Huron Signal.

GODERICH, - Jan, 26th, 1871.

VOLUME XXIV.

This number of the WEEKLY SIGNAL begins the twenty-fourth year of its existence—a lease of life of which no country journal need be ashamed. In both town and county numerous other sheets have fretted and fluttered for a limited period and then expired; but still the SIGNAL notonly exists but "renews its age like the eagles." Are we egotistical in believing, in the words of a stirring English song, that

"There's life in the old dame yet!"

And why do the people support the SIGNAL? Because it always has been, as it ever will be while we control it, in sympathy with the steadily advancing spirit of progress; because every hand that, from our seat, has wielded the "grey goose quill" has done so, as we promise to do, in the interests of the people; because every plan for the development of the material resources of Huron has been and will be here fostered, aided and encouraged; because, unpurchased and unpurchaseable as without boasting we can claim to be, corruption in high places is exposed and honest, liberal and economical government persistently fought for; because every opinion is conscientiously formed and honestly expressed, without fear or favor; because, in short, the SIGNAL has been and is the consistent exponent of enlightened public opinion and the persistent advocate of 'the greatest possible good to the greatest possible number.' Having thus thought and written *for the people*, it is only fair that we should live and prosper *by the people*. Individually we have only a five months' record to point to. It is not a long time, but it is long enough to satisfy us—and we are grateful to be able to say so—that we have passed the critical period of a change of management, not only without loss, but with a clear and distinct gain. Some have deserted what the sweet singer of Ashfield has called 'our standard good, old Huron's local' but others have stepped into their places and more besides, and we do not despair of bringing all old supporters, even though Goderich is not as in times past their market, back to their allegiance, and rallying round the "standard" hundreds of others. We have to confess that our sheet is not as large as it ought, or as we desire it, to be. We endeavor in the meantime to make up for this by using small type, condensing the news, and fixing the subscription price at *the low figure of* ONE DOLLAR. This being considered, we give *more reading matter* for the money than any of our contemporaries. Having now, as the phrase goes, "felt our feet" in connection with the enterprise, we think we can promise our patrons that, before this volume has run its course very far, we shall be able to present them with a sheet they will have no fault to find with in any respect. As we desire the advancement of the interests of the country, not only by our opinions, but also by *the publication of the people's opinions*, a reasonable portion of our space will always be available for short, pithy and well-considered letters on questions of the day, and particularly questions of local importance. Wishing specially to cultivate the department of LOCAL NEWS we shall be glad to receive a weekly record of events from correspondents in all sections of the county—only remarking that in news above all other things "brevity is the soul of wit." We are obliged to those correspondents who are now sending us regular bulletins and before the month is out we expect to have no part of the county unrepresented by one such. While it is of great importance to us to receive such correspondence, we would impress it on our readers that they should take a pride and pleasure in giving publicity to the facilities, industry, enterprise and progress of the localities where they reside, as in doing so they may amongst other advantages accruing induce fresh settlers (and capital as well) in that direction which (and we refer particularly to villages) but for their information, weekly kept before the public, might very probably have floated elsewhere. A contemporary, the *St. Mary's Vidette*, so aptly expresses our views on 'local newspapers' that we cannot do better than reproduce the following article:—

"A master passion is the love of news.

Not music so commands, nor so the Muse:
To news all readers turn, and they can look
Pleased on a paper that abhor a book."

"So Crabbe says; and he must be a crabbed and illiterate fellow indeed, who would 'go back' upon such wise and truthful verse. There are somewhere between 14,000 and 15,000 newspapers printed in Europe and North America, which are supposed to have a regular patronage of 40,0000,000, and the casual reading of as many more. Probably one-half of the mental bone and sinew of the social and political world of these two continents is directly moulded or controlled by the Press; while those classes who permit no journals into their houses, are as clay to the potter, in the hands of the intelligent and thoroughly informed. Aside from being the best educators and guides of families, the local paper, especially, is an absolute necessity to the county and community where it is published. All the city papers in the world cannot supply the place of the home paper. That should be the first-love of every man and woman, for with the paper is the locality identified.—The paper gives the county and town where printed much of their importance in the word, and gives in detail the local news, which cannot be obtained by any other source. Every week's paper is so much local history, and the rise, development and growth of the town and county can be measured and recorded only by the local newspaper that is constantly recording its items People do not always appreciate their home newspaper. They measure the value of a paper by the number of columns it contains. The home paper, at any price, is the cheapest paper one can take. Although the number on our own list dozens and scores of men who had never before welcomed a newspaper [illegible] into their dwellings, and while many journals from a distance circulate in our midst, it is a lamentable fact that a very large proportion of the community are still as destitute a Fejee Islanders."

North Riding of Huron.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—The Annual Meeting of this Society was held, in the Orange Hall, Clinton, on Thursday the 19th inst., at 1 p. m., Humphrey Snell, Esq., President of the Society, in the chair. The minutes of last meeting were read and approved. The Directors' Report and Treasurer's Abstract (which we shall give next issue) were read and adopted. A communication was read from the Provincial Association requesting Secretaries of Local Societies to be careful to give representatives appointed by them to the Provincial Society properly authenticated credentials. The following officers were elected for the current year:—

Humphrey Snell, President.
W. J Higgins, 1st Vice do.
R Gravenlock, 2nd Vice do.
S Malcolmson, Secretary.
M McTaggart, Treasurer.
R. M Racey and Nicholas Robertson, Auditors.

DIRECTORS.—T Taylor, E. Wawanosh; W O Fowler, Tuckersmith; J J Fisher, Colborne; R Cole, Hullett: Joseph Rye Goderich; James McMichael, Hullett; C Morrow, Clinton; John Mason, Hullett; and Charles Proctor, Morris.

It was agreed that the Annual dinner be held in the end of February next, the details to be arranged by the committee.

South Huron Agricultural Society

ANNUAL MEETING.

The Directors of the above Society, met at Shaw's Hotel, Kippen, at 10 a. m., on the 18th inst. The most of the officers, and Directors present. The business of the past year was settled up. The Books submitted to the Auditors, Messrs. R. Brown, Esq., of Zurich, and Geo Jackson, Esq., of Egmondville—and the annual Report of the Directors for the 1870, prepared and adopted; which finished the Directors of 1870, and the meeting broke up.

At about 2 p. m., the annual meeting of the members was held in the same place. There was about an average turn out of members, and the meeting was organised by the President, Geo Anderson, Esq., taking the Chair. The minutes of the last annual meeting were then read by the Sec'y, approved of by the meeting, and signed by the President. The annual report of the following Branch Ag. Societies, viz: Tuckersmith, Stanley, Hay, the Usborne and Stephen Union, and the Goderich Horticultural Society, were then received. The annual Report of the Directors for 1870 was next read. The salient points of the Report were, that during the past year the Directors had held a spring Show for Entire Horses and Bulls, and had paid out for Prizes at the same, $94. Also a Fall Show had been held at which $376, had been paid out for prizes; and a Plowing Match at which $247 has been awarded in prizes. The very handsome sum of $518.75, had been received by the Society in donations and contributions. The total receipts for the year had been $1356.88. Total expenditure $1309.76, leaving a balance on hand of $47.12. Upon the said report being read, it was unanimously resolved that it be received and adopted.

The meeting then got to work to elect Officers and Directors for the current year. Upon regular motion, each nomination being separately moved and seconded, the following gentlemen were duly declared elected Officers and Directors for 1871, viz: President, re-elected, Geo Anderson, of Stanley; 1st Vice President re-elected, Arch Bishop, of Usborne; 2nd Vice Pres., Wm Bell, of Tuckersmith; Secretary, re-elected, Hugh Love, sen., of Hay; Treasurer, re-elected, E Crosswell, Tuckersmith; and for Directors, James Dickson, Goderich Town, Wm Wise, Goderich Tp, Thos Simpson, Stanley, Wm Wilson, Hay, Richd Manning, Stephen, Jas Pickard, Usborne, Jas McLean, Tuckersmith, and Dr Coleman, and M Y McLean, for Seaforth, and also that R Brown, of Zurich, and Geo Jackson, of Egmondville, be re-elected Auditors for 1871. A communication in the shape of a circular, from the Hon Mr Skead of Ottawa, complaining of the manner in which the selection had been made of the place in which to hold the Provincial Exhibition for 1871, was read by the Sec'y. Upon motion, a committee of five was appointed to consider the matter, and report to the meeting in half an hour. Upon motion, it was carried unanimously, That in future this Society retain one dollar for their next year's membership, from all parties taking prizes of two dollars and upwards. The committee, on Mr Skead's circular, then reported, that whilst this Society regrets that irregularities have occured, as stated by Mr Skead, we still think it would be injurious to the best interests of the Agricultural Association to disturb the vote as taken. We are also pleased to observe that the Council of the Ag. Association have taken steps to guard against irregularities, such as those complained of, for the future. Upon motion, the report of the committee was adopted, and the Secretary instructed to send a copy of the same to the Hon Mr Skead. The President was then voted out of the chair, and Dr Coleman, by motion took the same. A vote of thanks was then carried unanimously to the President, for the manner in which he had performed the duties of his office during the past year. The President briefly thanked the meeting. Moved by G Jackson, sec. by T. Simpson, that the thanks of this Society are due and are hereby tendered to the Secretary and Treasurer, for the care and ability they have manifested in carrying out, and fulfilling the duties of their respective offices. In introducing his motion Mr Jackson, complimented the said officers, and concluded by stating that it always gave him great pleasure to look over their books—motion carried unanimously. The meeting then dissolved.

After the business meeting, the company assembled adjourned about 7 p. m., to the dining room, which was very handsomely decorated with evergreens for the occasion. Mr James Shaw, the obliging host, had prepared a splendid dinner; two large tables literally groaning with substantial supports of turkey, goose and juicy joints while were a very pleasant exchange for the dry, though necessary, details of business. Mr Anderson, President of the Society occupied the chair, and Mr Bell the vice-chair. At the request of the chairman, an impressive grace was said by Dr Coleman and "fall to" became the order of the day. The sparkling eyes and unremitting attention of the host testified his satisfaction at the gusto with which the hungry guests entered on the labor of love and rapidly demolished the well-vivers. The appetites of the diners gave out long before Mr Shaw ceased his solicitations to be allowed to replenish empty plates. The cloth having been removed and all kinds of drinkables supplied, embracing according to Mr Shaw's rapidly rehearsed catalogue, "whiskey, brandy, rum, gin, wine and raspberry," letters of apology for absence were read from M C Cameron, M P; Isaac Carling, M P P., Professor Buckland, Mr Massey (Massey Manufacturing Co.) and Mr. Benjamin Bell, of St. George. The absence of Mr James Dickson, Director of the Society, was also apologized for, as the duties of his office were at this season specially onerous.

Mr. Anderson then said all knew the object of the gathering. It was to give each other mutual information on subjects relating to the advancement of the interests of Agriculture. He hoped although the distinguished men from a distance, expected here as speakers, had on this occasion failed them, those present would speak freely and stick to the subjects allotted to them. He then proposed the toast of the "Queen" which was drunk with enthusiasm [illegible] General. The next toast from the chair was the "Volunteers;" and the gallant fellows, who bravely turn out to defend our hearths and homes, in the hour of danger, would have been inspired with fresh courage and new incentives to deeds of heroic daring, if they had seen and heard the genuine feeling which the toast evoked. Major Coleman and Capt. Jackson replied in happy terms, recapitulating the story of the resistance to Fenian aggression from Ridgeway to Pigeon Hill, and expressing the assurance that if ever a foeman should again desecrate our soil not only would the volunteers rush to the front, but every man, woman and child in the country would be ready to back them up. Mr. Carmichael sang very sweetly the pathetic song of "Castles in the air" which was followed by an admirable agricultural, ballad very happily rendered by Mr. Wm. Bell.

The "Agricultural Interests of Canada" came next on the programme, coupled with the names of Messrs R. McMordie, R Manning, W Wilson and H Love, Senr. Having been duly honored the speeches of the respondents were called for. Messrs McMordie and Manning thought they were entitled to plead their youth as a reason why, in the presence of so many 'grave and reverend (agricultural) signors,' they should not be the first to broach this important subject. Mr. Wilson came to listen and not to speak. Mr. Love, though neither the last nor laziest, had been suffering from bronchitis for six weeks and under the hands of Dr. Coleman and begged to be excused; expressing his regret at so many, well able to instruct the meeting, being so backward. After the capital song of the "Maple Green" by Mr. Dick, the "Commercial interests of Canada" were toasted, coupled with the names of Dr. Coleman, Mr. Jackson and Mr. James Pickard. The Dr. made a very eloquent tracing the wonderful ramifications of modern commerce by which every region under the sun is made tributary to every other region and paying a deserved tribute to the energy and enterprise of Canadian Merchants. Mr Pickard followed in a few remarks, and Mr. Jackson spoke of the new markets we had found for ourselves since the abrogation of the reciprocity treaty, expressing the hope that we should soon be restored to friendly commercial relations with our neighbors. Mr Dick delighted the company by singing "Tibbie I has seen the day" in an inimitable manner. "The Railroad interests of Ontario coupled with the names of Mr W Wilson and Mr Brown followed. Mr Wilson remembered Huron 30 years ago when the pioneers could reach their intended locations only by following the Lake shore. In those times the taxes were only 50 cents to 30 dollars as present. But the farmers were better able to pay the large amount now than the smaller then. By and bye the Grand Trunk Railroad came here and then we had to build Gravel Roads to take us to the Grand Trunk. Where, however, there was not competition there was apt to be imposition. He was up to Goderich the other day and he saw 30 or 40 teams come to the market at one time with pork and when he came down to Seaforth that market was crowded also. The Grand Trunk did not give sufficient facilities for shipment. The consequence was that the stores home near the large markets were crowded beyond their capacity and as produce could not be shipped as fast as it came in the farmers did not get the price they should. He hoped they would get the new Road from London here soon. Mr. R Brown said the Londoners were determined to build the road. The leading merchants had already contributed $50 each to raise the $5000, which would probably be required for preliminary expenses. He thought they had a pet route of their own which they would come to Huron to advocate as soon as they had got it surveyed. But as they could not build the road without Township bonuses if that route would not be supported they would agree to build the one that would. Mr. Charles Whiteman very musically expressed his displeasure "At the fellow (wandering somewhere around the neighborhood of Kippen) that looks like him", which likeness involved him in all manner of scrapes; after which the "Agricultural Prospects of Huron" were drunk to and Messrs Anderson, Oliver Wilson and Ramsay asked to reply. Mr Anderson made a few appropriate remarks as a settler of 26 years standing on the progress which had been made, since he threw in his lot with the County; the labor-saving machines which has been invented, and there is reasonable hopes we might entertain of largely increased prosperity in the future. Mr. Carmichael appropriately struck in with the ditty "Let us live by the Way" and Mr Dick followed in "Erin's Isle." The next toast was one of the most important of the evening, viz:—"The importers of thoroughbred stock" coupled with the names of Messrs Taylor, Manning and Love. Mr. Love was ashamed of the farmers that they could not pick up something to inform each other upon, in the absence of the big guns. He had little right to reply to this toast, as he was not like some others an extensive importer of improved stock. What little his means would allow him, he had endeavored to do. Shippers of rough cattle had lately lost money, as such fetched only from 4 to 6 cents per lb in the Buffalo market the other day while good stock in Guelph fetched from 12 to 14 cents. The breeding and importing of good stock were intimately connected with our future prospects. The wheat crop had failed, not so much from midge as blight and a cloud seemed to hang over the farmers of Huron. There was too much borrowing going on. From his own experience he believed one-third of the farmers were under mortgage. He did not say that discourage any one but to incite all to make an extra effort to get rid of incumbrances. The manufacture of butter and cheese and the raising of beef stock all par; while the course of cropping they necessitate will recuperate the impoverished soil. All we want to dispel the cloud hanging over us is perseverance energy and letting wheat alone for a time. In New Jersey, 24 years ago they had exhausted farms as did we have. The farmers bought their bread and turned their attention to dairy and stock. After 10 years seeding and pasturing, they again sowed wheat and raised the heaviest wheat crops in the Union. America imports cattle largely from us and strange to say Cochrane is importing back from Canada. A short time ago cattle buyers were over here as far as from Utah. We are getting to have a world-wide reputation and let us cultivate it. Dr Coleman treated the company to "The bald Orish gentleman" which he rendered with a beautiful bogue and then proposed "Local Manufacturers and Mechanics" coupled with the name of Mr Matheson of the *New Era*, that gentleman replying in an able and exhaustive speech.

To round us not to go too far Mr Carmichael sang, in a very pathetic manner "The Drunkard's Ragged Wean", which was received with much acceptance. The President then proposed "The Press" coupled with the names of Mr Young of the *Signal* and Mr McLean of the *Expositor*, these gentlemen replying. Mr Love rendered the "Cane of Gourie" with much feeling. The toast of "Municipal Institutions" was replied to by Mr. D Wanless, Mr T Simpson and Mr R Brown. Mr. Wanless thanked the proposer for coupling his name with the toast, although many others better deserved it. He thought our local matters deserved more attention than any others at our hands. We had a good system and we should take care not to mar it by local jealousies. Mr Simpson considered the choice of our Municipal representatives of much more importance to us than our parliamentary representatives. According as those affairs were well managed would be the prosperity of the various Townships. He had always tried to do his duty and was pleased to think he had the confidence of his municipality. Mr Brown and Municipal matters in Hay went along famously. He was proud [illegible] 6 years in succession. The only trouble he was the constant changes in the Municipal Law, almost one every session. It would almost take a Philadelphia lawyer to follow them. After Mr. Carmichael had sung "When the kye cam' hame" Mr. Young proposed the "Directors of the South Huron Agricultural Society", which was warmly drunk, Mr Anderson replying. Mr Wilson proposed "the Kippen Reaping and Mowing Society" coupled with the name of Mr R McMordie; who in reply said it had now been in existence 7 years, doing a good work in giving farmers an opportunity of judging of the various new machines at work, which was the only thorough test of reliability. Mr Shaw replied to the toast of "Host and Hostess" like a sturdy Briton. If the company only enjoyed themselves he did not care whether he made money. He had done his best to make them comfortable and would do so whenever they thought fit to honor him with their presence. After singing "Auld Lang Syne" with hands linked in true fraternal fashion around the board, the meeting broke up at three o'clock in the morning; all having enjoyed themselves immensely.

THE BIBLE SOCIETY.—We would draw attention to the fact that the annual meeting of the Bible Society will be held in St Andrew's Church on Friday, 27th inst, at 7.30 p. m. The Rev St. George Caulfeild, agent of the Society, will be present to address the meeting, as well as clergymen of the locality.

Municipal Law.

We have on our table an overgrown volume of 405 pages, purporting to be an act to consolidate and amend the law respecting Municipal Institutions in Ontario. From the appearance of the thing we should say it was rather an attempt to multiply, expand, complicate and prevent the possibility of ordinary people understanding anything about, municipal enactments. If any County Councillor who feels lonesome and finds it difficult to pass the evenings of this week in a pleasant manner away from the loving wife of his bosom and the lovely olive plants that are growing up around his table, we shall have pleasure in lending him this volume; guaranteeing that if it does not enchain his enraptured attention and make the hours pass like minutes, it will at any rate lull him to sleep and purchase conduct to pleasant dreams. As the Reeve of Hay well said at the Annual Meeting of South Huron Agricultural Society 'it would take a Philadelphia lawyer all his time to follow the changes in the Municipal Law." We think the 'collective wisdom' of the County, in Council assembled, might do worse than officially protest against any more crude, undigested and indigestible legislation in regard to Municipal Institutions. The cost to the Province of this ponderous draft of a Bill that may never pass into law would be an interesting enquiry.

Getting Wild.

When the *Star* is cornered and cribbed it is very apt to get wild and overstep discretion. Last week that organ was content to answer for its f. *No* nit is prepared to say that the Census Commissionership has not been applied for by nor promised to "any individual whatever." This is claiming a very intimate acquaintance with the contents of governmental pigeon-holes, which we should have thought only confidential Secretaries likely to possess. How does the *Star* come, to be so well-versed in the matter? Are you quite sure Mr. *Star* that a "high joke" was perpetrated on us, or won't you be candid and say that you did *expect* the Census Commissionership; that you did *make an effort* to get it; that you were *disappointed* when you found it was not coming to yourself but even worse when you thought it might fall to a deserving townsman; and that it was not John A. but Sandfield you felt was ungrateful for all your arduous services? It is dangerous to confide even in one bosom friend! We are not afraid to prophesy, that *some Poolsnap* has just got the office! and we should not wonder if it turned out to be *the very Poolsnap* who lately, as we said before, came up to stroke the *Star's* ruffled feathers; and of whom our soft-voiced cotem would be prepared to say that next to the *Star*, *Poolsnap* is the man for Macdonald's money. We shall see!

I. O. O. F.

HURON LODGE, No 62—The installation of the officers of this Lodge, for the ensuing half year, took place in the Lodge room on Thursday evening, 20th inst. The ceremony was conducted by M. W. D. G. M. Gibson, of Stratford and W. D. D.G. M. Barnes, of Mitchell, Brother Corey, of Stratford acting as W. G. M. The following were the installed:—

Bro. Robert Hogarth	N. G.
" Isaac E. Tons	V. G.
" Daniel Campbell	W. R. S.
" William Donaghy	W. P. S.
" W. T Hays,	Treasurer
" F Lawrence	C.
" W Armstrong	W.
" George Cox	Chaplain
" Thomas Huckstep	O. G.
" M Hardy	I. G.
" D McKenzie	R. S. S.
" Lisham	L. S. S.
" Beck	R. S. N. G.
" Inglis	L. S. N. G.
" Sloan	R. S. V. G.
" McPhail	L. S. V. G.

The Brethren adjourned to Bro. Bingham's Restaurant, where a very handsomely got-up oyster-supper was ready for them. After supper, the chair being occupied by Bro. Hogarth and the Vice-chair by Bro Tons, racy speeches were made in response to the various toasts, excellent songs were sung, and a very happy time was spent. This Lodge is becoming strong and prosperous; now numbering about 50 members, although only 6 months organized. Every week witnesses the introduction of good, sound, material into the membership and it may reasonably be expected, as M. W Bro. Gibson said that Huron Lodge No 62 will become one of the star-lodges in the Ontario jurisdiction, and a leading propagator of the principles of FRENDSHIP, LOVE and TRUTH.

Board of School Trustees.

The Regular meeting of the Board was held on Thursday evening the 19th inst, all the members present. The newly elected members, viz: Messrs. Detlor, Crabb, Ferguson and Swanson took the usual declarations of office and their seats. A Lefroy Esq, was re-elected Chairman of the Board for the current year. W Mackay, Esq., was elected Secretary. The following Curators were appointed, viz: Mr Jas Bisset for the Central School; Mr Robt Dott for East St and St David's Ward Schools and Mr T Neaton for West St. School. The following gentlemen were appointed the Committee of Contingencies for the current year, viz: Messrs. Crabb, chairman, Swanson and Nairn. The appointment of Local Superintendent was laid over. An application from Professor Oakley, for the use of St. David's Ward School for lecture purposes, was received and filed.

Town Talk.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL MEETING.—This meeting took place on Monday evening, 23rd inst., when the Church was quite filled. Mr. C. Crabb occupied the chair in his usual happy manner. Addresses were delivered by Revds. E. W. McKay, A. E. Griffith, Seaforth, and James Seivright, Goderich. Some good music was sung at intervals by Mr. Parker's juvenile choir, and a very pleasent evening was spent.

INGLIS'S WOOL FACTORY.—We are glad to hear that this firm has just received and is preparing to fix up a quantity of new manufacturing machinery, in all their departments; and they will now be able to do custom and merchant work to better advantage and more expeditously than heretofore.

TOWN COUNCIL—The regular meeting will be held in the Town Hall on the evening of Friday, 27th inst.

SHOCKING!! on Sunday, about 11 p. m., our wakeful citizens experienced two distinct and heavy "bumps" as if some was using a battering-ram against the door or side of the house, and the more sleepy-headed thought that one or two of their children had fallen out of bed or that the eave-trough had yielded to the frost and burst. Morning after, thoughts lead to the conclusion that we have again experienced a slight shock of earthquake, so universally was the sensation felt. Our contemporaries will probably enlighten us. Between 1 and 2 (Tuesday) morning a number of citizens had a similar experience. Is the millenium really coming?

ANNIVERSARY SERVICES.—The usual annual services of the New Connexion Church will be held this year as follows:—Sermons on Sabbath 5th Feb. and Tea Meeting on Tuesday 7th. Further particulars by and bye.

THE HON MALCOLM CAMERON will lecture in town to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock and on Sabbath at 3 p. m. the subject on the latter occasion being 'Christian Temperance.' Bills will be circulated giving the place of meeting. The veteran Temperance Reformer will be worth hearing.

WESLEYAN SOCIAL.—The social given by Mrs Allen, on Tuesday evening last was a very successful affair. Rev. W. Smyth delivered a short address; John Moseley Esq., recited a very beautiful poem of Schiller's; and Mr. T Jordan read an original essay. Capital Music was supplied by Mr and Mrs Clark, the Misses Trainer and Messrs Thomson and Harry Smith.

The Band played at the Skating Rink on Wednesday evening, the music was good but not quite enough of it to please spectators and skaters The ice was in good order, and the young folks seemed to enjoy themselves amazingly. We were glad to see such a large attendance of ladies and gentlemen (skaters and spectators) as both Band and Skating Rink ought to be encouraged.

EXTRAORDINARY VITALITY.—A sow belonging to Mr. J Towsley of Colborne, was lost in a snow drift, on the 27th of Dec, On the 12th of January, the thaw released her from her snow prison after remaining for sixteen days in the drift. She came to the barn-yard of Mr. E Man adjoining, and was quite lively searching for food, and from appearance might probably have lived a week or more without any After being taken home and fed carefully, she has quite recovered.

CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE.—On Sabbath afternoon, the Hon Malcolm Cameron lectured in the Court House, to a large audience, on 'Christian Temperance.' He insisted that it was the duty of every Christian to abstain from anything by which a weaker brother might be made to offend or stumble; that the authority of the Bible condemned the use of 'strong drink;' that the voice of science as represented by such distinguished men as Professor Miller and Sir J. Y. Simpson was against it; and that each one of the audience in his and her own experience had seen the baneful and melancholy results of indulgence in alcoholic liquors; all having known some of our brightest intellects and warmest hearts who had, in consequence, wrecked both mind and body and gone down to dishonored graves. We regret that the crowded state of our columns prevents us from giving a *resume* of the vigorous, logical and pointed arguments of the eloquent, welcome lecturer.

ENNISKILLEN SALT CO.—We hear a company of 8 townsmen have associated themselves under the above title, for the purpose of boring for salt on the property of Mr Robert Gordon, at the old Railway Station. We hear the contract for the derrick has been let to Mr Geo Graham, and for the boring to Mr James McCourt, Go ahead gentlemen! This property is very suitable for this purpose, as it commands a leading road and we presume a switch can easily be obtained to the track, so that all teaming will be saved; which is a very important item.

THE COUNTY COUNCIL OF HURON.—meets this day (Tuesday) in the Court House, on the arrival of the mail from the east.

MINUTES OF HAY.—Crowded out of this issue.

W. B. AMBERLY.—We are not forgetting to write, but our removal has turned us upside down.

SKATING CARNIVAL.—Mr Gooding announces a grand dress carnival at the skating rink on Friday, 27th inst. The Brass Band will be in attendance and commence to play at 7.30 p. m. Skaters will have a gay time and spectators will witness a pleasant and brilliant sight. Turn out in force!

PENNY READINGS—We would remind lovers of literary recreation that the Penny Readings take place in the Temperance Hall on Friday the 27th inst, at 7.30 p. m. A capital programme is being prepared and we hope to see a large audience.

NEW CONNEXION SOCIAL.—The Social on Friday evening 20th inst, was a very pleasant and successful affair. Quite a large gathering assembled and after a Rev Mr. Smyth took the chair Mr. Young then read N. P. Willis's powerful poem "The Leper" and the Rev W. S Blackstock made an interesting and instructive speech. Pleasant music was discoursed at intervals by young ladies connected with the congregation.

A TRUMPING HAGGIS.—Mr who desire to make or renew acquaintance with the "great chieftain of the pudding race" will bear in mind that a giant specimen is to be seen and tasted at Carmichael's Hotel Seaforth, on Wednesday, the 25th January.

AN OLD FRIEND.—We are very much pleased to see that our old, esteemed townsman Mr. J. A. Mackelar, formerly of the Commercial Academy, has been appointed Principal of the St. Mary's Common Schools. We are sure he will do credit to the confidence of his supporters at the Board of Trustees, and we wish him very great success in his new and useful sphere of labor.

Great Western and Wellington Grey and Bruce Rail Roads.

BRANCH TO KINCARDINE—The following important letter has been received by Mr. Thomas Gibson of Wiarton, from the Great Western R. R. We have pleasure in the interest of the important section of the county concerned, in giving it all the publicity we can.

HAMILTON, Jan. 19th, 1871,

THOS. GIBSON,
Chairman of the Delegation.

DEAR SIR—We have the pleasure of advising you that after carefully considering the proportion of your delegation to give a Bonus of $6000 per mile for the construction of a Railway from the Wellington Grey and Bruce to Kincardine, we feel fully justified in recommending the scheme to the attention of our Board of Directors as one that will be mutually advantageous to the County to be served as to the Great Western and Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway. In the meantime we trust you will take the necessary steps to promote the passage of the By-Laws without delay.)

Yours faithfully,
JOSEPH PRICE, Sec-Treas.
of Canada Board.
W K MUIR, General Superintendent.

FELLOW'S COMPOUND SYR. OF HYPOPHOSPHITES will not only supply the waste going on in the brain, but will enable the mind to endure a greater tax than before. It will impart vigor and promote clear conception to the intellect. It will strengthen the nerves and give power to all the involuntary as well as the voluntary muscles of the body.

Price $1 50 a bottle, 6 for $7 50. Sold by apothecaries and by F. Caulfill & Co., wholesale agents Montreal.

TWO QUESTIONS EASILY ANSWERED. Why should we worry with colds? Because they are great protection to the throat and lungs, and add much to their perfect appearance. Why should we use "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers?" Because when used for coughs, colds, bronchitis, throat and lung diseases, they act like a charm. Ministers and Lawyers, use them, physicians recommend them, and singers and public speakers say they are the very best medicine in existence for the cure of such complaints. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25 cts. per box.

LUCKNOW.

On Saturday evening of last week a meeting was held in the Town Hall, to hear the report of the Delegates that were sent to Hamilton to learn concerning the standing of the W. G. and B. Railway Company; and of the course that company intends to take in South Bruce. The meeting was well attended, and among the rest was Mr Dyas, civil engineer, on the L. H. and B. line. This gentleman had the brazen audacity to push himself into notice, though he well understood that he was no way concerned in the business to be transacted. It was moved and seconded that Squire Parris take the chair, and that Mr Cliffe be Secretary—both motions were unanimously carried. As Mr. Dyas felt such an itch 'to let his joys be known' it was resolved that he first occupy the floor. The speaker began by stating in substance that on account of so many lines running to other markets, London was obliged to build this line in order to secure a portion of the trade. Showing evidently that personal interest was their actuating motive, and not the development of the country through which the line might pass. However, as it is evident from the Municipalities that the company would have to bridge over for the want of bonuses, the scheme need not trouble men as it is more likely to be a thing of heaven than one of earth. He stated that Kincardine was the objective point as the merchants of that place already made it their market, and that the people of that place and Huron Township would give it their warmest support. Mr Dyas stated they were likely to be *the* chosen company as they were about to receive from the government one third of what would build the road, and that the city of London, notwithstanding their inability to discharge their indebtedness to the Municipal Loan Fund, were going to grant a bonus of $100,000. He also stated that the Route in view was free of hills—that their right of way would cost them little or nothing, and that they were promised already $4,500 per mile from London to Wingham. If these statements are all true the question is where are they going to spend all their money? As Dyas vouches they are going to have no CHAMPAGNE SUPPER!—As a guarantee that all this and more too would be done in post haste, he referred to the standing of the wholesale and retail merchants of London. He continued this strain until he exhausted his superfluous gas. He wound up by waving imaginary missiles at the W.G. and B. Co, and their working that the merest tyro in railway tactics could ward off if real without exertion. From his display of bank bills it was thought by all that he possessed more money than argument, he proved this while speaking, and he satisfied himself of the fact before he left the house.—So much for the "Wild Irishman." The delegation, which consisted of Messrs. Somerville, Campbell, McIntyre, Andrews and Murray, stated that they got on the W. G. and B. road at Alma and were in Hamilton in a very short time where they were very kindly entertained by the directors of that road. They were next introduced to the directors of the great Western road and were by them acquainted with all particulars, the latter showed them their very extensive engine shops in which there were some 51 men employed, doing all kinds of work connected with the road. From the Correspondence they were shown, it has been the intention of the Great Western, for some time past, to render them any assistance they require in prosecuting their work in Bruce. In a word, Mr. Muir stated that if there can be a reasonable bonus secured in South Bruce, that they would go on with the work, and have it completed in two years from the time of granting the bonus. Now it is understood that the Reeves of the North intend to assist those of the South in obtaining a County bonus and in all justice they should do so, therefore there can be no doubt that a branch of the broad gauge will be secured on the Southern survey, and thus settle the much agitated question of railways in Bruce.

OBITUARY.—It is with feelings of regret that the decease of Mr. Jas Henderson, 1st Concession of Kinloss, is announced. His death took place on Friday last in the presence of a number of his neighbors. Deceased was a bachelor of some 50 year of age, and he returned, I understand, to the last in complete possession of his faculties. He was a native of Scotland, and came to this place some twenty years ago where he remained till the time of his death. He was one of the earliest settlers in the locality, and by frugality and industry amassed a nice property. His mortal remains were interred in the burying ground at South Kinloss Presbyterian church, on Monday 16th inst, and were followed to the place of burial by a large number of the neighbors.

The Gravel Road Debentures

REPLY TO MR. T. M. MCMICHAEL.

To the Editor of the "Huron Signal."

SIR—In the issue of the *Expositor* of 12th inst., I observe a long article over the signature of Mr. Thomas McMichael, setting forth, first, that he had vanquished the Market "fee" question in regard by the *goodness corporations of Goderich and Seaforth*. As I don't intend to take up time or space in discussing that question; as I think enough has already been said about it, let it rest on its merits. But, sir, I wish to put him right in a few other matters more particularly connected with County Improvements, and the Northern Gravel Road By-Law. The reasons he gives for voting against the purchase of said road are:—"the Town of Goderich built the road as a speculation from which they expected to receive large dividends, and had they been realizing 20 or 40 per cent on their outlay they would not have requested the farmers of Huron to purchase it from them." Now Sir, as to this last clause there is not a word of truth in it, as to the Town going into it as a speculation; neither did the Town build the road; that assertion is also untrue. The facts are these, the Municipal Corporation of the Town lent to a Joint Stock Company the sum of $60,000, taking a Bond of said Company for $[illegible] with interest at six per cent, allowing them a Bonus of $[illegible] in carrying out the work; the Company put in of their own money $20,000 making in all $80,000. From this statement of facts I would ask the Hullet philosopher, if $40,000 was not enough for the Town and Company to lose, besides the accrued interest on the above sum which amounts to over $20,000 more, making in all $100,000. For the truth of the above statement I would refer any rate payer in the County to John Bell Gordon, Esq., Secretary of the Northern gravel road company who resides in Goderich. Again sir, although the philosopher is a very wise man in his own *conceit*, still, I am prepared to show that his statements with reference to the disposition of the $400,000, borrowed for building the County gravel roads, are incorrect and not true. My worthy friend will be taken by surprise and shocked, when I tell him that all the share the Town got of the $400,000 was $2,568, which was spent in improving the Bridge hill, in this Municipality. I ask was the above sum an equivalent for this corporation which paid the highest County rate of any Municipality in the two counties for many years before and after the above amount was borrowed, which I am prepared to show? The Town of Goderich A. D. 1855, was assessed for County purposes as shown in June minutes of that year for the sum of $6903,00, whereas the united Townships of Hullet and Morris for the same year, were assessed at the sum of $3241,00 showing a difference of $3752,00 which this Town paid over and above both Municipalties. This state of matters continued until the year 1859 when the *grasping* Town of Goderich got some redress. The next matter I shall touch upon is the expenditure on the Maitland Bridge. He says for building and repairing the said Bridge and Bridge Hill cost this County the further sum of $35,-874; this statement is also incorrect, as a By-law was passed in A. D. 1853 by the United Counties to raise by debentures the sum of $22,000 for the erection of the Maitland Bridge. Now, Mr. Editor, I am prepared to show that the County of Bruce paid their full share of the above sum. Then again in 1856, a further sum of $10,288,00 was put in the estimates for the same purpose, a full share of which the County of Bruce also paid. Then for the cost of reconstruction of said bridge in A. D. 1863, the amount was raised by direct taxation, so that not one dollar was taken from the $400,000, borrowed in in 1857 for the building or repairs of said bridge. I say again that all the Town got out of the gravel road debentures was $2568. In the year 1869 the Town of Goderich paid to the County as interest and sinking fund on the above debentures the sum of $3247,70, being $689, more than we received altogether out of the fund. Now Sir, I will just see how the same account stands with the *Philosopher's* own Municipality; it got out of the above Debentures the nice little sum of $38,600 and paid for interest and sinking fund in 1869, the sum of $3025,93, being $221,77 less than this Town paid in same year which only got $2568 as their portion of the $400,000. My worthy friend tries to show that the Municipalities of Ashfield, Colborne and the Town of Goderich got collectively the sum of $69,042, which he says is $7546 more than their just proportion. Now Sir, I am prepared to show that all these Municipalities got out of the above mentioned sum was $29,536 as shown in the June minutes of 1869. I will here ask the question how he came to leave out West Wawanosh, a Township that got over ten miles of its front gravelled by the Northern gravel road company, and all it received from the above mentioned debentures was $2,400. I would ask was this an equivalent for a Township of forty two thousand acres? I would now ask the Philosopher was it through ignorance or duplicity, that he left this Municipality out in the cold, which got more of its front gravelled by the Company than the Township of Ashfield. Now Mr. Editor I think I have said about enough to satisfy any reasonable man that had the gravel road By-law passed, no injury or loss would have occurred to the County as the road was valued by two

That all may fairly see both sides of the question, we publish Mr T McMichael's letter, to which the Warden replies as above. We notice our old friend accuses the *Signal* of "boasting." That we must take decided exception to for, we are uniformly as *modest* as we are *young* and never were guilty of indulging in a boastful spirit. At the same time we were not ashamed to fight on the side of such a decent minority as 1557 out of the 3748 who voted on the Gravel Road By-law. That Goderich is foolish enough to exacts a market-fee is no fault of ours as we are opposed on principle to every such impost on trade. ED. SIGNAL.

To the Editor of the Clinton New Era.

SIR,—Having ventilated through the columns of your paper the smarket fee question, imposed on the farmers by the grasping corporations of Goderich and Seaforth, I will now recall your attention to a few remarks relative to the County By-law, recently submitted for the approval of the ratepayers of the County, for the purchase of the Northern Gravel Road. You, Mr. Editor, are perfectly well aware that I have been often taunted with my inconsistency in advocating free markets and tolled roads. I certainly voted against the by-law for the purchase of the Northern Gravel Road without even taking into consideration the toll question at all; but, at the same time, I contend that free roads and free markets are not a fair comparison, simply, because a farmer going to Goderich or Seaforth to dispose of his produce, does no injury to the property of those corporations; his going there is a source of benefit and profit to them, and if he makes his purchases there, he leaves over *one hundred dollars a year of clear profits* for the benefit of the corporation, for which they in return charge him about *one dollar as market fees*, and for which he receives no benefit, directly or indirectly; he therefore views it as a piece of imposition, whereas the gravel roads are the property of all the ratepayers of the County, and tolls are not collected so as to produce a revenue—the sole benefit to the ratepayers, but merely to assist in keeping these roads in a good state of repair, and every person who uses them just pays in proportion to the injury he does them and the amount of benefit he receives. My reasons for voting against the purchase of the Northern Gravel Road are, the town of Goderich built the road as a speculation, from which they expected to receive large dividends, and had they been realizing 20 or 40 per cent on their outlay, they would not have requested the farmers of Huron to purchase it from them. It has been stated that if Goderich had not built the Northern Gravel Road, it would have been one of those built by the County. That might have been so, but that is no valid reason why the County should purchase it from them now. But, sir, the strongest and most valid reason is that advanced by the Warden of the County and his followers, and the united press of Huron, either purchase the Northern Gravel Road or grant an equivalent of $400,000 bonus for the building of the County gravel roads, to the town of Goderich the township of Colborne, the township of Ashfield. Now, Mr. Editor, this I consider to be the real, equitable point at issue. The question then arises, have those municipal corporations got an equivalent. From the information that I have received, and I believe it to be authentic, they have already received more than an equivalent, and it follows the proofs:—Ashfield and Colborne received of the original grant, which was spent in grading the Lake Shore Road, the sum of $12,400, and Goderich township received $42,518; consequently there has been expended, in gravelling the Lake Shore Road, $18,200, the building and repairing of the Maitland Bridge, and Bridge hill at Goderich, has cost the County the further sum of $35,874, leaving a balance in favor of the County, making up a sum total of *sixteen thousand and forty two dollars*. I will now bring my circumstances on the list equalized value of the County which was $12,000,000 and there was $400,000 borrowed for the building of the County gravel roads; the last equalized value of Ashfield was $804,140, Colborne $677,140, and the town of Goderich $570,000, making a total of $1,920,280, which will make their proportion of the $400,000 to be $41,736, the latter sum I will deduct from the amount they have received, namely, $40,012, which will then leave a balance of *sixteen thousand, two hundred and eighty-six dollars* more than their just proportion. Now, sir, was it due to duplicity or ignorance of the fact that the Warden of the County and his followers tried to impose upon the ratepayers of the County, and was it through ignorance, or for a *consideration*, that the press of Huron was unanimous in behalf of their cause, or did the Warden and his sam majority of the Reeves of the County suppose that the farmers of Huron could be led, or driven by the crack of the whip of the united press of the County, like a flock of sheep to the slaughter. I will patiently await their reply. But the *Signal* was lately boasting that out of the 3748 votes polled on the County gravel by-law, 1,557 voted for the by-law. Such was the fact. There was the Goderich gallant 500, who was voting $14,000 out of the County funds into their own pockets, while they collect ten cents from every farmer who goes there with a load of produce to trade, over and above their legitimate profits; and then there was the Seaforth 72, who only pay $510 as a County rate, while they collect from the farmers, as market fees, $1,320; and also in Canton, 50 voted for the by-law, but in order to preserve a neutrality, 30 voted against it, while they pay $706 as County-rate, and collect no market fees, so you will observe that out of the 1,557 votes for the by-law, there was a considerable over *third of the votes polled in the County municipality*.

In conclusion, Mr. Editor, the importance of the matter discussed is a sufficient apology for the "Solitary Farmer" occupying, of late, so much of your space. I will now withdraw from the contest, and leave the matter to abler pens, always, of course, reserving the right to defend my own position.

Yours, &c.,
THOMAS McMICHAEL.

Hullet, Jan. 7th, 1870.

DUNGANNON Jan 19th 1871.

EDITOR *Huron Signal*, GODERICH.

MR. EDITOR.—Having noticed in your last week's issue an account of the Nile source which was all well enough; but I cannot see what your correspondent has to criticise me on. I confess that I made a mistake as I find two members of the Nile lodge visited us on the night of our source, instead of one. If this is not the number I gave your correspondent would mention it in the time he writes, and he would oblige me greatly. And another thing I would like him to mention is whether was he at our source or not, if not how does he know who attended? There might have been some come up to the village but did not go to the source. Mr. Editor I shall not spend any more time on this unimportant subject, hoping that it will find a place in your paper. I remain your Cor.
A TEMPLAR.

We are sure our Correspondent did not at all intend to disparage Nile Lodge or his own Lodge in his remarks. This we say both to our Nile and our other Dungannon Correspondent.—EDITOR SIGNAL.

A WORLD IN TROUBLE.—The world is in trouble, nations are convulsed; thrones are trembling; governments are agitated; people are excited, and the whole social organization of civilization appears to be sensitively influenced by something premonitory of a great change; now for nervousness there is nothing like the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," which also cures rheumatism, neuralgia, tic doloureux cramps and pains in the stomach, &c. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold by all medicine dealers.

FOUNDATLAST! A remedy that not only relieves but cures that enemy of mankind, Consumption—search as the prime movers of ditty which revolve around it in the shape of coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Influenza, &c. The remedy we allude to is DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, prepared by Seth W Fowle & Son, Boston.

GREAT CONDITION MEDICINE. As a Condition Medicine for horses "Hall's Arabian Horse Remedy" has no equal, its effects in this respect are astonishing. Many horses were supposed to be for long down and almost worthless, but by the speedy few powders administered or from the stage and coach, and carried all traces of the disease away, been completely restored to health, and have been sold for more money than they would probably have brought when worn and worthless, to the great satisfaction of the purchaser. "Arabian Horse Remedy," and we know it will do what is perfectly satisfactory with the result.

Beware of the name and see that the signature of Hall & Co is on each package.

Northrup & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

GODERICH SALT CO.—At the annual meeting on 14th inst., the following gentlemen were elected Directors for the current year:—Samuel Platt, John V. Detlor, M. C. Cameron, A. M. Ross, Robert Gibbons, Samuel Sloan, William Campbell, E. U. Sayers and Christopher Crabb. At a meeting of the Directors, held subsequently, John V. Detlor Esq. was appointed President; Mr Detlor and R. Gibbons Esq. delegates to the Agricultural Board and William Campbell Esq. Secretary—Treasurer.

Special Notices.

THE GREAT FEMALE REMEDY

Job Moses' Periodical Pills

THIS INVALUABLE MEDICINE IS UNFAILING in the cure of all those painful and dangerous complaints incidental to the female constitution, it gently removes all obstructions and a speedy cure is confidently warranted.

TO MARRIED LADIES

It is specially adapted to them, as in a short time, during the pregnancy it will cause no miscarriage.

FIFTY PILLS IN A BOX. Price $1 each box, or six boxes for $5 will be sent to any address on receipt of the money.

Sold by all Druggists throughout the United States and Canada. Address all letters to the Proprietors, Seth W. Fowle & Son, Boston, Mass.

NORTHRUP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for Canada.

Sold in Goderich by Parker & Cattle and E. Hodgins; Gardner & Co., Bayfield; James Bentham, Hensall; J. Pickard, Exeter; J. H. Combe, Clinton; Second, Lucknow; E. Hickson, Seaforth, and all Medicine Dealers. w1-

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

A Family Medicine, well and favorably known for the past ten years, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been strictly followed, for on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its Virtue and Medical effects.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER has won for itself a reputation as a household panacea, a sterling medicine, a comfort and a blessing to the sick of every class and country. It cures Diarrhœa, Bowel Complaints, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Kidney Complaints, Cold Stomach, Dysentery, Asthma, and numerous bodily ailments, and the system that is suffering is invariably benefited.

Its unequalled success in curing sudden colds, Sore Throat, Coughs, Diphtheria, pains in the shoulders or back, neuralgic affections, rheumatism and numerous ailments in any part of the body, that it has won for itself a reputation as a household remedy, and has superseded all other remedies of the kind.

It is a safe and efficient remedy for Sprains, Bruises, Scalds, Burns, Cuts, Chilblains, Toothache, Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds, Diarrhœa, Cholera Morbus, Cramps and Pains in the Stomach, Dysentery, Cholera Infantum, &c.

Prepared only by the proprietors,

NORTHRUP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.,
General Agents for Canada.

Sold in Goderich by Parker & Cattle and E. Hodgins; Gardner & Co., Bayfield; James Bentham, Hensall; J. Pickard, Exeter; J. H. Combe, Clinton; Second, Lucknow; E. Hickson, Seaforth, and all Medicine Dealers. w38-

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES & CATTLE.

A NEVER FAILING REMEDY

THIS VALUABLE OIL is warranted to cure Spavins, Ringbones, Sweeny, Wind Galls, Curbs, Splints, Sore Throat, Swellings, Lameness, Stiffness, Contracted Cords, Sore Breast, Sore Mouth, Sore Tongue, Foundered Feet, Hoven, Colic, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colds, Coughs, Croup, Sore Throat, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pleurisy, Inflammation of the Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Sore Breast, Caked Udder, Garget, Diphtheria, Quinsy, Mumps, Sore Ears, Ringworm, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, Sore Nipples, Chilblains, Frost Bites, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Bruises, Wounds, Piles, Fistula, Poll Evil, Fever Sores, Mange, Scratches, Lameness, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Toothache, Earache, Sore Throat, Pains and Aches of all kinds.

Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine throughout the Dominion.

NORTHRUP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for Canada.

Sold in Goderich by Parker & Cattle and E. Hodgins; Gardner & Co., Bayfield; James Bentham, Hensall; J. Pickard, Exeter; J. H. Combe, Clinton; Second, Lucknow; E. Hickson, Seaforth, and all Medicine Dealers. w1-

BIRTHS.

At Goderich, this day, 20th inst., Mrs John Harris of a daughter.

At Clinton, on 19th inst. the wife of R. Matheson Esq. *New Era* of a son.

At Goderich, on 22nd inst, the wife of Mr. H. Williams of twins—a boy and girl.

New Advertisements

Tenders Wanted.

TENDERS wanted by the Board of School Trustees of the Town of Goderich for the delivery of 100 cords Green Wood (Maple and Beech) sound and good, on or before the 1st of April next, 75 cords of which to be delivered at the Central School, and the balance at the 4 Schools. Tenders will be received by the undersigned until noon of Thursday 23d February next.

W. McKAY, Sec.
Goderich, 19th January, 1871. wd3d—

NOTICE.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between the undersigned under the style or firm of Strachan and McKinnon, as Blacksmiths in the Town of Goderich, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All parties indebted to us must settle up their accounts on or before next month, or they will be sued for the same. All parties to whom the firm is indebted will please send in their claims to Mr. Adam Armstrong, who is hereby authorized to grant receipts in our behalf. All parties to whom the firm is indebted will please send in their claims to Mr. Adam Armstrong, who is hereby authorized to grant receipts in our behalf.

Goderich this fourteenth day of January A. D. 1871.

WITNESS—
JOHN ROBERTSON.

D. K. STRACHAN,
HUGH M. KINNON.
w2-3d

New Advertisements

$200 TO $2000

ON MORTGAGE, REPAYABLE BY INSTALMENTS (not in advance) in from 2 to 15 years,

Month'y 5 per cent
Yearly 6 " "
Yearly 7 " "

Apply to
F. F. WALKER
Solicitor &c.,
Goderich 23 January 1871. sw14-2m

TRUEMAN'S SALE ROOMS.

UNRESERVED AUCTION SALE OF

DRY GOODS, &c.,

G. M. TRUEMAN, is instructed to sell by Auction at his Sale Rooms, Goderich, commencing on

Wednesday, Jan. 25th, at 11 A. M. & 7 P. M.

And continue each day afterwards until the whole is disposed of. A consignment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Wooden Ware, Fancy Woollen Goods, Staples, Sundries, &c.

☞ This is a rare chance for families to secure good bargains as the goods are to be sold without reserve.

TERMS OF SALE, CASH.

G. M. TRUEMAN, Auctioneer.
Goderich Jan. 20th, 1871. sw11-1a

MONEY TO LEND ON IMPROVED FARMS

IN sums from $500 upwards at low rates of interest. Chargeable only in the Township of Goderich.

BEATTY, CHADWICK & LASH,
Solicitors, 26 King Street East, Toronto.
January 21st, 1870. sw44-2m—6

A rare chance for Millers.

THE GODERICH STEAM FLOUR & GRIST MILL FOR SALE

COMPOSED of two run of stones, Gang of Mill Saws, complete, [illegible] Dressing and Turning by 40 horse power Engine and boiler, nearly new. [illegible]

For further particulars apply to
ALEX. SPEARS, Esq.
Goderich Jan. 24th 1871. w4-1m—

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869

IN THE MATTER OF CHARLES DAYS

Insolvent
By virtue of a Warrant issued by
An Insolvent

THE ABOVE NAMED INSOLVENT HAS MADE an assignment of his Estate and Effects to me for the benefit of his creditors, according to the provisions of the Insolvent Act of 1869, and the creditors of the said Insolvent are hereby notified that I have called a meeting of his creditors at my office, on the 24th day of January, instant, at 2 o'clock, p.m., when and where the said creditors are requested to be present, and prove their claims, and to give instructions for the disposal of the said Insolvent's Estate, and to appoint Inspectors of the said Estate.

For Further Particulars

Apply to J. B. GORDON, Solicitor, Goderich, to the Assignee at his residence in the said township.

SAM'L ROBINSON, Assignee.
Goderich January 21st 1871. w4-2in

Farm for Sale.

A SMALL FARM, UNDER GOOD CULTIVATION [illegible]

[illegible]

For further particulars apply to [illegible]

Goderich, 1871. w4-2m

A MERRY CHRISTMAS

ROBINSON & CO.,

HAVE PLEASURE IN INFORMING THAT THEY ARE NOW SUPPLIED WITH EVERYTHING SUITABLE FOR THE COMING CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR SEASONS, WHICH THEY ARE PREPARED TO SELL CHEAP.

TEAS

10cts, 60cts, 75cts and $1.00

FRUITS.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF VALENCIA, LAYER, & SEEDLESS RAISINS

18 pounds OF CURRANTS FOR $1.00

Imperials of Raisins for $1.00

PEELS of all KINDS!

GOOD AND CHEAP.

☞ A large quantity of salt water Herring on hand.

The Largest and Choicest Stock of Crockery in town.

Goderich Dec. 15th, 1870. sw4tf

GO TO G. McKENZIE'S

FOR CHRISTMAS FRUIT.

BEST LAYER RAISINS 9cts per pound
" VALENCIA " 8 " "
" SEEDLESS " 10 " "
MOLASSES 35 cts per GALLON

Goderich, Dec. 9th, 1870. w19—

Goderich, Dec. 19, 1870.

VOTE EARLY AND VOTE OFTEN.

THE COMING ELECTION,

GREAT EXCITEMENT!

THE subscriber begs to announce that the great excitement attendant on the coming election, in the matter of supplying the electors with good Groceries, Wines and Liquors, has induced him to make extensive preparations for the same, and he now offers to the electors of Goderich and vicinity a stock of goods in his line, which for quality and cheapness cannot be surpassed by any other house in the trade.

The Polling places for St. Patrick's Ward will be at Abraham Smith's,

Open to morrow morning from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m., and continued until the election.

The Returning Officer on receiving your vote, will return with a receipt signed "ROBERT Quick," upon necessity, the clerk now in attendance.

Abraham Smith, Wholesale and Retail Grocer, Next door to A. McKinlay's Dry Goods Store, Market Square, Goderich.

N. B. If the Grocer should take your vote, You will call, see and buy.

FARM FOR SALE.

A RARE CHANCE.

THE PROPERTY OF THE LATE ANDREW TORRANCE being the South Half of Lot No. 28 north of the road in Ashfield, Co. Huron, for sale. A first class farm—70 acres cleared, with buildings and orchard.

Terms Very Reasonable. Full particulars as to price, &c., to be had at the Office of

DOUGLAS & SCOBIE,
Barristers, Goderich.

Goderich December 23rd 1870

GREAT DISCOUNT SALE AT THE EMPORIUM

J. C. DETLOR & Co

OFFER THEIR ENTIRE STOCK OF

READY MADE CLOTHING

AT TEN PER CENT DISCOUT

LADIES' AND GENTS' FURS

AT TEN PER CENT DISCOUNT.

Ladies' Hoods, Clouds, Sontags, Breakfast Shawls

AT TEN PER CENT DISCOUNT.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS

Just received a third lot of Canadian shirts and DRAWERS, EXTRA GOOD VALUE.

J. C. DETLOR & Co.

Goderich, Jan. 24th, 1871.

THE NEW STORE IN FULL BLAST!

GEORGE ACHESON

Is now settled in his New Store and doing a rushing BUSINESS

His stock of Dry-goods, Winter Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Flannels and everything in THE LINE IS

FRESH, GOOD AND CHEAP.

SPLENDID GROCERIES

THE Finest Christmas Fruits at the very Lowest PRICES.

Goderich, Dec. 20th, 1870.

PREPARE FOR WINTER!

W. & J. KAY

WILL CLEAR OUT THEIR STOCK OF OVER-COATS!

ALSO A FEW UNDER-COATS; PANTS AND VESTS AT COST.

3yds, 36-in., heavy Wincey Shirting for one dollar.

Goderich, Nov. 28th, 1870. w43—

NEW DRY GOODS!

A CHOICE SELECTION of NEW and BEAUTIFUL GOODS is JUST TO HAND

JOHN HARRIS.

Goderich, April 12th 1870. w12

Lot 932, St. Patrick St. GODERICH,

IS for sale, and the public are notified that I am the only person who has a good title to the same. Trespassers will be prosecuted.

THOMAS ROBERTSON,
Dundas.
January, 3rd, 1871. sw49-w 50-4t—

MUSIC

MISS FLETCHER'S class for instruction in the elements of Instrumental Music, meets every Saturday at 2 o'clock p. m. Terms—$2.00 per quarter.

Goderich, Jan 16th, 1870. w3-tf—

Salt & Flour Barrel HOOPS.

COMPETENT HANDS at Wright's Cooperage will be given work at the highest price paid at present. Apply to Jacob Campbell, Hay, Huron, Watford.

Watford, January 1st, 1871. w2-tf—

NORWAY OATS.

THE SUBSCRIBER WILL SEED LOT No. 3 in the Town of Goderich with NORWAY OATS, free from Wild Oats, and guarantee them to be free from Foul Weeds, and of the best quality. Parties who have purchased Seed Oats from me last year, which turned out badly, can have their money back on the same being returned to me. Apply on the premises, Lot No. 3, Nelson Street, Goderich.

EDWARD TURNER.

Jan 20th, 1871. w2-

IRON IN THE BLOOD.

DYSPEPSIA DEBILITY DROPSY HUMORS

PERUVIAN IRON TONIC SYRUP

The PERUVIAN SYRUP makes the weak strong, and expels disease by supplying the blood with iron.

Nature's own remedy.

Caution.—Be sure you get Peruvian Syrup. Pamphlets gratis. J. P. DINSMORE, Proprietor, 37 Dey St., New York.

Sold by Druggists generally.

BRANTFORD BREWERY!

THOS. SPENCER, PRO.

Spencer's XXX Ales & Porter, Spencer's Bottled Ale in Fine condition, Spencer's Ales in Puncheon, barrels and Half barrels, at the

GODERICH DEPOT,

MARKET SQUARE.

GEO. GRANT.

Goderich, Jan. 19th 1871. sw11-1y

Mrs. Mack's Refreshment Rooms.

WEST SIDE MARKET SQUARE,

Now Re-opened in the New Building

FRESH OYSTERS

FRUIT of all kinds in season. Oysters, &c., Meals at all hours. Ladies and families supplied at their residences. The New Building on the old stand.

Goderich Sept. 8th, 1870. w.1tf

ALWAYS AHEAD

READY FOR THE HOLIDAYS

D. FERGUSON

is not to be caught unprepared to supply his customers with everything they require for

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR

He has now received a splendid stock of

GROCERIES

COMPLETE FRESH AND CHEAP.

In Christmas fruits he is fully assorted and prepared to sell as low as any other House in town.

CHOICE

TEA

ALL PRICES.

A FULL STOCK OF

At GREAtly REDUCED prices

ANY QUANTITY OF

A SECOND SUPPLY JUST TO hand consisting of the latest styles of

LADIES' & GENTS' WINTER BOOTS

" " " Felt Boys
Children's " "

ALL OFFERED ASTONISHINGLY CHEAP

Cotton Yarn $1.50 per BUNDLE.

DRY-GOODS & WOOL SHIRTINGS,

Winceys from 12½ cts
Plaid dress-goods from 12½
White and Scarlet flannels from 25 cts,

BLANKETS FROM $2.50

Ladies' Long Shawls

NEW STYLES & CHEAP

CALL EARLY AND SECURE BARGAINS.

Goderich Dec. 22nd, 1870. sw30-1m

X'MAS & NEW YEAR'S.

SANTA CLAUS

invites his numerous patrons to call at the

'STAR' OFFICE BOOK STORE,

and inspect the immense stock he

HAS PROVIDED FOR THEM

CONSISTING OF

TOYS, FANCY GOODS, JWELRY, BOOKS, &c.

PRICES REDUCED TO SUIT THE TIMES.

THE GOODS ARE NOW OPEN FOR INSPECTION.

Goderich, Dec. 20th, 1870.

CLOSING OUT!!

A. MARTIN,

in view of changing his business, has determined on

SELLING OUT

his whole stock of Dry-goods at cost.

THIS IS NO HUMBUG TO DECEIVE PEOPLE & THEN SELL THEM GOODS

At the Usual rates,

But an actual clearing OFF;

AND PARTIES WISHING TO SECURE BARGAINS

—will—

SAVE 20 per CENT

—BY—

CALLING AND PURCHASING FROM

A. MARTIN

(Next door to A. Smith's Clothing Store, Market Square.)

Goderich, Dec 26th, 1870. sw37-tf

Christmas Presents!

W. F. P. SMART

HAS JUST Received a Magnificent Stock of

GOLD BROOCHES,
SILVER BROOCHES,
JET BROOCHES,
SCARF PINS,
JEWELLED RINGS,
GOLD RINGS,
SILVER RINGS,
PLATED WARE,
CRUETS,
BUTTER DISHES,
CAKE BASKETS,
CARD SERVERS,
FILAGREE SETTS,
NAPKIN RINGS,

BUTTER KNIVES, SPOONS &c.,

all of the newest designs, & best materials; suitable for the coming season, when friends are interchanging presents with each other.

Also a large Stock of BRIGHT & COLORED GOLD JEWELLERY IN SETTS, or by the single piece, all warranted.

WATCHES & CLOCKS.

Best Makes, guaranteed as represented, and cheap for cash.

W. F. P. S. IS DETERMINED TO DO A and will now sell every $5.00 worth of Jewellery a decent piece of music gratis, till after the New Year.

REPAIRS.

Executed in the best style and with despatch, by a first-class jeweller and watch maker from London.

W. F. P. SMART.

Dec. 16th 1870. sw34-3m

NOTICE.

THE Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Goderich Permanent will be held in the Town Hall on Saturday 14th Jan. 1871 at 3 p.m. for the purpose of receiving and considering the report of the directors for the year ending 31st December, and for other general business.

W. CAMPBELL,
Goderich Jan 3d 1871. Sec.-Treas.

FOR SALE.

THE COUNTERS, SHELVING AND DRAWERS in the Store recently occupied by Mr E. J. Moore. Apply to

W. & J. KAY.
Goderich 20th Dec. 1870. w50-tf

Wanted to Purchase.

A GOOD SALT WELL, [illegible] preferred. Address with fully, price and particulars, "SIGNAL" Office.

Dec. 7th, 1870. w52tf—

STRAYED

INTO the premises of the undersigned last summer a year-old heifer, white & red with a split ear. The owner is requested to pay for this notice and take her away.

W. FINLAY.
Ashfield, Con. 10, Lot 5. w52-2t—
January. 17th, 1871.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination with they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and insinuating tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Apparently it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develops into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA*: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions of visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

[illegible] by Parker & Cattle and E. Hodgins, Goderich; Carter, Bayfield; James Bentham, Hensall; J. Pickard, Exeter; J. H. Combe, Clinton; Second, Lucknow; E. Hickson, Seaforth, and all Medicine Dealers. w-17

SALT TERRITORY.

FOR SALE, IN 2 ACRE BLOCKS ON RAILWAY Track, immediately out of town and facing the Corporation of Goderich, about quarters of a mile from Market Square and commanding a leading road to town.

☞ This is one of the most valuable locations for Salt Works in the [illegible] for the economy of teaming and the economy in the fuel of wood. For further particulars apply at

THE SIGNAL OFFICE.

Goderich, Nov. 19th, 1870. sw37-tf

CLOPPERS WANTED

TWO hundred cords of wood. Apply to HARVEY HINCKS, Esq., Lot 19, Con. Goderich Tp.

Goderich, Nov. 23rd 1870. sw38-tf—

WANTED

BY the subscriber at Fort Albert Mills, a man capable of taking charge of a Grist-mill business. For particulars, Apply in person to

JAMES CRAWFORD.

Fort Albert, Nov. 14th 1870. sw-3-

NORWAY OATS.

PURE Norway Oats for seed. I am prepared to take orders for a limited quantity of the justly celebrated variety. Farmers wanting seed will please order early as the supply will be limited to order.

H. HOWELL.

Goderich, Dec. 5th, 1870. w47-tf

Steam Engines on Sale Che

ONE 10 horse power, nearly new by Waterous of Brantford, with Tubes, Dome and boiler are attached together on the Locomotive efficient working order; price $525. One 12 horse power with detached boiler has been used very little, price $575. I do do without boiler by Mr Lot of Brantford, price $250. These Engines will be found cheaper than the above prices and are in as good condition to now. For particulars apply to

J. H. KILLEY,
Machinist, Goderich
Goderich, Dec 19th 1870. w47-tf—

CAUTION.

ANY PERSON OR PERSONS FOUND TRESPassing or cutting timber, on West half of lot 14, con 1 Colborne, W. Watson sh, will be prosecuted according to Law.

MALCOLM STEWART.

Goderich Dec. 14 1870. w6-3m

AXE MAKING.

THE [illegible] to inform the public that he [illegible] AXE Manufactory at [illegible] Street, Goderich, [illegible] Co., that he can [illegible] by any other maker, [illegible] Hardware [illegible] Goderich.

REDUCTION IN PRICES!

JOHN McPHERSON.

Goderich, Nov. 24th, 1870.

HAWKINS' LATE NORTH END, A. J. Hawkins, Prop., [illegible] Wilford Hawkins, Prop., [illegible] Goderich 19th 1870. w[illegible]

Ready for Winter.

H. DUNLOP

Has now received a large stock of Winter Tweeds, Coatings Overcoatings &c

Which he is prepared to make up

FASHIONABLE AND CHEAP ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

IN READY-MADES' HE has now on hand a large stock, which he will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.

A full assortment of Gentlemen's clothing ties, collars and shirts of all kinds and qualities.

Call and see styles and prices.

Oct. 17th, 1870. w39-tf

Goderich Skating Rink.

WILL BE OPENED ON MONDAY NEXT, THE [illegible] to make it a thing the season of all (especially the young people) the proprietor has made a reduction in the Tickets to the following prices, viz:

Family Ticket (four from one family)	$5.00
Two from one Family	3.00
Gentleman's Single Ticket	1.50
Lady's Single Ticket	1.00
Gentleman's Evening Ticket	0.00
Lady's Evening Ticket	1.50
Season Ticket	50
Spectators	5
Lady Spectators	Free
All children under eight years	10
Children (accompanied by parents or friends)	25
Do (unaccompanied by parents or friends)	25
Do (members)	25

The [illegible] Skates will be found [illegible] Skates—Ill be found [illegible] Skates—Ill be found [illegible] Skates—Ill be found [illegible]

W. F. GOODIN.

Goderich, 23rd October, 1870. w[illegible]

THE PAWNED BIBLE.

Just at twilight on a November day a man about thirty-five years old entered a grocery on Federal street, in the city of——, with a junk bottle in one hand, and a Bible in the other. He stepped up to the counter and said to the owner of the establishment, "Will you let me have a pint on that? I'll pay it in a few days"

The grocer looked at the back of the book and saw the words "Holy Bible," and knew at a glance that it was worth vastly more than a pint of whiskey, and said "Yes." He laid the book behind him on a shelf, and drew the liquor, and the customer departed.

A loafer setting by the stove said, "Duncan is getting rather hard up, if he pawns books for drinks."

"He is indeed," said the proprietor. "He knew he could not get trusted, and still he will have his grog. I am almost sorry I let him have it. Has he a family?

"Yes, a wife and four children."

Here the conversation was interrupted by the entrance of other customers.

The man who brought the Bible in and pawned it was a mechanic. He was very skilful in shoeing horses, and was employed by a firm who owned many teams. He could easily have acquired property, and have been comfortable, if he had abstained from drink. His employers had often threatened to turn him off but he would promise to do better, and desiring to keep one so skilled in their employment, they had continued him along. Sometimes for days he would not work an hour, and then for weeks he would attend to his work faithfully. Of course he used up all his wages, and his family sometimes suffered for the comforts of life.

The owner of the grocery was a Scotchman by the name of McKey. He left his native place when about twenty-one years of age, and after residing in Canada for a few years, he found his way to ——, and commenced the sale of liquor. This was many years ago, when little was said and less was done, on the subject of temperance.

McKey's mind had, however, been led to the consideration of the evils of intemperance. He was a member of a Scotch Presbyterian church, and his pastor frequently alluded to the drinking usages of the day, much to the annoyance of his hearers. Even some of his church session thought he was "wise above what was written."

The evening passed off, and at length he closed his shutters. Before retiring he carelessly took up the Bible and opened it, and on the fly-leaf he read:

"JENNIE SMART,
from
MARGARET MCKEY."

He was perfectly amazed. Here was a Bible which once belonged to his own mother, and presented by her to Jennie Smart, whom he well remembered as a servant in his father's family at the time he left Scotland. He could not be mistaken with respect to the handwriting of his mother; nor could he keep out of his mind the smiling face of Jennie Smart. The reader can easily imagine that trains of thought and reflection that were awakened which would prevent him from sleeping.—Still, there was a mystery about it. How came this Bible in the hands of James Duncan, the drunken blacksmith? This mystery he determined to solve.

The next day he went to the shop where Duncan worked, approached the anvil where he was fitting a shoe, and said:—"You left a Bible with me last night."

"Yes. You don't want me to redeem it so soon, do you?"

"No. I want to know where you got it."

"I came honestly by it."

"I presume so, but I am anxious to know."

"Well, sir, it belongs to my wife. She had it ever since she was a girl?"

"Was her name Jennie Smart?"

"That was her name when I married her. Why?"

"I think I used to know her in Scotland. Do you live near here?

"Yes. In Liberty street just round the corner from Elm, up-stairs."

"With your leave I will call on her."

"That you can do if you like."

McKey left the shop, and soon found the miserable abode, and, ascending the rickety stairs, rapped at the door, which was opened by woman who seemed surprised to see a stranger. She invited him to be seated. He knew not how to commence the conversation, but at length said: "This is Mrs. Duncan, I suppose."

"Yes, sir."

He asked a few more commonplace questions, and she replied. He then said: "I preceive, by your accent, that like myself, you are Scotch."

"Yes, sir. I was born near Glasgow."

"Did you ever know a lass by the name of Jennie Smart?"

"Yes, sir. That was my own name when I was a lass."

"Did you ever know a lady by the name of McKey—Margaret McKey?"

'Yes, sir. I know her well, I wrought for her as a servant for years.'

'Did you ever see this book before?' reaching out the Bible.

'Yes, sir, Mrs. McKey gave me that the day before I took passage for America. But, sir how came it in your hands?'

'I keep a grocery on Federal street. Your husband pawned it to me for drink."

She began to weep. He saw where the sore spot in her heart was. He told her who he was, and drew from her a history of her trials, and then said: "Jennie, (for you will allow me to call you so) I am very sorry I have been the means of giving you any sorrow. I will never sell your husband another drop of liquor. I will do what I can to reform him.'

We will not give the conversation in detail. His visit cheered her heart.

On his way back, he stopped at the shop where Duncan was at work He looked up as McKey entered, and said: "Did you find the place?'

'Yes. I find I used to know your wife when she lived at home.

'You never knew any ill of her. [illegible] 'No she was always kind and gentle. Now, Duncan, as you have such [illegible] wife and such pretty children, why don't you stop drinking?

He replied: "A Yankee always answers a question by asking another. As you have no wife nor children, why don't you stop selling?'

'If I will stop selling, will you stop drinking?'

He stood a moment, cast his eye upward, and said, 'I will.'

'Give us your hand on that,' said McKey.

They shook hands.

'Now,' said McKey, 'come over to the grocery.' They went over and emptied all the liquor into the street. When the work was completed, McKey added: "When you go home, tell your wife what you have done, and add that if you get into trouble, you will always have a friend in the son of that Margaret McKey that gave Jennie Smart the Bible.'

Duncan looked surprised, but said nothing.

The Petition to grant a charter to the London and Huron Railway has passed the Committe on standing orders.

The Montreal *Witness* is now printed on an entirely new outfit of type.

Eighty per cent of the Hamilton children are kept away from school on account of market fever.

The War

Important from the Seat of War.

THE SORTIES FROM PARIS; HEAVY DEFEAT OF THE FRENCH; 20,000 PRISONERS TAKEN.

London, Jan. 15, 3 a m.—A dispatch just received from Versailles on the night of the 13th says that vigorous sorties have been made by the garrison of Paris in three separate directions. The French simultaneously advanced against the Prussian guards near Le Borget and Drancy, northeast of Paris, and against the 11th German corps near Meudon, southwest of Paris, and against the 2nd Bavarian corps near Clamart, also to the south of the city. Fighting in each instance was spirited, but resulted every where in the defeat of the French, who were repulsed at all points, and retreated rapidly within their works, a portion of them in great disorder.

A dispatch from Pruntout, dated 13th, reports severe fighting all that day between Herlomcourt and Croix, in the department of Haute Saon, which had not ceased at ulate hour in the evening. The result was unknown.

Large reinforcements are stated to be coming from the north to the Germans of the east.

A despatch from Havre says there is constant skirmishing near that city.

It is reported that the Prussians are turning the left wing of Gen. Faidherbe's army of the north, and menacing Cambrai.

Dispatches from Versailles state that Prince Frederick Charles announces that Chauzy's army is broken up, disorganised, and retreating in three directions. 20,000 prisoners have been taken. The battle was a decisive victory for the Prussians.

London, Jan. 16.—General Chauzy's army has been re-organised, and is about to resume operations. The positions held by Chauzy's forces are very strong.

The following is a continuation of the Le Mans dispatch in the morning report:—The French soldiers were compelled to retire with heavy losses under a murderous fire of both artillery and musketry. The contest for possession of Beaite was kept up there until dark, when an order reached the French to fall back on Le Mans. The battle commenced about one o'clock, and reached its height on the left of the French. The day was not cold, but the ground was covered with eight inches of snow, which was fast melting under the hot sun. At an early hour the street of Le Mans, not more than five miles from the field of battle, were filled with excited people and crowded with wagons and ammunition supplies, all being ready to seek a place of safety in the rear, in case of an unfavorable result of the fight. By noon I succeeded in securing a post in the front and reaching the bluffs at the east of Le Mans. The French left wing passed out on the road, with ammunition trains and artillery apparently going backward and forward in what appeared to be disorder. Numerous groups of stragglers and some wounded were going to the rear. Ambulances passed to and fro, some going to the front and others returning with loads of wounded. Along the railroad every point which was available was commanded by a strong force of infantry. The Prussians were less than a mile away, and their balls occasionally reached us. At four o'clock in the day the Germans advanced in columns, covered by artillery, against Chateau des Chartres, a pretty place, which had been made the headquarters of the French. Here, for the first time, the French battery, hitherto reserved, opened fire, and appeared to take the Germans by surprise. This caused the advance to waver, but it was only for a moment. The Germans pressed forward and attacked the French infantry which occupied the terraced road beelow Gneral Chauzy's position. It soon became evident that the French were unable to withstand the heavy charges of the enemy, and about five o'clock an order was given for the backward movement. The French artillery continued their fire to cover this retreat. General Chauzy actually superintended the retreat, wich was effected in the most complete order. The French at the time of this retreat held some of the strongest positions, and it was generally believed that the result of the day's fighting was not irrecoverably adverse to the French. Chauzy hoped to renew the fight on the next day under more auspicious circumstances. Later in the evening an event occurred which made a change in the prospects of the French. After dark a strong force of Germans revived the fight. A most important French position—La Tuilerie—was endeavored to be taken by immense masses of infantry and a large force of cavalry, who advanced rapidly, scattering the French before them. The French had not anticipated this attack, and the Mobiles of Brittany fled in disorder, taking with them all the force to the right bank of the River Huisue, and were compelled to make a rapid retreat on Le Mans. This unforeseen disaster may compel an evacuation of the city, if not an entire break up of Chauzy's army. A council of war is now in session at Le Mans. Should the second army of the Loire be lost, all French hope is gone.

The Prussians have destroyed the bridge over the Chiere between Longwy and Arion. The material for the bombardment of Longwy is being rapidly concentrated in the interior.

New York, Jan. 18.—A London special says the Parisians are determined to resist the Prussians *en masse*, should Trochu allow the enemy to enter the city.

The idea of yielding is repulsed with indignation. The shop-keeping spirit, however, prevails very largely, and many Parisian tradesmen are congratulating themselves, that they are still in the possession of articles that will tempt the German princes to make extensive purchases whenever they enter the capital. All accounts agree, that a resistance to the enemy will, however, be shown, that will not have been equalled in the [illegible] of war. The horrors of a bombardment have so enraged the population, that they are furious, and will go out to fight and meet the enemy, despite all military counsels and all interference of the government. If this is persisted in, no horrors that civilization has yet heard of, will be to find a parallel.

London, Jan. 17.—A Paris despatch of the 13th says Gambetta's last despatch to the authorities here, which was suppressed by them, called upon General Trochu to take the initiative, and make vigorous sorties upon the Germans, so that they might be prevented detaching men from Paris to reinforce armies in the provinces. Inaction here endangers the cause of France elsewhere. The violent Republicans in the city insist on the adoption of Greek fire for military purposes. Three men in Paris declare that they possess the secret of its manufacture. Trochu opposes that atrocity.

Small-pox and scarlet-fever prevail in New York and are spread by street cars and omnibuses.

Sarnia has a lot of young ruffians who break into dwellings and insult defence less women.

DUNGANNON.

MR. SIGNAL, Sir permit me, through your columns, to correct the Dungannon Correspondent with regard to the Temperance Soiree, on Monday 2nd of January. He says Mr. Fletcher made the first speech; which is correct. He says J. C. Truax was the next speaker which is not correct. Mr. R Clendenning was the next, then J G Truax and Mr. McConnell the last. We had four good speeches; but Mr Truax did not only interest the audience for some time but made the best speech I ever heard in Canada. After addressing the chairman he went back 18 Centuries, when the Temperance cause was argued in Palestine by a prisoner in bonds, before a Roman Governor. He then read a list of the poisons made use of in the distillery and the brew-house; then met the objection that the use of wine was sanctioned by the Bible, by showing that there were different kinds of wine, some of which were good and some bad, the former only were commended in the Bible; that though it were allowable to use pure wine in Palestine it does not follow that it is allowable to use mixed wine here. He showed the importance of parents signing the pledge and persuading their children to do so. After painting the drunkard in his blackest form; he told moderate drinkers not to despise him, for he was once a moderate drinker and occupied the ground that moderate drinkers now occupy. After which he addressed the ladies for a short time and then took his seat. Although Mr Truax spoke for over half an hour, the congregation listened with great attention. I was only sorry he did not speak another half hour.

I remain yours respectfully,
A VISITOR.

CHANGE IN THE LICENSE ACT.—A large deputation from the Canada Temperance Union, headed by Hon. Malcolm Cameron waited upon Hon. Treasurer Wood Wednesday evening on the subject of introducing a Bill to amend the License Act. The changes proposed, as set forth in the report of the convention, were fully explained to Mr. Wood, who received the proposals favourably and made several suggestions on the subject. He said it was too late in the session to bring the matter before his colleagues, but they would offer no opposition to the introduction of a Bill embodying the proposed amendments by any private member. It is understood the deputation agreed to have a Bill introduced by a private member, and that a petition for its introduced will be presented, to the House.

A NEWSPAPER MAN'S DREAM.—The proprietor of a newspaper, who must have been possessed of a strong and vivid imagination, recently got off the following item:

I had a dream the other night,
When everything was still;
I dreamed that each subscriber
Came up and paid his bill.
Each wore a look of honesty,
And smiles were 'round each eye,
As they handed out the coin,
Saying, "How is that for high?"

☞ For Coal Oil Lamps, the best and cheapest in Town, go to Hazlehurst's Auction Mart.

The Very Rev. Henry Alfred, D. D., Dean of Canterbury, died suddenly on the 12th inst., aged 61 years.

Bismarck has issued a note that, in consequence of the treatment of the German merchant navy by France, French merchantmen, though not having contraband of war on board, will be liable to capture.

20,000 recruits are on the way to join the Prussian army, making the force one million men.

Advices from China are now satisfactory, reporting no further troubles.

The salary of Rev. J. R. Smith of Galt has been raised from $1,400 to 2,000 without solicitation. Generous people and happy pastor!

Cable communication has been completed with Penang, Singapore and Java.

A good deal of merriment was occasioned on Sunday week, in one of the New Orleans churches, at the expense of a deaf deacon, who had been very industrious in selling a new church publication. Just before dismissing the congregation, the minister announced that mothers who had children to be baptized should present them on the following Sunday. The deacon, supposing that his pastor was advertising the book, jumped up hastily, and cried out: "All you who have got none can get as many as you want from me, at 75 cents each."

NEW BOOKS,
WALL PAPER
&c., &c.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
AT BUTLER'S.

A Beautiful Assortment
OF
JEWELLERY OF ALL KINDS
JUST RECEIVED,
and to be sold
CHEAP AT BUTLER'S.

Fishing Tackles,
OF ALL KINDS. CONSISTING OF RODS, REELS, LINES, HOOKS, BAITS, and LINES of a superior kind
AND
SELLING AT COST
AT BUTLER'S.
Goderich 19th Aug., 1870. sw104

Auction & Commission.
GODERICH & CLINTON
Established 1852.
SALES of Miscellaneous Property in Goderich every Saturday, and in Clinton every Wednesday.
Money advanced on Property for immediate sale and prompt returns made.
Farm Stock and other Sales punctually attended to throughout the County,
G. M. TRUEMAN'S Auction Mart,
w6. Market Square, Goderich

MONEY
AT
EIGHT PER CENT
LENT ON MORTGAGE.
Apply at
WM. R. BAIN'S
Chancery and Law Office, Crabb's block,
Goderich.
Goderich, Aug 15th, 1870. sw1

THE LONDON
COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
AND
TELEGRAPHIC INSTITUTE.
BOOK-KEEPING BY SINGLE AND Double Entry, taught by a superior plan of Actual Business Transactions. Thorough instruction in Commercial Law, Arithmetic, Business Correspondence, Penmanship, Banking, Telegraphing, Shorthand Writing, &c., &c. For full information, Address,
JONES & BELL,
London, Ontario.

GRAND DISPLAY.
OF
NEW AND FASHIONABLE
DRESS GOODS
AT
R. B. SMITH'S.
Assortment Unusually
LARGE.
NEW French Merinos from 37½c yard.
NEW Clan Plaids 19c to 70c per yard.
NEW Sateen clots—Beautiful ful goods.
NEW Serges, Repps & Lustres, very cheap.
NEW Black Lustres 17c to 80 per yard.
NEW Black Silks from 80 cts. yard.
NEW Silk Poplin Dresses prices low.
ALSO
PILES of scarlet Flannels from 16 cents.
PILES of Fancy Flannels from 25 cents yard.
PILES of Winceys from 6c yard
PILES of Wool Shawls from $2.40 each.
PILES of Bed Blankets from $1.90 pair.
ALL GOODS SOLD
AT LOWEST CASH PRICES.
R. B. SMITH.
Goderich 7th Oct., 1870. sw1

GODERICH
STEAM FLOUR & GRIST
MILLS,
THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING RECENTLY PURchased the above Mills, begs to intimate that he has just got in working order a new and [illegible]
IMPROVD FARMERS' BOLT
which he is confident will give every satisfaction. He has had 30 years experience in milling and flatters himself that he is second to none. Farmers and others who patronize him may rely on being fairly dealt with and receiving a supplied
FLOUR THAT CANT BE
EXCELLED
IN THE COUNTY
The farmers' convenience which will find it to their advantage to bring their wheat for grinding and their coarse grain for chopping to the
STEAM MILL
In almost all cases farmers will get their
GRISTS HOME THE SAME DAY
☞ All Grists weighed in an out.
Town Orders promptly Solicited, and orders carefully attended to. ☞ Highest cash price paid for wheat.
J. R. SOMERVILLE
Goderich Sept 8th, 1870. sw6-tf

TO LET
A BRICK Cottage with large orchard and nine acres of land on South Street, Goderich.
Apply to W. D. ALLEN.
Goderich Oct. 17th, 1870. sw17-tf

1868.
THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON
AND GLOBE
INSURANCE COMPANY
Has been in existence Thirty-two years, and during that period has paid Losses exceeding
Five and a half million pounds sterling,
The disbursement of this enormous sum over a wide area, has without doubt contributed to the establishment of this Institution, in the confidence of Public Corporations, Merchants, Householders, and business men generally, wherever it is represented.

In its 1st year, 1836, the Fire Premiums alone amounted to			£9,976
In its 10th year, 1846,	"	"	£47,763
" 20th year, 1856,	"	"	£222,279
" 30th year, 1866,	"	"	£879,332
The year later, 1867,	"	"	£818,055

The Fire Reserve Fund is now $4,727,464
The Life Reserve Fund is now $9,282,468
The company is represented throughout Ontario and Quebec, by influential Agents, to whom application for insurance may be made.
G. F. C. SMITH, Resident Secretary, MONTREAL
A. M. ROSS, Agent for Goderich; B. V. Elliott, for Exeter; W. N. Watson, for Seaforth
Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30

Maitland Salt Well

PLATT'S PATENT EVAPORATOR,
The undersigned is prepared to
FURNISH No. 1 SALT,
IN ANY QUANTITY AT THE
Lowest Price,
FROM THE ABOVE WELL.
S. H. DETLOR.
Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30

Money to Lend.
ON very reasonable terms Apply to
B. L. DOYLE,
Savage's new Brick
Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 sw1

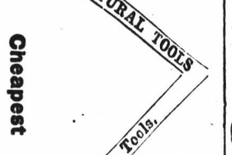
COLBORNE HOTEL,
GODERICH.
E. MARTIN, Proprietor.
Good Accommodations. Ample Stable Room.
☞ This is admitted to be a First class house kept in Good Style.
August 15th, 1870. sw1 tf

MRS. DAYS' HOTEL
WROXETER.
ON the direct road from Seaforth to Walkerton. Every necessary accommodation for the travelling public.
HANNAH DAYS.
Wroxeter, Aug. 15, 1867. w30

MONEY TO LEND.
EASY TERMS.
J. B. GORDON.
Goderich, Aug. 15, 1870 sw1

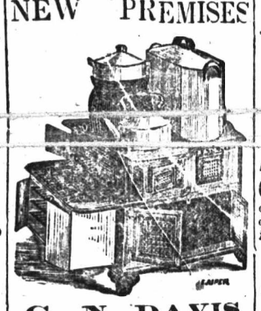
SIGN OF THE BIG
PADLOCK.
Best 18ct Mason Fruit Jars $2.37½ per doz
Hardware
CUT NAILS
and
White Lead, Oils and Varnish
all
AGRICULTURAL TOOLS
Cheapest
Coopers' Tools.
kinds.
H. GARDINER & Co.,
Market Square, Goderich
Aug. 26th, 1870.

GUINNES'S
CELEBRATED DUBLIN PORTER,
IMPORTED DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURER, and sold extremely low by
GEORGE GRANT, GROCER,
WEST SIDE SQUARE, GODERICH.
PRICE ONLY $1.75 PER DOZ. BOTTLES
AN EARLY CALL SOLICITED.
To be Had in Wood or Bottle
HOTELS PROMPTLY SUPPLIED.
Goderich Sept. 23, 1870. sw10-tf

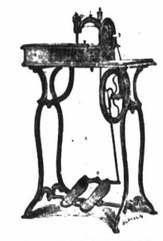
GODERICH
WAGON & CARRIAGE

Manufactory
THE Subscriber would announce to the public of Huron and Bruce, that he is now manufacturing first-class
Carriages, Waggons, Sleighs,
Cutters, &c.,
which will be sold CHEAP FOR CASH.
JOHN PASMORE,
Victoria Street, Goderich
Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30

CHEESE, CHEESE.
Shepharo Strachan,
GROCERS, GODERICH
HAVE been reappointed sole agents at Goderich for the sale of the celebrated Exeter Factory Cheese.
Local dealers supplied at the Factory Prices.
SHEPHARD & STRACHAN.
Goderich, Aug15 1870 w30

FARM FOR SALE.
LOT 10, CON. 10, W. D. COLBORNE 100 ACRES, 90 cleared, good dwelling house, frame 22x36, with a comfortable kitchen attached also good barn and shed accommodation, good bearing orchard, well watered by two creeks running through the farm, and good wells. One mile from gravel road, 5 miles from Goderich. For particulars apply on the premises to undersigned, or to Mr. D Ferguson, grocer Goderich.
C STEWART.
August 15, 1870 w30

EXTENSIVE
NEW PREMISES

G. N. DAVIS
HAS
THIS DAY REMOVED
TO HIS
COMMODIOUS
NEW BRICK BUILDING
(NEARLY OPPOSITE F JORDAN'S DRUGSTORE)
Convenient to the Market.
His stock of stoves &c.
IS LARGE AND COMPLETE
☞ PARTIES IN WANT OF ANYTHING IN his line will save money by inspecting his stock before purchasing elsewhere.
ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK WILL BE DONE THE SAME AS USUAL.
Goderich, 1st July, 187 sw1

SPECIALTIES!
AT THE
EMPORIUM
J. C. DETLOR & Co
HAVE RECEIVED A THIRD SUPPLY OF THOSE
WIDE BROWN EMPRESS CLOTHS
35cts per. Yard.
SEVERAL PRICES
Figured Sateens at 25 cts per yard worth 40 cts.
200 PIECES GRAY COTTONS
One Case Madder Prints at 12½ cts, Worth 16 cts
A THIRD SUPPLY OF BLANKETS
A LARGE QUANTITY OF NUBIA SCARFS FROM 25cts
12 DOZEN CANADA SHIRTS & DRAWERS
FROM 85cts.
ONE CASE DRESS GOODS AT JOB PRICES,
300 Pairs Boots & Shoes at Lowest Prices
LADIES' GENTS' & CHILDRENS' FELT OVER SHOES
100 BOXES NEW LAYER RAISINS AT $2.50 per BOX.
J. C. DETLOR & CO.
Goderich, Nov. 15th, 1870.

THE LITTLE WANZER.

THIS LITTLE FAVORITE IS THE MOST COMPLETE
FAMILY SEWING MACHINE,
EVER INTRODUCED INTO NORTH AMERICA OLUELPE
OVER 15,000 FAMILIES HAVE BEEN SUPPLIED WITH THIS MACHINE within the last two years, and have made for themselves hosts of friends, and earned the reputation of being an indispensable article. These Machines are patronized by all grades of society from the modest Farmer's Wives and Daughters to the Nobility and Royal Families of Europe.
THE LITTLE WANZER
Is the simplest, will do the greatest variety of work, is more easily managed, less liable to get out of order, and runs lighter, than any other Shuttle Sewing Machine manufactured. Every Machine is complete with Binder, Hemmer, Feller, Gauger, Quilting Gauge, Hemmer, Self Sewer, Feller, Braider, Thread Cutter, Oil can full without Screw Driver, 4 Bobbins & Needles, Spool of thread, and Printed Instructions so full as to enable any person to use and keep the Machine in order.

Every Hand Machine is mounted on a Marble Slab, and packed in a neat little case, and is sold for	$45.00
LITTLE WANZER, on a neat Iron Stand, with Treadle	50.00
" " large Stand and Wood Case, with Drawers	55.00
" " large half Case	40.00
" " full Case	50.00

R. M. WANZER & CO.
FACTORY—CORNER KING AND CATHARINE STREETS, HAMILTON, ONTARIO.
SHOW ROOMS—64 KING STREET EAST.
AGENT AT GODERICH
ABRAHAM SMITH, MERCHANT TAILOR.
Hamilton, Aug. 30th, 1870. w4-3mos

HURON FOUNDRY!
East Street

Goderich.
R. RUNCIMAN,
MANUFACTURER OF
GRIST & FLOURING MILLS,
Muley and Sash Saw-Mills, Steam Engines and Boilers,
Thrashing Machines, Seperators,
Horse Powers, Drag Saws,
IRON AND WOODEN PLOUGHS!
With Cast or Steel Boards, Drill Ploughs, Gang Ploughs,
Cultivators, Land Rollers, Straw Cutters,
Agricultural Furnaces, Potash Kettles, Sugar Kettles, Salt Kettles, Wagon and Pipe Boxes,
COOKING, PARLOUR AND BOX STOVES,
of the most improved kinds. Brass Castings made, and Blacksmiths' Work and Repairing done on short notice. Call and see the STEEL MOULD-BOARD PLOUGHS, as you can get one very cheap for Cash.
Goderich, Aug. 15th, 1870 w30

GODERICH WOOLEN FACTORY,
(KNOWN AS PIPER'S MILLS)
J. INGLIS & SONS,
RESPECTFULLY intimates to farmers and others that they are prepared to fill all orders in
ROLL CARDING- MANUFACTURING,
Cloth Dressing, Custom Spinning, Dyeing, Satinetts,
Fulled Cloths, Winceys, Flannels, Blankets,
On the shortest notice. Parties wishing to exchange their wool for good home made goods, will find it to their interest to give us a call, as we are satisfied we have the goods you require. Parties coming from a distance with wool to get carded may in nearly every instance rely on getting their wool home with them the same day.
☞ ALL WORK WARRANTED.
Goderich Woolen Factory,
Aug. 15th, 1870. w11

TO SELL.
THE EAST HALF OF LOT NUMBER 3, FOURteenth concession of Hullett, on the boundary line between Blythe and Walton, post office each way; Good hardwood; watered with a never failing creek and never failing spring. Also well close by the house Forty acres cleared, well fenced, 77 acres in all. Log house and barn, a thriving orchard, 8 kinds of plums, black, white and red currants, pears, red and yellow gooseberries. For further particulars apply on the premises. TO RANKIN LAWSON and his Mother.
Aug 15th, 1870. w30-tf

LANDS FOR SALE
AT BAYFIELD.
LOTS NOS. 71 & 72 BAYFIELD CONCESSION Township of Goderich, comprising 146 acres of the best quality of land, within about 2 miles of the Market place of the Town of Bayfield. There is a clearance of 24 acres which could readily be prepared for crop. The remainder of the land is closely covered with the best of beech and maple timber of splendid growth, an excellent road passes on two sides of the property, which is situated in an old and well settled neighbourhood.
ALSO—Lot 14, Range A Township Stanley, containing 39 acres of well watered timber land, which would produce a large quantity of firewood to the acre. The lot runs to the River Bayfield with a considerable water fall which could be made available for milling or manufacturing purposes.
For terms apply to, JAMES D. ALLEN, Guelph,
or W. W. CONNOR, Esq. Bayfield.
Guelph, Aug 15, 1870 w30

JAMES STEWART
WHOLESALE AGENT
OF
The far-famed and reliable St. Catherine's Nursery
D. W. BEADLE, ESQ.
FOR ALL KINDS OF
FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES, GREENhouse Plants Grape Vines, &c., &c.
☞ Any stock not on hand, ordered on the shortest notice. House—Mathie divide. Goderich P. O
Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30

DISSOLUTION of PARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as General Merchants in the Town of Goderich, under the style or firm of Martin and Robertson, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due the said firm are to be paid to A. Martin who will settle the liabilities of the same.
Witness D. M. MARTIN. AMOS MARTIN
Goderich Aug 70. JOHN ROBERTSON
With reference to the above the subscriber begs to state that he will hereafter carry on the business, on his own account, in all its departments and would respectfully solicit a continuance of public patronage.
A. MARTIN.
Goderich August 15th, 1870. w30-4

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Partnership heretofore existing between PARKER & CATTLE as Chemists and Druggists in Owen Sound, Durham and Goderich, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent.
All debts owing to the said Partnership in Goderich are to be paid to GEORGE CATTLE (who will continue the Business in the old stand) and all claims against said Partnership in Goderich are to be presented to said George Cattle, by whom the same will be settled.
Dated in Goderich the 19th July, 1870 sw95t

Notice to Debtors.
ALL PARTIES INDEBTED TO THE LATE FIRMS of Robinson & Jackson and Robinson & Howell, are requested to make payment on or before 31st Dec., and save costs, as after that date all accounts will be sued.
Wm. ROBINSON.
Goderich 12 Dec 1870. sw38-tf

GOOD
MUSIC was the produced in song or awakened from the ivory keys of a Piano by the touch of an artist, is welcome to the taste, refining in its influence and one of the choicest amusements and is the privilege of any household to [illegible] Yet how many deny themselves of this high enjoyment—this latest of luxuries which at a trifle above the expense of tobacco, without making a sacrifice of nutritious food. Much might be said of the value of music, but our space will serve us
BETTER
Be it hereby known that W. F. P. Smart has just received from Boston a fine assortment of Sheet Music including Song, Waltz, Galop, Quadrille and instrumental pieces all English he will sell at ½ Half Price and the music will be found to be the productions of the
BEST
Authors—Music Books, Musical Instruments Violin and Guitar Strings, constantly in stock and for sale cheap.
☞ An extensive choice for persons to get a selection from and purchase by respect worth, a further reduction of [illegible] will be allowed.
☞ Don't forget the place at the Exchange Office, West side of Goderich. Highest price paid for Greenhouse Draft &c.
Goder Nov 17th, 1870. sw24-3m

Farm for Sale.
LOTS 53 and 54, Bayfield Concession, in the Township of Goderich Containing 68 acres, of these over 50 are cleared with good Frame Barn, and Log House, about 2½ miles from Clinton. For Terms of sale apply at the Division Court office at Goderich or to Mr. WIGGINGTON on the premises.
Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30

FARM FOR SALE
ON THE
BAYFIELD GRAVEL ROAD.
BEING Lot 22, first concession Goderich Township 115 acres, 50 of which are cleared a never failing creek runs through the land. The lot is situated on the Gravel road about 3 miles from the Town of Goderich. The land is a rich clay loam, being very suitable for wheat or root growing. The lot will be sold cheap and on easy terms. Possession can be given in October, for particulars enquire on the premises or to D. H. PARSONS or to J. DAVIDSON, Esq. Goderich
Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30

A BARGAIN.
50 ACRES, East ½ of Lot 29, 10th con, Culross, Co. Bruce. 7 acres cleared and good log house. Clear title for $300 cash or for $400 one third down and the remainder in 4 equal instalments with interest at 10 per cent per annum.
Apply to
ABRAHAM SMITH
Lumber 5 1 Sept 1870 w35-10t Merchant Tailor

FARM FOR SALE,
LOT 24, CON 4.
Township of Goderich, containing 80 acres about 55 acres cleared,
2 STORY CONCRETE HOUSE ON THE GROUND floor, Dining Room, Parlour, Kitchen, Hall and Bedroom on the second floor, Sitting Room, Large Farmery Bedroom, and four other bedrooms on the Basement, Dairy Room, Fruit room Store room, Meat room Frame Barn 60x42 feet. 2 miles from Goderich. Good large orchard of over 200 superior fruit trees. Soil deep clay loam, well watered by spring creek and flowing well. The property is situated 1½ miles from Lake Huron, of which a good view can be had from the door. Apply to
G. M. TRUEMAN
Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30

DOUGLAS McKENZIE

HAS THE HONOR OF ANNOUNCING that he has entered into possession of the stand occupied for the last 8 years by
MR. ISAAC FREDRICK!
HE has purchased an entirely new and carefully selected stock of
JEWELLERY, WATCHES AND CLOCKS,
of all qualities and prices suitable for the trade of this section
AND IS PREPARED TO GIVE CUSTOMERS, old and new, the same uniform satisfaction which Mr. Fredrick has so long done. Having had 5 years experience as
WATCH-MAKER & JEWELLER,
in Scotland and 2 years with Mr. Fredrick, he is prepared to execute all jobs entrusted to him in a workmanlike manner and at the most moderate rates,
With reference to the above, I have great pleasure in certifying that Mr. Douglas McKenzie was in my employment for two years and that I consider him a first-class jeweller, capable of doing as good work as any one of Toronto
ISSAC FREDRICK.
Goderich, Nov. 17th, 1870.