BROCKVILLE'S GREATEST STORE

Save Money on Your Winter Coat

We have made a lucky purchase of fifty stylish, serviceable; new Winter Coats at a substantial cut from regular prices. If you need a new coat it will pay you to see this splendid lot.

There are both misses' and ladies' sizes in Tweeds, Chinchilla and Zebeline made with plush collars, with or without belts, prices \$12, \$9.50, \$8, and

\$6.50

No Scarcity of Goods At this Store

You have no doubt heard about goods being scarce, not so here. We have the largest stock of dry goods to-day we ever attempted to place in this store.

Exclusiveness

Our goods are exclusive, especially our Ladies' Ready-to-Wear. We sell the famous Northway Garment, and we show exclusive models, and Northway's garments are sold in Brockville.

We extend to you an invitation to visit our store and do your fall buying, and you will save money.

R. DAVIS & SON, BROCKVILLE

Boys' **Overcoats**

The Boys' Overcoats we are showing are all splendid

We have nice manly coats for the boy from 8 to 16 years of age, and we have some very natty styles for little fellows from 3 to 8 years. We can please every boy and satisfy every parent.

It is impossible to describe all our styles, there are

The best way is to bring your boy in and try on a

Boys' Suits, odd Knickers, in corduroy and tweed, Boys' Coat Sweaters, Boys' Stockings, Boys' Gloves and Mitts, Boys' Caps, Boys' Underwear, etc. Everything to fit out the boy for

GLOBE CLOTHING HOUSE

The Store of Quality **BROCKVILLE**

HUGHES WINS PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION

Republican Candidate Deals Wilson Knockout-Wilson's Vacillating Policy Not the Sentiment of the American

Great interest has been shown this year by Canadians, in the American presidential election. The news that Hughes had deteated President Wilson was received with mixed feelings. All eyes are now turned on an individual who has expressed no views on the meaning of the word "neutrality."

ATHENS PUBLIC SCHOOL REPORT

The following is the honor roll of Athens Public School for October. As usual, the standing required to obtain honors is seventy-five per cent of the total and a minimum on any one subject of forty per cent; for satisfactory standing an average of sixty per cent with the same minimum. Names follow in order of merit.

I Sr .- (honors) Kenneth Gifford, to any great extent. Elna Wing, Rhea Kavanaugh, Edwin Evans, Stuart Rahmer, (satisfactory) Erma Blancher.

ard Stevens, (satisfactory) Jack Thornhill, Howard Putnam.

(satisfactory) Joe Gainford.

Prim. Jr .- (honors) Doris Connerty, Dorothy Vickery, Elva Gifford, Goldie Parish, Phelma Gifford, (satisactory) Freddie Fenlong.

Average attendance 25

Ada L. Fisher, teacher Room II

Jr. III-(honors) Dora Mulveua, Ruth Claxton, Knowlton Hanna, Honry Bigalo, Howard Hoimes, Francis Sheldon, Vernon Robeson, (satisfactory) Thelma Parish, Gerald Wilson,

Jr. II-(honors) Jas. Bright, Flossie Burchell, Orval Hollingsworth, Stency Fair, Kathleen Taylor, Bernard Steacy Sterry, Marjorie Earl, Loura Sterry.

Average attendance 31 Gladys Johnston, teacher Room IV

IV-(honors) G. Yates, J. Moulton, Guinford, G. Knowlton, V. Topping, Sr. III-(honors) S. Burchell, (sat-

worth, A. Leadbeater, A. Judson.

World's Temperance Sunday

The Baptist, Presbyterian, and Methodist Sunday schools will observe World's Temperance Sunday, Nov. 12, by a union meeting in the Methodist church at 2 80 p.m. Mr. M. A. Halpenny, B.A., of the A.H.S., will give tery. an address, and Mr. A. M. Lee will present the lesson. A program suiting the occasion will be given. Everyone cordially invited.

The Hunters

Motoring from an Athens street, Two hunters came to-day With dogs and guns and all complete, The wild wood game to slay.

The dogs bayed freely through the dell; The rifle rang out clear;
Which to our fancy seemed to tell. Of old-time bear and deer.

The bearskins, they should carefully The venison save to fry;

For soon the weather will be cold And cost of living high.

Thus might the plowman, plodding slow, Think or soliloquize;

But when the sunset casts its glow O'er dell and storn pass,
A roll-call of the woods would show

Just one big rabbit less, Hard Island, Oct. 21

EXCITING FIRES

Were in Danger.

Frankville, Nov. 8 .- Two fires within two days has kept Frankville in a furore of excitement. Last night the horse-barn of Jas. I. Smith was burned and the evening previous, the large barn of Watson Davis, containing the season's crops, was totally destroyed,

At 7 o'clock last night Mr. Smith's horse barn was discovered to be on fire. Soon heavy clouds of smoke were sweeping over the village. The hand fire engine was brought out and water was hauled from the creek in a tank. The building was built of logs, and was attached to the woodshed of the house. The woodshe I was deluged with water and the barn pulled down. The household effects of Mr. Smiths were taken out of the house.

one period and in the excitement and heat, Mr. Richard fainted.

The previous evening fire broke out on the two floors of Watson Davis' barn, which contained the season's crops I Jr .- (honors) Sinclair Peat, How- with the exception of some hay. Only one calf was burned, the rest of the cattle being taken out of the burning Prim. Sr.—(honors) Jessie Hawkins, building. The loss is thought to be about \$3000.

Surday morning at the home of her aunt, Mrs. Clayton Wiltse, Sarah Fenlong, Francis Hawkins, Howard street, of Mrs. Lloyd Earl in her 27th year. Decrased was sick for a few days only and she passed peacefully (satisfactory) Doris Bendall, Keitha away in the midst of relatives and friends.

Before her marriage, Mrs. Earl was Miss Pearl Johnson, of Smith's Falls, at which place she was born and lived (satisfactory)L. Taylor, R. Taylor, E the past two years in Athens as the wife of Mr. Earl. She was the only Z Topping, E Hawkins, M. Howarth. daughter of Mr. A. W. Johnson, of Smith's Falls. Sho is survived by her isfactory) F. Wiltse, I. Gifiord, S. Big- husband and father to whom is extendalo, V. Lee, M. Morris, C. Hollings- the heartfelt sympathy of the commun-

Deceased was a Methodist and the S. J. G. Nichols, principal funeral services were conducted at the friends there. family residence by the pastor of the Athens Methodist church, Rev. T. J. Vickery, at 1.30 p.m. yesterday. Many relatives and friends from Smith's Falls, Philipsville and other points were present. The remains were placed in the vault to await interment next spring in the Athens ceme-

LOCAL ITEMS

ed the R. C. H. A., at Kingston, -Plants and bulbs for sale at the Ba-

Mr. Wm. Yates returned from the West this week.

spending a few days in town with fri-

about on its arrival.

For lads like these don't seem to know her brother, Mrs. Wm. Doolan,

Mr. Lloyd Earle and Mr. and Mrs. Nel-

AT FRANKVILLE

Two Fires within Two Days-Origin Unknown-Several Stores and Residences

W. Richard's store was in danger at

Wm. Ennis' barn was also in the danger territory but was not harmed

Whitmore-Culbert

Mr. Percy Whitmore and Miss Irma Culbert were married Saturday afternoon at St- Peter's church rectory, by Rev. Bedford-Jones. They were unattended. Mr. and Mrs. Whitmore will reside in the Louse adjoining the Marian Robinson, Robert Raymer, groom's blacksmith shop. The Reporter offers hearty congratulations.

Death of Mrs. Lloyd Earl

The death occurred at 7.10 o'clock

her entire life, with the exception of

Mr. Hibbert Johnston last week join

Mrs. Andrew Henderson, Eloida, is

We are pleased to report that Mr. Wm. Morris is better having been sick for the past two weeks.

Percival & Brown last week unload ed a car of Ford automobiles. Mr. Jas. Hewitt, Greenbush, bought a run-

Miss Sarah Doolan, Redar, is spending a few days in town at the home of

CARD OF THANKS

Mr. Lloyd Earle and Mr. and Mrs, Nel-son Earle wish to thank their friends and neighbors for their many acts of kind-ness during the illness and following the death of Mrs. Lloyd Earle.

 CAPITAL AUTHORIZED
 \$10,000,000

 CAPITAL PAID UP
 \$7,000,000

 RESERVE FUNDS
 \$7,250,984

Every department of Banking efficiently conducted.

Special attention given to Farmers' Business, Cheese Factory and Dairy Accounts.

YOUR BUSINESS SOLICITED

ATHENS BRANCH,

F. A. ROBERTSON, Manager

Frankville Office Open Wednesdays.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT NEWS

Miss Anna Robeson spent the weekend in Hammond, N. Y.

-A good line of vegetables constantly on hand at the Bazaar.

Workmen are putting a new roof on St. Paul's Presbyterian church.

Deer and foxes have been seen in the vicinity of Frankville. Sergt, Cecil Taber, of the R. C. H.

A, Kingston, spent a couple of days in Athens visiting friends.

and Almonte. -You can save good money by buy-

ing all wool and flannelette blankets at H. H. Arnold's. Rev. Rural Dean Swayne is in the

parish of Newboro this week on the

business of the Diocese. Mr. W. B. Newsome, agent for Ford cars at Plum Hollow, recently sold a new model car to Mr. Frank Garret,

Miss Bessie Johnston of Lyndhurst, will be November 17. vas a week-end guest of her mother

Indications point to the second week

-A Patriotic Apron Sale will be held results considerably. at Hard Island on the evening of Friday, November 10. The program will commence at 7.30; the sale at 8.30.

Mrs. W. J. White and daughter, Jessie, of Gravenhurst are this week guest of the former's sister, Mrs. W.

Mrs. George Bulford has been visiting Smith's Falls relatives and Mrs. A. Eaton has also been a guest of

Miss Edith Davidson will be a week end visitor at Mrs. M. E. Derbyshire and will sing in the Methodist church

-The Bazaar will promptly deliver parcels. Phone your orders : both phones at your service.

-Flannelette cloths and blankets are already scarce goods. Early liberal buying at much below present values makes our stock to-day very attractive. See these goods and get prices at H.

H. Arnold's. In a letter to his mother of Oct. 12 Hubert Cornel! writes : "The country we are now in is all chalk. Wherever a shell bursts, it exposes the chalky ground. For miles around, as far as the eye can reach, there is not a tree or a house standing, nothing but chalky hills, mounds, craters, and shell holes The ground is simply chewed up and depicts what present day warfare is like. I saw Hartley Humphrey a couple of weeks ago. He is in the A. S. C. Mechanical Transport, I think."

-The W.C.T.U. request that ladies using Surprise soap will save the wrap-pers and leave them with Mrs. C. C. Slack or Mrs. Donnelley. Last year about \$800 was raised by this means in Ontario. This money is used to keep a woman at the Union Station in Toronto to befriend women and girls who are travelling alone.

E. Nolan, Lyn, has leased the McChain house, Mill St.

Hides and live poultry wantedat C. H. Willson, Athens. A new roof has been placed on the

C. N. R station. Mrs. J. Brooker and family have moved to G. W. Brown's Reid St.

street house. Miss Wilms Steacy returned from New York after a few days visit there with her sister.

Miss Cannon, of Thompson's grocery, Mrs. (Rev.) W. G. Swayne was in has returned from a trip to Ottawa Newburgh last week on a visit to ber mother, Mrs. Hope.

-Best English, Scotch, and Canadian knitting yarns, 3 or 4 ply, bought early and selling much below present values at H. H. Arnold.

M:s. B. Brown, Wellington St., is a patient in the General Hospital Smith's Falls, suffering from appendi-

Preparations are being made for the high school commencen ent, the event of the student's callendar. The date

Returns from the refreshment booth at the school fair Coon's Corners, have been completed, and show a ret balance in December as the date for Athens of some \$25.00. The "one third tax" levied on the proceeds brought down

> On Thursday afternoon a motoring party including Mrs. D. M. Spaidal and little son, Mrs. C. Ralph, Mrs. Nellie Tisdale, Mrs. Fred Tisdale, and Miss Edith Tisdale spent a few hours at the home of Mrs. Helen E. Cornell. Mrs. C. Richard remained to visit her sister, Mrs. M. W. Robinson.

> > ARTICLES WANTED

Apply at the Reporter Office.

Ammunition

We are headquarters for Remington and Dominion shells and car-tridges. Get your fall supply

EARL CONSTRUCTION

COMPANY

ATHENS, ONT.

Eye Rest for Tired Eyes

IS OBTAINED by our scientifically fitted glasses. They enable the eyes to do as much work and possibly more than they ever did. Our equipment for examination of the eyes is equal to the best. Satisfaction guaranteed.

H. R. KNOWLTON Jeweler and Optician

ATHENS



Nov. 12, 1916. World's Temperance Sunday.—Rom 14: 13-15: 3.

Commentary.—I. Christian temperance (vs. 13-21). 13. Judge this rather—We are called upon to consider well what our attitude toward others what our attitude toward others should be, and to regulate our conduct in harmony with the preceding verses. We are accountable to God for our course in life, but that very responsibility in the course in life, but that very responsibility places us under obligation to act bility places us under obligation to act in such a way that we shall not lead others astray by our opinions or actions. Stumblingblock—A proper regard for others will move one to avoid every word and act that would have a tendency to cause them to stumble or hinder them in the way to heaven. "Love is a higher principle than liberty, and self-denial a nobler joy that self-indulgence." 14. I know—Paul sneaks with positive assurance. —Paul speaks with positive assurance Nothing unclean of itself—Reference is made here to articles of food, as is shown by the following verse. Peter's vision on the housetop indicated that distinctions in meat had been put away (Acts 10 :15). To him that esteemeth, etc.—The conscience of a weak brother may dedare to him that a certain kind of food is forbid-den, and he should not violate his conscience by eating it. "Mistaken conscience calls for correction by better light, but never by violation." 15. Be grieved with thy meat—If one's course is knowingly a brief to another that course is knowingly a brief to another, that course should be altered, for a stumbling-block is being placed in a weak brother's way. Not charitably—It is not fulfilling the law of love when a Christian knowingly does things which his brother believes to things which his brother believes to be a wrong. Destroy him not—The Christian is to be a help, and not a hindrance, to others in the way of life. If his course, in itself lawful, is a hindrance to weaker Christians, he should change it rather than discourage them. "If Christ gave up his life for them, we can certainly give up our petty rights for them."—Torsey. 16. Your good—The, which you up our petty rights for them."—Tor-rey. 16. Your good—That which you osteem to be right and which, in itself, is right. Evil spoken of.—Be right and do right, but try to act that your course will also appear to be right. The good that persons do is often in large part destroyed by their religion. large part destroyed by their tailure to shun the very appearance of evil.

17. The kingdom of God. The esof true religion in its inward and its outward elements. Is no meat and drink. The kingdom does Is not not inhere in distinctions in food and Righteousness—A condition of moral uprightness and integrity which is produced by divine power. Peace—The accompaniment of the change by which one is pardoned and regenerated. Joy in the Holy Ghost -This joy comes as a result of the work of grace wrought in the heart by the non-Spirit. These gifts are in-finitely superior to the rights one may have with regard to eating and drinking. 18. These things—Righteous ness, peace and joy in the Holy Ghost. Appreved of men—Not only has he could outlies that he is acceptable to God, but men also recognize that he is right in heart and life. 19. Which make for peace—Instead of contending for non-essentials and for what we may call our rights, let us obey the law of love and practice righteousness. Edify another—Let it be our effort to build up one another in righteousness and truth. 29. Destroy not the work of God—The work of grace in a hu-man heart constitutes that person God's workmanship, which must not be injured by insisting upon one's lib rty in eating and drinking. It is evil—Although all things are pure—from evil in themselves, yet there is evil to the man that eats with damage to his brother.—Whedon. 21. It is good— It is right and honorable. Neither to eat flesh, nor to drink wine, etc.-No one has a right to make use of a pri vilege which will bring moral or spr-itual loss to another. The use of strong crink is forbidden by the scriptures, both because of its injury to the drinker and its influence upon In perfect agreement with the injunctions of scripture, with respect to strong drink, are the demands of right reason. Any one who is ob-servant, and studies the relation of the liquor habit to family life, business, morality and religion, must reach the conclusion that indulgence in intoxi-cants is wicked and destructive. There are those who claim that they have right to drink, and it is wholy their own affair. but their influence is tellown affair, but their influence is ten-ing injuriously upon others, and thus both the drinker is injured and those who follow his example. Then also it must be admitted that he who uses intoxicants is doing an injury to those ant upon him, not only

by his example, but by robbing them 11. Faith and conduct (vs. 22, 23). 11. Faith and conduct (vs. 22, 23), 22. Hast thou rain— The possession of faith is in reality not questioned, of faith is in really not questioned, as the Revised Version proves. The existence of faith in the person addressed is freely granted. The faith here mentioned is justifying faith, and it leads its possessor to have clear and settled convictions regarding his personal conduct. Have it to thyself before God—Thou hast a right persuasion concerning thy Christian liberty; and I advise thee to hold that persuasion steadfastly with respect to thyself in the sight of God.—Clarke.

APPERS! JOHN HALLAM Limited 201 Hallam Building, Toronto.

Now what stronger, clearer faith thou hast in Christ alone, by which thou hast in Christ alone, by which thou seest that these scruples are no proper part of Christianity, so have it to thyself and God as to hurt nobody else.—Whedon. Happy is he, etc.—He who, has justifying faith and sees clearly what duty is, is happy in acting in harmony with his convictions. His conduct is in full accord with his faith and his conscience. He does not condemn himself for doing what he is certain is right, 23. He that doubteth—He who is weak in his faith, and consequently, weak in his convictions of duty and privilege. Is damned—Is condemned. Whatsoever is not of faith is sin—The Christian's life is one of faith. It is by faith that he retains the divine favor, for without faith it is impossible to please God. He who takes a course that to

God. He who takes a course that to him is doubtful is bringing condem-nation upon himself.

III. Helpfulness to others (vs. 1-3). In, Helptuness to others (vs. 1-3), 1. Strong—In this passage some Christians are classed as strong and others as weak. The strong are they whose faith in God and whose perception of duty and privilege lead them to settled and definite convictions. They are conscientious, and yet they do not allow more actions. do not allow mere notions or non-es-sentials to have the weight of law or conviction of duty. Ought to bear the infirmities of the weak—It is the Christian's duty to be charitable and to exercise forbearance. The strong can not brush away with a word the scruples from the minds of the weak. They are to bear with the weak and lovingly help them into a richer ex-perience in grace. The strong will grow in grace by being helpful to the weak. Not to please ourselves—The temptation will come to the strong to go forward in their Christian lives and in the affairs of the church without heeding the wishes and scruples of the weak, but the exhortation is to avoid that course. We are to resist the temptation. For his good to edification— The Christian is urged to help build up his neighbor in faith and love. 3. Christ pleased not Himself—The apostle adds force to his exhortation by presenting the example of Christ. As it is written—The quotation is from Psa. 69.9. The apostle in making use of this quotation proves to us that Christ is referred to in the passage cited. Questions.-Who wrote this epistle?

To what class of Christians did he write it? What subjects are treated in this lesson? To whom is every one ac-countable? In what respects is the ex-ercise of Christian charity recommended? What kind of judging is for-bidden? What kind is urged? What regard is to be paid to the conscience of another? What elements of the king-dom of God are mentioned? What law of abstinence is here taught? What bearing has this lesso n upon temper

PRACTICAL SURVEY. Topic.-Applied Christianity.

1. Revealing personal godliness. II. Imitating Christ's example. Revealing personal godliness Christianity projects a personal king-dom, whose subjects are governed in their entire life by the power it introduces and applies to the inner nature. Its service involves a personal relation between master and servant. It includes all activities and relationships within its sphere. It is the preroga-tive of the spiritual nature of man that it is capable of apprehending and voluntarily accepting and obeying the perfect will of God. Paul taught that the spirit in which certain actions are performed or self-denial practised rather than the things themselves, con-stitutes real Christian living. Chrisstitutes real Christian into their proper tianity puts all things into their proper relations, giving prominence to those things which are of superior importance. It bases every duty upon a divine foundation. It is satisfied with no standard but that of love. It does not attain its ideal when certain de crees have been obeyed, but only when certain experiences have been evoked. A merely legal system which be complete with formally correct con-duct, but a vital religion demands a godly character. Among the Roman Christians there was great strife about small matters. Paul was compelled to meet it. Differences of opinion respecting festivals to be observed and of abstinence from foods were certain to arise in communities composed of Jews of every sect and Gentiles of every race. There were wide differences in temperaments and attain-ments among converts. Antagonistic parties were formed, the legal and the spiritual, or the conservative and the literal, or as Paul distinguished them, the strong and the weak. Each refused liberty to the other. A recognition of the Lord's authority, a desire to execute the Lord's will, and a confession of his goodness characterized both parties. While there was good in each, there was the manifestation of evil on both sides. A spirit of un-charitableness was evident in the judg-ment of both. Paul labored to show that in connection with their differences there were glorious possibilities of maintaining a Christian spirit and of growing up into Christlikeness. of maintaining to the constraint of growing up into Christlikeness. His teaching was clear and decisive. The members of Christ's kingdom were urged to keep its laws with a characteristic of the constraint of th and the ultimate moral perfection of the world. Paul appealed to honor, conscience and brotherly feelings in a way equivalent to a command. He set forth a general principle, making it the duty of every Christian scrupulously to avoid all things which had a tendency to lead others to sin and to please others for their good and their please others for their good and their edification, thus promoting their spiritual and eternal good. By bearing with their infirmities, acknowledging their excellencies and seeking their good, such duties were fulfilled. Paul mtaintained that no man had sufficient knowledge of the mind of the Master to determine the standard of action

and not sufficient knowledge of the mind of others to determine the motive of action. II. Imitating Christ's example, Paul wanted none to suffer bondage, nor yet did he permit their liberty in Christ to be harmful to their brethren and so become a reproach before the world. He made his position clear by distinguishing between what was fundamental in religion and what was temporary. He endeavored to engage them in the higher affairs of the kingdon; in order that petty details might sink into their rightful insignificance.

to determine the standard of action.

He laid down Paree principles sufficient to meet any differences between them as Christian brethren, the law of Christian charity, of self-denial and of Christian helpfulness. He vrged that the strong should preve their strength by gentleness, and their liberty by self-sacrifice. He made the example of Christian example to them, teaching that the Christian life should not be merely an abstinence from evil, not be merely an abstinence from evil, but a positive doing of what was good; and, further, that making others happy was one of the best manifestations of true piety and closest imitation of Christ's example of loving service. Paul would have all men remember that they are members of the street that they are members of one great family and should act as such, gov-erning their judgment of one another with the thought of a higher judgment before which all must pass. T. R. A.

Best Liniment of All **Destroys Every Pain But Never Burns**

"How thankful we are to get hold of uch a wonderful household remedy as Nerviline," writes Mrs. E. P. Lamon-tagne from her home near Wetaska-win, Alberta. "In this far-away secwin, Alberta. "In this far-away section, far away from a doctor or druggist, every family needs a good supply of liniment. Nerviline is the best of all. It destroys every pain, but never burns. We use Nerviline in a seore of ways. If it's rheumatism, aching back, pain in the side, sciatica or stiff neck,—you can laugh at them if you have lots of Nerviline handy. For earache, toothache or cramps I For earache, toothache or cramps don't think anything could act more quickly. For a general all-round pain remedy I can think of nothing more valuable and speedy to cure Nerviline."

The above letter is convincingtells how reliable and trusty this old-time remedy is. Nerviline for forty years has been a household word in Canada. Scarcely a home in Canada you can find without Nerviline. Every community has its living examples of the wonderful curative properties of Nerviline which will cure pains and aches anywhere in the foints or mus cles. It's penetrating, soothing, warming and safe for young and old to use. Get the large 50c family size bottle; the most economical. Small trial size 25c at any dealer's anywhere.



SOME VETERINARY POINTERS.

There are many important matters to be attended to by the shepherd in the fall, and if he makes mistakes in such work he will have to pay the penalty in what he is apt to call "bad luck," but which is only bad manage

ment.
"Spoiled bags" are common, and a great source of trouble and loss, and we find that most of them trace to the weaning time. Many would-be shepherds seem to think that a lamb should wean itself, that the ewe needs no special care at the time, and that udder troubles will subside after a while, so that there will be no further trcuble at a subsequent lambing time

This is all wrong.

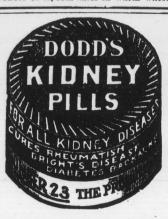
It is best to wean the lambs when they have nursed from four and a half to five months. The ewes need a rest after nursing that long, and the lambs will do better if weaned and well fed to get them started toward final fattening or full development for breeding.

Wean the lambs once for all and be done with it. It is a pad mistake to let weaned lambs, or pigs, go back to their dams in a day or two to strip the acumulated milk. Such milk often is deadly poison. It is so in the case of the sow, and to a certain extent also as regards the ewe. The lambs may get a backset if allowed to drink such milk. Little pigs offen are killed outright.

twenty-four hours or so collect the ewes and strip out enough milk from each udder to make it soft. In two dans repeat the process, again in three again in five days. That should suffice. In some cases, however, one has to make frequent examinations, and see to it that garget is not caused by leaving milk to clot and decompose. That is the common cause of garget, and in the worst form the disease is contagious.

Isolate a ewe that has a had attack of garget. If she recovers—for gan-grene may follow and often is fatal let her go to the butcher when fat. Cull out all ewes that have had anything wrong with their udders, or that have been unable to raise one lamb, or that have had no milk, or proved cross mothers: it does not pay to retain such ewes for breeding. At this culling-out time also reject all ewes that have broken mouths. The fattest ewe at weaning time may be the poorest one to keep. The thin ewes usually have been good milkers and are run down.

Coating the udder with blackstrap molasses at weaning time helps to prevent garget. The molasses melta and runs down over the teats, sealing them against invasion of germs. If garget starts, give the ewe four ounces of Epsom salts in warm water,



YOU ARE PLANNING A NEW BARN

Fresh Air and Abundance of Light Essentials—Beware of Dampness—Pian of Horse Stable to Accomodate Fifteen Head.

On many farms the stabling accommodation of the live stock in the winter does not receive the consideration it deserves. No one would think of keeping dairy cattle out of doors all winter, but many farmers—especially in the West, keep their horses out all winter long and allow them to rustle pretty well for themselves. Although horses can stand a great deal of cold, and if they have the shelter of a few trees and receive sufficient food they will come through the winter fairly well, it is better to keep them in during the night. In the day it does no harm—good in fact—to let them stretch their legs in a field or a large

The stable where the animals are kept at night must be well ventilated and well lighted. Sometimes we find horses that have been allowed out all day stabled at night in a small barn without windows or any kind of ventilation, and with a tightly fitting door. The natural result is that the moisture from the breath and bodies of the animals condenses and the of the animals condenses, and the walls and ceiling of the stable become coated with frost. The horses get heated up when confined in such close quarters, and the air becomes vitiated, through being breathed over and over again, and disease and sick-ness follow in the natural course of events.

The building in which horses kept need not be warm—in fact, if it is too warm there is danger of them getting cold when turned out during the day time—but it must be dry and free from draughts. Horses cannot be expected to work well in the summer if they are kept confined in a dark, tamp, evil-smelling stable.

Fresh air ranks with sunlight as one of the prime necessities in any building for housing live stock. Foul air is certain to cause disease. A stable lacking in proper ventilation is neither sanitary nor comfortable. Even dairy cattle can stand cold, but no class of stock will thrive in damp, badly ventilated quartes. SYSTEM OF VENTILATION.

The first thing to decide upon then, when one is planning a stable is the system of ventila-tion. In a good system of ventilation no animal should be in a direct draft, but at the same time no animal should be in a corner where the fresh air from does not circulate, or from which the foul air is not carried off. The currents of air should be all in one direction—that is away from the cold walls and towards the outlets.

There are two systems of ventilation—the King and the Rutherford systems. In the King system the fresh air comes in at the ceiling and the foul air goes out at the floor. In the Rutherford system the fresh air comes in at the door and the foul air goes out at the ceiling. Although the King system provides

a somewhat warmer stable, the air is not so pure as in the Rutherford sys tem, so that, everything considered the latter is to be preferred. In this

system the fresh air is brought in through a number of small openings and so distributed that it will diffuse throughout all parts of the stable. Usually one outlet is provided for every four inlets.

Eight square inches of inlet should be allowed for each cow and ten or twelve square inches for each horse. It is not advisable to make the inlets larger than six by eight inches. They should be placed along the walls so that they will distribute the fresh air as far as possible through the entire in each of the loose boxes. as far as possible through the entire stable. The currents of air should be all in one direction—towards the outlets. It is best, therefore, to have the outlets in the centre of the building and flues extending up through the loft above the roof.

The air breathed by animals contains a considerable quantity of moisture. If this moist-laden air is kept too long in contact with a cold wall or ceiling, the moisture will be deposited, and unless the walls are particularly well insulated, will freeze. For this reason the construction of the walls is important. It is impossible almost to prevent hoar frost from forming on walls—especially if they are formed of straw or concrete —unless there is a dead air space between the inner and outer walls. It is always advisable, no matter what material is used to build the walls, to have the inner walls lined

The outlets should be not less than sixteen inches in diameter—twenty-four inches for preference. The flues should be built of two ply lumber

three double stalls and three loose boxes, so that it will accommodate fifteen horses if two horses are kept in each of the loose boxes.

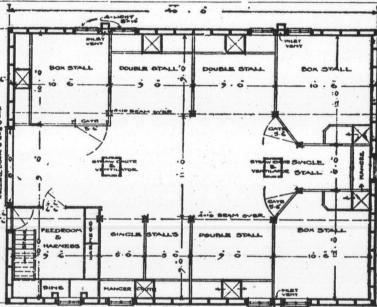
The double stalls are nine feet wide, wide enough to allow a division to be put in if single stalls are preferred. The three single stalls are five feet wide, and two of the hor five feet wide, and two of the box stalls are ten feet six inches by twelve feet, the third being ten feet by ten feet. All stalls and boxes are equipped with mangers connected by a chute to the loft above, thus saving much labor in feeding has

much labor in feeding hay.

Down the centre is a driveway so that a wagon can be driven right into the stable if required. The feed into the stable if required. The feed room and harness room are conveniently placed in one corner and are connected with the loft above by chutes, so that there is no trouble in carrying the feed downstairs. The small cutside door in the feed room is intended to be used as an entrance to avoid unnecessary opening of the large roller door.

The ventilation of the stable is well provided for. The fresh air inlets are placed at the corners of the box stalls and the outlets are made by combination foul air outlets and

by combination foul air outlets and straw chutes, which are located in the centre of the stable. It is very with tar paper between to make them as airtight and warm as possible. They should have as few angles and necessary that the doors of the foul



ourns as possible, and be carried bove the ridge in the form of cupola. It is better to have the side of the cupola open rather than cover-ed with slats, and if its roof is car ied well over the walls there is no

air outlets which open into et loft be kept firmly closed when they are not being used as straw chutes, or the ventilation system will not work to best advanta

ntage. —Canadian Countryman

and follow with half a teaspoonful each of powdered saltpeter and poke-root twice daily, in water, and inrcot twice daily, in water, and in crease the dose if found necessary Bathe the udder with hot water three times a day, and after wiping dry each time, rub in gently a mixture of one part each of turpentine, and fluid extracts of poke root and belladonna leaves, and eight parts of warm lard

If the udder turns purple, start at once rubbing in mercurial olatment once daily, and, if necessary, use it Put the ewes on bare pasture and withhold all milk-stimulating feed. In twenty-four hours or so collect the when the udder becomes discolored. If a ewe persists in giving a flow of milk at weaning time, rub in a mix-ture of equal parts of camphorated oil and fluid and extract of belladonna leaves twice daily, as that will tend to check milk secretion.

Another error in shepherding at this times of the year is to allow the ewes after weaning, to go into the winter season in a thin, weak condition 'Flush' them after weaning by allow ing rich pasture, cabbage roots, or other green feed, and a mixture of whole oats and wheat bran. Do not feed heavily at first. Cradually build up the ewes before and through the mating season, and see to it that the ram is similarly fed. More and stronger lambs result from flushing, and the ewes also winter better. It is also important to put the weaned lambs on to new, clean grass.-A. S. Alexander, M. D. C., in Prairie Farm and Home.

That green forage crops lower the cest of pork production materially is demonstrated by experiments at the Obio Experimental Station. Alfalfa, clover, rape and bluegrass are adapted to hog pasturing. In one experiment lasting 11 weeks in midsummer clover pasture replaced 71 pounds of corn in every 100 pounds gain made by the hogs. Rape replaced 64 pounds. All these hogs received corn in addition to pasture. They made cheaper gains than those fed only grain in dry lot. Rape makes an abundant, palatable growth and has a long grazing season An acre will usually supply green feed for three months for 30 hogs weighing about 100 pounds. Since bluegrass is susceptible to drouth, it has its great-

Wisdom in farming to-day means that the man who tills the soil for a living must plan his career the same as any other business man would do. He must decide what crops can be most profitably produced on the land he occupies and then study how to grow these crops cheaply, and to market them so that he has received

est value for early spring use.

not only pay for his time and labor. but interest on the capital invested. It is hardly necessary to say that to do this permanency of location is very important. In the large majority of cases every move means an economic loss.

Live stock will need shade, water and protection against flies. The animals will not graze during the warm part of the day unless they are

The little potato disease causes little potatoes the size of a pea or a ones she would use nothing else. They little larger to form on the potato are absolutely free from oplates and stems, and no potatoes form on the injurious drugs and cannot possibly rocts. The reason is that this disease do harm to the youngest child. They closes up the pores in the stem so the starch made in the leaves cannot go back to the roots to form potatoes. Fotatoes affected with this disease have small spots on the surface, made up of germ masses, that look like a little soil stuck on the surface. The difference comes out when one tries to remove the spots. They do not come off , while soil will. This disease is also called russet scab and Rhizoc tonia. It is best not to save affected Lotatoes for seed.

A good, reliable, intelligent farm hand is worth keeping, even if you have to pay several dollars a month above ordinary wages for his services.

The poorest potatoes in the lasket set the price for the entire bushel.

Sweet clover is a poor land crop; alfalfa requires a deep, rich soil to do

IF YOUR THROAT IS HUSKY CATARRH MAY BE STARTING

A weak or irritated throat is the first step towards Catarrh. Everything depends on your remedy. A cough mixture slips quickly over the weak spots, drops into the stomach and does little but harm digestion. It's altogether different with Catarrhozone—it cures because it goal and the state of the st cause it gets right at the trouble. You inhale Catarrhozone, breathe in the vapor of healing balsams that strengthen and restore the weak throat tis-tues. You'll never have colds or coughs. Throat trouble and Catarrh will disappear with the use of Catarrhozone. Get the large dollar outfit which includes the inhaler, it lasts two months and is guaranteed to cure. Smaller sizes 25c and 50c, sold every

Kigg—Miss Antique has a horror of showing her age. Wagg is that why but the price of a bun is still conshe tries to cover it up with a coat of trolled by magistrates.—Wall Street paint?

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Mrs. C. E. Stilwell, Winthrope, Sask., writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for the past ten years and have found them so good for my little ones that I always keep a box in the house." Mrs. Stilwell is one of thousands of mothers who always keep the Tablets on hand. Once a mother has used them for her little ones she would use nothing else. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockwille, Ont.



TORONTO MAR	L	Œ	TS.
FARMERS' MARK	IC'	Г.	
Dairy Produce-			
Isutten current deliner	\$0	36	\$0 39
Eggs, new-taid, doz	U	40	0 4
Eggs, new-taid, doz Lave Poultry— Turkeys, lb Do, spring	17		
Turkeys, lb	0	18	0 20
Do., Spring	0	20	0 22
Fowl, 16	U	E.	0 14
Fowl, 1b	0	12	0 14
Ducklings, lb	0	12	0 13
Dressed Poultry-	- 0	13	0.19
Turkeye lb	٥	20	0 25
Turkeys, lb	0	95	0 28
Fowl. In	0	16	0 18
Fowl, Ib	ő	16	0 18
Ducklings, 1b	0	15	0 17
spring chickens, lb	. 0	12	0 13
squaps, per doz	3	50	
Fruits-			
ears, bkt	0	48	0 60
Apples, per bbl	3	00	4 50
now apples, 11-qt. bl.:	0	35	0 50
Voretables, 11-qt. bat	0	40	0 60
Pruits— Pears, bkt Apples, per bbl. Snow apples, II-qt. bkt. Crab apples, II-qt. bkt. Vegetables— Tomatoes, II-qt. bkt. Beets, per bush Barrots, per bush	^	40	0 60
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Onions, per 75-lb, bag	3	00	3 25
		80	0 90
Potatoes, per 90-lb2 bag	1	75	1 80
MEATS-WHOLESA			
Beef, forequarters, cwt \$1	0 0	0	\$11 00
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Do medium	0 0		19 50
Do. prime	6 0	0	12 00
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battoir hogs 1	6.5	0	17 50
dutton, heavy 1	0 0	0	12 00
Do., light 1	4 0	0	16 00
ambs, Spring, lb	0	17	0 1936

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"The All-Purpose Sugar"



HER HUMBLE **■**LOVER **■**

"does the rule apply to him? And which is he—good or evil?"

He was silent for a moment: then as he was about to speak, Signa held up her hand.

"Stop!" she said with a smile. "They used to say that I had the gift of reading character in faces; let me see if I can read the present Lord Delanere's in his portrait."

And she went along the line till she

came to the end. With an exclamation of surprise she

"Why, there was no portrait of him! There is the place left but there is no portrait!"

And she turned and looked at Hec-He shrugged his shoulders and

"Perhaps he has inherited the ugly

rernaps ne has interited the day face, and was too vain to have it painted and placed in the rank and file," he said lightly.

"Perhaps so," said Signa, laughing thoughtfully. "But I feel just a little disappointed."

CHAPTER VI.

It is the evening of the dinner-party and Signa sits at ease beside the oper window of her little room, putting on her black gloves and listening absently to the hub and buzz of conversa-tion that floats upward from the din-ing room. From her wingow she had watched with amused interest the ar rival of the guests as the carriages drove round the drive, and deposited their occupants just below where she

was sitting.
First came the modest brougham of the doctor and his wife; then the chaise of Captain Jenks and his son; the third to arrive was of a different order; a great barouche, drawn by a pair of huge chestnuts, came thunder-ing over the gravel; and Signa, look-ing out, could see by the immense coat of arms lozenged on the carriage that it belonged to some one of importance. Presently she heard a gentleman's voice giving some orders to the powdered footman who had descended to open the door, and the man's respectful "Yes, Sir Frederick."

Who "Sir Frederick" might be she

did not know, but she remembered Mr. Podswell's remark that he liked to meet new people, and concluded that he was of some consequence. A few minutes later a pair of dark roans came up the drive, harnessed to neat brougham of Morgan's build. Altogether a tasteful and fashionable turn-out, that attracted Signa's attention and excited her interest, which increased as she caught sight of an claborate dress inside the carriage.

She heard an old woman's She heard an old woman's voice, thin, but clear as crystal, and heard the servant answer her as "My lady." "Lady Rockwell, the terrible!" thought Signa, with a smile. One or twa other carriages arrived—heavy, lumbering landaus, smacking a vast respectability and solid wealth; then

all was still outside, the servants hurried up and down the hall, and she knew that dinner had commenced

It was time for her to dress then, and she went to the wardrobe and turned over the few dresses she pos-They were all black, course, and some heavy with crape. She chose one that was composed of a soft grenadine—a grenadine that had been woven in the East, and was as unlike the ordinary grenaume one in Oxford street as an Indian shawl is unlike a sack. It had been one of poor Jack Grenville's last pro-It had been shawl is unlike a sack. It had been one of poor Jack Grenville's last presents to her; he had picked it up in alimonds and raisins, Archia?"

"And he?" she said, with interest, | Cairo, and she had kept it by her, little thinking that she should not wear tle thinking that she should not wear it until the giver was lying asleep in his last slumber. She took it out with a sigh—a gentle sigh that was as full of love as unreasoning grief, and put it on over a soft cashmere, leaving the white neck and arms to gleam like ivory through the filmy, web-like tissue of the dress. Therf she looked through the modest contents of her iewel-case, but closed it again, and her jewel-case, but closed it again, and took a white rose from a base, and put it where her brooch would have gone; and so, without any other orna-ment save a pair of bangles, which had been bought in Cairo with the dress, she had finished her toilet.

The tiny glass gave back only a portion of her tall, supple figure, and she did not study even so much or so little of it carefully. There was not much vanity in Signa, she must have known that she was beautiful, and that in no small degree, but the knowledge did not haunt her as it does smalle minds. She forgot it altogether for the most part, and valued her lovell-ness as a small matter of accident. To-night, if she had known it, that levellness is, as the rector would have termed it, "really extraordinary"; for the keen, sweet air of the sea has brought a touch of color to her oval face, that was so pale and ivory like when she first came, and the prospect of a little amusement has bestowed a subtle light on the dark eyes that ren ders them as dangerous as the beacon

But she is not conscious of, or think ing of coming triumpas; she is simply leaning back with quiet, calm pati-cnce, waiting for the maid who is to come and tell her that the ladies have gone into the drawing room, and smiling with amusement at the reflection that she who, as Jack Grenville's daughter, had been used to the society of the highest in the land, should be scarcely good enough for Aunt Podswell's country guests. Here again a smaller mind would have felt and shown resentment at being excluded from the dining-room, but Signa only felt amused and highly gratified; she gone into the drawing-room, and smilfelt amused and highly gratified; she could imagine a dinner party at a country rectory quite distinctly enough

that shine on the coast outside North

to prevent her longing to be one of it. One other thought she had—it was of Hector Warren; she had not heard or seen him, Had he come or had he resented the cool insolence of the tardy invitation and stopped away? as they certainly deserved that he should

A faint thrill of hope—too faint to also a blush—agitated her at the thought. She would like to see him again, she thought. And why no? It was only natural. Since her father died, and she had come to this place, who, beside Archie, had spoken a kind sympathetic word to her saving the handsome, distinguished stranger? With a warm gratitude she recalled the scene of yesterday—his close, de voted attention, the respectful tone of his voice, when he addressed her, the kind glow of sympathy in his magni-ficent eyes; she recalled them all and yes, she was not so foolish as to be afraid of admitting to herself that she

should like to see him again. A knock sets her thoughts flying like a flock of wood-pigeons, and she opens the door to find—not Mary, but Archie-Archie, with a disappointed

face and a lack-lustre eye.
"Isn't it a beastly shame?" he says,

"More!" he exclaims, with intense indignation. "I haven't had any. Mamma left word that I was not to go in to dessert, and—and, Signa, I shouldn't have thought Mr. Warren was a storyteller, should you.

"He did not strike me as being a particularly untruthful person, Archie," said Signa.

particularly untruthin person, Archie, is, said Signa.

"Ah! I'm afraid he is, though," says Archie, with a strong sense of wrong in his voice. "Didn't you tell me, the other day, no lady or gentleman ever broke their promise?"

"I have a faint recollection of ex-

other day, no lady or gentleman ever broke their promise?"

"I have a faint recollection of expressing such a sentiment," says Signa, with a smile. "Are you going to turn and crush me by proving that the sentiment is faise. dear?"

"I don't know. All I can say is, Mr. Warren hasn't kept his promise. I got away from Jane, and crept down the stairs, just as the dessert wine was being taken in, and I passed the door—three times; but he never took any notice. Then I waited and mewed—oh, quite loud! But he never took any notice of that; and when I mewed again, papa said, 'Drive that cat away, Mary!' and I came upstairs. It's a beastly shame, isn't it, Signa? I thought he'd have kept his promise like a gentleman."

like a gentleman."
"Perhaps he didn't hear you. Did
you see him?"

you see him?"
Archie shakes his head, and kneels on the chair at her dressing-table, to ransack her jewel-box.
"No, I couldn't see him. I expect he was behind the door somewhere. I saw Sir Frederic—him that papa says is so rich and so proud."

is so rich and so proud."
"So proud, is he?" says Signa, amus-'and what is his other name?'

ed; "and what is his other name?"

"Blyte—Sir Fretteric Blyte," replies Archie. 'He is— oh, so rich ineed! and that land you see over there"—and he points across the bay—"is his. "He's young and fair, with a big yellow mustache. I don't like it so well as Mr. Warren's, but Sir Frederic is very fond of it."

"Oh?" laughingly.

"Yes," says Archie, shrewdly. "He is always pulling it and twisting it up, like this, and he always talks about "my place, and my land, and my people,' like—like one of the kings in the English History."

Signa laughs, and Archie, encour-

Signa laughs, and Archie, encouraged, goes on:

"Papa says he's the principal person in this part of the county, now that Lord Delamere never comes, and the Grange's shut up. I suppose if Lord Delamere came, Sir Frederic wouldn't like it. Then I saw Lady Rookwell— 'old Rook,' papa calls her when she's gone—that's because she's got sharp eyes and a nose like a bird."

"That will do, Archie," says Signa, with a shake of the head.
"But it's true. Well, I won't say it if you don't like, Signa dear; but she is like a bird, and she speaks sharp and quick like, and she doesn't care what

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she says. One day I heard her ask papa why he preached the same sermons year after year, and he didn't know what to say."

"That was decidedly rude," says

"That was decidedly rude," says Signa, repressing a smile.
"Wasn't it? But papa does, you know. Then there was Captain Jenks. I heard him growling because Mary upset some wine on his back. And there was young Mr. Jenks, with such a big bunch of flowers in his coat! and I saw him wink at Mary, Signa dear "I think not. You must be mistak-n," says Signa.

"Then he must have got a crumb in his eye," suggests Archie.

"That is more likely." assents Signa.
"Then there was Dr. Plumbe and
Mrs. Plumbe, with a big cap on —like
Mary's, only with more lace on it. Dr. Plumbe has got a red face, and he drinks a good deal of wine with papa after the ladies have gone—"

after the ladies have gone
"Upon consideration, Archie, I rather think your mamma is wise in declining to permit you to join in dessert," says Signa, significantly.
"But I didn't see Mr. Warren," "But I didn't see Mr. Warren,"
Archie sums up, with a sigh, "and
when I do I shall tell him that he

hasn't kept his promise.

hasn't kept his promise."

"Will you come down now, if you please, miss?" says Mary, appearing at the open door.

"Good -night, Archie," says Signa, stooping and kissing him. "Perhaps you will sleep better for your abstinence from the deleterious sweets of dessert."

"What big words you use!" he says, laughing. "You think I don't under-stand 'em, but I do. Kiss me again, Signa, I say, how beautiful you look to-night! More like a princess than ever!" and he regards her with wide open eyes of childish awe and admiration. "Signa, don't let young Mr. Jenks wink at you, will you?"

"Not if I can prevent him, certainly ot if I can prevent min, coronavers says Signa, going to the door. not," says Signa, going to the door.
"And Signa, promise me you will come in and kiss me, as usual. I shall keep awake for you."
"I promise—and, unlike Mr. Warren, I will keep it," she says, with a

smile. "Good-night, and be a good boy."
"Good-night," he says, and he fol-

lows her to the top of the staircase, looking after her over the banisters, wistfully.

Signa descends the stairs slowly,

and Mary, waiting to open the draw-ing-room door, looks at her with a woman's critical appreciation, and wenders how they will "take" this beautiful young creature who is about to swim into their midst, the picture youthful loveliness

'Your flower is falling, miss," she whispers, earnestly, and she whips a

pin from some mysterious hiding- hurt you or awake sad thoughts. And place, to readjust the blossoms—a thing she would not dream of doing for her mistress; but Signa's beauty and loveliness, and loving care of Archie, have won Mary's heart long

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ago.
"Thank you, Mary," says Signa, in her sweet voice, never sweeter or gentler than when she speaks to her inferiors, and Mary is fully repaid; she is also encouraged to add, hurriedly: "What a lovely dress, miss! Lor"
-touching it reverently—"it is like a

"I am glad you like it," says Signa,

smiling, and not by any means of-fended. "I am fond if it, too." Mary courtesies and opens the door, and Signa enters,

So calmly and quietly that for a moment the three ladies carcely notice her entrance. Signa looks round. Mrs. Podswell is at the tea-table, an old lady with palpable paint and powder, and a very nice but also yalpable front, is seated, half asleep, in a chair by the window. Signa guesses that it is the terrible Lady Rookwell. And the doctor's wife is talking to Mrs. Podswell, and smiling with all her teeth, like the good-natured soul she is. Signa looks around, standing mo-

is signal of the same and the same and the same are to the tea-table.

"Shall I help you?" she says.

Her voice, low as it is, rouses the sleeper, and her ladyship swings round with a start and a stare.

"Hem!" she says. "Who's this?"
Aunt Podswell coughs and signs as

Rookwell. If you remember, I told

"Yes, I know," cuts in her ladyship, abrutly. still staring at Signa, who seems totally unconscious of her gaze, and is apparently absorbed with the tea things. "I know, but you didn't say—them!—we didn't expect—is the child deaf?"

"Deaf?" echoes Aunt Podswell, nerv-ously. "No, dear Lady Rookwell." "No? Then I'd better not finish

people too much to help to make one Send her to me."
Aunt Podswell nods and smiles in a

weak, feeble kind of way at Signa. "Lady Rookwell wishes to speak to you, my dear." Signa, with a mischievous impulse

looks round from Mrs. Plumbe to her old ladyship as if she did not know where to go to.

Her ladyship chuckles

"Vtry nice—very nicely done; and serves me right. Quite serves me my dear! I am an awfully proud old thing, but, like most bullies, know when I have met my master. Amelia, introduce me to the young lady in proper form, since that is what Aunt Podswell snorts indignant

anger at Signa-Signa standing with a teacup in her hand, as calm and screne as a queen. "Signa-Lady Rookwell," she stam-

mers, awkwardly, "Lady Roo' this is my—my husband's niece.

"You have no cause to be ashamed of her, my dear Amelia," says the awful old lady. "Now, come and sit by me, my dear; your aunt can pour out the tea. And so your name is Grenville, is it?"

Signa seats herself beside the fircelooking old countess, and inclines her head.

"Gren-why you must be Jack Grenville's daughter!" exclaims Lady Rookwell. "Handsome Jack! yes, yes, I know, my dear; forgive me," she adds, quickly, as Signa's race pales: and the old lady puts her hand on the gauze-covered arm affectionately. know my stupid tongue always runs away with me. But I didn't mean to

you are Signa Grenville! I should where. Why didn't you dine with us, eh?" and the sharp eyes seem to cleave through Signa's innocent

bosom. "Will you have cream in your tea, dear Lady Rookwell?" murmurs Mrs. Pcdswell, hurriedly.

"Eh. my dear?" reiterates the terrible old lady, taking no more notice of poor Mrs. Podswell than if she had not spoken. "Hem! I understand. Strange! Some people have no gump tion. If you had been amongst us, the meal would have been a little lighter—and more cheerful. Good heavens! Some people would give anything to have you sit at their dinner-table.

"I did not care to come," said Signa, taking pity on poor Mrs. Podswell, now crimson and half choking with

mortification,
"Hem! Ah! Very nicely put. Bring
me a cup of tea, my dear. I want to

Signa rose to fetch the tea, which Aunt Podswell hands her with a glance of mingled dislike and deference. If

she could but have guessed that Lady Rookwell would have taken to the girl as she has done, she would have had her to dinner; but there was no counting on the terrible old woman. Signa car-

on the terrible old woman. Signa care, and her ladyship swings round start and a stare.

nl" she says. "Who's this?"

Podswell coughs and signs as niece—Miss Grenville—Lady ell. If you remember, I told most charming and wonderful man I ever met; I'd have run away with him if he'd asked me; so would have the girls I know.

Aunt Podswell opens her eyes an

ears.
"But there, I won't talk about him.
Poor Jack!" and the old lady sighs and
dabs a lace pocket-handkerchief
against her eyes almost fiercely. "Never mind. But, great heavens! how like
you are to him! And you have buried
voursels hears!"

you are to him: And you have buried yourself here!"
Signa glances at her aunt, who has turned almost livid with vexation.
"Hem!" says her ladyship. "Ah, I see! Never mind. Bless my soul, what fools people are!" she continues, in a voice which she flattered herself was courte transitible. But which Annt Rode. a voice which she hattered herself was quite inaudible, but which Aunt Pods-well could hear with awful distinct-ness. "Talked to me about the girl as if she was a commonplace sort of governess! And here she is like a pearl

or a princess!"
"Will you take some more tea?" says
"Will you take some more tea?" says

"Will you take some more tea?" says Signa, feeling for her aunt, and wishing to stop her ladyship's soliloquy.
"No," says her ladyship, bruequely.
"The men will be here presently, and I like a cup then. You must come over and see me. I live at the great, gaunt house across the bay. You will be bored to death and glad to get away again, but come all the same. Great heavens! Jack Grenville's daughter! In this hole!"

Scientific Odds and Ends.

Chicago has a barber shop where patrons shave themselves. The implements are hired by patrons.

X-rays are now used by dentists to determine whether or not root canals have been properly filled.

A bronze paint has been made will act as a conductor of electricity, Serving in the place of lightning rods. Simultaneous tests are being made of the air of Chicago, St. Louis. Pittsburg and Cincinnati to determine which is "the smokiest city."

A motorcycle with side car attachment fitted out for fire department services, with axes, extinguishers and other similar apparatus, has been adopted by several municipalities for

adopted by several municipalities for quick response to fire calls.

Approximately 1,000,000 barrels of lime are prepared in the vicinity of Rockland, Maine, annually.

In the construction of a California

home, the pipes of an organ are hid-den in the grill work of the room, so that only the console is visible, and

that only the console is visible, and this may be drawn about the room to any convenient location. A small pocket light has no battery. The current is generated by a small dynamo concealed in the handle and worked by one finger.

Corns

INSTANT RELIEF Paint on Putnam's Corn Extractor to-night, and corns feel eases the pain, kills a corn for all time. No pain.

kills a corn for all time. No pain. Cure guaranteed. Get a 25c bottle of "Putnam's" Extractor to-day.

Is Old Age Hereditary?

It is interesting to note that the centenarian Mrs. Arthur Mozley, who centenarian Mrs. Arthur Mozley, who so recently celebrated her hundred and first birthday, spent her venerable birthday under felicitous circumstances—in fairly good health, and in the society of her friends, by all of whom she was warmly constituted and was made happy by gratulated, and was made happy by many gifts and congratulations. It seems that Mrs. Mozley's grand-

nother was also a centenarian, she being the widow of the late Rev. Arthur Mozley, who, as will be remembered by many of our readers, held livings in London and Devonshire, and who died some twenty-three years age at Cheltenham.

The fact that two almost direct

The fact that two almost direct descendants of the same family have reached a centerarian age would seem to point to the inference that centenarianism is hereditary.

Certainly observation favors the idea that ordinarily longevity is here.

idea that ordinarily longevity is hereditary.
What a comforting thought for those who are able to trace their an cestors back through long years!

He (reading the paper)-There's a big flareback coming. She—Dear me!
And I was sure I saw where all the new skirts were to hang straight.— Baltimore American.

How many hairs has a Bear

of the actual number of skin.

This contest is entired

HALLAM'S FUR STYLE BOOK

We are the Largest Cash Buyers of Raw Furs direct from Trappers In Canada— Our Raw Fur Quotations sent Free.

on the bata correct.

It is 1916-1? edition is a handsorrely printed 32 page book—fully illustrates the latest styles and models of Fur Coats and Sets and will show you how you can save many dollars on furs. It will pay you to read it. Don't fail to send for it to-day and have a free chance of sharing this \$300.00 ft.

GUNS
Traps — Animal Bait, Fish
Nets, Tackle, and complete
line of sportsmen's supplies,
at very low prices. 32 Page
Catalog free.

To RONTO

605 HALLAM BLDG

TORONTO FAT STOCK SHOW

\$4900.00 GIVEN AWAY

IN PRIZE MONEY

Classes for Boys, Farmers, Breeders and Feeders

SEVENTH ANNUAL

UNION STOCK YARDS DECEMBER 8th and 9th, 1916

Enter now and secure highest possible price in marketing your stock Secretary's address, care of Union Stock Yards, Toronto

THE ATHENS REPORTER

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION

To Canadian points—\$1.00 per year in advance. \$1.25 if not so paid.

To United States—\$1.50 per year n advance

To United States—\$1.00 per year n advance Transjent or legal advertisements inserted at the rate of 10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Business notices inserted in local column for 5 cents per line every insertion. No advertisement published for less than

25 cents.
Small advt. card per year, such as Societies
Business, etc., \$4.00.

All advertisements measured by the scale of solid nonparell, 12 lines to the inch.

Advertisements without special directions will be inserted until forbid and charged ac-

Austrisements without special directions will be inserted until forbid and charged accordingly. Subscriptions may commence with any issue. The paper will not be discontinued unless notice is given. No subscriptions will be cancelled unless all arrearages are paid.

AUSTIN G. L. TRIBUTE, EDITOR AND PROPER

We have noticed a number of chronic cases of residents borrowing the Reporter from subscribers. While subscribers are always willing to have their friends read the Reporter, have you ever realized that you are imposing on their good nature? Surely a bome paper has a right to your support, and is \$1.00 a year going to bar you from living up to your responsibilities as a citizen? We do not think so. Give this just a little thought and let us send you the Re, orter from now till the end of 1917 for the regular subscription price, \$1.00.

Japan Ready To Cut Price Of White Paper
New York, Oct. 31.—Business men
from Japan declared that they are
ready to sell white paper in this count-

ready to sell white paper in this country at lower cost than that asked by American or Canadian manufacturers. This statement was made at the fitteenth annual convention of the National Machine Tool Builder's Association.

The speaker was James Emery, general counsel of the National Association of Manufactures. He told of meeting in California a delegation of Japanese, who told him of their white paper plans. Mr. Emery said that at first he thought the Japanese obtained their pulp from the forests of Manchuria, but was surprised to learn that they bought their logs in Canada, converted it into paper in Japan, and now propose to underbid American piper men in their own market.

A Canadian Out-Door Magazine

November Rod and gun contains a list of good things for the Sportsman reader. "Budd" by Jean Stevinson, tells of a narrow escape from a from a pack of pursuing wolves. "Moose Meat for Morrison's Mine" describes an adventure with a to zealous informer. "Highways of the North" pictures the besuties of some of our most northern rivers and describes their methods of transportation. "Hunting Big Game in the Selkirks" is a story of billy goats and bear in B. C. "Bear Hunting Where Old Louis Lives" is a ta'e of Northern Quebe; "The Crevice in 'he Barn" is a story of the adventures a weasel family. There are besides ner stories and articles just as intersing as those mentioned, and in adtion the regular departments. The nagazine is published by W. J. Tayor, Limited, Woodst ck, Ont. and is a worthy exponent of Canadian outdoor

Township Council

The Council met on Oct. 14 at call of the Reeve, members all present except Mr. Scott.

The Charleston Lake As-ociation was given permission to build a public wharf on the water extension of main st. Charleston.

The Clerk was authorized to pay 75 per ceut of stone crushing as the work proceeds.

Bismarck G een was appointed collector at a salary of \$45 00

Acets, ordered paid: M. Brown work on town line road \$26; W. M. Dixie, for same \$27; J. B. Hanna, painting sign boards \$4; R. M. Brown, drawing stone for Bre-ee bridge, \$4.50; Brock-ville Times, blanks \$2; Ontario Bridge Co., material for bridge \$330.10; A. Scott, unloading and drawing bridge material \$9. Council adjourned to meet at call of the Reeve.

. R. E Cornell, clerk

CASTORIA For Infants and Children

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears
the
Signature of Gat At Iluthor

SOPERTON

Oct. 30 Mr. and Mr., R. Preston, Chantry, spent Sunday at J. Loverins.

Miss Danby attended the meeting of the Teachers' Institute, held at Lansdowne, Thursday and Friday, and during these days the trustees have had a new cement platform and built a tence enclosing the school grounds.

Word has been received here from Pte, Harold Shire, from somewhere in France, that his platoon had captured sixty Germans and some guns

Miss Blanch Singleton, B. A., left on Tue-day last to take charge of the school at Edorado.

Mr. W. Gray is renovating the exterior of his dwelling,

The Womens' Institute, Delta, is making a collection of old papers and magazines which will be received any day at Mrs. Russel's Ice Cream Parlor, Delta. Kindly bring them and help the Red Cross.

Mrs. Sheridan, Mrs. C. Frve and Mrs. Johnson Frye attended the Deanery meeting of the W. A. held in Brockville Tudsday last.

Mr. Johnson Frve has been suffering from a severe attack of muscular rheumati-m.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Suffel visited their daughter, Mrs. Forsythe, at at Greenbush recently.

Soperton Red Cross Circle

At the annual meeting of the Girls' sewing circle Miss Maggie Irwin was elected Pres., Vice Pres. Miss E. White, Sec. Treat. Miss A. Pullips. The following is the report of a year's work. 62 hospital shirts, 65 pairs of socke, 1 suit of pyjammas, 5 handker-chiefs, 12 sheets 13 pillow slibs, 15 towles, 25 fracture pads, 1 triangular bandago 1 scrap book, also an autograph guilt, 1087 mouth wiper, 175 wash cloths. At the close of the meet ing which was held at the home of Mis. J. Horton nee Miss Christina Horton the members honoured their member who is leaving, by a miscellaneous shower after which refreshments were

Village Council

Regular meeting Oct, 24. Mminutes of previous meeting read and confirmed.

McLean-Jacob—That the clerk be instructed to place the contract for a fire escape for the town hall with the Page Wire Fence Co.—carried

Smith—Jacob—That whereas the communication from the General Hospital under date of Oct. 16, seems to indicate that there is a misconception regarding the subject matter therein, therefore the council refer the same to our solicitor for further action—carried.

Jacob—Smith—The following bills were ordered paid: Thomas Witby Red Cross

H. B Davids in lamp supp ies 22 60

Jcs. Thompson supplies at

time of celebration for 156 b. 38 71

Jos. Thompson charity ... 34 65

A. M. Lee selecting jurors ... 2 00

M. B. Holmes " ... 2 00

Irwin Wiltse " ... 2.00

G. D. McLean charity ... 3.00

McLean—Jacob—That this Council make a grant of \$100 to the British Red Cross and Order of St. John and that the Reeve be instructed to forward it to the Provincial Treasure.

Smith—Sheldon—That the communication from the Merchants Bank showing a debit balance on Sept. 30 of \$1465.20 by received by this council and entered in the minutes—carried

A by-law was passed appointing Mr. Benjamin Culbert collector for 1916 at a salary of \$30.00.

Council adjour ned
A. M. Lee, Clerk

Zutoo TabletsDo Three Things

-cure Headache in 20 minutes
-break up a Cold over night
-stop Monthly pains of women.
There is one thing they will not
do-they won't hurt you.

Cotton Roct Compound Tablets

A RELIABLE REGULATOR

These Pills are compounded with the greatest care from the most reliable remedies known to science; such as are being used with much success by the most celebrated physicians known.

They are a specific for the distressing disorders to which the female constitution is liable.

Price \$2 abox. No. 2 (much stronger), \$3 a box. Sold at all dring stores, or by mail from The Lavel Drug Co., St. Catharines, Out.

Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafaces, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Deafaces is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucus lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbing sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; Many cases of deafness are caused by Catarrh, which is inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure acts thru the burdaces, Hall's Catarrh Cure acts thru the we will give one Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that canot be by Halls, Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

E. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

E. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

OTTAWA WINIER FAIR HOWICK HAUL, OTTAWA Jan. 16, 17, 18, 19, 1917 \$16,000.00 in Cash Prizes

Write for prize list.

Wm. Smith, M.P., President, Columbus, Ont.

W. D. Jackson, Secretary Carp, Ont

CANADIAN AY

SHORT LINE
To Atlantic and Pacific
Coast Points
C. P. R. Standard—Best of

Everything

For reservations, tickets, etc., apply to

Brockville City Ticket and Telegraph

Office, 52 King street.

GEO. E. McGLADE, City Pass. Agent

Pho phonol restorer for Men pho phonol restores every nerve in the body to its proper tension; restores weakness averted at once. Phosphonol will make you a new man. Price \$8 a box, or two tor \$5. Majed; cany address. The Scoboll Drugs



C. F. YATES, ATHENS



THE FOOL

R. W. Service in The Montreal Standard

"But it isn't playing the game," he said, And he slammed his books away; "The Latin and Greek I've got in my

head
Will do for a commoner day."
"Rubbish!" I cried. "The bugle's callIsn't for lads from school."
D'ye think he would listen? Oh, not at

all!
So I called him a fool, a fool.

Now there's his dog by his empty bed,
And the flute he used to play,
And his favorite bat . . . but Dick
he's dead,

he's dead,
Somewhere in France, they say—
Dick was his rapture of song and sun,
Dick of the yellow hair,
Dickey whose life had but begun, Carrion-cold out there.

Look at his prizes all in a row, Surely a hint of fame; Now he's finished with nothing to show Doesn't it seem a shame ? Look from the window! All you see Was to be his one day, Forest and furrow, lawn and lea, And he goes and chucks it away.

Throws it away to die in the dark, Somebody saw him fall;
Part of him mud, part of him blood,
The rest of him not at all.
And yet I'll bet he was never afraid,
And he went as the best of 'em go,
For his hand was clenched on his broken

blade, And his face was turned to the foe. And I called him a fool . . . how blind

And I called him a fool , . . how blind was I!

Oh, the cup of my grief's abrim!
Will Glory of Britain ever die
So long as we've lads like him?
So long as we've fond and fearless fools,
Who, spurning fortune and fame,
Turn out with the rallying cry of their

Intent on playing the game.

A fool! Ah no! He was more than wise;
His was the proudest part,
He died with the glory of faith in his eyes
And the glory of love in his heart,
And though there's never a grave to tell,
Nor a cross to mark his fall,
Thank God! we know that he "batted
well"

In the last great game of all!

SHERWOOD SPRING

Mr. and Mrs. Leon Hagerman, of Mallorytown, were guests on Sunday at Mr. Geo. Stewart's

Little Miss Elma Clow, who has been very ill is gaining slowly. She was taken to Lyn to be near Dr. Judson, who is attending her.

Mrs. Annie Eligh, and Mr and Mrs E. P. Eligh were recent visitors at Mr. Blake Dickey, Yonge Mills.

Cards were received from Halifax from Pte. Allan Clow, and Mort Hodge, and later word was received that the 156th, and other battalions had arrived in England. Xmas boxes are already being sent.

Mrs. J. Jenkinson was a visitor on Monday at Mrs. A. Elighs.

Word was received here last week, of the death "somewhere in France," of Pte. Leonard Jewett, a former resident of Sherwood Spring.

FRANKVILLE

Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Hanton, Prescott, have been spending a few days here with relatives.

W. J. Reynolds and W. M. Hanton have returned home after a tour of Western Ontario taking in Toronto, London, Hamilton, Niagara Falls etc. They report crop conditions something similar to this section, being a shortage along the line with the exception of

S. Montgomery has remodelled his hotel premises for a general store and will open in a few days

Two of our villagers, Messrs. Wm. Ennis and J. L. Gallagher have both been on the sick list

M. Kilborn has leased the Joseph Hanton farm and will be found tilling the soil next year.

At a meeting of the patrons of Farmer's Friend cheese factory held a few nights ago they very generously voted J. I. Smith, the manufacturer, 25c per ton of milk to reimburse him for the extra and unexpected rise in the price of rennet.

The Beavers, composed of the young ladies of this vicinity have taken quarters over W. G Richards' store for the winter and will have weekly meetings to do Red Cress work making and sending comforts to the soldiers.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Grattan, who recently arrived here from England, have got settled in the rectory. A few nights ago the members of St. Thomas church and othere spent a very enjoyable evening at the rectory. Refreshments were served and we gave Mr. and Mrs. Grattan a hearty welcome to our village and although they will find many things different to the old land they will soon fit into the life of our village and community.

Mr. G. A. Rudd, of Toronto, and sister, Mis. W. R. Goodfellow, of Smith's Falls, were recent visitors in the village. Mr. Rudd spent his bovhood days here. He remarked on the improved apperance of our village since his last visit some ten years ago.

The trustees of the Methodist needed improvements to the parsonage thus far.

in the way of painting, cement work, new poultry house etc

W. C. Dowsley, I. P, S., made his first official visit here recently. He visited the school here where a few years ago he was learning his primary lessons. We congratulate Will, as we church have been making some much always knew him, on his success of life



Enjoy the Autumn Breezes

In a ligntweight Overcoat

Our showing comprises many styles and materials which will meet with your approval in all details,

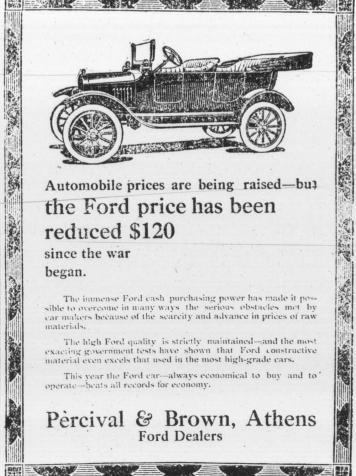
Priced from \$10.00 Upwards.

The best dressed men wear-

Leishman's, Cambbell's, Semi-Ready, Sanford's, or Society Brand Clothes.

We are agents.

THE ROBERT CRAIG CO. LIMITED Brockville, Ont.



Hard Island Honor Roll

IV-Isaac Alguire, Eva Cowle. Cecil Alguire, Erma Wood, Ethel Law son, Bryce Young.

III-Jack Young, Mary Besley, Sammie Hollingsworth, Bella Darling, Pansy Foley.

Sr. II-Lillian Dunham, Marian

Hollingsworth, Irene Darling. Jr. II--George Rosenbarker.

I-Levi Alguire, Mildred Foley Marilla Foley, John Mather, Jack Hollingsworth.

Sr Primer-Irwin Dailing, Beatrice Mather, Hubert Wood, Alexander Beslev.

Jr. Primer-Kenneth Lawson, Nellie Foley.

Carrie M. Covey

OLD NEWSPAPERS

Old newspapers may be obtained at the Reporter Office at 1c a pound. We have e in 25 pound bundle

NEW TERM ANNOUNCEMENT

The New Year Term will open Jan. 2, 1917. Do you want to qualify for an office position? There never was a time when the large city firms needed so many trained bookkeepers, stenographers, etc. as a glance at the "Want-ad" columns of such papers as the Mentreal Star, Winnipeg Free Press, Toronto Telegram, etc., will show. We shall have a large enrollment in January;

perhaps you had better start in now. Civil Service examinations every November and May. Send for catalogue.

BROCKVILLE BUSINESS COLLEGE

W. T. Rogers, Prin.

Temporary Office, Victoria Hall.

To Investors

THOSE WHO, FROM TIME TO TIME, HAVE FUNDS REQUIRING INVESTMENT, MAY PURCHASE AT PAR

DOMINION OF CANADA DEBENTURE STOCK

IN SUMS OF \$500 OR ANY MULTIPLE THEREOF.

Principal repayable 1st October, 1919.

Interest payable half-yearly, 1st April and 1st October by cheque (free of exchange at any chartered Bank in Canada) at the rate of five per cent per annum from the date of purchase.

Holders of this stock will have the privilege of surrendering at par and accrued interest, as the equivalent of cash, in payment of any allotment made under any future war loan issue in Canada other than an issue of Treasury Bills or other like short date security.

Proceeds of this stock are for war purposes only. A commission of one-quarter of one per cent will be allowed to recognized bond and stock brokers on allotments made in respect of applications

for this stock which bear their stamp. For application forms apply to the Deputy Minister of Finance, Ottawa. DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, OTTAWA, OCTOBER 7tb. 1916.





\$475 to \$20 DOUBLE DISC RECORDS

Made in Canada 85c up Fit Any Machine "HEARING IS BELIEVING"

The Columbia dealer nearest to you will gladly demonstrate. Very easy payments Little cash required. Dealer will explain terms. Send for a new free catalogue.

COLUMBIA GRAPHOPHONE CO.

"Creators of the Industry."
"Pioneers and Leaders in the Art."
"Owners of the Fundamental Patents." CANADIAN FACTORY, TORONTO



For Sale By W. B. PERCIVAL



Trade Briefs.

Newfoundland's output of copper ore increased from 2,000 tons in 1914 to approximately 15,000 tons during the past year. Most of the ore was purchased by dealers in the United States.

Since the outbreak of the European war American goods have been substituted for those which Newfoundland previously imported from Great Britain. Newfoundland's markets are now favorable to all lines of American pro-

Chemnitz is the centre of Germany's machine tool trade and has just experienced its most prosperous year, one firm declaring a 16 per cent. dividend and setting aside \$60,000 for the dependents of those who serve in the

Tanning extracts are needed in Hol

An artificial fertilizer has been produced in Spain by securing a potas sium compound from sea water American cotton goods have become

popular in Ceylon. The 1916-17 sugar crop in Santo Domingo is estimated at approximately 150,000 bags which will be an increase of 18 per cent, over the crop of 1915-

There is a market for cottonseed oil

in Argentina.

Through the efforts of consular agents at Barcelona, Spain, orders for \$100,000 worth of goods were placed in this country.

WOMAN'S MESSAGE

If you are troubled with weak, tired feelings, headache, backache, bearing down sensations, bladder weakness, constipation, catarrhal conditions, pain in the sides regularly or irregularly, bloating or unnatural enlargements, sense of falling or misplacement of internal organs, nervousness, desire to cry, palphation, hot flashes, dark rings under the eyes, or a loss of interest in life. I invite you to write and ask for my simple method of home treatment with ten days' trial entirely free and postpaid also references to Canadian ladies who gladly tell how they have regained health, strength and happiness by this method. Write to-day, Address, Mrs. M. Summers, Box 8, Windsor, Ontario.

FEAR OF DEATH.

Terror of the End Still Haunts Men and Women.

The statement has been made that the present generation is suffering from a hysterical fear of death, and that this explains the reluctance of some to enter the war. We doubt whether one age or one country dif-fers from another in its view of death. Certainly it cannot be maintained that modern civilization and its comforts have increased the fear of death. It was in the Elizabethan age, the age of heroes, as we regard it, that the prayer against "battle, murder and sudden death" was framed. In this comfortable, prosaic age, it is no uncommon thing to hear a man or wo-man express a preference for sudden death to any other—death itself being inevitable.

Bacon says that men fear death s children fear to go into the dark, and that they fear, not so much death as the stroke of death There is no in the mind of man, he says. but it mates and masters the fear of death. "Revenge triumphs over death; love slights it; honor aspireth to it; grief fleeth to it." Bacon must have seen men and women facing death cheerfully in the discharge of the most common duties of life.

Men fear death to-day no more than they did a thousand years ago, but they are more reluctant to destroy life. Capital punishment, once in-flicted for a trifling theft, is now reserved for murder. We have a higher sense than our ancestors of the sacredness of life. The modern move-ment against way is the result reserved. ment against war is the result, ran abject clinging to life, but strong repugnance of taking the life of another. When Ruskin considers



sick headaches tell Nerrous, sick headaches tell of exhausted nerves, and warn you of approaching prostration or paralysis. By enriching the blood Dr. Chase's Nerve Food restores the wasted nerve cells and thoroughly cures headaches, sleeplessness and other nervous disorders.

50 Cents a Box, all Dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited Toronto.



the calling of a soldier, he says that he is honored, not because he is eager to slay, but because he is willing to

die.

If reluctance to take life is merely a kind of modern or new-world sentimentalism, what shall we say of the general abhorrence of sufcide or of infanticide? Is sanitary science merely a form of hysteria? Surely an increased regard for the sacredness of life is a sign of advanced civilization. Our own lives are given to us in Our own lives are given to us in trust, and may be laid down only for some cause that is greater than life itself. It is not recklessness of life that needs to be cultivated, but a deep and abiding sense of duty.

Modern civilization may also diminish the nession of hatred and that is

Modern civilization may also dimin-ish the passion of hatred, and that is surely an unmixed benefit. Of all the calamities of war, hatred is the worst—worse than the destruction of property or the loss of life. Hatred is hysterical. To the extent that it is diminished, men grow in strength of mind and heart.

Wonderful Bilious Remedy **Actually Prevents Attacks**

There are two great causes of bil-iousness—they are constipation and defective liver action. When Dr. Hamilton's Pills are tak-

en, they not only correct constipated bowels, but act upon the liver as well.

Quite unlike ordinary medicines
which purge and give temporary relief, Dr. Hamilton's Pills remove the
conditions which cause biliousness,
and thus permanent cures are effectde. No person who occasionally uses ed. No person who occasionally uses Dr. Hamilton's Pills will ever suffer from the headache, bad stomach or bilious complaint. Get a 25c box to-

NO TANKS!

There has been a stir in Hun-land from East Prussia to Alsace: East Prussia to Alsace;
It has travelled o'er the Fatherland at truly magic pace;
And the cause of all the trouble which has stirred the German ranks.

Is the Tanks.

The Tanks are little animals of thirty feet in length,
And their diet of machine guns helps to keep them up to strength.
They are very keen on fighting, they're always up to pranks,
Are the Tanks.

They can eat up any mansion just as
easy as you please;
They love the taste of dug-outs, and they
simply dote on trees;
They roll down all the craters, they can
walk up all the banks.
Can the Tanks.

Their names are nothing striking—they're as modest as can be;
They're simply labelled "Creme de Menthe," or maybe, "Wait and See!" See!"
they never think of turning tailthey're beautifully Manx,
Are the Tanks.

They move along like caterpillars spoiling for a fight;
And though they're low, of impudence they really are the height.
You get no "change" from them, except in "marks"—not pounds or francs;
Oh, Tanks!

So the Germans who for two whole years had thought they had a "slam."
Will soon be back in Hamburg, or Wiesbaden, or Potsdam;
But before that comes to pass you'll hear from out their shattered ranks;
"No Tanks!"
—David Rose, in English Exchange.

KEEPS CHILDREN WELL MAKES THEM ROBUST

HERE IS GOOD ADVICE FOR THE HEAD OF EVERY FAMILY.

Rapid growth, work at home and in the school-room, are sure to tax the strength of every child, and often prove the beginning of a chain of weakness that lasts through life.

weakness that lasts through life.
Give your sons and daughters a fighting chance! Give them good home surroundings, fortify them with education — but above all else do everything possible to insure for them perfect health in years to come. In no way can you destroy weakness and build up health so surely as with Ferrozone. It's the concentrated nourishment in Ferrozone that enables it to do so much good, it conenables it to do so much good. It contains the very elements that are needful in building up bone and sinew, in vitalizing and strengthening the blood. The appetite I rezone brings will gladden any parent's heart, and when color, spirits, vim and energy increase day by day then you know what grand work Ferrozone is do-ing. Because it makes and keeps you healthy, because it is pleasant, harm-less and sure to do enormous good— you and your children should use Ferrozone every day. Sold by all dealers in 50c. boxes, six for \$2.50, or direct by mail from the Catarrhozone Co., Kingston, Ont.

FIRST TRAIN OPERATED TORONTO TO MONTREAL SIXTY YEARS AGO TO-DAY

Montreal, Oct. 27.—This is the six-tieth anniversary of the inauguration of railroad communication between the cities of Montreal and Tothe cities of Montreal and Toronto. On October 27th, 1856, the Grand Trunk operated its first through train tween these two important Canadian centres.

Toronto and Montreal had been de pendent for their communication up-on the St. Lawrence waterway and the stage routes, and after the close of navigation each year intercourse was maintained with great difficulty. The Grand Trunk Railway Company was incorporated in 1852, to build a rail-road between the cities, the undertaking being looked upon as one of great national importance. The first section from Montreal to Brockville, 125 miles, was completed in November, 1855, and it was on the 27th of October of the following year that the second section from Brockville to Toconto was thrown open, joining up the

two principal centres. The company had promised the peo-ple of Canada that it would provide these new facilities for travel during the winter of 1855, and it accomplish ed its pledge, in spite of many diffi-culties. The general manager of the road in his report to the directors in the following year said, "Notwith-standing all these obstacles, the trains



were enabled to run with a regularity which was not surpassed, and in the majority of cases not equalled, by any railroad on the continent."

The first train to operate over the Toronto-Montreal line was the fore-runner of The International Limited of to-day. It represented the last word in railroad equipment, although it only consisted of three first-class and three second-class coaches. The operating schedule was a fast one for those days. The eastbound train left Toronto at 7.00 a. m., and the west-bound train left Montreal at 7.30 a m., and the running time was fourteen hours between the two cities, as against the seven and one-half hours of The International Limited of to-

The first train from Toronto was greeted on arrival in Montreal by thousands of visitors from all parts of were military parades, trade and soci ety processions, torchlight marches fireworks and dancing.

The Mayors of Boston, Cleveland

and Portland, and representatives of the city of Chicago congratulated the Mayors of Montreal and Toronto, and the proceedings were graced by the Governor-General of Canada. The Point St. Charles shops of the Grand Trunk were turned into a great ban-quet hall, with seating accommodation for 4,400 guests, and every table was crowded. Speeches were made by the Governor-General, the Governor of the State of Maine and other notabili-ties. The Mayor of Montreal alluded ties. The Mayor of Montreal alluded with pride to the fact that the Grand Trunk possessed 849 miles of railroad; to-day the Grand Trunk System comprises 8.15 miles of read Montreal prises 8,115 miles of road. Montreal newspapers, in describing the banquet hall, said that the table cloth was

close upon one mile in length.

One of the ceremonies in connection with the opening of the line was a visit to the Victoria Bridge, then un-der course of construction, with two abutments and nine piers out of twenty-four already built. Barges, seam-boats and sleighs in the winter served to move passenger and freight traffic across the St. Lawrence to join up with the railroad line to the Atlantic seaboard. The company's officials were looking forward with confidence to the new traffic which the steam ship Great Eastern planned in connec tion with the through booking arrangements of the Grand Trunk, rangements of the Grand Trunk, would bring to the line.

Five months after the opening of

the road between Toronto and Mont-real night trains were added to the schedule, and railway history gives many complimentary accounts of the excellence of the accommodation provided. The first sleeping coach ever made for any railroad in the world was built at Hamilton, Ont.

The Grand Trunk is justly proud to-day of the fact that it was Canada's ploneer railroad and takes especial pride in the fact that it has led the way in a very large number of the most important improvements in connection with railroad transportation gressive policy in initiating or adopt ing all modern devices making for the safety and comfort of its patrons.

TORONTO FAT STOCK SHOW

Farmers who have choice stock to market shortly would do well to enter in Toronto Fat Stock Show, Union Yards, Toronto, December 8th and 9th, 1916, and secure some of the big premiums offered, in addition to market price of their animals. This show has been coming to the front very rapidly, and carries the best and exhibition of fat butcher largest stock in Canada, and this year prom ses to be better than ever.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

RELAX FIVE MINUTES

For Beauty and Health Girl Workers Should Find Time

Can you relax absolutely five minutes at a time, three times a day? If you can, it will go a long way to ward making and keeping you beautiful, says a writer. Last week I stood on the street corner downtown, watching the girls going home. The shops were closing, it was the time of day

2 IN 1

\$21.00

could see in their eyes plans for a hastily gotten-up dinner—salesgirls were anxious to get away from business, more fortunately provided-for women were hastening uptown to dress for dinner. And every face was lined and pale, drawn from the strain of the day, whether it had been work or pleasure.

Jeannette rode home with me-Jean-Jeannette rode home with me—Jeannette works in a large store, as head stenographer. She looked as tired as the others. "Rest," she scoffed, when I asked her whether she couldn't relax during the day. "Rest? Where? From 8.30 till moon, not a chance with all my work. At noon, between lunch and the shopping I always have to do, my hour is gone; from then till closing I'm busy." She thought the argument settled.

However, most days could stand five However, most days could stand five minutes taken off the shopping. And every day she could throw herself on the bed for the same period before eating supper. And she would find a wonderful improvement in her looks. For the thing that pulls most girls down is nervous strain. Frequently this is the result of a physical strain—and unfortunately most of the phy-—and unfortunately most of the phy-sical strain of work is unavoidable. And here is where the five minutes' rest will serve to quite tensed nerves to relax tired muscles. Most large shops have rest rooms with big chairs and couches where the girls can snatch five minutes' rest. Some shops even have "relief periods" of half an hour during the day. All working places should have.

RHEUMATISM IN THE BLOOD

It Can Only Be Cured by Thoroughly Enriching the Blood Supply.

Not so long ago rheumatism was upon as a pain in the muscles or joints brought on by exposure to dampness or bad weather. Now doc-tors know that it is rooted in the blood and while exposure may start the pain, nothing but the removal of the poisonous acid from the blood will cure the trouble. It is a waste of both time and money to try to cure rheumatism with liniments, poultices or anything that only goes skin deep. Rubbing lotions into the skin may give temporary relief, but it actually helps to circulate the poisonous acid more freely, and thus in the end interested the treatment of the poison of the control of creases the trouble, and perhaps leaves the sufferer permanently crippled. The one cure, the only cure, for rheumatism is to drive the acid which causes the trouble out of the blood. To do this no other remedy can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which actually make new blood, sweep out the poisonous acid, loosen the stiffened, aching joints, and bring good health and comfort. Heere is the proof: Mr. Joseph Crouse, of Ninevah, N.S., says: 'For several years I was severely afflicted with rneumatism. The trouble seemed to locate in all the joints in my body, and my suffering at times was most intense, and the disease greatly interfered with my activity. I doctored steadily for a long time, but the trouble was obstinate and did not yield in the least to the doctors' treatment. One day a friend told me of some cures of rheumatism by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and strongly advised me to try them. I did so, and to my great surprise, eight boxes completely cured me of the trou-ble, and I was as supple, active and free from pain as ever I had been in my life. Better still, I have never felt a symptom of the trouble since."

You can get these pills from any medicine dealer or my mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville,

INTERVIEW WITH THE HON. J. D. HAZEN, K. C., MINISTER OF MARINE AND FISHERIES AND NAVAL SERVICE

Canadians have won undying fame upon the battlefields of Flanders and France. An equal opportunity for distinction upon sea is now offered. A Canadian Naval Overseas Division. Canadian Naval Overseas Division, which will be attached to the Grand Fleet, is being organized and five thou-sand men are being called for. The new force will be as distinctly Canadian as are the four divisions fighting on the Somme. There will be Canadian rate of pay, Canadian separ There will be ation allowance and ssistnce from the Cnadian Patriotic Fund. The sailor from the Dominion will wear a special Canadian badge, no matter where or in what unit of the navy they are serving. The organization and main tenance of the division is under the direction of Hon. J. D. Hazen, Minister of Naval Service, who is taking an enthusiastic personal interest in the matter and is making a special plea for recruits for this savige. for recruits for this service.

"When war first proke out," ex-plained Mr. Hazen, "the Canadian Gov-ernment asked the British authorities how we could best help, and sug-gested raising recruits for the navy, as well as a land force. At that time all naval reserves had been called out and the Admiralty had a surplus of men. We were informed that they men. We were informed that the needed no men for the navy, and w when all classes are mingled together, all in a rush homewards. A few late shoppers were scurrying along—you Empire by raising land forces. All our

Combination Cooker

and Heater

The most efficient and economical stove made.

Will burn coal, wood, coke, corn cobs or anything burnable.

Fitted with Duplex Grate, Hot Blast Tube and Screw Dampers.

Will hold fire over night, cook, boil and bake equal to the largest range.

Has a fine oven of heavy steel sheets closely riveted together. Body of polished steel.

If your dealer has not a sample for your inspection, send \$21 direct to us and we will prepay freight to your nearest railroad station.

HAMILTON STOVE & HEATER CO., LIMITED Hamilton, Ont. Canada's Oldest Stove Makers.

Art Pottery

New Art Pottery

SOUTH SIDE Hamilton, Ont. THE HOUSE FOR GIFTS.

efforts were accordingly so directed.

"Since then the naval building programme has been greatly accelerated. The many new ships which have been put in service have had to be manned and there has been an increasing call for sailors. In addition when constitution came into force in the little. scription came into force in the United Kingdom, recruiting for the navy stopped. New channels to supply the necessary men had to be found. To-day the Imperial Navy, which has swept the seas, bottled up the German fleet in the Kiel Canal and has guarded the whole of the Empire, requires men The navy at all costs must be main tained at full fighting strength."

As soon as Canada was made aware of the change in the situation in regard to the navy we offered to form an over sea s division of the Royal Naval Cana dian Volunteer Reserve and lend then to the Admiralty for service in the Imperial Navy. The Admiralty were pleased to accept the offer and asked if possible that five thousand men be sent, of which two thousand would be required by the end of the present

year,
"Every recruit Canada gives to this force will mean the saving of one sol-dier for the British army, for if the necessary men are not secured scripts at present serving in the arm will have to be transferred to the

Explaining the arrangements for pay, Mr. Hazen said: "The pay of men in the Imperial Navy is very much less than that in force in the Caradian navy, and consequently the Dominion Covernment decided that in order to put the Overseas Division of the Royal Naval Canadian Volunteer Reserve on the same footing as the Canadian Expeditionary Force, they would them similar pay. However, it



rointed out that it was not desirable on a man-of-war to have men serving on board side by side receiving difon board side by side receiving out-ferent scales of pay. The men of this Overseas Division will only them-selves receive the same pay as their shirmates in the Royal Navy; the lalance of their pay will be retained in Canada until their return, although a portion of this balance will, if so cesired, be forwarded monthly to the wives or dependents of the men. the remainder accumulating until their

'All recruits as soon as enrolled will be given their uniforms and be sent to either one of the naval depots in England for training. They will be sent overseas as ordinary seamen, and those who wish to serve in the stok-ing ratings will be entitled to volun-teer for such service. The question of their advancement to higher rating will be left in the hands of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, and should they desire to make promo-tions in this overseas division, the Canadian Government will increase the men's full Canadian pay to the equiva-lent rate of pay in the Canadian Ex-peditionary Force for the relative rank. "The Dominion has been divided into are Dominion has been divided into six areas for recruiting purposes, each area being in charge of a naval recruiting officer, who by permission of the Department of Militia and Defence will be allowed to utilize the militia recruiting machinery, and it is Loped that by this means the whole of the Dominion will be reached.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget In Cows.

Your Autumn Cold.

Take it in time. Hold up that cold It is easy to prevent.

Corral the first sneeze. Slap yourseif briskly on the back.

simple means.

On the back between the shoulders is the place. The exercise stimulates circulation and prevents congestion.

If you can, take a drink of hot at you can take a drink or not water immediately and reprat every half-hour during the day.

Many severe illnesses have their foundation in a cold, which, if taken

time, can readily be prevented by

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria

"Did the burglars upset you home nuch?" "Terribly. When I entered and saw everything upside down my first thought was that Jim had come home unexpectedly and changed his clothes."—Detroit Free Press.

ISSUE NO. 45, 1916

HELP WANTED

WANTED-GIRLS TO WORK ON Linit underwear-scamers and finished stitchers preserved. We shot beach learners, any girl with good knowledge of plain sewing; good wages; ideal factory conditions. Zimmerman Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Aberdeen and Garth strests, Hamilton, Ont.

waitresses. Previous experience St. Catharines, Ontario.

WANTED— EXPERIENCED COOK-general; no laundry work; wages \$25.00; references. Address, 395 Queen street south, Hamilton, Ont.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED-GIRLS OF GOOD EDUCA-tion to train for nurses. Apply, Wellandra Hospital, St. Catharines. Ont.

ers, also young girls to learn. Clean work and highest wages. CHIPMAN-HOLTON KNITTING CO., L'MITED, HAMI ON, ONTARIO.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN

2 POTTER CYLINDER PRESSES—A half sheet Double Demy and a half sheet Double Royal size. Make us an offer for them. Well suited for a Country Printing Office. Address, Times Printing Company. Hamilton, Ont.

RABBITS FOR SALE.

Temporarily overstocked; bargains while they last. Grey Flemish Giants, Rufus Red Belgian Hares all ages fully pedigree. Write to DONALD WATERS, 175 Jackson Street West, Hamilton, Ont.

HE DIDN'T HAVE TO.

(Judge.)

"Does your husband ever tell you. when he stays out late at night, that it was because somebody gave an in-teresting talk at the club?"

"How interesting Doesn't he ever give you any excuse at all or make any explanation?" ',Never. He works on a morning newspaper."

Minard's L'niment Co., Limited.

Sirs:—I have used your MINARD'S LINIMENT for the past 25 years and whilst I have accasionally used other liniments I can safely say that I have rever used any equal to yours.

If rubbed between the hands and inhaled frequently, it will never fall to cure cold in the head in 24 hours. It is also the Best for bruises, sprains, etc.

Yours truly, J. G. LESLIE.

Darthmouth.

Washing White Things.

If you can keep your white silk gloves and while silk waist sfrom the light and sunshine while they are erying after being washed they will stay white so much longer. It is exposure to light that helps to turn them yel-low. A wnite waist may be rolled in a Turkish towel until it is ready to be ironed. Gloves may be washed at night and dried in the dark. If this is not feasible, they may be dried in a closet or other dark place. Waists may be treated the same way if one does not wish to roll in a towel. If you wish to keep gloves and waists white you must also same was to white, you must also remember to wash them before they become wary much soiled and be sure to use a good. fine white soap in washing them and before drying them.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

The Horseshoe Legend.

Here is an explanation of the old horseshoe superstition: St. - Dunstan was a skilled farrier. One day while at work in his forge the devil entered in disguise and requested Dunstan to shoe his "single hoof." The saint, although he recognized his malign ous tomer, acceded, but caused him so much pain during the operation that Satan begged him to desist. This St. Dunstan did, but only after he had made the evil one promise that neither he nor any of the lesser evil sp? its, his servants, would ever molest the inmates of a house where the horseshoe was displayed.

"Meat Prices Will Not Come Down" is the cheerful news from the Department of Agriculture. Meat prices will not worry the man or woman who knows that a Shredded Wheat Biscuit will supply more real body-building nutriment than beefsteak or eggs and at much less cost. Shredded Wheat remains the same price, the same high quality, supplying all the nutriment a man needs for a half-day's work. Two shredded wheat biscuits with peaches and cream or other fruits make a complete, nourishing meal at a cost of

not over five cents.

Made in Canada

GERMAN GAINS OVER RUSSIANS

Offensive in Galicia to Create a Diversion.

Trenches On Stokhod Cap tured by Huns.

London Cable— German captured advanced Russian trenches on the western bank of the Stokhod River south of Witoniez, in Volhynia, after the Russians had repelled three previous attacks, says to-day's announcement of the Petrograd War

The Berlin report in describing the engagement claims that more than than 1,500 Russions were taken prisoner.

The battle opened in the morning, the Russians stubbornly defending their commanding defences on the heights south of the village. Three times the German waves were thrown back. Then the German heavy artillery was called into play to prepare for a fourth assault. This time the enemy succeeded in winning the covered the succeeded in winning the covered the succeeded in winning the covered was a succeeded in winning the covered with the succeeded in winning the covered was a succeeded in winning the covered was succeeded with the covered was succeeded in winning the covered was succeeded in winning the covered was succeeded with the covered was succeede eted positions. The German War Of-fice asserts that the Russian losses in dead and wounded were heavy dead and wounded were heavy.

A despatch from Petrograd says:

"According to military opinion her the approach of winter already has precluded the possibility of further operations on a large scale in this

There has been, however, a n ticably growing tendency on the part of the Germans to commence a more or less serious offensive at various points in Galicia, the most important of which is the one undertaken south of Brzezany, where the Russian posi-tions along the Narayuvka River have offered exceptional advantages for a flanking attack upon Halicz from the north, at the same time constituting a

direct menace to Lemberg.
"The Germans aimed thrusts all along the line from Brzezany to Halicz, but concentrating most heavily in the region of Michishou wood, egon a determined attack on the night of Oct 29 which carried the Russian positions.

"Russian critics, although manifest-ly surprised at the German ability to launch an offensive of large forces at this point, do not consider the hostile advance over a six-mile front of more than local importance, and state that its only significance is in relation to the Transylvanian operation, being an obvious attempt to create a diversion and prevent further Russian co-opera tion on the Transylvanian front, where the Austro-Germans are making a new effort to advance."

RUSSIAN REPORT. Petrograd cable -Thursday's War

Office report reads:
"Western front: In the Stokhod
River region near Witoniez and the villages of Mikhailovka and Alexandrovsk battles are proceeding. The first enemy attacks on Witoniez and the heights south of it were repelled. but in the afternoon the enemy, after a fierce artillery bombardment, launched a fourth attack and cap-tured our advanced trenches on the western bank of the Stokhod, south of

"On Sunday, Colonel Pozdniak, of the sapping battalion, was mortally wounded, and died almost immedi-

"In the wooded Carpathian region west of Capul Mountain, the enemy attacked the position of one of our regiments, and had almost succeeded in pressing it back when our reserves arrived and repelled them.

"Caucasian front: West of Sakkiz, the Valley of Tatavashoia River. our detachments attacked the Turks occupying a fortified position on the heights commanding the river valley the position leaving 27 dead on the

"In the direction of Bijar fighting continued during the whole of the day against superior enemy forces. In the evening our detachments retired to the villages of Vianedi and Shirin

Roumanian front: In Transylvania at the source of the Sheleia River at Bratocea, 20 miles from Kranstadt, a small Roumanian force having taken the enemy by surprise, drove him back, inflicting severe losses, taking a number of prisoners, one machine gun and a searchlight.

and a searchlight,
"In the Alt Valley the fighting is
still proceeding. In the Jiul Valley
pursuit of the enemy continues,
"Dodrudja front: Along the whole front our scouting detachments continue their activities.

CIVIL WAR IN

King Orders Royalists to Oppose Revolutionists

Who Forced Them Out of Katerina.

London cable -After months of strife between the adherents of Premier Venizelos and the staunch adher ents of King Constantine over the question of Greece's stand in the war, a revolution of considerable proportions has broken out in the region southwest of Saloniki.

Only meagre details are at hand, but these show that 600 insurgents, proba-bly followers of Venlzelos, forced 150 Royalist troops to evacuate Katerina, near the Gulf of Saloniki, and retreat

upon Laríssa, 40 miles southwest, in Thessaly, where they are expected to receive reinforcements. The troops have received orders from the King to prevent at all costs the advance of the Revolutionists. A despatch from Ath-

Revolutionists. A despatch from Athens says:

"King Constantine issued orders this morning to the Royalist troops to prevent the advance of the Revolutionist forces at all costs. One hundred and fifty loyal troops had previously evacuated Katerina before 600 insurgents armed with machine guns, withdrawing to Larissa to join reinforcements. The evacuation of Katerina is confirmed by the general staff."

Special despatches from Athens printed in this morning's papers give sensational details of the alleged arrest at Larissa of a German officer who was proceeding in a motor car with the German Legation mail pouch, bound for the Bulgarian line. It is said the pouch contained important messages to the military attaches at Sofia and Constantinople, and also detailed plans of the Suez Canal defences. In addition, the despatches say it contained "compromise" letters from the Greek King and

spatches say it contained "compromis-ing" letters from the Greek King and Queen to the German Emperor.

HUNS IN WEST

Allies Will Hammer Them Whenever Possible.

Enemy Morale Proved to be Declining.

London cable- During the course of an interview with the Associated Press correspondent to-day Major-General F. B. Maurice, chief director of military operations at the War Office, was asked what he thought of Field Marshal von Hindenburg's statement that the Entente allies could not break through the western front in thirty years. General Maurice replied:

"Our recent offensive was not designed to break through. Its purpose was to relieve the pressure on Verdun and kill as many Germans as possible. I will not undertake to say whether it will take thirty years to get the Germans out of France, but the the Germans out of France, but the allied strength is constantly growing and the German strength constantly declining. The effect of the allied of-fensive is accumulative. When the declining. The effect of the allied of-fensive is accumulative. When the weather permits its resumption the re-sults will be greater than ever. Tor-rential rains in the past week have prevented actions of any great conse-

'It is no doubt true that the Ger mans in recent fights have been short of ammunition. During the winter with its short days, limiting the use of artillery, they will be able to replenish their stores but, despite the bad weather, we have no intention of let-

"Our offensiv will continue offensive throughout the winter when condi-tions are at all favorable.

"From documents recently found on prisoners there is no question but that there is a great deterioration in the enemy's morale and material, al-though they have been able to main-tain the number of their divisions. This has been accomplished by with-drawing regiments from old divisions to form new ones. You see, in de-fence warfare, eight or nine battalions can form an effective division, whereas eleven or twelve are required for offensive work. On the defensive a smaller number of battalions can hold a great amount of line. This is possible through the use of machine guns, whereas on the offensive the men whereas on the offensive the men must be individually armed with

"I am confident the actual new or ganizations of the Germans are not more than 10 divisions. Others were formed as indicated by withdrawing battalions from old divisions."

PRAISE CANADA FOR HER HELP

Tribute by Earl of Derby at Banquet to Devonshire

On Eve of His Departure for the Dominion.

London Cable. The Association of Chambers of Commerce, which represents all the big commercial interests here, lunched, the Duke of Devonshire to-day in compliment to his appointment. The event will be memorable owing to the singularity felicitous speech from the Earl of Derby, who did not figure on the toast list. Sir Thomas White also made his first pub-

Ilic appearance during this visit.

The Earl of Derby spoke of the Duke of Devonshire as his oldest friend. "He is going forth on a great task," continued his Lordship. "I suppose everybody indulges in dreams occasionally. I always think myself the most attractive life would be that of a man born, perhaps, in humble circum-stances, in this country, who had gone forth into the new world to make a livelihood, and, having made good, came back to help his parents in the Old Country. What is attractive in men is attractive in nations. Canada went forth years ago from the Mother Country to make itself into a nation. It has made good, and it is coming back now to help the old Mother Country. (Cheers.) It is to such a country that the Duke of Devonshire is going as the King's representative. New relations may arise after the war between ourselves and the Dominions,

HEAVY GAINS BY ITALIANS ON THE WAY TO TRIESTE

Sudden Stroke by Gen. Cadorna's Troops Scores Big Success

5.000 Prisoners Taken---All Gains Nearly Held Despite Counters.

Rome cable - The Italians resumed their march on Trieste on Wednesday in two directions, and the first day's operations netted 4,731 prisoners, six cannon, numerous machine guns and large quantities of other booty. Strong systems of defences on the heights east of Gorizia and on the Carso east of Vallone were wrested from the enemy and remain in Italian possession, despite the most desperate counter-attacks. With the advent of clear weather Gen. Cadorna launched his infantry across the rainscaked terrain against the Austrian scaked terrain against the Austrian lines, which were penetrated at sev-eral points south of the Oppachiasella

As a result of the fighting in the Gorizia region, the Italians to-night occupy the eastern slopes of Tivoli and San Marco, as well as the heights test of Schor.

and san Marco, as well as the heights east of Sober.

On the Carso plateau the Italians at prints advanced almost a mile. East of Segiti two-thirds of a mile of strong positions were won. The brunt of the Carso fighting was borne by the Eleventh Army Corps. Here the wooded slopes of Veliki were stormed and Kribuch and Hill No. 375 carried. This latter height dominated Monte Pecinka, a strong Austrian position, from the east.

VICTORY TOLD IN DETAIL. The official text of the Rome War

Office statement reads: "On the Julian front yesterday our troops attacked powerful defences on the heights east of Gorizia and a strong new line on the Carso east of Vallone. During the morning artillery and trench mortars opened a second from the control lines which heavy fire on the enemy's lines, which were breached at several points. An infantry attack was deliverd at 11 'clock in the morning.
"South of the Oppachiasella-Castag-

navizza road the enemy's line was occupied at several points and held against incessant counter-attacks.
"During yesterday 4.731 prisoners, including 32 officers, and also six guns of 105 millimetres, many machine guns, transport animals and other systems were conturned.

materials were captured. "Hostile aircraft dropped bombs on several villages on the lower Isonzo. The casualties at Pieris were one soldier, a captain, and four Red Cross

"A powerful squadron of sixteen Ca- | seven machine guns."

old constitution is good enough for me, when it gives such results as it

gave during the present war. (Cheers.) Anything that can bind us together

more closely should be done, but don't let us think that by making a cast-

iron constitution for ourselves or the

"I wish the Duke, perhaps more than anyone in this room, because he

is one of my oldest friends, and a close conection of mine, Godspeed in his work. I say to Canada, if you

know, he is straight from top to toe.

Sir Thomas White said the people

of Canada realized to the full that we were in a most momentous and

awful struggle. They had no illusions as to its early termination. They looked forward, indeed, rather to a

prolonged conflict, but were absolutely confident concerning the issue. No

ly confident concerning the issue. No doubt mistakes had been made, but

he was filled with admiration of the titanic efforts put forth by this won-

drous land of Britain. When he thought of the achievement of her mighty fleet and armies, he said, with all reverence that God, who made her mighty, had made her mightier yet

for His great day of testing the fabric of the Empire. He did not deprecate

Duchess of Devonshire.

(Cheers.)

profit machines, bombed the enemy's camps in the Frigido and Vippach valleys with two tons of explosives. Despite heavy fire from hostile aircraft batteries, all our machines returned in safety.

proni battle-planes escorted by Nieu-

"In the Gorizia area, ground became sodden during the re-cent rains, our troops overcame the resistance of the enemy and occupied trenches on the eastern slopes of Tivoli and San Marco and heights east of Sober. On the Carso the 11th Army Corps stormed the wooded hills of Veliki, Kribuch and Hill 375, east and above the Monte Pecinka, and the Height 308, east of the latter. We also pushed forward two-thirds of a mile east of Segiti."

AUSTRIAN ADMISSIONS. Thursday's Austrian official state-

ment respecting operations in the Italian theatre reads:
"In the Gorizia region an Italian offensive has commenced. The second and third Italian armies, which since and third Italian armies, which slace the last big battles have been com-pleted with fresh troops, opened the attack. The first general assault was repulsed owing to the bravery of our repuised owing to the blavery of our troops. After an increase in the enemy fire until it became extraordinarily heavy during the morning the enemy infantry stormed at noon in the Vippach valley and on the heights east of Vedtoibizza, intending to capture them at any price.

"Seven enemy brigades advanced in the narrow region, but were re-

pulsed.
"Shortly after eleven o'clock in the morning on the northern part of the Carso plateau a massed attack was begun by the Italian infantry, which gained ground beyond our ruined advance lines. Encircling counter attacks by our brave troops repulsed the Italians, but Bossvica remained in the enemy's hands. Eight Italian divisions participated in this attack. On the southern part of the plateau we maintained all our positions, despite vioient attacks.
"Carnolian

"Carnolian Landwehr Infantry Regiment No. 27 and West Galician Landsturm Regiment No. 32 took a prominent part in the success of yesterday's battle. They steadily repulsed all attacks. We captured 1,000 men and

which are binding us now. People talk glibly of a new constitution: "Well, I am a Conservative, and the OF THE NEWS OF THE DAY

fron constitution for ourseives or the comminions we are going to increase the affection they have for us. It is now many years since I was in Canada. I went in 1885 to take over certain things for my father, who was then Governor-General. It was then I saw for the first time the present Duches of Devonshire. Britain Compensates Chile for Delay in Delivery of Dreadnoughts.

GUILTY OF MURDER

Ontario's Contributions to British Red Cross Now \$1,422,000.

Lieut.-Col. T. Herbert Lennox, M. P. P., has qualified at a lieutenant. Lloyd's reports that the British teamer Brierly Hill has been sunk.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Gaggner, Chat-ham, celebrated their golden wedding anniversary. Three men were killed by gas used for fumigating rats on a ship in Bos-

Victor Carlstrom, in attempting an non-stop flight from Chicago to New York, was forced to alight at Erie, Pa.

Robert McVeigh, aged four, of Tor onto, died in the Hospital for Sick Children from burns he received. Mr. Thomas Mitchell, for forty years,

in the postal department of the customs, died at his home in Toronto. Military Crosses have been awarded

to Capt. George M. Smith and Lieut. R. Hodder Williams, formerly lecturers at the University of Toronto. Dr. James C. Beatty, Toronto, while

on his way to answer a perjury charge, injured J. H. Hurd and was arrested on a charge of negligence in the operation of his auto. The Ontario Government is to estab

lish a new Agricultural College and Demonstration Farm at Kemptville, where it has purchased 200 acres. A by-law was passed in Port Col-

borne granting fixed assessment for a number of years to the Internationad Nickel Company for its refining plant. J. C. Judd, K. C., of London, and J. M. McNamara, K. C., of North Bay, have been appointed County Judges of Middlesex and Renfrew, respectively.

M. J. O'Brien, of Renfrew, is com mencing the erection of power development works at Calabogie, on the Medawaska River to generate 5,000 Alt our offensive continues."

NORWAY STANDS horsepower current for transmission wholly or partly to Renfrew. Thomas Cox, an aged Tilbury citizen, bequeathed \$500 to the poor children of his old parish Sunday school at Osbornby, England, and \$500 to make the last payment on the debt of St. Andrew's Church, Tilbury. BY HER RULING

Blanche J. Brill, who was arrested in Windsor, charged with bigamy, to which she cleaded guilty, was allowed to go on suspended sentence by Police Magistrate J. C. Judd, of London. Says All Nations' Subs. Treated Alike.

Cargoes for England Treated as Contraband.

Coal has reached \$10 a ton at Niag ara Falls, Ont., and even at that rate

dealers will not guarantee delivery. Wood is being ordered by many who cannot afford the price of coal,

The British Government, it is announced, will hand over to Chile five

American-built submarines as com-pensation on account of the delay in the delivery of Dreadnoughts, which

The place of Judge Judd as Police Magistrate of London is to be taken by Mr. Hume Elliott, though in the mterval, until the latter's appointment, the Police Magistrate's work will be performed by Mayor Steven.

Ingersoil Masons have purchased the building on Thames street, in which their lodge room has been sit-uated for a number of years, and im-provements costing about \$2,000 are

Mike Tancrede, an Italian, was con

victed of the murder of Raphael Barbado, a compatriot, on the night of April 9th, by a jury at the Fall Assizes at London, and will be sentenced before the termination of the court

Ontario's contribution to the Br.

tish Red Cross now amount to \$1,422,-000. During the past four days the Organization of Resources Committee

in charge of the campaign has received reports of a further \$22,000 incontributions.

ARE HALTED

The Roumanians Confident

Their Country Will Not

be Overrun.

FIERCE COMBATS

Lines of Wolf Traps and

Barbed Wire Before

Predeal.

Athens report- "The Austro-Ger-

man offensive in Transylvania ap-

man offensive in Transylvania appears definitely to have arrived at a stop," declared N. N. Filodor, the Roumanian Minister to Greece, to-day. "Operations of this smashing nature, like the attack on Paris, must be instantly successful if they are not destined to fall utterly," continued M. Filodor.
"Every day that we are able to

constantly increases, as was the case

"This is precisely what happened in Roumania and is why the Austro-German offensive already is doomed.

Moreover, the fact that General von Falkenhayn seems to bave ben re-placed by Archduke Charles Francis on this front can be taken as showing

that even the German general staff realizes the failure of the attempt." The Wireless Press has received a

lespatch frm Bucharest saying that

Lieut.-General Vladimir Sakharoff, commander of the Russian forces in Galicia, arrives in Bucharest to-day

and will take command of the army

in Dobrudja.

The terrific nature of the fighting

in Northern Roumanta is made the subject of a special article by the military critics of the Berlin semi-official newspaper bureau. "The combats in the Carpathian passes are be-

To-night's official statement from

Petrograd says:
"On the Transylvanian front thirtyfive versts from Kronstadt, a Roumanian detachment repulsed the enemy, inflicted heavy losses and taking
prisoners machine guns and a search-

FOR ALL TIME

SAY TEUTONS

being made.

by Mr. Justice Lennox.

contracted for in England by

London Cable.—Advices from Stockholm state that Norway's reply to Berlin's protest against the decree forbidding German submarinea from entering Norwegian waters, was sent to-day. The reply of the Nor-wegian Government is understood to be that Norway is dealing with Germany in this matter, as she is dealing with the other belligerent countries. ears are expressed in some quarters that Norway may be forced into the

A despatch published in Berlin from Friedrichshafen says that the captain of the Norwegian steamship Stemshest, who was taken to Friedrichshafen with members of his crew yesterday, reports that the command-er of the German submarine, which sank his ship told him that all cargoes for England would be treated as con-

for England would be treated as contraband in the future.

The Norwegian steamers Falkefjell and Tordal have been sunk, says an announcement made by Lloyd's, which also reports the sinking of the Greek steamer Massalia. The crew of the Massalia was landed at Gibraltar.

The Greek steamer Germaine has been sunk by a German submarine, but the crew was saved, says a Lloyd's Agency despatch.

A Lisbon despatch says that a German submarine has sunk three Nor-

A Lisbon despatch says that a Ger-man submarine has sunk three Nor-wegian and British ships. Twenty-seven Norwegians and 29 Italians have been landed at various ports. No further details are contained in the

FOOD PRICE SOARS.

And British Labor Wants Government Control.

London Cable .--- (New York World cable.)—The Daily Express says:

Wheat reached the extraordinary Price of 80 shillings (\$20) per quarter (\$2.50 a bushel) on the Baltic Exchange yesterday. There is little hope that prices have attained their limit, and an immediate rise in the cost of tread is anticipated.

tread is anticipated.

A conference of South Wales miners at Cardiff decided to place before the triple alliance of miners, "allwaymen and transport workers the question of Government control of all food supplies and threatened a one-day strike in that coal field unless immediate action is taken.

The Scottish miners resolved at Glasgow to call a large conference of all the labor and progressive forces of the country to decide what steps shall be taken to force the Government to

be taken to force the Government to assume full control of all the neces-sary commodities and to fix retail

SAY SUB. SUNK.

"Every day that we are able to postpone disaster we grow stronger and our opponents grow weaker. Any concerted attack presupposes a certain amount of university and the content of the co U-Boat That Sank Rowantain amount of unpreparedness to meet it on the part of those attacked, but if it is not immediately successful the preparedness of those attacked more Believed Lost.

London Cable.—It is considered here that there is a strong probability that the submarine which last week sank the British steamer Rowannore, but the submarine for Liverneed. bound from Baltimore for Liverpool,

suffered a similar fate.

The affidavit of one of the rescued sailors from the Rowanmore says that her wireless picked up several steamers, including the American steamer Finland. The Finland, however, was warned by the Rowanmore to keep away from danger.

away from danger.

Later, says the sailor's affidavit, a
British Admiralty vessel hove in sight and began shelling the submarine, which is believed to have been sunk.

PHARMACY STUDENTS' OFFICERS PHARMACY STUDENTS' OFFICERS
Toronto, Report.—The Ontario College
of Pharmacy, class of 1916-1917, elected
their officers for the ensuing year as
follows: Hen. Pres., Dean Heebner;
Hon. Vice-Fres., Miss E. Brewster, Miss
F. B. Leitch, Miss N. Dempsey, Miss E.
Smith; President, H. T. Sweeney; VicePresident, A. D. Downey; Secretary, O.
Dotagry; Treasurer, W. A. McLeod;
Committee, H. V. Mercer, H. S. French,
C. F. Rudell, G. C. David, B. J. Hamwond; Representative
to Students' Armlnistration Council, U. of T., J. L. McPhail. bats in the Carpathan passes are being carried on with extraordinary ferocity." writes this critic. "The Roumanians at the eleventh hour are trying to bar the gates to Wallachia by an engagement in which rapidly concentrated reserves have been brought up. Powerful trenches mark the defences at Predeal as well as the brought up. Powerful trenches mark the defences at Predeal as well as the positions of Azuga. These consist of works completed several months ago, lines of wolves traps and barbed wire defences. They have been part-ly demolished by the guns of the ad-vancing German and Austro-Hungar-ian army groups and partly outflank-ed. South of Azuga in Toemoes Pass.

NEW YORK ELECTION BET.

NEW YORK ELECTION BET.

New York, Report.—Odds in favor of Hughes continued to feature the betting to-day on Wall Street, on the Presidential election. Wages ranging from 10 to 7 and even 10 to 6½ in favor of the Republican candidate were made, and about \$25,000 at these odds were placed. One—bet—of \$10,000 to \$8,000 on Hughes, was made, and another of \$1,000 to \$750. These wagers occurred at a late hour in the afternoon. Wilson supporters are arking 10 to 7 on their candidate.

MENACE TO NAVICATION.

ian army groups and partly outflanked. South of Azuga in Toemoes Pass, as well as south of Toerzburg Pass, the attacking troops are slowly, but irresistibly marching ahead against Campolung. The mountain fighting across terrain filled with snow and made impracticable by heavy rain, between ravines and snow-covered summits, requires the utmost energy of 'he commanders and troops, and belongs to the most difficult, but at the same time the most glorious exploits of this campaign." MENACE TO NAVICATION.

Amherstburg, Cable.—According to a statement mane here to-oay by one of the officers on the Canadian lightship Falcon, which marks the south-east shoal in Lake Erie, the sunken wreck of the steamer Marshall F. Butters is a menace to navigation, and should be either removed promptly or blown un.

The wreck lies ten miles south-east of the lightship, and is marked only by the top of the mast, which extends a few feet above water. Should this mast be snapped off the danger would be multiplied. the same time the most glorious exploits of this campaign."
Thursday's Bucharest War Office report reads:
"In the region of Dragoslavele we repulsed an nemy attack. East of the Alt fighting is still proceeding.
"West of the Jiul pursuit of the enemy continues. We captured many limbers and a great quantity of war material.

RELIGION FRAUDS DEPORTED. RELIGION FRAUDS DEPORTED.
Toronto, Report.—"Pastor Russell" and
"Billy Sunday," the two pseudo divine
healers, who were arrested in Toronto
a few days ago when they invaded the
city for the purposes of carrying out a
lot of trickery based on the anticipated
religious credulity of their intended victims were ordered deported by Magistrate
Ellis when they appeared in the Police
Court yesterday. The two men were met
when they crossed the border by an officer from Los Angeles, who was armed
with a warrant for their arrest on a
fraud charge.

The crook who turns State's evidence may be too proud to beg, but he isn't too honest to squeal.

discussing economic and constitutional questions, but the first duty was winning the war. We should be able to determine other questions in clearer light, with more ample information and changed conditions which would

be presented after the war.

Said to be Sending Foot and Mouth Disease Here.

HUN DEVILTRY.

Ottawa report - The Government has cabled to Sir George Perley for further information regarding the report that Swiss immigrants to Canand have been commissioned by Germans to bring material for spreading the foot and mouth disease in Canada. The facts received so far contain enough information to warrant the Government in taking prompt measres to exclude suspected immigrants on their presenting themselves at ports of entry, but it is believed that these measures can be made more effective if all the facts in the possession of the Imperial authorities are secured.

Some people can make a little truth but none can be as strong as these go a long way by stretching it.

FOR SALE

fashioned stone ground Buckwheat Flour, good for pancakes. Try

Bread Flour, Rolled Oats and Feeds, at lowest possible prices. Some things less than to-day's wholesale quotations.

Athens Grain Warehouse & Lumber Yard

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper - A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

TUESDAY.

London Musical Art Society is planning a great festival. There is a congestion of potato-laden cars in Toronto railway yards. St. Catharines milk dealers have advanced their price to ten cents a

A letter 4,116 years old was opened by a mallet wielded by a British

The Court of Revision at North Bay reduced assessments in the town about \$100,000.

For the first time in many months

the daily cable to the Minister of Militia reported "no casualties." Fifty thousand motor licenses have

been issued by Ontario, and the revenue is between \$650,000 and \$700,000.

\$700,000.

A case of spinal meningitis from Camp Borden was discovered at the Base Hospital. Ptc. Richard Reany of Port Elgin is the victim.

All the overseas votes in the British Columbia election except for Vancouver, having been now counted, the general result is unchanged.

The four civil servants at Ottawa The four civil servants at Ottawa who were suspended have been reinstated. A winding-up order has been granted to close the Civil Service

Two men were committed for trial in Bucharest on a charge of at-tempting to assassinate Premier Bra-tiano and another member of the Roumanian Cabinet.

Mr. Samuel O. Dunn of Chicago used the Intercolonial Railway of Canada to support his argument be-fore the Canadian Club in favor of private management of railways.

A thorough registration of eligible young men in Hastings and Prince Edward counties is being made by

the 235th Battalion, and recruiting results are said to be satisfactory. Several battalions have safely arrived in England, including the 155th, 156th, 157th, 160th Battalions, balance of 166th, half of 169th, drafts of Strathcona Horse, 96th Battalion and Medical Corps.

WEDNESDAY.

Bread advances in price in Toron-to to nine cents a loaf. "Pastor" Russell died on a train

in the western States.

The Portuguese inflicted heavy losses on the Germans in East Africa. The French Government has intervened in the Paris street car strike. Russian troops scored important successes against the Turks in Asia

Oil has been discovered at Flesherton and the town is having a small The Y. M. C. A. campaign to se-

cure 3,000 members was begun in A freight train was derailed by a

rock slide at Dane, on the T. & N.
O. Railway.
A munitions worker, John Patterson, was killed by a C. P. R. train at Owen Sound.

A rear-end collision of freight trains occurred on the C. P. R. bridge over the Grand River at Galt. Labor Department figures show that Ontario is the dearest Province in the Dominion in the matter of

Pte. Percy Furland, South River, a member of the 122nd Muskoka Battalion, died at the Base Hospital,

At the annual meeting of the Protestant Orphans' Home it was stated that motherless children of soldiers

are being cared for.

A delegation of Kitchener business men listened to an address by Mr. Herbert Kershaw, the representative of the British Board of Trade.

Edward Beck and Chas. F. Roland are ordered to appear before the Court of King's Bench at Winnipeg on December 11 or some other date to answer to a charge of contempt of

THURSDAY.

London. The French announce the capture more trenches from the enemy in

Picardy. A new offensive is begun by the Italians east of Gorizia and on the Carso Plateau.

Blanche Gertrude Brill of London,

Ex-Fremer Bowser, the Conserva-tive leader in British Columbia, was declared elected by soldiers' votes. Rev. Major Gorman, the Ottawa chaplain severely wounded on the battlefield, is reported to be doing

The Toronto Board of Control re-commended a grant of \$25,000 to the benefit fund, of the British

sailors.
Sir Wilfrid Laurier delivered an address on the Canadian Fur Trading Companies before the Newman

ing Companies before the Newman Club, Toronto.

The women of Toronto desided to fight the high cost of bread, and a bread-making class was established at the Technical School.

Lieut.-Colonel E. B. Hardy and Captain Howard B. Jeffs of Toronto, two C.A.M.C. officers, have received decorations for valor displayed at the front.

the front.

The soldiers of India have been declared eligible for the Victoria Cross on account of the value of the work rendered by them in the Importal convices.

perial service.
When the will of James Watterson of the Princess Pats was filed in To-ronto, it was found that the execu-tor and the two witnesses had been

killed in action.

The country doctors of Ontario made a plea to the License Board that the Temperance Act makes it difficult for them to obtain alcohol for use in medicine.

The women of London, Ont., de-cided to equip an addition to the Alexandra Sanitarium for Consumptives at Byron, at the cost of \$15,-000, to accommodate returned sol-

FRIDAY.

The Serbian troops made more gains in their drive toward Monastir. Five German planes were winged by French aviators on the west

Three men were killed by gas used for fumigating rats on a ship in Bos-

The Board of Education, Toronto, adopted a resolution favoring military drill in city schools. Extensive frauds are said to have been found in connection with sup-plies for the Base Hospital.

plies for the Base Hospital.
Victor Carlstrom, in attempting a non-stop flight from Chicago to New York, was forced to alight at Erie,

Pa.
Mr. Thomas Mitchell, for forty years in the postal department of the customs, died at his home in Toronto.

J. C. Judd, K.C., of London, and J. M. McNamara, K.C., of North Bay have been appointed County Judges of Middlesex and Renfrew, respectively.
Military Crosses have been award-

ed to Captain George M. Smith and Lieut. R. Hodder Williams, formerly lecturers at the University of To-The Ontario Government is to establish a new Agricultural College

and Demonstration Farm at Kempt-ville, where it has purchased 200 Lieut.-Col. Percy A. Guthrie, M. P.P., who is in command of the 236th Battalion of Fredericton, N.B., made a plea for conscription before the

Empire Club. The Privy Council gave out a decision upholding Regulation 17 and thus supporting the stand of the Ontario Provincial Government regarding bilityuslies.

or bilingualism.

Dr. James C. Beatty, while on his way to answer a perjury charge, injured J. H. Hurd and was arrested on the charge of negligence in the operation of his auto.

In consequence of changed condi-

tions in the Militia Department, General Gwatkin has altered his plans and will remain for the present in the position of Chief of the General M. J. O'Brien of Renfrew is com-

mencing the erection of power development works at Calabogie, on the Madawaska River, to generate 5,000 horsepower current for trans-

5,000 horsepower current for transmission wholly or partly to Renfrew.
Thomas Cox, an aged Tilbury citizen who died on Thursday, bequeathed \$500 to the poor children of his old parish Sunday school at Osbornby, England, and \$500 to make the last payment on the debt of St. Andrew's Church, Tilbury.

SATURDAY

The Maclean Battalion is not being confined to Scotsmen.
Ontario Liberals have been called to meet in Toronto, November 24. The Canadian artillery has been doing effective work in Picardy.

Since the war began 1,820 steamers have been sunk by the belliger-

Sir Wilfrid Laurier returned to Ottawa after a conference with To-ronto Liberals.

Major Wilfrid Mayor has been re-

commended for the Distinguished Service Order.

Machinery has been set in motion in the United States to plan a third

Hague conference.

Germany apologized to Holland for the violation of the latter's neu-

trality by a Zeppelin.

Colors were presented to the 146th
Battalion by the citizens of Kingston and deposited in St. Andrew's
Presbyterian Church.

Coal has risen three dollars a ton within a few weeks at Niagara Falls and is now \$10 to \$11. Barbers have also raised their prices.

Two thousand two hundred and ninety one names have been enrolled in the among the research of the second of the s

in the campaign to secure 3.000 new members for the Y.M.C.A. in To-Lambton county sugar beet grow-

ers have bound themselves in an association not to grow beets next year unless they receive \$7 a ton for

Earl Derby pays a great tribute the Government would seek a furto Canada in an address delivered in ther extension of the Parliamentary term, and if resisted the responsi-bility for an election would be on the Liberals.

Bishop C. H. Brent of the Philippines, said he was with Canadians in

Dr. Dumba, at his own request, aged 23, pleaded guilty to the charge of bigamy.

Sir George Perley is appointed Mar Minister for Overseas to administer affairs in England.

Light General Mahon was appointed in England.

ed new commander of the British forces in Ireland. Brig.-General Northey's troops won fresh successes against the Teu-

won fresh successes against the Teutons in East Africa.

Ninety-one lives were lost when a British steamer was sunk in collision in the Irish Sea.

Lieut.-Colonel W. M. O. Lochead has resumed his command of the 118th (North Waterloo) Battalion.

Mrs. Nellia McClung found no sympathy for the cause of Germany in her travels through the United States.

Sergt.-Major Harvie and Pte. Jack Longman, cousins, were reported in the week-end casualty lists as having been killed in action.

A new mausoleum, containing 160 crypts, was consecrated at Chatham, several elergy of different denomina-

The Department of Trade and Commerce calls for a conference of Canadian lumbermen to prepare for supplying countries of Europe after the war.

Broken Lock Caused Flood. ST. CATHARINES, Nov. 6.—Many ST. CATHARINES, Nov. 6.—Many acres of farm and garden property adjacent to the northern boundary of St. Catharines were inundated Sunday evening and considerable damage caused when the steamer J. H. Shrigley, of Sarnia, 400 tons, commanded by Captain C. Thompson, and laden with coal from Erie, Pt. to Toronto, smashed two footgates of lock No. 7, allowing the contents of the level above, one mile in length and the longest below the Lake Erie level, to pour into the very small level below. All valves in the locks and waste weirs below were opened to relieve the overflow, and the lock tenders at No. 7 threw safety cables on the headgates and saved them. Beon the headgates and saved them. Be-cause of this, and the fact that at this season of the year gardens are not so valuable, the loss against the steamer will not be as great, but will likely reach \$12,000.

Success in East Africa. LONDON, Nov. 6.—An official communication dealing with the sit-uation in East Africa made public by the War Office Sunday night says:

'Advices from East Africa report the overthrow at dawn on October 30 by Brig.-Gen. Northey's troops to 30 by Brig.-Gen. Northey's troops to the east of Lupembe of a strong enemy force entrenched west of the Ruhudje River, and the capture of \$2 prisoners, an undamaged field gun, three machine guns, ad a quantity of material. Fighting continues in this area."

Must Serve His Term. BERLIN, Nov. 6.—It was officially announced Sunday that the Imperial

Military Tribunal has rejected the appeal of Dr. Karl Liebknecht, the appeal of Dr. Karl Liebknecht, the Socialist leader, from the sentence imposed upon him by the court-martial at Berlin. Dr. Liebkecht was sentenced by a court-martial to four years and one month imprisonment for military treason. He appealed to the Imperial Military Tribunal.

An Armament Race.

PARIS, Nov. 6.—The war's final phase, inaugurated this week, is in the form of the most dramatic armament race the world has ever seen.

Mr. von Stein has announced that Germany, surprised on the Somme by the Entente Allies' superior output, began at once to increase hugely her supplies of guns and shells. "Every particle of the country's energy must be devoted to the production of munitions," said Marshal von Hindenburg, commander-in-chief. "I've

General von Stein. "We must at everything in our power to surpass the enemy's gun and shell output. I'm going to apply myself to this

Lask."

Last March the Allies began their greatest munitions effort and this month they are taking up Germany's workshop challenge, so that the world-war in this coming winter will be fought principally in European munitions plants. Victory next spring will go to the side able to project the largest and deadliest

We have now on display the largest stock of

Women's and Misses' Fall

and Winter Coats

ever shown in Brockville and the prices

You can buy Women's and Misses' Newest Fall Suits at startling reduc-

tions. Every suit is this season's up to

the minute in style, and all wool mater

C. H. POST

BROCKVILLE.

The Exclusive Women's Wear Shop.

COLD WEATHER

Is Comfortable Weather to Men who are

well clothed.

The question of good clothing never worries our patrons. If you do not buy your clothes from us, we ask you to call and talk the matter over. Every courtesy will be

extended. We call the attention of clergymen to our

M. J. KEHOE, BROCKVILLE

special facilities for tailoring clerical clothes.

no higher than last season.

ials, at very low prices.

NOTIICE

The new 'L" will be built on piles.

I hereby give notice that I shall not 'be responsible for any debts contracted in my name without written authority from me. 45-47 ADAM HAWKINS,

The Township Council of Rear

Yonge and Escott has granted the Charles on Lake Association the right

to build a wharf on the water extension

of Main street Charleston village.

Work on the wharf will commence soon, the first operation being the clearing away of parts of the old wharf.

BOAR FOR SERVICE

Pure-bred Yorkshire Boar for service MORLEY EARL

In all countries. Ask for our INVENTOR'S. AND SER, which will be sent free.

MARION & MARION.

Furniture

When intending Purchasing any kind of Furniture visit our store before doing so.

A Good Selection to Choose From

Undertaking

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

GEO.E. JUDSON

ATHENS, ONT.

Bell Phone 41. Rural Phone 28

LUMBER

Now on hand, a stock of plank and dimension lumber suitable for general building purposes and a quantity of. rough sheeting lumber.

Any order for building material will be filled on short Present stock includes a

quantity of FOUNDATION TIMBER:

SILLS, SLEEPERS, ETC. A large quantity of slabs and

F. Blancher ATHENS

NAMES OF STREET OF STREET, STR PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. H. R. BRIGHT PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ACCOUCHEUR OFFICE HOURS: { Until 8 a.m. 1 to 3 p.m. 7 to 8.30 p.m.

ATHENS DR. C. M. B. CORNELL. Cor. Pine and Garden Streets

PHYSIC AN SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR DR. T. F. ROBERTEON COR. VICTORIA AVE BROCKVILLE

BROCKVILLE

EYE, EAR, THROAT AND NOSE. J. A. McBROOM

Physician and Surgeon X-Rays and Electricity employed in treatment of cancer and chronic diseases COURT HOUSE SQUARE - BROCKVILLE

DR. A. E. GRANT.

VETERINARY SURGEON AND DENTIST. RESIDENCE: J. CAMPO'S. Cor. Main and Bell and Rural Phones. Henry Sts.

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J. W. RUSSELL

AUCTIONEER DELTA, ONTARIO

ELIMINATE THE MIDDLE-MAN'S PROFIT

FURS DIRECT FROM HUNTER AND TRAPPER THROUGH US TO YOU

OUR SPACIOUS FUR DEPARTMENT OFFERS REMARKABLE VALUES



SEARCH THE COUNTRY OVER and you'll not find another stock that offers a wider range of practical Furs than is to be found in the remarkably fine collection now on display in our Fur Department. Search again, and you'll learn that with us, prices in many cases are a third below to-day's acknowledged ruling quotations, and in no case will you find our prices within twenty-five per cent. of what is considered at present fair market value, -all of which is due to our foresight in plannning months ago, together, of course, with a certain element of good fortune in coming in contact with those who had choice skins to dispose of, and practical experienced fur workers to cut and make the garments up.

So thoroughly are we imbued with the sense that our Fur will stand the most rigid of tests in quality of skins, quality of workmanship, in style features, and in price lowness, that we invite you to make strict comparison before you

WE ARE PREPARED to give you the benefit of our experience and general knowledge, and help you in getting the right thing, at the right price. This is more important to us than the mere making of a sale.

Here are a few interesting items for your consideration:

Red Fox Scarfs \$ 7.50 to \$25.00	Alaska Sable Muffs\$25.00 to \$45.00
Red Fox Muffs 13.00 to 25.00	Natural Raccoon Setts \$22.50 per sett, up-
Black Fox Scarfs 25.00 to 50.00	
Black Fox Muffs 25.00 to 50.00	Prairie Fox Setts \$18.00 per sett upwards
Black Wolf Scarfs 15.00 to 25.00	Mink Scarfs \$15.00 to \$60.00
Black Wolf Muffs 16.00 to 20.00	Mink Muffs\$50.00 to \$75.00
Persian Lamb Scarfs 12.00 to 50.00	No. 1 Hudson Seal Jackets\$125 to \$250
Persian Lamb Mufts 20.00 to 45.00	Muskrat Jackets, \$65.00 upwards, according
Alaska Sable Scarfs 10.00 to 50.00	

We send Furs C.O.D., subject to examination, and pay express charges.

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