

Department
Charlotte St.
Cleaning time is now
We keep everything
Brushes, - - 2 for 5
Rub Brushes, - - 5c
Brushes, - 8 and 10c
S, - - - - 5c
n Poles, - - - 10c
w Blinds, with Spring
re all complete from 29c up
little incidental neces-
sary kept on our Bargain
rs.

G. W. NICHOLS.

COMPLETE STORES
Pack of goods worth \$2, and a
Picture Book, that will greatly
enrich the road to a handsome fortune.
Over to postmaster A. W. KIN-
S, Yarmouth, N. S.

herby given that the Whittling
cock Peak Light Station, Maine,
located from its position on the 14th
replaced in position on the 22nd
ville, N.Y., March 25.—The Light-
give notice that the red cock-
No. 12, on Southwest Split, New
bay, was relighted on March 23.
and black horizontal stripes, appar-
est established in sixteen feet of
General Rock, Wickford Harbor.
The least water on the rock
and it lies about 1/4 mile SW by
a James Ledger buoy, Wickford
ighthouse WNW 1/2 W, beacon on
to Rocks, NW by N 1/2 N; Quonset
ent, NE by N 1/2 N.
March 23—Notice is hereby given
for Porcupine Bell Buoy, French-
house, has been replaced for the
March 23—Moosebeach Beach, Maine
Beach Beacon Light, which was
Dec 28, 1894, was relighted
Harbor, Maine.—The Fairway
land harbor, iron spar, with black
perpendicular stripes, has been
re-classified, with same
the summer season.

LATE SHIP NEWS.

BRITISH PORTS.
April 1.—The sch Levas of Anna-
wrecked today near Port Gilbert,
new vessel. The Levas was
the coasting trade between Bos-
napolis. She was insured in Hal-

FOREIGN PORTS.

April 1.—Ard, str Michigan, from
Brit. Jane Adeline, from Turk's
New York and Bermuda.
April 1.—str Oratio, for London; Cam-
d'Amerval, str. John's, Episcopi,
Bark Adley, for New York;
Emerson, for Boothbay; Little Bell,
for Boston.
April 1.—Schs Centennial, from
Franklin, from do.

MARRIAGES.

CRUKSHANK—On 27th March, at
St. John's church, by the Rev. George
D. D. Osher Herbert, Sharpe of
to Augusta, fourth daughter of
Cruikshank, Esq., of this city.
HYDE—At St. John's Episcopal
Brooklyn, N. Y., on Thursday,
1st, Edwin Hyde, daughter of the
George Hyde of Truro, N. S., and
W. Dimock of Hamilton, Ont.

DEATHS.

—In this city, on March 24th,
O'Neill, aged 72 years.
—In this city, after a lingering ill-
ness, R. Right of Hill, aged 69
years, leaving a wife and five children to
his bereaved family.
—On the 27th March, after a lingering
illness, Charlotte, beloved wife of James
and fourth daughter of the late
Mr. Noble.
—At Whitehead, Kings Co., on
8th, Eva Catherine, second daughter 14
years of age.
—On Saturday evening, at his resi-
dence, 100 St. John's street, Thomas W. Peters,
aged 47.
—In this city, March 30th, Ann,
William Kearns, in the 76th year
of his age.
—In this city, on March 30th, Wil-
son, in the 87th year of his age.
—At Torriburn, Saint John county, in
the 81st March, William H. Jones,
a native of Upton, Norfolk, Eng-
land, aged 67.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

—Citizens were surprised on Sa-
to learn that early in the morn-
ing Bond, who at one time
nected with James Harris &
& attempted suicide. Mr. Bond
in poor health for some time
and mind had become affected.
He got out of bed about
clock in the morning and went
to room. Mrs. Bond got up
minutes later and going to this
found her husband lying in a
sightly wound in his throat with
in his hand and got him back to
his room, and Drs. H. G. and G. A.
were summoned. The wound
did not seem to be a very serious
one and was soon closed up with a
screw. Owing to Mr. Bond's
condition and the advice of
physicians, he was placed in a pri-
vate hospital in the asylum. Last night
his condition was unchanged.

ADVERTISE IN THE WEEKLY SUN

Where to get the best material.
Where to buy a stylish cape.
Or to get a coat that's showy.
These are questions for debate.

These questions are quickly and easily decided and the mind set at rest by a visit to this store.

Dress Materials, from 22c. to \$1.00 per yard, double fold—THE BEST VALUE IN ST. JOHN.

Cloth Capes, from \$2.25 to \$3.75 Each. LATEST EUROPEAN STYLES.

Ladies' Cloth Coats, from \$3.25 to \$10. Each. ALL NEW AND LATEST STYLES.

DOWLING BROS., 95 King St., St. John, N. B.

J. H. MARSTERS SHOOTING.

It is Stated That the Nova Scotia Bark Had Not a Full Crew.

Capt. McNeil Had Only Been Married a Few Weeks and Had His Wife With Him.

(Wednesday's N. Y. Herald.)

With her captain and owner rolling in his cabin berth, suffering from five pistol shot wounds, and his assailant in irons in the lazaretto, the Nova Scotia bark J. H. Marsters, which sailed from Whitestone a week ago yesterday on her way to Demerara, returned to port yesterday afternoon, flying the British ensign union down as a signal that she wanted police assistance.

It was a sad termination of Captain McNeil's honeymoon, for such this voyage, the first he had undertaken in several months, really was. With him aboard his bark was his bride, who was Miss Emily O. Loughlin, living with Mrs. John Foley, her married sister, at No. 82 East avenue, Lord Island City, when on January 23 last, she was married to Captain McNeil by the Rev. Father John McGuire, in St. Mary's church, that city.

The captain, his officers and the sailors say that as far as they are aware there was no reason for William Holzheuer attempting to kill his commanding officer, and in an angry manner say that the fellow could be crazy. But his conduct before the shooting, it is said, does not justify this assertion, and those of his shipmates who sailed on other vessels with him say he is no more of a lunatic than the sanest man that ever lived.

He refused to say anything about the shooting, and, altogether, every one who knows anything about it at all gives the impression of knowing a great deal more than he is willing to tell.

This much is certain, however. The bark, which is of 670 tons, and should be manned by a crew of about fifteen men, had only five men before the mast. Every man was overworked, as their torn and bleeding hands testify. They say that they had not had a chance to take off their clothing after the time they left port, and to show how short handed the bark was there were only two men on the starboard watch, exclusive of the officer in charge of the deck, one man being at the wheel, the other the lookout.

After Captain McNeil's marriage he decided to take his bride with him on the trip he then contemplated. His two daughters by his first wife, who died in St. Peter's hospital, in Brooklyn, five years ago while he was on his way to Rio de Janeiro, sailed with him on all his voyages, but as one of them is twenty years old and the other a year older, and his bride thirty years old, they decided they had better not accompany him, and so they went to visit friends in East New York.

The bark lay off Bergen's lumber yard, Greenpoint, while her cargo of dry goods and general merchandise was stowed away, followed by a deck-load of lumber. Then the crew was hired. It comprised First Mate John A. Chisholm, Second Officer Henry L. Baker, who acted as boatswain; Steward D. L. Fortes, and Sailors Andrew Lahdi, Charles Hand, Emil Fleksar, Martin Hawk and William Holzheuer.

The last man to sign, Holzheuer, did not impress the captain very favorably. Mrs. Foley, his sister-in-law, was aboard when he was hired, and she said last night that she noticed that he did not tell where he came from. She remarked on this fact, and as the 'boarding house keeper who had brought him to the bark showed him up aboard, the captain said it was very strange that the man wouldn't say where his home was.

Second Officer Baker knew the man, however, and said he was an able, bright, capable seaman, and so it proved. He had been three years a sailor on the United States cruiser Monocacy, and was discharged some months ago at Shanghai, the cruiser being on the Roanoke, which went from Shanghai in ballast to Manila, where she took on one of the largest cargoes of hemp ever brought across the ocean. She was 101 days on the trip, arriving here about three weeks ago. Baker was on this voyage, and he said that Holzheuer was well liked by every one.

Weighing anchor a week ago Monday, the bark went up the Sound as far as Whitestone, where she was anchored for the night. Capt. McNeil, who weighs about three hundred pounds, was as jolly as he is big, and related stories of his life in his home in Cape Breton, Nova Scotia. He told about his two married daughters, who live in Glace Bay, Nova Scotia—one a Mrs. Cadigan, the other a Mrs. McNeil, whose husband was a boy on the Masters and now a skipper of a vessel.

The vessel proceeded up the Sound the next day, and everything went as

pleasantly as one could desire. The weather became foggy, however, when, on Friday night, the bark was about sixty-six miles southeast of Montauk Point. The starboard watch went on deck at eight o'clock. It comprised Second Officer Baker and Sailors Lahdi and Holzheuer, the former taking his trick at the wheel and Holzheuer having his lookout. At ten o'clock Lahdi and Holzheuer changed places. The captain was going before a five knot breeze, with all sails set.

hospital and did so. On learning that he could not have a private room, so that his wife might remain with him, he declined to remain, and was taken to St. Vincent's hospital.

At the time of the captain's marriage, it is said, he alarmed his agents by taking a short wedding trip. They did not know of his marriage, and fearing that he had met with foul play caused a search to be made for him. He laughed at them when he returned and introduced them to his wife. The bark, of which he is sole owner, is valued at \$30,000.

Although the seamen on the bark complain that they were overworked, they emphatically deny that any mutiny was thought of, or say they don't know what actuated Holzheuer. A hearing will be held this morning, and it is probable that Holzheuer will be taken to England for trial, as the offense was committed when he was on a vessel flying the British flag.

THE ANTIGONISH CAMPAIGN.

Sir Hibbert Tupper Given a Grand Reception—D. C. Fraser Has no Opinion of His Own.

Antigonish, N. S., April 4.—The campaign has opened in real earnest. A large meeting was held at Beaver Meadow today. Sir Hibbert Tupper opened the ball in a magnificent speech, which was listened to with the deepest attention and received with frequent bursts of applause. He spoke of the Manitoba school question and explained the government's position in regard to it. He was followed by D. C. Fraser, who stated that the school question should not be discussed in the campaign. He dealt with the McGreevy and other exploded scandals, and told several state jokes.

Mr. Chisholm, the liberal conservative candidate, followed Mr. Fraser, and was well received. In the course of his speech he asked Mr. Fraser whether he and the liberal party were favorably to remedial legislation. The only reply Mr. Fraser would make was that he was in favor of doing just what the common sense would support whatever course Mr. Laurier adopted.

Mr. MacGillivray spoke for about ten minutes. Mr. MacGillivray stated that the Manitoba question was not an issue, and that all parties were agreed on that matter.

The meeting was closed by a ringing speech from Mr. Gregory, the conservative candidate for Guysboro, who effectively disposed of the points raised by Mr. MacGillivray.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

William Langan, an elderly man, who lives alone in the rear of a shop in which he sells candy and things of that description, on Paradise row, came very near losing his life Thursday night. For some time the smell of fire had collected near his shop, but he paid it little till about eight o'clock last evening, when it became so powerful that all passers by stopped to see whence it proceeded. While the crowd was thus gathered, Mr. Langan, in the matter, it was observed that Langan's shop was in darkness, an unusual thing at that hour. The shop was opened up and Langan was found insensible on his bed in the rear of the shop from the effects of the gas.

Mr. Wm. Christie, who was sent for, worked at the unconscious man for a time and having brought him round sufficiently to stand the journey, sent him to the hospital. At midnight Langan was sleeping comfortably, and it was felt that he would be none the worse for the experience. It was lucky the man was discovered when he was, as he could not have stood the gas much longer. It is thought the gas must have found its way into the house through a lead pipe, as gas was not at present used in the place.

MAINE IS WAKING UP.

(Portland Press.)
There is still a good deal of patient waiting for the coming of the Bessemer mill. Medway with a cargo of wood pulp. This is felt to be a most important trade. There are a number of Maine pulp mills, and it is expected that some of them will be in operation before this province. Nova Scotia schooner makes this port. There is a feeling in the lumber trade that the mills have started at the time when she was said to have sailed for Portland. In the meantime, the mills are not yet started. The best they can do without the greatly needed cargoes of Nova Scotia pulp.

The demand for the great lumber trade in this state may make it un- desirable in the future to send to Nova Scotia for pulp. There are several Maine pulp mills running. The Nova Scotia pulp is only taken when better cannot be had, the trouble with it being that it is not ground as well as the New England pulp, and does not reach here in as good condition.

ANOTHER MAINE OPINION.

(Portland Press.)
There are many indications of improvement in the lumber business. There is a better demand for lumber for South America, and if only there can be a fairly steady state of things politically, that is to say not more than one revolution every six months, there will be a marked improvement in that line. Just now S. C. Dyer & Co. have two schooners to load for there, and another two are on order. Other orders are expected, making the outlook in that respect much better than it was a short time ago. It will certainly be better than last year, and probably more than a good average year. The demand for the great lumber trade along the Grand Trunk are not at all inclined to assist in the lumber business. The dealers in pulp are not at all inclined to assist in the lumber business. The dealers in pulp are not at all inclined to assist in the lumber business.

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machinery has been laid down in newly erected buildings, as at Clarendon Park, the operatives have gained not merely in the lightening of their toil, but in sanitation.

GOING BACK TO NOVA SCOTIA.

(Portland Press)
Probably very few of the readers of the Press ever heard of the Fossil Flour company, but for some time it has been located on Brown's wharf, with drying works at Yarmouth. It has been quite an important industry, employing in this city and Yarmouth about forty men, and it is to be removed to White Chester mountain, Nova Scotia. The clay used by the company is found in beds in some sections of Nova Scotia, and the finished product is sent mostly to London and New York. It is used in the manufacture of some brands of paint, and largely in the making of dynamite, taking in the latter instance the place of wood pulp. The orders come in large lots, one received yesterday being for fifty tons. This clay has been brought by schooners from Nova Scotia to the works at Portland, where it has been placed first in tanks, and then subjected to the peculiar process of the company. When it has reached a certain stage it has been taken on cars and removed to Yarmouth, where it has been subject to a thorough drying process. It has been brought back to Portland ground and put up in sacks. When it has reached the place of grit remaining, the clay having all the general appearance of the finest flour. There is a great demand for this product, especially on the continent of Europe, and David L. Collins, manager and general manager, was at last forced to decide to remove the plant to Nova Scotia, with the view of cheapening the cost of production, and because of the fact that it was found practically impossible to bring the clay here in sufficient quantities under existing circumstances. They will also escape paying one duty when it is sent to England. The process of manufacture is in the main a secret. There are many trained and skilled workmen employed by the company, but not one man has mastered the art of making the flour. Mr. Collins will take with him to Nova Scotia his skilled men. The works here will be closed in a few days.

NETPUNE ROWING CLUB.

At the annual meeting of the Neptune Rowing club held in the office of Vroom & Arnold, April 3d. The secretary's report was read, showing the past season had been a very successful one. Ninety-three members had been elected, and there was a balance on hand of \$73.82. The following resolution was carried:

Resolved, That the members of the Neptune Rowing club desire to place on record their deep sense of the loss of the fallen the city in the death of their lamented president, the late T. W. Peters, to whose high ability and noble character they were indebted for generous help and wise counsel, and who took so deep an interest in the welfare of the club, and whose memory they desire to perpetuate those many virtues and accomplishments which he had so much at heart.

Resolved, That a copy of this motion be transmitted by the secretary to Mrs. Peters.

The following officers were elected: Roy John de Soyres, president; W. E. Vroom, 1st vice president; Alfred Prtner, 2nd vice president; William Cruikshank, secretary treasurer; Peter Clinch, captain; J. W. Thomas, Geo. McLean, E. W. Gerow, J. I. Robinson, stewards.

Sixty members were elected and arrangements were made to put the boats in first class shape and have the boat-house in position by the 24th of May, or sooner if the freshet will permit. The coming season promises to be the most successful one the club has ever had. Old members and all those who intend participating in this most healthy sport this summer, will do well to hand their names in at once.

LEADERS IN THE COMMONS.

(Halifax Herald.)
The leadership of a house of commons seems to be giving our great countrymen some anxiety, though it is not clear why it should. Our British neighbor discussed briefly on the subject yesterday morning, and among other things, said, "Foster is undoubtedly the best man for the position." For once we can and do fully agree with it; and we are glad to see that so well informed and able a journal as the Montreal Gazette should seem to consider Hon. Mr. Foster as great as to leave no room for further comment. It says:

"The gossips have been busy of late speculating upon the leadership of the house of commons. It has been by good fortune the conservative party to have had as successful a run as they have had in any country has produced, Sir John Thompson is a man of the highest attainments, a signal ability and untiring industry, thoroughly capable of directing the work of legislation, while among his colleagues are men well fitted to share the labor with him. The public may be assured that neither the government nor its supporters will falter in maintaining the fiscal policy which is the foundation of Canada's material prosperity and progress, that in the future as in the past they will prove fully equal to the task of successfully administering the business of the country, and that no considerations of personal preference, plique or ambition will be permitted to jeopardize the continuance of the control of public affairs by the party which has so often proved its superior capacity to serve the best interests of the dominion."

ATLANTIC AND LAKE SUPERIOR.

London, April 4.—Charles N. Armstrong, of the Atlantic and Lake Superior railway, will sail for home in the White Star liner Wednesday next. He is believed to have made arrangements to at least build that section of the road between Montreal and Point Levis.

NEW ONTARIO OIL FIELDS.

Windsor, Ont., April 3.—A despatch from Kingsville says oil fields have been explored the territory about the town for several miles. The oil is said to be of a high quality and well suited for use in the manufacture of kerosene. It is believed that the territory will be developed and the territory developed.

ADVERTISE IN THE WEEKLY SUN.

ST. STEPHEN.

Annual Meeting of the Driving Park Association.

A Large Business Being Done at Black's Harbor—Canning Lobsters—General News.

St. Stephen, April 5.—The young women's guild of Christ church is preparing for a children's entertainment to be given on the Tuesday in Easter week. Miss Gordie Jones has the arrangements in hand.

The residence formerly owned and occupied by the late Geo. N. Lindsay, and situated on Water street, has been purchased by Fred Waterson, who will occupy it when repairs are completed. James Lindsay, from whom the house was purchased, has become the possessor of Mr. Waterson's private stable, located near the Queen hotel, and it will probably be occupied by Len. Clark for his livery stable business. Mr. Waterson announces that he is going out of the horse business, but it will probably be some time before he parts with all his speedy ones, for he owns a lot of good horses.

Preparations are about completed for the introduction of the incandescent electric light system here. Mrs. B. R. DeWolfe passed to her long rest at an early hour on Monday morning. She was an active member of the Union street Baptist church, her life being devoted to her family and filled with good deeds and kindness. The funeral was largely attended.

Border lodge, K. of P. Milltown, is preparing for a grand anniversary ball on April 19th. This event will celebrate the fifth anniversary of the organization of the lodge. The remains of Samuel Darling, formerly customs officer at Milltown, and on one time an active lumber manufacturer there, will arrive by train for interment. His death occurred at the home of his son, now a distinguished citizen of Somerville, Mass., and was heard of with regret by many old friends on the St. Croix. He was ninety years of age.

The St. Stephen Driving Park association held their annual meeting on Monday evening. The treasurer's report showed that though many bills had been paid during the year, there remained a net balance in the treasury of over \$850. Henry Graham was elected president; W. C. H. Grimmer, vice president, and Jas. E. Osborne, secretary. It was decided to lease the track to the local Y. M. C. A. for May 24th. They will probably arrange a joint programme of sports with the St. John bicycle club, who are to run an excursion here on that day. Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 10th and 11th, were fixed for the date of the fall meeting and during a large number will probably be held on Monday, July 1st. The price of driving tickets for the season was placed at one dollar for shareholders and two dollars for non-shareholders. The park is not to be let to any one driver, as has been the custom. Any professional using it will pay two dollars for each horse and stall rent in addition.

W. C. H. Grimmer brought a nat little bay mare from St. John last week. She is four years old, by Sir Charles, dam by Sir John. She is an ideal driver and capable man, it very warm for some of the boys who think they own good ones. She is now the property of Henry F. Todd.

The Deer Island people are putting some excellent new boats into the water this spring. G. E. Richardson, the favorite builder at Lord's Cove, has completed for Edward Richardson a craft of 21 ft. keel, 6 ft. 3 in. hold, 12 ft. 3 in. beam, 37 ft. over all, and to carry 300 yards of canvas. Another boat he has built for Danl. Richardson is 24 ft. keel, 7 ft. 3 in. hold, 13 ft. 6 in. beam, 45 ft. over all, and to carry 400 yards of canvas. This latter boat is very finely finished, and when she spreads her 400 yards of white wings, will give some of the crack yachts a race to keep her in sight. Mr. Richardson will next build a fine boat for Mr. Danforth of Grand Manan. His yard has given employment to four men all winter and has been a scene of busy activity. Thos. Conley and Wm. Welsh have had new boats built at Machias, as has also Enoch Mithell of L'Etete.

Conroy Bros., at Black's Harbor, in this county, are doing a large business canning lobsters and clam chowder, that have a reputation second to none in the dominion, and in the proper season put up large quantities of berries and fruits. At Beaver Harbor, Holmes Bros. sardine factory will open about the middle of April, with prospects of a very busy season. Henry Lord is making preparations to build a sardine factory at Lord's Cove. Newton, was in town this week.

At the last meeting of the town council Marshal McClure was granted an increase of one hundred dollars on his salary. The assessment was ordered, amounting to \$26,331.10, \$600 less than last year.

CHURCH REUNION.

The Primates of All England Replies to the Utterances of Lord Halifax.

London, April 5.—The Record publishes a letter from the Right Hon. and Most Rev. Edward White Primase, Archbishop of Canterbury, Primate of All England and Metropolitan, declining to give an official utterance regarding Lord Halifax's recent speech on a union of the Church of England with the Church of Rome. The archbishop declares, however, that any co-operation union with the Church of Rome, while she retains her distinctive erroneous doctrines and practices her present unprimitve and unscriptural claims, is absolutely visionary and impossible.

PROVINCIAL.

A Letter of Condolence to Mrs. A. I. Keirstead.

The Police Have a Lively Time With Fredericton Toughs.

General News of Interest From Many Sections of New Brunswick.

ALBERT CO. Hopewell Hill, April 1.—It is with deep regret that your correspondent today chronicles the death of Mrs. Tingley, wife of Deacon Rufus Tingley of Albert, which occurred at nine o'clock on Saturday evening, after an illness of three weeks' duration, death being the result of heart trouble. The deceased lady was a Miss Cameron of Hillsboro, and was very widely and highly esteemed. She leaves a husband, two sons and one daughter—Frank H. and Howe Tingley and Mrs. Menning M. Tingley, all residing at Albert. Mrs. Wm. Milton of Demersville Creek is a sister of the deceased.

Five candidates were baptised on Sunday afternoon week. Rev. Isaiah Wallace of Nova Scotia, who has been conducting evangelistic work throughout these parishes in connection with the Baptist church. During his three weeks' stay in this village nineteen converts have been baptised and many others with these admitted to church membership. Mr. Wallace preached his farewell sermon here last night, the large audience room of the Baptist church being filled to overflowing. The reverend gentleman made many friends while in these parts, and in bidding adieu last evening he feebly expressed his gratitude for the uniform kindness, hospitality and generosity shown him by the residents of the Hill, irrespective of creed. Mr. Wallace, after spending a few days at the Creek, will leave for St. George, where he will be engaged in evangelistic work for several weeks.

Messrs. Gillies and Marshall, organizers for the Patrons of Industry for Albert, Westmorland and P. E. Island, are making a tour through this county. An association was organized at Lower Cape on Saturday evening with the following officers: Eldred and present, E. Johnson, assisted by Abram Bray, treasurer, J. C. B. Olive, sec. Mrs. J. C. B. Olive and Miss Maud A. Bishop. Messrs. Horne and Bent, horse dentists, spent several days in the village last week extracting and repairing the grinders of the animals hereabout. Through quite a new departure for these parts the dentists did a rushing business. Special religious services in connection with the Methodist church, commence tomorrow evening at the Hill, under the supervision of the pastor, Rev. W. F. Johnson, assisted by Evangelist Humbert A. Donahoe for Rev. B. N. Hughes, pastor of the Baptist church will be held in the church vestry here on Saturday evening. Refreshments will be on sale.

CARLETON CO.

Newburg Junction, March 30.—The weather for the past few days has been very spring-like and the snow is fast disappearing. Rev. G. Swin is expected home soon after an absence of some weeks. Wilfred Dickinson and Miss Bessie Willett are home for a few days from the high school at Houlton.

Yesterday morning two young ladies from Upper Woodstock might have been seen on a pedestrian trip on the coast, en route to Brighton. They returned this morning by train. Chas Campbell and Nell Patterson are making maple syrup. Mark Kinney went to Hartland this morning to visit Charles Sewell, of the United States army.

Middle Simonds, March 30.—Many of the farmers are very busy getting out lumber to put up new buildings and to repair the old ones. Such is the rush that Samuel Campbell has found it necessary to put on a night crew in his rotary mill to accommodate orders. An old folks' party was given last evening by William Raymond, at which many of the aged people gathered, and a very enjoyable afternoon and evening was spent.

The Loyal Orange lodge of this place is making preparations to erect a hall this spring. The lumber is already on the ground. The price of good hay has fallen to \$4 per ton. Oats are continually rising and now sell for 35 cents per bushel. Early Rose potatoes at \$1 and Russets at 65 cents per bbl.

KENT CO.

Richibucto, March 30.—Hon. O. J. LeBlanc, who has been selected by the Acadians to run against George V. McInerney, M. P., found it necessary to make a sudden change in his politics at the convention last week. One of the conditions under which the nomination was called was that the convener should be independent in politics, and when Mr. LeBlanc stated that he was an independent liberal, the delegates "kicked." Mr. LeBlanc then announced that he would drop the word liberal.

At the meeting of Richibucto division, S. of T., held on Wednesday evening, the following officers were elected for the ensuing quarter: Florence Cate, W. P.; Irene Jardine, W. A.; Jessie White, R. S.; Constance Beers, A. R. S.; Allan Haines, P. S.; R. Phinney, Treas.; R. Beers, Chap.; Wm. Bell, Con.; Geo. Irving, A. C.; D. Percy, I. S.; Ben. Haines, O. S.; John Scott, P. W. P.; Jessie Haines, organist.

John P. Bell has hauled up to date three hundred loads of mud from the main channel to his farm at the west of the town. The Kingston folks have organized a minstrel club and a dramatic society to give entertainments in aid of the debt on their new hall. The former made their first appearance on Thursday evening to a good audience, and the latter will make their debut next week.

Our extensive farmer, Malcolm Mc-

Kinnon, disposed of some cattle and produce yesterday by auction. Wm. J. Smith conducted the sale. John Cameron of Kingston has purchased the store property there occupied by Terrence Curran and owned by John Dickinson, now a resident of Brandon. Cameron is about purchasing the stock from Curran, who will devote all his time to the tanbark business, which he has carried on largely for several years. Edward Hannay of Kingston was married at Main River on Thursday to Janie, daughter of Michael Graham. A planing machine, consigned to McLeod & Atkinson, arrived yesterday. It will be placed in their mill above St. Louis.

KINGS CO.

Sussex, April 2.—Major Markham's appointment as commandant of the Bisley team was freely discussed here today, both by civilians and military men, and it was generally admitted that the major will be the right man for the place, and that he will discharge the duties of his command in a manner that will reflect the highest credit not only upon himself, but upon the dominion of Canada, on the occasion of his visit to England.

Huetts & White, merchants, are loading a carload of potatoes for the Boston market. It is estimated that it will take one hundred and fifteen cars to take away the deals, tan bark and other goods from the I. C. R. freight yard in Sussex this spring, and much is yet to be hauled in when the roads are fit for the wheels.

Collins, March 28.—The committee of Collins division, S. of T., appointed to prepare a resolution in reference to the death, on March 8, 1895, of Brother Alfred I. Keirstead, recommended that the following minute be made in the records of the division, and that a copy of the same be forwarded to Mrs. Keirstead:

Whereas, I have pleased the All W. B. to remove from this life Bro. Alfred I. Keirstead; Whereas, Brother Keirstead was very highly esteemed in this community and wherever known as a man of intellectual and business ability, and as a man of integrity, high principle and brotherly kindness; Whereas, He was honored and trusted as a public man in the various offices held by him;

Whereas, He became connected with Millstream division, Sons of Temperance, about forty years ago and remained a member of the same until February 1895, when he was elected a charter member of Collins division, No. 123, of which he has always been a member while the division was in operation, having been a leading member of Morning Star lodge, British Templars, during the entire period of its history;

Whereas, His adherence to temperance principles was constant and consistent in all circumstances, and his efforts in the movement always effective; Therefore resolved, That we hereby place on record our appreciation of Bro. Keirstead as a man, as a citizen, and as a member of this division; that we hereby express our sense of the loss by his death to this community, to the various interests with which he was identified and to the division that has to deplore the loss of one of the most valued charter members; and that we express our deep sympathy with Mrs. Keirstead and other personal friends in the bereavement they are called upon to undergo.

NORTHUMBERLAND CO.

Northesk, March 28.—Miss Mina Dunn of Red Bank had a birthday party last week at which a large number of guests were present. The young people enjoyed themselves immensely. Mrs. P. Murphy is spending a few days with her friends at Northesk. Boom, Mrs. John McCollin and the Misses Hutchison. Mrs. Murphy is returning before returning home to visit her daughter, Mrs. Wm. Sheasgreen, at the salmon hatchery. Mrs. John McCauley is very ill. Benjamin Hubbard was somewhat better when last heard from. Mrs. Thomas Hill is very sick. Mrs. Edward Keating is rejoicing over the birth of a daughter.

QUEBENS CO.

Petersville, March 28.—A pie social was held in the hall at Armstrong's Corner on the evening of the 27th. A very enjoyable time was spent. Harriet Corbett acted as emcee. The amount realized was \$27.30, which goes towards building a shed for horses near the hall. On the evening of the 27th Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Scott of Summer Hill gave a large party at their home, in honor of their son Charles, who for the last three years has been in Portland, Maine, but is now at home spending his vacation. Nearly fifty invited guests were present, including a number of young people of Gagetown and Petersville. A bountiful repast was served. Music was furnished by Chas. Lyons of Armstrong's Corner and Charles Hunter of Gagetown.

On the 14th, April, Easter Sunday, Rev. Mr. Thompson of Bathurst will preach morning and evening in the Presbyterian church of this place. Petersville, March 28.—A very pleasant evening was spent by a large party at Mr. and Mrs. Stewart McKinley's on Tuesday last. Music was furnished by W. T. Sutton. John A. McKee has purchased a steam engine and attached it to his mill. Summer Hill, March 28.—A very enjoyable evening was spent at Mrs. John McCracken's on the 28th by a number of invited guests. Music was furnished by W. T. Sutton and A. Scott.

White's Cove, March 28.—Miss Arilla Molasky of White's Point had a tumor removed from her face on Friday by Dr. M. C. McDonald, assisted by Dr. J. C. Mott. Several teams were engaged on Monday hauling lumber from C. & J. Robinson's saw mill for the new factory at Lower Jemseg. William McKinley is finishing the interior of his house. Abram W. Ferris of Jemseg is doing architectural work. C. W. White recently finished the interior of his new store. Arthur Trudenburg of English Settlement did the carpenter work. Charles Young went to St. John on Monday to take charge of the steward's department of one of Tapley Bros. tug boats.

One evening this week, while Chas. H. Molasky was grooming his horses in the stable, he struck him over the eye with its foot, inflicting an ugly wound. Douglas Harbor, March 27.—S. Z. Earle, who was severely wounded with an axe in the hands of a fellow workman, is rapidly improving under the treatment of Dr. T. O. Earle of Young's Cove.

Work is progressing rapidly on the high water wharf which is being built at this place. Hezekiah Balmaln, one of the workmen on the wharf, fell in a hole where the ice had been cut away and where the water was very deep, but being a very tall man, he was able to keep his head above water until assistance reached him, and he was rescued. John Deacon of Maquapit Lake has been hauling lumber from the mill at Upper Gagetown. He intends building an addition to his house this spring.

The young men of this place who engage in the coasting business have all left for their vessels. Among those who will be very much missed are Capt. Marshall, Denton and Olmstead, and J. Balmaln, J. Purvis and Wm. Marshall. Harvey Clark, an old parish charge, has left the Widow Nutt's, where he has been boarding at the expense of the parish, and has gone to Susan Colwell's, it is said, to stay the rest of his days.

Douglas Harbor, March 28.—Mrs. Daniel Palmer, who has been ill with heart trouble, is improving under the treatment of Dr. Palmer of Scotchtown. Daniel Palmer has finished hauling lumber for the wharf at Douglas Harbor. He is now hauling a lot of cordwood to Edenside Cove.

VICTORIA CO.

Grand Falls, April 1.—A local liberal conservative club for the parish of Grand Falls was organized here on Saturday last. A large number were present, who elected their officers and members. The officers elected were: Jas. F. McCluskey, president; Fred B. Wilson, vice president; and P. G. Fraser, secretary. Committees on constitution and by-laws and an organization for campaign were appointed. Some stirring speeches were made and great enthusiasm was manifested. Meeting adjourned to meet again at the call of the executive.

The several organizations of patrons of industry in this constituency. Mrs. James Mockler of Priceburg was found dead on last Wednesday morning. The school master in the school of the late Thomas Mockler, the victim of the Theriault tragedy in Drummond two years ago. Mrs. Mockler never recovered from the shock she received at the death of her son.

Mrs. John Price, also of Priceburg, was suddenly attacked by a violent fever on the back of her head about nine o'clock Sunday morning and died in less than two hours. One of her sons was a party in the tragedy above referred to. Much sympathy is felt for the families so suddenly bereaved.

A liberal meeting which was advertised to convene at Grand Falls on the 25th of March did not materialize. About fifty delegates from Matadawka assembled early in the day, but as there was no representation from Victoria, there was no meeting. The delegates present made some emphatic expressions strongly urging that the Victoria liberals for bringing them there on a fool's errand.

WESTMORLAND CO.

Moncton, April 2.—Death has been very busy in this town of late. A large number of old and middle-aged people have died during the past winter. Mrs. Rippey, wife of William Rippey, foreman of the R. F. & M. Co., died this morning, aged 55, after an illness of about a year. The deceased lady was a daughter of the late John McLaren of St. John, and a sister of Mrs. A. Girvan, Mrs. W. J. Woods and Mrs. J. J. McLaren of Moncton. She leaves a husband and five children. Mrs. McCready, wife of Geo. W. McCready, C. E., died yesterday, after a lingering illness, of consumption. She was the daughter of the late Chas. Bleakney of Pettodiac, and the body will be taken there for interment. Mrs. McCready was in the 55th year of her age.

Thos. LeBlanc of the Queen hotel was yesterday fined \$50 and costs for violation of the Scott act. The women of the Christian Temperance Union have passed a resolution condemning the lax administration of the laws of the city, as shown in the notice served upon saloon keepers and others recently to have their places closed on Sunday. They will call upon the city council to be more active in future in prosecuting offenders.

The public hospital project has been abandoned for the present, as the incorporation act passed at Fredericton last winter does not meet the views of the moving spirits in the enterprise. The ladies who are interested will keep up the work and raise a fund as a base for future operations. The case of Thos. LeBlanc and wife against Judge Hanington in chambers today. In this case LeBlanc had subtlet the Queen hotel from Pascal Hubert, who had leased from Gallagher. Gallagher was proceeding to eject LeBlanc on the ground that Mrs. Gallagher had not given a consent in writing for the assignment of the lease. LeBlanc showed that Mrs. Gallagher had received the rent and assented to the assignment, and got an interim injunction restraining Gallagher from proceeding with the ejectment, which came on for hearing yesterday. An understanding was arrived at by which the injunction was withdrawn, the question of costs being reserved. Mr. Chandler raised the question during the discussion in this case whether any judge but the equity judge could under the act of last session determine the question in equity could hear only the judge in equity could hear the question. Judge Hanington read the section, and stated that he intended, in the interests of the administration of equity in Westmorland and adjoining counties, and for the convenience of the bar, to hear summonses and all matters in equity, except the final hearing in the case, until the matter could not admit of that construction. The object of the passage of the act, it seemed to him, was to prevent the transaction of business except by the equity judge outside of St. John and Fredericton. He would not express an opinion as to the expediency of the act, but if legislation caused public inconvenience it was the duty of the

representatives of the people to remedy it. M. G. Teed and H. C. Hanington for plaintiffs; W. B. Chandler and F. J. Sweeney for defendants. Moncton, April 3.—The wages of the corporation laborers has been increased to \$1.35 per day. The Opera house has been leased to W. Edgett for \$552 a year. A. E. Holstead, the lessee for the past five or six years, tendered at his old rental, \$600 a year, but was outbid. It is said the Victoria rink will be fitted with a stage and an elevated floor and will be run in competition with the Opera house.

The school case, in which the principal of the Central schools was charged with ill-treating a pupil, which was to have been resumed today, has been amicably settled out of court, and the boy has gone back to school. A crayon picture of O. Ernest Olive, who was drowned while bathing in Humphrey's pond, has been placed in the Y. M. C. A. room. Master Olive was one of the organizers of the boys' branch here, some seven years ago.

YORK CO.

Harvey Station, March 27.—The annual meeting of the S. S. convention for the parish of Manners-Sutton was held in the church in Harvey Settlement on the 23rd inst. The meeting was called to order at 3 p. m. A. A. Coburn, president, with five additional members, to constitute an executive committee for the parish. From the report of the superintendents it was noticed that there was a school in every section of Rev. J. A. McLean's pastorate, four of which are "ever-green." Supt. John Swan of Tweeddale, together with five additional members, to constitute an executive committee for the parish. From the report of the superintendents it was noticed that there was a school in every section of Rev. J. A. McLean's pastorate, four of which are "ever-green." Supt. John Swan of Tweeddale, together with five additional members, to constitute an executive committee for the parish. From the report of the superintendents it was noticed that there was a school in every section of Rev. J. A. 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WYCLIFFE COLLEGE.

ARCHBISHOP LEWIS EXPLAINS HIS RECENT STAND.

In Reply to Congratulatory Addresses, He Reviews the History of the Case That He Has Against Wycliffe.

To the Editor of the Sun:

Sir—Would you kindly insert the enclosed clipping from the Montreal Daily Star in your paper, the Daily Sun? After the successful meeting held under the presidency of Sir L. Tilley it would prove very interesting reading. There is nothing like reading both sides of the question in this free country, while His Grace the Archbishop of Ontario is always worthy of a hearing.

Kingston, Ont., March 25.—Thirty-three years ago today Rev. John Travers Lewis was consecrated to the Episcopal office. Since then the English church in Canada has made wonderful strides. This morning at 10.30 o'clock there was a celebration of the Communion in St. George's cathedral chapel in honor of the feast of Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, which is observed today. Advantage was taken of the occasion to present the metropolitan with an address on behalf of the clergy of his diocese, in which reference was made to the day as being the thirty-third anniversary of his consecration as bishop of Ontario. The address conveyed warm congratulations, and recited the progress made under his ministrations. The address continued:

"It is a matter of deep regret that efforts have recently been made to destroy this unity, and we desire to express as strongly as possible our disapproval and condemnation of any means employed to accomplish this end, namely, the misrepresentation of your action in declining to be dictated to as to the terms upon which you would accept candidates for Holy Orders, your offence being that you yourself prescribed the conditions of acceptance, instead of allowing the applicant to do so. Your grace's practice is merely what every bishop does, and must do, if a bishop is to have any responsibility whatever regarding candidates for ordination. They must be accepted on some conditions, and these conditions surely are to be decided by the bishop, and not by the candidate or his friends."

The address was signed by all the Anglican priests of the diocese of Ontario. In replying Archbishop Lewis thanked his friends for their kind words. Referring to the matter of dispute referred to his grace said: "For the last two months, owing to illness and loss of sight, I have been unable to read or write, and, therefore, I was for a time ignorant of the real character of the meeting held in St. George's school house, Ottawa. At first I thought that it might have resembled that public sale by which the Ottawa St. Luke metropolis is being sold, which, as you give in this character: 'Some, therefore, cried out one thing and some another; for the assembly was confused; and the most part knew not wherefore they were come together; but I know now that that of Ephesus. It was a wicked attempt to impose on the dupes there assembled. The prominent charge against me was that I had been closed by an unjust and later tertiary times."

The public, in their own interest, bear in mind the following facts: Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are never sold by the dozen, hundred or ounce. If any dealer offers you a pill in this form (no matter whether colored pink or white) he is trying to cheat you and should be avoided. The formula of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is a secret and is known only to the company. Therefore if some dealer tells you a substitute is 'just the same' or 'just as good' he is simply trying to deceive you because there is a larger profit for him selling the imitation. When you ask for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills see that the trade mark is on the wrapper of every package, and do not be persuaded to take anything else, no matter how plausible a story the dealer may tell. Imitations in medicine are always cheap, always worthless and often dangerous, and people who have a care for their health will always refuse them. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure when other medicines fail. That's why they are imitated, and that is why you should insist on getting the genuine. Used as a spring medicine Dr. Williams' Pink Pills surpasses all other medicines. If feeling 'out of sorts' give them a trial.

A DOUBLE PARADOX. The capacity of the English language for the making of paradoxes or apparent but not real contradictions is almost unlimited. Two men were riding in an electric car recently when it was stopped by a street blockade. As they were near their destination they decided to get out and walk. The track was soon cleared, however, and the car overtook them. "When we left the car," said one of them, "I thought that we should not get better by getting off." After a time he should have been better off if he had stayed on."—Youth's Companion.

WALTER BAKER & CO. The Largest Manufacturers of PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES On this Continent, have received HIGHEST AWARDS from the great Industrial and Food EXPOSITIONS in Europe and America. Unlike the Dutch Process, no Alkali is used in our process. Their delicious BREAKFAST COCOA is a delicately pure food suitable and most beneficial to one's health. SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE. WALTER BAKER & CO. DORCHESTER, MASS.

VENEZUELA CONCESSION.

United States Citizens Secure Some Valuable Land.

It May Result in a Most Troublesome Diplomatic Question.

The Territory is Rich in Minerals, Mahogany, Rosewood and Dyewoods.

Faribault, Minn., April 2.—Donald Grant, a wealthy contractor of this city, W. H. Fisher, late manager of the Duluth and Winnipeg railroad, and J. A. Bowman, a Grand Rapids (Minn.) banker, have just returned from Venezuela, where they obtained a concession of land at the mouth of the Orinoco, running 225 miles south and from 15 to 50 miles east and west. It is rich in minerals, mahogany, rosewood and dye-woods. They also have the right to mine asphalt on a small island near Trinidad. The syndicate will invest a good deal of capital in working the concession, and Mr. Fisher is to be the manager.

Washington, April 2.—There is a great deal more in the news from Faribault of the grant of a concession by Venezuela at the mouth of the Orinoco than is indicated. The concession may become more or less famous in the history of the diplomacy of the United States and Great Britain. The concession is well calculated to bring to an acute stage the most troublesome diplomatic question before the state department, and one which has caused the administration more real concern than the alliance with the late Guatemalan-Mexican dispute and other international episodes. The concession is in the heart of the territory long in dispute between Venezuela and Great Britain, and Ambassador Bayard for some time has been endeavoring in accordance with a resolution recently adopted by congress, to persuade Great Britain to submit the whole dispute to arbitration, Great Britain being willing to arbitrate only beyond what is known as the Schomburgk line. There have been intimations that the administration, in the event of a physical conflict over the disputed land, might deem it necessary, in the enforcement of the Monroe doctrine, to follow up the moral, and it has tendered Venezuela, with more substantial and potent assistance. The fact that citizens of the United States have got this concession considerably increases the measure of this country's responsibility.

Rest assured that the good sense of the church of England will never allow a club of self-constituted theologians, either in Ottawa or elsewhere, to regulate the affairs of the Church by usurping the functions of its general and provincial synods, and substituting for the canons and immemorial usages of the church the resolutions of intimidation meetings, where freedom of speech is not permitted, and evangelical religion is caricatured.

COUNTERFEITERS AT WORK.

Health and Life Endangered by Unscrupulous Dealers who Persuade Unsuspecting People to Take Imitations—Some Pointers Worth Remembering.

No medicine that is not of more than ordinary merit suffers from imitations or substitutes. The fact that an imitation is offered is one of the strongest proofs of the excellent qualities of the genuine article. The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co. is continually trying to impress upon the public the fact that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are only sold in securely sealed boxes, the wrapper around which is printed in red ink and bears the registered trade mark: "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." Notwithstanding this constant warning there are unscrupulous dealers here and there who defraud the public by selling an imitation pill (also colored pink) either by the dozen, hundred or by the ounce, alleging that they are "just as good," or "just the same" as the genuine Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. This is falsehood and the unscrupulous dealer who offers the imitations knows it, but is more concerned for the extra profit than for the health of his unfortunate victims.

Will the public, in their own interest, bear in mind the following facts: Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are never sold by the dozen, hundred or ounce. If any dealer offers you a pill in this form (no matter whether colored pink or white) he is trying to cheat you and should be avoided. The formula of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is a secret and is known only to the company. Therefore if some dealer tells you a substitute is 'just the same' or 'just as good' he is simply trying to deceive you because there is a larger profit for him selling the imitation. When you ask for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills see that the trade mark is on the wrapper of every package, and do not be persuaded to take anything else, no matter how plausible a story the dealer may tell. Imitations in medicine are always cheap, always worthless and often dangerous, and people who have a care for their health will always refuse them. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure when other medicines fail. That's why they are imitated, and that is why you should insist on getting the genuine. Used as a spring medicine Dr. Williams' Pink Pills surpasses all other medicines. If feeling 'out of sorts' give them a trial.

WAR AVERTED.

The Trouble Between Mexico and Guatemala Finally Settled.

Washington, April 2.—From unofficial advice reaching Washington the general terms of the agreement signed yesterday by which war between Mexico and Guatemala was averted, are substantially known. Mexico's demands were in the form of an ultimatum sent by Secretary Mariscalon November 27, embracing the following points:

Mexico asks satisfaction for injuries received by the invasion of her territory and for the vexatious works for eigners and Mexicans cutting wood in the forests of Agua Azul, Egipto, San Nicholas and San Pedro, and the Mexican residents of Ayula have been the objects. Mexico also demands indemnity for the expense of the mobilization of her forces and of situating authorities and employes in suitable places for public security on the frontier. Mexico asks that the laborers of the boundary commission, who according to the treaty of 1858, be speedily concluded, said treaty not being open to discussion. It is understood that \$2,000,000 is the amount of indemnity demanded by Mexico; also that Guatemala dismiss her surveyor general who has taken part in locating the boundary line. On January 12 the Guatemalans wired the ultimatum. It was pacific in tone, but did not concede Mexico's right to the territory situated in the ultimatum, nor the right of a fixed indemnity. The negotiations are a compromise between the ultimatum and the reply. It is believed that Mexico has agreed to arbitrate the amount of cash indemnity instead of exacting the \$2,000,000 first claimed. Senator Romero, the Mexican minis-

SHIPWRECK AND EXPOSURE.

Terrible Experience of a Schooner's Crew.

Nearly Twenty-Four Hours in the Water Before Being Relieved.

On Nov. 24th the schooner Bonifort, bound from Sydney to Kingsport, N. S., with coal, encountered a terrific gale in the Bay of Fundy. She filled and her crew ran her on the beach. She was afterwards got off, but the crew were about twenty-two hours in the icy water before they got relief.

Among them was Henry G. Adams of St. John. He at once went to his home, but the fearful experience had destroyed his health, and he was soon forced to take to his bed, where he lay for three weeks, until January 2, when he was discharged. His condition had improved so little that he could scarcely walk home, and the shaking of his hands and limbs continued as before. He was not cured. His condition, of course, did not improve. His hands went numb and shook so that he could not hold a pen to write his name, in fact they shook constantly as if palsied. As weeks passed he grew worse, and his almost utter helplessness was pitiable to the extreme. None but those who have been moved to the deepest sympathy. His case seemed almost hopeless, in fact he had himself abandoned hope. He could do no work of any kind. Mr. Adams, who is a member of the Temple of Honor, is the author of a very interesting pamphlet on temperance, and being able to do nothing else he went about the city as best he could selling copies of the book. In this way he managed to enter the office of the Hawker Medicine Co., and while there was asked about his trouble, and was induced to try the effect of the famous Hawker Remedies. He took away with him a generous supply, with instructions as to their use. He intended to give them a fair trial. A little over a week later a man who walked erect, whose eye was bright, no trembling in his hands or limbs, entered the same office and told another story. I came, he said, to let you see my medicine, and you for what you have done. I feel as well as ever I did. The numbness and shaking has gone from my hands and limbs. I can sit down and write a letter. I am a new man. I began by taking the Hawker Remedies, and followed the directions. Then I took your Hawker's nerve and stomach tonic. I have used one bottle. I rubbed my limbs with your Dr. Manning's German remedy. You see the result. I will continue the course, and when I am cured, God bless you, I came to give you this testimony and you may rest assured that wherever I go I will tell of the wonderful cure your remedies have brought about.

Mr. Adams further stated that his daughter, who last year spent eight months in the hospital and has ever since been weak and delicate, is now rosy cheeked and hearty as a result of the use of Hawker's nerve and stomach tonic. Besides being a member of the Temple of Honor Mr. Adams is a member of Chambers Lodge, A. O. U. W., and is well known.

Hawker's nerve and stomach tonic is a perfect nerve restorer and invigorant, and is equally good for men, as well as a valuable stomach tonic and aid to digestion. It is a certain cure when faithfully used for all diseases arising from nerve exhaustion, weakened or impaired digestion, any kind of indigestion, or impure condition of the blood, such as nervousness, weakness, nervous headache, sleeplessness, neuralgia, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, hysteria, and the prostrating effects of a gripe, or any other weakness of heart or brain arising from worry, overstrain of mind or body, or excess of any nature. Hawker's nerve and stomach tonic can be obtained from all druggists and dealers. Price 50 cents a bottle, or bottles for \$2.50. The Hawker Remedies are manufactured by The Hawker Medicine Co. (Ltd.) St. John, N. B., Canada, and New York City.

BRITISH SHOE TRADE THREATENED. (Journal of Commerce.) The great look-out in the shoe factories of Leicester and Northampton, England, may, it is locally feared, lead to the introduction of foreign goods in the English markets. The principal difficulty heretofore in the way of exporting shoes from this side of the Atlantic has not been so much because of price, as that the English people prefer strength and durability to symmetry and snug fit. This is doubtless owing to the nature of the roads in the respective countries. Hard, metal, gritty or gravelly roads are peculiar to the United Kingdom, and therefore the cheaper class of goods are fortified with a covering of broad-headed short nails or tacks, which can be renewed from time to time, and prevents the sole wearing out, while the American or Canadian shoe has no protection whatever to the sole, the contact being mostly with wooden sidewalks and on country roads composed of gravelly sand or clay. A corn doctor in Great Britain has a very limited practice. No one on the other hand will question the greater beauty and neatness of American and Canadian made shoes, excepting, of course, the heavy and stronger class of goods made in our large factories, intended for the coarser class of country wear. It is feared in England that should the contest be prolonged it may do lasting injury to the shoe industry there, as laying it open to competition, especially at a time when over-manufacturing is driven to seek outside markets.

HAMPTON.

Presentation of An Address by the Orange Lodge to the Rev. William Burns, who is About to Return to Ontario.

Rev. Wm. Burns, the Church of England clergyman of Hampton for the past two years and nine months, preached his farewell sermon in the Chapel of the Messiah at the station on the evening of Sunday, March 31st. Every seat in the chapel was occupied. In the course of his remarks the rev. gentleman referred to the fact that when he came there the church was \$1,600 in debt, and that after paying all running expenses \$850 of that debt had been wiped off during his incumbency.

Rev. Mr. Burns, who is popular with all classes, has been compelled to resign his charge on account of the climate not agreeing with his health, and will remove at once to his old home in Ontario, of which place Mrs. Burns is the wife. At the regular monthly meeting of Hampton L. O. L., in Smith's hall on Tuesday evening, 2nd inst., of which Rev. Mr. Burns is the chaplain, he was presented with the following address:

To Brother Reverend William Burns, Chaplain of Hampton L. O. L., No. 23: Reverend Sir and Brother—We, the master, deputy master, officers and brethren of Hampton Loyal Orange Lodge, No. 23, desire on the eve of your departure from this community to express the feelings of deep regret which we entertain at the severance of this fraternal tie which has bound us together since the organization of our lodge. We have experienced and fully realized the benefits of your active cooperation in our work for the strengthening and expansion of the true doctrines of civil and religious liberty and equity, and the promotion of peace and harmony among all men. While regretting our loss as Orange men, we are confident that we also voice the feelings of the community at large when we say that your ability and temperance and catholicity of doctrine have endeared you to the people of every class and creed resident here.

Believing to the necessities of the case, permit us to express an earnest hope that you and your respected wife may long enjoy the richest spiritual as well as temporal blessings, and that you may find in your new home ample opportunity for the exemplification of the virtues of our beloved order. Given under our seal this second day of April, A. D. 1895. PHILIP PALMER, Worshipful Master. WILLIAM M. PRINCE, Deputy Master.

TYPEWRITERS.

Almost every typewriter sooner or later has trouble with her eyes. The typewriting machine is supposed to save the eyes, but the fact is that it does the opposite. It is the rapid motion while writing, and the rapid jerking of the eyes from one point to another, which causes the trouble. The muscles and makes the eyes and sometimes the whole head ache. When a great many girls have the habit of turning up the carriage to see what has been written, and leaning back in the chair while reading it. This, too, is bad, for the reason that it requires a rapid adjustment of the eyes to the different distances. The only way to save the eyes when using a typewriting machine is to acquire such facility that it is not necessary to look up at the keyboard.—New York Dispatch.

MISSION OF THE NEWSPAPER.

The clergymen of the period have had much to say, first and last, about the mission of the public newspaper. None, however, has better set forth its work than the reverend gentleman who was the orator at the Attleboro celebration. Said Mr. Wales, with perfect truth: "It is the mission of the newspaper to publish news. Now, it is a fact that, from the man who waters his mill to the cold-blooded murderer, all degrees of criminal mankind want news suppressed. Liars, thieves, scandal mongers, deceivers, burglars, fighters, adulterers, gamblers, drunkards and gentlemen rascals all cry out against the news publishers. Their business is accounted for by the enterprise of newspapers. But no one who is open and honest and free from any taint of transgression wants news suppressed."

It would be a blessed thing for more than one congregation if those clerics who are accounted to carp at modern journalism, in season and out of season, would put themselves in possession of Mr. Wales' remarks on the province of the newspaper, and read, mark, learn and inwardly digest them.—Boston Globe.

Gloster—There ain't many navigable rivers in our state. Jer. Z. Farmer—No, nor nary navigable road this time of year.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Babies

and rapidly growing children derive more benefit from Scott's Emulsion, than all the rest of the food they eat. Its nourishing powers are felt almost immediately. Babies and children thrive on Scott's Emulsion when no other form of food is assimilated.

Scott's Emulsion

stimulates the appetite, enriches the blood, overcomes wasting and gives strength to all who take it. For Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Weak Lungs, Emaciation, Consumption, Blood Disease and all Forms of Wasting. Send for pamphlet. Free. Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists, 50c. & \$1.

HUMPEREYS'

Nothing has ever been produced to equal or compare with Humperys' Witch Hazel Oil as a CURATIVE and HEALING APPLICATION. It has been used 40 years and always affords relief and always gives satisfaction.

It Cures Burns, Scalds and Ulceration and Contraction from Burns, Instantly. It Cures Torn, Cut and Lacerated Wounds and Bruises. It Cures Boils, Hot Tumors, Ulcers, Old Sores, Itching Eruptions, Scurfy or Scald Head, It is Infallible. It Cures INFLAMED or CACKED BREASTS and Sore Nipples. It is Invaluable. It Cures SALT RHUM, Tetters, Scurfy Eruptions, Chapped Hands, Fever Blisters, Sore Lips or Nostrils, Corns and Bunions, Sore and Chafed Feet, Stings of Insects. Three Sizes, 25c., 50c. and \$1.00. Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. Beware of cheap imitations. It is the only one.

WITCH HAZEL OIL

MONEY LOST

Every day you are without them. It's no trick to sell them, they sell themselves and so they should. Being made from the finest selected Havana Tobacco and

Guaranteed Long Fillers

their sale is enormous and Increasing Daily. They are a regular Ten cent smoke for Five Cents. Send in a sample order and judge for yourselves. They are the

SOMETHING GOOD

The Best Five Cent Cigar on Earth. Manufactured only by the

EMPIRE TOBACCO CO., MONTREAL.

Harper's Bazar

IN 1895.

Elegant and exclusive designs for Out-door and In-door Toilettes, drawn from Worth and Sandos and Chapuis, are an important feature. These appear every week, accompanied by minute descriptions and details. Our Paris Letter, by Katharine de Forest, is a weekly transcript of the latest styles and fashions in the mode. Under the head of New York Fashions, plain directions and full particulars are given to shoppers, girls, trimmings, and accessories of the costume of well-dressed women. Children's Clothing receives practical attention. Fashion-sheet Supplement enables readers to cut and make their own gowns. The woman who takes HARPER'S BAZAR is prepared for every occasion in life, ceremonious or informal, where beautiful dress is requisite. An American Serial, Dr. Warrick's Banquet, by Rebecca Harding Davis, a strong novel of American life, partly laid in Pennsylvania and partly in the far south, will occupy the last half of the year. My Lady Nobody, an intensely exciting novel by Marian Maureen, author of God's Fool, The Greater Glory, etc., will begin the year.

ESSAYS AND SOCIAL CHATS. To this department Spectator will contribute his charming papers on What We Are Doing in New York society. ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS. Questions receive the personal attention of the editor, and are answered at the earliest possible date after their receipt. Send for Illustrated Prospectus.

The Volumes of the BAZAR begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, subscriptions will begin with the number current at the time of receipt of order. Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding will be sent by mail, postage and receipt of \$1.00 each. Title-page and Index sent on application. Remittances should be made by Post-office Money Order or Draft, to avoid charges of loss. Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS:

Harper's Magazine, - one year, \$4 00 Harper's Weekly, - " 4 00 Harper's Bazar, - " 4 00 Harper's Young People, - " 2 00 Postage free to all subscribers in the United States, Canada and Mexico. Address HARPER & BROTHERS, P. O. Box 959, N. Y. City.

AIR FLOUGHS.

Every one knows that a boat with a sharp prow moves more easily through the water than a scow. That the same is true of objects that move through the air is not generally realized, because the resistance of the air becomes great enough to be considered only at high speeds. In the case of a train running at a rate of 70 miles an hour, however, it becomes a serious factor, and engineers are beginning to look about them for some means of lessening it. Experiments were begun some six years ago and now the Paris and Lyons railway, in France, is building no less than 40 locomotives fitted or adapted to run on air floughs. They offer no flat surface to the wind, but all such surfaces are shielded in front by tilted plates, presenting a cutting edge to the air. Experiments with one of these engines show that they will effect a saving of from 10 to 20 per cent in amount as great as that effected by compound engines and other devices presenting a complicated mechanism. It is reported that Rev. G. M. Young of Upper Kent has been invited to succeed Rev. S. Howard, A. B. in the pastorate of the Hampton Methodist church at the close of Mr. Howard's term next June.

n't Make Hens Lay!

CHESHER'S TONIC POW- will not make hens lay; e not put up for that but they will make thrive and put on flesh that will surprise you, as being recognized by leading horsemen as the best medicine for Dis- Worms, Scratches! Legs, etc.

AND THE BEST.

Condition Powder, 25 cts., Liniment, 25 cts., Pain Cure, 50 cts., Insect Powder, 25 cts., Horn Fly Remedy, 25 cts., Horse and Cattle Spice, 25 cts.

Drugs and Country Merchants; T. B. Barker & Sons; McMillan, B.

NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.

led by C. R. Fisher on the Out- of the St. John River.

the Daily Sun of the 3rd.)

monthly meeting of the Natural history society last evening Dr. G. F. Matthews held the chair. Miss McCarron was member. A fine collection of plasmas was presented by Mrs. Johnson, and F. S. Thompson gave a paper on sea shells from tropical islands. Dr. Fisher read a paper on the St. John River, which had to do with the geological survey staff. The subject was by a person named Matthews, who was published in Bulletin No. 10, Mr. Chalmers agrees with Mr. Matthews probably the Kamebecasis was St. John, but differed from him to the theory of the middle river the Miramichi. In regard to that through which the river flows Hampshire and Frederick the Mr. Chalmers is that it was formed about 1000 years ago. The deep passage in Head to Indian town is one of the of the river. Mr. Chalmers considered old outlet of the river by way of had been closed by a uplift of in later tertiary times.

the public good glacial times the bar- boulder clay and gravel was readied round the mouth of the St. John held in a great fresh water lake along the valley of the St. John as Keswick, of which Grand and see lakes and Belleisle bay are communication on the same by Campbell. He drew attention to features in the St. John river series of the north-west, which was a series of much narrower valleys connecting those troughs, the great basin of Queens and etc. are, and the valley of the late valleys from Edmundston to Ham- pstead to the head of the river. The valley of the late valleys from Indian town to Indian town are examples. In those transverse gaps Prof. Matthews has shown that the ice in the ice age. To this cause attributes Digby Gut, Petite Passage and Passages in the north-west. In the Champlain period numerous areas existed in New Brun- swick. He considered that the evidence to show that those were con- nected by a narrow isthmus. He has opinion that in the varying con- ditions of the ice age were to the solution of the problems of the St. John river.

When they read a short paper tak- ing two points in which Mr. Chalmers differ somewhat with him. He referred to the middle river system, which John made tributary he thought that the head of the Resiopicus and Kamebecasis were connected by a narrow isthmus. It was difficult to see how the inter- mediate basin of the river was settled. It would be useless to look for buried river channels leading to the present channels. The question of the erosion basin was raised above that an elevation of the earth turned it into a channel. The contour of the basin was explained and the fact that a granite area pointed out. It was pointed out that the granite area was eroded since the carboniferous age. Most of the changes affecting the river must have taken place during the period between the carboniferous and pleistocene rather than in the brief glacial period.

Dr. Matthews stated that Mr. Chalmers had come to practically the same on from independent data, and this was satisfactory to him, as his opin- ions had been made some thirty years ago. Mr. Matthews explained the general history of the narrow isthmus between the Board's Head and also by at Hamstead.

Dr. Matthews was made by J. Roy Campbell, Fisher and S. W. Kain. The vote of thanks was tendered the men who had prepared the papers, at the meeting adjourned.

ing the men who have been dis- sating the Manitoba school question Mr. Grant, a Baptist minister speaking at an Orange St. Mr. Grant referred to cer- tain remarks of his own on an occasion, after which he ex- pressed his present position. He is reported:

the confederation and Manitoba acts that the province cannot take away conferred since entering confederation, and at the question in that light, and being the full of the matter, he re- tracted all reflections on the do- cument, and was glad the provincial had decided to refer the matter to the whole matter. If there was any was in the act of confederation, it should have been changed. He audience and unity, and settle- ment, and believed that calm delibera- tion ultimately establish the principle of national schools.

Mr. Rosebery's government has sustained by more than the nor- mality on the Welsh church dis- sishment bill. The measure stands chance of passing the lords, which it is not likely that the con- servative party will gain much strength by rejection.

LOCAL NEWSPAPER DECISIONS.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the Post Office—whether directed to his address or another, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the pay.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Owing to the considerable number of complaints as to the miscarriage of letters said to contain money remitted to this office, we have to request our subscribers and agents when sending money to THE SUN to do so by post office order or registered letter, in which case the remittance will be at our risk.

Subscribers are hereby notified not to pay their subscriptions to any person except a regularly accredited traveller for THE SUN.

THE WEEKLY SUN

Is the most vigorous paper in the Maritime Provinces—16 pages—\$1.00 a year in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES: For Sale, Wanted, etc., 25 cents each insertion. Births, Marriages and Deaths, 25 cents each insertion.

SUN PRINTING COMPANY, ALFRED MARKHAM, Manager.

THE WEEKLY SUN.

ST. JOHN, N. B., APRIL 10, 1895.

BASIS OF UNION WITH NEWFOUNDLAND.

The basis of union with Newfoundland with Canada would be in general the same as that of the other provinces. Except as special circumstances make special arrangements, it will not be advisable to depart from the precedent established.

The British North America act, which formed the basis of the British North America act, Newfoundland would have been entitled to four senators and eight members of parliament.

Ontario \$50,000, Quebec \$50,000, Nova Scotia \$50,000, New Brunswick \$50,000.

Since 1867 the debt account has been readjusted to the benefit of the provinces. Following the plan of the original basis of union, as well as that by which new provinces have been added since 1867, it would appear that Newfoundland should be entitled to enter confederation with the same debt per head that the people of Canada now have.

of this province without including our interest account. From a direct financial standpoint Canada would be out of pocket. The debt assumed would cost nearly \$400,000 a year until the loans could be floated at lower interest.

As to the duty of the government in promoting legislation, it may be said that the statute imposes no duty on the government after the issue of the remedial order. When the stage of legislation is reached the written law knows a minister only as a member of parliament and does not give him special functions.

There is a diversity of opinion as to the duty of the dominion government in case no attention is paid in Manitoba to the remedial order, or the decision of the privy council. It is conceded generally that so far as the dominion government has gone it has kept within the sphere of the obligation imposed by the constitution.

The expression "parliament may make laws" is not in form a command. The word "may" in a statute is sometimes mandatory, but in this case it cannot be so. A free parliament cannot be commanded to make laws to a certain specific effect.

disagree with a high court, but he would agree with another strong court, the supreme-court of Canada.

As to the duty of the government in promoting legislation, it may be said that the statute imposes no duty on the government after the issue of the remedial order. When the stage of legislation is reached the written law knows a minister only as a member of parliament and does not give him special functions.

Whatever may be the reason for the predominance of government, both here and in Great Britain, in legislation, it is not a healthy thing for the private members. Those supporting the government are less free than they ought to be to deal with public measures on their merits.

It is only because so large a proportion of public measures have been taken in charge by the government that the public mind turns to the ministry to lead in legislation concerning Manitoba. The private member has been so far effaced that he is not considered capable of introducing such a measure.

The expression "parliament may make laws" is not in form a command. The word "may" in a statute is sometimes mandatory, but in this case it cannot be so. A free parliament cannot be commanded to make laws to a certain specific effect.

The Sun extends its sympathy to Brother Brennan of the Summerside Journal. The Journal office is in ashes, but the paper is too good to be permanently effaced by any such trivial accident.

WOMEN IN MUNICIPAL POLITICS.

The majority election campaign in Halifax is making active politicians of some prominent women in that city. A circular letter in favor of Candidate Mackintosh has been sent out to women who have voted.

ANOTHER SAMPLE.

Since Mr. Peters became premier of Prince Edward Island the little province has undergone the usual experience of places under a grit government, pledged to economy, reform and reduced taxation.

A PROPER PROPOSITION.

They have in Northumberland county three newspapers which take an interest in politics. One is a liberal conservative journal, which favors the third party. Another is liberal, with vague doubts of the wisdom of the present opposition leaders.

In the silence of Mr. Laurier we turn once more to his own organ L'Electeur, for information as to his view of the Manitoba case. L'Electeur says that the government will do nothing for the Roman Catholics. By way of sustaining the opinion, it adds: "The tory party's principal object in life is to absorb or destroy the Catholic and French element in Canada."

Mr. Gibson is not breaking his heart over the accusation that he has turned his back on the liberal party. Mr. Gibson has had the same experience as many others, including Mr. Blake. The opposition party has never been so proud of another leader as it was of Mr. Blake, but the time came when Mr. Blake was obliged to leave the combination.

Dr. MacGregor, a Scottish member of the house of commons, seems to be in the lists as a successor to Sir Boyle Roche. Opposing the large Imperial appropriation for war he declared in a recent debate that "two nations armed to the teeth are like two game cocks fully charged. A spark thrown among them accidentally might cause an explosion."

Mr. Daniel C. Remick, a leading New Hampshire prohibitionist, was recently invited to address the state legislature. He began his speech with this mild observation: "Gentlemen, I have documentary evidence that two-thirds of the members of this honorable body are liars."

New York has something new in journalism. The evening Telegram at ten o'clock in the evening. This paper contains despatches and local news down to a few minutes before ten.

TEMPERANCE COLUMN.

By The Women's Christian Temperance Union of St. John.

Trust the people—the wise and the ignorant—the good and the bad—with the gravest questions, and in the end you educate the race.

MRS. E. F. M. WILLIAMS' DEATH.

The President of the Dominion Woman's Christian Temperance Union. Temperance women all over Canada and throughout the United States will feel deeply the loss of this estimable lady, who was a personal friend of so many.

A Montreal exchange says: "Mrs. Ella F. M. Williams was from old Massachusetts Puritan stock, and was in direct succession as a temperance worker, for her father, the Rev. N. S. Dickinson, a prominent Congregational minister in the Bay state, always took an active part in the temperance cause. He believed in preaching temperance from the pulpit, and that, too, when it was not by any means as popular as it is now."

Two other deaths have occurred within the same week—Mrs. Walker, sister of the late Dr. Wilkes, one of the first vice-presidents of the Montreal Ontario, and also of the Quebec provincial, in her eighty-second year; and the Rev. L. G. Sanderson, the husband of Mrs. Sanderson, the provincial president.

SACKVILLE W. C. T. U.

The annual meeting of the W. C. T. U. was held at the residence of Mrs. Edward Ogden, on Wednesday evening, March 29th. A large number of members were present, and the reports of the year's work were most encouraging. The maintenance of the reading room continues to be the chief work of the union. The list of papers and magazines is being enlarged, and when completed will present many attractive features.

CARTWRIGHT AT SARNIA!

To the Editor of The Sun: Sir—A careful reading of the speech of Sir Richard Cartwright, delivered at Sarnia recently, does not inspire one with the idea of its being a very strong production! For example, he does his late leader, the Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, an injustice when he claims that sturdy and honest Scotchman to have been a pronounced free trader. Inter alia he says of him: "(1) Mr. Mackenzie desired above all things to promote economy and honest administration. (2) He advocated a tariff for revenue only, with free trade as our ultimate goal, as soon as the condition of our finances would enable us to attain it."

THE CRACKS.

In the basement building at Wood containing a collection of maps, none of which were attached to it. Most of the maps were collected together in which to my mind interesting show the town. The tools arranged of window belongs mobsmen, who were, by myself an revolver, hanging over the fireplace.

On Friday, 29th ult., there passed from earth to the rest of Paradise the spirit of one who has long been familiarly known, at least by sight, to most of our citizens. Rev. Thomas Nixon De Wolfe, who died on that day after a lingering illness of over six months, was a son of the late George De Wolfe of Windsor, who died in 1847, three years ago the present month. He studied for the ministry at the New York theological school, and was ordained when quite a young man. His first charge was in the diocese of Fredericton, where he remained for twelve or fifteen years, as rector of the Sackville and Richibucto parishes, the rectorship of the latter parish about twenty-five years ago, he came to Douglas in this county, where he has since remained in charge of a little country church which he himself built and presented to the people who worshipped there, among whom he was greatly esteemed for his kindness and generosity. For the last few years his health has been gradually failing, owing to advancing age and to a severe attack of illness from which he suffered about four years ago, and from which he never entirely recovered. Last winter an attack of bronchitis made still deeper inroads upon his enfeebled constitution, and since October last he has rapidly failed. His last days were spent at the residence of his half-sister, Mrs. Wiggins, where, everything possible was done for the relief of the sufferer, but in vain, death resulting from heart failure.

The deceased was never married, Mrs. Wiggins and Jas. W. King being his nearest living relatives. The funeral took place from Christ church on Monday morning at eleven o'clock, services being conducted by the Archdeacon and Rev. Canon Maynard, assisted by Revs. J. C. Harvey, Dr. Bowman, Dr. Willets and Prof. Vroom. In accordance with the custom of the Anglican church, in the case of deceased members, the coffin was carried into the church while the service was being held. The interment took place in Maplewood cemetery.

OBITUARY.

The following are the charitable bequests in the will of the deceased, which was made on the 5th Sept. 1894: To the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in foreign parts, \$2,000; to the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in North America, \$1,000; to the Church Missionary Society, \$1,000; to the Colonial and Continental Church Society, \$1,000; to the British and Foreign Bible Society, \$1,000; to the Protestant Orphans' Home, Halifax, \$500; to the British American Book and Tract Society, at Halifax, \$500; to the Deaf and Dumb Asylum, Halifax, \$500; to the Asylum for the Blind, at Halifax, \$500; to the Hospital for the Insane, at Halifax, \$500; to Christ church, Windsor, \$1,000; to the Widows' and Orphans' Fund of the society in Nova Scotia of Home and Foreign Missions, formerly called the Diocesan Church society, \$1,000; to the town of Windsor, \$1,000, one-half thereof to be used by those in authority for the benefit of the poor, of all denominations, the other half for the improvement of the new Protestant cemetery.—Hants Journal.

The following provincial appointments are announced: Charles H. McIntyre of Boston, barrister, to be a commissioner, under chapter 38 of the Consolidated Statutes, for the state of Massachusetts, in the United States of America. Wm. W. Graham and Henry McAllister to be members of the board of school trustees of the town of Milltown, Charlotte county, their respective terms of office having expired, the said Wm. W. Graham to be chairman of said board.

50 C. Bulbs and Plants

Advertisement for 50 C. Bulbs and Plants. The Managers of Work at Windsor of the No. 1-25 Garden, finest assorted, for 50c. I - 6 Dahlias, select show varieties " 50c. G - 6 Montrosias, handsome " 50c. O - 6 Roses, everblooming beauties " 50c. W - 6 Window Collectors, each " 50c. F - 6 Fuchsias, Dbl. Fl. Musk, Ivy and Scented varieties " 50c. M - 6 Mosses, Vines, Tropaeolum, etc. " 50c. P - 6 Primroses & Heliotropes " 50c. C - 6 Geraniums, finest assorted colors " 50c. S - 5 Iris, finest varieties " 50c. Any 1 collection for \$1.00. By Mail, post-paid, our selection. A Stamp! Catalogue Free. THE STEELE, BRIDGE, MARSH BEND CO. LTD., Toronto, Ont.

the Toronto Globe, and most reluctantly... his wise policy of protecting...

THE CRACKSMAN'S CATSPAW.

In the basement of the police court building at Woodford there is a room containing a collection of curious objects...

would prefer to work it single-handed. The secret, therefore, rested with him, and there was nothing but patience to be exercised...

I, I chanced to go one day into a second-hand book shop, the proprietor of which was an old acquaintance of mine...

THE COUNCIL OF WOMEN.

A Special Meeting Held at Morley College.

The Business to be Considered at the National Meeting to be Held in Toronto.

(From the Daily Sun of the 4th.)

A special meeting of the Council of Women is to be held this evening at Morley college at 145 O'Connell street.

Lady Aberdeen will hold a reception on Monday evening, 27th, to which the delegates and visitors will be invited.

The afternoon will be devoted to the reading and discussion of the papers prepared by the different councils.

On Wednesday morning the following resolutions submitted by the local councils for adoption will be read.

As it is necessary for the local council of St. John to instruct its delegates how they wish them to vote upon these resolutions...

The local Council of Women met at Morley college last Wednesday with the vice president, Mrs. Travers, in the chair.

On motion the names submitted for President in all our institutions were: President of Aberdeen; vice president, Lady Thompson and Madame Laurie;

The standing orders were adopted with some amendments. Section 15 was held over for the executive to consider further.

Proposed by Kingston local council. VI. Prayer at Opening of National Council.—That the London local council do memorialize the National Council to open its meetings with silent prayer...

Proposed by London local council. VII. Duty of Opium.—Whereas some of the Chinese merchants of Victoria are making an effort to have rescinded the duty which is now levied on the covering of opium...

Proposed by Victoria local council. VIII. Statistics Regarding Women in Canada.—The attention of the National Council of Women having been drawn to the difficulty of ascertaining the exact degree of accuracy of the information concerning the status of women in the Dominion...

istics being gathered by duly qualified persons it is hereby resolved that the Dominion government be requested by the National Council of Women of Canada to make the collection of such statistics a department in the statistical year book of Canada...

Proposed by the executive committee of council. IX. Alteration of Law as Existing at Present as regards Bigamy in the United States of America by Canadian Subjects.—Whereas, at the present time a married person who goes to the United States and there marries again cannot be convicted of bigamy in Canada and cannot be made to contribute to the support of the children by the first marriage...

Proposed by executive committee of National Council. X. Women Inspectors of Factories.—The attention of the National Council of Women of Canada having been drawn to the fact that in various parts of the Dominion there are women and children employed in factories and workshops by reason of insufficient inspection...

Proposed by Ottawa council. XI. Date and place of next annual meeting.

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FAVORS A DOUBLE STANDARD.

Hon. Mr. Balfour's Speech at the Bi-Metallic League Meeting.

London as the Financial Centre of the World Would Gain.

London, April 3.—The annual meeting of the Bi-metallic League was held today at the Mansion House, the official residence of the Lord mayor of London.

The Rt. Hon. A. J. Balfour, conservative leader in the house of commons made a strong speech in favor of a double standard.

Thus, for instance, Great Britain brought from India and other countries wheat at a price below its legitimate value...

It is necessary for the local council of St. John to instruct its delegates how they wish them to vote upon these resolutions...

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ter is, no doubt, a very ter, probably the best in ry. He is also an excellent er."

ard's speech ought to be very liberal conservative in hen let the speech of Hon. Foster at Fredericton be compared, the one with the other has carefully read his conviction, and is not impracticable for Canada; with a wealthy republic to of us, with a policy of pro- lular force. We do not want in for to have.

OBITUARY.

29th ult., there passed from rest Paradise the spirit of has long been familiarly least by sight, to most of Rev. Thomas Nixon De- died on that day after a illness of over six months.

where he was born thirty- ago the present month. He the ministry at the New school, and was or- quite a young man. His was in the diocese of where he remained for fifteen years, as rector of and Richibucto. Resigning ship of the latter parish five years ago, he came in this county, where he remained in charge of a church which he him- presented to the people dly esteemed for his kin- dness.

For the last few health has been gradually ing to advancing age and attack of illness from suffered about four years from which he never inter- d. Last winter an attack made still more serious by his enfeebled constitution.

October last he has rapidly as last days were spent at ce of his half-sister, Mrs. where everything possible for comfort and relief er, but in vain, death re- in heart failure.

passed was never married, and Jas. W. King being living relatives.

He took place on Christ Monday morning at eleven being conducted by Canon May- by Revs. J. C. Harvey, n. Dr. Willets and Prof. a cordance with the cus- an Anglican church, in the ceased clergymen, the coffin into the chancel while the being held. The interment in Maplewood cemetery.

Following provincial appoint- announced: Charles H. Mc- Boston, barrister, to be a per, under chapter 36 of the ed Statutes, for the state of, in the United States of Wm. W. Graham and Alister to be members of of school trustees of the Milltown, Charlotte county, active terms of office having he said Wm. W. Graham to an of said board.

Bargains in C. Bulbs and Plants... Catalogue Free.

small enough in size to be carried about in the pocket, and apparently possessing no value in any way. Nevertheless, the possession of that pocket edition of Bunyan's immortal work was once worth a large amount of money; and the lucky chance which threw it into my hands not only brought me a handsome pecuniary reward, but secured me my promotion to the rank of inspector.

Ten years ago the town of Woodford was thrown into commotion one fine morning by news of a skillfully planned burglary which had occurred early in the month of November, and the newly elected mayor of Woodford had celebrated his accession to civic power by giving a grand ball at his private residence, just west of the town. He was an exceedingly rich man, and his wife was the fortunate possessor of a very fine set of diamonds. It was popularly understood that these were worth at least £10,000, and popular opinion in this respect was not far from the mark. The diamonds, however, the mayors discovered that her diamonds were missing. Instead of locking them up when she retired to rest she had carelessly left them lying on her dressing-table. When she awoke the diamonds had disappeared.

Then followed a fine o' do. Three or four of us, supposed to be the cleverest and sharpest officers in the force, were put in charge of the matter. We followed the old methods, suspected the servants, examined their rooms and boxes, watched their movements, and finally confessed that they must all be completely exonerated. We invented plausible theories, and could put none of them into practice. In the end we concluded that the diamonds had been stolen by an experienced burglar, who must have been very well acquainted with the house, and who had succeeded in doing his work in the most accomplished fashion. After that there was no more to be done. The mayor offered a very handsome reward for the recovery of the missing jewels, and many a man's mouth watered as he read the amount promised. But as there was not even a clew to the thief, the prospect of claiming the reward seemed very far away to every policeman.

As soon as I heard of the burglary I made a guess—mentally of course—at the burglar's name. It was Jimmy Timble. I felt confident that I knew of no local criminal accomplished enough to carry out so daring a theft except Jimmy. And Jimmy had just come from Portland, where he had spent nearly six years in penal servitude. That was not his first period of incarceration nor his second. Jimmy had been a thief from boyhood, and those who knew him felt persuaded that nothing would make him give up his career of crime. It was this belief, coupled with my knowledge of Jimmy's return to Woodford, that made me suspect him of taking the diamonds.

When Jimmy was not in prison he worked as a bricklayer's "paddy" and made his home at one of the big common lodging-houses in a low part of the town. Two or three days after the diamond robbery I went one evening toward this house, intending to have an interview with Jimmy and hear what he had to say for himself. By good fortune I met him just outside the door and stopped him. He regarded me calmly and with perfect equanimity. He was at all times a curious little man—dwarfish in stature, very slightly deformed, and always full of certain quaint assurances, mixed with a sly demeanor which was amusing to everybody. My interview with Jimmy threw no light whatever on the mystery, as he pleaded ignorance for the whole affair. If Jimmy had got the diamonds he had done his work so thoroughly that a clew of any description was not yet discoverable. It was just that want of a clew that persuaded me of Jimmy's guilt. I knew of no other man who could have done the work so thoroughly.

During the next two or three days I thought matter over from all points of view, but I could not find anything to warrant me in taking steps against Jimmy Timble. I wondered if he had been associated with others in the burglary. More than once he had worked in company with his brother, Jerry Timble, but that was impossible for him to have had any help from Jerry on this occasion, for the simple reason that the unfortunate Jerry was spending twelve months in the county jail for stealing. And it appeared to me, upon considering the case still more deeply, that it being an affair of great magnitude, Jimmy Timble

secret, therefore, rested with him, and there was nothing but patience to be exercised. As no trace of the diamonds could be found, we thought it well to keep a watch on two or three suspicious characters in the town, with a view to discovering the whereabouts of the valuables. It seemed to us that the thief or thieves must have planted the jewels in some safe spot, and waited until the agitation had blown over before removing them. Thus it came about that Jimmy Timble's movements were watched very jealously. His goings out and comings in were noted, and the eye of the law was constantly upon him. Whether Jimmy was aware of this or not, I do not know; but if he was, he suddenly did a foolish thing—he allowed himself to be caught, one dusky February evening, in the very act of burglariously entering a dwelling-house; and within an hour he was safely ensconced in the cells of the police court. There I found him next morning when I went my round. He looked at me with a half-resentful, half-comical expression of countenance.

"Back again," Jimmy, said I. "I thought you had turned over a new leaf."

"So Jimmy languished in the town jail for a few weeks, having been committed for trial. Then the assizes came on at Woodford, and he was brought up to stand his doubtful chance. His trial was little more than a formality, for Jimmy had been caught in the very act of inserting his pocket crowsbar in the window-ledge of the house. He was found guilty and sentenced to five years' penal servitude and a certain amount of police supervision.

I went to have a word or two with Jimmy in the cells, as he waited there for removal to his next abiding place. His sentence did not seem to have disturbed his equanimity, and he smiled very placidly as I greeted him. "Well, you've done it again, Jimmy," said I. "We shan't see any more of you for a while."

"You're right, then, Mr. Burton," he answered. "And I shan't see any more of you, eh? I don't care. I can do five years on my head. But I'm sorry I shan't be able to see Jerry. He comes out next week."

"I believe he does," I said. "We were always very fond of each other, me and Jerry," said Jimmy Timble. "Very fond he was. We've worked things together many a time."

"You have, and given us a good deal of trouble with your efforts," I said. "I dare say," answered Jimmy imperturbably as ever. "I dare say. But I say, Mr. Burton, you might do me a favor. I've always looked on you as a friend; and when a chap's got put away for five years he naturally looks to his friends for help. Now, what is it you want?"

"Why, there's two or three things at the lodging-house that I would like to give to Jerry when he comes out. There's a knife and a watch, and two or three other little articles—all come by honest, Mr. Burton. Oh, and there's a book, the 'Pilgrim's Progress'—a very interesting book is that. Will you tell the lodging-house folks to 'live' them to Jerry, Mr. Burton?"

"Very well, Jimmy. Perhaps I'd better take charge of them myself and give them to Jerry next time I see him. I shall be sure to come across him as soon as he comes out."

"I'll take it real kind if you would," said Jimmy. "And how did he do now? I'd finish reading it when I've done this five years."

That explained Jimmy's possession of the 'Pilgrim's Progress' then lying at my house. I went home and laid my supper, and then sat down to have a thorough examination of the book. I was confident there was something about that book which it would repay anybody to discover, and I was determined to solve the mystery. But although I went carefully through it, page by page, once, twice and three times, I saw nothing. There was no writing, no hieroglyphic signals, nothing to attract attention. But at the fourth time of reading I made a discovery. Underneath the first "th" on the first page there was the pin mark of a pin prick, just as if a pin had been carelessly jabbed into the paper and quickly withdrawn. The mark was very faint, but it was there. I assured myself that the pin prick had not penetrated to the second page, and then I came to the conclusion that Jimmy Timble's 'Pilgrim's Progress' concealed some private message from himself to his brother Jerry.

I began what proved a long and weary task. The next pin prick I found was under the letter "j" on page 8, the next under "e" on page 12, the next under "r" on page 15. Then came pricks under the letters "e," "l," "s," all on different pages, and thus I had spelt out two words, "the jewels." I took courage at that and went on. There was, no doubt, more to follow.

All that evening I worked away at my task. It was anything but easy. Sometimes the pin-pricks were faint and hardly decipherable; sometimes the spelling puzzled me; sometimes I seemed to lose the track altogether. But I persevered, and just as midnight struck I had written out Jimmy Timble's ingenious message to his brother Jerry:

"The jewels as I got from the mare's wife is buried underneath the lilac tree in old George Atkinson's garden in Lilywood road. Keep an eye on them and don't disturb them unless they are goin' to bild on the garden. If they bild dig them up and keep them safe till I come out agen your brother James."

So there was an explanation of the mystery, or rather, of two mysteries. I had been right, after all—the burglary at the mayor's residence was the work of Jimmy Timble.

I saw Jimmy when he returned from Portland four years later. He smiled knowingly as he met me. "I reckon you think yourself a clever man, Mr. Inspector, don't yer?" said he. "But you'd have been made a nice cat's-paw of if that fool of a Jerry had turned up in good time, wouldn't you now? I daresay Jimmy was right. But as events turned out fortune was wholly on my side, in this case.—Chambers' Journal.

"Yes," explained the party with the extended looks, "I make specialty of accompaniments of functions. I suppose I have played accompaniments for some of the most brilliant conversationalists of the social set."—Detroit Tribune.

COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, HOARSENESS, INFLUENZA, BRONCHITIS. AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES. SAFE AND PLEASANT. TO TAKE. SURE TO CURE. PRICE 25 AND 50 CENTS. THE HAWKER MEDICINE CO., LTD., ST. JOHN, N. B.

AMHERST. The Funerals of the Late Mrs. Read and Mrs. Black. Amherst, April 4.—The funeral took place this afternoon at Barronsfield of the late Epiphilet Read of that place, who died on Tuesday morning, aged 88 years. The deceased was formerly ferryman at Minville, until he, with the late Job Seaman and Joseph Read, bought out the old Glennie farm at Barronsfield. He was twice married, his first wife being a Miss Patterson of Cole's Island, his second a daughter of the late Wm. Hayes of River Hebert, who survives him. He leaves two daughters and three sons by his first wife. Mrs. Capt. Crossley of St. John and Mrs. Fletcher of Colchester county are his daughters. The remains of the late Mrs. Alex. Black were interred Tuesday afternoon, Rev. Robt. Williams officiating. Dr. Stewart of Mount Allison gave a kind address at the grave. Among the flowers on the casket was an anchor from the Women's Missionary Union, of which she was for some years the president. LONG REACH. At Long Reach, on Monday evening, April 1st, R. E. Lyon, D. G. W. P. of Tilley division, No. 414, Sons of Temperance, installed the following officers for the ensuing quarter: viz: Rev. J. B. Champlon, W. P.; Ella Holder, W. A.; Emeline Dunlop, R. S.; Geo. Porter, A. R. S.; S. H. Bradley, F. S.; Warren Holder, T.; Robert Fullerton, C.; Jas. Ganong, sr., Con.; Gertrude Holder, A. Con.; Geo. Rogers, I. S.; R. E. Lyon, O. S. This division, which has only been working a month, has a membership of 61, with prospects of more in the near future.

QUEENS CO. White's Cove, April 3.—The first wild goose of the season made their appearance yesterday. J. D. Reardon lost a valuable Jersey cow on Saturday night. James McLaughlin & Son started their wood-cutting machine on Monday. They can now about twenty cords a day. S. J. Austia had a chopping frolic on Tuesday. Geo. Ferris, who was severely injured a few weeks ago by falling from a load of hay, is still in a critical condition. TOMMY'S mother.—Did you hear about Tommy's mother? She ran a needle in her hand. The doctor had to open every finger trying to find it. Tommy.—What made 'em do that, mamma? Why didn't they get the lady another needle?—Life's Calendar. Subscribe for THE WEEKLY SUN.

AMONG THE INDUSTRIES.

The Portland Rolling Mills Doing a Large Business.

Their Iron Tested and Pronounced Excellent - A Busy Brockville Foundry.

The Revolution That Has Taken Place in the Canadian Clothing Trade.

A Sun man paid a visit the other morning to the Portland Rolling Mills, Strait shore, and found them running full blast, turning out nail plate for the Foster nail works, axes for the Amherst car works, and bar iron of all sizes.

The Albert Manufacturing Co. of Hillsboro, A. Co., of which C. J. Osman is the manager, have placed a new product on the market - rock wall plaster which is claimed to be far superior in every respect to the ordinary plaster.

WHOLESALE CLOTHING.

There is no branch of Canadian industry in which the margin of profit is cut lower than in that of the wholesale clothing trade, and it is safe to say that the farmer and the artisan can buy their clothes cheaper today than the wholesaler could make them for ten years ago.

Ten years ago only low grades of sweeds were made in this country, and most of our cotton stuffs were purchased in the United States or in England.

In woollen goods the fall in value is equally marked. The better overcoat which sold at \$7.75 in 1880 is offered now at \$6.25; for the cloth today is made in Canada.

And yet the expenses of the clothing firms are very little less. Perhaps, indeed, they are greater. The cost of making is certainly a trifle smaller, but the work people make more money nowadays because instead of getting the work in dribslets it comes in one steady, continuous stream, and the demand for better and more artistically made clothing necessitates the employment of more skillful and consequently higher priced cutters, as well as of a higher standard of operators.

The wages of travellers and salesmen are certainly no less; for increased competition has led to the selection of the more able men by those who are willing to pay for their services.

blamed upon the clothing business. But in the meantime the Canadian artisan and farmer reap the advantage. They get better and far more artistically made clothing fully one-third cheaper; and yet the work-people get steadily increased. Their trade has increased. The paper box factory of D. F. Brown & Co., King square, is an interesting place to visit.

The firm went into the box-making business eight years ago, and their trade has steadily increased. Their factory is supplied with steam power and equipped with all requisite machinery for turning out work of the best quality.

The contract for a cheese and butter factory at Hillsborough, F. E. I. has been let, and tenders are asked for the erection of a cheese factory at Dunstaffnage. The Cornwall cheese factory has paid a dividend of 10 per cent, and it is decided to put in a butter making plant next fall.

The Canada Eastern railway is ordering additional rolling stock, which has become necessary by the rapidly increasing traffic on the road. Hillsboro, Manufacturing Company, Hillsboro, are preparing for the moving of their plaster on a lively and extensive scale.

The Hawkeshaw, York Co., tannery is running steadily and turning out a large amount of leather, which is shipped as fast as it is manufactured.

The Sun man was able to discover another lively industry without very great effort. It was the Bell Cigar factory, one of the two in this city. He counted 22 persons at work, and where the output for March was of 100,000 cigars. And as the product is sold close up to the makers' hands, there is abundance of work in prospect.

Mr. Bell turned up his books and showed orders received in the last two months from Valleyfield, Coaticook, Lachute, Megantic, Waterloo, Ottawa, Gananouque, Kingston, Morrisburg, Brockville, Belleville, Pictou, Napanee, Fort Hope, Hamilton, Campbellford, Oxbow, Tweed and other upper province towns.

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interests of the native leaf, which, however, is not so good.

(Montreal Gazette.)

The liberal St. John Telegraph has been deploring the decadence of local industries in New Brunswick, and the conservative Sun has been getting facts and figures which show that the local industries have not decayed, but are alive and well, their product having in many cases completely replaced goods formerly imported from the United States.

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GREAT BRITAIN'S REPLY.

Venezuela Matter Does Not Concern the United States.

British Foreign Office Reply to Ambassador Bayard.

Negotiations on the Subject May Drag Along for Months Yet, However.

Washington, April 3.—There is reason to believe that the British government has given the United States ambassador, Mr. Bayard, to understand, in response to his representations in the Venezuelan boundary matter and his suggestion that it be submitted to arbitration, that it must persist in regarding the subject as one in which only Great Britain and Venezuela are concerned.

Of course the idea was set out very diplomatically and courteously, so as to avoid giving offence, as far as possible, while still making it plain that the United States could not be regarded as having any proper interest in the matter. So, as it stands, the British government still insists upon its absolute title and right to occupy all of the territory to the eastward of the Schomber line, while professing a willingness to submit to arbitration its claims to the lands lying west of that line.

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HOME FROM MANITOBA.

What Weldon Colpitts of Pointe-à-la-Puce Says About the Prairie Province.

Prospect Farm, April 1.—Weldon Colpitts of Pointe-à-la-Puce has just returned from Manitoba, where he has been teaching school for the last thirteen months. He speaks very favorably of the country. With the exception of a few very cold days in the winter and a few extremely hot days in summer there is nothing to complain of on the score of the climate.

The Patrons are strong in numbers in the province and have nominated a candidate for every constituency excepting Winnipeg. They have been successful in reducing the price to the farmers of several articles used by them, such as binder twine, wire, coal oil and sugar.

Machinery has gone down in price very much in the last few years. Twelve years ago a self-binder cost \$300. Now a better machine of the same kind can be bought for \$130. Beef is very low, about two dollars a hundred, live weight. It can be made very cheaply there. The farmers here are staid, but more attention is paid to stock raising than formerly. Butter, too, is low, from twelve to fourteen cents. The creamery system is followed.

Morally the country stands well. In the first school district in which Mr. Colpitts taught there was scarcely a house where family prayer was not conducted. The Presbyterians and Methodists are the strongest Protestant denominations, but the Baptists and Church of England are well represented. The school question is very decidedly before the public this winter, and while there is scarcely a doubt that the majority are in favor of the school law as it stands, there is a very respectable minority who think there ought to be some concessions made to the Catholics.

The Russian thistle has got a foothold in one or two places, but this will be dealt with very summarily. Times have been a little hard this last year, but the people generally have faith in the country. There are grumblers there as everywhere. Dissatisfaction has been caused in certain districts by a class of boys who have been brought from England and who have such decided hereditary tendencies downward that not more than ten per cent. of them are reliable, while the balance of them make the very reverse of good settlers.

Mr. Colpitts has great faith in the country. All that is wanted is time and capital to make it the home of millions.

THE ACCIDENT AT VEAZIE.

It Was Caused by Neglect in the Train Despatcher's Office at Portland.

Bangor, Me., April 3.—The railroad commissioners of Maine made an official visit to the scene of the Maine Central wreck at Veazie early this morning. Returning, they have been in session all day in this city examining witnesses as to the cause of the accident. In all twenty-one witnesses were examined. From the testimony, as given, it appears that the "Shoo Fly" train, No. 38, from Bangor, was proceeding with instructions to cross at Veazie, while the St. John train, No. 64, had received no orders whatever, and had, as the officials supposed, the right of way. In short, orders had been given one train but none to the other. This places the neglect in the train despatcher's office at Portland, but just what office cannot be determined until the commissioners make their report. The board adjourned to Friday, April 15th, when the hearing will be continued at Portland.

MISS STERLING'S HOME.

The Building Destroyed With All Supplies.

Hillfax, N. S., April 3.—Miss Sterling's home at Hillfoot farm, Aylesford, was burned at an early hour this morning. The main buildings were totally destroyed, with contents, including thirty barrels of flour and other supplies. The children and other inmates were fortunately all saved. The building was insured. Miss Sterling has recently caused the arrest of a physician and a young man in Middleton, charging criminality with a Miss Sterling.

SOCIAL EVOLUTION.

Miss De Fashion (a few years hence) - You are wanted at the telephone. Miss De Fashion—Oh, dear! I presume it's Mrs. De Style to return my telephone call. I hope she won't talk long.—London Tid-Bits.

Beach's Stomach & Liver Pills. Small, Sugar coated, vegetable.

LUMBER SITUATION.

Present Condition and Further Outlook for Lumber Over the Border.

Wild Figures as to the Shortage of Spruce in the Provinces This Year.

Neither the Boston nor New York correspondent of the Chicago Lumberman takes much stock in the higher price programme of the North Eastern Association, whose headquarters are in Boston. The Boston writer points out that the first result of fixing a \$15 price for spruce is that the Penobscot and Kennebec log owners have taken the hint and advanced logs to a basis proportionate, which has been something of a shock to the ambitious mill-owners. He further points out that as Nova Scotia spruce lumber was sent there last year and paid the \$2 duty it will be more likely to be a factor this year when there is no duty, and he predicts that there will be more N B and N S lumber offering in eastern U S markets this year than for years past.

The New York correspondent says: "Spruce is not doing first rate, and as recent developments have been favorable to buyers. An opportunity to offer a little more stock from the eastward is by no means large, and the tender of specials has run much behind what was hoped for on the opening experience of a few weeks ago. Dealers, it seems, are not generally anxious to secure supplies, and while probably none have an idea they will see anything like the low prices of last year, they find nothing in the present situation suggesting hurry. Receivers meanwhile having no instructions to stand for any specific rate, have eased off here and there, and the market is a fraction lower than a week ago. It is generally becoming known that Canada is likely to play a very important part upon the spruce market this season. Her cut of logs has been large, unusually so in some localities, and the trade with Great Britain promises poor, so that in absence of duty to interfere, the states are likely to be turned to for a market. Both the eastern states and Canada will have to compete against this supply and buyers are not likely to lose advantage."

Secretary James, of the Northeastern Association, figures out that the shortage of spruce in the east this year will be 230,000,000, as compared with last year. And this is how he does it:

Table with 2 columns: Location and Quantity. Nova Scotia 25,000,000; St. John 30,000,000; Machias 15,000,000; Kennebec river 5,000,000; Penobscot 40,000,000; Androscoggin 30,000,000.

mark regarding the other planks as he is with regard to spruce. So far as Calais is concerned, the Calais Times says the cut on the St. Croix is as large as last year. It was noted in Tuesday's Sun that the Bangor Commercial reports a great shortage on Maine rivers, but this may be rather an exaggeration. The millowners would like to have current that an exact statement of the actual cut. And the advance in the price of logs may be accounted for by the explanation given by the Boston writer first quoted above.

The Lumberman editorially sums up the present conditions in the spruce market. "There are indications that a considerable amount of lumber is going into building improvements this season. But that alone will not make a heavy and urgent demand for all kinds of stock, and touches many of the hardwood lines very little. There must be a full tide of manufacturing in various lines; there must be railway building and improvement, car construction, settlement of new lands, the starting of new towns and the rapid growth of the old ones; there must be an expansion of manufacturing sufficient to promote the putting in of new plants and the enlargement of those in operation; and there must be energy in mining, transportation and everything which contributes to prosperous times before there can be a lumber trade that shall absorb all product sufficiently close to the saw as to cause strong and advancing prices."

From this view, remembering also the still prevailing depression of the great industries over the border, there does not seem to be much hope of a boom in the American lumber markets this year.

WHAT'S IN A TITLE?

Dibbs (rather shortsighted, overlooking total stranger and slapping him on back from behind)—Hello, old fellow, how are you? So glad to see you again! Who'd have thought of meek?

Stranger—Confound you, sir, how dare you strike me in that backhanded manner? You ought to be more careful that you have got the right person.

Dibbs—Really, sir, I must apologize, but I took you for Earl of B.—The likeness is really wonderful.

MANITOBA SEEDING.

Winnipeg, April 2.—Warm summer weather prevails here. Reports indicate that seeding operations have commenced in all parts of the province. The indications are that quite as large an acreage as that of last year will be sown.

It is understood that arrangements are being made to reorganize the staff of the Orange Truth. It is expected the paper will be put in the hands of a trained journalist, who, with a strong local company at his back, will make the publication one of the foremost of its kind in America.—Moncton Leader.

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PROVINCIAL.

Large Lumber Shipments from Apohaqui.

School Matters Exciting Much Comment in Richibucto.

General News of Interest From Many Sections of New Brunswick.

YORK CO.

Fredericton, April 4.—Mrs. Arthur G. Thomas died of consumption this morning. She was a daughter of Thomas McMacdon of St. John, 23 years old, and had been married about two and a half years. The funeral is on Sunday afternoon.

E. H. Prior was married to Mrs. Birmingham of Marysville by Rev. J. D. Freeman at the Baptist parsonage this morning and took the afternoon train for Boston.

George E. Fenety has been elected president and W. F. H. Fenety secretary of the board of directors of the Wilnot park. George Thompson, the chief witness in the charge against Randolph Cox, mentioned in the Sun today, skipped out this morning, some allege also fearing arrest. When the case was called by Col. Marsh this morning none of the witnesses appeared, and the matter was stood over for a week. It is understood that a settlement has been effected by friends of the parties.

Fredericton, April 5.—Col. Marsh was occupied all day hearing the preliminary examination of the charge against the five prisoners, Finnemore, Brady, Downey, and James and Frank Slavin, for assault upon Isaac Samit, with intent to rob. J. W. McCready appeared for the prosecution and C. E. Duffy for Finnemore and Brady and Geo. A. Hughes for the two Slavins. Downey is undefended. The witnesses were Isaac Samit, Morris Samit, his son, John McLaughlin and George Mackey. The story told by them is practically the same as already published in the Sun. At five o'clock the court adjourned till Monday morning, when the evidence of Mrs. Samit will be taken through an interpreter.

This morning Detective Roberts took a bottle containing a quantity of strychnine from Finnemore. How or where he procured it is not known, but it must have been before his arrest. The dwelling house of James Hallett, Lower Caverhill, was burned on Monday night with all its contents. The family were away at the time and the nearest neighbor lived at some distance, so that the fire had made good headway before being discovered. Then it was too late to save any furniture. The loss is about \$1,500. No insurance.

Harvey Station, April 5.—The funeral of the late Thomas Briggs of Little Settlement, who died of consumption on March 31st, took place on April 2nd, and was very largely attended. Rev. J. A. McLean conducted the burial service of the Presbyterian church, and the service of the Presbyterians, of which order the deceased was a member, was read by the members of that body, the great majority of the brethren being present wearing the regalia of the order. The deceased leaves a wife and a large family of young children, who have the sympathy of the entire community in their deep bereavement.

On Monday evening last the Ladies' Aid society held another of their popular apron sales, this time accompanied with pies and coffee. L. J. Smith acted as auctioneer in a creditable manner and Fred Robinson as treasurer. The proceeds were \$215, which sum will be added to the fund collected in aid of the new church.

It is reported on good authority that Fish Warden Wellington Davis recently had occasion to haul up the lines of certain St. John parties who were fishing for trout in the Harvey lake. Among the party were Capt. Brannen and Conductor Milligan of the I. C. R. Your correspondent failed to learn what success these gentlemen had previous to the unlooked for visit of the fish warden, but it is said they had been camping there for three or four days.

KINGS CO.

Sussex, April 4.—The dominion dairy school will open here this morning at the cheese factory building near the Sussex station. Prof. Hopkins of Napan, N. S., will again have charge of the school. His experts are expected to assist him in his work. Notwithstanding the very large number of students in the school, the improved methods of making butter and cheese last spring from all parts of the province it is said that a large number will attend this spring. An indication that the improved methods of making butter and cheese is meeting with success.

The man mentioned in my report on Monday last as having been sent to Hampton jail, being unable or unwilling to give bail in suit brought by Albert B. Fraser of the Depot house for board, objected to remaining longer than two days in Deputy Sprout's care and consented to pay up. He was released accordingly. A meeting of the Chisholm Lake Fishing club was held in the office of White, Allison & King on Saturday afternoon last for the purpose of making arrangements for the coming season's fishing. The club has secured a twenty years' lease for the sole right of fishing in the lake known as Dick's, Elbow, Grass, Dead Water, Little Dam, Pine and Chisholm lakes. It was resolved to have three new boats built immediately, the old ones repaired and well painted, and the old club house enlarged and considerably improved for the comfort of all. This will be good news for the many lovers of fishing in St. John and other places who have in times past enjoyed the pleasant times in the vicinity of these splendid lakes. This gives the Chisholm club one of the most convenient and best fishing club houses in the province. The club is situated on the distance to Dick's (one of the best lakes to be found for fish) is but a short walk from Apohaqui. April 6.—There is more lumber and cord wood to be shipped from this station this spring than ever before. J. E. McAuley and Jones Bros. are the principal shippers. They have already shipped some twenty cars of lumber to St. John. About thirty cars of cordwood were shipped by John Haffer. It is estimated that there will be over 100 more cars of lumber yet to go. Considerable of this goes to W. M. Mackay and F. Turts & Co. of St. John. Jones Bros. merchants, have averaged two cars a

week this winter consisting of flour, feed and oats. They have just finished unloading a carload of sugar which was received from Halifax. The feed, oats, etc., all came from Ontario.

J. A. Campbell & Sons, who have bought out the stock of H. E. Sinnott of this place, formerly the firm of J. A. Sinnott & Co., are cleaning out the premises and adding new stock.

F. L. Gross, court deputy of Court Kings, I. O. F., of this place, received a check this morning for \$1,000, being the insurance on the life of the late Chas. Little of St. John, being formerly of Apohaqui. The check is in favor of the deceased's wife, Mrs. Sarah Little.

A bean supper was held in Britannia hall, Lower Millstream, on the 2nd inst. in aid of paying off the debt on the new Baptist parsonage at that place. About \$40 was realized.

The thirtieth anniversary of the marriage of Nell Chamberlain of Colchester took place on the 2nd. Mr. and Mrs. Chamberlain received many handsome presents.

CHARLOTTE CO.

Grand Manan, March 29.—Sylvester Watt of the firm of Wm. Watt & Sons, North Head, is quite ill.

The revival meetings under Rev. W. H. Perry, the pastor, who is so ably assisted by Rev. Henry Hart, continue to increase in interest at the F. C. Baptist church at Grand Harbour. Two persons were baptized at the place on the 24th inst.

Lawton C. Guphill is having the upper flat in his store painted in a neat and tasty manner by J. Frank Whitehead. Mr. Guphill will use this as a dry goods and millinery department.

George Harvey of Seal Cove is very ill with cancer of the mouth and throat.

Simeon Daggett and the Carson brothers are at work finishing up the inside of the new F. C. Baptist church at Grand Harbour. The finishing is of black ash in panel work, and there will be a wainscoting of black ash all round the sides and ends up to the level of the windows.

Rev. Irvin D. Harvey, pastor of the White Head church, is not in good health.

Jewish and Syrian peddlers are like the poor, always with us.

Rev. Henry Hart has sold a large quantity of hay, oats, butter and other country produce here this winter.

Jas. Brayley of White Head has taken his departure from that island. He will go to Bocabec soon and start a store.

Mrs. Mary Ann Benson, widow of the late Cyrus Benson, died at her home at Seal Cove on the 2nd inst. and was buried on the 24th inst.

Newton Brothers have rented the store formerly occupied by the late D. R. Frye and will establish a dry goods and boot and shoe department of their business there.

There are no fish going around the island with the exception of at Dark of large herrings. The weather has not been fit for boat fishing and at last accounts the fish were scarce and hard to find.

SUNBURY CO.

Maugerville, April 2.—The following officers will stand for Sunbury division, S. of T., during the current term: Brunswick Webb, W. P.; Miss F. J. Rossborough, W. A.; W. R. Magee, R. S.; Miss Mame Harrison, A. R. S.; James Miles, Treas.; Mrs. E. C. Perley, Chap.; Ashley Dykeman, P. S.; Ashley Harrison, Con.; Mrs. E. W. W. A. C.; Walter Raymond, I. S.; H. A. Perley, O. S.; Miss Mame Harrison, organist. About forty members of this division paid a fraternal visit to this city on Friday night.

Mrs. Richard Carman died suddenly at her home, Lower St. Marys, on Sunday, after a few hours' illness. Deceased leaves a husband, three sons and four daughters.

Mrs. A. R. Miles has returned from Athol, Mass., where she has been visiting her sister, Mrs. E. H. Thomas.

Rev. B. H. Thomas resigned his charge in Athol, to take effect in May. J. H. Clark is again to the front with the early pigs—five litters with fifty-two pigs.

John Rice is getting lumber on the ground for building a new house at an early day. Wilnot Chase has the contract.

KENT CO.

Richibucto, April 3.—The way the machinery is being run in connection with school matters is being freely discussed at present. At the annual school meeting held last October there was a spirited contest between the ratepayers over the election of a trustee. A number who took a leading part in the fight didn't have their taxes paid when the day of the meeting arrived, which fact would prevent them from voting. To get over this difficulty they made arrangements with James McDougall, who was then secretary of the trustees, to assume the amounts of their taxes, which they promised would be forthcoming a few days later. Mr. McDougall consented and the parties exercised the right of voting at the school meeting. Nearly two months ago Mr. McDougall resigned his position of secretary, and when he handed over the books to his successor, Robert Burns, the latter found names on the delinquent list of persons who voted in the election of a trustee, which means that their taxes were marked as paid on the day of the school meeting. The law requires that the new secretary shall make a demand on the delinquents, and if in thirty days their taxes are still unpaid, he can take proceedings to recover the same. The thirty days have expired, and now the trustees are not sure as to whom they ought to proceed against, as they think Mr. McDougall became responsible by allowing them to vote. While Mr. McDougall admits that his friends have imposed upon him, he thinks the trustees should not look to him. The ratepayers, many of whom died in a few hours, whom know how it feels to be "pounded up" with an execution, are demanding that the amounts be collected from one party or the other at once. The trustees are George V. McInerney, John Stevenson and Allan Haines.

Henry O'Leary's store was burglarized on Monday night for the third time in six months. A gold watch, five dollars in cash, some valuable pipes, tobacco and other sundry articles were taken. Wild geese have made their appearance and the sportsmen are happy.

Capt. George Long started yesterday for Charlottetown, P. E. I., to get his large and valuable schooner Minnie Moody, which has been laid up during the winter, ready for the opening of navigation.

The river is clear up to the inside of the beaches. Teams are still crossing opposite here, the hauling being excellent.

Richibucto, April 6.—The Kingston Dramatic society met with a warm reception on their first appearance in the new hall at Kingston last evening. The singing being crowded, the entertainment and the one last week by the Minstrel club added nearly \$100 to the fund.

Capt. Richard McLaughlin, who went to Boston last September for the benefit of his health, returned yesterday unimproved.

Kent Westport, who resides with his grandmother, Mrs. McInerney, at Kingston, has been in a critical state all week with appendicitis. He is recovering under the care of Dr. Ferguson.

Henry O'Leary's mill at the north end of the town is being repaired for the season's work under the supervision of Hiram Thompson.

NORTHUMBERLAND CO. Northack, April 1.—The spool factory in Protectionville is doing a rushing business under the management of Mr. H. H. Ingham, who employs a large number of laborers. Mr. Falkoner has the contract for hauling the manufactured wood out to Newcastle, where it will be shipped on the opening of navigation.

The number of teams are out of the woods for the season. T. H. Ramsay's camps on the North West are broken up, the hauling to the landing having been completed.

T. H. Ramsay has purchased a fine driving horse from Alex. Johnstone of Little South West.

The recent loss of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Tozier died at Lytleton last week. They had the sympathy of their friends and neighbors in their trouble. Benjamin Hubbard, who has been down with pleurisy and pneumonia, is out of danger.

WESTMORLAND CO. Port Elgin, April 5.—Although the weather on Wednesday night was very unpleasant, it did not deter about 70 people from assembling at the home of Bowden C. Atkinson for the purpose of witnessing the marriage of Agnes Murray and Hedley Turner. The ceremony was performed by Rev. A. W. K. Herdman, after which a lunch was eaten. The bride was dressed in light blue nun's veiling with lace trimmings and looked very pretty. Miss Frances Turner, sister of the groom, acted as bridesmaid, while Benjamin Murray, brother of the bride, supported the groom. Presents were numerous, and comprised articles both ornamental and useful. The newly wedded pair will reside on Bay Verte road. They have best wishes for future happiness.

Moncton, April 5.—Letters received here indicate that the party of Westmorland people spending the winter in Florida are having a very successful season. J. P. Ryan, who is one of the party, mentions a meeting with Geo. M. Ryan of St. John, who is in the city. Ryan is much improved and expects to leave for the north about the middle of this month.

Men are at work clearing the ice and mud out of the wharf basin for the reception of vessels. Sumner Co., the principal shippers, are one to load for Bermuda, the other for the United States market. They expect a good average season.

Mr. McFarlane of Andover, a prominent contractor and sawmill owner, who has been seriously ill with pneumonia, is reported to be improving.

Captain Newcomb of Miramichi, who used the river two or three years ago, alleging negligence on the part of the harbor authorities in not putting back down the river at low tide, but failed to get a verdict, given his motion for a new trial. The motion will come up at the Easter term at Fredericton.

The Opera house was broken up last night for the purpose of obtaining a mirror and some other articles stolen. The police are after the thieves.

Hopewell Hill, April 2.—The Rev. W. Caplan, pastor of the Hillsboro Baptist church, organized a branch of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor at this village last evening. The following officers were elected: A. C. M. Lawson, president; Chas. LeB. Peck, vice-president; Miss Edna M. West, rec.-sec.; Miss Frances Peck, cor.-sec.; W. S. Starratt, treas.; one

of the bark Albert, Capt. Rice, recently arrived from Ayr, is lying at the Cape breakwater waiting until her berth is got ready at Gray's Island, Hillsboro, where she will load. The first mate of the Alert died on the passage out, and was buried at sea. The deceased was an old man, and a stranger hereabouts.

The schooner H. R. Emmerson sailed from Hillsboro on Saturday, with deals from St. John. The Wawbeck, Edgett, is at the breakwater, laden with 30 cords of kilnwood for Rockland, Me. The three-master, Waterside, Captain Pye, is lying at the breakwater, yet unchartered.

Hopewell Hill, April 4.—Goodwin's mill, which was moved from Memele to Beaver Brook on Saturday, is sawing for Messrs. Calhoun of that place. McLean's 600,000 lbs are all at the stream and the mill will start in a short time.

Capt. Hannan Wilbur and crew went to St. John on Monday to bring the Water Lily up the bay. Capt. A. Stiles and Mate O. G. Kinney went to Annapolis last week to start the schooner Victory, which has been laid up at that port. The Victory will carry boards to Boston. Chester Peck's little steamer, which he has been building and towing purposes on the Petitcodiac river, is nearing completion. The wood work is being done by Capt. Allen Peck. The engine and machinery have been ordered from Waring, White & Co. of St. John. An expected up-righting of Mr. Peck's enterprise is commendable, and the citizens of Shepody hope the venture will prove a success. Water communication with Moncton in a direct and regular way is very desirable and will prove profitable to all.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Rufus Tingley of Albert took place yesterday morning and was largely attended.

Golden Rule division, No. 51, S. of T., which was organized on March 26, 1895, recently celebrated its 45th anniversary at the lodge rooms at the Hill. An interesting programme was presented of the large number of charter mem-

bers nine are still living, two, Chas. H. Moore and Robt. Newcombe, being residents of this village. The division was organized by the present Judge Steadman, and the charter bears the signatures of S. L. (now Sir Leonard) Tingley, grand worthy patriarch, and A. Campbell, grand scribe. The officers of this division for the ensuing quarter are: Ella K. Moore, W. P.; Marlner M. Tingley, W. A.; Henry A. Peck, R. S.; Annie Newcombe, A. R. S.; Herbert L. Brewster, F. S.; G. M. Peck, Treas.; C. M. Lawson, chap.; Donald M. Moore, con.; Aurelia Tingley, A. C.; Linda Tingley, I. S.; Hiram Smith, O. S.; J. M. Tingley, P. W. P.

Much interest is manifested in the special meetings now in progress in connection with the Methodist church under the leadership of Evangelist Hunter.

Michael Murphy, a former resident of this village, who has spent the last nine years in the States, arrived home by yesterday's train, probably to remain.

The intelligence has been received of the death at Barronsfield, N. S., of Mr. Read, father of Capt. James Read of Hopewell Cape. The deceased was 82 years of age.

The schooner Ohio, Gough, sails tonight's tide with deals for St. John. The Ohio yesterday donned a new fore-sail and jib, to replace those blown away last fall.

Gulton Tingley of Caledonia, who was very ill a few weeks ago, and was apparently on the verge of death, is now very little hopes are entertained of his recovery.

Hopewell Hill, April 5.—Wild geese, maple candy and the first wagon of the season made their appearance today.

Mrs. Lucy E. Turner of Harvey is shipping pressed hay from Daniel's station. She has the Cubans an opportunity to dispatch an expedition from Key West or one of the islands in the vicinity. There are 250 young Cubans here waiting an opportunity to embark.

Gen. Sanchez, who successfully landed in Cuba, an expedition from one of the Florida Keys in the last revolution, is here.

Havana, April 2.—There is keen anticipation now among the Cubans, and will be for some days to come. Gen. Martinez Campos, with a couple of million dollars in cash, a lot of troops, and a large personal prestige, is now on the ocean and bending sail hither.

Great will be the day and large the occasion when Campos again sets foot on Cuban soil, to put down another rebellion. The people here are expecting him and anticipate with anxious interest his coming. To an on-looker, however, the interest among unofficial people seems to arise more from the anticipation of the payment and the clatter of bright metal, than from any consciousness that Campos is needed here. Havana, always accustomed to military, has not been vivified by the landing of the troops from Spain. The repression of the Havana papers results in ignorance of details, if not of facts, from the eastern districts, and so while the people look on and are interested in the show before them, they feel they have no personal part in the matter and are indeed quite content to leave all fatigue of activity to those who must act.

Meanwhile during the week, there will be a lesser diversion, furnished by the arrival of about 2,000 more Spanish troops. The utmost vigilance is exercised by the government to prevent the landing in Cuba of the rebel leaders who are in other parts. The government especially and definitely desired to intercept Maceo, whom the officials profess to believe has not effected a landing on Cuban soil. There is private information in this city, however, that Maceo is now on the island and that other leaders will come later. This Cuban negro, Maceo, a veteran of the last rebellion, is said to be the able man, a shrewd tactician in the chapparal and very brave. He is to the official house here the boy man of the insurrection. The movement of the rebels make proof that the plan announced in these despatches as the one laid out by their leaders, is being consistently followed. They appear and disappear. They make a sortie against some village and, if troops appear, they hustle away out of sight. They have alarmed the inhabitants and they have harassed the troops, whose officers telegraph the governor general that his officials profess to believe that the rebels have made after "a group" (that is the governmental designation of rebel forces), and routed the enemy, who "ran away," another technical designation of disappearance of the rebels.

It is a fact that there are on this island between 5,000 and 6,000 rebels, who have rifles and cartridges within their reach. The government may scout this statement, but it is true, and the plan of campaign is to wait. The leaders know better than to openly oppose the five or six thousand men with superior forces, when climate and sickness are relied upon as allies a little later on.

"Why don't the rebels pitch in and do something before all the Spanish troops reach here?" is a question asked by opponents of the rebellion here. The answer is that while engaging the forces now here the rebels would suffer losses not to be mended, and upon their weakened forces would be constantly coming more fresh troops from Spain.

"Let Spain get here all she intends to send, and then we will play hide and seek with them, aided by climatic conditions, we can combine all our forces and strike a decisive blow at the sickening and climate worn forces of Spain."

That is about the reply that the insurrectionists would make to criticism of their lack of aggressive activity. Already the government troops are scouring through Manzanillo, and Col Santo has just telegraphed the governor here as to what action shall be taken in the event of the rebels in big or little groups desiring to surrender. Clearly Santo expects success to guard the plantations.

Madrid, April 7.—The Cuban home rule party here has issued a manifesto, condemning the rebellion in Cuba, expressing loyalty to Spain and protesting assistance to crush the rising. The latest official despatches received here declare that the rebellion is exaggerated by the local authorities in Cuba, inasmuch as it is confined to

THE REBELS ACTIVE.

Agents of the Cuban Revolutionists Looking for Men.

United States Revenue Cutter Sent Out on the Watch.

Gen. Campos to Lead the Spanish Troops Against the Revolutionists.

Jacksonville, Fla., April 7.—A special despatch from Birmingham, Ala., to the Citizen, says that agents of the Cuban revolution are in Birmingham, Montgomery, Mobile, and other points and are secretly offering good wages to able-bodied men to join a filibustering expedition soon to start from Florida. The agent at Birmingham desires to secure two hundred men there, and it is reported that nearly that number have been secured. He claims the revolutionists have amply funds and are gaining ground steadily. He believes that when Cuban crop is harvested thousands of laborers will join the revolutionists, and the united forces will soon drive the Spanish forces from the island.

Key West, April 7.—The revenue cutter McLeane, Capt. Wiley, left here yesterday to investigate the reports of the organization of an expedition by the Cubans. The expedition, it is reported, would sail from Tampa Bay or Punta. The McLeane will visit both places on her trip north. The report is thought by some to be a ruse to get the McLeane away in order to hamper the inquiries of the Cuban agents to dispatch an expedition from Key West or one of the islands in the vicinity.

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NOVA.

A Big Joint Meeting Court House.

THE UPPER NILE.

British Trespass in the Territory Discussed in the French Chamber.

Paris, April 5.—In the senate today, M. Hanotaux, minister of foreign affairs, replied to the statement made in the British house of commons on March 28 by Sir Edward Grey, parliamentary secretary of the British foreign office, in regard to the Anglo-French situation in Africa, which statement was called forth by the complaint by the British Royal Niger company that the French expeditions were trespassing on the territory of the Upper Nile valley that is under British protection. M. Hanotaux said that the French opposed the contention of the Niger company that it has the right to monopolize commerce into and prohibit the transit of its entire territory. In regard to the Upper Nile valley, France maintains that the Khedive of Egypt is the legitimate master of these regions, and she therefore demands from Great Britain an explanation of what territory she claims. France wants to know where Egyptian influence ends and British influence begins. Great Britain's claims on this point are most vague.

France has been unable to obtain an explanation, and when the inquiries were pressed Great Britain has broken off the negotiations. There could not, however, be a question of aggressive action or peremptory orders when so many complex problems were involved, of which many diverse solutions might be usefully considered.

M. Hanotaux added: "Nobody can wish to hamper the initiatives of the brave explorers of these countries, but when the time comes to decide the ultimate destiny of these regions we believe that the rights of the Sultan of Turkey and the Khedive of Egypt should be respected, and that there should be reserved to each what belongs to him."

"The two great nations, France and Great Britain, will find means to reconcile their interests and satisfy their common aspirations towards civilization and progress."

OSCAR WILDE ARRESTED.

A Verdict of Not Guilty in the Marquis of Queensberry's Case.

Oscar Afterwards Arrested in the Cadogan Hotel and Released.

London, April 5.—The suit of Oscar Wilde v. the Marquis of Queensberry came to a sudden and unexpected termination this morning shortly after the third day's proceedings were commenced in the Old Bailey before Justice Collins. The jury, acting upon instructions, returned a verdict of not guilty, coupled with the statement that the justification set up as a defence by the Marquis of Queensberry was true in substance and in fact, and that the statement complained of was published for the public good.

At the close of the proceedings it became known that it was momentarily expected that a warrant for the arrest of Oscar Wilde had been issued and he was later arrested at the Cadogan hotel. Wilde had called at the Cadogan hotel with a couple of friends, when at half-past six o'clock a detective walked into the office and asked for him. The officer was told that Wilde was not staying there, but he was not to be put off with any such explanation and insisted whether Wilde was staying there or not that the man he wanted to see was there.

The clerk thereupon showed him to the room where Wilde was sitting down. The officer at once told him that he was under arrest and bade him prepare to accompany him. Wilde said nothing, but immediately went with the detective, who took him to Scotland yard, where the warrant was read.

The prisoner remained silent throughout these proceedings. He was taken to Bow street and placed in the dock of the police station. Here he stood with his hands in his pockets while the charge against him was being taken. The prisoner made no reply. He was then searched, after which he was locked in a cell. Shortly after the prisoner was lodged up one of his friends arrived in a carriage at the station with a small Gladstone bag containing a change of clothing and other necessities, but the police refused to permit him to leave it. Later Lord Alfred Douglas went to the police station and inquired whether Wilde could be admitted to bail. The police inspector explained that Wilde had been arrested for a criminal offence, which did not allow bail being accepted until he had been arraigned in court. Lord Alfred was greatly distressed by this information.

The prisoner will be allowed to receive food from a hotel until tomorrow, when he will be arraigned in court on a charge involving a penal offence.

London, April 6.—The Leader publishes an interview with Lord Douglas in relation to the Wilde scandal. Lord Douglas said: "Myself and every member of the family except my father disbelieve absolutely and entirely all the charges. We think them simply part of the persecution father has carried on against us as long as I can remember, and that Mr. Wilde and his counsel are to blame for not showing, as they could have done, that that was the fact."

HAD NOT BOTHERED HIM.

(New York Weekly.)

Young Hudson (laying down a comic paper)—All this tomfoolery about woman's extravagance makes me tired. We have been married two months and you haven't asked me for a cent.

Young wife—Of course not. What would be the use of bothering you with every little thing I want, when it's so much easier to have the things charged?

THE NECESSITY OF "EVERY DAY," AND NO "EVERY SECOND."

This engraving is the result of an expert report of the practical experience of a short, contented, no large classes, the best of the over thing I want, when it's so much easier to have the things charged?

SHORTHAN.

The necessity of "every day," and no "every second." This engraving is the result of an expert report of the practical experience of a short, contented, no large classes, the best of the over thing I want, when it's so much easier to have the things charged?

GURRIE'S BUREAU.

The necessity of "every day," and no "every second." This engraving is the result of an expert report of the practical experience of a short, contented, no large classes, the best of the over thing I want, when it's so much easier to have the things charged?

THE WEEKLY SUN, \$1.00 a Year.

THE WEEKLY SUN. ST. JOHN, N. B., APRIL 10, 1895.

THE BY-ELECTIONS.

The four by-election campaigns now in progress will be closed the day before the meeting of parliament. The constituencies are all close ones, but at present it does not appear that there is to be a party fight in Quebec west. The constituency of Vercheres, near Montreal, is vacated by the death of Hon. Felix Geoffrion, a supporter of Mr. Laurier, and former associate of Mr. Mackenzie in the liberal ministry. Mr. Geoffrion was nine times elected and never defeated in Vercheres, and represented the constituency for thirty-two years. His majority at the last general election was 168 in a poll of 2,600 votes. In the previous election it had been 124, but in 1882 he was only 19 ahead. It will be seen that the seat is one which the opposition might fairly claim unless Mr. Geoffrion was stronger than his party. Another Mr. Geoffrion, one of the leaders of the Montreal bar, succeeds his namesake as the grit candidate.

Haldimand is proverbially a fighting constituency, though until Dr. Montague's time it was not a happy hunting ground for the liberal conservatives. The late Col. Thompson, an old time liberal, sat for the constituency before confederation. He was re-elected in 1867 and by acclamation in 1872 and 1874. In 1878 Mr. Nicholas Flood Davin laid siege to the county on behalf of Sir John Macdonald, but even in that year, when nearly all Ontario went for the chieftain, Haldimand stood fast. In 1882 Mr. Thompson was once more elected, this time by the reduced majority of 126. Toward the end of this term Mr. Thompson died and a by-election took place, in which Mr. C. W. Colter, also an opponent of Sir John Macdonald, was elected. As this contest took place shortly before the general election a great deal was made of it, and the expression "Haldimand has spoken" was much heard in the land. Haldimand spoke in another tone in 1887, when Dr. Montague, then under thirty years old and unknown outside his county, entered upon his political struggles. The doctor was the first liberal conservative to carry the seat, and he had only a majority of one. There was some dispute about even that majority, and the election was voided. Later in the year the doctor was again elected by a majority of 17, and after prolonged litigation was again unseated. In 1889 Mr. Colter was elected by a majority of 46 over Dr. Montague, who in his turn successfully protested the election. In the following by-election Dr. Montague was returned. A year later the general election took place, when the same opponents met again, Dr. Montague winning with a majority of 78. He has now vacated the seat by the acceptance of office and entering on his sixth contest since 1887. At present it appears that he will be opposed by a McCarthyite, who will of course be supported by the regular opposition. Though Antigonish three times returned Sir John Thompson to Ottawa, it cannot be called a liberal conservative constituency. Notwithstanding the late premier's great personal strength, and the fact that he had represented the county in the legislature he had only 40 majority in the general election of 1887. In 1891, when he was recognized as one of the leading minds in the government, and stood next to the premier, he had a majority of 230, but this was largely a personal vote. In 1882, when Sir John Thompson was not in the field, though the government candidate was a strong man, the opposition majority in Antigonish was 333, and four years before, when two grits ran against one liberal conservative, the latter was 131 votes behind the successful candidate. In 1874 the county went grit by acclamation. It will be seen that those effusive liberal conservative journals at a distance which talk about a government walk-over in Antigonish are not well informed. We should say that the Antigonish fight is the hardest for the government of the four. The government candidate is a young and inexperienced politician, though as fine a man as can be found anywhere. He has against him a tried and hitherto successful campaigner, probably the strongest man in the local grit ranks. Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper and his comrades will make a grand contest, and there is reason to expect that the county may be held. But it is no more a walk-over than Haldimand or Vercheres.

A MODERN INSTANCE.

The Marquis of Queensbury is generally supposed to be the essence of propriety and morality. But in the suit between Oscar Wilde and himself, in which their character and reputation were involved, the marquis has scored a triumph over the aesthete. Under the worst construction that can be put upon the facts presented against Oscar Wilde, he would not be unfit for the highest social circle in that classic Greece of which he is so fond.

This fact is worth considering when one hears so much said of modern immoralities. The man who would go to an English prison amid the execration of the mob might have reclined at the table with Socrates and his friends and discussed in a matter of fact way as common occurrences the practices which the English criminal classes are ashamed even to think of. Oscar Wilde is, however, a man who uses words for their sound and because his literary masters used them. He may be misled by the Philistines, as he calls them. At the worst he would only be restoring, as far as he could, the life of a cultivated Greek at a time when the national spirit was low though the love of art and beauty prevailed. It is pleasant to look back on classic life, even in its best aspects, through the softening distance of the centuries than to find some of its every day occurrences revealed to us through the Pagan apostles of our time. Christianity has not made the world perfect, but Christian nations, with all their faults, are in a far higher plain of morality and decency than the best of nations of antiquity. There are some respects in which the blackguard of the modern slum lives a better life than the philosopher of the classic days. What the rough lacks in intellectual gift, in artistic taste, and in self-control, he makes up in a sturdier manliness and greater simplicity.

NOT SO SMALL.

A New England contemporary speaks of the proposed union of "little Newfoundland" with Canada. Newfoundland is not so little as this editor thinks. The island is more than two-thirds as large as all the New England states, and exceeds in area Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island, New Hampshire and Vermont put together. But with Newfoundland goes Labrador, with an area of 120,000 square miles. Newfoundland and Labrador together are equal in size to the six New England states, with New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey thrown in. It may appear at present that Labrador does not amount to much as a possession. As yet, however, very little is known about it, except that it has valuable fisheries. It seems certain that there are good timber lands in the interior, and it is not improbable that Labrador has great mineral wealth. The time was when Alaska was hardly thought worth the taking. But now it is one of the most valuable possessions of the republic. Newfoundland may not at present be in funds. But she is not little and is not without great national wealth.

THE COST OF DEFENCE.

The British admiralty is spending \$4,500,000 on the construction and equipment of the battle ship Magnificent, which was floated out of dock last December. But the cost of ships is not the only heavy item in the current expenditure applicable to the navy. The estimates include a naval barracks at Chatham to cost 1,800,000. At Devonport the quay and dockyard extension will enclose 41 acres, and the outlay proposed is \$10,000,000. This belongs to last year's programme. The new works to be undertaken include a breakwater at Portland Harbour, which can only be protected from torpedo attack by a physical barrier. The area of the harbor within the breakwater will be 1,450 acres. The estimated cost of the works is \$3,500,000, to be distributed over ten years. A like sum is to be spent in extending the mole at Gibraltar 3,200 feet, giving an acreage of 260 at five fathom depth. The Dover pier is to be made 9,300 feet longer. For barracks at Portsmouth over \$3,000,000 is asked. Large extensions are proposed to the naval works at Hong Kong. The whole programme of dock and harbor work yet to be constructed represents an outlay of \$45,000,000, half of which was sanctioned last year by parliament.

THE TURK.

The reports of correspondents whom the English papers have sent to the scene of the Armenian outrages seem to establish beyond all doubt the essential truth of the first story of the massacres. It appears to be quite probable that there were revolutionists and troublemaker people among the Armenians, but nothing could justify the barbarities inflicted on the whole population by the Turkish soldiers and Kurds. The letters to the London Telegraph are a ghastly rehearsal of the most revolting and inhuman butchery of men, women and children. The torture and slaughter of babes before the eyes of their parents, the brutal assaults on women and girls, the mutilation and slow murder of the chief men in the villages, and the promiscuous butchery of whole communities after the soldiers became weary of special acts of cruelty, are old stories in Turkish history. But the civilized world does not get accustomed to this sort of thing, and there is not much likelihood that the sultan's subjects will ever have another chance to chastise the Armenians.

MR. BLAKE. The Chronicle is kind enough to tell us that Mr. Blake "is in hearty accord with the free trade policy of the liberal party." The last declaration which Mr. Blake made on the question of the liberal policy was given to the public in March 1891. At that time the ex-leader declared that he could not support the trade and tariff programme, and that he therefore withdrew from his connection with the party. If he is now in hearty accord with the policy, the policy must have changed, and this both Sir Richard Cartwright and Mr. Laurier deny. The Chronicle may be clever, but it is not able to convince us that the policy which drove Mr. Blake from his party was one with which he was in hearty accord.

SWAT.

Great Britain is engaged in one of the periodical border wars in India. We have heard more of Swat since the beginning of the Chitral campaign than at any time since Lanigan wrote his famous eulogy on the death of the late lamented Akound. Those who supposed that "the Akound of Swat" was a ruler invented for the sake of the poem, will find the familiar term in the war despatches. The Swats do not appear at present in an agreeable light, and though they are good fighters, they seem to be getting the worst of the struggle. In fact, there is now reason to say of them what Lanigan wrote of the Akound, "he knows what's Swat."

REV. DR. McLEOD RECEIVED.

He Makes No Announcement in Regard to the Commission's Finding. -Eulogistic Speeches. Montreal, April 6.-A reception under the auspices of Union Council, No. 85, Royal Templars of Temperance, was tendered last evening in the Y. M. C. A. parlour to Rev. Jos. McLeod, D. D., of Fredericton, N. B., in recognition of his services to the cause of temperance while a member of the Royal Commission on the Liquor Traffic during the past three years.

Some of those present expected that Rev. Mr. McLeod would say something as to the nature of the report handed to the government, the commission now concluded its labors, but he refrained from doing so, merely stating that it would be known in due time. The chair was occupied by Major Bond, and on the platform were his lordship Bishop Bond and the guest of the evening. Major Bond said they were assembled to do honor to a gentleman, a minister of the church and one who fulfilled a still more important office, having been selected to represent a certain section of citizens on the Royal Commission on the Liquor Traffic. He (Major Bond) had no doubt that the faith in the publicists taken and the sentiments thus endorsed by the majority of the people. There had been those who thought that the commission ought not to have been supported. But the temperance people were not afraid of the fact, and were glad to have on the commission someone who had their confidence. At the close of an exceedingly protracted session, Rev. Dr. McLeod had arrived at certain conclusions. They had all been struck at the unbiased and yet firm and perfectly fair manner in which Dr. McLeod had brought to light the evidence while the investigation was going on. They believed throughout that the results obtained, and which Dr. McLeod had endorsed, must be for the good of the country and to the satisfaction of those present, because coming from him they were true and honest. Mr. Kelly sang a song entitled "Thousands Go to Nameless Graves Through Drink, after which the Right Rev. Bishop Bond spoke a few words. His lordship said he was conscious that he had on the commission someone who had done his duty with tact, diligence, boldness and courage, and they were there to congratulate him. Miss Hollis sang a solo and Rev. Mr. Mowat spoke a few complimentary words. Amongst the other speakers, all of whom had something kind to say about Rev. Dr. McLeod, were Rev. Messrs. Rysman, Hunter, McGilligan, and Messrs. J. H. Spicer, Moulton and Ald. McBride. In reply, Rev. Dr. McLeod said he wished that the words said of him were as true as the speakers seemed to believe them to be, for he could not endorse all that had been said regarding himself. He was glad the duties of the commission were over, for he would now return home to his duty, at which he would be better pleased. "I proposed to free my mind," said Rev. Dr. McLeod, "from all prepossessions on this question when the investigation was begun and enter into it as a student and be impressed by the facts ascertained, and if they were diametrically opposed to my previous persuasions to be man enough to say so (applause)-and by the help of God I have endeavored to pursue that course. I have nothing to say about the result. In due time that will be known. I can only say that the conscience God has given me I have put into the work, having a sense of the profound responsibility that was upon me. This can be said altogether aside from the findings. There has been gathered together a mass of information that must necessarily be invaluable-I was about to say, for all time. I think the commission has succeeded in providing what may be regarded as a text book on this question, to which the student may turn with confidence and find there, more or less, carefully collected facts bearing on every phase of this very important question. I shall now turn home to duties more congenial with a great deal of pleasure, but I hope to be interested in this matter all through my life." The proceedings concluded with the benediction by the lord bishop.

THE TERMS OF PEACE.

They Were Delivered to the Chinese Envoy on April 1st.

Persons on the Island of Formosa fear Deserter by Pekin Authorities.

Cholera Has Made Its Appearance Amongst the Japanese Troops.

London, April 8.-The correspondent of the Times at Hong Kong in a despatch to that paper, which will be published tomorrow, says that the Chinese of the Island of Formosa are disaffected, thinking that their exclusion from the armistice indicates that they will be deserted by the Pekin authorities, and the foreigners on that island believe that the Japanese would be welcome after a slight resistance. There is great fear at Canton as to the prospect of an attack upon the part of the Japanese. The precautions taken to prevent a Japanese approach have caused the suspension of the night traffic on the river.

San Francisco, Cal., April 8.-The following advices were received today by the steamer from Tokio: Early peace is confidently expected by the leaders of the Japanese government, although not the withdrawal of the Japanese forces in China. It is of first importance, are strongly convinced that China earnestly desires to close the war at once. If the ambassadors' powers are curtailed it is in consequence of a deliberate intent to drive the people, but it is almost incredible that the Chinese government should invite further disasters by needlessly irritating their antagonists at this subject. The unconditional and almost absolute submission of the Pekin rulers, their open disavowal of blame, the promptness in yielding every preliminary suggestion have aroused some distrust, but Ito and Mutsu still believe in the validity of Li's mission.

Prince Komatsu, chief of the imperial staff, is appointed commander in chief of the Japanese forces in China and ordered to proceed to Port Arthur. A considerable part of the staff now at Hirochima goes with him. This step is regarded as preliminary to the emperor's progress to China. At the urgent appeal of Prince Kung China has caused an edict to be circulated throughout his empire, announcing that hereafter officers shall not suffer death as a punishment for losing battles, but shall be given opportunity for regaining the sovereign's favor, but if it is proved that in retreating they devastate the regions through which they pass or murder the people their heads shall be forfeited. Prince Kung has submitted a memorandum in which the calamities of China are attributed to her own errors of government and to her blindness to the progress of other nations.

London, April 8.-The Times tomorrow will publish a despatch from Bakan, near Shimonski, dated April 4th, saying that peace negotiations are progressing favorably. The terms demanded by the Japanese were delivered to Li Hung Chang on April 1st, and are now under consideration. The correspondent adds: "This seems to be a mere formality covering a surrender to the Japanese. The latter are not public until the protocol is promptly suppressed for making a premature disclosure respecting the armistice. Increased precautions are being taken to protect missions and railway passengers entering the town of Bakan, where the mission is quartered, must carry a permit and must submit to being searched. The place is crowded with soldiers and police and the mission, including its American adviser, John W. Foster and his staff, is confined to a narrow area in the centre of the town. The vicary's health is good and he is working hard.

London, April 8.-The Times tomorrow will publish a despatch from Kobe saying that it is reported there that cholera has broken out among the Japanese troops at the Fuzhou islands. It is a thing of this kind that cholera has occurred and cases of this number one hundred persons have died from the disease.

WIVES WANTED.

Two Young Englishmen in Annapolis Advertising for Life Partners.

Digby, April 8.-Two young Englishmen, who but recently arrived in America and settled here, are advertising for wives. If their advertisement is to be considered seriously, both are fine, handsome fellows, with dark complexions, stalwart forms and warm, loving dispositions. That they are not fortune seekers is evident by the assertion that wealth is no object, but from the fact that photos must be exchanged, it is equally clear that none but the fairest of the fair need apply. No doubt many of the blushing applicants will think this affair savors of the western romance, but all such should remember that as a rule most very young Englishmen think that in coming to Nova Scotia they have reached the back of the beyond.

GRIFFIN KNOCKED OUT.

Montreal, April 8.-The contest for the middle-weight championship took place tonight at Sohier park, between Costello and Griffin, the latter being knocked out in three rounds.

ARRESTED IN BANGOR.

Charged With Stealing From the Residences of C. S. Lunt and E. R. Burpee.

Bangor, April 8.-The police today arrested James Barber on a charge of breaking and entering and larceny. They also arrested F. W. Doherty for receiving stolen goods. Barber, it is said, is a deserter from the English States army in the civil war. He has for some time been employed as coachman by various Bangor families. The thefts cover a period of two years and consist of a seal ring saque taken from the residence of C. S. Lunt, silverware and ladies' wearing apparel from the residence of E. R. Burpee, and other articles from different parties, the whole amounting in value to about \$500. Barber is supposed to have sold the goods to Doherty, who is a Front street saloon keeper. The information was given by Doherty's little daughter, who went to the police station last night and told the story. A search was made of Doherty's premises and most of the stolen property recovered. Barber has served a term of six months in jail for larceny. The hearing will be tomorrow.

MET A HORRIBLE DEATH.

A Gloucester Schooner's Rough Experience.

Halifax, N. S., April 8.-Eleven of the crew of the Gloucester schr. Besse M. Wells, arrived this evening on the steamer St. Pierre. At midnight on the 27th of March, the schooner, sir "k roc" near Burn Island, Newfoundland, a huge wave swept her off the rock into deep water. The night was very dark and a turbulent sea was running. With the exception of one man, Alfred Clausen, the crew decided to remain on the vessel till morning. They considered it impossible for a boat to live in such a surf. Clausen left the vessel in a dory shortly after she struck. The dory was ground to pieces in the breakers and Clausen met a horrible death. Parts of his body were washed ashore. The vessel was leaking badly. Captain Olsen and four of the men took the schooner to St. Pierre for repairs. The remainder of the crew were sent to Halifax, and will be forwarded to Boston.

THE SUGAR BOUNTY.

The West India Committee of London Issue a Circular on the Subject.

Washington, April 7.-Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British ambassador, has furnished to the department of state a copy of a circular issued by the West India committee of London concerning sugar production. The ambassador explains that it is not to be regarded as an expression of opinion by the various governments, but only of the committee's views. The circular calls attention to the fact that the sugar industry, beet as well as cane, is passing through a crisis of the most serious description, and expresses the hope that in attempting to provide a remedy the various governments will avoid taking any steps which may aggravate the crisis instead of relieving it. It is shown that while the production is increasing at the rate of a million tons per year, the consumption grows slowly, the rate being only 250,000 tons per annum. Naturally prices are depressed and the bounty system is ascribed as the cause of this state of affairs. Therefore, it advocates the entire abolition of the bounty and the stimulation of consumption by the reduction of the duties levied on sugar, which are excessive in Europe and prevent the people as a whole from using sugar.

CLEVELAND ANGRY.

He Replies in no Uncertain Tone to a Methodist Clergyman.

Washington, April 7.-When he reported of the speech made in the New England Methodist conference at Salem, Mass., last week by Rev. L. J. Lansing, D. D., of Boston and his subsequent published interview, accusing the president of intemperance, was shown to Mr. Cleveland this evening, he said with considerable warmth: "This is simply outrageous. It is not the first time a thing of this kind has been attempted. I cannot avoid a feeling of indignation that any man who makes claim to decency and especially one who assumes the role of a Christian minister, should permit himself to become a disseminator of wholesale lies and calumnies, not less so that they are cruel and wicked."

RELIABLE FERTILIZERS.

The Provincial Chemical Fertilizer Co. of St. John have established a high reputation for their products, the sale of which is consequently steadily increasing. The best proof that their fertilizers do all that is claimed for them is found in the fact that farmers who have used them one season are sure to order them again the following year. Their special potato phosphate is having a great run. Its merits are endorsed by many of the leading farmers in all parts of the maritime provinces. The name of the company is placed on every package turned out, so as to protect customers from worthless imitations. Farmers on writing to the office of the company, 89 Water street, St. John, will receive a pamphlet giving much valuable information about fertilizers and all kinds and how to use them.

"Madame, I am soliciting for home charities. We have hundreds of poor, ragged, vicious children, like those at your gate, and -" "Sir, those children are mine," and the slamming of the door could be heard in the next street.

VETERINARY DEPARTMENT.

Conducted By St. W. Manchester, V. S., St. John, N. B.

The Weekly Sun takes pleasure in notifying its readers that it has perfected arrangements with J. W. Manchester, V. S., whereby all questions with respect to diseases of the lower animals will be answered by him, and treatment prescribed in those cases where it is asked for through the columns of the Sun. All enquiries must be addressed: VETERINARY DEPARTMENT, Weekly Sun, St. John, N. B.

I. D.-I am a reader of the Weekly Sun and much interested in the Veterinary Department. I have a five year old gelding, used for truck work. About ten weeks ago noticed a lump on his hip, about three inches from the spine and about two and one half inches from hip front. On lancing lump a large quantity of matter escaped. I washed it, well with a five per cent. solution of carbolic acid and have kept it clean since. It keeps discharging. A few days ago I probed it and put in a solution of bluestone. I don't know how he hurt himself, but may have run against something. We are far from any town or city, and no one seems to know anything about it. Is there any hope for the horse? He eats well and it does not make him lame.

Ans.-Although difficult to give a definite opinion of such a case without seeing it, still I can see no reason why a cure cannot be effected. Probe wound carefully to the bottom; then with a sharp knife make a free incision so as to allow the free escape of pus from the most exposed part of the abscess. Wash the abscess out daily for several days with two per cent. solution of carbolic sublimate, to be followed by daily use of one of the same carbolic solutions that you have been using. Also, once daily apply a little of the following lotion: Plumbi acetate, drams six; zinc sulphate, drams six; water, a pint. The last is not a chemically correct formula, but you will find it useful. I would like to know how the case progresses.

A B.-My horse, four years old, fell and cut his tongue with his teeth. The end of the tongue is hanging to the rest by a narrow strip. Please advise me.

Ans.-Remove the end of the tongue; keep the mouth clean, and wash the wound with a saturated solution of boracic acid. Feed on sloppy food.

J. B.-I am one who takes the Weekly Sun and takes an interest in reading the questions about horses and the answers given in the Veterinary Department. I have a few nice horses and colts and would like you to answer the following questions: 1st.-Will it do a horse or colt any injury to eat the hair they shed at this season of the year and which get mixed in their hay and in the bedding? 2.-Please tell me a good home remedy for worms.

No. 3.-Do you think it a good plan to put harness on a spirited yearling colt?

Ans.-No. 1-I never saw any injury to horse or colt from hair in hay or bedding. If, however, any quantity was taken it would be decidedly injurious. No. 2.-Take spas. terbiach, oz. 2. oil. Felix mosc, dram 1; oil savin, dram 1; mix. Divide into three doses and give a dose every second day in a little new milk and on an empty stomach. No. 3.-Not a bad plan, if done gently.

BALFOUR SAILS FOR HOME.

He Left Buenos Ayres Last Week to Stand Trial in London.

Buenos Ayres, April 7.-Jabez Spencer Balfour, whose extradition to England was granted a few days ago, sailed hence this morning on the steamer Tartar Prince. Despite the fact that it was generally believed that he made enormous sums of money out of the building society in which he was interested, he is said to have left Buenos Ayres in a penniless condition. Miss Freeman, who was his companion in this country, will follow him tomorrow, sailing on the str. Maori.

Ever since it was learned that Balfour had fled to Argentina after the collapse of the Liberator Building society and allied concerns he British government made efforts to secure his extradition. The charge on which his extradition was sought was that he had fraudulently obtained £20,000 from the House and Land Investment Trust Co. He recently denied that he has any connection with the Liberator society, claiming that he had resigned from the directorate about ten years ago. Prior to his flight from England, Balfour was a member of the house of commons in the liberal interest, and was a prominent church member. The failure of the building society referred to caused widespread suffering, hundreds of persons having invested every penny they had in the world in the concern. When the crash came they were ruined, and public subscriptions were taken up for their relief. Several of those charged with being responsible for the collapse are now on trial in London.

HOME RULE.

John Sweetman Claims the Liberals are Shelving the Question.

London, April 7.-John Sweetman, who was returned to the house of commons from the east division of Wickslow in the anti-Parnellite interest, will accept the stewardship of the Chiltern hundreds, which is tantamount to resigning his seat. He will then seek re-election as a Redmondite. Mr. Sweetman complains that the liberals are shelving the home rule question.

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DEPARTMENT.

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through difficult to give a solution of such a kind, still I can see no reason cannot be effected. Probe carefully to the bottom; then sharp knife make a free incision to allow the free escape of the most exposed part of the wash the abscess out daily all days with two percent of corrosive sublimate, to be by daily use of one of the best solutions that you have. Also, once daily apply the following lotion: Potassium permanganate, 1/2 ounce; water, a pint. The last is especially correct formula, but find it useful. I would like how the case progresses.

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CITY NEWS.

The Chief Events of the Week in St. John.

Together With Country Items from Correspondents and Exchanges

When ordering the address of your WEEKLY SUN to be changed, send the NAME of the POST OFFICE to which the paper is going as well as that of the office to which you wish it sent.

Remember! The NAME of the Post Office must be sent in all cases to ensure prompt compliance with your request.

St. John is soon to have a valuable addition to its good horses. A hackney stallion, the best bred horse of his kind that ever came to Canada, is coming here, having been purchased by L. Berryman.

A unanimous invitation from the Marysville Methodist church has been extended to their pastor, Rev. W. W. Lodge, to remain a fourth year. He has accepted, subject to the sanction of the stationing committee.

Mrs. L. S. Vanwart and family wish to express their sincere thanks to their many friends whose kind and sympathetic words have afforded so much consolation under the heavy affliction they have just experienced.

Letters patent have been granted incorporating E. C. Eldin, Wm. Wheeler, C. F. Kinnear, C. J. Purdy, C. T. Bailey, of St. John, and C. W. Davis of Waterville, Me., as the Greater Company, Ltd., with capital stock of \$25,000 in \$25 shares.

It is understood that the Canadian Pacific Railway company have contracted with the Supply Hill Mining company for the full supply of coal required by the Atlantic division for the next two years. The price is very low. The coal will all be landed at Sand Point, Carleton, and not at St. Andrews.

C. R. Fisher, organist in St. Andrew's church, has tendered his resignation, to take place July 1st. Mr. Fisher has not been a resident of the city long, but all musical critics have already recognized in him a very clever musician. It is hoped he will not find it necessary to leave St. John.

A telegram received Friday morning from Winona, Minnesota, announces the sad news of the death of Mrs. Mary Pickles, wife of Fred H. Pickles, civil engineer. No particulars are given. Mrs. Pickles was the daughter of the late Edward Elliott of High street. The deceased was to visit her home next month.

The will of the late William Causey has been admitted to probate. The estate is valued at \$2,000 real and \$5,000 personal. The sum of \$100 is left to John Connell and \$500 to Ida McKee. The residue goes to the widow and children. The executors are Eliza J. Causey, A. G. Bowes, E. T. C. Knowles and Robert Maxwell.

The causes of death reported at the Board of Health office for the week ending April 7th were: Bronchitis, 2; phthisis pulmonalis, 2; congestion of lungs, 2; old age, 1; apoplexy, 1; diabetes, 1; pleurisy, 1; pneumonia, 1; influenza, 1; weak heart, 1; epistaxis, 1; heart disease, 1; spinal disease, 1; cerebral hemorrhage, 1; pulmonary consumption, 1; pulmonary congestion, 1; total, 20.

The provincial government has closed with the Imperial Trust Co. of Toronto for the sale of \$100,000 of four per cent bonds at a premium of 2.25. Of the amount issued, \$10,000 will be used towards retiring six per cent bonds about maturing, and probably the remainder will be used in connection with the construction of steel bridges under authority of acts of the legislature.

Jos. McDonald and Kane & McGrath have received 95 head of Canadian cattle for the Easter trade. They can be seen at the agricultural barn on Marsh road, and are an extra fine lot. Among the choicest are 25 steers three-year-old, weighing 1,500 lbs. each, 12 heifers of 1,400 and a lot of fine two-year-old heifers and steers of 1,200 lbs. They came from Guelph, Fergus and London, Ont.

Geo. Freeze, for many years ticket agent here of the New Brunswick railway, and afterwards freight agent of the Maine Central at Cumberland Mills, Me., has been appointed agent for the provinces for the Maine Central and Boston and Maine railways. It is just possible Mr. Freeze will make his headquarters in this city. His position at Cumberland Mills has been given to Charles F. Calkins, late station master at MeAdams.

Last September two gentlemen from Virginia hearing of the province, and Digby especially, being a summer resort, came and visited Halifax, Wolfville, Windsor, Annapolis, Yarmouth and Digby, stopping at the Myrtle house. On Friday Mr. Walker received an application from the same gentlemen asking for accommodation for twenty friends from June 15th to last of September. This proves that Digby is the favorite spot.—Telegram.

The minister of militia has directed the cancellation of the order prohibiting military bands from appearing in uniform except when on duty. This does not interfere with the regulation prohibiting militiamen in uniform from taking part in any political or party demonstrations, but it will admit of bandsmen attending picnics and funerals in the proper clothing of their corps. The order of the minister on this subject was strongly criticized, and is now superseded.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS OUTSIDE ST. JOHN CITY.

We shall be glad if subscribers will please examine the date printed on their papers, and if it is not changed within ten days of a payment made to any of our collectors kindly send postal to Sun office stating the facts. SUN PRINTING CO. (LTD.)

A London cablegram states that Julia Arthur has signed a contract for a year's engagement with Henry Irving. Miss Arthur has now the opportunity of her life.

W. H. Hatheway, Jr., has received a card from W. Frank Hatheway, dated March 9th, at Assouan on the Nile, and postmarked at Luxor. The president of the board of trade writes that he has been in the region of tombs, temples and skulls of the period 3,000 B. C., and has seen the black Nubians of today with rings in noses and ears, and wearing braids, and anklets, these being in some cases their chief ornament. He is in good health and enjoying his tour in the land of the patriarchs and that sort of thing.

The Dominion Artillery association gives annually a first prize of fifteen dollars, irrespective of arms (field garrison) to the non-commissioned officer or gunner making the highest decimal at the Royal School of Artillery, Quebec and Kingston. The prize for the year 1894 has been won by Gunner Wallace R. Brown of No. 5 company of this battalion, who lives in the north end. He made what is at this establishment the high decimal of 88 per cent. The similar prize for 1893 was also won by a north end man, Color Sergeant Major John C. Edwards of No. 3 company.

Word was received Friday of the death at Portland, Maine, of Mrs. A. D. Todd. The deceased lady was over sixty years of age, and leaves a husband and several children. She was a sister of Elisha Slipp of Jacksonville, the late Geo. Slipp of Sussex, and the late Mrs. C. H. Peters of this city. Their father was Geo. Slipp of Upper Hampstead, Queens Co. Mr. Todd is a Queens county man, and the family lived in Carleton for some years prior to their removal, about a dozen years ago, to Portland, Maine. The late Mrs. Todd was a lady of very kindly and charitable disposition, and made warm friends wherever she went.

Capt. C. L. Carter and Miss Nellie Sully were married in Leneston street Baptist church on the 4th inst. by the pastor, Rev. E. E. Daley. Miss Carrie M. Sully assisted the bride, J. F. Framer acted as groomsmen, while Miss Jennie Edgett was maid of honor. The bride was handsomely groomed in white, with long bridal veil, and carried white flowers. The bridesmaid was attired in pink and carried pink flowers. A large number witnessed the ceremony. Supper was served at the residence of the bride's father, J. W. Sully, Duke street. The young couple took the 9 o'clock train for Boston and New York. The presents were numerous.

The death of Joseph H. Bogart of New Brighton, Liverpool, Eng., occurred on the 18th of March, and the news of the sad event came to the English mail last week. Mr. Bogart was a Nova Scotian—an Annapolis county man—who went to England when quite young, and on attaining manhood engaged in mercantile life. He was a member of the firm of Crowe, Bogart & Rudolph, and retired from business ten or twelve years ago. Mr. Bogart married Agnes, the eldest daughter of Ald. S. G. Ellsard, and the widow and three children survive him. One of the children is now on a visit to his grandparents here. Mr. Bogart was deservedly held in great respect by all who knew him. Infidelity was probably the cause of death.

The Boston express which left this city Tuesday night collided with the Bangor and Aroostook express three miles out of Bangor yesterday morning. Fireman James Ward of Bangor was killed and two or three others injured. No St. John people are among the injured. Simeon Jones, G. A. Schofield, E. C. Jones, M. B. Edwards and F. S. Whitaker were among the St. John passengers, but all were in the Pullman and suffered nothing beyond a shaking up.—Daily Sun 2nd inst.

Ship Dandennan, Capt. Palmer, from Chittagong, February 2, for London, has been wrecked off Straits Point, southern coast of Africa. Ship and cargo will be a total loss. Three of the crew saved. The rest are missing.

A diver has examined the British schooner Gessata at Newport, and patched her stern so that the leak was practically stopped. The schooner has been towed to Narragansett pier.

Bark F. R. Lovitt, Capt. Morrill, from Rosario for Boston, which put back to La Plata, leaking and with stern damaged by collision off San Pedro, sailed March 8 for San Francisco to undergo repairs.

The Boston Towboat company's wrecking lighter Oak left Vineyard Haven on Saturday for Nahawena Island for the purpose of anchoring the British schooner Moss Rose, which stranded there last December.

The schooner purchased by Capt. Freeman Beardsley for a schooner, Fort Lorne and St. John was the Maude, of Digby, and not the James Farnham, as reported in a previous issue.

A Chatham, Mass., despatch states the schooner Beattie Park, which was stranded high up on Shovels' shoal Sunday night, in a dangerous position if it should storm. She lashed about 3,000 lbs. and contracted with the wreckers to float her for possible \$600. It is doubtful if she can be raised, unless she anchors near all her cargo.

The following charters are reported: Bark Athlon, New York to London, 100 tons, 10 days; barkin, Pelee, Fernandez to Barbados or Port Spain, lumber, 20 days; barkin, Philadelphia to Boston, 100 tons, 10 days; brig, Ed. R. Hutchings, Boston to Yarmouth, 100 tons, 10 days; scho. Harold Borden, Yarmouth to Boston, sugar, 11 cents, or Halifax, 12 cents; Sycara, Seacoast to Boston, sugar, 12 cents, or Halifax, 13 cents.

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OF INTEREST TO BREEDERS. In a few weeks horses and cattle will be put on grass, and the greatest care is necessary to prevent the sudden change of diet having very serious effects. Dick's Blood Purifier tones up the whole system, and the animal goes on thriving instead of being set back by a change.

A YOUNG THIEF.

A Fourteen Year Old Son of John Allingham of Campbellton Arrested Sunday Night.

Chief of Police Clark received a despatch Sunday from Campbellton asking him to be on the look out for a young thief, fourteen year old son of John Allingham of that place, who had run away with \$12. The lad was arrested and is now at the central station. When taken he had \$38.22 in his possession. He says he stole the money from his brother-in-law, Campbellton, an John R. driver. Mr. Allingham and his son-in-law live in the same house, so that young Allingham had the run of the entire premises. Mr. Gilker went away as usual on Saturday morning, and in the afternoon his wife went out for a few moments. During her absence there was only the servant girl in the portion of the house occupied by the Gilker's. Young Allingham saw his chance to get up to his brother-in-law's room without any fear of detection. He opened a box in which he knew Mr. Gilker kept his money, and made off with all it contained. He came down on the Quebec train, which reached this city Sunday morning.

The Campbellton money stealing case is at an end so far as it can be dealt with. The thief, Gilker, from whom \$32 was stolen, was in town on Monday. He will take the thief, his brother-in-law, Samuel Allingham, home with him. Mullins and Gallant, the men who put Allingham up to steal the money, have been brought here by the police. Mr. McGowan, an Allingham having recovered \$70 of his money, refused to prosecute Mullins and Gallant. They were given five hours to leave the city. Mr. Gilker is very angry in his praise of Chief Clark. He says the case could not have been handled better, and that he will never forget the chief's kindness in the matter.

AMONG THE CHURCHES.

A Large Number of Persons Baptized and Received Into Church on Sunday.

(From Monday's Daily Sun.) Forty-one persons were received into Brussels street Baptist church last evening, representing the total number baptized by the pastor, Rev. J. W. Sully, during the month.

Rev. J. W. Sully, pastor of German street Baptist church, extended the right hand of fellowship to some sixty candidates yesterday evening at the church, under the pastorate of Rev. Mr. Baker, of the Reformed Baptist church, baptized ten converts yesterday morning.

Rev. J. W. Clark freed two candidates in Waterloo street Free Baptist church yesterday morning. The candidates were Rev. J. W. Sully, pastor, and Rev. E. E. Daley, pastor of the Reformed Baptist church, baptized ten converts yesterday morning.

A thanksgiving service will be held in Central street Baptist church on Thursday evening. The service will be delivered by the ministers who assisted in the recent evangelistic services. The collection taken that evening, after deducting expenses, will be divided between the churches represented.

Service will be held in nearly all the churches on Saturday and Sunday evening. Revs. McKinnin and Bryerton will speak at the Central street Baptist church.

At the Old Fort, west end, Sunday afternoon, Rev. Mr. Hartley, pastor of the Reformed Baptist church, and Rev. Mr. Baker, of the Reformed Baptist church, held a meeting for men in German street Baptist church yesterday afternoon. The meeting was held in the evening, and the total number of converts was twenty.

CATHEDRAL IMPROVEMENTS.

At nine o'clock mass on Sunday morning His Lordship Bishop Sweeney referred to his proposed visit to Rome, and also announced that some improvements were contemplated in the cathedral. New pews are to be put in, and by the arrangement proposed, a large number of seats will be provided, as the edifice is now too small for the congregation. Work will be commenced at once, and will be carried through with as much expedition as possible.

A PROGRESSIVE TOWN.

The Truro board of trade issues the following circular: Truro, N. S., board of trade, organized 1889; incorporated 1890. January 1st, 1895, membership, 100. Officers for 1895: C. E. Bentley, president; E. E. McNeill, 1st vice-president; W. E. Bligh, 2nd vice-president; J. A. Hibbs, secretary. Council: G. W. Smith, P. McG. Archibald, S. M. Bentley, J. E. Bigelow, T. G. McCullen, R. T. Craig, Wm. Craig, F. McClure, D. J. Thomas, R. J. Turner.

The business outlook for 1895 for Truro is encouraging. Two new manufacturing establishments have started with the new year. Three existing factories making (1) knitted underwear (2) hats (3) milk condensing and canning, propose extensive additions. Some \$85,000 of building operations are projected for the coming season. Exceptional facilities are offered to manufacturers by reason of the near vicinity of the great coal and iron deposits of N. S. Cheap electric power is also available for small establishments. Being the railway centre of the province special advantages exist for the distributing trade. Truro has now fourteen manufacturing and thirteen wholesale establishments; three weekly and one daily newspaper; nine hotels; eight churches; three banks; good water supply and numerous other handsome streets, squares and public park; excellent school system, in fact a live, progressive town. Enquirers for business, manufacturing or residence purposes can obtain any information required by addressing the Truro board of trade.

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FREDERICTON.

The Preliminary Examination in the Assault on Mr. and Mrs. Samet.

Veterans Reunion—The Supreme Court Docket For Easter Term.

Fredericton, April 8.—The preliminary examination of the five persons charged with assault with intent to rob Isaac Samet was continued before Col. Marsh this morning. The only witness examined was Mrs. Samet who gave her version of the assault upon her husband. She cannot speak English and had to be examined through David Goldstein, an interpreter. The evidence is now about all in for the prosecution, and it is probable the five prisoners will be remanded for trial by the county court.

Robert F. Randolph and F. Wayland Porter leave for Bermuda tomorrow, the former on business, and the latter for his health. They sail from New York Wednesday and expect to reach Bermuda next Sunday.

The following is the docket of cases entered for argument at the Easter term of the supreme court, which opens tomorrow.

MOTION PAPER. Ex parte Hial Bishop—R. B. Smith to move for discharge from arrest and imprisonment by order of the court.

CROWN PAPER. Ex parte William E. Waugh (3 cases)—A. R. Connell to show cause. Ex parte Thomas Kavanagh (3 cases)—The like. Ex parte Charles A. McKee (2 cases)—The like. Ex parte Julius T. Garden (2 cases)—The like. Ex parte Owen Saunders—The like. Ex parte John McFarlane—The like. Ex parte Thomas LeBlanc—The like.

SPECIAL PAPER. Newcombe v. City of Moncton—Mr. St. James to move for a new trial. Free v. the Central Safety Fund Association—Weldon, Q. C., to support demurrer to declaration.

Troop and Irvine v. St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company—Curry, Q. C., to move to enter a verdict for defendants, pursuant to leave reserved, or for a new trial. Julia and John S. Nickerson v. Commercial Union Assurance Co.—Dixon to support demurrer to plaintiffs' replication. Ploton Bank v. Pugsley—Gregory, Q. C., to show cause. Ploton Bank v. Trueman—The like. Hovey v. Long—The like. Rogers v. McNamara—Duffy to support demurrer to McNamara's reply.

EQUITY APPEALS. Kelly appellant v. N. B. Railway Co. and Brown respondent—Duffy to support appeal. COUNTY COURT APPEALS. Fairweather v. McFarlane—Curry, Q. C., to support appeal from county court of Northumberland. Swin v. Amos Bennett—The like. Free v. the Central Safety Fund Association—Weldon, Q. C., to support appeal from York County court.

BIG QUEBEC FUNERAL.

The Remains of the Father of John D. Burns of This City Laid to Rest.

Quebec, April 8.—The funeral of the late Wm. Burns of this city took place yesterday morning at 10 o'clock. The remains were laid to rest in the St. John's cemetery. The deceased was a member of the Independent Order of Good Templars, and at one time was grand treasurer of the grand lodge. He has also been a zealous member of the St. John's street Christian church. Mr. Burns was married Miss Simpson, daughter of the late Thomas Simpson. His wife and four children survive him.

The death occurred Sunday morning of John Pierce, the well known St. John's barber, at the age of 81 years. He leaves a widow and seven children. Deceased has been in poor health for some time.

The death occurred suddenly Sunday of Mrs. Paterson, wife of William Paterson of the water works office. The deceased had been about as usual on Saturday.

Edwin C. Thomas died on Saturday at South Bay, after a few days' illness. He leaves a widow and three children. The death is announced at Liverpool of Captain James Leavitt, an old St. John man, one who was well known and universally esteemed here. Capt. Leavitt was a son of the late Wm. Leavitt, one of St. John's most prominent merchants and ship owners in his day. The deceased, who was about 65 years of age, was at one time engaged in the grocery business here, being a member of the firm of D. & J. Leavitt, the senior partner being his son Daniel Leavitt. The firm first introduced in St. John the delivery system. Previous to that time purchasers had to carry home everything that they purchased, unless it was too heavy to be handled. One hundred and eighty-three head reached here yesterday morning and another train load of eighteen cows reached here today. They were fed and watered in the I. C. R. sheds here, making quite a stir. Four or five young fellows from Moncton have hired to go over in the steamer with the cattle.

Of the five hundred immigrants who arrived here last night, about three hundred went north over the I. C. R., the balance going to Moncton.

The work of taking the ice out of the Victoria rink preparatory to laying the floor for roller skating, is progressing. The ice has been cut in blocks two feet square, of which there are almost 4,000. Six men and two teams are now cranking the ice out at the rate of twelve blocks in ten minutes; and it will require about six days to complete the work.

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Two converts were baptized in the First Baptist church yesterday by Pastor Weeks, and three received into fellowship in the evening.

Papers have been served on Oliver Morrill in here in suit for divorce, instituted by his wife Mary, at Machias, Me. The alleged ground is desertion. Morrill, who is a plasterer, now working here, says he himself ceased to live here in suit for divorce, instituted by his wife Mary, at Machias, Me. The alleged ground is desertion. Morrill, who is a plasterer, now working here, says he himself ceased to live here in suit for divorce, instituted by his wife Mary, at Machias, Me. The alleged ground is desertion. Morrill, who is a plasterer, now working here, says he himself ceased to live here in suit for divorce, instituted by his wife Mary, at Machias, Me. The alleged ground is desertion.

NEW WOMAN'S PREROGATIVE. Albert—"I believe you call yourself an advanced woman, don't you?" Althea—"Yes, love." Albert—"Then you may tip the water, dear.—Judge.

THE DEATH ROLL.

Several Sudden Deaths—A Child Smothered to Death in Carleton.

Rev. C. W. Dutcher, for many years a well known clergyman of the Methodist church in the N. B. and P. E. I. conference, died at Clifton Springs, New York, on the 1st, in the 63th year of his age.

The death of the wife of John Keith occurred at Windsor, N. S., on the 1st inst. the result of paralysis. Mrs. Keith was an admired member of the Presbyterian church, and interested in benevolent and charitable enterprises generally. She was a native of Richmond, N. B. Alexander Keith, of the firm of Gordon & Keith, Halifax, is one of her sons, the other being John S. Keith of Windsor. Mrs. A. W. Redden of Halifax, Mrs. J. W. Dimock of Lunenburg, and Mrs. Howard Shaw of Windsor are daughters of deceased, and there are also one unmarried daughter.

The death is announced of John B. Smith, the proprietor of the Eagle foundry. Mr. Smith, who was born in Norham, Durham county, England, in 1807. He came to Canada in 1835 with his young wife and located in Montreal. After a residence of five years in that city he came to St. John and entered the employ of James Whittemore, the steamboat owner. Mr. Smith built the boilers for and superintended the construction of the steamer North West, which he had in charge about 1840 to 1842, between here and Boston. He was her engineer for a time, leaving Mr. Whitney's employ in 1841 to start the Eagle iron and brass foundry, which has been run by the deceased and his sons, George D. and John A. Y. Smith, ever since. The deceased served as a captain under Col. Molson in the Papineau rebellion in 1837. He was a member of No. 4, a fire company, having been their engineer for a long time. He was a free mason, having joined Eberhart Lodge many years ago. He left ten children, the two sons mentioned above and eight daughters, of whom only one is unmarried. Mrs. Smith died just two years ago. Up to that time there had not been a single death in the family. Mr. Smith was very highly respected by all who knew him, and he was well known, too. He will be buried from his late residence, St. David street, on Monday afternoon.

The death occurred at an early hour Saturday morning of A. D. Boyne, son of Thomas Boyne and brother of G. Gordon Boyne. The deceased has been ill for some time and his death, while a shock to his family, was not a surprise. He was born in Newmouth, N. S., 47 years ago and has been in St. John most of his life. In the temperance organization he was an earnest and devoted worker, and at the time of his death was treasurer of Sirion lodge, I. O. G. T. He first became identified with Fireman's division No. 2, and was a member of it till it ceased to exist. Since then he has been a member of the Independent Order of Good Templars, and at one time was grand treasurer of the grand lodge. He has also been a zealous member of the St. John's street Christian church. Mr. Boyne was married Miss Simpson, daughter of the late Thomas Simpson. His wife and four children survive him.

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SECRET

Success of Burdock in its specific curative organ of the body. Blood, the Bowels, the Kidneys, the Skin, the all parts of the human regulated, purified, and...

BEST SPRING FOR YOUNG OR

in Seattle, Wash. says aquant and original doctor the islands in the sound. He some talk of American flour being sold in St. John if Ontario millers advance prices very much.

Beef (dutch) per lb. 0.08 0.07 Beef (country) per lb. 0.06 0.07 Pork, fresh, per lb. 0.04 0.03...

April 2—Great preparatory made by the Catholics entry in anticipation of the Rev. Mother Raus, superior of rector major of the Re-

Words from Hamilton Regarding Remedy Which Cures Rheumatism in One to Three Days.

Richmond Street Methodist Church. Members, L. E. the Popular Pastors New Richmond St. Methodist...

Good things are being said by A. B. Chambers, L. E. B. Wright talk for secularized quite aside from the merits...

Clear Pork per lb. 18.00 18.50 P. E. L. Prime Mince. 13.00 13.00 Plate Beef. 14.00 14.25...

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The Sun's Weekly Wholesale and Retail Market Reports.

Grading of Hay—Shipments via Portland—Wheat Seeding in Manitoba.

Pork went lower in Chicago on Saturday, but the report of the market was steady. May corn closed at 46 3/4, wheat 55 3/8, oats 29 5/8, pork \$11.55, lard \$4.87.

Saturday advices indicated continued firmness in flour, beef, pork, sugar and other staples that have lately taken an improved turn.

A backward season has retarded spring trade in Montreal and wholesale houses are not well pleased with the volume of business thus far.

A strike among glass workers in Belgium is likely to affect prices in Canada and dealers are less inclined to sell ahead, says the Trade Bulletin.

Crude petroleum has advanced 8c. in two weeks. Montreal boot and shoe manufacturers have advanced prices 10 per cent to meet the advance in leather.

The Trade Bulletin says there is some talk of American flour being sold in St. John if Ontario millers advance prices very much.

Canned corned beef is likely to follow the lead of the fresh and barreled article and advance in price.

COUNTRY MARKET. Beef (dutch) per lb. 0.08 0.07 Beef (country) per lb. 0.06 0.07...

Beef, corned, per lb. 0.08 0.10 Beef Tongues, per lb. 0.08 0.10...

St. John Wholesale Market. Codfish, med. 100 lbs. 4.00 4.10...

St. John Wholesale Market. Codfish, per lb. 0.00 0.03 Haddock, per lb. 0.00 0.03...

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Table with columns for various commodities like Raisins, Sultans, Malaga, California, Valencia, New French Prunes, Currants, Dried Apples, etc.

Table with columns for various commodities like Oats (local on track), Oats (Ontario on track), Oats (small lots), Beans, Potatoes, etc.

Table with columns for various commodities like Birch Deals, Spruce Deals, Pine Deals, Lumber, etc.

Table with columns for various commodities like American Water White, Canadian Water White, Lard, etc.

Table with columns for various commodities like Spring Hill Round, Glacé, etc.

Table with columns for various commodities like Codfish, Haddock, etc.

SHIPMENTS VIA PORTLAND.

The sailing of the Labrador yesterday, says Friday's Portland, Maine, crew was always away.

Organs, apples, agricultural implements and maple blocks make up a large portion of the freight, of course not forgetting Canadian cheese.

The steel ship Swallow, Capt. Fraser, Glasgow, N. S., has just completed a long voyage of 15,000 miles with the American ship Shenandoah.

A survey has been held at Delaware Breakwater on the brig Bertha Gray from Gloucester, N. S., which was wrecked on the rocks.

The North Shore is to load the biggest wooden sailing ship of this year, and will do so early in the season.

Account sales have recently been received from New York, showing very unsatisfactory results, one lot netting only \$4 at point of shipment.

THE STATE OF TRADE.

Condition of Business as Reported by Dun & Company.

Additional Signs of Improvement in Some Quarters.

The Business Situation in Canada as Viewed by Bradstreet.

New York, April 5.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: The returns of the highest importance, given this week, show the condition of the retail trade in March throughout the country and the distribution of goods to financial consumers in comparison with the fall consumers in 1894 and 1895.

The volume of the retail trade, especially in dry goods and millinery and in the severe weather and backwardness of the season, also retarded recovery.

The attention of the public has lately been directed to a number of very remarkable cures wrought by the use of Hawker's Catarrh Cure.

The success of the shoe manufacturers in raising prices grows more complete, and some who first asked 21-22 cents advance no longer inactive.

The bank clearings at Winnipeg, Hamilton, Toronto, Montreal and Halifax aggregate \$16,375,000 this week, compared with \$15,215,000 last week.

Milwaukee, Wis., April 5.—The annual conference of the A. P. A. of the United States and Canada will meet in Milwaukee on May 9th to 14th.

WILL HANDLE HAVELOCK WATER.

Taylor, Dockrill & Co. of this city have secured the right to handle the whole output of the Havelock mineral springs, and will push the sale in all parts of the maritime provinces.

The Havelock company put up Havelock aerated water, ginger ale, lemonade, sarsaparilla, orange phosphate and club soda, all of which have earned an enviable reputation.

AMONG THE INDUSTRIES.

Some General Notes From the Sun's Exchanges.

Two Canning Factories in Charlotte Co.—New Pulp Mill for the Miramichi.

CONTINUALLY IN MISERY.

A Victim of Catarrh and Catarrhal Deafness.

Ralph D. Hepenstall, the Well Known Advertising Expert, Finds Himself a New Man, Thanks to the Use of Hawker's Catarrh Cure.

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