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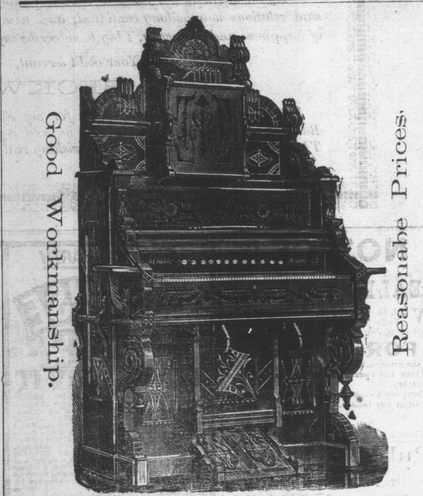

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Ward No. 1.

Overseers Poor.—Simeon Harris, Samuel Barteaux, Timothy Phinney.
Assessors.—Inglis Neily, David Bent, E. F. McNeil.
Pound Keepers.—Aenon Baker, Andrew Foster, Albert Wheelock, Walter Gates, Silas Lantz, Jas. E. Baker, Thos. McLean, Christopher McLean, John W. Reigh.
Cattle Reeves.—Timothy Phinney, Nathaniel Wood, Hanley Wheelock, Edward Payson, Christopher McLean, Edgar Tufts.
Fence Viewers.—Obadiah Brown, George Phinney, 2nd, Nathaniel Wood, John Patterson, Elisha Cooney.
Lumber Surveyors.—Sampson Parker, H. M. Phinney, S. D. Munro, George Spurr.
Wood Surveyors.—Simeon Harris, H. M. Phinney.
Surveyors of Logs.—A. A. Ford.
Apple Inspector.—G. E. Spurr, A. B. Parker, Simron Harris, John McGranahan, Shippy Spurr.
Fish Barrel Inspectors.—Elisha Cooney, J. B. Foster.
Apple Barrel Inspectors.—Elisha Cooney, H. M. Phinney, Edward Woodbury, S. D. Munro.
Health Officers.—A. B. Stronach, M. D., George Gibson, M. D.
Ward Clerk.—Benjah Spinney, Esq.
Constables.—Edward Payson, Simpson Woodbury, A. D. Goucher, Geo. McNeil, Robt. Early, Edward Thorne, Johnson Downie, Albert Craig.
Presiding Officer.—N. B. Spinney.

ROAD SURVEYORS.

1 Randolph Brown,	13 Jas Cook,
2 Silas Lantz,	14 Warren Downey,
3 J B Elliott,	15 Edgar Tufts,
4 Rufus Elliott,	16 Geo Downey,
5 Maynard Clark,	17 Daniel Outhet,
6 J W Reigh,	18 Jas Martin,
7 Chas Chute,	19 Wm McNeil,
8 Israel Baker,	20 Isaiah Palmer,
9 Judson Foster,	21 Shippy Spurr,
10 Elisha Cooney,	22 Samuel Bent,
11 Geo E Watson,	23 Jas McGill,
12 David Bent,	

SOUTH SIDE.

25 Walter Welton,	34 Jas E Woodberry,
26 Zachariah Gates,	35 Arthur Rumsey,
27 A B Parker,	37 Edwd Baker,
28 Aenon Baker,	38 Joshua Uhlman,
29 Dimock Banks,	39 Silas Hoffman,
30 Inglis Neily,	40 Albert Armstrong,
31 Albert Irvin,	41 Gilbert Vidito,
32 W. H. Marshall,	42 Joseph Hoffman,
33 George Parker,	

Ward No. 2.

Presiding Officer.—Arthur Dodge.
Overseers of Poor.—William Dodge, jr., George North, Ainsley Elliott.
Assessors.—Parker Reigh, Albert Morton, Abraham Slocomb.
Ward Clerk.—Arthur Dodge.
Pound Keepers.—Alonzo Harris, Avard Chesley Foster Daniels, A. P. Dodge, Charles Neily.
Cattle Reeves.—Robert Craig, George North, Henry Bolsor.
Fence Viewers.—Lemuel Elliott, George Vroom.
Surveyors of Wood and Lumber.—Patrick Downey, Obadiah Neily, Outhit Douglas.
Apple Barrel Inspector.—William Dodge, jr.
Fish Barrel Inspector.—Elias Wood worth.
Hay Weigher.—John Gullivan.
Health Officers.—S. N. Miller, M. D., Albert Morton.
Ward Clerk.—Arthur Dodge.
Apple Inspectors.—J. H. Chute, Stephen Beals.
Surveyor of Logs.—N. F. Marshall.
Constables.—Harding Weaver, George Bolsor, George Ward, Henry Vroom, James P. Foster, Lemuel Elliott, Joseph Craig, Wm. North, W. Harris.

ROAD SURVEYORS.

1 O M Taylor,	13 Ambrose Miller,
2 Henry Vroom,	14 Andrew Gates,
3 Charles Burbidge,	15 Scott Gates,
4 Charles Neily,	16 William Ward,
5 Isaac Middlemas,	17 George Rosch,
6 Thomas Primrose,	18 Henry Bolsor,
7 Willett Gates,	19 Foster Daniels,
8 Robert Woodbury,	20 James Kilpatrick,
9 George Bolsor,	21 Henry McKenzie,
10 Hennigar Fales,	22 Lemuel Elliott,
11 William Craig,	23 Oscar Neily,
12 Owen Fales,	24 Alfred Wilkins.

Ward No. 3.

Overseers Poor.—Samuel Williams, Elijah Phinney, James Bent.
Assessors.—Freeman Fitch, George I. Bishop, Byard Marshall.
Pound Keepers.—David Freeman, Watson Foster, Robt. Foster, Willard Whitman, Zebulon Elliott.
Cattle Reeves.—Albert Balcom, Rupert Banks, Hiram Johnson, David Marshall.
Lumber Surveyor.—R. B. Durling.
Wood Surveyors.—C. S. Phinney, T. R. Illsley, William Starratt.
Apple Inspectors.—Isaac Banks, Hamilton Young.
Apple Barrel Inspector.—Elijah Sprowl, John Saltzman.
Fish Barrel Inspectors.—Charles Margeson, Joseph Cropley.
Fence Viewers.—Wentworth Bolsor, John McKeown, John Rooney.
Hay Weigher.—John A. Brown.
Ward Clerk.—L. W. Elliott.
Presiding Officer.—J. W James.
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Constables.—Harris Elliott, John O'Neil, John Risteen, David Armstrong, Robert Elliott, Delacey Foster, William Herbert Phinney, Judson Balcom, Stanley Hall, Sydney Phinney, Charles B. Whitman, Wm. W. Bent, Daniel Messenger, Jr., Gilford Covert.

ROAD SURVEYORS.

1 Wesley Phinney,	12 Israel Slocumb,
2 Burpee R Balcom,	13 Milledge Slocomb,
3 Chas Ruggles,	14 John Bolsor, 1st,
4 William H Balcom,	15 Archibald Burns,
5 Fred Marshall,	16 Samuel Bent,
6 Edwin K Leonard,	17 Willard Whitman,
7 James Rumsey,	18 Albert Marshall,
8 William Jackson,	19 William Clark,
9 Robert Johnson,	20 Harris Elliott,
10 Zacheus Wilson,	21 Edmund Hall,
11 Isaiah Slocumb,	22 Wallace Marshall,
24 Abram Slocomb—	Handley Mountain.

Ward No. 4.

Overseers of Poor.—Wanford Dodge, Solomon Chute, James Hall.
Assessors.—John Lockett, D. R Bath, Robert Chute.
Pound Keepers.—John Dunn, E. C. Banks, B. S. Griffin, James Fellows.
Cattle Reeves.—Jarvis Chute, H. I. Munro, Charles Saunders, Stephen Foster.
Fence Viewers.—James Snow, George Munro, Robert Bath.
Surveyors of Wood and Bark.—Jesse Hoyt, Peter Nicholson, Alonzo Foster.
Inspectors of Apples.—Norman Rumsey, Oliver Foster.
Surveyors of Lumber.—Thomas Shaw, George Hoyt, Gilbert Hill.
Inspectors of Leather.—John Ross, John McLean.
Fire Wardens.—R. E. FitzRandolph, Bath Reed, A. D. Cameron.
Hay Weighers.—Hugh Fraser, W. J. StClair.
Commissioners of Streets.—Washington Chesley, E. C. Young, W. J. Glencross.
Barrel Inspectors.—Abram Young, Geo. Ruffee.
Brick Inspection.—Oldham Whitman.
Presiding Officer.—R. E. FitzRandolph.
District Clerk.—Wanford Dodge.
Constables.—J. R DeWitt, Russel Cropley, Jacob Foster, Hennigar Hawksworth, L. A. Dickey, Burton Neily, W. H. Ruffee, Burpee Whitman, Wallace Young, Rupert Parker, W. A. Chute, Wm. C. Hall, Jesse Foster.
Health Officers.—George Hoyt, J. W. Beckwith.
Commissioner for lighting Bridgetown Bridge.—John Z Bent.
Firemen.—John McLean, C. J. Wills, R. Shipley, John Lockett, John L. Cox, Wanford Dodge, H. S. Piper, Forrest Connel, W. F. Chute, Jesse Hoyt, Burton Neily, Reed Wade, John P. Murdoch, John Hicks, O. T. Daniels, W. H. Ruffee, Chas. Strong.

ROAD SURVEYORS.

1 Wallace Foster,	11 Howard Messenger
2 Charles Chute,	12 Uriah Hall,
4 O F Ruffee,	13 Obadiah Pool,
5 Edgar Bent,	14 Thos Templeman,
6 Wm A Corbitt,	15 Alonzo Foster,
7 Arthur Marshall,	16 Charles Peters,
8 James Chute,	16 Theodore Hill,
9 Reed Rice,	18 Henry Messenger.
10 James Blanchard,	

Ward No. 5.

Overseers Poor.—Charles Wade, Albert Walker.
Assessors.—Ebenezer Young, Andrew Walker, John M. Troop.
Pound Keepers.—Herbert Bent, J. N. Whitman.
Cattle Reeves.—Reed Willett, Stephen Wade, Richard Ray, John Bent, (son of Robert) Frank Q. Chute.
Fence Viewers.—Walter O. Bent, Fenwick Harris, John E. Farnsworth.
Apple Inspector.—Rupert Willett, John Gesner.
Leather Sealer.—George W. Young.
Barrel Inspector.—Sylvester Bent.
District Clerk.—W. B. Troop.
Presiding Officer.—Ebenezer Bent.
Constables.—Alexander Frazier, George Covert, William Troop, (son of Robert), Percy Gesner, Jas. H. Young, Byron Phinney, James Kearns, Foster Farnsworth, George Bent, (son of Ebenezer).

ROAD SURVEYORS.

1 Campbell Willett,	10 Ezra Bent,
2 Alfred Bent,	11 Smith Larimore,
3 Leander Gesner,	12 William Cuff,
4 Henry Walker,	13 Frederick Covert,
5 Andrew Gilmore,	14 William Bent,
6 W O Foster,	15 Alfred Young, 2nd,
7 Phineas Phinney,	16 James Condon,
8 Ezra Smith,	17 Howard Young.
9 John Allen,	

Ward No. 6.

Assessors.—Chas. E. Troop, James E. Shaffner, Samuel Sprowl.
Overseers Poor.—Wm. Armstrong, Edward Mills
Fence Viewers.—John Halliday, Stephen Robinson, Wm. VanBiarcom, Sidler McKenzie, Edward Mills, James E. Reed.
Inspector Salt, Wood, and Coal.—Jos. Hall.
Surveyor Lumber.—Walter Troop, Geo. Mills.
Surveyor of Wood.—Wallace Bohaker.
Hay Weigher.—H. M. Irvine.
Leather Sealer.—J. B. Messenger.
Barrel inspector.—W. A. Piggott.
Apple Inspector.—E. H. Armstrong.
Commission of Ferry Slip.—Fletcher Reed.
Brick Inspector.—Edward Buckley.
Presiding Officer.—John E. Bath.
District Clerk.—Lawrence Willett.
Board of Health.—J. A. Coleman, M. D., Robert Mills, Wm. Weatherspoon.
Pound Keepers.—James E. Reed, Sidler McKenzie, David Oliver, George Halliday, Thomas Milner, Henry Santz.
Cattle Reeves.—Jacob Dukeshire, Geo. Key, Wm. VanBiarcom, Alfred Mills, (son David) Fletcher Reed, Osmond Gilliatt, Allen Wade.
Constables.—E. H. Armstrong, Wm. McGanken, A. D. Parker, Osmond Gilliatt, Edward Sprowl, Austin Caswell, William Hardy, John Dunn.

ROAD SURVEYORS.

1 Wm VanBiarcom,	8 Israel Hudson,
2 Ward Sprowl,	9 Norman Archeslas
4 Benjamin Hardy,	10 Henry Longmire,
5 Burton Eaton,	11 David Oliver,
6 Ansley Hudson,	12 Mahnassah Leitch,
7 Reed Blair,	13 W C Woodworth,
3 A T Mills and Fletcher Reed, Commissioners for Granville.	

Ward No. 7.

Assessors.—James T. Kemp, Stephen E. Thorne, E. H. Porter.
Presiding Officer.—Clarence Croscup.
District Clerk.—Daniel Croonen.
Overseer of Poor.—Luke Covert.
Apple Inspector.—Robert Parker.
Barrel Inspector.—Thomas S. Dickson.
Fence Viewers.—Thomas S. Bohaker, Alfred Winchester.
Pound Keepers.—William Nelson, Simon Merry.
Constables.—Henderson Sidergnist, Charles Everett, Gilbert Bogart.

ROAD SURVEYORS.

1 Samuel McGrath,	6 Russel Longmire,
2 Andrew Keans,	7 John Clark,
3 James Leitch,	8 George Pomp,
4 Darby Creasen,	9 John Brothers,
5 Stephen K Thorne,	10 Anthony Ellis.

Ward No. 8.

Overseer of Poor.—John Low.
Assessors.—Edward C. Berry, 1st, William C. Shaw, George Vroom.
Pound Keepers.—R. D. Jones, Wm. Potter, Gilbert Hicks, Edwin Cornwall, Wm. Pinkney, Charles W. Pine, Wm. McFadden, John E. Ritchie, John Hennessey.
Cattle Reeves.—Nehemiah Bent, James Berry, Charles E. Wright, Charles E. Berry, Jacob Floyd, George H. Tinkham, Daniel Sprowl, Israel Purdy, Obed Cress, Wallace Burrill, James Vroom.
Fence Viewers.—James A. Henshaw, Israel Balcom, James Ray, Israel Dukeshire, George Purdy.
Stave Culler.—William Potter.
Hay Weigher.—Gilbert F. Ditmars.
Town Clerk.—William V. Vroom.
Ward Clerk.—Charles Ditmars.
Wood Surveyor.—Charles Ditmars.
Commissioner of Streets.—Arthur S. Burns.
Presiding Officer.—Wm. E. Ruggles.
Lumber Surveyors.—Geo. Randall, George Cory.
Supervisors of Public Landing.—Jacob W. Dumars.
Surveyors of Logs.—A. D. Roop.
Board of Health.—B. J. Ellison, M. D., William V. Vroom, Solomon Bowlby, Gilbert Hicks.
Constables.—James A. Henshaw, William E. Ruggles, Edwin Lent, George Boice Daniel Sprowl, Charles Ritchie.

ROAD SURVEYORS.

1 Edwin Lent,	9 Peter O'Brien,
2 William Roop,	10 George Berry,
3 Frederick Balcom,	11 Asa Wright,
4 John LeCain,	12 William McFadden
5 Charles Ruggles,	13 Pleasan Hicks,
6 Thos M Henshaw,	14 James Kennedy,
7 William E Vroom,	15 Chas VanBuskirk,
8 Elias Eisenhaur,	16 Whitfield Rawding

Ward No. 9.

Overseers of Poor.—Willard E. Clarke, Alex. Cameron.
Assessors.—Hardy Robertson, John E. Berry, George Brown.
Pound Keepers.—Dow D. Milner, Chas. Harris, Timothy Reiley, Richard Milbury, Wm. Rosencrants, Benj. Simson, John E. Beeler, Edward Sprowl.
Cattle Reeves.—D. D. Milner, Wm. S. Milliner, J. E. Beeler, Priestly Long, Jos. Copeland, John B. Coombs.
Fence Viewers.—Wallace Jefferson, Chas. W. Trimper, Wallace Crouse, Wallace Apt, John B. Coombs, Chas. Fraser, Seth Wade.
Stave Cullers.—Alex. Millett, Pursey Reed.
Surveyors of Lumber—Burnard C. Clarke, Samuel C. Davis, Clarence O. Anthony, Albert Westlake.
Health Officers.—Robt. J. Ellison, M. D., Moses E. Rice, Isaac D Vroom.
Surveyors Wood.—Pursey Reed, I. D. Vroom, W. G. Clarke, B. C. Clarke, C. O. Anthony.
Constables.—Edward Sprowl, Frederick Beeler, Samuel Davis, Wallace Lent, H. Bishop. John McSwain.
Log Surveyor.—John V. Thomas.
Inspector Fruits.—William Reed, William Millner, J. P., Alex. Millett.

ROAD SURVEYORS.

1 Joseph Copeland,	15 Benjn Simson,
2 W H Chute,	16 Matthew Scott,
3 Wher Potter,	17 Aaron Dares,
4 Edward Berry,	18 Pryor Sandford,
5 Wallace Robbins,	19 Ezekiel Banks,
6 Edward M Potter,	20 Stephen Ramy,
7 Wm D Long,	21 Edward Sprowl,
8 Thomas M Potter,	22 John Wm Harris,
9 John L Apt,	23 Samuel Pine,
10 William Campbell,	24 John E Beeler,
11 Wallace Crouse,	25 John V Thomas,
12 Gilbert Ruggles,	26 John Buckler,
13 Samuel Peck,	27 Fletcher Trimper,
14 Wm Rosencrants,	

Weighers of Hay.—Albert Brown, Bernard Clarke.
Ward Clerk.—D. J. Morse.
Presiding Officer.—Wm. D. Durling.

Ward No. 10.

Overseers of Poor.—James McDormand, Edwin Gates, John Harris.
Assessors.—George Wells, sr. Benjamin Hardwick, William M. Bailey.
Pound Keepers.—William Spurr, 1st, James Copeland, George Mailman, John McKay, John Hoyt, Arthur Harris, Moses Dunn.
Cattle Reeves.—Stephen Jefferson, William Goldsmith, Edward Orde, James Ramsey, DeLancey Harris, Thomas Devers, Thomas Cain, Valentine Wagstaff.
Hog Reeve.—John McClafferty.
Lumber Surveyors.—John Orde, John Wiley, Simon Riley, Rufus Hardwick, Alexander Harnish, S. D. Tobias.
Wood Surveyors.—Jacob B. Whitman, Albert Mills.
Hay Weighers.—A. W. Corbitt, C. D. Pickles.
Barrel Inspectors.—William Cummings, Edward McDormand.
Brick Inspectors.—C. B. Burton, George Wells, sr.
Apple Inspectors.—E. E. McDormand, William Malcolm.
Stave Cullers.—John Orde, Alfred Spurr.
Coal Measurer and Weigher.—Harry A. West, W. G. Snannon.
Surveyor of Logs.—John Wiley, William Orde, T. DeWight Whitman.
Inspector of Laths.—W. H. Miller.
Supervisors of Public Landings.—Bernard Saunders.
Town Clerk.—Richardson Harris.
Leather Inspectors.—Augustus Harris, Benjamin Fairn, Alexander Blackie.
Presiding Officer.—A. W. Corbitt.
Commissioner of Streets.—S. D. R. Ritchie, (for Lequille,) J. M. C. Ritchie, Sandford Bishop, Annapolis.
Commissioner Ferry Slip.—A. D. Mills.
Fence Viewers.—Jasper Williams, Norman Dargie, W. E. Tupper, Avard Orde, Robert Jefferson, Fred Hardwick, (son of William).
Poor Clerk.—George S. Hoyt.
Health Inspector.—Augustus Robinson.
Constables.—Wm. Spurr, John Gormley, William Bancroft, John McLeod, Arthur Harris, Henry McMullen, John McKay, Thomas Devers, Michael Riordan, Norman McKay, John M. Gavaza, Charles Hardwick, Victor Harris, John B. Ritchie, Alexander Harnish, Norman Dargie, Henry M. Beeler, David R. McClelland, S. D. R. Ritchie.
Measurer of Salt.—W. H. Roach.
Ward Clerk.—Augustus Harris.
Fire Wards.—W. J. Shannon, J. E. Corbitt, Charles McCormick, C. D. Pickles, A. B. Cunningham, W. A. Ritchie.
Assessors for Fire District.—Augustus Harris, DeLancey Harris.

ROAD SURVEYORS.

1 Chalmers Wood-bury,	12 James Copeland,
2 Thomas Hardwick,	13 Hugh C Goldsmith,
3 George Howe,	14 John Low,
4 William Bancroft,	15 John Rise, jr.
5 Robert Walsh,	17 James Gallaghar,
6 Thomas Spurr,	18 Avard Orde, & and
7 George Armstrong,	19 W H Banks,
8 Charles B. Tupper,	20 Wallace Wright,
9 William Crisp,	21 H M Beeler,
10 Cyrus Wright,	22 William Feenor,
11 Alfred Buckler,	23 Jas Ruggles,
24 Bay View Island, Joseph Melanson.	
16 Formerly McLafferty road, Jeremiah Feenor.	

Volunteer Firemen...1, W. H. Banks; 2, Jas. McKay; 3, F. L. Ronch; 4, J. M. C. Ritchie; 5, J. E. Crowe, 6, W. H. Buckler; 7, Alexander Blackie; 8, John J. Edwards; 9, Wm. M. McClelland; 10, A. M. King; 11, A. M. Bishop; 12, W. W. Clarke; 13, E. W. Potter; 14, Fred Goucher; 15, Wallace Piggott; 16, George Wells, jr.; 17, Richard Jefferson; 18, Eugene McMullen; 19, G. T. Bohaker; 20, Rollins Hardwick; 21, N. F. Ritchie; 22, Frank Pickles; 23, Carman O'Dell; 24, Thomas Riley; 25, C. B. Burton; 26, Russel Withers; 27, John McClafferty; 28, M. Riordan; 29, A. L. Hardwick; 30, Elias Piggott.

Ward No. 11.

Overseers of Poor.—Ralph Bent, James Currell, Joseph E. Moore.
Assessors.—E. H. Tupper, Chas. Piggott, Norman Longley.
Pound Keepers.—Philip Inglis, Wm. Tupper, Donald Messenger, John Currell, David J. Morse, Alonzo Daniels, John Abbott.
Fence Viewers.—Charles Ingles, Chas. Messenger, Weston Messenger, Hugh Fowler, John Murdoch, 1st, Busoy Daniels, Saumel Saunders.
Cattle Reeves.—Edward Inglis, Edward Bruce, Major A. Messenger, Wallace Langley, Fletcher Durling.
Surveyor of Logs.—G. V. Knight.
Surveyor of Wood.—J. A. Willett, Cunningham Brooks.
Barrel Inspectors.—Stephen Boehner, Charles Inglis.
Apple Inspector.—W. F. Willett, W. A. Kinney.
Brick Inspector.—Edwin Walker.
Surveyors of Lumber.—G. V. Knight, Stewart C. Mack.
Presiding Officer.—James Langley.
Ward Clerk.—Weston A. Fowler.
Constables.—Howard E. Bent, Edward Bruce, Lansdale Piggott, John A. Abbott, Andrew Shaw.

ROAD SURVEYORS.

1 Charles Inglis,	6 Lewis Ricketson,
2 Wallace Bruce,	7 WinchesterDaniels
3 Troop Messenger,	8 Willard Morse,
4 Arthur Messenger,	9 Joseph Morse,
5 Weston Fowler,	10 James Evans.

Ward No. 12.

Overseers of Poor.—Wm. A. Morse, Isaac Durling.
Assessors.—Albert FitzRandolph, Avery Beals, Henry Parker.
Pound Keepers.—Arthur Barteaux, Burton Neily, Alpheus Daniels.
Cattle Reeves.—Solomon Drew, John Bishop.
Lumber Surveyors.—W. H. Nixon, J. E. Oakes, Thomas Jones, Albert Dunn.
Wood Surveyors.—Richard D. Beals, Elias Whitman.
Log Surveyors.—J. E. Oakes, H. H. Foster, Edgar Barteaux.
Apple Inspectors.—Ingram Neily, M. C. Beals.
Barrel Inspectors.—Miles Chipman, George Whitman.
Fence Viewers.—Wm. Eaton, E. Rice Daniels.
Ward Clerk.—J. H. Charlton.
Polling Officer.—Richard D. Beals.
Constables.—Samuel Nixon, Joseph H. Annis, Edwin Barteaux, Benjamin Jarvis, Harris Daniels, George Barteaux.

ROAD SURVEYORS.

1 Albert Daniels,	16 Charles Whitman,
2 John Bishop,	17 Avery Beals,
3 Jacob Beals,	18 Charles Crisp,
4 Byron Morse,	19 Arthur Whitman,
5 John H Charlton,	20 Rupert Calahan,
6 Thomas Jones,	21 William Warner,
7 John M Morse,	22 Henry Parker,
8 D H North,	23 Andrew Ritcey,
9 Albert Gates,	24 Frank Smith,
10 Oliver DeLancy,	25 Edwin Barteaux,
11 William Whitman,	26 John W Acker,
12 Eben Boland,	27 David Ritcey,
13 Roland Hinds,	28 John H Robinson,
14 Avard Banks,	29 Solomon Drew,
15 Jesse Whitman,	

Ward No. 13.

Overseers of Poor.—Charles Whitman, Oliver McNayr, Sydney Saunders.
Assessors.—Albert Oakes, Boyd McNayr, Joseph Bent.
Fence Viewers.—Chas. A. Oakes, Jas. C. Grimm, Edward Marshall, jr.
Pound Keepers.—Enoch Kniffen, James Langille, David Starratt.
Cattle Reeves.—Leander Whitman, Edwin Merry, George Durling, Wm. Sprowl.
Constables.—James E. Whitman, Adolphus Fairn, Rufus Merry, Burpee Saunders, John Charlton, Robert Charlton, Albert Grimm.
Ward Clerk.—Henry Merry, Boyd McNayr.
Presiding Officers.—Joseph H. Freeman, Albert Oakes.

ROAD SURVEYORS.

1 Samuel Beals,	11 Henry Oikle,
2 Harris Oakes,	12 Parker McNayr,
3 Charles Whitman,	13 John G Morrison,
4 Enoch Kniffen,	14 Charles Marshall,
5 Chas Connell,	15 James Jefferson, sr,
6 Omer Stoddart,	16 Lewis Acker,
7 John Long, jr,	17 Elijah Charlton,
8 Timothy Wilson,	18 William Charlton,
9 George Durling,	19 Thomas O'Bern,
10 Charles Roop,	

Ward No. 14.

Overseers of Poor.—Joseph Kempton, James Kempton, Caleb Ramey.
Assessors.—Wm. McBride, Adelbert Thomas, David Baxter.
Clerk.—Wm. Bowter.
Pound Keepers.—Wm. Dukeshire, Is

The Weekly Monitor.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 26th, 1887.

BOOKS FOR THE MILLION.—The attention of our subscribers is drawn to the great offer made in another column, in which 45 books of choice literature are offered, together with the MONITOR for one year, for the exceedingly low price of $2.00. Subscribers who have already paid in advance will receive the books upon payment of 50 cents, or if they choose to add another years' subscription, for 40 cents. Anyone sending us the names of two *bona-fide* new subscribers, accompanied with the cash, will receive the books free. Five *bona-fide* new subscribers, accompanied with the cash, will entitle the sender to the MONITOR for one year, and the books free. Old subscribers, whether paid up or not, are only required to remit one years subscription and 50 cents to receive the books. The books may be seen at our office. They are well printed on a fair quality of paper, and are a remarkable bargain.

NOTICE.—Those of our subscribers who have taken advantage of the above tempting offer will receive the books in the course of a week or two. We do not keep the books in stock, but order them sent direct from the publishers, when we have a certain number of names subscribed.

—The American fishery commission have brought in their report, which is manifestly unfair and misleading. The points at issue are overlooked. Should we agree to give the American fishing vessels the same privileges as their coasters, then good bye to our fisheries. All the Americans want is to be allowed the privilege of entering our harbors and bays and have a pretext for remaining a day or two and they will catch the fish fast enough.

The contention, when the renewal of the Washington Treaty was under consideration, was that the privileges to be conferred by us were *nil*. One season's exclusion results in almost war talk. Quite a difference. They expect to bulldoze us into making the concessions. Their tactics remind us of the old fable of the camel who supplicated to simply put his nose in his driver's hut, which being allowed him, he finally got his whole body in and crushed his driver to death.

In so far as Congress as a body regards the question the following opinion expressed by the Toronto *Week*, may be the correct one:—

"The difficulty is not diplomatic, but political. The American Senate being Republican will block any treaty or arrangement made by a Democratic President. Reciprocity is blocked in the same way, while domestic legislation at Washington is blocked in the antagonism between the House, which is still Democratic, and the Senate, which is Republican. Moreover, the Government itself begins to feel the influence of the coming Presidential election. Mr. Blaine's programme is a spirited foreign policy; that is, a policy of insult and menace to Great Britain. Of course he watches the negotiations on the Fisheries question with malignant vigilance, and would pounce upon anything like concession to Great Britain. The disposition of the President and of Mr. Bayard is undoubtedly friendly to an honorable settlement; but even they cannot emancipate themselves from the tyranny of faction."

—The advance of wealth in the United Kingdom of England, Scotland, Ireland and Wales during the past thirty years is very large, and the figures will probably prove a surprise to many persons. A writer upon the subject states that from 1855 to 1885, the taxable income of England and Wales increased from £256,000 000 to £533,000 000, an increase of 109 per cent.; for the same period in Scotland, from £30,000,000 to £61,000,000, an increase of 108 per cent.; and in Ireland in these thirty years, from £22 000,000 to £37,000,000, an increase of 68 per cent. The total increase for the United Kingdom for the period named is from £308 000,000 to £631,000,000, or in proportion to 105 per cent. The writer from whom we quote says:—

"Capitalize the different descriptions of income by their respective value at so many years' purchase, and we have some idea of the immense amount of wealth it shows to have been created during the last fifty years. But with our own eyes we see the increase of wealth in the increasing number of princely residences in the metropolis and all large towns, in the high prices which the works of art of real value realize, in the competition which is shown for the appropriation of any articles of real worth now and again coming into the market, and in the luxury indulged in by every one who aspires to a place in the higher ranks in society. Trade has been dull of late years, and it may be that the annual amount of savings is not so great as it has been, but it is considerable notwithstanding. And whilst the working and the lower middle classes have increased their deposits at the savings banks from £18 500,000 in 1837, to £94,000,000 in 1885, to say nothing of the large amounts held by the building and friendly societies, the higher classes have an amount of banking capital so large as to become a real burden from the difficulty of investing it profitably."

By the above showing the mother country shows no decadence as yet, and it would appear that the time for Macauley's New Zealander's appearance on London Bridge is indefinitely postponed.

—The young lads of this town are endeavoring to establish a gymnasium, and have every prospect of succeeding in their efforts. Their first meeting to take the matter into consideration was held on Monday night last. If established, it will be run upon sound principles, i.e., under rules and regulations and in charge of a qualified instructor. The value of physical exercise cannot be overrated, and we are glad to see that the boys have determined to place themselves under a systematic application of its principles. Sound strong bodies, are great factors in enabling men to successfully compete in the struggles of life. Health and strength give courage and will power to do and dare, and athletic exercises, rightly applied, are by all odds the best means to ensure vigor of health.

—The following are the provisions of an Order-in Council in reference to the Western Counties Railway, passed on the 4th inst., which we were unable to publish in our last week's issue, owing to the pressure upon our columns:

The government will at the next session of parliament introduce legislation, giving the Western Counties railway company the following concessions, on the terms stated:

1st. The sum of $500,000 free of interest until such time as the Dominion government give them an absolute title to and undisputed possession of the Windsor branch railway.

2nd. To sell them an annuity of £26,000 sterling per annum for twenty years or such further time as will enable said company to raise $3 200,000 from the price of which annuity the $500,000 grant shall be subtracted, the company paying the balance estimated at $1,000,000, leaving $1,700,000 in their hands for the completion of the missing link between Annapolis and Digby and for certain other specific purposes.

3rd. The company to pay at once the amounts due by them to the municipalities of Annapolis, Digby and Yarmouth, as well as to the province of Nova Scotia, and to settle with the bondholders of said railway.

4th. To withdraw the suit now pending by said company and bondholders against the Dominion government. The said company also to have power to extend their railway to Shelburne and to build a branch to Carlton, on which lines they will of course receive the ordinary Dominion subsidy of $3,200.

Local and Other Matter.

A BIG OAT CROP.—The Halifax *Herald* says that from 26½ bushels of oats sown, Mr. J. B. Peers, of Pugwash, N. S., raised a crop of 800 bushels

—At a convention in Kentville, on Saturday, Dr. Bordon was unanimously chosen as the Liberal candidate for Kings County.

—The steamer Bensore sailed from Annapolis on Saturday, with 11,657 barrels of apples and seventy standard of deals.

— New Goods arriving now, at Shipley's, li

— The Round Hill Woodenware Factory, with commendable enterprise, have commenced to rebuild the two warehouses recently destroyed by fire.

— Rev. J. M. Fisher, of Granville Ferry, will lecture in basement of Providence Church, 4th prox. Subject, "Lord Bacon."

—It gives us much pleasure to state that Mr. Fred R. Fay, of this town, who has been confined to his residence for some weeks with a very severe attack of acute bronchitis, is now nearly recovered.

—Mr. T. A. Foster, provision dealer of this town, has purchased the store owned by the estate of the late Miner Tupper, Esq.

—No further news has yet been received regarding the wrecked ship "Albuera," other than that her back was broken.

—The Liberals of Ward 3 will hold committee meeting at Temperance Hall, Lawrencetown, on every Wednesday evening till the end of the campaign, for the general business of the Ward.

—Chisels, Bitts, Gouges, and a full assortment of Mechanics' Tools, at Shipley's. li

—Mr. Nathan R. Morse has sold his farm situated within about a mile of this town, on the Granville road, to Mr. R. B. Newcomb, of Bridgewater, for $3600. It is a desirable property and pleasantly situated.

—A. C. Bell, M. P. P., has resigned his seat in the Local House and will contest Pictou County, either as Lib.-Conservative or Independent, so says the *Chronicle*.

—Our Lawrencetown correspondent says:—"We had a robin here this morning (22nd), yet one robin does not make Spring."

Robins were seen here several days ago.

—John L. Sullivan, the noted pugilist, recently broke his wrist while fighting a six-round contest with another boxer named Cardiff.

A GOOD TIME.—The ladies of the Baptist Church intend holding a social and bean supper at the spacious residence of Mr. Abner Neily, Belleisle, on the evening of Tuesday next, Feb. 1st. A sale of useful and fancy articles will also take place. Music, addresses and other forms of entertainment will be provided. A crowded house is expected.

—A regular "January thaw" set in on Sunday last, and continued until some time in the "wee sma' hours" of Tuesday morning, when the wind changed into a much colder quarter. The thaw completely spoiled the fine sleighing.

—The Liberal-conservatives of Wards 4 and 11, will hold a ward meeting at their rooms, Victoria Hall, on Wednesday the 26th inst., at 7.30 p. m., when all friends are cordially invited to attend. Some of the leading men of the party may be expected to address the meeting. The committee of said Wards will meet each Tuesday and Saturday evening during the campaign and would respectfully solicit the attendance of all interested in the return of the Liberal-conservative candidate at the approaching election. By order of the committee.

—We are having very changeable weather and many are sick with Colds, Coughs, Inflammation, Sluggish Liver, what can in most cases be avoided and everybody can enjoy good health through the spring and summer by taking one bottle of Norton's Dock Blood Purifier. Now is the time to do it. 3i

—William Sutherland of Mt. Denson, lost a fine black horse valued at $160, with distemper. It was sick six weeks. Last week, Councillor Knowles of Avondale, lost a valuable blood mare with the same disease. The disease is a very severe type, resembling diphtheria and the poor beasts suffered intense agony.

—C. F. Dow, the veteran shipbuilder of Harvey, Albert, N. B., has been asked by the New York owners, to take charge of the rebuilding and launching of the obstinate big raft at the Joggins. Mr. D., while declining the rebuilding will possibly, says the *Observer*, try his hand at launching the monster in the spring.

—A disastrous flood occurred in the town of Cornwall, Que., on the 17th inst., caused by the St. Lawrence river becoming blocked with ice. A great amount of damage was caused and as the major part of it is among the manufacturing establishments, the suffering among the poor people who work therein will be heavy as some time must elapse before the machinery can again be got in running order.

—The returning officers for Nova Scotia are understood to be as follows: Annapolis, Doctor Robinson; Antigonish, Alexander M Kinnon; Cape Breton, Donald G. McDonald; Guysboro, Alex. H. McGillivray; Lunenburg, Joseph Rudolph, junior; Queens, Thomas P. Campbell; Victoria, David Dunlop; Yarmouth, Job Hatfield; and the sheriffs of the remaining constituencies.

— Barque Roycroft, Capt. Wishart, bound from Londonderry for St. John, which was driven ashore at Moville during a heavy gale last month, and was afterwards hauled off and towed back to Derry, has been condemned and sold by auction for £150. The Roycroft is a vessel of 619 tons register, and was built at Granville, N. S., in 1869. She hailed from Annapolis, N. S. The Roycroft was owned by Messrs. Wm. Thompson & Co., of St. John, and others

A BRUTAL MURDERER.—*Lynn, Mass., Jan.* 23.—On Saturday, Mrs. Ada Tyler, colored, wife of a hard working mechanic, was murdered by Samuel Mitchell, who cut her throat from ear to ear, and then cut his own throat. The woman died almost immediately, but Mitchell's wound is not serious, and he is under arrest. It is reported that the Tyler woman was Mitchell's mistress, and that the pair had quarrelled, but as Mitchell refuses to make any statement the real motive for the crime is not positively known. All the parties came to Lynn from Nova Scotia a number of years ago.

The murderer, mentioned in the above despatch, it is supposed formerly belonged to this town, but his identity cannot be told as there were two of the same name, who went from here. His victim is said to hail from Digby County.—[ED. MON.

—The Round Hill Post Office has been made a money order office, and is now prepared to issue and pay money orders.

— Mr. W. A. Calnek, who is now editing the *Spectator*, says that the first issue of the *Western News*, the name of the pioneer paper published in Bridgetown, and the first in the County, appeared just 31 years ago, on the 15th of this month.

—We have received a copy of the first issue of a new and very readable little periodical entitled, *The Christian Worker*, just issued by the Y. M. C. A., of Halifax. It will be published monthly at 25 cents per year. It represents a noble and worthy organization, and has our very best wishes for a prosperous career.

—The Lyceum theatre, Ottawa, was destroyed by fire on the evening of the 18th. The fire caught in the stage scenery as Harry Lindley's company was preparing to play "Fanchon." The company lost all their costumes and personal effects. Lindley is quite well known in this town, as he has played here on several occasions.

—The display of Canned Goods, at Shipley's, is astonishing. li

PINK PARTY.—Something new in the shape of an attractive entertainment will be held at the residence of Mr. J. B. Reed, of this town, to-morrow evening, the 27th inst., commencing at 7 o'clock, under the auspices of the women's Helping Hand Society. It will be worth while to go and see this Pink Party and share in the refreshments, music, recitations, addresses and other good things of the occasion. Ten cents admission and ten for a good social cup of coffee with suitable accompaniments.

—Rev. Thomas Grace, the Roman Catholic priest, resident in this County, writes as follows to the Halifax *Herald*, relative to the Bear River Indians:—

The Indians of Bear River have added a very neat vestry to their church on the reserve. They have all or partly furnished it. Needless to say that their means are very limited and they have had to depend in a great measure on the kindness of their friends in Bear River to help them to accomplish this work. As early as possible in the season they intend to paint and otherwise renovate their church. They receive no assistance from mission-ary boards or anything of that kind, and consequently are compelled to appeal to their friends. Any donation, no matter how small, to help them in their efforts will be thankfully received by their pastor.

—I am now quoting bottom prices for all kinds of Heavy and Shelf Hardware, R. Shipley. li

—A Middleton correspondent to the *Herald* writes: Israel Morgan and Will Guy were arrested here last Tuesday the 18th inst., for breaking into a sleigh ten days before in Dodge's hotel stable and stealing therefrom nearly $200 worth of gold rings and other jewelry belonging to A. J. Cox, jeweler, of Truro. Carl Taylor was also arrested for having a part of the goods in his possession knowing them to have been stolen. The two former were committed to the Annapolis jail to await trial at the next June court, while the latter was let go by paying a fine of $10. Mr. Cox deserves credit for his perseverance and skill in ferreting out and bringing to justice this gang of sneak thieves who have for some time past been plundering wagons, sleighs and shops of everything they could lay their hands on. If all such criminals were promptly punished when caught instead of being "let off" there would be less sneak thieving and burglaries committed through this fair valley than has so frequently occurred of late years.

HOUSE WARMING AT MIDDLETON.—On Monday night last the friends of Mr. Mr. and Mrs. Phinney, to the number of about thirty or so, repaired to their new house in the midst of the rain and mist and took the worthy couple by surprise. After dispensing of their overboots and mud, they all adjourned to the large front room, whose white, shining floor was very tempting, and to the music of Mr. Steve Phinney tripped the light fantastic until they were summoned to the dining room to discuss the good things provided by the hostess; while doing so Mr. A. J. Morrison, on behalf of the company, presented Mrs. Phinney with a very handsome set of silver castors as a slight token of their esteem. At the conclusion of the supper they all left for home to enjoy the drive through the mud, loud in praise of the good time they had enjoyed and wishing Mr. and Mrs. Phinney a happy life in their new home, which is one of the neatest and best furnished in the county and reflects credit on the builder, Mr. Foster.

ONE PRESENT.

—The annual meeting of the Methodist Sabbath School Committee, was held on Wednesday evening, 19th inst. The following were elected officers for ensuing year: Mr. J. E. Sancton, Superintendent; Miss Angwin, Secty.-Treas. The school is reported as increasing in interest and efficiency. One of its main features is a temperance organization or "White Ribbon Band," which includes in its membership almost all the officers and scholars of the school. At the annual meeting afforded the first opportunity since the very successful concert of 30th Dec., on motion of Mr. J. P. Murdoch, it was unanimously resolved, that the thanks of this committee on behalf of the Sabbath School it represents, are due and are hereby tendered to Prof. J. B. Norton and the ladies and gentlemen who with him contributed so much to the success of the late concert. It was ordered that a brief sketch of the committee's doings be published.

INGRAHAM HART, Secty. of Com.

—The January Number of *Harper's Magazine* ushers before us a generous portion of the attractions announced for the coming year

The leading article is the first half of Sir Edward J. Reed's important paper on European navies of the Continent.

The series of Southern articles which promises to be one of the chief features of the Magazine for 1887 is begun by Charles Dudley Warner's interesting paper on New Orleans, with twenty-one illustrations by W. H. Gibson and other artists.

The Russian novel, "Narka," by Kathleen O'Meara, begins with remarkable vigor, and its thrilling subject leads us to anticipate a rare treat in which the love story is skilfully interwoven with an accurate picture of Russian society and politics.

The war correspondent, Frank D. Millet, describes and illustrates "A Summer Campaign with the Cossacks,' from his personal experience.

Blackmore's novel, "Springhaven," which was omitted from the December Number to provide space for Christmas subjects, is resumed with a double instalment of over fifty pages, with twelve illustrations.

E. P. Roe's "Home Acre" articles are continued with a further treatise, in brief, lively style, on "The Kitchen Garden."

Theodore Child, the Parisian art critic, contributes a timely and readable review of the French Impressionist Painters and their peculiarities.

Three exquisite short poems by Louise Chandler Moulton, Dora Read Goodale, and Annie Fields, are scattered through the Number.

The number taken throughout, is a most entertaining one, and presents a wide range of subjects.

Messrs. T. C. Allen & Co., Granville St., Halifax, booksellers, newsdealers, etc., etc.

—Grand Prize Fancy Dress Skating Carnival, in the Bridgetown Rink, on Friday evening, Jan. 28th. Music by the Bridgetown Brass Band, who receive one-third of the proceeds. None allowed on the ice except those in costume. Prizes, best lady's costume, a copy of Shakespeare's works, richly bound in gilt. Best gentleman's costume, one of Fairchild's best gold pens. Admission, 25 cents; Children, 15 cents. No postponment unless weather is warm.

CAR INDICATOR.—We understand the W. & A. R., who are seldom behind any other road with improvements, are about to introduce Ormeston's Car Indicator on the line. This is a patent of Mr. D. Ormeston, of Pictou, and is intended to remove a long felt want to the travelling public. The patent consists of a small box or case, one to be placed at each end of passenger cars, and when a train leaves a station the brakeman, instead of calling out the name of next station, simply turns a handle, which strikes a gong, calling the attention of passengers, and at the same time the name of the next station is shown and remains in view until arrived at. It also shows where connections with other points are made, time allowed for refreshments, destination of each car, etc., and other information useful to passengers.—*Windsor Tribune.*

LOOKS LIKE WAR.—*London, Jan.* 23.—Rumors of war are becoming more and more frequent. The *North German Gazette*, *National Gazette*, and *Cologne Gazette*, as well as the *Times*, *Standard* and *Daily News*, of London, all report that France is making elaborate preparations to dispatch to the German frontier strong reinforcements of all arms.

The *Daily News* professes to know there is extreme danger of war. It says the government is alarmed on account of having heard that Germany is likely soon to ask France to explain the meaning of the French military movements on the frontier.

JUDGES ON PROHIBITION.—*Toronto, Jan.* 11.—Justice Armour has given an important decision in a Scott Act case, holding that the purchaser of liquor is not an aider and abettor, and consequently squashing a conviction. At the opening of the civil assizes, Judge Rose dwelt on temperance legislation, saying that he felt that no prohibitory act should be placed on the statute book unless behind that act there was enough moral force to carry it into effect. From his own personal observations he could say that the Scott Act was not enforced in most of the the counties where it had passed and when it is not and cannot be enforced it should be struck off the statute book. The fact that any law might easily be broken and without punishment ensuing, had a tendency to make men utterly regardless of law.

THE BOY BALLENTYNE ESCAPES.—*Fredericton, Jan.* 19.—The boy Ballentyne, indicted for manslaughter by the grand jury, was tried to-day. Chief Justice Allen, presiding. Attorney Blair for the crown and J. A. Vanwart for the prisoner. The same witnesses testified, and the same testimony was given as on the inquest. Vanwart and the attorney-general addressed the jury in turn. Chief Justice, in his charge, said the whole case rested on three facts: first, whether the boy in the attempt at shooting a dog was committing a lawful offence or not; secondly, if the deed was a lawful one whether the boy took proper precautions against doing injury to any one. With these points weighing on their minds, the jury retired at 6 o'clock, and returned at 9 with a verdict of not guilty.—*Hx. Herald.*

St. John, Jan. 19.—This forenoon a three-year-old daughter of captain Peter McIntyre of the schooner Rondo, was terribly burned. During the temporary absence of her mother the little one got hold of some matches, and her clothes caught fire. When her mother returned she was horrified to find the child on the floor, face downward, and every particle of clothing except the shoes and stockings burned off her body. The child's body was almost burned to a crisp. The frantic mother threw water on the child and hastened for a doctor. At last accounts the child was alive, but so terribly burned that she cannot survive.

Prince Albert Street.

[Communicated.]

At an early hour New Year's morning a large concourse of relatives and friends might have been seen wending their way towards the residence of J. W. Clark, to celebrate the forty-eighth wedding anniversary, of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph R. Clark whose wedded life has been spent in this vicinity. Their family, twelve in number, are all living but one, a son who was drowned some twenty-five years ago when a lad of only seventeen summers. Mr. C., has two sons in Boston, and one in California, also two daughters married in Concord, Mass. The other six children are settled here. Mr. and Mrs. Clark seemed quite hale when I met them New Year's morning, although they have seen their three score and ten years. Upon their arrival at their son-in-law's house they were delighted to meet so many of their children; but while they enjoyed very much the company of those present the absent were not forgotten. The morning was spent in greetings and a distribution of presents. At one o'clock all were invited to the dining room where a large table was spread, bounteously supplied with the most tempting viands to which all did ample justice. The afternoon and evening were spent in social concourse, games and vocal music. A variety of refreshments was served during the evening. The company was then called to order, and I. H. Gardner, in behalf of the writers, read with heart felt expressiveness the following poem composed for the occasion by Mrs. Clark's absent daughters. The poem was very appropriate and manifestly appreciated by all. After the singing of several choice selections the company dispersed all having greatly enjoyed the day.

TO OUR PARENTS.

'Tis eight and forty years ago,
Since you were wedded man and wife,
And took upon yourself the pledge,
To love and honor throughout life.
Two score years and eight have passed,
And faithfully you've kept that vow,
The love you cherished in your youth,
Strengthens and animates you now.

Since then you've had the common lot,
Which falls to most or us on earth,
A mingled cup of good and ill,
Of joy and sorrow, death and birth.
Children were born in the long years,
Which seem so quickly to have flown,
And fiere around you are a group
Of men and women fully grown.

One son did not linger long,
God called him home, t'was for the best,
T'will be a link to bind your hearts,
And draw you to his home of rest.
One son is in a distant land,
We may never meet with him again,
But what a comfort it is to know,
God watches over him the same.

Two other sons are far away,
Who should have been at home to-day,
But we hope ere long they will be here,
To gladden the hearts of their parents dear.
In a foreign land, two dahghters dwell,
Our thoughts and blessings to you stray,
God grant we may be spared to meet,
An unbroken circle next New Years day.

Oh, be it ours ever, though far from your sight,
To leave behind memories, fraught with delight,
And when through death's portals we join the unseen,
May we be remembered for what we have been.
And now on this New Years night,
Friends, kindred, children, round you stand,
To wish you every happiness,
With cordial smile and clasp of hand.

You still are in the prime of life,
Perhaps your golden wedding day
May find you yet alive and well,
Although, perchance a trifle gray.
May peace and joy and health be yours,
Prosperity and children' love,
And best of all, firm faith in Him,
Who guides our destinies from above.

Faith that whatever He may send,
Not only good, but eyes ill,
Comes from a tender Father's hand,
Who, while he hurts us, loves us still.
And now before we say good night,
Let us repeat, God bless your home,
And cheer the lives of you and yours
Through all the years that are to come.

A Crash at Niagara.

NIAGARA FALLS, January 13.—Over 223,000 cubic yards of limestone and slate rock have fallen out of the bank of Niagara river, near the Horseshoe falls, on the Canada side. The mass fell with a tremendous crash, which was heard and felt for miles around. The break has considerably changed the appearance of the bank, and now the dark chasm can be seen behind the falls from the bank above. The mass of rock detached was 60 feet wide by over 100 long and 170 feet deep. Its fall from the main rock has left a perpendicular wall. The tremendous weight of ice accumulated during the past three weeks, with the steady frosty weather and low water, was the cause of the break.

New Advertisements.

A Mill for the Public

—The firm of—

BOWLBY & BALCOM Bros.

LAWRENCETOWN,

HAVE their NEW MILL almost completed, and will be able to saw by the end of the present month. Persons bringing logs can have their lumber to take home with them. Also be ready to saw

Shingles, at 75 Cents per M.;
Lumber, at - - $2.50 per M.

—We want:—

500 CORDS STAVE WOOD,

for which we will pay $1.50 per cord, we will pay in Cylinder Staves or Heading. We want any amount of

SHINGLE WOOD,

—and plenty of—

LOGS TO SAW,

for which we guarantee satisfaction every time.

BOWLBY & BALCOM BROS.

Lawrencetown, January 24th, 1887. 4ltf

SHARP'S

Favorably known for upwards of forty years it has become a household name. No family should be without it. It is simple and effectual. In cases of Croup and Whooping Cough it is marvelous what has been accomplished by it.

BALSAM

In its use the sufferer finds instant relief. Hor anxiously the mother watches over the child when suffering from these dreadful diseases, and would not she give anything if only the dear little one could be relieved. Be advised

OF

HOARHOUND

Keep constantly on hand in a convenient place a bottle of this Balsam. If you cannot get it of your dealer, send direct to us, in stamps or currency, 30 cents,

AND

ANISE SEED

with your address, and we will forward, carriage pre paid, one bottle of this wonderful remedy, so that you may try it and be convinced.

Sharp's Balsam Manufacturing Co.,

ST. JOHN, N. B.

NEVER!

—such an opportunity to get—

GOOD GOODS, CHEAP,

—as is offered at—

J. W. Whitman's,

LAWRENCETOWN,

FOR 30 DAYS.

Women's Button Boots, for -	$1.00
Men's Lace Boots, for -	1.50
Children's Boots, from -	65
Fine White Granite Tea-Sets, -	2.80
" China " -	5.00
Glass Sets, - - -	70
Prints, from - - -	67
Dress Checks, from - -	12½

Other lines proportionately LOW for CASH.

J. W. WHITMAN.

WANTED:

GOOD SOCKS AND OATS.

Lawrencetown, Jan. 25th, 1887.

NEW STORE!

FLOUR AND MEAL,

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

STONEWARE,

GLASSWARE,

Etc., Etc., Etc.,

Lower than ever, for CASH.

T. G. BISHOP,

South Mountain Road.

Williamston, Jan. 24th, 1887. 4y 15

COME AND SEE

THE LARGEST STOCK

—OF—

WINDOW GLASS,

NAILS,

Shelf Hardware,

—AND—

Groceries,

—In the County—

The public will find above Goods marked at

BOTTOM PRICES.

Richard Shipley.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CARD OF THANKS.

TO MY MANY FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS IN ANNAPOLIS COUNTY:—

WE have now fairly entered upon another year, and as that just past has been one of greatly increased prosperity in my business, the sales for 1886 having exceeded those for 1885 by at least $4,000, I wish to extend to you all my earnest thanks for your very liberal favors, which have thus crowned my efforts with success.

As in the past, I shall always use my utmost endeavors to please you, and bringing each year an added experience to my business, and a fuller knowledge of your wants, I feel satisfied that an inspection of my New Stock of English Goods for the Spring and Summer Trade, the orders for which are now being filled, will convince you that they surpass all previous importations, both in extent and value, and will ensure your continued and increased patronage.

In due course of time, full advertisements will be given of all the various lines.

Again thanking you for your favors, trusting that our pleasant relations may be long continued, and wishing you a year of happiness and prosperity, I beg to subscribe myself,

Your obd't servant,

J. W. BECKWITH.

P. S.—As room must be made for my Spring Stock, the Balance of my Winter Goods will be sold regardless of cost. This will be a rare chance for those wishing real bargains.

January 17th, '87. *J. W. B.*

NOTICE!

SEALED TENDERS,

WILL be received by Sect. of Nictaux Falls Milling Company, [Limited], until noon, Jan. 28th inst.,

FOR TIMBER,

for the erection of Saw Mill.

Plans and Specifications can be had from Secretary.

Company do not bind themselves to accept lowest or any tender.

R. D. BEALS,
Sect. of Company.

Nictaux Falls, Jan. 18th, 1887. 2ltd3.

Public Auction,

To be sold on the premises,

ednesday, March 9th, '87,

at 2 o'clock, a nicely situated

SMALL FARM,

—IN:—

GRANVILLE.

COMPRISING fifty acres more or less; one and one-half miles west of Bridgetown. Belonging to the estate of the late William Clarke. There are sixty apple trees, mostly into bearing; plum, cherry and pear trees, also grape vines. A good house and all necessary out-buildings and two wells of water. The greater part of purchase money can remain on mortgage. Also two riding wagons. For further particulars apply to

JOSEPH B. FELLOWS.

Granville, Jan. 10th, 1887. 3it48.

1886. "A" No. 150.

In the Supreme Court,

Between, ROBERT DELAP, Plaintiff,

..AND..

MILES McMILLAN, and ARTHUR B. CUNNINGHAM, Trustee, etc., Defendants.

TO BE SOLD AT

Public Auction,

by the Sheriff of the County of Annapolis, or his deputy, at the Court House, Annapolis, on

Saturday, February 19th,

A. D., 1887, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon,

PURSUANT to an order of foreclosure and sale made herein on the 3rd day of January, A. D., 1887, unless before the day appointed for such sale the amount due to the plaintiff herein upon the mortgage sought to be foreclosed, together with cost of suit, be paid to the plaintiff or his solicitor, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said defendants, and all persons claiming or entitled by, from, or under them, in, to, and out of the following lot or parcel of

LAND,

and premises, situate in the town of Annapolis in the County of Annapolis, on the western side of Main or St. George Street, described and bounded as follows, namely:—

Commencing on said street at the southern corner of property of Edwin Ryerson, known as the Foster House property, thence running north-westerly along the southern line of said Ryerson property and the extension thereof to low water mark of the Annapolis River, thence running south-westerly along said low water mark one hundred and one feet, more or less, to the extension of the line of the fence on the southern side of the property conveyed by said mortgage, thence south-easterly along the extended line of said fence and said fence to the southern corner thereof, thence easterly along the fence on said property to the point where it now meets the Garrison fence (so called,) thence northerly along the western side of said road to the place of beginning, with the buildings and appurtenances to the same belonging or in any wise appertaining

TERMS.—Ten per cent deposit at time of sale, remainder on delivery of the deed.

J. AYARD MORSE,
High Sheriff.

J. M. OWEN,
Plaintiff's Solicitor.

Annapolis, January 14th, '87. 5it46

SHIP YOUR APPLES

—TO—

LONDON, G. B.,

—BY—

ANCHOR LINE STEAMERS!

S. S. British Crown, 3563 Tons, Feb. 3rd
S. S. British Queen, 3558 Tons, Feb. 23rd

The above favorite steamers will sail from

Halifax to London Direct.

FRUIT shippers will consult their own interests in shipping by steamers whose average passages are from 2 to 4 days less than compsting steamers, enabling fruit to be landed in better condition. Freight at lowest reduced rates.

Insurance less than by any other steamers in the trade. Apples carried in cool well ventilated space and stored not over 4 or 5 tiers high.

Patronize the best steamers and apply early for space to

T. A. S. DEWOLF & SON,
AGENTS.

Halifax, N. S., January 17th, 1887.

BEST ON EARTH

SURPRISE SOAP

THE GREAT SELF WASHER TRY IT

A marvel of efficiency and economy. Quality never varies. The purest and best for all household purposes; washing and cleaning without injury to hands or fabric. No boiling, scalding or hard rubbing necessary. The saving of fuel alone pays for the soap. Makes white goods whiter, softens woolen goods and makes colored goods brighter. One soap for all purposes. Toilet, Bath, Laundry, Scrubbing, &c. Read the directions plainly given on each wrapper and learn the new "Surprise" way of washing clothes, saving time, money, labor and worry of the old way. Wash day is made a pleasure by the use of Surprise Soap and joy and smiles take the place of tired looks. Save 25 Surprise wrappers, send to the manufacturers with your address and get a handsome picture for them. Ask your grocer to show you the picture. SURPRISE Soap is sold by all leading grocers. If not obtainable at your home send 4 cents in stamps to us for sample bar.

The St. Croix Soap M'f'g Co.,
ST. STEPHEN, N. B.

XMAS! XMAS!

Mrs. McLean,

—has just received for the—

HOLIDAYS,

—a large assortment of—

BEAUTIFUL NOVELTIES,

—for the season.—

Everything NEW and Everything ATTRACTIVE.

PLUSH GOODS, in large variety,

—such as—

LADIES' and GENT'S DRESSING CASES, ODOR CASES, FRAMES, and ALBUMS, ETC., ETC.,

ALL THE STANDARD POETS;
BIRTHDAY, GIFT and SCRAP BOOKS;
CHILDREN'S PICTURE BOOKS;
GIRL'S AND BOY'S ANNUALS;
CHATTERBOX FOR 1886;
GAMES OF ALL KINDS;
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CHRISTMAS CARDS, in latest styles and designs;
FINE ASSORTMENT OF CHOICE CONFECTIONERY.

A. M. MacLean.

Bridgetown, Dec. 14th, 1886. tf

W. R. LUXTON,

PRACTICAL HORSE SHOER.

BAD FEET A SPECIALTY.

INTERFERING

—AND—

OVERREACHING HORSES

TREATED SUCCESSFULLY.

I will also stump Annapolis County on horse Shoeing.

STAND.—Carleton's Corner.

Bridgetown, Oct. 12th 1885. 6m

PUBLIC SALE!

A NUMBER of pews in Providence Church, Methodist, Bridgetown, will be offered at public sale, or rented, or sittings let, on the afternoon of Wednesday, February 2nd, at 3 o'clock, in the CHURCH. Parties wanting sittings, and all others, will please attend sale. By order Trustees.

JOHN P. MURDOCH,
Chapel Steward.

January 18th, 1887. 2it43

GREAT BARGAINS

—FOR—

HOLIDAYS!

W. J. ST. CLAIR,

has just received a nice lot of

Dress Goods Cloths,

..FOR..

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

Also, a special lot of

BOOTS and SHOES,

Rubbers & Overshoes,

the largest and best lot I have ever had. Selling at

VERY LOW PRICES.

Also, a fine lot of

GROCERIES.

—A lot of—

RAISINS,

at very low prices by the box or lb.

W. J. ST. CLAIR,

Bridgetown, Oct. 19th, 1886.

Wanted! Wanted!

Wanted to Buy:

2000 BEEF HIDES,

..for which will be given..

6 Cents per lb. Cash,

or 6½ per lb. in goods at CASH RATES.

Wanted to Sell:

200 Pairs Men's Best Coarse Boots, Knee Boots, Youth's Boots, 25 Sets Harnesses, 2 Dozen Horse Rugs, lot of Sleigh Bells, Chimes, &c., Surcingles and Whips,

—besides always in stock,—

Upper, Harness and Sole Leather,

Boot Uppers & Findings.

—Parties wanting—

FRENCH CALF, BALMORAL

—OR—

LEG BOOTS,

can get them made to order in

Latest Styles & Best Work at Short Notice.

Geo. Murdoch.

A VERY

LARGE STOCK

—OF—

XMAS GOODS!

—FOR—

Ladies, Gents and Children.

SELECTED FROM THE

Leading Firm

—OF THE—

UNITED STATES.

—To be sold—

VERY CHEAP,

—AT—

LAWRENCETOWN
& BRIDGETOWN.

L. C. WHEELOCK.

XMAS!

NEW GOODS. NEW GOODS.

I have just opened a large stock

BOOTS and SHOES,

FELT OVER-BOOTS,

SNOW EXCLUDERS,

and RUBBERS,

ALSO another case of Men's Top Shirts, Under Shirts and Drawers, Collars, Cuffs, Gent's and Youth's Ties and Scarfs, Silk Handkerchiefs, Gloves. A good assortment of

GROCERIES,

BEST BRANDS FLOUR ALWAYS IN STOCK;
OATMEAL, GRAHAM FLOUR, GRANULATED OATMEAL, GRANULATED AND REFINED SUGARS, VERY LOW BY THE BBL. OR DOLLAR'S WORTH;
FIVE HALF CHESTS OF THAT CHOICE TEA, SAME AS LAST;
PURE JAVA COFFEE;
MOTT'S PURE SPICES;
RAISINS AND CURRANTS A LARGE STOCK;
FIGS, NUTS AND GRAPES;
CONFECTIONERY;
WATER WHITE AMERICAN OIL;
TEN BOXES ASSORTED SOAPS.

I realize the importance of selling

FIRST-CLASS GOODS

at prices so low that no one can under-sell me, and on this principle I solicit the patronage of my friends and the public. My motto is "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS."

JOHN LOCKETT.

General News.

—A German astronomer has found reasons for believing that the zodiac light and the aurora borealis result from the reflection of sunlight by water and ice.

—The liquidators of the Bank of P. E. I., who are about completing their labors, receive $12,000. The loss to the shareholders and creditors of this unfortunate institution amounts to about $600,000.

New York, Jan. 23.—There has been an alarming increase of small-pox in this city recently, and the health officers are about to take active measures to prevent its further spread.

—Professor Ordway recommends that water pipes exposed to freezing be covered with glazed cotton batting. It is easily applied and should be put on to the thickness of one-to three inches, according to exposure, being bound around loosely with twine.

—Interesting discoveries have lately been made in underground Jerusalem. Excavations have been made by Dominican monks, near the Damascus gate where they have found vaults, chambers, fragments of beautiful pillars, &c., remains it is supposed of the christian period of Jerusalem's history.

—Lady Tilley has arranged a plan for the erection of a hospital at Fredericton. The Government has given a site just below Government House. It is proposed to lay the corner stone on the 20th June next, the fiftieth anniversary of the Queen's Coronation, and it will be called "The Victoria Hospital," in commemoration of Her Majesty's Jubilee.

—The seizure of the British sealing vessels in Behring sea by United States gunboats does not seem to have intimidated those engaged in this industry, as advices from British Columbia state that, despite the fact the United States government has ordered two fast cutters to Behring sea, Canadian sealers intend taking their chances in the disputed waters, feeling confident that they can recover damages if molested.

London, Jan. 51.—The *Daily Telegraph*, forecasting the contents of the Queen's speech, says that probably simultaneously with the procedure bill, a measure for the better government of Ireland will be submitted, under which the government will practically be given power to proclaim the national league as an unlawful association. The government, the *Telegraph* says, will consult the Hartington party on all legislative proposals, and will introduce no measure without their consent.

—A Chicago drummer tells of a merchant in Walnut, Ill., who, being a prosperous and a heavy buyer, is treated well by the commercial travellers, and has many a cigar offered to him. He always takes the cigar and says "It's against my principles to smoke in business hours; I'll light this after supper," and when he gets a hundred puts them in a box and sells them to a train boy on the Burlington road for half price.

—The harsh weather of late in New York city has blocked the building trade and thrown nearly twenty thousand men out of work. The members of the Longshoremen's Union, the Warehousemen's and other kindred associations are equally affected by the change in the weather. The men belonging to the indoor trades find scope for their energies in making up stock for the spring season. Cabinet-makers, tailors, shoemakers and hatters are busy. In cigarmaking business is lively.

Honesty Rewarded.—A French lad named Pettipas, from Chezzetcook, on Friday afternoon observed a man drop a wallet on North street, said to contain $500. The lad picked it up and reported it to his father, who was selling smelts at one of the houses. The father hailed the man entering the railway depot and asked him if he lost anything, and on being answered in the affirmative, produced the wallet, when the loser generously (?) compensated him with fifty cents reward.—*Halifax Herald.*

—The string of pearls worn at the opera in New York by Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, attracts more attention than the singers and ballet. It consists of 346 oriental pearls, set in a golden chain, which belonged to the Empress Eugenie, and which was recently purchased for $130,000. It was worn by Mrs. Vanderbilt across the top of her head, thence down the back of her coiffure to her neck, which it encircled, with enough left to hang down on her bosom.

Halifax Markets.—The following quotations are dated 20th inst., and are furnished us by Messrs Manford Bros., Argyle St. Butter, choice dairy, 17 to 00; rolls in boxes 16 to 17; eggs, per doz., 23; hams and bacon, per ℔ 8 to 10; beef, quarters, 5 to 7; hogs, dressed, 5½ to 6; mutton, by carcass, 5 to 6; lamb, do., 6 to 00; turkeys, per ℔ 13 to 14; ducks, pair, 50 to 70; fowls and chickens, pairs, 35 to 45; geese, each, 50 to 70; rabbits, pair, —; apples, $1.50 to $2.50; potatoes, 90 to $1.00; oats, bush., 34 to 36; hay, ton, $12.00 to $14.00; wool skins, 60 to 70; turnips, bbl., 75; beets, 75; parsnips, $1.00; carrots, $1.00.

Boston, Jan. 23rd.—Great indignation is expressed in Gloucester over the delay the government has made regarding the fishery question. All the fishermen are demanding a settlement at once. In a letter to Secretary Bayard, Captain Solomon Jacobs states that he took seventeen Nova Scotia fishermen from the wreck of the Neskletta, off Malpeque, and in feeding them depleted his flour, and after landing the wrecked subjects of the province was refused the right to purchase flour. All other captains are expressing their grievances.

—There is a new fad among the swells of New York city, whose love for the picturesque is not satisfied with the sombre raiment of the conventional dress suit. These scintillating individuals now appear with two waistcoats when arrayed for the evening. The outer waistcoat is of white pique or silk, and the under vestment is of a gorgeous blue or crimson silk, the edge of which just protrudes beyond the lapel of the over-waistcoat. Any desire for conspicuousness is thus gratified, as the effect is suggestive of the "orders" and insignia of potentates and foreign diplomats. The haberdashers are delighted at the prospect of the innovation.

—Last Christmas morning, Mrs. Peter Boudreau of Sanlaterville, Digby county, went to the barn as usual and got a mess of oats which she gave to her fowls. Later in the forenoon she noticed very strange actions amongst them, and the rooster was stretched on the ground apparently quite dead. Mrs. B., to make the best of it, plucked him slick and clean, with the exception of a few tail and wing feathers and consigned his remains to the manure heap, feeling convinced that he had been poisoned. Towards noon, to the surprise of the whole family, he was up again, strutting about as gay as ever, though deprived of his costly and necessary apparel. But our good lady being equal to the emergency took him in the house and fitted him with a fine suit of overalls, and at last accounts he was doing as well as could be expected under the distressing circumstances. Mrs. B., determined to find out the cause of this strange phenomenon, went to her oat-barrel and found that a bottle of liquor had been placed in the barrel and the liquor had leaked out in the grain, which explained the whole mystery. The rooster was drunk, as many other bipeds in bigger communities were on Christmas day.—*Yar. Times.*

WHAT TRUE MERIT WILL DO.

The unprecedented sale of *Boschees' German Syrup* within a few years, has astonished the world. It is without doubt the safest and best remedy ever discovered for the speedy and effectual cure of Coughs, Colds and the severest Lung troubles. It acts on an entirely different principle from the usual prescriptions given by Physicians, as it does not dry up a Cough and leave the disease still in the system, but on the contrary removes the *cause* of the trouble, heals the parts affected and leaves them in a purely healthy condition. A bottle kept in the house for use when the diseases make their appearance, will save doctor's bills and a long spell of serious illness. A trial will convince you of these facts. It is positively sold by all druggists and general dealers in the land. Price, 75 cts., large bottles.

The United States Fishery Commission Report.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 19.—The report of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs, accompanying the bill introduced by Mr. Belmont appointing a commission to make an investigation concerning the losses and injuries inflicted since December 31st, 1885, on citizens of the United States engaged in the North American Fisheries, after reviewing the various treaties and violations thereof by the Canadians, reaches the following conclusions: That by the treaty of peace in 1783 American citizens became partners with British subjects in all coast fisheries in North America remaining to Great Britain; that in 1876 Canada prescribed penalties not warranted by treaty which were made more severe, and that in 1886, nearly half a century after signing the treaty, an offence entirely new in legislation was announced in the most general terms and punished by confiscation of everything seized. A very serious feature of this last named legislation is that it has been approved by the British Crown and it proclaims non-intercourse in Canada with American fishing vessels for general trade. To that feature your committee has given careful consideration and is unanimously of opinion that if and so long as non-intercourse with American fishing vessels shall be thus maintained in the ports or bay of the Dominion of Canada or Newfoundland, non-intercourse should be immediately begun and maintained in our ports.

Canadian vessels whether trading or fishing, have within the meaning of the 17th section of the law of Congress of June 19th, 1886, "Been placed on the same footing" in our ports as our own vessels clearing or entering foreign ports. Canadian vessels are British vessels. The British Crown has denied to American fishing vessels a commercial privilege extended to other vessels in Canadian ports. The motive and purpose of such denial have been openly and plainly avowed by Canada to be, first the punishment of such vessels because the United States levies a duty on Canadian fish, not fresh, for immediate consumption such as the government levies on all such fish not the product of American fisheries and imported from any foreign place whatever; and, secondly, to coerce the United States to exempt such Canadian fish from all duties and to enter into other new reciprocal customs relations with the Canadian dominion and Newfoundland. It is a policy of threat and coercion which, in the opinion of your committee, should be instantly and summarily dealt with. The circumstances will warrant and require, in the opinion of your committee, not only non-intercourse with Canadian vessels bringing Canadian fish to our ports, but an exclusion of such fish from entry at our ports whether brought by rail or any other way.

It is difficult to believe that Canada having within the last twenty years so severely burdened herself with taxation by building railways to Chicago, St. Paul and the whole west of our country, as well as New York and Boston, will now deliberately and offensively enter upon and pursue a policy toward our fishermen which, if persisted in, can but end in either the suspension of commercial intercourse by land or sea between her and ourselves or consequences even more grave.

The United States Senate's Retaliatory Bill Adopted.

Washington, Jan. 24.—The senate this afternoon adopted, by a majority of 46 to 1, the bill recently drafted by Edmunds, and reported from the committee on foreign relations, providing that the president shall issue a proclamation denying to Canadian fish, vessels and products, such privileges as are denied to American vessels and fishermen in Dominion ports, and providing for the protection of the rights of the Americans and their vessels in Canadian ports in all respects. The debate on the bill opened at 1.30 p. m.

In the debate on the bill, Senator Ingalls from Kansas, said the measure was distinctly one of retaliation and meant "an eye for an eye, a tooth for a tooth, an insult for an insult and a wrong for a wrong." He said the difficulties must be settled either by negotiation or by war. He bore particularly upon the fact that the government in passing the bill were treading on very dangerous ground, and while he considered that the conduct of the Dominion and Great Britian was such as to justify and warrant a declaration of war on the part of the United States, he thought the reporting of a measure which authorized the president to enter simply on a process of retaliation was hardly consistent with the gravity of the situation. It was a dangerous course to authorize the president to continue in the same line of conduct and policy, with the inevitable result either of finally negotiating for the purpose of settling these questions, or else of going to war in defence of the rights under the treaty of 1818. He thought it would be better, more in accordance with the dignity of the subject and with the morality which ought to prevail among nations as among men, to declare as the conviction of the senate that the relations between the two powers are such as to require negotiation, that there should be authority, not to issue letters of marque and reprisal, but to select a commission to consider the subject and, if possible, to reach some basis of understanding between Great Britain, Canada and the United States in regard to the fisheries

Senator Frye on the other hand said that Canada only pursued her present policy to bring about a reciprocity treaty as she did on two previous occasions, and these treaties had resulted to the disadvantage of the United States. He then drew a doleful picture of the alleged wrongs suffered by American fishermen (brought about by breaking our laws) said Great Britain showed no disposition to do what was right and did not intend to do so. He said the American people, who were the richest nation upon earth, would not stop to any mean retaliatory measures, but what the committee on foreign relations sought was that president Cleveland should be empowered to close American ports against any or all fishermen, and any or all merchant vessels. Said he thought the president would only take advantage of the bill to exclude Canadian fish of all descriptions from their market. Believed this would bring Canadians to their senses. Said the bill before the house of representatives went still further. It gave the president authority to proclaim absolute non-intercourse.

Our want of space obliges us to condense the despatch to the narrowest limit this week.

The Elections.

THE RESULT FORESHADOWED.

It is related of a distinguished Canadian politician, who is still in the arena, that, many years ago, when he had prepared careful estimates of the result of an approaching election, a clerical friend handed him the calculation of a leading member of the hierarchy; whereupon the politician threw his figures into the waste basket and adopted those of the prelate, with the remark that "a solar observation is better than dead reckoning." Monsignor, of course, knew how the Church was going. If at the present crisis we had access to the deliberations of those who really mark the ballots of over two-fifths of the population of the Dominion, prophecy would be a safe and easy venture. In all probability, the verdict has already been determined by these our rulers. Some months since a good friend of the *Mail* in Quebec, who is in a position to know, predicted that the Quebec elections, then imminent, would end in a deadlock; and that, whether Mr. Blake or Sir John Macdonald won in the Dominion elections, the majority would be small and would consist of the direct representatives of the Church. The first part of this prediction has been fulfilled to the letter; and we are inclined to think the second part will be verified also.—*Toronto Mail.*

A Terrible Fire.

arouses the apprehensions of a whole city. And yet the wild havoc of disease startles no one. Sad to relate, women suffer from year to year with chronic diseases and weaknesses peculiar to their sex, knowing that they are growing worse with every day, and still take no measures for their own relief. Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" is the result of life-long and learned study of female complaints. It is guaranteed to cure.

The Fruit Growers' Association.

(From Windsor Tribune.)

The 23rd annual meeting of this Association was held in Witter's Hall, Wolfville, on Wednesday and Thursday of this week. The comfortably and tastefully decorated hall was well filled with an appreciative and intelligent audience. During each session of the meeting there were several ladies present. In the centre of the hall stood a table containing about fifty-one plates of as many varieties of fruit.

The morning of the first day was occupied in the transaction of business relating to the workers of the Association. The annual address of the very able President Rev. J. R. Hart, was however delivered just at the close of the morning's session. Your correspondent was not able to be present before the afternoon, and consequently has not been able to secure a report of this undoubtedly valuable address.

At 2 p. m., the Association again met. The meeting commenced with a question being asked as to "What is the value of *marsh mud* as a fertilizer for fruit trees, as compared with barn-yard manure at $1 per ton," also "What are its constituents." Prof. H. W. Smith, in reply said that as yet he had never had an opportunity of analyzing samples of marsh mud, but that Prof. Lawson's and Prof. Dawson's report each gives analyses. Bay of Fundy mud differs largely from that in other districts. The (Fundy mud) is undoubtedly good, but its value in comparison with barn-yard manure is governed by circumstances such as ease of obtaining it, cost of labor in applying to the land, etc. He stated that at Charlottetown large quantities of *muscle mud* had been used, and that no marked results had followed until after the third or fourth year. Mr. Hemmeon said marsh mud's value depends on the land. Mr. Blanchard said it was "not very valuable for wet clayey soils. If land has a large quantity of potash it is not needed." Prof. Higgins asked Prof. Smith to procure and analyze samples of marsh mud from various localities. Prof. Caldwell stated that if trees grew on sandy land they will be benefited by an application of marsh mud.

The Fruit committee's report was then read. The season of 1886 has been wonderfully favorable for all kinds of fruit. Small fruits were somewhat injured by dryness, but were a good crop. Cherries were average. Plums a full crop and of first class quality. The demand is at present for large sized plums. Purple varieties like the Damson being all the rage. Grapes do not seem to be wanted. Pears were a very good crop. The favorites being the Bartlett and Clapp's Favorite. Apples an extraordinary yield, both in quantity and quality, but prices were rather low. The Gravenstein was most largely exported and brought prices from $1.50 to $2.25. King of Tompkins seemed most called for at a $1.50 to $2.50. Blenheims sold for less than the King. Ribstons were fine, being the favorite in Liverpool and Glasgow. Large quantities of Baldwins went to New York at $1.50 and $1.75. Northern Spys brought 10c. to 12c. in London. Too many fruits are grown. Our fruit growers should confine their attention to standard varieties. In the discussion which took place after reading this report, Mr. Johnson said he sent over a lot of Gloria Mundi and got 19 shillings per barrel. Another gentlemen said that he took over the first lot of these apples that were ever sent to the English market and that he had difficulty in selling them at 4s. The Ben Davis is similar in quality with these, but they are not good keepers. President Hart said that Talman Sweets were not worth sending to England. The Strawberry Pearmain brought nearly same prices as the Gravenstein.

Prof. Saunders next read a paper on "Fruit Growing in Canada." He traced the growth of the fruit industry from its inception up to the present time, said that a much larger area of Canada than at present devoted to fruit growing is admirably adapted for this purpose. In British Columbia fruit grows very well as also in portions of the North West, and he believed that by the introduction of hardier varieties than those at present in use, large tracts which at present are thought to be too severe in climate will be made to grow large quantities of fruit. He sketched the fruit industry in Ontario, describing the splendid adaptabilities of that province for fruit growing. Coming down to the Maritime Provinces he stated that a much greater area is well capable of growing fruit than is at present supposed, even in Nova Scotia, he had no doubt there were districts just as well suited to fruit growing as the famous Annapolis Valley.

The foregoing is a very meagre account of this invaluable address by Prof. Saunders, who is the greatest acknowledged authority in fruit matters in America, but lack of space prevents me from giving a lengthy report.

Dr. Henry Chipman next followed with an interesting paper on "Fruit Growing in Kings Co., in 1886." He graphically described the time when potatoes where king, and when apple crops consisted of a few cartloads of native fruit shaken off the trees and fed mostly to stock. Last year the value of the potato crop in Kings was $90,000, while that of apples was $150,000 80,000 barrels were shipped east of Berwick station, and at that station alone there were shipped 20,000 barrels. A Mc N. Patterson got 50 barrels of Gravensteins from a quarter of an acre, or at the rate of $300.00 an acre. In 20 years time Judge Wetherbee's orchard will yield from 5,000 to 10,000 barrels. Gravensteins were a fifth of the whole apple crop in Kings, next came Ribston, King, Blenheims and Baldwins. The price paid by Austin, Kimball & Co., (of N. Y.,) agent, were $1 50 and $1.25 for N. Spys, Baldwins, etc. Dr. Chipman predicted that in five years time 100,000 barrels would be shipped by Kings alone

The evening session opened at 7 p. m. A paper was read from the pen of Prof. D. P. Penhallon of Montreal on "The Fungus Spot on the Famouse." This has increased during the last two years, and affects 31 varieties. Leaf Blight is due to the same cause and often accompanies the spot not easy to cope with. Judicious pruning (good in all parasitic diseases) will help to subdue it. Destruction of the parasites themselves This care only affords a temporary relief. A preparation of sulphur, kerosene, emulsion and caustic alkali is very good. Lasting relief can only be got by attacking the summer seat of the disease the nutrition of the fungus. It cannot be said at present whether it is contagious or not. The spores of the disease are easily carried by the wind of one tree to another

Prof. Mccoun gave a most interesting address on Forestry, after this paper was read, showing among many other good things how large quantities of wood such as poplar, at present thought to be of little value, could be made very remunerative.

The second day's session opened at 10.30 a. m. The officers for the ensuing year were elected; substantially the same gentlemen who have so ably filled their posts being returned. At 2 p. m., Prof. H. W. Smith read a very interesting paper on "The Cost and Profit of Evaporating Fruit," showing how he could utilize all the poorer class of very little value. His paper was very practical and very reliable.

After this Prof. Fletcher, the genial and eloquent Dominion Entomologist, gave an address on "Insects Injurious to Fruits." We regret very much that space prevents us from giving an account of the address which was one of the most valuable on the programme.

Your correspondent was unable to be present at the Annual Dinner held in the College Dining Hall, but it no doubt passed off in a manner befitting the closing of so interesting an event as the 23rd Annual Meeting of N. S. Fruit Grower's Association.

From the Halifax *Herald* we take the following notice of the President's address:—

President Hart in his address acknowledged the blessings of the Giver of all good during the past year. In the twenty-third year of the existence of the association it was pleasing to be able to say that there has not been a year in which so great and varied interests have gathered around the culture of fruit in our country as have come to us during the past year. The work which the association is performing calls for the sympathy and aid of all classes in the country and it is a matter for congratulation that as our association becomes better understood and as we are able to show that our efforts do largely benefit the whole province, but especially those most immediately concerned in the culture of fruits, the purpose of our organization is appreciated. The past year will be marked as one in which an impetus was given to the cultivation of our fruits by the fine show displayed at the Colonial and Indian exhibition The government of Nova Scotia made special efforts to gather and forward the finest specimens of our fruits in their fresh and preserved states, and thereby testified to the excellency of our country for the production of these valuable sources of comfort and wealth. The Dominion government by sending as commissioners Prof. Saunders and our own secretary to take charge of the fruits forwarded from all parts of the Dominion, and by providing for a collection of fruits, vegetables and field roots for exhibition, showed that it took deep interest in our welfare. We have reason to congratulate the governments on the success of their efforts to show

The capabilities of our province, and we believe that our people will not be slow in availing themselves of the benefits which will accrue to them from the wide knowledge diffused with reference to the capabilities of our country. The past year has shown ourselves, more fully than any previous one, something more of these immense capabilities. The crop of small fruits, with the exception of strawberries was larger in quantity and finer in quality. Strawberries early in the season gave good promise, the scarcity of rain in the early summer caused a non fulfillment of this promise. Plums were abundant through the whole peninsula, while in the island of Cape Breton the crop was immense. Never before have so many apples been harvested by us, and as these comprise much the largest part of our fruit crop, and as prices of superior fruit has been fair growing—a large sum will be received by our growers. It is a source of great gratification that the Dominion government has made arrangements for the establishment of experimental farms, one of which is to be located in the maritime provinces. The whole matter has been placed in charge of Professor Wm. Saunders, of London, Ontario, than whom there is probably no more capable agriculturist in the Dominion, and in whose hands our fruit interests will be safe. As was anticipated, arrangements for carrying our fruit to Great Britain at more favorable rates for the shipper can now be made, and we may well hope that the high charges have quite passed away, never to return. The time has entirely passed by when it is possible to deceive the buyer into the belief that fine and fair fruit grows for the express purpose of exhibition in the more exposed portions of the package and the imperfect and spotted to fill up the centre. Buyers want fruit to be good through and through, and he who attempts to deceive will soon find that his name justly suffers reproach. Bear in mind that the biennial meeting of the American pomological society is to be held in the city of Boston in September of this year, and be urged to make arrangements to have a full representation of our fruit growers at that meeting. It is especially desirable that any new fruit of good quality, not hitherto described, should be fully reported to that meeting, so that its merits may be made known.

Their Struggle for Life.

London, Jan. 19.—The hall in Princess street, Spitalfields, where a fatal panic occurred last night, is a favorite resort for the Jews of that part of London. Entertainments have been given there every night for a long time. Last evening a benefit performance was given and the place was crowded. During the progress of the play a man and woman quarrelled on the street outside, and near the main doorway of the hall. The man used violence and the woman screamed. Her scream was mistaken for a cry of fire, and in a moment the audience within the building was in agitation. All the wide entrances of the hall were thrown open but the terror-stricken people paid no attention to them, but rushed to the main entrance. It was not long before the building was cleared but when it was a fearful sight presented itself Seventeen corpses were found inside the theatre near the door. They were all torn, crushed and disfigured. It was found that of the dead twelve were women, three were boys, one was a girl, and the other a man. The remains were almost unrecognizable. Eye-witnesses say that the way the strong men who got uppermost in the struggle at the door crushed and trampled on those who fell down was indescribably brutal. It is stated that a number of infants carried in their mother's arms, and clung to through all the panic, were almost crushed or smothered to death, and that a number of others were fatally injured. The scene during the attempted return of the crowd was painful in the extreme. Persons remained at the doorway all night waiting to have their dead restored to them, and the lamentations of the women were heart-breaking. The police have been given a number of contradictory stories about the cause of the panic. One statement is that thieves started the cry of fire for the purpose of getting an opportunity to despoil the many rich Jewesses in the hall of the costly jewels they wore on their persons. There are many bloodspots on the backs of the chairs as well as on the floor. Every here and there ghastly knots of hair are clinging to the furniture. Several escapes were made through the windows, most of which are badly smashed. The bodies were found at the bottom of the stone stairs leading to the gallery. Here a terrible struggle took place between the part of the crowd rushing from the main floor and the leaders of the throng which rushed down the gallery stairs. The dead lay mostly in two opposite rows, the feet of each row close to those of the other; one row of heads lay towards the gallery stairway, the other toward the opposite side of the hall. The disaster arose from the crowding of the passage, but from the frantic efforts of the people in the gallery to force their way down the crowded stairs The men and women in front were driven headlong into the passage, where they met the excited occupants of the pit and there was a hopeless block.

BE ON YOUR GUARD

Against sudden colds, irritating coughs and soreness of the throat. Keep Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam at hand for these prevalent troubles of Fall and Winter.

The Fisheries Dispute.

ENGLISH PRESS OPINIONS.

London, Jan. 21.—The action of Congress on the fisheries question is attracting great attention here. The *Globe* says the latest phase into which the question has entered may be said to be in some respects more acute than any which has recently preceded it Not only does the Foreign Affairs Committee of the American House propose a policy of active retaliation, but it supports that policy by a recital marked by a very irritated not to say unfriendly tone. If the parties to this quarrel confined themselves to the simple point at issue, the limits within which respective jurisdictions of the two Governments are to be confined, there should be no great difficulty in hitting upon a *vus media* which would reconcile the conflicting claims and smooth down unnecessary asperities.

The *Echo* says if trouble with the United States is to be avoided Lord Salisbury cannot too soon turn his attention to the fisheries question. The American people will not submit to coercion of this sort, and it should be Lord Salisbury's object to persuade the Government of the Dominion to modify their attitude. Possibly Lord Salisbury has no love for the great Republic, but that is no reason why he should not endeavor to remove the differences which exist between it, the Dominion, and this country.

THREATENED DANGER.

In the fall of '84, Randall Miller, of Maitland, N. S., was prostrated to his bed with an attack of incipient consumption Cough remedies all failed. He rapidly grew debilitated, and friends despaired of his recovery. He tried Burdock Blood Bitters, with immediate relief followed by a speedy cure.

SURE CURE FOR RHEUMATISM.

If the system is properly cleansed by some medicine that acts upon the bowels, kidneys and skin, such as Burdock Blood Bitters, and the sufferer will use Hagyard's Yellow Oil according to directions, there are few cases of rheumatism, however bad, but will yield promptly to the treatment.

—Near fifty years since, Judge Gustavus Swan, of Columbus, Ohio, offered a prize to that boy in the town who should bring him the best definition of money. One boy brought this definition: "*Coined sweat.*" Of that same boy, the newspaper this month (January, 1887) says, "A millionaire banker of Columbus, Ohio, has just given a hundred thousand dollars to the deserving poor of his city, through the Ladies Benevolent Society."

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge to all who desire it this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. Noyes, 149 *Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.*

Marriages.

Roach—Martin.—In Worchester, Mass., Jan. 6th, by Rev. M. Burgess, Maynard P. Roach, formerly of Clarence, Annapolis, Co., N. S., to Anna Martin, of Worchester.

Deaths.

Randolph.—At Round Hill, Jan. 14th, Henrietta, wife of David Randolph, aged 71 years.

Sanders.—At Lequille, Jan. 15th, John Sanders, son of the late Sydney Sanders, aged 41 years.

Wright.—At Annapolis, Jan. 15th, James Wright, aged 73 years.

Croscup.—At Karsdale, Lower Granville, Annapolis Co., on Jan. 20th, of cancer, Hannah M., aged 57 years, the beloved wife of Wm. Croscup. "She rests from her labors and her works do follow her."

Gibson.—At Bridgetown, on the 18th inst. after a very short illness, Albert B. Gibson, in the 28th year of his age.

New Advertisements.

1887. "A," No. 149.

In the SUPREME COURT,

Between, EDWIN RUGGLES, Plaintiff,

..AND..

FLETCHER CHUTE, Deft.

TO BE SOLD AT

Public Auction,

by the Sheriff of the County of Annapolis, or his deputy, in front of the office of T. D. Ruggles & Sons, in Bridgetown, in the County aforesaid, on

Saturday, Feb. 19th, 1887,

at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

PURSUANT to an order of foreclosure and sale made herein, on the 11th day of January, 1887, unless before said day of sale the said defendant shall pay to the said plaintiff, the amount due herein for principal, interest and costs, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the defendant and of all persons claiming or entitled by, from or under him in and to all that certain lot, piece or parcel of

LAND,

situate, lying and being in Granville, aforesaid, formerly belonging to the estate of the late Thomas Chute, bounded and described as follows:—

On the north by lands belonging to Joseph Mitchel, on the east by lands belonging to Oliver Chute, on the west by lands belonging to Charles Marshall, and on the south by lands belonging to James Chute, with the privilege of a road on the west side of said late George Miller's land, and through the late Henry Troop's land, to the post road, together with the appurtenances.

TERMS.—Ten per cent deposit at time of sale, remainder on delivery of deed.

J. AVARD MORSE,
High Sheriff.

E. Ruggles,
Solicitor in person.

Bridgetown, January 17th, 1887. 5it46.

MARVELOUS PRICES!

BOOKS FOR THE MILLION

Complete Novels and Other Works, by Famous Authors, Almost Given Away. The following books are published in neat pamphlet form, and all are printed from good type and on good paper. They treat of a great variety of subjects, and we think no one can examine the list without finding therein many that he would like to possess. In cloth-bound form these books would cost $1.00 each. Each book is complete in itself.

1. The Widow Bedott Papers. This is the book over which your grandmothers laughed till they cried, and it is just as funny to-day as it ever was.
2. Winter Evening Recreations, a large collection of Acting Charades, Tableaux, Games, Puzzles, etc., an elegant collection, private and public, for evenings at home.
3. Back to the Old Home. A Novel. By Mary Cecil Hay, author of "Golden Gate."
4. Dialogues, Recitations and Readings, a large and new collection for school exhibitions and public and private entertainments.
5. The Standard Letter Writer for Ladies and Gentlemen, a complete guide to correspondence, containing plain directions for the composition of letters of every kind, with innumerable forms and examples.
6. The Frozen Deep. A Novel. By Wilkie Collins, author of "The Woman in White," etc.
7. Red Court Farm. A Novel. By Mrs. Henry Wood, author of "East Lynne," etc.
8. The Lady of the Lake. By Sir Walter Scott. "The Lady of the Lake" is considered by many critics of all the works of Scott, to be more beautiful than this.
9. Mr. Capel's Nek. A Novel. By the author of "Dora Thorne."
10. Jessie Barton. A Novel. By George Eliot, author of "Adam Bede."
11. Lady Gwendoline's Dream. A Novel. By the author of "Dora Thorne."
12. The Mystery of the Holly Tree. A Novel. By the author of "Dora Thorne."
13. The Budget of Wit, Humor and Fun, a large collection of the funny stories, sketches, anecdotes and jokes.
14. John Halifax, Gentleman. A Novel. By Miss Muloch, author of "John Halifax, Gentleman," etc.
15. The Gray Woman. A Novel. By Mrs. Gaskell, author of "Mary Barton," etc.
16. Sixteen Complete Stories by Popular Authors, embracing love, humorous and domestic stories, stories of society life, of adventure, of railway life, etc., all very interesting.
17. Proper Pane's Secret. A Novel. By Miss M. E. Braddon, author of "Aurora Floyd," etc.
18. Fancy Work for Home Adornment, an entirely new work upon the subject, containing many hundred practical instructions for making fancy baskets, wall pockets, brackets, needle work, embroidery, etc., etc., profusely and elegantly illustrated.
19. Grimm's Fairy Stories for the Young. The finest collection of fairy stories published. The children are delighted with them.
20. Manual of Etiquette for Ladies and Gentlemen, a guide to politeness and good breeding, giving the rules of modern etiquette for all occasions.
21. Ready Reckoner for the Million, a handy book of useful information, for all, upon many and various subjects.
22. The Home Cook Book and Family Physician, containing hundreds of excellent cooking recipes and hints to housekeepers, also telling how to cure all common ailments by simple home remedies.
23. Manners and Customs in Far Away Lands, a very interesting and instructive book of travels, describing the peculiar life, habits, manners and customs of the people of foreign countries.
24. 37 Popular Ballads. Some also as sheet music. Words of all the old and new favorites.
25. Ready Money Mortiboy. A Novel. By Hugh Conway, author of "Called Back," etc.
26. As the World Goes. A Novel. By Florence Warden, author of "The House on the Marsh," etc.
27. Mildred Trevanion. A Novel. By "The Duchess," author of "Molly Bawn," etc.
28. Park Days. A Novel. By the author of "Called Back."
29. Shadows on the Snow. A Novel. By B. L. Farjeon, author of "Bread-and-Cheese-and-Kisses," etc.
30. Loulou. A Novel. By Mary Cecil Hay, author of "Bounce Yorer."
31. Gabriel's Marriage. A Novel. By Wilkie Collins, author of "No Name," etc.
32. Scoring for Old Mahlmer's Money. A Novel. By Mary Cecil Hay, author of "Old Middleton's Money."
33. Jet: Her Face or Fortune. A Novel. By Miss M. E. Braddon, author of "Lady Audley's Secret."
34. A Golden Dawn. A Novel. By the author of "Dora Thorne," etc.
35. Valerie's Fate. A Novel. By Mrs. Alexander, author of "The Wooing O't," etc.
36. Sister Rose. A Novel. By Wilkie Collins, author of "The Woman in White," etc.
37. Anne. A Novel. By Mrs. Henry Wood, author of "East Lynne."
38. The Laurel Bush. A Novel. By Miss Muloch, author of "John Halifax, Gentleman," etc.
39. Robinson Crusoe. A thrilling narrative by Daniel Defoe, describing the adventures of a runaway in the South Pacific Ocean.
40. How to Make Poultry Pay. A practical and instructive series of articles by Mr. F. H. Jacobs, Poultry Editor of "The Farm and Garden," Phila.; illustrated.
41. Parlor Magic and Chemical Experiments, a book which tells how to perform hundreds of amusing tricks in magic and instructive experiments with simple agents.
42. Gems of the Poets, containing charming selections from Tennyson, Longfellow, Whittier, Byron, Shakspeare, Moore, Bryant, and many others.
43. Beautiful Homes, or Plans for Practical, Low-cost Houses. Containing 40 designs for and plans of eight modern houses, ranging in cost from $500 to $4000. Illustrated.
44. Anecdotes of Public Men.—Washington, Franklin, Webster, Clay, Tilden, Lincoln, Booth, Grant, Garfield, Gladstone, Bismarck, Stanton, Lee, and all the leading men of the country.
45. Æsop's Fables. The work of an ancient genius. Children have read them for centuries, and grown people quote them every day.

OUR UNEQUALED OFFER.

We have arranged with the publishers of these books to furnish the whole forty-five with one year's subscription to our paper for $3.00; or we will send any five for 25 cts., or the whole forty-five for $1.50. Address all orders to publisher of

"WEEKLY MONITOR," Bridgetown, N. S.

New Advertisements. New Advertisements. New Advertisements.

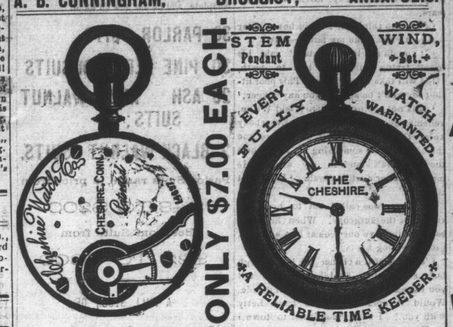
Moosewood

BLOOD AND TONIC BITTERS!

ARE fast becoming known as the great APPETIZER and TONIC, they give you a bright feeling and good appetite when you are feeling languid and poorly and not worth a cent, they will regulate the bowls and cure dyspepsia, and by their tonic proprieties to the digestive organs prevent this troublesome complaint.

TRY MOOSEWOOD BITTERS IF YOU WANT TO FEEL BETTER. Sold by all Druggists and by

A. B. CUNNINGHAM, - DRUGGIST, - ANNAPOLIS.



Anyone Who Wants to Purchase

A CHRISTMAS GIFT,

—NO MATTER WHETHER AN—

ELABORATE ARTICLE or a MERE TRIFLE,

Can make the BEST SELECTION and

GET THE MOST FAVORABLE TERMS

—BY LOOKING THROUGH OUR—

Complete Stock of Holiday Goods,

—CONSISTING OF AN ENDLESS VARIETY OF—

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,

SILVERWARE, NOVELTIES, ETC.

Carefully Selected and Especially Adapted to meet the wants of Holiday Shoppers.

Popular Prices. Reasonable Prices. Prices Within Your Means.

OUR SPECIALTY.—TO PLEASE OUR CUSTOMERS.

OUR INTENTION.—TO DO BETTER BY YOU THAN ANYONE ELSE.

OUR AIM.—TO SAVE MONEY FOR OUR PATRONS.

Come One and All,

Our Beautiful Display is Intended for Everybody's Enjoyment.

No Obligations to Purchase.

J. E. SANCTON.

Keep your eye on this Space next week.

Sam'l. FitzRandolph,

—Dealer in Finest Quality of—

FRESH & SALTED MEATS,

PORK,

HAM,

BACON,

TRIPE, Etc.

—ALSO—

ALL VARIETIES OF

COUNTRY PRODUCE

usually kept in a first-class Market.

Bridgetown, May 31st. 1886, 81y.

Farm for Sale!

IN the Annapolis Valley, NEAR LAWRENCETOWN. Contains 125 acres, 60 under cultivation, balance in wood and pasture; 150 apple trees, old and young; also pear, plum, cherry and peach trees; cuts 35 tons English hay yearly; thorough good house and new barn with modern improvements; good well of water. Only one mile from railway station, post office, churches, saw and grist mills, and three-fourths of a mile from first-class schools.

Any person wishing a good farm will do well to call immediately.

Also, 1 yoke working oxen, 1 yoke steers 3 years old.

For further information apply to

JOHN E. BOWLBY.

Lawrencetown, Oct. 23rd, 1885. tf

Hardware.

REFINED, COMMON SWEDISH AND HOOP IRON;
SLEIGH-SHOE, TI

Select Literature.

A Gentleman.

The horse-car stopped at a crossing, and a news-boy jumped on the platform.

'Have a *Tigger, Enquirer, Press?*'

'I'll take a *Times*,' said one of a group of school-girls.

'Oh, Jenny!' said another. 'From such a little monster!'

An old gentleman who was reading glanced up from his pamphlet. The news-boy was a dwarf, and a hunchback. His face, which was bent back on his shoulders, twitched suddenly at the girl's words, but he did not look toward her, as he stood waiting for his money. The old gentleman's grave look of rebuke answered the girl.

'It makes me sick!' she said, with a look of disgust. 'The conductor ought not to allow him to come on board.'

The boy turned and looked at her steadily. Everybody on the car expected a torrent of vile abuse, but he said, gently,—

'If the Beast was not here, the people on the car would not appreciate the Beauty at her real value,' and then bowing to her, he went out, amid the smiles of all the passengers.

The old gentleman—who was the well-known physician, Dr. Avery—followed him, but he was already out of sight.

'Who is that boy?' he asked the conductor.

'His name's Willy, and his route is on this street. I don't know anything more.'

'He has an educated voice and he showed good breeding and sense just now.'

'No doubt. The other news-boys call him 'Gentleman Bill.' Everybody likes him. We conductors give him the freedom of the cars on this street.'

A few days afterwards, Dr. Avery was on a car late in the evening, when Willy came in carrying a large bundle of papers. He sold none, and turned to go out, looking discouraged and anxious.

Dr. Avery stopped him, drew out a paper, and handing him a piece of silver, said, 'Never mind the change.'

'No, thank you,' said the boy, smiling, as he gave it to him.

'Why not, young independence?'

'I don't need alms, sir. I really get on very well. And if I did'—

'You would not take it?'

'It would be the hardest thing I ever had to do. Good-evening, sir!' and touching his cap the little hunch-back swung himself off the car.

Dr. Avery after that often met the boy, who puzzled and interested him. There was nothing morbid in him; he was always ready with a laugh or a merry answer. His voice was controlled and gentle, and there was a fine courtesy, a tact, a delicate feeling, in all his words, that we do not find sometimes in those who call themselves gentlemen. In spite of the boy's wretched clothes and patched shoes' Dr. Avery found himself talking to him as to an equal, and always thought of him as his little friend.

Late one night, when it was storming heavily, he met him, trudging down Chestnut street.

'You have a hard life, my boy,' he said, kindly.

'Not so hard as you think, sir,' he said, cheerfully. 'I am never sick an hour. Then I do a better business than other boys because of—*this*,' glancing down at his deformed body.

'Oh!'

The doctor was confused for a minute.

'Have you any plans, Willy?' Do you ever look forward?'

'Yes. Oh, I have it all planned out! If I could save enough to start a street-stall of books and papers, then after a year or two I would be able to open a shop, and then a big store. Some men who began that way in Philadelphia have become publishers, and live in beautiful houses of their own.'

'Hillo! Do you care for fine houses?'

'Not for myself, sir.'

He became suddenly silent, and at the corner of the next street said, 'Good-night!' and ran away.

A moment later, Dr. Avery heard cries and shouts in the direction Willy had taken; but such things are common in a great city. He hurried home.

The next morning, looking over the papers, he read:

'A little hunch-back news-boy, known as 'Gentleman Will,' was knocked down by a runaway horse last night. Dr Johns pronounced the injuries mortal. The lad was taken to the Penn Hospital.'

Dr. Avery was soon beside the cot on which the mishapen little body was laid.

Willie looked up, trying to smile. 'It is not so bad as they say, is it? I *can't* die now. I have too much to do.'

'What have you to do, my boy? Let me be your friend; let me help you, if I can.'

'I thought you would come, maybe. I haven't any body to come. The boys are good friends, but they couldn't do anything now.

'I have come, you see. Tell me what I can do, my boy.'

The lad waited until the nurse had passed his cot, and then whispered.—

'It's Letty, sir. She is my sister. I have her out with a farmer's wife near Media. She goes to school there. It takes all I can make to pay her board and buy her clothes. I like to see her look nice.' His mind began to wander, and he began to mutter at intervals.

'If he could start the stall—the shop—a carriage for Letty.'

The doctor was forced to leave him. When he came back in the afternoon he was rational, and when the doctor wished to go for his sister, said,—

'No don't bring Letty here. She mustn't know how poor I am. When I go out on Sundays to see her I have my good suit on. She calls me a 'swell.' Yes, she does,' laughing, but with tears in his eyes. 'I went once with some papers to a Quaker boarding-school for girls near town, sir. They were such lovely young ladies, I always thought I'd send Letty there when I could get the money. But now—'

Dr. Avery found out his story by degrees. He and Letty were the children of a planter near Savanah. Their mother was in Philadelphia during the war. Her husband was killed, her slaves and property were gone. She struggled for years, teaching and sewing, to support them, and at last died, leaving Willie in charge of his little sister.

'And your name?'

'My father was Charles Gilbert.'

Dr. Avery drew his breath quickly. 'I knew Charles Gilbert in Savannah long ago. No wonder your voice seemed familiar, and that I was drawn to you so strongly. But you are my friend for your own sake, my boy.'

That evening Dr. Avery sent a long despatch to a lawyer in Savannah, where he had once lived and still had business interests. He took two of the principal surgeons in the city to examine Willie.

When they had gone out for consultation, the boy lay, holding his hand, watching the door, breathing quick and hard.

'Do you want to live, Willy? You have had a hard life, my child.'

'Oh no, no! I did not think it hard! I have so much to do for Letty!'

'Had you never any plans for yourself?'

The boy turned his gray eyes thoughtfully on him. They filled with slow tears.

'I used to think—if I could be a scholar a gentleman, like my father, but—'

'If you do not live, my boy,' said his friend, trying to reconcile him to death, 'God will take care of you. His poor little body won't be against you any longer.'

'It is not against me here!' cried Willie, vehemently. 'It is not me. Everybody knows that. If God will only give me the chance to do something in the world the body won't stand in my way.' He muttered after a while again, 'It is not *me*.'

Dr. Avery was called out to hear the verdict of the surgeons. When he came back Willie gave one look at him and sank back, covering his face.

'There is still a chance, my boy, though but a slight one. I think it best to tell you the exact truth. Morning will decide. Would it comfort you to have Letty with you? I have brought her to town.'

'Yes! yes! It doesn't matter now that she knows I am a poor little news-boy.'

Letty was a sturdy, red cheeked little woman, whose every word showed a heart full of love and a head full of good sense. She patted and soothed Willy, while he clung to her, and then said cheerily,—

'Now, dear, you must go to sleep. You are not going to die. The doctors don't know how strong you are. The nurse says I may sit here and hold your hand, and in the morning give you your breakfast.'

For days the boy lingered between life and death. One morning, after the doctors had made their examination, his old friend came to him, and taking his hand solemnly, said,—

'Willie, God has given you the chance you asked for to do something in the world. You will live.'

When he was able to be removed, Dr. Avery took the children to his own house. He laid before Willie a statement of his father's affairs that he had received from Savannah, which showed that enough could be rescued from the wreck of his estate to yield a small income for the children.

It proved to be enough to educate Letty at the Quaker school to which Willie dreamed of sending her, and to give him a thorough training in college and the law-school.

They both always came home, as they had learned to call Dr. Avery's, in the vacation. When Willie came back at the end of his course, with the highest record of his class, he said to his old friend:

'All that I am or may be in life, I owe to you.'

'No, my boy. I never should have noticed you more than any other of the hundreds of newsboys but for the honor, self-control and good-breeding that you showed. A true gentleman will be a gentleman in any and all circumstances in life. God help you to keep yourself separate, and above all the hard circumstances.'

Willie's eyes grew dim. 'If my friends and God can see the man inside the 'little monster,' I am satisfied,' he said.

His dream in life does not seem unlikely to be realized. It is character that wins and tells.

The Doctors Puzzled?

A MAN WHO WALKS DAY AND NIGHT AND RESTS WHILE RUNNING.

CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 8.—A poor man named John Sydner, living with his wife and children in the woods some miles back from Dunkirk, Ind., when recovering from sickness a year ago last spring was attacked with cramps in the feet, which he was only able to relieve by walking. He has been walking in storm and sun, day and night ever since. He eats while walking, and makes his few chances of clothing while walking, and does the most of his sleeping while walking at the rate of two miles an hour. A week ago the proprietor of a museum brought him to this city for exhibition. On the train which brought him here the baggage-master piled the trunks in the centre of the car, and he walked around them. At the museum he walks in a space 100 by 50 feet, enclosed by a railing. His gait varies from two to six miles an hour. When he becomes tired he goes faster, and often runs for ten miles, 'in order to get rested.' His case is attracting the attention of the medical fraternity. Students of the Ohio Medical College observed him continuously for forty eight hours in order to satisfy themselves that no deception was being practiced.

A PROFESSOR'S OPINION.

Dr. Zenner, professor of nervous diseases, in a lecture to the students, said the man seems perfectly rational and is certainly not an imposter. His disease is different from any described in the books. During the 48 hours they watched him he walked all but seven hours, and did not lie down at all. He says it does not rest him, but makes him tired and uncomfortable to sit down. Said Dr. Zanner: 'The walking is in itself natural and not a sign of disease. He walks from a motive. It is because he has discomfort when he rests and is comfortable while walking. The disease, then is not in the walking, but in the uncomfortable sensation on account of which he walks. What the nature of that trouble may be cannot be stated with certainty. It is probable that hypochondriacal sensations are the basis of it. The case is interesting in its physiological aspects. Weston, the great walker, is said to have walked 5,000 miles in 100 days, which seems marvellous, but this man has walked almost 25,000 miles in 500 days, and is no more tired than when he began. There was one thing which doubtless helped him much—that his gait is such as to cause the least fatigue to the least possible extent. He is as much a wonder to the medical profession as to the public at large.

Decay of the Bones,

with some thirty other symptoms, mark the progress of that terrible disease known as catarrh. It advances from stage to stage of fearful annoyance, and if neglected, is certain to end in general debility, and possibly in consumption or insanity. Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy will cure it at any stage. This medicine has been long before the public, and thousands have been restored to health by its never-failing virtues.

STEAM FURNITURE WARE ROOM,

THE Subscriber wishes to inform his numerous friends, and the public generally, that his Spring Stock of Furniture is now complete, and he has now on hand,

30 PARLOR SUITS
30 PINE BEDROOM SUITS
20 ASH AND WALNUT SUITS;
2 BLACK WALNUT SUITS.

Parlor Suits range in price from $48 TO $200
Bedroom Suits from $22 TO $200

A FULL STOCK OF
Household Furniture
Of All Kinds.

A FINE LOT OF
GILT WINDOW CORNICES
which were obtained at a bargain and will be sold at low prices.

The Subscriber would also state that he has added a quantity of
New MACHINERY!
to his Factory, and is prepared to make and sell furniture AS CHEAP as can be obtained in the Dominion.

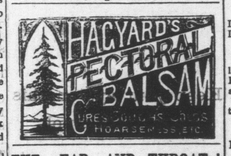
ALL ARE INVITED TO CALL AND EXAMINE HIS STOCK, WHICH HE CLAIMS TO BE THE MOST COMPLETE THAT CAN BE FOUND.

J. B. REED.

BROWNS MILLS, Lawrencetown.
Sawing, Grinding, Threshing.
Lumber sawn to order, Grain ground to order, Grain threshed to order.

HAVING a first-class Gray's full power Threshing machine capable of threshing ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY BUSHELS PER HOUR, we shall be ready to fill orders in this department with extra promptness and despatch. Grain, when in at condition, will be ground immediately on being threshed if required.

IN STOCK,
Long and Short Shingles, Boards, Staves &c. Best fresh ground Cornmeal, Graham, Buckwheat, Middlings, Flour, MIXED FEED, &c., &c., &c.
Logs and grain bought at market rates.
All orders filled promptly, at short notice and at Bottom prices!
Terms,—Cash.
J. A. BROWN & CO.
Lawrencetown, August 1884.



EYE, EAR AND THROAT!
Dr. J. R. McLean,
Corner Hollis & Salter streets
HALIFAX.
Sept. 15th, 288 —tf

CARD.
W. G. Parsons, B. A.,
Barrister, Solicitor, Etc.
MIDDLETON, - - N. S.
Office in A. BEALS' STORE. 16 tf

John Ervin,
Barrister and Attorney at Law,
OFFICE, COX'S BUILDING,
03 pd BRIDGETOWN

CARD.
W. M. FORSYTH
STIPENDIARY MAGISTRATE, DISTRICT NO. 2
Office in
LOCKETT'S BUILDING, BRIDGETOWN.
Office hours, from 2 to 5 p. m.
April 2nd, 84. 61tf

NOTICE.
Pictures and Framing in variety,
Christmas Cards,
And Fancy Goods.
I am also selling the Celebrated Raymond Sewing Machine
JOHN Z. BENT.
Bridgetown, Dec. 1885.

YOU can live at home, and make more money at work for us, than at anything else in this world. Capital not needed; you are started free. Both sexes; all ages. Any one can do the work. Large earnings sure from first start. Costly outfit and terms free. Better not delay. Costs you nothing to send us your address and find out; if you are wise you will do so at once. H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.

THE BRIDGETOWN FOUNDRY COMPANY! (LIMITED.)

THE above Foundry Company in addition to their general stock of STOVES, PLOUGHS, HAY-CUTTERS, MILL CASTINGS, TINWARE, &c., &c., are prepared to sell the Celebrated TORONTO and MASSEY MOWER, also the genuine RICHARDSON and CANADIAN BUCKEYE and other improved Rakes. A large stock of MOWING MACHINE SECTIONS, GUARDS, GUARD PLATES, RIVETS, &c., &c., kept constantly on hand. Extra prices for Mowers furnished on short notice. All repairs attended to with neatness and despatch. Charges moderate.
W. A. CRAIG, Manager.

Windsor & Annapolis Railw'y
Time Table.

Miles.	GOING EAST.	Express Daily.	Fast and Freight Tue. Thurs. and Sat.	Passenger and Freight Daily.
		P.M.	A. M.	A. M.
0	Annapolis—leave	1 35	6 00	.....
6	Round Hill	1 55	6 25	.....
14	Bridgetown	2 15	6 55	.....
19	Paradise	2 30	7 15	.....
22	Lawrencetown	2 40	7 30	.....
28	Middleton	2 55	7 55	.....
32	Wilmot	3 07	8 11	.....
35	Kingston	3 16	8 25	.....
42	Aylesford	3 34	8 00	.....
47	Berwick	3 52	9 20	.....
59	Kentville—arrive	4 30	10 15	.....
	Do—leave	4 45	10 30	5 40
64	Port Williams	5 00	11 10	6 00
66	Wolfville	5 08	11 19	6 10
69	Grand Pre	5 18	11 32	6 25
			P. M.	
77	Hantsport	5 44	12 05	6 58
84	Windsor	6 10	12 55	7 25
116	Windsor Junct.	7 35	3 23	9 50
130	Halifax—arrive	8 10	4 10	10 45

Miles.	GOING WEST.	Express Daily.	Fast and Freight Mon. Wed. and Fri. only.	Passenger and Freight Tue. Sat. only.
		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
0	Halifax—leave	7 00		2 20
14	Windsor Junc—leave	7 40	6 53	3 10
46	Windsor	9 00	9 35	5 18
53	Hantsport	9 22	10 37	5 08
61	Grand Pre	9 44	11 10	6 34
64	Wolfville	9 54	11 25	6 47
66	Port Williams	10 00	11 35	6 55
71	Kentville—arrive	10 15	11 55	7 10
			P. M.	
	Do—leave	10 30	12 25	
83	Berwick	11 05	1 17	
88	Aylesford	11 23	1 40	
95	Kingston	11 41	2 10	
98	Wilmot	11 50	2 23	
		P. M.		
102	Middleton	12 02	2 55	
108	Lawrencetown	12 20	3 18	
111	Paradise	12 30	3 33	
116	Bridgetown	12 45	3 55	
124	Roundhill	1 05	4 25	
130	Annapolis—arrive	1 25	4 50	

N. B.—Trains are run on Eastern Standard Time, one hour added will give Halifax time. ✱ indicates that Trains stop only when signalled, or when there are passengers to set down. Full-faced figures show where Trains cross or pass.

Steamer Secret leaves St. John every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, a. m., for Digby and Annapolis. Returning, from Annapolis same days.

Steamer "Evangeline" leaves Digby every Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, a.m., for Annapolis, returning from Annapolis same days.

Trains of the Western Counties Railway leave Digby daily at 3.30 p. m., and leave Yarmouth daily at 7.15 a. m.

Steamer Dominion leaves Yarmouth, every Saturday evening for Boston.

"International Steamers leave St. John every Monday, and Thursday a. m., for "Eastport, Portland and Boston.

Trains of the Provincial and New England All Rail Line leaves St. John for Bangor, Portland and Boston at 8.40 a. m., and 8.30 p. m. daily, except Saturday evening and Sunday morning.

Through Tickets by the various routes on sale at all Stations.

P. ANNES, General Manager.
Kentville, Nov. 18th, 1886.

FOR BOSTON! ...VIA... "PALACE STEAMERS" —OF THE— INTERNATIONAL S. S. CO.,
Winter Arrangement.
BAY LINE.
Steamer "Secret," will leave Annapolis and Digby for St. John every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, and SATURDAY.
INTERNATIONAL LINE.
Steamers "State of Maine" and "Cumberland," will leave St. John for Boston, via Eastport and Portland, every MONDAY, and THURSDAY.
For tickets and further information apply to your nearest ticket agent, or to
FRED CROSSKILL, Agt., Bridgetown, N. S.
R. A. CALDER, Agt., Annapolis, N. S.
H. B. SHORT, Agt., Digby, N. S.

SAMUEL LEGG,
Watch and Clock Maker.
—IN—
Murdoch's Block.
Also Agent for the
HARTFORD LIFE —AND— ANNUITY INSURANCE CO. of Hartford, Conn.
Bridgetown, July 1, '83.

HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS.
Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure, and effectual Destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

LOVELL'S GAZETTEER AND HISTORY ...OF THE... Dominion of Canada,
TO BE COMMENCED whenever a sufficient number of subscribers is obtained to cover cost of publication. Subscription to the Nine Volumes $16.00, to the Province of Ontario or to Quebec $12.50; to New Brunswick or to Nova Scotia $11.50; to Manitoba or British Columbia $8.00; to Prince Edward Island or to Northwest Territories $9.50. Each Province to have a Map.
Please send for Prospectus.
JOHN LOVELL, Manager and Publisher.
Montreal, 4th August, 1886.

RUBBER STAMP with your name in Fancy Types, 25 Visiting Cards, and INDIAN INK to mark Linen, only 25 cts. (stamps). Book of 2000 styles free with each order. Agents Wanted. Big Pay. THALMAN MFG CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

Dr. Norton's Health RESTORATIVES.
If you have Impure Blood, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Liver or Kidney Complaint, use
Dr. Norton's DOCK BLOOD PURIFIER,
the popular medicine of the day.
For Coughs and Lung Trouble, use
DR. HOFFMAN'S CONSUMPTIVE COUGH SYRUP.
It is a great Lung Healer.
For Pains, Aches, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Sore Throat and Rheumatism, use
Dr. Norton's Magic LINIMENT.
It will relieve or cure you. Use internally or externally.
If you want a good dose of physic without pain or griping, use
Dr. Norton's DOCK LIVER PILLS,
and you will always use them.
For Old Sores, Piles, Cracked Hands, Chilblains, use
DR. NORTON'S ALL HEALING BALM
A great healer of the flesh.
If you have Sore Chest, Lame Back, use
Dr. Norton's Mountain Herb Plasters
and you will be happy.
For sale by all dealers in medicine and J. B. Norton, Bridgetown, N. S., wholesale and retail.
Bridgetown, Oct. 25th, 1886. tf

THE KEY TO HEALTH.
BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS
Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluttering of the Heart, Nervousness, and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.
T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto.

CORN IN EGYPT!
Roop & Shaw
Beg to notify the public generally that they always keep on hand an assortment of
CARRIAGES
of the latest styles, made from
First Class Stock,
which will be sold on easy terms and reasonable prices.
Middleton, April 20th 1885. n2tf.

Eagleson's Hotel!
THE subscriber has leased the premises formerly occupied by JOSEPH BUCKLER as a Hotel, and intends to keep up the old stand as a Hotel, with a stable attached, for the accommodation of the public. The stand is situated on the corner of
Granville & Queen Streets,
and is too well known to require further description. The best attention given to guests. Passengers conveyed to all parts of the county.
TERMS, moderate.
THOS. J. EAGLESON. Proprietor.
Bridgetown, June 2nd, 1885. tf.

1886. Letter "A," No. 146.

In the Supreme Court,

Between, ELIAS MESSENGER, Plaintiff,
..AND..
ROBERT MINER CLARK, Defendant.

TO BE SOLD AT
Public Auction,
by the Sheriff of the County of Annapolis, or his deputy, in front of the office of T. D. Ruggles & Sons, in Bridgetown, in the County aforesaid, on
Tuesday, February 1st, '87,
at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

PURSUANT to an order of foreclosure and sale made herein, on the 22nd day of December, 1886, unless before said day of sale the said defendant shall pay to the said Plaintiff, or his solicitor, the amount due herein for principal, interest and costs, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said defendant and of all persons claiming or entitled by, from or under him in and to all that certain Dwelling House, lot of

LAND,

and Premises formerly owned and occupied by the late James Clark, deceased, at the time of his death, and bounded and described as follows:—

On the north by lands owned by George Russell; on the east by lands belonging to the estate of the late Alexander Easson; on the south by lands owned by John Z. Bent, and the road leading from Queen Street to his lot, and on the west by Queen Street, so called, together with the appurtenances.

TERMS.—Ten per cent deposit at time of sale, remainder on delivery of deed.

J. AVARD MORSE, High Sheriff.

Sgd.

T. D. RUGGLES & SONS., Solicitors for Plaintiff.
Bridgetown, Dec. 27th, A. D., 1886. 5t43.

GOOD NEWS!
First Class GOODS will Find a Market.
After 16 years' test, none deny that the celebrated
AVERILL PAINT,
will wear nearly twice as long as the class of lead now sold. Parties who use it once will have no other.
Full stock at the FURNITURE ROOMS of
JOHN Z. BENT,
BRIDGETOWN and at the General Agency Clarence.
S. N. JACKSON, General Agent.
Clarence, Sept. 12th, 1886.

GEORGE WHITMAN,
REAL ESTATE & COMMISSION AGENT,
ANNAPOLIS, N. S.
REFERENCE BY PERMISSION.—Dr. D. McN. Parker, M. L. C., Halifax, N. S., T. D. Ruggles, Barrister, Annapolis, N. S.
Every attention given to the purchase and sale of Farms. Descriptions forwarded by Mail on receipt of Postage Stamps. n81y.

AUCTION SALES!
The subscriber will attend
AUCTION SALES
throughout Wilmot Township, as Auctioneer.
TERMS.—$2.00 per day.
F. L. MURPHY, Licensed Auctioneer.
South Farmington, Jan. 19th, '86 4tf.

WORKING CLASSES ATTENTION! We are now prepared to furnish all classes with employment at home, the whole of the time, or for their spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50 cents to $5.00 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting all their time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this may send their address, and test the business, we make this offer. To such as are not well satisfied we will send one dollar to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars and outfit free. Address GEORGE STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

The Czar of Russia.

A GOOD NATURED SIMPLE MAN WHOSE STATION IS TOO MUCH FOR HIM.

The Czar himself seems to have many flatterers, but no friends. I have talked, I dare say, at one time and another, with a score of people who have met him and are fairly qualified to judge what manner of man he is. Almost invariably he is described as a big, burly, bearish sort of a man, strangely unlike any of his more recent ancestors on either side, and with a face of a curious Teutonic Tartar type, picturesque but unpleasant. He has vast physical strength of the blacksmith sort, and has the kind of mind which not infrequently goes with that order of body—slow, honest, obstinate, confiding where faith is reposed, suspicious everywhere else. In a way George III, must have been of the same nature. He was, with Louis XVI., rather contemptuously celebrated by his contemporary critics as one of the two faithful husbands among the sovereigns of Europe. Good husbands seem to make bad kings. The present Czar is said to be a most devoted and single minded spouse—the first of his race. He is *par excellence* a family man, to whom the highest happiness would be the home circle, if he were allowed to have a home. His tastes are simple; he eats plainly and heavily; before the burden of empire came upon him he used to be a great sleeper, a mighty hunter, a bluff friend of the few he liked, a hater of formalities, diplomacy, and politics generally—in short, a good, wholesome, rough, plebeian prince, stupid and choleric but honest and true.

Fate never played on mortal a crueller trick than when she suddenly hurled upon this man the load of Czarship. To be absolute master of over a hundred million of human beings is in itself a task of inconceivable magnitude. When, further the task is complicated by organized robbery among officials and organized murder among subjects, by continual necessity of provoking war by aggression abroad, and ceaseless terror of assassination at home—it becomes simply impossible. A less stubborn and less conscientious man than the Czar would have cut his throat long ago under the frightful load imposed upon him. He suffers, and sticks to his post. He does no good to himself or anybody else. His wife is a pale spectre of her former self, looking old enough to be the mother of her older, but marvellously preserved, sister, the Princess of Wales, worn and gray haired with her life of fright. Their eldest son, the Czarowitz, a boy of eighteen, is in a decline from which there is little hope of a recovery, simply terrified out of his life. But the Czar still tries to be a Czar. The task is beyond him. If there could be a man made up of Bismarck, Washington, Richelieu, Bonaparte and Tamerlane put on the Russian throne, perhaps he could hold his place and compel success.

The present Czar lives in the dazed night-mare of terror which paralyzes a prisoner under indefinite sentence of death. Any moment the messenger of the axe may appear. He cannot sleep. When he eats, it is as an animal, not as the master of the world's costliest cuisine. He tries to work, without understanding the things he does or caring for them. He looks into every man's face for a sign of murderous knowledge. He trusts nothing—nobody. The gulf between what he is and what he is supposed to be is so abysmal, the joke of being at once the most powerful man on earth and the poorest hunted slave in existence is so grimly horrible, that he becomes a madman almost in the effort to comprehend the two extremes. The longing to assert himself, to put to the test his autocracy, drives him to wild and foolish measures. His whole course toward his hated cousin, the Battenberg, and the Bulgarians has been that of a crazy man. People who know Russia best expect that his brain will give under the strain long before we have heard the last of the Bulgarian question.—*London Correspondence of the New York Times.*

Who was Cain's Wife?

AN ABSTRUSE ETHNOLOGICAL QUESTION DISCUSSED.

The Methodist preachers' meeting discussed the pre-Adamite hypothesis, yesterday, says the SanFrancisco *Chronicle* Dec. 20th, Rev. Dr Benson taking the lead with an easay. The questions whether Adam was really the first man, and, if so, where Cain obtained his wife, were, he said, still open for discussion. The advocates of the pre-Adamite theory held that pre-existing races may have covered half the globe before the commencement of the Adamic race. Who were the 'sons of God,' of whom it is said that they 'saw the daughters of men that they were fair?' According to the pre-Adamintine theory they were of the pre-existing races. That radical differences had been caused by differences of climate or habits of living could hardly be believed. Facial representations on monuments 4,000 years old showed the same radical differences that existed today. According to this hypothesis, the colored races were descended from the pre-Adamites.

Dr. Coyle said the question where Cain obtained his wife had been pressed upon him recently by a layman, but he could not accept the theory presented by Dr. Benson. Adam and Eve might have had other children not mentioned in the Scriptures. There are no relics of any pre-Adamite races.

Dr. Thompson and Rev. Dr. Bayard also objected to the hypothesis.

Dr. Anthony said unless some such theory was adopted our ideas of scriptural chronology must be changed.

Dr. Wythe observed that all the languages of the earth had been found to be related to each other. The inference was that all men were. He opposed the pre-Adamite theory and maintained that all were of one stock. Chevalier, a French archæologist, held the negro and the Chinaman to belong to the pre-Adamite races.

In clo-ing, Dr. Dinson remarked that Bishop Haven held that both Adam and Christ were black men.

THE DEAF MADE TO HEAR.
'After eight years suffering from deafness so bad that I was unable to attend to my business, I was cured by the use of Hagyard's Yellow Oil. With gratitude I make this known for the benefit of others afflicted.' Harry Ricardo, Toronto.

CHEESE AND EGG SANDWICHES...Grate the cheese, and to each cupful add the yolks of three hard-boiled eggs, minced fine; rub to a paste with a teaspoonful of butter, season to taste with salt and pepper and spread between buttered bread or crackers. These are nice made of graham bread.

FOUR YEARS OF SUFFERING.
Mrs. Torrance McNish, of Smith's Falls Ont., after four years of intense suffering with scrofula, from which her head became bald, was cured by Burdock Blood Bitters after the best medical aid had failed.

Dr. Norton's DOCK BLOOD PURIFIER,
the popular medicine of the day.
For Coughs and Lung Trouble, use
DR. HOFFMAN'S CONSUMPTIVE COUGH SYRUP.
It is a great Lung Healer.
For Pains, Aches, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Sore Throat and Rheumatism, use
Dr. Norton's Magic LINIMENT.
It will relieve or cure you. Use internally or externally.
If you want a good dose of physic without pain or griping, use
Dr. Norton's DOCK LIVER PILLS,
and you will always use them.
For Old Sores, Piles, Cracked Hands, Chilblains, use
DR. NORTON'S ALL HEALING BALM
A great healer of the flesh.
If you have Sore Chest, Lame Back, use
Dr. Norton's Mountain Herb Plasters
and you will be happy.
For sale by all dealers in medicine and J. B. Norton, Bridgetown, N. S., wholesale and retail.
Bridgetown, Oct. 25th, 1886. tf

J. H. CHUTE
MIDDLETON,
wishes to inform his friends and customers that his Importations for the
FALL AND WINTER,
are now about complete.
MY STOCK
..IS..
Very Large & Well Selected.
EXTRA VALUES
may be looked for.
Middleton, '86. 40 1y.

The American Tailor,
W. D. SHEEHAN,
HAS opened an establishment next door to the MONITOR Office, and is prepared to fill all orders for custom work in the Tailoring line in the very latest styles and at LOWEST PRICES.
PRICE LIST.
$6 50 for making Full Suits
$5 50 for making Overcoats
$7 00 for making Fine Suits
All work guaranteed first-class in fit and workmanship.
Bridgetown, Sept. 7th, '86 n22tf

Notice of Change of Partnership.
The Law Firm of
T. D. & E. RUGGLES,
Office on Queen Street, Bridgetown, N. S., will henceforth be known under the name and style of
T. D. RUGGLES & SONS.
consisting of T. D Ruggles, Q. C., Edwin Ruggles, B. A., and Harry Ruggles, B A.
Dated December 16th, A. D., 1884. tf

ANOTHER
LARGE IMPORTATION
..OF..
TWEEDS
—AND—
English WORSTEDS,
Just received at the
BLUESTORE.
Call early and secure the best patterns for your SPRING SUITS.
JOHN H. FISHER, Proprietor.
March 15th, '86.

To Rent.
THE house owned and occupied by C. C. Spinney, of Nictaux. Any person desiring the same apply to the subscriber
ABNER H. MORSE.
Nictaux, April 12th, '86. 1tf.

MONEY to be made. Cut this out and return to us, and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start you in business which will bring you in more money right away than anything else in the world. Any one can do the work and live at home. Either sex: all ages. Something new, that just coins money for all workers. We will start you; capital not needed. This is one of the genuine, important chances of a lifetime. Those who are ambitious and enterprising will not delay. Grand outfit free. Address, True & Co., Augusta, Maine.

ALL persons having any legal demands against the estate of William H. Fairn late of Lawrencetown, in the County of Annapolis, deceased, are requested to render the same duly attested within one year from the date hereof, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to LAURA M. FAIRN, Administratrix.
AMOS K. PATTERSON, Administrator.
Aylesford, Nov. 17th, 1886. 6m.

H. J. BANKS,
TAILOR,
BRIDGETOWN, N. S.,
Shop close to Railway Crossing.
Best Workmanship. - - Fits Guaranteed.
Prices to suit the times.
Bridgetown, Sept. 14th, 1886. tf

Send 25 Cents
..TO..
GRIP OFFICE, TORONTO,
—and receive the—
CHRISTMAS AND ELECTION NOS. OF GRIP
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Or, Send $1,
And receive the CHRISTMAS and ELECTION Nos., and the paper to July 1st, '87, including choice of the two Premium Plates, "Leading Conservatives," or "Leading Reformers." Address
The Grip Printing and Publishing Co.,
26 and 28 Front Street West, Toronto.

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SEND TO THIS OFFICE FOR BILL HEADS, CARDS, TAGS, ETC.

Joker's Corner.

How He Sold His Wood.

PERSISTENT INQUIRIES ABOUT A OTHER THAT WASN'T LOST.

A woman was standing with her arms resting on the front gate, when a squint-eyed old fellow, wearing the conventional habiliments of the pine hills and carrying an enormous ox-whip, came along and asked:

'Have you seen anything uv er little bay steer round hyar?'

'No.'

'Er steer with er white star in his fore head?'

'No.'

'Sorter limps with the left hind foot, but pretty pert, taken altogether?'

'I tell you no,' the woman snapped.

'Fotch er load uv wood in this mornin' an' old Darb—that's the steer's name—got out up the wagin yard an' cl'ared hiss'f. It's the steer I bought from Ben Hardin' last fall—lean Ben. Yer know him, I reckon?'

'No, I don't.'

'Wall, rest easy erbout it, fur it ain't your fault, kase Ben gits acquainted with mighty nigh ever' woman he ken. I don't know wh'ar Ben got the steer, but that ain't none uv my business. Ain't seed him, have yer?'

'I tell you no!' the woman almost screamed.

'I don't know but he would er come up thisher why, fur thar ain't no tellin' whar he'll go when he gits a chance. Went over to old Jim McLauthem's place one day an' fell in the well. Don't know old Jim do you?'

'No, I don't; and more than that, I don't want to know him nor you either. Go on away from here.'

'Oh, you oughtenter talk thater way erbout old Jim. W'y he's the man that diskivered the persimmon puddin'. Ain't seen nuthin' of the steer, yer say?'

'If you don't go away from here I'll call a policeman.'

'Oh, don't put yourself to no trouble on my ercount. I may be honeylookin', but I ain't no fool. I married the puttiest 'oman in all our neighborhood an' when I leave home I allus tells my wife that if I find a puttier 'oman than she is, that—well I never expect to see one, that's all, but I have. Madam,' taking off his yellow slouch hat and making a bow, 'you are that!'

'Oh, what an old fool you are,' the woman laughingly replied.

'Yes, madam, I am er fool—er fool erbout beauty, but not erbout nothin' else. Some men air afeerd to tell er 'oman that she's purty, but I ain't. There never wuz nothin' cowardly erbout me. Ter tell yer the truth the truth, I ain't lost no steer, but when I seed yer I had ter trudge up some sort uv er yarn. I've gat er co'd an' er half uv wood round here on er wagin that I'm going ter sell, but sense I've been talkin' ter you I've forgot all erbout the wood. Yer'll uv cose excuse me fur