

GRAND DUKE COVERING RETREAT OF MAIN ARMY BY FIERCE REAR-GUARD ACTIONS

VON-BUELOW'S ADVANCE ON THE VILNA-PETROGRAD RAILWAY IS CHECKED

Success of German General Would Have Seriously Interfered With Russian Communications—Grand Duke's Army Has Been Withdrawing to the Brest Line, Those Left Behind Hammering Hard at Enemy—Germans Fighting to Recover Losses in Meunster Region of Alsace.

London, Aug. 1.—The anniversary of the outbreak of the war passed without the Germans occupying Warsaw, however, news of this climax to the Austro-German offensive in the east, which was begun early in May, is hourly expected, for what little information is allowed to leak through is to the effect that the Russians, for several days, have been withdrawing to the Brest line, leaving small forces to fight rear guard actions, so that the main armies might make good their retreat.

These rear guard actions have developed at many places into fairly large battles, as the Russians, whose steadiness has been phenomenal in the fact of defeat, are offering stubborn resistance to the German advances and delivering powerful counterattacks. For example, they have prevented Field Marshal Von Hindenburg from throwing more of his troops across the Naraw, repulsed German attacks to the northeast of Warsaw and driven back to the river some of the invading troops, who crossed the Vistula to the south of Warsaw.

In the southeast, Field Marshal Von Hindenburg continues his victorious advance. The Russian army has been forced to retreat along both banks of the Bug. The Germans have already passed through Cholm in pursuit. Thus, on this front, the retirement of the Warsaw armies is seriously threatened. During the month of July Berlin says, the Germans captured more than 95,000 Russians between the Pilica river and the Baltic alone.

The Russians, according to Petrograd, have stopped Gen. Von Buelow's advance in Kovno province, toward the Vilna-Petrograd railway. If Grand Duke Nicholas is to hold the Brest line after his retirement from Warsaw, it is absolutely necessary that Von Buelow's offensive should be arrested, for had he reached the railway he would seriously interfere with the Russian communications.

It is not yet certain whether the Russian armies can make good their retirement from Warsaw. Certainly the Austro-Germans are doing their best to prevent it and have moved up very strong reinforcements to hasten their encircling movement. The appearance of fresh troops also suggested that the German staff will not be satisfied with the capture of the city, or even the destruction of part of the Russian army, but should this be accomplished, will attack the Brest line and endeavor finally to crush the entire Russian forces.

Meanwhile, the Germans, who appear to have an inexhaustible supply of munitions, are fighting desperately to retain every position which they hold along the western front. They have recaptured part of the trenches which they lost to the British near Hooge, and are making an effort to regain what they lost to the French in the Munster region of Alsace.

An unconfirmed report comes from Rome tonight that the Austrians are preparing for the evacuation of Trieste, and have already removed the machinery of the munitions factories.

Russian Report. Petrograd, July 31, via London, Aug. 1.—The following official statement was given out by the Russian War Office tonight: "Between the Dwina and Niemen rivers the Germans delivered a bare attack on Bausk on the night of July 29-30 and yesterday morning. Further south of the front Konstantin-Krenchinski-Subotche-Traschouky we drove back the enemy's advance guards.

Magnuszow-Kozienice were vigorously attacked by us in the course of the day. In the sector below the mouth of the Radomka we dislodged the enemy from the forests on the right bank and drove him back to the islands in the Vistula.

"On the Upper Vistula the enemy is holding the ground in the region of the Matziewietze.

"Between the Vistula and the Bug our troops on the night of the 29th to the 30th were ordered to pass to positions previously prepared in their rear. The enemy did not prevent us from occupying the new front, where our troops yesterday established themselves without a fight.

"We evacuated the town of Lublin and the sector of the railroad between the stations of Nowo Aleksandria and Recovitz.

"On the Bug river our troops continued to dislodge the enemy in certain sectors from positions south of the town of Sokal. Prisoners state that the enemy has suffered severe losses here in the last few days.

"There is no change on the other fronts."

British Report from Petrograd. Petrograd, Aug. 1, via London, Aug. 2.—The following official communication was issued today:

"Below Bausk, on the river Aa, in Courland, we fought a desperate engagement with the Germans Friday and Saturday. After numerous fruitless attempts, costing him heavy losses, the enemy succeeded in establishing himself on the right bank of the river near the farm of Jungerhof.

"On the Pomezee road our troops near the village of Darchischik overthrew a German column which had taken the offensive, and in the district of the villages of Butani and Tylnagola they repulsed an enemy advance guard taking several hundred German prisoners and a number of machine guns.

"The enemy trenches which fell into our hands were filled with dead."

"On the Naraw front Saturday night the enemy delivered attacks on the eastern bank of the Naraw, near the village of Serwatki, near the mouth of the Schniava. He succeeded in gaining a footing in the latter sector on the left bank of the Naraw, but afterward, by a counter-attack with the bayonet, was repulsed and driven back as far as the river.

"The same night the enemy, with considerable forces developed an offensive in the Rozan sector against our position between the Naraw and the Ojer river, as well as along the latter. A desperate battle ensued Saturday in which the enemy made much use of asphyxiating gases. After numerous desperate bayonet actions the Germans succeeded in making a little progress in the Kmanka-Jabine front."

French Report. Paris, Aug. 1.—The following official communication was issued by the war office tonight:

"An artillery action of medium intensity has occurred in Artois and in the valley of the Aisne. It was more violent to the northwest of Rheims, in the region of the Luxembourg farm, between Courcy and Loivre, and in the western Argonne, in the region of Fontaine-Aux-Charmes and Hill 213.

"Between the Meuse and the Moselle in the region of La Haye, a German battalion, surprised while assembling in the village of Vilecy Sur Trey, was subjected to a rapid and very effective fire from several of our batteries.

"Pont-A-Mosson and the village of Meisidiers have been bombarded but the damage was insignificant.

"German aeroplanes dropped in the plateau of Malzeville near Nancy, about 30 bombs, which caused neither losses nor damage."

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"West of Kovno, on Thursday evening a fierce bayonet charge we dislodged the enemy from several positions which he had captured in the morning.

"On the Naraw river yesterday the enemy, with weak forces, continued his efforts to cross to the left bank of the river near the mouth of the Siewa and east of Buzna delivered terrible attacks in the region of the villages of Selsinow and Rembese. We maintained the old front.

"To the left of the Vistula yesterday we repulsed an enemy attack north-west of Blonie. Enemy troops which had crossed the Vistula on the front

RUSSIA GRATEFUL FOR ALLIES' HELP STARTS SECOND YEAR OF WAR CONFIDENT OF VICTORY

Petrograd, via London, Aug. 1.—"I hereby solemnly declare that we will not conclude peace until the last enemy soldier has left our land." These words of Emperor Nicholas of Russia, uttered at the winter palace on August 1, 1914, are reproduced in the press of Petrograd on the anniversary of the war.

A message in the Bourne Gazette today, printed in all the languages of Russia's allies, says:

"For a year past the enemy has been threatening the freedom of the world. We deeply appreciate the self-sacrificing aid of the allies in exerting a combined pressure on him on all sides.

"A firm confidence in victory in a community of world-wide interests, and in the final triumph of right, fires the spirit of the nation. It has been our guiding star throughout this year of bloodshed. It will serve us in the coming months, maybe years, of this terrible struggle.

"Russia greets her allies—France, Great Britain, Belgium, Serbia, Montenegro, Japan and Italy. All hail to their heroic loyalty and firm determination to stand by her to the end; till light dispels the gloom."

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GERMANS TRANSPORT TROOPS FROM WEST TO POLAND

Two Divisions of Infantry Brought to Eastern Theatre in Effort to Crush Russian Army—No Official Word Yet of Evacuation of Warsaw.

Petrograd, via London, Aug. 1.—The following official statement was issued from general headquarters today:

"The Russian forces on Thursday night, between the Vistula and the Bug retired unimpeded to new positions. We evacuated the town of Lublin and the railway between the stations of Nowo Aleksandria and Relowicz."

The following official statement was issued tonight:

"The Germans continue to transport troops to our front. Prisoners confirm the first appearance on our front of the 54th and 55th divisions of German infantry, which participated in the battle on Thursday last. They had just arrived from the western front."

London, Aug. 1.—The fate of the Russian armies in the Polish salient still hangs in the balance. No official confirmation has been received up till an early hour this morning of the evacuation of Warsaw by the Russian troops, but that they are withdrawing backward is certain.

Air Raid by French on German Aviation Camp

Thirty Shells Dropped by French Aviators—Military Train of Enemy Shelled—German Attacks Repulsed.

Paris, Aug. 1.—German night attacks in Alsace were repulsed with losses, according to an official statement issued this afternoon at the French War Office. Announcement was also made of an aeroplane raid on the German aviation camp at Dalheim. The text of the communication follows:

"In the region of Artois, around Souchez, some German attempts to attack with hand-grenades were repulsed easily.

"On the rest of the front there was no incident of importance to report.

"During the day of July 23 our aeroplanes threw thirty shells on the aviation camp at Dalheim, and also six shells on a military train near Chateau Salins."

FRANCE HONORS CANADA'S PREMIER

Paris, July 31—Sir Robert L. Borden, Premier of Canada, who is now in Paris, has been decorated with the grand cross of the Legion of Honor.

London, Aug. 1.—A fine eulogy is paid Sir Robert Borden in a brief sketch appearing in Land and Water.

"One cannot forget that it is due to statesmen of the Borden type," the writer notes, "that the British Empire owes its solidarity today—men who have declined to admit that any consideration, personal or immediate, can outweigh the ultimate good that loyalty and faith to a pledged word bring with them."

MISSING N.B. MEN ARE BACK IN ACTION

Ottawa, Aug. 1.—The following from New Brunswick who were with the 4th Battalion, and had previously been reported as missing, are now reported as members of the 15th Battalion, according to the statement issued by the war office last night:

Private Jas. Keoughan, Chatham, N. B.

Private John Coldwell, Apohaqui, N. B.

Private Bernard King, Newcastle, N. B.

According to the German list of prisoners, Private Thos. Shaw, of Sydney, N. S., is a prisoner, but the place where he is detained is not given.

Wounded. Clifford Nicholls, Wales; F. Everett Mazer, Carlingford, N. B.

"This morning seven of our aeroplanes bombarded the station and the aviation works at Freiburg (Bad.). One of them was forced to make a landing on its return in the enemy lines because of motor trouble."

NIGHT ATTACK REPULSED BY ALLIES IN WEST

Enemy Driven Back With Heavy Losses in Attempt to Recover Trenches in Alsace.

Paris, Aug. 1.—German night attacks in Alsace were repulsed with heavy losses, according to an official statement issued this afternoon at the French War Office. Announcement was also made of an aeroplane raid on the German aviation camp at Dalheim.

The following official communication was issued by the war office last night:

"The day passed without any infantry engagements, but some bombs were dropped by aeroplanes on Dunkirk, the damage being insignificant.

"In Artois, at Angers and at Arras there has been the usual artillery activity. One piece firing at long range, threw nine shells on Compiene. No material damage was done, according to reports received, and a fire which was started was quickly extinguished.

"In the Argonne, in the region of Fontaine-Aux-Charmes and at Four De Paris, the bombardment of the trenches on all sides was almost continuous. In the Forest of Le Pretre the cannonading was very spirited.

"In the Vosges the enemy has bombarded our positions on Hill 627, at La Fontenelle, and the village of Metzeral.

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PROGRESS OF THE ITALIAN CAMPAIGN ON GORIZIA

The Italians by the capture of Mount San Michele and Mount del Bassi, on the Carso Plateau, still further tightened their lines about Gorizia, their present objective. They now are north and south of this Austrian stronghold, east of the river, and are fighting for the bridge heads in front of the city. Battles of great importance are in progress for Tolmino, in the Upper Isonzo Valley. The advance toward Trieste along the coast awaits the outcome of the struggle for Gorizia.

BELONGED TO KINGSTON, N.B.? KINGSTON, ONT. WOMAN SLAIN

London Despatch Says Member of 6th Mounted Rifles Killed by Lightning was Pte. Malcolm Douglas.

Kingston, Ont., July 31—Entering the house of Mrs. Nancy Job, widow at 225 Wellington street, between twelve and one o'clock this morning, in response to a report that a man had broken into the house, Constable Thomas Mullinger, found Mrs. Job in a dying condition as the result of a brutal assault. She died a few minutes later. Crouching behind a table in the house he found Alfred Suddard and placed him under arrest.

Mrs. Job's body was terribly mutilated, both her eyes were blackened and her face was covered with bruises. There were also a number of stab wounds in her face and neck. Suddard is twenty-five years of age and has a wife and baby girl. He appeared this morning in the police court and was charged with murder.

London, Aug. 1.—An inquest was held on Saturday on the body of Frederick Malcolm Douglas, aged 20 years, of Kingston, N. B. Douglas was a member of the 6th Mounted Rifles, and was killed by lightning the day after his arrival from Canada.

Privates James Westwater and Charles Johnson, of the same battalion, had a narrow escape, both being slightly injured. An inquest was also held in the case of Private Joseph Victor Harvey, aged 24, of Murray Bay, and a member of the 22nd Battalion. He was found shot in his hut, with his rifle at his side. Verdicts of accidental death were returned in both cases.

CZAR PROMISES AUTONOMY TO THE POLES

Premier Makes Declaration in Name of Emperor at First Sitting of the Duma.

Petrograd, Aug. 1, via London, Aug. 2.—The first sitting of the Duma, which opened today by imperial ukase in the presence of a brilliant assemblage, including the cabinet ministers and the members of the diplomatic corps. The session holds out promises of work with the object of promoting the production of military supplies and meeting the military requirements, rather than oratory, or effort to discover those responsible for the failure to realize the earlier high hopes. The temper of the deputies was moderate; party differences were minimized; there was an entire absence of gloom or factious enthusiasm. The speeches of the President of the Chamber and the Ministers were well received and rewarded with applause from both the right and left. The Polish people, the allies, the ambassadors and General Ruzsky, the commander in the Gallician campaign, were cheered heartily.

The outstanding feature of the session was the declaration made in the name of the Emperor by the Premier, M. Goremykin, that the Poles shall receive autonomy.

Announcement that amnesty had been granted Vladimir Bourtsell, the revolutionist, who returned here from Paris for hospital service but was immediately arrested, was well received. War Minister M. Poltranoff said: (Continued on Page 2)

TALK PEACE ONLY WHEN ENEMY IS CRUSHED

British and Italian press say Pope's plea for "arranging of aspirations" impossible until Allies' cause is vindicated.

London, July 31.—Pope Benedict's plea for an "arranging of aspirations" finds no response in the British press, which rejects, as the Westminster Gazette puts it, the "implication of the Pope that we all equally are involved in a fratricidal struggle, and that all in equal degree are responsible for the origin and outcome of the strife."

"We had no choice in the matter in August, 1914," the newspaper says, "and we have no choice in the matter now."

After citing examples of what it describes as the "terrorism and despotism" perpetrated by Germany in the year of warfare, the Westminster Gazette says:

"There is no conceivable arranging of aspirations which will meet our view, short of an issue which will make a repetition of these events impossible in the future."

The Pall Mall Gazette writing in a similar vein, and while not questioning the Pope's sincerity or impartiality, remarks:

"But until victory definitely rests on the banner of our alliance the Pope's wish cannot be realized without the deepest wrong to the cause of right and liberty, and peace itself."

Italian Press Comment Milan, July 30, via Paris, July 31.—The entire press of this city, commencing on the Pope's appeal to the belligerent countries says it shows the Pontiff's ardent desire to see the conflict end.

The Corriere della Sera, however, remarks that any intervention in favor of peace will find an insurmountable obstacle. Namely, that the conflict cannot end, except with a victory for the Entente Allies, the conflict being, for them, a defensive war, inspired by pure ideals of liberty and justice. Thus the Pope's appeal, says the newspaper, strikes at those who, for ambition and a desire for predominance, unchained war.

The Secel goes further, stating that peace now is impossible, because it would be advantageous only for Germany, occupying as she does Belgium, part of France, and Russian Poland, while every day which passes wears out Germany's forces, augments the resources of the Allies and retards the intervention of the Balkan states more probable.

BARN AT ROCKLAND HIT BY LIGHTNING, BURNED TO GROUND

Horse Saved but Farm Implements and Two Gasoline Engines Destroyed—House at Hartland Struck.

Special to The Standard. Hartland, August 1.—A heavy electrical storm accompanied by rain occurred in this vicinity last night.

At Rockland a barn owned by Lud Craig was struck and set on fire, the building and most of the contents being completely destroyed. The horses alone were saved. A large part of the hay crop was stored, as well as wagons, farm implements and two gasoline engines. The loss to Mr. Craig is about \$2,000.

At Hartland a house owned by James Faulkner and occupied by James Hull was struck and damaged to the extent of about \$75. The bolt tore away the flue, passed through the upper rooms into the hallway downstairs and found its exit in the ground tearing away plaster and woodwork in its course.

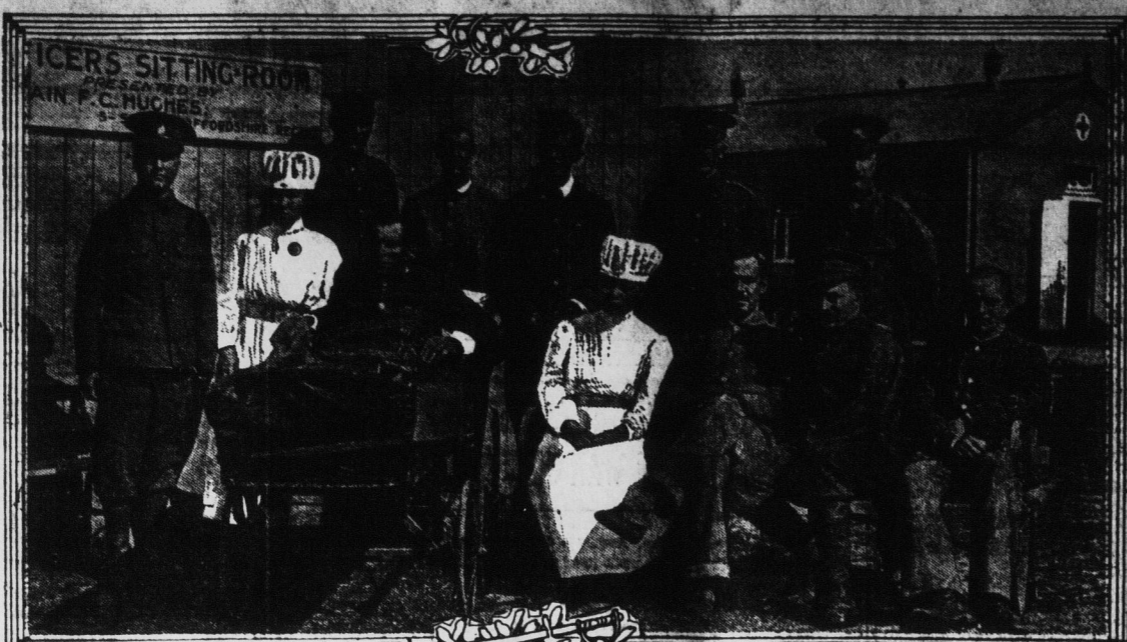
The family were at the picture house at the time and knew nothing of their danger until their return home.

No other damage has this far been reported.

NOTICE

All contributions for the machine guns for the 55th N. B. and P. E. Island Battalion are to be deposited in the Bank of Nova Scotia, Sussex, to the credit of Regimental Committee consisting of Cal. J. R. Kirkpatrick, Major H. S. Jones and Cuthbert Donald. N. B. and P. E. Island papers please copy.

WOUNDED OF MANY NATIONS ARE CHARGES OF JAPANESE NURSES



A COSMOPOLITAN GROUP AT THE BRITISH RED CROSS HOSPITAL AT NETLEY.

Some idea of the remarkably cosmopolitan complexion of the allied armies of Europe may be gathered from the above picture of wounded fighting men and their Japanese nurses. Add to it a Frenchman and Belgian and the group would embrace representatives of virtually all the nations engaged on the side of the Allies. The picture was obtained recently by Major C. Mitch, R. A. M. C., and shows—standing, left to right—Private Desroches, French Canadian; Sister Okino Kotaki, Japanese; Corporal Thompson, Canadian; Lance-Corporal Briggs, British; Private Alford, Mexican; Sergeant Holbrook, British; Private Rogan, Canadian. In apital chair—Private Billek, Serbian. Sitting, left to right—Sister Toome Murata, Japanese; Sergeant Crowe, South Africa; Private Kriksko, Russian; Petty Officer Sharp, British.

INQUIRY AT P. E. ISLAND

Witness Says He Did Not Pay For Having Contract Placed in His Way—No Rebate the Commissioner Finds.

Charlottetown, July 31.—The Davidson Commission closed at Summerside today and will open in Charlottetown on Monday. At this morning's session Harry Stillbrant, James D. Perry, Dr. John Jardine, John Harkins, Louis Leard, Elmer S. Mattart, E. W. Bell of Summerside from whom MacNeill had bought horses, gave evidence as to prices paid them. They talked with figures given by MacNeill yesterday. The prices ranged from \$140 to \$200. Bell testified that MacNeill told him that he had to get a certain number for the department and that his six for which he paid \$1,205 would fill the order at that time. Bell bought on his own account and sold to MacNeill independently.

Kaiser Struck After Years of Preparation

Former French Minister of Foreign Affairs Shows How Germans Made Ready to Carry Out Scheme for World Domination.

Paris, Aug. 1.—Under the caption "After One Year," Gabriel Hanotaux, former minister of foreign affairs, in the Figaro, today reviews the causes of the war and the "historical stages" leading Germany logically to this step, and to cast the dye for the gigantic conflict in an attempt to impose domination on the world.

OFFICIAL REPORTS

GERMANY

Berlin, via London, Aug. 1.—The following official statement from general headquarters was issued today: "A fire broke out in one of the departments of the Ardeer factory (Anderson Iron Works) near Irvine, Scotland, late Friday night. It was followed by several explosions. As far as can be ascertained one man was killed and eleven injured."

BATHURST GAVE TWENTY MEN AT ONE MEETING

A Rousing Recruiting Meeting on North Shore Gave Fine Results.

Bathurst, N. B., July 31.—A large enlistment campaign meeting was held in the open air in front of the court house at Bathurst on Friday night. There was a band in attendance and the speakers of the occasion were Mayor Michael of Bathurst, H. E. Le Blanc of Campbellton, J. Bennett Hachey, M. L. A., and Lieut. Brooks of the 55th Battalion. Twenty men came forward and enlisted and the campaign is said to be the best yet for the size of the place. Lieut. Brooks stated last night that the recruiting is going on well and that he enlisted thirty-two men in two days last week.

ONE KILLED, ELEVEN HURT

In Explosion Following Fire in Ardeer Factory, Scotland.

London, Aug. 1.—The British official press bureau last night gave out the following: "A fire broke out in one of the departments of the Ardeer factory (Anderson Iron Works) near Irvine, Scotland, late Friday night. It was followed by several explosions. As far as can be ascertained one man was killed and eleven injured."

JOSEPH R. HENDERSON, OF BRANDRAM-HENDERSON, LTD., DIES SUDDENLY

Stricken While in Halifax on Visit—Firm Has Branch in This City.

Halifax, Aug. 1.—Joseph H. Henderson, of Montreal, died suddenly here Saturday night. Mr. and Mrs. Henderson who have been residing in Montreal for some years arrived in Halifax last week. On Saturday Mr. Henderson was in his usual good health and in the afternoon visited the golf links and met many old friends. He played two rounds and later he and Mrs. Henderson went to the residence of Mr. Justice Harris to dinner. Mr. Henderson and Judge Harris were sitting on the verandah when suddenly Mr. Henderson took ill and immediately expired. Dr. Nicholl, who lives just across the street was summoned but nothing could be done.

THE DAILY FASHION HINT

A blue and white plaid taffeta. The skirt is caught up in the new puffed fashion; the corsage has bretelles and grids of the silk and the sleeves and underblouse are of white net.

CZAR PROMISES AUTONOMY TO THE POLES

(Continued from Page 1) "At this moment the enemy is concentrating enormous forces against Russia, and is successfully enveloping the territory and military districts of Warsaw, the strategic center of which has always been the weak point of our western frontier.

THREE OF CREW AMERICANS

Aboard Leyland Liner Ibernian Which was Sunk by German Submarine.

London, July 31.—The Leyland liner Ibernian has been sunk by a German submarine. Five members of the crew were killed. Two died aboard a rescue boat and sixty-one were landed safely.

The Ibernian has been used for several months for the transportation of war supplies between the United States and England.

Queenstown, Aug. 1.—The official list of the dead of the British steamer Ibernian, shelled by a German submarine on Saturday, accounts for six men three Americans and three Englishmen. The Englishmen were Proudfoot, Appleby and O'Keefe; the British wounded are James McGuigan, J. Berry, and L. Bolton.

TWELVE STR

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Prophets Who Foretold a Confounded—Millions of Greater Part of Europe, Destruction Ingenuity of Been Introduced and Be Go On With the Struggle

The second year of the European war opened yesterday. On Aug. 1, 1914, Germany declared war against Russia and the last chance vanished of localizing the Austro-Serbian war, declared three days previously by Austria-Hungary.

All the great Powers of Europe were drawn into a struggle the like of which history has not heretofore recorded. Eleven nations are at war and almost all lands are affected, directly or indirectly. Millions of men have been killed, wounded or carried captive in hostile countries. Billions of dollars have been expended. Thousands of square miles of territory have been devastated and hundreds of cities and towns laid waste.

Half the world is in mourning for the dead. And although the war has been in progress with unexampled fury for a year, the result may be summarized in one brief sentence: No decisive results have been achieved and the end is not in sight.

Determination to pursue the war to a decisive ending has been expressed by high officials of all the belligerent nations, preparations are being made for next winter's campaign and, in fact, indications from Europe are that it is more likely to increase in size rather than decrease. It is still an open question whether Bulgaria, Roumania or Greece will be drawn in.

In view of the immensity of the struggle, previous standards count for little in considering the price the world is paying. The figures involved are so vast as to convey little meaning. The nations at war have poured out their treasures of men and gold without limit. The usual standards of life have been subordinated or disregarded, and in some cases social, industrial and political activities have been virtually reorganized on a militaristic basis, to make all contribute to the supreme necessities of war.

It is impossible to obtain accurate statistics of the number of men engaged in the hostilities and the cost. For obvious reasons the size of the various armies is kept secret. Most casual estimates reveal the number of casualties; in fact, Great Britain is the

TONIGHT OPERA MATINEE 8.20 THE HOUSE TOMORROW JERE McAULIFFE AND HOMAN MUSICAL CO. "My Uncle from Japan"—"The Firefly"—"Jerry With Some New Parodies"—"The Girls in the Muffs"—"The Board Walk"—"The Homan Male Quartette" And Other Good Features. The Best Program Yet. MATINEE EVERY DAY EXCEPT TODAY Nights 10, 20, 30c. Matinee 10, 20c. Children 5c.

A Humping, Thumping Summer Bill Right Up to the Red-Hot Minute! THE "EASTLAND" HORROR Which Occured a Week Ago PICTURES OF GRUESOME WORK IMPERIAL THEATRE ACTUAL RIOTING SCENES In Standard Oil Strike REAL CONFLICT BEFORE CAMERA Indian-Cowboy "PALS IN BLUE" Three-Reel Drama of Big Sensation - "PALS IN BLUE" - the Early West Two clever cowboys join the army. Indians attack the paymaster's little party and the two recruits make a wild ride for assistance. A stage-coach goes over a cliff. Indians use flaming arrows. A desperate battle ensues in which some marvellous feats of horsemanship are shown. A tremendously gripping production. THE OXFORD FOUR HERE AGAIN That Merry Quartette of Several Months Ago IN THE VERY LATEST SONG-HITS! "SNAPSHOTS"—Rich Comedy A Clever Skit on Kodak Films VERY APPROPRIATE JUST NOW! "The Pay Train" OUR BIG ORCHESTRA COOL BIG HOUSE! WED. Marshall Nellan in the Appealing Human Narrative "THE COUNTRY BOY"—Elaborate Whole Play

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COST OF WAR FOR

RUNS INTO

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The losses of Germany, France and Russia, by reason of their larger armies, have been far greater. The Herr Udd Politik of Berlin early in June estimated that more than 5,000,000 soldiers of the countries at war with Germany and her allies had been killed, wounded or captured. Haltaire Belco, the English military writer, said Germany's potential manhood for actual fighting probably had diminished from all causes by nearly one half in the first year of the war, and asserted a conservative estimate was that Germany had much nearer 4,000,000 than 2,000,000 men permanently out of the field. Estimates of the total casualties run from 6,000,000 to 8,000,000 with the former figure probably conservative.

TWELVE MONTHS OF GREATEST STRUGGLE HISTORY HAS EVER SEEN

FIRST ANNIVERSARY OF WAR FINDS ELEVEN NATIONS GRIPPED IN DEATH STRUGGLE

Prophets Who Foretold Early Ending Have Been Confounded—Millions of Men Engaged Over Greater Part of Europe, Latest Instruments of Destruction Ingenuity of Man Can Devise Have Been Introduced and Belligerents Preparing to Go On With the Struggle.

The second year of the European war opened yesterday. On Aug. 1, 1914, Germany declared war against Russia and the last chance vanished of localizing the Austro-Serbian war, declared three days previously by Austria-Hungary.

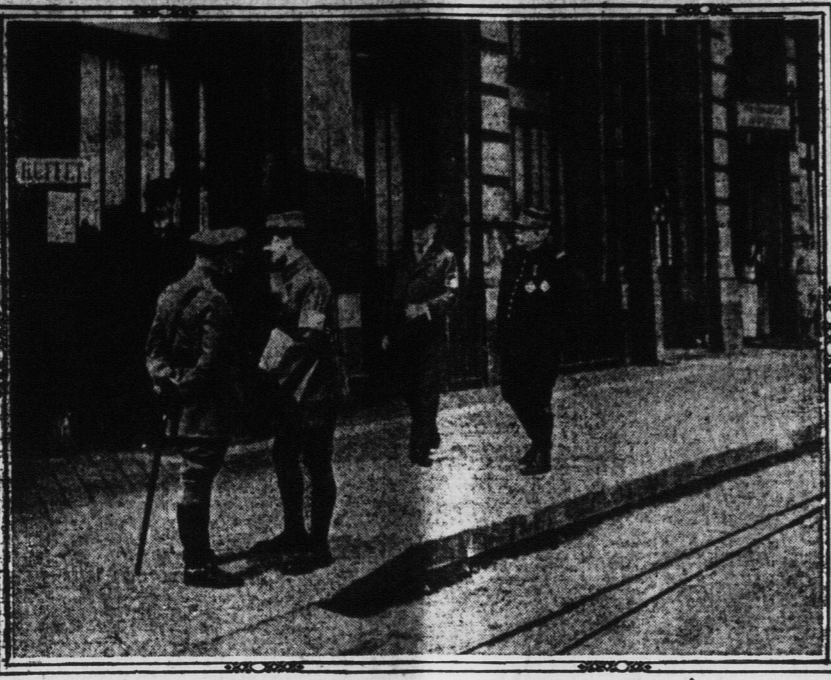
All the great Powers of Europe were drawn into a struggle the like of which history has not heretofore recorded. Eleven nations are at war, and almost all lands are affected, directly or indirectly. Millions of men have been killed, wounded or carried to captivity in hostile countries. Billions of dollars have been expended. Thousands of square miles of territory have been devastated and hundreds of cities and towns laid waste. Half the world is in mourning for the dead. And although the war has been in progress with unexampled fury for a year, the result may be summarized in one brief sentence: No decisive results have been achieved and the end is not in sight.

Determination to pursue the war to a decisive ending has been expressed by high officials of all the belligerent nations, preparations are being made for next winter's campaign and, in fact, indications from Europe are that it is more likely to increase in size rather than decrease. It is still an open question whether Bulgaria, Roumania or Greece will be drawn in.

In view of the immensity of the struggle, previous standards count for little in considering the price the world is paying. The figures are at least as vast as to convey little meaning. The nations at war have poured out their treasures of men and gold without limit. The usual standards of life have been subordinated or disregarded, and in some cases social, industrial and political activities have been virtually reorganized on a militaristic basis, to make all contribute to the supreme necessities of war.

It is impossible to obtain accurate statistics of the number of men engaged, the casualties and the cost. For obvious reasons the size of the various armies is kept secret. Most of the nations do not consider it expedient to reveal the number of casualties; in fact, Great Britain is the

WAR CHIEFS AND MINISTERS AT CALAIS CONFERENCE



PICTURE FROM THE SPHERE, LONDON. COPYRIGHT IN THE UNITED STATES BY THE NEW YORK HERALD COMPANY. This picture was taken at the conference which was held at Calais early in July, at which were present the leading generals and other war officials of England and France. The picture, taken in the railway station, shows General French chatting with an orderly officer. A little behind is General Joffre and M. Auguste, the French Minister of Marine. At the conference plans for future campaigns against the enemy were discussed.

the greater part of the Franco-Belgian front the opposing millions are facing each other in the same positions as last September. Movements on the eastern front have been wider, but with no signs of an approaching decision.

The German plan is generally assumed to have been to deal first with France, in the early weeks of the war, with its deadly charges, mining operations and extensive use of artillery and hand grenades, has contributed to this end. Whereas in the past it has been calculated that the proportion of killed to total casualties runs 1 to 8 or 1 to 10, the proportion in French warfare, as indicated by official British statistics, is about 1 to 5.

The battles on the plains of Flanders, on the Warsaw front, in the Austro-German advance through Galicia and in the Carpathians were attended by frightful slaughter. Russian losses in the Carpathians alone were estimated unofficially at 500,000. Along the battlefields from Arras, in northwestern France, to the Belgian coast whole fields have been covered with corpses, and at the time of the German attempt to reach the English Channel the Yser Canal was choked with the dead. According to official British statistics the British alone have been losing late in killed, wounded and missing 2,000 a day. On June 9 Premier Asquith announced casualties since the beginning of the war (excluding naval losses of 13,549 up to May 31) amounted to 258,069, of which the total of killed was 50,342.

THE TERRITORY WHERE THE BELLIGERENTS ARE ENGAGED

In France and Belgium Germany is battling with Great Britain, France and Belgium. In August Germany invaded Belgium and France, pushing southward almost to the gates of Paris. Following the battle of the Marne, perhaps the most important contest of the war thus far, the Germans were compelled to retreat and have since held an entrenched line from the Belgian coast to Alsace, retaining possession of northwestern France and most of Belgium. In this theatre the war has been so even that the capture of a group of houses or a few yards of trenches has been considered a victory worthy of mention in the official reports. The German attempt to break through to the English Channel, the British victory at Neuve Chapelle, the German triumph at Soissons, while calling forth supreme efforts, did not materially change the relative positions of the antagonists along a front of nearly 300 miles.

On the eastern front Russia faces Germany and Austria-Hungary. Russian armies invaded Galicia and Bukovina, capturing most of the former provinces, but lost the greater part of this territory as a result of Field Marshal von Mackensen's great drive from Cracow. The Germans invaded Russian Poland, and their attempts to capture Warsaw led to some of the deadliest fighting of the war. In time the struggle here settled down to trench warfare, much as in the west, with Germany retaining a large part of Russian Poland. Russian invasions of East Prussia resulted in disastrous defeats. Further north, the Germans swept into the Baltic provinces of Russia, capturing Libau, on the sea. The unprecedented extension of battle lines, which this war has witnessed reached its most remarkable exemplification in this campaign, in which the front has been drawn out more than 600 miles, from the Baltic to Bukovina.

Early, after the months of uncertainty, began war with Austria-Hungary, in May, and has occupied a fringe of Austrian territory in the mountainous region to the north. Trent and Trieste are the objectives of the Italian campaign. Owing to the difficult nature of the ground neither of the antagonists has made much headway.

On the Gallipoli peninsula, in the Dardanelles and in the Bosphorus, Turkey, aided by her Teutonic allies, is at war with France, Great Britain and Russia, with possession of Constantinople as the great stake. Following the failure of the naval assault on the Dardanelles by an Anglo-French fleet, troops were landed on the peninsula. Few details of this campaign are available, but little is known beyond the fact that the fighting has been particularly severe and that the Allies have occupied and retained the tip of the peninsula.

Serbia and Montenegro, the former assisted by British troops, are at war with Austria-Hungary. The Austrian invasion of Serbia ended in failure. On the Montenegrin front there has been only desultory fighting. Both Serbia and Montenegro have recently invaded Albania, with the object of obtaining ports on the sea.

GREAT BRITAIN REMAINS SUPREME ON THE SEAS

Her Supremacy Not Yet Disputed to the Ultimate Issue and Kaiser's Vaunted Fleet Has Been Kept at Home.

On Asiatic soil Russia is at war with Turkey in the Black Sea region. Neither side has employed large numbers of troops in this campaign. There has been fighting in the Caucasus and Persia, with no great accomplishments. Further south, in Mesopotamia, there has been sporadic fighting between Turkish and British troops. Turkey sent an army to attack the Suez Canal but the main body of troops failed to reach its objective.

In Africa French and British troops occupied Togoland and part of the Kamerun, German possessions. A British attack on German East Africa was defeated.

The insular possessions of Germany in the Pacific were captured by Great Britain and Japan.

Tsing-tau, the German fortress in China, was captured by the Japanese, aided by a British contingent.

On the seas there have been no great battles. Great Britain's supremacy,

owing to the overwhelming size of her fleet, has not been disputed to the ultimate issue, the main German fleet having remained in home waters. Two German cruisers which were in the Mediterranean when war began went to the Dardanelles and were acquired by Turkey. A few German cruisers and converted merchantmen, including the famous Emden, and the Karlsruhe, Kronprinz Wilhelm and Prinz Eitel Friedrich, raided shipping of the Allies for a time, but were eventually sunk or forced to intern in neutral ports.

The Austro-Hungarian fleet has remained in the Adriatic and the Turkish fleet has been kept from the Aegean. Germany's merchant marine has been swept from the seas.

There have been several naval battles of importance, however. In the first month of the war Rear Admiral Beatty's squadron dashed into Heligoland Bight, near the great German

METHODS OF FIGHTING HAVE BEEN GREATLY ALTERED

New Problems Have Arisen Necessitating Reconstruction of Theory of War — Use of Ammunition on Scale for which World was Unprepared.

In size, speed and cruising radius the new type of submarines far exceeds the earlier small vessels, designed primarily for coast defense. Germany's new submarines are as long as the British cruiser, Captain Otto Hersing took the U-31 about 4,000 miles from Wilhelmshaven past Gibraltar, through the Mediterranean and to the Dardanelles, where it torpedoed the British battleships Triumph and Majestic, and proceeded to Constantinople. The voyage from Wilhelmshaven to the Dardanelles required one month. The aeroplane, almost as unknown quantity at the beginning of the war, so far as its military value was concerned, has proved its practicability so thoroughly that it must be rated with the submarine and the heavy gun as one of the great features of the war. In fact, it has exercised a dominating influence over land operations, and to a theoretical balance of power. Great Britain, France and Russia, forming the Triple Entente and Germany, Austria-Hungary and Italy, constituting the Triple Alliance.

From the day Austria-Hungary became involved in serious difficulties with Serbia there was little doubt Germany would support her ally in case Russia adhered to her traditional policy of defending her Slav kinsmen in the Balkans. The entrance in the war of France followed as a natural sequence to her alliance with Russia and Great Britain joined in after Germany's invasion of Belgium.

Italy was thus the only one of the six nations concerned in the two alliances which was not involved at the outset. Proclaiming her neutrality, she regarded the opportunity to seek from Austria the territory to the north of her border which she has long desired. Failing to obtain full satisfaction of her demands she denounced the Triple Alliance and joined the Allies. The Triple Entente was thus converted into the Quadruple Entente, as it is sometimes called now.

THE MATCH THAT SET ALL EUROPE ABLAZE

Assassination of Austrian-Archduke Started Greatest War in World's History.

Germany and Austria-Hungary were strengthened by the accession of Turkey to the informal alliance with Germany which had sprung up in recent years and in November Turkey entered the war. Montenegro took up arms with the Serbs, and Belgium, on being invaded, joined the Allies. Japan, Great Britain's ally in the East, opened war on Germany, following Berlin's refusal to surrender Tsing-tau. There are thus 11 nations now at war, of which eight form what are known as the Allies.

Historians are agreed that the assassination of the Austrian Archduke Francis Ferdinand in Sarajevo, Bosnia, on June 28, 1914, while the immediate cause of the war, was not the determining influence. Europe had been on the edge of the precipice for

FOR GENERATIONS TO COME STAGGERING COST OF THE CONFLICT WILL BE FELT

Most Conservative Estimates Place Figures at Eleven and a Half Billions, Exclusive of Loss of Property and Through Curtailment of Productive Industry—Forty Days of Present Conflict Cost More than Whole Franco-Prussian War—Neutrals as Well as Belligerents Have Felt Effects.

remarkable exploits of submarines have proved their efficiency so thoroughly that already the supremacy of battleships has been challenged. Germany, compelled to rely chiefly on these craft for her marine activities has gained the greatest success with them. Their first large achievement was the torpedoing and sinking by one submarine within an hour of the British cruisers Cressy, Aboukir and Hogue in the North Sea in September. Since that time hundreds of vessels, warships and merchantmen, have been sent to the bottom, in the North Sea, the Baltic, the English Channel, the Adriatic and at the Dardanelles. From all causes more than 500 vessels have been destroyed. England has been the greatest sufferer, by reason of her preponderance of shipping and also on account of the German government's attempt to blockade that country following the declaration of a war zone around the British Isles last February.

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is in the handling of food supplies and ammunition. Armored automobiles, armed with machine guns or light field pieces also have been utilized.

Many new weapons of war have been tested with varying degrees of success. Poisonous gases, projected from tanks in the trenches, are reported to have enabled their users to capture opposing positions in several minor engagements. Steel darts and incendiary bombs dropped from aeroplanes, and new types of hand grenades also have been employed, while in France both sides are said to have made use of apparatus for spraying burning oil.

The political effects of the war, tremendous as they must be, cannot yet be gauged. The principal result thus far is the definite rupture of the traditional alliance, which divided Europe for years into two alliances with a theoretical balance of power. Great Britain, France and Russia, forming the Triple Entente and Germany, Austria-Hungary and Italy, constituting the Triple Alliance.

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ST. JOHN, N. B., MONDAY, AUGUST 2, 1915.

"We are fighting for a worthy purpose, and we shall not lay down our arms until that purpose has been fully achieved"—H. M. The King. TO THE PEOPLE OF THE EMPIRE—Every fighting unit we send to the front means one step nearer peace.

WHY WERE THEY SILENT?

During the past few months Liberal newspapers in Canada have had a great deal to say concerning graft, corruption and alleged disclosures of misrule in federal and provincial affairs. Recent investigations at Winnipeg and at Ottawa furnished them with texts from which many partisan sermons have been produced and the fact that the Government of Canada and the Government of Manitoba, under which the alleged irregularities occurred, were both Conservative in their political complexion added, of course, to the zest of the pursuit in which Liberal editors from the Atlantic to the Pacific have been indulging.

It is decidedly amusing to read the productions of some of the Liberal pens; pens unsullied by office ties, pens that can indulge in the boldest and most pitiless criticism, that can slash and drive to their hearts' content fortified by the knowledge that they have nothing to lose by their violence. One can also see the "holier than thou" expressions on the faces of these journalistic exponents of honesty as a creed, for the other fellow, as they indulge in their mock heroics and laudatory condolences at the evil state into which they declare Canada has fallen as the result of the administration of the Terrible Tories.

The trouble with the Grit press of Canada, however, is that it is hypocritical at heart. It is very easy to say "Tu quo que" and in reply to the aspersions and allegations now made in regard to the war contracts at Ottawa and the public buildings in Manitoba, Conservative newspapers can point to the rotten graft of a few years ago on the National Transcontinental, to the Yukon steals, to the Indian Reserve graft, to the Trent Canal steals, to the political brigandage in connection with the North Atlantic Trading Company and in our own province to the Central Railway steal and the shameful "sawdust wharf" exposure.

The Liberal newspapers have indulged in much unwarrented criticism of the Borden Government in connection with the Garland and Foster incidents; they have piously called upon high heaven to witness the iniquities of the Manitoba scandal, but what did they do when the shoe was on the other foot?

Did any of the Grit champions of honesty in New Brunswick attack the Laurier government for the rotten conditions of the N. T. R. contracts? Did any of them declare it was irregular for Michael Patrick Davis with the approval of the Laurier appointed commission, to steal \$740,000 of public funds by the simple expedient of subletting a contract? Did they demand an impartial investigation of the dog biscuit frauds at the time of the South African war? Did they press for an exposure of the Trent Canal scandal? Did one of them have a word to say in condemnation of Hon. Frank Oliver when he was clearly shown to have used his office as Minister of the Interior for his own personal benefit? Was there an outcry in the name of outraged honesty over the Central Railway steals? On the other hand did they not with one accord declare that all these transactions were honest and above board?

Has any Liberal newspaper of any importance in Canada shown enough political decency to give Sir Robert Borden his due credit for the fearless way in which he dealt with Messrs. Garland and Foster? Or for his fairness in appointing Sir Charles Davidson to probe the matter of war contracts to the depths? Not one. About all the encouragement or credit Sir Robert has received from any of the Grit breed has come in the shape of sneering remarks to the effect that the Premier of Canada is all right himself and wants to be decent but that he is surrounded by influences too strong to permit him to have his way—who has Laurier read out?

The trouble with the Grit press of Canada is that it has not yet recovered from the shock it received in September, 1911, when the party it supports was decisively defeated at the polls. At that time it lost its equality as well as whatever sense of honor it ever possessed, and to date

it has not recovered either. More bitterly partisan, more viciously spiteful than its opponents have ever thought of being, it is still pursuing the course of carping criticism, uncharitable and unscrupulous. It cares not a whit for the public conscience or public decency, the impelling motive behind all its hysteria for the past few months has been nothing more elevating than the desire for office.

UNIVERSAL MILITARY SERVICE.

While the idea of conscription is repugnant to British ideas and ideals of personal liberty and freedom yet there is much to be said for the opinion of Col. Theodore Roosevelt who speaking at the Panama Pacific Exhibition in San Francisco a few days ago said: "I firmly believe that there should be universal military service for our young men on the Swiss model."

Of course he was speaking to Americans but there is no doubt he moulded his opinion very largely as the result of lessons gleaned from this present war and there is much reason to commend his view. It is claimed for the Swiss or Australian system of universal service that it is the very best safeguard against foreign aggression and is as well a splendid thing for the young men of the countries adopting it as it develops in them military virtues and tends to make them more virile in body and mind.

The Swiss system, on which the Australian system is modeled, makes all able-bodied males between 17 and 45 years of age liable to military service, but actual service begins at the age of 20, and everybody serves who is physically fit. Those who are exempted are required to pay a special tax. For the first eight years a certain time each year must be given up to active military training—90 days for cavalry, 75 for field artillery, 65 for infantry. In the fifteen following years eleven days are spent each year in training to save the citizen-soldiers from growing rusty. The result of this system is that every able-bodied Swiss is a trained soldier, fit for active service whenever called upon to serve.

If such a system had been in operation in Britain, she could have thrown a million men into France last August and have prevented the Germans from establishing themselves in Belgium.

It is a trite old saying that if a thing is worth doing at all it is worth doing well. If Canada is worth defending, if the integrity of the British Empire is worth fighting for, it is a duty that should fall upon all alike, who are able to perform such service. The duty of defence should not be delegated to a few of the willing spirited young men of the country while thousands physically fit and without home ties loiter behind in ease and security. This war should serve to awaken all Canadians. It is foolish to assume that as rulers or nations become obsessed with lust for power as did William of Germany and his Prussian advisers, just so long will it be necessary for Christian peace loving nations to prepare to meet and curb the manifestations of such madness. The present onslaught of the Huns found the British people unprepared but willing. The next conflict should find Britain not only willing but prepared to promptly and efficiently deal with whatever forces are brought against her. There is no doubt that the war-like exploits of a peace loving people, such as the British, will be a splendid thing to contemplate in future years but if the British nation one year ago had been as well prepared as Germany for this conflict the bloody page of the past twelve months would not have been written. The best insurance for peace is a high class preparedness for war. Universal military service would not seriously interfere with the commercial life of the nation and might be found of mighty value, possibly, when least expected.

THE MATCH THAT SET ALL EUROPE ABLAZE

(Continued from page 3) a decade. Perhaps the chief underlying factor was the development of

the national idea, demanding that political divisions should be made to correspond with the territory inhabited by the various people of Europe; that each people, with common language and customs, should have political independence and a "place in the sun." The struggle to attain this end kept Europe in political turmoil. France aspired for Alsace and Lorraine, Italy for Trieste and the Trentino, populated largely by Italians; Serbia for Bosnia, Roumania for Transylvania and Besarabia, Austria-Hungary, within whose boundary is a complexity of races with varying claims and aspirations, was particularly menaced by the growth of this idea, and it was one phase of this agitation—Serbia's desire for Bosnia—which brought on the crisis. The same motive brought in Montenegro and Italy, and influenced Russia and France to go to war.

The growth of the national idea was attended by the growth of militarism as a means for securing these desires. The greatest standing armies in history were built up, compulsory military service became widespread, and enormous navies were constructed. Out of it all, with the mutual suspicion engendered, grew the situation which kept Europe in fear of war. Armed to excess, the nations awaited the war which finally came.—Associated Press.

NOTED AUTHOR BECOMES BRITISH SUBJECT

Henry James, American, naturalized in London—Love for new country and sympathy for Allies.

London, July 28.—The Times announces that Mr. Henry James received papers of naturalization on Monday and is now a British subject.

Mr. James gives the following reasons for his naturalization:—Because of having lived and worked in England for the best part of forty years.

Because of his attachment to the country and his sympathy with it and its people.

Because of long friendships, associations and interests formed here, these last including the acquisition of property, all of which things brought to a head a desire to throw the moral weight of his personal allegiance for whatsoever they may be worth into the scale and into England's future fortune.

Mr. James' friends long have known how intense is his sympathy with the cause of the Allies. It is recalled that last December he wrote an appreciation of the work at the front of the American Volunteer Motor Ambulance Corps, formed of men graduated from Harvard, Yale and Princeton.

New York has the distinction of being the native place of Henry James. In this city he was born in 1843. The atmosphere in which he grew up was stimulating to a boy of his tastes. His father was highly esteemed in his day as a writer on ethics and religion; his younger brother, William, was later to become the distinguished psychologist, and all the members of the family are widely and intelligently alert, keenly interested in ideas and in all that pertained to the world of letters and art, and reputed good talkers. In Henry James the curiosity as to ways of life beyond the sea, which was to last him a lifetime, awakened early.

He himself tells how, when his school-fellows were at their sports, he delighted in poring over the pages of Punch until the typical figures of English life, high and low and in and out of country, were intelligently alert, keenly interested in ideas and in all that pertained to the world of letters and art, and reputed good talkers. In Henry James the curiosity as to ways of life beyond the sea, which was to last him a lifetime, awakened early.

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For four years he remained abroad, living in Italy and in England; and a pleasant sojourn it no doubt was to one with his love of art, architecture and dignified social traditions. Many a glowing passage in his stories and novels is surely expressive of the vivid impressions he received on this, his first, introduction to English and Continental life, and of the irresistible charm that life had for him.

In 1859 Mr. James returned to his native land to remain for a decade. The years abroad awakened in him a lively sense of the differences between American and foreign ways and must have quickened his extraordinary faculty of observation, and set it to work upon the manners, customs and characteristic types of his own country.

Little Benny's Note Book.

By LEE PAPE
My cousin Artie stayed at my house awl nite last sabb, sleeping with me in my bed, wich we hadent hardly went to bed and started to go to sleep wen Artie sed, I bet you I can give a bettir immertayshin of a rule-rode trane than wat you can.
I bet you cant, I sed.
Awl rite, lets have a contest, sed Artie. And he made a noise like a trane leaving the stayshin and then he made a noise like the saim trane coming back, being pritt yood immertayshins, and after he got throo I tried it, being even bettir than wat Artie was, awnakkout of beeing louder, wich fest as I got to the lowdest part ware the trane is coming back to the stayshin, pop cam in from the setting room, saying, Look heer, you 2, I min favor of free speech, but when it comes to free and unlimited blasing I put both feet down awl it, not to speak to a cuppal of hands.
And he gave us both a smack sumware at the saim time and went back to the setting room to read, and pritty soon Artie sed, I no sumthing eits I bet I can do bettir than wat you can, to.
Wat, I sed.
Gargil, sed Artie.
I bet you cant, I sed, because I can gargil ever bettir than my farthir can, and if you want to prove it Ill get up and get a glas of wattr and we will have gargling contest.
Awl rite, get up and get it, sed Artie.
Wich I did, and ferra I took a mouthfull of it and started to gargil and then Artie took a mouthfull and gargiled it, and then we both took a mouthfull and started to gargil at the saim time to see wich wun cood gargil the lawgest, awmost soundng as if we was immertating tranes agen, and awl as a suddin pop cam back wile we was still doing it, and the wattr went to far down and we started to choak and the wattr went awl over the bed as if we was a cuppal of fountains, and pop sed, I wish to know I shall be accompanied by a slipir that has seen considerable ackhain at the frunt, I mean the back, and now if I heer anuthir hiss, choak or uthir unseamly sound out of you, Ill give you sumthing to make a sound about, now see that Im not disterbed agen.
Wich we saw that he wasent.

went abroad again, and for a time Paris was his residence. Thence he went to London and London or its near neighborhood has been his home ever since, with Italy as his favorite place of relaxation and leisure. Mr. James' whole life has been quiet and uneventful, and his career without notable incidents—the career of a student and man of letters who has lived in England, France and Italy, in the midst of the social culture of his time.

God's Jurymen

To the Dead who have Died for England.
God's jurymen are they who give Their lives upon the battle-plain; Who die with hope their death may be Unto the Greater Life again.
Death, the high-sheriff of God's court Calls them into the judgment room, That they may bring a verdict there Before the Judge who passes doom.
No noble sacrifice is vain, Nor strife heroic useless, then, All praise to those who worthy are To be God's chosen jurymen.

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"CANADIAN BEAUTY" ELECTRIC IRON

Ironing in summer time with an electric iron is positively a pleasure compared with the old-time heated iron and the very latest exponent of the new way is the CANADIAN BEAUTY. It is of convenient size for all-round work, is nicely balanced, heavily nickel-plated and is
Guaranteed For All Time
Model A, with Combination Stand . . . \$3.50
Model B, with Regular Stand . . . \$4.00
Complete with contact plug and cord
T. McAVITY & SONS, LTD.

Don't Lay This Paper Down

Turn to page 5 and let your children enter the contests.

D. K. McLAREN, LIMITED

OUR BALATA BELTING BEST ON THE MARKET
MADE ENDLESS TO ORDER IN TWO DAYS Complete Stock of All Sizes
64 Prince William St. Phone Main 1121. St. John, N.B.
D. K. McLAREN, LIMITED

Crane's Latest Note Paper

In Different Thicknesses —AND—
A New Line of Foreign Note With Lined Envelopes.
Delecta Note Paper With Envelopes to Match. High class at moderate price.
BARNES & CO. Limited, 84 Prince William St.

Printing

You Want Printing We Want Your Orders
Come In and Ascertain the Cost
THE STANDARD JOB PRINTING CO. St. John, N. B.

YOU WILL FIND US IN OUR NEW QUARTERS
TISDALE BUILDING, 3 Water Street
With our up-to-date plant we can give you prompt service.
Phone Main 1740-11
FLEWELLING PRESS, ENGRAVERS and PRINTERS

The Summer Season Is

On Saturday I published all boys and girls who are not either water colors or chalk. To the young artist who prize of a valuable story book. It's a simple competition, just cut the picture out, pain best, save Three coupons the page, cut from The Standard, painting and send them all a

PUMP

We are prepared to supply Lift and Force Pumps with Send us sketch giving height and depth of well.
P. CAMPBELL & CO.,

Compe For Boys

On Saturday I published all boys and girls who are not either water colors or chalk. To the young artist who prize of a valuable story book. It's a simple competition, just cut the picture out, pain best, save Three coupons the page, cut from The Standard, painting and send them all a

UNCL

This Contest Will
Coupon to be Use

STANDARD FOR BOYS

Full Name
Address
Age Last B
Aug. 2, 1915.

A Word-Ma

This week I have decided ing contest.
How many words can you word "Celebration?" You must the word. For example, a word "le" would be wrong, as there a. To the boy or girl not over in the most number of correct story book as a prize. Each it attached to it, filled in, and be s

BANK CLEARINGS

Montreal, Aug. 1.—The bank clearings for last month in Montreal totalled \$211,147,705, as compared with \$268,847,983 in July 1914.
Toronto, July 31.—The clearings of banks in Toronto for the month of July was slightly above those of June, but \$26,600,000 less than those of July

The Summer Shoe Season Is Drawing to a Close



And we shall soon be opening and placing in stock our fall goods. It is always our rule to try and clean out our shelves of all summer goods, so that at the opening of a season we shall only have brand new styles to offer our customers.

At our Three Stores we are offering undoubted bargains in Canvas, Suede, Buck, Gun Metal and Patent Pumps, Colonial and Oxfords for men, women and children.

Waterbury & Rising, Limited
King St. Main St. Union St.

PUMPS FOR ALL PURPOSES

We are prepared to supply at short notice all makes of Lift and Force Pumps with pipe cut to diagram. Send us sketch giving height of water from top of well and depth of well.

P. CAMPBELL & CO., 73 Prince William St.

Competitions For Boys and Girls

On Saturday I published a Jumbo picture which I want all boys and girls who are not over 15 years of age to color with either water colors or chalk.

To the young artist who does it the best I will give a first prize of a valuable story book.

It's a simple competition, no hard rules, no entrance fees, just cut the picture out, paint or color it the way you think best, save Three coupons the same as the one shown on this page, cut from The Standard, fill them up, pin them to the painting and send them all addressed to

UNCLE DICK, THE STANDARD, St. John, N. B.

This Contest Will Close August 5th

Coupon to be Used in Both Contests

STANDARD COMPETITION FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

Full Name _____
Address _____
Age Last Birthday _____
Aug. 2, 1915.

The Prize winner's name will appear in the Children's Corner of The Standard on August 7th.

A Word-Making Contest

This week I have decided to let you have another word-making contest. How many words can you make out of the letters in the word "Celebration"? You must only use the letters included in the word. For example, a word like "rat" is correct, but "ratle" would be wrong, as there are not two letters T in the word. To the boy or girl not over 15 years of age who sends me in the most number of correct words, I shall award a valuable story book as a prize. Each list must have Three coupons attached to it, filled in, and be sent by Thursday, August 5th, to

UNCLE DICK, THE STANDARD OFFICE, St. John, N. B.

BANK CLEARINGS

Montreal, Aug. 1.—The bank clearings for last month in Montreal totalled \$211,147,708, as compared with \$268,847,988 in July 1914.

a year ago. Following are the figures with comparisons: July, 1915, \$191,709,156; July, 1914, \$198,337,755; July, 1913, \$179,588,146; July 1912, \$202,177,624.

London, Ont. July 31.—Bank clearings for the month of July totalled \$7,679,230, as compared with \$7,897,314 for the corresponding month last year, a falling off of \$128,084.

ANNUAL MEETING OF MARITIME BOARD IN SUMMERSIDE

Many interesting subjects will be discussed — Sir George E. Foster to be present and address members.

Topics of timely interest are included in the programme for the annual meeting of the Maritime Board of Trade on August 18th, at Summerside, P.E.I. Among these are "Military Training for Home Defence," suggested by the Charlottetown Board of Trade; "Petitioning the Dominion Government to overture the Colony of Newfoundland to enter Confederation on terms mutually satisfactory," proposed by Summerside Board; "Technical Education," by Newcastle Board; and "Preferential Freight Tariffs over the Transcontinental Railway to secure the shipment of products of the Canadian Northwest through Lower Province ports during the winter season" to be introduced by the Moncton Board.

The usual fare concessions by the railway and steamship lines have been secured and it is anticipated that there will be a good attendance.

Sir George E. Foster, Minister of Trade and Commerce, has accepted an invitation to attend and address the Board.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Royal.
Victor Bechman, Bridgeport, Conn.; J. W. Franky, Chatham; F. P. Pritchard and wife, Philadelphia; R. B. Stewart, New Glasgow; M. A. Hasson, W. S. Hasson, Philadelphia; E. G. Embrose and wife, Miss Alice Dow Dorchester; J. N. Forrest, A. Smylie, Jas. Fleck and wife, Toronto; A. Smeal, Montreal; Mrs. Shenstone, Douglas, Shelburne, Toronto; Mrs. Mount, Miss Mount, Miss Mary O'Leary, Montclair; W. M. Johnstone, Montreal; Wm. J. Polleys, Fredston; A. R. Pringle, Miss D. Pringle, Toronto; W. R. H. Campbell, F. T. Mills, Boston; Mrs. C. J. Fraser, Fredericton; H. M. Clarke, H. D. White, Fredericton; F. P. Ellis, Boston; C. S. Gray and family, Gloucester, Mass.; E. W. Prescott and wife, Boston; E. J. Bush, New York; Chas. P. Chapman and wife, Toledo; J. E. Duffee, New York City; W. T. Mintz, Geo. W. Shelby, Norria J. Shelby, Jullus C. Shelby, Indianapolis, Ind.; J. M. Cobham and wife, Brooklyn, N. Y.; H. J. Chipman and wife, Sydney, Aust.; Percy W. Kinney, W. B. Bagteridge, Boston; Donald Fraser, Fredericton; John Wanless, Rev. J. McP. Scott, D. D. and wife, R. B. Scott, Toronto; Geo. S. Ferry, Boston; T. M. Brown and wife, Providence, R. I.; C. F. Brett, Robt. Church, Syracuse, N. Y.; Chas. Fraser, St. Andrews; E. H. Shepherd, Detroit; A. M. Townson, Philadelphia; A. P.urdy, New York; H. Russell and wife and family, Geo. B. Horr and wife, Chicago; C. Jamieson, Digby; W. S. Langmore and wife and family, Chas. J. A. Breton, Montreal; B. L. Stevens, Liverpool; B. L. Yucker and wife, Miss Tucker, Parrsboro; Mrs. G. H. Blair and Miss Ina Blair, Boston.

Victoria.

S. A. Stafford, Lepreau; H. B. Durst, Woodstock; A. McCausland, Brantford; Wm. Morrison, Fredericton; Jas. Fleck and wife, Toronto; Dr. F. A. Taylor, Moncton; W. M. Morrison, Montreal; E. M. Croft, McAdam; G. F. Seeley, Moncton; G. M. Keith, do; W. L. Allen, do; W. L. Fernald, Portsmouth; A. F. Weldon, Moncton; Cyril Weldon, do; J. P. Smith, Ottawa; L. W. Nickerson, New York; K. O. White, do; J. L. Chisholm, Truro; H. McGowan, Montreal.

The Dufferin.

A. W. Foster, Montreal; E. W. Woodman, Halifax; Geo. V. Cunliffe, Port Kent; Roy Sypher, Cookshire; W. H. Fraser, S. Skidmore, Halifax; Walter Clarke, Fredericton; Chas. Rosenbath, Montreal; W. S. McCarr, Eastport; W. F. Hoar, Montreal; A. W. Eveleigh, L. C. Huestis, Sussex; W. E. Atkin, Mr. and Mrs. A. K. Gundry, Toronto; J. S. Wilson, Boston; B. H. Kerr, Milltown; G. W. Jones, Sussex; D. L. Morris, Montreal; A. S. Kelly, Boston; Thos. Laurence, Toronto; Harris Mitchell, Winnipeg; J. Sullivan, W. Sullivan, Lynn, Mass.; B. Lewis, Lowell, Mass.

WEDDINGS.

The wedding of Miss Elva Stevens and Emerson C. Rice, B. A., two well known and popular teachers of the Moncton school staff, took place on Thursday at the home of the bride in Pettitodiac. Mr. and Mrs. Rice left for a wedding tour to upper Canadian cities.

OBITUARY.

Chas. N. Fairall.
Word was received in the city on Saturday from East Orange, New Jersey, telling of the death of Charles N. Fairall, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Fairall, formerly of this city. W. H. Fairall formerly was in the dry goods business in this city and moved to the states with his family about thirteen years ago. His son was then employed with the C. P. R. office staff, and was a well known and popular young man. Besides his parents he is survived by three sisters, Mrs. C. F. Crandall, of Montreal; Mrs. Maurice Purdy and Mrs. E. D. Deremer, of New York, and one brother, William at East Orange. His body will be brought to this city for interment and the funeral will be held from Centenary church this afternoon.

Half Holiday.

Thursday, July 1.—We had a half holiday today to engage in sports. No one was allowed out of camp. We have very little fine weather. There was fog and a half rain today.

Friday, July 2.—I am on the train on my way to London for six days' leave. Went to a picture show in Folkestone last night. Had to leave early, went through the street, which was in darkness. I left Sardinia Junction at 7.45 this morning for London. Seven of our corps on the same train, one going home to Scotland, and two others going to homes in

POPULAR YOUNG ACTRESS TO WED



Miss Elsie Ferguson, gifted and popular actress, is engaged to Thomas Benedict Clarke, Jr., of New York, well known in the social life of the city. Mr. Clarke, who is a Yale graduate, had been adjutant of the New York National Guard, from which he recently resigned. Although young in years, he has attained a high place in financial circles. No date has been set for the marriage.

WITH THE ST. JOHN SOLDIERS IN BRITISH MILITARY CAMP

Signaller William J. Swetka of the 26th New Brunswick Battalion writes of work and play of soldier boys.

Signaller William J. Swetka, who left here with the signalling division of the 26th New Brunswick Battalion, writing from East Sandling Camp to his father, George Swetka of this city, tells of the life of the Canadian soldiers in the great English Camp. A diary of the voyage across has already been printed in The Standard. The following is a continuation.
"Monday, June 28.—On Friday afternoon we went into Folkestone, walking a little more than four miles. Had a good lunch there and looked around the town. Everything is very high in price.
"On Saturday we had to parade at ten o'clock. We moved our sleeping quarters into the first line of huts. The headquarters staff-sergeants and signallers are in one. There are supposed to be thirty men to a hut, but there are not so many in ours. We went into Folkestone and spent the afternoon at the beach. There were many people in bathing, and many boats to hire. We watched airships overhead. There were two aviation camps near here I think.
"On Sunday we had church parade at 8.15 o'clock. I was on orderly duty and so did not attend. During the afternoon we went over to the Service Corps camp about four and half miles from here. The fellows I wished to see were all in town. I found that Sergeant Carless' family was with him at Ashford instead of living in London. Kenny Kinsman came in to see me during the evening.
"Today there was general inspection at 8.30 a.m. Major-General Steele and staff inspected us and then the general addressed us. We had station work with semaphore after inspection.

A Cheap Meal.

"I then went out and walked round the city. I had dinner at a cheap restaurant but did not care for it, so I had another at a better place near the centre of the city. During the afternoon I went to Hampstead Heath and spent the afternoon there. I took a bus back to the centre of the city and had a wash up for two pence.
"In the evening I went to a picture palace and had to enquire my way back to the hotel. One policeman asked me if I came over with the last Canadian, and said he had a brother with the 1st Mounted Rifles from Alberta.

Sights of London.

"Monday, July 5.—I met Ray Haley, one of our fellows in the camp. Last Saturday I went to Ashford and visited Sergeant Carless and family from St. John. I had a pleasant time with them. It was like a taste of home again.
"Friday, July 16.—We are to have a review tomorrow with Sir Robert Borden and Major-General Sam Hughes here. We practiced for this morning. We had more than 12,000 men on parade.
"Sunday, July 17.—We were reviewed yesterday by Sir Robert L. Borden and General Hughes. We had to stand in the pouring rain for about three-quarters of an hour. There were about 20,000 men in line and they made a fine sight."

With the McGill Hospital.

Dr. D. C. Malcolm, superintendent of the General Public Hospital, has received a letter from his brother, Charles, who is at present in France with No. 3 McGill Hospital. The writer states that the weather has been very rainy, but outside of that they have no reason to complain. Baseball games form one of the chief diversions from the grim game of war and many notable contests are waged. The ground around where they are camped is very chalky and makes it rather disagreeable in the tents, as it sticks to the feet and messes everything up.

Vital Statistics.

Registrar Jones reports 14 marriages and 15 births, 8 of which were males.

SIR EDW. CARSON REVIEWS FIRST YEAR OF WAR

Only one answer to questions "How Long Will War Last" and "What Will Be Result".

London, Aug. 1.—Sir Edward Carson has prepared a signed statement giving a broad outline of the first year of the war from the British standpoint, together with expression of the unalterable purpose of the British government and people to carry on the war to a successful conclusion. In the statement issued Sir Edward says:
"How long will the war last, and what will be the result?"
To such questions as these, any Britisher can give but one answer, and that is that the war will last until the cause of the Allies has been brought to a successful issue and Europe and the world have been relieved from the ideals involved in the aggression of Prussian domination. The word peace does not enter into our vocabulary at the present time."

KAISER STILL REGARDS ALMIGHTY AS ALLY OF GERMANY

London, Aug. 1.—The German Emperor has issued a manifesto to the German people on the occasion of the anniversary of the outbreak of the war. In the manifesto the Emperor says:
"Before God and history my conscience is clear: I have not willed war. Full of gratitude, we can say today that God is with us."

BATH, N. B.

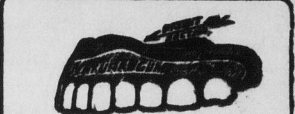
Bath, N. B., July 31.—Miss Ella Shaw, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph L. Shaw, of this place, left on Tuesday last to enter the General Hospital at Haverhill, Mass. Miss Shaw will be very missed in the community here where she was a general favorite with all, especially the young people, and all wish her every success in her chosen calling.
Rev. G. A. Giberson is having a store building built on his lot where he formerly resided, and where his house was burned a few years ago. Daniel Jones, of Bristol has the work in charge.
Edward McSheffry, Jr., is making preparations for building a residence, having secured a lot from the Hamilton Giberson farm.
Rev. Mr. and Mrs. McCleary, of Florenceville were visitors at the home of Rev. Wm. Amos and Mrs. Amos over Sabbath, Mr. McCleary having closed his pastoral care at Florenceville.
Fred C. Squires and Mrs. Squires, of Woodstock, are spending the holidays here.
There is talk of a new street being laid out across the railway near Day's Hotel to the street running past the new Roman Catholic church.
The River St. John is becoming a great route for auto touring cars, on Sunday last as many as 150 autos passed this point, a large part of them being from Maine.
Mrs. W. P. Stapleford and family, who are spending the summer here, arrived home from their visit at Windsor, N. S., yesterday.
Miss Ada Giberson, who has been in British Columbia engaged at school teaching, arrived here last week to spend the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Giberson.
Dr. J. B. Gallagher, of Montreal, is spending the holidays with his father, C. E. Gallagher here.

ALMA

Alma, N. B., July 31.—The following vessels arrived at Herring Cove this week and are being loaded with deals by C. T. White and Son: The four-masted barque Spelsund, Capt. Stray, the S. S. Bifrost, Capt. Sodstrom, and the S. S. Nordhav, Capt. Jansen. Mrs. Claude Conner and son, of St. Johnsbury, Vermont, and Dr. J. W. and Mrs. Cleveland and Edward Robinson of Beverly, Mass., who have been spending the month of July here with relatives and friends, left for their homes today.
Mrs. Annie L. Marven returned from Fredericton on the 29th inst., where she had been taking the physical science training course.
W. H. Townshend of Souris, P. E. I., the contractor for building the extension to the breakwater at the mouth of the river is here. He is now sawing the timber from Stoney Creek, Cordova.

La Tour Flour Has a Flavor All Its Own

Guaranteed Highest Quality Manitoba Hard Wheat Flour For Sale by Grocers Made in St. John



Painless Dentistry! We extract tooth free of pain, Only 25c. We do all kind of dentistry. Call and see us. No charge for consultation. BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS, 657 Main St.—248 Union St. Dr. J. D. Maher, Proprietor. Tel. Main 628. Open nine a.m. until nine p.m.



We can duplicate any broken glass. Prescription not necessary. Our prices are the lowest. D. BOYANER, TWO STORES, 38 Dock St., 111 Charlotte St.

STEAM BOILERS

The following new "Matheson" built boilers, are on hand at our Works, and are offered for immediate shipment:— 2—"Inclined" type on skids, 50 h. p. 1—Locomotive type on skids, 20 h. p. Also "Used." 1—Return Tubular type .40 h. p. Complete details and prices will be mailed upon request.

I. MATHESON & CO. Limited Boiler Makers New Glasgow, Nova Scotia

DENIES STEALING LOVE OF HER SECRETARY



"How wonderful it is that God has sent you to me," is one of the alleged statements by Mrs. Caroline W. Frame, seventy-two years old, which show she won the affections of her secretary, Frederick Weaverson, sixty, according to his wife, Mrs. Brownie Bathorne Weaverson, has been seeking \$250,000 from Mrs. Frame as member of the First Church of Christ, Scientist. The wife charges in her action alienation of affections. Mrs. Frame is said to have inherited an estate of about \$1,000,000 from her husband. Mr. Weaverson acted as her secretary for ten years. Mrs. Frame has denied that she ever stole the love of her secretary. Mr. Weaverson at one time was connected with the religious endeavors which Mrs. Frame helped to support.



Frederick Weaverson.

CORRESPONDENTS' CORNER

AMBULANCE FUND INCREASED BY EFFORTS OF CLIFTON BRANCH W.I.

Clifton, July 30.—Mr. and Mrs. Walter Leonard were the guests of Col. and Mrs. Wetmore on Sunday.

spending his vacation with Dr. C. C. Alexander. Mr. John McCarron, formerly of Red Rock, but now residing in Woodland, Me., is paying a short visit to the "Granite Town."

fax; Mr. E. Dean, proprietor of the Inch Arran, Dalhousie; Miss Orion Black, St. Martins; Mr. A. R. Taylor, Chicago, and Mrs. Leard of Newcastle.

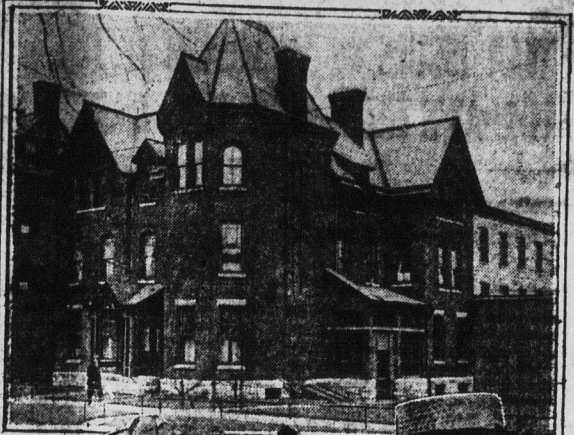
CAMPBELLTON

Campbellton, July 30.—Beautiful weather favored the annual picnic of the United Sunday schools at New Mills on Wednesday.

BLOOMFIELD STATION

Bloomfield Station, July 29.—The annual school meeting was held at the school house, H. O. Soiree was elected trustee to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of George Raymond.

SHERIFF AND SIX DEPUTIES NAMED BY GRAND JURY IN JAIL SCANDAL



Sixteen charges against Sheriff Harry J. Moss, growing out of the misconduct of his six deputies at the Oneida County Jail, in Utica, N. Y., are included in a report by the special grand jury which has been investigating the scandal for a month.

HARTLAND

Hartland, N. B., July 31.—As a paradise for sportsmen, who will travel long distances for the pleasure of landing a salmon, the waters of the St. John river, in the vicinity of Hartland, bid fair to contest the honors with the famous fishing resorts of the Miramichi.

Milton will be pleased to learn that she is improving after her operation at the Moncton Hospital.

HARTLAND

Hartland, N. B., July 31.—As a paradise for sportsmen, who will travel long distances for the pleasure of landing a salmon, the waters of the St. John river, in the vicinity of Hartland, bid fair to contest the honors with the famous fishing resorts of the Miramichi.

so proud of his catch that he kept it on exhibition in the Exchange Hotel all day Thursday and invited several friends to help him eat it on Friday.

CENTRAL GREENWICH

Central Greenwich, July 29.—A pleasant evening was spent at the home of D. Harvey Whelpley on Thursday in honor of his 50th birthday.

ST. GEORGE

St. George, N. B., July 29.—Mr. C. H. Lynott is having some extensive improvements made on his residence on Brunswick street, which add greatly to the beautiful lot.

ALBERT MINES

Albert Mines, N. B., July 30.—The Mines, Parks of St. John and Miss Humphrey of Robbsey are guests at the residence of Mr. George Milton.

CHILDREN CRY FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Dr. J. C. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy.

A Contest for Boy Scouts and Girl Guides

All boy scouts and girl guides are expected to be able to draw a little at least. Now I am going to give you a chance to show how much you really do know.

Advertisement for Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, featuring an illustration of a woman and a child, and text describing the benefits of the product.

Advertisement for DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS, featuring a circular logo with the text 'DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS' and 'PURELY VEGETABLE'.

Advertisement for STANDARD COMPETITION For Boy Scouts and Girl Guides, including a form for participants to fill out with fields for Name, Address, and Name of Patrol.

Master John Lindsay, Woodstock, is

Among the out of town guests attending the Day-Sharp wedding last week were Mr. J. T. Day and son, Hal-

Stewart Henry spent a few days

Miss Margaret Hanington arrived on Monday to spend a short time with friends before going to the States where she will make her future home.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Humphrey, who have been on a driving trip down the Gaspé Coast, are spending a few days in town en route to their home in Moncton.

Miss Florence McLaughlin returned from St. John on Wednesday to attend her sister, Miss Margaret, who is ill.

Mr. Ernest Hazleton spent a few days of last week in St. John, Amherst and Moncton, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Humphrey, who have been on a driving trip down the Gaspé Coast, are spending a few days in town en route to their home in Moncton.

All the Latest News and Comment from the World of Finance

LONDON MARKET AND THE FUTURE

Period of drastic economy with curtailment of imports will be necessary to meet strain.

London, July 12.—The actual cash subscription of £200,000,000 received for the new war 4 1/2 per cent loan...

OUTSIDE DEMAND FOR WAR ISSUES FELL OFF IN SATURDAY'S TRADING

Session devoid of thrills and tendency to shift speculation from War Shares to other lines—Bond market firm.

New York, July 31.—By comparison with the heavy trading and wide movements of the early days of the week, today's stock market inclined toward the prosaic.

CLOSING LETTER OF N.Y. MARKET BY E. & C. RANDOLPH

New York, July 31.—The market has been quiet and somewhat reactionary today. Evidently during the great activity of this week there has been a large distribution of industrial holdings.

STOCK QUOTATIONS ON N.Y. EXCHANGE

Table of stock quotations including Am Beet Sug, Am Car Ry, Am Loco, Am Smelt, Anaconda, Am Tele, Atchafalpa, Am Can, Balt and O Co, Brook Rap Tr, Beth Steel, C F I, Clev Steel, Ches and Ohio, Cent Leath, China, Can Pac, Erie, Gr Nor Pfd, Lehigh Val, Miss Pac, NY NH and H, NY Y Cent, Nor Pac, Oats, Press Sil Car, Reading Com, Rep Steel, St Paul, Sou Ry Com, Studebaker, Un Ape Com, U S Steel Pfd, U S Rub Com, Westing Elec.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET SALES

Table of cotton market sales with columns for High, Low, and Close prices for various grades like Jan, Feb, Mar, Apr, May, Oct, Dec.

FATHER WHO KILLED HIS CHILD SUICIDES IN CELL

Port Hope, Ont., July 31.—Edward Tate, the man who on Monday last killed his twelve year old daughter with an axe, committed suicide last night in the county jail at Cobourg by hanging himself with the bedclothes.

World's Shipping News

MINIATURE ALMANAC

Table of shipping news including last quarter, first quarter, full month, and various ship names like M.S. 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530.

BRITISH PORTS

Shields—Sd July 28, str Hecla, Sydney, C. B. Walton Bay—Ard July 28, str Yarowdale, Montreal.

FOREIGN PORTS

Portland—Ard July 29, schs Vera B Roberts, Boston; Orizimbo, do Gloucester—Ard July 29, schs Emma McAdam, St George, N. B., for Bridgeport; Lizzie J Call, Kennebec River for do.

ST. ANDREWS

The marriage of Miss Ethel McCarroll, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William McCarroll to Mr. Oris Reed took place at the "Manse" on Wednesday afternoon at three o'clock.

THE FUNDS

Patriotic Fund. C. B. Allan, secretary-treasurer, acknowledged the receipt of the following amounts: People of Hatfield's Point, Queens Co., per Miss Gladys Morrell, \$24.45; Edward Ambrose, New York, \$5.00.

BROKE HIS ARM

Frank Watson, Adelaide street, about twelve years of age, had his arm broken on Friday evening on the Marathon ball ground. The accident was just after a junior ball game.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PRODUCE

Chicago, July 31.—Wheat, No. 2 red, 1 1/4 @ 113 2/5; No. 2 hard, 1.13 1/4; Corn—No. 2 yellow, 80 1/2 @ 81; Oats—No. 3 white, 50 @ 53; standard, 57.

PRODUCE PRICES ON MONTREAL MARKET

Montreal, Aug. 1.—CORN—American No. 2 yellow, 89 @ 90; OATS—Canadian western, No. 3, 61 1/2; extra No. 1 feed, 61 1/2; No. 2 local white, 62; No. 3 local white, 61; No. 4 local white, 60.

WINNIPEG OATS OPENING

Oct.—60 1/2. CHARLOTTETOWN ELECTRIC CO. 6% BONDS Price 95 H. M. BRADFORD Metropole Building, Halifax

LONDON GUARANTEE AND ACCIDENT CO. Ltd.

Assets in England £5,551,660 Reserve £1,977,880 Assets in Canada £45,134,779 Automobile Insurance; Fire Policy; Employees Liability; Contractors' Insurance; Accident Sickness and Guarantee.

FIRE INSURANCE

We represent first-class British, Canadian and American tariff offices with combined assets of over One Hundred and Sixty Million Dollars. C. E. L. JARVIS & SONS, 74 Prince Wm. St.

THOMAS BELL & CO., St. John, N. B.

PUGBLEY BUILDING, 46 PRINCE STREET Lumber and General Brokers SPRUCE, HEMLOCK, BIRCH, SOUTHERN PINE, OAK, CYPRESS, SPRUCE PILING AND CREOSOTED PILING.

For Public Function Or Private Entertainment

WHYTE & MACKAY'S SCOTCH WHISKY is a passport of healthful reliability and keen enjoyment. The best in Scotch is yours if you insist upon this brand.

STEAMSHIPS. RAILWAYS.

WEST INDIES FORTNIGHTLY SAILINGS BY TWIN-SCREW MAIL STEAMERS. From ST. JOHN (N.B.) and HALIFAX (N.S.)

DONALDSON LINE Montreal to Glasgow S.S. "Athena" July 25—Aug. 28 S.S. "Cassandra" July 30—Sept. 4

MANCHESTER LINE From Manchester, St. John, N.B. June 19—Man. Exchange—July 3 July 30—Manchester Miller—Aug. 14

FURNESS LINE From London July 11—Messina—July 28 July 18—Apollonia—Aug. 3

Crystal Stream Steamship Co. ST. JOHN-FREDERICTON ROUTE The steamer D. J. PURDY will sail from North End for Fredericton and intermediate points every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY at 8.30 a.m.

ST. JOHN-WASHBROOK ROUTE The steamer "MAJESTIC" will sail from North End for Cole's Island and intermediate points every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY at 10 a.m.

Eastern Steamship Lines. All-the-Way-by-Water. INTERNATIONAL LINE. Steamships Calvin Austin, Gov. Dingley and Gov. Cobb.

METROPOLITAN LINE Steamships Bunker Hill and Massachusetts. Leave North Side of India Wharf, Boston, every day at 5 p.m.

MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE. Steamships North Land and North Star. Leave Franklin Wharf, Portland, Tues., Thurs. and Sat., at 6.30 p.m.

BRIDGES Buildings and All Structures of Steel and Concrete. Designs, Estimates and Investigations. A. T. CUSHING, M. Sc. (M. I. T., Boston)

W. Simms Lee, F. C. A. Chartered Accountant and Auditor. Queen Building HALIFAX, N.S.

ROBERT CARTER CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT Auditor and Liquidator Business Systematized Cost Systems Installed McCurdy Building, Halifax.

Choice Carleton County Hay We are now landing several cars of fresh pressed Carleton County Hay, the quality of which will please the most particular buyer.

A. C. SMITH & CO. Union Street - WEST SIDE Telephone W. 7-11 and W. 81.

GRAND MANAN STEAMSHIP CO. Atlantic Standard Time. After June 1st, 1915, and until further notice the steamer Grand Manan will leave Grand Manan Monday 7 a.m. for St. John, arriving 2.30 p.m.

INTERNATIONAL LTAU. Providence 3; Rochester At Rochester—First game: Providence . . . 120000000 Rochester . . . 000130000

Late BASEBALL IN THE BR LEAG

NATIONAL LEAGUE Chicago 7, New York At Chicago. (First game) New York . . . 000010200 Chicago . . . 000840000

AMERICAN LEAGUE New York 2, Chicago At New York. Chicago . . . 000010000 New York . . . 000100000

FEDERAL LEAGUE St. Louis 1; Buffalo, 0 At St. Louis, first game: Buffalo . . . 000000000 St. Louis . . . 000000000

Majestic Steamship Co. Steamer Champlain On and after June 5th str. Champlain will leave Public Wharf, St. John, on Tuesday and Thursday at twelve o'clock, noon, and Saturday at 2 p.m.

THE MARITIME STEAMSHIP CO. (LIMITED) Until further notice the S. S. Coors River will run as follows: Leave St. John, N. B., Thorne Wharf and Warehouse Co., on Saturday, 7.30 a.m.

Choice Carleton County Hay We are now landing several cars of fresh pressed Carleton County Hay, the quality of which will please the most particular buyer.

INTERNATIONAL LTAU. Providence 3; Rochester At Rochester—First game: Providence . . . 120000000 Rochester . . . 000130000

Late Gossip Of The Sporting World At Home And Abroad

BASEBALL IN THE BIG LEAGUES

SATURDAY GAMES

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Chicago 7, New York 3

At Chicago.

(First game)

New York 00001020—3 8 1

Chicago 00034000—7 9 1

Batteries—Ritter, Mathewson and Doolin; Vaughan and Archer.

New York 9, Chicago 2

(Second game)

New York 01201000—9 10 1

Chicago 00100001—3 5 1

Batteries—Teanau and Meyers; Wendell; Cheney, Pierce, Zabel and Archer.

Cincinnati 5, Boston 3

At Cincinnati.

Boston 00010002—3 6 1

Cincinnati 02011000—5 9 1

Batteries—Rudolph and Gowdy; Dale, Clarke and Wingo.

Pittsburg 5, Brooklyn 0

At Pittsburg.

(First game)

Brooklyn 00000000—0 3 1

Pittsburg 0000005X—5 11 1

Batteries—Appleton and Miller; Marnaux, Gibson and Schang.

Pittsburg 5, Brooklyn 4

(Second game)

Brooklyn 00100000—4 8 1

Pittsburg 02200000—5 9 3

Batteries—Smith, Dell, Pfeiffer and McCarty; Miller, Adams, Cooper, McQuillan and Murphy.

St. Louis 2, Philadelphia 1

At St. Louis.

(First game)

Philadelphia 00000100—1 7 1

St. Louis 00000002—2 6 2

Batteries—Demaree, Alexander and Killifer; Ames, Robinson and Snyder.

Philadelphia 8, St. Louis 0

(Second game)

Philadelphia 13000100—8 8 2

St. Louis 00000000—0 7 2

Batteries—Rixey and Killifer; Perdue, Robinson and Snyder.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

New York 2, Chicago 1

At New York.

Chicago 00001000—1 5 1

New York 00010001—2 7 1

Batteries—Benz and Mayer; Caldwell and Nunamaker.

Philadelphia 1, Cleveland 0

At Philadelphia.

Cleveland 00000000—0 3 3

Philadelphia 0000000X—1 7 1

Batteries—Harstad and O'Neill; Wyckoff and Lapp.

St. Louis 5, Washington 3

At Washington.

Washington 20010003—5 11 1

St. Louis 00020010—3 7 1

Batteries—Hamilton and Severold; Gallia, Boehling and Henry.

Boston 4, Detroit 1

At Boston.

Detroit 00010000—1 5 1

Boston 00040000—4 9 2

Batteries—Coveleskie, Steen and Stanage; Foster and Cady.

FEDERAL LEAGUE

St. Louis 1, Buffalo 0

At St. Louis, first game.

Buffalo 00000000—0 4 1

St. Louis 00000001X—1 3 1

Batteries—Schultz, Allen and Chapman; Davenport and Hartley.

Buffalo 1, St. Louis 0

(Second game)

Buffalo 00000010—1 1 1

St. Louis 00000000—0 5 1

Batteries—Lafit, Blair and Bedient; Davenport and Chapman.

Chicago 7, Newark 5

At Chicago, first game.

Newark 00000010—5 8 1

Chicago 42000010X—7 11 1

Batteries—Moran, Brandon, Moseley and Raldrin; Black and Wilson.

Newark 3, Chicago 2

(Second game)

Newark 00300000—3 6 3

Chicago 20000000—2 7 1

Batteries—Kaiserling and Raldrin; Connell and Fischer.

Kansas 2, Baltimore 1

At Kansas City, first game.

Baltimore 01000000—1 5 1

Kansas City 00001100X—2 6 1

Batteries—Johnson and Owens; Johnson and Easterly.

Kansas 2, Baltimore 1

(Second game)

Kansas 01000000—1 10 0

Baltimore 0020000X—2 7 1

Batteries—Batley and Owens; Packard and Brown.

Pittsburg 4, Brooklyn 2

At Pittsburg.

Brooklyn 01000000—2 6 1

Pittsburg 0002000X—4 9 1

Batteries—Bluejacket, Finneran and Simon; Burk, Knetzer and O'Connor.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE

Providence 3, Rochester 1

At Rochester, first game.

Providence 11200000—3 8 1

Rochester 00013000X—4 8 2

Batteries—Schultz and Casey; Huenk, Palmero and Williams.

Rochester 4, Providence 3

(Second game)

Providence 00000000—3 8 0

Rochester 00013000X—4 8 2

Batteries—Ayer and Casey; Hoff, Erickson and Williams.

Jersey City 9, Montreal 1

At Montreal.

Montreal 00035000—3 12 0

Jersey City 00000100—1 6 1

Batteries—Sherman and Reynolds; Dowd and Howley.

Buffalo 8, Richmond 4

At Buffalo, first game.

Richmond 12000100—4 10 3

Buffalo 00005102X—5 11 1

Batteries—Ford, Anderson and Blair; Allen; Craggall and Chapman.

A BIG YEAR FOR M'LOUGHLIN



MAURICE M'LOUGHLIN

A national tennis championship without Maurice McLaughlin as an entrant would be like a performance of "Hamlet" without the melancholy Dane, so it is good news to the lovers of this sport to hear that "Mac" will be among those present next month when the blue ribbon event of the court is staged at Forest Hills, N. Y. McLaughlin will be seen in action in the East at Longwood, where he will try to get a third leg on the famous bowl that has been held by all the great players of this country in years gone by. He has been playing so well on the Coast that there is little reason to believe that he will not be successful. Then it will be on to Forest Hills, and an opportunity to take as his permanent possession the championship trophy, for he has already won it twice.

Batteries—Cram and Harrington; Beebe and Lalonde.

Buffalo 9, Richmond 2

(Second game)

Richmond 00000000—2 8 1

Buffalo 10062000X—9 13 1

Batteries—Morrissett and Harrington; Gaw and Onslow.

Toronto 8, Harrisburg 2

At Toronto, first game.

Harrisburg 01100000—3 7 1

Toronto 0020000X—8 10 1

Batteries—Chabek and Snow; Herbert and Kocher.

Harrisburg 1, Toronto 1

(Second game)

Harrisburg 00001000—1 9 1

Toronto 00000100—1 9 1

Batteries—Goodbread and Heckler; Luque and Kocher.

Ten innings, called darkness.

SUNDAY GAMES

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE

Jersey City 8, Montreal 1

At Montreal, first game.

Montreal 01050000—3 11 1

Jersey City 00000001—1 5 1

Batteries—Brucke and Traggesser; McHale, Dowd and Howley.

Montreal 14, Jersey City 12

(Second game)

Jersey City 10006200—12 14 1

Montreal 20150001X—14 16 4

Batteries—Verbout, Crutcher, Brucke and Reynolds; Miller, Cadore and Madden.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Chicago 2, Philadelphia 0

At Chicago, Aug. 1.—Whitehead's fumble of Zimmerman's single in the tenth inning gave Chicago the game today.

The game was a great pitchers' battle between Alexander and Adams, the former allowing but four hits, one of which was Williams' homer in the fifth. The score:

Philadelphia 00001000—1 5 1

Chicago 10010200X—4 8 1

Batteries—Alexander and Killifer; Adams and Archer.

Cincinnati 4, Brooklyn 2

At Cincinnati, Aug. 1.—Cincinnati won a double-header from Brooklyn today.

The score:

Brooklyn 00000000—3 8 1

Cincinnati 02040000—6 11 1

Batteries—Coombs and Miller, McCarty; Toney, Benton and Clarke.

St. Louis 4, New York 3

At St. Louis.

New York 000020010—3 8 1

St. Louis 200100001—4 9 1

Batteries—Marquard, Schauer and Meyers; Salles and Snyder.

New York 4, St. Louis 1

(Second game)

New York 01000000—4 9 0

St. Louis 10000000—1 6 1

Batteries—Perritt and Doolin; Doak and Snyder.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

(No American League games scheduled.)

FEDERAL LEAGUE

Buffalo 6, St. Louis 2

At St. Louis, Aug. 1.—In a double-header here today St. Louis lost the first game to Buffalo, 6 to 2. The second game was called in the eleventh on account of rain with the score 1 to 1. The score:

Buffalo 40200000—6 9 0

St. Louis 00003000—2 7 1

Batteries—Krapp and Allen; Plank, Willett and Chapman.

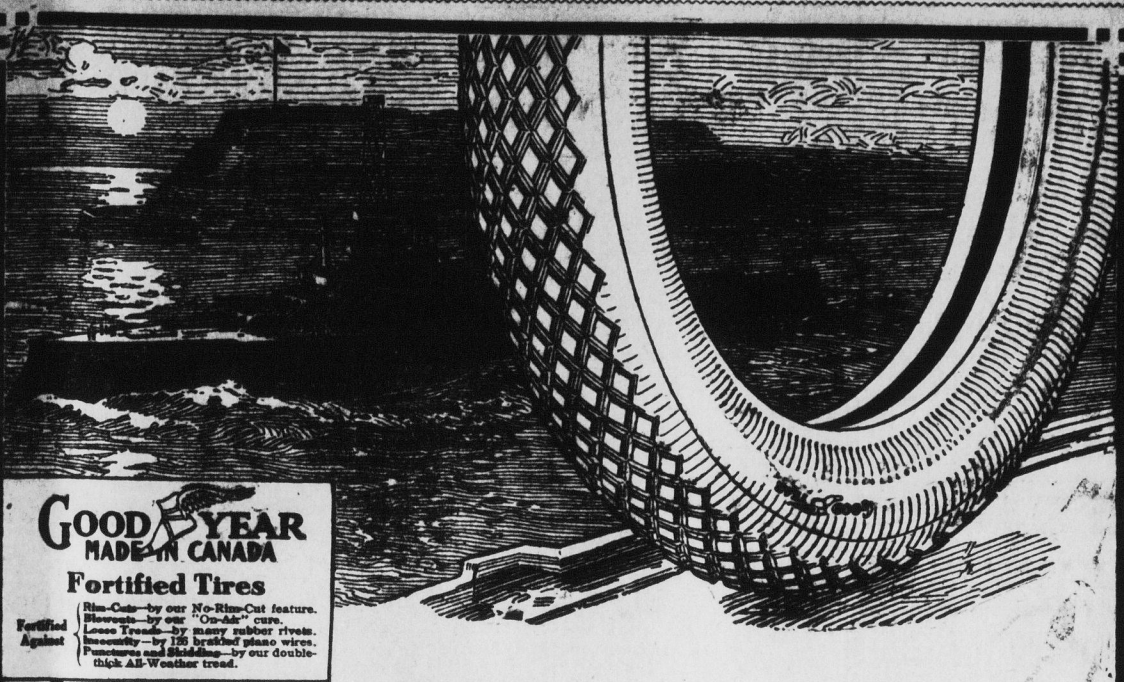
Buffalo 1, St. Louis 1

(Second game)

Buffalo 0000000100—1 5 1

St. Louis 010000000—1 8 0

Batteries—Ford, Anderson and Blair; Allen; Craggall and Chapman.



GOODYEAR
MADE IN CANADA
Fortified Tires
Fortified Against Skidding
Thin-Cut—by our No-Rim-Cut feature.
Blowouts—by our "On-Rim-Cut" cure.
Loose Treads—by many rubber rivets.
Punctures and Skidding—by our double-thick All-Weather tread.

Fortified Tires

That Protect In 5 Ways Against Trouble

Fine rubber, staunch fabric and good workmanship are not enough to protect a tire from trouble. Many makes besides Goodyears have those things. But Goodyear Tires alone are fortified in five costly ways against the worst attacks that a tire encounters.

So they have proved out best in countless tests when run with rival tires on opposite wheels.

For your own sake please note these five exclusive defenses—

Fortified Against Rim-Cutting by our "On-Rim-Cut" feature, that best combats rim-cuts. Millions of tires have proved that.

Fortified Against Blowouts by our "On-Rim-Cut" feature, that best combats rim-cuts. Millions of tires have proved that.

Fortified Against Loose Treads by our Rubber Rivets, formed in each tire. They reduce loose tread risk 60 per cent.

Fortified Against Insecurity by our 126 vulcanized in each tire base. They make the tire secure.

Fortified Against Punctures and Skidding by our All-Weather Tread, tough and double-thick. It gives you maximum tread wear. It minimizes punctures. And its sharp-edged grips are resistless.

And besides these five defenses, Goodyear Fortified Tires give you perfectly balanced construction.

In any make one often gets a lucky tire. It avoids mishap and misuse and makes a rare record.

But why trust to luck? Why not always buy the tire that averages best because it is built in the best way known to resist attacks?

Legions of tire users have learned these things in the past four years. And so this year we doubled the capacity of our factory at Bowmanville, Ont.

Prices Reduced

As our output multiplied, reducing factory cost, our prices came down with it.

We gave our latest reduction Feb. 15th—in the face of the war tax on all our raw material.

Today Goodyear Tires are saving the user 37 per cent of prices that prevailed two years ago. So ask your dealer for our low price on the size you use.

THE GOODYEAR TIRE & RUBBER COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED

Head Office: Toronto, Ont. Factory: Bowmanville, Ont.

Makers of Truck, Motorcycle, Carriage and Bicycle Tires and Rubber Belts, Hoses and Packing

The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. of Canada, Limited, has no connection with any other Canadian company using the Goodyear name

Goodyear Service Stations—Tires and Tubes in Stock

Motor Car and Equipment Co. Ltd., St. John
The McLaughlin Carriage Co., St. John
The Imperial Garage and Motor Co.

NEARBY TOWNS

- Lounsbury Co. Ltd., Bathurst
- A. E. Alexander & Son, Campbellton
- William Gallop, Dalhousie
- C. W. Patriquen, Norton
- H. Wilfred McPhail, Perth
- Boyd Bros., St. George
- T. J. Mercer, Sussex
- R. S. Corbett, Woodstock, N. B.

7 Nat. vs. Alerts.
9 Alerts vs. Glen.
10 Nat. vs. Com.
11 Glen. vs. Nat.
12 Alerts vs. Com.
13 Nat. vs. Alerts.
14 Com. vs. Glen.

3 in 5—Purse \$2,000.
Lettie Lee, b. m. by Mike (White) 1 1 4 2 2
Mirthful, b. m. (Murphy) 5 2 2 3 1
*McClosky, br. g. (McDonald) 4 5 1 1 4
*Todd Temple, br. g. (Snow) 2 3 3 4 3
Loe Blossom, b. m. (Childs) 7 4 4 5 4
Mary Warren, b. m. (Healey) 6 5 6 6 4
Brooklyn Hal, br. g. (Snedecker) 3 4 3 4 3
June Red, b. m. (McMahon) ds
Miss Alice McGregor, b. m. (McAllister) ds
Axtien, ch. h. (Harris) ds
Time—2:08 3/4; 2:09 3/4; 2:08 3/4; 2:09 1/2.

GRAND CIRCUIT RACING

Detroit, July 31.—William showed his superiority over all other pacing champions this afternoon by outlasting and outgaming his field and winning the \$5,000 free-for-all, two heats out of three. This event was the race of greatest interest for the final day of the Grand Circuit week. The 2:03 pace went four heats, the 2:12 trot five. The other two races which completed the programme, were won in straight heats. In the free-for-all pace Director I took the heat by a scant neck. The time 2:00 3/4 was a record for a Detroit track.

2:03 Pace, 3 in 5—Purse, \$1,500.
Bradley Direct, b. h. by Baron (Egan) 5 1 1 1 1
*Earl Jr. g. h. (Cox) 1 2 3 3 3
*Peter Stevens, b. h. (Snedecker) 2 3 2 2 2
Pickle B. m. (Mott) 3 4 4 4 4
R. N. Brett, g. g. (Grady) 4 5 5 5 5
Time—2:03 1/2; 2:02 3/4; 2:03 1/2; 2:04.
*Divide second and third money.

TWILIGHT LEAGUE BASEBALL

EAST END SCHEDULE
The schedule of games for the East End League for the next two weeks given below. There will be no time limit in the games, each team playing four innings, or as many as possible, the umpire to call the games at his own discretion.

WOLGAST BESTS KETCHELL
Chicago, July 31.—Ad Wolgast, former lightweight champion, and Steve Ketchell of Chicago, boxed ten rounds at Forest Park, a suburb, Saturday. According to criticism Wolgast had the better of the bout. Proceeds of the show, the first professional boxing here in years, went to Eastland sufferers.

SPECIAL!

7-20-4 Cigars—5 for 25c.

Regular 5c. Cigars
6 and 7 for 25c.
Also—PURE OLIVE OIL Direct from Italy

JOHN DE ANGELIS

Tobaccos, Cigars and Cigarettes
110 King Street St. John, N. B.

THE WEATHER.
Forecasts:
 Maritime—Moderate winds, a few local showers but mostly fair, not much change in temperature.

Toronto, August 1.—Pressure is high over Manitoba and the Lake Superior district and relatively low over the southern portion of the continent. Light showers occurred during Saturday in Manitoba and a few sections of Saskatchewan and Alberta, while today the weather has been generally fair over the Dominion. It has been decidedly warm in Ontario and cold west.

Temperatures.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria	54	66
Vancouver	50	74
Medicine Hat	52	76
Edmonton	52	72
Battleford	46	74
Prince Albert	44	66
Moose Jaw	53	71
Winnipeg	46	72
Port Arthur	48	68
Perry Sound	62	86
Toronto	56	84
Kingston	59	84
Quebec	62	78
Halifax	62	72

FIVE HUNDRED DOLLAR FIRE ON MILL STREET

Blaze Under George V. Parker's Barber Shop Gave Firemen Nasty Job.

Shortly after midnight an alarm was sent in from box 5 for a fire which started in the cellar under Geo. V. Parker's barber shop, 23 Mill street. When the firemen arrived on the scene the cellar was a mass of flames and the fire had eaten its way up between the buildings into the room over Timothy Driscoll's beer and grocery store adjoining.

The fire was a stubborn one to fight and considerable cutting on the roof and the sides of the buildings had to be done before the fire was extinguished. The bulk was confined to the cellar while other sections of the buildings were mostly damaged by water. It is estimated that the loss will exceed five hundred dollars and it was fully an hour and a half before the firemen were able to leave the premises.

The blaze is supposed to have caught among some kindling wood under the barber shop and is thought to have started from the careless throwing down of a match or cigar. The buildings are owned by Timothy Driscoll and are insured.

CHAMCOOK SARDINE FACTORY HAS RESUMED OPERATIONS

This Industry is Expected to Pay Well—About Three Hundred People Will be Employed For the Season.

On Monday of last week the sardine factory at Chamcook, four miles from St. Andrews, resumed operations after having been closed for the last year. This plant has had a somewhat unfortunate experience and has been in many respects a disappointment to the people in the district, who had anticipated much benefit from its establishment. There is now, however, reason to hope that the days of adversity have passed and that this splendid plant will be able to operate profitably in the future without any more complications.

Recently the entire plant and equipment were purchased by the Lane-Libby Fisheries Co. of Boston, a concern reputed to have any amount of capital. Charles Haycock, who has been in charge ever since the place was built, remains as manager, and in conversation with The Standard a couple of days ago said that from present indications the season now opening would be a successful one.

There has been some talk that fish are scarce, that prices are so low that fishermen will not feel any particular inducement in securing the sardine herring, and that the demand for high class sardines has fallen off. None of these statements are correct. Fish are plentiful, prices are from six to seven dollars a hoghead, and the demand is better than ever.

Norway Supply Cut Off

Apart from sardines put up in this country, the great supply of choicest fish comes from Norway and this source is now practically cut off. Besides there has arisen a remarkably increased demand for war purposes, so that in the opinion of those in charge of the Chamcook plant not only will there be ample market for the cured fish but there will be an ever increasing demand to meet which the Chamcook plant will work to its capacity.

This industry has a total capacity of about two thousand cases per season which, as it runs for only a few months, means some fifteen hundred or more cases per week. When work started last Monday about one hundred hands were employed, and less than one-half of the packing room operated, while only one of the two big plants was started. The boats, however, are all in service and the supply of fish is increasing from day to day, so that as time goes by the staff will be increased and in a couple of weeks at least the whole shop will be running on full time.

Best Plant in World

This plant is said by Mr. Haycock to be unequalled in the world both as regards economy of operation and capacity. It consists of two different units in the matter of curing the fish, and is so arranged that almost any portion can be shut down and only as much operated as may be required by the supply of fish for the day. Both of these factories feed to one central packing room where the same principle of distinct units is carried out.

In Norway and other countries where sardine packing is extensively carried on cheap labor is the rule, but in this province labor would cost so much that were the European system of curing fish adopted the results would be very unsatisfactory financially. Thus it became necessary to provide machinery to do the work which is done elsewhere by hand. And it was following out this idea that resulted in the completion of the splendid plant at Chamcook with an expenditure of three quarters of a million.

Within ten days, if all goes well, there will be some three hundred and fifty people employed there turning out sardines of different qualities, in olive oil, salad oil, and tomato sauce. Up to the present no individual trademark has been adopted, for the Chamcook sells to large wholesalers in different parts of the country, but the goods range with the best in this or any other market, and will no doubt command their fair share of the trade.

There's a Starrett Tool for Your Every Need In Shop and Home



The superior quality of Starrett's Machinists' Tools has been universally admitted for many years. The Starretts are pioneers in the manufacture of Machinists' Tools, and everything they turn out is recognized as the Highest Standard in Accuracy, Workmanship, Design and Finish. All parts of STARRETT'S MACHINISTS' TOOLS are carefully tested at every stage of manufacture, each complete part being rigidly inspected, and every part warranted accurate and satisfactory before shipment. Users of Starrett's Machinists' Tools will tell you that they measure up to the most exacting requirements, and give longest and best service.

PROVE IT FOR YOURSELF.

Market Square -- W. H. THORNE & CO., LTD. -- King Street

Around the City

Buried Yesterday.
 The funeral of Mrs. Margaret Williams took place yesterday afternoon from her late residence, 133 Erin St.

Quelled Disturbance.
 Saturday night the police were called into the house No. 17 Brittain street to quell a disturbance.

Purse Found.
 A purse containing a sum of money was found on King Square Saturday and the owner can have the same on application at police headquarters.

Charged With Desertion.
 John Williamson was given in charge of the police Saturday night by the captain of the Norwegian four-masted bark Synnaes, lying at the Long wharf. Williamson is a seaman on board the bark and is charged with desertion.

Cars Delayed.
 The street car traffic was delayed at the head of King street for some time Saturday night when a wheel of a delivery wagon became jammed in car rails. Last fall a number of wagons were caught in the tracks at this section and in a couple of cases the wagons were damaged.

Travellers' Motor.
 The commercial travellers of the province have been raising money for some time to procure a motor ambulance. So far the sum of \$2,095 has been collected. It had been intended to close up the fund last week but all the collectors have not yet handed in their reports, so the fund will be kept open for a few days more.

Building Permits.
 Twelve building permits representing a value of \$23,800 were issued during the month of July. In the corresponding month last year eighteen permits were given to a total value of \$10,400. The building up to the end of July amounted to \$192,850 while that for same period last year was \$404,650.

Only a Bonfire.
 A couple of hundred people were attracted to the east end of Sydney street about nine o'clock last night by a reflection from a fire which brightly illuminated the sky. It was thought that some building in that vicinity was on fire, but when the people reached the scene they found the bright light coming from a large bonfire which had been started on Rockaway beach by some boys.

Spirit of British Empire.
 Rev. Ralph J. Haughton in the Congregational church last evening preached a forceful sermon taking for his text "The Spirit that sways the British Empire." He pointed out that this war was entered into by England to save herself and Belgium from ruin. His words were given an attentive hearing by a large congregation. In the morning Rev. Mr. Haughton preached in St. Matthew's Presbyterian church.

For the Public Meeting.
 The public meeting in King Square on Wednesday evening will be addressed by Judge McKeown, who has accepted Mayor Frink's invitation. Other speakers will also be present. The Carleton Cornet Band has offered its services and it is expected that there will be a large attendance. Arrangements are also being made for having the city churches open during the day. Several of the churches have already arranged for special services of intercession for that day.

Service of Intercession.
 Wednesday, August 4th, the anniversary of the present European war, will be observed in Trinity church as a day of solemn intercession. The services will continue all day, commencing at seven a.m. with a celebration of the Holy Communion, and concluding at eight p.m. with an evening service of intercession. A Litany, address and intercession will take place at twelve o'clock noon, while a morning prayer will be held at 9.30 a.m. Different aspects of the war, taking the form of short meditations will be dealt with at all the services and it is expected that throughout the day large congregations will accept the opportunity of attending the services.

MOTOR BOATS IN DANGER AT INDIANTOWN

Meredith and Mona Narrowly Escaped Going Through Falls—Rope in Propeller.

Dr. A. P. Crockett's motor boat Meredith and the Mona, owned by Mr. Harrington, narrowly escaped going through the falls last evening when they tried to enter the harbor of the St. John Power Boat Club.

The Mona, which had had trouble with her engine, was being towed by the Meredith. When near the Marble Cove the low line slackened and the cable entangled in the propeller of Dr. Crockett's boat. The rope wound tightly around the propeller and the craft were soon at the mercy of the currents, which were running swiftly at the time. Both boats drifted some distance. The Mona ran foul of some logs while the Meredith continued towards the falls. When near the island at the head of the falls an anchor was thrown out and luckily held the motor boat till assistance came.

The "Listed" Club and Whitecap, with Fleet Captain McNeilkin and Messrs. Lemmon and King aboard got lines to the disabled craft and towed them back to the Marble Cove. The boats were somewhat damaged and will be pulled out of the water today for repairs.

From Dr. Corbet.
 Word received in the city Thursday from Capt. (Dr.) George G. Corbet stated that all was well with him. He was with the Field Hospital of the Third Brigade. He wrote that he was hoping soon to have his leave extended, which he plans to spend with his mother's people in Ireland. The doctor stated that he hoped that the Second Canadian Contingent would prove as worthy as the first on the European battlefields. Previous to Ypres the Scotch were most beloved by the Germans, but first position is now given to the Canadians. The Germans are genuinely afraid of the Canadians, who are in many cases given the work to do requiring the greatest bravery. The Scotch, he said, are now placed in second position and the English in third.

Sunday School Picnic.
 The annual Sunday school picnic of Carmarthen street Methodist church was held on Saturday at Crescent Grove picnic grounds, Grand Bay. The picnic was largely attended, many going out on the noon train at 1.30 o'clock. Those who went out in the morning left at 9.15 and prepared for those coming out later. The afternoon was pleasantly spent, the weather being ideal, and large numbers of visitors were on the grounds during the day. The sports and games were very good and well contested. An efficient committee of ladies including Mrs. George Calhoun, Mrs. Arthur Carlon, Mrs. Thomas Wilcox, Miss G. Evans and Mrs. Halliday looked after the refreshments and canteen. The return to the city was made early in the evening and the children and young people enjoyed themselves to the utmost.

Five Gathered In.
 Four drunks on Saturday and one yesterday was the total number of arrests made by the police.

MANY MOTOR BOATS ON RIVER SATURDAY

Craft from Power Boat Club and R.K.Y.C. carried crowds up river.

All day yesterday and on Saturday the St. John river resounded with the hum of motorboats carrying pleasure seekers up the river to the different suburban resorts. Many of the boats of the St. John Power Boat Club got underway on Saturday morning and the constant clug, clug, was heard unceasingly from early in the morning until late at night. The stiff breeze over the bay and in the Reach also tempted many yachts of the R. K. Y. C. squadron to stretch their sails. Many got up as far as Public Landing and anchored off the shore, returning in the evening.

Last night there was a busy scene in Marble Cove when the boats returned.

Although the afternoon proved bright and sunny in the evening a heavy veil of fog settled over the waters.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS DECORATION DAY

Will Decorate Graves of Brethren on August 26.

The Knights of Pythias of this city will decorate the graves of their brethren on Thursday afternoon, August 26th, and in accordance with the usual custom, will parade from Castle Hall, Uniform Rank consisting of two companies and the subordinate lodges, New Brunswick, No. 1; Union No. 2, and St. John No. 30, attired in silk hats, frock coats, etc. The Knights have grown materially in numerical strength since their last appearance and plan upon making an elaborate showing. The majority of graves to be decorated are located in Fernhill, the others being in the Church of England Burying Ground, Methodist Burying Ground, Cedar Hill, Lancaster, and throughout the province.

Most of these latter places delegations of St. John Pythians will do the decorating. One or two brass bands will supply the music for Decoration Day and floral tributes will be received at the warehouses of the McLaughlin Carriage Co., Union street, for two days previous to the observation.

County Taxes
 The collector of taxes for the Parishes of Lancaster and Simonds will be at the county treasurer's office, 42 Princess street, Monday, August 2nd, to receive taxes from those who wish to save the five per cent. discount. The collector for Lancaster will be at his office, the Court House, Parrville, on Monday evening.

LANCASTER SEWER READY IN TWO MONTHS

Messrs. Kane and Ring Have Contract and Will Start Work This Week.

Messrs. Kane and Ring have been awarded the contract for building the new sewer to serve a portion of the Parish of Lancaster above City Line. The new drain, which was secured through the efforts of Councillors Bryant, Golding and O'Brien, will be a great benefit to that section of Lancaster. The sewer has been needed for some time in order to give proper drainage to many new houses, which have been erected above City Line. The outfall will be near Fort Dufferin for one section and the other will enter the city sewer.

The contract price was in the vicinity of \$10,000. Mr. Ring said last night that work would be started about the middle of the week and the job would be completed in about two months.

A New Detective

Detective Charles Worrell severed his connection with the police force on Saturday night and he says that he intends starting a private agency in the city. Patrolman William Gibbs who for some months has been night deskman at police headquarters, was appointed to the position of detective and started in on his new duties yesterday. Detective Gibbs is a local man, has had some years of police experience and will undoubtedly be able to look after the detective work in the city.

A. O. H. MEMORIAL MASS.

The A. O. H. No. 1 Division, decided recently to postpone the usual annual parade to the cemetery for the decorating of graves, instead a solemn high mass will be celebrated in the Cathedral for the repose of the souls of the deceased members. The date will be arranged by the spiritual director of the society, Rev. M. O'Brien.

PERSONAL.

It is expected that F. P. Gutelius, I. C. R. general manager, will be in the city from Moncton today to discuss railway matters with the board of trade.

The steamship Victoria is offering special rates for week-end trips, going out on Monday and returning on Monday.

DIED.
FAIRALL—At New York, on July 31, Charles N. Fairall, formerly of St. John.
 Funeral this afternoon at 2.30 from Cemetery Church.
LAWTON—At her residence, 215 City Road, on the 2nd inst. Harriet L. wife of Charles A. Lawton, leaving her husband, two sons and one daughter.
 Notice of funeral hereafter. No flowers by request.

Macaulay Bros. & Co., King Street, St. John, N. B.

NEW COSTUME CLOTHS
 In Wide Widths at Last Season's Low Prices

54 inches wide, Black and White Check Costume Cloth, being 60 wide 1/2 yards a full Costume length. All sizes from very fine check, 75c, 85c., 90c. a yard.

NAVY BLUE FINE WEAVE FALL WEIGHT COSTUME COATING SERGES, 56 inches Wide, \$1.25 to \$2.35 a yard.


Black same width and prices. New brown shades same.

Those who wish a Costume of the above or Fine Grey Worsted Costume Material should buy NOW as the quality we offer at the prices named cannot be equalled in Canada. We bought our present stock last January and shall give all buyers the advantage of former prices. We may add that manufacturers prices have almost doubled since our orders were placed.

WHITE AND CREAM CORDUROY VELVETEENS just opened.

MACAULAY BROS. & CO.

GENUINE BARGAINS WILL BE FOUND In Our Window for the Next Few Days



2 1/2 Qt. "Wear Ever" Aluminum Saucepans, Special Price 47c
 5 Qt. Aluminum Tea Kettles, \$2.29
 2 1/2 Pt. Heavy Plated Brown Fireproof Lining Casserole Dishes, \$1.69
 Hammered Brass Jardinieres, with feet, \$1.49

At these prices the above articles are exceptional value

Emerson & Fisher Ltd.

Stores Open 8.30, Close 6 o'clock; Fridays 10 p. m. Saturdays 1 p. m.

THE BARGAIN SALE OF BOYS' SUITS Will Be Continued Today in Clothing Department

NEW RUGS For Homes and Offices

Our stock of high-grade rugs was never more complete, and you will be able to select with perfect satisfaction from this extensive display. These rugs are marked at prices ruling at the time they were purchased, but the same rugs if secured from the mills now would have to be sold at much higher prices.

Fine Oriental Rugs
Fine Axminster Rugs
Fine Wilton Rugs
Fine Brussels Rugs

All sizes and in shades and designs to blend with any color scheme.
 A great many of these rugs are suitable in pattern for office use.
 CARPET DEPARTMENT—GERMAIN STREET.

New Linen Skirts for Outing Wear

LINEN SKIRTS—Natural shade, perfectly plain style, with one and two pockets; 39, 40 and 41 inch lengths.
 Each \$1.75
 COSTUME SECTION—SECOND FLOOR.

The Sensation of the Year, NAVAL WAR TOY

A realistic destruction of a Dreadnought by a submarine. No water required. A very interesting and amusing toy that provides harmless amusement for young and old.

The submarine with one shot well aimed will put the dreadnought out of commission. The dreadnought can be reassembled again ready for another attack. See this greatest Toy Novelty demonstrated in the

ART DEPARTMENT—SECOND FLOOR.

Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited