

## image evaluation LES' TARGET (M TS)






Photographic Sciences Corporation

# CIHM/ICMH Microfiche Series. 

## CIHM/ICMH Collection de microfiches.

Canadian Institute for Historical Microreproductions / Institut canedien de microreproductions historiques


The Institute has attempted to obtain the best original copy avaliable for filming. Features of this copy which may be blbliographically unique, which may alter any of the images in the reproduction, or which may significantly change the usual method of filming, are checked below.

Culoured covers/<br>Couverture de couleur

Covers damaged/
Couverture endommagée
Covers restored and/or laminated/
Couverture restaurée et/ou pelliculée
Covar title miasing/
Le titre de couverture manque

## Coloured maps/ <br> Cartes géographiques en couleur

Coloured ink (i.e. other than blue or black)/
Encre de couleur (i.e. autre que bleue ou noire)

Coloured plates and/or illustrations/
Planches et/ou illustrations en couleur

Bound with other material/
Relić avec d'autres documents

Tight binding may cause shadows or distortion along interior margin/
La ra liure serrée peut causer de l'ombre ou de la distortion ie long de la marge interieure

Blank leaves added during reatoration may appear within the text. Whenever possible, these have been omitted from filming/
II se peut que certalnes pages blanches ajoutces lors d'une resteuration apparaissent dans le texte, mals, lorsque cela était possible, ces pages n'ont pas óté filmées.

Additional comments:/
Commentaires supplómentaires:

L'Institut a microfilmé le meilleur exemplaire qu'll lul a été possible de se procurer. Les détalls de cet exemplaire qui sont peut-etre uniques du point de vue bibllographique, qui peuvent modifier une image reprnduite, ou qui peuvent exiger une modification dans la méthode normale de filmage sont indiqués ci-dessous.

Pages discoloured, stained or foxed/
Pages décolorées, tachetées ou piquéesPages detached/
Pages détachd́es

Showthrough/
TransparenceQuality of print varies/
Quallté inegale de l'impression
Includes supplementary material/
Comprend du matériel supplémentaireOnly edition avallable/
Seule édition disponible

Pages wholly or partially obscured by errata slips, tissues, etc., have been refilmed to ensure the best possible image/ Les pages totalement ou partieliament obscurcies par un feulliet d'errata, une pelure. otc., ont ót' filmbes a nouveau de façon ${ }^{\text {a }}$ obtenir la mellieure image possible.

This item is filmed at the reduction ratio checked below/ Ce document est filmé au taux de réduction Indiquéci-dessous.


The copy filmed here has been reproduced thanks to the generosity of:

National Library of Canada

The images appearing here are the best quality possible considering the condition and legibility of the original copy and in keeping with the filming contract specifications.

Original copies in printed paper covers are filmed beginning with the front cover and ending on the last page with a printed or illustrated impression, or the back cover when appropriate. All other original coples are filmed beginning on the first page with a printed or illustrated impression, and ending on the last page with a printed or illustrated impression.

The last recorded frame on each microfiche shall contain the symbol $\rightarrow$ (meaning "CONTINUED"), or the symbol $\nabla$ (meaning "END"). whichevar applies.

Maps, plates, charts, etc., may be filmed at different reduction ratios. Those too large to be entirely included in one exposure are filmed beginning in the upper left hand corner, left to right and top to bottom, as many frames as required. The following diagrams illustrate the method:

L'exemplalre filme fut reprodult grâce à la générosité de:

Bibliothèque nationale du Canada

Les images suivantes ont été reproduites evec le plus grand soin, compte tenu de la condition et de le netteté de l'exemplaire filmé, et en conformite avec les conditions du contrat de filmage.

Les exemplaires originaux dont la couverture en papier est imprimée sont filmés en commençant par le premier plat et en terminant soit par la dernière page qui comporte une empreinte d'impression ou d'illustration, soit par le second plat, selon le cas. Tous les autres exemplaires originaux sont filmés en commençant par la pramiàre page qui comporte une empreinte d'impression ou d'illustration et en terminant par la derniére page qui comporte une telle emprainte.

Un des symboles sulvants apparaîtra sur la dernlére image de chaque microfiche, selon le cas: lo symbole $\rightarrow$ signifie "A SUIVRE", le symbole $\boldsymbol{\nabla}$ signifie "FIN".

Les cartes, planches, tableaux, etc., peuvent être filmés à des taux de réduction différents. Lorsque le document est trop grand pour être reprodult en un seul cliché, il est filmé é partir de l'angle supérieur gauche, de gauche à droite, et de haut en bas, en prenant le nombre d'images nécessaire. Les diagrammes suivants illustrent la méthode.



FR
$W$
LT

## L $\quad \mathrm{E} \quad \mathrm{T} \quad \mathrm{T} \quad \mathrm{E} \quad \mathrm{R} \quad \mathrm{S}$ FROM

## A M E R.I C $A$,

historical and descriptive;

COMPRISING
O C C URRENCES

FROM 1769, TO I777, INCLUSIVE.

E Y
WILLIAMEDDIS,
LATE SURVEYOR OF THE CUSTOMS, \&C. AT ANNAPOLIS, IN MARYLAND.

$\qquad$

$$
\mathrm{L} O \quad \mathrm{~N} \quad \mathrm{D} O \quad \mathrm{O}:
$$

PRINTED FOR THE AUTHOR, AND SOLD BY C. DILLI, IN THE POULTRX, M DCCXCII.

## F184 <br> 172510 <br> E21


read to $f$ cufe great is m parti

T]
conti
Anna
tion
from
matel
ters
with
quent

## INTRODUCTION.

IF an apology for the publication of thefe Letters be thought as neceffary by the readers as it is by the author, he has only to fay, and, however hackneyed fuch excufe may be confidered, he can fay it with great truth, that his appearance in print is more owing to the fuggeftion of fome partial friends, than to his own intentions.

The author arrived on the American continent in the year 1769, and fettled at Annapolis, under the patronage and protection of the then governor of Maryland: from his fituation there, he became intimately acquainted with the leading characters of every party in that province, and with every event which occurred fubfequent to his own arrival, until the unfor- tween the parent ftate and the colonies, rendered it impoffible for every one, like him fincerely and fteadily attached to the former, to continue in the country.

What he faw and obferved from the firft period of his refidence there, he occafionally communicated to his friends in England; and as he had the opportunity of feeing; and obferving much, it has been conceived by fome refpectable characters, for whofe judgment he has the greateft deference, that the correfpondence originally intended for private amufement only, contained matter fufficiently interefting to engage the atten-tion of the public.

The former part of thefe letters will be found to give a defcription of the country, government, trade, manners, and cuftoms of the inhabitants; the latter, the

## INTRODUCTION.

fe belonies, , like to the he firft ionally gland; feeing, iceived whofe e , that ed for matter atten-
rife and gradual progrefs of the civil diffention, which is not perhaps fo well known, at leaft fo far as the province of Maryland was concerned, as are the confequences which attended it.

The conclufion will not, it is hoped, be thought the leaft interefting part of the work, as it reprefents the difficulties and dangers to which the author was expofed, from his loyalty, and unfhaken attachment, to the Britifh conftitution.

A 3 Errata.

## I R R A T A.

Page 2, laft line, noble river Chefapeak; river to be omitted, the Chefapeak being a bay or inlet.
5, line 8, for for Potomac, read Patorwmaco
6, 1, ditto ditto
29, 6, for month, read infant.
83, 4, for the, read be.
109, 13 , for farning, read forming.
125, $\mathrm{r}_{3}$, for refpeefful, read refpeciable:
127, 1, for country, read county.
161, 11, for Potaxent, read Pataxent.
169, 6, for that, read than.
:88, near the bottom, for publifhed at Befons, read Philodelpbia.
190, line 8, while tending, omit whiles.
220, 3, for brethren, read brother.
223, 8, for approbation, read difapprobation
230, 14, for Roufley-hall, read Roufly.
240, 18, for Curtis, read Cufis.
304, 19, and therefore, omit and.
360, 3 , have been met, omit been.

## $\mathbf{N} \quad \mathbf{A} \quad \mathbf{M} \quad \mathbf{E} \quad \mathbf{S}$

## S U B S C R I B ER S.

## A.

SIR William Altham, Leatherhead, Surry
Mrs. Alderfon, Durham
Andrew Allen, Efq: late Attorney Grieral of Penfilvania
Edward Allen, Efq. Clifford's-Inn
William Allen, Efq. ditto
Mifs Allen, Greenwich, Kent
George Allan, Efq. Grange, near Darlington
Rev. William Alfton, Durham, 2 copies
Robert Alexander, Efq. London
William Ambler, Efq. Recorder of Durham
A 4 Mrg

Mrs. Ainbler, Durham
Mifs Ambler, ditto
John Andrews, Fifq. ditto
Mrs. Andrews, ditto
Mifs Andrews, ditto
Mifs Anne Andrews, ditto
Mifs Sarah Andrews, ditto
Arthur Anftey, Efq. Lincoln's-Inn
E. Antrobus, Efq. Spring-gardens, Weftminfter
J. Antrobus, Efq. ditto
P. Antrobus, Fíq. Craven-ftrcet, Strand

John Arden, Efq; Pepper-hatl, York \{hire
Charles Arnold, Efq. Bofwell-court, London
Mr. Afhton, Durham
Mrs. Ahworth, ditto
John Afkew, Efq. Pallinfburn-houfe, Northumberland
Thomas Aftle, Efq. Clapham, Surry
Nath: Atchefon, Efq. Lamb's Buildings, Temple
Edw. Atkyns, Efq. Ketteringham, Norfolk
John Thomas Atkyns, Efq. Claphain, Surry John Atlie, Efq. London
Rev. Edw. Auriol, Rector of Rothbury, Northum, berland
Enfign Awdry, 16th Regiment
Gawen Anlley, Efq. Little Harle, Northumber.land
Captain Aytine, 16th Regiment
Anonymous, 3-capies

The
The
Sir
Sir $F$
Sir

Hon.
Sir 1
20
Lady
Willi
John
Lieut
Mr.
Rev.
Rober
Willi
Mrs.
Mrs.
Mr. J
Mr.
Rev.
Mifs
John
John

```
NAMES OF SUESCRIBERS.
```


## B.

The Right Hon. Lord Vifcount Barnard
The Right Hon. Lady Katherine Barnard Sir Charles Bamfylde, Bart. Poltimore, Devon Sir Francis Baffet, Bart. M. P. Audley-fquare
Sir Francis Blake, Bart. Fowberry-tower, Northumberland
Hon. Mrs. Barrington, Aukland-caftle, Durham
Sir Robert Boyd, K. B. Governor of Gibraltar, 2 copies
Lady Boyd, (dec.)
William Bacon, Efq. London
John Drake Bainbridge, Efq. Durham
Lieut. Bainbridge, 26th Regiment
Mr. William Baly, High Wycombe, Bucks
Rev. Richard Bamiylde, Poltimore, Devon
Robert Barbor, Efq. Charter-houfe, London
William Barbor, Efq. Fremington
Mrs. Barret, Bensfield-hall, Suffolk
Mrs. Barron, Durham
Mr. John Bates, High Wycombe, Bucks
Mr. Bates, London
Rev. Wm. Baveritock, B. A. Durham
Mifs Baxter, Clapham, Surry
John Beation, Efq. London
John Benn, Efq. Harley-ftreet
The
Mrs.

## NAMES OF SUESCRIBERS.

Mrs. Benn, Upper Harley-ftreet
Mrs
Hus
Rev
Rev
Mrs
Tho
Pete
John
Rev. Oldf John Rev. th
Thos. Bigge, Efq. Little Benton, Northumberland John Bigge, Efq. Northumberland William Black, Efq. Grove, Epping, Effex John Black, Efq. ditto Mr. John Black, London, 6 copies Rev. Rob. Blacket, Wall's End, Northumberland John Blackburn, Efq. Buhh-hill, Middlefex Mrs. Blackbeard, Weymouth
J. B. Blakeway, Efq. Inner Temple Mr. John Blunt, London
Benjamin Boddington, Efq. Bedford-fquare George Bodley, Efq.
Frederick Booth, Efq. Craven-ftreet, Strand Mrs. Bofanquet, Bedford-fquare
Jacob Bofanquet, Efq. Harley-Atreet Mrs: I. Bofanquet, ditto William Bofanquet, Efq. ditto
J. B

Phin
fol
Mr.
Char
the
Char
Ralpl
John
Mifs
Mifs
Rev.
John
Rev.
Walt

## NAMESOF SUBSCRIBERS。

Mrs. W. Bofanquet, Harley-ftreet
Hugh Bofcawen, Efq. Leatherhead, Surry
Rev. Jonathan Boucher, Epfom, 3 copies
Rev. R. Boucher, Rector of Bright Waltham, Berks
Mrs. Boucher
Thomas Bowes, Efq. Durham
Peter Bowlby, LL. D. Richmond, YorkMire
John Bowlby, Efq. Durham
Rev. T. Bowlby, Houghton le Spring, Durham
Oldfield Bowles, Efq. North Afton, Oxon
John Bowles, Efq. Temple
Rev. Andrew Bowlt, Bambrough Caftle, Northumberland
Wilfon Braddyl, Efq. Conniftone Priory, Lancafhire
J. Bradney, Efq. Clapham

Phinehas Bund, Efq. His Majefty's Britifh Conful for the Middle States in America
Mr. Hadwere Bragg, Newcaftle
Charles Brandling, Efq. M. P. Gosforth, Northumberland
Charles Brandling, Efq. Jun. ditto
Ralph Brandling, Efq. ditto
John Brandling, Efq. ditto
Mifs Brandling, ditto
Mifs Sarah Brandling, ditto
Rev. Henry Breke, Rector of Ufton, Berks
John Brenchley, Efq. Maidftone, Kent
Rev. Thomas Bright, M. A. Durham
Walter Brindley, Efq. London
Mrs.

Rev. James Briton, Durham
John Brogden, Efq. Clapham
Captain Brookes, 46th Regiment
B——, 4 copies
Mr. John Brumell, Newcaftle
William Brummell, Efq. London
Rev. Dr. Buckner, Canon Refidentiary of Chichefter
Sir
Mr.
Mr .
The
Joht
Ral!
Joh
Will
Saim
Mr.
Geo
Mrs.
Rev.
Rich
Mr.
The
Rev.
Charles Butler, Efq. Lincoln's-inn
Richard Byron, Efq. Hertford

## C.

Right Hon. the Marquis of Clanricarde Right Hon. the Marchionefs of Clanricarde Lady Frances Charters, Edinburgh Lady Ann Charters, ditto Sir Henry Calder, Bart, Park Houfe, Kent Lady Calder, ditto

## NAMESOF SUBSCRIBERS*

Sir Lionel Copley, Bart.
Mr. James Cade, London
Mr. Caley, Gray's-Inn
Thomas Callendar, Efq. Mortimer-ftreet
John Carr, LL.D. Hertford
Ralph Carr, Efq. Dunftan-hill
John Carr, Efq.
William Carr, Efq. York
Sainuel Caftle, Efq. Durham
Mr. Cawdell, Manager of the Durham Theatre, \&cc. George Chalmers, Efq. Office for Trade, Whitehall Mrs. Chalie, Bedford-fquare
Rev. Mr. Chamberlayne, Fellow of Eton College Richard Chambers, Efq. Newcaftle Mr. Samuel Charouneau, London
The Rev. Dr. Chelfum, Rector of Droxford, Hants Rev. Thomas Cherry, B. D. Maidftone —_Chifholme, Efq. Queen-Ann-ftreet, Eaft Chriftie, Efq. Balchriftie, N. Britain
James Chriftie, Efq. Durie, Fifehire Robert Chriftie, Efq. London
C.,- 2 copies
-_ Clarke, Efq. Chrift's College, Cambridge George Clavering, Efq. Greencroft, Durham Charles Clavering, Efq. Widrington Caftle Robert Clayton, Efq.
Mr. Clifton, Durham
James Clitherow, Efq. Brentford Mrs. Clitherow, ditto
Sir

Mifs Coape, Clapham
Mrs. Cockburn, Brentford
John Robert Cocker, Efq. Naffau-ftreet, Soho
Mifs Cocker, ditto
Robert Cole, Efq. Town Clerk, Windfor
Rev. John Collinfon, Vicar of Kirkharle, Northumberland
Rev. Septimus Collinfon, M. A. Fellow of Quren's Coll. Oxon
Captain Commerell, Berkley-Atreet
Mrs. Commerell, ditto
Lieut. Comeford, 16th Regiment
Stephen Comyn, Efq. Windmill-hill, Suffex
Mrs. Coney, Leadenhall-ftreet, 2 copies
Rev. Tho. Coney, Rector of Breamore, Hants, 2 copies
Rev. William Coney, Fellow of Oriel Coll. Oxon
Mrs. W, Coney
Carlos Coney, Efq. Lynn, Norfolk
Thomas Cook, Efq. Morrick, Northumberland
C. Cooper, D. D. Archdeacon of York, Prebendary of Durham, \&cc: 2 copies
Mrs. Cooper, 2 copies
William Cooper, Efq. Cuftom-houfe, London
Enfign Corty, 16th Regiment
John Cotes, Efq. M. P:
Walhington Cotes, Efq. Lincoln's-Inn
Jukes Coulfon, Efq. Weftburn, Middlefex
Mrs. Clutterbuck, Warkworth, Northumberland

Mr.
Tho
Dan
Rev
Mrs
Cold
Cold
Johr
Mr.
Rev
Geo
Johr
Ifaad
Geot
Mrs.
Mrs.
Will
Tim
Jofe

The
The
The
The
Lady
The

## NAMES OF SUBSCRIBERS.

Mr. Coupland, Attorney at Law, Salop Thomas Coward, Efq. Spargrove, Somerfethire Daniel Coxe, Efq.
Rev. Wm. Coxe, Prebendary of Sarum
Mrs. Craig, Upper Charlotte-ftreet
Colonel Craig, 56th Regiment, 3 copies
Colonel James Craig, 16th Regiment
John Craig, Efq, Glatgow
Mr. Crawford, fen. Academy, Newington Butts
Reverend Mr. Crawford, ditto
George Crefhop, Efq. Durham
John Crookfhank, Efq. Pimlico
Ifaac Crouch, Efq. Cuftom-houfe, London
George Crow, Efq.
Mrs. Crow, Hertford
Mrs. Cure, Great George-ftrect
William Curtis, Efq. M. P. London
Timothy Curtis, Efq. Clapton
Jofeph Curtis, Efq. London

## D.

## NAMESOF SUBSCRIBERS.

Vice Admiral Digby
Sir Hugh Dalrymple, Bart.
Hon. Mifs Digby, St. James's
Baron Dimftale
Baron N. B. Dimfdale, M. P.
John Dalley, Efq. Cuftom-houfe, London
Thomas Dampier, D. D. Dean of Ruchefter, Prebendary of Durham, \&c. io copies
Mrs. Dampier, Rochefter, 5 copies
Henry Dampier, Efq. Bloomfbury-fquare
Mrs. H. Dampier, ditto
Rev. John Dampier, Rector of Weftmeon, Hants, 3 copies
Mrs. Davenport, Clapham
Richard Davenport, Efq. ditto
John Davenport, Efq. ditto
Rev. Edw. Davidfon, M. A. Brancepeth, Durham
John Deard, Efq. Dover-ftreet
Rev. James Deafon, Vicar of Pittington, Durham
Mr. Thomas Deafon, Lincoln College, Oxon.
Mr. William Deafon, Trinity College, Cambridge
William Deard, Efq. London
James Delancey, Efq. Bath, 2 copies
George Dearand, Efq. Cuftom-houfe, London
Mr. L. Deformeaux, Jun. London
Rev. Samuel Dickens, D. D. (dec.) Archdeacon and Prebendary of Durham, 2 copies
Mrs. Richard Dickens, Durham

## NAMES OF SUBSCRIBERS.

Mrs. W. Digby, Hawley-houfe, near Baghhot
Mifs Maria Digby
Rev. Charles Digby
Stephen Digby, Efq. Vice Chamberlain to her Majefty
Lieut. Henry Digby, Royal Navy
John Dilly, Efq. Southill, Bedfordfhire, 2 copies
Mifs Dimfdale, Hertford
Mr. Marcus Dixon, London
Nicholas Donithorne, Efq. Croydon, Surry
Mrs. Donithorne, ditto
Mrs. Fran. Dongan, Marham-ftreet, Weftminfter
Sylvefter Douglas, Efq.
John Dowfe, Efq. Warwick-court, London
Mr. Dowfe, Millman-ftreet
Rev. William Dowfon, D.D. Principal of Edmundhall, Oxon
Mrs. Draper, Hackney
Daniel Dulany, Efq. Downing-ftreet, Weftminfter
Thomas Dunn, Efq. Lincoln's-Inn
Rev. Dr. Duvall, Canon of Windfor

> E.

The Right Hon. the Earl of Errol
The Right Hon. the Countefs Dowager of Errol
The Hon. Lady Eden, Hampton Court
Sir Frederick Eden, Bart. Temple, 2 copies
a
Jonathan

## NAMESOFSUBSCRIBERS.

Jonathan Eade, Efq. Newington, Middlefex Mrs. Eade, ditto
Mr. Jonathan Eade, Jun. ditto
Mifs Eade, ditto
Mrs. Eade, Fludyer-ftreet
Edward Hyde Eaft, Efq. Bloomfbury-fquare John Eafton, Efq. London
Rev. Dr. Eaton, Rector of Fairfted, Effex Mr. Ebdon, Organift of the Abbey, Durham Mr. Ebdon, Architect, London Rev. John Ebdon, B. A. Wafhington, Durham Lieut. Wm. Eden, 46th Regiment, 2 copies Rev. William Edmitton, London
Rev. Henry Egerton, M. A. Archdeacon of Derby, Prebendary of Durham, \&c. 6 copies
Rev. Prancis Egerton, Prebendary of Durham, \&c. 4 copies
Rev. Chs. Egerton, Rector of Waßhington, Durham John Elmfley, Efq. John-ftreet; Berkley-fquare: Alex. Elmley, Efq. Inner Temple
Mr. Thomas Elder, Warkworth, Northumberland George Enderby, Efq. Blackheath Mr. Evance, Durham
Wm. Evans, Efq. Buckland, Herefordfhire John Evans, M. D. Salop

```
NAMES OF SUBSCRIBERS.
```

F.

Lady Fawcett
Walter Farquhar, Efq. Great Marlborough-ftreet, 3 copies
John Fawcett, Efq. Inner Temple
Mr. Feathertonhaugh, Lambton, Durham
Mrs. Fenwicke, Newcaftle
Mr. George Fenwicke, Lambton, Durham
Wm. Fenwicke, Efq. Attorney at Law, Durham
Mr. Fenwicke, St. John's College, Cambridge, 2 copies
William Fendall, Efq. Gloucefter
Rev. J. B. Ferrers, Rector of Beddington, Surrey Huffey Fleet, Efq. Hawley, near Dartford, 4 copies Jof. Forter, M. D. Newton by the Sea, 2 copies Rev. John Forter
Mrs. Foikett, London
Rev. Thos. Fothergill, D. D. Provoft of Queen's Coll. Oxon, and Prebendary of Durham, 6 copies Henry Fothergill, Efq. Commoner of Queen's College, Oxon
Rev. Wm. Fothergill, M. A. Fellow of Queen's College, Oxon
Rev. James Fothergill, Vicar of Dalton, \&c.
Francis Fowke, Efq. Wimbledon
Lady
simon Frazer, Efq. London
©imon Frazer, Efq. Jun, ditto

## NAMES OF SUBSCRIBERS.

## G.

The Right Hon. the Earl of Guilford, 2 copies
The Rt. Hon. the Countefs of Guilford, 2 copies
Sir John Smythe Gardiner, Bart. Tackley Park, Oxon.
Sir Wm. Gibbons, Bart. Stanwell Place, Middlefex
Lady Grant, Upper Charlotte-ftreet
Rich. Gamon, Efq. M. P. George-ftreet, Hanoverfquare
Mrs. Gardiner, Brentford
Capt. Gardiner, 87th regiment
Samuel Gauffen, Efq. Mansfield-ftreet, 3 copies
Mrs. Gauffen, ditto, 3 copies
Rev. William Gilpin, Vicar's Hill, Hants.
Mr. William Gilpin, Strand
Thomas Goldthwait, Efq. fen. Hale-End, Effex
Chamberlane Goodwin, Efq.
Mr. John Goodwin, Wycombe Marlh
William Gooch, Efq. Comptroller of Cuftoms, Sunderland
Colonel Gordon, 6ıft regiment
Captain Gordon, 16th regiment
John Gonling, Efq. Victualling-office, Somerfetplace
Thomas Graham, Efq. Lincoln's-Inn
Mrs. Graham, Gore ftreet
James Graham, Efq. Lincoln's-Inn
William

Willia
John C
James
Charle
Mifs G
Mrs. G
Mr. G
Mr. W
Mrs. G
Mr. Gr
John G
Rev. Ja
High
Charles
R. B. G

William
Mifs G
Mr. Gri
John Gr
Mifs Go

Lady Ch
Sir Willi
James
Mr. Pete
Mrs. Ha

## NAMES OF SUBSCRIBERS.

Willian Graham, Efq. Lincoln's-Inn John Graham, Efq. Newbiggen-hall, Cumberland James Graham, Efq. Elderton Grange, ditto Charles Grant, Efq. Kinnard, North Britain Mifs Grant, ditto
Mrs. Gray, Backworth, Northumberland
Mr. Gray, Winchmore-hill, Middlefex
Mr. Walker Gray, London-Atreet
Mrs. Graves, Baldock, Herts.
Mr. Green, Ware, ditto
John Grenfide, Efq. Clapham
Rev. James Greville, LL.B. Chaplain to His Royal Highnefs the Prince of Wales, \&cc.
Charles Grey, Efq. Morrick, 2 copies
R. B. Grieve, Efq. Berwick

William Grieve, Efq. ditto
Mifs Griffith, Newcaftle
Mr. Griffith, Manchefter
John Griffith, Efq. Attorney at Law, Durham Mifs Goodricke, York

## H.

Lady Charlotte Hay
Sir William Hillman, Board of Green Cloth, St. James's
Mr. Peter Hagan, Tottenham
Mrs. Hagan, ditto

Mifs Hall, Flafs, Durham
Rev. Thomas Hardcaftle, Merton College, Oxon.
Francis Hargrave, Efq. Lincoln's-Inn, 2 copies
Mrs. Hargrave, 2 ditto
Rev. Smith Hargrave, Charter-Houfe, 2 ditto
Mr. Harryman, Highbury-Place, Inington
Mrs. Harryman, ditto
Mr. H——, 6 copies
Rev. John Hawkins, Rector of Berrington, Shroph.
Rev. Thomas Hayes, M. A. Vicar of St. Ofwald, Durham
John Hayes, Efq. Proctor, Durham
Rev. Dickens Hanlewood, M. A. ditto
John Hedley, Efq. Newcattle
Lieut. Robert Hedley, 37th regiment
Mifs Eiizabeth Heighway, Trefnanny, Montgomeryfhire
Mr. Henry Hemnley, Durham
Mrs. Henley, Windfor
Mifs Henley, ditto
John Harbert, Efq. Park, Montgomeryfhire
Mr. Thomas Herne, Bond-Atreet
Jofeph Hetherington, Efq. Cuftom Houfe, London
Rev. Thomas Hey, D. D. Prebendary of Rochefter John Heyfham, M. D. Carlife
William Highmore, Efq. Datchet, near Windfor, 2 copies
Chrift. Hill, Efq. Collector of Cuftoms, Sunderland Mrs. Hill, London, 3 copics

## NAMES OF SUBSCRIBERS.

## Oxon.

 opies ditton

Shropin. . Ofwald,

Mrs. Mary Hopper, Durham
John Hopper, Efq. Cornet, ift dragoons
London Rochefter

Windfor,
nderland

Walter
Walter Hill, Efq. Gower-Atreet, Strand 'Thomas Hill, Efq. Inner Temple Edward Hilliard, Efq. Cowley Houfc, Middlefex Mrs. Hinchliffe, Peterborough Palace Henry Hinchliffe, Efq. M. A. Fellow of Trinity College, Cambridge
George Hoare, Efq. Tower of London Captain Hoare
Mr. Hoggan, Surgeon, Windfor
George Hogarth, Efq. Lincoln's-Inn New-fquare
G. S. Holroyd, Efq. Gray's-Inn

Rev. James Holme, Sedgfield, Durham
George Holland, jun. Efq. Strand
Mrs. Holland, Wigmore-ftreet, 10 copies
Jofiah Holford, Efq. Hampitead
John Hoole, Efq. Tenterden, Kent
Rev. Samuel Hoole, A. M. Abinger, Surry
Hendry Hopper, Efq. Durham, 2 copies
Thomas Hopper, Efq. Attorney at Law, Durham
Thomas Hopper, Efq. Newcaftle

Mrs. Hopper, Old Elvet, Durham
Rev. William Hopkins, Fitz, Shropfhire
Mifs Horne, Clapham
Mifs E. Horne, ditto
Mifs Horfman, ditto
Mrs. Hotchkin, Windfor
Mr. Hoult, Durham

M:. Houndfome, Newcaftle
David Howell, Efq. M. P.
Mrs. Hudfon, Whitley
James Eiuetfon, Efq. London
Mr. Jofeph Huetfon, Queen's College, Oxon.
Mrs. Hulme, Hackney
Thomas Hunter, Efq. No. 2, Lincoln's-Inn, Stonebuildings
John Hunter, Efq. Hermitage, Durham
Peter Hunter, Eif. Attorney at Law, Durham Mr.Rich.Hunter, Scholar, Queen's College, Oxon.
Mrs. Hutchinfon, Queen Ann-ftreet, Cavendihfquare
Timothy Hutchinfon, Efq. Durham
Harry Fiutfon, Efq. Cuftom-houfe, London

## I.

Mr. James, Surgeon, Durham
Rev. John Jenkins, Evercreech, Somerfethire William Jeffer, Efq. Hackney
Robert Ingram, Efq. London
Hugh Ingram, Efq. ditto
Rev. Henry Ingles, Rector of Whitborne, Herefordfhire
James Innis, Efq. Royal Bank, Edinburgh Hugh Innis, Efq. Edinburgh Mrs. St. John, St. John's Lodge, Herts

Fran
John John Dr.

Mr. Mr.
Mr. Ifaac Mrs. Newr

Hon.
Rev.
Mrs.
Barna Jame Enfig Mr. I Davic John Rev. Mifs

Francis

## NAMESOFSUBSCRIBERS.

Francis Johnfon', Efq. Gray's-Inn
John Johnfon, Efq. ditto John Johnfon, Efq. Walton-houfe, Cumberland Dr. Johnfon, M. D. Brentford, Butts

## K.

Mr. Kearlley, Sedgfield, Durham
Mr. David Kearlley, Surgeon, Sedgfield
Mr. Jofeph Kearfiey, ditro, ditto
Ifaac King, Efq. High Wycomb
Mrs. King, ditto
Newman Knowlys, Efq. Barrifter at Law, Temple

## L.

Hon. Lieut. Colonel Lindfay, 46th Regiment Rev. H. A. Lagden, Balfham, Cambridgefhire Mrs. Lagden, ditto
Barnardus La Grange, Efq. Marfham-ftreet James Brazier La Grange, Brianftone-ftreet Enfign Lamilliere, 16th Regiment
Mr. Lampfon, Durham
David Landell, Efq. Newcaftle
John Larking, Efq. Eaft-Malling, Kent, 3 copies Rev. John Law, D. D. Archdeacon of Rochefter Mifs Law

Mr. Henry Lee, Cuftom-houfe, London
Richard Legard, Efq. Chanccry-office
Mrs. Leighton, Wimpole-ftreet
Crook Leighton, Efq. Durham
Rev. Edward Leighton, Rector of 2d Portion, Pontefbury, Shropfhire
Rev. Mr. Leighton, Richmond, Yorkfhire
Mrs. Catherine Leicefter, Epping
Mrs. Mary Lecicefter, ditto
Samuel Lenox, Efq. London
Villiers William Lewis, Efq. Bath
Mr. Thomas Lewis, Ludgate-ftreet
Mr. John Licdell, Durham
Mr. Thomas Liddiard, St. Paul's-Church-Yard
——— Lifter, Efq. Hackney
Rubert Line, Efq. Acton houfe, Northumberland
George Litchfield, Efq. Cuttom-houfe, London
Mrs. Lloyd, Eedford-row, 3 copies
Rev. William Lloyd, Charter-houfe
J. Longley, Efq. Rochefter

Edmund Lovell, LL. D. Archdeacon of Bath
Rev. James Love
Mr. Jofeph Lowe, London
—_Lubbock, Efq. Clapham
Fran. Townes Luttrell, Efq. Powis-place, London

Col
Mr.
Lie
Ebs
Joh
Ale
Mr .
Mai
Mal
Rev
Rev
Rev
Mrs
Mirs
Mr.
Mifs
Hen
Rev
Geo
Hug
Ralp
Rev
Hen
Rev.
Mr.

```
NAMES OF SUBSCRIBERS.
```


## M.

Portion,
hire
arch-Yard
humberland
London
ee, London
of Bath

Colonel M•Kenzie, Exeter
Mr . Donald Macqueen, Surgeon, Eton
Lieut. Mahon, 16 th Regiment
Ebenezer Maitland, Efq. London
John Maitland, Efq. ditto
Alexander Maitland, Efq. ditto
Mr . Maitland, Victualling-office, Somerfet-place
Maiditone Book Society, 2 copies
Malling Book Society
Rev. John Manning, High Wycombe
Rev. James Mannifty, Durham
Rev. George Marfh, Ford, Northumberland
Mrs. Marh, ditto
Mifs Marfh, ditto
Mr. Peter Marfden, Durham
Mifs Marlborough, Baldock
Henry Martin, Efq. Lincoln's-Inn
Rev. Dr. Mayo, St. George's in the Eaft, London
George May, Efq. Maidftone
Hugh Mercer, Efq. Edinburgh
Ralph Milbanke, Efq. M. P. Seaham, Durham
Rev. Thos. Mills, Rector of Habberly, Shrophire
Henry Mills, Efq. Durham
Rev. James Mitchell, Newburn, North Britain
Mr. Titus Mitchell, London

## NAMES OF SUBSCRIBERS.

Rev. Ifaac Monkhoufe, M. A. Fellow of Queen's College, Oxon
Rev. John Montgomery, South-ftreet, Berkleyfquare
Lieut. Col. Moore, 5 If Regiment
Mifs Hannah More, Bath
Mifs Martha More, ditto
John Morgan, Efq. Tredigar, MonmouthMire
Mr. Arthur Mowbray, Sherbourn, Durham
Willian Mullock, Efq. Bartlett's-buildings, Holborn
John Spelman Munnings, Efq. Inner Temple Rev. Anthony Munton

## N.

The Right Hon. Lord North
The Right Hon. Lady North
Lady Ann North
Lady Charlotte North
Hon. Major North
Sir James Nugent, Bart. Donore, Weftmeath
George Nardy, Efq. London
Thomas Neave, Efq. ditto
Mrs. Thomas Neave, ditto
Mifs Margaret Neefom, Houghton, Durham John Needham, Efq. Gray's-Inn

Rev. $\mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{I}}$
Highn
Mr. Nev Mr. Nev James $\mathbf{N}$
Francis
Capt. Ed

Mr. Geol
Rev. Ne
Preben
Robert $\mathrm{O}_{8}$
Charles O caftle,
Mrs. Ord
Mrs. Ord,
Rev. Jam
Mrs. J. O
John Ord,
John Ofbo Mr. John

The Righ The Righ

## NAMES OF SUBSCRIBERS.

Rev. Wm. Nesfield, M. A. Chaplain to his Royal Highnefs the Prince of Wales, \&cc. 2 copies
Mr. Newton, Architect, Newcaftle, 2 copies
Mr. Newton, Strand, London
James Newey, Efq. Cuftom-houfe, London Francis North, Efq. Chriift Church, Oxon. Capt. Edward Nugent, Harcourt-Atreet, Dublin

## 0.

Mr. George Offer, London
Rev. Newton Ogle, D. D. Dean of Winchefter, Prebendary of Durham, \&c.
Robert Ogle, Efq. Eglinham, Northumberland
Charles Ogle, Efq. Collector of Cuftoms, Newcaftle, 2 copies
Mrs. Ord, Fenham, Northumberland, 3 copies
Mrs. Ord, Queen Ann-ftreet, Weftminfter
Rev. James Ord, Caftle Eden, Durham
Mrs. J. Ord, ditto
John Ord, Efq. Weetwood, Northumberland John Ofborne, Efq. Turville-court, Bucks
Mr. John Oxenford, Cuftom-houfe, London

> P.

The Right Hon. Lord Vifcount Parker The Right Rev. the Bifhop of Peterborough

## NAMES OFSUBSCRIBERS.

## Mifs Page, Clapham

Rev. Dr. Parker, Rector of St. James's, Weftminfter
Mrs. Parker, Maidftone, Kent, 2 copies
Robert Parker, Efq. ditto, 2 copies
Mrs. R. Parker, ditto
Rev. Edward Parker, Dutham, 2 copies
Mr. Parker, Surgeon, Gloucefter
Mr. John Parker, London
Rev. Thomas Parry, Vicar of Great Nefs
Mr. Edward Parry, London
Mr. H. Parry, ditto
Mr. Paterfon
Samuel Payne, Efq. Chelfea, 2 copies
George Pearfon, Efq. Durham
Auguftus Pechell, Efq. Portman-fquare
Dr. Percivall, M. D. Manchefter
S. Pett, Efq. London

Humph. Philpott, Efq. Pedmore, Worcefterfhire
Edw. Pickard, Efq. Homerton
Mrs. Pickard, ditto
Charles Piefchell, Efq. London
Mrs. Ann Pinfold, Bulftrode-ftreet
David Pitcairne, M. D. Lincoln's-Inn-Fields
Rev. Mr. Place, Green Hammerton, York /hire
Lieutenant Pockhill, 16th Regiment
Mr. Potts, Surgeon, Durham
Mr. William Poulton, Surgeon, Maidenhead

Rev.
ham
Mr. W
Mr. W
Rev. J
Sam. P
Rev. 1
Henry
2 co
Mrs. P
George

Hon. M
Chevalie
Rev. Pe
William
Mrs. Ra
Henry
Francis
Mrs. Ro
Mr. Ẅil
Mifs S.
Rev. Th
Jofeph I ter-ftr
Chrift. R

## NAMES OF SUBSCRIBERS.

Rev. Charles Poyntz, D. D. Prebendary of Durham, \&c.
Mr. Walter Prentis, Rochefter
Mr. William Prince, Brentford
Rev. James Price, High Wycombe
Sam. Prime, Efq. Whitton, Middlefex
Rev. Mr. Pringle, Durham
Henry Proctor Efq. Clewer Lodge, near Windfor, 2 copies
Mrs. Proctor, ditto
George Proctor, Efq. ditto, 3 copies

## R.

Hon. Major Rawdon, 16th Regiment
Chevalier Rufpini, London
Rev. Peter Ravenfcroft, Weftbury, Shropfhire
William Rawfon, Efq. Hallifax, Yorkhire Mrs. Rayne, Durham
Henry Utrick Reay, Efq. Burn-hall, Durham
Francis Reed, Eíq. Hurworth, Durham
Mrs. Roberts, Hackney
Mr. Ẅilliam Roberts, ditto
Mifs S. Roberts, London
Rev. Tho. Roberts, Horton, Middiefex Jofeph Roberts, Efq. Attorney at Law, Gloucef-ter-ftreet
Chrift. Robinfon, Efq. Magdalen College, Oxon
R. Rob-

## NAMES OF SUBSCRIBERS.

R. Robertion, Efq. Durham

Rev. John Robfon, ditto
Mr. Robfon, Wine Merchant, Durham
Mr. Robfon, Jun. ditto
Rev. Mr. Rogers, Berkley, near Frome, Somerfetfhire
Mr. Sylvanus Ronalds, Brentford
Mifs Routledge, Windfor
Mrs. Rowney, Oxon, 4 copies
Mifs Royd, Hallifax, Yorkfhire
Mifs Ann Royd, ditto
Mifs Frances Royd, ditto
William Rudd, Efq. Durham
Mrs. Rudd, ditto
Capt. Benjamin Runwa, Royal Navy
Lowther Rutter, Efq. Durham
Capt. Rutherford, 16th Regiment
Thomas Ryder, Efq. Charter-houfe, London

## S.

The Right Hon. Lord Saltown
Lady Catherine Stanhope, Whitfield Lodge
Sir John Sheffield, Bart.
Lady Sheffield
Mrs. Salvin, Durham, 6 copies
Mifs Salvin, ditto
Mifs Matilda Salvin, ditto

Mifs
Antho George Hugh 2 co $\mathrm{Mr} . \mathrm{Sa}$
John S Rev. M
Mr. Se Rev. G
Richard

Mifs Sel Mifs Se Rev. Jo thumb
Mrs. Sh:
Mifs Sha
Granville
Mr. Ben
Mr. Tho
Tim. Sh
Mr. Will
James Sh
Jofeph Sl
S. Shore, Mifs Sho
Richard
John Shu
Rev. Joh

Mifs Charlotte Salvin, Durham
Anthony Salvin, Efq. ditto
George Salvin, Efq. Manchefter
Hugh Salvin, Efq. St. John's Collcge, Cambridge,
2 copies
Mr. Salkeld, Surgeon, Durham
John Salufbury, Efq. Lincoln's-Inn
Rev. Mr. Salufbury, Gravely, Herts
Mr. Searth, Caftle Eden, Durham
Rev. George Scott, Betton, Shrophire
Richard Scruton, Efq. Attorney at Law, Durham Secker, Efq. Windfor
Mifs Selby, Lady Thorn, Northumberland
Mifs Service, Hackney
Rev. John Sharpe, D. D. Archdeacon of Northumberland, Prebendary of Durham, \&c.
Mrs. Sharp, Bambrough Caftle, Northumberland Mifs Sharp, ditto
Granville Sharp, Efq. London, 2 copies
Mr. Benj. Shaw, Merchant, London-bridge
Mr. Thomas Shaw, Cuftom-houfe, London
Tim. Shelly, Efq. M. P. Warnham-place, Suffex
Mr. William Shields, Durham, 3 copies
James Shipton, Efq. Lincoln's-Inn
Jofeph Shrimpton, Efq. Bedford-fquare
S. Shore, Efq. Clapham

Mifs Shotbolt, Camberwell, Surry
Richard Shuttleworth, Efq. Durham
Mifs
John Shuttleworth, M. D. Wycombe
Rev. John Sibley, Rector of Walcot, Bath

Thomas Simpfon, Efq. Newcaftle
Mr. Simpfon, Cuftomer of his Majefty's Cuftoms, Sunderland
Dr. Sinclair, 16th Regiment
Capt. Skinner, 16th Regiment
Mrs. Sleath, Tottenham-court-road
Mifs Sleech, Rochefter
Robert Smith, Efq. Gray's-Inn, 2 copics
Mrs. Smith, Durham, 2 ditto
William Smith, Efq. ditto
Mrs. W. Smith, ditto
George Smith, Efq. Piercefield, Vonmoutlahire
Mrs. Smith, ditto
George Thomas Smith, Efq. Cornet, $7^{\text {th }}$ dragoons
Rev. Johnua Smith, A. M. Fellow of St. John's College, Cambridge
John Smith, Efq. Faverham, Kent
Samuel Smith, Efq. Clapham
William Smith, Efq. Clapham
John Smith, Efq. Combhay, near Bath
Lieutenant Harris Smith, Royal Navy, 2 copies
Mifs Smith, Greenwich
Mifs Elizabeth Smith, ditto
Lieutenant Henry Smith, Greenwich Horpital
Francis Smith, M. D. Maidftone
Samuel Solley, Efq. Ormond-ftreet
JohnHen. Southcote, Efq. Buckland Houfe, Devon, Mr. George Spaukie, Merchant, Edinburgh Captain Spens, 16th regiment

## NAMES OF SUBSCRIBERS.

uthifhire
dragoons t. John's

1 Mr. Henry Spicer, Enamel Painter to the Prince of Wales
Mrs. Spillbury, London
Mrs. Springet, Maidftone
Mrs. Squire, Hertford
Mr. John Squire, ditto
Mr. William Squire, ditto
Flint Stacey, Efq. Maidftone
James Stanley, Efq. Lincoln's-Inn
Dr. Alexander Stenhoufe, Edinburgh.
David Stewart, Efq. 2 copies
Francis Steward, Efq. Weymouth, 3 copies
Mr. Steel, London
John Stephenfon, Efq. M. P. Bedford-fquare
Robert Stevenfon, Efq. Moufden Hall
John Stephenfon, Efq. Charlotte-ftreet, Bloomfbury
Mrs. Stephenfon, ditto
Peter Still, Efq. Lincoln's-Inn
Mrs. Stinton, Clapham
Percival Stockdale
George Storey, Efq. Wearmouth, Sunderland
Major Stretch, Bath
Mrs. Stretch, ditto
John Stretch, Efq. ditto
John Sturgis, Efq. Windfor
Rev. Dr. Sumner, Bath
Mrs. Sumner, ditto
John Surtees, Efq. Newcaftle
Aubone Surtees, Efq. ditto b 2

Matthew

Matthew Surtees, Efq. ditto
Mifs Sutton, Boxley Abbey, Kent
John Tim. Swainton, Efq. Cuftom Houfe, London

## T.

Clement Taylor, Efq. M. P. Maidfone
Rev. Richard Taylor, Kenfington
Mrs. Taylor, ditto
J. V. Taylor, Efq. Southgate

Thomas Taylor, Efq. Durham
R. G. Temple, Efq. Mortake

Mrs. Temple, ditto
Mrs. Tenant
Anthony Tenbrocke, Efq. London
Rev. John Thompfon, Fellow of Queen's College, Oxon
Charles Thompfon, E.fq. Lincoln's-Inn
Mrs. Thompfon, Clapham
Mr. William Thompfon, London
Rev. Wm. Thornes, Vicar of Alderbury, Shroph.
Samuel Thornton, Efq. M. P. Clapham
John Thring, Efq. Warminiter, Wilts.
Wm. Toulmin, Efq. Hackney
Mr. B. Travers, London
Mrs. Travers, ditto
Rev. George Trenchard, Blandford, Dorfethire William Trenchard, Efq. Dorfet

## MAMES OF SUBSCRIBERS.

Colonel Trigge, 12 th regiment
Mrs. Trigge
Mrs. Trallope, Oxford, 4 copies Robert T'ubbs, jun. Efq. Acton, Middlefex
Mr. Thomas Tudor, Apothecary, Salop
Mr. Turing, George-ftreet, Edinburgh
Mis. Tyfon, Queen-fquare, Bloomibury
George Tyfon, Efq. ditto

## V.

Hon. Frederick Vane, Sellerbey, Durham
The Rev. Sir Heary Vane, Bart. Prebendary of Durham, \&c.
Mrs. Vardon, Greenwich
Mifs Vardon, ditto
Mr. John Vardon, Merchant, London
Mr. George Variar, London
Mr. John Vaughan, Pontefbury, Shrophhire
Mrs. Venour, Gerrard-ftreet, Soho
Lieutenant Vernon, 16th regiment
Rev. Daniel Veyfie, Fellow of Oriel College, Oxon.
Rev. Samuel Viner, M. A. Durham
U.

Mrs. Unwin, Caftle Hedingham, Effex
Rev. T. Urwick, Clapham
b 3 The

```
NAMES OF SUBSCRIBERS.
```

W.

The Right Hon, the Earl of Wycombe The Right Ru\%, the Bihhop of Winchefler Sir Charles Watfon, Bart. Sir George Warren, K. B.
Charles Walcot, Efq. General Poft-Office, London Captain Wallace, 16th Regiment
Martin Wall, M. D. Clinical Profeffor, Oxon. Rev. Richard Wallis, Carham
Mifs Walker, Bath
Rev. Dr. Walfby, Park-ftreet
Mr. Edward Walh, Durham
Mr. John Walton, Old Elvet, Durham
E. W ——, 3 copies

Edw.VernonWard, Efq.St. Alban's-Atreet, Pall-mall
John
Mifs
Mrs.
Rev.
Rev. 1
Thom
James
Thom
Thom:
Robert
Richar
James
Mrs.
Mrs. V
Rev. $P$
Rev. T
Rev. O
Reed Ward, Efq. Durham
Mr. R. Ward, Newcaftle
Mr. Ward, Surgeon, Durham
Mr. Ward, jun. Attorney at Law, Durham
Mr. Edward Warren, Ware
Samuel Warren, Efq. Great Ruffel-ftreet
Mr. Jofeph Warter, Sibberfcott, Shrophire
Rev. Jofeph Watkins, Durham
Rev. John Watts, Weftmeon, iInts.
Rev. Robert Waugh, Durham
Nathaniel Wayley, Efq. London

## NAMES OF SUBSCRIBERS.

John Wear, Efq. Gray's-Inn Mifs Weatherley, Brentford Butts Mrs. Webiter
Rev. Charles Wefton, B. D. Preb. of Durham, \&ec. Rev. Phipps Wefton, M. A. Preb. of Durham, \&c. Thompfon Weft, Efq. Crown-court, Cheapfide James Whalley, Efq. Clark Hill, Lancafhire Thomas Whalley, Efq. Roche Court, Hants. Thomas Wharton, Efq. Old Park, Durham Robert Wharton, Efq. ditto Richard Wharton, Efq. Temple James Whatman, Efq. Vinters, Kent, 3 copies Mrs. Whatman, ditto, 3 copies
Mrs. Wickham, Wells, Somerfetfhire
Rev. Provis Wickham, Baliol College, Oxon. .
Rev. Thomas Wickham, Chilmark, Wilts.
Rev. Ofborne Wight, Rector of ift Portion, Pontefbury, Shropfhire
Rev. Tho. Willis, LL.D. Prebendary of Rochefter Mr. W. Wilthire, Hitchen, Herts.
John Wilkie, Efq. Hetton, Northumberland
Rev. Daniel Williams, Pontefbury, Shropfhire
Rev. Lewis Williams, Rector of W oofafton, ditto John Williams, Efq. Barnttaple
Rev. James Williamfon, B. D. Prebendary of Lincoln
Rev. Jofeph Wilton, Newcaftle Abraham Wilkinfon, Efq. Dublin, fix copies Thomas Wilkinfon, Efq. Durham

$$
\text { b } 4
$$

John Wilkinfon, Efq. Stockton
Mrs. Wilkinfon, Newcaftle
Martin Wilkinfon, Efq. Attorney at Law, Durham
Mr. Samuel Wilkinfon, High Wycombe
Dr. Wilkinfon, M. D. Enfield
Mifs Wilkinfon, Clapham
Mrs. Wilkinfon, jun. Stockton
John Wild, Efq. Gray's-Inn
J. W.

The Rev. Dr. Willis, Greatford, Lincolnhhire
Robert Willis, M. D.
John Willfon, Efq. London
John Winter, Efq. Swithin's-lane, London
Rev. Richard Witton, Rector of Meldon, Northumberland
George Wood, Efq. Durham
Mr. Woolatt, Surgeon, Windfor
——Workman, Efq. London
William Wroughton, Efq. Hadley, Middlefex.

$$
\mathbf{Y}
$$

Mrs. Yonge, Eton College Mifs S. Young, Lewifham, Kent.

The Author has been honoured with the following refpectable Names, fince the List of $\mathrm{Sub}_{\mathrm{u}}$ scribers was printed off, viz.

Her Grace the Duchefs of Devonfhire
The Right Hon. Earl Spencer
The Right Hon, the Countefs Dowager Spencer John Wilfon Allen, Efq. Stanhoe, Norfolk Mifs H. M. Bowdler, Bath
Rev. Mr. Godfrey
John Curre, of Itton Court, Efq. Rev. Samuel Glaffe, D. D. F. R.S.
Rev. Robert Knopwood
Rev. Charles Norris
William Poyntz, Eiq.

## CONTENTS.

Letter I. The Autbor's Arvival in Virginia-Country defcribed-Voyage up the Cbefapeak-Reception at Annapolis, the Capital of Maryland. Page $\mathbf{I}$

Letter ii. Interefing Anecdote refpecting the Deatb of a celebrated Tlbeatrical CbaraEter—Defcription of Annapolis, and its environs-Excurfion to the Eaftern Sbore of Maryland-Reflections on the political fituation of the Colonies.

Letter iif. Tour on the Weftern Bore-Anniverfary of the Proprietary's birth celebrated-Winter, its extreme feverity.

Letter iv. Sentiments on the conduCZ of the Gover-nor-Settlement of the Province of Maryland-Confitution-Clergy, their fituation-Refibetions on

## CONTENTS.

the abjeEtions of the Colonifts to an Epifcopal efiablifbment, and on the probable confequences of the acquifition of Canada. Page 36

Letter v. Eulogy on the State of MarylandPlenty and cheapne/s of provifions-Natives diftingruibed by an elegance and propriety' of expref-fion-Refleetions on Farliamentary taxation. 57

Letter vi. Negroes, Conviits, Indented Servants, and Free-willers, their fituation-Interefing Account of ait indented Servant.

Letter vii. Settlement of Annapolis, of Baltinore, and of Frcdcrick Town, Sbip Building, reffeEtions on it.

Letter vili. Races at Annapolis, $\mathcal{E}^{c}$.-Obfervations on the Carfe of confiderable Emigrations from the Motber Country.

Letter ix. Weatber-Difpofition of the Soutbern Colonifts, Amufements, E'c.-On the Decreafe of the Aborigines

Letrer x. Agriculture, the principal oljeCt of Colonial .Attention-Metbod of taking up vacant Lands -Proprietary Infiuence, unpopular-Elections tri-

## CONTENTS.

ennial-Provincial and County Magiftrates, tbeir Power-Litigious difpofition of the Colonits, $\mathcal{E}^{\circ}$.

Page 119
Letter xi. Excurfion into the back Country-Settlement of Hagar's Town.

Letter xif. Term of Refidence as a Qualification to bold Offices-Autbor, bis wicwes-Political dijcontents, poetical attempt on the Subject.

Letter xiri. Obfervations on the Woolen Manufactory of Britain and America.

Letter xiv. Public Improvements in Annapolis, $\mathcal{E}^{\circ} c$.

Letter xv. Parliamentary Taxation univerfally un-popular-Eulogy on the Autbor of the Paftoral Poem, "The Search after Happiness"Occafional Epilogue, fpoken at the Tbeatre in Pbiladelpbia.

151
Letter xvi. Alarming Intelligence from BofonReflections thereon. 156

Letter xvii. General Ferment tbrougbout the Co-lonies-Governor, bis Departure for England Refoiutions, E'c. of the Citizens of Annapolis. 158

## CONTENTS

Letter xviut. Unanimous difpofition of the Colonifts to of pofe the meafures of Government-A Veffel and ber Cargo burnt at Annapolis-Refult of the deliberations of Congress-Return of the Governor to Maryland.

Page 168
Letter xix. Tendency of the Colonies to bofile oppo-Sition-Conduct of the Author-His Letter in the Maryland Gazette.

Letter xx. Commencencent of Hofilities-Powider and fores taken from the Magazine at Williamf-burgh-Requijtion to Governor Eden in Confe-quence-Defpotijn of Committees-Reflections on the a/pect of Public affairs-General Gage, bis account of the AEtion at Lexington-Propriety of the Governor's Conduct.

Letter xxi. Situation of the Colonies-State of Maryland-Sentiments thereon-Ship deftroyedIntercepted letter, and Confequences to the WriterReflections.

Letter xxif. Autbor, bis fituation-His Family prepare for their Departure to Europe-Danger of Correfpondence exemplified in the cafe of $M r$. $C$ 220

## CONTENTS.

Colo-$t-A$ fult of Sovere 168

Letter xxini. Autbor's Family take leave of Ame-rica-He fixes bis Refidence with the GovernorAttempt to expel the Adberents to the ancient Con-Aitution-Major Waßhington eler:ated to the fupreme Command-General Lee-Prudent Determination of the Citizens of Annapolis.

Page 229
Letter xxiv. Military Arrangements—Letters by tbe Packet detained for infpection-State of Anna-polis-Report of the reduction of 2 uebec-Reflec-tions-Montreal taken.

Letter xxv. Reflegions on the Commencement of the Year 1776, Esic.

Letter xxvi. Proceedings in Virginia-Defruction of Hampton.

250
Letter xxvir. Inbabitants of Annapolis, their Alarm-Sbip of War and Tender pafs the Har-bour-Autbor deputed to wait on the Commander with a Flag of Truce-Detail of bis proceedings on board-Otter, E'c. retuin down the Bay. $25^{8}$

Letter xxviii. Account of the evacuation of Bofton by the Britifh Forces-Reflections on the fate of the Colonies.

## CONTENTS.

Letter xxix. Recommendation of Congre/s to the refpective Provinces-Decided conduct in Virginia -Letter to Governor Eden intercepted-Convention vote the Expediency of bis quitting Maryland-Address in confequence-He preparcs for bis depar-turi-Autbor, bis fituation. Page 273

Letter xxx. Autbor receives a fummons to attend the Committee of Obfervation-Congrefs recommend the detention of Governor Eden-Application on the fame fulbject from the Calony of Virginia-Refilt of the Autbor's Appearance before the Commit. tee-Critical fituation of the Crovernor-Reflections cin the Conduct of the Committec-Arrival of the Fowey Frigate.

Letter xxxi. Departure of the Governor-Efcape of divers Perfons from the Bore-Altercation in confequence thereof - Difagreeable terminationFowey proceeds down the Bay-Autbor, and bis Colleague in Office, addrefs the Convention-Tbeir determination - Declaration of Independence AEtion off Cbarles Town in Soutb Carolina. 312

Letter xxxif. Aivival of Lord Howe-Circular letter to the Governors-Refolve of Congrefs in ronfequence - Departure of the Earl of Dunmore from the Capes-AETion on Long Ifland-Report of the Committee appointed to coinfer with the Parliamentary

## CONTENTS.

liamentary Commiffoners-Reduction of New York -Situation of Maryland-Hunting Ridge defcribed —Proccedings of the Britifh Forces. Page 322

Letter xxxili. Commencoment of the Year 1777— Military Occurrcrces-Mode of Provincial En-lifinents-Apparent neglect of the Capes, and con-fequenco-State of Maryland, E®c.

Letter xxxiv. Excurfion into Frederick CountyAutbor and bis Colleague Juperfeded-Governor of Maryland under the new. Confitution proclaimedSituation of the Author-His final dijcbarge from employment, and preparations for quitting the Proviace.

Letter xxxv. Autbor's Departure from Ammapolis -Arrival at York Town, Virginia-Proceeds to Hampton-Embarrafjments in that Situation-Engages a Scbooner to convey bim on board a Britijb Sbip, and embarks.

360
Letter xxxvi. Autbor quits the Harbour-Diffculties be meets with - Cbaced by an American Schooner-Dangerous Situation.

Letter xxxvir. Reception on board the Thames Frigate-Interefing Diccovery - Removal to the Emerald-Arrival at New York.

405

## CONTENTS.

Letter xxxvili. Capture of American Vefjels-Embarks in the Senegal—Magnificent Appearance of the Britifh Armament-Hofpitable Reception, Eoc.

Page 416
Letter xxxix. Dangerous Navigation defrribedCurfory Account of New York, and its environs -Intelligence from tbe Cbefapeak-Attack on Staten Jland, Esc.

Letter xe. Military Intelligence-Expedition up the Nortb River-Count Gabroufki, bis gallant bebaviour, and exalted fortitude-Capture of the Royal Army under General Burgoyne-Autbor prepares for bis departure from America.

Letter xli. Arrival at Cork-Hofpitable Reception, Evc.-Engages for bis paljuge to Briftcl. 450

Letter xlit. Puts into Ilfracomb-Defign of proceeding by Brifol relinquibed-Conclufion.

453

Ibut of becon I ente feeling engag
LET.

## $\begin{array}{lllllll}\mathbf{L} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{R} & \mathbf{S}\end{array}$

## WRITTEN FROM

## A M E R I C A.

$$
\begin{array}{lllllll}
\mathrm{L} & \mathbf{E} & \mathrm{~T} & \mathbf{T} & \mathbf{E} & \mathrm{R} & \mathbf{I} .
\end{array}
$$

York Town, Virginia, Aug. 30th, 1769.
TAM, my dear friend, at length fafely landed on the American continent. Our voyage has been tedious; we have encountered hard gales, and contrary winds; but of thefe I think no more. I am now become an inhabitant of a new world; and I enter into it, not only with the common feelings of a ftranger, whofe attention is engaged by the novelty of every furroundB ing

2 LETTERS Let. 1, ing object, but with the more interefting reflexion, that this country is not more new to me than are my hopes and expectations in it; and that I am here, under the patronage of new friends, to engage in new purfuits. With this impreffion, I cannot but form an ideal connexion between what I fee, and what I feel. I mean not, however, that this fhould at all influence the narrative which I fhall occafionally tranfmit to you; that, as far as is in my power, fhall contain no more than what may be fuppofed naturally to fuggeft itfelf to any indifferent fpectator, whom curiofity or amufement has carried into a diftant country.

I will begin with acquainting you, that the fituation of this town is exquifitely beautiful, and the adjacent country very romantic and picturefque. The noble river Chefapeak is full in view, which, vourable reception. tant nations.
in the narroweft part, is at leaft ten miles broad, and runs a courfe of near three hundred, navigable for the largeft hips. Many confiderable rivers difcharge themfelves into this bay, by which the advantages of commerce are extended to the interior country; and planters whofe habitations are far remote from the ocean, receive at their own doors, by water conveyance, the various productions of dif.

From hence to Annapolis, the deftined fcene of my future purfuits, is two hundred miles; for which place I fhall embark on board a fchooner, the inftant I receive my baggage, and hope fpeedily to impart the particulars of a mort fa-

Chefapeak Bay, Sept. 1/f.
Yesterday I made an excurfion to Williamburgh, the metropolis of Virginia, the fituation of which is by no means equal to York Town. The capital where the delegates of the people affemble, is neat and elegant; the college and the governor's palace, are likewife handfome edifices; but I did not diftinguifh any other buildings which particularly merited obfervation. I was, however, greatly entertained by the variegated beautiful profpects, lofty woods, and highly cultivated plantations, which prefented themfelves to me in every direction.

I am now on my paffage for Annapolis; a gentle breeze wafts us pleafantly on our courfe; the day is fplendid, and the interefting and magnificent objects which continually ftrike the eye, infinitely exceed the utmoft powers of defcription.

Let. I . FROM AMERICA. $s$

Innumerable veffels of different denominations are floating in every point of view, which add to the grandeur of the fcene, and imprefs the mind with agreeable ideas of commercial advantages.

The courfe we are fteering is nearly fouth; we have paffed many noble rivers on both fides the bay, particularly the Potomac, on the weftern hore; which, at the entrance, is feveral miles in breadth, anci is navigable for hips of great burthen to Alexandria, about forty leagues from its influx. At a fmall diftance above that place are fome confiderable falls, which interrupt the navigation of veffels further up the country; but I am informed that a plan is in agitation to remove this obftruction ; and fhould fuccefs attend the execution, it is fcarcely conceivable to what an immenfe diftance commerce may be then extended.

B 3 The

Let
The Potomac feparates Virginia from Maryland; but there are counties belonging to each province on both fides the bay. In the Maryland government, the divifion is nearly equal ; but in that of Virginia, their territory on the weftern hhore is infinitely more extenfive, more populous; and more important than on the eattern.

Thefe immenfe waters are diverfified with an infinite number of iflands of the moik varied and beautifal appearance. Some are cultivated; others entirely covered with lofty, valuable timber. It is almoft impoffible, on viewing the natural advantages of this country, to avoid anticipating the future political and commercial importance of America.

A few weeks fince, the Thames was the moft conderable river I had ever beheld; it is now, comparatively, reduced to a di- minutive

Let.
Let. $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{c}}$ from America. 7 minutive ftream : but, may its real importance increafe to the end of time ! May the wealth of all nations flow in with every tide, to the encouragement of arts and manufactures, and to the general advancement of the riches and profperity of Britain!

Early to-morrow, I hope to land at Annapolis. The cliffs which bound the entrance of the Severn, are now in view; but the wind is too light, and the diftance too remote to permit us to entertain a hope of reaching the harbour before morning.

$$
\text { Annapolis, Sept. } 4^{\text {th. }}
$$

EARly yefterday I was fafely landed at my defired port. The mafter of the fchooner conducted me to a tavern, where, after a llight repaft, I made the neceffary preparations to appear before the Governor.

$$
\text { B } 4
$$

My

My reception was equal to my warmeft wifhes. The deportment of Governor Eden was open and friendly. He invited me to meet a party at dinner, and I took leave, till the appointed hour, with a heart replete with joy and gratitude.

Underfanding that I was in time for divine fervice, I availed myfelf of an immediate opportunity to offer up my fervent acknowledgements at the throne of grace; and to entreat Heaven to difpenfe bleffings on thofe with whom my fate is infeparably connected.

The exterior appearance of the church has little to recommend it, but the congregation was numercus. The folemn offices were performed with a becoming devotion; and my mind was perfectly in unifon with the important duties of the day.

Let. i. from America. 9

On my return to the Governor, he introduced me, in the moft obliging terms, to feveral perfons of the higheft refpectability in the province. He treated me with the utmoft kindnefs and cordiality; affured me of his ftrongeft diffen to advance my future profperity, and gave me an unlimited invitation to his hofpitable table.

I could not but confider thefe circumftances of my reception and introduction, as a prelude to future advantages. The pleafing tranfactions of the day exhilarated my fpirits; I evidently perceived a pre $n f f e f f i o n ~ i n ~ m y ~ b e h a l f ; ~ I ~ e x-~$ erted my ul., it to improve the favourable impreffion, and retired to reft with a ferenity to which I had been long unaccuftomed.

A hip

A fhip in the road is preparing to fail. I have not time to add more. Yous know where remembrances are due, and will impart them. The firft veffel that arrives from England will, I truft, convey pleafing intelligence of the welfare of my family, and of yourfelf. Under all the eventful circumftances of life, be affured I fhall remain unalterably yours.
arriv was and I with tion ceffar lic $h$ prete that " loo dom $i$ are fo
LETTER

$$
\begin{array}{lllllll}
\mathbf{L} & \mathbf{E} & \mathbf{T} & \mathbf{T} & \mathbf{E} & \mathbf{R} & \mathbf{I I} .
\end{array}
$$

$$
\text { Annapolis, O\&t. 1f, } 1769 .
$$

PREVIOUS to the receipt of your letter, the painful information had arrived, that Powell was no more! He was the valued friend of my early youth, and I hall ever cherifh his remembrance with unabated attachment. To mention his profeffional excellence is unneceffary; the unanimous voice of the public having firmly eftablifhed his fuperior pretenfions. Nor need I exprefs my fears, that it is improbable we fhall quickly " look upon his like again;" for how feldom is it that the great requifites of acting are fo united in one man, as they were in him! Great, however, as his lofs is to the public, it is ftill greater to his friends;
to thofe who knew, as we did, his mild and amiable manners; his eafy and unaffected vivacity; and his uniform candour and benevolence. My feelings on hearing of his death, were much augmented by the particulars of a circumftance immediately preceding it: After having contended feveral days with the violence of his diforder, nature appeared totally exhaufted, and he had lain, for a confiderable time, with fcarce a fymptom of exiftence. His furrounding friends had mournfully yielded him to his fate; and were expecting each moment the laft convulfive exertion! when fuddenly ftarting, with wonderful expreffion in his countenance, he repeated the fpeech in Macbeth, commencing with the words: "Is this a dagger——" tracing with his eye the imaginary movement of the delufive phantom; then a fhort period of recollection took place-he appeared confcious of having been under the influ-

Let
ence
mer
Wh
fion,
2 fai
" gl
no
lieve
lancl
your
envir
$A_{1}$
river
of fit
plan.
riety
fified
wood
tle m
impre
ficenc

Let. If. from America. is ence of a delirium-invoked Heaven for mercy, and funk lifelefs on his pillow! What a frong inftance of the ruling paffion, in his final exit! In him I have loft a faithful, animated friend; and "friends " grow not thick on every bough." But no more of this-I will endeavour to relieve my mind from the intrufion of melancholy ideas, by attempting to gratify your curiofity refpecting this place, and its environs.

Annapolis is nearly encompaffed by the river Severn, and, with every advantage of fituation, is built on a very irregular plan. The adjacent country prefents a variety of beautiful profpects, agreeably diverfified with well fettled plantations, lofty woods, and navigable waters. In our little metropolis, the public buildings do not imprefs the mind with any idea of magnificence, having been chiefly erected during
the infancy of the colony, when convenience was the directing principle, without attention to the embellifment of art.

The court-houfe, fituated on an eminence at the back of the town, commands a variety of views highly interefting; the entrance of the Severn, the majeftic Ches fapeak, and the eaftern More of Maryland, being all united in one refplendent affemblage. Veffels of various fizes and figures are continually floating before the eye; which, while they add to the beauty of the fcene, excite ideas of the moft pleafing nature.

In the court-houfe, the reprefentatives of the people affemble, for the difpatch of provincial bufinefs. The courts of juftice are alfo held here; and here, likewife, the public offices are eftablifhed. This building has nothing in its appearance

T] build humt
room and $b$ fitting curres

I at Servati refpec coloni
expreffive of the great purpofes to which it is appropriated; and by a frrange neglect, is fuffered to fall continually into decay; being, both without and within, an emblem of public poverty, and at the fame time a fevere reflection on the government of this country, which, it feems, is confiderably richer than the generality of the American provinces.

The council chamber is a detached building, adjacent to the former, on a veiy humble fcale. It contains one tolerable room, for the reception of the governor and his council, who meet here during the fitting of the affembly; and whofe concurrence is neceflary in paffing all laws.

I am not yet enabled, from my own obfervation, to form any accurate judgment refpecting the political difpofition of the colonifts; but, if the information I have received
received may be relied on, they attend with a jealous eye to the conduct of their refpective governors; and to every regulation in the parent ftate, which relates to their external or internal interefts. In the northern provinces, a republican fpirit evidently prevails; and in the middle and fouthern, they are, perhaps, too ready in taking the alarm, whenever they conceive any meafures are in agitation which may leffen their importance, embarrafs their trade, or render them more dependent on the mother country. Almof from the commencement of their fettlements, they have occafionally combated againft real, or fuppofed innovations; and I am perfuaded, whenever they become populous, in proportion to the extent of their territory, they cannot be retained as Britifh fubjects, otherwife than by inclination and interef. But I am wandering into a wide, unpleafing field of political difquifition, inftead

Let. if. from America:
of purfuing the more agreeable path of defcription.

The governor's houfe is moft beautifully fituated, and when the neceffary alterations are completed, it will be a regular, convenient, and elegant building. The garden is not extenfive, but it is difpofed to the utmoft advantage; the centre walk is terminated by a fmall green mount, clofe to which the Severn approaches; this elevation commands an extenfive view of the bay, and the adjacent country. The fame objects appear to equal advantage from the faloon, and many apartments in the houfe; and perhaps I may be juftified in afferting, that there are but few manfions in the moft rich and cultivated parts of England, which are adorned with fuch fplendid and romantic fcenery.

The buildings in Annapolis were formerly of fmall dimenfions, and of an inC elegant

At prefent, this city has more the appearance of an agreeable village, than the metropolis of an opulent province, as it contains within its limits a number of fmall fields, which are intended for future erections. But in a few years, it will probably be one of the beft built cities in America, as a fpirit of improvement is predominant, and the fituation is allowed to be equally healthy and pleafant with any on this fide the Atlantic.

There is not, however, any probability that Annapolis will ever attain any importance in a commercial point of view:

Let. the man the $h$ perio cle to the fe are h princi for th the fa domin fociety

You
tance i
vers, m at Woo are efta tive co method a numb bly occa

Let.if. From America:
the harbour is not capable of containing many veffels of confiderable burthen; and the hazard of being frozen up, for a long period, during winter, is a powerful obftacle to mercantile purpofes. It is, however, the feat of Government; the public offices are here eftablifhed; and as many of the principal families have chofen this place for their refidence, there are few towns, of the fame fize, in any part of the Britifh dominions, that can boaft a more polifhed fociety.

You cannot travel any confiderable diftance in this country, without croffing rivers, many of them wider than the Thames at Woolwich. Over thefe, regular ferries are eftablihed, at the charge of the refpective counties; but though every proper method is adopted for expedition, yet fuch a number of confiderable waters unavoidably occafion great delay.

C 2
In

In the vicinity of Annapolis are many pleafant villas, whofe proprietors are eminent for their hofpitality. Colonel Sharp, the lat Governor, poffeffes a moft delightful retirement, about feven miles diftant; his houfe is on a large fcale, the defign is excellent, and the apartments well fitted up, and perfectly convenient. The adjacent grounds are fo judiciounly difpofed, that utility and tafte are every where happily united; and when the worthy owner has completed his extenfive plan, Whitehall wili be one of the mort defirable fituations in this, or in any of the neighbouring provinces.

Colonel Sharp has refided many years in this country, where he has eftablifhed a reputation which reflects the higheft honour on his public capacity, and on his private virtues. This gentleman does not feem to entertain any idea of returning to

Let. if.
his nati fpend th limits of governed tion to tl vereign.
$I H_{A}$ eaftern of narrative entertainm give you our journe

On the nor and his men, amon be included properly ac the weathe pleafant gale to the feat o

Let. II. FROM AMERICA.
his native land, but appears inclined to fpend the refidue of his days, within the limits of a province, which he has fo long governed with honour to himfelf, fatisfaction to the people, and fidelity to his fovereign.

Annapolis, Ociober 19th.
I Have lately made an excurfion to the eaftern fhore of this province. As the narrative may poffibly afford you fome entertainment, I fhall here endeavour to give you an account of the particulars of our journey.

On the thirteenth inftant, the governor and his jady, with a party of gentlemen, amongft whom I had the honour to be included, embarked on board a veffel properly accommodated fur our reception; the weather was remarkably fine, and a pleafant gale wafted us, in about five hours, to the feat of Mr. $\mathrm{C}-$.
C 3
This

Let. 1
This gentleman refides on an illand in the Chefapeak, about feven miles in length, and of different breadth; the whole of which, being his intire property, is well cultivated, and produces great quantities of sobacco, grain, cattle, and fock of various kinds; and as it abounds likewife with game, the worthy proprietor lives, in a manner, independent of mankind, the monarch of his little fertile territory.

Early on the following morning, feveral of the neighbouring gentry vifited the ifland, to pay their refpects to the governor, and invitations poured in from every quarter. We were, however, under the neceffity of declining thefe proofs of attention; his Excellercy being obliged, on the fixteenth, to attend fome provincial concerns in Annapolis. Accordingly, after partaking of a fubftantial breakfaft, in the true American ftyle, which confifted not
only of tea, coffee, and the ufual accompaniments, but likewife of ham, dried venifon, beef, and other relifhing articles, we took leave of our friendly hoft, ferried over from his ifland to the main land, where carriages were waiting for our accommodation, and proceeded about twenty miles along the banks of the Chefapeak,

In the courfe of this little tour, we parfed feveral plantations, which not only proclaimed the opulence, but the tafte of their owners. About noon, we arrived oppofite Kent Inland, which, on that fide, is only divided by a narrow fream from the main land: we were quickly conveyed to the oppofite fhore, and in a fhort time came to the houfe of Mr. H. where we enjoyed a cheerful evening; and on the following day embarked for the feat of government.

Kent Ifland is a narrow tract of land, about twenty miles in length, fertile, and

$$
\text { C } 4
$$

well feffing not only the comforts, but the elegancies of life. This delectable fpot forms one parifh, the clerical emoluments of which afford a comfortable, if not an affluent fubfiftence to the incumbent. Kent Inland ranges along the Bay, at the diftance of about ten miles from the weftern hore, and beautifully terminates a moft delightful profpect, highly variegated with wood and water.

As you cannot but be folicitous concerning my views and expectations, you will be glad to learn that they are highly favourable. In England there are few, even in great departments of the ftate, who poffefs fo extenfive a patronage as the governor of Maryland ; and I am perfectly affured, that his inclination to promote my intereft is in full proportion to his ability. But public affairs do not, at this
juncture, wear the moft flattering afpect. You, who know with what applaufe the repeal of the ftamp act was received on this fide the Atlantic, will not be furprized to hear, that a revival of the claim of taxation, by laying duties on other articles, has renewed the apprchenfions and difcentents which had happily fubfided : and the eftablifhment of admiralty courts, during the courfe of the preceding year, appears to have raifed a determined oppofition to the proceedings of government. To know where it will terminate is beyond the reach of human penetration. Affociations are forming from one extremity of this continent to the other; few appear to diffent from the popular creed; and it feems to be generally admitted, that if the Americans fteadily adnere to their non-importation agreement, they will from the intereft, if not from the equity of the Parent State, obtain redrefs of grievances. "Statift I
am none, nor like to be;" therefore am by no means competent to deliver my fentiments on this very alarming fubject. There are fome zealots, who are frantic enough to affect a bold language, and to talk of hoftile meafures, if arguments and pacific remonftrances fhoúld prove ineffectual ; but fuch men are defervedly treated with contempt by the wife and difpaffionate. I am perfuaded, the principal perfons in every government, are not inclined to adopt any meafures but what are founded on rectitude and moderation, from a fettled belief, that calm and refpectful applications from the legillative body, will eventually be productive of every defired confequence.

But enough of politics. I am looking forward, with impatience, to the day which will reftore me to thofe who muft participate in my good, or evil fortune. Adieu!

## $\begin{array}{lllllll}\mathbf{L} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{R} & \text { III. }\end{array}$

$$
\text { Annapolis, 7an. 15, } 1770 .
$$

cYOLONEL F-, a gentleman of confiderable property, and a member of the council, early in December, engaged the governour, with a circle of felect friends, to pars a few days, during the Chriftmas vacation, at his feat in Calvert County, about feventy miles diftant from Annapolis. Having the honour to be included in the party, I embarked on the twenty-fecond, with the colonel, on board a fchooner which he had fitted up for occafional excurfions; and confidering the feafon of the year, we had a pleafant run to the place of our deftination, which is delightfully fituated within view of the Chefapeak, on the fertile banks of the river Patuxent.

Roufby

Rourby Hall, which is the name of my friend's hofpitable manfion, is as well known to the weary indigent traveller, as to the affluent gueft. In a country where hofpitality is the diftinguifhingry feature, the benevolent owner has eftablifhed a pres. eminence, which places his character in an exalted point of view.

The governor, on account of fome particular engagements, did not quit Annapolis till the twenty-fixth; and on the thirtieth I accompanied Colonel $\mathrm{F} \longrightarrow$ to the habitation of a gentleman, about twenty miles diftant, where, by appointment, we met his Excellency, with a numerous party, who had affembled to bid him welcome. All the good things of a plentiful country decorated the table of our munificent hoft; the wines were excellent, and various; and cheerful blazing fires, with enlivening converfation, exhilarated the

Let. if. from Americar
fpirits, and rendered us totally regardlefs of the rigour of an American winter. On the enfuing day, the whole company procecded to Roufly Hall, where we continued, in the full enjoyment of genuine hofpitality, till the third month; and it was with the utmof reluctance we were then permitted to take our departure.

Since we quitted Colonel F—, we have vifited moft of the principal familics in Calvert, St. Mary's, Charles, Prince George's, and Anne Arundel Counties; and were every where received with the moft obliging proofs of regard and attention. From the feverity of the weather, we occafionally encountered fome hardfhips and inconveniences, but we were amply compenfated at the end of every ftage, by excellent accommodations, and fumptuous fare. Notwithftanding the dreary feafon, the eye was gratified with many picturefque and noble objects: we travelled a confiderable

30 . L E T T ERS Let. ir.
way on the banks of the great river Potowmac, which feparates Maryland from Virginia; and though this country is greatly inferior, in its prefent ftate, to the highly cultivated parts of South Britain, yet, on the whole, it is well fettled; the generality of the plantations are difpofed with the utmof regularity, and in very many of the habitations we found elegance as well as comfort.

We paffed an agreeable evening with a family, nearly oppofite to Alexandria in Virginia; and, had the weather been moderate, intended to have croffed the river on a vifit to Major Wafhington, who, as you may recollect, particularly diftinguifhed himfelf in the tranfactions of the late war: this gentleman has a pleafant feat on the banks of the Potowmac, in the vicinity of the above town, which is naned Mount Vernon, where he refides in full poffeffion of univerfal love, and efteem.

Yefterday we returned fafe to Annapolis, greatly fatisfied with our expedition.

Febrivary 20.
On Saturday laft our little city appeared in all its fplendor. It was the anniverfary of the proprietary's birth. The governor gave a grand entertainment on the occafion to a numerous party: the company brought with them every difpofition to render each other happy; and the feftivity concluded with cards, and dancing, which engaged the attention of their refpective votaries till an early hour.

I am perfuaded there is not a town in England of the fame fize as Annapolis, which can boaft a greater number of fathionable and handfome women ; and were I not fatisfied to the contrary, I fhould fuppofe that the majority of our belles poffeffed every advantage of a long and fami6
liar intercourfe with the manners and habits of your great metropolis.

I am told that beauty in this country is not of long duration : it is alfo afferted that, in general, the men do not poffers fuch good ftamina as the natives of Great Britain. Though every way equal in ge-nius and enterprize, they are fuppofed lefs able to fupport fatigue, and to encounter the hardhhips of laborious employments.

During the winter there are affemblie: every fortnight; the room for dancing is large; the conftruction elegant; and the whole illuminated to great advantage. At each extremity are apartments for the card tables, where felect companies enjoy the circulation of the party-coloured gentry, without having their attention diverted by the found of fiddles, and the evolutions of youthful performers.

Let.ifl. from America.
About Chriftmas an intenfe froft fet in, which has continued till a few days fince, with unremitting feverity. Our principal rivers, ${ }^{\text {, }}$ for feveral weeks, have been paffable for carriages heavily laden; and in particular fituations, innumerable fkaters have exhibited on the glaffy furface their feats of dexterity.

It is certainly extraordinary, that in a latitude nearly parallel with Gibraltar, the inhabitants fhould experience, for a confiderable duration, a degree of cold to which the northern extremities of the Britihs Iflands have never been accuitomed: this, I am informed, proceeds entirely from local circumftances; the winds, prevaleat in winter, blowing over thofe immenfe lakes, fituated to the weftward of this, and fome neighbouring provinces, impregnate the air with frigid particles, that make us D fenfible

34 LETTERS Let.in. fenfible of an inclemency equal to that experienced by the fhivering Laplander.

In this country a heavy fnow generally precedes the froft, during the continuance of which the atmofphere is beautifully ferene, without any of thofe pernicious fogs fo prevalent in your humid climate.

Notwithftanding the extenfive forefts that abound throughout this vaft continent, fuel is an expenfive article in all the confiderable towns: provifions are in general cheap, but the price of labour is high, from which circumftance firing is comparatively dear, even on the moft œconomical plan. I am, however, perfuaded that, by prudent management, a refpec. table appearance may be fupported in Maryland, on terms infinitely more reafonable than in moft parts of the mother
country; and that greater opportunities are afforded to the induftrious and enterprifing, to lay the fuundation of a comfortable provifion for a fucceeding generation.

$$
\mathrm{I} \mathrm{am}, \& \mathrm{c} .
$$

D 2 LET-

Let
con tant duri can till whol the r imm gates, of his cafion and a nexion

Had perfon advant public the dif remifs quired lities $t$
competent to the difcharge of his important duty. Not only in the fummer, but during the extreme rigour of an American winter, it is his cuftom to rife early : till the hour of dinner he devotes the whole of his time to provincial concerns; the meaneft individual obtains an eafy, and immediate accefs to his perfon; he inveftigates, with accuracy, the complicated duties of his ftation; and difcovers, upon every occafion, alacrity in the difpatch of bufinefs; and a perfect knowledge of the relative connexions of the country.

Had he been appointed to fucceed a perfon who had confulted his private advantage in preference to that of the public; who had been found unequal to the difcharge of his impurtint truft, or remifs in the execution it would have required no extraordinary exertion of abilities to have appeared in a favourable D 3 continued in full force, and has fecured to him the unabated love, and attachment of a grateful people.

That our prefent fupreme magiftrate poffefles an extenfive capacity for government, is, indeed, obvious to the moft fuperficial obferver ; but it may be objected, that experience is yet wanting to confirm his claim to eminent difinction. I admit the force of the objection; and will likewife acknowledge the influence of partiality. He is my patron! my benefactor! I may poffibly be animated by the impulfe of gratitude, to delineate his conduct in the

Let.iv. from America.
Atrongeft colours. To time I therefore leave him, the only true criterion by which any character can be properly eftablifhed. To that inconteftible decifion he himfelf emphatically appeals in the conclufion of his firft fpeech to the general affembly of the province. Let me quote a declaration which, fhould he be found defective, will ftand recorded to his difadvantage, and likewife prove that I have feen through a falfe medium, and have been too precipitate in drawing conclufions.

## " Gentlemen of both Houfes,

"I am fenfible that I hall be judged " of by my actions, and not by any affu" rances I may now give you of my fu" ture conduct. T'o that teft I moft rea" dily fubmit, and chail be truly happy, " when I leave you, to be able, like my

$$
\text { D } 4 \quad \text { " pre- }
$$

" predeceffor, to lay my hand on my heart, " in confidence of having acted folely on " the principles here laid down; and of " having merited, by fo doing, the thanks " of thofe over whom I have the honour " to prefide."

Maryland is a proprietary government, and owes its original fettlement to religious motives. In the year 1632 , Lord Baltimore, who then poffeffed confiderable influence, obtained a grant of this country from Charles the Firft, until which time it had been confidered as a part of Virginia *. The Roman Catholics were, at that period, greatly harraffed by the Puritans, who were then beginning to become the predominant party; and to fecure them an afylum, where they might fafely

[^0]LET. IV. ny heart, folely on ; and of e thanks e honour ord Baltilerable inis country hich time of Virgiwere, at the Puri, to become
to fecure hight fafely
fingular condially prefent, at

LET. IV. TROM AMERICA. 4i profefs their religious tenets, was the motive which induced the above nobleman to folicit the grant. Accordingly, in the following year, about two hundred families, of that perfuafion, fome of whom were of confiderable diftinction, embarked from Ireland for this ne iv acquired territory, where they were $r$ rably received by the Indian inhabitants, whofe affection they had the good fortune to conciliate by the liberality of their conduct ; infomuch that they were foon enabled to purchafe extenfive tracts on the moft moderate terms, and to fettle their lands to the beft advantage, without entertaining any anxious apprehenfions from the original poffeffors.

During the exiftence of that illegal power, which had fubverted the ancient conftitution both in church and ftate, the proprietor of Maryland was deprived of his

$$
\longrightarrow
$$

## IMAGE EVALUATION TEST TARGET (MT-3)



Photographic Sciences Corporation

23 WEST MAW STREET
Whisker, N.Y. 14580 (716) 872-4503
his authority and his property; and a governor, appointed by the protector, was fubftituted in his ftead: but at the reftoration the property of the province reverted to its natural poffeffor; Lord Baltimore was reinftated in his privileges; and quickly demonftrated, by his diftinguifhed conduct, that he had every claim which merit and juftice could afford. He inftituted a perfect toleration with refpect to religion. He gave the utmoft encouragement to agriculture and to commerce. In confequence of his judicious exertions, the colony increafed rapidly in wealth and population, and perfons of all denominations, attracted by the moderation and equity of his government, were emulous to obtain fettlements under fo flourihing and refpectable an eftablifhment.

At the demife of Charles the Second, a weak, arbitrary, and tyrannical monarch
fucceeded to the throne; during whofe fhort, but pernicious adminiftration, this noble family were again deprived of their pofferfion, which had been derived from royal bounty, and had been wonderfully improved, at the expence of infinite labour and proportionable difburfements. They were, however, again reinftated, in confequence of that glorious revolution which eftablinhed the Britifh conflitution on a firm unalterable bafis.

Though, by this ever-memorable event, the proprietor was reftored to the profits of the government, yet the right of governing could not, confiftently, under the new fyttem, be conferred on a Roman Catholic; therefore, until the fainily renounced that communion, the crown affumed the power of appointing the fupreme magiftrate.

Lord

Lord Baltimore, the prefent proprietor, has a right to exercife in his own perfon, all the cxecutive offices of government; and in his abfence to nominate one to that department, with the confent and approbation of his majefty.

The prefent governor, who married his eldeft fifter, was elevated to that fituation, a few months before my arrival in the country.

Maryland is divided into fourteen counties, feven on the weftern, and feven on the eaftern fide of the bay, each of which fends four reprefentatives to the general affembly. The city of Annapolis has likewife the privilege of delegatung two. Thefe gentlemen form the love uufe, and, if I may compare fmall things to great, poffers fimilar powers with the commons in the Britioh parliament. The council, is
compofed of ten members, who are nominated by the governor : they have the appellation of honourable, and with them he is to advife in all matters refpecting the general interefts of the community. During the fitting of the affembly, they become a fuperior branch of the legillature, and their confirmation is effential to the paffing of all laws.

The governor is, in every particular, the reprefentative of the Crown. He appoints the time for the fitting of both Houfes; his affent is neceffary for the confirmation of their proceedings; and he prorogues or diffolves them, as appears to him moft confiftent with the authority of Government, and the inteiefts of the people.

I have previoufly obferved, that Maryland was originally fettled by a colony of Roman Catholicks, who emigrated from
when all circumftances are taken into confideration, the clergy in this part of the world, will be found to poffers advantages greatly fuperior to the generality of their brethren in the mother country. , Pluralities have never been admitted, the colonifts being univerfally prepoffeffed againt that practice ; and to attempt fuch an innovation, would excite ferments of a dangerous nature. Each incumbent has a neat and convenient habitation, with a fufficient quantity of land, in proper cultivation to anfwer every ufful and domeftic purpofe; and the emoluments arifing from the leaft beneficial preferment, are amply fufficient to fupport an appearance, perfectly confiftent with the refpectability of the clerical profeffion. The holders of church benefices are alfo happily exempted from the frequent altercations, which unavoidably take place in the mother country, on account of the collection of tythes.

By the laws of this province, all public dues are levied by a poll-tax. The clergy, from this provifion, are entitled to forty pounds of Tobacco for every perfon within a limited age, at the rate of twelve fhillings and fix-pence the hundred weight. Perfons who plant Tobacco have it in their option to pay either in money or in produce; thofe who do not, are conftantly affeffed in fpecie. A lift of the taxables, properly authenticated, is delivered to the Sheriff of each county, who collcets the clerical revenues, with other public chaims; and deducting a moderate commiffion for tranfacting this concern, the refidue is paid with regularity and difpatch, to the refpective incumbents.

As the emoluments of benefices increafe, in proportion to the increafe of inhabitants, many benefices in this government are rapidly advancing in value,

Let.iv. from America.
and muft, before many years elapfe, very greatly exceed the prefent annual amount. Frederick County, which is confiderably the moft extenfive in this province, in its prefent ftate, is only divided into two parifhes, one of which, denominated All Saints, I am credibly informed is, at this period, eftimated at full one thoufand pounds fterling, per annum; and from the great increafe of population, which is daily taking place in that beautiful and fertile country, it will, very probably, foon produce an income little inferior to many Englifh bifhopricks.

I cannot conceive on what principle the colonifts are fo ftrongly prejudiced againft the introduction of the epifcopal order : fuch an eftablifhment would affuredly be attended with many local advantages, and fave much trouble and expenfe to gent'emen E ećuca-
educated in America for the facred function, who, on the prefent fyitem, are under the neceffity of taking a voyage to England for the purpofe of ordination. Throughout the fouthern provinces, the members of the eftablifhed church greatly exceed thore of all other denominations; yet I am perfuaded, any attempt to eftablifh an hierarchy, would be refifted with as much acrimony as during the gloomy prevalence of puritanical zeal. This fpirit of oppofition, to a meafure fo evidently conducive to the general good, is the more extraordinary, as the inhabitants of this part of America difcover, on every poffible occafion, an enlarged and liberal difpofition. They have, however, conceived fuch rooted prejudices againtt the higher orders of the church, that they are pofitively perfuaded the advantages to be acquired, by fuch an inftitution in the colonies, would by no

Let.iv. FROM AMERICA. 5I means counter-balance the evils which might arife from it *.

In a political point of view, independent of religious motives, it is much to be lamented, that a plan of this nature was not determined on, before the colonies had arrived to their prefent degree of population

* The eftablifhment of epifcopacy in America, fince the conclufion of the war, is among thofe very extraordinary circumftances which cannot be accounted for by human penetration.

While the colonies were a part of the Britifh empire, the introduction of dignitaries was oppofed with a moft deternined fpirit, from an opinion, generally conceived, that the powers they would be authorifed to exercife, might eventually be fubverfive of freedom; but when they were entirely at liberty to adopt any regulations for ecclefiaftical government, totally independent of the mother country, they voluntarily and unanimoully folicited the confecration of bifhops. tion and confequence: had an order of nobility been created, and dignitaries in the church appointed at an early period, it would moft affuredly have greatly tended to cherith a fteady adherence to monarchical principles; and have more ftrongly rivetted

About three years fince, two clergymen, one from New York, and the other from Philadelphia, arrived in England, and received epifcopal confecration. An act of Parliament had previoully paffed, for the purpofe of difpenfing with the oaths to the Britifh government, in the cafe of thofe gentlemen, and in all fiunilar cales. 'They were properly recommended hither, by a convention of the clergy in the United Stairs of America; and another of their brethren, fanctioned in like manner from Virginia, has been lately confecrated here, as bifhop for that fate, under the forementioned authority. So that there are three bifhops now in that country, who will have full power to continue the uninterrupted fucceffion, which has exifted from the days of the apoftes; not to mention a gentleman who, a confiderable time before the others, had been confecrated by the non-juring bifhops in Scotland, and who refides in Connecticut.

Let.iv. from America. 53 rivetted the attachment of the colonies to the parent flate. Inattention to principles of fuch importance, has gradually given birth to fentiments totally repugnant to the genius of our moft excellent conftitution. A republican fpirit ap-

None of thefe, however, have any fixed income, but depend upon the voluntary contributions of their refpective congregations, to whom they regularly preach on fundays, and officiate as parifh priefts. They have the title of Right Reverend, but have no particular powers, except that of ordaining deacons and priefts, and fuperintending the religious and moral conduet of the clergy, who are, in fome fort, rendered accountable to them. It is, I believe,' generally allowed, that the members of the epifcopal church increafe, throughout all the States, beyond any other denomination, although they are nearly upon an equality with the others, refpecting the privileges from the civil power. In Britifh America, there is a bifhop, chiefly refident in Nova Scotia, who has much the fame diftinction with thofe already particularifed; but enjoys an eftablifhed falary of about eleven hundred pounds fterling a year.

$$
54 \quad \text { L E T T E R S Let.iv. }
$$

pears generally to predominate ; and it will undoubtedly require the utmoft exertion of legiflative wifdom, to eftablinh on a permanent bafis, the future political and commercial connexion between Great Britain and America.

There are many difcerning and intelligent perfons, who are decidedly of opinion that the acquifition of Canada is highly prejudicial to the interefts of the mother country. The Americans are, by this event, relieved from continual apprehenfions; their frontiers are no longer expofed to the incurfions of a reftlefs enterprifing neighbour; and they begin to encourage ideas of felf-importance, which have been wondèrfully promoted by the fuccefs attending their recent oppofition to the operation of the ftamp duties.

Had Canada ftill continued annexed to the French empire, it is evident that the Britifh provinces, from a well-grounded dread of fuch numerous and powerful opponents, muft unavoidably, on a principle of felf-prefervation, if not of affection, have remained firmly and indiffolubly attached to the parent ftate: a juft apprehenfion of real calamities would have operated with efficacy againft imaginary evils; and the natural and conftitutional dependence of the colonies, on the protection and affiftance of Great Britain, would have promoted a conftant and mutual interchange of friendly and benevolent offices, which muft have fettled the union on a permanent foundation, and on terms reciprocally honourable and advantageous to both countries.

What will be the event of the prefent difcontents, which, I am truly concerned

$$
\text { E. } 4 \text { to }
$$

to obferve, are univerfally predominant, time alone can determine. There are amongft us, many reftlefs fpirits, who are evidently induftrious in fomenting divifions, and exciting jealoufies; and uniefs wife and conftitutional meafures are immediately adopted, there is too much reafon to apprehend confequences of a ferious and alarming nature.

You will think, and with great juftice, that I have ventured far beyond my depth, in prefuming to defcant on fuch important topics; but remember it was you who ftarted the game ; I have only, like an unfkilful rider, followed an irrefiftible impulfe, and if I retain but my feat on the faddle, I fhall be amply fatisfied.

Adieu! \&ct.

LETTER

> Let. v.

FRO:A AMERICA.

## 

$$
\text { Annapolis, fune 8th, } 1770
$$

THOUGH we are yet far behind the mother country, with refpect to cultivation and improvements, yet, in a comparative view, Maryland may boaft confiderable advantages. The inhabitants are enterprifing and induftrious; commerce and agriculture are encouraged; and every circumftance clearly evinces, that this colony is making a rapid progrefs to wealth, power, and population.

Provifions of every kind, are excellent and plentiful; and the Chefapeak, with our numerous rivers, affords a furpriing variety of excellent fifh. Poultry, and wild-fowl, abound amongft the humble
cottagers; and beef, mutton, pork, and other provifions, are at leaft equal to the production of the beft Britifh markets.

Deer, a few years fince, were very numerous in the interior fettlements; but, from the unfair methods adopted by the hunters, their numbers are exceedingly diminifhed. Thefe people, whofe only motive was to procure the hide of the animal, were dextrous, during the winter feafon, in tracing their path through the fnow ; and from the animal's incapacity to exert fpeed, under fuch circumftances, great multitudes of them were annually flaughtered, and their carcales left in the woods. This practice, however, has been thought worthy the attention of the legillature, and an act of affembly has taken place, laying fevere penalties on "perfons detected in " purfuing or deftroying deer, within a " limited term;" and it is probable, the

Let. v. FROM AMERICA. 59 apprehenfion of punihment may very greatly reftain, if not totally eradicate an evil founded on cruelty and rapacity.

In England, almoft every county is diftinguifhed by a peculiar dialect ; even different habits, and different modes of thinking, evidently difcriminate inhabitants, whofe local fituation is not far remote: but in Maryland, and throughout the adjacent provinces, it is worthy of obfervation, that a ftriking fimilarity of fpeech univerfally prevails; and it is ftrictly true, that the pronunciation of the generality of the people has an accuracy and elegance, that cannot fail of gratifying the moft judicious car.

The colonifts are compofed of adventurers, not only from every diftrict of Great Britain and Ireland, but from almoft every other European government, where the prin-operated with fpirit and efficacy. Is it not,

Englifh language muft be greatly corrupted by fuch a ftrange intermixture of various nations? The reverfe is, however, true. The language of the immediate defcendants of fuch a promifcuous anceftry is perfectly uniform, and unadulterated; nor has it borrowed any provincial, or national accent, from its Britifh or foreign parentage.

For my part, I confefs myfelf totally at a lofs to account for the apparent difference, between the colonifts and perfons under equal circumftances of education and fortune, refident in the mother country. This uniformity of language prevails not only on the coaft, where Europeans form a confiderable mafs of the people, but likewife in the interior parts, where population has made but llow ad-

Let. v. from America.
vances; and where opportunities feldom occur to derive any great advantages from an intercourfe with intelligent Atrangers.

You, my friend, are feated at the fountain head of literary and political intelligence, and from you I hall expect frequent, and circumftantial communications. Moft fincerely do I wifh you may be enabled to acquaint me, that the firft tranfaction in the enfuing feffions of parliament, is a total repeal of acts, which are never likely to be productive of any confiderable revenue ; and which are efteemed in this country, to have no other tendency but to enforce claims, which the colonifts univerfally confider as impolitic and unconftitutional. How far their fentiments are juftly founded, I am by no means competent to determine ; but it is a certain fact, that the ftatute impofing duties on glafs, paper, and tea, has undermined the foundation of that cordiality, cordiality, which the repeal of the ftamp act had happily re-eftablifhed; and it is with the utmoft concern, I am neceffitated to acquaint you, that a fpirit of difcontent and oppofition is univerfally predominant in the colonies.

Annapolis, fune 14 th.
I AM fure you will take a fincere part in the happinefs I now experience. My wife and fon arrived yefterday from England, and I am again reftored to the bleffings of domeftic life. With their affectionate wifhes, believe me, \&c.
is fa now fiden abled this 1

Pe four are th owne from term : for fiv land;
Let. vi. From America.
$\begin{array}{lllllll}\mathbf{L} & \mathrm{E} & \mathbf{T} & \mathbf{T} & \mathrm{E} & \mathbf{R} & \text { VI. }\end{array}$63

Annapolis, Sept. 20, 1770~

YOUR information relative to the fituation of fervants in this country, is far from being well-founded. I have now been upwards of twelve months refident in Maryland, and am thereby enabled to convey to you a tolerable idea on this fubject.

Perfons in a fate of fervitude are under four diftinct denominations: negroes, who are the entire property of their refpective owners: convicts, who are tranfported from the mother country for a limited term : indented fervants, who are engaged for five years previous to their leaving England; and free-willers, who are fuppofed, from

64 L E T T ERS LET. Hid from their fituation, to poffefs fuperior advantages.

The negroes in this province are, in general, natives of the country; very few in proportion being imported from the coalt of Africa. They are better cloathed, better fed, and better treated, than their unfortunate brethren, whom a more rigid fate hath fubjected to flavery in our Weft India illands; neither are their employments fo laborious, nor the acts of the legiflature fo partially oppreffive againft them. The further we proceed to the northward, the lefs number of people are to be found of this complexion: In the New England government, negroes are almoft as fcarce as on your fide of the Atlantic, and but few are under actual flavery; but as we advance to the fouth, their multitudes aftonifhingly increafe, and in
fequen ard, th without cumftar ferved, nerally tercourf did not but purc particula is obvio and notw mate, an are fully

Let. vi FROM AMERICA.

## the Carolinas they confiderably exceed the

 number of white inhabitants *.* Notwithftanding the climate of North America is lefs favourable to the conftitution of negroes than the European fettlements in the Torrid Zone, they neverthelefs increafe rapidly in almolt every part of that extenfive continent. The laft importation of flaves into Maryland was, as I am credibly informed, in the year 1769; and though great lofles have been fuftained in confequence of the war, and defertions to the Britifh ftandard, their numbers are at leaft doubled fince that time, without any foreign fupply. To account for a circumftance, apparently fo improbable, it muft be obferved, that on the American continent, the planters generally adopted a more liberal mode in their African intercourfe, than has been purfued in the iflands. They did not import flaves for the fupply of foreign fettlements, but purchafed for their own immediate ufe, without any particular preference to either fex. The confequence is obvious, they have multiplied in a due proportion, and notwithftanding the occafional feverity of the climate, and the recent calamities of war, their numbers are fully fufficient for their refpective occupations.

Maryland is the only province into which convicts may be freely imported. The Virginians have inflicted very fevere penalties on any mafters of veffels, or others, who may attempt to introduce perfons under this defcription into their colony. They have been influenced in this meafure by an apprehenfion, that, from the admiffion of fuch inmates into their families, the prevalence of bad example might tend to univerfal depravity, in fite of every regulation, and reftraining law.

Perfons convicted of felony, and in confequence tranfported to this continent, if they are able to pay the expence of paffage, are free to purfue their fortune agreeably to their inclinations or abilities. Few, however, have means to avail themfelves of this advantage. Thefe unhappy beings are, generally, configned to an agent, who claffes them fuitably to their real or fup. nofed qualifications; adyertifes them for fale, and difpofes of them, for feven years, to planters, to mechanics, and to fuch as choofe to retain them for domeftic fervice. Thofe who furvive the term of fervitude, feldom eftablifh their refidence in this country: the ftamp of infamy is too ftrong upon them to be eafily erafed: they either return to Europe, and renew their former practices; or, if they have fortunately imbibed habits of honefty and induftry, they remove to a diftant fituation, where they may hope to remain unknown, and be enabled to purfue with credit every poffible method of becoming ufeful members of fociety.

In your frequent excurfions about the great metropolis, you cannot but obferve numerous advertifements, offering the moft feducing encouragement to adventurers under every poffible defcription; to thofe

$$
F_{2} \quad \text { who }
$$ tune in their native land; and to thofe of an enterprifing difpofition, who are tempted to court her fmiles in a diftant region. Thefe perfons are referred to agents, or crimps, who reprefent the advantages to be obtained in America, in colours fo alluring, that it is almoft impoffible to refift their artifices. Unwary perfons are accordingly induced to enter into articles, by which they engage to become fervants, agreeable to their refpective qualifications, for the term of five years; every necefiary accommodation being found them during the voyage; and every method taken that they may be treated with tendernefs and humanity during the period of fervitude; at the expiration of which they are taught to expect, that opportunities will affuredly offer to fecure to the honeft and induftrious, a competent provifion for the remainder of their days.

The generality of the inhabitants in this province are very little acquainted with thofe fallacious pretences, by which numbers are continually induced to embark for this continent. On the contrary, they too generally conceive an opinion that the difference is merely nominal between the indented fervant and the convicted felon: nor will they readily believe that people, who had the leaft experience in life, and whofe characters were unexceptionable, would abandon their friends and families, and their ancient connexions, for a fervile fituation, in a remote appendage to the Britifh Empire. F:om this perfuafion they rather confider the convict as the more profitable fervant, his term being for feven, the latter only for five years; and, I am forry to obferve, that there are but few inftances wherein they experience different treatment. Negroes being a property for life, the death
$F_{3}$ of

70 Le TTERS Let.vi. of llaves, in the prime of youth or ftrength, is a material lofs to the proprietor ; they are, therefore, almoft in every inftance, under more comfortable circumftances than the miferable European, over whom the rigid planter exercifes an inflexible reverity. They are ftrained to the utmoft to perform their allotted labour; and, from a prepoffeffion in many cafes too juftly founded, they are fuppofed to be receiving only the juft reward which is due to repeated offences. There are doubtlefs many exceptions to this obfervation, yet, generally fpeaking, they groan beneath a worfe than Egyptian bondage. By attempting to lighten the intolerable burthen, they often render it more infupportable. For real, or imaginary caufes, thefe frequently attempt to efcape, but very few are fuccefsful; the country being interfected with rivers, and the utmoft vigilance obferved in detecting per-
fons under furpicious circumftances, who, when apprehended, are committed to clofe confinement, advertifed, and delivered to their refpective mafters; the party who detects the vagrant being entitled to a reward. Other incidental charges arife. The unhappy culprit is doomed to a fevere chaftifement; and a prolongation of fervitude is decreed in full proportion to expences incurred, and fuppofed inconveniences refulting from a defertion of duty.

The fituation of the free-willer is, in almoft every inftance, more to be lamented than either that of the convict or the indented fervant; the deception which is practifed on thofe of this defcription being attended with circumftances of greater duplicity and cruelty. Perfons under this denomination are received under exprefs conditions that, on their arrival in America, they are to be allowed a ftipulated

$$
\text { F }_{4} \text { number }
$$ the greateft advantage. They are told, that their fervices will be eagerly folicited, in proportion to their abilities; that their reward will be adequate to the hazard they encounter by courting fortune in a diftant region; and that the parties with whom they engage will readily advance the fum agreed on for their paffage ; which, being averaged at about nine pounds fterling, they will fpeedily be enabled to repay, and to enjoy, in a ftate of liberty, a comparative fituation of eafe and affluence.

With there pleafing ideas they fupport, with cheerfulnefs, the hardMips to which they are fubjected during the voyage; and, with the moft anxious fenfations of delight, approach the land which they confider as the fcene of future profperity. But fcarce have they contemplated the diverinfied objects which naturally attract atten-

Let
tion ; fcarce have they yielded to the pleafing reflection, that every danger, every difficulty, is happily furmounted, before their fond hopes are cruelly blafted, and they find themfelves involved in all the complicated miferies of a tedious, laborious, and unprofitable fervitude.

Perfons refident in America, being accuftomed to procure fervants for a very trifling confideration, under abfolute terms, for a limited period, are not often difpofed to hire adventurers, who expect to be gratified in full proportion to their acknowledged qualifications; but, as they fupport authority with a rigid hand, they little regard the former fituation of their unhappy dependants.

This difpofition, which is almoft univerfally prevalent, is well known to the parties, who on your fide of the Atlanticmerce. It is, therefore, an article of agreement with thefe deluded victims, that if they are not fuccefsful in obraining fituations, on their own terms, within a certain number of days after their arrival in the country, they are then to be fold, in order to defray the charges of paffage, at the diferetion of the mafter of the veffel, or the agent to whom he is configned in the province.

You are alfo to obferve, that fervants imported, even under this favourable defcription, are rarely permitted to fet their feet on fhore, until they have abfolutely formed their refpective engagements. As foon as the hip is ftationed in her birth, planters, mechanics, and others, repair on board; the adventurers of both fexes are expofed to view, and very few are happy enough to make their own ftipulations,
fome very extraordinary qualifications being abfolutely requifite to obtain this diftinction ; and even when this is obtained, the advantages are by no means equivalent to their fanguine expectations. The refidue, ftung with difappointment and vexation, meet with horror the moment which dooms them, under an appearance of equity, to a limited term of Ilavery. Character is of little importance; their abilities not being found of a fuperior nature, they are fold as foon as their term of election is expired, apparel and provifion being their only compenfation; till, on the expiration of five tedious laborious years, they are reftored to a dearly purchafed freedom.

From this detail, I am perfuaded, you will no longer imagine, that the fervants in this country are in a better fituation than thofe in Britain. You have heard of con-
victs who rather chofe to undergo the fevereft penalties of the law, than endure the hard/hips which are annexed to their fituation, during a ftate of fervitude on this fide the Atlantic. Indolence, accompanied with a train of vicious habits, has, doubtlefs, great influence on the determination of fuch unhappy wretches; but it is furely to be lamented that men, whofe characters are unblemihhed, whofe views are founded on honeft and induftrious principles, fhould fall a facrifice to avarice and delufion, and indifcriminately be blended with the moft profligate and abandoned of mankind.

It feems aftonifhing, that a circumftance fo well known, particularly in this province, fhould not have been generally circulated through every part of the Britifh Empire. Were the particulars of this iniquitous traffic univerfally divulged, thofe who
who have eftablifhed offices in London, and in the principal fea-ports, for the regular conduct of this bufinefs, would be pointed out to obloquy, and their punifhment would ferve as a beacon to deter the ignorant and unwary from becoming victims to the infidious practices of avarice and deceit.

I am ready to admit there is every appearance of candour on the part of the agents, and their accomplices. Previous to the embarcation of any perfon under the refpective agreements, the parties regularly comply with the requifitions of a law, wifely calculated to prevent clandeftine tranfportation; they appear before a magifrate, and give their voluntary affent to the obligations they have mutually entered into. But are not fuch adventurers induced to this meafure in confequence of ignorance and mifreprefentation? Affuredly they are. They are induftrioully
 duftrioufly taught to expect advantages infinitely fuperior to their moft fanguine views in Britain. Every lucrative incentive is delineated in the moft flattering colours; and they fondly expect to acquire that independence in the revolution of a few years, which the longeft life could not promife, with the exertion of their beft abilities, in the bofom of their native country.

I will relieve your attention from this painful fubject, by relating an anecdote of an interefting nature, with which I became acquainted foon after my arrival in there parts.

A gentleman of confiderable influence and fortune, purchafed a fervant as an affiftant to his gardener; having been previoully informed that he had originally acted in that capacity, and was qualified for the undertaking. The man, foon after he
was brought on fhore, received inftructions to enter on his bufinefs, when it was immediately difcovered, that he was wholly unacquainted with the nature of his employment. On being interrogated relative to this deception; he acquainted his mafter, that "extreme indigence induced him to " abandon his native country-that in the " courfe of the voyage, having intimated 's that he had not been brought up to any " mechanical profeffion, he was inform" ed by the captain, it was abfolutely ne" ceffary he fhould avow fome particular " calling, in order to fecure a more com" fortable fituation; that in America, a "competent 1 kill in gardening was eafily " attainable, and feldom required the ex" ertion of greater talents than what " were immediately effential for domeftic " purpofes; and that by engaging in " fuch employment, he might avoid a " more laborious fervitude, under the " difci-

This declaration was delivered in terms fo apparently confiftent with truth, as obtaincd entire credit with his mafter, who from his deportment, and extcrior, was likewife induced to form fentiments much to his advantage : he therefore determined to receive him into his family, in the capacity of $a$ domeftic, and to give hion that encouragement, to which he might be entitled by the propricty of his future conduct.

Every fentiment of gratitude appeared to cperate on the mind of the fervant, when he found himfelf deftined to a ftation more comfortable than his original allotment ; and, for fome time, the whole tenor of his actions was fuch as might fhew, that he highly merited the indulgence which he had fo unexpectedly obtained.

Let. vi. FROM AMERICA. 81

For a few months his diligence and attention fecured him the entire approbation of his mafter, and he was continually gaining ground on his confidence and efteem. It was, therefore, with the utmoft concern, his benefactor began to obferve an appearance of difcontent, a difregard to the duties of his ftation, and ar: cvident alteration in every particular. Remonftrances and threats were equally ineffectual: his difpofition became fullen, and referved; while he obftinately refufed to affign any caufe for fuch an obvious change in his conduct. At length, he quitted the houfe of his benevolent employer, and by travelling in the night, and lying conccaled in the day, he took the proper prec.autions to clude the vigilance of purfuit.

His plan, though well concerted, was, ncverthelefs, ineffectual. In a few days he was difcovered, almoft famihed. Ne-
G
ceffity of charity: his ftory was equivocal, and excited fufpicion; he obtained relief, but with the detention of his perfon. A magiftrate, before whom he was conveyed, threatened him with confinement and rigorous treatment, unlefs he gave a proper and fatisfactory account from whence he came, and the circumftances which had reduced him to his prefent fituation. Finding every fallacious pretext fruitlefs, he made a candid and explicit difcovery, and was, in confequence, with all poffible expedition, conducted to the prefence of a mafter, whofe tendernefs he had bafely returned with fuch unpardonable ingratitude.

The moft compaffionate nature is feldom proof againft repeated inftances of an incorrigible difpofition. It wis therefore thought neceffary that he fhould ex-
perience the consequences of his behaviour, but he was previoully reminded of the repeated acts of kindness that had been flown him, and the ungrateful return the had made. From fuch confiderations it was observed, that it was a debt ftrictly due to justice to compel him to ferve the refidue of his time in the mon laboriours employment allotted to worthlefs fervans. He was accordingly fentenced to the iron mines, there to reap the bitter effects of his conduct.

Overwhelmed with the confcioufnefs of guilt, and terrified at the profpect of the punifhment that awaited him, the unfortunate culprit, in the mot ingenuous terms, confeffed the equity of the fentence paffed upon him, but not without an intimation, that there were circumftances in his cafe which, were they known, he was perfuaded, would plead powerfully in his G 2 behalf.
behalf. An irrefiftable inclination to return to his native country, and the obftacles which appeared to bar his delufive hopes, had poffeffed his mind with that gloom and difcontent, which had almoft obliterated the impreffions of gratitude, and occafioned that conduct which had brought him into his prefent fituation. He concluded by declaring, that he had not the moft diftant claim to compaffion, yet relying on that goodnefs and lenity which he had fo frequently abufed, he was encouraged to admit a ray of hope, and to fupplicate forgivenefs, however undeferved.

His humane mafter heard him with the moft candid attention. He pitied a deviation from rectitude, which originated in motives natural to the human mind ; and determined not only to exempt him from the fituation to which he had been juftly doomed, but to fend him, by an early opportunity, to his much loved native coun- try, there to purfue fuch eligible methods as Providence might fuggeft for his future comfortable provifion. I hall not attempt to delineate the tranfports which on this intimation took pofleffion of his mind.

About this time, the captain of a fhip preparing to fail for England, fignified his want of a fteward to attend on thofe paffengers who had engaged his cabin for the voyage: the emancipated fervant was recommended for this employment ; his fervices were accepted; and with folemn affurances of the moft lafting and grateful attachment, he bade farewel to a mafter, by whofe generous, difinterefted conduct, he was fo providentially reftored to happinefs and to liberty.

Two jears elapfed without the leaft intelligence refpecting his fituation, when, at length, a letter arrived, filled with every

$$
\text { G } 3 \text { fenti- }
$$ " repeated obligations was acknowledg" ed in terms which delineated a heart " confcious of the important benefits he " had experienced; and he concluded by " entreating his late mafter's acceptance " of a bill, as a trifling confideration for " the refidue of that time, which he had " been fo generouily and humanely ex" empted from ferving."

The fum remitted, very greatly exceeded the original coft of the moft valuable fervant. In this epiftle, not the leaft intimation was given, relaiive to the circumftance which had enabled a man, fo lately at the loweft ebb of mifery, to fpare from his immediate occafions, fo confiderable a fum as tbirty pounds; but an anfwer was requefted, to be addreffed to a merchant in London, that the party concerned might be properly apprized his bill was received and acknowledged.

Mr. I- was inexpreffibly happy in the pleafing reflection, that, by an indulgence of lenity, natural to his difpofition, he had been rendered by Heaven the inftrument of fuch unexpected profperity. He could not, for a moment, admit the idea of appropriating any part of fuch money to himfelf, as the payment of a debt which he confidered as a free donation to the claims of humanity; but he was naturally anxious to become acquainted with the particular events by which his late fervant was fo happily fituated as to obtain the power of tranfmitting fuch a proof of his honefty and gratitude. He, therefore, immediately addreffed a letter to the merchant, expreflive of the "fatisfaction he expe" rienced in receiving intelligence of fuch " an agreeable nature, and defiring him " to return the note, which he had en" clofed for that purpofe, into the hands " of the party who had conceived it his

$$
G_{4} \quad \text { " duty }
$$

" duty to tranfmit it, with earneft wifhes, " that his future fucceffes might amply " compenfate for every former calamity. " He had only to requeft, that by an carly " opportunity, he would afford him the " fatisfaction of knowing, by what un" expected circumftance he had been fo " rapidly, and fo providentially favoured " with the fmiles of fortune."

By the return of the firft fhip, an anfwer from the agent arrived. The bill was fent back, with an earneft entreaty, that if Mr . J—— refufed to apply it to his particular occafions, he would appropriate it to fome charitable purpofe: that with refpect to the fituation of the man, formerly his fervant, there were powerful reafons which precluded him from giving the information he requefted. All that he was at liberty to difclofe was, that the perfon who had vifited America, under sircum-
circumftances fo defperate and forlorn; who had been neceffitated to become a common indented fervant, fubject to all the hardhips and miferies incident to fo abject a condition, was, by an aftonifhing tranfition of fortune, elevated to a very affluent and refpectable fituation in lis native country.

The above particulars were delivered to me by the benevolent mafter himfelf, who during a courfe of years, has affiduoufly endeavoured, by every eligible mode of inquiry, to develop a fecret fo induftrioufly concealed from his knowledge : but every method has hitherto proved ineffectual ; and te has now relinquifhed the idea of having fo natural a curiofity, even confidentially gratified.

## LETTER

$\begin{array}{lllllll}\mathrm{L} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{R} & \text { VII. }\end{array}$ Annapolis, 7 fan. 18, 1771.

YOU obfcrve, that in the courfe of my correfpondence, I have not particularly mentioned any towns of confequence, within the limits of this government. In all probability, from the multitude of rivers which, with their branches, interfect this country in almoft every direction, Maryland will never abound with ports, or eftablifhments of any confiderable magnitude. By the advantage of fo many navigable waters, an opportunity is afforded to fhip the produce of many extenfive diftricts, even at the doors of the refpective planters; who, confequently, have not that inducement, common to moft countries, for eftablifhing themfelves in populous communities.

Frederick

Frederick County alone, from its interior fituation, appears precluded from this benefit. Byt fhould a plan, now in agitation, to remove the obftructions in the great river Patowmac, be attended with the defired confequences, that very fertile and extenfive country will, in a great meafure, participate in the advantages which are common to the other parts of the province.

On the arrival of Lord Baltimore, the original proprietor, with thofe families who had emigrated under the grant which he had obtained from the Crown, the firf eftablifhment was formed on the northern fhore of the Patowmac. The bounds of a town were afcertained; temporary habitations were erected; and this place, which was deftined to be the feat of government, was diftinguifhed by the name of St. Mary's Town. But in procefs of time,
time, that fituation at the fouthern extremity of the province, was confidered to be inconvenicat for the difpatoh of public bufinefs; and another fpot more central was felected, which appeared to poffefs every poffible advantage. Proper encouragement was given to promote population; a charter of incorporation was ubtained; and the new metropolis, in honour of the then reigning monarch, received the appellation of Annanolis.

In a former letter, I attempted to convey fome idea of the truly picturefque and beautiful fituation of our little capital. Several of the moft opulent families have here eftablifhed their refidence; and hofpitality is the characteriftic of the inhabitants. Party prejudices have little influence on focial intercourfe: the grave and ancient enjoy the bleffings of a refpectable fociety,
fociety, while the young and gay have various amufements to engage their hours of relaxation, and to promote that mutual connexion fo effential to their future happinefs.

You well know, that I have ever been ftrongly attached to the rational entertainment refulting from theatrical exhibitions. When I bade farewel to England, I little expected that my pafion for the drama could have been gratified, in any tolerable degree, at a diftance fo remote from the great mart of genius; and I brought with me ftrong prepoffeflions in behalf of favourite performers, whofe merits were fully eftablifhed, by the univerfal fanction of intelligent judgrs. My pleafure and my furprife were therefore excited in proportion, on finding performers in this country equal, at leaft, to thofe who furtain the be $z$ of the firft characters in yourmoft celebrated provincial

94 LETTYERS Let.vif, provincial theatres. Our governor, from a ftrong conviction that the ftage, under proper regulations, may be rendered of general utility, and made fubfervient to the great interefts of religion and virtue, patronizes the American Company ; and as their prefent place of exhibition is on a fmall fcale, and inconveniently fituated, a fubfcription, by his example, has been rapidly completed to errect a new theatre, on a commodious, if not an elegant plan. The manager is to deliver tickets for two feafons, to the amount of the refpective fubfcriptions; and it is imagined, that the money which will be received at the doors, from non-fubfcribers, will enable him to conduct the bufinefs without difficulty; and when the limited number of performances is completed, the intire property is to be vefted in him. This will be a valuable addition to our catalogue of amufements. The building is already in a ftate
of forwardnefs, and the day of opening is anxioully expected. This circumftance has carried me inadvertently from my proper fubject. Give me pardon for the digreffion. I will return into the road from which I deviated.

Annapolis, with every advantage to render it an agrecable refidence, labours under inconveniences which will greatly impede its progrefs to commercial importance. The harbour, as I have formerly obferved, is not fufficiently commodious for veflels of confiderable burden; and the road is too much expofed, to lade or unlade with fafety or convenience. But the province has been amply compenfated for this difappointment, by the rife of a fettlement, which in the memory of many perfons now in being, has increafed with the moft aftonifhing rapidity; and promifes, by an equal progrefs, to rank with the moft populous Atlantic.

This place, which is named Baltimore, in compliment to the proprictary-family, is fituated on the northern branch of the river Patapfoo, about thirty miles higher up the bay of Chefapeak than Annapolis; and at nearly the fame diftance by land. Within thefe few years fome fatiered cottages were only to be found on this fpot, occupied by obfcure forckeepers, merely for the fupply of the adjacent plantations. But the peculiar advantages it pofieffes, with refpect to the trade of the frontier counties of Virginia, Pennfylvania, and Maryland, fo ftrongly impreffed the mind of Mr. John Stevenfon, an Irifh gentleman, who had fettled in the vicinity in a medical capacity, that he firft conceived the important project, of rendering this port the grand emporium of Mary-

Let. vil. from America. 97
land commerce. He accordingly applied himfelf, with affiduity, to the completion of his plan. The neighbouring country being fertile, well fettled, and abounding in grain ; Mr. S——contracted for confiderable quantities of wheat, he freighted veffels, and configned them to a correfpondent in his native country : the cargoes fold to great advantage, and returns were made equally beneficial. The commencement of a trade fo lucrative to the firt adventurers, foon became an object of univerfal attention. Perfons of a commercial and enterprifing fpirit, emigrated from all quarters to this new and promifing fcene of induftry. Wharfs were conftructed; elegant and convenient habitations were rapidly erected ; marfhes were drained; fpacious fields were occupied for the purpofes of general utility ; and within forty years, from its firft commencement, Baltimore became not only the moft wealH


#### Abstract

${ }_{3} 8$ LETTEERS Let.vil. thy and populous town in the province, but inferior to few on this continent, either in fize, number of inhabitants, or the advantages arifing from a well-conducted and univerfal commercial connexion*.


The third place of importance in the province of Maryland, is fituated about feventy miles weft of Annapolis, and is the capital of a moft extenfive, fertile, and populous county. Frederick Town is the name of this fettlement. Within fifty years, the river Monocacy, about three miles to the eaftward, was the extreme boundary of cultivated eftablifhments; and

* Soon after the appointment of Mr. Eden to the government of Maryland, Sir William Draper arrived in that province, on a tour throughout the continent. He contemplated the origin of Baltimore, and its rapid progrefs, with aftonifhment; and when introduced, by the governor, to the worthy founder, he elegantly accofted him by the appellation of the American Romulus.
$L_{E}$

Mr. D——, father to the prefent fecretary of the province, was much cenfured for having procured confiderable tracts of lands, in the vicinity of that river, which it was generally fuppofed could not even repay the trifling charge of the purchafe, for many fucceeding generations. The richnefs of the foil, and the falubrity of the air, operated, however, very powerfully to promote population; but what chiefly tended to the advancement of fettleme sa this remote diftrict, was the arrival of many emigrants from the palatinate, and other Germanic States. Thefe people who, from their earlieft days, had been difciplined in habits of induftry, fobriety, frugality, and patience, were peculiarly fitted for the laborious occupations of felling timber, clearing land, and forming the firft improvements; and the fuccefs which attended their efforts, induced multitudes of their enterprifing countrymen $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ to the plenteous harveft which appeared to await their labours in the wild, uncultivated waftes of America.

The Germans were not the only people fenfib.e of the advantages to be derived from eftablifhments in this interior country. Many Britifh adventurers, and natives of the coaft, where land was becoming fcarce and difficult to be acquired, were equally emuloes on this occafion ; and it is aftonifhing how foon extenfive forefts became highly cultivated, and promifing fettlements began on all fides to extend themfelves.

To fupply the real and imaginary neceffities of thofe, by whofe perfevering efforts, and penetrating genius, immenfe uncultivated tracts became flourifhing eftablihments, ftorekeepers of various denomina-

This and in $t$ tains ond the men and fever of the G buildings, neat and
tions were encouraged to purfue the path which induftry had pointed out. Warehoufes were accordingly erected, and woollens, linnens, and implements of hufbandry, were firft prefented to the view of the laborious planter. As wealth and population increafed, wants were created, and many confiderable demands, in confequence, took place for the various elegancies, as well as neceffaries of life : and thus, by imperceptible degrees, from an humble beginning, has Frederick Town arifen to its prefent flourifhing fate.

This place exceeds Annapolis in fize, and in the number of inhabitants. It contains one large and convenient church, for the members of the eftablifhed religion; and feveral chapels for the accommodation of the German and other diffenters. The buildings, though moftly of wood, have a neat and regular appearance. Provifions H 3 are
are cheap, plentiful, and excellent. In a word, here are to be found all conveniences, and many fuperfluities; a lucrative trade is fupported with the back country, and a confiderable quantity of grain is fent from hence, by land carriage, to Baltimore, for exportation to the European markets.

The above excepted, there are not any towns of confequence in the province of Maryland ; the reft, which bear that denomination, are rather inconfiderable villages, the refidence of a few merchants and ftorekeepers, with a fufficient affortment of goods for the fupply of the neigh. bourhood.

Ship building, throughout this continent, is a very lucrative and extenfive branch of bufinefs; and I am affured by many, who are efteemed competent judges, that American veffels are, in general, moulded in a very elegant and fuperior file. The immenfe quantity of ufeful timber to be found, even on the banks of almoft every river, gives the shipwright peculiar advantages. There veffels, when perfectly completed, exclusive of particular decoratons, are freighted with produce to tome Britifh port, and are generally fold after the delivery of their reflective cargoes.

As an Englifhman, I cannot but enjoy the reflection, that Great Britain will ever maintain a decided fuperiority in the durability and intrinfic value of her hipping. Were a judgment, indeed, to be formed from external appearances, a cafual obfever would : ail to decide, as to this article, in favour of Maryland, and the adjacent provinces; American oak, greatly exceeding the British in five and foliage; but when the growth is taken into $\mathrm{H}_{4}$ confi- confideration, a manifeft advantage is evident in favour of the oaks of Britain. On this continent, this very ufeful and valuable timber attains its higheft fate of perfection in about fifty or fixty years : the natural confequence is, that being of a light and porous quality, it will not endure the depredations of time, in any degree equal to that which advances by flow degrees to maturity. I have heard it afferted, by perfons of undoubted knowledge and experience, that an Englih hhip, formed of folid and well-feafoned materials, is worth more after a fervice of twenty years, than the generality of American veffels that have failed only feven.

This reafon, I think, Atrongly operates againft thofe, who penetrating into futurity, predict that the colonifts muft inevitably, before many years are paffed, be-
ials, is
y years,
veffels

LET. VII. FROM AMERICA.
come great and formidable as a maritime power; fince the neceflity under which they muft labour, of frequently rebuilding, in order to fupport a navy, cannot but be attended with expences that will require immenfe revenues; fo as always to check their progrefs towards that diftinction to which they may poffibly afpire.

## L E T T E R VIII.

 Anuapolis, Nov. 2, 1771.IN this remote region, my dear friend, the phantom pleafure is purfued with as much avidity as on your fide of the Atlantic; and certainly with as much gratification, except by the injudicious herd who form ideas of happinefs from comparifon alone.

Our races, which are juft concluded, continued four days, and afforded excellent amufement to thofe who are attached to the pleafures of the turf; and, furprifing as it may appear, I affure you there are few meetings in England better attended, or where more capital horfes are exhibited.

Let. vili. FROM AMERICA. Toy
In order to encourage the breed of this noble animal, a jockey club has been inftituted, confifting of many principal gentlemen in this and in the adjacent provinces, many of whom have imported from Britain, at a very great expence, horfes of high reputation. .

In America, the mild beauties of the autumnal months amply compenfate for the fervent heats of fummer, and the rigid feverity of winter. Nothing could exceed the charming ferenity of the weather during thefe races; in confequence of which there was a prodigious concourfe of fpectators, and confiderable fums were depending on the conteft of each day. On the firft, a purfe of one hundred guineas was run for, free only for the members of the club; and on the three following days fubfcription purfes of fifty pounds each. Affemblies, and theatrical reprefentations,
were the amufements of the evening, at which the company exhibited a fafhionable and brilliant appearance.

Our new theatre, of which I gave you an account in a former letter, ' was opened to a numerous audience the week preceding the races. The ftructure is not inelegant, but, in my opinion, on too narrow a fcale for its length; the boxes are commodious, and neatly decorated; the pit and gallery are calculated to hold a number of people without incommoding each other; the ftage is well adapted for dramatic and pantomimical exhibitions; and feveral of the fceries reflect great credit on the ability of the painter. I have before obferved, that the performers are confiderably above mediocrity; therefore little doubt can be entertained of their preferving the public favour, and reaping a plenteous harveft.

Let. vili. FROM AMERICA. 109
Thus far on the article of pleafure. I thall conclude with an obfervation of a ferious nature.

In the courfe of my excurfions, I have converfed with divers intelligent planters, who emigrated to this country, on account of various difcouraging circumftances which baffled their utmoft induftry at home. A principal caufe which has been affigned by very many for becoming adventurers in this part of the world, is the cuftom, which is becoming too prevalent in England, of farming extenfive farms, for the accommodation of wealthy tenants, and for greater facility in collecting the rents.

Whatever prefent advantages may ariie from this practice, be affured a perfeverance therein will be attended with confequences very prejudicial, for by this means a fenfible depopulation will enfue;
a confiderable tract of country will be occupied by few inhabitants, and a multitude of valuable members of the community, will be obliged to abandon their homes and connexions, and to court fortune in a diftant region, where land may be procured for a trifling confideration, and where the greateft encouragement is held out to fkill and application.

Reafon and experience inconteftibly prove that in the number of inhabitants confifts the power and profperity of the ftate. Agriculture, manufactures, and arts, are founded on population, and a government naturally becomes wealthy and formidable, by the ftrenuous exertions of induftrious competition.

LETTER

## L $\mathrm{E} \quad \mathrm{T} \quad \mathrm{T} \quad \mathrm{E} \quad \mathrm{R}$ IX.

Annapolis, Dcc. 24, 1771 .

THE intenfe heat which prevails during the fummer, and the extremity of cold in winter, I well know has been afferted to be highly prejudicial to the confitution ; though for my own part I have not been fenfible of any material inconvenience from the oppofite quality of the feafons, but have continued to enjoy uninterrupted health and fpirits.

The variations of the weather are certainly more fudden in this part of America, than even in the changeable climate of Britain. During one part of the day I have frequently thought the lighteft apparel fcarcely fupportable; when in a moment a north-weft wind has created fenfations of a very different nature, and a fubftantial 6 fuit
fuit of broad cloth has fcarcely been fufficient to repel the cold.

Whatever you have heard relative to the rigid puritanical principles and economical habits of our American brethren, is by no means true when applied to the inhabitants of the fouthern provinces. Liberality of fentiment, and genuine hofpitality, arc every where prevalent; and I am perfuaded they too frequently miftake profufenefs for generofity, and impair their health and their fortunes, by fplendor of appearance and magnificence of entertainments.

The quick importation of fahions from the mother country is really aftonifhing. I am almoft inclined to believe, that a new farhion is adopted earlier by the polifhed and affluent American, than by many opulent perfons in the great metropolis; nor are opportunities wanting to difplay fuperior elegance. We have varied amufements,
and numerous parties, which afford to the young, the gay, and the ambitious, an extenfive field to contend in the race of vain and idle competition. In fhort, very little difference is, in reality, obfervable in the manners of the wealthy colonin? and the wealthy Briton. Good and bad habits prevail on both fides the Atlantic.

It is but juftice to confefs, that the American ladies poffers a natural eafe and elegance in the whole of their deportment; and that while they affiduounly cultivate external accomplifhments, they are fill anxioully attentive to the more important embellifhments of the mind. In converfation they are generally animated, and entertaining, and deliver their fentiments with affability and propriety. In a word, there are, throughout thefe colonies, very many lovely women, who have never paffed the bounds of their refpective provinces, and yet, I am perfuaded, might appear to great I advan- advantage in the moft brilliant circles of gaiety and fafhion.

In this country the marriage ceremony is univerfally performed in the dwelling houfes of the parties. The company, who are invited, affemble early in the evening, and after partaking of tea and other re.. frefhments, the indiffoluble contract is completed. The bride and bridegroom then receive the accuftomed congratulations: cards and dancing immediately fucceed : an elegant fupper, a cheerful glafs, and the convivial fong clofe the entertainment.

There are few places where young people are more frequently gratified with opportunities of affociating together than in this country. Befides our regular affemblies, every mark of attention is paid to the patron Saint of each parent dominion ; and St. Gcorge, St. Andrew, St. Patrick, and St. David, are celebrated with every par- tial mark of national attachment. General invitations are given, and the appearance is always numerous and fplendid.

The Americans on this part of the continent, have likewife a Saint, whofe hiftory, like thofe of the above venerable characters, is loft in fable and uncertainty. The firft of May is, however, fet apart to the memory of Saint Tamina, on which occafion the natives wear a piece of a buck's tail in their hats, or in fome confpicuous fituation. During the courfe of the evening, and generally in the midft of a dance, the company are interrupted by the fudden intrufion of a number of perfons habited like Indians, who rufh violently into the room, faging the war fong, giving the whoop, and dancing in the file of thofe people; aiter which ce:mony a collection is made, and they retire well fatisfied with their reception and entertainment.

$$
I_{2} \quad I_{n}
$$

In this province there are fcarce any veftiges of the original inhabitants, but it does not appear that their numbers have been reduced by any inhuman or indirect practices of the Britifh fettlers. In Dorfer County, on the eaftern more of Maryland, there are indsed rhe remains of a nation, once populous and powerful, who, to this day, retain confiderable tracts of valuable lund, for which they receive an annual confiteraion, but by no means equivalent to the real value. When every other Indian mation thought it neceffary to retire beyond the range of the European fettlements, thefe pcople it feems determined to continue on their native fpot. But being precluded from their former occupations and purfuits, they became totally indolent and inactive; and a different habit of living, a violent propenfity to fpirituous liquors, and the havock occafioned by the finall-pox, and other diforders, to which

Let. ix. FROM AMERICA. 117 they were unaccuftomed, reduced their numbers to fuch a degree, that at this time not twenty of their defcendants remain.

Since no charge of cruelty can juftly be adduced, it becomes a natural enquiry what is become of thofe numerous tribes that formerly occupied this fertile territory ?

Maryland, comparatively, is a finall province, bounded on the weft by the interior counties of Virginia and Pennfylvania: the Indians, from their particular mode of living, require an extenfive circuit, depending principally on hunting for their fupport; and wherever their game becomes fcarce, they infantly quit that country for a more eligible fituation. As this colony became populous, by the arrival and natural increafe of the new adventurers, the Aborigines were circumfcribed in their ancient limits, and were confequently induced to relinquifh their pofleffions, for a

$$
I_{3} \text { fup- }
$$ extenfive field of action.

From what caufe I cannot afcertain, but the North American Indians have never yet been known to incorporate with Europeans; nor has any progrefs yet been made in civilizing their manners, or in reclaiming them from that ignorance in which they are univerfally involved. Their habits appear rooted beyond the poffibility of conviction to remove; the prefent moment engroffes every thought, regardlefs of the events of futurity.

## $\begin{array}{lllllll}\mathrm{L} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{R} & \mathbf{X} .\end{array}$

Annap-lis, Feb. 17, 1772.

I$\mathbf{T}$ is true, my friend, that America is rapidly increafing in population and importance: but a continent fo extenfive muft be very thinly inhabited for many generations. Agriculture mult, therefore, be the g and object of colonial attention, to a very diftant period. While the people can be more profitably employed, as they now are, in clearing and cultivating land, it will be their intereft to import the various manufactures of the mother country, it being evident that every fpecies of goods may be obtained much cheaper, and of a fuperior quality, through the medium of commercial intercourfe, than by any patriotic exertions among $f$ themfeives.

Throughout the whole of the American provinces, there are immenfe tracts of

$$
I_{4} \quad \text { unap- }
$$

unappropriated lands. In every government, offices are eftablifhed under regal or proprictary authority, for the purpofe of granting the fame to adventurers on ftipulated terms. As the method of proceeding in this bufinefs is nearly fimilar in every part of the continent, an account of the mode adopted with is will give you a general idea of this matter. Take, therefore, the following detail, which I have tranfcribed from an official record, for your information.
" All papers relating to the granting of vacant land, within this province, iffue out and are recorded in the land office; and the mode purfued to effect the grant of fuch vacant lands, is by warrants, either fpecial or common. If tine lands are cultivated or improved, they cannot be effected by any other than a fpecial warrant, fpecifying the particular location and quantity to be effected. And all fuch warrants
iffue in confequence of an order from the proprietary's agent, intimating that the caution money of five pounds fterling, pir hundred acres, is paid. The warrant is directed to the furveyor of the county where the land lies, who makes a furvey, and returns a certificate therecf into the land office; from whence it is tranfimitted to the examiner general, and after examination, it is again fent back to the landoffice: a patent, or grant, then iffucs on the certificate, fubject to the payment of an annual rent of four fhillings ferling for every hundred acres. The fees attending granting the warrant; of the furvcy in confequence; of the cxamination of the certificate; iffuing patent thereon; and affixing the great feal of the province thereto, will amount to about the fum of feven or eight pounds currency, per hundred acres.
" The fame mode is exactly purfued in common warrants, to effect uncultivated lands, but the expences are rather lefs.
"It is to be obferved, the aforef.id warrants are to effect lands never before taken up. There are other warrants that iffue out of the land-office, fuch as warrants of re-furvey, efcheat warrants, and warrants under the proclamation.
" The firft of thefe are granted to re-furvey a tract of land, already patented, and in which the petitioner has a fee-fimple; and to add all, or any contiguous vacancy, whether cultivated or otherwife. This warrant, as well as all others, murt be executed, or renewed within the firf fix months from the time of granting, otherwife they are of no force or effect; and any vacant land added, if not paid for within two years from the date of the warrant, (agreeable to fundry proclamations publifhed) will become fubject and liable
to the benefit of the firft difcoverer thereof. And hence the proclamation warrants take their rife, for they, and no otber warrants, can legally effect lands thus circumftanced.
" Warrants of Efcheat, are only granted in inftances where the original patentees, or perfons claiming under them, have died feifed in fee, inteftate, and without heirs, of tracts of land heretofore granted, with liberty given of effecting, as well fuch original tracts of Efcheat, as any vacant land thereto adjoining. The compofition money payable, as in the above cafes; with this diftinction, that the quality of the efcheat land, and improvements thereon, are more particularly defcribed by the furveyor, and from fuch defcription the agent, or receiver-general, afcertains the real value of the land fo efcheated. The petitioner is entitled to one third of the full valuation of the efcheat for the difcovery; and the refidue, together with any vacancy added,
added, muft be paid for, to entitle him to a grant. The fees and expences incidental to all thefe warrants, are confiderably more than in primitive furveys, and cannot be particularly afcertained till the whole bufinefs is compleated.
"By an inftruction from the Board of revenue, no certificate whatever can be patented, though every requifite be complied with, till it has lain three months in the office. The intention of this inftruction is to give perfons who might be injured by the operation of fecret furveys, an opportunity of contefting fuch furveys by a caveat.
" The land-office, and all offices refpecting the proprietary's revenue, are, in a great meafure, fubject to the control of the board of revenue, which was eftablifhed by the late Lord Proprietary. Upon a declaration of a caveat in the land office, if it hould be diffatisfactory to the parties, they
they may appeal to the board of revenue, and have the matter reheard and determined by them."

The annual revenue of the proprietary, arifing from the fale of lands, and the yearly quit rent, after deducting all the various charges of government, averages at twelve thoufand five hundred pounds per annum. All offices, excepting thofe in the fervice of the cuftoms, are in his gift, or in the gift of his reprefentative for the time being. This patronage includes a very extenfive range of lucrative, and refpectful itations; and confequently throws great weight and influence into the fcale of government.

This influence is confidered by many, as inimical to the effential interefts of the people; a fpirit of party is confequently excited; and every idea of encroachment is refifted, by the popular faction, with all the warmth of patriotic enthufiafm.

I have before obferved, that elections in this province are triennial. The delegates returned, are generally perfons of the greateft confequence in their different counties; and many of them are perfectly acquainted with the political and commercial interefts of their conftituents. I have frequently heard fubjects debated with great powers of eloquence, and force of reafon; and the utmoft regularity and propriety diftinguifh the whole of their proceedings.

During the fitting of the affembly, the members of both houfes receive a ftated fum for their attendance on public bufinefs; and the number of days being properly certified, they are regularly paid their refpective claims at the conclufion of each feffion *.

* Members of the upper houfe, nine fhillings fterling per diem; thofe of the lower, about eight 隹lings and fix-pence.
rit
anc he exe fent

Let. x . From America. 1 127

Provincial and country magiftrates are appointed by the governor. The former are commiffioned to try capital offences, and important caufes relative to property ; the latter prefide in the county courts. They have likewife, individually, power to determine caufes of the value of forty Millings ; and to inflict punifhment on fervants, complaint being regularly made, and the matter proved by their employers.

The governor has a difcretionary authority to pardon perfons capitally convicted; and by the principles of the conflitution, he is obliged to fign all warrants for the execution of thofe who fuffer agreeable to fentence.

A ditigious fpirit is very apparent in this country. The affizes are heid twice in the year, in the city of Annapolis, and the number of caufes then brought forward, is really incredible. Though few of the gentlemen who practice in the courts have been
been regularly called to the bar, there are feveral who are confeffedly eminent in their profeffion; and thofe who are puffefled of fuperior abiitties, have full employment for the exertion of their talents, and are paid in due proportion by their refpective clients.

The natives of thefe provinces, even thofe who move in the humbler circles of life, difoover a hrewdnefs and penetration, not generally obfervable in the mother country. On many occafions, they are inquilitive, even beyond the bounds of propriety; they difcriminate characters with the-greateft accuracy; and there are few who do not feem perfectly converfant wish the general; and particular interefts of the community. An idea of equality alfo feems generally to prevail, and the inferior order of people pay but little external refpect to thofe who occupy fuperior ftations.

]

## $\begin{array}{lllllll}\mathrm{L} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{R} & \mathrm{XI} .\end{array}$

Annapolis, Sep. 7th, 1772.

IAM juft returned from an excurfion to the frontiers of this province, in which my curiofity was highly gratified. It is impoffible to conceive a more rich and fertile country than I have lately traverfed; and when it becomes populous in proportion to its extent, Frederick County will, at leaft, be equal to the moft defirable eftablifhment on this fide the Atlantic.

In the back fettlements, where the inhabitants are but thinly fcattered, the face of the country, even at this luxuriant feafon of the year, exhibited in many places a dreary appearance. Lands, to a very confiderable extent, are taken up by perfons, who looking to futurity for greater advantages, are content to clear gradually fome portions of their domains for imme-
diate fubfiftence. Not having the means to fell, and carry their timber away, they make a deep incifion with an axe entirely round each trunk, at the diftance of about four feet from the ground, which occafions the leaves almoft initantly to wither; and before the total decay of the tree, Indian corn may be cultivated to great advantage, amidft the immenfe trunks that fill the dreary foreft.

To have the idea of winter impreffed on the mind, from external appearances, at a time when nature is fainting beneath the intenfe heat of an autumnal fun, is, I am inclined to believe, peculiar to this country. In fome diftricts, far as the eye could extend, the leaflefs trees of an aftonifhing magnitude crowded on the fight; the creeping ivy only denoting vegetation; at the fame tinc, the face of the earth, was covered with golden crops, which promifed,
"Richly to repay the anxious toil."
The

The habitations of the planters, in this remote diftrict of the province, are, in general, of a rude conftruction; the timber with which they frame their dwellings, feldom undergoing the operation of any tool except the axe. An apartment to fleep in, and another for domeftic purpofes, with a contiguous ftore-houfe, and conveniences for their live-ftock, at prefent gratify their utmort ambition. Their method of living, perfectly correfponds with their exterior appearance. Indian corn, beaten in a mortar, and afterwards baked or boiled, forms a difh which is the principal fubfiftence of the indigent planter, and is even much liked by many perfons of a fuperior clafs. This, when properly prepared, is called bomony, and when falt beef, pork, or bacon, is added, no complaints are made redpecing their fare.

Throughout the whole of this province, fruit is not only plentiful, but excellent in K 2 various tions unprovided with an apple, and a peach orchard; the peach trees are all ftandards, and without the affiltance of art, frequently produce fruit of an exquifite flavour.

In the woods, I have often met with vines, twining round trees of different denominations; and have gathered from them bunches of grapes of a tolerable fize, and not unpleafant to the palate. In procefs of time, when the colonifts are enabled to pay attention to their natural advantages, they will, affuredly, poffefs all the fuperfluities, as well as the conveniences of life, without the neceffity of recurring to foreign affiftance. Even fugar, of a tolerable quality, they will be able to manufacture without application to the Britigh Iflandṣ. A planter, at whofe houfe I partook of fome refrefhment, produced a quantity of that capital luxury, the grain of which was tolerable, and the
tafte not difagreeable. This, he affured me, was the produce of his own pofferfions, extracted by incifion, from a tree, great numbers of which grow throughout the interior regions of the American provinces *. The fimple procefs of boiling, brought the lufcious liquid to a proper confiftency; and he was perfuaded, whencver more important concerns would permit a neceffary attention to this article, the inhabitants of the Britifh colonies would be amply fupplicd from their own inexhauftible refources.

About thirty miles weft of Fredericktown, I paffed through a fettlement which is making quick advances to perfection. A German adventurer, whofe name is Ha gar, purchafed a confiderable tract of land in this neighbourhood, and with much difcernment and forefight, determined to

* 'The Maple-tree.
K 3 give
encouragement to traders, and to erect proper habitations for the ftowage of goods, for the fupply of the adjacent country. His plan fucceeded: he has lived to behold a multitude of inhabitants on lands, which he remembered unocupied; and he has feen erected in places, appropriated by him for that purpofe, more than an hundred comfortable edifices, to which the name of Hagar's 'Town is given, in honour of the intelligent founder.


## $\begin{array}{lllllll}\mathrm{L} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{R} & \text { XII. }\end{array}$

Annapolis, Oct. 3, 1772.

BY an act of the affembly of this province, a refidence of three years is requifite as a qualification for holding any office imınediately dependent on the proprietary. This regulation affords fecu-
rity againft the intrufion of Atrangers, who might arrive from the mother country, under a patronage too ftrong for any local intereft.

Having happily completed the limited term, I have begun to exper ence the bounty of my patron, and 1 my felf already in poffeffion of an office $\iota_{1}$ truft and refpectability; and not unauthorized to look forward to a ftill better provifion. I hope it is unneceffary to fay, that I am content and grateful under fuch circumftances, and yet there is fomething which feems to obfcure my profpect, and to leffen that happinefs which would otherwife be complete.

It is I know both imprudent and culpable, " to Chape the famion of uncertain " evils;" yct it is almoft impoffible to avoid drawing unfavourable conclufions from that fpirit of party which, at this

$$
\mathrm{K}_{4} \quad \text { time }
$$

$$
\longrightarrow
$$

## IMAGE EVALUATION

 teSt target (Mt-3)


Photographic Sciences
 Corporation
time, appears predominant throughout the Britifh Colonies.

Under pretence of fupporting the facred claims of freedom, and of juftice, factious and defigning men are induftrioully fomenting jealoufy and difcontent; and unlefs they are ftopt in their progrefs by the immediate and determined exertions of the wife and moderate, they will aggravate the diffention which is become but too evident, and involve this now happy country in complicated mifery.

You may remember that I have occafionally attempted to give my thoughts a poetical drefs, and you have been pleafed to favour my humble efforts with your partial indulgence. The following lines, the refult of reflections on the political ftate of this empire, I was tempted to give to the editor of the Maryland Gazette, in which they have appeared with fome degree of approbation.

Let. XII. FROM AMERICA.
Bleft was that age when, free from madening ftrife, The peaceful fhepherd told his plaintive tale; And, free from all thofe cares that harrafs life, Found real blifs fequefter'd in the vale.

Content alone, with ardor, he purfu'd, He trac'd her footIteps in the Ihady grove; His fleecy wealth around he joyous view'd, And fung, in artlefs frains, the force of love!

No proud afpiring thoughts perplex'd his breaft,
Or fearch of fordid gain his peace deftroy'd; Blithe was each day-and when he funk to reft, Sweet were the Ilumbers which he then enjoy'd,

To polifh life, fair Science rear'd her head, And numerous arts appear'd to deck the land; Truths moral, and divine their influence fhed, And focial virtues clos'd the Mining band.

O had mankind, with nobleft views elate, Improv'd the bleffings Heaven in bounty gave,
Then had they not fuppos'd a partial fate, Or fhrunk, with horror, from the gloomy grave.

Founded on rapine powerful empires rofe, And wild Ambition rul'd the human mind, Fell Difcord pour'd around her baleful woes, And friends were faithlefs!-lovers were unkind!

The fcepter'd tyrant, fwoln with hopes of fame! Exulting thunders from the gorgeous car !
Dooms realms to flaughter for a pompous name, And proudly glories in the guilt of war!

By fern Oppreffion ftruck, the helplefs poor, From much-lov'd cottages, and hamlets fly;
Depriv'd of all, from Heaven they aid implore, Neglected droop, and unlamented die!

Religion! fent by Heaven to heal each grief, To point the road where human evils ceafe;
Give rankling mifery a fure relief; And footh the warring paffions into peace;

By bigot Zeal, and Superfition fir'd, With horrid Fury fcatters death around;
And deems that wretch moft pious,-moft infir'd, Who ftrikes, with ruthlefs hand, the direful wound!

Sea-girt Britannia! miftrefs of the ifles! Where Faith, and Liberty, united reign; Around whofe fertile thores glad Nature fmiles, And Ceres crowns with gifts the induftrious fwain!

Thy generous daring fons have nobly toil'd, To guard thy cliffs from arbitrary fway; In well fought fields the baffled tyrant foil'd, Where glorious Freedom led the arduous way!

Now thrriegn the land Diffention flalks confeft; Wic: f liftruft, and Hatred in her train; The dire i..... tion runs from breaft to breaft, And ftatefmen plan-and patriots plead in vain!

All-gracious Heaven, aveit the impending form, Bid every jealous, jarring faction ceafe;
Let fweet Content refume her lovely form, And o'er the land diffure perpetual peace:

## Let. xilf. from America.

And, when again our colours are unfurl'd, May Britons nobly join one common caule! With rapid conquefts ftrike the wondering world, In firm fupport of Liberty and Laws.

## $\begin{array}{lllllll}\mathbf{L} & \mathrm{E} & \mathbf{T} & \mathbf{T} & \mathrm{E} & \mathbf{R} & \text { XIII. }\end{array}$

Annapolis, Feb. 20, 1773.
YOUR obfervations on the refources of America are well founded. I grant they are infinite, and $I$ am perfuaded that, in procefs of time, the will be enabled to avail herfelf of innumerable advantages; but thofe that affert fhe will effectually rival Great Britain in that invaluable ftaple of her commerce, the woollen manufactory, are, indeed, by far too fanguine in their expectations: coarfe cloths for the wear of fervants and negroes, the

140 L E T TERS Let.xiri colonifts may probably be enabled to manufacture, but infurmountable objections arife to the production of thofe of a fuperior quality.

To judge of this climate, by the parallel degrees of latitude in Europe, it is natural to conclude, that the middle provinces experience very little of the rigour of winter, and that, in fact, their greateft inconvenience muft arife from intenfe heat, during the fummer months. But, extraordinary as it may appear, this country, from local circumftances, is accuftomed to every feverity of the oppofite feafons. I affure you, that I have been lefs fenfible of the influence of the fun in the hotteft feafons in the illand of Jamaica, than in this part of Britifh America; and I am credibly informed, that no material difference prevails from New York inclufive, to the fouthern extremity of Virginia. To the northward of New York the winters con-

Let. xili. FROM AMERICA.
tinue longer; the cold is equally intenfe; and the fummer, for its fhort duration, hot in proportion. South of Virginia the climate gradually becomes fimilar to the torrid zone, confequently the wool degenerates, in a regular proportion, until the external coveriag of the fheep becomes at laft a ftrong coarfe hair refembling that of goats.

In Maryland, and in the adjacent provinces, the cold is more fevere from January till the beginning of May, than in any part of the ifland of Great Britain ; in confequence of which the American farmer is reduced to the neceffity of houfing his Sheep during that rigid feafon. Summer may, literally, be faid to be feated on the lap of winter, and the immediate tranfition from cold to heat is, evidently, extremely prejudicial to the growth and improvement of wool; fo that in quality it is greatly inferior; nor is the quantity ed in the milder regions of the parent state.

Under thefe difadvantages it may reafonably be concluded, that the American fettlements will ever be neceffitated to look up to Britain for a very confiderable fupply of her invaluable ftaple. And even if there caufes did not operate, many years muft unavoidably elapre before the colonifts can eftablifh or conduct manufactures in fuch a manner, as to enable them to fupply, even their own wants, on terms of greater advantage than by relying on external affiftance.

This immenfe continent will require a confiderable population before the inhabitants can, with any propriety, divert their attention from agriculture. To fettle, and to cultivate lands muft b. ir firft great object ; and the produce or thofe exertions they muft barter in exchange for European parent merican to look sle fup1 even if ny years e colofactures them to on terms lying on
require a : inhabivert their ettle, and irft great exertions European manu-

Let. xitr. from America. manufactures. In vain is encouragement held forth, to induce ingenious artizans to emigrate from their original fituations. On their arrival, either the allurements which tempted them deceive their expectations; or the natural wih to obtain a permanent eftablifhment, fupercedes every other confideration, and induces a great majority of thefe adventurers to purchafe lands which, comparatively, bear no price, and the purchafers are reduced to rely on time and induftry to recompence their affiduity. Another circumftancé, very important in its nature, likewife demands attention. The price of labour muft be greatly leffened before the Americans can poffibly manufacture to any acivantage; and this inconvenience cannot be remedied, until, by an overplus of people, there are competitors in every art, and a fufficient number of opulent inhabitants to encourage and reward their ingenuity.

At prefent, it is evident, that almoft every article of ufe or ornament, is to be obtained on much more reafonable terms from the mother country, than from artizans fettled on this fide the Atlantic. It is alfo as certain, that goods of every kind produced, or manufactured in England, are greatly fuperior to the produce or manufactures of this continent. In procefs of time, but a time far diftant, the colonies may, undoubtedly, from their great refources, be enabled to rival Britain in many valuable articles of commerce. But in your grand ftaple, the growth and manufacture of wool, you will, in a general point of view, ftand fingle and pre-eminent. Nature, in this particular, has been exuberantly bountiful. Your fertile downs are a fource of inexhauftible wealth. Support that fuperiority, which the benevolence of heaven has bleft you with, by a judicious and induftrious exertion of local advantages, and the power
T. XIII. Impf to be terms 1 artc. It y kind nd, are nufacf time, s may, ources, valuable $r$ grand tare of ff view, , in this juntiful. of inex. eriority, has bleft duftrious e power and

Let. xiv.' FROM AMERICA.
and fplendor of Great Britain will defy the utmoft efforts of oppofition, and remain for ages with undiminihed lustre !


## $\begin{array}{lllllll}L & E & T & T & E & R & X I V .\end{array}$

ITHANK you, my dear friend, for your very entertaining and very defcriptive detail of the extenfive improvements now carrying forward in the British metropolis. If I may prefume to compare fall things with great, even here we are making confiderable advances towards perfaction.

About the close of the year 1769, an act of affembly was paffed to erect a new
ftadt-houfe, on a very enlarged and beau-tiful plan. This work has been carried on with great difpatch, and, when completed, will, at leaft, be equal to any public edifice on the American continent. The legillature of this province, animated by fentiments which reflect the higheft credit on their patriotifm and wifdom, have alfo determined, by a recent law, to endow and found a college for the education of youth in every liberal and ufeful branch of fcience. An inftitution of this nature was mof ftrongly recommended to their confideration by nur worthy governor, at an early period after his arrival in this country ; and to his laudable and perfevering exertions, the public are materially indebted for the eftablifhment of a feminary which, as it will be conducted under excellent regulations, will fhortly preclude the neceffity of croffing the Atlantic for the colnpletion of a claffical and polite education.

Letexiv. from America. During the administration of Mr. B——, who prefided over this province from the year 1742, to the year 1747, a noble mansion was projected for the refldense of the governor of Maryland. A delightful fituation was appropriated for this purpofe on the banks of the Severn, within the limits of the city of Annapolis, commanding, in every point of view, the mort interesting and beautiful objects. Matrials of every kind were provided equal to the fpirit of public liberality, and the building was nearly completed in a file of fuperior magnificence, when an unhappy contention, took place between the governor and the delegates of the people, which increafed to fuch a degree, that, at a period, when a very trifling fum would have rendered it a noble habitation, the further profecution of the defign was difcontinued, and it has remanned to this day, a melancholy and L 2
mould-
mouldering monument of the confequences refulting from political diffentions.

The depredations of time have very greatly injured the interior parts of this edifice, which, in an unfinifhed itate, has continued many years, expofed to every inclemency of weather. However, on a late accurate furvey, the outfide ftructure, and the principal timbers, are found in a condition fo perfect, that it is determined to repair the damages fuftained, and to apply the building to the purpofes of collegiate education, for which every circumftance contributes to render it truly eligible. The adjacent country is open and healthy; the contiguous grounds are fufficiently extenfive for the advantages of exercife and amufement; and the fabric will contain a variety of fpacious and commodious apartments for the accommodation of the profeffors and ftudents.
le;
ra!
wl
wh
liti
erad
can
eve the tion fenfi fupe

I cannot anticipate the future importance and profperity of America, without a moft fervent prayer, that every advantage the may derive from her exertions, may ultimatcly depend on a permanent and conftitutional connexion with the mother country.

To the number of public erections, a new church is likewife to be added; the defign of which does great credit to the genius of the architect. It will be large, neat, and commodious; and is to be built on the fcite of the ancient edifice, from which many materials will be furnifhed. This work is to be executed as foon as poflible ; and we may reafonably expect, if thefe different undertakings are conducted with judgment, and fpirit, that they will be confidered as valuable monuments of that refined tafte, which fo remarkably characterifes the prefent times.

LETTER

## $\begin{array}{lllllll}\mathbf{L} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{R} & \mathrm{XV} .\end{array}$

Annapolis, Nov. 8th, 1773.
" A water to a thirfty foul, fo is news from a far country." Your circumftantial letter of the fourteenth of September, afforded me the greateft fatisfaction: I was at once entertained and inftructed, by your very judicious and pointed obfervations on the prefent political fyftem. The repeal of the ftamp-act, was a wife and neceffary meafure : but on what principle fubfequent laws have been enacted, which have evidently the like tendency, I am at a lofs to determine. Were the duties to be regularly collected, in confequence of the acts now in force, the revenue arifing from them, would really be inconfiderable. Nor do the colonifts ground their objections on the fums which, by this

L 4 means,
means, would be levied on the importation of the enumerated articles; but they affert, that the principle on which they refift the operation of thefe laws, is briefly this: " That they are wholly unconftitutional: and that to admit their legality in a fingle inftance, would undoubtedly be to admit a right, which might be confidered by the legillature of Great Britain, as a fufficient authority to tax them at fome future period, in any proportion adequate to the real, or fuppofed exigencies of the ftate." How far they are to be juftified in this opinion, I am not competent to determine; but it is evident, that on this fide the Atlantic, a fpirit of difcontent univerfally prevails; and there are many defponding individuals here, and in other provinces, who already pretend to penetrate fo deep into the events of futurity, as to foretcl the moft ferious confequences.
" From trivial caufe, what mighty evils fpring!"

Let. xv. Erom America.
For my part, I will not indulge apprehenfions of fo melancholy a nature.

I have lately received a very fenfible, and very eintertaining letter, from my valued correfpondent, Mifs M——M—, who informs me that her fifter H _has, at length, complied with the requifition of many judicious and impartial friends, and has ventured into public notice, in defiance of criticifm. On the soth of May laft, her partoral poem, 'The Search after Happiness,' made its firft appearance; and fo rapid has been its fuccefs, that a fecond large impreffion took place early in Auguft. Lord Lyttelton, whofe refined tafte, and accurate difcernment, is univerfally acknowledged, has honoured the amiable author with a letter, expreffive of his warmeft approbation; and the public prints are unanimous in bearing tertimony to her merit. The copy I have received, is in continual circulation, and indeed, it mult argue
a vitiated and depraved judgment in the reader, not to be charmed with a production formed on a plan fubfervient to the great interefts of religion and virtue, and decorated with ali the graces and embellifhmen:s of poitry.

After paying this juft tribute to the talents of a lady who, I truft, will foon attain a diftinguifhed rank in the literary world, I hall venture to conclude this letter by the infertion of an epilogue, which I wrote a few months fince, at the requeft of a riend, for the benefit of a comedian at the theatre in Philadelphia. As I am informed it wa. received with approbation by a numerous audience, I Shall venture, with the greater confidence, to add this little poetical effufion to your manufcript collection.

Let. xv.

## OCCASIONAL EPILOGUE.

When ftern Oppreffion rear'd her baleful head, To this bleft clime our free-born fathers fed: Secure from lawlefs fway, they chearful toil'd, And foon the grateful glebe with plenty fmil'd; Cities arofe, while Commerce pour'd her ftore, And wealch flow'd in from every diftant fhore. Now polifh'd eafe, and manners thine confeft, While ardent Freedom warms each generous breaft:
Dark brooding Iguorance has wing'd her flight, And heav'n-born Science beams with radiant light:
The fifter arts, with rapid progrefs rife;
Proud lofty towers and columns reach the fies:
The genial virtues here united reign,
And modeft Merit never fues in vain.
Among the numerous objects of your care,
Let this, our moral ftage, your goodnefs fhare:
Fir'd with your praife, dependant ftill on you,
The fteep afcent with ardor we purfue;
No ribald feenes we offer to your fight,
But "fuch as Virtue views with fond delight."
Bold is the attempt, in various forms to pleafe, And, Proteus-like, fhift every form with eafe; In quick tranfition ever yet to move, From comic humour, to difaftrous love! Trace Nature's paths, nor deviate from Which can alone fecure jun from her laws,

I, who ame fecure a juft applaufe. What claim have a novice on the ftage, Yet, claim have $I$, your favour to engage? Yet, fpite of each defect, ftill have I found, Beyond my fondeft hopes, my wifhes crown'd.

O ftill affit me, while I boldly aim
To catch fome portion of dramatic fame:
So may kind Heaven repay your generous aid,' And rankling forrows ne'er your peace invade; But, blefs'd fupremely, may you ever prove The fiwcets of Liberty ! -the joys of Love !

## L E T. T E R XVI.

Annapolis, fan. 3d, 1774.

THE American prints will inform you, ere you receive this, of the recent proceedings at Bofton. The whole quantity of tea, contained on board three veffels, amounting to three hundred and forty-two chefts, was on the 16th of December, immerfed in the bay. The Eaft India Company are the only fufferers on this occafion; as all accounts perfectly correfpond in afferting, that this hafty bufinefs was tranfacted without the leaft detriment

> Let. xvi. From America.
triment to private property. New York, Philadelphia, CharlesTown, and other places it is univerfally imagined, will purfue fimilar meafures. Vaft as this continent is, the inhabitants appear animated, to a degree of frenzy, with the fame fpirit of oppofition. Where the confequences will terminate, Heaven knows! If a judgment may be formed from the prefent difpofition of the people, I will venture to affert, that not the leaft future taxation will ever be admitted here, without what they conceive, a legal reprefentation.

As an Englifhman, warmly attached to my native country, and anxious for its honour and profperity; I view the impending form with inexpreffible inquietude. I fear my friend, our ftatefmen have promoted meafures which they will be equally embarraffed to enforce, or defend. But thefe are matters too high for my difcuffion ; I deteft politics, and hall, therefore, leave you to make are well; would I could fay we were perfectly happy! Have I not reafon to apprehend my eftablifmment is not fo permanent as my flattering ideas had fuggefted? Should the ftorm burf, it muft inevitably involve, in the fame ruin, multitudes who think differently, and are equally actuated by confcientious principles.

$$
\begin{array}{lllllll}
\mathrm{L} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{~T} & \mathrm{~T} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{R} & \text { XVII. }
\end{array}
$$

Amatolis, May 28, 1774 .

ALL America is in a flame!-1 hear ftrange language every day.' The colonifts are ripe for any meafures that will tend to the prefervation of what they call, their natural liberty. I enclofe you the refolves of our citizens; they have caught caught the general contagion*. Exprefies are flying from province to province. It is the univerfal opinion bere, that the mother country cannot fupport a contention with thefe fettlements, if they abide Iteady to the letter and fpirit of their affociations. Where

* At a meeting of the inhabitants of the city of Annapolis, on Wednefday, the twenty-fifth day of May, 1774, after notice given of the time, place, and occafion of this meeting;
Refolved, " that it is the unanimous opinion of this meeting, that the town of Bofton is now fuffering in the common caufe of America, and that it is incumbent on every colony in America, to unite in effectual meafures to obtain a repeal of the late act of Parliament for blocking up the harbour of Boilon.
"c That it is the opinion of this meeting, that if the colonies come into a joint refolution to ftop all importation from, and exportations to Great Britain, till the faid act be repealed, the fame will preferve North America, and her liberties."

Refolved therefore, "That the inhabitants of this city will join in an affociation with the feveral counties of this province, and the principal provinces of America, to put an immediate ftop to all exports to Great Britain, and that after a fhort day, hereafter to be agreed on, that there fhall be no imports from Great Britain,

Where will thefe matters end ? Imagination anticipates, with horror, the mof dreadful confequences. If the meafures adopted at home are founded on the principles of juftice, it will become adminiftration to be firm and decifive. If they are not, it

Britain, till the faid act be repealed, and that fuch afiociation be on oath.
" That it is the opinion of this meeting, that the gentlemen of the law of this province bring no fuit for the recovery of any debt, due from any inhabitant of this province to any inhabitant of Great Dritain, until the faid act be repealed.
"That the inhabitants of this city will, and it is the opinion of this meeting, that this province ought inmediately to break off all trade and dcalings with that colony or province, which fhall refule or decline to come into fimilar refolutions with a majority of the colonies.
" That Meffieurs John Hall, Charles Carroll, Thomas Johnfon, jun. Willian Paca, Matthias Hammond, and Samuel Chafe, be a committee for this city, to join with thofe who fhall be appointed for Baltimore Town, and other parts of this province, to conftitute one general committee; and that the gentlemen appointed for this city immediately correfigond with Baltimore town, and other parts of this province, to effect fuch affociation as will fecure American liberty.

LeT. XVIf. TROM AMERICA: 163
will be advifeable, even on the fcore of intereft, not to abandon the fubftance for a hadow. True policy will fuggeft the expediency of embracing a conciliatory fyftem.

Fune sth.
The Governor left Annapolis on the twenty-eighth of laft month, in order to embark for England; where his private concerns require, for a time, his prefence. He is now with his friend, Colonel F-, at the mouth of the Potaxent. His difpatches are to leave town this evening, as the fhip will certainly fail in the courfe of the week.

You will obferve, that the inclofed refolutions of the citizens of Annapolis took place in confequence of the act of Parliament for blocking up the harbour of Bofton.

The meeting at which thefe refolutions were paffed, was on Wednefday the twentyfifth of May. But as it was evident that the majority by which they were carried, did not confift of the moft refpectable inhabitants, a proteft made its appearance on the enfuing Monday, figned by one hundred and thirty-five perfons *, amongft whom *TOTHE PRINTERS. May 30 h, 1774 .
A publication of the enclofed proteft, fupported by the names of a confiderable number of the inhabitants of the city of Annapolis, will, it is prefumed, furnifh the moft authentic grounds for determining the fenfe of the majority, on a queftion of the laft importance.

We whofe names are fubfribed, inhabitants of the city of Annapolis, conceive it our clear right, and mort incumbent duty, to exprefs our cordial and explicit difapprobation of a refolution which was carried by fortyfeven againft thirty-one, at the meeting held on the 27 th inftant.

The refolution againft which we proteft, in the face of the world, is the following.
"That it is the opinion of this meeting, that the genthemen of the law of this province, bring no fuit for the
reco
prov faid Fi tion, nefs, thofe unlimi made unbea, parliam duly wo probabl they we tion and whom are to be found many of the firt importance in this city, and in the neighbourhood. You will, I doubt not, be pleafed to fee that I have taken this opportunity of avowing my fentiments on a fubject, which equally affects private reputation and public faith.

I need not mention, that it is a particular refolution againft which the proteft is levelled; the others being of too popular a nature
tants of the $t$, and mont plicit difapd by fortyon the $27^{\text {th }}$
in the face
hat the genfuit for the recovery
recovery of any debt, due from any inhabitant of this province, to any inhabitant of Great Britain, until the faid act be repealed."-Difentient.

Firft, Becaufe we are impreffed with a full conviction, that this refolution is founded in treachery and rafhnefs, in as much as it is big with bankruptcy and ruin to thofe inhabitants of Great Britain, who, relying with unlimited fecurity on our good faith and integrity, have made us mafters of their fortunes; condemning them unbeard, for not having interpofed their influence with parliament in favour of the town of Bofton, without duly weighing the force, with which that influence would probably have operated; or whether, in their conduct, they were actuated by wifdom and policy, or by corruption and avarice.

M 2 Secondly.
a nature to admit of oppofition. And, indeed, the generality of thofe who have ventured to affert the claims of honour, to difcharge their pecuniary obligations to the mother country, are confidered, by the more violent party, as actuated by fentiments inimical to the interefts of America: and it is even faid, that they would combat every attempt to obtain a repeal of the obnoxious acts, if they were not apprehenfive of incurring the juft

Secondly, Becaufe whilft the inhabitants of Great Britain are partially defpoiled of every legal remedy to recover what is juftly due to them, no provifion is made to prevent us from being harraffed by the profecution of internal fuits, but our fortunes and perfons are left at the mercy of domeftic creditors, without a poffibility of extricating ourfelves, unlefs by a general convulfion; an event, in the contemplation of fober reafon, replete with horror.

Thirdy, Becaufe our credit, as a commercial people, will expire under the wound; for what confidence can poffibly be repofed in thofe, who fhall have exhibited the moft avowed, and moft ftriking proof that they are not bound by obligations as facred as human invention can fuggeft.

Let. XVII. FROM AMERICA.
refentment of an injured people. For my own part, I veriily believe that the majority of the fubfcribers are influenced by motives which reflect the higheft credit on their integrity, independent of political confiderations.

It is here neceffary that I clear up a feeming contradiction. The refolutions inferted in the Gazette are dated the twenty-fifth : the proteft alludes to tranfactions on the twenty-feventh. After the publication of the refolves entered into, in confequence of the meeting held on the firft-mentioned day, feveral gentlemen of influence and refpectability had the courage to declare, in the moft exprefs terms, that if the fentiments of the people were properly collected, it would not appear that the whole of the proceedings received their unanimous approbation. To obviate this objection, hand-bills were diftributed, and a general attendance was earneftly reM 3 quefted; quefted; in confequence of which, on the evening of the twenty-feventh, a fecond affembly of the citizens took place. But inftead of affociating with that ardor the zealous partizans expected, only feventyeight perfons were muftered on the important occafion. Had the whole number of thofe whofe principles were directed by moderation, thought it fafe, or prudent to appear in fupport of their fentiments, the iniquitous refolution, againft which we have protefted, would not have publicly appeared, to the difcredit of our province; even admitting the conduct of Government with refpect to this continent, to be founded on maxims fubverfive of the conftitution. Surely, in a moral point of view, it is highly criminal to attempt, by unjuft or indirect methods, to obtain a redrefs of the moft oppreffive grievances,

In there tempeftuous times, your dear fifter fupports her fpirits wonderfully; yet

Let. xuif. from America.
are there moments, when fhe yields to boding apprehenfions, and anticipates the renewal of forrows and difappointments. She has, however, this confolation to fupport her, that whatever fufferings may be our portion, we fhall fhare them with each other.

It is my folemn determination, without regard to motives of intereft or fafety, to act frictly upon principle. And though my conduct will be of very little importance, confidered in a public point of view, yet under all the varied circumftances of profperity or diftrefs, the reflection of having acted agreeably to the dictates of confcience, will enhance the advantages of affluence, or animate the mind to fuftain, with becoming fortitude, the moft painful, and unmerited reverfe of fortune.

That the general tranquility may be fpeedily re-eftablifhed, is the fervent prayer of your faithful, \&c.

THE general attention is fixed on the Congrefs now fitting in Philadelphia, and all defcriptions of people are waiting for the refult of their deliberations, with the utmoft impatience.

The Canada Bill is as unpopular here as the Bofton Port-bill, and adds greatly to the univerfal difcontent. The provinces are unanimous in the caufe of their northern brethren, and contribute largely in fupplying their neceffities. The fpirit of oppofition to minifterial meafures, appears to blaze fteadily and equally in every part of Britifh America, and unlefs fome fpeedy alteration takes place in the political fyftem, the confequences muft inevitably be dreadful.

Every well-wiher to the intereft and happinefs of the mother country, and her colonies, muft behold this unnatural conteft with inexpreffible anxiety. There never was a period in our hiftory, more critical that the prefent. It is high time fome methods were adopted to conciliate thefe growing differences. The colonies are daily gaining incredible ftrength. They know, they feel, their importance; and perfuafion, not force, muft retain them in obedience.

A general non-importation agreement will, fpeedily, take place; and I have reafon to believe, will be refolutely adhered to. It is therefore to be feared, the manufacturers and artificers in Britain will be much diftreffed, and probably driven to great extremities. For I need not obferve to a man fo converfant as you are with the commercial interefts of the empire, how feverely
feverely the mother country muft fuffer by an interruption of her extenfive trade with this continent. It is the univerfal doctrine bere, that it will plunge you into violent commotions, and probably be attended with fatal confequences *.

A ferious tranfaction took place, a few days fince, in this city. The affair is par-
> * The feparation of America from Great Britain was contemplaied, by perfons of all deferiptions, as pregnant witn ruin to both countrics. It muft be granted, that in confequence of this event very many deferving individuals have experienced a reverfe of fortune which has fubjected them to innumerable difficulties and diftreffes: but in a political point of view, this dreaded revolution has been attended with circumftances highly beneficial to the parent ftate. The fuperiority of the manufact res of Britain, and the eftablifhed knowledge of her merchants in all the articles effential for the American market, have given them decided advantages over every rival nation. Similarity of language, cuftoms, and opinions, likewife powerfully operate in favour of the mother country; fo that, at this period, with every pleafing profect of an uninterrupted continuation, Britain fupports a more extenfive and a more lucrative commerce with the United States, than at any time during their immediate connexion as a part of her Empire.

Let. xumil. from America. 171
tially reprefented in the Maryland Gazette. I attended the whole progrefs or the bufinefs, and was active in my exertions to prevent the extremities to which fome frantic zealots proceeded.

On Saturday the fifteenth inftant, the brig Peggy, Stewart, arrived from London with fervants, and an inconfiderable quantity of goods, among which were feventeen packages, containing two thoufand, three hundred, and twenty pounds of tea, configned to Thomas Charles Williams and company, merchants, in Annapolis. This intended importation was immediately difcovered, and the citizens were fummoned to a general meeting. On examination it appeared, that Meffrs. Williams had, on this occafion, imported a larger quantity of that deteftable plant, as it is here termed, than by any former opportunity; and that Mr. Anthony Stewart, the proprietor of
of the veffel, had paid the duties thereon; though he was not, in any fhape, concerned in the property. This was deemed a fubmiffion to the contefted claim of the Britifh Parliament. Very fevere cenfures were accordingly paffed on the parties concerned, and a general fpirit of refentment appeared to predominate. After various modes of proceeding had been propofed, and difcuffed, it was detcrmined to appoint a committee to attend the veffel, and prevent the landing of the tea, until the fenfe of the county could be fully collected. The enfuing Wednefday was appointed for that purpofe, and proper meafures were purfued to give the neceffary information.

Mr. Stewart, apprehenfive of the confequences likely to enfue, with great propriety folicited a previous meeting of the citizens on the following Monday; trufting that, by a timely fubmiffion, meafures might

Let. xvili, from America.
might be taken to prevent the affembling of fo numerous a body as were expected to come in from the country; from whom he had much to fear with refpect to his perfon and his property.

At this meeting it was propofed, by the moderate party, that Meffrs. Stewart and Williams, who were defirous to make atonement for the offence they had committed, might be permitted to land and burn the tea, in any place that fhould be appointed for that purpofe. This motion was, however, frongly oppofed by others, who infifted on matters remaining as they were, until the time appointed for the county meeting, in order that a more public acknowledgment and fatisfaction might be made.

Mr. Stewart, with a view to moderate the refentment which his conduct had unhappily occafioned, diftributed the follow- ing hand-bill and affidavit, which were alfo publicly read; but without any apparent effect in his favour.
" To the Gentlemen of the Committee, the Citizens of Annapolis, and the Inhabitants of Ann Arundel County. * Gentlemen,
"I find by a hand-bill, that you are requefted to meet to take into confideration what is proper to be done with the tea, the property of Thomas C. Williams and Co. now on board the brig Peggy, Stewart, and finding my conduct cenfured for having paid the duty on that tea to the col-lector, I take the liberty to prefent a plain narrative of the part I have acted therein, and the motives by which I was actuated. Deeply interefted as I am in the peace and harmony of this country, no man would be farther than myfelf from taking any

Let. xym. from America. 175
fteps to difturb them. I am not in the leaft connected with any thing that relates merely to the importation; indeed fo cautious have I been of infringing in the leaft, any of the refolutions of America, that I did not order a fingle farthing's worth of goods by that veffel, though I could have done it on fuch eafy ternıs as to freight, and Chipping charges; much lefs fhould I have thought of ordering any tea, after the difturbance which the importation of that article had occafioned on the continent. When the brig arrived, the captain informed me fhe was very leaky, and that the fooner the was unloaded the better. I told him to enter his veffel, but not the tea, which I found, on enquiry of the collector, could not be done. Under thefe circumftances, the brig leaky, and fiftythree fouls on board, where they had been near three months, I thought myfelf bound, both in humanity and prudence, to enter the
x76 L E T T ER S Let. xviid. the veffel, and leave the deftination of the tea to the committee. The impropriety of fecuring the duty did not then occur to me, neither did I know the tea would be fuffere : to be lodged as a fecurity for the payment. I had nothing in view but to fave the veffel from a feizure, and of having an opportunity of releafing the paffengers from a long and difagreeable confinement. The duty on tea has been paid hitherto, both in Virginia and Maryland, by every importer of goods: in this cafe I am not the importer. If I have erred in my part of the tranfaction, I declare, upon my honour, it is without the leaft intention; I have infringed no rules prefcribed by the general refolutions of this province. It happened unluckily, that the tea was put on board of Captain Jackfon's brig, in the manner as will be feen by the annexed affidavit ; and it can be inconteftibly proved, the captain refufed taking tea on board:

Mr. Williams was in London when the tea was fhipped, and muft have known that many merchants had refufed to chip that article. I have only to add, that I am fincerely forry my conduct, on this occafion, has been the caufe of fo much uneafinefs, and freely fubmit it to your candid confideration. I am, Gentlemen,
Annapolis, Your moft humble fervant, Oci. 17, 1774. Anthony Stewart."

## AFFIDAVIT.

Captain Richard Jackfon, mafter of the brig Peggy Stewart, depofeth and faith, " That immediately after the landing of " his cargo in London, he applied for, and " obtained a general permit from the Cuf" tom-houfe, to receive India and other " goods on board for exportation; and, (as " is always cuftomary in fuch cafes) gave N " fecurity,
" fecurity, and took an oath not to re" land the fame in any part of Great Bri"t tain. But having great reafon to be-
" lieve any importation of tea would be " unfavourably received in America, he "c was fully determined, and had refolved " not to receive any on board; and pub" lickly on the Change of London, in the " month of July, refufed to receive tea, " which was offered to be Chipped by Kel" ly, Lott, and Co. This deponent fur" ther faith, that by the method of fip" ping goods from London, tea may be " put on board any hip, without the " knowledge of the mafter. All goods " are examined at the Cuftom-houfe, and " fent, by the ihipper, in lighters, on " board the hip, with only a common " bill expreffing the parcels, and not the " quantities contained, or the qualities of "t them; thefe are received by the mate
" of the Chip, who gives a receipt on the

Let. ximin From America.
" lighter-bill, which is again returned to " the fhipper, and the mafter figns his bills " of lading at London, by the lighter-bill, " fpecifying the parcels, without know" ing the contents, and clears out the fhip " at the Cuftom-houre with merchandize, " without knowing or mentioning of what " nature. The cockets containing the " particulars of each parcel, are fent by " the office:s of the cuftoms at London, " to the Cuftom-houfe at Gravefend, and " there lodged to be called for by the cap" tain or mafter of the fhip on his paffage " to fea. In this manner the goods fhip" ped in the Peggy Stewart, were received " on board: And this deponent further " faith, that he faw Thomas Charles Wil" liams, to whom the tea is configned, " and Amos Hayton, who chipped the " fame, frequently in London, neither of " whom ever mentioned to him their in" tention of Chipping any: 'That he did $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ " not
" not know of any tea being on board, " until after he had received his cockets " at Gravefend, and that he would not " have received the fame had he known " thereof.
"Rich. Jackson."
$\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { Sworn before me, this } \\ \text { 17th Oct. 17.'4. }\end{array}\right\}$ Phil. Thos. Lee.

Un Wednefday, the appearance, agreeable to expectation, was numerous; and the delegated committee were attended by Meffrs A. Stewart and Williams, who acknowledged the impropriety of their proceeding; and figned the humiliating paper, of which the following is a copy.
" We, James Williams, Joferph Wil" liams, and Anthony Stewart, do Reve" rally acknowledge, that we have com" mitted a moft daring infult, and act of fr the moft pernicious tendency to the c/ liberties
" liberties of America; we, the faid Wil-
" liams's, in importing the tea, and faid " Stewart, in paying the duty thereon; and " thereby defervedly incurred the difplea-
" fure of the people now convened, and " all others interefted in the prefervation " of the conftitutional rights and liberties " of North America, do afh pardon for " the fame; and we folemnly declare, for " the future, that we never will infringe " any refolution formed by the people, for " the falvation of their rights; nor will " we do any act that may be injurious to " the liberties of the people: and to fhew " our defire of living in amity with the " friends of America, we requeft this " meeting, or as many as may choofe to " attend, to be prefent at any place where " the people fhall appoint, and we will " there commit to the flames, or other" wife deftroy, as the people may choofe, $\mathrm{N}_{3}$ " tho
" the deteftable article, which has been
" the caufe of this our mifconduct.
" Anthony Stewart,
" Joseph Williams,
"James Williams."

Mr. S-, on account of what was deemed a cheerful and ready compliance with an unconftitutional act of the Britifh legiflature, was particularly obnoxious: and though he publicly read his recantation, expreffed in the moft fubmiffive and penitential terms, there were frantic zealots among the multitude, who warmly propofed the American difcipline of tarring and feathering. Others, with a lefs vindictive fpirit, were clamorous for the deftruction of the brig, which had imported the hateful commodity: whilft many others, who indeed were the more numerous party, candidly declared, "that the paper figned by the offenders, with their unextorted con-

Let. xviif. from America. 183 fent to burn the tea, was a fufficient punifhment, and fatisfaction." But to determine this point with certainty, it was propofed and affented to, that a divifion fhould take place on the following queftion: " Whether the veffel chould, or chould not be deftroyed?" when it was carried in the negative by a confiderable majority; the citizens, in general, appearing averfe to violent meafures. But as the minority were chiefly perfons who refided at a dittance from Annapolis; as fome of them had great influence in their neighbourhood; and intimated a determined refolution to proceed to the utmoft extremities, the inftant they could collect fufficient numbers to fupport them, Mr. Stewart was induced, from an anxious defire to preferve the public tranquillity, as well as to enfure his own perfonal fafety, to propofe fetting fire himfelf to the veffel; which being immediately affented to, he inftantly repaired on

N 4 board, who thought it neceffary to attend him, and having directed her to be run on ground, near the wind-mill point, he made a facrifice of his valuable property to intemperate zeal and clamour ; and in a few hours the brig, with her fails, cordage, and every appurtenance, was effectually burnt.

By comparing the foregoing account with the circumftances ftated in the Maryland Gazette, a manifeft difference appears. Every ftep that Meffrs. Stewart and Williams took in this tranfaction, to the prejudice of their property, feems, in that publication, to proceed from a voluntary election, unawed and unintimidated by the multitude : but I need not comment on the abfurdity of fuch an opinion. The truth is, they deftroyed property of great value, to prevent worfe confequences.

LET. XVIII. FROM AMERICA. 185

$$
\text { Annapolis, Nov. } 2 \mathrm{~d} .
$$

The $\Gamma$. ongrefs have concluded their deliberations. I have feen their refolves; the affociation; the petition to his majefty; and the addreffes to Great Britain, to Canada, and to the confederating American colonies.

The petition to the king is not to be publifhed on this fide the water, until advice is received of its delivery at St. James's. It was fent home from Philadelphia, by a Chip, which by this time, is, probably, far on its way. God knows what influence thefe papers may have in England. If they are fupported by truth, may they produce effects to the mutual advantage of all parties! The petition is held to be a raafterly performance; firm, explicit, and refpectful: the Addrefs to Great Britain is thought to be pathetic and perfuafive ; that to Canada, to be founded
on fentiments of liberty and reafon; and that to the uniting provinces, to be inftructive and moderating. I have perufed them with impartial attention, but am not competent to determine on their refpective merits. It is evident the colonifts are unanimous, and will fteadily fupport the proceedings of their delegates. Our printer is clofely engaged at the prefs: the whole will make a tolerable pamphlet ; and Should the publication take place before this packet is difpatched, I fhall forward it by the fame conveyance.

I do not imagine the prefent fituation of affairs will materially affect you; at leaft for fome time: but I and mine are already too fenfible of the evils attending the conteft. My income is now confiderably reduced; trade is already at a ftand; and on the ift of December, a ge-

Let, xvili, from Americat 187 neral non-importation takes place. Commodities of every kind are, at this early period, become fcarce and dear. Neither money, or bills can be found ; and few people are fufficiently provided to anfwer the purpofes of their neceffary expenditure. Amidft every fuffering, the reflection that thoufands of induftrious manufacturers at home, muft take their proportion of the impending calamity, gives infinite difquietude to every honeft and feeling mind.

The Weft Indies, will likewife feverely fuffer; for without any thare in political proceedings, they are doomed to a heavy punifhment.

Annapolis, Nov. 8th.
The Governor is returned to a land of trouble. He arrived about ten this morning in perfect health. He is now commenced an actor on a buly theatre ; his part a truly
a truly critical one. To ftem the popular torrent, and to conduct his meafures with confiftency, will require the exertion of all his faculties. The prefent times demand fuperior talents; and his, I am perfuaded, will be invariably directed to promote the general good. Hitherto his conduct has fecured to him a well-merited popularity ; and his return to the province has been expefted with an impatience which fufficiently evinces the fentiments of the public in his favour. May he be enabled to difcharge his duties to the parent ftate, and to the country over which he prefides, with unblemifhed credit, and uninterrupted tranquillity! Enclofed, you have the proceedings of Congrefs, with an inflammatory pamphlet publifhed at Bofton. Whether the doctrine it contains, correfponds with its title, Common Sense, I fhall leave you to determine.

LETTER

## L E T T E R XIX.

Annapolis, March 13th, 1775.

THERE is but too much reafon toapprenend that the hour is approaching when even the intercourfe of letters will be greatly interrupted, if not totally prohibited.

From one extremity of this continent to the other, every appearance indicates approaching hoftilities. The bufy voice of preparation echoes through every fettlement ; and thofe who are not zealounly infected with the general frenzy, are confidered as enemies to the caufe of liberty ; and, without regard to any peculiarity of fituation, are branded with opprobrious appellations, and pointed out as victims to public refentment.

Very
TER

Very confiderable fubfrciptions have been made in every quarter, for the relief of the Boftonians : large fums have likewife been collected for the purchafe of arms and ammunition, and perfons of all denominations are required to affociate under military regulations, on pain of the fevereft cenfure; every meafure, while tending to the moft fatal confequences, is eagerly and wildly purfued.

Admitting the evils complained of to be founded on reality, the mode adopted to obtain redrefs cannot, in my opinion, be juftified on principles of reafon or found policy. I have, therefore, refufed to join in any of the propofed contributions; to appear in any of their affociations; or to enrol in any military corps. I have even attempted to moderate the enthufiafm of intemperate zeal, by the following appeal to Common Senfe and Common Equity; which, through the medium of the Mary-
t
© 8IX been f the been 1 amations try renfure ; e moft wildly
of to be opted to nion, be pr found to join butions; s ; or to ave even afiafm of g appeal Equity; he Maryland

Let. xix. FROM America. sgi land Gazette, has been fubmitted to public infpection; and if favourable conclufions may be drawn from appearances, it has been received with confiderable approbation, my letter having already been reprinted in almoft every paper throughout this continent.

## * To the PRINTERS.

"c The prefent unhappy contention between the mother country and her colonies, is a matter of the deepeft concern to every honeft, every feeling mind: it is, therefore, the indifpenfable duty of every friend to fociety, to ftudy and to purfue thofe methods, which may lead to a perfect reconciliation, and the eftablifhment of a permanent union between Great Britain and America.
"' The principle of parliamentary taxation wer this extenfive part of the empire, is
generally denied by all ranks, and denominations of men; the grand fubject of controverfy, therefore, that prevails at prefent, refpects the moft eligible method to obtain redrefs. On this point, there appears a divifion of fentiment, which has given rife to beart-burnings and difcontent; and, in fome degree, ftruck. at the root of that harmony which, at this important period, ought to guide and influence every action.
" In oppofition to meafures dictated t ; calmnefs and moderation, (a fteady adherence to which, it was generally fuppofed, would be attended with the moft happy effects) a military appearance is affumed-fubfcriptions are induftrioully making for the purchafe of arms, ammunition, \&c. and the fevereft cenfure is indifcriminately paffed on thofe perfons who happen to diffent from the popular opinion, and prefer more conciliating methods of accommodation.

Litt. xix. FROM America. 193
"I It is certain that there are many in tbis, and other provinces, who object to the fpirit of violence, which feems at this time too predominant. Convinced of the propriety of their fentiments, and the integrity of their hearts, they conceive the caure of America may be totally injured by a precipitate, and unneceffary defiance of the power of Great Britain : they firmly believe, that a refpectful behaviour to their fovereign and their mother country-a dutiful and contitutional application to the throne-and a firm perfeverance in virtuous, though paijic principles, will, in the iffue, be productive of the moft felicitous confequences. Actuated by fuch confiderations, they cannot be reconciled to thofe violent extremes which have been too raíhly adopted by many; and which they are anxious to eftablifh, as the only feafible plan of terminating the prefent diffenfions.
" On deliberate reflection, it can hardly be imagined, that the mother country has formed the leaft intention of reducing thefe provinces to a ftate of abject fervility, by the force of arms; the natural connexionthe clofe ties-and nice dependencies, which exift between the different parts of the empire, forbid indulging any conclufions of fo melancholy a nature. She will be more juft-more tender to her offspringthe voice of reafon will prevail-our grievances will be redreffed-and the will be found, to the end of time, a kind-a fortering parent!-But admitting that Great Britain were determined to enforce a fubmiffion to all her mandates; even in that cafe, we have little caufe to apprehend, that the will unfleath the fword, and eftablinh her decrees in the blood of thoufands. A more fafe and certain method is obvious: a fmall proportion of ber naval power would entircly hut up our harbours-fufpend our

Let. xix. - FROM AMERICA. 195 trade-impoverih the inhabitants-proinote inteftine divifions-and involve us in all the horrors of anarchy and confufion. To avoid evils, even great as thefe, we are not meanly to bend the neck, and fubmit to every innovation. But when there is no profpect of fuch dreadful calamities, why are we to form ideas of battles and of Jaugbter? Why are our coafts to refcund with bofile preparations?-the demon of dijcord to ftalk at large-and friends and kindred forget the peaceful bonds of amity and love?
" It has been objected by the advocates for moderation, that the methods purfued to complete the fubfcription for arms, \&c. has more the complexion of an arbitiary tax, than a voluntary contribution. On the other hand, it has been afferted, " that money raifed in a manner, where there is ne obligation to pay but a fenfe of duty;

and no other mode to induce compliance, but fhame and infamy, sannot be deemed a tax. A renfe of duty is, undoubtedly, the moft noble incentive to worthy aEtions; but a falfe dread of flame and infamy, has perverted many an boneft beart, and too frequently proved an irrefiftible temptation to difonourable practices. Let us a moment reflect :-Can there be an impofition more arbitrary and fevere, than a neceffity of affenting to any particular meafure, or forfeiting that fair-that unfullied reputation, which alleviates the cares of life, and fmooths the inevitable rugged path to the dreary manfions of the grave!

[^1]Let. xix. from America. 197
" If I differ in opinion from the multitude, muft I therefore be deprived of my character, and the confidence of my fel-low-citizens, when in every ftation of life I difcharge my duty with fidelity and honour? Death-the ceata tax on all the fons of men, were preferable to fo abject a ftate.-No-'twere better to fuffer all that " age, ach, penury, imprifonment, can lay on nature," than refign that glorious inheritance of a free fubject-the liberty of thinking-Speaking-and acting, agreeable to the dictates of confcience! I frankly acknowledge no man has a right to difturb the peace of the community, by broac'ing tenets deftructive to the true interefts . 1 welfare of his country; but at the fame time, it cannot be juftifiable to compei others to adopt every fyftem which we efteem conducive to the public good. Iet us therefore be unanimous in virtuein frugality-and in induftry; let us con$\mathrm{O}_{3}$ duct
duct ourfelves on the chriftian principle of " doing to others as we would have done to us;" let us not, in the frantic moments of intemperate zeal, miftake libertinifm for liberty, and commit outrages, which we Thall recollect with Jbame, and condemn with beart-felt anxiety. While we contend for the ineftimable bleffings of Britifh fubjects, let us not affume a tyrannical authority over each other. In a word, let reafon and moderation hold the fcale in every important determination-fo fhall every real grievance be effectually redreffed-every man thall fing the fong of gladnefs under his own vine, and we thall at once be free -be loyal-and be happy!

I am, Sir,

Mof fincerely,<br>Annapolis, Feb. 14, 1775.<br>A Friend to Amity."

Let. xix. from America.
On perufing the above humble effort of my pen, it will readily occur to you, that if I had, in the mof diftant manner, admitted the right of parliamentary taxation, my addrefs, in times like thefe, could not poffibly have been productive of any falutary confequences. The denial of that right being the prevailing creed of the colonies, I found myfelf neceffitated to coincide with the popular opinion, that I might ftrike, with the greater efficacy, at that vindictive, arbitrary fyftem, which under the fallacious pretence of fupporting the interefts of conftitutional freedom, exerts a tyrannical authority, in order to enforce hoftile oppofition in preference to moderate and refpectful applications.

How far the legiflative authority of Great Britain legally extends over the American Provinces, is beyond the extent of my limited abilities to determine. In $\mathrm{O}_{4}$ the
the confidence of converfation, I daily hear various opinions, fupported by ftrength of argument and accuracy of obfervation, and from what I have heard, and am enabled to judge, I am clearly convinced that much more is apprehended than has any exiftence in reality. But in all countries there are bufy, turbulent fpirits, who from motives of ambition, avarice, or difcontent, " infect the general ear with horrid fpeech :" by eagerly preffing forwards, as champions in the public caufe, they agitate the paffions of the mifguided multitude, and imperceptibly lead them to the moft dreadful extremities.

It is with pleafure I am able to affert, that a greater degree of moderation appears to predominate in this province, than in any other on the continent; and I am perfectly affured we are very materially indebted for this peculiar advantage to the collected

Let. xix. FROM AMERICA. 20 ( collected and confiftent conduct of our Governor, whofe views appear folely directed to advance the interefts of the community ; and to preferve, by every poffible method, the public tranquillity. How long we may continue thas diftinguifhed, time alone muft determine. Should our demagogues obtain the afcendency, after which they labour, we fhall affuredly equal any of our neighbours in thofe violences of which we now only contemplate the commencement.

While the power of communicating my fentiments, with Safety, is happily continued, I fhall not fail to give you due information of every material circumftance.

LETTER

## $\begin{array}{lllllll}\mathrm{L} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{R} & \mathbf{X X} .\end{array}$

Annapolis, Wedireflay Even. April 26, 1775.

ABOUT noon this day, arrived an exprefs from Bofton, which brought an account, " that on the rgth inftant a detachment of the king's troops, confifting of about a thoufand men, being ordered on fome fecret duty, at a place called Lexington, fell in with a company of provincials, whom they attacked without any provocation, killed fix, and wounded four: that on an alarm being given, the regulars were, in confequence, affaulted by a numerous body of the militia, who had furrounded them; and it was fuppofed the conflict would be defperate and bloody."

An additional paragraph fays, " that General Gage had fent a reinforcement, with
with fome artillery, to fuftain the troops; but that meafures were taken to prevent their junction : that when the exprefs was difpatched, about one hundred and fifty foldiers were killed, and about fifty New Englandmen; and that the engagement continued with determined refolution."

With the moft dreadful anxiety are we now waiting for further, and more ircumftantial intelligence.

The laft advices from London intimate, that both Houfes of Parliament have addreffed his Majefty, requefting him to enforce the acts; and that it has been determined, in confequence, to increafe the army already in America.

I take it for granted, this intelligence has brought on the commencement of hoftilities; the violent party having conceived the practicability of reducing General

Gage,

Gage, before he is rendered more formidable by the frefh fupplies. Should the event be anfwerable to their expectation, the meafure will be applauded by very many of the rafh and inconfiderate. If they fail, the difappointment may, probably, give encouragement to the cool and moderate throughout the different provinces, to exert their influence and their abilities, in order to prevent the continent, in general, froms participating in the miferies of war!

The Provincial Convention are now fitting in Annapolis, but ftrangers are not permitted to attend their debates. They have already difpatched an exprefs to the fouthward, in confequence of the information from Bofton.

The plan propofed for a reconciliation, by Lord North, is generally approved by the moderate and difpaffionate, 28 the foundation of a permanent tran-
quility.
quility *. Thefe men have ever been of opinion, that the plantations ought to contribute more liberally than they at prefent do, in return for the advantages of commerce, and for the protection afforded by Great Britain. But how far his lordhip's conciliatory fcheme may operate,

* On the motives and conduct of the American war there are various opinions, but only one exifts with refpect to the zeal evinced by the above nobleman, in behalf of thofe who had freely facrificed their all to their loyalty, and to the Britifh conftitution.

The writer of thefe letters would be greatly wanting in gratitude, were he not happy in this opportunity, of acknowledging his particular obligations to the Earl of Guilford. At the time of his arrival in England, his Lordfhip was at the head of the Treafury, to whom he ftated thofe circumftances which had compelled him to abandon his very eligible fituations in the province of Maryland. The facts being properly authenticated, his Lordfhip was pleafed, without the mof difant interference of private intereft, and with a difpatch beyond the author's moft fanguine expectations, to allot him a temporary provifion, which enabled him to fupport, with comfort, that reverfe of fortune, which had rendered him dependent on the juftice and humanity of his country.
now when actual hoftilities are commenced, heaven alone can determine.

Laft night advice was received from Virginia, that the powder and ftores in the magazine at Williamfourg, were taken from thence by fome marines belonging to one of his Majefty's veffels on that ftation, by order of his Excellency Lord Dunmore.

This intelligence has given an additional alarm to our patriotic party; and accordingly fome gentlemen were deputed by the convention to wait on the governor ; foliciting him to give directions, that the arms, powder, and ftores, ielonging to the province, fhould be delivered into their poffeffion; apprehenfions being entertained, "That fome hip of war may arrive in the harbour of Annapolis, whofe

Let. xx. from America.
commander might probably have inftructions to feize the fame."

The deputation was received with refpect, and the governor promifed to confult his councll with all poffible difpatch. This anfwer has given fatiffaction for the prefent; and the militia, who were affembled to enforce fubmiffion, are departed quietly to their habitations.

April 28.
To prevent riot and confuion, the governor and council have thought it advifeable to comply with the requifition of the convention, on condition that the colonels of the militia, in the refpective counties under the ancient eftablifhment, folicit for the delivery of the arms, powder and ftores, pointing out the neceffity of the meafure. By this mode of proceeding, the dignity of government is maintained, ed. In thefe turbulent times, fomething muft be yielded to the clamour of an infatuated multitude.

The inhabitants of New York have hitherto difoovered fentiments fivourable to government: but if the fword is unfheathed, it is apprehended they will almoft unanimounly fall into the ranks of oppofition. A report is circulated, that fourteen regiments are ordered to that city, who are to prevent all communication between the fouthern and eaitern provinces. In confequence of this rumour, their committee of obfervation have tranfrnitted difpatches to Pennfylvania, Maryland, Virginia, and other places, defiring immediate affiftance fhould fuch an event take place. How our patriots will act in this bufinefs I know not : for my part I fufpect there are people who induftrioully circulate reports, and magnify the mos

Let. xx from America. 209 trivial circumftances, with a view to inflame the minds of the multitude. Men of this complexion, are beft gratified when by fomenting divifions, and exciting apprehenfions, they are enabled to take the lead in the fubverfion of all order, and by obtaining an iniquitous pre-eminence,

> Ride in the tempeft, and direct the ftorm."

Wednefday, May 3.
We are inceffantly alarmed with varied accounts from the northward, full of inconfiftency and contradiction; but upon the whole there is the greateft reafon to conclude, that the action between the regulars and provincials, has not been attended with confequences fo fatal as has been induftrioufly reprefented. We are, however, ftill in the dark with refpect to authentic particulars.

## P <br> The

The governor laft night received a circular letter from Lord Dartmouth, with a refolution of the Houfe of Commons, relative to a conciliatory plan. I pray God it may be attended witl: eficacy, though I fear the unháppy event at Lexington will retard the accomplifhment of peace.

I am heartily difgufted with the times. The univerfal cry is Liberty: to fupport which, an infinite number of petty tyrannies are eftablihed, under the appellation of committees; in every one of which a few defpots lord it over the calm and moderate; inflame the paffions of the mob, and pronounce thofe to be enemies to the general good, who may prefume any way to diffent from the creed they have thought proper to impofe.

Our provincial convention rofe this day; and, conlidering the complexion of the times, their proceedings have been regular and pellation which a and mohe mob, es to the any way e thought
this day; $n$ of the n regular and

Let. xx.
and moderate. The eleventh inftant is to be obferved as a faft throughout this province : the muftering is to be continued; and a fum is to be raifed in each county, for the fupport of the delegates in Philadelphia.

From the public prints it is difficult to form a clear idea of the prevailing opinion at home, refpecting the prefent unhappy and unnatural contention. If determined meafures are purfued, under officers of approved truft and ability, it can hardly be imagined that the colonies will be equal to a long and ferious oppofition; but whether a reduction of them by force would be attended with the defired confequences, is a queftion that ought to be confidered in preference to every other object. It will furely be advifeable on the part of the Britifh commanders, to act only on defenfive principles, until every lenient method has P 2
been been adopted to reftore harmony and mutual confidence on a conftitutional foundation. It is evident there are too many individuals, in every province, who, from interefted or ambitious motives, embrace all opportunities to foment the feeds of divifion, by inflammatory addreffes to the paffions of the multitude, by repeated mifreprefentations, and by artfully delineating the miferies of that arbitrary fyftem which they affert, will be the inevitable confequence of fubmiffion to minifterial mandates. Yet there are, alfo, throughout this continent, many refpectable characters, whofe real importance and eftablifhed reputation, give them fuch due weight and influence, that I cannot but indulge the pleafing idea they will, by the feadinefs and confiftency of their conduct, be able to ftem the torrent excited by factious artifices, and to forward meafures that may be effential to the interefts

Let. xt. FROM America. 213 and happinefs of the united Britifh Empire.

Supported by this hope, thofe who are fincerely attached to the profperity and welfare of the general community, direct their beft attention to the parent ftate. Under the evils that now opprefs them, they derive fome confolation from a firm perfuafion, that the olive-branch will fpeedily be extended, and that fuch wife and judicious difpofitions will be made for future legillation in the colonies; that many ineftimable advantages will arife from paft and prefent calamities.

Maj 13.
At length we have received General Gage's account of the late action, which is materially different from thofe tranfmitted by the refpective committees; and, I

$$
P_{3} \quad \text { think, }
$$

think, may be more certainly relied on, being written ten days after the engagement, when the particulars relative to the whole tranfaction were properly and minutely collected. The charge of cruelty and precipitation is now retorted on the provincials. But the patriots yield no credit to this relation; though they affect to believe implicitly every report propagated to the difadvantage of the Britifh forces.

The Members of the Congrefs are now affembled in Philadelphia. I need not fay with what anxiety we attend the event of their deliberations. The governor continues to ftand fair with the people of this province; our public prints declare him to be the only perfon, in his ftation, who, in there tumultuous times, has given adminiftration a fair and impartial reprefentation of important occurrences; and I can

Let. xif. from America. 215 affert with the fricteft regard to truth, that he conducts himfelf, in his arduous department, with an invariable attention to the interefts of his royal mafter, and the effential welfare of the province over which he has the honour to prefide.

## L E T T T E R XXI.

Annapolis, $\mathbf{F u l y}^{25,1775 .}$

MR. D—— will do me the favour to deliver this letter. He is going to pafs fome time on the continent of Europe, where he hopes to find that tranquillity which is not, at prefent, to be obtained in this unhappy couniry. I fhall leave him to reprefent, minutely, the calamitous fituation of the colonies. Government is now almoft totally annihilated, and power

$$
\text { P }_{4} \quad \operatorname{tranf}-
$$ transferred to the multitude. Speech is become dangerous; letters are intercepted; confidence betrayed; and every meafure evidently tends to the moft fatal extremities: the fword is drawn, and, without fome providential change of meafures, the blood of thoufands will be fhed in this unnatural conter.

Before this letter is received, you will have heard of the action at Bunker's Hill. The provincials were forced from their intrenchments ; but it is faid the regulars fuffered fo feverely, that they cannot afford to obtain future advantages at fo dear a price.

The inhabitants of this province are incorporated under military regulations; and apply the greater part of their time to the different branches of difcipline. In Annapolis there are two complete companies; in Baltimore feven ; and in every diftrict of this province the majority of the people
ent. xxi. eech is terceptry meaatal exd, withzeafures, d in this
will have ill. The ntrenchfuffered rd to obprice. $e$ are inpns ; and he to the In Anmpanies ; diftrict e people are

Let. xif. from America.
are actually under arms: almoft every hat is decorated with a cockade ; and the churlifh drum and fife are the only mulic of the times.

I have not yet, in pofitive terms, been required to mufter ; and, I truft, my peculiar circamftances will be confidered as a reafonable plea of exemption. I wifh well to America.-It is my duty-my inclination fo to do-but I cannot-I will notconfent to act in direct oppofition to myoath of allegiance, and my deliberate opinion. Rather than fubmit to a conduct fo bafe, fo inconfiftent with my principles, I will give up all-embrace ruin !-and truft to the protecting care of Providence for the future difpofition of me and mine.

On Tuefday the 18 th inftant, a number of armed perfons fet fire to a hhip which had accidentally run on ground a few miles below this city. She was the property of Mr.

Mr. Gildart of Liverpool, and had brought in fome goods contrary to the affociation. This is the fecond burnt-offering t . iberty within this province: at the fame time, it is but juftice to confefs, that thefe inftances of popular fury are heartily condemned by very many, even of the patriotic party.

Mr , James $\mathrm{C} \longrightarrow$, a refpectable merchant of Baltimore, lately addreffed a letter to a near relation, Lieutenant-Colonel C __ of the 6oth regiment, ftationed in the ifland of Antigua, in which he ftrongly expreffed his diapprobation of the prevailing fyftem. This letter has been intercepted and laid before the committee of Baltimore county; and on its being made public, his houfe was furrounded by a diforderly rabble, and had not a detachment of the militia interfered, $\mathrm{Mr} . \mathrm{C}-$ would probably have fallen a facrifice. This gentleman is now a clofe prifoner, under the

Let. xxi. from America. 219 the cuftody of a guard, and his cafe is to be laid before the provincial convention, who meet to-morrow, in this city, for the purpofe of eftablifhing new regulations.

The proclamation iffued by General Gage is very little regarded. Hancock and Adams are therein excepted from mer-cy!-The Congrefs have adjourned until September.

My friend M—_ arrived on the 18 th, and delivered your circumftantial epifle. How we are to correfpond hereafter I know not. On the tenth of September next the non-exportation affociation takes place ; and all commercial intercourfe will confequently ceafe, until thefe unhappy differences are by fome means decided. It feems but yefterday that I confidered my fituation as permanent.-Every flattering profpect appeared before me.-Happy in my family, in my connexions, in my circumftances,
cumftances, cherifhed and fupported by a patron, able and anxious to promote my intereft. Alas! my brethren, how cruelly is the fcene reverfed! I am fuddenly involved in a train of difficulties and dangers, againft which no human prudence or forefight could poffibly guard. How ftrangely complicated have been the events of my life, on which, apparently, my own conduct has had fo little influence. Under all circumftances believe me ever yours.

## $\begin{array}{lllllll}\mathrm{L} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{R} & \text { XXII. }\end{array}$

Annapolis, Aug. 24, 1775.

ON the fourteenth inftant, the Convention concluded their deliberations. If their proceedings are publifhed before I have an opportunity to tranfmit this,

Let. xiti. from America.
this, I will enclofe them for your information. You will then be enabled to form an opinion of the difpofition of this province.

When you have perufed the affociation of the freemen of Maryland, you will, I prefume, acknowledge the propriety of my objecting to fubfcribe to it, and acknowledge that fuch conduct would be inconfiftent with my principles, and the fation under government, in which I am fituated. I verily believed fome regard would have been paid to the particular circumftances of revenue officers, but our prefent rulers entertain different fentiments, and all perfons, without exception, muft affociate and enrol; the Governor, and his houfehold, only excepted.

His Excellency, ever attentive to my intereft, has generoully made me an offer to become one of his family, immediately after the embarkation of Mrs. E——, who is now anxiounly preparing for her approaching voyage. We had firmly determined, that no circumftances, however adverfe to our hopes, mould induce us again to confent, even to a temporary feparation; but the cruel neceflity of our once more fubmitting to it, has of late appeared too evident. She is perfectly convinced, that I muft fpeedily avow my political fentiments, in the moft explicit manner; and that my refufal to join in the popular meafures, will fubject me to inconveniences which may better be fupported, when my family is removed to fome fecure afylum. Influenced by fuch forcible confiderations, fhe has acknowledged the expediency of what is fo diftreffing to our domeftic happinefs! and early in the enfuing month, we muft bid farewell !-a painful farewell to each other!

The Governor's humane and generous offer impreffes my mind with the moft lively
lively gratitude : yet am I greatly embarraffed how to conduct myfelf on the occafion. Confidering the wild, unfettled times, he is uncommonly popular; but how long he may continue fo is a matter of great uncertainty. It is highly probable he may fpeedily think it neceffary to exprefs his decided approbation of the prefent proceedings, which ftep, I am fearful, would effectually cancel his paft merits; fubject him to calumny and cenfure ; and render his longer continuance in Maryland impoffible. Should the event prove thefe conjectures to be well-founded, I cannot poffibly expect protection from the friendly attention of my worthy patron; on the contrary, I muft either bid adieu to America, and every pleafing profpect, or meanly comply with the requifitions of the Convention, in direct oppofition to the fentiments of my heart. Let me weigh both evils, with a fettled determination to make that election which
will hereafter be attended with the moft falutary effects, and the moft pleafing reflections.

If I abandon this country, in confequence of a fteady adherence to my principles and my duty, I muft unavoidably be fubjected to a precarious life of uncertainty and dependence; and inftead of enjoying a comfortable afylum in my native land, I may only experience a variety of misfortunes and difippointments, and drink yet deeper draughts of the cup of affliction. I am, however, perfectly affured, if I preferve my integrity unblemifhed, though I fhould thereby be fubjected to
"
" That patient merit of the unworthy takes,"
yct, hereafter, I fhall receive an adequate reward.

On the other hand, fhould I act in oppofition to the dictates of my mind, by fubfcribing to the affociation, and taking arms,

I fhall
T. XXII.
moft ng re-
confey prindably be certainty ajoying a : land, I ₹ nisfordrink yet iction. 1
I preferve
h I fhould
rns takes,"
n adequate

Ct in oppod, by fubking arms, I hall

Letoxif. from America. 225

I fhall not only be fubject to thofe painful feclings which accompany a confcioufnefs of doing wrong, but be juftly defpifed by every brave and honeft man; detefted and avoided by every refpectable fociety; and, when tranquillity is happily reftored, defervedly caft out, to encounter a complication of miferies, without one chearing thought to fupport fuch a reverfe of fortune.

I have now fairly fated my fituation; and believe, from your knowledge of my principles, you will readily determine how I fhall regulate my conduct; and whenever I am unhappily neceffitated to quit this country, where I have experienced great bleffings, this pleafing reflection will accon pany me, that I have left behind me a fair and unblemifhed reputation.

A new emiffion of paper currency, to the amount of fixty thoufand pounds ferling, is now preparing under the infpection of gentlemen, appointed by authority of the Convention, which is hereafter to be funk by a tax on the inhabitants of this province ; befides which, they are to be affeffed their proportion to fink the Congrefs money, amounting to fix hundred and feventy five thoufand pounds, lately emitted at Philadelphia, for the payment of the provincial army. How thefe enormous expences are to be fupported, and how the people are to be maintained, after a total ftagnation of commerce, is not eafy to conceive. If ways and means are not fpeedily devifed to feed the hungry, and cloath the naked, we muft affuredly experience all the horrors of the moft extreme indigence.

Numbers of my valued friends are now preparing to bid farewell to a country,
T. XxSB.
cy, to s fterl-infpecuthority ter to be his proe affeffed refs mod feventy mitted at $f$ the prormous ex-
d how the after a total eafy to connot fpeedily cloath the ence all the digence.
nds are now
a country, where

Let. xifis. from America. 227
where they cannot poffibly remain with any degree of fafety, unlefs they take an active part in oppofition to the meafures of government: to be neuter is to be adverfe. What a variety of circumftances combine to make me wretched! It is but too probable that $I$ alfo Shall foon abandon this continent, either by fentence of banifhment, or by voluntary retreat. I cannot be excelled by any in good wifhes to America, and I heartily pray that every real evil under which the labours, may be fpeedily and effectually redreffed : but the prefent meafures will never meet my concurrence : I cannot fubferibe to a compact, which I believe to be incompatible with my oath of allegiance; nor can I think it confiftent with that liberty, which is the univerfal cry, to compel any man to act in direct oppofition to his well-grounded principles.

Y have written you a gloomy letter, which 2 word or two more fhall conclude. In a
Q2 former
former epiftle, I mentioned Mr. James C-.. and the danger to which he was fubjected in confequence of having imparted his opinions too explicitly in confidential correfpondence. That gentleman has been examined by the Convention, and there are vindictive fpirits who think the fentence he has received, by no means adequate to the fuppofed enormity of his offence. He has been pronounced "an enemy to America; condemned to perpetual banifhment; and obliged to depofit the fum of five hundred pounds fterling, in the hands of perfons appointed by the Convention, to be expended occafionally towards his proportion of all charges incurred, or to be incurred, for the defence of America, during the prefent conteft with Great Britain ; the overplus, if any, after a reconciliation thall happily be effected, to be reftored to the faid James C__्_:"

ET. XXIIr
James h he was ing im$\gamma$ in conrentleman ation, and think the neans adeof his ofnced "an to perpeto depolit ds fterling, nted by the afionally toarges incu:defence of conteft with if any, after be effected, s CFrom

From this you will learn how hazardous it is become to fupport a free intercourfe. The Convention have thus affumed the powers of all the different branches of government ; but with what propriety, it becomes not me to determine. That the bleffings of p e may fpeedily be reftored, is the fervent $\quad \checkmark$ of your faithful, \&cc.

## L E T T E R XXIII.

Annapolis, Sep. 26th, 1775.

IAM feated, my deareft wife, to tranfmit a detail of material occurrences, fince our unhappy feparation on the fixteenth inftant.

It is impoffible to delineate the anguif I experienced when I quitted the veffel Q3 which

$$
\longrightarrow
$$

## IMAGE EVALUATION TEST TARGET (MT-3)



Photographic Sciences Corporation

Whestile, N.Y. 14560 (716) 072-4s08
which was to convey you, and our darling boy to a land of fafety. Anxious to retain you as long as poffible in my poffeffion, I had proceeded with you further down the Bay than prudence warranted, and the night was far advanced before I regainedthe manfion of the hofpitable Colonel. I then retired to the apartment you had fo recently quitted, and gave a loofe to all the complicated emotions which " harrowed up my foul."

On the nineteenth, the wind being favourable, I took leave of the worthy family at Roulley-hall, and embarked for Annapolis. In my way down the river I vifited a veffel which had anchored near the mouth on the preceding evening, and found on board feveral of our valued acquaintance, who had abandoned their deareft connexions, rather than affent to meafures they could not confcientioully fupport.

Let. xxini. ur darling $s$ to retain ffeffion, I down the and the I regained Zolonel. I ou had fo e to all the " harrowed
d being faorthy family for Annaver I vifited r the mouth d found on cquaintance, connexions, they could

Imme-

Let. xhif. from America. 231

Immediately on landing, I repaired to my new abode at the Governor's, who received me with that friendly attention which fo remarkably diftinguifhes his conduct on every occafion. I found him in company with a few felect loyal friends: political occurrences engroffed our converfation, in which hope appeared to operate but weakly, with refpect to the eventful tranfactions of the times. At an early hour we feparated: my apartment was ready for my reception; and after invoking Heaven on behalf of my wife and fon, I refted with tolerable compofure.

Mir. L—_, who had actually embarked for England, with full permiffion from the ruling powers, has been obliged to relinquih his intention, and return on fhore, fome clamours having been excited by the populace to his prejudice; and it being thought neceffary he fhould remain friends have found it expedient to take a French leave. I truft you will fpeedily meet them in perfect fafety.

On the twentieth, I vifited our once happy manfion. This was an additional trial of refignation and fortitude; every furrounding object too forcibly reminding me of paft felicity. Your fervants fhewed the ftrongeft fenfibility; and their earneft and pathetic inquiries relative to their dear miftrefs and our beloved boy, proved the fervency and fincerity of their attachment. In a few days they remove to their refpective fituations. What a dreadful reverfe have I already experienced!

> Septem. 26th, Р. м.

About an hour fince, the governor was exceedingly furprifed by the receipt of a letter from Mr. L—. D——, dated from Philadelphia. The contents intimate, that
on the tenth and eleventh inftant they encountered a moft violent ftorm, about fixty leagues to the eaftward of Virginia, during which the Annapolis loft all her mafts; and that they continued three days in that dangerous fituation, before they were able to fix jury mafts, under which they made fail for the coaft of America. On Tuefday, the nineteenth, they had the good fortune to fall in with a veffel bound to Philadelphia, which received the paffengers, and conveyed them to that city. Captain $\mathrm{H} \longrightarrow$ intends to go into the firft port he can make; in order to repair his damages, which are confiderable. I need not obferve, that we wait for intelligence of his arrival with great anxiety.

We once confidered the circumftances which prevented your failing in that fhip, as a very fevere difappointment; but in confequence of that feeming evil, what incon- inconveniences, what terrors, have you not happily avoided! what increafed expence! which in our prefent fituation we are little able to fupport.

$$
\text { Wednefday evening, Sep. } 27 .
$$

This morning early we were alarmed by the beating of drums, and a proclamation for the inhabitants to affemble at the Li berty Tree. The purport of this meeting was to obtain a refolve, "That all perfons who had refufed to fign the affociation, and comply with the other requifitions, Should be obliged to quit the city, as enemies to the effential interefts of America." I have, however, the pleafure to inform you, that this violent project was defeated with little difficulty: every judicious and reafonable perfon feeing tinrough the pernicious tendency of fuch a defign; and the promoters, who were amongft the loweft of the people, not being fupported
or encouraged. It is needlefs to mention, that this proceeding was directly oppofite to the refolves of the Convention ; it having been determined by that body, that they only were competent to take cognizance of offences, and to afcertain the punifhment.

I am, however, clearly of opinion, that all power will quickly be transferred into the hands of the multitude, who once taking the lead, will not eafily be reduced again to proper fubmiffion. In fome counties they have had warm contefts in electing their delegates for the enfuing convention, and in appointing members of the refpective committees. In Talbot, the poll lafted feveral days; party prejudices were highly predominant, and much ill blood produced.

Mr. R——, the Attorney General of Virginia, with his lady and daughters, are on their paffage to England. His fon is of the adverfe party, and is appointed an aid- du-camp to General Walhington; with whom, beneath the hofpitable roof of our worthy governor, I have fo frequently fhared the hour of fucial and fentimental difcourfe. Little did I then conceive, that he was deftined to be called forth, by the united voice of America, from the private occupations of domeftic tranquillity, to direct hoftile operations againft the meafures of the Britifh government. Referved in converfation, but liberal in opinion, his actions have, hitherto, been directed by calmners and moderation; a perfeverance in which conduct may reftrain mifguided ardor, and direct every movement to that grand point ; a permanent and conftitutional reconciliation.

The exaltation of this gentleman to the fupreme command, is confidered as a fevere ftroke to the ambition of General Lee; who, relying on a fuppofed opinion lifcourfe. was derited voice cupations Ct hoftile : the Bri-converfais actions calmnefs in which ardor, and and point ; reconcilia-
nan to the
d as a fef General ed opinion of

Let.ximit. from America. 237 of his fuperior abilities and experience, expected to have been unanimounly choren to this elevated ftation. I am perfuaded, that General Wafhington would rejoice in an opportunity of returning into the private walks of life: but it is too evident that General Lee is governed by a vindictive fpirit, the refult of difappointment in military advancement; while in the fervice of Great Britain. Perhaps this additional mortification may moderate his zeal in the caufe he has recently efpoufed.

The Council of Safety have given directions to feveral gentlemen in public departments, to hold themfelves in readinefs to remove their books and papers. Intimations of this nature have not yet extended to myfelf or colleague, but when the Convention meet, it is expected we fhall be included in whatever regulations they may think neceffary to eftablifh.

The

The report of a chip of war being ordered to this port, has occafioned many families to quit Annapolis; and others talk of removing fpeedily. I have, however, the pleafure of informing you, that the generality of the inhabitants feem perfectly difpofed to conduct themfelves with moderation, fhould fuch fhip arrive; for at a refpectable meeting of the citizens, on Monday laft, it was unanimoufly agreed, " If a veffel, belonging to his Majefty, " Ihould be ftationed in our harbour, to " fupply the fame with every neceffary, " at a reafonable price, and cautioully to " avoid any caufe of contention with the " officers or the crew." An addrefs is alfo prepared to be delivered to the Governor, expreffive of thefe laudable fentiments, and entreating that he will intimate the fame to the commander of any thip that may be ordered on this duty. that the perfectly ith mofor at 2 zens, on y agreed, Majefty, rbour, to necefflary, tioully to with the ddrefs is e Governtiments, mate the fhip that

I hall

Leto xXIV. FROMAMERICA. 239
1 Thall be truly impatient till I learn that you are fafely arrived. May the wifhedfor intelligence be foon conveyed to your ever faithful, \&cc.

## L $\quad \mathbf{E} \quad \mathrm{T} \quad \mathrm{T} \quad \mathrm{E} \quad \mathrm{R}$ XXIV.

Annapolis, Nov. 16, 1775 .

wHEN we parted, I intimated an intention of making an excurfion to the northward; but, on refection, think it prudent, during thefe difcordant times, to relinquih the defign. The city of New York is deferted by almoft every refpectable family; and Philadelphia only prefents a view of military arrangements and general confufion. While the country is in fuch commotion, commerce and agriculture at a fand, and marks of diftrefs, real or imaginary, ginary, imprinted on every countenance, it is abfolutely impoffible to receive any fatisfaction from change of fituation.

The king's proclamation, and the Manchefter addrefs, have appeared in the continental papers; but as I carefully avoid " the bufy haunts of men," I am not fufficiently informed to determine on their general reception. From what I cafually learn they do not tend to conciliate.

Friday, Nov. 17.
I have juft received intelligence which gives me great diiquietude. The September packet is arrived from England, but the letters are detained for infpection. The governor is much chagrined on the occafion.

Mrs. Wafhington, accompanied by her fon Mr. Curtis, and his lady, pafled through Baltimore this day on their way to the
camp

ET, XXIV. tenance, any fathe conally avoid not fufon their I cafually te.
$y$, Nov. 17.
ace which
e Septemsland, but tion. The the occa-
ied by her ed through
ay to the camp

Letoxiv. from America. 241 camp at Cambridge, efcorted by a detachment of horfe, that made a very military appearance.

Tuefday, Nov. 21.
The governor this morning received his letters, but they have paffed the ordeal of examination. Thofe you may write to me will affuredly fhare the fame fate. It is a painful reflection, that private correfpondence cannot efcape being fubjected to public inveftigation; but we muft yield with refignation to the complexion of the times.

Annapolis is daily more and more deferted; fome families have quitted us from apprehenfions of a bombardment; others on account of the diftreffed times, bad markets, and a general fcarcity of money; even tradefmen and mechanics have quitted their habitations, and are retired from R the ture is neglected; the voice of peaceful induftry is heard no more ; and the military fcience is the univerfal ftudy, fo that I have, every hour, additional reafon to felicitate myfelf on your abfence from this wretched country.

Monday, Nov. 27.

A hand-bill is juft arrived from the northward, which conveys information, that the metropolis of Canada has furrendered to Colonel Arnold, by the reduction of which an immenfe quantity of military ftores has fallen into the poffeffion of the captors. The account fays fifteen thoufand ftand of arms, and two thoufand five hundred barrels of gunpowder, with cannon, mortars, \&c. Fifteen thoufand fuits of foldiers clothing are alfo faid to be included in this valuable capture. Ge-

Let, xxif.
Agriculeaceful ine military fo that I afon to fee from this
clay, Nov. 27.
d from the information, has furrenthe reduction ty of military feffion of the fifteen thouthoufand five r, with canthoufand fuits co faid to be apture. General

Let. XXIV. FROM AMERICA. 243 neral Carleton is at Montreal, but with what force is not afcertained ; it is however imagined that place muft inevitably fall, and the gallant commander fubmit to the provincial armament. War between different nations is an evil of great magnitude; but between people who acknowledge the fame fovereign, who fpeak the fame language, profefs the fame religion, and who are connected with each other by all the affecting ties of nature and of intereft, it is indeed too horrible for imagination to conceive.

In confequence of the late fuccefs, our patriots talk in a ftrain of high exultation; and prognofticate events fatal to the political and commercial interefts of the parent ftate.

As it is impoffible during thefe unfettled times, to conjecture what fortune may befall me, I would have you be conitantly preR 2 pared pared for my arrival in London, as it may not be in my power to tranfmit you any information previous to my leaving this country. For if peace is not re-eftablifhed during the courfe of the prefent winter, I can neither enjoy happinefs, nor derive any advantage by remaining in America.

Thefe wretched times indeed frike at the root of every home felt enjoyment; every countenance is darkened with anxiety and fufpicion ; mutual confidence is annihilated; political prejudices erafe the remembrance of former attachments, and friends and kindred forget the endearing bonds of amity and love.

The account of Quebec being taken appears to be premature, but fanguine expectations are entertained that it muft fpecdily fubmit. Montreal has furrendered to

General

Let. xxiv. as it may t you any aving this e-eftablifhent winter, nor derive America.
ed ftrike at enjoyment; with anxiety ence is annierafe the re hments, and he endearing

December 3. ing taken apfanguine exit muft fpeefurrendered to General

LT. XXV. FROM AMERICA. 245
Ceneral Montgomery. The terms of capitulation will, probably, reach England long before this letter. Thefe fucceffes induce fome people to look further than the original plan of oppofition.

I charge you let not any folicitude on my account agitate your mind-let us not " fhape the farhion of uncertain evils,"but reflecting on the paft, look forward confidently to the future.

## L $\quad \mathbf{E}$ T $\mathbf{T}$ T $\mathbf{E}$ R $\mathbf{R}$ XV.

$$
\text { Annapolis, fan. 1, } 1776
$$

TVERE I to yield to thofe corroding reflections, that naturally and irrefiftably imprefs the mind, under the peculiarly diftreffing circumftances of

$$
R_{3} \quad \text { this }
$$

this diftracted empire, I fhould affuredly form the moft calamitous ideas, refpecting the events which may, too probably, take place before the commencement of a future year. Numbers of thofe, with whom I have been connected on terms of amity and friendfhip, are now the avowed and determined enemies of my much loved native country!-the reflection that they derived their being from the fame original fource, appears almoft entirely obliterated, and they are rufhing impetuoufly forward into all the complicated dangers and miferies of hoftile oppofition. Multitudes who, at this moment, are diftinguifhed by the endearing appellations of hufbands! fathers! fons! and brethren! will, affuredly, befcre the return of this day, exift only in the memory of thofe to whom they are now united by all the tender bonds of nature and attachment. From contem-

ETT. XXV. (ffuredly fpecting sly, take of a futh whom of amity d and deloved na$t$ they dee original obliterated, nly forward rs and miMultitudes nguifhed by hufbands! will, afis day, exift whom they ler bonds of m contemplating plating the general wreck, the mind irrefiftibly adverts to private fufferings.

> " How richly were our noon-tide taaces hung
> " With gorgeous tapeftries of pictur'd joys; " Joy behind joy, in endlefs perfpective."

What an unexpected, unavoidable reverfe have we experienced !-Our domeftic felicity is facrificed; our reafonable and well-founded hopes of uninterrupted profperity are cruelly fruftrated, and every future view is dreary and calamitous. But it is poffible all may yet be well. Tranquillity may be effectually reftored; we may be happily re-united, and enabled to enjoy the refidue of our days under a conftant fenfe of that gracious providence, which, through paths of danger, conducts to peace and fafety, and erects permanent happinefs on the foundation of forrow and difappoinment.

$$
\mathrm{R}_{4} \quad \text { For }
$$

For fome time I have indulged the idea that the November packet would convey the pleafing intelligence of your fafe arrival in London; and that you were enjoying as much fatisfaction as the reftoration of health, and the attention of kind friends could poffibly afford. But, alas! I am miferably difappointed; by the painful information that, from October laft, no more packets were to be difpatched regularly from England. It is, therefore, now become a doubt, whether I fhall obtain information of your welfare, until it pleafes heaven to reftore you, and our deareft child, to my impatient arms.

Since your departure, what a frange alteration has taken place. Our harboursour rivers are deferted. The chearful found of induftry is heard no more; activity is only exerted in warlike preparations: every vifage is clouded with apprehenfion; and

Let. xxy. the idea convey fe arrival joying as ation of ad friends is! I am ainful in, no more regularly now beobtain in1 it pleafes areft child,
ftrange al-harboursarful found activity is ions: every nfion ; and a con-

Let.xxv. trom America. 249
a continued fucceffion of aggravated reports agitate the mind, and foment the general difcontent. Were my duty, and my inclination reconcileable with each other, you would fpeedily behold me in England; but every motive of principle and affection equally operates to deny the gratification of my fondeft wifhes. For while a poffibility remains that a reconciliation may be conftitutionally effected between Great Britain and her colonies, it is, undoubtedly, incumbent on the fervants of government not to relinquifh their refpective fituations. Such conduct would be juftly reprehenfible, as it might occafion infinite irregularity and confufion; which by a decent and fteady perfeverance may be avoided. I am perfuaded thefe reafons will have their due influence on your mind, and, in a great degree, prepare you to encounter thofe evils, which I would even yet hope are but temporary.

My deareft-my beft-friend, farewell! Remember we muft endure to conquer.

## L E T T E R XXVI.

Annapolis, fan. 16, 1776.

AFFAIRS in Virginia have borne, for fome time, a very ferious afpect. On the 25 th of October laft, Lord Dunmore cannonaded Hampton, a commercial town on the banks of the Chefapeak, but was repulfed with the lofs of fome men and a tender, which was taken by the militia. In confequence of this tranfaction, on the 7 th of November, a proclamation was iffued by his lordhip, dated on board the fhip William, lying off Norfolk, declaring, " that as the civil law was " infufficient, at that period, to prevent and
" punifh the lofs of was taken e of this ber, a prohip, dated g off Noril law was revent and " punifh

Let. xxif. from America. 258
" punifh treafon, martial law fhould take " place, and be executed throughout the " colony; therefore requiring all perfons " capable of bearing arms, to repair to his . 6 majefty's ftandard, or to be confidered " as traytors. He alfo declared all in" dented fervants, negroes, or others ap* pertaining to perfons in oppofition to " government, who were able and willing "s to bear arms, and who joined his ma" jefty's forces, to be free."

This meafure of emancipating the negroes has excited an univerfal ferment, and will, I apprehend, greatly frengthen the general confederacy.

The proclamation, however, had fome immediate effect in the opulent town of Norfolk, where many of the inhabitants were well affected to government. The governor was fpeedily joined by fome hundreds of all complexions, and he doubtlefs lefs formed an idea, that the difpofition to loyalty, which he difcovered in that neighbourhood, would have been fufficiently general for enabling him to raife a force competent to re-eftablifh, what he deemed a proper degree of fubordination.

This delufive expectation was interrupted by information, that a party of provincials, under the command of Colonel Woodford, were on their march to oppofe his meafures. To obftruct their progrefs, and to fupport thofe who were well-affected, Lord Dunmore immediately took poffeffion of a poft called the Great Bridge, fome miles diftant from Norfolk, which is a pafs of great confequence, and the only practicable way of approaching that town. Both parties fortified themfelves within cannon fhot of each other; and as a narrow caufeway lay between them, which muft neceffarily be paffed previous to an attack, they ap-

Let. xxyi. lifpofition d in that on fufficito raife a , what he dination.
interruptof provinff Colonel $h$ to oppore ir progrefs, ell-affected, pk poffeffion fome miles s a pais of practicable Both parcannon fhot w caufeway It neceffarily k , they appeared

Let. XXVI. FROM AMERICA. 253
peared to be mutually fecured from any danger of furprife.

Thus circumftanced, they continued inactive feveral days, till, at length, a defign was formed of furprifing the American troops in their intrenchments. Captain Fordyce, a very gallant officer, at the head of about fixty grenadiers, led the attack: they paffed the caufeway with the utmoft intrepidity, and with fixed bayonets rufhed on an enemy, who were properly prepared for their reception; for Captain Fordyce's party were not only expofed, naked, to a heavy fire in front, but were enfladed from another part of the works. The brave leader, with feveral of his men, fell; the lieutenant, with the refidue, all of whom were feverely wounded, were taken prifoners.

The fire of the artillery from the Britifh fort, enabled the forces under the command mand of the governor, to retreat from the poft which they had occupied, and which was now no longer tenable, without purfuit ; and as all hopes in this quarter were terminated by the defeat, Lord Dunmore thought it expedient to abandon the town and neighbourhood of Norfolk, and retire on board the hlipping, with numbers of perfons, who having been active in fupporting his meafures, found it neceffary to feek the fame afylum. A confiderable number of veffels was, by this means, collected, crowded with people and effects; but poffeffing little force and in great want of able mariners. . The provincials immediately took pofieffion of Norfolk, and the governor, with his adherents, removed to a greater diftance.

The loyalifts who had taken refuge in the fleet, together with the feamen and military, quickly became fenfible of many difficulties

Let. xXvi. reat from ipied, and ble, withthis quarfeat, Lord to abandon f Norfolk, ping, with ag been ac$s$, found it m. A convas, by this people and force and in

The prooffieflion of vith his addiftance.
en refuge in feamen and ble of many difficulties

Let. xxif. from America. 255 difficulties and hardfhips; provifions, neceffaries, and every kind of fuccour, being abfolutely denied from the adjacent Mhore. The Mips, likewife, being conftantly annoyed by the fire of the Americans, from that part of the town which lay neareft the water, it was determined to diflodge them, by deftroying it. A flag, however, was firft fent on fhore, to learn " whether " the provincials would regularly fupply " his Majefty's thips with water and pro" vifions," which requifition being anfwered in the negative, extremities were refolved on. Previous notice being accordingly given, that the inhabitants might remove to fituations of fecurity, the firft day of the prefent year was fignalized by the attack; when a violent cannonading commenced from the Liverpool frigate, two lloops of war, and the Governor's armed hip, the Dunmore; fupported by parties of the failors and marines, who landed,
landed, and fet fire to the neareft houfes. Thefe meafures foon produced the intended effect ; but not without the deftruction of the whole town, which by the rapid progrefs of the flames, was quickly reduced to afhes.

I have feen the copy of a gazette, which was printed on board the Governor's hip, he having removed the prefs and materials thither from Norfolk, in which it is confidently, and with great probability afferted, " that it was only intended to deftroy that " part of the town which adjoined the " river, but that the provincials com" pleted the devaftation, by fetting fire " to the remote ftreets; which, as the " wind then food, would otherwife have " been fecure from danger."

Such has been the fate of the moft confiderable commercial town in the colony of Virginia ; and the whole lofs upon the occafion, is eftimated at above three hun-

Let. XXVI. eft houfes. e intended truction of rapid prosly reduced
ette, which ernor's Ship, nd materials ch it is conility afferted, deftroy that adjoined the incials comy fetting fire hich, as the herwife have
he moft conn the colony lofs upon the ve three hun-

Let. xivi. From America. 257
dred thoufand pounds. This unhappy event has given a frelh alarm to our citizens, many of whom are preparing to quit Annapolis.

The Provincial Affembly have been fitting here, ever fince the fourth of December. It is expected they will fpeedily adjourn.

Our Governor is in perfect health. He ftill continues to receive every external mark of attention and refpect; while the fteady propriety of his conduct, in many trying exigencies, reflects the utmoft credit on his moderation and underftanding.

My ignorance of your fituation, is a very confiderable addition to the difquietude I experience, on account of public calamities. May my next acknowledge the receipt of an epiflle from her who occupies every thought; and whofe happinefs is the S primary primary object I have in view! Under all the difpenfations of Providence I Shail remain unalterably yours.

## L $\quad \mathrm{E} \quad \mathrm{T} \quad \mathrm{T} ~ \mathrm{E} ~ \mathrm{R}$ XXVII.

Annapolis, March 14th, 1776.

THE inhabitants of this city have been exceedingly alarmed. On the fifth inftant, about eight in the evening, intelligence was received, that a hip of war was on her paffage up the bay; and at no great diftance from Annapolis. The confternation occafioned by this information, exceeds defcription. The night was tempertuous; extremely dark; and the rain defcended in torrents: notwithftanding which, many perfons began to remove their effects; and the ftreets were quickly crowded
with carriages laden with furniture, and property of various kinds. A little reflection muft have made it evident, that without violent provocation, hoftilities would not have commenced : and at all events, that timely notice would have been given, previous to any bombardment. It ought to have been confidered, that a governor, acting under the authority of Great Britain, was refident in the town, and, apparently, exercifing the powers with which he was invefted. No complaint had been tranfmitted, on his part, relative to the treatment experienced by him, and the adherents of adminiftration. His prudent and confiftent conduct, had greatly tended to prevent perfonal outrages; and under fuch circumftances, it was manifeft, that no commander in his Majefty's fervice, could have formed the moft diftant idea of proceeding to extremities, without commu-

$$
\mathrm{S}_{2} \text { nicat- }
$$ magiftrate; who was undoubtedly a valuable pledge in the hands of the people, to fecure themfelves and property from immediate violence.

But as reafon feldom operates under inftantaneous impreffions, the Governor refolved to purfue eyery eligible method that might effectually remove the apprehenfions fo univerfally entertained. Actuated by fuch motives, he made immediate application to the Council of Safety, and, in order to diffipate the general anxiety, propofed fending a flag of truce on board his Majefty's Mhip, the inftant fhe made her appearance, or came to an anchor off the harbour. An offer fo evidently tending to preferve the public tranquillity, was accepted with every fuitable acknowledgment; and on the feventh inftant, a fhip of war, accompanied by a tender, paffing Safety, and, eral anxiety, ce on board ht the made n anchor off ently tending lity, was ac-acknowledgftant, a fhip nder, paffing

Let. xuvir. from America. 261 by Annapolis, I had the honour to be deputed to perform this fervice; on which occafion I thought it neceffary, in order to obviate any mifreprefentation, to tranfcribe, as follows, the fubftance of my negotiation, for the infpection of the Governor, the Council of Safety, and the Committee of Obfervation.

## Friday, March 8th.

" By order of his Excellency the Governor, and with the approbation of the prefident of the Council of Safety, I repaired yefterday on board his Majefty's floop, the Otter, commanded by Captain Squire, then lying at an anchor in Chefapeak Bay, between Magotty River, and the Bodkin; and delivered to him a letter from the Governor, to which a fatisfactory anfwer was returned, and immediately made known, for the general information of the citizens of Annapolis.

$$
\text { S } 3 \quad \text { In }
$$

" In converfation with Captain Squire, I took occafion to expatiate on the temper and moderation of the people of Maryland; their attachment to the Britifh conftitution; and their fettled averfion to any defign of eftablikhing an independency: for an affurance of which, I referred him to the inftructions given to their delegates in Congrefs, and to the proceedings of the late Convention.
" I informed Captain Squire, that from the commencement of thefe unhappy diffentions, the Governor and his friends had been treated with refpect and attention; I recommended the utmoft moderation in the execution of his orders; and affured him, that in fo doing, the efteem of the people would be fo far conciliated, as to render the Maryland fation as convenient and agreeable as the nature of the times would admit.

Let. xxpir. ain Squire, the temper of Mary3ritifh confion to any rdency: for red him to delegates in lings of the
e, that from unhappy dif$s$ friends had d attention; noderation in and affured fteem of the ciliated, as to as convenient of the times
" Cap-

Let. xuvir. From America. $263^{\circ}$
"C Captain Squire, on his part, explicitly acquainted me, that it was the furtheft from his intentions to proceed to any extremities ; that he was inftructed to demand a privateer, avowedly fitted out at Baltimore, for hoftile purpofes; as alfo fome veffels laden with flour, of which the navy were in the greateft want; that he was ready to pay the market price for any provifions that the inhabitants would fupply him with ; but otherwife he was under an abfolute neceffity to feize whatever might come within his power. Captain Squire promifed, that if his requifitions were complied with, not the leaft damage fhould enfue to any individual, or to the town of Baltimore.
" Captain Squire mentioned, that he had given particular directions to the gentlemen under his command, not to fire, under any pretext, upon fuch perfons as might S 4 affem-
affemble on the adjacent fhores, or permit any depredations; but to perform fuch duty only, as was abfolutely effential to his Majefty's fervice,
" Captain Squire, from the whole of his behaviour, difcovered the utmoft concern for the unhappy breach which had taken place between the mother country, and her colonies; aud obliged as he was, to act in the line of his duty, it appeared his moft earneft wifh to avoid any meafures which might only tend to widen the calamitous diffention.
" To the above I have only to add, that my bufinefs on board was to recommend temperate proceedings, and to obtain fuch intelligence as might conduce to remove the apprehenfions of the much alarmed citizens of Annapolis, in which fervice I have the fatisfaction to believe I have not been altogether unfuccefsful.
W. E."

Early

Let. XXVIH. or permit orm fuch tial to his
hole of his At concern had taken $y$, and her ; to act in 1 his moft ares which calamitous
ly to add, to recomnd to obconduce to the much in which b believe I efsful.
W. E."

Early

Let. xxvir. From America. 265
Early in the afternoon, the arm ' veffel, of which they were in queft, appeared in fight. The tender, belonging to the floop of war, had proceeded further up the bay, and had taken poffeffion of a flip, with a valuable cargo, then lying at an anchor, and ready for fea: but on the approach of a force greatly fuperior, the captors were reluctantly obliged to relinquifh their prize, and haften to the Otter, with intimation of their difappointment. Every circumftance plainly indicated an intention, on the part of the privateer, to attack his Majofty's floop; which immediately got under way, in order to prepare for their reception. While they were weighing, I took leave of the captain and officers, and repaired on board the fchooner which brought me from Annapolis, in firm expectation that the action would commence before I could poffibly proceed far on my return. Shortly after I quitted the Otter, the bly, in which fituation fhe could have made very little refiftance, had the provincial commander thought it advifable to have then availed himfelf of that opportunity. She, however, quickly righted, and ftood for her opponent, who, poffibly in purfuance of orders, put about, and directed her courfe for Saltimore. Night approaching, and the navigation being intricate, the Otter came again to an anchor near the mouth of the Patapfco.

On the ninch, the Otter returned down the bay, and anchored off the mouth of our harbour; ioon after which a flag of truce was difpatched on fhore. The officer who brought it was received with refpect; two gentlemen of the Council of Safety were prefent at the delivery of his meffage ; and the day was concluded at the Governor's, in a fociable manner. During this inter-

Let. XXVII. ed confideracould have the provinadvifable to of that opckly righted, vho, poffibly oout, and di1ore. Night ion being into an anchor co.
eturned down mouth of our flag of truce he officer who refpect ; two f Safety were meffage ; and e Governor's, gy this interval,

Let. XXVII. from America. 267 val, the feamen who accompanied the officer continued in their boat, at a fmall diftance from the fhore, where they fupported a friendly converfation with the provincial military, who were ftationed on the beach to preferve regularity.

Early on the enfuing day, another flag attended the Governor, but continued with him a very fhort time : and about noon, the Otter made fail to join the flect on the Virginia ftation.

It was certainly a moft happy circumftance, that this vifit was not attended with more ferious confequences. Had an action taken place, which at one time appeared too probable, whatever might have been the event, factious and ambitious men would eagerly have embraced the opportunity to have fomented the general difcontent. The Defence, which is the name of the armed fhip fitted out at Baltinore, is much fuperior in force to the Otter floop,
floop, and was crouded with feamen and volunteers, who appeared refolute and determined. Many are of opinion they acted wifely in declining the conteft. They had retaken the prize, the avowed object of their intentions; and admitting their claim equal with refpect to courage, added to the circumftances of a fuperior force, thefe advantages would, probably, by no means have counterbalanced the acknowledged activity and addrefs, which fo remarkably diftinguifhes the feamen of the Britifh navy.

## March 25th.

I am this day rendered happy by intelligence of your fafe arrival, and moft pleafing reception. Under what a painful, tedious uncertainty have I laboured! But my mind is now relieved-you are furrounded by faithful friends, who will zealoufly exert every effort to promote your

Let. XXVIf. feamen and ute and de1 they acted They had d object of their claim added to the force, thefe oy no means knowledged remarkably the Britifh

March 25 th. py by intel1 mort plearpainful, teoured! But ou are furno will zealromote your tran-

Let. XXVIH. FROMAMERICA. 269 tranquillity. That every wih you form may be fpeedily, and effectually realized, will be the conftant, ardent prayer of your faithful, \&c.

## L E T T E R XXVIII.

Annapolis, March 2gih, 1776.

$\triangle$N authentic account arrived this day, that the Britifh forces have evacuated Bofton, and that General Warhington, with the continental troops, had taken poffeffion. This important event took place on the feventeenth inftant. The reafons which rendered this meafure neceflary, will probably reach England at an earlier period than it will reach this part of America. Various opinions are induftrioully circulated ; and fome, who pretend to have inveftigated unexpected event, confider the conduct of Sir William Howe, as a preliminary towards a reconciliation.

The utmoft credit is given to the Britifh general, for the propriety and regularity with which he conducted the evacuation; and though his defign for fome days had been manifeftly evident, the provincial army continued quiet in their works, without any efforts to obftruct the embarkation, or to moleft the rear. Several hundreds of the inhabitants, whofe attachment to Government had rendered them obnoxious, have removed, with their families and effects, on board the tranfports and hips of war; and numerous conjectures are formed, with refpect to their deftination. The feafon of the year operates ftrongly againft a diftant voyage. Beacurs are, therefore, eftablifhed along the coaft, to give the moft imme-

LET. XXYIII. fudden and conduct of liminary to-
to the Britifh ad regularity evacuation; ome days had rovincial army orks, without abarkation, or 1 hundreds of hment to Gom obnoxious, milies and efss and Mhips of res are formed, on. The feaongly againft a are, therefore, $o$ give the moft imme-

Let. xxyif. prom America. 271 immediate notice of their approach, fhould a defign be formed againft any other part of the continent, which the commanders of his Majefly's forces may deem more acceffible. A fhort time muft refolve every doubt.

From prefent appearances, there are but faint hopes of a fpeedy reconciliation. Greater requifitions will affuredly be made, than I fear, can confiftently be complied with. In political, as in moral events, one evil imperceptibly leads to another. The original limited boundary is caft far behind; and new claims, and new purfuits, are even fanctified by the fallacious plea of juftice and neceffity. In Maryland, a fpirit of moderation is yet predominant; and if an opinion may be formed from general appearances, every endeavour is directed to reftore a conftitutional connexion with the parent ftate. But in feveral populous pulous and powerful provinces, doctrines are induftrioufly promulgated, and eagerly received, which will effectually bar every avenue to a pacific accommodation; and the moft fanguine adherents to the interefts of Great Britain, cannot, with propriety, indulge the fainteft idea, that any fingle colony, however influenced by circumftance or inclination, can poffibly pretend to ftem the torrent, fhould it unhappily tend to the eftablifhment of an independent government.

From fuch confiderations, I am naturally led to believe, that the day cannot be far diftant, when it will be neceffary for thofe to abandon this country, who cannot confiftently coincide with the popular meafures. Be, therefore, always prepared to fee me : and let not my fudden appearance affect your mind too fenfibly. On the other hand, yield not to gloomy apprehenfions,

LET. XXVIII,
es, doctrines and eagerly lly bar every odation ; and $o$ the interefts ith propriety, nat any fingle
by circumoffibly pretend 1 it unhappily an independent
, I am naturally cannot be far ceffary for thofe tho cannot con-- popular meaays prepared to dden appearance fibly. On the oomy apprehenfions,

Let. xxix. EROM AMERICA. 273
fions, if a confiderable time fhould elapre, without your receiving any intimation of my welfare; and be not alarmed, when reports are circulated relative to calamities incident to war. Adieu !

## L $\quad$ E T T $\quad$ T $\quad \mathbf{R}$ XXIX.

Annapolis, May 20, 1776.
卫 HE Congrefs, by a declaration of recommended to " the refpective affem" blies and conventions of the united co" lonies, where no government fufficient " to the exigencies of their affairs has " been hitherto eftablifhed, to adopt fuch " government as Chall in the opinion of " the reprefentatives of the people beft

T " con-

* conduce to the happinefs and fafety of " their conftituents, and America in ge" neral." This declaration is grounded on the prohibitory act, by which " the in" habitants of Britih America are totaily " excluded from the protection of the " crown." It is alfo alledged therein, " that no anfwer has been, or is like to be " returned to the humble petitions of the " colonies; but that inftead of attending " to the redrefs of grievances, coercive " meafures are adopted; by which the " whole force of the mother countiy, aid" ed by foreign mercenaries, is to be ex-
" erted for their deftruction. From fuch " confiderations, it is afferted to be abfo" lutely irreconcileable to reafon, and good " confcience, to take the oaths and affir" mations neceffary for the fupport of any "government under the dominion of
* Great Britain, and therefore expredient " that the exercife of every kind of au-

Let. XXIX. nd fafety of rica in geis grounded ch " the inca are totaily ction of the dged therein, or is like to be etitions of the d of attending inces, coercive by which the er countly, aides, is to be exon. From fuch rted to be abioreafon, and good oaths and affirhe fupport of any he dominion of erefore expledient every kind of aul" thority

Let. xifix: from America. 275
" thority under the faid crown, fhould be * totally fuppreffed, and all the powers of " government hereafter exerted under the " authority of the people of the colonies; "for the prefervation of internal peace, " virtue, and good order; as well as for " the defence of their lives, liberties, and " properties, againft the hoftile invafions, " and cruel depredations of their enemies." Whether any of the provinces, by their delegates in congrefs, have diffented from a meafure which muft, inevitably, be productive of the moft ferious confequences, has not yet been afcertained; but it is certain, that the colony of Virginia has taken a moft decided lead in promoting a total feparation from Great Britain. For on the fame day in which congrefs came to the refolution above-mentioned, the convention in Williamfurgh iffued a fimilar declaration, but expreffed in fuch ftrong and pointed terms, as evidently indicate a

$$
\text { T } 2 \quad \text { fettled }
$$

fettled determination never to acknowledge themfelves in any degree fubordinate to the influence or authority of the Britih government.

There were prefent that day in convention, one hundred and twelve members, who, after ftating the reafons which influenced their conduct, conclude with the following unanimous refolution.
" That the delegates appointed to re" prefent chis colony in general congrefs, " be inftructed to propofe to that refpec" table body, to declare the United Colonies
" free and independent States, abfolved from " all allegiance to, or dependence upon " the crown, or parliament of Great Bri" tain; and that they give the affent of
" this colony to fuch declaration, and to
" whatever meafures may be thought pro-
" per and neceffary by the congrefs for

* forming foreign alliances, and a confe-

Let. xxix. acknowledge dinate to the e Britifh gom ay in convenlve members, ns which include with the on.
ppointed to reeneral congrefs, to that refpece United Colonies $s$, abfolved from ependence upon nt of Great Brive the affent of claration, and to be thought prothe congrefs for es, and a confe" deration

Let. xaix. from America. 277
" deration of the colonies, at fuch time, "s and in the fame manner, as to them hhall " feen: beft: Provided, that the power " of forming government for, and the re" gulations of the internal concerns of " fuch colonies, be left to the refpective " colonial legillatures."

To very many this proceeding appears extraordinary and premature ; commiffioners being daily expected to receive the claims of the colonies; in order to adjuft and regulate the terms of reconciliation. It is poflible their powers may be ample; furely their extent ought at leaft to be afcertained, previous to any decided meafure, which may preclude a poffibility of entering upon a negociation. In fpeaking thus far, I but declare the fentiments of many refpectable individuals who have, hitherto, taken a diftinguifhed lead in oppofition to the Britifh legiflature; and I T 3 moft moft fervently hope, that the influence of fuch men, in the different provinces, will operate with fufficient efficacy to prevent the final declaration of independence, until, in their opinion, it becomes an unavoidable expedient, and immediatelv neceffary for the intereft, the happinefs, and the freedom of America.

Friday, May 24.
Some events have recently taken place, in which I am particularly interefted, and which will probably be attended with important coniequences to me and mine. But that you may be enabled to form a proper idea of my prefent critical fituation, I muft relate fome material circumftances, which took place early in the preceding month.

A gentleman, who had fome private concerns with the Earl of Dunmore, obtained permiffion from the council of fafety

Let. XXIX nfluence of vinces, will
to prevent dence, until, an unavoidelv neceffary eff, and the iday, May 24. taken place, nterefted, and nded with imand mine. But form a proper tuation, I muft Itances, which eding month.
fome private Dunmore, obcouncil of fafety

Let. Xxix. FROM AMERICA. 279

Maryland, to attend his lordfhip on board his thip, then lying off the town of Norfolk in Virginia; and on his return he took charge of fuch letters as were arrived in the fleet, addreffed to perfons in this province, amongft them was a packet for our governor from Lord George Germaine, fecretary of ftate for the American department.

In his paffage up the bay, he was boarded by an armed veffel in the provincial fervice, the commander of which examined his papers, and after taking from him the official difpatches, permitted him to proceed to Annapolis, with fuch letters as were totally unconnected with political tranfactions. On the 6th of April he arrived in this city, by which opportunity I had the happinefs to receive your epifle of the fixteenth of November laft.

Lord George Germaine's letter acknowledged the important information which adminiftration had received from our governor, who was affured " of his Majefty's entire " approbation of his conduct; and was di" rected to proceed in the line of his duty " with all poffible addrefs and activity."

This packet was forwarded to General Lee, who has the command of the fouthern diftrict, by whom it was immediately difpatched to Maryland, with a ftrong recommendation to feize the perfon of the governor, together with all papers and documents of office; by which it was prefumed fome important difcoveries would be made of minifterial intentions.

The council of fafety acted on this critical occafion with the utmoft moderation and delicacy. Governor Eden, by the affability of his manners, and his evident difpofition to promote the interefts of the province,

Let. xxix.
r acknowa which adur governor, jefty's entire and was diof his duty 1 activity."
d to General of the fouthimmediately h a ftrong reperfon of the papers and doch it was preooveries would tions.
ed on this crioft moderation den, by the afnd his evident interefts of the province,

Let. xidx. from America. 28! province, had conciliated univerfal regard. They, therefore, avoided proceeding with that precipitate vigour fo Atrenuoully enjoined; and only required him to give his parole, that he would not take any meafures for leaving the continent, till after the meeting of the next convention.

This requifition the governor, for fome time, warmly refifted; but, on conviction that the meafure was unavoidable, he thought it neceffary to comply, therefore, on the fixteenth of the month, gave every fatisfactory affurance.

On the feventh inftant the convention affembled, and yefterday they came to a determination refpecting my worthy patron; when it was refolved, "t that his " longer continuance in the province, at "fo critical a period, might be preju" dicial to the caufe in which the colonies " were unanimoully engaged; and that, " there-
" therefore, his immediate departure for "England was abfolutely neceffary." An addrefs was accordingly directed to be drawn up, and prefented to his excellency, which was delivered to him this evening by a committee of that body.

In this addrefs the fentiments of the convention are expreffed in liberal terms; " they acknowledge the fervices rendered " by the governor to the country, on many " former occafions; and they exprefs the " warmeft wifhes, that when the unhap"c py difputes which, at prefent prevail, " are conftitutionally accommodated, he " may fpeedily return and re-affume the " reins of government."

I cannot yet form any conclufion how I am to regulate my conduct on this important occafion. The governor is of opinion that it is my indifpenfible duty to remain in Maryland, while the ancient form

Iet. xxix. parture for Cary." An ted to be excellency, his evening beral terms; ces rendered try, on many y exprefs the n the unhapefent prevail, modated, he re-affume the
nnclufion how on this imrnor is of opile duty to reancient form

Let. xxix. from America. of government is, in any degree, acknowledged and continued. But how long that will be, is a matter of great uncertainty.

It is but juftice to confefs, that the moft refpectable leading men in this province, have aci d with as much temper and propriety, as the nature of the times would admit. Yet I am apprehenfive, however favourably they may be now difpofed, they will not long be able to ftem the torrent which, in feveral provinces, runs ftrongly towards independence. Whatever may be the complexion of my fate, I will continue to act confiftently with, what I conceive, to be my duty; and fhould neceffity compel me to revifit my native clime, I fhall affuredly be fupported by a confcioufnefs, that my misfortunes are derived from inevitable events, and not from impropriety of conduct.

Our

Our friends muft not expect from my pen, any comments on the prefent operations: I am determined to avoid difcuffions which cannot poffibly anfwer any falutary purpofe ; nor will I cenfure any individual, or collective body, merely from being actuated by fentiments different from my own. Human nature, even in the full pofleffion of every human acquirement, cannot poffibly be exempt from error : and the beft intended actions are, fometimes, liable to cenfure. I therefore truft it will be ever my difpofition to judge in the moft favourable manner of my fellow-creatures, and acknowledge every man to be right, whofe conduct is directed by the confcien. tious dictates of his breaft,

Our friend S_embarked laft Sunday for Virginia, to learn whether there were

LeT. XXIX ect from my orefent operaavoid difcufnfwer any faenfure any inmerely from different from ven in the full acquirement, om error : and re, fometimes, re truft it will dge in the moft dlow-creatures, n to be right, $y$ the confcien.
turday, Z7une 1.
ked laft Sunday ther there were

Let. xitix. from America. any veffels, on that ftation, bound for England; and yefterday he returned from his expedition. A hip of war, under a flag of truce, will Chortly be ordered hither to convey the governor down the bay; who is now fully engaged in making preparations for his departure. I am, however, of opinion, he will not immediately proceed for Europe ; but that he will be anxious to remain near the fcene of action, until a competent judgment can be formed, whether any reconciliation is likely to be effected; an event which a few weeks will probably determine.

Mr. S—, myfelf, and my colleague, are to continue for the prefent in our refpective fations. The firft named is charged with the fettlement of the governor's private concerns; and as the loan office is of the utmoft provincial importance, it is abfolutely neceffary that the commiffioners
fhon!d
fhould continue to act in that department, as long as a hadow remains of the ancient conftitution. Should thofe who have now the afcendency, think it expedient to model a new fyftem, under which I cannot confcientioufly remain, I fhall avail myfelf of the firft opportunity to take leave of this continent.

In confequence of refiding with the governor, I expected an exemption from any penalties inflicted on perfons, who had refufed to affociate or enrol. But in this idea I was very materially miftaken. The committee of obfervation will not confider me as a member of his excellency's houfehold; alledging in fupport of their opinion, that I hold offices immediately dependent on the province. Thefe are not times to difpute nice points. I have therefore paid ten pounds for my fine, and have taken a receipt for the fame. My

Let. xxix. epartment, he ancient have now it to model innot conmyfelf of ave of this
with the ption from fons, who 1. But in miftaken. h will not xcellency's prt of their mmediately
Thefe are s. I have y fine, and Came. My arms

Let. xix. from America. 287 arms have likewife been demanded. I am, however, happy to inform you, that I have con:ftantly been treated with kind attention, even by political opponents. It is my endeavour to regulate my conduct with propriety; carefully avoiding mixed company; taking heed that "I offend not with my tongue;" and not permitting my pen to expatiate on the tendency of public tranfactions. I intruft this to the care of 2 friend, bound to Lifbon; may it fafely reach you!

## $\begin{array}{lllllll}\mathrm{L} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{R} & \mathrm{XXX} .\end{array}$

Annapolis, $\mathcal{F}$ une $4^{\text {th }}, 1776$.

EVERY day is pregnant with fome new event. I am apprehenfive from a recent circumftance, that I muft quickly
bid adieu to Maryland. The committee of obfervation have, this morning, ferved me with a fummons to attend them on Thurfday next, " to give fecurity for my " behaviour during the prefent unhappy "contention with Great Britain." I muft either comply; fubmit to imprifonment ; or abandon the country. The firft I confider as incompatible with my oath of allegiance : confinement is an evil I would moft willingly avoid; and a voyage to Europe will, inevitatably, fubject me to all the complicated embarraffiments attending difappointment, and a contracted income : but at all events, I will rely on Providence, and perfevere in my integrity.

When I appear before the Committee, I propofe to intimate my intention of returning home; and fhall only entreat a reafonable time to adjuft my public and private concerns; that I may be enabled to

Let. xxX. committee ng, ferved 1 them on rity for my it unhappy ritain." I o imprifonThe firft 1 my oath of evil I would oyage to Euct me to all nts attending cted income: n Providence,

Committee, I ion of returnntreat a reablic and pribe enabled to leave

Let. xix. from America. 289 leave the province with unfullied reputation. I hope the Governor will not fail before my fate is determined.

$$
\text { Friday, 7th } \mathfrak{F u n e .}
$$

I learn that many of our friends, who are fuppofed to be inimical to the popular caufe, are alfo fummoned by the Committee of Obfervation, fo that fuch confolation as can be derived from having affociates in difficulty will at leaft be afforded me. The concerns of the Loan Office, are of the utmoft importance to the public; and fome time will be abfolutely requifite, to adjuft them with propriety. The ruling powers will therefore, furely, be convinced of the neceffity of this meafure ; and comply with a requifition founded on reafon, and propriety. In that cafe, a poffibility appears, that an accommodation may be effected U before
before the expiration of the term, which may be allotted for the fettlement of that department; and we fhall, confequently, be reinftated with every circumftance of advantage and reputation.

Sunday, 9 th $\mathcal{F}$ unc.
We are in hourly cxpectation of feeing the Chip which is to convey the Governor from this province; and though I am folicitous to tranfmit the refult of Tuefday's proceedings, yet, on his own account, I am anxious for his immediate departure, left any alteration fhould take place, which may occafion his detention in Maryland.

In my laft letter, I mentioned that it was moft earneftly recommended by General Lee, to feize the perfon of the Governor, together with his papers and official documents. The Congrefs have, alfo, in ftrong terms, urged the expediency of

Let. XXX. erm, which sent of that onfequently, umftance of
day, $9^{t h}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ unc. tion of feeing the Governor lough I am foIt of Tuefday's pwn account, I diate departure, ke place, which in Maryland.
entioned that it hended by Geneof of the Goverpers and official fs have, alfo, in e expediency of that

Let. xxx. From America. 291 that meafure ; and the Convention of Virginia, have likewife come to a fimilar refolution; which they have publifhed to the world; and which they are endeavouring to enforce with all their power.

The fentiments exprefled in the refolve of that province, fufficiently evince the danger of delay, as they already appear to operate, with great force, on the minds of the multitude; and there are fome who publicly avow their opinion, that the community at large, are not bound to yield their affent to any proceedings of delegates, which, in their confequences, may be prejudicial to the general interefts of America.

Tha: you may be enabled to form a clear idea, under what embarraffing circumftances the Governor is at prefent fituated, I have tranfcribed the refolve for your more particular information.

$$
\mathrm{U}_{2} \quad \text { " In }
$$

" Williamfoury, Friday, May 31, 1776.
" Refolved, unanimoufly, That the Committee of Safety be directed to write a let. ter to the Prefident of the Convention of Maryland, in anfwer to his letter of the twenty-fifth inftant, expreffing the deepeft concern at the proceedings of that Convention, refpecting Governor Eden; and our reafons for not becoming acceffary thereto, by giving him a paffport through this colony, or the bay adjoining: that we would with reluctance, in any cafe, intermeddle in the affairs of a fifter colony, but in this matter we are much interefted; and the Convention of Maryland, by fending their proceedings to the Committee of Safety, have made it the duty of the Convention, to declare their fentiments thereon.
" That confidering the intercepted letter from Lord George Germaine to Go-

Let. XXX

0 N. lay $3 \mathrm{x}, 1776$. $t$ the Comwrite a let. nvention of etter of the $g$ the deepert of that Con-
Eden; and ing acceflary fport through joining: that hany cafe, infifter colony, ch interefted; land, by fendCommittee of y $y$ of the Coniments thereon.
intercepted letrmaine to Go vernor

Let. XXX, FROMAMERICA.
vernor Eden, in which his whole conduct, and confidential letters are approved; and he is directed to give facility and affiftance to the operations of Lord Dunmore, againft Virginia, we are at a lofs to account for the Council of Safety of Maryland, their having neglected to fize him, according to the recommendation of the general Congrefs; and more fo for the Convention having promoted his paffage, to affift in our deftruction, under a pretence of his retiring to England, which we conceive, from the above letter, he is not at liberty to do; that fuppofing he fhould go to Britain, it appears to us, that fuch voyage, with the addrefs prefented to him, will enable him to affume the character of a public agent, and by promoting divifion amongft the colonies, produce confequences the moft fatal to the American caufe: that as the reafons affigned for his departure, "That he muft obey " the minifterial mandates while remain-

$$
\mathrm{U}_{3} \quad \text { " ing }
$$

" ing in his government," are very unfatisfactory, when the Convention declare, that " in his abfence, the government, in its " old form, will devolve on the Prefident " of the Council of State;" who will be under equal obligation to obey fuch mandates. We cannot avoid imputing there proceedings to fome undue influence of Governor Eden, under the mafk of friendfhip to America; and of the proprietary intereft in Maryland, whereby the members of that Convention werc betrayed into a yote of fatal tendency to the common caufe, and, we fear, to this country in particular; and feel it an indifpenfible duty, to warn the good people of that province againf the proprietary influence.
" Refolved, That the foregoing refolution be forthwith publifhed in the Virginia Gazette.
" Edm. Pendleton, Prefident. " John Tazwele, Clk. Convention."

Let. xex. cry unfatisleclare, that nent, in its he Prefident who will be fuch manputing thefe influence of ik of friendproprietary the members rayed into a mmon caufe, in particular; uty, to warn vince againft
going refolu1 the Virginia
on, Prefident. Convention."

From

LeT. XXX. FROMAMERICA. 295
From the above it appears evident, that my obfervations, refpecting the temper and moderation of thofe who, at prefent, dircct the political concernments of this province, are well-founded. Independence is by no means the general wifh in Maryland. Our neighbours are, however, active in propagating the popular doctrines, and I fear the number of profelytes is daily augmenting. The above appeal of the colony of Virginia, has already added fuel to the fire; it has increafed the zeal of the violent; and may poffibly lead to meafures, which thofe who are now at the helm, have not yet thought it expedient to adopt.

Monday, roth Fune.
To-morrow I muft obey the fummons of the Committee. My colleague and I have drawn up the following reprefentation of our cafe, which we mean to deli-

$$
\mathrm{U}_{4} \quad \text { ver }
$$

ver to the chairman of that body, in order to obviate the neceffity of entering into bond.
" To the chairman and members of the Committee of Obfervation for Anne Arundel County.
" Gentlemen,
"We flatter ourfelves that the follow. ing reprefentation will engage the Committee's candid, and difpaffionate confideration; and that when the perfonal liberty of even an individual is conccrned, his endeavours to preferve it will be received with indulgence.
" You will pleafe, gentlemen, to obferve, that it is not ordered by the Convention, that the Committees of Obfervation take bonds of all non-affociators, but it is left to their difcretion, whether to require bonds or not ; and in the exercife of

Let. xxx. dy, in order entering into
embers of the r Anne Arun-
at the follow ige the Comnate confiderarfonal liberty of ned, his endeareceived with
temen, to obed by the Conees of Obfervaaffociators, but whether to rethe exercife of this

Let, xxx. Trois America.
this power, though the committecs are not held, as magiftrates are in fimilar cafes, by the obligation of an oath, yet we prefume they are bound in honour, not to demand fecurity unnecefliary for the public good, and inconvenient and embarrafing to the perfons called upon.
"From the above confideration we inferred, on being required to give up our arms, without any demand or hint refuefting the entering into bonds, that the Committee of Obfervation, in their difcretion, did not deem it neceffary, or conducive to the public good. Had we been called upon for that purpofe, we hould have had an opportunity of appealing immediately to the Convention. To that refpectable body, we could have repefented our peculiar circumftances; that we are officers of the Crown; that we have given fecurity in J.ondon for the faithful difcharge of our duty,
duty, agreeable to inftructions from time to time received, refpecting the revenue of cuftoms; that we are not entitled to our falaries without a nihil account, tranfmitted quarterly of our proceedings; and, that though a correfpondence of this nature could be no way injurious to America, yet it might, perhaps, be deemed a breach of the propofed bond, and confequently deprive us of the means of fubfiftence for ourfelves and families; for by the condition of this bond, " no correfpondence, " directly or indirectly, by letter, meffage, "c or otherwife, with any perfon holding a " civil office under the crown, is allowa" ble," even a demand for, and receipt of our falaries, would be a breach of the condition prefcribed.
c* Although we are not natives of this country, we are animated with the warmeft attachment for its intereft and happinefs;

Let. xxx. from time revenue of itled to our t, tranfmit$s$; and, that this nature America, yet 1a breach of Cequently deabfiftence for yy the condirrefpondence, etter, meffage, fon holding a wn , is allowaand receipt of ch of the con-
natives of this h the warmeft nd happinefs; and

Let. xxx. from America. 299 and we flatter ourfelves, that our conduct, for a term of years, has been generally approved, both as fervants of the public, and members of the community. We are determined to perfevere, faithfully and honourably, in difcharging the duties of our refpective offices, as long as with propriety we can act in the fame; but we cannct facrifice our honour, or proftitute our oaths, for temporary indulgences. Should we be obliged to depart from this continent, we hope we fhall be permitted to take leave, with fecurity to our perfons and property, agreeably to a refolve of the Convention, in that cafe provided; and wherever we may fix our refidence, we fhall retain the moft affectionate regard for Maryland, without deviating from our allegiance to our Sovereign, which has been, and will ever continue to be the invariable rule of our conduct.
" Not to trefpafs, gentlemen, upon your time, permit us to affure you, that we cannot, confiftent with our peace of mind, enter into the propofed bond. We act folely from principle, and the dictates of confcience. Relying, therefore, on your impartiality, we fhall čheerfully fubmit to whatever you may pleafe to determine; and however Providence may difpofe of us in future, our prayers fhall be continually offered for the profperity of this once happy province, moft ardently wifhing a permanent and conttitutional reconciliation may fpeedily take place, and that Great Britain and Amcrica may remain, to the lateft period, one happy, free, and undivided empire.
"We are, gentlemen,
" Your obedient,
" Humble fervants,
"John Clapham, " WM. Eddis."
en, upon your $u$, that we caneace of mind, cond. We act the dictates of fore, on your fully fubmit to to determine; lay difpofe of us 1 be continually $y$ of this once dently wifhing a nal reconciliation and that Great y remain, to the free, and undi-
emen, obedient, mble fervants,
ohn Clapham, Vm. Eddis."

Should

Let. xxx. from America. zor

- Should the Committee be pleafed to determine, agreeable to the refolve of the Convention, and grant us paffes to depart the country, we have only to defire that a fufficient time may be allotted us, to fettle the various and intricate concerns of the loan-office, which we need not obferve, are of the utmoft importance to the community in general. It is alfo highly incumbent on us, to leave the bufinefs of that department in a clear ftate, fo that our fecurities, who are engaged in very large fums for our fidelity, may be honourably difcharged from the obligations entered into on our behalf.'

We are by no means fanguine, with regard to the above application ; on the contrary, we are prepared to encounter every difagreeable confequence. It is poffible a few weeks may be allotted, to adjuft provincial and private concerns: we muft then then give up every flattering expectation; every late erected hope. We muft forfake All, or act inconfiftently with the dictates of honour and of confcience.

The cafe of my refpectable colleague, is uncommonly fevere. Mrs. C- is on the point of adding to a family, already numerous, and totally dependent on his induftry for fupport. In times like thefe, it is impoflible to difpofe of any property, in order to raife a fufficiency for their temporary ufe in Ergland; notwithftanding which, he is determined to encounter the utmoft malevolence of foriune; every accumulated evii, which penury can inflict, rather than deviate from his principles; a: violate his allegiance.

Tuefiay cvening, inth func.
We have attended the Committee, and have heard their decifion. On our refuling to enter into bond, with good and fufficient e muft forfake ith the dictates

## e.

,le colleague, is C family, already pendent on his imes like thefe, f any property, y for their temnotwithftanding o encounter the kune ; every acnury can inflict, s principles, e:
ning, inth $7 u n$. Committee, and

On our refulh good and fufficient

Let. xxx. From.America. 303 ficient fecurity, under the penalty of ten thoufand pounds each, we are directed to leave the province before the firtt of Auguft. I hall be as expeditious as poffible in adjufting my concerns, and hall, probably, be with you before the conclufion of September.

Notwithftanding the Convention broke up fo lately, they are fummoned to meet again in a few days, on account of fome important difpatches received from Congrefs. The Virginians are exceedingly irritated with our ruling powers, for permitting the Governor to leave the country; and are taking vigorous meafures, which they truft will have an effect in this province, to his prejudice. All who wifh him well, are anxicus to behold the hip that is to convey him hence, as apprenenfions are juftly entertained of fome violent meafures to detain him.

A fcrmidable affociation has taken place in the town of Baltimore, under the appellation of the Whig Club; they loudly prochim the abfolute neceffity of feizing and fecuring the perfor of the Governor, as a pledge for the public fafety; and it is afferted, that a plan is actually in agitation to accomplihh this purpofe, in defiance of that legiflature which themelves have eftablihed. Under fuch a combination of perplexing circumfances, his Excellency coniducts himfelf with the utmoft coolnefs and fortitude : he does not appear to entertain the moft remote fufpicion, but to rely confidently on the henour of the Convention, which is folemnly pledged for his fafe departure.

I mean to entruft this letter to the care of my patron, and therefore cannot entertain any apprehenfion that it will be liable to infpection; and hall, in confe-

Let. Xxx. taken place r the appelthey loudly of feizing e Governor, ty ; and it is in agitation a defiance of es have eftaation of percellency conicoolnefs and to entertain but to rely the Convend for his fafe
r to the care cannot ent it will be 1 , in confequence,

Let. xix. from America. 305 quence, venture to make fome comments on the late proceedings of the Committee of Obfervation.

I believe the demand of fuch unreafonable fecurity is unprecedented: it is, therefore, evident, that the intention of that body, is to banifh all who are deemed inimical to the popular caufe. The cafe of the Crown officers is particularly diftreffing, as it is well known that they are required, under the moft facred obligations, to give immediate circumftantial information of any defigns that may be concerted againft the peace, or order of government. Who, therefore, in poffeffion of the leaft fhare of reafon, would confent to hazard fo great a penalty, on behalf of men, who muft undoubtedly be guilty of perjury, Should they neglect an opportunity to convey intelligence. Some of our friends, under fimilar circumftances, entertain an opinion, X that
that when the Convention meet, they will check the authority of the refpective committces, and afford fome indulgence to thofe who have been unneceffarily oppreffed by their power. For my part, I very little rely on fuch delufive expectations. The utmoft moderation and temper, confidering the complexion of the times, has, indeed, hitherto marked the proceedings of that body; but violent and inflammatory men, are now induftrioully ftraining every nerve, to excite general confufion, and plunge us fatally deep in fchemes of independance. From this powerful confideration, I am decidedly of opinion that the Convention will not hazard their influence, or their popularity, by injudicioufly attempting to extend any indulgence to a defcription of men, who are too generally profcribed as enemies to the freedom, and the interefts of America.

Let. XxX. reet, they will fpective comindulgence to arily oppreffed rrt, I very litetations. The iper, confiderimes, has, inproceedings of 1 inflammatory ftraining every confufion, and chemes of indeerful confideraon that the Conir influence, or fioufly attemptce to a defcripgenerally proeedom, and the

Let. xxx. From America. 307

The inftant the governor embarks, I Thall eftablih my temporary refidence with my worthy colleague and his family, and with them fhall probably bid adieu to Maryland, and to a valuable circle of refpectable connexions.

Sunday, Fune 16.
Not any intelligence is yet received of the expected Thip. The governor appears rather anxious for her arrival, and his friends are folicitous for his immediate departure, as there are bufy fpirits at work, who labour to excite commotions with a view to his detention.

It feems to be the general opinion, that the colonies will fpeedily be declared Free and Independent States!-In that cafe what dreadful calamities muft inevitably enfue!-But furely every weighty reafon fhould operate for poitponing this

$$
\text { X } 2 \quad \text { moft }
$$ moft important meafure, until the commiffioners have made known the extent of their powers, and the terms they are allthorized to propoie. Should the colonies be thus precipitate, Great Britain cannot tamely admit the chim, and the fword alone muft determine the fital conteft.

Thus circumitanced, I look forward with extreme inpatience to the hour of my departure from this country, where cvery furrounding profpect is dreary and uncomfortable. It is probible I flall be obliged to go by the way of Nova Scotia. From Hailifax, the capital of that province, I thail nud frequent opportunities of a parfage to England; but from this place fo few, tha', after $I$ am ready for em barkation, I may be detained many weeks before I can be accommodated. But to accomplifh my purpofe, I muft obtuin permiffion to join the Britifh fleet on the

S Let. xxx. until the comvn the extent of ms they are alluld the colonies

Britain camot and the fword Gat content.
ook forward with hour of my dey , where cvery cary and uncom. I flall be obliged a Scotia. From that province, I tunities of a parfrom this place a ready for enirined many weets nodated. But to

I muft obtain ritifh fleet on the

Virginia
L.ET. xxx. From America. 309

Virginia fation, from which veficls are frequently difpatched to the general rendezvous.

It is poffible that this courfe may prove advantageous to our private concerns; and I am confident our worthy friend the com-miffary-general, will exert his utmoft endeavours to render my fituation agrecuble, while I am necefiarily detaned in that pat of America. By the firft hip after the receipt of this, I requeft you to inform him that, "as it is probable I ha!l vilit " his fation previous to my return to Eu" rope, I entreat him to take charge of " all letters that may be formarded to his " care." He will gratify his own inclination in rendering us every good office; and on my interview with him, I may porfibly obtain fuch information as may enable me to regulate my concerns, with a proper attention to our mutual interef.

$$
X_{3} \quad \text { The }
$$

The convention are to meet on Wednefday, and it is probable, before they rife, that fome important meafures will be determined on by Congrefs, in which they will be expected to acquiefce. Independence is the general cry of the infatuated multitude: What effects may flow from a proceeding of this nature, are dreadful to imagine. Moft fervently do I wifh the governor fafe on board; for though the convention, at their former feffion, pledged their honour for his peaceable departure, they may, from an idea of abfolute neceflity, think themfelves juftified in refcinding that refolution. The times are fo dangerous and unfettled, that it is impoffible to draw conclufions from prefent appearances. Every countenance is clouded with fufpicion, and the warmeft attachments are obliterated by the malignant influence of political contention. The governor, apparently, continues eafy and col-
lected: he is treated with cvery exterior mark of attention; and I am perfunded, the confiftency and propriety of his conduct, in many trying and peculiar fituations, will be long remembered with fentiments of efteem and gratitude.

Sunday, Fune 23.
Laft night the Fowey frigate, commanded by Captain George Montague, arrived off this harbour ; and early this morning the firft lieutenant came on hore with a flag of truce. The governor will embark in the courfe of the day. Would he were gone! It is impoffible to determine what a minute may produce. The militia are under arms, and a general confufion prevails. You can well conceive the fenfations I experience on this very affecting occafion.

$$
\mathrm{X}_{4} \quad \text { LET- }
$$

L E T T E R XXX Annapolis, $\mathfrak{F u n e} 29,1776$.

MY laft, by the governor, will, I truft, fafely reach you; but when an opportunity may again offer to tranfmit intelligence of my fituation, is indeed a moft painful uncertainty. I fhall, neverthelefs, occafionally refume the pen, as circumftances may arife; and, as it is my intent carefully to avoid commenting on political tranfactions, I hope not to encounter any hazard in the courfe of our future correfpondence.

Till the moment of the governor's embarkation on the 23 d , there was every reafon to apprehend a change of difpofition to his prejudice. Some few were even clamorous for his detention. But the council of fafcty, who acted under a refolve of

Let. xxxi.

## XXX

'une $29,1776$.
nor, will, I but when an tranfmit inndeed a nioft l, neverthepen, as ciras it is my enting on pobt to encounof our future
pernor's eme was every of difpofition yere even claut the counr a refolve of the

Let. xaxi. from Ameriea. 313 the convention, generoufly ratified the eng.gements of that body; and after they had taken an affectionate leave of their late fupreme magiftrate, he was conducted to the barge with every mark of refpect due to the clevated ftation he had fo worthily filled.

A few minutes before his departure, I received his ftrict injunctions to be fteady and cautious in the regulation of my conduct ; and not to abiandon my fituation, on any confideration, until abfolutely difcharged by an authority which might, too probably, be erected on the ruins of the ancient conftitution. I promifed the moft implicit attention to his falutary advice; and rendered my grateful acknowledgments for the innumerable obligations he had conferred on me; at the fame time I offered my moft fervent wifhes, that his future happinefs might be in full proportion
tion to the integrity of his conduct, and the benevolence of his mind.

In about an hour the barge reached the Fowey, and the governor was received on board under a difcharge of cannon: his baggage and provifions were left on fhore, to be forwarded in the courfe of the enfuing day.

During the night, fome fervants, and a foldier belonging to the Maryland regiment, found means to efcape on board his Majefty's hip, which being almoft immediately difcovered, a flag was fent off, with a meffage, to captain Montague, demanding the reftitution of the men, previous to any further communication.

Captain Montague, in reply, acquainted the council of fafety, " that he could not, confiftently with his duty, deliver up any perfons who, as fubjects of his Britannic Majefty,

Let. xxis,
Let. xxif. from America. 355

Majefty, had fled to him for refuge and protection; that he had ftrictly given it in charge to fuch officers as might be fent on fhore, not to bring off any of the inhabitants without the exprefs permiffion of the ruling powers; but that the cafe was extremely different refpecting thofe who had, even at the hazard of life, given evidence of their attachment to the ancient conftitution."

This meffage not being deemed fatisfactory, a letter was difpatched to the governor, demanding his interference in this critical bufinefs, with an intimation, that the detention of the men would be confidered as a manifeft breach of the regulations under which flags of truce are eftablifhed.

Governor Eden received the officer with proper attention, but replied, he had only to obferve, that on board his Majefty's fip, he had not the leaft authority; and that

Captain

Captain Montague was not to be influenced by his opinion, as he acted on principles whith he conceived to be ftrictly confiftent with the line of his duty.

The event of this negotiation was difagreeable in its confequences to the governor. The populace were exceedingly irritated, and it was thought expedient not only to prohibit all further intercourfe with the Fowey, bat alfo to detain the various fores which the governor had provided for his voyage to Europe. This refolution was intimated in exprefs terms; and, on the evening of the 24 th , Captain Montague weighed anchor, and ftood down the bay, for his ftation on the coaft of $V$ irginia.

This incident, inconfiderable as it mayappear, will operate ftrongly againft thofe who have hitherto reftrained the impetuofity of the popular zeal. The delegates in congrefs,

Let. anxi. be influenced on principles ctly confiftent ation was difto the goverceedingly irriexpedient not iterccurfe with ain the various ad provided for This refolution erms ; and, on Captain Monnd ftood down h the coaft of
ble as it mayaprainft thofe who impetuofity of ates in congrefs,

Let. xixi. from America.
for this province, have been inftructed to oppofe the declaration of independence; but it now appears almoft a general opinion, that Maryland will coincide in every meafure which the uniting colonies may think effential for the intereft and happinefs of the general comminity.

## Fuly 2.

The 3 ift of the prefent month was the extent of time limited for our continuance in Maryland, by the committee of obfervation, in confequence of our refufal to enter into the propofed bond. Confcious that it was impoffible to fettle the concerns of the loan office with fatisfaction to the public, to our fecurities, and to ourfelves, within the term they had thought proper to prefcribe, $\mathrm{Mr} . \mathrm{C}-$ and myfelf determined to addrefs the convention immediately on their mecting, for fuch relief as, on principles of juftice and equity, we were entitled to demand.

We, accordingly, in firm, but refpectful terms, reprefented our peculiar circumftances, referring them to the memorial which had been prefented by us to the committee of obfervation. On due confideration it was agreed by both houfes, " to depute fome members of their body to inveftigate the accounts and tranfactions of the commiffioners of the loan office, to difcharge them from that important truft, and to appoint others to fucceed them therein."

In confequence of this determination, a confiderable period may poffibly elapfe, before this bufinefs will be finally adjufted, till which time we fhall be permitted to remain quietly in the country without any further requifition to enter into engagements. This undoubtedly is a great point

Let. XxXI. d equity, we but refpectpeculiar cirto the meented by us to ion. On duc oy both houfcs, ; of their body $s$ and tranfacof the loan ofm that imporothers to fuc-
determination, poffibly elapfe, finally adjufted, permitted to rery without any er into engageis a great point gained

Let. xxif. from America. 319
gained in our favour, procraftination being, with us, an object of the utmoft importance. A fhort time may be productive of events conducive to public and private tranquillity. " Hope fprings eternal." But were a judgment to be formed from the prefent afpect of political concerns, every peaceful expectation muft be abandoned.

## Annapolis, Fuly 8th.

At length the decifive blow is fruck. The colonies, by their delegates in congrefs, are declared Free and Independent States, which great event took place on the fourth inflant! By this act they have abjured all allegiance to the Britifh crown; and have renounced every political connexion with the land from which they derive their crigin. The declaration will foon reach England, and will be found to contain a long catalogue of grievances. This This compofition, which is replete with invective, is not more temperate than the meafures which it profeffes to defend. What effect it will have on the councils and operations of government, a fhort time will poffibly determine.

I cannot but contemplate, with horror, the complicated miferies which appear realy to overwhelm this devoted country. Thoufands who, at this inftant, are flufhed with hope, and exulting in a totil fepara. tion from the interefts of the parent flate, will, probably, before many months elapfe, execrate the precipitation by which they have been hurried into meafures fatally prejudicial to their repofe and happinefs.

Before you receive this, the particulars of the action off Charies Town, in South Cirrolina, on the 29 th of june, will be in the poffeffion of government. Our accounts fiy, the Britifh troops were totally dcfeated with a prodigious lofs, after many exertions per-

S Let. xxxi. is replete with perate than the les to defend. in the councils $n t$, a fhort time
e, with horror, which appear evoted country. tant, are flufhed a a tot 1 feparathe parent flate, y months elapfe, by which they fures fatally prehappinefs.
the particulars Town, in South ne, will be in the Our accounts lay, ally dcfeated with ny excrtions ferfadly

Let. xxyi. from America. 321
fectly characteriftic of the national bravery. It is reported, that the quarter deck of the Briftol was, at one time, cleared of every perfon but the intrepid Sir Peter Parker, who ftood alone, a fpectacle of heroic firmnefs never exceeded in military hiftory. Three of the Englifh frigates, by accident, or through the ignorance of their pilot, were entangled in fome fhoals, where, for a long time, they appeared to be immoveably fixed. With great damage and difficulty, two were, at length, got off; but not in a condition to render any effectual fervice. The Actæon, of twenty-eight guns, was burnt by her officers and crew, on the following morning, to prevent her falling into the hands of the provincials, every effort having proved ineffectual to remove her from her fituation. This decifive victory, as it is here termed, has given great fpirits to the advocates for the new government, and will $\mathbf{Y}$ teud pofition.

I truant this to a circuitous paffage. It will be forwarded by the French iflands, Entertain not the mont difant apprehenfin with reflect to my fafety; I am treat. ed with liberality and attention. When Shall I again acknowledge a letter from you? To remain thus ignorant of the fituation of my family, is a weighty addition to the complicated evils I encounter. We muff fubmit with fortitude!

## LE T TE R XXXII.



ON the 14 th ult. Lord Howe fafely arrived at Staten Inland, after hawing been long expected, by many performs with the mol anxious impatience.

S Let. xxxtr their hortile dif-
itous pafiage. It e French iflands. diftant apprehenfafety; I am treatattention. When edge a letter from ynorant of the fitua weighty addition s I encountcr. We tude!

R XXXII.

Annagulis, Aug 5, 1776.
Lord Howe fafely on Ifland, after havd, by many perfons, impatience.

383
His lordhip immediately difpatched on fhore, by a flag, a circular letter to the governors of the colonies, acquainting them with the powers with which he was invefted; and defiring that they would publifh, as generally $\quad$ poffible, an enclofed declaration of $t$ itifh legiflature.

In this declaration the public are acquainted with the powers himfelf, and his brother the general, are invefted with, under the late act of parliament, by which they are authorized " To grant general or particular " pardons to thofe who, in the tumult of " the times, might have deviated from " their juft allegiance; and who were " willing, by a fpeedy return to their duty, " to reap the benefits of the royal fa" vour." " The commiffioners have like" wife the power of declaring any colony, " town, or diftrict, to be at his Majefty's " peace; in which cafe the penal provifions

$$
\text { Y2 } \quad \text { of }
$$




IMAGE EVALUATION

## TEST TARGET (MT-3)



" of that law would ceafe in thcir favour. " A due confideration is likewife promifed " to the fervices of all perfons who may " contribute to the reftoration of the pub" lic tranquillity."

The above papers having been immediately forwarded by General Walhington to congrefs, were, as fpeedily publifhed, by their directions, in all the prints throughout the united colonies, accompanied with the following refolution.

> "IN CONGRESS.

Fuly 19.
"Resolved, that a copy of the circular letters, and of the declaration they enclofed, from Lord Howe, to Mr. Franklin, Mr. Eden, Lord Dunmore, Mr. Martin, and Sir James Wright, late governors, fent to Amboy by a flag, and forwarded to congrefs by General Warhington, be publifhed

Let. XXXII. their favour. wife promifed .ons who may on of the pub-
been immediWafhington to publifhed, by prints throughcompanied with

R E S S.
Fuly 19. copy of the cirdeclaration they re, to Mr. Frank. nmore, Mr. Marht, late governors, and forwarded to Mhington, be publifhei

Let. xixil. from America. 325
lifhed in the feveral gazettes, that the good people of thefe United States may be informed of what nature are the commiffions, and what the terms, with the expectation of which the infidious court of Great Britain, has endeavoured to amufe and difarm them : and that the few, who ftill remain fufpended by a hope, founded either in the juftice, or moderation of their late king, may now, at length, be convinced, that the valour alone of their country is to fave its liberties.

Cha. Thompson, Sec."

Thus are the fanguine expectations of multitudes cruelly fruftrated; it being efteemed criminal, by the ruling powers, to affert the pacific inclinations of the Britifh miniftry. On the contrary, it is loudly maintained, that unconditional fubmiffion is the only ground on which the commiffioners are empowered to treat : and thereY $3 \quad$ fore
fore to commence any negotiation on fuch a bafis, would be inconfiftent with good fenfe, found policy, and the effential interefts of America. "All hope excluded thus," we muft prepare for confequences of the moft ferious nature; not the moft diftant probability appearing of a friendly accommodation.

Advice is received that Lord Dunmore, with his fleet, has quitted the coaft of Virginia; and is fuppofed to be gone to the fouthward. By every account, the hard/hips experienced by the loyalifts, and by all who were on board thofe Mips, have been dreadful in the exrreme. The intenfe heat of the weate: the badnefs and fcarcity of water and provifions, together with the clofeners of the fmall veffels in which the wretched fugitives were crowded, produced a malignant fever, which

Let. XXXIf. ation on fuch nt with good e effential inhope excluded confequences not the moft of a friendly

Auguf 9. ord Dunmore, d the coaft of to be gone to account, the e loyalifts, and ofe chips, have me. The inthe badnefs and fions, together fmall veffels in s were crowdfever, which made

Let. xixif. FromAmerica.
made great havock, but more particularly affected the negroes, moft of whom were carried off by the violence of the diforder. Thus are the hopes terminated with refpect to the emancipation of flaves, in order to fupprefs the commotions in the fouthern colonies.

## Thurflay, 5th September.

Intelligence of a moft alarming nature has been tranfmitted from New York. On the twenty-fecond ultimo, the Britifh forces landed without oppofition, near Utrecht and Gravefend, on the fouth-weft end of Long Ifland; and on the twenty-feventh, a defperate action enfued, which has proved fatal to the arms of America. Particulars of the lofs in killed, wounded, and prifoners, are not yet afcertained. Maryland has fuffered moft feverely in this conflict; many young men of the moft refpectable families, being in-

$$
\mathrm{Y}_{4} \quad \text { cluded }
$$ cluded in the number of the flain. General Wafhington has effected a mafterly retreat, with the refidue of the provincial army, to New York, which is reprefented as invulnerable. This defeat does not yet appear to be attended with fuch confequences as might naturally be expected: the colonifts feem to depend on their internal refources, and defy the utmoft exertions of a brave and conquering enemy. There are, however, moderate men, and fome of confiderable influence, who are inclined to think that the late event may induce the leaders in Congrefs to commence an immediate negotiation with the parliamentary commiffioners. Whatever may tend to the reftoration of peace, cannot but afford the higheft gratification to every humane, be nevolent mind,

## Monday, 16th September.

In confequence of a meffage fent by Lord Howe to Congrefs, three gentlemen were deputed to confer with him and the general, in order to learn the extent of their authority, and to hear fuch propofitions as they were enabled to make.

Dr. Franklin, Mr. Adams, and Mr. Rutledge, were the committee appointed on this very interefting occafion; and the report they have made to Congrefs on the fubject of their conference has totally deftroyed every pleafing idea of a pacific treaty.

The following are the words in which the Committee have thought proper to fum up the particulars of their late negotiation; and I hall only add on the fubject, that reafons are from this deduced,
to profecute the war with the utmoft vigour, againft the power and authority of the mother country.
" Upon the whole, it did not appear to "s your Committee, that his Lordfhip's " commiffion contained any other autho" rity of importance, than what is con" tained in the act of Parliament, viz. " that of granting pardons, with fuch ex"ceptions as the commiffioners fhall think " proper to make ; and of declaring Ame"rica, or any part of it, to be in the " King's peace upon fubmiffion : for as to " the power of inquiring into the ftate of "America, which his Lord/hip mentioned " to us, and of conferring and confulting " with any perfons the commiffioners " might think proper; and reprefenting " the refult of fuch converfations to the
" miniftry, who (provided the colonies " would fubject themfelves,) might, after " all,

Let. XXXIF。 the utmoft vid authority of
d not appear to his LordMhip's y other authowhat is conarliament, viz. with fuch exners fhall think declaring Ameto be in the iffion : for as to into the flate of drhip mentioned and confulting commiffioners ind reprefenting erfations to the ed the colonies s ,) might, after " all,

Eet. xxili. . FROMAMERICA. 33' " all, or might not, at their pleafure, " make any alterations in the former in" ftructions to governors, or propofe in " parliament any amendment of the acts "c complained of, we apprehend any ex" pectation from the effect of fuch a power, " would have been too uncertain and pre"carious to be relied on by America, had " fhe ftill continued in her ftate of de" pendence."

## Tueflay, 24th September.

The city of New York is in the pofferfion of Sir William Howe ; but the provincials have fill great ftrength in the vicinity of that capital, and talk of maintaining their ground till reinforcements arrive, which may enable them to retrieve, with effect, every paft calamity. This event happened on the fifteenth inftant, and we are hourly in expectation of further important tranfactions.

Though the declaration of independence was made on the fourth of July laft, the form of government, with refpect to Maryland is, by no means finally adjufted; and from the delay which has been evident in the proceedings of our Convention, and the committees fubordinate to their direction, I camnot but indulge the plearing idea, in fpite of hoftile operations, that the moderate and difpaffionate, who are included in thofe bodies, have ftill fufficient iufluence to retard an abfolute eftablifhment of the new conftitution; while the moft diftant poffibility remains of a recon. ciliation being effected.

The committee appointed to inveftigate the accounts of the loan office, alfo appear dilatory in bringing the affairs of that department to a conclufion; and you very

S LeT. XXXII,
efday, ift October.
of independence of July laft, the a refpect to Mafinally adjufted; h has been eviour Convention, rdinate to their hdulge the pleafoperations, that lionate, who are ave ftill fufficient ofolute eftablifhution ; while the nains of a recon-
ted to inveftigate office, alfo aphe affairs of that n ; and you very well

Let. xxxif. from America. 333
well know how particularly I am engaged, both in honour and gratitude, to obtain an ample and proper difcharge from an employment of fo much importance to the community.
From the prefent political appearances, I cannot but indulge an opinion, that our legiflative body will not proceed with alacrity in the profecution of this bufinefs. A fhort-a very fhort time, will probably determine how far the colonics are enabled to fupport coercive meafures againft the formidable exertions of the Britifh nation; and fhould the leaft profpect appear of returning peace, it would be impolitic and fruitlefs to difcharge officcrs who would immediately be reinftated with advantage, on affairs reverting into the ancient channel.

My worthy colleague and his family are preparing to remove from Annapolis to a houfe belonging to Mr. D—_, on Hunting Ridge, about fix miles diftant from
from Baltimore, to which place I intend to accompany them. We propofe to attend alternately in this city, until difcharged from our employments, or confirmed in them.

Hunting Ridge, Nov. x.
I write to you from one of the mort de. lightful fituations on the continent of America, where I have obtained an occafional retreat from the noife, the tumult, and the miferies of the public world. From the back piazza of our habitation, we command a truly picturefque vjow into feveral fertile counties; a diftant profpect of the eaftern Thore; the magnificent waters of the Chefapeak, and the river Patapfo, from the entrance at the Bodkin Point, to its apparent termination at the town of Baltimore. After this inadequate defcription, I need not obferve, that we refide on a lofty eminence, where

Let. xxxit. place I intend propofe to atuntil difcharged or confirmed

Ridge, Nov. 1.
of the moft detinent of Ame1 an occafional umult, and the ld. From the tion, we com1 W into feveral profpect of the cent waters of iver Patapfco, dkin Point, to t the town of equate deficripat we refide on "tho

Zet, xXXII, tromamerica. 335
> " -
> " Nimbly, and fweetly recommends itfelf
> " Unto our gentle fenfes."

As Mr. C—— and myfelf are not yet fuperceded in our office, we attend in rotation, every other week, in Annapolis, from which this place is about thirty miles diftant. The contraft we experience on thefe occafions, is hardly to be defcribed; from the churlifh founds of hoftile preparation to the calm enjoyments of peaceful retirement. Though in the vicinity of a large and populous town, agitated with uproar and confufion, and rumours of approaching calamities, here, fheltered by furrounding woods, we are entirely fecluded " from the bufy haunts of men," and are benevolently permitted to enjoy our retirement without dread of moleftation. It is well known that we have never attempted, by any injudicious fteps, to incur the refentment of thofe who conceive they are warranted by juftice ${ }^{*}$ and by duty, to take a contrary part ; and while we thus continue to regulate our conduct, we fhall furely experience attention, with the moft perfect fecurity.

Hunting Ridge, $1 /$ Decem.
The whole of York Inand is in the poffeffion of his Majefty's forces. General Howe has, for fome time, been attempting to force General Wamington to a decifive action, which he has, hitherto, avoided with the penctration of a Fabius. Sir William, finding every well-concerted effort ineffectual to accomplifh this purpofe, has directed his arms againft the garrifon left for the defence of Fort Wahington, a very ftrong poft, fituated on a lofty eminence, and to which the approaches were extremely difficult.

On the thirteenth of Novernber, the provincial commander was fummoned to

Let. Xxxi"ij trary part ; and o regulate our perience attenfecurity.
:idge, if Decem. fland is in the orces. General been attempting ton to a decifive itherto, avoided a Fabius. Sir -concerted effort his purpofe, has the garrifon left arhington, a very lofty eminence, paches were ex-

November, the as fummoned to fur:

Let: xxifi. from America. 337 furrender, which he refufed to do, in the moft peremptory terms, declaring he would defend his ftation to the laft extremity. A general affault was, in confequence, determined upon, which took place on the fixteenth, when the fort was carried, after a fpirited defence; and the garrifon, confifting of near three thoufand men, became prifoners of war.

On the eighteenth, Lord Cornwallis, with a ftrong detachment; paffed the north river, in order to attack Fort Lee, and to make fome impreffion in the Jerfeys, in which undertaking he was fo fuccefsful, that the garrifon, confifting of about two thoufand men, had a very narrow efcape, by abandoning the poft immediately before his Lordhip's arrival, leaving their artillery, ftores, and tents behind them.

For the particulars of thefe important tranfactions, I hall refer you to the acZ counts
counts tranfmitted home to adminiftration; and have only to offer my moft fervent prayers, that the rapid fucceffes which have hitherto attended the Britifh arms, may be productive of an honourable, and permanent reconciliation, founded on fuch principles as may fecure to America the ineftimable bleffings of liberty, with every confequence attending an abundant population, and an extenfive commerce.

I fear many of my letters will mifcarry; but I hazard every opportunity of writing. I am perfuaded you do the fame, though fortune has hitherto been adverfe to my wifhes. Oppofe, with all your power, the intrufion of anxious thoughts, and be. lieve me unalterably yours.

S Let. xxxif. adminiftration; y moft fervent fucceffes which ne Britifh arms, honourable, and founded on fuch to America the berty, with every abundant popuommerce.
ers will mifcarry; ortunity of writyou do the fame, rto been adverfe to th all your power, thoughts, and be. rs.

LET.

Let. xxifir. from America.

## L E T T $\quad$ E R XXXIII.

Annapolis, そ̌an. i, 1777.
CINCE the day our hearts and interefts were united, frequent occafions have been afforded for the exercife of our fortitude and refignation, and by the bleffing of Heaven, we have, hitherto, been fafely conducted through every viciffitude. Let us then take courage from paft experience. The year opens with the moft dreary profpects. The recent event of Trenton, will add frength to the finews of war, and cruelly procraftinate the wifhed return of peace.

The capture of Rhode Inland, which happened on the eighth of December; and the furprifing of General Lee, on the thirteenth, by Colonel Harcourt, were cir-
cum-
circumfances which excited fanguine hopes in the breafts of thofe who perfevered in their attachment to the ancient conftitution ; and thefe hopes were encouraged by a ftrong probability, that Philadelphia mutt fpeedily follow the fortune of New York, the Delaware being the only apparent ob. ftacle that feemed likely to oppofe the progrefs of the royal arms.

The provincial forces, who were only enlifted for a ftipulated time, difcouraged by a fucceffion of unfavourable events, were fo greatly reduced in their numbers, that it is afferted, on the day preceding the affair at Trenton, the mufter roll fcarcely exceeded three thoufand men; and the greater part of thofe were anxious for the expiration of their term, that they mignt return to their families, and their accuftomed vocations. The Congrefs, from a well-founded apprehenfion of danger, retreated

9 Let. xxxili. fanguine hopes perfevered in acient conftituencouraged by ailadelphia muft of New York, ly apparent obto oppofe the
who were only time, difcouraged rable events, were ir numbers, that preceding the afafter roll fcarcely i men; and the re anxious for the that they might and their accur-
Congrefs, from a on of danger, retreated

Let. xxxif. FROM AMERICA. 341
treated with precipitation to Baltimore; and many who had been moft zealous in promoting hoftile meafures, began to avow fentiments of a conciliatory nature; in a word, the general difpofition of the colonies tended to a reconciliation, and even the fubmiffion of fome of the provinces was daily expected.

Affairs were in this promifing train, when the American general planned, and executed the late important enterprife. Trifling as this manœuvre might have been confidered, in the profecution of a regular war, it has been, in this inftance, attended with the moft prejudicial and alarming confequences to his Majefy's arms. It has given fpirits to thofe who fhewed the utmoft defpondency; it has recruited the enfeebled ranks; and it has enabled the enthufiaftic leaders to magnify, in the mof exaggerated terms, the advantages Z 3
that of this brilliant exertion.

To many it has appeared extraordinary, that the advanced poft was occupied by Heffian regiments, who might reafonably be fuppofed lefs competent than Britifh, to determine on the authenticity of intelligence, or the difpofition of the colonifts, with refpect to political attach. ment. But how far cenfure is well found ed, it becomes not an individual to determine. It ought rather to be concluded, that thofe arrangements took place, which on mature reflection, apparently, led to the advancement of the general fervice.

The mode hitherto adopted by Congrefs, in conducting their enliftments, has been found fo inadequate to every effential purpore, that they have concluded on adopting a different one, which affords the probability of a permanent army, under the

R S Let. xxxill. e from the fuccefs
ared extraordinary, was occupied by 0 might reafonably petent than Bri.
the authenticity difpofition of tive to political attach. enfure is well found. individual to deter. er to be concluded, s took place, which pparently, led to the eneral fervice.
dopted by Congrefls, nliftments, has been o every effential purconcluded on adopt. hich affords the pro. ent army, under the

Let. xxilif. from America. 343 moft frict and regular military difcipline. Hitherto their troops have been raifed with a condition of receiving their difcharge at the expiration of twelve months; and they conceived, that this rotation of duty would occafion the weight to fall lefs heavy on the general community. But fuch a continual fucceffion of men, unexperienced, and impatient of reftraint, has rather impeded than promoted the fuccefs of their operations. It is therefore refolved, to profecute the new levies on a fettled eftablifhment. Thofe who engage to enlift during the continuance of the war, are to have an immediate bounty of twenty dollars; and one hundred acres of land each, at the expiration of their fervice. Officers are to be rewarded in proportion to their refpective fituations. Others are admitted for the ftipulated term of three years, who are to receive the fame bounty, without any landed compenfation. By this regulaZ 4
tion, tion, it is fuppofed a very formidable army will be ready to take the field early in the enfuing fpring, under a commander who has infpired every adherent to the meafures of Congrefs, with the moft unlimited confidence in his fuperior abilities.

It is confidently afferted, and it appears to be univerfally believed, that General Wafhington will quickly be enabled to repoffers the Jerfeys, and to contract the Britifh pofts into a very limited fphere of action. This is certain, that apprehenfions refpecting Philadelphia, are no longer feriounly entertained, Congrefs having it in contemplation, fpeedily to refume their deliberations in that city.

Myfelf and colleague, are not yet fuper: ceded in our provincial employment ; but the day is affuredly at hand. When that event has taken place, I am perfuaded I Shall be at liberty to revifit England ; and

S Let. xxxili, rmidable army eld early in the mmander who t to the meamoft unlimited bilities.
and it appears 1, that General be enabled to to contract the imited fphere of that appreheniia, are no longer Igrefs having it to refume their
re not yet fuper: mployment ; but nd. When that am perfuaded I it England ; and have

Let, xxini. from Ametica, 343 have reafon to believe, I thall be neceffitated to flape my courle by way of the Weft Indies. I think it poffible we may be reftored to each other early in the en, fuing fummer.

It has been a matter of furprife to many, that the capes of Virginia have, in a great meafure, been left open, fince the departure of Lord Dunmore and his fleet from the Chefapeak. In confequence of this apparent remifsnefs, on the part of the Britifh cruizers, a confiderable commerce is carried on, with very little interruption, between Virginia and Maryland, and the French and Dutch inlands, and even with feveral ports on the continent of Europe. Thofe who continue attached to the intereft of Britain, behold, with infinite concern, many valuable prizes continually brought into American harbours; by privateeers fo inconfiderable in appearance, that they belonging to the veffels they were triumphantly conducting. Almoft all the Ships which have hitherto been taken, had not the leaft apprehenfion of danger, confequently were not prepared for refiftance; and if a certain judgment may be formed from the fuccefs which has attended the adventurers from this, and the adjacent colony, Great Britain muft fenfibly experience the lofs the has already fuftained, by the rapid and fpirited exertions, which have been fo unexpectedly dirested againft her commerce.

The exorbitant price of almoft every effential article, exceeds credibility. Thofe few who are in poffeffion of fpecie, do not permit it to circulate; and the conftant depreciation of the paper currency, baffles every attempt of the legiflature to fupport its credit; yet, in fpite of every apparently

S Let. xxxir. aken for boats they were triAlmort all the been taken, had on of danger, epared for rejudgment may which has atm this, and the tain muft fenfihas already fufirited exertions, ectedly directed
f almoft every dibility. Thofe f feecie, do not d the conftant urrency, baffles ture to fupport very apparently infur-

Let. xxxili. from America. 347 infurmountable obftacle, the utmort alacrity appears for the profecution of the war; and the moft fanguine hopes are evidently entertained, that the political connexion between Great Britain and America, is finally and effectually diffolved.

The internal government of Maryland, is not yet perfectly adjufted, but the arrangements, under the new conftitution, are in great forwardnefs, and will fpeedily take place in the various departments. Our difcharge will, undoubtedly, immediately follow, and we fhall be free to thape our courfe as providence may direct.

When we again meet, I truft we shall find friends, " though they grow not thick on every bough," who will promote our endeavours to obtain a competent maintenance. Under all the varied circumftances of life, we will fteadily labour to merit fuccefs; and Ihould our beft endea- endeavours be fruftrated, we thall, at leart, be exempt from felf-accufation, and can derive no little fatisfaction, from a confcioufnefs that our fufferings are not the bitter fruits of diffipation or mifconduct.

## L $\quad \mathrm{E} \quad \mathrm{T} \quad \mathrm{T}$ E $\mathrm{R} \quad$ XXXIV.

Frederi:k County, March I, 1977.

CHANGE of fcene is frequently conducive to a temporary tranquillity. In order therefore to obtain, if poffible, fome relief, fome mitigation of my anxiety, I fet out, about twelve days fince, on a vifiting excurfion into this fertile and beautiful country; and am now beneath the hofpitable roof of Doctor John Stephenfon, in the vicinity of Frederick Town, where

S I.e.t. xxxiv. we fhall, at ecufation, and :ion, from a rings are not on or mifcon-
XXXIV.

March 1, 1977. equently cony tranquillity. n , if poffible, of my anxiety, s fince, on a tile and beaubeneath the ohn Stephenderick Town, where

Leti xxify. from America. 349 where I have been entertained with that genume hofpitality which fo remarkably characterifes the American Romulus *.

On my return to the Ridge, I expect fome material information relative to my particular fituation; and have reafon to believe that I am, before this, reduced to a private ftation, and that one journey to Annapolis will fettle my concerns as an officer under the ancient conftitution; after which I hall, certainly, embrace the earlieft opportunity of departing from the wretched fcene of confufion which this country, at prefent, exhibits.

Hunting Ridge, April 2.
We are, at length, fuperceded in our department as commiffioners of the Loan Office; but it is probable fome time will elapfe before we fhall obtain our final difcharge, as the accounts and tranfactions

$$
\text { * See page } 98 .
$$ muft undergo the inveftigation of a committee of both houfes. I hall be extremely impatient for the conclufion of this bufinefs; after which I cannot entertain a doubt of procuring an immediate paffport from America.

On the twenty-firft of laft month, a letter arrived from Sir Robert Eden, whofe integrity and fervices have procured him an honourable diftinction. A prelude, let us hope, to more effential advantages.

On the fame day which brought the above pleafing intelligence, Mr . Thomas Johnfon was proclaimed governor of the State of Maryland: the cannon from the ramparts were difcharged at the conclufion of the ceremony; the military were under arms, and the American ftandard was hoifted on the principal battery.

Every circumftance tends to convince me, that I muft quickly bid farewel to a

S Let. xxxiv. on of a comall be extremeion of this bulot entertain a rediate paffport
t month, a let:t Eden, whofe procured him A prelude, let advantages.
h brought the , Mr. Thomas overnor of the annon from the the conclufion tary were under hdard was hoift-
ds to convince bid farewel to a coun-

LET. XXXIV. FROM AMERICA.
country, where I have experienced many benefits, and formed many valuable connexions. Could I obtain permiffion to vifit New York in my way to Europe, I am certain I hould there meet with letters of the greateft importance to my intereft and happinefs. Influenced by that confideration, I have applied for the neceffary paffport, to be granted immediately after the affairs of the Loan Office are finally adjufted. I cannot fay that I entertain any gicat hopes of fuccefs; and mort of my friends are of opinion, I fhall meet a refufal ; in which cafe I muft be content with a circuitous and expenfive paffage by way of the Weft Indies. Reduced as I am in my circumftances, how I am to raife the neceffary fupply is a very ferious confideration; but I will not agitate my mind with the concerns of a future day. It is a proof of imbecility to-" Mhape the faMion of uncertain evils."

April 12.
My application for permiffion to enter the Britioh lines is pofitively rejected; I muft therefore be content to take my paffage by way of the French illands.

Annapolis, May 1.
I have taken my leave of Hunting Ridge, and truft I am on the point of bidding farewel to Maryland. The concerns of the Loan Office will, I hope, be adjufted in a few days; I have agreed for my paffage in a veffel bound from Alexandria in Virginia to Martinique, from which place I hall purfue the path which Providence may direct.

Annapolis, 7 une 1.
The affairs of the Loan Office were clofed but yefterday; when my colleague and myfelf obtained a moft ample and honourable difcharge from that employment.

S Let: Xxxivs

April 12. miffion to enter ively rejected ; I to take my pafh iflands.

Annapolis, May I. f Hunting Ridge, point of bidding re concerns of the be adjufted in a for my paffage in andria in Virginia h place I fhall puridence may direct.

Annapolis, fune 1. _oan Office were hen my colleague oft ample and hothat employment. The

Letr xxiv. from America.' 353
The fhip I propofed failing in is yet at Alexandria, but her deftination is changed, The being ordered to Bourdeaux, and her departure uncertain.

Mr. D——, who was to have participated in my fortune, has taken his paffage in an armed fchooner, which, in my circumftances, I do not conceive to be an eligible method; I fhall therefore leave him to his chance, and purfue myfelf another courfe.

Mr. C- fets out this day for his delectable retirement on Hunting Ridge. When fhall we meet again ?-I moft fervently hope he will be permitted to enjoy his humble retreat without fear of moleftation: at all events he muft be greatly embarraffed to fupport his numerous family with any degree of comfort. Indeed he will have full occafion for the exertion of his utmoft fortitude; but his

$$
\text { A a } \quad \text { efta- }
$$ eftablifhed character, and his manly, generous difpofition, muft fecure to him attention and refpect, under every change of fortune.

Wedneflay, fune 4.
Yefterday I received my paffiport, and wait only the arrival of the poft on Friday to determine my courfe. I have written to my friend $\mathrm{Mr} . \mathrm{C}-$, who is a mem. ber of congrefs, on the fubject of obtaining permiffion to enter the Britifh lines; and have reprefented in the ftrongeft terms I was able, " the peculiarity of my fitua" tion, and my total incapacity to fupport " the heavy additional expenfe which muft " attend a voyage to Europe by way of " the Iflands: I have alfo urged domeftic " motives: in Short, I have fuggefted " every reafon which can induce compli" ance; I have even requefted to be con-
" fidered as a prifoner upon parole, and 4 " have

S Let. xxxif. his manly, geecure to him atevery change of

## Tednefday, J̛une 4 -

my paffport, and e poft on Friday I have written , who is a mem. lubject of obtainthe Britifh lines; he ftrongeft terms rity of my fituaapacity to fupport spenfe which muft Europe by way of lfo urged domeftic I have fuggefted an induce compliquefted to be conupon parole, and " have

Let. xxxiv. from America. 355
" have offered to remain in Philadelphia, * or in fome American poft, until I can, " by application to my friends in New " York, obtain fome perfon, in a civil ca" pacity, to be exchanged for me."

Should I fucceed in this attempt, it is poffible I may be relieved, in a few days, from a ftate of inexpreffible anxiety, by receiving intelligence refpecting thofe who occupy every thought ; and whofe intereft and happinefs are the primary objects of my attention. If I fail, I muft fubmit to the difappointment with fortitude, fupported by the reflection, that I have directed my beft efforts to the accomplifhment of my wifhes; and that the failure has not proceeded from any neglect on my part, or any impropriety of conduct. At all events, on Saturday or Sunday, I Mhall fet out for Philadelphia, or crofs the Chesapeak, and proceed to an inlet on the eaftA a 2
ern ern hhore; from which I am informed, there are frequent opportunities of paffing to the French iflands.

I mentioned that we had obtained a moft honourable difcharge from our late provincial department, as I am well convinced it will be highly pleafing to you to learn any sirumftance which reflects credit on my reputation, I give you the following extract from the report to both houfes.
" Your committee further take leave " to report that, from the multi" plicity of bufinefs, the nature of " the truft, and the care and re" gularity of the tranfactions, they
" are of opinion, that the commif" fioners and clerks annual falaries " have been very inadequate to the " fervices they have rendered the " public."

S Let. xxxiv. am informed, ities of paffing
obtained a moft our late provinwell convinced to you to learn eflects credit on ou the following both houres.
urther take leave from the multiefs, the nature of the care and retranfactions, they that the commifks annual falaries inadequate to the have rendered the

Let. xxiv. From America. 357
Mr. D—— is in hourly expectation of the armed veffel in which he has taken his paffage for France; I mean to intruft this packet to his care, and fhould he be detained till Friday evening, I fhall be able to inform you particularly what route I intend to purfue.

General Wafhington is faid to be in great force, and in poffeffion of a ftrong country in the vicinity of Brunfwick; it is therefore probable, that fome important event will fpeedily happen, which may bring this fatal conteft to a decifive iffue. It feems, however, to be a prevailing opinion, that Sir William Howe will find great difficulty in forcing his wary opponent to a general action, unlefs obvious advantages juftify the meafure.

## Friday Even. Fune 6.

My fate is determined. Reafonable as my requifition appeared, it cannot poffibly

$$
\text { A a } 3 \quad \text { be }
$$ be complied with; I muft therefore embrace the only means afforded me, under a perfect conviction of this great truth, that "Whatever is, is right."

Saturday Morn. Fune \%.
A more certain method offers than by way of the eaftern thore. So far I appear fuccefsful. Laft night a veffel arrived off Annapolis, bound to Cape François in Hifpaniola, from whence, to Jamaica, the diftance is not confiderable. I have agreed with the mafter for my paffage, and tomorrow we are to fail for our deftined port.

How ftrange are the events of human life! I am now preparing to re-vifit the town of Kingfton, where I hall, poffibly, meet fome ancient friends for whom I fill cherifh a grateful attachment.

I have
therefore emded me, under his great truth, ht."
day Morn. Fune \%o
offers than by So far I appear veffel arrived off pe François in to Jamaica, the

I have agreed paffage, and tour deftined port. events of husaring to re-vifit ere I hall, pofriends for whom achment.

I have

Saturday Even.
I have taken leave of the few faithful friends ftill refiding in Annapolis. Perhaps a final one! It is a painful diftreffing idea! But.I am haftening to thofe, my feparation from whom I have fo long felt, and lamented. That thought will firmly fupport me under every anxious trial it may be yet my fortune to encounter. I fhall embark in a few minutes.-So will Mr. D__, as his veffel is likewife in the harbour, and ready for fea. Our projected route, though aiming at the fame point, is widely different. I fhall deliver this to his care. Should he accomplifh his paffage, agreeable to his wifhes, he muft reach England long before I can poffibly expect that happinefs. Adieu!
A a 4
LET-

## L E T T E R XXXV.

On board his Majefy's Ship Emerald, Capes of Virginia, '7uly 2, 1777.

AFTER encountering a variety of perplexing and vexatious circum. ftances, I have been met with fuccefs beyond my moft fanguine expectations. The moft agreeable profpects are opening to my view ; and I fhall fpeedily obrain ample compenfation for thofe various anxieties which have fo long difturbed my repofe.

My last intimated that I had taken my paffage from Maryland, in a veffel bound to Cape François, in the illand of Hifpaniola. On the evening of the feventh of June, I took an affectionate leave of our few Annapolitan friends; and, I need not fay, fuch were my fenfations on the occa-
fion,

Let. xxxv.
XXXV.
y's Ship Emerald, 'fuly 2, 1777.

5 a variety of atious circumwith fuccefs expectations. cts are opening fpeedily obtain fe various anxdifturbed my
had taken my a veffel bound land of Hifpathe feventh of e leave of our nd, I need not is on the occafion,

Let. xixy. from America. 36: fion, that I repaired on board the hip deftined to convey me from that province, with a mind greatly diftrefied and agitated.

It would have evinced the utmof infenfibility to have quitted without fuch feel ngs, the fcene of former happinefs and profperity. I reflected on the obligations we had received ; the benefits we had experienced, and the connexions we had formed. I could not refift the united impreffions excited by fuch interefting ideas; nor did I quit my penfive fation on the deck, while a fingle object could be diftinguifhed that fo forcibly reminded me of paft felicity.

Soon as the day dawned on the eighth, we weighed anchor, and ftood down the bay with a propitious gale. I found two gentlemen on board, proprietors of the veffel and cargo ; knowing them well, I promifed myfelf great fatisfaction from their fociety, fociety, and my expectations were completely gratified.

As we paffed the mouth of Patuxent, I beheld, with emotions of gratitude, the hofpitable manfion of our benevolent friend. Thofe doors which ever opened with equal alacrity, to the weary traveller, and to the opulent gueft, are now forfaken, even by the generous worthy owner!-The colonel, his lady and family, are retired into the interior country, that they may be further removed from the inevitable calamities of war.

Our paffage down the bay was tedious; the winds proving variable. On Saturday the $14^{\text {th }}$, when we were ftanding in for York River, in order to obtain information, and to avail ourfelves of a proper opportunity to profecute our courfe, we defcried a Britifh hip in chafe of an American floop. My fenfations on this occafion,

S Let. xxxy. ns were com-
h of Patuxent, gratitude, the nevolent friend. ened with equal 1ler, and to the Caken, even by !-The colore retired into ley may be furvitable calami-
$y$ was tedious; On Saturday tanding in for tain informa; of a proper ir courfe, we fe of an Ameon this occafion,

LET. XXXV. FROM AMERICA. 363
fion, were fuch as I cannot poflibly delineate ; and I could fcarce refrain expreffing a wifh, that the Englifh colours were flying on our enfign ftaff. The mafter of our veffel, and my fellow paffengers were, for fome time, apprehenfive of danger; and I believe we were greatly indebted for our efcape to fome confiderable fhoals, which rendered the navigation extremely intricate and dangerous. Our captain being an expert feaman, profited by the advantages he poffeffed; and, in a fhort time, we were fafely.at an anchor, oppofite to the town of York, and clofe beneath the ftern of an American frigate.

My companions, though well inclined to government, expreffed much fatisfaction on finding themfelves fecure within the limits of an American port, for had they been captured, notwithftanding their fentiments were loyal, their property would have have been juftly forfeited, as they were attempting to fupport an illicit commerce. To this meafure they were, however, reduced by abfolute neceffity; it was the only means they could poffibly devife to quit their wretched country, without embarraffing their friends and relatives, who were compelled, by unavoidable circumftances, to continue in the province.

Thefe gentlemen finding the capes effectually guarded by feveral of his Majefty's fhips, and being, confequently, convinced that it was impracticable to pafs them with any degree of fafety, determined to remain in Virginia, until a more favourable opportunity prefented itfelf. This determination by no means accorded with my wifhes. The leaft detention appeared hoftile to my happinefs; and under my peculiar circumftances, if no motives of a fuperior nature had operated, I chu'd as they were icit commerce. however, re$y$; it was the ffibly devife to without emrelatives, who idable circumprovince.
the capes efof his Majefequently, conticable to pafs fafety, deter2, until a more efented itfelf. heans accorded detention apffs ; and under if no motives rated, I c.u'd not

Let. xixy. from America. 365 not fupport, without the greateft inconvenience, the accumulated expence which unavoidably mult have attended fuch a meafure. I therefore began to devife fome proper method of abandoning a fituation which threatened a tedious and painful obfruction to the renewal of our domeftic intercourfe.

Animated by fuch confiderations, I refolved on an immediate application to the officer, who commanded the provincial troops in that diftrict. To this gentleman I explained my particular fituation, without the leaft referve: the preffing motives which required my immediate prefence in England : the difappointment I had fuftained by the detention of our veffel, and the advantages which would arife to me by a permiffion to be put on board one of the Britifh cruizers, from whence, by way of New York, I might obtain a fpeedy conveyance Europe. To corroborate affertions, founded on the ftricteft truth, I fubmitted to his confideration the paffport which had been granted to me by the ruling powers in Maryland.

I was heard by this officer with candid attention, and the propriety of my plea was readily admitted-he could not conceive the neceffity of waiting a diftant opportunity, or of profecuting my voyage by way of the Weft Indies, therefore advifed me to proceed immediately to Hampton, where fome Virginian gentlemen, adherents to the former government, were on the point of embarking for New York, under the operation of an act of their legilature; and he was perfuaded, on an explicit reprefentation of my cafe, I fhould not find any difficulty in being permitted to avail myfelf of the benefit of the flag, under the

S Let. XXXY, connexions in rertions, foundI fubmitted to ort which had ruling powers
cer with candid of my plea was d not conceive diftant opportuvoyage by way fore advifed me Hampton, where 1, adherents to ere on the point ork, under the leginlature ; and xplicit reprefenld not find any ed to avail myflag, under the pro-

Let. xixy. from America. 367 protection of which thofe perfons were preparing to quit the colony.

You will admit that I difpatched this important concern with becoming fpirit and expedition, for on Monday the 16 th, 1 exchanged reciprocal wifhes with my Maryland friends, and left them to purfue fortune agreeably to the mode they had adopted.

About noon, the weather being intenfely. hot, I embarked in a fimall open boat for the place of my deftination, which was about ten leagues nearer to the fea. The capes opened to ou: view a confiderable time before we obtained fight of Hampton, and I anticipated the happinefs I expected fhortly to experience, by paffing them on a more eligible plan than neceffity had originally fuggefted. I fondly conceived that I had almoft furmounted every difficulty, and could not avoid congratulating myfelf fo fortunately converted an apparent difappointment into fuch real advantage. Supported by thefe ideas, I experienced but little inconvenience during feveral hours that I was confined in a very limited and expofed fituation ; and fcarcely had I reached my deffred harbour, where a new fcene of operations was to commence, before a tremendous gale arofe, which raged for feveral hours with incredible violence, and threatened inevitable deftruction to thofe who were expofed to its fury. Perhaps I was wrong: but I could not avoid drawing the moft favourable conclufions from this dreadful elementary war: I confidered my efcape as an undoubted prelude to future profperity; and I experienced a confidence in my mind which led me boldly forward to the completion of my arduous defign. But fcarce had I landed on the beach ere I experienced a difappointment

S Let. xxxy. by which I had apparent difapdvantage. Supexperienced but Ig feveral hours very limited and reely had I reachhere a new fcene minence, before e, which raged credible violence, le deftruction to to its fury. Percould not avoid rable conclufions tary war : I conndoubted prelude d I experienced a nich led me boldly $n$ of my arduous I landed on the a difappointment which

Let. xxyv. From America. 369
which overthrew all my late hopes. 'Thofe gentlemen, in whofe fortune I trufed to have participated, and for which purpofe I had ftrained my utmoft abilities, and hazarded the moft imminent danger, were embarked the preceding eveniag, and ieft melancholy impreffions on the minds of their friends, on account of the fudd,n, and violent tempeft *.

How to extricatemyfelf from the difficulties which now furrounded me I knew not. I was in a place where I had not the flighteft connexion; and where the appearance of a ftranger was a fufficient motive to excite fufpicion. Time, however, was precious: I therefore determined not to lofe a moment. It was generally known in Maryland that I had taken my paffage by way of the illands; and it was poffible I might

* The author had the fatisfaltion to learn, on his arrival at New York, that they had fafely accomplifhed their paflage.

B b meet meet fome perfon from that province, who would throw infurmountable obftacles in my way, by reprefenting my intentions in an unfavourabie point of view. Agitated by fuch apprehenfions, and encouraged by the fuccefs which had attended my application at York Town, I waited inftantly on the commanding officer, and, affuming a confidence neceffary in my fituation, intimated the circumftances of my difappointment, by the neceffity of taking Ihelter in York River; the motives which had brought me to that place, in confequence of it, and the inexpreffible mortification I had experienced by arriving too late to avail myfelf of fo favourable an opportunity. I therefore entreated that he would facilitate a re-union with my family and connexions, by granting me the indulgence of a flag, under the conduct of which J. might obtain a temporary fituation on board one of the Britilh Mhips fationed

Let. xxxy. hat province, ttable obftacles my intentions $f$ view. Agiis, and encou1 had attended own, I waited ig officer, and, fary in my fitumftances of my ceffity of taking motives which slace, in confeexpreffible mord by arriving too avourable an ophtreated that he with my family ting me the inthe conduct of mporary fituation h Ihips ftationed

Let. xixy. from America. 371
in the vicinity of the capes, until an opportunity offered th convey me to fome port, from whence I might find a ready paffage to England.

From the commencement of the war, I had eflablifhed it as a fixed principle, that they who were actually engaged in hoftile oppofition, were directed by more liberal fentiments than thofe inflammatory demagogues, who had arifen to eminence by fomenting difcontents, and taking a diftinguifhed lead in popular affemblies; and experience, on various occafions, has fully confirmed the truth of this obfervation.

In Hampton, fortunately for me, all public affairs were under military direction: the perfon who commanded, attended with complacency to my application; and expreffed an earneft follicitude to render B b 2 me me every poffible fervice confiftent with his duty.

On the following day (the 17 th) this bufinefs was more fully inveftigated in prefence of the officer who directed the marine department; and, on my delivering the paffport, which had been granted for my departure from Maryland, no reafons appeared to operate againft compliance with my requeft; therefore to my inexpreffible joy, leave was immediately granted to engage a veffel for my paffage, and a gentleman was deputed to attend me with a flag, as foon as I gave intimation that I was ready for my departure.

Favourable as appearances now were, it was my fate itill to encounter difappointment: I found infinite difficulty in procuring a boat, from a fettled perfuafion that, notwithftanding a flag was granted, it was dangerous to rely on that privilege.

Let. xxxy. onfiftent with
the 17 th) this tigated in preAed the marine delivering the granted for my no reafons apompliance with ny inexpreffible granted to enge, and a genend me with a timation that I
es now were, it ter difappointficulty in prottled perfuafion ag was granted, that privilege. Every

Let. xxxv. from America. 373

Every hour's delay increafed my difquietude ; yet it was not pntil about noon on the 20th, that I was able to accomplifh my purpofe.

When the neceffary arrangements for our departure were made, I rendered my grateful acknowledgments where they were fo juftly due, and, accompanied by the officer who was appointed to conduct me, repaired to the landing place, where a veffel was waiting for our reception. Unfortunately at that critical period, the wind frefhened to a perfect gale; the fea run high, and my companion, from an apprehenfion of danger, intimated his refolution to poftpone the undertaking till the weather was more moderate. It was in vain that I urged every moti"e to alter his determination; my beft arguments were ineffectual; and, with inexpreflible reluctance, I was obliged to relinquifh my

$$
\text { B b } 3 \text { defign, }
$$ defign, and wait the event of the enfuing day.

Anxious with refpect to the great concern which occupied my mind, a fhort time before funfet I repaired to the harbour, to gain information relative to the fate of the weather, and the probable time when it might be advifeable to refune our undertaking. The perfon, whofe fchooner I had engaged, comforted me with the moft favourable intelligence, and advifed me to be on board by the dawn of day, that advantage might be derived from the land breeze, which generally prevailed at that feafon of the year, till the fun had attained a confiderable height above the horizon. With alacrity I haftened to communicate thefe particulars to the officer who had been appointed to attend me, when I received intelligence. which difconcerted every plan, and prefented tomy de-

S Let. xxxy. of the enfuing
the great conind, a fhort time the harbour, to to the ftate of able time when efune our unhofe fchooner I e with the moft 1 advifed me to f day, that adfrom the land evailed at that e fun had at$t$ above the hoftened to comto the officer to attend me, e. which difconnted to my dejected

Let. xxxy. from Americat 375 jected view, a gloomy profpect of infurmountable difficulties. In hort, he informed me, that the battalion then quartered in Hampton, had that inftant received orders to march, early on the following morning, to join the grand army under command of General Wafhington; and that confequently he could not gratify his own feelings by forwarding my intentions of quitting America.

This intimation, fo fudden, fo unexpected, affected my mind in the moft fenfible manner. The officer to whom I had delivered my paffport, had already taken his departure, and though I could obtain evidence that I had been in poffeffion of fuch a credential, yet I might have to negotiate with people of a lefs liberal and more fufpicious nature. Part of another regiment was hourly expected, to the commanding officer of which I fhould be neB b 4 ceffitated ceflitated to renew my application. Delay, in every point of view, being replete with danger, I haflened back to the wharf, and candidly acquainted the mafter of the veffel with the foregoing circumftances, reminding him that, as a full authority ftill exiticd for his receiving me on board, he couk not poilibly incur any cenfure by the profecution of our defign, as foon as the favourable moment offereci to proceed on our deftined courfe.

My arguments, though frongly urged, did not appear to produce conviction ; he conccived a flag was abfolutely requifite to protect him from being captured; and that by venturing to conduct me without that fecurity, he might entail ruin on himfelf and family. - I attempted to combat his objections, by alleging, that the very circumftance of conveying a Britifh fubject, who had undoubted credentials to fecure

Let. xxxv. ttion. Delay, g replete with he wharf, and ter of the vefamfances, re1 authority ftill : on board, he cenfure by the as foon as the to procecd on
ftrongly urged, conviction; he ately requifite to captured; and uct me without tail ruin on himapted to combat g , that the very hg a Britih fubed credentials to fecure

Let, xxxv. from America. 377
fecure the moft favourable reception, would effectually prevent any confequences prejudicial to his fafety or his interef. I remonftrated to the wind; he appeared inflexibly determined; and it was, with the utmof difficulty, that at lig gth I perfuaded him to reflect maturely on the reafons I had advanced, and to give me, within two hours, his ultinate refolution.

You will readily conceive the agitation of my mind during this painful interval, efpecially as a hint had been given me, that the officer who commanded the gallies, and who, on repeated occafions, had approved himflelf a zealous partizan, had, in the courfe of the day, intimated an alteration of fentiment, relative to the meafures neceflary to be purfued, previous to my departure from the colony. This officer feemed to apprehend an application ought to be made, on my part, to the legiflative
lative authority; and that the permiffion which had been granted was infufficient, without the fanction of the civil power. A journey to Williamfburgh muft have been the confequence of fuch an opinion being adopted; and, perhaps, even then, on reprefenting my fituation to the Council of Safety in that city, it might have been thought expedient to apply to the government of Maryland, for authentic documents to corroborate my affertions. Such a proceeding muft, inevitably, have been attended with a tedious delay, and with increafed expence; not to mention the ftrong probability, that a pofitive prohibition would have been the confequence of fuch a reference.

Under thefe peculiar circumftances it was abfolutely neceffary that I mould appear perfectly collected, in order to remove all fufpicion of my purfuing indirect meafures as infufficient, e civil power. gh muft have ch an opinion ps , even then, a to the Counit might have apply to the for authentic my affertions. nevitably, have ous delay, and not to mention a pofitive prohe confequence
mftances it was fhould appear $r$ to remove all direct meafures

Let. xxxy. from"America. 379 to accomplifh my purpofe. I therefore joined a party, with whom I had occafionally affociated fince my refidence in Hampton, and difcuffed with them the circumftance of the fudden departure of the battalion, and the objections unexpectedly ftarted by the mafter of the velfel, againft receiving me without the formality of a flag. I acquainted them, that an officer had accompanied me to the wharf, who had avowed his authority to be my conductor, but was prevented from executing his commiffion by a fudden violent gale, which had impreffed his mind with apprehenfion of danger ; therefore, conceiving the mafter fully juftified in proceeding on the permiffion already granted, I requefted the fentiments of thofe gentlemen with refpect to the conduct neceffary to be adopted for his entire fatisfaction.

I was heard with the moft obliging attention, and it appeared to be their unanimous opinion, that I had complied with every requifite ; that I was not actuated by any hoftile intentions againft America; that I had an undoubted right to avail myfelf of the moft immediate opportunity to obtain a paflage to Europe; and that the mafter of the fchooner, who had been publicly engaged to convey me on board a Britifh fhip, could not poffibly be fubjected to any cenfure by the civil authority in Virginia; nor would he encounter any hazard with regard to the detention of his perfon and property, by the officers and feamen in his Majefty's fervice.

Though I was happy in hearing fentiments fo perfectly agreeable to my wihhes, yet I experienced much agitation, left they might not prove effectual where it was immediately neceflary they fhould be attended to;

S Letixzx. moft obliging be their unanicomplied with not actuated by America ; that to avail myfelf ortunity to oband that the vho had been me on board a ly be fubjected il authority in ounter any haetention of his he. officers and ice.
hearing fenti-. to my wifhes, tation, left they ere it was immebe attended to; and

Let. xxyv. FROM America. 381 and a confiderable time elapfed, beyond the limited period, before I received intimation that the party in queftion had made enquiry for me.

In an inftant I determined to make this tranfaction a public concern, and to receive his determination in prefence of thofe who had fo kindly evinced a folicitude for my welfare : he was therefore requefted to enter the room, and to deliver his opinica nibout referve.

The undifguifed conduci which I affumed on this very interefting occafion, inftantly operated in my favour. The mafter expreffed his doubts in a lefs forcible manner ; and they were anfwered by perfons totally unconnected with my views, with whom he was well acquainted, and who could not poffibly be governed by any motives prejudicial to his welfare or reputation. The event more than anfwered my expectations: the arguments adduced on my behalf; the perfons by whom they wore delivered; and the open manner in which I had fubmitted to inveftigation, carried conviction to his mind; he engaged to receive me without any further application, and promifed to be ready for me by the earlieft dawn.

It was late before I retired to my apartment, and then without the leaft propenfity to partake of reft: I threw myfelf on the bed, and yielded to a fucceffive train of gloomy apprehenfions. Indeed my fituation was extremely intricate : early in the evening I had feen two perfons, whom I knew to be refidents in Annapolis; I had endeavoured to avoid them, but perceiving myfelf difcovered, I affumed an air of confidence; accoited them with apparent compofure, and enquired after the welfare of feveral, with whom I had been happily

S Let. $\mathbf{x x x y}$. ments adduced by whom they pen manner in - inveftigation, nd ; he engaged further applicaready for me
ed to my aparthe leaft propenhrew myfelf on cceeflive train of deed my fituate : early in the erfons, whom I nnapolis ; I had , but perceiving $d$ an air of conapparent comthe welfare of d been happily cen-

Let. xxav. from America. 383 connected in better times. They knew I had taken my departure for the Weft Indies, and appeared inquifitive concerning the motives which had occafioned my continuance on the continent. In brief terms I intimated the difappointment we had encountered, and the neceffity of awaiting a more favourable opportunity; that the veffel was fill lying in York River, and that I had been led into that neighbourhood on a vifit of friend/hip and curiofity.

Though my detail appeared to gain credit, I had fome reafon to conceive, that they entertained fufpicions of my real defign, which they might confequently attempt to fruftrate, by immediate meafures to my difadvantage. However I had fufficient refolution to invite them to my quarters, and obtained a ready aflurance that they would fee me early on the enfuing. Maryland.

This event was an additional motive to urge difpatch; and it alfo pointed out the method neceffary to purfue, if I found the mafter of the veffel inflexible to my arguments: I determined, in that cafe, to receive my unwelcome vifitors with an appearance of fatisfaction, and if they were returning to Annapolis, by way of York Town, even offer to accompany them to that place, as to the proper fituation where -I was awaiting an opportunity to procecd for the ocean.

Having, after our feparation, fucceeded in my plan of engaging an immediate conveyance to the neareft Britilh Ahip, I well knew that the attempt, without fuccefs, would expofe me to dangers and difficulties of the moft alarming nature. My new found acquaintance might be more early in
onal motive to ointed out the if I found the le to my arguat cafe, to rers with an apd if they were way of York mpany them to fituation where ity to proceed
tion, fucceeded mmediate conh hip, I well ithout fuccefs, $s$ and difficulcure. My new e more early in their

Let. xxxy. fromamerica. 385 their enquiries, than was conffiftent with the plan I had adopted. On learning that I had amufed them with a fallacious account, an alarm might be inftantly given, which might occafion a purfuit; and a contrary wind, or bad failing, might *h+ow me into the power of thofe who would put the moft unfavourable conftruction on my conduct; and perhaps punifh me with a rigour by no means proportioned to the nature of the fuppofed offence. There painful ideas occupied my mind till the appearance of day. I was to receive notice when the proper period arrived for embarkation ; and I waited the fummons, with equal impatience and anxiety. My baggage, whic. as contained in a fmall portmanteau, had been on board the veffel from the time I had engaged her for my paffage; and two or three trifling articles which I had retained on fhore, were the whole of my incumbrance. About C c half half paft four, a lad arrived, with intelligence that all was ready for my reception. I delivered my parcel to his care and accompanied him to the adjacent beach, under no imall agitation of mind, which it was highly incumbent on me to conceal, by a fteady appearance of confidence and fe renity.

For the prefent I lay down my pen, but Shall refume it by every convenient opportunity. Situated as I now am, I have full time to be circumftantial in my detail ; an indifferent perfon might accufe me of prolixity, but I am perfuaded you experience a real concern in whatever relates to my intereft or happinefs. Farewel!

LETTER

Let. XXXV. with intellimy reception. is care and acnt beach, under which it was o conceal, by a fidence and fe-
wn my pen, but nvenient opporam, I have full in my detail ; an ccufe me of prod you experience er relates to my rewel!
$L E T T E R$

Let, xxxvi. from America. 387

## L E T T E R XXXVI.

On board the Emerald, fuly 3/, 1777.

THE fchooner, deftined for my conveyance, was navigated by an elderly man, and by a youth about fourteen years of age. With a view to guard againt accidents, and to animate my companions to perfeverance, I had laid in a fupply of refrefhments for a voyage much longer than ours promifed to be, and we quitted the harbour with a favourable breeze, and the moft pleafing profpect of an expeditious paffage.

We had not proceeded far on our courfe, before our attention was divided by the fight of two Britilh frigates. One was fationed in the vicinity of the capes; and Cc2 the the other at fome diftance up the bay, in a fituation to obferve the movements in York River. The former veffel being nearer to the fea, appeared moft eligible for my defign, and to that we directed our courfe ac. cordingly : but fcarce had we digefted our plan, when the wind fuddenly fubfided, and a total calm fucceeded, during the continuance of which we were unable to make the leaft progrefs: about noon, a ftrong breeze fet in directly oppofite to our wifhes; we made many tacks, without feeming to obtain the leaft advantage; and though, under this difappointment, I juf. fered extreme agitation, yet had I refolution to affect a perfect ferenity, that I might not increafe fufpicions in the mind of my conductor, who could not avoid occafionally intimating his apprehenfions, that he encountered a confiderable hazard in the undertaking.

S Let. xxivi. up the bay, in a vements in York 1 being nearer to igible for my deted our courfe acd we digefted our uddenly fubfided, d, during the conre unable to make at noon, a ftrong oppofite to our zy tacks, without aft advantage ; and ppointment, I luf. yet had I refoluenity, that I might in the mind of my pt avoid occafionally fions, that he enhazard in the un-

Let. xxxvi. From America. $3^{89}$
It is impofible to paint the diftrefs that took poffeffion of my foul, when the impracticability of reaching the fhip, at leaft that evening, was announced in the moft decided terms. A frong head-fea operated equally with the wind to baffle our beft attempts; the mafter, therefore, propofed to return into the harbour, and patiently await the event of the fucceeding day. To this meafure I ftrongly objected, and recommended altering our courfe for the other veffel, which I conceived we could eafily attain before the approach of night ; but was exceedingly mortified to hear him explicitly diffent from my opinion ; when no choice was left me but to return to an anchor, in order to take the advantage of a more favourable opportunity.

This determination, fo cruelly adverfe to my hopes, rendered me almoft frantic Cc 3 with napolitan acquaintance, and the probability that they had excited an alarm, on account of the deception I had practifed, from un. avoidable neceffity. I had alfo reafon to entertain ideas of dangers and difficulties from every other quarter, and I knew not how to ftem the torrent of adverfity which appeared ready to overwhelm me. We were now before the wind, ftanding directly for the harbour, to which we were advancing with a very rapid progrefs : one expedient only remained, which a fudden thought fuggefted: I had plied my old pilot as freely with the bottle, as was not inconfiftent with our fafety; and he evidently difcovered, in confequence of it, a greater pliability of difpofition. I availed myfelf of the important crifis, and under the plaufible pretext of faving time, and being more ready to catch the firft breath of a propitious breeze, I propofed running

S Let. xxxil. :ollected my Anad the probability tlarm, on account ractifed, from unad alfo reafon to rs and difficulties , and I knew not of adverfity which whelm me. We $d$, Atanding directly we were advancing efs : one expedient a fudden thought my old pilot as , as was not infety ; and he eviconfequence of it, Cpofition. I availed nt crifis, and under f faving time, and tch the firft breath I propofed running under

Let. xxxif. from Americm. 391 under a cliff to leeward of the town, where the riding was perfectly convenient; and where I trufted we might remain undifcovered, till we could again, with propriety, refume our arduous undertaking.

To my infinite fatisfaction, and, indeed, equal furprife, my plan received his immediate, and entire approbation : we were quickly at an anchor behind a point of land, which entirely fheltered us from the view of the adjacent harbour ; our little veffel was foon properly fecured; the day clofed with perfect ferenity; and the veteran feaman and his boy, after partaking of fuch cheer as our ftock afforded, calmly refigned themfelves to repofe, without an anxious idea refpecting the operations of the enfuing day,

Contrafted with mine, their fituation was indeed moft enviable-agitated by conflicting paffions! by a continued feries of C c 4 difap- difappointments, I tamely yielded to the preflure of calamity! and even drcaded the return of day, which was to expofe me to new trials, and probably to additional mortifications : I weakly anticipated a train of impending evils, which I confidered as unavoidable.

The night was uncommonly fplendid. The beams of the rifing moon were beautifully reflected on the noble expanfe of water. Nature appeared perfectly ferene; and every furrounding object contributed to elevate the imagination above terreftrial objects; to infure a calm indifference with regard to fublunary events; and to fuggeft a firm confidence, in the great, beneficent Creator! Yet, harraffed by the corroding reflections which inceffantly intruded, I became infenfible to all that could dignify the mind; the delightful profpect became a dreary wafte; and Ino

S Let.' xixul, $y$ yielded to the even drcaded the ; to expofe me to additional morcipated a train of confidered as un-
monly fplendid. noon were beauroble expanfe of perfectly fereñ ; ject contributed above terreftrial alm indifference events; and to $e$, in the great, harraffed by the :h inceffantly infible to all that the delightful watte ; and I no longer

Let. xxixi. from America. 393 lo..ger recollected the providential deliverances I had fo frequently, and fo unexpectedly experienced.

I attempted, but in vain, to compore myfelf, and to obtain that reft fo effential to recruit my agitated fpirits, for the tranfactions of the approaching morning: but every effort was ineffectual, I therefore determined to occupy the tedious interval by an excurfion on the adjacent hore. Our veffel lay almoft clofe to the beach, and a fmall canoe, which was faftened to our ftern, enabled me, in an inftant, to gratify my inclination. My comrades, exempt from every anxiety, were in perfect enjoyment of the moft found repofe; and I landed, without their being fenfible of the intention I had formed. By this time, the moon had nearly attained her meridian height; the hemifphere was decorated with unnumbered ftars, ftars, and not an intervening cloud appeared, to obitruct the view. I had attained a confiderable eminence, at no remote diftance from the place of our anchorage ; and from that fituation, I could plainly diftinguifh the town of Hampton; feveral veffels lying at the mouth of the harbour; an unlimited profpect of the Chefapeak ; and, juft rifing above the horifon, the Britifh frigate, the object of my moft ardent hopes! Such a grand affemblage of interefting objects gradually diffipated the gloom which hung over me; a returning ray of confidence took full poffeffion of my foul; the eventful circumftances of my preceding days, paffed rapidly in review before my imagination; I yielded to an inftantaneous impulfe I found myfelf unable to refift, and proftrate on the fhore, acknowledged the imbecility of human nature, and implored

S Let. xxxvi. ening cloud apiew. I had atnence, at no reslace of our antuation, I could n of Hampton; e mouth of the profpect of the $g$ above the hothe object of my a grand affems gradually difhung over me; dence took full e eventful cirng days, paffed y imagination; cous impulfe I efift, and profnowledged the , and implored the

Let. xixyi. from America. 395 the all-merciful Providence to fupport me, under every future viciffitude, and direct my wandering fteps to the paths of peace and fafety.

Supported and elevated by hope, I defcended, like a new being, to the adjacent beach, and haftened along the fhore to prepare for the enfuing enterprize. Scarce had I reached the veffel, before the welcome dawn, and a rifing favourable breeze, intimated the expediency of commencing our operations. I awakened my companions, and apprized them of the promifing gale:-in an inftant we were under way, and ftood, with a pleafing profpect of fuccefs, for the frigate, which, during the preceding day, had been the earnert object of our attention.

I now began to conceive, that fortune, weary of perfecuting me, was determined
to make ample compenfation for the mortification and difquietude I had fuftained; but I was deftined to encounter yet further trials, under circumftances of more immincat danger.

When we were within two leagues of the fhip, and at the moment that I was anticipating the happiners which awaited me, the breeze fuddenly headed us, and quickly frefhened to a perfect gale. Our fchooner, unfortunately, was foul ; her fails and rigging in bad condition ; and we had, in the courfe of our former attempt, fully experienced her inability to work to windward. In this dilemma, a confultation took place, the refult of which was, a determination to change our courfe, for the fhip which was ftationed up the bay; and the mafter gave me great hopes that we fhould carry our point, without much difficulty, if the wind continued fteady in its
prefent quarter. To animate his exertions, and attach him more ftrongly to my intereft, I promifed a handfome augmentation to our ftipulated agreement; and in return, he affured me, that he would perfevere to the utmoft, and at all events not fhetter in any harbour, unlefs abfolute neceffity enforced him.

We had ftill ferious embarrafiments to encounter. A heavy crofs fea greatly impeded our progrefs, and frequently broke over the deck in an alarming manner. The wind alfo became fcant, and we barely lay our courfe. Hope, however, was predominant ; I found we gradually gained on su: object; my comrades appeared confident of fuccefs; and I had a firm perfuafien that our expectations would be effectuaily gratified. Thus circumftanced, I refolved, if poffible, to obtain a hort upore; the agitation of my mind, and the
extreme fatigue I had experienced, had totally exhaufted nature; I therefore fummoned refolution to retire to my birth, having previoufly given directions to be awakened before our arrival at the fhip; or if any unforefeen event flould take place, which might require my attention or affiftance.

It was about ten in the forenoon, when $x$ threw myfelf on my pillow, and in a few minutes every anxious idea was obliterated by a profound nleep; but fcarce an hour had elapfed before I was alarmed by a fummons upon deck, and in a tone which inftantly filled my mind with a dread of impending evil. I fprung inftantly from my cot, and in a moinent was too perfectly convinced, that I had the ftrongeft reafons to apprehend the moft difagreeable confequences. We plainly defcried an armed fchooner, ftretching from the land, with

Let. xxxvi. verienced, had therefore fumto my birth, ections to be It the flup; or uld take place, tention or af-
renoon, when low, and in a dea was oblitebut fcarce an vas alarmed by n a tone which th a dread of: inftantly from as too perfectly rongeft reafons reeable confeied an armed he land, with

Let. xxixi. from America. 399. an evident intention to intercept our paffage to the Chip, from which we were at that time, about two miles diftant; and as The gained rapidly upon us, I began to abandon that confidence which had fo re-. cently taken pofleffion of my breaft.

Notwithftanding the depreffion which almoft overpowered my faculties, I affumed fufficient refolution to animate my companions, which I feconded, by promifes of greater efficacy, than the force of the moft eloquent perfuafions; and the wind veering a point or two in our favour, to my inexpreffible joy, we were within hail of the Chip, when the American veffel was alfo within random fhot, where the lay to, in order to watch our motions, and take her meafures accordingly.

At this critical period it blew a frefh of wind, accompanied with a heavy fwell of the fea; notwithftanding which, we run along- along-fide the frigate with tolerable dexterity; but in attempting to catch a rope, which was flung from the deck, the boy had nearly fallen overboard, and before another could be thrown for our affiftance, we had, in fpite of every effort, fallen to leeward with aftonihing rapidity. On a fufpicion that we had acted by defign, an officer directed us immediately to bring to, in a manner fo commanding that we apprehended a fhot would be immediately fired to force compliance. Obedience was only left us; but under our circumflances, obedience was attended with infinite danger; our anchor, though fufficient in fmooth water, was by no means adapted for the prefent occafion, nor was the cable in a condition to bear the violent motion and working of the veffel ; in feveral places it was greatly defective, and in its beft ftate, was only intended for harbours, and occafional mooring places along

S Let. xxxyı. tolerable dexte, catch a rope, deck, the boy ard, and before or our affiftance, effort, fallen to rapidity. On a d by defign, an tely to bring to, g that we apprenmediately fired Obedience was our circumended with in, though fuffias by no means cafion, nor was bear the violent veffel ; in feveefcetive, and in ended for haring places along

Let. xxivi. from America. 401 the Chore: neceffity enforced fubmiffion; the anchor was let go, and for fome moments I indulged hope, that a boat would be manned, and fent from the hip, to learn the motives which had brought us into that perilous fituation; but in that hope, fo reafonably founded, I had quickly the mortification to experience a difappointment, we being again hailed, in an authoritative manner, and directed to fend on board immediately.

Situated as we were, it was in vain to attempt reprefenting the particulars which gave me a right to expect afliftance and protection : we were unfortunately unprovided with a fpeaking trumpet, and the wind fetting directly againft us, it was impoffible for the voice alone, at the diftance we were from each other, to convey an articulate found. Our canoe was of the fmalleft dimenfions, and could not, Dd even even in the moft ferenc weather, contain more than one perfon, with any degree of fafety; tempeftuous as it then was, the moft imminent danger awaited the attempt; to deliberate was, at leaft, encountering equal hazard: fhould the veffel drift, it might be thought intentional, and a hot might be ttended with fatal effects. I therefore entreated the mafter to undertake alone, without a moment's delay, the arduous enterprife, while I continued with his fervant, to render him every affiftance in my power.

Whofe fituation was moft critical, I an utterly unable to determine: fcarcely had the canoe put off, before we became fenfible that our veffel dragged upon the anchor, which induced my young affociate to exprefs the ftrongeft fears, that our cable could not poffibly long hold out; in which cafe, the leaft evil which threatened me

S Let. xxxyr. reather, contain th any degree of then was, the ted the attempt; t, encountering veffel drift, it nal, and a fhot fatal effects. I ter to undertake delay, the arcontinued with every afliftance

At critical, I am e: fcarcely had we became fened upon the anpung affociate to that our cable lout ; in which threatened me
was

Let. xxyvi. from Americat 403 was a tedious, and probably a rigid imprifonment, as the armed fchooner continued lying-to, at no remote diftance, and in a very fhort time we muft have drifted fo far to leeward, that the would have taken us, even within random fhot of that veffel to which I fled for refuge.

Under circumftances fo peculiarly diftreffing, I anxioully attended to the motions of the canoe. The veteran feaman acquitted himfelf with the utmoft dexterity. Sometimes, from the height of the fea, he was totally loft to view, which excited a momentary fenfation of the moft painful nature; but when I faw him rife with a rifing wave, hope in confequence exhilarated my fpirits. Though the diftance was not far, near an hour elapfed, before I beheld him afcending the fide of the mip, every minute of which time, in my peculiar fituation, appeared infupportably D d 2 tedi-
tedious. Meanwhile our little bark continued to pitch with great violence, and I was under continual apprehenfions, that the ftrands of our weak cable muft, inevitably, yield to fuch exceffive motion. Guefs then my tranfport, when I heard the welcome fignal given for hoifting out a boat. My eyes were rivetted on an object which promifed a fpecdy and effectual relief. I faw her launch from the hip, with all the wild enthufiafm of joy! and in a few minutes $I$ had the inexpreffible happinefs to take an officer by the hand, who delivered a friendly meffage from his commander, with an obliging invitation to partake of every accommodation his fituation could afford.

Thus much Thall fuffice for the employment of the prefent day ; but I hall quickly refume the pen, that I may conclude a
F. © Let. xxxyb or little bark conat violence, and I prehenfions, that cable muft, inexceffive motion. rt , when I heard for hoifting out ivetted on an ob. eedy and effectual ch from the hip, iafm of joy! and I the inexpreffible icer by the hand, meffage from his iging invitation to odation his fitua-
e for the employbut I thall quick. I may conclude a nar-

Let. xxivif. from America. 405 narrative which, I am perfuaded, you will confider interefting and eventful.

## L E T T E R XXXVII.

Emerald, fuly 5, 1777.

THE officer who had it in charge to convey me on board his Majefty's Mip, acquainted me that the was named the Thames, and was commanded by Captain Tyringham Howe, who had fo remarkably diftinguifhed himfelf in the defence of the Glafgow, when the engaged the American fleet, under the direction of Commodore Hopkins.

Againft a force fo wonderfully fuperior, he maintained an animated conteft; and, in fpite of their utmoft exertions, effected

$$
\text { D d } 3 \quad \text { a gal- }
$$

406 LETTERS Let. xxxin. a gallant retreat into the harbour at Rhode Illand. For his fteady and intrepid conduct, he was rewarded by a promotion into his prefent hip, which, I truft, will be only a prelude to fome more honourable diftinction.

By Captain Howe I was received with a cordiality which exceeded my utmoft expectations. I gave him a brief detail of the events which had fo happily terminated in placing me under his generous protection; and I entreated that he would render every affiftance to the mafter of the fchooner, by whofe zealous and determined efforts I had accomplifhed an efcape, which opened the profpect of a fpeedy reftoration to the bleffings of domeftic fociety.

In confequence of my requifition, immediate orders were given to fecure his veffel beneath the ftern of the frigate; and
R. S Let. xxxif. harbour at Rhode and intrepid con. a promotion into I truft, will be more honourable
as received with d my utmoft exa brief detail of appily terminated generous protecit he would rene mafter of the $s$ and determined an efcape, which peedy reftoration ic fociety.
requifition, imo fecure his vefhe frigate ; and

Let. xxyif. from America. 407 my old pilot, with his faithful adherent, was received on board with affurances of every accommodation, until a favourable opportunity prefented itfelf of profecuting their intentions with entire fafety.

In about an hour after my arrival I fat down with Captain $\mathrm{H} \longrightarrow$, and feveral officers, to a plain but plentiful dinner; I experienced fenfations I had long been unaccuftomed to-my mind was exhilarated with joy and gratitude-I acknowledged the intervention of an all-directing Provi-dence-and I enjoyed a rapid fucceffion of thefe delightful ideas, which indicated a reverfe of fortune, and an ample compenfation for palt folicitudes.

On my name being occafionally mentioned, it caught the attention of the firft lieutenant, who, to my great aftonifhment, difcovered a knowledge of my former fituation. He particularly enquired concernD d 4 ing ing the welfare of my deareft wife and for, and affured me, with uncommon warmth, that every gentleman belonging to that | Mip had, even previous to the hope of any perfonal acquaintance, conceived fentiments highly advantageous to my character and my principles. Perceiving every countenance bore convincing teftimony to the truth of fuch pleafing affertions, I was loft in amazement ; and could not penetrate into the myftery which had fo ftrangely fecured to me the approbation and efteem of perfons to whom I conceived I was totally unknown. I therefore entreated an immediate explanation, that I might learn how to render my grateful acknowledgments, and to approve myfelf deferving fuch an unexpected prepoffeffion in my behalf.

Mr. R—, the gentleman who had fo kindly expreffed himfelf in my favour, then

S Let. xxxini. eft wife and for, mmon warmth, onging to that the hope of any eived fentiments y character and every counteflimony to the ertions, I was ould not penehad fo ftrangeobation and cfconceived I was ore entreated an t I might learn 1 acknowledgyfelf deferving ffeffion in my
an who had fo my favour, then

Let. xixili. from America. 409 then acquainted me that "a few weeks " fince, the Thames had taken an Ame" rican veffel bound to a French ifland, on
" board of which were a number of let"t ters, which had been examined, with a "c view to obtain information; that in per" forming this duty they had met with " two under my fignature, which had im"s preffed them fo ftrongly in my behalf, " that it was refolved to retain them till " an opportunity offered for their fafe con"s veyance. Accordingly on the arrival of " the fhip at New York, they had been " intrufted to the care of a German offi"c cer, with particular injunctions to de" liver them immediately on the comple" tion of his voyage *."-Mr. Rconcluded by obferving that, " the initant

* Mr. R-_ inclofed the intercepted Ietters, in a very elegant and expreffive epiftle from himfelf; and they were punctually delivered. The author is, at this time, happy in including Captain R-amongft his beft and moft valuable friends. my name was mentioned, he entertained fanguine hopes that I was the perfon in whofe caufe they had been fo ftrongly interefted; and on finding thofe hopes fo agreeably confirmed, he was perfuaded every gentleman on board that hip rejoiced in the unexpected opportunity of affording protection and affiftance, where attachment operated fo forcibly with duty to command their beft exertions.

Had I not infantly conceived fentiments of regard for this worthy man, I muft have been infenfible to every generous, every grateful impreffion.-I beheld him with a mixture of reverence and love —and tears-heart-felt tears-proclaimed the genuine, the fervent acknowledgments of my foul.

On board the Thames I continued until the 27 th, experiencing from Captain H and the gentlemen under his command, the the moft obliging attention and hofpitality. But that hip being ftationed a confiderable diftance up the bay, I became anxious for a removal into the Emerald, which lay in the vicinity of the capes, whofe commander confequently had it more in his power to forward the intentions of thofe whofe circumftances rendered it expedient to vifit the city of New York.

Accordingly on the above day, an officer in an armed veffel having arrived on fome duty from the commodore, I determined to embrace the opportunity of his return, that I might obtain a fituation nearer to the object of my hopes.

It was with difficulty I obtained the confent of Captain H——, and his benevolent officers, to this neceffary meafure. They fuggefted the probability of being fpeedily relieved, and the pleafure they fhould receive in conveying me to my defired
fired haven. Though I felt the full force of fuch perfuafions, yet I combated their friendly arguments with reafons fo juftly founded, that my hofpitable protectors yielded rclucantly to their force; and with their fincere prayers for the completion of all my purfuits, I bade them farewell; and early on the following day, was reccived on board the Emerald with great attention and politenefs.

I have now brought you to my prefent fituation, where I experience every proof of regard and humanity. Since the commencement of this conteft, I have repeatedly heard it afferted, that the commanders of his Majefty's hiips confider protection rather as an act of neceflity than inclination; and that thofe loyalifts who had, with infinite hazard, effected an efcape from the adverfe party, had been treated by them, on application for refuge, with

S Let. xxxili. $t$ the full force ombated their afons fo juftly ible protectors ree ; and with completion of farewell ; and
was reccived great attention to my prefent e every proof ince the comI have repeate commanders der protection than inclinaifts who had, ted an efcape 1 been treated refuge, with a dif-

Let. xxyif. From America. 413 a diftance and haughtinefs, that aggravated their fufferings, and almoft alienated their fentiments of allegiance. I verily believe the affertion, in every inftance, moft unjuftly founded; propagated by malice, and by republican artifice. On board the Emerald are feveral gentlemen under fimilar circumftances with myfelf; all equally ftrangers to our benefactors, we are all equally treated as friends and brethren. Captain Caldwell, who is the commodore on the ftation, is continually gaining on our efteem by the affability of his manners; his officers appear no lefs anxious to promote our entire fatisfaction ; and we meet with every accommodation our fituation can poffibly obtain. But kindly and humanely treated as I am, happinefs is not yet my portion ; my thoughts are anxioufly turned towards you and our deareft boy, and I confider every hour a tedicus delay, till I obtain information of your heaith and
wel. mine my future conduct. I truft I hall foon rejoin you in England ; or by a plearing change in the political fyftem, be enabled once more to bid you welcome to the continent of America. May heaven grant us a fpeedy re-union; and may we pafs the refidue of our days, without again experiencing the infupportable anxiety of feparation.

New Lork, Fuly 19, 1777.
I have only a few minutes to inform you, that yefterday I was fafely landed in this city, and met with the moft cordial reception from our invaluable friends.

I found but one letter from my deareft wife, dated on the 26 ch of April, and ift of May laft. On obtaining intelligence of your welfare, my joy was inexpreffible. More than fixteen tedious months had elapfed,

Let. xxxifi robably deterI truit I hall or by a pleafyftem, be enu welcome to May heaion ; and may days, without portable anxi-
fuly 19, 1777.
tes to inform ely landed in moft cordial friends.
m my deareft April, and ift ntelligence of inexpreffible. months had elapfed,

Let. xixuif. from America. 415 elapfed, fince the date of your laft: many of your epiftles have undoubtedly mifcarried: mine to you, I truft, have been more fortunate. During the remainder of our feparation, our correfpondence will be certain. I am now frce, unawed, unre-ftrained.-I feel myfelf enlarged; and I will write, fpeak, and act, as becomes a zealous adherent to the Britifin conftitution.

In my next I will give you the particulars of my expedition hither ; of my prefent fituation; and probably fome idea of my future intentions; but as the mip which is to convey this is preparing to fail, I muft poftpone further information.

Opportunities of writing from this place very frequently offer : expect therefore to hear from me again fpeedily. My voluminous detail will be delivered to you by Mr. S——, a worthy young man, and a refugee refugee from Maryland. To him I refer you for an account of your friends in that province, which he quitted but a few days fince.-Adieu.

L E T T E R XXXVIII.

Nizo York, Aug. 1, 1777.

MY laft contained a circumftantial detail from the day of my quitting Maryland, to that of my reception on board the Emerald frigate. I fhall now continue my narrative to the time of my arrival in this city.

On the tenth of July, at day break, feveral veffels were diftinguifhed, which had paffed us by favour of the night, and were ftretching to the eaftward with a croud of canvas. In an inftant we weighed anchor, and ftood out to fea. The Senegal

Let. xxxinif. him I refer riends in that out a few days
XXVIII.
, Aug. 1, 1777. umftantial de-
my quitting reception on
I fhall now time of my
lay break, fed , which had e night, and ward with a nt we weighea. The Senegal

Let. xxxilif. from America. 417 negal floop of war, and an armed brig, that were ftationed off Cape Charles, joined us in the chace; and before noon we took three large floops and two fchooners laden with tobacco, flour, and various valuable commodities for the French illands.

The capture of thefe veff ras a fortunate event to me, and to the were under fimilar circumftances, it bcing determined to fend the prizes immediately to New York, under convoy of the Senegal, commanded by Captain Molloy.

- On Friday the eleventh, Captain Cintroduced two gentlemen, who had efcaped from Virginia, and myfelf, to the commander of the Senegal, and recommended us ftrongly to his kind attention. On board this hip we experienced every proof of hofpitality and regard during the paffage to New York, where, on the 18 th, we were fafely landed.

E
On


IMAGE EVALUATION TEST TARGET (MT-3)




Photographic Sciences Corporation

On entering the Narrows, my mind was forcibly ftruck with the fplendid appearance of a numerous, and formidable equipment. A grand fleet, attended with innumerable tranfports, arranged in their feveral divifions, lay at anchor off Staten Illand. The ifland itfelf was covered with troops ready for embarcation, and every appearance indicated an expedition of the moft decifive confequence. I could not avoid contemplating, with aftonifhment, the power-the apparently irrefiftable power-of the parent ftate; and, in confequence, equal aftonifhment took poffeffion of my mind, when I reflected how ineffectual, to every falutary purpofe, the moft determined efforts had hitherto been.

Mr. and Mrs. C—_ infift on my fojourning beneath their friendly roof, until fome plan is adopted for a permanent fitu-

Let. xxxilis. my mind was ndid appeariidable equipded with inged in their chor off Stafelf was coembarcation, ated an expeconfequence. ting, with afapparently irent ftate; and, nifhment took hen I reflected lutary purpofe, had hitherto
fift on my fodly roof, until ermanent fituation;

Let. xxximit. from Ameriga. 419 ation ; and exprefs their regret, that unavoidable events have fo long detained me from experiencing their humanity and affection.
$\mathrm{Mr} . \mathrm{C} \longrightarrow$ is no longer Commiffary $\mathrm{Ge}-$ neral, having refigned that lucrative office with the greateft credit to his abilities and reputation; and is now Auditor General of accompts, a ftation of equal honour, but inferior in point of emolument : it is, however, attended with much lefs fatigue.

This alteration, though defirable to him, is particularly unfavourable to me. His patronage as Commiffary General was very extenfive; and his inclination correfponded with his power to render me effential fervice. He has juft acquainted me that he had, with a view to my intereft, deferred for fome time the filling up a profitable appointment; but learning that I had taken my paffage by way of the Weft InE e 2 dies, dies, he had given up all hopes of feeing me in New York; and had, therefore, previous to his refignation, difpofed of the employment to a gentleman who will, in all probability, acquire thereby an ample provifion, fhould the war be continued for any length of time.

Thus it appears, that difappointment is ftill to deftroy our hopes of profperity. But it is folly-nay, it is criminal to indulge an idea of difcontent. We have fufficient motives to nourih the moft grateful acknowledgments: we will, therefore, look forward with increafing confidence, and truft to heaven alone for the difpofal of every future concern.

It is impofible w.: eive a more magnificent appearance than was exhibited by the depart:rre of the grand fleet, which on the 23 d of laft month, weighed anchor, and ftood to the eaftward with a favour-

Let. xxxvili: opes of feeing ad, therefore, difpofed of the 1 who will, in reby an ample e continued for
appointment is of profperity. criminal to inWe have fufthe moft gratewill, therefore, ing confidence, for the difpofal
ve a more magwas exhibited e grand fleet, honth, weighed aftward with a favour-

Let. xxivifi from America. 421 favourable breeze. Whither they are bound is to the public an impenetrable fecret; but if the confequences are what might be expected from the apparent ftrength of the armament, furely the day is at hand which will happily terminate the complicated miferies of this unnatural war.

There are thofe who appear fanguine enough to believe, that the prefent campaign will affuredly prove decifive, and reftore the ancient government. It is certain that much may be expected from the operations of the formidable force under the command of Lord and General Howe ; and the utmoft anxiety and impatience prevail for intelligence of their deftination and proceedings.

Our worthy friend has a delightful fituation on the banks of the Eaft River, about five miles diftant from New York, where he principally retides during the

$$
\mathrm{E}_{3} 3 \text { fum- }
$$ fortable apartment, where I enjoy rational fociety, and an occaional retreat from the active fcenes of military arrangements.

Wednefday, 6th Aug.
I have this inftant heard of a veffel preparing to fail for Liverpool; I muft therefore poftpone an account of New York, and its environs, to a future opportunity. Every fail that I behold will excite the ftrongeft emotions of expectation. Surely I fhall now receive frequent accounts of your health and welfare.

## L E T T E R XXXIX.

York Ifand, Aug. 16, 1777,

HAPPY beneath this hofpitable roof, I feldom vifit the crowded city. At this feafon, the heat of the weather in town, рссат

S Let. xxxix.
t I have a comI enjoy rational etreat from the angements.
lnefday, 6th Aug. of a veffel pre; I muft thereof New York, ure opportunity. will excite the ectation. Surely tent accounts of

## XXXIX.

and, Aus. 16, 1777, hofpitable roof, rowded city. At weather in town, осса-

Let. xxixix. from America. 423 occafioned by the confined air, and the reflection of the fun, is fcarcely fupportable.

We are fituated oppofite to a fertile and beautiful part of Long Ifland. Veffels of every denomination are continually in view; and a variety of pleafing and interefting objects contribute to decorate the fcene, and to render our retirement truiy delectable.

In the vicinity of our habitation, is a very dangerous and narrow paffage of the river, the fight of which excites ideas of greater terror than the celebrated poetical defcriptions of Scylla and Charybdis. The tide runs with aftonifhing rapidity, and in various currents, only one of which will carry a veffel through, with any degree of fafety; for on one fide there is a fhoal of rocks that barely make their appearance above the water ; and on the other, a dreadful vortex, occafioned by a rock feveral feet

$$
\text { E e } 4 \quad \text { b neath }
$$ beneath the furface, which attracts and engulphs every object that approaches it. At particular periods of the tide, this tremendous whirlpool appears to boil like foaming cauldrons, accompanied with a hollow terrific found, which impreffes the moft determined mind with apprehenfions of inevitable deftruction. The breadth of the river at this place is nearly half a mile, but that of the channel does not exceed eighty yards. This paffage is only practicable at, and near the height of tide; at any other time it would be extreme rafhnefs to attempt it ; and under the moft favourable circumftances, the greateft knowledge and dexterity are requifite in the navigation.

Attended by fome kilful boatmen, I had the curiofity to fhoot this formidable gulf, which has, with fome degree of propricty, obtained the appellation of Hell-

Gate.

Let. xxxix. attracts and pproaches it. tide, this treto boil like anied with a impreffes the apprehenfions he breadth of ly half a mile, es not exceed is only pracat of tide; at extreme rah$r$ the mof fareateft knowite in the na-
boatmen, I is formidable egree of proion of HellGate.

Let. xxixix. from America. 425

Gate. The velocity of our motion was, indeed, beyond credibility, through a wonderfully agitated ftream, accompanied with fuch dreadful roarings that, confident as I was in the fkill of my conductors, I heartily repented the temerity of the undertaking, and beheld, in imagination, the invifible boundary " from which no traveller returns."

York Ifland extends to Kingfbridge, about fourteen miles diftant from the city; where it is joined to the continent by a fmall wooden bridge. The narrow deep river, which runs at this place, is a fufficient fecurity againft fudden incurfions; and the works that are thrown up are fo exceedingly ftrong, and in fuch commanding fituations, as effectually to exclude the idea of a regular attack.

The capital of this province is fituated on the fouthern extremity of the illand:
on one fide runs the north, and on the other the eaft river ; on the latter of which, on account of the harbour, the city is principally built. In feveral ftreets, trees are regularly planted, which afford a grateful Shelter during the intenfe heat of the fummer. The buildings are generally of brick, and many are erected in a ftile of elegance. The fituation is faid to be perfectly healthful, but frefh water is fo very fcarce, that the purchafe of this effential article is attended with a confiderable expenfe.

Notwithftanding the war, New York is plentifully fupplied from Long Ifland with provifions of all kinds. It muft, however, be confeffed, that almoft every article bears an exorbitant price, when compared with that of former happy times. Both the north and eaft rivers abound with a great variety of excellent filh. Lobfters, of a prodigious fize, were, till of late, caught

R S Let. xxxix. and on the other er of which, on he city is princitreets, trees are pfford a grateful heat of the fumnerally of brick, tile of elegance. perfectly healthery fcarce, that ial article is atexpenfe.
ar, New York n Long Inland ids. It muft, at almoft every ice, when comhappy times. rs abound with ifh. Lobiters, till of late, caught

Let. xxifix. from America. 429
caught in vaft numbers, but it is a fact, furprifing as it may appear, that, fince the late inceffant cannonading, they have entirely forfaken the coaft, not one having been'taken, or feen, fince the commencement of hoftilities.

Into this place and neighbourhood, lobfters were introduced by accident; the province having been formerly fupplied with them by the fifhermen of New England, who brought them in well-boats, one of which, in paffing Hell-Gate, ftriking againft a rock, feparated, and the lobiters, which efcaped into their proper element, multiplied fo exceedingly, that in a Chort time the markets were amply and reafonably fupplied.

Previous to the commencement of thisunhappy war, New York was a flourihing, populous, and beautiful town. But immediately on the Britifh troops taking poffeffion,
it was fet on fire by fome defperate incendiaries, aud near a third part deftroyed, in fpite of the utmoft exertions to prevent the fpreading conflagration. The flames, at the fame inftant, burft out in a variety of places, which rendered it evident, that this execrable deed was perpetrated from a principle of ill-directed zeal, in order to preclude the royal army from a poffibility of maintaining, with the lealt degree of comfort, their important acquifitions.

Notwithftanding the late devaftation, there are ftill many elegant edifices remaining, which would reflect credit on any metropolis in Europe. The new church is a noble ftructure: the college is fpacious and convenient: the barracks are well built, and well accommodated. The Dutch churches, with feveral places of worfhip for Proteftants of different perfuafions, reflect great credit on the genius of their architects;

Let. xxxix, (perate incendeftroyed, in o prevent the ae flames, at 1 a variety of lent, that this ated from a in order to a poffibility It degree of ififions.
devartation, fices remainon any mechurch is a is spacious ss are well The Dutch of worfhip afions, reof their architects:

LET, XXXIX. EROM AMERICA. 429 chitects; and the general ftile which predominates in this city, impreffes the mind with an idea of neatnefs and tafte.

The numerous fortifications thrown up by the American troops in the vicinity of the capital, appear to be conftructed with judgment and attention. Why they were fo precipitately abandoned is difficult to afcertain : indeed the whole illand forms a continued chain of batteries and intrenchments, which feemed to indicate the moft refolute oppofition.

I have lately made an excurfion to Long Illand, and was highly entertained in my progrefs through a rich, beautiful, and well cultivated country. At a village named Flatbufh, I met with feveral provincial officers belonging to the Maryland battalions, who had been taken in different actions, and were prifoners on parole; and it was with real fatisfaction I recognized
fome fome of my old acquaintance, and anfwered their refpective interrogatories relative to their friends and connexions in that province.

I have, in the courfe of my excurfions, traverfed the whole of York Ifland, and have even attended the relief of the piquet guard without Kingfbridge, which is the advanced port of the Britih army. It is impoffible to convey an adequate idea of the interefting and noble objects which, in every direction, ftrike the curious and inquifitive eye. From the city of New York, to the extent of the illand, we beheld a regular continuation of formidable intrenchments. The troops appear animated in the fervice; and, furely, if their operations are properly conducted, the event cannot but effectually re-eftablifh our ancient happy conftitution on a permanent foundation. , and anfwered ies relative to in that pro-
my excurfions, rk Ifland, and $f$ of the piquet which is the $h$ army. It is lequate idea of jects which, in curious and incity of New ifland, we beof formidable appear animated if their operaed, the event fablih our ann a permanent I fre-

Let. xixix. From America. 431

I frequently partake of a military dinner, and have been hofpitably entertained by the officers of different corps. As I have no real employment to occupy my time, I often change the fcene. Variety of objects tends to prevent the intrufion of painful reflections; yet, in fpite of my beft efforts, I am almoft unable to ftem the tide of forrow, when paft bleffings rife up, like phantoms, to my view, and irrefiftably remind me, " that fuch things were, and that I once was happy."

I have written by Mr. S_ to Sir Robert Eden, and have tranfmitted him a minute detail of the political fate of Maryland. I have reprefented leading characters with truth and impartiality; and have endeavoured to convey a competent idea of the military arrangements, and legiflative difpofitions which have taken place in confequence of the new fyftem of government. vernment. He will, probably, give you his fentiments on the fubject of my com-munications.-This I can fafely aver, that I have delineated circumftances in their true light, " nor fet down aught in malice."
$4^{\text {th }}$ September.
I am fomewhat relieved from the anxiety I have experienced. Several letters mention the departure of a fleet for this port, under convoy of the Briftol, which left England previous to the failing of the packet ; confequently they may be hourly expected : by that opportunity I hall, affuredly, receive intimation of your health and welfare.

We have certain advice, that our formidable armament has proceeded up the Chefapeak, and that the troops are landed, in high fpirits, near the head of Elk. My friend Captain $\mathrm{H}-$, who has been here

S Let. xxxix. bly, give you $t$ of my comfely aver, that ances in their ght in malice."
$4^{\text {th }}$ September.
from the anxiSeveral letters fleet for this Briftol, which te failing of the may be hourly nity I mall, afof your health
that our forpceeded up the ops are landed, d of Elk. My b has been here fome

Let. xixix. from America. 433 fome time, exp cts failing orders every minute, and folicits me to accompany him on the cruize. Should he be directed to Maryland, I have refolved to attend him; for if we obtain poffeffion of that province, my duty and my intereft will, undoubtedly, require my immediate prefence. But to fay truth, I cannot poffibly adopt any plan, with the leaft fatisfaction, until I procure information how it is with you, and our deareft boy.

## 6th September,

It is confidently reported, that the city of Annapolis, the fcene of our former happinefs and profperity, is, by the inevitable calamity of war, reduced to ahes. I need not obferve, that very many, whom we have caufe to love and efteem, will moft materially fuffer in confequence of this unfortunate event. I am extremely anxious; Ff to were neceffitated, by circumftances, to remain in that place, and in the neighbourhood. I think it probable, that on the appearance of the Britifh fleet, the adherents to government were compelled to retire to the interior country.

Captain H—— has not yet learned his deftination, but fhould he proceed to the Chefapeak, it is my fixed intention to accompany him; by which means I fhall obtain the knowledge of many material circumftances, which it may be neceffary to impart to our fuffering brethren in England.

The provincials have lately made an attack on Staten Illand, where, during the firft confufion, they burned fome ftores, and took a few prifoners; but they have paid feverely for the attempt. The alarm inftantly reached an adjacent poft, and be-

Let. xxxix. friends who tances, to ree neighbouraat on the apthe adherents lled to retire
et learned his roceed to the tention to acmeans I fhall nany material y be neceffary thren in Eng-
y made an ate, during the fome fores, ut they have The alarm poft, and be, fore

LET. XXXIX. FROM AMERICA. 435
fore they could effect a retreat they were vigoroully attacked. About two hundred fell in the action, and near three hundred furrendered to the Britifh detachment. Another party landed about the fame time on Long lland, but on the appearance of oppofition, quitted it with precipitation. A ftrong body likewife advanced within fight of our lines at Kingibridge, but retired on the approach of our light infantry. .From thefe movements there is reafon to believe, that an attack was meditated on New York, in the abfence of our grand army ; but, happily, a fufficient force is left to baffle the beft concerted attempt.

$$
13 \text { th September. }
$$

I have, impatiently, expected particulars relative to Annapolis; but, as nothing further is yet circulated, I am inclined to indulge hope that the account which was propagated is without foundation.

$$
\text { Ff2 } \quad \text { Nothing }
$$

Nothing of real importance has yet tranfpired from Lord Howe and the general; which is rather extraordinary, as we have had certain information of our troops having effected a landing at the head of the Chefapeak; and that they were in the vicinity of the American army.

A report is circulated, that General Burgoyne has totally defeated the northern army, under the command of General Gates. If true-the confequences mult be glorious and decifive.

The Brittol, and her convoy, are hourly expected-but by no one with more impatience than by your faithful, \&c.

Let. xxixix. e has yet $\operatorname{tranf}$ $d$ the general; $y$, as we have ur troops have head of the vere in the vi-

## y.

that General d the northern d of General quences muft
roy, are hourwith more im$\mathrm{ul}, \& \mathrm{c}$.

Let. xl. from.america. 437
$\begin{array}{lllllll}\mathrm{L} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{R} & \mathrm{XL} .\end{array}$ New York, Sept. 20, 1777.

WE have intelligence of the moft interefting and pleafing nature. It is faid that General Wamington has fuffered a total defeat in the neighbourhood of Philadelphia. Should this report, which is generally credited, be well founded, this deftructive war will furely be quickly terminated.

I am happy to inform you, that the account refpecting Annapolis was totally without foundation. Hitherto Maryland has not experienced the actual fcourge of war: may the fweet return of peace exempt her from participating in the almoft general calamity,

On the appearance of the Britifh fleet in the Chefing e.k, the loyalifts throughout Ff3 that that province were obliged to retire to a remote diftance from navigable waters. There is certainly reafon to credit this report, as I have only heard of two gentlemen who have eluded the vigilance of the ruling powers, and joined the royal army in their paffage up the bay.

al Ociober.

The Thames is failed for the Chefapeak. I have been diffuaded from accompanying Captain H —— and my friends on board that Chip, by the earneft advice of $\mathrm{Mr}, \mathrm{C}$ who juftly obferved, "s that as our troops " had not made any defcent on the weft" ern fhore of Maryland, I could not ren" der any effential fervice to myfelf, or " others, by an excurfion thither." But another reafon more forcibly operates to detain me in my prefent fituation-the conftant anxiety I experience to obtain intelligence

Let. xl.
to retire to a vigable waters. credit this reof two gentlevigilance of the the royal army

## a\& October.

the Chefapeak. accompanying iends on board ice of Mr, Cas our troops at on the weftcould not rento myfelf, or thither." But ibly operates to fituation-the ce to obtain intelligence

Let. xl. fromamerica. 439 telligence relative to the welfare of my deareft wife and fon.

## 8th OETober.

On Saturday laft arrived the packet. Your letters, which informed me that you were well and happy, relieved my mind from a moft painful and tedious fate of difquietude.

On the fame day an expedition took place under the command of Sir Henry Clinton, and commodore Hotham. Their dertination was up the North River ; and this inftant we have received the particulars of their operations. Fort Montgomery, and Fort Clinton, have been taken by form; and in the capture of thefe places, it was doubtful whether bravery or humanity was moft predominant.

Count Gabroukk, a young Polifh nobleman, who arrived in the late fleet from

$$
\mathrm{Ff}_{4} \quad \text { Eng- }
$$

England, ferved as a volunteer in this expedition; and in thofe ranks, where every individual difplayed the utmoft heroifm, his diftinguifhed coolnefs and intrepidity, attracted univerfal admiration. In rufhing forward to the enemy's works, againft a heavy and well directed fire, he received many wounds, and fell at the foot of their intrenchments. His death was not im-mediate;-he lived to rejoice in victory! The undaunted deportment of the Britifh grenadiers excited his applaufe, even in the moment of diffolution. He fpoke with rapture of that enthufiaftic ardour which animated the whole as one body; and he defired that his remains might be depofited on the memorable fpot, where his gallant affociates had gained fuch honor, It is faid, he entreated Lord Rawdon, in a very handfome compliment, to wear that fword which he had fo recently drawn in fupport of the claims of Britain; and.

Let. xh. er in this exwhere every noft heroifm, d intrepidity, In rufhing rks, againft a , he received foot of their was not imce in victory! of the Britich fe, even in the e fpoke with ardour which body; and he ght be depobt, where his fuch honor, d Rawdon, in ent, to wear ecently drawn
Britain ; and. then

Let. xl. prom America. 448 then paid the inevitable debt, with that intrepidity of fpirit which determined his conduct, and led him forward to his fate.

It is expected the fuccefs which has attended this expedition, will greatly facilitate the operations of General Burgoyne, who, after having furmounted infinite dangers and difficulties, has certainly advanced into the neighbourhood of Albany.

Such variety of contradictory reports are daily circulated relative to the real fituation of the army under his command, that at prefent all is mere conjecture, without any certain ground on which to erect hope, or admit defpondency. There are thofe who conceive, that General Howe ought to have conducted his firft efforts, to complete a junction with the northern army; and then to have directed the united force of the Britifl arms, wherever their exertions
exertions would have been moft effectual. But without due information of thofe inportant facts, that influence the proceedings of our commanders, it is illiberal and ungenerous, to cenfure or condemn. The beft concerted plans are frequently defective in execution; and the feeming hand of chance often leads to fuccefs the moft brilliant and decifive.

$1 /$ November.

At length fu/penfe is determined by certainty. I am preparing for my immediate -perhaps final-departure from America. The unfavourable afpect of public affairs compels me to this neceffary meafure; and I muft, in confequence, encounter the inconveniences of a winter's paffage. But the predominant idea of being fpeedily reftored to the fociety of a beloved wife and fon, will fmooth the rugged billows, and dif-
fipate every apprehenfion of difficulty or danger.

General Burgoyne has been neceffitated to furrender himfelf with his army. The particulars of this unhappy, unexpected event, are not yet public ; but it is ftrongly afferted, that the want of provifions, and not the amazing fuperiority of the enemy, obliged our gallant general to fubmit to the inevitable fate of war.

An univerfal dejection has followed: every loyal countenance bears the moft evident impreffions of forrow and difappointment. The exaltation of our adverfaries is doubtlefs in full proportion to our mortification: for certainly this important fuccefs will animate their efforts in the profecution of the war; give credit and frength to their political negotiations, and render dubious the event of a conteft, which
which appeared rapidly approaching to a defirable iffue.

The duty which fell to the fhare of General Burgoyne, was infinitely more hazardous than the allotment of our other commanders; and, I am forry to obferve, it is the prevailing opinion, that there has been fome neglect in the proper arrangements. neceffary to have fecured fuccefs. But leaving thefe matters which are too high for me, and enter not within my limited fphere of action, I fhall confine my obfervations to domeftic concernments.

A fleet is expected to fail from this place for Cork in about fourteen days, in which I have taken my palfage on board a convenient veffel. An officer, and his lady, with whom I am intimately acquainted, bear me company in the voyage; fo that before the conclufion of the year, I trult we fhall be re-united. May we never

LET. XL. oaching to a Chare of $\mathrm{Ge}-$ ly more haof our other to obferve, it here has been arrangements. accefs. But are too high n my limited ine my obferents.
om this place yys, in which oard a convend his lady, acquainted, age; fo that the year,' I May wé never
never again experience the anxiety and forrow of feparation.

My worthy friend, under whofe hofpitable roof I have experienced every engaging mark of difinterefted attachment, is determined, if poffible, to increare my fenfe of the obligations I am under to him. Though comparative plenty abounds in this garrifon, yet almoft every needful article bears fo exorbitant a price, that in the prefent reduced ftate of my finances, my proportion of fores for the paffage to Europe, would require a greater expenditure than I am well able to fupport. $\mathrm{Mr} . \mathrm{C}$ —— has, therefore, generoufly infifted on fupplying me with every requifite; fo that unlefs our voyage fhould be uncommonly tedious, I fhall be enabled, by his bounty, to fare fumptuoully every day. Perhaps, within the extenfive circuit of the Britifh dominions, there is not
a cha-
a character more univerfally beloved, or refpected, than the exalted man to whom I am fo deeply indebted *.

It is advifeable to guard againft every poffible accident. Our fhip may be feparated

* This worthy perfonage was fuddenly tranflated to a better flate on the 27 th of November, 1778 . At that aweful moment he was furrounded by fome valued friends, and the inftant before his diffolution, he appeared in the full poffefion of health and chearfulnefs. The author, on receiving intelligence of this fatal event, addreffed the following letter to the Editor of the Morning Chronicle, which was inferted in that paper, Fe bruary 11, 1779.
"SIR,
" Through the channel of your extenfive and impartial paper, permit me to offer a juft tribute to the memory of an invaluable man, whofe death will long be pathetically lamented; and whofe innumerable virtues endeared him, even in the midft of hoftile commotions, to the love and veneration of contending parties.
" Daniel Chamier, Efq; late Auditor General to the Britifh army in America, refided many years in the province of Maryland, and in the difcharge of various important offices, was particularly diftinguihed as a faithful

Let. xt, beloved, or an to whom
gainft every nay be feparated enly tranflated to nber, 1778 . At d by fome valued folution, he apand chearfulncfs. of this fatal event, itor of the Mornthat paper, $\mathrm{Fe}-$
xtenfive and imuft tribute to the leath will long be umerable virtues tile commotions, hg parties.
r General to the ny years in the harge of various ftinguifhed as a faithful

Let. xl. From Americá. 447 rated from the convoy, and we may fall into the enemies hands; as in that cafe we fhall probably be detained in fome American port until an exchange takes place ;
faithful fervant to the public, and a valuable member of fociety.
" On his quitting that governments to act in an honourable department in the fervice of the Crown, even the leaders in the prefent controverfy fpoke of him in terms of the higheft veneration : they were affured, that the uncommon benevolence of his difpofition would extend to every perfon, independerit of political tenets, who might be reduced by the viciffitudes of war, to implore his gencrous affiftance.
" When hoftilities unhappily commenced beiween the parent ftate and her mifguided colonies, this great! this worthy man! then exerted himfelf in a more exalted fphere! The loyalift, who abandoned his family and property, compelled by the rigid hand of perfecution, and who preferred his integrity to every inducement of avarice or ambition, found in him a fympathizing bencfactor, by whom he was hofpitably received, his neceffities amply fupplied, and every relief extended that his fortune or influence could poffibly afford.

[^2]place ; I muft entreat you to continue writing, by every opportunity, to New York, that at leaft a chance may be afforded me to hear of your welfare.
tured by the incidents of war, many were the hufbands, the fons, and friends of them with whom he had been formerly connected. By his intereft he procured them particular indulgences; he advanced confiderable fums for their immediate occafions, and exerted every effort to alleviate the idea of captivity, and render them comfortable in their peculiar fituations. In a word, the utmoft hofpitality marked the whole of his conduct, and the innate goodnefs of his heart beamed forth in every action.
" Such was the man for whom the prayers of multitudes were feryently offered; but, alas! the will of heaven fuddenly removed him from this terreftrial ftate, to receive an eternal recompenfe for his faithful difcharge of every relative duty.
: To enter fully into the character of this very excellent perfon, would greatly exceed my abilities, and lead me into a field of prolixity. Suffice it to fay, that in him his fovereign has loft a moft loyal animated fubject ; his country an invaluable citizen; his wife a tender indulgent hufband; and the writer of this letter (with numbers who have felt the miferies of this unnatural contention) has loft the moft faithful affectionate friend! the moft generous humane benefactor !"

Let. *x. continue writo New York, e afforded me were the hufbands, whom he had been he procured them 1 confiderable fums exerted every effort $d$ render them comIn a word, the utof his conduct, and amed forth in every
he prayers of multialas! the will of this terreftrial ftate, for his faithful dif-
ter of this very exed my abilities, and uffice it to fay, that loyal animated fubzen; his wife a tenvriter of this letter miferies of this unfaithful affectionate bencfactor!"

## Should

Lex. xl . from America. 449

Should I have the happinefs to arrive fafe at Cork, I fhall immediately fend you intelligence, with an account of the courfe I intend to purfue, in order to complete my voyage. But it is moft probable I hall proceed directly to Briftol, which will be lefs expenfive than by way of Dublin; and by which means I may be enabled to pay a melancholy vifit to the monument of my once much beloved Powell! I hall alfo have the fatisfaction to renew a perfonal connexion with thofe valued friends, who were folemn fpectators of the concluding fcene of that celebrated actor's life, which fo ftrongly evinced the force of the ruling paffion, even under the awful circumftances of death *.

Adieu. Be conftantly prepared for my reception, and believe me unalterably yours.

\author{

* See Letter II.
}

Gg LET.

## $\begin{array}{lllllll}\mathbf{L} & \mathbf{E} & \mathbf{T} & \mathbf{T} & \mathbf{E} & \mathrm{R} & \text { XLI. }\end{array}$

Cork, Dec. 16, 1777.

THANKS to Almighty God I am fafely arrived at my defired port, after a pleafant and expeditious paffage.

On the 15 th of November I took an affectionate leave of our generous hofpitable friends; on the 18 th we quitted the coaft ; on the $13^{\text {th }}$ inftant we ftruck foundings; and yefterday, in the evening, landed at a village named Paffage; took poft horfes, and were fet down in this city in time to procure a good fupper, and convenient lodging.

The hurry and buftle of this place bears fome refemblance to our great metropolis. The ftreets are crowded with bufy multitudes; many of the fhops have a hand-

Let. xif.

## XLI.

Dec. 16, 1777. ty God I am defired port, ous paffage.
ber I took an enerous hofpiwe quitted the e ftruck foundevening, landge; took poft in this city in yer, and conve-
this place bears reat metropolis. th bufy multi; have a handfome

Let. XLI. from America. 451 fome appearance ; and the habitations of the principal merchants, fufficiently indicate their wealth and commercial importance. The incredible quantities of provifions, which are preparing for exportation, cannot but excite the higheft ideas of the trade and confequence of this flourifhing port. The variety of canals, bridges, and wharfs, are likewife deferving of admiration. By their canals, fhips of confiderable burden are laden at the merchant's doors; and the wharfs, which are convenient and extenfive, are covered with innumerable commodities, principally for the fupply of the army and navy in America.

By my friend Mr. C—, I was favoured with a letter of introduction to Mr . B——, a merchant of great refpectability in this port; from whom I have received a frank and general invitation to his table,

Gg2 during during the time that inclination or neceffity may detain me in this city.

There are few perfons in whom the paffion of curiofity is more predominant than in myfelf; and the environs of Cork promife abundant gratification to an inquifitive mind; but as the firft object of my purfuit relates to you, and to our deareft boy, I have no wifh for an opportunity to make any excurfion, foreign to the thoughts that engrofs my mind in my prefent fituation.

Paffage, Dec. 25.
Yefterday I took leave of Cork, and came to this place in order to embark for Briftol. About noon we expect to fail.

I fhall quit Ireland with deep impreffiens of gratitude. The entertainment I have experienced, greatly exceeds the high ideas I had been taught to form of Irifh hofpitality. May they continue to enjoy every

Let. Xel. tion or necity.
om the pafminant than f Cork proan inquifibject of my our deareft portunity to the thoughts refent fitua-
ge, Dec. 25.
Cork, and embark for et to fail.
eep imprefrtainment I eds the high of Irifh hofenjoy every bleffing

Let. xlit. Fromamerica. 453 bleffing which liberty, induftry, and profperity can afford.

I Shall leave this to be forwarded by the poft. Should a favourable gale crown my wifhes, it is poffible-nay, proba-ble-that I may be happily re-united to my deareft partner, before fhe will receive this fervent affurance of my unalterable attachment. The hour-the long expected hour-is at hand, which will reftore to us the bleffings of domeftic felicity. Adieu.

$$
\begin{array}{lllllll}
\mathbf{L} & \mathbf{E} & \mathbf{T} & \mathbf{T} & \mathbf{E} & \mathbf{R} & \mathbf{X L I I} .
\end{array}
$$

Ilfracomb, Devon, 27th Dec.

IA M fafely landed on my native fhore. The poft departs for London within an hour: I gladly embrace the opportunity nity to give you an account of my fafe arrival, and explain the circumftances which occafioned an alteration in my intended route.

I embarked at Paffage on Chriftmasday, but the wind would not permit us to fail till the enfuing morning. From thence to the ille of Lundy we had a prodigious run, having accomplifhed near fifty leagues in about twenty-four hours. The wind then became contrary, and we were happy to gain this harbour, where the mafter of the veffel means to await all alteration of weather in his favour.

The diftance from this place to Briftol is reckoned twenty-five leagues; but on account of the frong tides which prevail in this channel, thort as the paffage is, it cannot well be attempted againft an adverfe wind; and as prefent appearances do not indicate a fpeedy change, I have deter-

Let. xlih. my fafe arnces which ly intended

Chriftmassermit us to irom thence prodigious fifty leagues
The wind were happy he mafter of alteration of
e to Briftol is
but on ach prevail in affage is, it ainft an adappearances nge, I have deter-

Let. xhif. fromamerica. 455 determined to refign the plan of profecuting the voyage, and Chall, therefore, depart by land, the inftant my baggage has paffed the neceffary examination.

When you receive your hufband to your faithful arms, let every anxious idea be excluded-let us unite in recounting paft deliverances, and be thus animated to look forward with gratitude and confidence. Our difappointments and our misfortunes have originated from inevitable caufes; and if adverfity fhould ftill continue to oppofe our beft endeavours, we muft derive confolation from reflecting that we have acted confiftent with the fentiments which we profeffed, and with a confcientious regard to the duties of that ftation in which Providence had placed us, always remembering that though

> " 'Tis not in mortals to command fuccefs, " They may do more-DESER VE 1 T."

$$
\mathrm{F} \ddagger \mathrm{~N} I \mathrm{~S} .
$$




[^0]:    * The royal grant was given on this fingular condifion, that the proprietary fhould annually prefent, at Windfor Caftle, two Indian arrows.

[^1]:    " Good name in man and woman
    " Is the immediate jewel of their fouls.
    " Who fteals my purfe, fteals trah; ; tis fomething, " nothing;
    "'Twas mine, 'tis his, and has been flave to thoufands;
    " But he that filches from me my good name,
    " Robs me of that which not enriches him,
    " And makes me poor indeed."-

[^2]:    * The prifoner experienced no lefs the effects of his unlimited compaffion: amongft thofe who were captured

