the ponderous gates, as though he were entering some sort of prison. There are five of these gates.

Cape Diamond, upon which the citadel stands, is three hundred and forty-five feet in height, and derives its name from the quantity of crystals mixed with the granite below its surface. The fortress includes the whole space on the cape.

Seven miles below Quebec is the Fall of Montmorenci. The road is very pleasant, passing through the French village of Beauport. The stream descends, in silvery thread, over a precipice two hundred and forty feet in height, and in connection with the surrounding scenery is extremely picturesque and beautiful.

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June, 1864.

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BURMETT HOUSE,

(LATE IRONS')

ONTARIO STREET, KINGSTON, C.W.

D. C. BURNETT,

PROPRIETOR,

Formerly of American Hotel, Watertown, N.Y.

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This House, so long and favorably known, has been thoroughly renovated by its present Propietor, who has taken it this spring. The Rooms, single or in suits, are large, airy and agreeable, and Furnished in First Class style.

R. G. HERVEY, Proprietor.

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SEYMOUR HOUSE, OGDENSBURG, N. Y.

F. T. TALLMAN,

PROPRIETOR.

This is the largest Hotel in Northern New York.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

This is the largest First Class Hotel in Porland, and the Proprietor has spared no pains expense to place it in a condition to sustain its well earned reputation. Its admirable and central location, complete and comfortable appointments, makes it all that can be desired by the travelling public.

All the modern appliances, and a full and efficient corps of assistants and servants attached.

Carriages in attendance, and Boats, Tackle. Guides and Assistants for Pleasure, Fishing, Pic-Nic and Bathing Parties, at all times available.

SOLOMON MYRICK,

Proprietor.

N.Y.

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THE RUSSELL HOUSE,

OTTAWA, C.W

The Undersigned, Proprietor of the abovenamed Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public that he has repainted and newly furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which, by strict personal attention to his business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.

The House will be ready for the reception of

visitors on the 10th inst.

JAMES A. GOUIN,

Lately and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

Ottawa, June 3, 1864.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL,

CORNWALL, C. W.

P. REARDON,

PROPRIETOR.

OMNIBUSES MEET TRAINS AND BOATS.

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TABLES OF DISTANCES.

NIAGARA FALLS TO BOSTON.—[Via Quebec] by Lake Ontario and River St. Lawrence and G. T. R. R.

NIAGARA FALLS	Inter- me- diate	Возток то	Interduce me- diate.
Toronto	84	Portland	111
Kingston	160	Gorham. W. Mt	91
Brockville	48	Quebec	221
Prescott & Ogdenh	12	Richmond	96
Montreal	112	Montreal	72
Richmond		Prescott & Ogdenh	112
Quebec	96	Brockville	12
Gorham. W. Mt.	221	Kingston	48
Portland	91	Toronto	160
Boston	111	Niagara Falls	84
Total	1007	Total	1007

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NIAGARA FALLS 'TO MONTREAL & QUEBEC.— Via Lake Ontario and River St. Lawrence.

NIAGARA FALLS	Inter- me- diate.	QUEBEC.TO	Inter- me- diate.
Toronto	84	Montreal	180
Kingston	160	Prescott	140
Prescott	70	Kingston	70
Moutreal		Toronto	160
Quebec	180	Niagara Falls	
Total	634	Total	634

NIAGARA FALLS TO SARATOGA SPRINGS.—Via Lake Ontario and River St. Lawrence, Northern Rail-roads and Lake Champlain.

NIAGARA FALLS	Inter. me-y diate.	SARATOGA TO	Inter- me- diate.
Lewiston	6	Sandy Hill	10
Ogdensburgh	298	Whitehalt	15
Rouse's Point	118	Tinconderoga	
Plattsburgh	20	Burlington	40
Burlington	18	Plattsburgh	
Ticonderoga	40	Rouse's Point	20
Whitehall	23.	Ogdensburgh	118
Sandy Hill	15	Lewiston,	298
Saratoga Springs	10	Niagara Falls	6
Total	548	Total	548

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SPLENDID COMPANY,

AND

STARS.

