

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1918

VOL. XLVII, No. 43



Synopsis of Canadian North-West Land Regulations

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, who was at the commencement of the present war, and who has since continued to be a British subject or a subject of an allied or neutral country, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion Land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta.

Application must appear in person at Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for Districts. Entry by proxy may be made on certain conditions. Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of land in each of three years.

In certain districts a homesteader may secure an adjoining quarter-section as a pre-emption. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Reside six months in each of three years after earning homestead patent and cultivate 50 acres extra. May obtain pre-emption patent as soon as homestead patent on certain conditions.

A settler after obtaining homestead patent, if he cannot secure a pre-emption, may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.00.

Holders of entries may count time of employment as farm laborers in Canada during 1917, as residence duties under certain conditions.

When Dominion Lands are advertised or posted for entry, returned soldiers, who have served overseas and have been honorably discharged, receive one day priority in applying for entry at local Agent's Office (but not Sub-Agency). Discharge papers must be presented to Agent.

W. W. COBY, Deputy Minister of the Interior, N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Fire Insurance

Possibly from an oversight or want of thought you have put off insuring, or placing additional insurance to adequately protect yourself against loss by fire.

ACT NOW. CALL UP

DEBLOIS BROS.,

Water Street, Phone 251

LIME!

We have on hand a quantity of

St. John

LIME

In Barrels and Casks.

PHONE 111

C. LYONS & Co.



Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 19th July, 1918, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week.

Over Rural Mail Route No. 2, from Peake's Station, P. E. Island, from the Postmaster General's pleasure. Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Peake's Station, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector, Peake's Station, P. E. Island, Oct. 12, 1918 - 21

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS Prince Edward Island.

Time Table in Effect September 21st, 1918

ATLANTIC STANDARD TIME.					
Trains Outward, Read Down.			Trains Inward, Read Up		
P.M.	P.M.	A.M.	Dep.	Arr.	P.M.
3.10	12.30	6.15	Dep. Charlottetown	Arr. 7.15	11.55
4.23	2.03	7.15	Hunter River	6.10	10.45
5.02	3.00	7.45	Emerald Junction	5.35	10.04
6.35		8.45	Borden	4.30	9.30
			Dep. Borden	Arr. 8.45	9.35
4.30		6.30	Emerald Junction	8.05	10.04
5.20	3.15	8.00	Kensington	7.05	9.31
5.58	4.00	8.47	Summerside	6.30	9.00
6.25	4.35	9.35			
			Dep. Summerside	Arr. 8.40	2.05
6.45	11.30		Port Hill	7.44	12.21
7.45	1.21		O'Leary	6.55	11.01
8.34	2.55		Alberton	6.09	9.42
9.15	3.58		Tignish	5.35	8.40
9.55	4.55				
			Dep. Charlottetown	Arr. 9.50	5.50
			Mount Stewart	8.35	4.15
			Morell	8.07	3.17
			St. Peters	7.45	2.40
			Souris	6.45	1.15
			Dep. Elmira	Arr. 5.25	
			Dep. Mount Stewart	Arr. 8.35	3.55
			Cardigan	7.37	2.33
			Montague	7.13	2.10
			Georgetown	6.35	1.00
			Dep. Charlottetown	Arr. 10.05	10.15
			Vernon River	8.51	8.20
			Murray Har.	7.20	6.20

Except as noted, all the above Trains run Daily, Sunday excepted.
 H. H. MELANSON, Passenger Traffic Manager, Moncton, N. B.
 W. T. HUGGAN, District Passenger Agent, Charlottetown, P.E.I.

WIRE FENCE GRANT & KENNEDY WIRE GATES

OUR LINES
Heny & Baynes Carriages Now Opening
 A full assortment in these celebrated VEHICLES including all the latest styles.
Harness and Harness Parts, Collars, &c., &c.
 Everything that you can possibly require for your horse in great variety.
Washing Machines, Clothes Wringers, Churns, Page Wire Fence, Lawn Fence and Gates.
 We carry in stock now a complete line of Fence for the Farm, for the Field, for the Garden and the Lawn.
PAGE FENCES always give satisfaction.
Our Lines Are Good Lines. Our Prices Are Right.

CARRIAGES GRANT & KENNEDY HARNESS

Your Soldier Boy Wants HICKEY'S TWIST
Mail Contract
 No matter where he is, or what other tobacco he can get, the Island soldier who chews tobacco is never satisfied with anything but HICKEY'S TWIST.
 In hundreds of letters from the boys in Flanders, France, England and the training camps, they ask for HICKEY'S TWIST—and the tough took along 20,000 figs with them.
 Send your soldier boy a pound of HICKEY'S with the next parcel.
Hickey & Nicholson, Ltd
 CHARLOTTETOWN.

ADVERTISE IN THE HERALD

The Hun at Bay

It was a bold and subtle move for Germany to petition the President of the United States to exert the power and influence of his official position towards inaugurating an armistice. At the time President Wilson promulgated his peace propositions, the Germans had not the slightest intention of discussing them. Their armies then were, for the most part, victorious on the battlefield and they were puffed up with pride and a sense of self-righteousness to such an extent that they were inclined to despise any movement looking towards a cessation of hostilities, other than that which would come from them. At this point we may be permitted to state that, instead of proclaiming elaborate propositions which might constitute a basis for discussing peace terms, how admirably golden would have been discreet silence, on the part of President Wilson. The conduct of the Germans, for the four years of the war, should have been sufficient to satisfy any reasonable mind that they would forget nothing and would carefully preserve any statement coming from the Allies, which they might turn to their own advantage in changed conditions of the contending armies.

The Huns naively besought President Wilson to act as intermediary with the other Allied powers, in order to bring about an armistice and to permit a discussion of principles, with a view to concluding peace. They told the President they would be quite satisfied to enter into a discussion of the peace propositions he had already published to the world. This move on the part of the Germans was far fetched and potential of very much more serious possibilities than might appear at first blush. In the light of events in connection with the war since it commenced, it seemed only reasonable to conclude that this departure was quite in keeping with the German propaganda all through. It is not impossible that the Huns entertained the hope that they might create a division among the Allies; that President Wilson might be disposed to meet their wishes, while the other Allied nations would be absolutely opposed to any such movement. Should they be able to bring about this condition of things, then they would place the United States somewhat in the unenviable position occupied by Russia.

The whole world now knows how this proposal was regarded by the Allies generally. The whole press of the United States, of Great Britain, and of France was vehemently opposed to any manner of concession to the German request. Unconditional surrender was the declaration expressed on all sides. Absolute laying down of arms and confession of defeat was the only answer for which the Allies, through their press, expressed themselves willing to stand. Then came the answer of President Wilson. It appeared to be quite diplomatic, and on the face of it might be regarded as a complete thwarting of the desire of the Huns. It expressed observation of what is going on in the United States Senate may not be inappropriate. It is seen open as it was before. He that the Senators express themselves as in the strongest terms not advise an armistice, against any manner of negotiation. One declares he is in favor of conducting the war to a com-

plete victory on the battlefield, and that "nothing else will be tolerated or accepted." Another declares that "nothing short of absolute, complete and unconditional surrender, carrying with it in full reparation for damage wrought, will be accepted or tolerated," and so on. From all the foregoing it would seem quite probable that President Wilson should have a pretty fair gauge of public feeling on the momentous issue, and would know that his answer was anticipated with no little anxiety. The answer came on the 13th, and it seems to be all that could be reasonably expected.

Widows of France

If it is true that "the hand that rocks the cradle rules the world," then the future of the Catholic religion in France is safe for generations to come. The address, which a deputation from 200,000 French widows sent to the Supreme Pontiff through the hands of Cardinal Gasparri, has the genuine ring about it. It is one of the documents that will be spoken of by future generations. "Most Holy Father: The French widows of the war, numbering 200,000, humbly prostrate at the feet of Your Holiness, beg you to be pleased to accept the expression of their unshaken fealty to the Holy See. As heads of families, they take the solemn pledge at Your Holiness feet to educate their children in love for the Church, and they promise Your Holiness to educate them in the weighty duties which this love and this attachment stand for. They supplicate you, Most Holy Father, in exchange for this promise, to offer to God their broken lives and all their sorrows, in order that it may please Divine Majesty to change their tears into a torrent of benedictions that may fall on their sons and conduct to your feet a new France." "Most Holy Father, those who suffer most for France and who hold in their hand her future are happy and proud to be called the most faithful daughters of Your Holiness." This is short and to the point. It represents widows rich and poor, of high and of low degree. Such illustrious names as those of the Princess of De Clermont Tonnerre, the Countess of Castelnau, daughter of General Castelnau, the Duchess de Rohan, Princess Murat, Countess Lavisse, wife of Gen. Lavisse, and tens of thousands of other names famous in the history of France, are attached to the address, along with those of seventy-six of the Archbishops and Bishops of that republic. Some time ago, it will be recalled, Pope Benedict promised to say Mass for the intention of the widows of France. Along with the album containing the address and its signatures were sent for the use of His Holiness at this Mass a chalice of solid gold, an alb of the finest Brussels lace, and an altar cloth of French linen.

Chaplain Braves Fire

Rev. George Van Goethem, rector of a little church at Nongalez, Ariz., laboring in Paris as a volunteer Knights of Columbus chaplain, recently disregarded death when he heard that Catholic soldiers at a little village in the front were about to go into action, and at that moment were being shelled by the foe, according to a dispatch from Paris. Father Van Goethem, wearing a gas mask and helmet, managed with the aid of American officers to make his way to the Americans, and, wearing his mask while actually under fire, heard many confessions and administered spiritual comfort. When the men went into battle this brave K. of C. chaplain pushed forward to an emergency field hospital and

Could Not Work ON ACCOUNT OF SEVERE HEADACHES.

Headaches are generally caused by some disturbance of the stomach, liver or bowels, and although not a serious complaint, the cause should be removed before they become habitual and make your life miserable. You will find that Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills will remove the cause by moving the bowels gently, safely and surely, refreshing and strengthening the stomach, toning up the liver, and thereby banishing the headaches.

Mrs. J. Armstrong, 7 Harris St., St. John, N.B., writes: "I take pleasure in writing you concerning the good I have received from using Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills. I had such severe headaches I could not do my work, but after using two vials of your pills, I am now doing my work with comfort and ease."

A general hospital lately founded by the Chinese Government and under the management of young Chinese doctors, has been given over to the administration of the Sisters of Charity. This is a big compliment, since there were many wealthy denominations who were bidding for it. Without any doubt Catholic influence is gaining a strong foothold in the north as well as the south of the country.

"Perkins entertains a good opinion of himself."
 "Well, it's reciprocal; his good opinion of himself entertains Perkins."

BEWARE OF WORMS.

Don't let worms gnaw at the vitals of your children. Give them Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup and they'll soon be rid of these parasites. Price 25c.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DANDRUFF

Captain (sharply)—"Button up that coat."
 Married Recruit (absently)—"Yes, my dear."

Mary Ovington, Jasper Ont writes:—"My mother had a badly sprained arm. Nothing we used did her any good. Then father got Hagyard's Yellow Oil and it cured mother's arm in a few days. Price 25 cents."

Head of the House (roaring with rage)—"Who told you to put that paper on the wall?"
 Decorator—"Your wife, sir."
 Head of the house (subsiding)—"Pretty, isn't it?"

There is nothing harsh about Laxa-Liver Pills. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache and Bilious Spells without griping, purging or harshness. Price 25 cts.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES GARGET IN COWS.

A SENSIBLE MERCHANT

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders give women prompt relief from monthly pains, and leave no bad after effects what ever. Be sure you get Milburn's rice 25 and 50 cts.

Troubled With Kidneys For Over Three Years. WAS CONFINED TO BED.

Mrs. George Gray, Hopewell Hill, N.B., writes:—"I had kidney trouble for over three years, and was so bad I was confined to my bed. First I contracted a bad cold and it went to my kidneys, and I suffered dreadfully. I got the doctor, but he did me very little good. I tried all kinds of kidney pills, but got very little help. One of my neighbors came in to see me and told me to get Doan's Kidney Pills and give them a good trial. I used five boxes and they have cured me so that I can sleep all night without being disturbed, and I feel better in every way. I cannot say too much in favor of Doan's Kidney Pills."

The Herald

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 16 1918
SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR.
TO THE UNITED STATES \$1.50
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BY THE "HERALD PUBLISHING
COMPANY, LIMITED"
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Please Send in Your
Subscription Money.

Another German Note

As will be seen by reference to
the column, Germany has
made a proposal to President
Wilson to accept the
provisions of the British North
America Act. This vacancy will
be filled from the Province of
Quebec which requires at least
two members of the Supreme
Court shall be appointed from
among the Judges or barristers
or advocates of that Province.

At this writing it is not intended
to review this latest Hun
manifesto at any length. We
will for the present content
ourselves with referring briefly
to the most outstanding phases
of the document. Like all other
statements of the Germans in
this connection, this manifests
the utter deception, hypocrisy
and cruelty of our enemies.
They have the audacity to de-
mand that in any arrangement
looking towards peace nothing
shall be approved that shall be
contrary to the honor of the Ger-
man people. With a four year
record of dishonor, insincerity,
deception, perfidy and blood shed
to speak of German honor is
surely carrying assurance to its
ultimate limit. With equal
disregard for truth, the Huns
deny any inhumane conduct with
regard to the sinking of ships
and the destruction of non-com-
batant lives. The acme of cool-
ness and hidden villainy is man-
ifested in the request that a neu-
tral commission be appointed to
investigate the Hun conduct in
this regard. Finally they claim
that a change has taken place in
their system of government, and
that now the executive is re-
sponsible to the peoples repre-
sentatives in Parliament. Surely
it is not expected that any such
statement as this will be taken
seriously. So radical a change
in the form of government cannot
be brought about overnight. The
whole document may be de-
scribed simply as an additional
attempt to deceive, to cloak over
iniquitous conduct, and to gain
as much time as possible.

Under the terms of a recent
order-in-council, the war trade
board of Canada is authori-
zied to take possession and to
operate for a period of seven
years if necessary, any mines
or properties in Canada which
are producing ore, or have pro-
duced it in the past. This step
has been taken by the govern-
ment because war conditions,
more particularly the lack of
shipping, have created a serious
shortage of chrome ore for the
essential requirements of Canada
and allied countries. Compara-
tively extensive deposits of such
ore exist in Canada, and it is the
intention of the war trade board
to have these deposits developed
to meet the shortage. In the
event of the war trade board
and the owners of mining prop-
erties being unable to come to
terms as to the amount of com-
pensation to be paid, the matter
may be referred to the exchequer
court for adjustment.

Sir Charles Fitzpatrick has re-
signed the Chief Justiceship of
the Supreme Court of Canada
and has been appointed Lieut.
Governor of Quebec in succession
to the late Sir Pierre Evariste
LeBlanc. The vacancy in the
Chief Justiceship has been filled
by the promotion of Sir Louis
Davies, whose promotion will
necessitate an early appointment
to the Bench of the Supreme
Court in accordance with the
provisions of the British North
America Act. This vacancy will
be filled from the Province of
Quebec which requires at least
two members of the Supreme
Court shall be appointed from
among the Judges or barristers
or advocates of that Province.
The elevation of Sir Louis Davies
to the Chief Justiceship of the
Supreme Court of Canada, the
highest judicial position in the
Dominion, is a signal honor, not
only to the recipient, but to the
Province of Prince Edward Is-
land. We extend our congratu-
lations to Sir Louis on his ele-
vation to the position of Chief
Justice of Canada.

OBITUARIES

John McIsaac died at his home
at McAskill River, King's County
on August 21st, last, aged 70
years. Deceased was well and
favorably known, and was one of
the sterling men of the com-
munity in which he lived. For
a great many years he followed
steambotting. He was one of
the crew of the Northern Light,
the first steamer engaged in the
winter navigation of the Straits
between this Province and the
Mainland. Subsequently he was
a member of the crew of the
winter steamer Stanley. Later
he was several years employed on
board the summer steamers Em-
press and Northumberland, ply-
ing between Summerside and
Point du Chene. He was a man
of unobtrusive manners, faithful
to the sun in the discharge of
the duties devolving upon him.
He became well known and was
highly esteemed by the travelling
public on this route. His
wife (nee Rose Ann Smith of
Georgetown) predeceased him by
several years. Two sons, and one
daughter, and many relatives are
left to mourn. His funeral took
place to the parish church at St.
Peter's on Sunday Aug. 22, and
was largely attended, testifying to
the esteem in which he was held.
R. I. P. Com.

The death occurred at St.
Peter's Luke, on the 10th Octo-
ber, inst of Mrs. Matilda McDonald,
relict of the late John McDonald
in her 94th year, after an illness
of several weeks, which she bore
with Christian fortitude. De-
ceased was highly respected and
esteemed by all who enjoyed her
acquaintance. Her home was
ever open to visitors who were
always greeted with a warm
welcome and a pleasant smile,
and received kind and courteous
treatment, which could not fail
of appreciation. A good warm-
hearted and generous woman has
been called to her reward, and is
mourned by a large circle of re-
latives and friends. The funeral,
which was largely attended, took
place from her late home on the
12th, to St. Andrew's Church,
where a High Mass of Requiem
was celebrated by her nephew,
Rev. I. R. A. McDonald, St.
Teresa's, assisted by the parish
priest, the Rev. A. P. McBellan,
after which all that was mortal
of the good and Christian wife
and mother was laid to rest in
the adjoining cemetery, beside
her husband and other members
of the family, who had prede-
ceased her, to await the resur-
rection. The family and other
relatives of the deceased have
our very deep sympathy in their
affliction. R. I. P. Com.

SCOTT'S
EMULSION
is taken by people in tropi-
cal countries all the year
round. It stops wasting and
keeps up the strength and
vitality in summer as well
as winter.
ALL DRUGGISTS

Latest German Note

The text of the latest German
Note to President Wilson follows:
In accepting the proposal for the
evacuation of occupied territory
the German Government has
started from the assumption that
the procedure of this evacuation
and of conditions of armistice
should be left to the judgment of
military advisers and that the
actual standard of power on
both sides in the field has to
form a basis for arrangements
safeguarding and guaranteeing
this standard. The German
Government suggests to the
President that an opportunity
should be brought about for fix-
ing the details. It trusts that
the President of the United
States will approve of no demand
which would be irreconcilable
with the honor of the German
people and with opening the way
to a peace of justice.

The German Government pro-
tests against the reproach of
illegal and inhumane actions
made against the German people
for the covering of a retreat
destruction will always be neces-
sary, and they are carried out in
so far as is permitted by the in-
ternational law. German troops
are under most strict instruction
to spare private property and to
exercise care for the population
to the best of their ability.
Where transgressions occur in
spite of these instructions the
guilty are being punished. The
German Government further
denies that the German Navy is
sinking ships has ever purposely
destroyed life boats with passen-
gers. The German Government
proposes with regard to all these
charges that the facts be cleared
up by neutral commissions.

In order to avoid anything
that might hamper the work of
peace the German Government
has caused orders to be despatched
to all the submarine command-
ers precluding the torpedoing of
passenger ships, without, how-
ever for technical reasons being
able to guarantee that these
orders will reach every single
submarine at sea before its re-
turn. In his fundamental con-
ditions for peace the President
prescribes the strictness of every
arbitrary power that can separate-
ly secretly and of its own single
chose disturb the peace of the
world. To this German Govern-
ment replies, hitherto the repre-
sentation of the people in the
German Empire has not been en-
dowed with influence or in-
formation on Government policy.
The constitution did not provide
for the concurrence of the repre-
sentation of the people in the
decisions of peace and war.
These conditions have just un-
dergone a fundamental change.
The new Government has been
formed in complete accordance
with the wishes of the represen-
tation of people based on equal
universal secret direct franchise.

The leaders of the great par-
ties of the Reichstag are mem-
bers of this Government. In
future no Government can take
or continue in office without
possessing the confidence of the
majority of the Reichstag. The
responsibility of the Chancellor
of the Empire to the representa-
tion of the people is being
legally developed and safeguarded.
The first act of the new
Government is to lay before the
Reichstag a bill to alter the con-
stitution of the Empire so that the
consent of the representation of
the people is required for deci-
sions on war and peace. The
permanence of the new system
is however guaranteed, not only
by constitutional safeguards, but
also by the unshakable deter-
mination of the German people.
The whole vast majority stands
behind these reforms and de-
mands their energetic continua-
ance. The question of the Presi-
dent with whom he and the
Government associated against
Germany are dealing is therefore
answered in a clear unequivocal
manner by the statement that the
office of peace armistice has come
from the Government which is
free from arbitrary and irrespon-
sible influence and is supported
by the approval of the over-
whelming majority of German
people.
SIGNED SOLF.

Progress of the War

With the Allied Armies in
Belgium, Oct. 17.—The Germans
have started a retreat on a tremen-
dous scale, from Northern
Belgium. French cavalry is ap-
proaching Thieff, seven miles
from the banks of the Ghent-
Bruges canal. The canal itself
is only ten miles from the border
of Holland. So fast is the en-
emy retreating that the French,
British and Belgian infantry, at
least in the center of the battle-
front, have lost touch entirely
with the enemy. There have
been many signs of late that the
Germans planned a further with-
drawal in the face of the steady
pressure of the Allies. Great
streams of enemy traffic began
moving last night, and continued
today on the roads around
Courtrai and Harlebeke and on
railways running northeast.
The French mortars and direct ma-
chine gun fire are seriously ham-
pering the enemy transport, in
his attempt to get the material
away through the mud. The
Germans' withdrawal continues
in the Lille sector, but slowly.
In the southern battle area there
has been fighting of a minor
character. Mrs. civilians have
been rescued from towns.

The British have established a
bridgehead south of the Lys
near Warwicourt. After fight-
ing all night and smashing for-
ward for a gain of 7,000 yards
one British corps continued its
advance until it had reached the
banks of the Lys south of Cour-
trai. Another corps established
itself between Heute and Cour-
trai. The village of Heetteing
was captured after severe fighting
in which the Germans suffered
tremendous losses.

Berlin, Oct. 16, via London.—
The Germans in Northern
France have withdrawn their
forces somewhat in the district
west and southwest of Lille army
headquarters announced today.

British Headquarters in Fland-
ers, Oct. 17.—The Germans are
carrying out a double retirement
in Flanders, with Courtrai as
the pivot. The northern retire-
ment extends from Ostend south-
ward, while the other affects the
industrial area of Northern
France. The only point of the
northern front, where there is
any fighting to-day, is at Cour-
trai. At four o'clock this morn-
ing the German commandant at
Lille ordered all the inhabitants
of Lille to assemble as promptly
as possible. As they hurried
through the gloom of the streets
they observed the German march-
ing out. They were told to go
out to the British lines and meet
their friends. They came the
rhythmic tramp of infantry, which
gradually died away. The Ger-
mans had departed from Lille.
At dawn a British aircraft flying
over the city beheld a most amaz-
ing sight. The streets were
thronged with civilians who were
frantically waving handkerchiefs
and shawls. Not a soldier could
be seen. The aviator quickly
turned and reported the news back
to the British lines. Patrols ad-
vanced immediately and entered
the city. With the Allied
Forces in Flanders, Oct. 17.—(By
The Associated Press)—The
Allied infantry in the center of
the advance against the retreat-
ing Germans on this front, was
reported today as having re-
established contact with the flee-
ing enemy. It is considered that
if the present rate of advance is
maintained, the Belgian coast
should be free of the Germans,
within a very few days.

Many additional prisoners have
been captured. The British
operating in Flanders, whose
principal job has been support-
ing the Belgian and French flank,
has also captured 4,000 prison-
ers and 150 guns, since the opera-
tions began. The roads in the
rear of the Belgian army are
jammed with prisoners and cap-
tured war material.

London, Oct. 18.—The evacu-
ation of the territory of Serbia,
Albania, and Montenegro by
forces of the Central Powers has
been begun, according to a de-
spatch from Vienna, forwarded

by the Amsterdam correspondent
of the Central News Agency.
The Germans have withdrawn
from Russia. The Allied troops
in Serbia continue successfully
their advance northward from
Nish. A statement from the
Serbian war office announced
that the Serbs have captured
Kruchevatz, thirty miles north-
west of Nish. The statement
reads: "We have occupied Kru-
chevatz and Prone (Ponor) (The
French have captured
Kalna."

Over a front of forty miles,
from the North Sea in Belgium
to Lille in Northern France, the
Germans are in general retreat
before the British, French and
Belgian armies. Likewise the
enemy is being forced to con-
cede defeat by retrograde move-
ments before the British and
Americans southeast of Cam-
brai, under the attacks of the
French in the pocket between the
Oise and Sarre Rivers, north of
Laon, and by reason of continued
strong attacks by the French and
Americans in Champagne and
along the Meuse River. Now-
here, however, is the enemy in
disorder. In Belgian Flanders
his steps are being hastened by
reason of the swift drives into
his lines by the British at Lille
just south of the Belgian border,
and by the French and Belgians
farther north, which threaten to
compel him to enter Dutch terri-
tory and face internment unless
he is fleet enough to withdraw
out of the entire pocket between
the Scheldt River and the sea,
and re-constitute his line with
his right wing resting on
Antwerp.

Continued on Page 3

CANADA,
Province of Prince Edward
Island.

In the Probate Court.
Estate of
John G. Graham, late of Gas-
peraux, in Kings County, in
the said Province, Farmer, de-
ceased, testate.

To the Sheriff of the County of
King's County, or to any Con-
stable or literate person
within the said County:

GREETING.
WHEREAS William McLure of
Murray Harbour North in Kings
County aforesaid, farmer, and
William N. McKay of the same
place, farmer, Executors of the
last Will and Testament of the
said John G. Graham deceased
have by their Petition now on
file prayed that all persons inter-
ested in the said Estate may
appear and show cause if any
they can why the accounts of the
said Estate should not be passed
and why the said Estate should
not be closed:
You are therefore required to
cite all persons interested in the
said Estate to appear before me
at a Probate Court to be held at
my Chambers in the Law Courts
Building in Charlottetown in
Queen's County in the said Pro-
vince on Friday the twenty-
second day of November next
(A. D. 1918) at the hour of
Eleven o'clock forenoon to show
cause why the accounts of the
said Estate should not be passed
and the Estate closed.

Given under my hand and
the Seal of the said Court
[L.S.] this seventeenth day of
October,
A. D. 1918.

(Signed)
AENEAS A. MACDONALD,
Judge of Probate
Oct. 23 1918 4J.

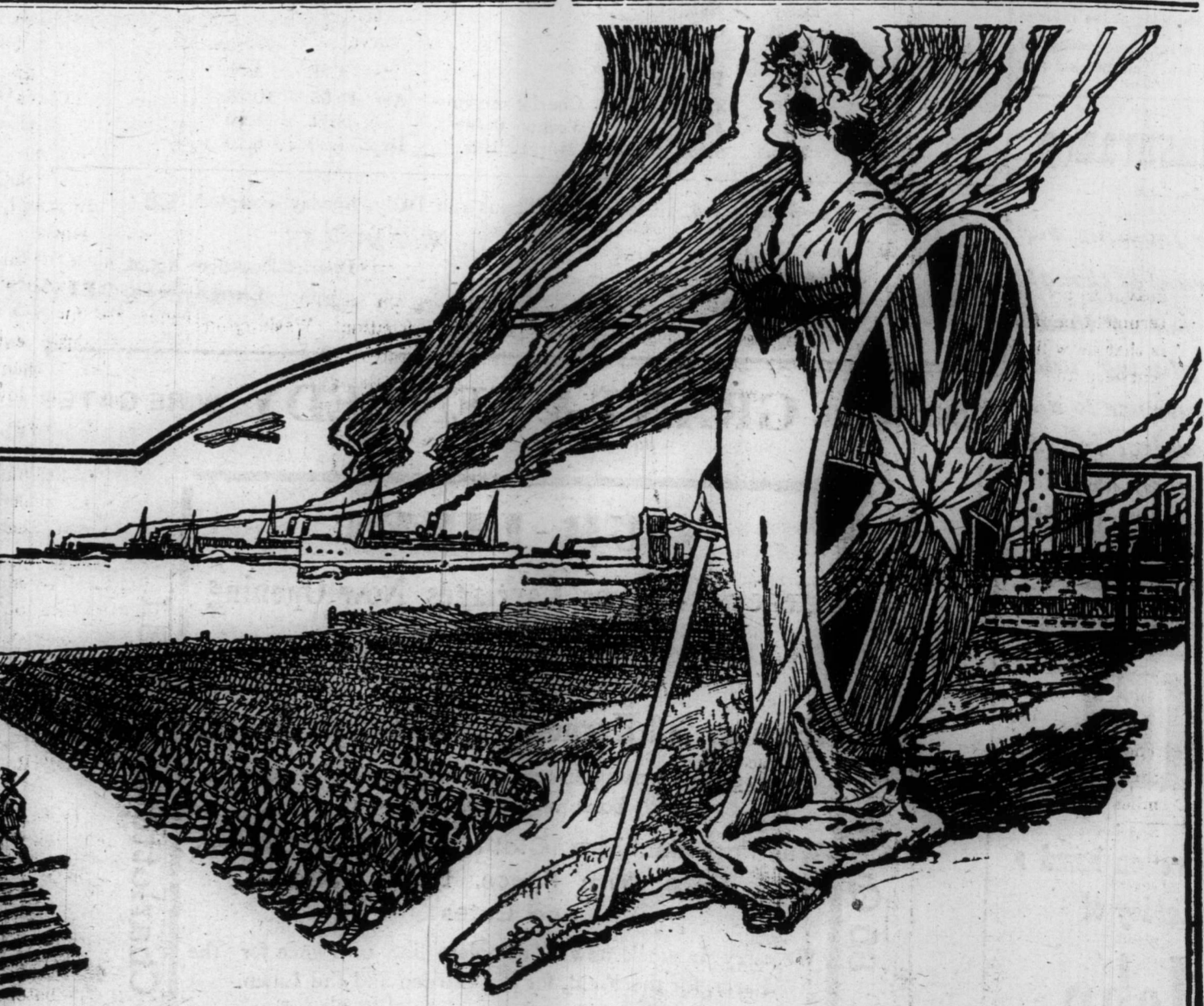
The New Coats, Suits
and Dresses in every
desirable model

Whether the coat is to be of the long or
short model, whether trimmed with fur or
with large collar and belt, whether the suit is
to be of average length or a long coated
model with the long, narrow skirt, whether
the dress is to be of satin, serge or other ma-
terial and will show various manners of trim-
ming to bring out the silhouette effect, you
may be sure of finding any style desired in
our very extensive collection.

From information at hand, we believe we
serve the best interests of our customers by
advising early choice.

New Fall Coats.....\$18.00 to \$85.00
New Fall Suits.....\$25.00 to \$50.00

MOORE & McLEOD
Limited Charlottetown



Why Canada must borrow
money to carry on

Because Canada has put her hand
to the plow and will not turn back:—
—our country is in the war on the
side of liberty and justice and will stay
in it till complete victory is won and
the unspeakable Hun is smashed and
beaten to the ground;
—a nation at war must make tremen-
dous expenditures in cash to keep
up her armies and supply them with
munitions, food and clothing;
—Canada must finance many mil-
lions of dollars of export trade in food,
munitions and supplies which Britain
and our allies must have on credit;
—for these purposes Canada must

borrow hundreds of millions of
dollars—
And, this money must be borrowed
from the people of Canada:—
Therefore, Canada will presently
come to her people for a new Victory
Loan to carry on.
+ + +
Canadians will loan the money by
again buying Victory Bonds.
The national safety, the national
honor and the national well-being
require that each and every Canadian
shall do his duty by lending to the
nation every cent he can spare for this
purpose.

Be ready when the call comes to see your
country through in its great war work

Issued by Canada's Victory Loan Committee
in co-operation with the Minister of Finance
of the Dominion of Canada

PROGRESS OF THE WAR

(Continued from page 2.)

Ostend, one of the famous submarine bases on the north sea, is in British hands. Bruges is practically captured, while to the south from the region east of Roulers, the Allied forces are fast driving toward Ghent in an endeavor to seal the western Flanders sack and retain in it large elements of the enemy's forces. Strong opposition is being offered on the Courtrai sector to prevent the Allies from carrying out their manoeuvres to the full. More than a score of additional villages have been liberated by the Allied troops, and numerous guns and quantities of stores have been captured.

The king and queen of the Belgians expressed the wish to visit Ostend, either from the sea or the air. In view of the difficulty of landing, and the uncertainty of the situation, they proceeded in the destroyer Terzagent, flying the Belgian flag at the main, to the vicinity of Ostend. The senior officer of the British motor launch patrol off Ostend, which had been reinforced by French motor launches, reported that all had been quiet for some hour. Their majesties, therefore, landed and proceeded to the Hotel De Ville (town hall). They were received everywhere with indescribable enthusiasm. They returned to Dunkirk about ten o'clock at night. "The British naval forces suffered no damage and no casualties."

Zeebrugge, Germany's second great submarine base on the North Sea has gone the way of Ostend. The flag of Belgium once more flies over it. To the south Bruges has been evacuated and Turoing, Roubaix and other towns have been delivered. Out of the great sack between the North Sea and the Lys River the enemy is fleeing fast in an endeavor to prevent capture or internment in Holland. His hope is that he will be able to reach Antwerp and there reconstitute his line from the Dutch frontier through Antwerp and Namur to some point in the south, probably Sedan or Metz, and establish it for the moment at least to the Swiss frontier.

London, Oct. 20.—The Selle River has been crossed north of Le Cateau by the British, in spite of stiff opposition, Field Marshal Haig reported today. The British advance continues further north, and Denain, five miles southwest of Valenciennes, has been captured. The text of the Field Marshal's statement reads: "At an early hour this morning our troops attacked the enemy's positions on the line of the Selle River, north of Le Cateau and have crossed the River, despite considerable opposition. Further north the advance continued yesterday afternoon and last evening. Our troops completed the capture of Denain and have reached the general line of Haveluy - Wandignies - Hamag - Brillion-Beuvry. The enemy's resistance is increasing on this front." In their attack across the Selle River, in the region of Le Cateau, the British advanced one mile on a front of ten miles. The town of Solesmes, five and a half miles north of Le Cateau, was recaptured.

"Victory crowns the Allied arms in every battlefront. Northern Belgium is being rapidly cleared of the enemy by British and Belgian forces. Belgians have occupied Zeebrugge and Herzele have crossed the Ghent-Bruges Canal and on their left have reached the Dutch front, where 15,000 Germans cut off from their retreat by the advance northward from Eclooo, are reported to have withdrawn into Holland, where they were interned. Ghent, it is predicted from British headquarters, will fall at an early date and the French by a swift stroke along an extended line have put their forces within two miles of Tournai. This is in the hands of the French despite stubborn high ground round about.

British troops have crossed the Selle River, have re-occupied

Solesmes and have had hard fighting not only in the section around that town, but at St. Pythan to the east. Here the British have captured more than 2,000 prisoners. Since the beginning of the operations in Flanders, the Allies have made advance of more than 10 miles over a thirty-six mile front, clearing all the coast of the enemy. Fighting desperately to hold their position to the north and south of Le Cateau the Germans on a front of forty miles have massed nearly half a million men. Their line is vital to the success of the Allied arms, which are steadily pushing the enemy back and breaking through at strategical points.

The British third army is smashing its way forward to the south of Valenciennes. Success so far has attended this effort and the turning of this line will prove a source of great danger to vast masses of German troops holding the territory to the north and south. The American forces operating in conjunction with the British north of Wassigny have advanced to the Sambre-Oise Canal. They occupied Rejet, east of St. Souplet, at the point of the bayonet. Wave after wave of machine gunners faced the Americans, who inflicted enormous losses on them. West of the Meuse American activity was confined to the consolidation of positions captured from the Germans.

On the front in Russia, severe defeat with the loss of 1,000 men killed, has been inflicted on the Bolsheviks in the Yakaterinburg district by Czech-Slovak and Siberian forces. Three armored trains with eleven locomotives and sixty machine guns were captured by the Allied forces. Germany's reply to President Wilson has been handed to the Swiss minister at Berlin for transmission to the United States, according to unofficial advice reaching Amsterdam from German sources. In the reply Germany expresses a willingness to evacuate Belgian soil, but bellows such a withdrawal would necessarily take several months. It is added that the German government is prepared provisionally to abandon its U-boat campaign. A Madrid despatch says that Germany has officially notified the Spanish government that the German admiral has recalled all submarines to their bases.

Paris, Oct. 21.—The situation is without change on the Oise front, according to the war office announcement tonight. Between the Oise and the Serre the French have occupied Mestrecourt-Bischoeuft.

London, Oct. 21.—From the Dutch border at Ede to the Argonne, the Germans are now behind a series of water defences, broken only by a few short stretches. This 200-mile water line is formed by the derivation canal, and the Scheldt, Harpies, Oise, Serre and Aisne rivers. The Belgians are five and a half miles from Ghent, and the British less than two from Tournai and two from Valenciennes.

The fall of Valenciennes to Field Marshal Haig's forces is imminent. Despite the desperate resistance of the Germans, the British have entered the city on the west, while to the north they have made a deep thrust into the great Boisinas Forest, and are moving in the direction of Conde, near the angle of the Scheldt.

A NERVOUS WRECK FROM HEART AND NERVES.

There are many people at the present time whose nerves are unstrung, heart affected, and general health impaired. To such we offer Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills as the best remedy that science has produced for such troubles. These pills have a wonderful effect on the nerve cells of the body, giving them new life and energy; they strengthen and regulate the heart and make the blood rich and nourishing. Mr. Joseph Daly, Wolfe Island, Ont., writes: "I have used Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I was a regular nervous wreck from my heart and nerves. I saw your advertisement in the paper and decided to try your pills. I took five boxes of them, and now I am as steady as a clock. People said I could not be cured, but I looked into Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are sold at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont."

Local and Other Items

For Foch and Freedom! Buy Victory Bonds.

Use your dollars to end the war. Buy Victory Bonds.

Latest war news is of the very best. The Allies are constantly forcing the enemy back.

Montreal advises state: The death rate from influenza reached its highest figure Sunday Oct. 20, when 201 deaths were reported. The new cases reported numbered 1633.

Before leaving Ostend the Germans scuttled a large mail boat alongside the old British warship Victorious which was sunk in the channel there last May. They made this doubly sure that the canal will be blocked for a long time.

The Manchester Guardian's London correspondent learns indirectly, but in a most unquestionable way, that only a few days ago Marshal Foch told Field Marshal Haig personally that it was the British break through the Hindenburg line that brought about the German peace offer.

President Wilson has rejected the Austro-Hungarian Government's offer to conclude an armistice and negotiate peace on principles announced by him and has given notice that mere autonomy for Austria subject nationalities is no longer acceptable, that they must have liberty.

Owing to the shortage and pending the survey being made, the United States Food Administration advises the Canada Food Board that they have suspended for the present the issue of export licences for cheese, canned milk, dried apricots, raisins, pears, figs, dates, and apples.

A cablegram received by the Belgian Legation Washington, Oct. 21, states: The Belgian Government already has taken steps to compute the enormous total of the damage done to property in Belgium by the Germans during their occupation of the country.

Arrangements have been made by the Belgian relief committee with the British quarter-master general for \$20,000,000 emergency rations to be furnished immediately to the civilian population in Belgium. Herbert Hoover, chairman of the commission, announced in Washington on the 18th that the rations would come from the stores of the British army in Belgium, and would be paid for by the relief commission.

According to advices received from Washington the tidal wave which followed the earthquake in Port Rico, added to the death toll, and devastations, as the American Red Cross was advised in cablegrams from San Juan. The city of Mayaguez, the third largest city on the Island, practically was destroyed by the rush of water while the town of Aguidalla was badly damaged. Other towns on the western part of the Island were damaged by the earth shocks, and the death list is placed at more than one hundred with probably three hundred injured. Hundreds of families are homeless, and the property loss is estimated from \$3,000,000 to \$4,000,000.

Lieut. Governor Sir, R. E. LeBlanc of Quebec, died at 11.58 p. m. Saturday last. He was born in 1854, graduated from McGill University, and was admitted to the bar in 1878. He was a Conservative in politics, and represented Laval County in the Quebec Legislature from 1882 to 1908, being Speaker of the House from 1892 to 1897, and leader of the opposition from 1904 to 1908. He was appointed Lieutenant Governor in 1915 and in 1916 was created Knight Commander of St. Michael and St. George. He is survived by his wife, Lady LeBlanc, and three children, Mrs. Costa, of Buenos Aires, Captain Beaudry LeBlanc and Mrs. J. A. Parodeau of Montreal.

Prodigal Waste By Big Earners

War Prosperity Has Led to Injudicious Spending. No Thought of Lean Years Ahead.

Side by side with a good deal of thrift, there is a good deal of thriftlessness among us just now. In the writer's immediate neighborhood in the East end of Toronto, and no doubt it is the same in other places, unthriftness is quite as much in evidence as is thrift. It is surprising that this should be the case in this neighborhood, for it is one in which, only the year before the first year of the war, the people, very many of them, experienced the pinch of dire poverty. Work was scarce. Many who had bought their houses could not keep the rent, or pay the taxes due on them. Many who lived in rented houses could not pay their rent. Yet, although this was only between four and five years ago, many of the people who suffered most have already forgotten that then they went hungry, and, in most cases, almost starving. They don't realize that what then was may be again. They think that the present boom—for wages are quite abnormally high—will last for ever.

BOUGHT TWO CARS.

Here is a concrete case. A certain man who, four or five years ago, lacked food and all the necessities of life, is today making big money at munitions. He is not putting by a cent. In the three years and more during which he has been working on munitions, he has bought himself two cars. His first car didn't last long. He gave the poor thing no rest. When it was "all in" he bought another. Yet this man will edge for clothes for his children, and send his children to the school dentist.

Now when the call is for economy, many women whose husbands are making big money, are outrageously extravagant in clothes. One of them in the same locality is so in love with fine clothes that she was seen wearing a silk dress when scrubbing the floor. Until her husband got his present \$50 a week job, he had never had more than \$20 a week to get along on. They have nothing saved (as she admits) and if the man was out of a job tomorrow all they would have to show as resultant from their present prosperity would be a quantity of partly-worn fine clothes.

EATING THEIR EARNINGS.

Many families are literally eating up their big earnings. One that I know will give \$9.50 for a leg of lamb for Sunday dinner. The father takes to work for his lunch which he bought at a store, for which a big price is paid. The butcher who serves them says he could not begin to afford the expensive food they consume in large quantities.

War-time prosperity is just giving them a good time—for a time. What of the "lean years" that may be ahead?

Buy Continued Prosperity

Before our last Victory Loan financial experts were dubious as to the outlook for Canada. She could not borrow abroad. It was necessary that she have a large available capital to finance credit for British and foreign war orders. Canada was thrown on her own resources and appealed to her citizens.

The remarkable over-subscription of the 1917 Victory Loan completely changed the uncertain outlook which prevailed. It gave a new impetus to agriculture, commerce and prosperity. It invigorated our efforts in the war. It allowed our provincial Governments, municipal and other borrowers to finance their respective needs at home. In short, it gave another lease of life to the activities of the Dominion.

The Victory Loan of 1918 will accomplish the same purpose. Upon the ready response of the large and small investor, depends the immediate economic future of Canada. Everyone's prosperity is involved. Prepare to buy continued Prosperity in Victory Bonds.

The Market Prices.

Table listing market prices for various commodities: Butter (.47 to .50), Eggs per doz (.48 to 0.00), Fowls each (1.00 to 1.10), Chickens per pair (.85 to 1.25), Flour (per cwt.) (.00 to 0.00), Beef (small) (.010 to 0.16), Beef (quarter) (.08 to 0.11), Mutton per lb. (.01 to 0.00), Pork (.020 to 0.22), Potatoes (.060 to 0.65), Hay, per 100 lbs. (.80 to 0.85), Black Oats (.80 to 0.85), Hides (per lb.) (.016 to 0.00), Calf Skins (per lb.) (.035 to 0.00), Sheep Pelts (.125 to 1.50), Oatmeal (per cwt.) (.00 to 0.00), Turnips (.000 to 0.20), Turkeys (per lb.) (.025 to 0.20), Pressed Hay (.200 to 20.00), Straw (.060 to 0.60), Ducks per pair (.155 to 2.00)

Mortgage Sale

There will be sold, by Public Auction, in front of the Court House, Souris, in King's County, on Wednesday, the Sixteenth day of October, 1918, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon: ALL THAT tract, piece or parcel of land situated, lying and being on Lot or Township Number Forty-four, in King's County, in Prince Edward Island, bounded and described as follows, that is to say: Commencing on the Southern side of the road leading from Lower Hullo Bay to Souris West, at the Eastern boundary of a piece of and formerly held by Gabriel Deagle, and now in the possession of Moses Broe, and running hence East along said road seven chains and ninety links; thence South Fifty-six degrees west parallel with the South-eastern boundary of the said piece of land in possession of Moses Broe to the Gulf Shore; thence Northwestwardly along said shore to the aforesaid Southern boundary of land in possession of Moses Broe, and thence along said boundary North 54° East Twenty-three chains and thirty links and North 28°30' East four chains and thirty links to the place of commencement, having a breadth at right angles of four chains and thirty links and an average length of twenty-nine chains, and containing Twelve acres of land, a little more or less.

The above Sale is made under and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the Second day of August, A. D. 1915, and made between Peter Warner of Souris West, in King's County, in Prince Edward Island, Trustee, and Josephine Warner, his wife, of the one part, and the undersigned of the other part, and because of default having been made in the interest secured thereby.

For further particulars apply to A. E. McQuaid, Solicitor, Souris.

Dated this Twenty-eighth day of August, A. D. 1918. HENRY DINGWELL, Mortgagee.

HER LITTLE GIRL COUGHED UNTIL SHE FAIRLY CHOKED.

Mrs. John Reinhardt, Ridgeway, Ont., writes: "My little girl at the age of 7 years and a half had had a cough for some time, and I was afraid it would go to her lungs. I thought I would use Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, as I knew of quite a few persons who had used it with good results. I am glad I did so, as I only used one bottle. It is a sure cure for coughs and colds."

It is so common for Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup should not be recognized as the very best cough and cold remedy on the market to-day, combining as it does the lung healing virtues of the Norway pine tree, to which are added wild cherry bark, quinine, and other soothing and soothing ingredients.

It has stood the test for the past 30 years and is becoming more generally used every year on account of its great merit in curing coughs, colds, bronchitis, whooping cough, croup, pertussis, and all other chest ailments, and in many cases consumption.

Synopsis of Canadian North-West Land Regulations

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, who was at the commencement of the present war, and subject or a subject of a British or neutral country, may homestead a quarter-section of available Dominion Land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta.

Applicant must appear in person at Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for District. Entry by proxy may be made on certain conditions. Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of land in each of three years.

In certain districts a homesteader may secure an adjoining quarter-section as pre-emption. Price \$3.00 per acre. Must reside six months in each of three years after earning homestead patent and cultivate 50 acres extra. May obtain pre-emption patent as soon as homestead patent on certain conditions.

A settler after obtaining homestead patent, if he cannot secure a pre-emption, may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.00.

W. W. CORY, Deputy Minister, of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Fire Insurance

Possibly from an oversight or want of thought you have put off insuring, or placing additional insurance to adequately protect yourself against loss by fire.

ACT NOW. CALL UP

DEBLOIS BROS.,

Water Street, Phone 251

LIME!

We have on hand a quantity of

St. John

LIME

In Barrels and Casks.

PHONE 111

C. LYONS & Co.

Sept 17 1918-41

HER LITTLE GIRL COUGHED UNTIL SHE FAIRLY CHOKED.

Mrs. John Reinhardt, Ridgeway, Ont., writes: "My little girl at the age of 7 years and a half had had a cough for some time, and I was afraid it would go to her lungs. I thought I would use Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, as I knew of quite a few persons who had used it with good results. I am glad I did so, as I only used one bottle. It is a sure cure for coughs and colds."

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SAVE For Victory

So great has been its success that there have been a great many imitations put on the market to take its place. See that none of these so-called "pine syrups" are handed out to you when you ask for "Dr. Wood's". The genuine and original is wrapped in a yellow wrapper, three pine trees in a circle, and the words "Dr. Wood's" are printed in red on the wrapper. Price 25c. and 50c. Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

LET US MAKE Your New Suit

When it comes to the question of buying clothes, there are several things to be considered.

You want good material, you want perfect fitting qualities, and you want your clothes to be made fashionable and stylish, and then you want to get them at a reasonable price.

This store is noted for the excellent quality of the goods carried in stock, and nothing but the very best in trimmings of every kind tailored to go into a suit.

We guarantee to fit you perfectly, and all our clothes have that smooth, stylish, well-tailored appearance, which is approved by all good dressers.

If you have had trouble getting clothes to suit you, give us a trial. We will please you.

MacLellan Bros.

TAILORS AND FURNISHERS

153 Queen Street.

CARTER'S

Feed and Grain Store

We carry large stocks of Bran, Middlings, Oil Cake, Meal, Corn Meal, Cracked Corn, Rolled Oats, Flour, Graham Flour, Black and White Flour, Pressed Hay, Pressed Straw, Feed Wheat for poultry, Chick Feed, Scratch Feed, Groats, Oyster Shells, Cotton Seed Meal, Sugar Beet Meal, Cracked Grain, Milk Mash and Egg Mash, Laying hens, Flax Seed, Linseed Meal, Charcoal for poultry, Alfalfa Meal, Bird Seed, Gravel, Ground Poultry Bone, Beef & Bone Scraps, Leg Bone, Wire Hen's Nests, Drinking Fountains, &c., &c., all at

LOWEST PRICES

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Carter & Co., Ltd.

Seed Warehouse, Queen Street

Your Soldier Boy Wants HICKEY'S TWIST

No matter where he is, or what other tobacco he gets, the Island soldier who chews tobacco is never without anything but HICKEY'S TWIST.

In hundreds of letters from the boys in Flanders, England and the training camps, they ask for HICKEY'S TWIST—and the 10th took along 20,000 figs with it.

Send your soldier boy a pound of HICKEY'S TWIST parcel.

Hickey & Nicholson, Ltd.

CHARLOTTETOWN.

Talk Versus Work.

Lip battle never won a fight against an armed foe. For windy words but hit the air, and with the breezes blow into sea of nothingness chock full of empty boast.

The Face at The Window

By Eleanor Rogers Cox, in The Rosary Magazine

"You don't mean to say," blurted out Masterson, who had been following the story of his friend's sorrow with a deeper sympathy than he would have cared to credit himself with.

Aching Joints

In the fingers, toes, arms, and other parts of the body, are joints that are inflamed and swollen by rheumatism—that acid condition of the blood which affects the muscles also.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Removes the cause of rheumatism—no outward application can. Take it away from it. The spirit of change, rampant and triumphant, effacing old landmarks, planting new ones, had been everywhere ahead of him.

are about to leave New York without having gained another glimpse of your face at the window? Man, I would never think it of you! Now, had you taken my advice about the Polish quarter—

"I did take it. Yes. Masterson, smile if you will, but I have been such an inconceivable fool as to spend the best part of my days since that flashing second in the subway, mooning and manuring after that will-o'-the-wisp face through every red-brick canyon of exiled Poland here.

"Next Wednesday." "A week from today. And next Sunday is Easter. Don't you think it might be an interesting thing—even if you only looked on it as a bit of sociology—to go down there and take in the Easter parade?"

"You dear incorrigible old optimist. I see what you would be at. We'll let the weather decide. If Easter be sunshiny I start off for a last decisive view of Little Poland. If it rains—"

"Burke's laugh was short and mirthless. 'I think two surprises of that kind are hardly likely to happen in one year. However, we'll put the responsibility on the weather.'"

Sunday came, an Easter to make the blood leap in the veins, such an embodiment of spring it was, such a sense of upspringing, vernal delight it gave to the mere time-worn fact of living.

But with the coming of spring, the old fever to be off again, to walk at will the dream-haunted by ways of the older world, began to race through his veins.

HER LITTLE GIRL

COUGHED UNTIL SHE FAIRLY CHOKED.

Mrs. John Reinhardt, Ridgeway, Ont., writes:—"My little girl at the age of a year and a half had an awful cough. She would cough until she would fairly choke, and I was afraid it would go to her lungs. I thought I would use Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, as I know of quite a few persons who had used it with good results. I am glad I did so, as I only used one bottle. It is a sure cure for coughs and colds."

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The Victory Loan of 1918 will accomplish the same purposes. Upon the ready response of the large and small investor, depends the immediate economic future of Canada. Everyone's prosperity is involved.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DYPHTHERIA

"Military ignorance is bound to show itself," said Representative Woodward in a trenchant criticism of the German offensive. "All ignorance shows itself, for that matter."

"I heard a lady talking to a missionary the other day about a Turk. 'Did the second one wear a fez?' the missionary asked. 'No,' said the lady, 'he was clean shaven.'"

W. H. O. Wilkinson, Stratford says:—"It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills. Price 25c. a box."

Dear Sirs,—I can recommend MINARD'S LINIMENT for Rheumatism and Sprains, as I have used it for both with excellent results.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DISTEMPER

A NERVOUS WRECK FROM HEART AND NERVES.

There are many people at the present time whose nerves are unstrung, heart affected, and general health impaired. To such we offer Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills as the best remedy that science has produced for such troubles.

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LET US MAKE Your New Suit. When it comes to the question of buying clothes, there are several things to be considered. You want good material, you want perfect fitting qualities, and you want your clothes to be made fashionable and stylish, and then you want to get them at a reasonable price.

FLEISCHMANN'S YEAST TO MAKE GOOD BREAD You must have Good Yeast. GOOD BREAD is, without question, the most important article of food in the catalog of man's diet; surely, it is the "staff of life."

R. F. MADDIGAN & Co. Agents for P. E. Island. W. J. P. McMILLAN, M.D. PHYSICIAN & SURGEON. J. D. STEWART Barrister, Solicitor and Notary Public.

McLean & McKinnon Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law. CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I. Job Printing Done at The Herald Office.

Summer Footwear. Wear something light and easy on hot days. We carry a full stock for every member of the family. For Women: White Boots (leather or rubber soles) \$3.65 a pair and up. White Pumps, Sneakers, Oxfords, all kinds.

Table with 4 columns: NAME, ADDRESS, BREED, AGE. Lists various live stock for sale including Ayshire bull calves, Yorkshire Hogs, and Duroc Jersey Boars.

Change of Time. Commencing Friday, June 28th, 1918, and until further notice, the Car Ferry Prince Edward Island will be withdrawn from service between Borden and Tormentine, and the S.S. Northumberland will be placed on the Summerside-Pr. Du Chene route.

Near Sighted People. See clearly close by, and for this reason try to get away from your glasses, thereby suffering endless misery, and sometimes blindness follows.

E. W. Taylor Optician, Watchmaker and Jeweler. South Side of Queen Square CHARLOTTETOWN - P.E.I.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS. Change in Time Table. Commencing Monday August 19th, 1918, the Car Ferry, Prince Edward Island, will resume service between Borden and Tormentine.

Mail Contract. SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa, until noon, on Friday, the 27th July, 1918, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week.

SCOTT'S EMULSION. It is taken by people in tropical countries all the year round. It stops wasting and keeps up the strength and vitality in summer as well as winter.