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## mining notes.

A. W. Morris of Montreal has Jonded the Sovereign on Lookout mountain for $\$ 36,000$.
The Reco mine has declared another dividend of $\$ 50,000$.
The manag ment ni the War Eagle Consolidated is very reticent about the stuation at the Crown Yoint. Whether they are keeping a big thing dark or do not wist the public to boom a strike of small importance, it is impossible to say at present. New. of further developinents is eagerly lonked for.
Silver propositions oti Kootenay Lake are being eagerly bought up The North country is going to have a boom in undeveloped property this year.
Some of the richest grey copper and bromide of silver ore ever seen was brought to Rossland by C. F. Caldwell from the Surprise No. 3 on Duncan river this week. He is one of the men who made the famous mid-winter trip in 1892-93 into that country after the Golden Eagic-a trip which nearly finished both himself and his partner.
S. Wharton, the chief owner of the Cliff mine, has returned from a winter sojourn in the Southern States -a land where they don't shovel snow.

The Monte Cristo has a remarkably encouraging showing in its lower tunnel. For three or four days the drift has been in good ore, and a streak which samples irom $\$ 17$ to $\$ 48$, and is two fect wide, is being followed. This is a big crumb of encouragement for the stockholders, who are largely eastern men.
The Le Roi company has determined to bui'd a smelter and a committee has been appointed to go into the question of a site. It is not improbable that the location chosen will be Barney O'Brien's ranche, which lies on the boundary line at the intersection of the Dewdney trail arid the Red Mountain railway.
The gross output of gald from the two main producing mines at Rossland-the War Eegle and Le Roi-is nearly equal to 50 per cent. of the total output of Western Australia. The amount of actual cash originally sunk in the purchase and equipment of these two mines was certainly under $\$ 100,000$. Yet a whole nation went crazy over Western Australia and poured millions of treasure into it.

The figures of the South African output for 180 show a considerable decrease. The Rand shows an increase in the number of crud- ounces recovered, but a decrease in the number of refined ounces. This is due to the fact that the cyanide bullion is lower grade than that obtained from the mills. The average yield of gold for every ton of ore crushed in the Rand was .56 ounces, or a.minute fraction over $\$ 11$ per ton. And a considerable percentage of this was recovered from tailings. If the high-grade producers of $t \cdot c$ Rand be taken out of account it is clear that a good deal of the gold is actually produced at a loss. And boom conditions in the Rand being now over a further decrease in the number of tons crushed and ounces of gold recovered must be looked for.
The United States still holds the lirst place as a producer of gold. Australasia cemes second, South Africa third and Canada nowhere. But before five years are out Canada's output of gold will be one of the big factors in the world's output.
The danger of an export duty on ore is very slight. The policy of the government seems to be to fice mining from restrictions instead of burdening it with mere.
Many people seem to think that the market tor mining machinery in Kootenay will be smaller this year than it was last. On the contrary, it will be greater.

Rossland is-ciipping and milling 5,000 tons of ore every month. Thisroutput should show a large ircrease before the end of the summer.
There is a fis: class showing in the winze on the (iold har. An average assay gave values of sig.

The complete breakdown of communication is having a bad effect on business. it is only temporary, however.
The war in Greece has but very slightly affected adversely the miniatig interests of British Columbia in London.

Mr.Wedekind's smelter proposition is still in embryo. Nothing of a definite nature has yet transpired.
Work un the Magnet, the ncw property acquared by the Montezuma Gold Mining Company, will be commeraced forthwith. The showing on thic claim is extaordinary, the ore on the surface carrying very high val. j.
The Steamboat Gang group, comprising four claims. situate four miles from Kootenay lake, and about sixteen from the Nelson smelter, has been secured by the Rossland-Slocan Mines Development Company. A ledge 100 feet wide is said to be traceable through the length of the four claims, and assays ranging from 881.50 to over $\$ 300$ have been secured from surface ore. There are several seams of silver-lead ore from three to eight feet wide showing on the suriace of the ledge. It should be easy to make a paying property out of this group.
It is reported in yesterday's Miner that a new process for the reduction of Trail Creek ores is under consideration by Matheson of London. If there is anything in it its practical application will follow as a matter of course.

There is a lot of phyrrotite and arsenopyrite in Rossland which contains little or no copper but fair value in gold, witness the Jumbo, Kootenay and Crown Point mines. Could this ore not be handled by a cheaper process than that of smelting.
The town of Wardner in East Kootenay is being heavily bonded in anticipation of the construction of the Crow's Nest Pass. Railway. Statements are being made with regark-to it hardly compatible with the fact that the location line of the railiway has not yet been finally made through East Kiootenay.
The shaft on the Josic is now down 185 fect. The bottom shows to feet of vein with two feet of evod ore, the rest mixed ore. The Josic has now 25,000 tons of good shipping ore in sight but shipments will not be resumed at present. The management is interested in a smelter scineme and the difference between sto and $\$ 20$ a ton profit is enough to warrant kecping the ore in the mine until better facilities for treatment present themselves.
Mining machinery; nitro-glefferine and blasting powder have been placed on the free list under the new tariff bill. Laurier seems to have combined relief to Western industry discrimination against the United States and in favor of Great Britain in such a way as to give intense general satisfaction throughout the whole country.
Tile Kootenay mine is rapidly being placed in a posit 0 , to become one of our biggest shipper outside the $1 .:$ Roi this summer.
One of the most remarkable evidences of the progress of actual mining in Kootenay is the importance which water rights in the various districts are acquir. ing.
The Hon. A. W. Morris is making a thorough tour of the Kootenay mines. He will be able to speak with authori:y, and not as a scribe, when he returns to Montreal.
The Kansas City Smelting Company is reported to be about to build a smelter at 5 -mile point on the outlet to Kootenay Lake above Nelson. Nelson City, commonly called Bogustown, would surely have made a better site.
It is reported that the Pilot Bay smelter has passed into the hands of the Canadian Pacifc Railway Company. No mention is made of the Elucbill mine. If they have got the smelter without the mine they may be able to make a success of it.

## SELWVS os THE E:HOW'S NEST rass.

13r. Selwyn has re-merged with a letter to the Globe on the Ciows Nest l'ass Railway. tiwo paragraphs of it read as follows:
"l)uring the extended ofticial travels of the writer in his position 心 l hrector of the (icological and Niatutal llistore surnes of Camoda for twenlo live wars.
 ties and opportumties for observins and notina the steady and solid progress and development which has been made, notwiblstanding the retarding influences of party polatic: unhealthy artificial buoms and the mivepresentations of the enemie of embela and of disappointed apeculators.
"The Crow's Sest l'ass Kailway does not differ from any other government-built and operated railway. They never have paid, and never can pay, either the cost of the building or of operating, becanse they have never been built or operated on business principles. As regards building br the Canadian Pacific Railway, or some other independent company, the only question, so far as the interests of the whole Dominion are concerned, is by whom is the road likdly to be built cherepest, and by whom can it be most efficienty; and satisfactorily operated. Common sense and past experience answers at once, by the Canadian Pacific Kailway Company, whose nuchabuced monopoly has certainly resulted in placing Canada in her present high and enviable position amongst the dependencies of the empire, and there seems no reason to fear that even a turther extension of the monopoly will result otherwise than in further promoting the best interests of the country."

During the last thirty years Canadá has made solid progress. The Canadian Pacific Railway has a hidebound monopol; throughout the districts which have adyanced most.

Therefore the monopoly is beneficial.
And such an argument as that is presented by a man supposed to be a man of science?

## A Hrg vein.

A special correspondent of the (ilobe gives the history of the Sombill mine as follous:
"In l'ort Arthur I had a conversation with Mr. Hille, a mining engineer, whose opinions in regard to the region have at times been pretty roughly treated, but who with the lapse of time has come off pretty well against his adversaries. Eight years ago he was sent to Canada to report on some nickel properties for Krupp, the great gunmaker. Arrived here, he found many new or unexpected geological conditions, and spent three months in looking over the field before venturing to make a report. His opinion of the mineral resources of the district caused him to remain at Port Arthur. 'Then, and for a while since, there was a silver fever about Port Arthur. Nothing else was sought. The areas known to contain silver were carefully prospected, and naturally not a few of the prospectors go: into quite dificrent geological areas at times, and brought in rock which showed good gold values on assay. Silver, however, was then the only desirable mineral. and such prospects as showed only gold were left motouched. All along Mr. Halle urged prosectors to look ior gold, and in process of time by: such prospectors, and by ohers who went there of ther own accord, icold was foumd, and apparently in abundance.
"One of the lucky ones was Mr. James Hammond. of Iort Athur. His imfritance in the communiy hegan with the dine overy of the now fanous dite on the east shore wh cimbill lake. lihis is not even a quartz, but a quartate, a rock not so clean-iooking as the regular quariz. Jut the values given by a number of pieces of the rock assayed were very considerable. After making the assays Mr. Hille accompanied Mir. Hammond to the spot, and the engines iclis with a somewhat professional relish of an incident of that visit. Mr. Manmond had found the vein to be from thirty 10 fifty feet wide, and so extraordinary a body of ore as this would present, where any depth at all could be reached, was at once evident. 3ut the engineer on going along the trend of the vein or dyike found cridences that even this width. Would be excecden, so, taking pick and tapeline, they chplored at various places, reaching at length a width of 462 feet at one place. There are said to be other very large veins within a mile or iwo of this one, swase value will be ecsted this coming summer."


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There are three distinct ledges on the property, including the man ledge of the Silver Bell.
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Work will be carried on without cessation，and good resutte are contidently anticipated．

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## Albert P．Hunter，Sec and Mah．，Rosshand，B．C．

the bonmon mail，on hosshand．
Rossland，B．C．
＂Gold or dross Rossland or dross land ${ }^{\prime \prime}$＂said a clerical wit to me at Revelstoke，where we changed cars for the Kootenay country．
Even he had been attracted thither：what a cure of souls was there：what unparalleled opportunities for evangelization－and a parish ！
The human tide never flags－lay and cleric－rich and poor，worker and idler，Jew and Gentile．Furo－ pean，Asiatic and American－it does not wait fors traill or boat to carry it，but comes pouring intesistabl inso， the magic town，which，rumor says，is built on a lad of goid．
Rossland sprang up like a mushroom，in a single night；and its population，now comprising some 8，000 souls（and a number of Chinamen）is－larger by several dozens every sunset than at dawn．There may be poverty in Rossland，and that，too，of the grim，ugly， mining－camp sort；there may be more empty stomachs than coined dollars and quarters；there may be shiv－ ering forms and much human misery：but－there is gold！The seedy－looking man who comes in with twelve ounces of ore from his new claim on Trail Creek may not have had any breakfast；but it is not improbable that he will have a dinner that would make a Roman glutton ashamed of his slim and slender orgies．Tomorrow that man will have sold his mine for $\$ 5,000$ to a speculator，and the next day the specu－ lator will be floating a company with $\$ 100,000$ capital！ It is stupendous－this recklessness with which big figures are handled．
Millions pass as easily through the lips of these seedy－looking men in Rossland as units．The town is full of sharks and speculators，there is much lying and cozening，and hundreds of thousands of pounds are invested，which may prove to be as good as thrown into the sea．But after all，this fact remains，Ross－ land is the metropolis of a nearly inexhaustible gold－ bearing countiy，and Rossland today is the greatest gold－copper mining camp on the face of the earth ：
The first mines located on Red mountain，the Le Koi，Centre Star and War Eagle，are today worth sio，000，000．Many other mines are actually shipping ore and bullinn．But it was the successful working of the Le Roi that first brought Kootenay into notice and called Rossland into existence．And when this company began paying dividends，a rush of prospect－ ors，miners and speculators set in．Yankee capital was attracted，and money began to be spent in the development of prospects and the creation of a city．

Rossland，when you take everything into considera－ tion，is not a bad sort of place－architecturally speak－ ing－for a town two years old．Its main street，Colum－ bia avenue，has recently been graded up，and is now equal to the heavy traffic it has to support daily．Two and three storied frame－houses are going up on all sides，and the other day the corner－stone of the first brick structure in Rossland was laid with imposing ceremonies by Licutenant－Governor Dewdney．Ross－ land boasts of thirty hotels，dozens of stores，two char－


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tered banks，several churches，clectric light，water－ works and two daily and three weekly papers．
Mining is no longer the mining of the past．The new scientific methods of extracting gold from low－ grade ore are at the bottom of Rossland＇s success． ＂It is not a high－grade camp，＂said an expert to me today．＂I sloubt if the ore of Rossland district，taking it altogether，will produce more than $\$ 8$ or $\$ 10$ a ton． But we have more of it than anywhere else；and new machinery enables us to extract it at a profit．Last year the Le Roi mine alone shipped out of Rossland a quarter of a million in bullion．This year it is esti－ mated it will ship three－quarters of a million．What we want is more smelters and machinery，and all ore will be profitable．It would take 50,000 men a come－ plete century to exhaust the gold ore in this province－ is practically exexhaust the gold are in this province． to mine it in the old way．＂
Nuggets and＂free－gold＂will soon be as extinct as the buffalo．Therefore，your can see that it is to the the bufaio．Therefore，yon can see that it is to the should be given for this immence production of the precious metal in new fields．

## THE DINGLEX BIfT，AND OHE．

The Toronto World says：
＂Should the government at Ottawa decide to im－ pose an export duty on lead ores the move would he hailed by a great number of lBritish Columbians．
＂The tariff bill now being put through by the United States congiess makes the duty on lead in ore 1 cent； lead in bullion，etc， 2 cents；in sheets，pipe，etc．， $21 / 4$ cents．And，as will be readily seen，the purpose of this impost is to encourage the importation of Can－ adian and other outside lead in the ore，and to dis－ courage the treatment of such ores in Canada．It has been proven beyond any question that these lead ores are necessary to the successful operation of the American smelters，and that fully one－third of their capacity would be closed down if it were not for Can－ adian and Mexican ores．
＂In other words the American smelting men and
legislators wish Canadian ores to be accorded favora－ ble consideration，so that they may not be treated by Canadian plants．
＂An eminent United States mining authority says on this priut：＇It must be taken as a primary propmsi－ tion that the lead can not be kept out of the United States．It must come in，and will come in；if nou in one way，in another．Therefore，we hold lint it silr ．＇d come in in raw material，and form the basis for Ameri－ can smelting and refining，and serve the best purpose to the largest number of American miners of refrac－ tory ores．＇
＂By imposing an export duty on lead in the ore，the govermment would discourage its shipment to the United States and help to establish smelters on this side of the line．＂

An export duty on lead ore would be simple in－ sanity．Granted that protection is a justifiable tix in order to stimulate an infant industry，the infant indus－ try of mining cannot afford to pay taxes to encourage smelting．An export duty on ore would stimulate smelta，；on this side．But where ore can be smelted as economically on this side as on the other the dif－ ference in transportation charges forms a sufficient premum．Where ore can be smelted more cheaply on this side it will be smelted．Conseguenty，it is only where the mine－owner would lose that an export duty would in any way benefit smelting．If it were only a question of losing so much per ton on the ore mined，it might be said that the Canadian mine－owner could stand it to encourage Canadian smelting．B：t froight and treatment are ominous words to the mue－ owner．A very small difference in the cost of treat－ ment per ton may mean，and does mean，an enormous difference in the number of tons reduced below the profit minimum of value．In this way mining differs from ordinary manufacturing．

## THE MINING REVIEW

A wevkly newspaper devered to the mining interests of Tiail
Publiched every Saturdar at the office of The Mining Review.
Columbian Achue, Ko sland, B.C.


R10170RI.11. Notes.

THE MANEG RHAFW is in receipt of a communication, signed by Mesors Sword and Semlin, with a request from Mr. Semlin to publish the same. The purport ol it is that the Hon. Ci. B. Martin promised his constituents to oppose government aid to the British Pacific railway, and, if necessary, resign, and that he has not kept his promise. All this is very true, but it is hardly necessary to remind Messrs. Sword and Semlin that what the prowince expects of them is not so much to drive home the fact that a cabinet minister has broken a pledge, but to provide the scattered opposition to the Turner govermment with a spirited program which will unite their efforts and render the defeat of the government certain at the next election, thus placing the present cabinet ministers in a position where their pledges will have little or no bearing on matters of public mportance. We have had enough of peanut politics, gentlemen of Her Majesty's opposition. We want a comprehensive declaration of policy and an organization of sufficient strength and dignity to run this province. If the government is to be defeated, and that monstrous growih of incompetence and corruption must and shall be destroyed, it must be on its land and railway policy. We want from the leaders of the opposition a declaration on land and railway questions, not couched in vague generalities and everlasting platitudes, but trenchant, incisive and particular, rousing enthusiasm and stimulating endeavor.

ON tho separate occasions this season the forms of representative government have been neglected by the ministers at lictoria. The former of these was in connection with the Incorporation bill, the latter in connection with the election writ for the late Mr. Kitchen's constituency. The government has given the editor of The Minisg Review credit for a certain amount of honesty in the expression of hes opinions, the editor of Tur Mining Risview gives the geve. nment credit for a certain amount of frcedom from cant and himbug in the execution of its functions. It has long since done away with the reality of representative government, and now occasionally overlooks some of its empty forms.
In the luck; bag of circumstance three things have been found coming up in connection with one another during the last werk, of which the connection is more fortuitous than appears at first sight. The first is the agitation against the land poliry of the government, the second, the Nelson \& Fort Cheppard Railway Company's land grant, and the third, the private business interesis of Messrs. Blake, Poweli zoui Parker
Tas: agitation against the government's land and railway policy will be the salvation of this province if it is successful in defeating the government before the country. The sins of the goverament in this respect have been so glaring that a half-hearted apology is all that can be advanced by its mos: reliable supporters. In fact, to every one except the members of the government themselves the handwriting on the wall is so plain that he who runs may read it.

On the land grant to the Nelson \& Fort Sheppard Railway company Tue Review is able to speak its mind because no one is likely to accuse Tue Review of either sympathizing with or being influenced by a corporation, which has acquired so much land which rightfully should belong to the people. In fact, the personal relations of the editor of Tite Review with the Nelson \& Fort Sheppard Railway Company have been restricted to one short, sharp and exceedingly unpleasantinterview with Mr. O. D. Mott, an individual of offensive characteristics when he mistakes his man as he did in that instance. The land grant in question was made under peculiar conditions. West Kootenay was starving for a railroad and cvery inhahtant in Suuth West Koutenay petitioned in tavor of this land grant, which was given in opposition to ( 1 . R. mbluence and the city of Vancouver by the by the legislature, representing in this instance a Victuria-houtenay combination. The grant was necessarv to the bumding of the rond at that time, witness the fact that the land was mortgaged to build the roud And the whit thms under whirh it was gren havebecn fultilled in the main. Now granted that it was a big mistake to give this land granted, that the dispute is to title has given the company a luge uncarned increment, grauted that the consequences will be injurious to the best interests of the people of the province, 'Int: Revitw still believes in justice to prostitutes, railway moinopolists, chinamen and other anti-social elements, which society tolerates if it does not admire, and justice demands that the railway company shall receive fair treatment. If ultimate justice ever demands that society rid itself of railway kings and such like by summary measures, it will doubtless be accomplished. They have liths in their necks like other folk, as the laird of Auchinieck said of Charles 1. But until the revolution point has been reached they should be treated with the same justice as other people.
Now the contention of Messrs. Blake and Powell that the railway company has not fulfilled its right to the land on which the town of Salmo now stands is a purely legal contention. The law stands on one side or the law stands on the other. It is the private interests of Messts. Blake and Powell againts of the private interests of the railway company. It is probable that the interests of the community lie rather with the success of Messrs. Blake and Powell's contention than with the success of the railway company. And the duel between them will be watched with interest. Bat if it is criminal and wrong to debauch legislators to secure legislation in favor of private interests it is cqually criminal and wrong to debauch public opinion to extort legislation in favor of private interests. Consequently if Messrs Blake and Yowell fight the company for Salno in the courts of law, and are successful their acquisition of a half million dollar townsite will be viewed with complacency and the inhabitants will doubtless reap huge bencfits from their well known philanthropy and public spirit. But on the other hand if they make use of the state of public fecling to obtain the tomsite by legislative interference they place themselves in exactly the same position as Corbin may have placed or may place himself, using the peculiar influences to which legislators are amenable to influence their action in his favor. The fact that the public might benefit by their success in such questionable tactucs has nothing to do with the merits of the case.

The Yale-Lilloet and Fraser River company is likely to abandon its interests in the Waterloo camp.
D. W. Semple, representing the Portland Telegram, is in Rossland with the object of arousing in Oregonians a sense of the importance of this camp.
Henry Rose, one of the best known prospectors in British Columbia is in from the St. Mary's district, with Jackson, his partner, and tells marvelous stories of the showings in that section.

## MARKET HENOMT.

The difficulty of obtaining the great amount of information required for The Review's new stock table has delayed its appearance. Next week, howcver the quotations will appear in full detail. During
the week there has been a noticeable improvement in prices, though transactions have not been large.


Dividend paying propertics appear in italles. the market. $t$ de.
An asterisk denotes that there is no stock on notes treasiry stock.

# Results Talk. 

The management of the Canadian Gold Fields Syndicate, Limited, now have over 150 feet $\mathrm{c} \hat{\imath}$ underground development to their credit in the rich Sunset No. 2. From the beginning there ha; been no "let up" in the exploration and development of this fine property. The work is to be pushe 1 more vigorously, if possible, until the Sunset is a regular producer of pay ore in quantity. Wit pay or in quantity comes increased share values and dividends. As an investment, therefore, th, fully-paid, absolutely non-assessable shares of The Canadian Gold Fields Syndicate, Limited, at il cents per share, appeal most forcibly to $3 v e r y$ intelligent investor.

Order shares, prospectus and general information from

# THE WALTERS COMPANY, Ltd. Lty., Rossland, B. ' $\grave{ }$ 

H. O'HARA \& CO., 24 Toronto•Street, Toronto, Ontario.<br>SAWYER, MUFPHY \& CO., 106 St. Francis Xavier Street, Montreal, Que.<br>Or through any reliable Bank or Broker.

HON. MR. MARTIN'S PLEDGE.
To the Editor-At the medting at Kamloops to which reference was made yesterday in the house by Mr. Semlin, Mr. Martin pledged himself to resign his portfolio should any measure for a money boius or guarantee in aid of the British Pacific scheme be brought down by the government, reserving to himself the right to acquiesce in any further land grant. We made a memorandum in writing of the terms of Mr. Mattin's pledge on the same day. Mr. Martin had evidently no writen memorandum to refresh his memory, and his statement last night that he was only pledged against supporting a grant of annual interest to the amount of $\$ 240,000$ is not correct. There were other gentlemen present, personal friends of Mr. Martin. and politically opposed to ourselves, whose recollection of what Mr. Martin did pledge himself to is likely to be less biassed than his.

> C. A. Semlin,
C. B. Sword.

Victoria, April 15.
theating seimes on the witwatersmand.
Several of the Witwatersrand companies are making arrangements to treat the slimes which have heretofore been rejected, as well as the tailings. At the Crown Recf mine, says the Johannesburg Star in a recently reccived issue, tho additional iron tanks at slime works are complete. These tanks have concrete bottoms with a fall toward the center, and as the concrete work is just finished, it wants a few days to dry and harden thoroughly. The two additions bring the number of treatment tanks up to eight, each $31 \times 10$ fect, and this plant will allow of sufficient time being given to each charge to obtain thorough dissolving of the gold contents.

At the present time a profit of $\$ 3,840$ monthly is being made from slime on a 64 per cent extraction, and the extraction is expected to be brought up to 75 per cent with the additional time which can now be given to each charge. A higher extraction means of course, increased profit. For November and December the assay value of the slimes filled into the tanks was 0.24 ozs., and the cost of the treatment was 97 c . per ton, and the royalty 7.5 c ., bringing the total, cost

to $81.04 \%$. This cost, worked out on the tonnage milled, is equal to 18 c , per ton, while the gold recovered on the same basis is equal to 44 c ., so that the larger proportion recovered was profit. Arrangements have been in hand for some lime at this mine for the addition of a sorting table at the head gear. It is expected that about 15 per rent of waste will be rejected with a substantial increase in grade and overy.

> Tellurldo of Bismuth in Now South Wales.

The Geological Survey of New South Wales says that at Tarana this mineral was first noticed by Mr. E. C. Whittel, field assistant, at Mitchell \& Party's claim, near Slippery creek. It occurs along with free gold in small grains and flakes in the quar: $x$, and is associated with greenish and yellow alteration products. The telluride is most probably auriferous. A similar mineral has recently been found, aiso associated with free gold, in a white quartz from Kentucky Run, near Uralla. Telluride of bismuth has been previously recorded from Captain's Flat, Molonglo, and from Moor creck, Tamworth.

# THE CORRECT PRINCIPLE 

# Montezuma Gold Mining Co., Ltd. 

RESPONSIBLE DIREOORATE<br>NOT OYER-('APITALI/EI)<br>adequate treanury

ITWO FCHL OLALMS

The Retaliation, in the Rossland Camp, one-claim distant from the famous Deer Park, and possessing the same ledge.

Work on both claims will be continued without cessation. The Directors have placed 50,000 shares of Treasury Stock on the market at the low price of 7 1-2 cts.

FULL INFORMATION FURNISHED BY ANY OF THE COMPANY'S AGENTS, OR

## GEO. E.TOMS. Sec-treas.

P. O. BOX 138

## Water supply and the death rate.

There is food for reflection for officials in towns where a high death-rate from typhoid fever has led to a demand for a purer water supply in some figures which the Jersey City, N. J., Evening Journal has obtained, showing the reduction in the death-rate from typhoid fever that has accompanied the substitution, as the city supply of pure water from the highlands of Nen lersey for the polluted water of the l'assaic river. In January, 1806 , the citvis water supply was a mixture composed of $2 S$ per cent. pure wate and 72 per cent. Passanc river water, and the deaths from typhoid fever numbered 28. In Eebruary the percentage of pure water was to per cent. and the number of deaths 30 , showing that the percentage of pure water in January had been too small to have any effect. in March, April and May the percentage of pure water was increased respectively to 43. 58 and so per cent., and the number of deaths fell to 16.9 and 6. In the five months from June to October, inclusive, the percentage of pure water averaged about So per cent. and the number of deaths 4 per month. It is estimated on the basis of these figures that the introduction of a pure water supply has saved 75 deaths from typhoid fever in Jersey City in the last cight months, and, in considering this statement, it is to be remembered that similar experiences have followed the substitution of highland or filtered water supples for polluted ones in at least a dozen or more cities in Europe and the United States.

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wantwil.
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The Mining, Revien would like to getythe song complete from which the following is a stanza:

[^0]> E. S. COX,
> MINES AND STOCKS.
> 7 TORONTO STREET - TORONTO.
> Buying and selling orders on all British Columbia Bining Stocks.
> Write for close quotations on War Eagle Consolidated, Two Friends, Orphan Boy and Victory-Triumph.

505 BOARD OF TRADE BLILDING. MONTREAL.

Latest information from the mines. Write for quotations on mining stocks.

## $B^{\text {UCK } \& ~ B O U I L L O N ' S ~}$

NEW asy MiNiNg MAl'S Showing Mineral Claims

[^1]ROSSLAND, B. C.

## REDDY \& REINER.

Unlimited and Unincorporated.
M/N/N'́ BROKERS AND
REAL ESTATE.
Agents for Decr Park Treasury Stock.

231 and 202 The Rookery.
Spokane, Wash
F. Moberly, c. E.

## MINING OPERATOR.

mines examined and reported on.

CHAS. W. ClUETT,
ASSAYER.
riear of grocery, OPPOSITE BANK OF MONTREAL.

HUNTER BROS.

MINING SUPPLIES.
Agents for Giant Powder Co., Goodwin Mining Candes, Jessopaud Canton Stecl, Pipe and Fittings, Verona Tools. Tin shop in connection.

ROSSLAND, B. C.

## INING PRINTING.

We are prepared to print Stock Certificates, Prospectuses, Pay Rolls, Vouchers, Orden Prospectuses, Pay Rolls,
Blanks, and other Mining forms.
LaNkS, and other Mining fo
Our work speaks for itself.
REVIEH PRINTING HOUSE:
Miner Block, East of Postr fice.

# AN INVESTMENT <br> .. IN THE STOCK OF THE . <br> ROSSLAND-SLOCAN MINES DEVELOPMENT COMPANY. LTD. LY. meseng PROFITS... 

Its Directors are men of known experience, ability and integrity.
Its operations will not be confined to one section of British Columbia, but wherever promising prospects are to be exploited its representatives will work.
There are many undeveloped mines in this province awaiting development.
The object of the Rossland - Slocan Mines Development Company is to acquire and develop potential mines. Working bonds have been secured on a number of properties and development work will be vigorously prosecuted on such as are favorably reported on by the company's engineer.

FOR PARTICULARS AND PROSPECTUS ADDRESS R. C. MACDONALD, SEcretary.

## P. O. BOX 696.

ROSSLAND, B. C.

A NEW CANADIAN PRODUCKR.
A correspondent of the Toronto World from Marmora writes as follows:
"There seems now to be no doubt that mispickel. ores of Hastings county readily yield so treatment by the Sulman bromo-cyanogen process. This at least is the conclusion I have come to after inquiring into the operations going on at the Deloro gold mines. Six months ago, when I visited this property, the Canadian Gold Fields Company, Limited, of London, England, the owners, were engaged in erecting their mills, installing their plant and otherwise, at a total expenditure of some half million dollars, preparing for active development work. But now-mark the difference--they are regularly turning out goldbricks. But what appears to place the question of the success of the Deloro enterprise beyond peradventure is the fact that the syndicate are just now adding big blocks of mineralized land to their already extensive holdings of property. Were they not absolutely assured of the surcess of their project they would not be taking such steps. Only the other day they paid st,j00 for a mispickel proposition held by Tom Farrell, and it is believed that they will, before the week is'out, take up options they hold on a number of other properties in the neighborhood.
"It is exceedingly dificult $t$ obtain official information concerning the doings at the Deloro mines and mills. Messrs. A. I. G. Swinney and Pickard, the manager and chemical expert respectively of the syndicate, maintain the proverbial English mining man's reticence regarding their company's affairs, and refuse to admit outsiders to their shafts and mills, but it is learned that three mill runs have been made, which have saved on an average 89 per cent. of the gold in the ore, which varies in value from $\$ 16$ to 860 a ton."

BRITISH COLVMHIA MINES IS ENGLASD.
Apropos of his trip to London Mr. T. G. Blackstock is reported as saying:
"The British Columbia mining boom has done much to advertise Canada in Europe. English mem: :bers of Parliament, leading financiers and business people of the highest standing are already nuch in-
terested. A large number of prominent English mining men came to see us and the feeling is strong that British Columbia is the next mining district to which the attention of British investors will be directed. but at the present time people are very careful after the big losses sustained by many in the gold fields of South Africa and West Australia. $r$ Then the danger of war, either in the Transvaal or in the East, although not imminent, is still sufficient to affect all kinds of speculation.
"New companies for the development of British Columbia mines are being started in London nearly every week, but it seems that the public are not subscribing largely to the stock, and the underwriters have to carry most of it. Of course there are some exceptions, in which it is surprising that the public have come in so far as they have.
"There is no doubt that a great amount of capital has been supplied by the old country for the development of British Columbia mines and this summer will see a great deal more moncy come out here for that purpose. So fur, British Columbia mines are hardly sufficiently developed to attract capital."
Speaking in recgard to the rumors of the sale of the Le Roimine, Mr. Blackstuck said that an Englishman does not carry a million pounds around in his pocket to buy a gold mine with. The only way the mine could be sold was to form it into an English joint stock company and sell the shares.
People will buy a large well-developed mine and pay the value of the ore in sight sooner than go into a less sure speculation.

## HEISTOIEY REPEATS ITSELF.

-The real onward march of the nation began in the fifties. The cause was the infusion of California gold into the arteries of the country's business. Three hundred thousand men were suddenily transferred to the western coast of the republic. Then from the east and west the wilderness was encroached upon, with every year the space between the two civiliza. tions grew less and less, with constantly acrelerated speed the conquest of the wilderness went on; the stream $=0$, treasure from the west gained annually in volume; this, made possible the full employment of
the great forces called into service by invention; the clamors of the progress drew thousands and tens of thousands of iminigrants from the old world; even the great war could not restrain the onward sweep. until finally these two civiliations met in mid-continent; the land was linked with steel from sea to see, and the roar of the joyous toiling, millions rose like a mighty diapason on the ears of the world."
British Columbia will do the same for Canada, and the Canadıan Pacific Railway will do for British Columbia what the Southern Pacific has done for California -if it is allowed.

> Cut thin Out.

There are 12 ounces troy in a pound troy, and 16 ounces avoirdupois in a pound avoirdupois. But in a pound (avoirdupois) by which the mining world is ruled, and on which the smelter makesits settlements and the assayer arrives at las conclusions, there are 14.583 ounces troy, which allows 29,166 ounces to the ton.

APPLICATION FOIC ISQBOR LICENSE: NOTICE is hereby given that at the expiration of thirty days N from date hereof the undersigned intends appling to the stipundiary magistrate for West Kootenay Distriet for a licenso
to orlliquor by retal, on the premises known as Barne ${ }^{\circ}$ ranch to Barinuor sy ruated at the pintersection of the Dewdney trati on I lhe Northport wagon road, five miles trom the town of
 13. O'BRIEN

## THE ANGLO-CANADIAN MINING EXCHANGE, LD.

 (Incorporated by Dominion Charter.)Head Oftice: McKinnon building, Toronto, Canada. Rossland office:. Columbia avenue, near Grand Union Hotel. Represented by GEO. GURD, Secretary:

EOBEINS\& LONG, LCo, H. LíLong. Robins
ASSAYERS AND CHEMISTS. PRICES FOR ASSAVING:




Lead, fire 2ssay 1 on Aluminum ..... $3 \infty \mid$
Ten or more samples from same party in any one month, 30 per Ten or more samples from same party in any one month, 30 per
cent of list prices. Five or more brought in at one time same cent of ist prices. Fice or more brought in at one
discount. Special attention given to samples by mail. Office with Reddis \& lacksos. ROSSLAND. B. C.

## The Investing Public

Is requested to consider the following facts about the VICTORY=TRIUMPH Gold Mining Company

The Victory may now rank as a developed mine. The tunnel is now in 183 feet on ORE ALL THE WAY.

The ore is low grade, but when concentrated will vield large profits on treatment.

From a point 90 feet in to the face of the tunnel there is a continuous body of paying ore. A considerable percentage of it will pay to ship as it comes from the mine.

The following statements about the Victory can not be challenged:

1 That the LARGEST BODY OF ORE has boen opened up ad the LEAST COST compared with any mine'in British Columbia opened during the last two years


#### Abstract

2 That every foot of work done is bringing more ore in sight than on any mine in British Columbia at the same stage of development.

3 That as an early dividend payer the Victory compares favorably with any property in process of development.

4 That the SURFACE CROPPING ahead of the tunnel gives every reason for supposing that within the next two months a wonderful chaṭe of ora will be opened up at a depth of over TWO HUNDRED FEET.


Treasury Stock now 15 Cents.

For full information write to the Secretary of the Company,


[^0]:    I started in my mining life
    By chopming bo-ard wood BuI I "a. Uorn with axe in hand,
    of could use it good.
    hy chum was from the State of Maine. Somewhere near Tennessce: Iut, ah, 1 was from Canada.
    And be could not chop with me.
    Hut, ah. I was from Chorus.

[^1]:    Map of Mincs in vicinity of Rossland and Trall-best map
    Map of Kectle Kiver, Boundary Creck, and portion of Coi. Si
    ville Reservition, from Christina Lake west 10 Rock Cr 200
    Map of Trail Creck Slining Division, from Columbia fiver
    
    Sicw map of of the Slocan Dijyision, giving more information
    than any map cver publishicd......
    Map of Deer Park. loreer Arrow iake.
    Map of Murphy and Sullivan Crecks.
    Also agents for other publishers mining inap........... 150 Also agents for other publishers mining inaps.
    Arap of new districts made flom time to time as we can
    procure reliabie information.

    BUCL \& BOUIILION
    Mining Engineors, Dranghtsmea and Mrap Pabifanorfo Stussi Block.

    ROSSLAND, B: C.

