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Incorporated by Act of Parliament.	
Capital all paid up, \$12,000,000.00 Reserved Fund, - 6,000,000.00 Undivided Profits, - 815,152.10	P R L
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INCORPORATED 1855.

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Paid-up Capital,	-	-	-	-		\$2,000,000
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WM. H. BEAT	ΡY.	Eso		Vic	e-Pres	Ident.
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Capital Subscribed, 500.000
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	OF CANAI	DA.		
Capital Paid-		\$6,000,000 . 3,000,000		
Rest, Head Offic		Montreal.		
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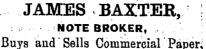
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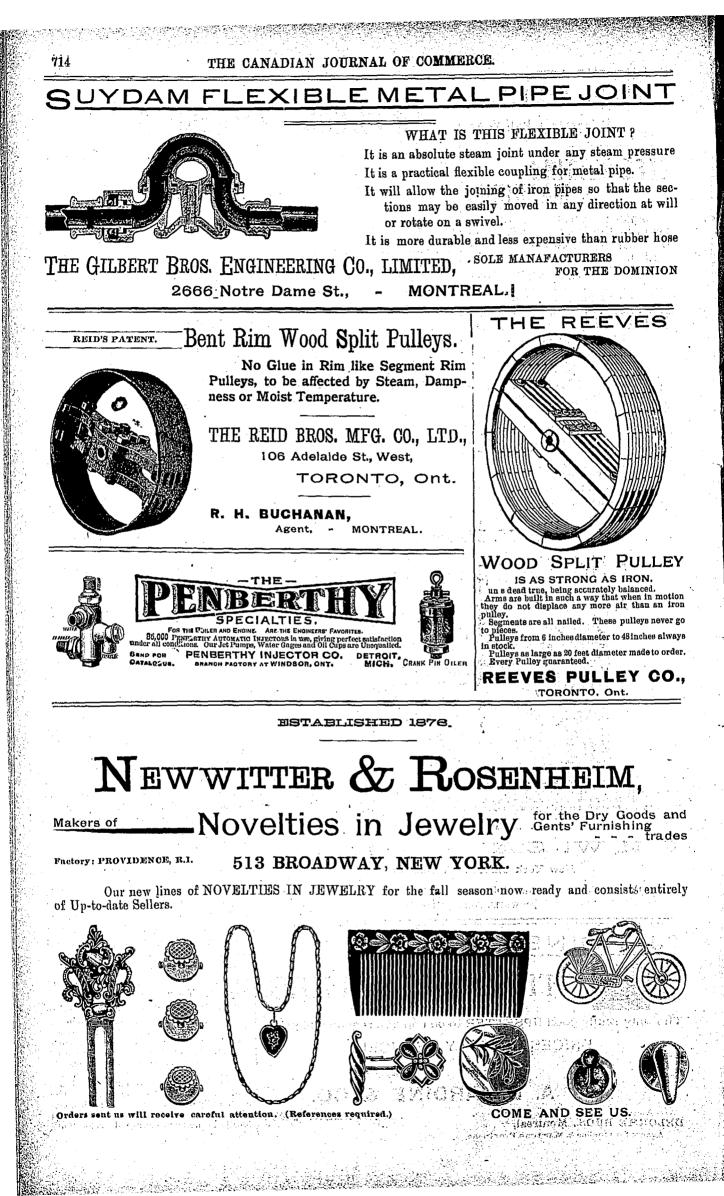
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-SUPPLEMENTARY letters patent have been issued to the Hamilton Bridge Works company authorizing an increase of the capital from \$100,000 to \$150,000, and to the North Pacific Lumber company, increasing capital from \$100,000 to \$500,000.

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-RELIABLE advices just received from Bergen, Norway, state: The total catch of mackerel up to date amounts to 5,148 bbls., brought ashore from 554 vessels, against 13,871 barrels from 703 vessels in 1804, and 16,664 barrels from 670 vessels in 1898.

---CALCULATIONS on the basis of the quarter just ended indicate that the revenue of Newfoundland for the fiscal year will fall 30 per cent. below the estimate, which will result in the colony being in financial difficulties again in December or in June next at the farthest.

-ECONOMY in manufacture and the saving of waste in the process—not the low rate of wages—are the causes assigned by a recent commission from England to Belgium and Germany for the low, prices of goods manufactured in these countries and for their consequent successful competition with unprotected British products.

--ISAAC B. GUEST and the four other policy-holders who began suit against the Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association to restrain it from collecting premiums, as per the re-apportionment of its rates made in August last, have discontinued their suit by permission of the Supreme Court on payment of the Association's costs as well as their own.

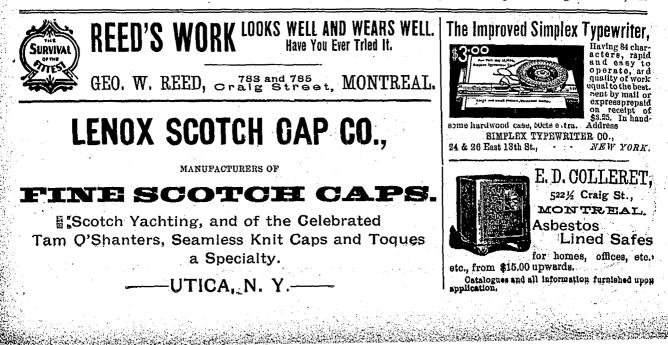
-A BRADFORD (Eng.) report says that manufacturers appear busier than ever, and the large contracts placed for the United States in worsted coatings are far from completed. Inquiries are being made which seem likely to lead to business in this class of fabric which will keep the looms going when the orders in hand are cleared. -The wool clip of the United States for 1895, as reported by the National Association of Wool Manufacturers, was 294,296,726 pounds in the grease, a decrease from last year of nearly 31,000,-000 pounds. The number of sheep has declined about 3,500,000. The decline has been attributed to the removal of the duties from wool.

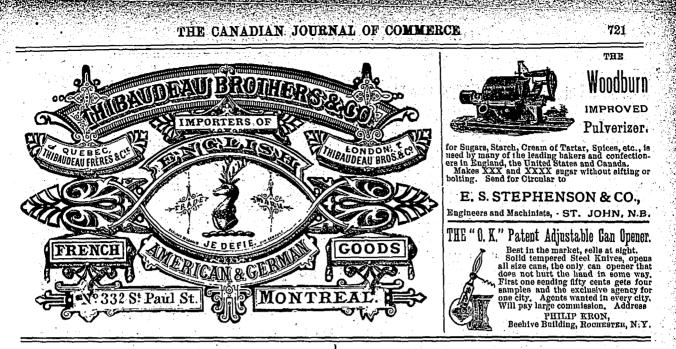
--COMMISSIONER MIALL, of the Dominion Inland Revenue Department, who has just returned to Ottawa from Winnipeg, speaks in high terms of the crop of the North-West. He considers that the estimate of twenty million bushels of the best wheat is well within the mark, and that there is about the same quantity of slightly damaged wheat.

-THE ledger-keeper of the Hamilton branch of the Bank of Commerce has been suspended as a result of the discovery of Palmer's defalcation. There is no suspension of connivance on his part, but the authorities consider that he was lax in not discovering or preventing the embezzlement of money by the teller. It is stated on the best authority that Palmer's defalcations will be less than \$15,000.

-THE wheat receipts at points along the Canadian Pacific for the month of September, show a great falling off as compared with the same month of 1894. The total receipts for last month are compiled at 1,095,500 bushels, as against 2,994,470 for September of last year, a falling off of nearly a million bushels. The delay in threshing and disposition of farmers to hold their wheat are given as the causes for light receipts.

-Some changes are announced among the managers of the branches of the Imperial Bank in the far west. Mr. A. Jukes, at present manager at Brandon, will go to British Columbia to take charge of a branch at Vancouver. Mr. Jukes will be succeeded by N. G. Leslie, the present manager at Portage la Prairie, and





the latter gentleman by Mr. Wilson Bell, accountant of the Brandon office.

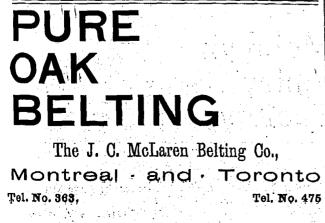
-C. P. R. OFFICIALS state that in the matter of farmers' deliveries at stations and elevators in the province and territories east of Moosejaw, last week, was the greatest in the C. P. R.'s history in this country, the receipts having been 1,004,000 bushels, as against 958,000 bushels for the week ending September 22, 1894, the heaviest week last season. This is stored at different points. The farmers are evidently holding for advanced prices.

-THE reports of the wine crop in France show that, although the yield is somewhat less than last year, it is fully up to the average in quantity. It will be more full-bodied wine than any in recent years, owing to the extremely hot weather down to the very days of gathering. The tests show a higher degree of saccharine quality than in any previous vintage, so that formentation will yield wine of about twelve or thirteen degrees alcohol-

-LETTERS patent of incorporation have been issued to the following companies: The Dominion Cold Storage company (limited), capital-\$300,000; the Imperial Brush Manufacturing company (limited), capital \$140,000; the Shearer and Brown company (limited), capital \$100,000; the Creecent Watch Case company (limited), capital \$25,000, and the Britannia Mining company (limited), capital \$150,000.

-The revenue returns for Great Britain show a net increase for the six months ending on the 30th September last of $\pounds4,063,$ 000, of which $\pounds3,639,000$ accrued within the last quarter. The bulk of the increase, $\pounds2,698,000$, arises from the sale of revenue stamps, chiefly arising from the extraordinary development of stock exchange business and the promotion of new companies. Every department of the revenue service shows an increase, proving the existence of a solid improvement in trade.

-THE Peruvian Government have announced that all foreign insurance companies doing business in Peru must register the proportion of their capital so employed, which must not be less than 100,000 soles (\$60,000). Thirty per cent, of this must be in vested in Peruvian real estate or Government bonds, and all policies must be written in Spanish and all disputes settled in Peruvian courts. These do not look like unfair conditions, provided the justice and securities are good, but some apprehension



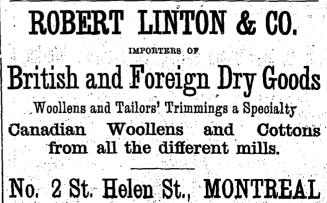
on either of these points may account for the concern of the insurance companies

-THE New England mill mutuals suffered two severe losses last week. By the fire in the River Spinning Co's works at Woonsocket they lost \$185,000, and by the destruction of the Warren, R.I., cotton mills they lose \$870,000. These mills were equipped with standpipes, hydrants and sprinklers supplied by a thousand gallon pump. The fire originated in the lagging around the engine cylinders, and when the steam was turned on to operate the fire pump, the steam pipe broke, so that it was impossible to get any pressure on the pump. The pressure of the town works was inadequate for any nse, and the fire rapidly consumed the whole plant.

-The recent advance in the price of lemons in this and the American market has driven up prices for the new crop in Italy, and growers who formerly sold their lemons to importers refuse to enter into negotiations this season, preferring to ship on their own account. For the present the shortage in lemons is over owing to the arrival at New York of the British steamer Sylvia, from Messina, and Palermo, with 86,900 boxes of lemons, and the Anchor Line steamer Victoria from Malaga with 22,000 boxes. Besides these the steamer Lady Palmer is due and her cargo consists of 15,700 boxes of Sicily lemons. The Portuguese Prince with 2,100 boxes, and the steamer Powhatan which left Palermo, Sicily, via Almeria, Spain, with 13,000 boxes, will soon arrive.

-THE town of Westmount (Cote St. Antoine) is applying for an Act amending its charter and for powers to supply gas, electric light or power to adjacent municipalities, to purchase or expropriate all pipes and plant of the Montreal Gas company in the town, to lease lands for parks and assess for the rentals thereof, to exempt parks from taxation, to alter the mode of assessment for paying for the improvements made on the continuation of Sherbreoke street, and providing amongst other things that sixty per cent. of the costs of the improvements be assessed on the fronting properties; that the cost of the sewer be assessed at the rate of \$1.75 per lineal foot, on all fronting properties, and that the costs of the improvements on Mt. Pleasant avenue \$2,595 be assessed on the fronting properties.

-The Turkish opium crop of the present year is said to be the largest ever known. Estimates place it at fully 10,000 cases.



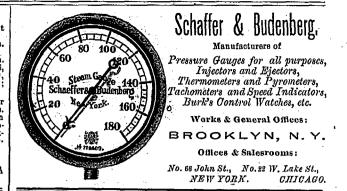


At the end of August receipts at Smyrna and Constantinople were more than twice as great as those in the corresponding portion of last season. In the face of this prospect of abundant supplies a speculative movement has recently been going on for which it is difficult to account, unless it be that the small stocks at present held of Turkish opium in England and in the United States are considered sufficient justification for a rise in prices. It may be, too, that the movement is founded partly on the current and apparently well-established belief that some speculative dealers had made contracts for future shipment to the United States before there were means of gauging the size of the crop and who, it is stated, have been obliged to pay higher prices' than they expected in order to fulfil the earlier maturing portion of their contracts.

-SHEEP raising is now rapidly becoming one of the leading industries in the North-West. Eight or ten years ago very few farmers in Manitoba kept sheep. Now quite a number of farmers are beginning to keep a few sheep. The difficulties in the way of keeping sheep have been the ravages of wolves, and the necessity for close fencing to keep them in. In the territories sheep are kept in large flocks, and where raised in this way men can be kept constantly with them, to guard and keep the flock. Last year the exportation of sheep began for the first time, and this summer again some thousands of head have been exported to Great Britain from the territories and Manitoba. The wool business has grown with the sheep interest, and this year it is estimated that not far from 800,000 pounds of wool were produced in Manitoba and the territories, and the great portion handled by Winnipeg dealers.

--True following list of United States Patents, granted to Cana. dian inventors, September 17th, 24th and Oct. 1, 1895, is reported for this paper : Benjamin C. Pettingell, assignor to J. Pettingell, Victoria, Canada, blasting-powder; James M. Smith, Galt, Canada, truss; Alexander A. Vernon, assignor to himself and A. Green, Owen Sound, Canada, napkin-holder; Elijah J. Fader, Calgary, Canada, dredging-budget ; William Nafe, Waterloo, Canada, flower-stand; Henry M. O'Reilly, Almonte, Canada, tieholder for collars; James P. Martin, and W. P. McFeat, Montreal, Canada, hand-device for aflixing postage-stamps; James D.





William A. Rosenbaum, ELECTRICAL EXPERT and PATENT SOLICITOR,

177 Times Building,

- NEW YORK CITY.

Lamb, and J. E. Chapman, assignors of one-twentieth to J. J. Durack, Montreal, Canada, street-car fendor; Thomas Mauley, Prince Albert, Canada, sawdust feeder for furnaces; Lemuel H. H. Morgan, assignor of one-half to M. C. Todd, Galt, Ontario Canada, fastening device; William J. Still, assignor to W. H. Close, Toronto, Canada, rectifier for electrical currents.

FROM the samples submitted to the Board of Standards it is evident that the quality of new crop Manitoba wheat is not up to expectations. A great deal of choice wheat was on view, but quite a prevalence of smut was noticed, also a considerable number of frosted samples, some only just touched, while others were so bad as to be unmerchantable except for feed. There is also a prevalence this year of green, shrunken berries amongst the wheat. This is a very serious defect and no wheat so affected can go into the high grades. These green berries cannot be removed by machinery and made a low grade of flour. The sound samples this year are unusually heavy and plump, the No. 1 hard samples showing surprising weight. But for the defects caused by frost, smut and uneven ripening, the crop would have been truly a magnificent one, the samples which are free from these defects, taken all around, being equal to anything ever shown in point of plumpness and weight,

-The fall pack of Columbia and outside river salmon is expected to fall considerably below that of last season owing to the high prices canners are compelled to pay for fish in consequence of the long-sustained strike of the fishermen for higher wages. Out of the six factories that were to run on the Columbia River, there are but four in operation. At the outside river canneries

We are taking orders "to arrive" for following Canned Goods:

Tomatoes, Corn, Peas, Wax Beans, Pork and Beans, Salmon, Mackerel, Lobsters, Pears, Strawberries, Raspberries, Peaches, Apples, etc.

All of Best Known Brands on Market. Our Prices are Exceptionally Low. Write for quotations before you buy elsewhere.

LAPORTE, MARTIN & CIE,

72, 74, 76 & 78 St. Peter St., · · · Wholesale Grocers, MONTREAL.



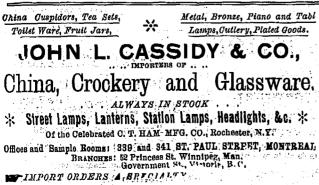


less lish is being packed than was expected; and in three factonics alone, there will be an aggregate shortage of 40,000 cases. The Washington Canning Company, who usually pack about 57,000 cases, will not put up anything at their Cosmopolis works, and other companies will also have to curtail their output. The season has not much longer to run, and even should the strike be satisfactorily adjusted it is not believed that the shortage in the total pack could be made up. In San Francisco prices on fall pack Columbia River salmon have advanced 5c since the opening figures.

--WM. J. JEFFREE, men's furnishings, Victoria, B.C., has assigned with liabilities of \$12,000. Investing too heavily in real estate is the cause of his trouble and pressure by an English house and forced him to the wall. He shows a nominal surplus of \$3,000-C. W. Laing & Co., general storekeepers of Bright, Ont., has assigned. They succeeded Wilson & Gatzka in January 1890, but strong competition and a lack of popularity, has caused the business to run behind-John Buckley, hotel-keeper, Sarnia, has effected a settlement at 50 cents in the dollar. Trade has been dull with him for some time back-M. Dwan & Co., coal and wood, Toronto, has assigned for the second time. He was in difficulties in June 1894, when he succeeded in settling at 20 cents in the dollar on liabilities of \$3,700. This does not seem to have eased him and he has now assigned again.

-THE consignment of Ontario fruits shipped to Liverpool by the steamship Mongolian have, owing, it is supposed, to defective cold storage arrangements on the steamer, turned out very badly as a whole. The consignment consisted of upwards of 300 packages of pears, plums, peaches, grapes, tomatoes and summer apples, grown in the Niagara district fruit belt. With the exception of the apples, which turned out well, the bulk of the fruit was rendered almost worthless. The failure of the shipment is a disappointment to all concerned. The fruits were, carefully selected and packed, and were undoubtedly of fine quality, and if they had been landed in sound condition would have done much to make known the horticultural capacities of Canada.

-THE prospects of a large dividend from the Dominion Blanket & Fibre Co., Limited, in liquidation are not bright. Mr. A. W. Stevenson, who has been appointed says that should the immoveables, consisting of main mill, machinery, plant, real estate, water-power and picker building—all estimated at about \$190, 000—not realize more than the mortgage held by trustees for



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bondholders, the return to ordinary creditors will be very small, with nothing available for the stockholders. The moveables (stock, supplies, patents, accounts, etc.) foot up \$22,500. The total liabilities, including capital stock of \$150,000, are about \$306,000, leaving a nominal deficiency of \$94,200. The ordinary liabilities foot up \$48,250, distributed among a large number of creditors, the largest being Mr. Robert Mackay \$10,200, A. H. Sims & Co. \$2,630, Robt. Mitchell & Co., \$1,883. Among outside creditors are : Leduc & Fortin, Beauharnois, \$768 ; J. Patterson & Co., Dundee, Scotland, \$555 ; Juo. Heathcote, Providence, R. I., \$460 ; Lamb, Finlay & Co., and the Oakes Mf'g. Co, about \$400 each, H. M. Karch, Hespeler, Ont. \$270, and M. T. Hope & Co., Detroit, Mich., \$267.

-THE introductory of the new economic monthly International Trade published in New York, says : " So great is the development of the manufacturing industries of the United States, that with the existing facilities, they are capable of producing in six months as much as the country can consume in a year. The capacity for steel rail production is six times as great as the consumption of steel rails. The fierce competition, between manufacturers results in a constant lowering of prices, élimination of profits, and reduction of wages. Combinations between manufacturers serve to check this tendency, but are only in part effective ; besides, they are formed at the cost of the independence of the firms entering into them ; and they provoke the emnity of the masses, who see in these efforts for self-preservation nothing but a striving toward monopoly and a grasping at unjust profits. Meanwhile the law of the survival of the fittest works surely and swiftly, and the strong eat up the weak, as they have always done." The new-comer admits that Americans are still vastly to the rear in the race with the great nations of the earth, her exports having yet attained scarcely 200 millions against Great Britain's 900 millions and Germany's 450 millions of dollars.

-IT is stated that a wholesale fur firm in this bity, which was originally a retail firm, has decided to return to the retail ranks, and for this purpose secured, a little over a month, ago, an extension of three and six months from its creditors. The firm entered the wholesale line in 1891, the incoming partner contributing a few thousand dollars to the general fund. They were reputed to be doing a good business; but nevertheless it was evident that, for some reason or another, they were not making any money, for last March it was necessary to admit a third partner who is said to have put in \$5,000. In spite of this aid





the firm were not able to meet their engagements, and at the close of August last they succeeded in obtaining an extension on the terms we have mentioned. Their reputed intention to return to the retail trade is thought well of by their creditors who hold they should never have left it. They could hardly expect to meet the competition of the Beiser incendiary syndicate which has so thoroughly demoralized the cheaper branches of the fur trade.

-THE fire loss of the United States and Canada for the month of September, shows a total of \$10,766,300. This is about the normal figure for September, as will be seen from the following comparative table which gives comparisons by months :

1893.	1894.	1895.
January \$17,958.	400 \$10,568,400	\$11,895,600
Februhry 9,919		
March 16,662	,350 8,148,100	14,230,800
April 15,609 May 10,428	100 10,777,800	
June 16,844	,950 8,282,300	
July 12,118		
August 13,222		
September 10,508	,700 10,149,900	10,766,800

Totals...... \$121,832,700 \$97,002,900 \$96,277,900

The year 1895 so far exhibits a slightly lower loss than the same period of 1894, and is a very marked improvement over the first nine months of 1893. The reduction is all the more gratifying when the increase in property value is considered.

-HECTOR LE BER, a grocery clerk, started for himself last spring with a limited capital. His expenses were more than his business could stand and he has already assigned; but not before he has accumulated liabilities of \$7,000-E. Ouellette, plumber of this city, succeeded his mother early this year. He has not had sufficient trade to pay expenses, and is now trying to compromise nt 25 cents in the dollar, cash, on liabilities of \$800-J. E. Boulais, general storekeeper of St. Angele, has effected a settlement at 40c in the dollar payable in three, six and nine months. Endorsing for others was the cause of his troubles-B. Loiselle, trader, of St. Angele, has settled at the same figure and for the same reason. His difficulties were due to endorsing for a Marieville trader-Miss A. Gordon bought the bankrupt stock of shoes of her brother at Beaverton in the fall of 1893, putting him in as manager in her name. The same reasons that caused his own failure have resulted in forcing her to assign-H. Mc-Rae & Co., cements, Ottawa, already noted, are now offering 25 cents on the dollar, cash-R. Davidson, an old-established tailor of Ridgetown, is offering 60 cents in the dollar payable in bimonthly payments spread over a year, on liabilities of \$8,000, last three payments secured. Dry rot appears to be the trouble-Wilfrid Laframboise, a manufacturer of biscuits on a small scale at Quebec, is trying to get a settlement at 15 cents on the dollar, secured .- A. Poitras, a manufacturer of prepared meats in Quebec, is also offering 15 cents on the dollar, cash-S. H. Webb, gunsmith of New Westminster, B. C., has assigned, somewhat to the surprise of his creditors who believed he had a fair surplus.





Losses through opening a branch at Nanaimo, B. C., are believed to be the cause of his difficulties.

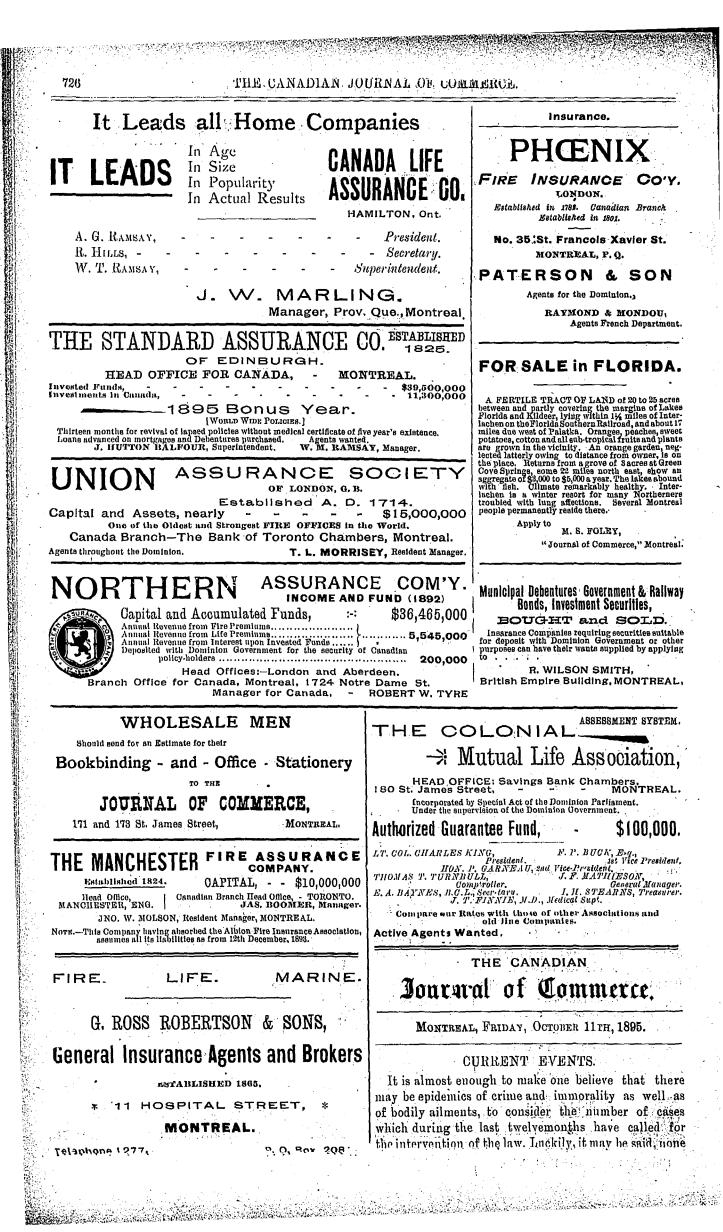
-F. W. BROOKS, tailor, Georgetown, Ont., has assigned. He has been in business here some 5 years, but had only very limited means to commence on, and has had hard work to get along-J. A. Torney, plumber, Ottawa, has assigned. He was formerly of Torney & Georgson, who got into difficulties last spring, when he effected a settlement at 30 cents on the dollar, and continued the business, but competition was too keen and profits too narrow for him to work through—A. Arter, painter, Ottawa, has assigned. In business a couple of years. He had but very light means, and though he did his best he could not make any progress-A. J. Dunlop, harness, Hamilton, has assigned. In business about 4 years, succeeding his father. Trade has always been a small one, and somehow or other has not been able to succeed. His own means were limited-E. A. McMann, grocer, Sarnia has assigned. He has only been in business since the beginning of the year. Trade is overdone in his line at that place-W.T. Ford & Co., builders, Sudbury, Ont., have assigned. Commenced. business in summer of 1890, but W. T. Ford failed and assigned in April 1891. Since then he has carried on business under above style, in wife's name. He has had uphill work ever since and has been finally obliged to assign-Hammond & Offord, bakers and confectioners, Toronto, have assigned. They commenced running two stores in 1893, and attempted too much for their capital. Competition was also keen, and at last they became embarrassed. Liabilities are about \$5,000-Loughman & Co., grocers of this city, have assigned. Liabilities \$1,400. They succeeded Loughman & O'Flaherty, who were also unsuccessful in the same line.

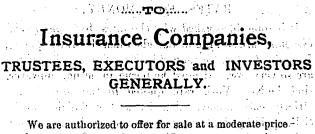
auctioneering business for the past few years but he has been unable to make it pay-Stevenson Bros., tailors, Toronto, have assigned. The present firm has been in existence since March, 1885; having succeeded Stevenson & Began. They did only a small business-F. X. Lapointe, dry goods, Bienville, Que., is offering 50 cents on the dollar, at 3, 6, 9 and 12 months--J. Dagenais & Co., grocers of this city, have compromised at 25 cents on the dollar cash-M. Havard, dry goods, Montreal, has assigned. He only started on 1st of April last. He had very little means ; too little to make a success in face of competition-H. Lefebvre, grocer of this city, already noted, is now offering 15 cents on the dollar-D. Meunier, hotel, this city, has assigned. Liabilities \$1,900. Formerly in livery business, and opened hotel last March. He had no previous experience in the line, the stand was not a good one, and the usual result followed-J. Lavallee, general storekeeper, St. Aime, Que., has assigned. Liabilities about \$2,500. He started business in 1891, but did only a small trade-L. B. Crowe, produce dealer, Truro, N. S., has assigned. Liabilities about \$5,000. He has been in business quite a number of years. At one time was of Crowe & Cock, but alone since 1882. In spring of 1894 he started a wholesale fruit business, under style of L. B. Crowe & Co. Apparently he attempted too much and has got beyond his depth.

GRA	ND TR	UNK	RAILWAY	сомра	NY.
Return of	traffic we	ek end	ling Oct. 5, 18	95 :	
Passeng Freight			дв	1895. 149,870 259,063	1894. 148,551 269,223
Total	do. Decreas	do. se 1895	. \$9.341.	\$408,438	\$417,774



-E. P. MARTIN, auctioneer, etc., Kingston, Ont., is offering 50 cents in the dollar on time. He has been carrying on a small





that inagnificent

St. James St. Property,

Known as the TEMPLE BUILDING.

The site is undoubtedly one of the very finest in the city, adjoining the new building of the Canada Life Assurance Company. At a small cost for interior improvements this can be made the best revenue producing property on the street.

We will be pleased to furnish full particulars and estimates.

av Sage street in

J. CRADOCK SIMPSON & CO.,

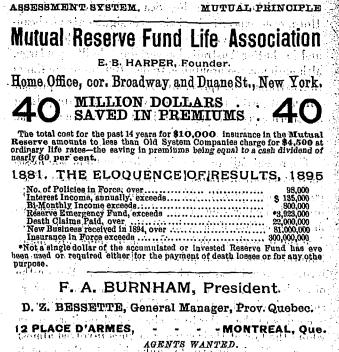
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181 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.

of the cases have evoked anything like the maudlinsympathy witnessed in connection with some transatlantic criminal trials of late years. The Shortis case, in which a jury was with difficulty found a few days ago, is one of the most unaccountable brought before the public for years. It seems impossible to arrive at any but the one conclusion respecting Shortis, yet there is warrant for believing that the plea of insanity will avail., The "independent" yeoman of the day has often insufficient cause to believe himself anything but the slave of his surroundings, and there is no one better acquainted with his economic sorrows than the man who caters to what he has come to consider as part of his daily needs. The boast of the great Irish Agitator, that he could "drive a coach and four through any Act of Parliament ever framed," may well be repeated by one or perhaps two of our own legal luminaries who seldom fail to pull a client through the most uppromising situations.

ter state have not been a set and and

The persistence with which revolutionary disturbances have continued throughout the greater part of the island of Cuba since the beginning of the year has had its share in depressing the condition of commerce. The imports and exports of that island are nearly 40 the imports and expires of that Island are hearly 40 per cent. less for the three quarters of the present year than in the corresponding, quarters of 1894, and when to this is added that the present cost of maintaining the Spanish army of represent cost of maintaining the Spanish army of represent is placed at \$1,500,000 per month, a portion of which must be borne by Cuban finances, the outlook for the near future can only be deemed gloomy, and it is little wonder that the exodus of the better class of merchants, in order to avoid the crushing weight of war taxes and contributions, should have reached sufficient proportions to alarm the authorities. The resulting falling off in trade occurs not only in manufactured goods and machinery, but even in food products which have heretofore been considered indispensable, thus showing that the closing of the sugar, tobacco and fruit industries in the districts occupied by the revolutionary forces has largely paralyzed the country demand. The laborers have been forced into the revolutionary ranks, their employers have fled o the coast towns or nave emigrated, the stores have



been logted and destroyed by both the government and rebel troops, and commerce and industry are barely existent. The cane fields are gradually returning to their wild state: for lack of labor to keep them free from weeds, and it is certain that next year's crop will be confined to those plantations which lie well within the Spanish zone. In the meantime the losses to merchants and planters are almost incalculable. Commerce has shrunk to half its usual volume, and only those who hold contracts for military supplies can be said to be doing any business at all. This is a matter of importance to Canadian, exporters, as in times of peace our trade with Cuba amounts to nearly a million and a half of dollars annually.

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All the second 🗖 la la caralana dala The result of the initial shipment of Australian cattle to Great Britain shows tolerably conclusively that there will have to be a remarkable change in marine traffic conditions before the cattle raisers of the Island-Continent can compete with our own in the British markets The cattle' themselves cost only \$20 per head on an average in Sydney ; but the freight, fodder, cost of insurance and attendance on the voyage came to \$70 per head for each of the cattle, and \$6:10 for each of the sheep. The shipment consisted of 550 bullocks and 488 sheep, but owing to the voyage taking over two months, and the rough weather experi-enced off Cape Horn, 52 of the cattle and 82 of the sheep died at sea. This added still further to the loss, and it is estimated that the Australian shippers will lose \$20,000 by their venture after the expenses of fitting up the ship, installing condensers, etc., have been taken into consideration. This should prove that it is impossible to ship cattle 13,000 miles at a cost sufficiently low, to compete with Canadian cattle. At the present prices ruling in England our own, cattle shippers, who have only 3,000 miles of valtemperate ocean to traverse, whose freight does not exceed from \$9.75 to \$11, as to port, and who can land their cattle in England in from 10 to 14 days, can barely come out even. How then can shippers whose freight rates come to \$70 per head, whose cattle must remain two and even three months on shipboard, and must either encounter

the torrid heat of the Red Sea or the storms of Cape Horn, ever expect to land their consignments as cheaply or in as good condition as our own? In dead meats and in butter Australia has certainly built up a large, although not too profitable, trade. But there are limits to Australian enterprise, and the result of the present shipment will probably convince our enterprising Southern cousins that these limits do not include the live stock trade with Britain.

The recent failures of private bankers and the losses thereby entailed, almost invariably upon a class of depositors but poorly able to afford them, has again brought the question of the advisability of a government inspection of these institutions prominently before the investing public. No doubt there are many honorable and solvent private bankers in Canada whose business would bear the closest inspection. But on the other hand we are confronted with instances where supposed solvent men have failed, and paid as little as five cents in the dollar to a class of depositors upon whom the loss of their slender savings involved almost penury. No doubt private banks benefit these small depositors by allowing them, as long as they are solvent, a larger rate of interest than the chartered banks could afford to do. But, on the other hand, a chartered bank, even when suspended, usually repays its depositors in full, while a private bank almost invariably does not. In fact the dividend in the latter case rarely exceeds fifty cents in the dollar and is often below ten cents. Under these circumstances it would be well if some method of official inspection of these banks could be instituted whereby depositors would receive some warning of the condition of bank in which they were depositing their funds. At present it is almost impossible for an intending depositor to find out anything about the actual position of a private bank. In the case of Andrew Somerville, money was deposited in absolute confidence in his stability until the very moment of the crash, although his business had been insolvent for years, and it has been the same in many other instances. It looks, then, as if it would be in the interest of the agricultural community and of the smaller towns and villages in which, these private banks are principally located, that a system of inspection should be inaugurated sufficiently thorough to give intending customers a reasonable knowledge of their position, without unduly hampering their interests or exposing their business methods.

Should Russia succeed in obtaining Fort Arthur as a railway terminus from the Chinese, and it seems quite probable, the successes of Japan in the recent war would be largely nullified.—'The Chinese as a people seem to have learnt nothing, and fully believe that their reverses were due to a great tidal wave which destroyed their cost defences.

-J. A. GUERTIN, shoes, St. Hyncinthe, has assigned. Liabilities \$5,800. He started early in 1898, with very little means of his own, and was assisted to start by his father. He has been recently sned by a couple of firms, and had to assign-Z. Gauthier, grocer, Three Rivers is offering 25 cents on the dollar. In business several years, and was supposed to be doing fairly. He however, invested too much in real estate, and this handleapped him-T. Duphily, general storekeeper, Vercheres, Que., has assigned. Liabilities \$1,800. Originally a peddler, but has been keeping store for the last 7 years. He was only in a limited way, and has had hard work to get on, his capital being very light.

RATES FOR MONEY.

It is sometimes asked why the rates for commercial discounts are so high in Canada when the rates quoted, from day to day, for money in New York and London are so very low. It must be borne in mind, however, that the New York rate quoted in the press is for strictly call money,-that is, money which can be either paid by the borrower or demanded by the lender, and received in an hour after the demand,-secured by first class stock collaterals with a large margin, and which are readily saleable in case of need on the Stock Exchange. In the same manner the London rate is for discount of prime three months' bills, -that is bills drawn by strong banks in some part of the British Empire or foreign countries upon first-class banks in London, accepted by them and endorsed by a responsible commercial firm-sometimes by two or three commercial firms. Vast amounts of these bills are constantly being discounted in London and, from the absolute certainty of their payment, are held by the banks as a large portion of their Cash Reserve. They know well that if fifty or a hundred thousand pounds sterling of these bills mature on any day they are as certain to be paid as anything in the financial world can be. But in neither London nor New York is the rate of discount to commercial borrowers anything like that quoted for the class of business which we have mentioned above.

In England it is unusual for a commercial borrower to obtain money in ordinary times under five per cent, besides a commission on his bank account which is never charged in this country. It is barely possible at the present moment, owing to the over abundance of money, that this rate might be somewhat shaded. The same statement holds good in New York. In ordinary times a commercial borrower cannot obtain money under six per cent. Gilt-edge paper is sometimes sold on the "street" at a lower rate, and the quotation varies with the very great abundance of money, but the ordinary borrower is on very much the same plane as his business equal in Canada.

In Canada from various causes the great amount of our commercial paper does not approach in quality the same class of paper in England,-that is, it is neither so certain to be promptly paid, nor are the makers as strong as in England. That being the case, as Bankers grade their rates by the risk they run, the rate of discounts in Canada is, and must always be somewhat higher. But that our commercial borrowers receive as good treatment as they could expect from our banks is borne out by the fact that when two years ago money for commercial purposes was obtained only with the very greatest difficulty in the United States-in fact could not be obtained at all-our own banks did not advance their rates to ordinary borrowers and supplied their needs readily.-Business men always appreciate such a state of affairs as this. It is a very desirable thing that they should be able to count upon a steady discount rate and a certainty of obtaining money for their legitimate requirements. That being the case they can always afford to pay a slightly higher rate for it for it.

In conversation with a London banker some years ago, in asking him how the banks were able to make money by discounting paper at such a low rate as then prevailed, he said : "That rate does not prevail with

our ordinary customers, who are always willing, in view of the certainty of obtaining money from us, to pay us remunerative rates."

The exceptionally low rates which prevail this year in the large monetary centres, such as London, Paris and Berlin, in Europe, and New York on this Continent—and which, to some extent, affect our Canadian business also—result from the stagnation which has existed in both speculative circles and legitimate business. It is needless for us to recount what has brought, this about, as it has been explained on many occasions before in our columns. But there is every indication that this superabundance of money is passing away as it must pass away after a time—and that before long the ordinary rates will again prevail.

LAST YEARS' TRADE FIGURES.

The report of the Department of Trade and Commerce for the fiscal year ended 30th June last shows a shrinkage of \$11,140,958 in the volume of Canadian trade during the year as compared with the figures of its predecessor. The decline was almost continuous throughout the year, the greatest period of depression being in the quarter ended on the 30th September, 1894, when the total of imports and exports fell \$7,-802,407 under those of the corresponding period of 1893. In the second quarter, ending on the 30th December,1894, an improvement was already noticeable, but there was still a deficit of \$3,524,518. This improvement continued, and with the close of the third quarter last March the volume of trade showed an increase of \$192,696 over the figures for the first three months of 1894. The improvement was not maintained, however, for the last quarter of the year showed again a deficit of \$6,729. The figures by months are given in the following table :--

	Imports &	Imports &
	Exports	Exports
Month	1893-4	1894-5
Month July	28,376,234	21,509,753
August	24,948,679	22,680,624
September	24,972,863	21,354,492
October	23,507,520	22,961,407
November	24,108,634	23,316,997
December	17,585,022	15,398,254
January	13,231,147	11,689,774
February	10,741,876	11,362,638
March	13,332,749	14,446,056
April	11,944,076	18,956,829
May	17,019,121	18,328,889
June	22,647,866	19,338,110

...... 227,414,787 216,273,829 Total No doubt much of this deficit is due to the lower prices ruling for commodities at the close of 1894. But that there was also a considerable falling off in the volume of trade is shown by the fact that the imports, in which the reduction in values was least marked, fell off no less than \$7,368,709; the dutiable goods declining \$4,216,800 and the free goods \$3,151,909. The exports also fell off \$6,208,909, so that the total falling off in actual trade amounted to \$13,577,618. There was, however, an increase of \$2,436,660 in the export of coin and bullion to the United States which brought'the net decrease down to the figures we have mentioned. But as this was purely an extraneous transaction, and had no effect in any way on general commerce, the real deficit amounted to thirteen and a half millions; and that this was caused by a lessened demand on the part of consumers, and a tendency to greater economy on the part of the public, is borne out

by the fact that there was a corresponding decline in the receipts of Inland Revenue from \$8,445,039 to \$7,-859,477 during the fiscal year.

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	1894.	1895.
Breadstuffs	1,401,827	1,895,492
Bicycles, etc	883,478	394,754
Cars, rail or tram	29,336	56,382
Coffee	565,005	573,172
Cotton manufactures	4,019,235	4,283,120
" raw	2,610,538	3,226,467
Gunpowder	120,559	182,895
Dyes and Chemicals	1,633,242	1,694,218
Jewellery	648,359	724,420
Hides	1,866,333	2,018,088
Leather	601,053	778,354
Boots and Shoes	247,596	308,212
Mineral Oil	486,429	505,608
Tea	2,868,939	3,018,152
Linseed Oil	250,284	309,352
Soap	155,910	201,550
Spices	150,229	162,728
Wool	1,085,234	1,142,267

The decreases were much larger and more important and cover most of our principal lines of imports. In detail they are as follows —

	1894.	1895.
Ale, beer, etc	163,864	128,910
Animals	166,615	132,640
Books and Pamphlets	1,055,712	782,266
Brassware	806,862	806,107
Bituminous Coal	3,391,563	8,336,042
Copper ware	161,971	86,339
Drugs	1,131,310	1,120,156
Earthenware and China	697,402	532,667
Fancy goods	1,834,416	1,641,889
Fish	461,125	394,707
Fruits and Nuts	2,066,014	1,938,482
Furs	714,619	569,817
Glassware	1,210,088	1,129,575
Hats and Caps	1,209,697	1,191,854
Iron and Steel	8,638,634	7,418,928
Lead	203,984	191,639
Marble and Stone	215,430	185,767
Metals	818,519	299,579
Musical Instruments	368,428	291,781
Paints and colours	549,648	451,459
Paper	1,008,294	940,488
Pickles	116,857	102,259
Meats	733,681	598,660
Butter and Cheese	155,741	66,913
Seeds	488,106	472,719
Silks	2,486,170	2,217,221
Spirits	983,832	817,433
Wines	456,187	414,462
Molasses	817,672	783,555
Tobacco and Cigars	284,564	258,120
Vegetables	223,440	208,600
Woods	912,478	567,261
Woollens	9,482,834	8,941,943
Anthracite Coal	6,354,040	5,333,333
Settlers Effects	3,332,499	2,394,217
Sugar	8,292,152	6,704,844
India Rubber	970,937	692,133
Tobacco leaf	1,759,992	1,609,478
[1] S. M. Sandar, M. S. M. Sandar, M. S. M. Sandar, and S. S. Sandar, and S. S. Sandar, and S. Sandar, A. S. Sandar, A. S. Sandar, and S Sandar, and Sandar, and Sanda Sandar, and Sandar, and and Sandar, and and Sandar, and and Sandar, and and S Sandar, and Sandar, and Sandar, and Sandar, and and Sandar, and and Sandar, and		and the second

In the exports, the produce of Canadian mines rose from \$6,109,723 to \$7,222,968; animals and their produce from \$33,068,149 to \$35,965,054, while our manufacturers exported \$8,737,284 against \$8,389,399 in the flscal year of 1894. But the shipments of agricultural produce fell off in value from \$26,729,960 to \$18,960,-447; fishery products from \$11,619,050 to \$10,963,119; and lumber exports from \$26,351,107 to \$24,201,285. These declines are doubtless due to the decline in valuation, as in most instances the quantities exported were fully equal in volume to those of the preceding year.

It is evident from these figures that the net decline in Canadian commerce during the past fiscal year was a fraction under six per cent. This is not a bad showing considering the trade conditions prevailing during the greater portion of the period to which the figures

refer. The country was only just commencing to emerge from the period of depression during the first half of the year, and from July, 1894, to February, 1895, the deficits were continuous. Then a series of gains took place until last June, when an unexpected deficit of \$3,300,000 was recorded. Thus the year did not close as favorably as the returns for the four previous months had justified us in anticipating. But there is reason for belief that the figures for the following months are more favorable. Prices in most lines have risen, and are still tending upwards; trade is improving although only slowly; and there is always a freer movement of goods on a rising than a falling market. No doubt merchants are still purchasing very cautiously, and hence no marked improvement in the returns can be looked for in the first quarter of 1895-96. But from this out the volume of trade should show improvement, and it is fair to predict that the returns of Canadian commerce during the fiscal year of 1895-96 will be considerably in excess of those of its predecessor.

MIXING WHEAT.

The action of the government in rescinding the order-in-council prohibiting the mixing of scoured smutty wheat with No. 1 or No. 2 hard Manitoba has naturally excited adverse comment both from millers and shippers of grain in the older provinces. They argue -and with considerable force-that smutted wheat, no matter how carefully brushed, scoured, or doctored in the grain hospital it may be, can never be considered as No.1 hard; that it retains its peculiar odor and flavor no matter how well it is cleaned; and further that it is unfair that a car going into one side of the elevator as smutted wheat should emerge at the other side with an inspector's certificate that it is No. 1 hard. They insist that the doctrine that if wheat is better than the standard it can be lowered by the addition of inferior and smutted grades until it will just get past the inspector, is one that it unfair to the purchaser; that it brings discredit upon Manitoba wheat in the markets of the world; and that it results in European purchasers preferring to buy Duluth wheat because the American inspectors state distinctly upon their certificates of what the consignment is actually composed, and hence they know exactly what they are buying, whereas in the case of Fort William inspection the lot they purchase as all No. 1 hard may contain a liberal percentage of lower grades and scoured smutty wheat as well.

So far they seem to have the best of the argument. But their opponents also put forward a strong appeal on behalf of the practice of mixing. They claim that under the new processes smutty wheat can be cleansed to grade as No. 2, if not as No. 1 hard ; that if mixing in the elevators were prohibited the millers would simply purchase the smutted grain at from 3 to 6 cents per bushel under the market price, clean it, and grind it with standard grain, thus securing an additional profit to themselves; and that under the present system they are enabled to pay a better price to the farmer for his smutted grain. As about 13 per cent. of the crop this year is touched with smut, and as the percentage bids fair to be still larger next year unless care be taken to use only seed taken from absolutely uncontaminated fields, this forms a strong argument with

the farmers, and is the one which seems to have carried most weight in influencing the government's action. The claim that eastern shippers have done more to injure the credit of Manitoba wheat by mixing soft Ontario grain with it than has ever been done by the admixture of scoured smutty Manitoba grades, may safely be dismissed as an exaggeration put forward for the purpose of strengthening the farmers case. Grain buyers in England would readily detect any such attempt at fraud, and the fact that no complaints of such a practice have been received from abroad are a tolererably conclusive proof that it has never existed.

The trouble is that the standards are not permanent. If they were, the government would be justified in interfering in the case of mixing or other encroachment on their standing. But they are not. They vary from year to year according to the character of the crop, and thus the standard for 1895 is not the same as that for 1894. This gives a certain basis for the claim that mixing is justifiable so long as the mixed parcel is still able to grade to the standard. As to the conserving of the interests of the farmer, whom the mixing of grain is supposed to benefit, there is probably much to be said on both sides. The maintaining of the price of smutted grain at a few cents over its true value, by permitting it to masquerade as clean pure wheat, may possibly afford him some temporary advantage. But it is doubtful if, in the long run, his interests would not be better served by placing the character of No. 1 hard Manitoba above all suspicion. Honesty is the best policy in the grain as in other trades, although expediency may prove most profitable for a while, and it is probable that if it once became known that each grade was free from admixture, and exactly what it purported to be, buyers would soon recognize the fact by being as willing to pay higher prices for our wheat as they are for our cheese.

THE COST OF THE HARVEST.

The fact that it will cost over two and a half millions of dollars to harvest the estimated crop of Manitoba, and that this enormous expenditure must be borne by a comparative handful of about 25,000 farmers, is one phase of the crop situation that often escapes atten-This estimate does not include rail-freight, insution. rance, bagging or warehousing charges. It is simply the cost that must be incurred before the grain can be loaded into the farmer's barn, and though it appears large, when the various items are scrutinized it will be seen that this estimate is rather under than over the mark. Take first the cost of threshing. Experts place the total crop at from 40,000,000 to 60,000,000 bushels. and the cost of threshing at from 2 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ cents per bushel, as to locality. If we take the crop at 50,000,000 bushels, and the average price of threshing at 3 cents, this gives us \$1,500,000. Then there comes the question of binder twine. With so heavy a crop as the present one, three pounds of twine to the acre is not an exaggerated estimate, and as there are 1,862,296 acres under crops requiring twine, this would give us 5,586,-888 pounds of twine. At an average cost of 8c per lb. to the farmer this item alone comes to \$446.951. Next comes the cost of labor. This is more difficult to arrive at accurately; but, from the returns of the railroads, it may fairly be said that 6,000 men were emand the subject of the providence of the subject of

ployed. Of course the rates of wages paid varied considerably, but probably about \$30 per head, including the cost of their keep, was about the monthly outlay for labor. This would mean \$180,000 per month, or \$360,000 for the two months, with a number of the men practically working three months.

The question of agricultural implements to handle so heavy a crop is another factor. No doubt many farmers made no outlay under this head, but there were others who did, and if we put the average expenditure for new implements, or repairs to old ones, at \$10 per head, it will be well within the mark. This means another \$250,000, and thus we have an expenditure on four items (without taking into consideration the cost of seed and tillage) of \$2,556,000 before the grain reaches the farmers barn. The importance, therefore, of the harvest to Manitoba can be well judged, since the initial expenditure upon it involves so large an outlay, and consequently the question of the price the farmer shall receive for his grain becomes of permanent interest. At present buyers are offering 46 cents at country points for No. 1 hard, but the farmers are not inclined to accept this and are marketing but little at present. The farmers' deliveries at the railway stations and elevators have been unusually heavy, but they are holding on to their wheat for higher prices, and it is to be hoped in the interest of the province that they will not be disappointed.

Of course these estimates are based upon the crop returns sent in from the North-West, and which may possibly present the yield in too roseate a light. In fact they have already been impugued in this city, as coming from interested sources. Dealers have not forgotten that the official returns of 26,000,000 bushels for last year's crop dwindled to 17,000,000 bushels when the crop was marketed, and they look for a similar shrinkage during the present year. The big mill ing companies are now paying 2c per bushel more than dealers, and it is urged that they would not do this if good wheat were as plentiful as the newspaper accounts make it. Still the reports of a large harvest have been derived from a number of reputedly disinterested sources, and it is hard to believe that the figures so confidently and so often quoted must be diminished by a third to approximate the truth.

PETTY SMUGGLING.

At this season of the year, when the summer flight of tourists to England is just beginning to send back its fore-runners, the complaint of our leading retailers at the loss they experience through the petty smuggling in which so many of our Canadian travellers indulge, deserves attention. Why it is that this form of infraction of the law, should be looked upon as venial by people, who, otherwise are most law-abiding, seems difficult to understand. Why a man, or woman, who would not dream of contravening the statutes on any other point, should rather consider it clever than otherwise to outwit a customs officer is one of those curious contradictions with which human nature is filled. Yet it is so. Hardly a man, and certainly very few women, comply completely with the Customs Act, when returning from England. Most of them consider it perfectly within their rights to bring out articles for their friends and land them free of duty, so long as they do not ab-

solutely smuggle them for sale. That, of course, they would never do; nor even dream of doing. But they will purchase articles that their friends want, and bring them in unblushingly past the officers regardless of the fact that those who sell those very articles in this country are compelled to pay duty upon them and hence are handicapped by their entrance duty free. The man who has his measure taken by an English traveller on the understanding that the completed suit will walk ashore on the back of some steward, or reach him through some other underground source, does that amount of damage to his local tailor. The city tradesman, compelled to pay duty on his cloth, and Canadian wages to his workmen, cannot compete with the foreign duty, free article. Yet the man who gets the suit considers it rather clever on his part, and is apt to brag about his achievement to his friends as if it were something to be proud of ; he never seems to think that it is a deliberate infraction of the very policy of protection to Canadian industry which he has probably gone to the polls to endorse.

It is this subtle distinction between the National Policy as a whole, and its application to our own immediate requirements as individuals, that is responsible for all this petty smuggling. With the ladies, of course, it will always exist to a greater or less extent. However ardent a protectionist a woman may be, it is impossible to persuade her that if she buys anything for herself or her friends for a dollar abroad it is her duty to pay twenty-five cents to the Canadian Government for permission to bring it across the border. She is perfectly prepared to uphold the policy of protection as applied to the country at large ; but not as applicable to her particular case. What, she argues, is one miserable quarter to this great Dominion of Canada? But it is precisely these uncounted quarters that mean profit or loss to our merchants and importers who are compelled to pay duty on every dollar's worth of goods they get, and who find their trade forestalled by these petty smugglers. The dress, the lace, the parasol, the hat, the bracelet, that are brought in free so unthinkingly, mean so much loss to the Canadian vendor of those articles who is called upon to pay duty, freight, rent and business tax out of his margin of profit, and then finds his trade falling off, he knows not why. This is where petty smuggling does its greatest injury. It is the merchant who purchases a line of goods, and pays the duty and freight on them, and who then finds himself confronted with an unexpected lack of demand owing to the quiet infiltration of duty and freight free goods, who suffers the most. He sees the stock which he purchased in anticipation of the usual enquiry lie unheeded on his shelves, and he puts down the slackness of trade to the dull times when his customers are really buying as much as ever. But they are buying it abroad, and although it may be no better, if as good, as what he has to offer, in his own store, it has the " cachet " of having been bought in Europe, of having been smuggled into the country, and hence it will always be regarded as a more desirable article.

-The assignment is just announced of John Stairs & Co., of Halifax, N. S., an old established hardware firm that was widely known and respected. The present partners are F.W. Bullock and John W. Stairs. The estate of the late John Stairs is; preferred for \$50,000, and there were some other privileged claims upon which interest had to be paid monthly. In the 'absence of particulars, it is believed that this 'constant' drain upon the new firm's resources for interest is the cause of their difficulties.

INCENDIARIES.

The toils are being gradually-slowly but surely-drawn about the gang of incendiaries, who it is now fairly believed are answerable to a greater or less extent for the heavy losses sustained by our fire insurance companies in Canada, and especially in our largest cities, during the last year or two. That there is warrant for ascribing a considerable number of the disastrous fires in the business sections of this city during the last two years to this cause is shown by the marked immunity from losses of the kind recently-or since the batch of accused fire-bugs was arrested some weeks since. It will doubtless go hard with all who have been concerned in the business, and it is to be hoped the punishment that may be meted out to them may have the effect of establishing a new condition of things in fire insurance books of accounts, and also among the economies of our business houses ; for-look at it from whatever side we may-losses from fire must eventually be met by the insuring public at large, just as tax evasions and exemptions must make the burden all the heavier upon those who consistently adhere to an honest policy and manfully shoulder their liabilities.

Naturally some curious episodes have transpired during the preliminary proceedings. We have already drawn attention to Loewenthal's stock of tweeds, part of which travelled from shop to shop, masquerading as damaged goods, until the patterns became familiar to the adjusters. Now, another of the accused, among the furriers, has furnished a surprise by the inauguration of a new method of securing forensic talent for his defence. Lacking evidently the wherewithal to pay in cash, he turned over the residue of his depleted stock, valued then at somewhat under \$1,000 to his legal advisor to meet the cost of the struggle to keep him out of the penitentiary and the goods are now being sold for that purpose. Probably some more revelations as to the peculiar husiness methods of others among the accused may reach us later on; but enough has already been elicited to show that " for ways that are dark and tricks that are vain " the Beiser syndicate could hold their own with even Bret Harte's Mongolian.

A BOOT AND SHOE FIRM IN DIFFICULTIES. It is announced that Seguin, Lalime & Co., boot and shoe manufacturers of St. Hyacinthe, are in financial difficulties and a meeting of creditors has been called at which a statemenf of the firms posirion will be presented and an effort to effect a settlement made. The firm is an old established one. It was first started fifteen years ago in St. John's, P. Q., and was noted for the excellence of its output. In fact, it was commonly said in the trade that country retailers waited for Seguin, Lalime & Co.'s travellers before buying. About two years ago, however, they lost their manager, Mr. Kirkland, and since then the character of their goods has not been up to the standard he established. Trade fell off in consequence, and last year they built a large new factory which drew \$59,000 out of their ready money. Then came the Moseley failure and the suspension of the Banque du Peuple to which institution they owed some \$68,000. This put them in difficulties at once. The liquidators visited them without being able to arrange any satisfactory settlement, and the result is the calling of the present meeting. The liabilities are : Beardmore & Co., \$11,000 ; E. F. Moseley & Co., \$13,000 ; Marlatt & Armstrong, \$9,000 ; Duclos & Payan, St. Hyacinthe, \$5,000; Tourigny, \$5,000; Dowker & McIntosh, \$3,300, King Bros., Whitby and Toronto, \$4,000 ; H. J. Fisk & Co., \$1,500 ; J. Robson & Son, Oshawa, \$2,500 ; Hector Lamontagne, \$4,000; Paul Galibert, \$800; G. Bisson, \$500, and the Banque du Peuple, \$70,000 direct. The assets are valued at \$170,000 composed of : Merchandise, \$75,000 ; building and property, \$70,000 ; machinery, \$25,000. There is, however, said to be a mortgage on the building of \$20,000, and those who know how boot and shoe machinery assets shrink in realization will realize that some settlement is necessary to enable the firm to continue.

THE RISE IN TEXTILES.

The week has been notable in dry goods circles for a series of advances in the prices of Canadian cottons and woollens, due to the running out of the old stocks of raw material and the consequent necessity of readjusting values on the basis of the new prices for wool and raw cotton. The advances have been heaviest in woollens, as Australian and Cape wools have advanced fully 15 to 20 per cent., and in the case of crossbreds 25 to 30 per cent., with every probability of going still higher. The London wool sales, of which particulars are given in our market review, displayed unwonted strength and confidence. Naturally the advance in the raw material thus established, must be reflected in the price of the finished article, and, as a consequence, tweeds have been advanced in this market $2\frac{1}{2}$ cents per yard, and Campbellford flannels $1\frac{1}{2}c$ per yard.

In cottons similar causes have brought about similar results. Last week we chronicled a rise of five per cent. in colored shirtings, denims, and some lines of tickings. Now we have to chronicle a second advance of five per cent. in these lines and a rise of five per cent. in flannelettes and cottonades. A similar advance has been made in cotton yarns and twines, and it looks as if other lines would share in the rise before long. These advances have been absolutely forced upon the manufacturers by the increased cost of their raw material. They have been delayed as long as possible, but the time has now come when the consumer must realize that the old prices are out of the question under the changed conditions of the primary staples.

AN IMPORTANT SALE.

On Tuesday next there will occur an unreserved auction sale of pure bred and imported Guernsey and Ayrshire cattle, Shropshire sheep and Yorkshire pigs, at Isaleigh Grange Stock Farm, Danville, P.Q., the property of Mr. J. N. Greenthields, the eminent Queen's Counsel of this city. The primary object is to establish an annual sale of pure bred stock in the Eastern Townships on lines similar to those followed in Great Britain where the annual sales of the larger farmers are events eagerly looked forward to in the agricultural world. Mr. Grvenshields has spared no expense in the equipment of his farm which has become celebrated as herdquarters for Guernsey and Ayrshire cattle, Shropshire sheep and Yorkshire and Berkshire pigs. Nearly every breeder and farmer in Canada and the United States knows that the best stock only is imported and bred. Isaleigh Grange contains nearly 900 acres of fertile well watered land, particu larly suitable for raising stock, within two miles of the thriving town of Danville, which is an important station on the Grand Trunk main line between Montreal and Quebec. All Grand Trunk trains stop at Danville, where there are good sidings and cattle-pens with all modern appliances for loading and unloading. The buildings on the Grange are commodious and well appointed for fitting up and taking care of stock. The stock is carefully handled, and purchasers can rely on the animals being in perfect condition when shipped. The barns and yards are open to visitors, and intending purchasers are invited to pay them a visit. The general office of the farm is connected by telephone with the town of Danville, and all correspondence and business is transacted promptly.

FIRE RECORD.

Winnipeg-Fire on Sunday destroyed the post-office at Namas, Sturgeon river, Alberta. The mail was saved. The origin of the fire is a mystery.

A separator belonging to McLeud Bros., together with three stacks of oats, were burned near Macdonald, N. W. T.

London, Ont.—Fire destroyed the brick veneer residence of Mr. Edward F. Johnston, Oak street, London West. A portion of he contents was also burned. The loss is covered by insurance.

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LA BANQUE DU PEUPLE.

An announcement appears in another column, by order of the President and Directors of La Banque du Peuple, requesting depositors who have not received copies of the Circular issued recently by the directorate and the advisory committee of shareholders and depositors, to communicate direct with the bank's officials (addressing "La Banque du Peuple, Montreal") for any explanations they may require. The contents of this circular were explained in our last issue. It is briefly to the effect that, in order to avoid the delay and loss inseparable from liquidation, tedious and expensive as this must be, the depositors should agree to receive negotiable deposit receipts bearing 4 per cent. interest, and payable in six, twelve, eighteen and twenty-four months, in lieu of immediate cash. The depositors would thus be called upon to wait only two years, at the most for their money, would suffer no diminution of security, and would receive a fair rate of interest for their funds. Under liquidation they might have to wait an indefinite number of years, receive no interest, and might witness a serious curtailment of the assets during a long and more or less expensive liquidation. Their interests would be distinctly served by the course recommended, and it is therefore to be hoped their response to the circular will be prompt and unanimous. Every person concerned should feel gratified under all the circumstances that there is such a possibility in view. It is clear that everything possible has been done by the two gentlemen in charge, Messra, Chipman and DeMartigny-in which they were actively assisted by the president-to conserve the interests of the depositors and shareholders. Such an event as the reopening of the bank-believed to be a total wreck-seems almost too good to be true. All concerned are really to be congratulated that matters are no worse.

The meeting held on Monday last re. estate of Donald Fraser, Kingston, was a lively one; creditors to the number of three or four hundred assembled in the City Hall. The statement submitted was as follows :--

ASSETS.	
Cash	S 166
Notes discounted	85.211
Bills receivable	978
Over-drawn accounts	724
Real estate less mortgages	22,500
Real estate less mortgages Insurance policies, cash value	2,500
Kingston Vehicle Works Stock	500
	\$112,574
LIABILITIES. Deposits, ordinary " special	
Deposits, ordinary	\$36,427
" special	11,349
DUE TO BANKS.	
Merchants Bank of Canada	\$51 506
Ontario Bank	8,795
National Park Bank	118
	\$108,190
Surplus	\$4,384
It is perfectly clear that the assets will not realize	
like the amount named by Mr. Fraser and on the other	
The the amount named by Mr. Traser and on the other	

liabilities are likely to be increased. Robert Crawford was continued as assignee, and three inspectors were appointed. Mr. Fraser suggested that the inspectors should be representative of three classes of creditors, 1. Ordinary deposits, 2. Special deposits, 3. Cheese factory accounts. The meeting however did not adhere to this classification, but appointed E. H. Smythe, Q.C., W. H. Godwin, insurance agent and M. Foley, farmer, as inspectors. The next meeting, at which the report of these inspectors will be given, will be looked forward to with interest.

LEGAL RECORD, &c.

Week ended Oct. 10, 1895.

The following is a record of transactions and cases in our Canadian courts of law, comprising Writs Issued and Judgments rendered for sums of \$250 and upwards, and chattel Mortgages and Bills of Sale for sums of \$500 and upwards: WRITS ISSUED, PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

October 1.

426 \$780. St. Felicien-

\$1,000. 1,000 St. Simon-L. J. Forget et al vs. D. Dieudonne...

October 2.

October 3.

132

483

\$540.

bault, \$1,250. October 4.

St. Marie B-Banque Nationale vs. J. de L. Tasche 540 October 7.

Vs. J. B. Rose, 5010. N. D. de Grace-Delle, R. Lortie vs. M. Prudhomme.... Quebec-G. Tremblay vs Quebec City..... 760 Quebec—G. Tremblay vs Quebec City..... Three Rivers—O. Gaudet vs. J. Ryan..... 807

WRITS ISSUED, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

October 1.

Brockville-Morrisburg Cheese Mfg. Co. vs. J. R. McNish, \$875. Canada—A

\$899.

October 2.

Vanzandt, \$654.

Seaforth-S. Brownell vs. M. A. Charlesworth et al 43	0
Seymour—J. Gamble vs. D. Johnston	n 11
Toronto-G. H. Stinson vs. M. A. Hughes, \$500; P. Clark vs. S	
C. Peuchen, \$2,741.	То
October 3,	n To
Brockville—N. Storms vs. H. Story et al	V IT-
Narinette-W. Wade vs. S. McCuaig	N
Seymour—Ida M. Byam et al vs. M. Connelly	
Toronto-Morning Journal Assn. vs. Georgian Bay Ship Canal	
Power Aqueduct Co, \$801. Whitchurch Tp -J. A. McGillivray vs. J. Brillinger 35	Du
Watford-J. A. & M. Cote vs. W. G. Collins 1,26	
October 4.	
Aldborough-D. Crawford vs. J. Frank	
Onderdonk, \$10,000.	Lu
Hope-W. H. Parsons vs. A. C. & Olivine Ellis 1,90) Tói
Millbrook—S. Hunter at al, exrs., vs. W. S. & Elzth. Pickul \$2,883.	3
Ottawa-I. W. Powell vs. A. Stewart 8,13	
Palgrave—J. W. Lang vs. M. Nagle	× n
Stoney Point-J. Quintal vs. N. D. St. Cye 1,14 Toronto-Ontario Coal Co. vs. A. M. Bowman, \$8,856; J. F. Elli	n To
Toronto-Ontario Coal Co. vs. A. M. Bowman, \$8,856; J. F. Elli vs. G. Gooderham, \$1,000; J. A. Donovan vs. P. Lawdes	в Yo
hayne, \$1,365; G. Rathbone vs. Manchee, Wilson & Adam	- 1
son, \$313; F. X. Cousineau vs. M. McConnell, \$757; W. T	Su
Spence vs. Norwich & London Accid. Assn. \$1,666; G. H Featherstone vs. II. Read, \$502; J. I. MacCracken vs. A	•
J. R. Snow et al, \$450.	Va
October 7. Darlington Tp-C. Spears vs. Mary E. Harnden 82	9
Gainsboro Tp-J. W. Pollard vs. J. Depottie (dmgs) 2,00	0
Grimsby-Amelia Pigott vs. Eleanor M. & A. B. Randall 1,65	
Guelph—J. N. Hancock vs. J. A. Nelles	0
Leamington-A. Stewart vs. C. Chamberlain (dmgs) 1.00	0
Lobo Tp-London Loan Co vs. E. R. Stonehouse	
Pricevilie-W. H. Brouse vs. J. Brander	1 Ca
Sarnia-G. W. Matheson vs. M. W. Fotherby	
Toronto-Corpn. York Co. vs. J. Duggan & C. Small, \$1,585; M	
W. Mills et al vs. Ira Marks et al, \$749. Fresco Co. Cal—W. J. Moffatt vs. M. Bassett	Po Po
Fresco Co. Cal- W. J. Brollan VS, M. Dassen,	
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October 2.	
Dunnville-C. Stevens agt. A. B. Ford	
Toronto-A. Hudson agt. M. & A. Hutchinson	
Subury-D. W. Thompson & Co. agt. Ford & Co 351 Foronto – G. R. Hogaboom agt. L. M. Livingston 6,105 Foronto June-Molsons Bank agt. G. W. Clendenan 252	
Foronto June-Molsons Bank agt. G. W. Clendenan 252	
Woodstock—Trusts Corpn. agt. T. Macqueen	
October 3.	
Brock Tp - Midland L. & S. Co. agt. R. Argue	
Lastleton-London & Canada L. & A. Co. agt. O. S. Moore 275	
Lincinnati O—H. S. Mára agt. L. C. Robinson	
Dundas—N. Jeffrey agt: D. A. Watson	
Coronto—B. Heyden et al agt. E. J. Gollop. \$778: J. Crowther	
agt. T. Pells, \$1,500. York Co-L. N. Mackechnie agt. JR. E. & C. G. Thorne 859	
October 4.	
uther E-Burk & Graham act. J. Duck	
oronto-Bank of Hamilton agt. D. A. Rose	
October 7.	
Alfred Tp—Christine Menard et al agt. Justinien Seguin 467 Eldon Tp—Margt: Crawford agt. A. Mitohell	
uelph—J. N. Hancock agt. J. A. Nelles	
Coronto W. Logan agt. S. G. T. Barton et al	
York Tp-2Dominion Bank agt. J. Chapman	
October 2.	
Surrey Centre-J. R. Boxall agt. Hugh Boxall	
October 7.	
Vancouver -G. Cassady & Co. agt. W.G. Fee \$ 525	
JUDGMENTS RENDERED, N. B.	
October 2.	
Hartland—W. E. Thistle, drugs	
JUDGMENTS RENDERED, MANITOBA. October 7.	
Birtle-Stobart Sons & Co. agt. H. A. Hanwaring \$3,540	
Jalgary-Bank of Montreal agt. King, Leakey & Co 5,652	
JUDGMENTS RENDERED, NOVA SCOTIA.	
October 7.	
Halifax—Halifax Illuminating & Motor Co	
River Philip-Frank Schurman, G. S. &	
CHATTEL MORTGAGES, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.	
October 1.	
Dundalk-W. J. Brinkman to S. Edgerton \$ 500	
Hamilton—Allen Bauslaugh et al to J. H. Farmer 1,600	
Lindsay—John Davey to E. D. Orde	
Owen Sound—Mrs. Martha McMillan to J. P. Raven. \$1.225 :	
Alma & W. Wilson to J. Hanson et al, \$800. Petrolia—P, Lennan to J. Kerr	
St. Marvs-W. R. Butcher to L. M. Scales. 1.000	
Toronto—E. J. Evans to R. Davids, \$4,900; R. Holman to Ellen Holman \$910. Mrs. Mary C. A. Jaccar to Mary A. Shib	
Toronto—E. J. Evans to R. Davids, \$4,900; R. Holman to Ellen Holman, \$910; Mrs. Mary C. A. Jagger to Mary A. Shib ley, \$700; John McHenery to Cosgrave Brewery Co.,	
55.000.	
Welland-C. F. Campbell to J. A. Lowell	
Durham-W. Beitz to Randall & Roos	
Goderich—D. McGillicuddy to Esther L. Allan	
Gravenhurst-O, Willison to P. Willison	
Muskoka Tn-R. O. Miller to Bank of Toronto 1.816	
St. Thomas—Thos. Donley to R. Kains	
Smith's Falls—H. F. Crate to M. Healy	
Tiny-H. & C. Bishopric to J. Bishopric	
to Ontario B. & M. Co., \$2,631; John O'Connor to D. Ken- nedy, \$2,238.	
Galt-G. Laird to J. D. Moore	•
Galt-G. Laird to J. D. Moore	
London Tp-Mrs. A. M. Garlick et al to E. Paterson 800 Toronto-G M. Petrie to R. M. Tuthill \$2,663. G. & Isabella	
Toronto-G. M. Petrie to R. M. Tuthill, \$2,663; G. & Isabella Summers to D. J. Kelly et al, \$700; C. E. Rapson to A. J. Wilson, \$630.	
Wilson, \$630. October 4.	
Ancaster-T. Didmon to A. Rohison 2010 1087	
Chatham-D. Jordan to D. Glass	
Chatham—D. Jordan to D. Glass	
McCarthy to G. J. Foy, \$800.	
reterooro-J. & Geo. Granam to C. McGill 2,819	
St. Catharines-Elzth. Mills to Canada Permanent 1,451 Toronto-W. A. Hunter to J. H., Fisher, \$518; G. F. Smedley to	
J. Lumbers, \$930; D. Stevenson to G. B. Stevenson, \$800,	
Waterford—J. W. Thompson to Bank of Hamilton 8.560	
Almonte-T. & H. Gray to S. Drummond	
Iroquois-B. F. Smith to D. Johnston.	

St. Catharines—A. Chatheid to J. Prior	October 3. Coronto—W. H. Brown to Gertrude Brown
Birtle-Birtle Dairying Co. to Hon. T. Greenway 500	BILLS OF SALE, MANITOBA.
Contributing information of the second secon	October 2. Mirami—T. D. & E. A. Graham to Meikle & Coppinger5,140 BILLS OF SALE, N.S. October 3. October 3. BILLS OF SALE, MANITOBA. St. Boniface—W. A. M. Ronald to Emma W. Ronald \$ 500 BILLS OF SALE, B. C. October 7. Vancouver—W. & C. Bailey to Bailey Bros. Co\$15,000

Nur inducements.

OUR CELEBRATED BRANDS

"Cable Extra,"

- "Mungo,"
- "El Padre," and
- "'Varsity."

Are as staple as flour, sell readily and always demand. Millions of each brand sold annually; sales constantly increasing.

S. DAVIS & SONS

The Largest Cigar Manufacturers in the Dominion.

+ 14.4

Financial.

Thursday Ev'g., Oct. 10th, 1895. Money is appreciating steadily in value in the United States, the shipments of currency to interior points for crop purposes having resulted in a decrease of a little more than \$8,000,000 in the average reserve held by the banks. Another noteworthy feature is a contraction of over \$1,000,000 in loans, which is an unusual occurrence at this season when money is in especial demand to move the harvest. The decrease in loans and cash is reflected in the deposits, which are \$9,000,000 less than in the previous week, and the net result is a decrease of \$4,825,000 in the surplus reserve bringing down the total to a little less than 161/2 millions which obviously foreshadows, higher, rates for money across the border. Call money in New York has risen to 2 to 3 p. c., Time money is quoted at 4 per cent. for three to six months on good mixed Stock Exchange. collateral. Commercial paper is quoted as follows : Prime endorsed bills receivable, 41/2 to 5 per cent., choice single-name paper. at 5 to 6 per cent., and good at 6 per cent. and upward. The market is very dull.

In London gold continues to pour in. The supply of unemployed capital is increasing, and rates for interest and discount are as low as ever and are likely to remain so for the remainder of the year. It is true that trade is improving; but the improvement is so slow that it is not likely to affect the money market for some time yet. In the meantime call money remains at $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent., and the rate of discount in the open market for three months bills is $\frac{1}{2}$ to 9-16 per cent. In this market call loans are unchanged at 4 to $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent., and mercantile paper discounts at $\frac{6}{4}$ to 7 per cent. as to quality.

The silver market is quiet but firm on the report that the Russian government are arranging with French bankers' to bring out the new Chinese Ioan in November. This is held to foreshadow large purchases of silver by either China or Japan, or possibly both. In the meantime silver has risen to 30.15-16d in London. In New York commercial bar silver sells at 67½c, and sales of silver bullion certificates for 20,000 ounces have been made at 67‰c. Fine government assay brings 68 to 69c. Fine gold bars are quoted at par to ¼ per cent. premium on Mint values.

There has been a further decline in the prices of sterling exchange, due to the liberal supply of bills, and a very moderate demand, and it is evident that the export of gold has ceased until the movement of the crops is over. In New York posted asking rates for sterling were \$4.87 to \$4.871/2 for long bills and \$4.88 to \$4.88½ for demand. Actual rates are ; Long bills, \$4.861/4 to 4.861/2; sight drafts, \$4.871/4 to \$4,871/2; and cable transfers; \$4,871/2 to \$4.8734. Francs are quoted at 5.1936 to 5.1834 for long and 5.181% to 5.171/2 for short ; reichsmarks, 95 to 95½ for long and 95½ to 95 9-16 for short; guilders, 40, 1-16, to 401% for long and 40 8-16 to 401/4 for short. In this market sterling is steady at last week's figures. Between banks rates = are 914 to 93% for sixtles, 97-16 to $\frac{1}{2}$ for demand; 9 9-16 for cables and $\frac{1}{2}$, to 1-10 discount for New York funds. Over the counter rates are $\frac{9}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ for sixtles, $\frac{9}{6}$ to 10 for demand, $\frac{10}{6}$ for cables, and par for New York funds. funds.

The stock market has had a dull and heavy tone during the whole week, and closes generally at the lowest prices touched. The speculative stocks, with the exception of Toronto Street, which reacted a point, closed at bottom figures ; but in spite of the persistent hammering of the bears but little stock could be shaken out, and sales are extremely narrow. Cable has now reached a point where it nets almost five per cent., and Royal Electric about 5½ per cent.; so that were any large blocks of stock offered they would be readily taken up. In the banks the speculation was in Banque du Peuple, which sold up as high as 24 on the strength of the circular. It soon reacted, however, and closed with sellers at 19 and buyers at 16. The industrials were neglected, the only sales being 75 shares Collored Cotton at 65. The following are the transactions of the week as per Chas. Meredith & Co., stock-brokers:-

BANKS,	Shares.	Highest	Lowest,	Last Year
Montreal	16	2231/2	223	2263%
Commerce	23	138	188	189 34
Hochelaga	15	126	126	$125\frac{1}{2}$
Jacq. Cartier	125	100	100	115
Merchants	29	168%	168	167 -
Molsons	38		175 -	
Peoples	307	24	16 -	126
Union	12	100	100	
MISCELLANEOUS.	÷	· • 2 ·	n in the Alternation	·•• •
Cable	1105	164	1601	
Can. Pacific	8 50	61 1/2	6034	661/8
Gas	1055	203	201	18431
Mont. Street Ry		208	205	158
New do	8221 ⁾	20734	204	1581
. Toronto Ry Bell Tel	3282	83	7934	
Bell Tel	- 4	158	158	1553
R. & O		941/2	94	881
Telegraph	86	1661/2	166	152
Duluth Com	200	657	61%	
Royal Electric.	8	138	138	129%
'Col'd Cotton	75	65	65	RC G (A -
Col'd Cot. Bd's\$	2100	99 <u>1/</u> 2	991/4	98%

MONTREAL CLEARING HOUSE.

Total for Week End-

ing Oct. 10, 1895.	Clearings. Balances. 11,923,006 \$2,029,492
Corresponding	
Week of 1894	11,958,157 1,554,008
" " 1893	11,222,982 1,590,587
" " 1892	12,392,428 1,817,247
ender in the set of the	الريد بيهيد أبرته برتي أنجل ال



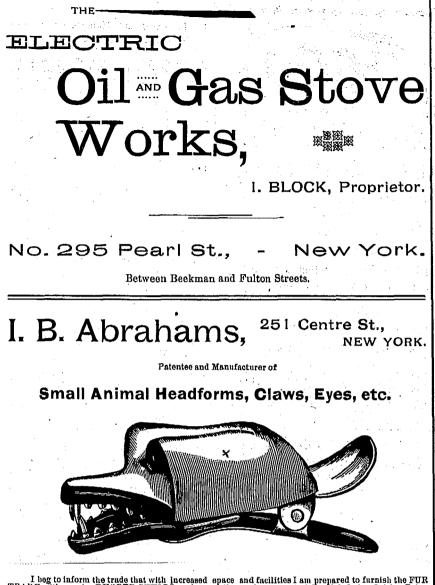
in every line of trade with the exception of leather and hides. In all other branches of commerce the tendency is upwards, and this week we have to record advances in

September cheese has risen to 81/4 cents and higher prices would be paid for strictly fancy late made goods. Creamery butter has also advanced to 191/c for Septem-

seems scarce in country sections. But

failures are few and unimportant, and the

market generally has a strong undertone.



I beg to inform the trade that with increased epace and facilities I am prepared to furnish the FUR TRADE with genuine RUBBER SKULLS as cheap as those of poor material and inferior finish. Being the patentee and first maker of Rubber Headforms, I can give the trade the benefit of my experience. Will cheerfully submit samples to convince you of these facts. Above is a cut, full size, of one of the designs I manufacture.

ASHES—Receipts of pots continue much larger than last year. Pearls are still somewhat in excess. The market for pots is quiet, but export demand has been sufficient to prevent an accumulation of stock. Pearls are excessively dull, in fact it is impossible to sell them for export, receipts having been about three times as great as last year and the consumption limited. We quote pots \$4.05 to \$4.10 for first sort and \$3.75 to \$3.85 for seconds. Pearls nominal at about \$4.75. Received since 1st January 140 bris. Pots, 364 bris. Pearls. Delivered since 1st January 1,410 bris. Pots, 293 bris. Pearls. In store 9th October, 6 p.m. 125 bris. Pots, 74 bris. Pearls.

BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS—The butter market has a firm undertone more especially for September creamery, the output of which is reported to be smaller than anticipated, and under a brisk demand finest fresh September has advanced to 19 to 19½c. Earlier makes run from 18 to 18½c. Townships dairy sells at 14c and Western dairy at 12 to 13. Low grades are entirely neglected and it is difficult to place them at any figure. In cheese the fact that the fall make is going to be light, and the quantity uncontracted for will be small, has strengthened the situation. It is also said that there is a short interest in September cheese which will require to be covered before long and this adds additional firmness. The weak spot is the heavy stock of early makes now held in cold storage all over the country which, must somer or later come on the market. In the meantime prices are as follows for September

cheese: Finest Ontario 81% to 81%, finest Townships 8 to 81%, Quebec makes 71% to 71% c. August makes 71% c. In the country holders ideas were very firm and 8 1-16 to 81% was readily paid, while offers of 8c were refused. Eggs are fairly active at the recent advance. We quote choice candled at 121% to 18c and ordinary at 11 to 111% per dozen. Hops are stagnant at 8 to 10c for new and 3 to 6c for old. The market for beans was quiet at \$1.10 to \$1.25 per bushel for choice hand-picked in car lots. There was no change in potatoes sales being made at 85c per bag in car lots.

CEMENT-The arrivals of the week were 2,150 barrels English coment. There was a fair jobbing demand, but no large sales and prices are unchanged. In small lots we quote: \$1.90 to \$2.05 for British cement and \$1.80 to \$1.90 for Belgian. Firebrick move out slowly at \$15 to \$21 per M as to brand.

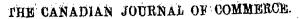
CHEMICALS—Locally business is quiet but there is expected to be a spurt before long as the trade must stock up before navigation closes. In the meantime prices are very firm and we mark up cream of tartar to 26 to 80c and oxalic acid to 10 to 12c. In London there is an improved demand for chemicals, for both early delivery and contract over next year. Prices of many articles are showing an upward tendency, and in very few is there any tendency to decline. The advance of 10s per ton in amponia soda checked business somewhat, but buyers have made up their

minds to the higher prices and are placing their contracts for next year, fearing still higher figures, as makers have apparently a strong position. Saltcake has secured a good advance and is very firm, but caustic soda is so far unchanged in value, although it is moving well, as is bleaching powder. Chiorate of potash is steady, and chiorate of soda is enquired for, makers of the latter being fully engaged for some weeks ahead. Naphtha is firmer, and buyers are coming foaward more readily to place their contracts. Benzoles also are botter, and higher prices are being asked. Carbolic acids are all steady; consumers of crude are not buying much, but makers are maintaining their figures. Creeosote is dull, and at present buyers are difficult to find. Sulphate of ammonia is depressed, and the outlook is not good, considering that present stocks are heavy and that the winter is approaching. Muriate of ammonia, however, is in strong demand, and has advanced in value. Acetates of lime are only moving slowly; but freights are now showing some signs of improvement. Acetate of soda have more enquiry just now, as also have foreign white and brown acetates of lead, and nitrate of lead and litharge. Carbonate and caustic potash have been selling freely for next year, and we are expecting to see an advance in values. Yellow prussiate of potash is improving. Green copperas is firm, but rather quiet on spot. Sulphate of copper appears to have rather an easing tendency. Borax has advanced 20s per ton. Nitrate of soda is dull, in sympathy with sulphate of ammonia.

DRIED FRUIT.—The Escalona has ar rived in port with 620 brls., 1275 half brls.' 3,690 cases and 3,830 half cases currants from Patras and 31,420 packages Valencia raisins and 20,000 crates Spanish onions. Most of those go West at once. Prices on raisins have run from 31/2 to 41/2 c on Valencias, and 31/2 to 4c in barrels and 4 to 43/4 c in cases for currants from first hands. The first receipts of new crop California raisins are now in the city and are jobbing out from second hands at 6c for three crown and 7 cents for four crown loose muscatels. Day Goobs.-The feature of the week has been the advance of five per cent in shirtings, cottonados, denims, flannelettes, tickings, cotton yarns and twines, and the rise of 1½c per yard in Campbellford flannels and of 2½c per yard in Canadian tweeds. Further advances all round are anticipated, if the cost of the raw material continues to increase as it has done. This has naturally strengthened the market; as retailers are anxious to get in goods before the price goes higher again. Travellers are sending in very fair orders, and, in the city, the cold weather has stimulated trade and the underclothing and jacket and mantle departments are doing a brisk business. Suburban traders also report an active week, and altogether the trade seem, well satisfied. Money, however, continues a subject of complaint. Remittances are poor, and collections difficult. But failures are few and unimportant, and there is a wholesome undertone of confidence throughout the entire market.

FISH AND OYSTERS—There is considerably more enquiry for green cod and salt herrings. We quote: No. 1, \$4.25 to \$4.50, large \$5 to \$5.25, draft \$5.50 to \$6 and No. 2 \$2.75 to \$8. Labrador herring sell at \$4.25 and Cape Breton at \$5 to \$5.25. There is also a run on salt salmon at \$12.50 to \$18 for No. 1 Labrador and \$10 to \$11 for British Columbia in barrels. Smoked fish are active under a strong demand. We quote: Finnan haddies at 7 to 7%c; bloaters at \$1 per box, and smoked herrings at 10c. Oysters are plentiful. In small lots we quote \$3 for ordinary Malpeques and \$4.50 for handpicked.

FRUIT—The fruit market is quiet owing to the cold weather. Lemons are cheaper,





for the benefit of your feet as a reminder "What I am going to try the next time I buy any, are



and we quote Naples \$10 for boxes and \$11 for cases and Malagas \$7 for boxes \$11 for cases and Malagas \$7 for boxes and \$9 for cases. Oranges \$7 per barrel for Jamaicans. Snow apples \$2 to \$2.50 per barrel. Fancies 25c extra. Cranberries \$8 to \$9 per barrel for Cape Cod. Sweet potatoes \$3.25 per barrel. Bananas 75c to \$1 per bunch. Grapes sell at 4c per lb. for blues and Nigaras. California Tokayos \$2 per crate. Spanish onions 75 to 80c per crate. Native onions \$1.75 per barrel. Pears 60 to 75c per barrel, plums \$1.50 per box. box.

FLOUR & GRAIN .- The market for flour is firm and unchanged. There is an active demand for Manitoba grades on local and country account. We quote winter wheat patents \$4 to \$4.25, spring wheats \$4.15, patents \$4 to \$4.25, spring wheats \$4.15, Straight roller \$3.50 to \$3.75, and Mani-toba strong bakers \$3.90 to \$4. There is no change in oatmeal. Standard sells at \$3.60 to \$3.70. Feed moves out freely and there is a brisk demand at last week's rates. We quote bran \$14.50 to \$15, shorts \$16.50 to \$17 and mouillie \$20.50 to \$21.50. The local grain market is quiet and steady. Peas are now in fair demand at 65 to 66c, afoat, while new No. 2 oats have drooped Peas are now in fair demand at 65 to 66c, afjoat, while new No. 2 oats have dropped to 29½ to 30 cents. Malting barley is in more demand and sales have been made at 50 to 51 cents for No. 1. Cable advices to the Board of Trade are as follows: Cargoes off coast, wheat, firmer; maize, quiet; Cargoes on passage and for ship-ment, wheat rather firmer; maize do. Cargoes Walla Walla wheat, 24s 5d. Eng-lish country markets, wheat steady. Liver-pool spot wheat and maize, quiet. Futures —Wheat, easy; 5s 1½d October, 5s 2¾d December, 5s 3¾d February; maize, dull; 3s 4¼d October, November and December. Minneapolis first bakers' flour, 17s 9d. Paris, 19.00 October; 19.25 November, Fronch country markets, firm.

GROCERIES-There is a fair movement in groceries and the situation in teas and sugars is a strong one. Cables received yesterday from Yokohama say :-- "Settlements of low grade Japans to date are 15, 000 peculs below last years figures. Prices are advancing while quality is deteriorat-ing." This has made the market here very firm on low grades and anything be-low 18c is readily picked up. China teas are also firmer. Cables from Shanghai say that there has been rather more en-quiry during the past three weeks; prices for teas with any quality have held firm, but common grades have been bought on much more reasonable terms. The second packs of the crack chops of Moyune and Teenkai are now arriving, but the quality of the former is disappointing. Recent ar-rivals of both Fychows and local packed teas are poor and prices of these must go lower. The market for Pingsueys during the first half of the interval was weak, with only small daily transactions; but re-cent large purchases have helped to re-duce stock and teamen are now much firmer. Sugars are steadily hardening in tone and we advance prices in all lines. Granulated is now held here at 44c and 3½ to 3½ is the lowest for branded yel-lows. This is still below New York values where granulated is 4 9-16 to 4%. The poor prospects for the Cuban crop have been followed by estimates from sources accepted as authoritative of re-duction in European yield of 1,200,000 tons, and the announcement that French and German speculative and trade syndicates have taken care of the 700,000 tons surplus from old crop, believing every pound of it ments of low grade Japans to date are 15,. 000 peculs below last years figures. Prices have taken care of the 700,000 tons surplus have taken care of the 700,000 tons surplus "from old crop, belleving every pound of it will be wanted at a good figure later on. The market in Greenock has advanced is 6d on the week and the impression is gen-eral that sugar must go higher. The ar-rival of the SS. "Escalona" from the Mediterranean with 81,000 boxes of Denia raisins and a quantity of cuirants has-stimulated the dried fruit market, but grocers are cautious buyers in view of the arrival of California fruit later on.



& Co. 113 St. Peter Street,

Valencias are quoted from 31/c for low grades up to 51/2 for layers. Currants are cabled 1s higher in Greece and are offering here at 84 , to 61/cents as to quality in general, trade in California dried fruits has shown improvement, but as buyers in many cases decline to place orders in ad-vance of the arrival of the stock the trade is compelled to await the receipt of goods now on the way. The bad weather on the Coast has delayed drying, particularly of raising, and of the latter there has been little received. Quotations are still 22/c to 32/c for two and three crown f. o. b. coast.

HIDES AND TAILOW Hides, are weaker and although dealers are still paying 8%.

advance prices and the only change made by the wire manufacturers was the re. duction of the trade discount on wire from 22½ to 20 per cent. The long expected advance in black, sheets and tin and terne plates has materialized at lat. All gauges of sheet iron have been advanced 5 cents and tin and terne plates are 25c higher than last week. Russia sheet iron is now 9½ to 10c. The rest of the list is un-changed. Glass has been put up to \$1.20 for first break. Trade generally is fairly active, although not of large volume, and customers, are evidently, becoming, re-conciled to the higher prices demanded. conciled to the higher prices demanded. In the United States the market is still quiet with comparatively little doing



ROCHESTER, N.Y. Otroulars "How to cat! Timber for Stave and Heading Bolts," furnished on application,



The Model No. 2 Improved American Typewriter, \$8, IS NOW READY. The latest model of the first success-low-priced typewriter. Improved construction and better finish. Sold by the makers at prices lightly above the manufacturing cost. Send for catalogue and letter written with it. Agents wanted everywhere.

American Typewriter Co., Broadway & Chambers St., New York City.

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For Durability, Simplicity and perfection, this BraceBuckle stands supreme. It's without teeth and cannot sl the harder the pull the tighter it gets. No need to take off the ends to adjust it up or down. A favorite with everyone who wears it, a d a seller every time.

DOMINION SUSPENDER (OMPANY, United States. NIAGARA FALLS, Canada Makers of the best value Continent SAMPLES on a in \$200\$400 application)(ar es on)(arriage paid

for

made a large sale in Boston on a basis of 80c. for seconds, or 2c below the price quoted by the independent tanners. As a



SURETYSHIP.	STOCKS AND BONDS.								
The only Company in Canada confining itself to this business.	NAME.	Par Val'e.	Capital Sub- scribed.	Capital paid-up,	Rest.	Div. last 6 Ms	Dates of	Per Cent Price Oct. 10.	(valu
The GUARANTEE Co.	British North Am Can. Bank of Commerce Commercial, Windsor	243 <i>1</i> / 50 40	4,866,668 6,000,000 500,000	6,000,000 288,640	1,838,883 1,200,000 95,000	\$14	Apl. Oct. June Dec.	240 188 105	584 69
Dapital Authorized, \$1,000,000	Dominion Du Peuple	50 50	1,500,000 1,200,000	[1.500.000]	1,500,000 600,000	5 & 1	May Nov Mch Sep	262	131
Paid up in Cash (no notes) 304,600 Resources, 1,225,572	Eastern Townships Hamilton	50 100	1.500.000	1,499,905	720,000	8% 4	Jan July June Dec	135 157	67 157
*Deposit with Dom. Gov't, 57,000	Hochelaga Imperial	100 100	800,000	800,000 1,962,310	820,000 1.156,175	4	June Dec June Dec	187	126 187
THE BONUS SYSTEM	Jacques Cartier	25 100	6,000,000	500,000	285,000	31/2	June Dec June Dec		25 168
of this Company renders the Premiums in certain cases annually reducible until the rate of	Merchants' Halifax	100	1,100,000	1,100,000	680,000	31/4 4 & 1	Aug Feb April Oct	1.159	159
One-half per cent. per annum is reached.	Montreal.	200 30	12,000,000	12,000,000 1,200,000	80,000		June Dec	76%	446
This Company is under the same experienced management which introduced the system to this continent over thirty years ago, and has since ac-	New Brunswick	100	500,000				Jan July June Dec		249 87
tively and successfully conducted the business to the satisfaction of its clients.	Ottawa People's of N. B	100	1,500,000	1,500,000	115,000	4	June Dec Jan July		168
Over \$1,140,000 have been paid in	Quebec St. Stephen's	100 100	2,500,000) 200,000	500,000 45,000	8	June Dec April Oct		118
Claims to Employers.	Toronto	100	1,000.000		1.800.000	4	Jûne Dec June Dec		8. 249
President and Managing Director: EDWARD RAWLINGS.	Traders Union (Halifax) Union of Can	100 50	608,400) 500,000	85,000	3		98 123	9
Vice-President	VШе Marie	1:100	1,200,000) 479,62	10,000	8	Jan July June Dec	78	10
SELKIRK CROSS, Q.C., Counsel. RIDDELL & COMMON, Auditors.	Agri. Sav. and Loan Co Bell Telephone Co Brit. Can. Loan & Inv. Co	50 100	630,000 3,168,000	3,168,000	800,000	49/	Jan July Quarterly	156	15
UKAD OFFICE: Dominion Square, MONTODAL	Brit. Can. Loan & Inv. Co Brit. Mortg. Loan Co	100 100	1,620,000] 917/916	112,000	81/2 81/2	Jan Jaly Jaly		
Corner Metcalfe St., MONTREAL	Brit. Mortg. Loan Co Building and Loan Assoc Can. Colored Cot. Mille Co		750,000 2,700,000	2,700,000			Jan July Oct	621/2	8
* N.B.—This Company's Deposit is the largest made for Guarantee business by any Company, and	Can. Landed & Nat'l Inv't Co Can. Perm. Loan and Sav Can. Sav. and Loan Co	50	2,008,000	0 2,600,000	1.450.000)) 5	Jan July Jan July June Dec	156	11
is not liable for the responsibilities of any other risks.	Central Can. Loan & Sav. Co Dominion Sav. and Iny, Co.	100 50	750,000	1,200,000	324,007	1.8	Jan July July De	122	12
	Dominion Telegraph Co Dominion Cotton Mills Co	50 100	1.000,000	1,000,000)	11%	Jan-Qtly Mar-Qtly	12014	6
ESTABLISHED 1883.	Freehold Loan and Say, Co.	100	3,000,000 1,057,250 3,223,500	611,430	146 19	34	May Nov Juze De	88 106 184	8 5 13
THE CANADA JUTE CO.	Hamilton Prov. and Loan Home Sav. and Loan Co	100	1,500,00	0 1,100,000 200.000	830,02	7) 31/2		1281/2	12
MANUFACTURERS OF BAGS.	Huron & Erie Loan & Sav. Co Imperial Loan and Inv. Co.	100	3,000,00	0 1,887,000 0 703,558	670,00	3 414	Jan Jul	166	8
Importers of Twines, Hessians, Pad~	Landed Banking and Loan Lond. & Can. Loan and Ag	100	5,000,00	0 674,381	145'00	8	Jan Jul Mch Se	115	11
dings, Buckrams, etc.	London Loan Co, Lond. and Ont. Inv. Co	50 100	679,70 2,750,00	0 859,050 0 559,000	74,00	8 0	Jan. ~ Jul Jan Jul	104	5
17, 19 and 21 St. Martin Street,	Lond. and Ont. Inv. Co Manitoba & North-W , Ln Co Montreal Telegraph Co	100	1,500,00	0 2,000,00	111,00	0 8	Jan Jul Jan-Qtly	95 16554	9
MONTREAL.	Montreal Gas Co Montreal Street Ry. Co		2,500,00			. 6	April Oc May No	1 010 205	3 10
	Montreal Cotton Co	100	1,400.00	0 1,400,00	600.00		March-Qtly	128	12
→BOOKBINDING⊭	Merchants M'f'g Co Montreal Loan and Mortg	100	600,00 500,00	ŏ 500,00	300,00			p 134	11
. AND	Ont. Indus. Loan and Inv Ont. Loan and Deb. Co People's Loan and Dep. Co.	. 1 50	466,80	0 1,200,00	450,00	0 3%	Jan Jul Jan Jul	Y 1281/2	6
JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS	Real Est. Loan Co Richelleu and Ont. Nav. Co.	40	551,00 1,850,00	õ <u>321,88</u>	0 500	0 2	Jan Jul Jan Jul	y 70	29
DONE AT THE	Toronto Electric Light Co. Toronto Street Reilway	1 100	500,00		20,00	0 2	Quarterly	160	116
JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.	Union Loan and Say, Co, Western Can, Loan and Say	. 1 50	6,000 1,000,00 3,000,00	0 679,64			Jan Jul	80% y 114 y 150	25
<u>a na sana ang kana ang kana ang kana a</u>	Western Loan & Trust Co	50	1,000,00	0 275,00	0 18,00	ŏ] Š¥			14

W. H. HUTCHINSON.

25 STYLES. ALL SIZE:

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Bicycle Manufacturers and Dealers should not fail to get our 96 SAMPLES,

25 COLORS. ALL QUALITIES.

IME

MAGY

ond break, and \$2.80 to \$2.90 for third break. Cables on narrow plate advise an advance of 15 per cent.

RUBBER-The market is quiet owing to heavy receipts at Para and the consequent expectation of lower prices. Latest Para cables quote island fine at 5,650 reis and cables quote island fine at 5,650 reis and coarse at 3,150 reis with exchange at 10.9-16d per milrei. The English market is quoted at 39 to 39 %d. There is a very fair demand for Central American grades, while Africans are only in moderate re-quest. We quote cash prices f. o. b. Bos-ton: Fine Para, new, 75 to 78c; old, 78 to 84c; coarse new, island, 49c; up river, 59c; Caucho, strip, 48c; sheet, 44c; balls, 54c; Nicaragua scrap, 53c; strip, 48c; sheet, 46c; Esmeralda, 58c; Quayaquil, 36 to 42c; pressed, 40c.

Wool-On Wednesday next an auction sale of 250 bales damaged Cape wool ex-"Albatross" will take place in this city. Outside of this lot holders are pretty well cleaned up in all lines, and prices are firmly held. At the London wool sales there was a full attendance, and the de-mand from the Continent for scoured merinos was good, a number of parcels being, taken for Russia. Extreme figures were paid for greasy merinos, more especi-ally for fair to good combing. The bid-ding in all sections was spirited. Cross-breds passed well to English buyers at top figures. Pieces were in good demand,

ABSTRACT OF LIFE INSURANCE IN CANADA FOR YEAR 1894.

ABSTRACT	'OF LIF	EÌINSU	IRANCE	IN; CA	NADA I	FOR YE	AR 18	94.		
	n an	Number of Policies	Amount ;	Number of Policies	†Net Amount	Number of	+Net Amount	+Claims Paid including Matured	Unsettled	Claims.
	for Year.	New and Taken up	New and Taken up.	in Force at Date,	in Force.	Policies become Claims,	Policies become claime.	Endow-	Not Resisted,	Resisted.
Canadian Companies.	\$		\$		*		\$	\$	- \$	*
Canada Life (Canadian business) Confederation do Dominion Life Dominion Safety Fund Federal Great West London Life } General Industrial Manufacturers' (Can. business) North American { General} Can. business } Industrial § Ontario Mutual Sun (Canadian business) Temperance and General	29,223 205,504 109,983 39,443 93,187 257,513 452,135 527,131 878,932	2,218 2,079 406 16 1,231 1,741 215 13,448 1,480 1,958 None. 1,801 2,992 1,622	4,756,382 3,292,003 516,500 2,5,000 1,708,700 2,788,305 223,500 1,235,682 2,273,300 2,719,923 None. 2,577,200 4,687,484 1,870,725	16,543 1,387 None. 5,339 2,328 1,628 23,606 5,818 9,836 101 14,147 15,912	25,158,831 1,718,845 None. 9,896,137 4,096,650 1,517,444 2,207,061 8,748,849 18,822,878 18,610 18,731,245 28,930,480	152 25 86 9 15 290 80 60 2 111 187	$\begin{array}{c} 644,850\\ 281,761\\ 3,000\\ 22,000\\ 95,769\\ 28,505\\ 14,200\\ 19,401\\ 42,122\\ 109,988\\ 420\\ 154,993\\ 199,894\\ 22,099 \end{array}$	$728,515 \\298,709 \\3,000 \\25,444 \\126,730 \\18,505 \\19,200 \\18,604 \\48,000 \\114,409 \\420 \\158,652 \\182,441 \\28,030 \\$	57,955 14,030 None. .1,173 None. None. 444 9,122 5,500 None. 18,325 40,844 2,000	None None, 8,000 None, 10,000 None, 517 None, 2,000 None, None, None, None,
Totals for 1894 Totals for 1898	5,485,031 5,156,008	31,152 26,419	28,670,364 28,089,437	130,816 118,080	177,511,840 167,475,872	1,209 1,188	1,639,002 1,650,607	1,760,749 1,537,069	148,893 245,517	15,517 17,000
Increase, <i>i</i> ; decrease, <i>d</i>	<i>i</i> 279,023	<i>i</i> 4,733	i 580,927	<i>i</i> 12,230	i 10,035,974	<i>i</i> 71	<i>d</i> 11,605	<i>i</i> 223,680	d 96,624	d 1,483
British Companies.										
British Empire Commercial Union	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 None, None, 496 None, 1 None, None, None, None, 941	None. None. 848,500 None. 1,791 None. None. None. 1,618,067	291 111 995 14 905 14 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	$\begin{smallmatrix} & 657,050\\ 308,100\\ 3& 1,724,781\\ 3& 241,277\\ 6,860,330\\ 5& 21,760\\ 4& 1,325,022\\ 2& 253,422\\ 7& 914,34\\ 7& 914,34\\ 9& 297,300\\ 1& 158,732\\ 5& 14,365,477\\ \end{smallmatrix}$	5 9 9 9 9 9 1 8 1 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	79,455	4,183 28,353 94,450 7,903 98,959 None. 38,873 7,989 16,202 7,252 20,529 245,305	None. None. 27.836	None. None. None. None. None. None. None. None. None. None.
Totals for 1894	1,079,830 1,078,541	1,740 1,619		3 17,07 5 16,75		5 262 4 260	582,350 672,419		77,790 178,574	
Increase, i; decrease, d	. i 5,789	<i>i</i> 133	<i>i</i> 240,361	i i 31	6 <i>i</i> 368,00	1 d 4	d 90,060	i 30,869	d 100,778	<i>i</i> 5,000
American Companies.		e 1 - 2					-			
Ætna Life *Connecticut Mutual Equitable Germania Metropolitan { General Industrial Mutual Life *National Life New York *North-western *Phenix Mutual Life Provident Savings. Travelers' Union Mutual. United States.	50,210 (91,052) 122,115 122,115 2,256 702,386 17,102 86,267 86,267 122,908 124,888 52,088	None. 1,058 1,058 221 1,058 221 1,174 1,174 1,058 1,174 1,058 1,038 1,058 1,038 1,058 1,038 1,058 1,038 1,058 1,038 1,058 1,038 1,058 1,038 1,058 1,038 1,058 1,038 1,058 1,038 1,058 1,031 1,174 177 1,174 177 1,174 177 1,174 177 1,174 177 1,174 177	Noné. 2,456,663 None. 5 258,000 6,132,100 4 2,748,466 None. None. 0,72,92 6 (12,40 3 (12,40 3 (01,50	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 107,900\\ 258,690\\ 26,000\\ 1,000\\ 28,714\\ 162,146\\ 7,100\\ 201,483\\ 32,955\\ 54,010\\ 27,000\\ 82,777\\ 82,777\\ 82,775\\ 95,15\\ 246,10\end{array}$	3 107,903 272,056 26,000 2 26,000 1 28,011 2 246,356 3 192,148 4 3,2056 5 32,056 5 32,056 5 32,056 5 32,056 5 32,056 5 32,056 10 27,000 8 98,321 5 102,927 0 44,100	None. 9,50(None. 1,06(None. 4,183 14,038 None. 8,20(None. 1,15(8,88 3,00)	None. None. None. 442 5,000 None. None. None. 10,000 None. None. None. None. None.
Totals for 1894 Totals for 1893	3,394,91 3,403,23	4 67,81 0 12,24		7 93,94 5 63,87	9 96,737,70 9 94,602,90)5 - 1,343 36 - 1,389	31,540,99 1,652,85	8 1,656,92 6 1,684,61	58,80 162,99	4 15,442 0 12,112
Increase, i; decrease, d,	d 8,31	6 <i>i</i> 55,56	0 i 3,495,12	2 i 80,07	0 i·2,184,7	39 i 4	1 111,85	8 i 22,308	3 @ 104,08	6 <i>i</i> 8,880
			RECAPIT			· .		1		
Canadian Companies British " American	5,435,08 1,079,33 8,394,91	1 81,15 0 1,74 4 67,81	2 28,070,30 6 3,214,21 6 17,640,67)4 130,31 16 17,0	16 177,511,8 75 33,911,8 49 96,787,7	40 1,20 85 20 05 1,34	01,639,00 2582,85 81,540,99	$\begin{array}{c c} 2 & 1,760,74 \\ 0 & 661,77 \\ 0 & 1,656,92 \\ \end{array}$	t 77,79 t 58,80	6 5,000
Grand totals for 1894 Grand totals for 1893	9.909.27		4 49,525,20 9 45,202,8		40 308,161,4 24 295,622,7	36 2,81 22 2,74	4 8,762,85 8 8,975,88	59 4,079,44 32 3,802,58	1 284,99 4 587,08	
Increase, i; decrease, d	i 270,49	6 <i>i</i> 60,48	15 i 4,822,4	10 i 42,6	16 /12,538,7	14 i 7	1 a 213,05	28 i 276,85	7 1 302,08	8 i 0,84

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*These companies have ceased doing new business in Canada. †These amounts are not, reinsurance having been deducted.

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Super Aller and Standard Aller and an and a start

Kendrick Valve and Washer Go. 313 E. Water St. Syraouse, N.Y.

All our work is made from Best Oak Leather Stock

Tubular Well Cups, Oil Well Valve Cups, Deep Well Cylinder Cups, Elevator Cups. Special Cup Lesthers to order, Pumps Valves and Pilungers, Lesther and Fibre Washers. Special Lesther Washers to order. PLUMBERS' SPECIALTIES,

TORONTO WHOLESALE TRADE.

(Revised by Telegraph).

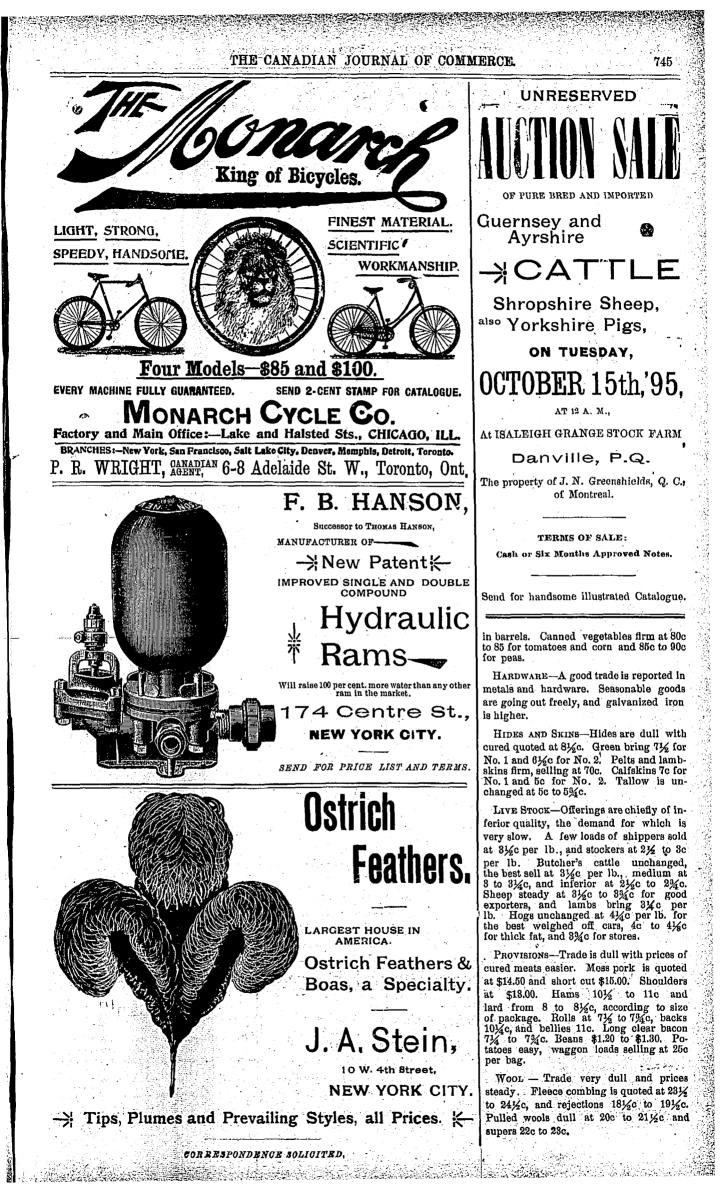
TORONTO, Oct. 10, 1895. Trade in wholesale lines is fair, with a slight improvement in hardware and metals. Prices of the leading staples are firm and the outlook generally is propitious. The movement of grain is a little more liberal, but it is not so free as should be at this season. Payments are only fair: they naturally suffer when produce is low and receipts limited. Sterling Exchange is lower this week in sympathy with New York. Money is unchanged at 4 to 41/2 per cent. for call loans and 6 to 6½ for prime commercial paper. Speculation quiet with some irregularity in prices ; closing quotations generally firm. Standard sold at 164. Commerce at 1371/2, Cable at 1603/4, Toronto St. Ry. at 803/4, Telephone at 1571/2, C.P.R. at 601/2, Western Assurance at 166, British America at 12114, Canada Landed Loan-at-114, Landed Banking at 115, Western Canada at 152.

BUTTER, & 0.—Receipts of butter fair this week, and prices generally unchanged. The best tub jobs at 16c to 17c and large rolls at 14 to 15c. Creamery firm at 21 to 22c for rolls and 18½ to 19c for tub. Eggs higher, case lots bringing 14 to 14½ per dozen. Cheese steady at 8 to 8½ c for small lots.

DRESSED HOCS—The domand is limited, with little change in prices. Small lots bring \$5.10 to \$5.40, according to quality.

FLOUR AND GRAIN - Flour is inactive with prices the same as last week. Sales of straight rollers at \$3.05 to \$3.10. Toronto freights. Patents quoted at \$3.20 to \$3.25, Toronto freights. Manitoba flours nominal. Wheat in fair supply and steady. Red sold at 63c west and white at 64c. Manitoba wheat stronger, with sales of new No.1 hard at 70c, Toronto freights. Barley dull, with feeding lots quoted at 80c outside and No. 2 at 33. No. 1 is quoted outside at 89c to 40c. Oats weak, there being sales of white at 221/2c to 28c west and of mixed at 22 c. Peas easy with sales west at 481/2c. Rye sold at 48c. Bran dull at \$11.50 middle freights, and shorts at \$14,50 to \$15.50. Oatmeal weak at \$3 to \$3.25 on track.

GROCERIES-Trade is a little more active, with the movement chiefly in sugars. Granulated sell, at 4½ and yellows at 8% to 4c, according to quality. Dried fruits steady. Valencias bringing 5½ to 5% of New Fillatria currants are offering at 4½





Name of Article.	WHOLESALE I		JRRENT—THURSDA	Wholesale.		Wholesale
Boots and Shoes.	Mens, Boys.	Youths. \$0 55 \$0 80 0 70 0 80	Roast Chicken 1-1b tins Roast Turkey, 1-1b tins	\$ c. \$ c. 2 25 0 00.	Soda Ash Soda Bicarb	\$ c \$ c. 1 511 2 00 2 80 2 50
Balmorals " or Congress " \$2.00 to \$3.50Booti Congress	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0 75 1 00 0 90 1 15 0 00 0 00 0 85 1 10 1 00 1 00	Brooms. Rose 4 varn, hand heavy	ક્ર <u>ા</u> છે.	Sal. Soda "Concentrated Dyestuffs.	
n " \$2.00 to \$8.00, Felt Sox Boots, half fox	2 25 3 00 0 do full \$1 75, \$2 50 Womens. Misses.	1 00 1 00 Childs. 0 55 0 65	Rose 4 varn. hand heavy Pansy 4 " " medium Thistle 4 " " Map Leaf A 4 stgs. " B 4 " stained Shamprock A 4 " yarn han	325 000	Archil. con	0 07 0 08
Batts or Bals Pebbled or Buff Bals led Button, Machine Sewed ed Buff Button. " " " " b Calf " … ch Kid " …		0 65 0 75 0 70 0 80 0 50 0 70 0 80 1 85 0 90 1 85	Shamock A4 " varn han " B4 " stained Daiey A3 stgs varn handle " B3 " stained " Tulip No. 1 3 stgs " " " 22 " " "	2 40 0 00 2 40 0 00 2 10 0 00 1 90 0 00	Chips Indigo (Bengal) Indigo (Bengal) Indigo Madras. Gambier. Madder. Sumac.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
sh Calf " ch Kid " ola Kid " Solaf, Bala. Cong or Butt, Good McKa	1 85 3 50 1 90 2 50 1 25 2 00 1 00 1 50 year Welt	1 40 1 75	Curling [~] 4 " Drugs & Chemicals	~ 03 3 30	Fish.	
ola Kid 'Calf, Bala. Cong or Butt. Good 'McKi Tan Russia Calf, Bala. Cong or """" French Pat. Calf or Enamel Le 'Ghaze Dong. Butt. and Bala., G """ " " " M	McKay AcKay ather Bals, Butt. and Cong oodyear Welt	2 75 3 75 2 00 2 50 3 50 4 50 2 00 3 00 2 00 3 00	Acid Carbolic Cryst medi. Aloes, Cape Alum Borax, xtis.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Cape Brit. Herring, Labrador Herrings Sea Trout No. 1 split p half bris Herrings "Nova Scotia Mackerel No. 1. kitts " & barr Green Cod, No. 1.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
ame of Article. Wholesale.		Wholesale	Alces, Cape. Alum Borax, xtis Borax, xtis Boran, Potasa Camphor. Eng. Refoz.ck "Ref Ringe Citric Acid Copperas, per 100 lbs		Green Cod, No. 1 Green Cod, No. 1 Green "large Draft "	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
nned Goods. sters,	Corn Beef 1-lb " 2-lbs " 4-lbs " 6-lbs	2 70 0 00 5 32 0 00 8 25 0 00	Cream Tartar. Epsom Saite Glycerine Gum Arabic per lb " Trag	1 50 1 75 0 16 0 20 0 20 0 0 50 1 00	Green (1 arge Draft " No. 2 " Jargedry" per quint Salmon No. 1 brle La Salmon, (tiercès) " Brit. Col brls	
Inters	" 14-lbs Lunch Tngs 1-lb per doz. "2-lbs" Sonps, 2 lbs % lb Baked Beans		Morphia Oplum Oxalic Acid Phosporus Potash Bichromate Potash Iodide.		Boneless Fish " Cod Nfid	···· 0 031 0 04 ···· 0 041 0 61
ers " 1 80 1 40 atcoes, 3s. per doz 0 75 0 80 ibes, 2·lb. yellow 2 00 2 25 '2-lb. white 1 75 0 00 tet Pears, 2·lb. tins, 1 75 2 00 wbertles, Pres'd 2s. 2 15 25 pberries 2s	Deviled Tong's. ½ lb." Ham, ½-lb. " Chicken, ½-lb. "		Potash Iodide. Quinine. Strychnine Tartsaic Acid Tin Crystals.		Flour. Winter Wheat Manitoba patent b bran Straight roller	
wherries, Pres'd 2s., 2 15 2 25 pberries 2s	Ox Tongue, 14-1b. " " " 2-1b. " " " 24-1b. " " " 24-1b. " " " 3 -1b. " Finnan Haddies	8 25 0 00 11 00 0 00 12 40 0 00	Heavy Chemicals. Bleaching Powder Bine Vitriol		Extra. Superfine. Manitoba Strong Baker Standard ostmeal, brl. Bran.	
2 10. tins	Binder Twine. Good mixed Pure manilla	0.00 0.00	Brimstone	1 75 2 25	Shorts	
ENTED CUP BATERYCO Y YORK CCJ H *	ELECTRIC BATTERIES OF ALL STANDARD TYPES.			Special latteries Made to Order in any Size.	St. NEARL, NEV	
CUP LECLANCHE BATTERY.			CAN" received the H10	HEST AW	ARD at the World's	
	I I FKIFA		DUR	ABILIT nis Country F	go, 1893, for : : : : Y and EFFIC teceived any Mention Wh	stsoever.
					have over 1,500 Cel Successful Train L	is in ghting Alone
The "AMER.	ICAN" BATTI	ERY CON	tains no "Active Materi Artificially Applied.	Paste " Us	ed.	ago, III.
The "AMER for new "LIGHT AND POWER" Co For Further information write to	ICAN" BATTH atalogue. AMERICAN I	ERY ^{Com}	tains no "Activo Materi Artificially Applied. No " ERY CO., 25 Under License	Paste " Us SO. Ca of	nal St., Chic	
for new "LIGHT AND POWER" G For Further information write to	ICAN" BATTH AMERICAN I JCT OF THE 1880 Batte	ery con Batte I'y Co	tains no "Activo Materi Artificially Applied. No " ERY CO., 25 Under License Thi C	Paste "Us So. Ca of	ed.	tórage Co.

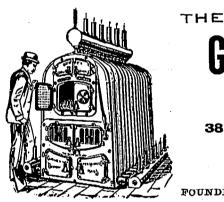
Name of Article.	Wholessle.		Wholesale.	Name of Article,	Wholesale.		W holesal
Farm Products.	§ c. § c.	Barley, malting "feed Peas, per 66 lbs, afloat	\$ C. \$ C. 0 50 0 51 0 43 0 45	Molasses (Barbados)img Porto Rico	\$ C. \$ C. C 86 0 87 0 82 0 83	Vermicelli, Ganadian Macaroni, " Italian	\$ c. \$ c 0 05 0 00 0 05 0 08
ownships, dairy, Vestern	$\begin{array}{cccc} 0 & 18 & 0 & 19 \\ 0 & 14 & 0 & 16 \\ 0 & 12 & 0 & 14 \end{array}$	Peas, per 66 lbs, afloat In store Rye Corn, in bond 4 duty paid	0 65 0 66 0 00 0 00 0 54 0 55	Trinidad Cuba	0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00	Orange	0 14 0 16
ower grades	006011	Corn, in bond " duty paid	0 00 0 00 0 481 0 481	Raisins: Loose Musc. California Layers, London	0 05 051	Lemon	0 18 0 16
HEESE: Inest Western , Iddium to good Inest Townships Inest Eastern	0 081 0 081 0 071 0 00 0 08 0 081 0 073 0 071	Groceries . <i>Tea</i> , (HfChest & Cad.) Japan, com. to med., b "good med. to fine "bodceast	0.12 0.15	Con. Cluster Extra Dessert Royal Bucking'm Cluster Sultanasper D Valencia off stalk "	2 65 2 75 8 50 0 00 4 85 4 50 0 051 0 071	Chocolat Menier. Vanilla, yel. wrap. 24 x ½ lb do Ohamoia do do do Pink do do do Blue do do	048048 050056 058056
ius: Western culls feld hipped as strictly fresh	0 09 0 094 0 11 0 114 0 125 0 13	y good med, to fine '' cholcest '' fancy Y. Hyson, com. to good '' fine to finest, m Gunpowder, Moyune '' good '' fingsuey, med to good. '' '' fine to finest '' Oolong	0 17 19 0 221 0 25 0 26 0 36 0 11 0 20	Valencia off stalk " "Layers " Currants, Provincials " Filiatras	0 04 0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	Trip. Van. Green do do do do Lilac do do do do Bronze do do do do White do do Uneweet'd blue prem do	0 50 0 56 0 58 0 66 0 65 0 74 0 73 0 83 0 38 0 45
ors: 1895, per D "Old	0 07 0 11 0 03 0 06	Gunpowder, Moyune " good	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Vostizzas	0 05 0 051 0 041 0 07 0 051 0 061	Starch :	
og Phobuors: Bacon, smoked, per D lams, city cured, " " Canyassed.	0 09 0 11 0 09 0 11 0 00 0 00	Congou, common	0 11 0 18 0 22 0 23 0 28 0 42 0 11 0 18 0 15 0 20	Figs in bags "new layers Sh. Almonds, bxs" S. S. Tarragona	0 05 0 00 0 08 0 10 0 00 0 254	Silver Gloss Benson's Prep. Corn Can. Pure Corn	0 041 0 0 0 00 0 0 0 00 0 0 0 061 0 0 0 41 0 0
ork Ca. s.c. per bbl.clear do mess ard, per D "Com. Refined	14 50 15 00	Congou, common" "good common" "med. to good" "fine to finest" Indian" Covies Mocha (green)"	0 224 0 274 0 32 0 35 0 1750 80 0 16 0 30	Walnuts " " Grenoble " Filberts	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 10 & 0 & 14 \\ 0 & 14 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 07 & 0 & 07 \\ \end{array}$	Cote D'or. Crystal Pickling. W. W. XXX W. W. XX	0 85 0 0 0 28 0 0 0 80 0 8 0 25 0 8
EEDS: Jlover, red, per bushei Alsike, per b Cimothy, (Can'n) per bsh.	7 10 7 10	Java	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Spices: Cassiamats Mace	0 08; 0 09; 0 90 1 20 0 07; 0 69 0 60 0 90 0 18; 0 21	Vinegar: ImpTrip, 1 brl Cote D'or Crystal Pickling W. W. XXX. W. W. X W. W. X Pure Malt. Cider X " XXX Soap: Best Laundry " Common Matches: Telegraph " Telephone " Star Naleno? Matches:	0 00 0 00 0 55 0 60 0 25 0 00 0 32 0 00 0 06 0 00
Potatoes, per bag	0 35 0 40	Plantation Ceylon" Chicory" Canadian do" Sugars: Ex Ground in hele	0 27 0 29 0 09 0 11 0 00 0 07	African " unbl. " Pimento" Pepper, Black"	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 16\frac{1}{2} & 0 & 18\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 08 & 0 & 10 \\ 0 & 07\frac{1}{2} & 0 & 08 \\ 0 & 06 & 0 & 07\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 10 & 0 & 124 \end{array}$	"Common Matches: Telegraph "Telephone "Farlor "Star	0 024 0 0 8 50 8 7 8 30 8 5 1 70 0 0 2 00 2 2
EANS: white ordinary bus "hand-picked arley, feed		Ex Ground. in bris ¹⁶ ¹⁶ ¹⁶ ¹⁷ ¹⁷ ¹⁷ ¹⁷ ¹⁷ ¹⁷ ¹⁷ ¹⁷	0 041 0 00 0 041 0 00 0 05 0 00	Mustard, 41b 99 jar, Eng " 11b " " … " 41b jars, Cans " 11b " …	0 72 0 76 0 23 0 251 0 65 0 70 0 22 0 24	Steamship Railroad	24000 25000
		" " 100-1D DX8 " " 50-1b bx8 Ex Granulated, bris	005000	Rice, large lots, standard B "Patna \$ 100 lb.	0 00 2 45	Nelson's Royal Lily do Rose	140 0 0
Grain		Off grade gran'd Branded Yellows Syrup	0 031 0 037 0 011 0 021	Tehiore Loursesses	6 50 7 50 0 04 0 06		009'01 01601
ard Manitoba, No. 1 " No. 2 ats No. 2	0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 294 0 80			"Flake: " Gelatine, 1 qt pk " " 11 qt pk " " 2 qt pks "	0 04 0 06 1 15 0 00 1 75 0 00 2 80 0 00	Antimony Tin: Block, L&F, P D Straite Copper: Ingot Sheets	0 124 0 1

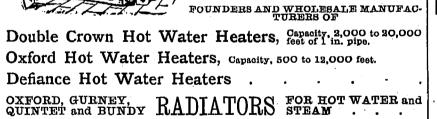
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Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of \triangle rticle.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.
ardware-Continued.	\$ c \$ c	Sharpand flat pressed nails 8 inchextra 2½ and 2½ " "		IX Charcoal IXX " D C "	Usual	No. I, ordinary sole No. 2 " " No. 3 " " Buffalo Sole, No. 1 " " No. 2	0 24 0 25 0 22 0 28 0 20 C 21
ase-50d and 60d, f.o.b., nt Naileper keg teel naile	2 50 0 00 2 50 0 00 2 60 0 00	B 11nchextrs BY and 3% """"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	2 50 0 00 2 00 0 00 2 50 0 00 3 50 3 75	DX " DXX " Terne Plate IC, 20x28. Russ. Sheet Iron	Extras, 5 75 6 00 0 091 0 10	200020001	
t nails, fence and cut pikes.—Hot cut. dextra	0 05 0 00	14	0 00 10 00	Anchora, per lb Lion & Crown tin'd sh'ts 22 and 24 guage	0.051.0.08	Upper, heavy	25 0 27 0 25 0 33 0 30 0 35 0 35 0 88
. 16d and 12d.	0 10 0 00 0 15 0 00 0 20 0 00 0 25 0 00	Coil Chain—¥ chain Coil Chain—¥ chain 5-16 ¥ 7-16	8 00 0 00 2 90 0 00 2 80 0 00	26 guage. Lead : Pig, per 100 lbst. Sheet, per 100 lbs. Lead Pipe, per 100 lbs.	8 15 3 25 4 00 4 25 5 55 5 75	Grained Upper Scotch Grain. Kip Skins, French	082 085
and 7d " to 5d "	0 40 0 00 60 0 00 1 00 0 00			Zinc: Sheet	4 50 4 70 4	Canada Kip. Hemlock Calf Light	050 060
to 5d, cold cut ot pol. or bl'd. "	1 50 0 00 0 50 0 00 0 90 0 00	Gateanized Iron: Morewoods Lion, No. 23. Queen's Head, or equal Common Pig Iron: Siemens No. 1 Summerice Gattaherrie	4 15 4 40 8 75 4 00	Machinervecrap Wrot iron Powder :Canada Bl'stng F F to F F F.	0 00 15 00 0 00 16 00 2 00 0 00 5 00 5 25	French Calf. Splits, light and medium. "heavy" "small	023 028
ae blued nails— extra "	150 000	Carnhroe	119 00 19 50 1	Wire: Bright No. 7, per 100 lbs Annealed No. 7 " " oiled " "	2 60 0 00 2 65 0 00 2 65 0 00	Leather Board, Canada Enameled Cow, per ft Pebble Grain Glove Grain	11006 010
sing and box, flooring, hook, and tobacco box ails— to 80dextra	0 50 0 00	C.I.F.T. Riv.Charcosliron No. 1 Ferrona Bar Iron, per 100 lbs.		Galvd. No 6, " Trade discount on above 20 per cent.	8 15 0 00		
and 9d	0 60 0 00 0 75 0 00 0 90 0 00 1 10 0 00	Ord. Crown		Barbed Wire- 2 and 4 barbs Plain Twist 2 and 8 wrs.) 3.50for500 - lbe&more) del. up to	" No. 2	0 85 0 40 0 26 0 30 0 20 0 22 8 00 9 0
aishing nails-	1 50 0 00 0 85 0 00 1 00 0 00	Beet Renned Norway Sheet Iron 16 G & heavier. """ 17,18,20 G"" """ 22,24 "" """ 22,24 "" """ 25 G "" """ 23 G "" Bolton Jucton Iron V In	2 10 0 00 2 10 0 00 2 20 0 00	Staples		Imt. French Calf English Osk. Rongh.	0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0 70 0
to 134 " "	1 15 0 00 1 35 0 00 1 75 0 00	Boiler Heads, ateel.	0 00 2 25	f.o.b Montreal for Que bec. 10 kgs & over up to 25c per ton for Ont. Hides and sallow		Rough Dongola, extra	0 20 0 20 0 20 0 12 0 20 0 12 0 20 0 20
ting nails-	225000 085000	Hoops Band Imported. ,, Canadian	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Hides and Allow Montreal Green Hides "No.1 per 100 lbs "No.2" "No.3	0 00 8 50	Uair	
mmon barrel nails—	0 85 0 00 1 25 0 00 1 75 0 00	Canada Plates: Good Brands Wro't Iron pipe, ½ to 2 in 70 p.c., over 2 in 67% pc Imported iron pipe, ½ % ½ inch, 65 n.c. % to 14 in	2 10 2 50	There are not to awtee for	C 55 0 00	Oils Cod Oil, Newfoundland., "Gaspe S. R. Pale Seal Straw Seal	0 00 0 0
mmon barrel nails— inch extra ""	1 50 0 00 1 75 0 00 2 25 0 00		000000		0 45 0 00	Straw Seal. Cod Liver Oil, Nfd " Norwegian Process Castor Oil.	
el nails 10c extra. nch nails-	0.0r 0.00	Steel, cast per lb.	0 084 0 09	Horse hides west, each "City Tallow, rendered "rough	2 00 2 50	Castor Oil. Trocess Lard Oil, Extra No. 1 Linseed, raw Olive pure	0 70 0
inchextra and 2% " " and 2% " " and 1% " "	1 00 0 00 1 15 0 00 1 35 0 00	" Sleigh shoe, 100 lbs. " Machinery	$ \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 00 & 1 & 90 \\ 2 & 50 & 0 & 00 \end{bmatrix} $	Leather	0 26 0 28	Olive, pure. "Extra, qt., per case " pts. do " ½ pts. do 	0 85 0
and 1% " "	200 000	IC Coke	8 25 8 00	No.2 " "	. (. 23) 24 (. 23) 0.23	Spirite Turpentine	

The Terms for Cut Casing, Book and Shook, Finishing and Tobacco Box, Barrel, Clinch and Preseed Nails, four months note or 3 per cent, off for cash within 30 days. Discount on Bolts; Carriage and Tire, 75 to 80 and 10; Machine, 70 to 75 per cent. Terms, four months or 5 per cent. off for cash in 30 days. Nails and Horse Shoes, three per cent. off within 30 days. Horse Nails and Spikes, four months or 5 per cent. off in 30 days. Oils, Turpentine, Lead, Glass, etc 4 mos. or 8 per cent. off in 30 days.

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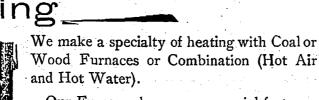


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_	Name of Article.	Wholesale.		Wholesale.		Wholesale.	Name of Article.	vholesale
	at Oil: ar Lots Store, [2. p.c. off] to 20 bris	0 16 0 00 C 20 0 21 0 16; 0 19	Canadian, Quarters Factory Filled per bag do Quarters Rice's Pure Dairy, per bri do quarters.	0 25 0 30	Empir. Rye Ports Wilson's Invalids Port T. G. Sandeman & Sons Burmestees	6 75 7 50 0 00 0 00	Blankheynn & Nolet, Key gin. red cases	\$ c. \$ c. 9 50 9 75 4 75 5 00 8 50 2 75
E	do Canadian do Canadian lted inches, 60 to 25 do 26 to 40 do 26 to 40	0 23 0 26	Cheese Salt per bag 210 b., Turk's Island per bush Tobacco duty paid. No. 1 Black Chewing, cada	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Tarragona Sherries—Pedro Domecq Pemartin Miss	1 10 1 50 0 00 0 00 2 00 5 50	Bushmillscs Jno. Jameson&Sons, 1 star do do two stars do do three stars	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
I	do 51 to 60 Paints, &c.	3 00 3 25 4 75 5 00	Nc. 2 do Old Chum bri't do sol. 8s. Navy, Bright Smoking 8s. do do do 5s.	0 45 0 00 0 58 0 00 0 56 0 57 0 55 0 00	Clarets— Barton & Guestier Clavet & Co. vintage wines Nat. Johnson & Sone Bordeaux Claret Co	700 600	Geo Roe & Co. 1 star, qts do do 3 stars, qts Dunville & Coqts Wisdom & Warter's Sher- ries per cal.	9 70 10 50 7 50 7 75
	do No. 2 do No. 2 do No. 3 Vhite Lead. dry	4 25 4 50 4 25 4 50 4 00 4 25 5 00 5 25	Myrtle Navy Plug Smkg sol Old Chum Plug Smkg sol 4s	0 50 0 00 0 50 0 0 0 60 0 00 0 67 0 00	Champagnes— Pommery, Fils & Co Piper Heidseck Perrier. Jouet & Co	81 00 36 00 28 00 30 00 31 00 83 00	riesper gal Warter & May's Ports do Geo. Sayer & Co's Brandy, do do do cases I star do I	4 50 6 50
	ted Lead	1 25 3 00	do Smöking sol. and R. & R 89. do Cut Smoking. 99. Myrtle do do 98. Can. Chewing	0 67 0 00 0 67 0 00 0 70 0 00	Gold Lack, Sec Brandies—Hennessy 1 Star	6 50 8 00 12 00 0 00 6 00 0 00	do do do V.S.O.P do 1 Ind Coope & Co,Rom-) qts ford Ales	2 10 0 00 1 45 0 00 4 50 15 00
I	do Paris, do Inglish Cement, cask Selgian Cement Fire Bricks per 1000	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	do Smoking, Plug Wool. Fleece comb. ord	0 35 0 45	Barnett & File one star do V.S.O.P Bisquet Dubonche Renault & Co	0 00 0 00 14 75 15 00 9 50 10 50 10 00 88 00	Banagher Irish Whisky,qts do do do per gal Jas Watson & Co. Dundee 3 star Glenlivet, per case.	9 50 10 00 8 75 4 00 9 50 10 00
G	Fire Clay	2 40 4 50 0 11 0 14 0 104 0 12	do clothing do Combing Pulled North West	C 24 0 25 0 25 0 26 0 26 0 28 0 15 0 16	E. Puet, V.V.O.P. do 1840. Joc'y Cl'b blue lab.***case do white do V.O.do do silver labV.S.O.do	0 00 23 00 0 00 29 00 0 00 7 50 0 00 8 75	1 do do Old Glenlivetper gal Watson's Old Scotch qt. cs do do pts, per cs Watson's OldIrish, qts, pr cs	650700 750850 650750
	do bris American White, bris Joopers' Glue Jolden Ochre Brunswick Green	0 00 0 18 0 15 0 20 0 18 0 24 0 04 0 04	B. A. Scoured Natal Cape Australian	0 15 0 16	do gold lab. VSOP do do ext. WVSOP. do do blue lab. *** gal. Boutelleau Fils	0 00 12 00 0 00 17 00 0 00 3 50 9 00 20 00	do do pté per cs. Marie Brizard & Roger Liq Creme de Menthe glaciale verte	7 50 8 50
	French Imperial Green Jermillionette Jenuine Quickellver No. 1 Furnit'e Varn'h. pr.g	0 11 0 15 0 12 0 40 0 75 0 90 1 0 60 0 65	Wines, Llquors, &c, Ale-Bass'sqts """"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	2 50 2 55 3 1 624 1 674	Mountain Dew	9 00 9 50 8 75 9 00 1	Prunelle 0 Kummel 0 Creme de Cacao 0 Anisette, case 0	0 00 13 00 0 00 12 25 0 00 15 85 0 00 18 25
	xtra do do Brown Japan Black Japan Drango Shellac, No. 1 do do Pure	075 100	Dublin Stoutqt	2 40 2 45 1 571 1 621 4 25 0 00	Sheriffe per ga docaset Claymorecaset Glenfalloch. Highl'dga Walkers Kilmarnock	975000 875925 340350	Cherry Brandy case Creme de Noyau, Moka, Ge- nevleve etc. case Absinthe super, case	0 00 11 75 0 25 12 75 0 00 13 75
	do do Fufe White do Salt Averpool per bag Canadian, in email bags.:	. 2 25 2 40	do	200 000	Gin- De Kuyper red cases do green do	11 00 11 00 5 75 0 00	Vermouth, case Kirsch de com., case Kirsch, fine White Ball old Jamaics Rum, cases	10 75 11 35

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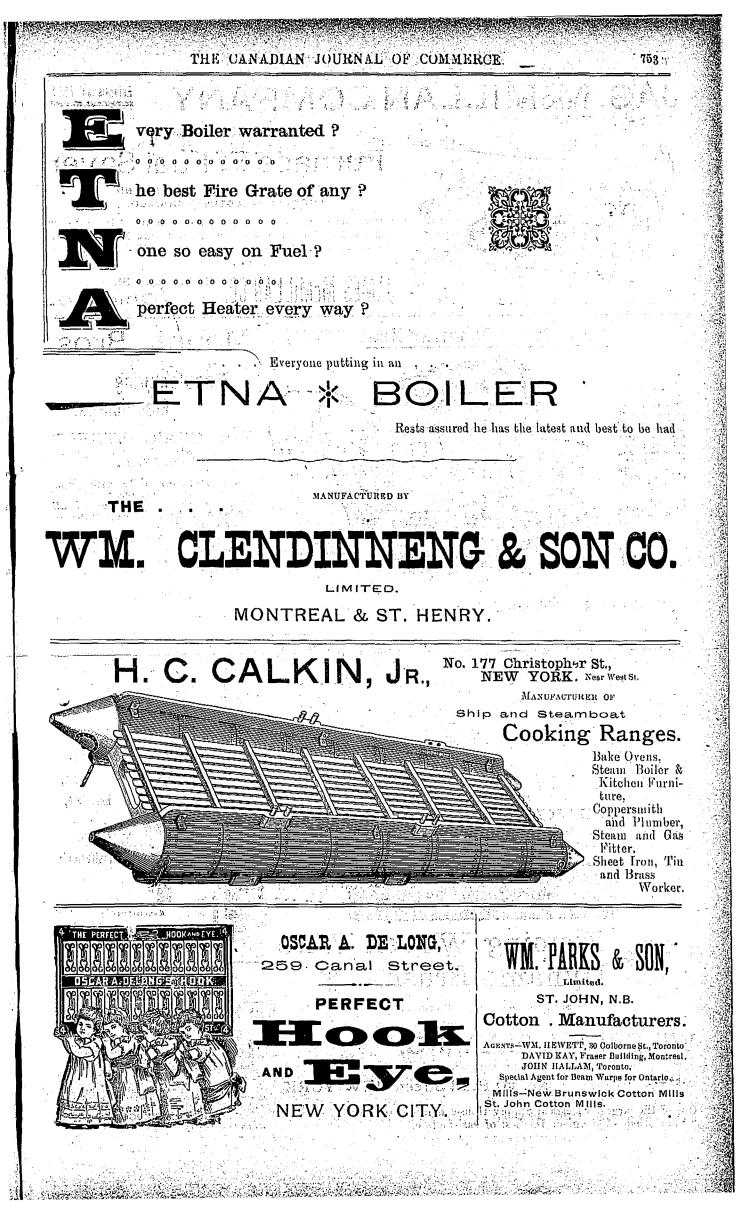
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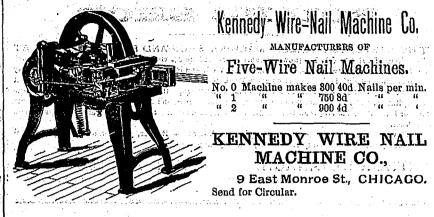
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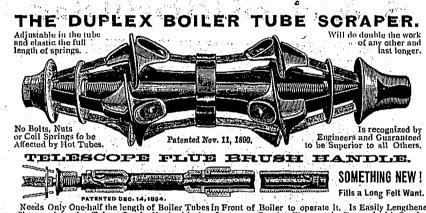


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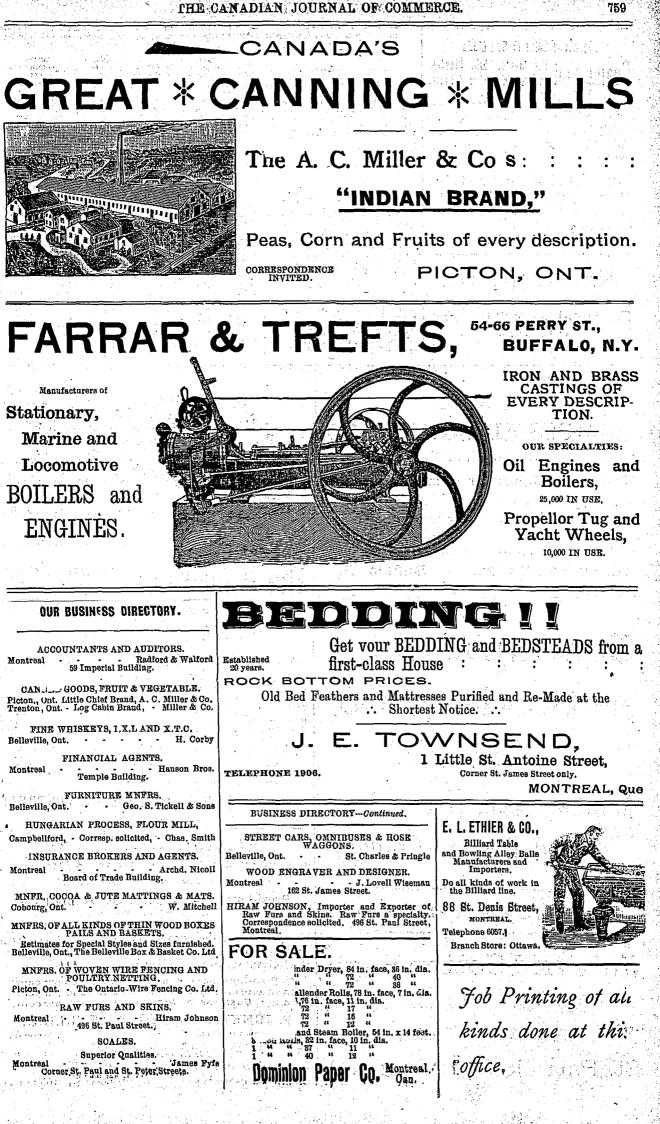
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