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This Company wants it understood by all farmers that the development of Case Kerosene Tractors has not interfered with the development of Case Steam Tractors.

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Thousands of Case Steam Tractors are in use all over the world. Their power, dependability and length of service cannot be equalled. They are simple to operate and economical.

Those who are interested in Steam Tractors should write for our catalog, which contains pictures and detailed specifications. A copy will be mailed free upon request.
Those who are interested in other Case power-farming machinery may write for any of the free booklets named below.

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give you a detail eatimate of the coet. FREIGHT PAID, TO YOUR STATION. CLUB ORDERA will have special care, ar, and separate each lot on the invoice. WRITE FOR PRICE LIST TODAY. WhOLESALE TO A NATION
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## Consumers' Lumber Company

VANCOUVER, B.C.
WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTIBERE PLEASE MENTION THE GUIDE

## 

An Alfalfa grower sending his adver tisement for alfalfa seed to The Guide,
ineladed the inteating atatement, "If included the inteating statement, "If
you have not the money to buy seed, have your town merchant order it for
you.' This is rather an intereating ease of enterprise on the part of the grower by which it looks as though he hopes to build up a dealer 's connection. It contains a suggestion for enterpris: ing growers and sdvertisers of seed grain.

The Gu'de wishes to seeure eopies of the following issues of The Grain Grow ers' Guide in order to make up bound volumes which have been requested: January 31, 1911; February 16, 1916; March 1, 1916; June 21, 1916; Oetober 4, 1915. For each of the first inve copies of each of these dates returned to
IKS, we will give 25 cents. the eopies to the eirculation depart ment of The Guide.

When writing to The Guide our readers could help us very materially to give them better and quieker service
if they woald write letters for different depariments on separate sheets of paper. There are at least four well defined and seprrnte departments in The Guide, as followst Editorial, Cireulation, Advertising and Book. It not infrequentiy happens that one of our
sulseribers will write ws in regard to subscribers will write us in regard in our editorial columns, sending us a
renewal of his subecription, a elassified renewal of his subscription, a elassified
advertisement and also ordering a book. Such a letter has to be dealt with in turn by each separate department, eausing unnecessary delay. If our
readers/would write on separate slips of paper their requests could be referred at once to the different departments concerned, thus securng inm.

The Farmers' Parliament, held last week in Regima, was the last of the big series of four conventions of or
ganized farmers held this winter. The ganized farmers held this winter. The
first was held in Toronto in December, by the U.E.O. Each of these conven-
tions have been fully reported in The Guide. This issue contains full reports tion of our 20,000 Aaskatchewan read ers, and our 16,000 readers in other proports.
Each farmer who has received the "Better Seed" Book should wateh the mails. The Guide has a special propositbe advertized, but every one who has we ad for the seed book will be notifed thropgh the mails of this splendid new proposition. It will eome as a pleskant corprise. When the farmer gets it he
will exelaim: "This is like gettlag will exelaim: "This is like getting money from homet" Don't let this *peclal offer escape your notice.
Last year we published a full series of Guide House and Barn Plans This service was very muelh appreciated by oar readers, and a large number of the
plane were ordered. This winter plans were ordered. This winter so many requests for plans came in that *e deeided to republish many of them and those that have proven most popalor wilt agpear in The Gulde from time
of time. Next summer many a western former will be building that house of farm he has had in mind for so many yefrs. The Guide plans were drawn especially to suit the needs of the prairie farmer. They ean be had for the
sught alterations in plans are frequently requested by our readers when sending in for Guide House or Barn plans. It should be noted that these plans are reproduced by a process of printing, and it is impossible to make alterations in them. This does not reHuee the value of the plans in any be made by the earpenter when the building is being ereeted.

In this Issue: Full reports of the Reina convention; Controlling Weeds, by Prof: Bracken; Growing Everureens, by 'Atevenspn; Fanning Mil Bieves ation; The Unchanging Creed of the operate an Incubator, by Prof. Hernet EIgings in Crochet; besides all the egular weekly and fortnightly depar ments.

PRIZES FOR CONTRIBUTIONE

go hire rorm
gition for
thisor
 has served you money during the laet yeer. 3.-Have you used raill rye in combattoif ryo is a eleaning orop. 4.-Every furm woman itites to make the
 umet however, these sources of income fail. What other meane for making money ave you round
Contributions on the above subjects should be mailed not later than March s ,
20, 1918. Address Faltor, Grain arowers Gulde, Winniper, Man.

## AUCTION SALE

of over 600 Registered Bulls of the Beef Breeds and
SPRING HORSE SHOW
CALGARY, March 26th to 29th, 1918
 An sedfitional its.s00 has been mate te
the Horse The the merse shew Prise Lien. The Alberta Cattle Breeders Aseorts.
thon has now woid f.sis buils for s1s. 006, and will undonitielly have if the of the sale the best offering ever made 500 and fop buts: As this is ine largest the United states, it provides the beat pportunily for phtaning outstandias
seaters of bulls for the Fanet spectal transpertation orrangesmente for onimais purenased at ine sole.
tis ispoetsed that ainele pasesenger
rates will be in forse from Aiberta oints.
The Epring Horse show sto prosente or seve of horses.
For Prise Lists, rules and Catalegues, secretary, Alberts Liphbeok Asseolation

## WANTED <br> \section*{RAW FURS}

We need
We are Manufacturers, not Middie men, therefore, we can pay highent prices, give prompt returns and fair grading.
The Largest Custom Tanners in the West. We buy our furs in Weater Canada; make them up in Western Canada;
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LIVE POULTRY WANTED
FABMERS who have not shipped to we of shipment. You will prove roureif that We aro giving good walght and fair prices.
We prepay crates to any part in Manitobis We prepay erates to
snd Rasiztenewna.
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Tarkeys, in good condition, per $1 \mathrm{lb} . .23 \mathrm{e}-30 \mathrm{e}$
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These prices, per it guranted for one month
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ROYAL PRODUCE TRADING CO.
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## Bull Dog Fanning Mills

The Largest Exclusive Line of Grain Cleaning Machinery Manufactured in Canada
fight now yos are thinking about sprisg work-withis a fow weelay you will be making preparations for setual operations on the land. Never before has the World boes so short of food asd so dejendent on Canada as one of its ehief sources of supply, As a prodacer you fully realive the situation-you are asxious

 Hall Dog Mills-marhines which have been designed for every purjose and vary ing in site to meet the requirements of overy farmer, Moreover, every machise Bail Dog mils-machises which have been designed for every purpose and vary isg in sive to meet the reguirements of overy farmer, Moreover, every machiae ․ 64 -in. Bull Dog with Screenings,

Sacker and Wagon Box Elevator This mill is equipped with a double auger con-
yeyor, heavy babbitted boxes and double eceentrica. Very stroas constraction, Better built
than any mill ever pat on the market.


A MACHINE FOR EVERY FARM AND FOR EVERY PURPOSE

Note the Donble Asger Conveyor; one for Bersentigs, one for Seed Gratn.


BULL DOG MILJ.S clean vetter than others because they are equipped with cleaning bars to prevent clogging in the lower shoe.

PROMPT DELIVERY OF ANY MACHINE ABSOLUTELY Model "C" 6-Roll Wild Oat Separator Will pay big dividends just on grading tame oats alone.


The New 48 -inch Bull Dog
 ot hany coutrection sed in very earily diven
 attecheat.


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 amileR. W. Dow, "哭 Calgary, Alberta


0 The Bull Dog Smut Cleaner
Special patent device for treating Oats and Takes all 8 mut toull on no other mil Takes all smut balls out of the grain
Veryeffetive in removing King. Heads.

## 

## Annipeg, Fetentstap, Ifbruary 20, 1918

The Saskatchewan Convention

## Cleaner

10 other mill. King. Heads.
the influence of the C.P.R. would oppose the success of the government system, and it is well known in Canada that the influence of the C.P.R. is mighty powerful. The inclution of the C.P.R. in the nationalization scheme is really what makes it most desirahle. The supporters of the C.P.R. say that pullie ownership of railways has been a failure. Here is where they lose their case. In Canada the C.N.R. and the G.T.P. have been a colnseal failure tunder private ownership in spite of all their assistance from the public treasury. In the United States the whole system of privately-owned railways has broken down and the government was forced to take them over 'to save the nation from disaster. The railway difficulty in the United States in the last few weeks has not been due to government action, but instead to the desperate condition of the railways when the government took them over. These outstanding examples of failure under private ownership more than counterbalance any failures under public ownership.
The C.P.R. is the outstanding successful privately-owned railway. But why is it such a success? Simply because the people of Canada have given the C.P.R. out of the public treasury and the public resources, cash, land grants, constructed railways, tax exemp. tions and other concessions that capitalized today total $\$ 450,000,000$. This huge sum is practically enough to build the whole C.PR. practically enough to build the whole C.PR.
system from coast to coast. In addition to all this, however, the C.P.R. has been allowed high freight rates, to pay ten per cent. dividends on all its capital and to earn in addition no less than $\$ 100,000,000$ in surpluses in the last seven years. This explains fully the C.P.R. success which is not due to private ownership, but to the generosity and prodigality of Canadian politicians.
Nearly one-fourth of the mileage of the C.P.R. is in the United States. This portion has already been taken over by the American government without any protest from the C.P.R., as protests would have been useless. A protest is being made in Canada where C.P.R. influence is powerful.

Then there are those, and they are numerous. who say Canada could not take over the C.P.R. because of its tremendous cost. This argument is ridiculous. The government would merely have to assume the liability for the $\$ 260,000,000$ capital stock of the C.P.R. and the payment of interest on bonds. It would be a far easier and a better business proposition than taking over either the C.N.R. or the G.T.P. In fact it is the only good argument in favor of taking over these two poverty-stricken railroads. The huge profits poverty-stricken railroads. The huge profits
on the C.P.R. would more than make up the on the C.P.R. Would more than make up the
losses on the oth r two roads and there would be no need of any increase in freight rates. Every country on earth except Canada has nationalized its railways. Canada would do the same were the C.P.R. not so powerful. There is a grim struggle now going on to There is a grim struggle now going on to
determine whether the government. will own determine whether the government will own
the C.P.R. or the C.P.R. own the government. Every local Grain Growers' and United Farmers' organization should put its views into shape and forward them to the government at Ottawa immediately. The government is hearing arguments on the case on the first day of March and the question no doubt will be settled within a few weeks. Prompt action is necessary to see that it is settled right.

Sir Joseph Plavelle, who made the huge profits out of war orders on pork, still holds his job as head of the Imperial Munitions Board. Why the government does not insist on a change it is hard to understand, but Joseph still holds his job, his title and his pork.

Fighting Starvation
To encourage food production and help avert starvation in Europe the Dominion government has taken the duty of farm tractors. This applies to tractors costing not more than $\$ 1400$ at point of shipment in the United States. This would inclurle tractors selling up to $\$ 2200$ or thereabouts in Western Canada. The duty on tractors has heen 2716 per cent. The romival of the duty will lower the retail price probably about 22 per cent. or rather better than a fifth. A refuction of from $\$ 250$ to $\$ 400 \mathrm{in}$ the price of tractors will greatly increase the sale and will bring more land under the plow. The government has made a big. step in the right direction and deserves credit
for its action.
Somehody should have been present at Ottawa, however, to tell the government that a tractor is not much eood unless it is hitched onto a plow and that plows are still taxed $271 / 5$ per cent. duty. The same truth applies to all other agricultural machinery. If the government is seriously in earnest it will place all other agricultural machinery on the free list at once. A large importer of agricultural implements gave us the following figures showing the cost of the duty. A twelve-inch gang plow, now selling at $\$ 118.00$ world sell at $\$ 95.00$ if the duty were removed. A double disc drill now selling at $\$ 204.00$ would sell at $\$ 161.00$ if the duty were removed. A farm wagon now selling at $\$ 154.00$ would sell at $\$ 117.00$ if the duty were removed. A small gas engine now sclling at $\$ 63.00$ would sell at $\$ 47.00$ if the duty were removed. These are merely typical figures to show what the duty costs the farmer.
Some thoughtless people remark, "Oh, farmers are prosperous, they can pay these prices." True, some farmers are prosperous, but there are tens of thousands of them struggling between success and failure. The extra $\$ 25.00$ tax on a plow will prevent hundreds of farmers from buying and the extra $\$ 43.00$ tax on a sceder will mean many less seeders in use. The cheaper the machinery the more will be used.

The fond required cannot be produced without the use of the marhinery. The government has recognized this fact by purcharing one thousand trartors which it is announced will be sold to farmers at cost, plus freight, or about $\$ 800$ each. This government action will result in increased acreage and a bigger yield of grain, but every indication points to a great food shortage no matter how big is Western Canada's crop, and in 1919, war or peace, the shortage will be even greater. The farmers of the West will do their part. Women and old men will be working on the farms of the West this year in greater numbers than ever before. But the tax on agricultural implements will reduce the yield by some millions of bushels. It will mean starvation to some unfortunate people in Europe. Is the government of Canada prepared to starve human beings in order to retain the duty on agricultural implements?

## Polish People Are Starving

Probably no part of Europe has suffered so much as Poland from the ravages of the war. It is said that nearly all children in Poland under five years of age died from the hardships and exposure of the first two years of the war. Today the Polish people are being starved by the enemy to force their sympathies against the Allies. There is a big Polish army fighting in Prance, and another is being recruited in Canada and the United States today. While they are fighting for the Allies, ten million of their people at home are facing starvation. The Guide will accept and forward
all contributions to the Polish Relief Pund All checks should be made pavable to The Grain Growers' Guide and they will be acknowledged in The Guide.

## Farmers and Profiteers

Some of the financial papers of Eastert Canada are making comments on the big profits being made by the farmers of-the West. They say farmers are making big money out of the war and should not cimplain about paying tarif taxes. Some of them even call the farmers "profiteers." After the way some of the corporations gouged the government on munition contracts, one would think that no Pastern finametat paper woutd have the nerve to suggest profiteering on the part of farmers. The farmers have always paid the heavy end of the taxes, but by unjust methods Many farmers certainly have made money throuph war prices on grain, but many thousands have not. It might also be pointed out that it was only by the war that farmers were able to get a profitable price for their wheat Parmers who have made big money should be taxed just the same as corporations or other individuals with big incomes, but the present system of taxation makes the farmer pay whether he has made a profit or loss because there are heavy taxes levied on everything he has to buy. Let the government work out the income tax so that the farmer who has made a big financial success will contribute to the public treasury, and the farmer who has lost his crop and has no income will be let off. This is the way the income tax should work and it is reasonable and equitable.

## The Income Tax

It is announced that the report forms for the income tax will be ready by February 28 , the date fixed for making reports. No doubt notice will be published. The pressure of public opinion forced the government to inaugurate an income tax, although it had been in use in England for nearly 100 years and more recently in Australia, South Africa and United States, and nearly all other civilized lands. The Canadian income tax is altogether too light and particularly on unmarried people. This war will leave Canada with a burden of debt so great as hardly to be
conceivable. The debt must be paid and the only place to get the money is from those who have it. A man with a $\$ 10,000$ income under the income tax pays $\$ 420$ if single and $\$ 360$ if married, which is certainly very light. On a $\$ 25,000$ income the tax is $\$ 1,860$. On a $\$ 50,000$ income the tax is $\$ 5.260$. On a $\$ 100,000$ income the tax is $\$ 14,760$. On a $\$ 250,000$ income the tax is $\$ 58.260$.

These people with the big incomes are not those who are doing the fighting. They are the men who remain at home and are engaged in business. Those who are fighting for the protection of Canadian homes and property and for the protection of the men with the big incomes are getting $\$ 1.10$ a day. There could be no complaint if the government took all a man's income over and above only reasonable living expenses. Conscription of wealth should fo hand in hand with conseription of men. Money is just as necessary to win the war as men. There is plenty of money in Canada if the government has the courage to take it.

## The Corporation Tax

Shortly after the outbreak of the war the federal parliament imposed a tax on the income of corporations. The tax was 25 per cent. of the profits over and above seven per cent. on the capital stock. Later this was increased so that the government took 50 per cent, of the profits over 15 per cent. on the capital stock and 75 per cent. of the profits over 20 -per cent. on the capital stock. Many corporations made a great outcry against this tax and at the last session of perliament it was changed. It is now a flat tax of four per cent. on all profits of all corporations. This will catch the banks and some other big corporations who paid little or nothing under the former tax. But it will let off very easily thousands of corporations making large profits on small capital. A combination of the two taxes would be much more equitable and would produce much more money. The government has promised to increase the taxes on corporations and it is to be hoped that it will be attended to. Corporations should not be allowed to pile up huge profits while the flower of our manhood is fighting at $\$ 1.10$ per day.

Some of our readers in th country are undere the impression that the subscription price to The Guide is now $\$ 2.00$ per year. This is a Guide is onty. The subscription price to The only exception is in the city of Winnipey alone where special postage is required' and the subscription price is $\$ 2.00$ per year. In the United States the hilter postal rates make it necessary to charge $\$ 2.50$ per year. But all it necessary to charge $\$ 2.50$ per year. But all per year.
In the hearing recently regarding the value of the C.N.R. stock it was pointed out that neither Sir William Mackenzie nor Sir Lozald Mann drew any salary from the C.N.R. Some Eastern papers have pointed out that Sir William pays income tax in Toronto on an income of $\$ 225,000$ per year. It is evident, therefore, that he is drawing pretty successfully from some quarter. If he has not drawn any salary out of the C.N.R. he has probably drawn something that is far better than a salary.
Frank W. Baillie, president of the Canadian Cartridge Co. of Hamilton, Ont., has been made a knight and has Sir prefixed to his' name. He is the man who startled all Canada some time ago by returning to the public treasury $\$ 758.248$ profits which his firm made on war orders. If this ridiculous distribution of titles has any merit, Baillie is the right man to get one.

Recently the press contained a despatch from Ottawa stating that the great wine cellars at Rideau Hall, the home of the Duke of Devonshire, governor-general of Canada, have been locked till the end of the war. The despatch says that in the past, guests at Rideau Hall dinners had been served with four different kinds of booze, such as brown sherry, yellow sauterne, sparkling champagne, blood red wine and Burgundy port. If the drought seems dangerous we would suggest catchup or Peruna.

The money spent for candy in the United States and Canada is double the amount of money needed to keep Belgium supplied with food for a year


OFFIGERS AND BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE SASKATCHEWAN GRAIN GROWERS' ASSOCIATION FOR 1818



## Controlling Yields <br> \section*{Primary Causes of Low Yields $-\cdots$ Remedial Measures}

In the final analyais low yieldry oeo linetelo eyp
 quality of the wed! the mitability of theteriptate available plant food in the eill; the molature in the
apil: the temperature of the soil and sir; gnd the air soil! the tem.
in the woil. But while these, or ane or mone of them, are the Bet while these, or one or mone of them, are the
immeliste eswees of low ylalds, yet each is the immediste eanes of direct result of certain other causes or combinations of causes, that for want of a better name we ahall eall primary cansea. Two illustrations will make isis point elear. The immediale cause of low yield in a certais feld is lack of molstare. The primary cause may have been poor fallowing, weeds, dry winds or any of the casses that go to diminish other fleld is insufficient available plant food. The primary eause may have been an infertile soli, un puitable tillage, continuous eroppligg with no return of plant food or any of the other canses that decreas or leave undeveloped the plant food in the soll.

Some Primary Canses of Pot Yistis
I want to direct our diseuselon to some of the primary causes of low yields because these are the ones most often advanced to explain poor erope. We will consider some of these causes:Poor Beed. Good seed is seed that will grow figorously, that contains so disease or impurities of any kind and that belongs to a variety that is suited to the district where it is to be grown. Beed may be so inferior that it wil produce no erop, or it may be so good that i
turns.
Too Farly or Too Late Seeding The test time to sow is determined argely by the atmespherie condt tions in the spring and fall. When sown too early the seed may rot or the early growth freeze. If sown tod late the erop may be injured by frost quite resistant to spring frosts but very susceptible to fall frosts. Corn; table to spring frosts and corn and potatoes suffer from the first falt frosts while roots and rape will stand very heavy fall frosts. The perennial grasses and alfalfa withstand both sprins and fall frosts of considerable severity. Conclusive data on the subject of time of seeding in Saskatehewan are not yet available. The general opinion among experienced farmers is that wheat should be sown as soon after April 10 as the land is fit, and oats and barley in the three or four weeks following April 25. We have observed that on land that is in good condition the longer wheat is left unsown after the first of May, and oats and barley after the middle of May, the lighter the yield is likely to be. In the dates of seeding trials at April 20 proved the best date for lase three years, fallow and April 30 on fall plowing. Onts barley fallow and April 30 on fall plowing. Oats, barley April 20 and May 20 . Winter rye on fallow yielded most when sown the first few days of \&eptember and on fall plowing when sown Augint 20, Aprlt 30 with peas proved the best time to sow. Roots and potatoes seem to give the most satisfactory results when sown during the last half of May, while corn appears to do best when sown during the last of May or the first fow days of June. Grasses, clovers and alfalfa sown during the rainy season or jusi before the rainy season of June gave the best re. turns.

## Amount of Seed per Acre

Too Much or Too Little Seed per Aere. The 'amount of grain to sow per acere is greatly in flueneed by the moisture and temperature conditions prevait ing. Thin seeding is a good practice in dry argas having medium to long growing season While thick seeding is the besi praetice in humid regions, par-
tieularly where the growing season ys whort

## The normal amounts of seed

 used on medium soil types in wheat, one and a quarter to one and three-quarters bushelss per barley one and a half to two and a quarter bushels; winter rye three-quarters to one and a quarter bushels; flax 25 to 35pounds and peas two to three bushels.
The amounts used in differen

se00 seED is owe or the paimany factons in the comtaol or vielos
posaible condiriop is arder that the weakened phate
theat from three quarters to three bushele; pats from one to five buahels; barley frem one to three bushela; winter rye, ane half to one and a quarter flax from 20 to 50 peusile; and peas one asd a quarter to three and a half bwalels per aers. As little as one half bushel of wheat and one bnahel of oats are reported to have gives good returns on
light anils in southwesters aakatelowss is s dry light soile in southwestern Baakateliewan in a dry Year, while as mach as two and a half bushels of Wheat and five boakelr of osts are somatimes uned Alberta sisd Raskatehewis.
The rates that have gives thriaugeat returns in our rates of meding trinls as fallow eres whent one and a half bualols; osts, three beshels; sis. rowed harley, one and three-quarters bushels: wister rye, three-quarters bushels; fax 20 to 28 pounds, and peas twa and a half bushels. In a dry sesaon at Baskstoen 20 pounds of fiax, one-half bushel of winter rye, and one-half beshel of whest ench pro flaced a larger yield thas any thieker seeding, bet in a wet yoar whes the freat came early is the fall our largest yields of wheat and oats were secured when twe and a half bushels and four bushele re speetively were used. Western rye and brome grasa
may Hail Btorms. Thls is one of the feetors offeetise erope that man has no power to control. The onty why in which he eas play safe is by innuring lis erop. It is aeldom that more than twe or three per tent, of the total erop area is damaged by hail The risk can easily be carried by the total erop area. No man should fail te fasure whe caspet aiford to loose a erop.
Bhattering. After a erop has started to matere a considerable loss often oecurs as a resolt of its lose by shattering due to winds and handlisg at harvest time. This lose is greatest in over ripe crope oud least in immature enes.
hape our most non-ahattering variety, is Sackatele. was averages about 16 inches which is lese than ene-half that recelved in the ecors, belt of the
 land. The monthly distribution is, however, very favorable, but in spite of this the low rainfali casses more low ylelds than any other factor fin Bankatehewan. Every extra inch of molature that can be stored and eonserved is the soll means that the sverage s possible incresse of two to four bnahels of wheat per sere.

Late Breaking-Native Pants and
Orases Orasess
Laste Breakisg. Our experiments at Sankatoon during the anst four years indiente that delay in breakjg anive prairie afler she first of pune decrease sere the
per acre per week. Plete The font lived peremsial plants commong lived peremnial plants commonly ten the chlef tauses of low yiefts in stubble fields. Quack grask, sweet stabble fields. Yuack grass, sweet
grass and rose bushes are three grase and rose bushey, are three
widely spread members of this groap Sueh peremnials are reprodrueed by ereepfing roots as weff as by enat and can only be controlled is more iffective thail plowing in
pounds 14 pounds per acre, aifaifa from to to 15 pounds per acre, sweet clover 5 to 15 pounds per from corn from 6 to 30 pounds per acre and potatoes from 12 to 25 beshels per sere, seem to give the best results here.

The Beat Yielding Varieties Unsuitable Varieties. Varieties of any of our common grain erops that from any cause such as lateness, gunceptibility to frost or disease, or poor quality are not well suited to our conditions, resuit either in low yields or in decreased price. The ane: Wheat, Red Fife, Marquis: oats, Banner, Vie ame: Wheat, Red Fife, Marquis; oats, Banner, Vie
tory, Gold Rain; barley, O.A.C. 21, Hannehen, Can tory, Gold Rain; barley, O.A.C. 21, Hannchen, Can-
adian Thorpe; flax, Premost; peas, Arthur, Solo, adian Thorpe; flax, Premost; peas, Arthur, bolo
Golden Vine; grass, Western rye, brome, timothy alfalfa, Grimm; roots, swedes and mangels; pota aifaifa, Grimm; roots, swedes and mangels; pota
toes, Early Ohio, Rochester Rose, Irish Cobbler Wee MacGregor, Gold Coin, Carman No. 1; corn for forage, North Western Dent, Longfellow, N.D. White.
Spring Prosts. In this climate most of our grain crops must be sown before danger of spfing frosts is past. The only means of leasening the damace from such late frosts as may come are, first, to have seed of strong vitality in order that the young plants may have the greatest possible chance to recover, and second, to have the soil in the best

te wet sesso recelved a giell In 1914 from grasy stubble we grassy stubble sis bushels, while from sere, medium the latter that wiss plowed in the fall a portion of packed and harrowed the riold was fall and disced, nere.

When these perennials are present in considerable quantity in prilirie sod the latter should be broken When backset and both plowings thoroughly done. plowed twice, preferably shallow in the fall and deep in the summer of the following year. When present in stubble, fall plowing left loose, or opring plowing sown to a leafy erop such as onts or barley, will be found effective in controlling thene weeds.

## General Cultural Byntems

Late Fall Cultivation, On stubble land that is to be plowed or surface cultivated in the fall, the sooner the work can be done the more moisture will be. This practice has mueh more than pald its way under our conditions here during the past six years and it has at the same timie alded very maierially in controlling weods.
Plowing Jinder Heavy Stuhble or Cosase Manure. These substances when plowed under add consider able organie matter to the soil, but in our dry elipate they do not decay rapidly and often leave the soil so loose that the up ward movement of moisture is interfered with and the yield of the first erop after the application is often decressed. This is one of our difficult problems. Where organie mat. Ler is largely needed naither stubble nor manure should be
burned but after being plowed burned but after being plowed worked down to a frm eondt worked down to a firm condi-
tion. Manure should never be applied thickly for grain erops, the thinner the applica. tion the larger the total returns are Iikely to be.
Leaving Plowed Land Un harrowed. Loss of molsture from plowed land left unhar rowed has in our tests deereased the yields of wheat by. nearly fwo bustiels per aere. We are of the opinion drift badly the land should be harrowed as soon as possible harrowed is plowed.

## S.G.G.A. President's Address

## Address of J. A. Maharg, M.P., at the opening of the Regina Convention

 of an immediate peace. While
there are indications in that direction, yet we lave no guar direction, yet we have no guar
antee it will not continue for antee it will not continue for
yeara. I sometimes wonder if yeark. 1 sometime wonder if is not sonte other force working silently. It is said this is not a war of conquest or for extension of territory, at least all the nations taking part
say it is not, and we must give them eredit for sineerity. The most popular reason advanced is, If this is nog thes it is the duty ind demencracy. fighting for demoeracy to put their houses in order fighting for demoeracy to put their houses in order before she enters therein, otherwise her entry may be deferred indefnitely.
There is very littlo in a mame. We may have a most democratic form of government and yot be governed in a most autocratie way, and vice versa. is is not that determines whether it is demoeratically governed or not. Rather is it the laws and the administration of the laws that reveal this.
Believing this to be logical reasoning, I will make just one comparison. We complain bitterly, and justly so, of the German submarine warfare and air raids, but have we not amongst ourselves and our allies engines of destruction and waste
permitted by law whote death nnd misery-propermitted by hnw whote death nnd misery. prosubmarine and aeroplane combinedt If, as President Wilson says, we have got to make the world safe for demoeracy, then I am eonvinced that the first thing for us to do to hasten that day is to put our own house in order, 50 that He who has power to withhold or give will not hesitate to place nule of equity and justice where right shall be might.

> West Now Holds Balance of Power
> Another change of great importance, not only to the people of Canada but to our Empire, bas been the moving of the balance of political power from eastern Canada to the west. It may seem strange that the most recently and sparsely settled part of a country should be in this position; yet if cou Will stop to consider, the reason is quite a Thent in so far as our own country is concerned. with a vision, with a faith and determination. to succeed not possessed by the average individual to undertake pioneering in a country such as this. These people having come from the four corners of the earth and being forced as it were to live close sight into the essentials required for the success. ful building up a true democracy, consequently it is only natural that the great social and economic roforms should spring from within a great cosmopolitan people such as we have here in westarn Canáds.
weh sater for the balance of vented is as people sach as are over such a large area the hinsid of the people of abe of two provisie in which
there har slways bees more or here har always been more or
lean of a tendency to mee only lese of a tendescy to see only
their own yroblems, which have been largely of neoo of of proteeted indastry. The people
of Wenters Canita hive mere of Weters Cansta have more of less complaised of the in:
sbility of unwillignoes of Easters Canaila to rexognime the western viewpoint in matters of legralation in the part. apouin the people west of the Oreat Lakes will have only themselves to blame. If we
are to maintain this poaition tie will have to be ever on the alert, as forees, if not
now, will later be at work to gain divide the people of the party politicias and trme the party politician and great
financial and manufaturing interests may sgain hold away So much has been said on this subject that one beritates to dwelf at any length on it:
However, as so mach depends However, se so mach depends
on this, I may be pardoned an this, 1 may be pardoned
for making a few observations. A great many ways have bees sugrested, some of them in:
volviag the expenditure of volvirg the expenditure of immense sums of money by the
government in bringiag land clation under cultivation; the removal of the duty on ma-
chinery and supplipe to be used by the government in carrying on this \#perk an: many others.

Practical Methods of Incressed Production The estimated increased acreage in the most pm. bitious scheme advariced is one million acres in the west, or an average of between four and lave My opinion is that if the government will give those now on the land thesd game concessions, pro-

## Board of Directors' Report

The day following the laat convention, February rom full board met in Moose Jw and electe from their number four members to aet on the
exeeutive with President Maharg and Vile President Hawhes. The following members were chosen: J B. Musselman: Thos. Sales, R. M. Johnson and J. II, Rooke. In adition to this three other meetinge of componed of the 16 district directors, five directors at large, the president and vice-president.
One of the first questions that your board discussed was that of the Saskatchewan Co-operative E'evator Company entering into the distribution of supplies. Althovgh the executive handled all the negotiations with the eievator company, they aiways ware willing that the matter be fully disenssed at any of our board meetings.

## Conservation and Greater Production

The gravity of the world's food shortage was vividly impressed upon the delegates in the directors' report and ail were strongly urged to give
their strongest and most persistent support in the greater hog production campaign. Conservation of fuel, especially of coal and gasoline, was urged.
Coal constitutes one-half of all the freight carried On American railways. Ontario is almost wholly ependent on the We states for conl, having none of her own. We should produce our awn re:
quirements in the west and relieve the United states of the burden of supplying much of our wants. Organization for production and a little
more thought and care are neeaed. Westerners more thought and care are neeaed. Westerners should be prepared to take delivery of large quan-
tities of coal during summer and store it under cover. Only by doing so can the danger of a ser-
ious shortage during the winter season of 1918 and 1919 be averted.
1919 be averted.
The repponse to the agricultural relief of the
Allies by the restoration of devastated areas in France and Belgiom has been very gratifying.
Waldorf association has already contributed $\& 132$ Waldorf association has already contributed $\$ 132$ and Carlton $\$ 100$. The delegates were urged to
encoufage the locals to contribute freely to this
vide the same aumber of men eatimited to be reypired is the above scheme, asd apesd a portion of the money required to foat same is providing seed and feed for those who were unfortunate in loaing theif erops last year, it will not only result in a great
deal more than one million seres of additional land being brosght under eultivation for'erop is 1919 , being brosght under exitivation for erop is 1919 ;
but will increase the production for the year 1018 by miny mittions of tishels. Our duly in flear malle of inereased production and conservation las bee so fully dealt with by the presidents of the Manitoba and Alberta organiantlons and reported fully
if The Grain Orowers' Guide, that I will not dwell on this phase other thas to exprets my hearty concurrutite in what they lave mila,
The finaseing of the war has ineteased our national debt to wach an extent that it will require fallest extent in order that we may be able to Heat our otiligatlons.
These resourtes will have to be developed in such
manner that the wealth derived from them will a manner that the wealth derived from them wil either go into the Dominion treasury direct or to those whose labor has been expenided in developing them. Should this wealth be permitted to go int The hands of corporations as in the past, then seek the assistance of some more wealthy nation and cease to be an entity, repudiate our debte. or be sold to the highont bldđter. There is no use winking at our troublea; better to face them and make preparation to deal with them when the time arrives.
There
There never whas a period in the history of our organiration when we required to show a greater pirit of moderation and tolerance than at the present time, not only in provincial and Domininon, in national and international affairs. Fdi torials are being given, opinions by individuals and organfistions are being expressed, some of which are of a very drastic nature, some intimating what action you should take. I Fould ask you not to be influenced unduly by sueb, and keep in mind the fact that these are largely the expression of individuals, many of whom are not in a position to be great many of you here. Give due respect to your great many of you here. Give due respect to your the purpose of our great convention. I truat that the spirit of good will and forbearance shown in the past will dominate our convention again.
fund. Mr. Maharg is eliairman of the Saskatchewan Special attention was drawn to the Saskatchewan Greater Production Loan and the fact that this was Tistablished to give effect to a long-felt need of creilit. Over one million dollars has already been invested in these bonds at five per cent. interest, The fartit loans board have authorized the loaning of $\$ 1,750,000$, only part of which has yet been paid out. This Joan is still on the market and should be invested in, thereby encouraging production and sccuring a better return than is possible through During banks.
During the year a district meeting was held in ings of the 16 organization districts. These minetyear by year and our people are making better vise of this opportunity to present their Idens and suggestions. One result is seen in the fact that resolutions submitfed to the convention are more uniform in their freatment of the various questions now before the association. The advisability of holding these treetings later in the year is being considered. All the meetings were held between The board tis very rratifed at.
The board *as very gratified at the manner in
which Grain Growers, Sunday was recognized throughoult the province. An excellent opportunity was thuw provided for acquainting the people of Was thow provided for acquainting the people of
Saskatchewan with the aims and objects of the associstion, A very large increase in the number of places where this day will
year 1918 is anticipated.

## Tarmers' Platform Recognized

gratifying reeognition of the principles for which the association has stood and is continuing
to exerefee its influence is shown by the frequent requests' whieh come from distant points regarding the principles of the association and propaganda Work, asking for information along these lines. Just recently the farmors of Ontario have asked such

## S.G.G.A. Executive Report

## Reviewing Management, Specific Activities and Business Policy of the Association

required seed and ing their anal land
great
and is 1919 ;
rear 1014 he matter lase loes he Manited fully not dwell
iy liearty naed ear ill require : to their ed is sueh them will
rect or to levelopisg go into
then 1 hy nation debts, or ane winkthe time

The annual report of the eseeutive of the Bae katelbwan Orain Growen' Amociation, prosentel
 the secreary's report and the treametr's state
 hive such an encomaragiog report in wiow of the way have wech an encouraging report in riew of the way The coeperative purchaing setivitied by vitiealarif ranmel, inefferient and insufferient trantiontaio fandities, eontinues shortagoo of tuptian of prices, the enlistimest ond constription of number of the mont experienced of the staff and the coatinued watinisg sttemte on the part of ative porthasing In ppite of this the departmer prapered sut of all proportion with previous yan Daring the year a large sumber of confereneen Wd
bren attended by meabers of the erecotive ald tome were in attendance at each of the 16 distric conventions held during November and December and at a large number of local Orais Orowers gatherings.

Oanadian Counell of Agricaltere Recegnised
'Probably in no year since the inception of the Grnie Growers' Atsocistion werr the rastits of it work in various conferences wo evilent or to great
 important viecory and one that should have perme menbers of the government it Ottuma meoonition of the Canadian Couneil of Agrieviture is the moththiese of the western farmerre ood the ouk miesoion to it before enactument of the proposen regulations to commandeer the 1917 the propen Had the Grain Growers' Amociation in ail the year of its existence necomplished nothing eles, it would otill have fully juatifed its being by its service to western akrienture in this one matter slone Your executive has no desire to east any diseredit upor those who made the proposal which the conneil saw ft in your interest to reject, but wishes to im. prese upon you the slmost incalcelable value to your selves of being fully organized and able to exprese yourselves collectively through a common centra offeial body fully converanast with all the details of local conditions of grain production and market. ing Probably ns a resut of this setion on the part of the council the federal government saw fit to eonstitute a Board of Ornin Sapervisort, composed of men carefully selected to represent the rarious interests concerned in prodoction and marketing
of krain and embracing in its membertio the of grain and embracing in in to membernhip the
prasident of the council,' $H$. W. Wood of Calgary. president of the couneil, H. W. Wood of Calgary;
Alberta. The goverament conferred very wide powers upon this body of men. Through t, after *heat erop were $f$ xed ation, prices for the 1917 wheat crop were oxed and arrangements, arrived at handing of it sittings of the Board of Grain Sapervisors, where evidence was received from the narious bodies in. terested, praetically every organization outaide of Arriculture, requegted the board not to fix the Agricenture, of Thequegted bet met maximum ned minimum price with a wide magin between, their purpose beyond all doubt being to leave foll opportunity for those skilled in the business to buy the farmen' Wheat as near the lowest price as possible and to sell the same to the Allies' buyer as near the maximum as possible, A clearer ilfoustration of tho fret that all proft of specuhtion must be taken either out of the produeer or the consumer could not well persistent demands of this dozen or so powerful organizations that minimum and maximum prices be set would have influenced the board of supervisors or not, but it would appear that the einai of Agrieutiture in demandiag a fixed price and such control as would eliminate all specelation, for the control as would eliminate all specuation tor
ehairman ealled the written statement of the Council 'a statesman like. presentation.' If time permitted it, real value would acerve to your organion
zation by careful analysis of the peresen situation of grain marketing in Western Cananda sorfice to say, however, that after eliminating from the tween the price actually paid the producer of wheat twen the price ectuan paid the producer ory meech
and that paid by the British milter is very mient less than in years when there was no government
control, and when the investment required was a mere fraction of what it now is. What woild hare been the case had our wheat been handled without government control is very well exemplified by the enormous difference botween the prices reecived y many farmers, and those demanded of others

proper one for you to delibernte while is tonvention : Will ve go bivk after the mar to the mame old
 thatron youa if set better vervice tan bo merurol| for A mere traction of the coan which formenty *an iovied spos woriety!

Amonget other important results of conferencer perticipated is are the fixing of prices on flour and mill feed, securing of as agreessent from the millers to sell feed without the old and burdenoome condition of sellisg with it larger quantities of nour, government control of

Orocers' Monopoly Truatratyd
"One of the moat important eonferevices istiended By mambers of your eqeeptive wss ose with W, J. Hanna, Food Controller, and his collespues, at Ot taws, when the outrageous recommendations of the Grocers' Committee for the control of the distribution of groceries and other food suppliee were
discussed. At aome time durisg the convention an epportunity will be provided for farther disensalon of these recommendations, but your executive wishen to point your atteation to the fact that the or-

J. B. MUsaEtMay

Becretary Snakatehewan Orain Growers' Assoelation ganived grocery trade is still waging war, as it id three years ago, upon co-operative undertakings, and that in these recommendations it was seekin to deal a death blow to co-perative merchandising and to establish for itself a monoply of the business of food distribution, an effort which might weil have succeeded but for the vigorous fight put up by sutional economy. That this attempt was made in the name of patriotism and that it has a great thie name of patriotism and that it has a great legitimate' traders proves that not all tae enemies og democracy live aeross the Atlantie.

Following out our general policy of departmentalizing the assoclation's activitles with a man at the head of each department, your executive secured the services of II. H. Mekinney as superintendent of organization. The effects are already evident of the aggressive organization policy thus launched. We hespeak for Mr. Mekinney the hearty eo-operation of all. We are confldent that his ambitious program of ' 30,000 members for 1918 ' is not at alf beyond possibility of attainment if
"Daring the year no grants were received by the Daring the year no grants were received by the asociation for carrying on organization work ex ept that from the Saskatchewan Co-operative Ele llied with the interests of the association made grant to your organization department this year of the generous sum of $\$ 5,000$.

## Extended Publicity

In line with our aggressive organization policy and educational campaign, we greatly extended our ase of the puble press late in the friendly to the association, and very large nambers riendly to the association, and very large numbers of papers have from time to time copied association articles, or published artieles especially furnished mider which in each Saturday issue there is reserved for our exclusive use a page or the major served for our exclusive use a page or the major

Daily Poat, The Regina Leader and The Bakatooe Star. Arrangeanents with other important Sas katehewan papers are pending sisu.
"Under ibe agreemest entered inte with the publialiers of these important periadicals,-no re atriction Whatever is placed upon the eharacter
of the matter peblishel is the of the matter published is the asoelation't pag of the pelley advocated therels. We are at liberfy
to diffor sa maeb as we ehoose frem the ation to diffor sa maeb as we ehoose from the editoria
pelley of the pupers in pelley of the papers in question. Yach of these pages is therofore an offieial organ of the sasociathe euperviaion of the Cy it and published andew the supervision of the Central secretary. Throwg. is being spreat is thomands of hames is Aaskat chewns that could not otherwise be resplosi, and that are not resenhed by The Grain Orewers' Oisite, in whleh, as a matter of cosmisa, the assopistion
 reaphing each week probiably 50,000 homes in Bas kateliewan. Yeu are deeply indebted to the pub lishers of the papers samed for their friendly 60 operation in formarding the educational and propagandist work of the association, and we should tike to see bealde The Gaide one of other of these papers go inte the home of every farmer of this province
The pheneminal growth during recent years of the preatige and influesice of your association and the high respeet in which it has come to be
held by the generat pubille is well demanstrated held by the general publle is well demonstrated by the treatment it is receiving from these great Gaskatehewan daily papers and by the prese in
general. Only a few years ago it was very diffenl! general. Only s few years ago it was very diffieult
to get the views of the sesociation hefore the general public, because of the apathy, fadifferesee. or epposition of the publie press. Today, at fases so fip as Baskatcliewan is concerned, thf at lesest all been elhanged, and now the publie press is our ehlef agent for the spreading of those doctrines for which you have so long been contending. The wonderful progress whieh many of these doetrines have made and the'grip which many of them have now secured upon the general publie of the Dominion of Canpda eaght to fill you with the stmost
satisfaction.

The Women's Bection
Mach good work was aceomplisied during the year by the Women's Seetion. Ita setivities will be reported separately by its own offeers, but no doubt may be entertained as to their value to the many to think of the Women's Meetion an wome many to think of the Women's Beetion as some. tion. This impression should be corrected. The Women's Section is formed from womect members of a local, and the women members have exactly the same standing in the local and is the associa. tion generalily as have the men. Women are as much entitted to lotd office fin is tocal of tis the Central as are men, and the provision for Women's Bections is merely intended to provide convenient machinery under whieb the women ean get together by themselves for the prosecution of those aetivities whieh they are by sex and training especially fitted for and in whieh men generally do not seriously interest themselves.
'Besides a number of loeal seed fairs held throughout the province, there was agala held at the Regina exhlbition an association seed grain exhibit. It is regrettable that the number of exhibitors participating was less than in 1916, for fter all, grain production is the prinsijal source of livelibood of 90 per cent., of our farmers, The following is a list of the prize-winners and prizes awarded: Ist, Bulyea, 8100 ; 2nd, Rockhaven, 875 ; \$30; Eth, Dafoe, $825 ; 7 \mathrm{th}$, Macliorie, $\mathbf{8 2 0 ;}$; 8th, Bel$80 ; 0 t h$, Dafoe, 825 ; 7h, Mackorie, $820 ; 8 t h$, Bel \$5, Specials: Barley, Buffalo Hors Loenl, gold 65, 8peciais: Bariey, Buffaio Horn Eoeni, goid Roekhaven Loeal, gold wateh.
it is worthy of note that Rockhaven Loeal, which in 1916 won first prize and the grand chal. lenge shield donsted by the Baskatehewan Co-operative Elevator Compray, was suceessfui in 1 Ni7; taking second prize for the group and special prizes for the best samples of wheat and oats. Bulyes Local is to be congratulated on winning first prize and on being the holder of the grand challenge shield. Bulyea was also a prize-winner last year, oceupying fourteenth position. This undertaking is worthy of the heartiest co-operatios of all locals throughout the province. These annual exhibits can Saskatchewan se well ss to the 8.g.0.A. if large numbers of loeals will participate each year.

## Banner Competition

"Last year an interesting banner competition was instituted in connection with the convention.

# Mrs. McNaughtan's Address 

President of Women's Section S.G.G.A. reports increased membership and reviews progress of past year

1 submit with pleasure my fourth snnasl report
of the Women's Bections of the Saskatelirwas Orain Growers' Ansociation. Owing to the illaes and resignation of our secretary, Mise Btoeking, it Whir deemad stvisthe by our executive
anowid carry on har rratifying fentervention
One of the most gratifying festures of the year's
work has been the inerfaced women's memhersio and this in a year whes labor problems are makipy farm life, under most eireumstanees, extremely dif? feult. Here is one of many similar reports. "For many weeks it seemed as if ourW.a.a.A. had faded Into nothingnos. But this state of insetion was due to the very real faet that were wholly engaged
women in eo-pperatiou with the men in harvesting and threshing
We, however, proved our wef hor eilit $s$ ivifal foree by estrying through successfally a patriotic ooek soeial on No vember 30, which realized the unexpected return of 8189 ." ain our women's memberahip ditions, what are our poemibill ties in normal timest And now briefly, a review of our activities.
In common with the other organized bodies of women
throughout the Dominion, our W.O.C. efforts have been mainly-along patriotie lines. Large sums have been raised for the Red Cross, Belgian Relief, Military T:Tr.C.E, Botad iers' eomforts, and Halifax
Disaster funds ${ }^{\text {and }}$ Sums as high as *502 and $\$ 370$ have been raised in one evening Additional patriotie work has been done in raisin funds, to purchase, as a special W.G.G. gift, an ambulanef which will earry the embiem of cour as sociation, for the front. 0 wing to a misunderstanding, placing the cost at sormintyead of troo the fund is not yet ent 11000 , wre to hant We are promiend a photograph of the ambulance show. arg the emblem, when complete.

Medical Ald
The next most aetive work of our seetion has been eonrected with the medical aid question, eovering rurat medical inspection in schoois; the
municipal hospital seheme, and the distriet nurses. Munie porrespondence has been received and much literature has been distributed on this subject. Grain Growers' children are at least equal in importance, to Grain Growers' hogs, and our women's sections are demonstrating this fact. It is for our association to see to it that adequate medical and nursing facilities are placed within reach of all. Only by

## Our Young People

This subject has been given a growing amonnt of attention. In some cases, Juvenile Clubs, fostered by the local or W.G.G.A. have been formed. Others report a "Young Peoples' Day," or of sending a boy or girl delegate to one of the various conferences. Srany have requested a copy of our Young young peopie will figure puite largely in next year's young people will igure gowell said, "What we do for our boys and girls today, 1935 will show." What elass of 1935 Grain Growers shall we as an organization develop

## Our Non-English Problem

Right here, may I speak a word on behalf of our non-English-speaking settlers, A lady recently gave me her experiences with some non-Enguis-speaking
giris. She gathered a class together and tried to interest them in their own folk songs and dances but without success. Finally one said We Canadian, we want to two-step, and two-step they did. she dressmaking class, in which they learned with much zest, and a degree of taste to dress "like good Canфtians." They want to become good Canadians, and will do so under sympathetic treatment, and in our young peoples work in our association, unfettered by race or ereed, is our finest opportanity.

## Interest in Public Questions

Evidence of interest in public questions, by many of our sections came to hand in the form of protests against the War Times Election Act, against
quantities to be ined for weh destruetive parpowe St the manafacture of liquor.
Srance, Belgluys are shend of as Women in Trance, Belglum snd Berbia know how it feels to vee their elilidren wasting from starvation Thile the men have been fighting to produce food; been working in the fielles Hormes and oxes are sarce and hundreds of women have even drasked the ploughe themeslves bot. . the eropes of France are steadily failing."

Lord Rhondda says "We look to the resourcee of Can: ads, and to the indomitable energy of Cundians. for an answer that will shatter Cany's threat of starvation, Canads is akked to raise
000,000 but
buitels more wheat this year. We are told that in England men have had to be recalled from the front to proluee wheat, that in England, one man, ean only produce 200 builitis of wheat per season, while a man in Canada
ean prodace 2,000 bushels. ean produce 2,000 bushelealize the service he ean render starving Europe
We are asked to produee the maximum amount of vegetables, poultry and pork .Buppose we farm women produce vegetables and poaltry to our utmost limit. What guaranfuee to prestieal ends and not simply overflow loeal mark. ets, wearing ourselves and benefting nobody 1
We are asked to nse substitutes for beef, bacon and wheat, wherever possible. Is that a very great sacrifice, compared with the hardatips of those We hope to help, enduref if our garden produce will ansist couservation very materially, why cannot

## W.S.G.G.A. Secretary's Report

## Mrs. McNaughtan and Miss Stocking report on work for the year

Takins over the secretary's work in the middle of the year, it is somewhat difficult to give an has followed three distipet lines-patriotic, medical aid, and "Our Young People." It think this is an excellent sign. When we first organized, in our efforts to settle the affairs of the nation in -one season, we spread ourselves out so far, trying to cover too many subjects, that we seattered our lorees ana the activities reported and learn by past mistakes.
Rather few of our sections have repotted the study of public questions, with the exception of prohibition and the War Times Election act, on Which there was a general expression. There is real reason for this, in the fact that our women have been so fully engaged in extra physieal labor coming year, but if we an maintalin the ground we have gained, increase our memberehip and wherever possible our interest, we shall be prepared to take up further work when opportunity offers. In response to the report forms sent out, 50 seetions (less than one third) responded. From these reports, I was surprised to learn that libraries were not so generally established as 1 had supposed. plied, one has a magazine elub and 24 reported plied, one has a magazine elub and 24 reported
great pleasure to report on the amounts raised by these 50 sections as follows.

## Fed Cross

## Belgian Relief

Military Y.M.C.
Returned Soldiers
soldiers' Comforts
Ialifax Relief Fun
Rest Rooms .

[^0]policy of food enaservation! We read of Germany of tor large mumicipal dryisg planta for fruito and vegetables which became great national food habitants of amail townan and villages were required to bring all satplus vegetables, and of the thind method of convervation by drying with the iterant drying machines which were test through the rural
we resd of somens' institute is Parkhil, Ontario, this summer establishing a canning centre where they have niresady canned about 85,000 worth of vegetables and fruit and chicken for the military hospitals in Oreat Britain. Bhow us to what parpes

## Need for Trained Worken

The greatest need of our women's seetion to-day In trained workers. The demand for organisers and speakers far exceeds the supply, We hav vomen willing to come forward if opportunity of trainisg is offered them. The training course sug gosted by the Special Stady Committee would go har to meet this need. If our women's seetion hol the lines they have gained and play their part and Conservation, our contribution to tho Coctio Aromers' A sociation will be worthy of the Who weleome us so whole-heartedly linto ghe work and-I know we shall not fail.

THE BOHOOL LUNCH
Answers to a questionnaire went to all of the
rural and viliage sehools in Kavkatehewan indicated rural and village ehools in Saskatchewan indicated that about 12 per cent. serve a hot dish to the
papils at noon. The teachers in the seliools where pupils at noon. The teachers in the sechools where the hot noon luneh was served stated its advantages The followa: The sehool attendance is Ymproved. The ehildren are trained to be more effelent, self-
reliant and seonomical. It makes for a well cos. dueted sechool room during the noon hour. Con. ditions are more homelike and mociable. It is a means whereby ehildren may be taught table man. ners. They are more considerate and patient. It makes them tidy. They are more interested in the chool and do better work. Their heaith is better. No food is wasted, for the ehildren eat all of their
cold luneh.

## W.O.OA Further Donations

From Central Office Fund $\qquad$ Red Cross sections contributed to
and to Belgian Relief 81,056.70

One section personally reported. 9044.31

70 sections therefore raised $\ldots \ldots ., 59,546,31$ ral riporteunts they thed therger, but sev loeal Red Cross societies Reports also show sev. eral hundred pairs of socks, shirts, pyjamas, ete. being sent to Red Cross headquarters. I would like to bespeak for your secretary for the coming year, the very heartiest co-operation on the part of our members, so that next convention one hundred per cent--Violet MeNaughtan women

Miss Erma Stocking's Report I have pleasure in submitting to the delegates
of this convention the feport of the secretary's work for the first half of the year 1917,
My first step in furthering organization work My first step in furthering organization work
for the year was assisting the president in com. for the year was gassisting the president in com-
piling the year book. By dectsion of the board, in order to when the circuation, no charges were mare for the bookiet. It is published for the and earry on their work. I would like th see more members in possession of the booklet. Following last convention, I did not receive many requests for information regarding how to organize, but I was pleased to notice the increase in interest in the educational phase of our work.
A latge amount of correspondence was exchanged A large amount of correspondence was exchanged the members in the public questions of the day, I was also able to assist several of our Women's Sections along lines of community work, such as

## Shall the People Rule

The Canadian Pacific Railway has received from the people

We, The Grain Growers' Guide, have formulated a plan which, if accepted by every Local throughout the West, we positively guarantee will Double the membership of the Association. The coupon on the corner of this page filled in and addressed to us at Winnipeg will secure for every interested individual full details of this plan. Now is the time to do the work-mail this coupon TODAY.


12 (352)
ROLAND omoamize
A splendid Orais Orowers meetisi ary hald at holand on Tuestay, Vebre arzaination resulted in revival of the about 40, the meeting was called to order by Andree 0 Orohsm, difertor for Maedonald eonstitueney ham't request that a chairman be ap
peliated, Georke Mowtray was elected to fil , the peoition. stated briefly the parpose of the meel ing, and then introduced the priseripal theaker, J. L. Brome, of Milot Mound Who is vice pribilent of Se pto,
vinelal'-organination. Mr. Brown's vinelal "organimation. Mr. Brown',
addres was listened to with great ap addret ons listesed to with great ap-
preciation. He summed ap the histery of the Grain Growers' Assoriation, em phasivisg the benefts whieb the farm. Ing communities of the wentern provis. and ind received from its artivitie; tioned the groin makketing privilezen the farmers now enjoyed, whith wer took setion. He Also set forth th ideals whith the asoociation held before its members is reapect to the caltiva tral bettermot of the community iff He showed Mbw secemary it was for the westers farmers to hold themselve together in order to prevent their ex. ploitation at the hands of unserupulowe
corperations. They muat develop and orpinals, fie suld lis effect, s ilgt spiril on totals, he said in offect, a Migh spirl do this a very great improvement is the condition of their general affairs would quiekly rewult.
Peter Wright was the next speaker and a very interesting address mas heard from him also. He spoke at some Orowers' Aseociation was doing throngic Growers' Association was doing througb throu in the Centrat avociation min well The Rural Credits and Farm Loans Ac he eited as beneffial pieces of legisla. tion secured for farmers
Other addresses approving the work of the Asoociation were heard from At rew Graham and hov. Geo. Renwiek part the women of the west are begis aing to take in the work, along the linges of community betterment, socia welfare, ete., and he believes they will do a great deal to improve present day consibilities of the growth of a matual understanding and a more sympathetic elationslip beiween fue rarmers and citien of our nation, by which eonditions

## Women's Part in the Work

Last on the program of addresses wa aper by Mrs. Burnett Sloane, on th part women are coming to play in the asoociation. Mrs. Sloane attended the recent convention at Brandon, when the womarate body, affiliated with the asso. iation, and there was much in her Iress that was inspiring. Mrs., Sloane is a member of the Myrtle local, whiel
has over 20 women on its membershi has over 20 women on its membership
roll and it is expected that they will tranize under the Women'o nosereigation After some diseussion organization was proceeded with, issuing as follow President, A. G. Mowbray; vice.presi dent, Geo. Phillips: directors, R. P
Bradshaw, P. Parkinson, Fred Patter Bradshaw, P. Parkinson, Fred Patte
son, Dave Ailison, W. E. Anderson,
Rev. Geo. Renwiek was eleeted hon orary president, and the officers and
directors in session after the meeting appointed Leslie Bennett their secrehevis and D. Allison ss the two direc tors to aet on the executive committee with the president,
The new organization begins its work with high hopes for a large membership
and a future of nseful community ser

## WOODNORTH ENTERTAINMENT

The annual social meeting and dance Tuesday, February 5, was an outstan ing suceess. J. Shoemaker, former pres ident presided in the absence of J. H Stephenson. The attendance was large

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Manitoba

## - M-

and the prograin of a very high order M P, president of the provincial seson, ation, whe dealt at temith with the of. forta anit work of the mavement snd evpecially emphasired the necesaity for
epposition to the attempt helar made ivpoytion to the attempt being made by the railway rompanies to secure in-
preased rates lle drew attention to the faet that in this matter and is the continsed burden laid upos production ly the licavy duties on agrieultural implements there is still necesily for or anization and activity on the part
of the farmers. Ilis addres was fol of the farmers. Itis address was fol-
fowed with elose attention and deep is. fowed with elose attention and deep ia-
lerest. On motion by Mr. Wredlow seconded by Fred Milbarn a resolation

 the national an-
them lunch was 5umb erved and the enjoyed themralves with daneing for some hours. The evening's entertainment was regarded as one of the most
successful ever enjoyed by the asooria. succes
tion.

On, January 25, a new local associ ation was organized at Willen, Man. The initial membership list of the new organization totals 22 and the prospect
are good for an increase of the number and a succesaful year's work Oficer were as follows:-President, P. Nelson; vice-president, F. E. Cullen; secretary-

## marketing your grain

The term "Marketing'" as used this connection covers every phase load of grain is hauled into town to be loaded over the platform into a car or delivered to the local elevator, and continues right through until the grain minal elevators, after which it may be unloading.

## Ordering Cars

The first step is to secure a car the platform or through the loeal elevator. The Canada Grain Aet provides that at each station where there is a
local agent and where grain is shipred, a car order book shall be kept for the purpose of permitting owners of grain
to make application for carssin which to ship same. The Act provides that an applicant may order a car accordin ard sizes in use by the Railway Compan ies. In case he requires to order any special standard size car, the applicant
shall have such size stated by the sta tion agent in the car, order book and the railway company shall furnish the size
ordered to such-an applicant in his turn as soon as a car of such specified capac ity can be furnished by the railway company. Inthe event of the railway chare not of the size required by the applicant first entitled thereto, such applicant shall not lose his priority but shall be ordered, placed at his particular station. It is provided that there shall be
liserimination between country eleva: it is also provided that a car shali not be deemed to have been awarded unlesa it is in $\%$ proper tondition to recelve grais. No applicant ean have his name of the ear offler book for two unfiled
orders at the same time. This asplise orders at the same time. This applies equaily as weil to an elevator company, as 6 a farmer. It must be understood,
however, that in elevitor tompary may have on order several ears to be placed mav teir elevator, only one of whieh may be for their own graia, the othen being for farmers who have grain Ping it out for their own secount.
as an agent for ano for anyone to alet as an agent for another in the ordering of a ear, but if sueh agent sigms the ear order book on behalf of the appliagent his appointment as the agent of the applicant. In such eases, the rail. Way arent has fulfilled his obligations When he notifes sueh agent or the applicant of the allotment of a car, and it
is provided that the applicant or his aprent must declare his attention and ability to load the ear within It hours from the time sueh notice is given. In the event of the anplicant being unable to lond the car, the railway agent immediately cancels bis order on the ear order boot and awards the ear to the
next applicant entitled to it. It is furthermore nroviled that if the anplicant after declaring his intention and
ahility to load a car shall not have commenced loading within 24 hours from the time of the notice to himself immediately cancel the order and award the ear to the next annilieant It must be borne in mind that it is illeral for anv apolicant who may be unahle at the moment to use a car, to arranre
with one of his neiqhhors to tale his
tarn an the ent erilet hont on the lerstan tine that he will tale tise anderatanding that he will take his neigh-

## Losding Platforms

## on written suriliestion to the hasel

## in with on -ll is of theneren

## the ammlieation be the linspd, the rail.

 Fav enmmany shall. within a certain form switahle for the numwee of leading No eharom vehieles direct inth eara. use of sueh loadine nlatforms and the railuav enmnanv will furnish eary at aImadinu nlatform inst the sama as thourh the ornin were being loaded through the

## hent elevntar, bing lo longin over

 the Nlatform will, of eonrse, matan nenthe least nossihle delov in order to after the frst 24 hours. It is well to make cerfain that a car is in fit enndlitinn to carry grain as a very small laskwill snon run awav with a larce volume of grain. After such ear has been loadrailway agent to have it hilled out. The known as "Bulk Grain Bills of Thad ing " These are issund in dunlicate flll in the name of the shimping noint and the date, to whose order he wishe his own order or to some comrany he
wishes to handle it for him, giving the address of such company or his own address on the next line, as the case may he wishes advised of the arrival and of advisable in this connection to have a ear shipped to the advice of the company he intends having his grain sold the advice of inspection and the unloading of the car with the least-pos-
sible delay. Care should be exercised

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in writing the correct car sumber and initial of cor on the shipplag bill. The bill should thes be signed in the bottom
teft liand corner. Ifter which botl coples are hasded to the railway arent whe will sigh the yellow eqyy and re-
turn it to the shipper, who is tars for turn it to the shipper, who is tarn for
wards it to the company handling his Wards it to the
irfifin for Him.

## Country Elevatoss

Orain delifered to a country elevator A By selling is individual maron load lots at whatever grade and price the elevator agent is willing to give for the el
same.
B. B. By obtaining what are known as graded storage tiekets, that is a tieket sased by the elevator eompany guaran leeing the weight and grade of the
crals, whick permits the owner fo sell at any time he wishes cases where graded storage tiekets are lisused it is avaslly the exatom to buy nueh prain at what is known as the street price, or is other words, the
vrice that is paid for individsal wston price that is paid for individual wagon carload, hat when sufficient grain is tellverat to make up os eartont tot the elevator companies usually parchase sueh grain at a price that is based upon the value of the grain losied on
traek at the shiping point and is track at the shipping point and is lawn as a track,
market conditions. market conditions.
C. By seeuring a
reserving the identity of bin and thus preserving the identity of the grain, in
whieh ease the elevator company only guarantegs the weight and identity, and the owner of the grain either makes his own arrangements for the securing of a car in which to ship out the grain, in which ease he can follow the same procedure as in the
over the platform
When grain is shipped out in this manner the elevator company will de manner the elerator company will de
mand the return of the storage tiekets whieh-were fesued as the igrain was being delivered, as well as payment of their handling eharges and any storage that may have aceraed against the arain before they will deliver to the
owner the railway bill of lading. When rain is shipped through a special hin in this' manner, the' owner obtains the total net weight of the storage tickets surrendered to the elevator agent at the time of shipment irrespective of the weight unloaded from the car at the erminal elevator. Should there be a shortage, it is necessary for the elevator company to adjust with the owner of
the grain on a basis of the price real. the grain on a basis of the price reaiCharges for handling grain throurh country elevator are from one cent to one and three-quarter cents per bushel , depending upon the kind of grain Which includes 15 days free storage after winch time storage is assessed at
the rate of one-thirtieth cent per bushel er day
Grain requiring eleaning is usually bushel. has been stated above a country elevator receiving grain into store
cuarantees the net weight shown on guarantees the net weight shown on
the storace tickets to the owner of the grain. The only exeeption to this is in case where the owner of the grain desires his grain shipped to a point
where Government weights cannot be obtained and in such eases the elevator weight at the shipping point governs. It might be added that when issuing tate not only the gross weight received but also the dockage through dirt or other cause and show plainly upon the
storage ticket the net weight for which the owner is given eredit. $A$ country elevator is allowed by law to cover in per cent. on straight grade grain and ckage that grain . thisen from special binned grain, but of course, in cases where the agent is-
sued graded storage ticket, he is permitted to take whatever dockage may other reason that dockage wonld be placed against grain by a government
The concluding section of this article, dealing with grading, weighing, sampling, and selling, will appearad did
terest $a$
goterest a
20 cent
s
.$\mathrm{Mr}, \mathrm{M}$.
load th
The me

February 20, 1918


#### Abstract

tradma company for CRATOMYLE At a opecial meetigs of the Crigis, myle loent directer hlore whe elected to preside. Wm. Nixon, secretary U. $\alpha$ 6. loral hoard, seting as meretary. The eveting came to order at 2.45 pim. T3 evcretars was requested to male atate ment concerning the busines of ise meeting after which the eliairms. meeting after whieh the ehairman in a few remarks introdaced Mr. Moly: measx of Leduc, the speaker of the day There were abeut to prosent. and the neaur to address them, he having made an outatanding succes, of co-perative erganisation work at Ledur, but at the preernt time was holdise a mermanest present time was holding a permanent ping other loest co-operative anmotiations


Mr. Molyneanx's Addrese The speaker bogan his addrea by
shoming how Lelos began is a phail
way turchasing *ay, purchasing a earload of salt, mak. ing a grest saving to the members of
the local U.F.A. The farmers of ledar nalect $15 t$ enrs of potatoes in 1916 . Por
vears past they had no market for these yeats past they had no market for these potatees. The price was as cents per loeal merchants handled all the potaket. All potatoes were takes in oo trade nod no eath preid out. M. Morymenux found that these potato muatere being shippent to Calgary in the first place
and thence to Torouto, and were hand. let by commintor ment gotng sho to Chicago and New York City. At Ed-
monton aleo be found Calgary cotnmismontou also he found Calgary edhmis:
sion men buying Leduc potatoes. The local merchants were selling these pota-
toes at the price the commission offered toes at the price the commission offered
and did not look out for the farmets interest at all. There $\mathrm{mar} a$ Alfference of 20 cents per bushel between the prices
in Ledse and Fdmonton. in Ledue and Edmonton.
Twenty-five cents eontinued to be
offered at Ledue so the U.F.A. under offered at Ledue so the U.F.A. under
Mr. Molynieaux's direction decided to load their own ear if it-broke them. their second eafr. as they had ss ss cents for the first. But the speaker knew
the they could get 65 cents for their seond venture. After the seocond ear
Wha touded fis cents wis offered, but Mr. Molyneaux wired to Chicago and finally shipped that car to a commission firm there and realized 96 cents. They have made 8135 clear on ears
shipped to other points. In 1917 they put in a grading outfit, and all potatoes are graded into three or four lots. The
result is that Ledue potatoes are now known as the best in the markets of
the province and the Dominion.

Leduc's Successful Business The speaker also illustrated many
difficulties they encountered in their tuffieuities they encountered in their
finaneial cend of the business in the early stages, but now they were incorporated
with a eapital stock of $\$ 20,000$, and their organizations since that move
has had no trouble in financial matters. Ledue local has 444 members to date, and every member is working with one
object in view-better conditions for producer and consumer alike. (Oats are
their prineipal ecreal erop, and the their prineipal ecreal crop, and the
association has gained for its patrons
from three to from three to seven eents per bushel
righe along, and this without a co-opright along, and this without a eo-op-
erative elevator at that point. Seventy.
five thousand dollars worth of liventock five thousand dollars worth of livestock-
has been shipped through Ledue's asso-
ciation eiation to the Edmonton stockyards
with great satisfaction to the farmer.
For the last nine months they have For the last nine months they have
turned over $\$ 106,000$ worth of business,
They have a therough system of bookThey have a thorough aystem of book-
keeping and their accounts are audited
by a firm of accountants. The address was followed with Craig-
keenest. possible interest by the
myle U.F.A., and many questions asked
and answered to the utmost satisfac-$=-2=$ $-2=$ ciation. The motion carried unanimous:
$\mid y$, whereupon 20 farmers came forward and signed the incorporation provisional board of directors was
elected as follows: Messrs. E. Reed,


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## Alberta

and A. II. Mrowning. To Mr. Till fell the hoont of preident of provisional Eard, Mr. R Jevning being subur
quentiy elected by the beard termetary.
The meeting then proceeled to dis case the amount of stock they to diould
eapitalise the expitalize the company for. It was
novel by Mrears. EA. Nelons and I. movel by Mewr. EL. Nelaon and
Owen and cartied ananimoualy that
 Mears. Nixos and E Stevenas and
earried that the shares. be allotiod at earried that the
if cents each par.
The formetr exprmet their milling sem to work together in earnest for as they feel during this serioss way ai they feel during thia serioss war
time conomy and efflimey mat go hand in hand, realiving that thist is is is this forl of the provines, and not note of pling op of proft. A standing
vas arceriled Mr Moly adaux for the alle and entertaining

000D ybar for cretarton The following report has been ${ }^{\text {r }}$ of Creighton Local: "The year jou ptwed fias been one of the yourt sur ersoful is the listory of our union Our paid-ap membership of as is a bij incesse orver previous years. During the winter months our literary soriety provided weekly entertainments when over the weather was favorable, an I am sure we not only enjoyed them but gained a good deal of useful in
formation which we are all sfter. We formation which we are ail stter. We
hive set out on the same lines for this Winter, but owing to the very severe weather we have done nothing as yet but appoint our committees. During the past year we have held five busines
meetings, which were well attended Any en-prentive baying we have done during the year has been ver metisfactory, not only in a saving of dollars and cents, but also in quality. Which was bought at 50 eents per parl age, whieh, if we had bought it indi Vidually would have cost 75 centa. W alade a considerable saving on twine
 organizations the price was all the way

## apples, which were parchased at $\$ 18$ s

 per box while they were selling locally apples handled through the United Grain Growers saved the farmers of the Mannville distriet 8000.Our motto for 1918 is: "Every farmer member of the U.F.A. and see that he attends every meeting. Also that
that he takes an aetive part in the averal diserusaions which are brought
abm of A local
Morrill, acting secretary of the new local at Gem, sends us the follow. of the enthusiasm prevailing in that local:-" At the meeting last night, wo elected four delegates convention at Calgary. We had an oyster supper and took in 506.85 , with
Which we purchased a fine lot of disher for use in our entertainments, and paid at oysters and erackers. We had an
attendance of over 125, and enrolled seven new members, which brings our "On January 3 , the next day but charter members was aceidentally shot ote in the midst of his fif hting dogs union, as they immediately appointed a committee to attend to every duty I trust our delegates will get ab full of enthusiasm as I feel for the cause that's what we are sending them for."

FAVOR GOVERNMENT CONTROL loval took plare on Saturlay, Jinsustry 12. when SIr. Melntyru from Botony Plain, visited to weak on betialf of Mr.
Stevens, livestok commisionet, on th. Stevens, lirestock commisaionet, on the
subjeet of hag prolaction. The speaker subject of hog prodaction. The speaker frombasired the duty of the farmers the food value of haros, wbirh made The preaident, L. W. Taverner, followel, ond reicel the intention of Kinsells Termers to produre pork, even with the expectatios of a loss, for patriotio reasoss, but attarkied in trenchast particalastly with tegard to doekage on fat hoge of ase pounds or over. The meet. ing shawed their aympathy in this by fasuing the following resolutiontIn the guision of this meeting of Kin: sells local, if the government would plants, and eliminate the excessive dockares and the riek of fiooded mar-
kets, it would give kets, it would give un more sasuraned that our loweris hog produrction would of paeking plants, we would recommend of paeking plants, we woold recommend
that the paeking howe profts should
be linite to that the paeking house pronto shoud
be limited to five per eent. on their capital
Stonelaw Loeal is still sdding to its inembers and gives promise of inerefs. ing ise memberwip under the two dol which is reached on the one dollar baris. The secretary reports that at their regular meeting the loeal pased a re-
solution lending its support to those of its members whose good conduct could be vouched for but who were umable
for various reatons to horrow from the bank on their own security. The local is giving its support to those eases exelusively for the purpose of purehasing seed grain, thus giving a demonmunity service and a desire to ald in patriotie work all at one and the same time. This of course is not the first instance that a local has aseisted its members along these lises, but is men. with the exercise of proper eare the practice could be extended even more

## Elmer U.Y.A. Local held its firet

 meeting for the present year on January 14. K. A. Morton was elected presi-dent for a second term. Your delegates dent for a second term, Your delegates
were sent to the convention- $\mathbf{E}$. Beek, II: Beeker, J. Beek and W. Ditehfield.
Pourteen members were entolled at the Yourteen members were parolled at the
meeting, and at a successful pie social, meeting, and at a successful pie social,
held on February 1, nine more paid held on February 1, nine more paid
the new fee. A enmpaign to strpans last year's record of $47^{\prime}$ members is being instituted, U.F.A. events for the
first part of the session nelude: Febfuary 20 , lecture, Jerusalem in war history; February 22, Cance and social;
Mareh 27, Lecture, Farm Engineering: April 17, lecture.
We are pleased to learn from W Brackenbury, Jr., eeretary of Nilrem Local, that their membership and the
interest diplayed in their meetings and interest diplayed in their meetings and
activities is fully maintained. The members include a goodly proportión of ladies, who give help of a social na-
ture, which appears to attract a good ture, which appears to attract a good
attendance. At the same time the adcluding the increase in cost of farm implements, etc., give rise to interesting is every appearance that the union is The Radway Centre Loeal held a ary 26 , and though the attendance was themselves. The local will give a dance at the Radway Centre school-house on February 22 , Everybody is
The ladies will bring baskets.
353) 13

We have the followisg repert fres Mra, B. Bievensen of the Mirror loeal of the U.F.W.A. "The merting held an Matarday, Jasuary 19, at the hores of
the president wes a deelided soctes. the president was a decided ose ess
One new member was admitted and as

 D. M. Jewall gave sis a very interesting D. M. Jewall gave as a very
eddres en'Ifome Keonomy.
"We deelded to held our meetiser in
"Wirren, on the third Beterlay of carls Mirrer, en the third Beturlay of earlo the men's Union, and $\mathbf{w e}$ thonght that loing this and inviting the men to tea afterwards woeld tend toward goed fellowahip and te operation betw ten the two biniege:

Torgier Johnson, seeretary of Leyallat loval, remarks in the course of a to inform yous that aus last mentist ons a great succese. We earolled of ous in great succes. We sempolled in diver at the advanced rate. The loest has now a total memberalip of 41 mean. hers, and at this time next year we hers, and at this time next year we namber.'

## 

## TIMOTHY SEED <br> 40,000 pounds of government cleaned Timothy Seed for sale at low prices, bagged in new sacks of 100 pounds each, and freight paid to any point in Weatern Canada. Place your order now for seed will be higher towards for seed will <br> Write at once for Friee and Sample. <br> Simon Downie \& Soís <br> Carstairs <br> Alberta

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s a epecialty with us. Mall orders
promptly attented to. Reasonable promptly attented to. Reasonable
orices and fully guaranteed. JACKSON BROS.
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[^1]
## Saskkatchewan Farmers' Parliament

Largest Convention in S.G.G.A.'s. History--Progress Reported in all Association Activities


#### Abstract

and nearly woo visitors the seventerant annasi tonvention of the Sakiatehewan Orain Growers' Asociation opesed it. tessions for both men and woinen's    its variose commerrial and edarational artivities. Never in the histary of the moren tro thts mertator, with the other farmers' orpanisation, as a whole, stool so high in reopect of other intercats the worlid over. Never have they exerted so gregt an influence in the affairs of the nation or carried such ofrave rowponsthititios as during the that year. There was as air of bouyant op timism aboyt this convention and a feling that ghe asoociation is jost becinning to reilize its immense posel. oilities as a faetor in the ereation of bilities as a factor in the ereation of true Connalisn eltivenship; that though troe Constian eltivenship; that thopgh the future will demand great secrifices from its members, the Matkatehewan Grin Growers' Asoceiation is fully alive to ito duty and intends to fulfil that duty In the nijhest posaltole sume. The convention this year was extend. ed to cover four days and held its informal "ret together meeting" on Informal "Get together meeting" on Monday. The Metropolitan Methodist Monday. The Metropolitan Methodist Chureh, deeorated with the results of Church, deeorated with the results of the Baaner competition, necommodated the Banner competition, inecommoaided the meetinjus. Many intereating talks on a wide variety of subjects featured the fint gathering. Beeretaries of loenals took a prominent part in this diseuscion. Lave many valaable sugzestions on the condruet of schools and dealt briefly with the lanemage eneation One with the language question. One lang uage for all schools, and that Englia Was the main subject of his addres. Opening on Tuesday morning with the national and the finest patriotic the sationsl and the finest patriotic anthems, the invoeation and an inspiring address of welcome and call to duty big gathering got under way. The governor asked that the expressions of opinion adopted by the convention should be representative of the matured and earefully considered judgment of the delegates. He had been proud at the annall meeting of Canadian Red Crown th Toronto week ago of the organization work done hom the way to all the other provinces of the Domin


All the morning session was oceupied in reading greetings from representa-
tives of kindred Saskatchewan Organizations. E. Q. Hingley, manager of the hail insurance board; W. A. Wilson, and J. Byers, president of the Saskateh awan Stock Growers' Association mad brief but highly interesting and en tertaining addresses.
Association and Elevator Company Hon. George Langley in extending
greetings from the Saskatehewan Co operative Elevator Co., dealt partic ularly with the offer made at last year' of trading activities of Central by tha executive of the association was no
anxious that anything should be don and the elevator management was not anxious to do it. However, followin tered into between the two bodies a three special meetings called for that purpose and a form of agreen on which some action might b taken but nothitng more was done. Som
had said the offer made last year wa not sincere but that was untrue. Some was a lack of continuity in the trading activities of Central; that an intermit there was a casting about for business hither and thither in new places rather than strong repeat orders. Following a


#### Abstract

letter and pamphlef isused by the soe retary of the Central stating that the fees a frading of the ansociations had sot leave matters, as they were. Bome alsp felt that the trading sectivitios of thy Gentral had become an integral port of sesult is its ruin. The elevator comp fany sloe lasd hesitated to asump since, in a hesvy sesion with grain a present prices. It would require $\$ 20,000$ 000 or apwards to finance the elevators of the company, filled once. He was no sure the direction of the elpvator Com janies sarplas efforts should be devotel fonies surplas efforts should be devotel of trading but thought the milling in dustry might well be eonaidered a most deatry might well be consider Messages from Crerar and Dunning The remainder of Tuesday was oe uphed in hearing the President's sd dress, published elsewhere in this lisue, feceiving the directors' and executive reporta and discussing and adopting the ame. Daring the afternoon meswagen were received from Hon. T. A. Crerar winister of a crriculture for Canada, and Ilon. C. A. Dunnin है, directer of food production Roth messages brought iplasse from the convention and if was easily observed had a profound effeet in provoking solemn thonght o the seriousness of the food situation. Mr . Crerar's mesage was as folloms Mr. Crerar's message was as follows: he year 1918 wll probably bring the




Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Officers for 1918 The following officers and direetors of The Saskatehewan Grain Growers Association were elected for the year 1918 : Vice-President: A. a. HAWEES, Percival Directors-at-Large:
Thomas Sales, Langham: Mrs, MeNanghtan, Plehe: J. B. Maiselman, Regina
 $5 x+2=5=5$
sternest possible test of fighting forces of Allies. It may also bring the terrible test of starvation to the civil popula lizer for the soil of Great Britain an her Allies, which has been tilled for centuries, is most serious. This with the withdrawnt of so many men from agriculture for army purposes, leaving
the tillage of the fields to old men and the tillage of the fields to old men and children, has brought the food produe
ing power of these countries to a ser ing power of these countries to a ser-
iously low point which seems bound t go still lower. Cansda must do her part not only during the period of the war
but also for a time after the war is over The difficulties of our farmers in pro-
dueing more are great but are nothing to what the people of Great Britain and our Allies are passing, through and are
not great enough I am sure to break the stern resolution in the heart of every Wute limit for humanity's sake." veying greetings was as follows:-
i(W) Grain Growers that the Allies -requir from every 1918 for every teven acres 1917 on the basjs of the average

## Welcomed Returned Heroes

fine touch of sentiment was added
paid for their copy, and were informed that they did help
such preparation. Mr. Musselman said, sueh preparation. Mr. Musselman said, ask for explanations. It should be explained here that T Grain Growers' Guide has paid the Cen iral secretaries jn each province a regalar monthly payment for the past nine prgvincial prepes ing The Guide. The discussion of the financial statements to the constitution oceupied the
rest of Wernesday forennon. Memberthip fees collected showed an increase of some $\$ 1,606$ over the amonnts paid
in 1917. The item of salaries had been due to additions made to cover the growing activities of the association.
Gemeral satisfaction was expressed at the balance sheet, showing net profits Relation of Locals to Central Numerous questions were asked in he locals and the central orgamization cerned, some of the delegates wanting profits credited to them on their debencures. It was explained that under the
ystem in force they must not expect to receive any eash returns on the local investment, the dividends being con-
verted into shares in the central organ

Ination. However, it was stated that
the exeentive had deilid reently
that any sarplas patronage dividend. nceruing to a local mhieh had invented th mare than four delientares could be
taken out, at the losal's option, elither fokes out, at the local's iption, either 1 Pents, it was stated, would be permit. tell to secure patronsge dividenAs for any previous years, provided they be
tame iscorporated, affiliated and take tame incorporated, affiliated and take By eapital dehentures not later than
Oetober 31 , 1918 . Other valuable sug gestions were made, but it was deelded gestions were made, but it was deelded Friday, when the whole matter of trad

Oreat Combinations of Capttal
 -ns entertained by sAdresses fron Prof. W. W, Swangon, of Saskatoon
aniversity and Rev. J. B. Spearer, D.D., eceretary of 'the Rocial Service Couneli of Canala. Prof. 8wanson dealt wifh the fixation of prices, pointing out that
price fixing is no innovation, but obtrice fixing is no innovation, but ob unjustly accused of being profiteers, but the price set, the rise in living couts, ete., entirely belied this. Today prices
wre set on all nationally advertised hrands of goods- Referring to the possible trend of prives during the next
few years, Prof. Swanson noted the great depletion in both grain and live. stoek supplies, the economie exhaustion of Earope, the decrease in ocean ton-
agge and the enormous inflation in paper money in all the warring nations. tries of the world had tripled since the tries of the world had tripled since the
outbreak of the war. The whole trend of orcanization is toward the, formation eapital to finance exports and imporfs,
combinations that would be all powerful in determining prices. A group of in determining prices. A group of
American eapitalists have formed the Ititernational corporation, with a eaphexports after the war, and open up
new trade markets abroad. The bankers of the United Kingdom have
launehed the Imperial Banking Corpor ation, with a capital investment of trade of the whole empire in the nei government has advanced to the Ham burg-American and the North German for economie rehabilitation. with the
for promise to increase this to $\$ 500,000,000$ This unified buying and selling would eeply affeet the economic life of Can-
da and especially its agricultural vigor. The best steps for preparation lay in removing the customs duties on a scale worth while, in organizing foreign
markets, shipping and transportation in the interests of farming and in the urnishing of eheap-a Dr. Shearer, in congratulating the as
ociation on progressive pursnit of it high ideals, referred to the great work w. 'nited Farmers' movement. He calt with the growth of prohibition the Roman church in Quebee for using form in that province. He lauded the greater spirit of unity-now strenigthem tinited States. He believed prohibition essential to the-buitling up of a great away from party slavery and as rapifly as possible broaden ent in our-sympa No Paid: Organizers No regular session of the convention
was held on Wednesday afternoon from $-5$上imzan

## Women's Section S.G.G.A. Convention

## Convention of Women's Section Marks a Long Step in Progress of the Movement


#### Abstract

   ing litiof timid, untried yroup of mome which wet five youre nero ned livid the of farm vomen had vivion and fieth  caspet be gainaid To have, glaneed oree that eirnet, whole suled, thoopto fol sudience; to have follomed their gocial, economice asd rolitical, and to niffeance of their pitans for the fotare. way to have reecived of nee fuith and form wamen are sliling in the aptailadiesusion was given to sill subjects The converotion from leginning to end  of what a convention may be if eare- folly planned und prepared for. The  of pinion mas given. While it was never abued. Im the five years of its Dr. Nhesrer jolsted out three lises of Grais Growers to eoprcatrate The Srat Wi.s the elextsing of pelitios. Ile thourht wotes could best exert theis  Pieserve a balance of mind sod a dis eriminatiay jodgmest. Strive for that evvernment under conselesce. The sfeond line of work talsing and parifying of sorial mon the He sald "Have we a sisgle standard of monals for mes and women is this ptovines. llas the womas olbe has fat fei an equal opportunity to rise as has lei an equal opportunity to rise as has hier partner is prilt. There sever will at eas be as single standard of morals watil women make it ") Il spohe an anitil women make it:" IIe spoke on the problem of the foeble-minded ad vising conplete seqregation. Dr. Shearer's thind line of work was elitd welfare. On this loe spoke not fonger thas to draw attentios to the fact that in Canadaw between 30,000 and toj,000 ehilidren die under one year of age whose deaths are preventable Juat that number of men mave given their that number of men mave given their the war. He concluded by commending these lines of work to the Women Gitain Growers.


 tart, int it is ye th the bethiming runat life douring the nest io yoors women's organizations.The opening seosion The opening maion of the Women's Vebraary 12. After the slinging of the natorn of Minst Baptiot Chureh, offered the opening prayer. Mtr Reynolle Women of Kogina, brought greeting to the Women Grain Growers mid
wished them sucess in the work of the convention. Mras B , V, Haight of Kemer, the vice president, gave her re-
port of the year's work. Miss Irmis Stoeking. former seeretary, read her the year. Mrs. Me Xagightan. Who has
ben aeting seeretary sinee Miss Stoek. ing's withdrawal fromm the work, res
ported for the latter llalf of the year. Thiese reports appeare elsewhere in The alase given, the argere majority of them
reporting trourrex and increased memherstitip. They were decidedly en-

Social Service Speakers kachewan met in Regina on Pebruary The and 12 . The Women's Section of and so was fortunate in having the
work of the council presented by the speakers of the counetl conferene. Dr. heipful addreses on Women and the Boe. ial Awakening. Sr. Shearer said that
the most dominant fact of our life to. day is an awisening thian wo the inter
social with its new vision of relationships. He said "We are geting
a new vision of the needs of sotiety. We are even netting critical regarimg and repronxibilition, How fast pabffe
opinion can make op its mind todny. It ean deeide immediately matters that deliberations. It is partly due to the
tremendous shaking up the world is fied with things as they were so long are not satisfied aniless things are the "We have a riew sense of soeial ree pand are thinking of those people in whom we were not interested, We are willing to suffer on their behaif and
that is the true test of the religion of

Ir. John Me Xewhta

Rev. W. J. Stewart, seretary of the Nothatehewne Social service Crouncil aidresed Preent and Fature Dr it stewart otrined the reent legientation along protibition lines in the various couns
tries of the world. Included in this was tries of the world. included in this was prohibiting the manufacture, importaerage purposes in Canada. In referring ${ }^{2}$ England the speaker said that while there were some improvements the sit.
tration was still appalligg ax $\$ 3,00$, ,000 gorth of liquor feer day was being consumed there the prohibition people or British Columbia, the speaker siid. manted the cereals Canala went to Eng.
lind to tee ueed only for fool. Mr . scewart coneladed his addros by any. the driest country in the world.

Three Splendid Addreeses Wednesday morning's session war eetors' reports and to three splendid addresses. Dr, W. W, Swanson, of the "Feonomie Preedom for Women on the
Farm." Miss Ethel MeLaughlin, Saskntchewan's first judge of the juvenile
court, spoke on the work of the juvenile court, spoke and Mrs, C. E. Flatt, of Tantal
court, spoke on the social evil. Dr. Swanson is a favorite with a sas-
kntehewan audience, and his address on this economie problem concerning far Swanson thought the farmers
West took a long step in the right dir-
eetion when they organized the women ection when they organized the women of the prairies and gave them a definite
place in their program. While great

## women's seotion

Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Officers for 1918
The fallowing offleers and directors of the Women's Seetion of The
Saskatehewan Grain Orywers'A mociation were elected for the year 1918:
Fresident: Mrs. \&. V. HaraHt, Keeler. Directors at Large
concerning wames is induatries se at-
tention bas fees gives to the goftes tention has bees given to the corres ponding problem among the women
workers on the form. The doctor peintworkers on the form. The doetor peintindustrialism had been to take from women in the homes the interestisg work and leaving the more disagreeable
and dradgery work. He theoght that the governmest through the aniveraity the goverament through the aniversity
thatit inifetake in firvetigntton fin the generstigis of ins from straw for the jperation of form marhinery and laber saviay devieres. Ile adrocatel for the more thiekly settled jarts the es
tablishment of cooperative bakeries, anseries and laundries
"Neverthelesa," Dr, Swanson con
tinaen "The problem of erenomit fre tinseel "The problem of ceanamile freedom still faces women. This can only nirisp, that the wife is funt as impertant a farter for acricaltural surcess as the farter for agrieultural suicess as the
farmer himself, and by making specisie former himself, and by making speeific provesion in the family budget to tha! end, formulated seheme for providing ndlitional help to womes in fhe home. It is a sheer impessibility to achiece erneomie freelem if the buriten of laber is so great that the mind has nefther the time nor the apportunity to free itself from the mere details of drudgery. Tis tise nobly one mast have not only the ofpertanity but the means to rise abese
to provide for it and te mother and to
tecent all reqponaibilit arceyt sll reqposaibilitite of parentheod we shall have gone a long wiy towards removing the casse of these terrible "Hiks

Hat mare thas all let as edorate oar yousg people, not a fow but all, is the Arat mit sighest duty of lifo, parent.
hood, and is the second daty, rood eiti hood, and in the second daty, Food eiti,
trnship. Then aseceeling igenerations. trillip. Then sweceeling generations blessed.
"This elaration, aystencatically ar. ranged for and made obligatery at a
certain age, would inatitate s elearing certain age, would inatitute a elearing
house for eor young people, where the house for our young people, where the
cayables sheuld be quatited for the eneot selemes oblipatiens of life, these of marriage and citionalip, and where the incapables, the mental defectives and the disessed would be segregated and receive, as they whould, the tralaing
snd treatment that will make them weeand treatment that will make them wae
ful to the nation and a comfort to theme fulto the nation and a comfort to them
selves even theugh for the safety of selves even theugh for the safoty of
othert ther be fot fermitied to to al farive of to reprodace.
arye or toe reproduce. warsing attered by a judge of the criminal courts in the wel. In speaking of the eassee of proctitution, that ap pear hefore him, he sayst-' Almot in varialiy they are country, girle that eome before me, and whes I take their reeards I realine more and more that they are here in this asd condition be cause of their home surroundings. ean think of so richer feld for real
mociologieal inveatication thas the sociologieal inveatication thas the
farm.' Women of Aaskatehewas, how farm, Women of Aaskatehewan, how
longt shall wesilow this to be sald of our long shall we sllow this to he said of our
girlat. How long shall we permit the conditions that render them an easy prey to the procurer and that send them prematurely to dinhonored graves.
vietims of most loathsome diseases? Let us fight this evil with every weapen at our disposal and ficht to win.'

Public Health
The special Hem of interest on Thursiay morning's session was an ad dress prepared on publie health ques
tions by Dr. Aeymour and resd by Misa tions by Dr. Aeymour and read by Misa
Pithie. Dr. Reymour's addres was Pithie. Dr. Reymour's sddres was
divided into four parts: (1) Medteal Inspection of Rural Behools; (2) Child Clinies; (3) Rural Medieal and Nursing Bervice in Baskatchewan: (4) Bucees of the Municipal Hospital Beheme. In mpenking of the medtent exrminntion of rural sehool children, Dr. Seymour showed by statisties, gleamed from the researeh work of last Oetober, how nee essary, such inspeetion was, Dr. Bey. mour'a address was aplendid and a rare
treat for all who heard it. Perhaps the treat for all who heard it. Perhaps the
most eduestive part of the ecselon an publie health was the interested and fively diseussion following. The farm women who are huilding the great West told of sufferings and difficultien which make immediate remedy absolutely necessary. Mrs. Taylor, of Dinsmore, who, from practical experience in rura nursing, knewn the gravity of the sifu. ation, eiting many cases and urged the women Grain Growers to do everything posnible to assist in remedying it. Sev. crai resolutions were brought in and fuantion. These are printed elocwhere In the afternoon, Mrs. Ids MeNesi, of Expanse, convener of the committee on labor-saving devices, gave a splendid and practical address on her work. Mrs. MeNeal had illustrations and plans Fhich greatly assisted in making elear fier points. Her address wili be given further mention at some future date. oha, Jresident ood, of Oakville, Mani of the Manitoba Grain Growers' As sociation was present and brought greetings from the sister organization. Mrs. Wood said that although Manitobs was just entering the organization she could assure Raskatehewan that Manitobs stood ready to assist and co-oper nte in every poifinhle way, Mri, Witter Parlby, president of the United Farm Women of Alberta was unable to at inge by telegram. inge by telegram.

## Discussion on Trading Activities

Conatitutional Amendments－Dircussion on Amalgamation－Pelations with United Crain Growers L．td－To Send Cut Crganizert
the The larger part of ase day，outside atatements，was ocespied in－disenssing at different periods daring the eon－ vention，the irafing setivities of the asoociation or matters elosely related heading is order to give metmbers a collated report and connected idea of the proceedings relating，to this vital factor in the asoociations＇work．The only part not found here is the ex－ planation of Hon．Geo．Langley，as to Why the trading activities of the Central asociation were not taken over
vator Company as wav sugeseated for cerious connsideration at last year＇s con－ Nankatchewas Farmers＇Parliament． Varieus ennotitutional amendment． all imperta
A．E．Randall，If Warman Jocal． moved that the filianelal statement and executive report be sent to all loeal eecretaries at least 15 days previous to the anaual convention and that the finaseial year end Oetober 31．He be－ gates could study the figures，familiar gates could study the figures，familiar

Mme．SUNDELIUS，newest of Metropolitan Grand Opera Stars，singing in direct comparison with the Naw Edison Re－Creation of her glorious voice．


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PORTAGE NVE WHसNPES．
exentive and disenes matters more is． telligently at the eonvention．They figures without time for ituly． 3．B．Matelinas，Central Eeretary is reply，sald that the finaneial year
mighi fo changed thoogh it would be inconvenient
The bierd of direetors was rexpons Thle only to the convention and not to the isdiridual loeale．It had no right ventios．He safl that areverests is the name of demoersey were being at
vaned which in effeet eramped the vaneed which in effert eramped the demoeratie expansion of the amocia： tion，and tended to distribute suthority
anong the individuals on the farms， among the individusir on the farms，
whereas troe demoratic goverament meant giving authority to overe cent． ral executives who were controlled by the menbiers The more the eonstitution
was logided with ach reatrietive elasues Whas losded with sweh restrietive elasee：
Tho Ereater tesponsibility would bo The egreater responsiblity，would be placed os the managing board． Mr．Maharg said the Elevator Comp
pany temds ont sivanre topler of its Prinamelal statement but not of the ex Re Association＇s Borrowing Powers
A constitutional amendment confer A cosstitutional amendment confer．
ringe on the exvecutive powers to faily and effectually bind the amociation When dealing with other Tarties and ties inguiring into the asthority pon ferred on the executive＂as pased． Nothing in the amendment in any way
sheolved the executive from repons abolved the exceutive from reapons．
ibility to the asoociation，to the con－ vention or board of direetors，but no person or firm doing business with the
executive may require the sawition the assoriatios in convention or a reso lation of the board of directors． $\mathrm{M}_{\text {r }}$ ． Maharg explained the necescity of this
sinee in dealings with the bank last since in dealings，with the bank last
summer when it was required to raise nummer when it was required to raise
toop goo in o hurry the hank hat notked that six men become personally liable for the amount． Wiljames Thompson said the amend ment was a long one and shoold be
earefully eonsidered．He favored full confdenee being shown in the executive，
but warned the delegates that in giving but warned the delegates that in giving
power to raise unlimited eapital，if power to raise unimited eapital，it a dangerous prineiple in the motion． to prohibit anyone engaged in busines carried on in competition with that of the assocation from holding office in
any local．A somewhat similar amend－ any local．A somewhat similar amen
ment was passed requiring that no pe son who，either on his own aceount or
for another，engages in any eommercial enterprise in competition with the ebserprise of the association or who holds office in，is in the employ of，or in any way receives for service rendered any remuneration from any person，associa－ tion of persons or corporate body carry．
ing on business in competition ing on business in eompetition with
the assoeiation unless the same be a
body shail hold office in the Central．Someone objected that this would preelude
United Grain Growers Limited share－ holders holding office but it was ex－ plained such would not be true，though t would make it impossible for officers
The Discussion on Amaigamation
Closely related to the trading policy of the association was the discussion ation of the trading aetivities of Cent－
ral and the Saskatehewan Co－operative ral and the Saskatchewan Co－operative
Elevator Company with the United Grain Growers Limited．This was un－ of the longest diseussions of the whole A．E．Randall believed such an amalg． aimation would only result in the pro－
motion of the very best interests of all concerned，a elosing up of the ranks
and precleide the possibilities of deep， dissensions oceuring in the farmers＇
movement．Personal interests of offic． ials on either side should not be allowed
to stand in the way．Director R．L． to stand in the way．Director R．I，
Craigen said it was natural that del Craigen said it was natural that dele－
gates should be divided on this ques－ tion since the heads of the organizations
were．He would impute personal were． was good between farmers it was also
good between farmers＇companies．
Hon．Geo．Langley said even the
Hon．Geo．Langley said even though
passeid，sueh a resolution would not be

Minding os th mi－unto Momener Th anion of the Grals Growers＇Grais Come jany and the Alberta Company wa aectuary he said since neither wa
complete in itself．The first had no ele vators，bot a perfect system for dis poatng of gralin，the merond hat an ete yator system lat nose for selling．To tether they made a complete eotipany He－akked if the Sankatehewan Ce
operative Elevator Company was big ＂mogh，thosgh some said＂yes＂He lelleved there was a unify between it tmall local trading hodies and Central so elose that a dioruption of that re lationship woold rexalt in antold dam
age．He agais emphasised the siseerity age．He agais emphasized the sineerity of the Elevator Company in its offer of
list vear in regard to faking over the Central＇s trading activities．
Central Danadis activitice sold something ought to be come to overeome the effects of serious competition．This was splitting up trate and membership．Ho by the Tniled Grain Growers hantling heavy lines，like machinery，coal，twise， ete．and the association the smaller ete．
stuff
De
Delegate Weaton moved an amend－ ment favoring feleration finstead of amalgamation．Mr．Maharg told how auch a plan had been completely arrange． once and had fallen down on one point，
viz．，the selling of the grain．The sys． tem of federatioin proposed hat mean loesal autonomyfor locals in their local sffairs；provineial autonomy for the provineial bodies in their provineial affairs，with over all the great Domin fons such as export and import，terminal facilities，packing and milling plans． These things were all made plain at the time and an honest endeaver had been made to bringf ederation about．
J．R，Aiken then proposed as an amendment that this convention far－
sirs eloser co－operation between the sirs eloser co－operation between the
Saskatchewan Grain Growers＇Associa tion，the Saskatehewan Co－operative Elevator Company and the United Grain Growers Limited with a view towards future federation．
Mr．Dane said this amendment meant nothing but side－stepping the issue． recognize that this eompetition was decidedly harmful．He asked the Cent ral secretary if he knew of any solution and Mr．Musselman requested that the matter be brought up again later．T last amendment was then earied．
On Friday morning the discussion was resnmed in round table conference． ing discussed．In his local they had done about $\$ 30,000$ worth of business， but there had not been paid a single eent in dividend．That did not seem to him to be good business，and if business on a business principle．Two done on a business primeiple．Two many by the sacrifice of men who were giv

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ABSOORBINE，JR．，matimpticliniment for matkind re



February 20, 1918
are their time and moner to this work Ior. Dane apain referred to U.0.0., Oom petition and to Director Oreiard atatement of Wetmesisy, that though beve,000 of business was dane by the hat mas with Central. Mr. Gphand tad emphaitaed the poist that there oust either be dienatiofaction witb Sentral's prices or a laek of loyalty on the part of the lecale Mr. Dane the ght one solution would be to have sould be for the Central to bey wo the the prices could be ent down to tb Tery lowest figare. If the asoseciation eould got its pries lower thes that might be a means of holling the trade
with the aumeciation. Mr. Dane made reference to the prices of th T. Eaton Company, and said that in some eases their prices wo
Mr. Museeimant, is reply, stated that if was not he prices of the sompelation metwen the of the $T$. Fatos Comptas and hox declarel that if the Company. Aut he declared the $T$. Fiaton Comptey os its priees, then it had not mucreeded in its objects. It was always possible to End better values in some thinio than in others. There was a reason for the Eaton prices being low in nome eommodities. They had factories all over the world. They had 25 g00 em ployees And it was reasonable to as sume that some of their prices should Bat comparing the grocery prices af the asoociation and the T. Kation com pany at Winnipeg, it would be seen that the association prices couspare the average the pries of groceries wold the average the prices of groceriea son
by the asweiation were ois low as the T. Faton prees

Ina daition to this, if the trading wha done through the Centralof flet a further reduction of seren per cent would be granted.

The Binder Twine situation
Considerable discussion ensued in re gard to binder twine, by whieh the see retary assured the eonventon that 2 feet had been arranged for and almo wome Unity nt 500 feet. Orders thoult be in early. Eighty per eent. of the
wine used in North Nmerics. he whe was 500 in North Ameriea, he said, was 500 feet twine. If 550 feet wa feet it was not as economieal. The best twine would be mote difficutt t get this year as the United States an thorities were preventing the use af for making rope. There had been con or making rope. Mrriet over seen cont summer and on a good opportunity much of this was solld back to Enited States This one sale had resulted in $\$ 12,000$ profit. Prices for next year would likely be announced in a wonth or six weeks. Manufacturers usually so not announce priees until they have
secured all the raw fibre necesary for the year's supply and until certain large prison factories in U.S.A. an-
nounce their prices. When this priee is set it is the same at all points United States and Canada.

Orchard, in referting to wis oun tatement that not more than one sixth of business of the tocats in this ilstrict was done through Central, asked for a thought Central's prices out of line. At his own point in a small store he knew prices were almost the same as in Cen-
tral's grocery eatalogue. A considerable number concurred. He counselled loyalty. He also criticized some of the operations of Central in regard to faeili tating business operations for the
locals particualrly cashing of drafts of McRorie, cited iwine and apple deals that had not been sat the twine in his district last year was good. He thought quality ought to be the prime consideration. 'The seeretary emphasized that Central always made purchased.

## To Investigate New Plan of

 H. Mosiman, Guernsey, introduced following resolution:sociations have disorganized during the past year, aWheress
reawamble profit after payisg the aetre tary a suffelest salary
best isterests of remived that, to the trading bodies, it would be wise and en pedient to place the trading activities on a hasia similar to that of the Co eperative Elevator Company.
Mr. Masiman said that is moving the resalution it was not the intention to theet the plass of the convention ef the workisg order of the Cestral. Ife thought that the question of trading should be kept ecparate from that of edacation and propaganda. He ale Wanted the association to go into a modities than those that are beine handled at firtsent, an there were many people who did not go to the retalt
stores, but dealt entirviy with the eo operative store.
Mr. Wakisahaw, manager of the eo dperative atore at Yorktos, sald that to make succese of the eo-operativ handling of goocls he would like to the buyligg for the hig arganisatios at the buying for the big arganization of
farmers eould the done by the Contra offles.
Detegate Binkerson, of Jesmond, thought they ahould ecentralise all buy ling power and get right down to buel ness. Last year at his peint they did a businesa of 660,000 but all proffis were put back inte the husiness. They had made a miatake then by gaing inte the retail store bssiness too soon. Where
they did busisess by tholemaling from they did business by wholesaling from
cars and in big lots they made money,
sometimes hasdlisg as mesh as 8700 per day, There should be eo-operation of sald they res a eo-pererative atore ther ona a of per eent. proft basla.
Delegate Bergie, of Ouernaey, deplored the fart that toe masy prople wer tomererned with mhat they got out of it rather thas with what they put inf it. Ite thought that better Fesmits esula be ebtained if the erganisation part of the propagasia were kept apart from
the tradigg. Vislese elmethisg was done the trading. Voless minething was done te hald eo-eperative organizations to rould orgaise waler the Joint istel Companies Aet instesad of Joint the Co Companies Aet inatemal of
operative Recleties' Aet.
Mr. Mesiman sald that his bles was the eatablishment of a ehals of stere that they the province. He though assistance from the government, an that they shoula the controlled from th Central offlee. The thies propesed that committee be appeinted to confer with the executive in investigating the feas. bility of the reorganization of trading Compasy, it was Aerided that the es Company, $1 t$ whe decided that the ex investigation.

## To Bend Out Organisers

d. B. Masselman in enneluding the diweusion os trading anked for a greater the exerutivy Ile askel them fo forgel entirely pecty diferances or shorteom inge and sll eo-eperate in eatablishing Central as a permatent part of the
asociation. Ite introleeed the follow ing revolution Which plan he will the
 Wheress the time has sow arrived when the faskatehewss Grain Growers' Aseoriation traling department oan ase.
 wholesale trading ergasimatioses, ast wheress it is expedient to extend the setivities of lecal asmociations for the bemeft of thelr supporters and of achealtare geserally, now be it resolved that this convention recommend the en. ecutive to appolst emmpetent arganisers ander the trading departuinot to extend the operations of the hesls by giving
expert siviee to those sumelatioss sew established and orgasisifa sew new The resalution carried.

## The remolation carried. The ides is that

could mart loest flreatarh orcasivers toon and evening and fory is ite sfter: sooh and evening and poesos all their probiemac. This donefonee at twiee a It was thouglt should ho ver it atepport It was peinted out here that apparently throngh the influenee of wholesale frevert the railways aent ent recently eirealars praetically prohibit-
ing distribution from ears. The pres. ing distribution from ears. The president explaised that this is now without
effeet and suel fistrityrion mav be est ried out in any case. Peddling frosa ears ried out in any case. Pedaling frosa ears
however, should not be earried on and however, ahould mot be carried on and
transpertation held up for ears are very maree mow.
tas pote of conifidence in the exceutive was passed when the convention went

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February 20, 1918
basis for a lise of erodit at the local bank at a lower rite of interate thas many of the men could ordinarily bor:
tow, and what to mote Important ion gives them money more easily at a time fivey seed it most. Chass. II. Gifford, general secretare of raral eredit of cieties for Manitobs, sddresed the of gasization meetings at ench of these poins, and reported very kees interest in this work by the farmers.

AUTHOR, "IN FLANDERS FIBLDB" Lieatenant Colonel Dr. John MeCrae
 suther of the famoss poeis, "In Mas.
der's Whelds," whose death wns revori. ed during the last week of Jasuary, surcumbed to as attack of pacament: at Bootegne, France He was horn is the eity of Guelph, Ontario, in 1872 , ond received his earry, edacation in the publie echools and collegiate institute there Later he attended the Univer in 1694 and his M.B. degree is tios He then went to Loodon, Eapland, he continue lis stadies in mediefine, He served as a liestenant in the South African war, being present is several engagements. He went oversess with


The Late Lleutenant-Colonat John Mcorse (Author of "In Flienders Filide")
the first Canadian battalion as-a Major and received his promotion to Lieuten ant-Colonel for valuable services rendered at the front.: At the time of his General Morrison's Brigade.
His famous verses "'In Flander' Fields," whieh have been Iranslated into many languages, were written in France. The poem is recognized as one of exceptional literary merit.
In Flander's fields the poppies grow Between the crosses row on row, That mark our place and in the aky The larks, still brave singing, fly Scarce heard amid the guns below We are the dead; short days ago We lived; felt dawn; saw sunsets flow: Loved and were loved, but now we n. Flander's fields.

Take up our quarrel with the fod To you from failing hands we throw The toreh. Be yours to hold it higl. We ye break fath with us who don, grow In Flander's fields.

PROF, SHAW, LIVESTOOK COMMTSSIONER
The position of livestock commis. sioner for Saskatchewan, made vacant by the death of the late Capt. J. C. Smith, has been filled by, the appointment of hushandry department at the Saskatoon University. Prof. Shaw has had a wide experience in both Canada and United States in breeding, developing and judging livestock, as well as in edueational and executive work. He also spent considerable time among the
flocks and herds of Great Britain mak ing a number of importations of choice ing a number ore. He is peculiarly well fitted to administer the livestoek braneh of the department of agriculture at Regina and give constructive serviee

February 20, 1918


Saskatchewan Farmers' Parliament
tereating informal organimation confer esece of distriet directors, organinerby
 oborrs foum bats men's and womens
otetions was held to conalder a training whool for organizers and whether paid organizers should be used or not. After searly three hours' disenasion the pris. difth of ot trining mhool mas approved of by thit meeting. though weh was io no way binding on the coavention at at
Whole The diof dikenvion centarei around whether tueh a whool thould
 toon or held in eonnetion with the
ton titriet eonventions $A$ propoul sanual district conventiont A propomal
 the former endorned. The conceasses of poinion was overwhelmingly by resoly.
tion againt the employment of paid tion again
ergaizers organiters
The proposal mas male that the training course for organiverg thould
consist of leetares and round table dis: consions, to bo condueted for a period of six days at esen placee. Each detrict
 number of picked men and women for
nis training. An member of the at
 course, if he mornd bear his own ex. penses for carfare and board, and any one or more loeale might tend as many
delegates as they mioh, provided they delegates as they wieh, provided they
pay the expenses of sueh
delegates The pay the expenses of sueh delegstes The
central office should pay the actual careentral office should pay the actual car.
fare and board of diatriet dirsetors, saborganizers, officers, and distriet di: retors of the women's section. tion, wanted the privileges of such tion, wanted the privileges of such tained that one of the greatest hind. franess was the faet that there it no
fund to pay the travelling expenses of fund to pay the travelling expenses of
organizers. Many would give their time, but could not afford to pay all their own expenses, John Evans, thought mueh preparation might be made by
more carefal stady of the literatare al.
 Eastriew, said that with Mr. MeKinney his whole distriet was corered at a comt W. Emery of. Asoinibois said Centrai thad made a survey of the opinions of
the lecals on tiris matter and out of $2 ⿰ 氵 0$ replies reeived to $1,000 \mathrm{l}$ letters, 140 were in favor of holding training elaseses, 43 said the locals needed en-
thusiasm most, owhile 20 said edication was the most yital requisite.

Mr. Maharg Again Presesdent Amid a truly wonderfol outburst frolonged and wild cheers. John A. of the association. Rarely has such an ovation been tendored any offceer as greeted, Mr. Maharg who, in aceepting iion, earnestly requested the most considerate support during next year.
The Thuraday evening session The Thuraday
one of ing seasion was
on esions.
There must have been 2,500 people ammed into every nook and corner of of intensely interesting addrestes. Geo. F. Chipman, editor of The Guide, who was to have spoken was unfortunately unable to attend owing to the erieous illiness of his little daughter. The con; vention sent Mr. Chipman a wire of deep regret and sympathy to whieh Mr.
Chipman repliec Nith very deep apprec: The most intensely gripping address

THE GHAIN GHOWERS GUIDE
(361) 21
of the whole senvention was that of



 divpelled the miats of pesimises, elori
fied the marrellos valo of ihe sed the marvelloss valor of the indo it was the thought of the folks at heme that erved ose the taperistion at for the boys in the midet of their greatest
trials and acuired them that thoge trials and aswured them that though
the way was long and the toming samb the way was long and the soming seetr.
fices would be rery heavy, there wat foe the faintest very heavy, there wat Following the addres a collection to tho overwas YVer 81,000 contributed

Oppoee Frelght Rate Incrase
It. MeKensie, nevertary of the Canad. isi Couneil of Agricultare, deslt with the freight rates increaw and covered it in his osaal exhasutive manner. As this question has been dealt with mo frequently and fally in The Quide we
are not reperting the sidres True are not reporting the sidrese Tiree
ringing eheers were gives for M . ringige sheers were given for Mr. Me. Kensie as the farmer who pot the kiak
in the CP.R. The followisg renclatios was later unasimously patand by the eosvention dealing with the matier: Whereas the railway eommitesion: in reaponse to reprewntations made to them by the railrosd companies of Can als have recommended to the govern. ment that an increase of 15 per cent. Wheress. while
Whereas, while the O.T.P. and C.N.R. have admittedly been operated at a published reports, has shawn by their Ats, femonatrating that everge prowar eonditions a well-equipped and effeiently-managed road ean be wecent fully operated at a fair proft;
And whereas, any increase would be come an additional burden to the eost Therefore
Therefore, be it resolved that the as sociation protest vigoroualy againat any the eentral loand in combethe setion of This now makes a solid reprosentation of the opinion of organized western farmers on this all-important question. R. C. Henders, president of the Masitoba Grain Growers'A swociation, brought areetings. He pointed with pride to the rograw of legisiation now decorating he provineial and Dominion statute cetivitios The of the Gria Growers activities. The question of the settle ment of the war debt were para mount issues we must face soon. ${ }^{\text {He }}$ iked Great Britain's method, that is the payment of the major portion of the debt as the war is fought.
Social Serv-ce Representative Bpeaks Rev. W. P. Reekie, on behalf of the Social Serviee Councll, emphasized the inportance or human values. The coun bodies in the country, faeluding the Grain Growers' Associations. It had framed a program for legislation. An ducational campaign dealing with child mortality is being waged. In Canada, since the war broke out, more children died of preventable diseases than there were Canadian soldiers lost on the battlefield.
In Saskatehewan, among a population of 700,000 people there had been a num. er of deaths from tubereulosis equal oo one for every day in the year. In the plan of legislation drawn up the make Dominion prohibition permanent. It is also asking for amendmenta in the naturalization laws. It should be ex. tended from three to five years and no person should become a naturalized British subject until he could pass imple examination in the English language; until he could pass a simple ciples of democracy and the methods fgovernment in Canads. They were also asking that these qualifieations ahould also be required of every Cana dian-born before he could be admitted o the franelise.
The council is asking for the creation a dejartment of social consiruetion and reform at Ottawa, and also that he government see that where boy and girls of teen-age are being employ. Continum on Page it


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A National Wool Growers' Organization
 By Edrand W. Repwilde

The Canadian sheep-ralaing industry was organized os national lifies at the provinces in the Domision, held at the Dominion government wool warehouse, Toronto, on February 5 to \& The Wool Growers Limited Was arcom
Woon the Canadion Coper plished. This marks the first step towards the amalgamation of all wool growing interests. It is the first of ita men, engaged in the same induatry in Fisce EJwhrd Talind and Vancouver being well represented.
When the conventios opened on Tues day, the delegntes were not by any
means unanimous, nor did they appea means unanimous, nor did they appear
to realize what they were about to to realite what they were about to
aecomplish. The individual provinces had sold some wool co-operatively and good prices had been obtained, but When it came to uniting all the provinces it was feared that ne set of
men could be selected who could provide satisfaction for all the varied in terests. The Quebee delegation presented a solid front against amalgamation, but when vital facts were presented, they all fell in line and the organias
tion became as eatablished foet.
Arguments Fer Arnalgamation
The first day was given over to hearing arguments in favor of an organiza tion. T. Reg. Arkell, ehief of the sheep and goat division of the federal department of agriculture, pointed out
that the textile men are so well organthat the textile men are so well organ:
ined that they can get practicatly all they want in the matter of legislation. He also pointed out that the sheep-raisers are being held itp as disloyal for ex porting their wool, when Australian wool is being exported to Canada to make up the shortage. "Those who
eriticize the sheep-raisers for exporteriticize the sheep-rasers for export
ing their wool do not tell all the facts," ing their wool do not tell all the facts,
he said. "They do not say that elimatic conditions force us to grow certain grades, mueh of which must be exgrades, mueh of whieh must be ex Under these circumstances it is stated that the Australian wool-growers have protested afainst sending their wool to Canada while we export ours, and
that if this is continued they will make strenuous efforts to provent their wool from coming to
Mr. Arkell further stated he had been informed on high authority that if an of Canadian wool it would most prob ably be for the express purpose of ap
peasing the Australian growers, and peasing the Australian growers, and not for the Canadian manufacturers'
desire to obtain Canadian wool, as the textile men naturally want the Austra in Canada because the British suthor ties have been able to monopolize most of the world's supply. Other speaker pointed out this sqrious situation and urged upon the convention the necessity of forming an organization that could protect their interests as well as mar-
ket their wool. These arguments apparently had the desired effect. day, the various delegations expressed their unanimous approval of the pro posal, and committed themselves to the general policy outlined in the notices
sent out, asking them to visit Toronto. The Quebec delegation had held a meet ing over-night, as had other delegation: Co-operative Principle Questioned

With a view to facilitating matter zates should be give the floor of the convention and take part in the discussion on the ways and means of
forming an organization. All provincial government and other representatives not in possession of the desired cre-
dentials were asked to step aside, and the convention proper proceeded under the leadership of Job Mace of Verern Alberta, opened the debate in favor kinship in a joint stock company. "If
government is going to contribute
moner for the money for the operation of a 60 -oper. ative sellisg ageney, they are very mach miatakes, , he declared. have got to assume your own reaponal bilities, and you can only do this by eubscribing your own stock, and thus
finding the soceswary cash to eover finding the seceswary cash to cover Parent, representing Quebec, pleaded for a purely co-operative organimation.
During the dianealon a diatinet dis. During the diseasion a distinct dis:
like for the itim "co-operative", was like for the term "co-iplative" was
evidenced. The majority of the deleevidenced. The majority of the dele-
gates took the stand that it was not gates took the stand that it was not
necestarily co-operation they waated necesarily co-operation they waated, to form an organization that would do everything for the wool-grower; find a market for it, and get him the hest posaible price, Also reduce the cost of handling to a minimum. W. W. Thomson of Regina, Sask, was asked
to explain the eo-operative movement. He declared that no matter what or. ganisation was formed, it would still be co-operative, and submitted that that was the beat method of landling the Wool. Rober
Col. Robert MeEwen and IR. W. Wade, president and secretary respectively of the Canadian sheep Breeders' Associa-
tion, urged the convention to decide to form on aseociation that would do everything for the wool-grower, with the individual members or wool-growers associations subscribing for the stoek. As a reault of the discussion the Can adian Co-operative Wool-growers Limi ted was formed, and the following committee was appointed to draw up
the details of company incorporation the details of eompany incorporation: Richardsen and H. 8, Allen, of Alberta; R. Follef, J. IF. Wilson and W. W. Thomson, of Baskatehewan; George F. Hart, W. A. Dryden and Col. Robert MeEwen, of Ontario; F. N. Savoire, A. D. MeMillar, of Quebee; Stanley A. Logan, of Quebee; and W. R. Reek,
of New Brunswick and Prince Edward Thand

A 5200,000 Company Formad
After a session lasting a whole day, the committce decided to advise the
delegates to form a company with a delegates to form a company with a
f 2000,000 capitalization, shares valued $\$ 200,000$ capitalization, shares valued and those engaged in agricultural pursuits being permitted agricuitural purThis was agreed to, as also were the articles of incorporation. The head office of the company is to be maintained in Toronto. The annual meeting to be held the first week in February each year, the representation at the shareholders' meetings to be elected
by the shareholders in each province; 10 delegate shareholders will form quorum for each annual or special meeting of the company. Each delegate shareholder will have one vote at the meetings, and shall not be allowed to cast one vote for each share he represents at the meeting. Shares cannot be jointly owned, but associations may hold shares in the name of an indi-
vidual eligible himself to hold shares As to obtaining the necessary funds, the directors are given power to negotiate with financial institutions, etc., for money on the credit of the company, also to issue bonds, debentures and other securities, and raise money in other legitimate ways. The board of directors is also authorized to conprovide for the payment of six per provide for the payment of six per and to further provide a reserve fund not to exceed one per cent. of the year's sales in any one year, but at
no -time shall the reserve fund exceed the paid-up capital. Any further annual surplus funds in possession of the company shall be distributed to the patrons or not, in proportion to the volume of

Board of Directors Elected
The convertion exproued entiro ap

## Formed

## THE GRAIN GROWERS GUIDE

(868) 23
committee later the following board of directors mas eletedr Mritioh Col Ambis, Georue C. Hav, Kamlopes, R.C. Alberts, J. W. Rentos, Calgary, asd
Levi IItiker, Magrath; Raskatelivwas, Forest, Follett, Deral, and J. D. Witson, Forest; Outarie, Col. Rotert MeEwen. Londen, W, A. Dryden, Brooklin; sed Cubrge I. Telfer, Parisy queber, s. A Beclary, Lennoxville 3 \& MeDowell Bhawrilie and M. So. Sarie, Hoe'
River Ne Ararries Arerd, Sackrille; Xove Seotis, Stanley
 land, Win. MeOregor, Central Lat is At a subreguent meeting of the diree tors Col. Robert MeFwes of Loudoe was elected president and J. D. Wilson of Saskatelewan first vice-president. with stanley A. Logan of Novn Hetis second vieepresident. Special permis sion was obtained from the department
of amtraters is Cts of agriealtare at Ottawa for the ap
polatimest of $T$. Bey Artell pelatment of $\mathrm{T}^{\text {T }}$ Reg. Arkell as genera
manazer of the eompasy. manazer of the company. Ho has been Monned by the Rovernment for a year.
Mr. O. OTrien will serve as terretary. treasurer of the company

Directors Meet Wool Commisalion
of very complete sad slequate ites of what the formation of the company meang to the wool growers is gained mes, tient in the Dominion government's wool warehosse on Friday, The Cana dian Wool Commielon was almost fully represented, while several other mill
men were men were present. The directors of the
Cansian Co - operative Wool- growers Canadian Co-operative Wool-growers advisability of eloser co-operation he tween the mill-mes and the growers was fully diseussed. The wool growers offered every epportunity of a common
anderstanding, but made it plain that now they ate a unitel body they intend to protect their own interests. They wanted the mill-men to state jast What they wanted and expected from the prowers, and they would show every readiness to meet them. The question of an embargo on the exportation of Canadian wools was aleo discussed. The growers deciarea hai they would fight ouch a move, and stated that it an
embargo was ever contemplated, they would not disener any points whatever would not disener any points wheteven tation on a committee with the mana facturers. Further, that they would not agree to any fixation of price unless the spread between the wool and the finished product was also fixed by the government. statement that there are not sufficient combs in the country to make it advisable to buy all Canas-
dian wools, it was also urged that if dian wools, it was also urged that if
anything was done and the market anything was done and marke closed up in any, way, shape or form,
or if the Unitel, States even was to place a big tarif on Canadian wool, an effort would be made to force Canadian market at home, by the growers going into the combing business and offering their wool direct to the mill-men in a condition suitable for their immediate use. But that is not all that occurred at this convention. The wool-growers answered their crice ment for war use.

Offer Wool to Government
The statement that the textile men wanted an embargo placed on the ex. portation of Canadian wool as a simple means of encouraging the Australian farmers to be content to send further supphies of wool on their ear." The wolegates immediately expressed a will ingness to show the goverament that force of eircumstances made them ex port their wools. It was stated that if the government acceded to the re quest to have their licenses taken away if not impossible, to get the licenses back again. In view of this, the convention unanimiossly decided to ask the government to commandeer certain guantities and qualities of wool at a fair price, and adopted the following resolution:
tios of essential to the prose should conserve and develop every avail should conserve and develop every avail

## FARMERS! BREED PERCHERONS




 battlo frest of Franes.

CANADIAN PRBOHERON HORAB BREBDER: ABAOOTATION llas eser sisertion

Bar U Percherons
The Greatest Percheren Breeding Eatablishment in the Werld 70 YOUNG STALLIONS FOR SALE
These are all bred on our Bar U and Namaka Ranehes, are rising twe and three years old, and are the best group of big, growthy draft horses, combining subatanef, quality and aetion, "ver offered in Cansia. They "Ieare," representing the best blood-lines in Americs and Franes

abpazes all neputars to
-8o, LaME M, ALERMTA
Mina Alotmat haventa

## Vanstone \& Rogers

Clydesdales, Percherons $\boldsymbol{r}^{\circ}$ Belgians
NORTH BATTLEFORD, sASK.

## 

We have over 125 stallions of the three breeds coming 2,3 and 4 years of age and some older horses. The Largest Collection of Btallions in Oanada, the fourth largest in America.
ation hy hors has been carefully selected for soundness, size, conformWe have the horses. guarantee will mult yon.
We have perhapr a dozen well-bred Clydeslales ana Percherons that We have taken in exchange that are good sure atoek horses, good lookers; but some are aged, some are only $1,500-1,600$ lbs, but we
these at from $\$ 250$ to $\$ 500$. Our guarantee goes with them all.
Rrert from diso to aco, Oy grarantee goes witb them all. Our Mr. Prools inpected by the Bakatchewan Goverament inspectors. and our Mr. A. A. MeDonald has a lot of good ones at Medieine Hat, Alta, and our Mr. A. A. MeDonald has a

ABK OUR CUBTOMERS HOW WE UBE THEM

## VANSTONE \& ROGERS

Main Barne: North Battleford, Sask.

SASKATCHEWAN SALES CNDR THE AVAFCCB O
The Saskatchewsn Cattle and Horse Breeders' Association WILL BE HELD REGINA, MARCH 13th and 14th, 1918

## Cattle 8ale, March 13th

 Horse 8ale, March 14thshow of sale stock ot 10 am, Day or salio, sale starta at i p.m.
P. F. BREDT

REGINA

WHEN WRTTTNG TO ADVERTIBERS PLEABE MENTION TRE GUIDE

## BELGIANS FROM THE PIONEER STOCK FARM

 At Public Auction WINTER FAIR BIILDING, REGINA MARCH 1 Eth, 1918 21 Head of Belgian Stallions and Mares
 sise I feel sure that this sale wall repre:
that one of the pest lots of lelglan horses
that ever went under the auctioneer's thamer if Canada
There wiil pe thitien mares of all ares
and elsht of this number will be timported mares, The mares of brteding are are all
cred to elther Conet or Peramount Woiver.
There will be eight statlons


Our Belgian Mare "Besuty," 4 years old


The MERITS of the BELGIAN HORSE need no coment from me. Their show ring recoras and
the price they are commanding writes its oun bistory. femember that the Orand Champlon gelding at the Inter. national Livestock show, Chicazo, for the last two years hat been a pelting stred by a Eetrimn ataltion. Understand
that the Ploneer stork Farm is not goins out of buinest that the Ploneer stock Farm is not going out of business.
Every phase of our business is growing stroneve eact jhar. Meti buytiny horses at this sale will be guaranteed the same square deal as thon
and booght at private treaty.

## the fact that

COMET and Two of his Show Daughters that are bred to Paramount Wolyer are selling. as well as
the areat show nuly satio and many other mond ones
 horse Do nat forket that this sule will follow the catte
brecelers saie to be held on the 13 th and 141 th The tile
 cgariless of weather condrtions, Sale Day,
Ifoping to Hve You Win Us Sis.

GEO, RUPP



## ADVERTISE IN THE GUIDE FOR BEST RESULTS

## The Boat Loads of Weed Seed Shipped Each Year from Fort William Can be Turned Into GoodGrain if no MoreWeedSeeds areSown.

Get a

## Cockshutt New Wonder Grain Cleaner

 zraduated adjustment of the shake on the apper and lower shoes. This is isvery fmportant feature, ss more shoke is required on the upper scareens when cleaning dirty grain than when eleaning camparatively elean grain. More shake.
too, is required when eleaning seed grain

than grain for the market. Less shake is
required on both shoes when eleaning required on both shoes when cleaning
flax. grass seed, ete., than in clasning Wheat, oats or barley. FOROE FEPD
The AUTOMATIC can be regulated to operator's wishes by tops or starts-no further adfustment to SPECTAL CLEANERS on the lower hoe brash the underside of the scresn-

The ARRANGEMENT of SCREENS is Th to get through with the good wild
 . mom

## Cockshutt Plow Company Limited

Winnipeg
Regina
Saskatoon
Calgary
etitutes a meat faportast and moat secesary factor is the wisnisg of the war, since the proservation of the sol.
diers' liealth and vigor depends to grest degree apen the warmeth of hie woolles slothing, and whereas, the sheep indostry has antil the past year hees owing to upprofitable prizes of muttos and woot, eperially the latter, snd it is only sow reaching a stage of real developruent;
He it resolved that at this astional onference of sheep raisern, cossioting of representatives of every provisce The sheep raisers of Cansids If ife them iselves on record as dexirous of sapport ing their country, and the war, by chmalating the production of more lian rovernment lias exigent meet of Cansdian wool for war jurpoers, the threp-ratsers freety wind willingly offer thelr 1018 ellipe to the government for control on the basis of market prices alained is co-operstive sales is 191 ; through the Dominion government wool warehouse. Toronto, and for manufoe-
ture for those purposes reguired by the ture for those purposes required by the
governmest and for which the difer. ent lengthe and qualities of Canadais wool are most specifically adapted in finuifacture. And, that in event the government does not require Canadian rool for its own use that the sale of the wool shall continue as heretofore namely, on unrestricted market*
A delegation proceeded from Toronto to Ottawa on Sanday night to meet Monday, when the resolgtions were presented. When the Canadian Co-operative Wool-growers Limited gets into action as a fully organized company, with a Dominion eharter of incorporation, the
Canadian sheep industry should thrive Canadian sheep industry should thrive that within a year the liend office and warehouse will be handling nine or ten million pounds of wool, and in
time the entire Camadian clip will pass thme the entire Camadian clip will pase through its hands. Possibly a special
bureas will be opened in Roston, Mavs., bureas will be opened in Boston, Mass,
where the Canadian wool will be landted. Co-operative sates is not new, but eo-operative marketing on a Do
minion wide basis is something out of the ordinary

EDMONTON'S BPRING BHOW AND SALE

The Edmenton Spring Livestock Show will be held from April 2 to 6 .
Entries for horses, sheep, swine and fat stock close March 18. In connection with the shotw there will be an auction sale of pure-bred bulls on Thursday,
April 4, for which entries close Mareh 4. Aprif 4, for Which entries elose March 4. There-bill aiso be an auction Aavil 5 , for which the entries elose March 5 .
Tricenmat pirlize are hing offered for Increased prizes are being offered for fat stock.
One of the most interelting features of the show will be a calf feeding competition for boys and girls, in connection with which 81,200 in cash and many
valuable special prizes are valuable special prizes are being offered. There is no entry fee and any
hoy or girl who, over 9 and under 17 years of age, can enter the competition. All that is required is that the children select a 1917 calf, and commeneing on
January 21, they must assume full charge of this calf, feeding and caring for it in every respect, antil the time 2 to 6,1918 . No entry fee is attached, and the same assistance will be given
the children in the matter of freight as is given the exhibitors in, the other departments of the show. Fifteen prizes are offered, and a number of special prizes. The first prize $\$ 163$, sccording as the entries conform to the special added prizes offered by the pure-bred sosietis.
Here is a chance for the boys and
girls of this distriet to show their ability in caring for livestock, and to win a prize well worth competing for in cash value, apart from the honor
accruing to the winners. W. J. stark, accruing to the winners. W. J. Stark,
manager, Edmonton Exhibltion, will be glad to forward partieulars to anyone the pure-bred socfeties. markets.

## WaGON-BOX HOLST

On the suall farm, whert there is emp ently coly one man on the job, the liff. ing on and of of wagon boxes is no easy praped is any wagos oled of bams will arrapged is any *agon abed or barms will tiear of towes and racks.
Attach a windlame to the poet is the thed, and suapend a puilley from the rafters so that it will be directly over the centre of the box when it is barked into the ebed.
Then ruin a three-gaarten inch rope from the windlaze over the pulley. From this end of the rope should be supended four ropes, esch long enough to reach to the bottom of the ber sutalide, with as loep at the end of each.
forward end of the of the and loops to the forward end of the box and run a stong Apread the other two loope and adjuat

in the same manner toward the rear of the box, so the box will balance when mised. Turn the windlase and raise the box high up into the shed, leaving the bed drawn out and backed into the next section of the shed where the hayrack is suppended, and this can be lowered to the wagon by the use of the windlass in five minutes and without a bit of lifting. The expense of construction iskivery small. Any handy man can make the windlase and adjust it. Pulleys and rope
ean the bought for a nominal sum. - A can be bought for a nominal sum. : A double pulley at $\mathbf{A}$ and a single one at
B will make the operation easier. The B will make the operation easier. The
nafters of the shed ahoult be suffictently strong to hold the weight of the box.strong to hold the weight of the bo
J. A. S., is the Country Gentleman.

## HOMEMADE ANVIL.

An Illinois farmer has constructed an anvil from a piece of railroad rail thirty inches long. The flange of the rail is
used as the surface. Supports of two-by-four-inch oak, thirty-two inches long. are fitted in pairs clote under the flange

of the rail, and each pair is clamped by the bolts extending close under the rail. Araces near the base not only make it solid but support a handy little receptacle for tonls; while in the top, extending as the beak or horn, is a handy hole for the insertion of tools.
Because of the good length of the
surface and the light weight, this anvil surface and the light weight, this anvil is said to be very useful and convenient the Country Gentleman.

Any thoroughly dark corners in the basement may be used for forcing roots of rhubarb or even asparagus at any time during the wiater, and parts of the asparagus or rhubarb rows may be
forced early in the spring by building forced early in the spring by building a cold frame over them two months befor
thaw.


## "One more thing before I 80 the guarantee that goes with your Oil Pull

YOU know the kind of service that goes with the Rumely OilPull Tractor-or ask any owner. He'll tell you that Advance-Rumely doesn't lose sight of the customer's best interests after the sale is made. At each of our 22 branch offices we maintain an organization of skilled tractor experts, for the benefit of Advance-Rumely tractor owners.

When you need him, thereis an Advance-Rumely expert to not anly help unlosd and dellver your useter but to show you how to operate and take cart of ih
But we go nell forther in guading our customer't iniersats. In addition to that personal service, with your OnPell yoe get an fronclad written fuarantes. The OHPull would give fuet the same satisfactory performance without this guarantee, but we feel that the OilPull owner is entifled to protection against "near" kerosene tractorn, and the word of mouth promises and near" guaraptees that go with them.
The Euarantee speaks for itself-rese if care. fully. Notice that it says-under all conditions -at all losde - and with all grades of fuel oils. It protects the new owner as well as the experienced operator,
There's no halif way in this burning of kerosene. distilistes, ette. Ether a tractor does it suecess: not carry \& slean, fair and square, written foar. not carry a clean, fair and square; written fuar-
antee as goes with every Oilpalli Think it over.
The OilPull in a New Size-14-28 You can now get the famous OilPoll in a
amall sise, the $14-38$ A light weight, bif powtr small sise, the 14-28. A light weight, bif power tame guaranteed performance on low grade oil fuels-the sure, dependable service-long lifeand ability to handle all jobs, drawbar or beil. The new $14-28$, with the $18-35$ and $30-60$, give three sires of Oilpulls-a small, medium and large. Ask our nearest branch for a copy of the
spectal Oilpull catalog. ADVANCE-RUMELY THRESHER CO. LAPORTE


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If you do not see what you Fant advertised in this issue, write us and wo will put yoo in touch with the makers.


## Buy a "Fox" <br>  <br> Construction - 26 gauge galvanized iron, with steel frame; no wood used. Capacity-125 bushels per hour. Einciency - Thoroughly sprinkles and then turns the grain over four times. tronkest Piekler ever sid. Lours umes. time, and gives constant satisfaction. <br> W. J. BELL <br> 101. simpkins Block, REAIMA, sask.

FISH

## FOR THE FARMER

Buy in Winnipeg and save
Freight. Any quantity shipped.
Jacknch, per ib.
ruliber,
$-\quad$ ?
Plekerel, per ib.......... $\frac{1}{2}$ )
Haddies, is lo boos, eech. 2.70 OASH WITH ORDER
The W. J. Guest Fish Co.Ltd.
Ber 2960
wimmipse.

## Pramanteed Clemaifoe Grimindifa <br>  <br> A. B. LYMAN, Crimm Alfolfo Introdueer

## Insure Safety on the Inside!

Think of your family being endangered by falling plaster (as frequently happens when old-fashioned lime motar is used). Imagine the destruction to your fine furnishings. You don't want this to happen, so in preparing plans for your future Home, safeguard your family from possible injury by specifying Gypsum Wall Plasters.

Whether the Plastering is to be used on Wood or Metal Lath, or Gypsofibre Wall Board, remember that the only Perfeet Wall is a Well Plastered Wall, and Gypsum Wall Plasters are the Only kind of Plasters used by builders who know best.

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which are made principally of Calcined Gypsum (pare Plaster of Paris) have a Tensil strength that io Two Hundred Times Btronger than Lime, and the coast is no higher when all the Baving Features ire eoncerned.
Wood Frore and Hardwall Plasters are absotutoly Firo Proof-also Vermin, Rat and Germ Proof; and belng non-condectors of Heat and Cold make bullatings Warmer in Winter and Cooler in Bummer. Wood Fibre, Hardwall and Finfahing Planters are sold everywhere In Western Canads.

Ask poar neareat Lamber or Bailding Material Dealer for Descriptive Literature and Picies.
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$\$ 2.00$ Reg. Price-..For Only $\$ 1.00$
$\$ 1.00 \begin{gathered}\text { CASH GIVEN } \\ \text { FORTHISAD. } \\ \$ 1.00\end{gathered}$
Read This Offer Carefully. It Will Never Appear Again.





SEND $\$ 1.00$ TO-DAY AND SAVE $\$ 1.00$
No expprience or practice is needed with the DUPLEX. Yoo ean't
 Pletely. Trims around ears, and back of the nedre in foo diont mitter, ard ratem dosene of stotements minder outh from people who ase the DUPLEX, ineluding opinions of well-known barbers. As long st this $\mathrm{s}, 000$ lot lasts we will aceept this sdvertisement dollar cash fend tit to witit only 81.00 cash and wo will send you
 TO-MORROW MAY BE TOO LATE. AGENTS WANTED. dUPLEX MANUFAOTURING CO., DEPT. HS, Barres, ont

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213 PACTETC AVENUE
INNIPEG, MAN
213 PACIFIC AVENUE

## Humor

Borielgh: "Niee do Have yoe taught fim any new trieks alince I wan Mise 8 m Whirtle, he mil fete Your hit! you just

The leading lawyer of a great rail rond company introdaced the president of the road to a well-known elergyman. after the introduction, "If thought it sfter the introduction, "I thought
 "Ob, no," was the the minister. "That woalint reply of know. It would be a shame to soparate him from his counsel.
He was one of those young men whe sever scem to know when to go home she had tried yswning,
falled to get rit of
Presently a elook outside in the hal began to strike in low, deep tones the midnight hour.
Hete otayer, bay, Mises Oreen,"" said the late atayer, brightly, "is that an eight Crise Green smiled coldly at him.
MWent "Well"" she said, stifing anothe longer and find oat 1 .
"1 see they have just dug up a cor ner stone. of a library in Greece on
whieh was inseribed 4000 BC. whieb was inseribed ' $4000 \mathrm{B.C,O}$ " re marked a stadent to a Seotehman.
$\|$ What do yot suppoee it means?", "It eanma mean bu' one thing"" an swered
"What we advertised for was a col lector of experience.
That 's me. I've been collecting ex
perfence atl my , tife., "Hat Very bright
we want is someone who is that collerting in instalments": 1 Weolle "Well, sir, that's how I eolle
all my experienee, in instalments."
Mr. Butterworth, the grocer. Was looking over the eredit salessilips new clerk: "Did, you give George Callahan
"Sure," said the elerk. "I-" "Didn't I tell you to get a report
on any and every man asking for
"Why, I did," retorted the clerk who was an earnest young fellow. "t did get a report. The ageney said he
owed money to every grocer in town owed money to every grocer in town,
and, of course, if his credit was that and, of course, if his credit was that
good I knew that you would like to good I knew that you would lil

Tommy was undergoing ehastisemen t the hands of his outraged mother for eating the jam.
more than it does you
And when Tommy was alone he pro duced a square piece of wood which h had placed where it was needed, an murmured reflectively: thought that
board wouldn't do her hand any good.'

A Winnipeg man went for his va cation to a fiy-haunted hotel in Bran grove behind the hotel, and one afternoon our friend elimbed into it with
pipe and book. But the flies tormented pime unmereifully, so he elimbed out again in disgust.
"Look here, landlord," he complained as he entered the offtice, "What's the goot as that grove?", use the hammock during hammoek "What are hammock hours?" aske the guest. "Mare ho two, sir," said the landlord. "Ywelve to two, sil find no flies in the grove then, sir.,"', demanded the puz-
"And why not?" zled guest.
"Because," said the landlord, "twelve to two is dinner, and they're all in the
dining room then."

CATER'S WOOD PUMPS


WII stand more tront, pump esater, lat
 asy to put in and so eary to remetro. Yfar whe of oatotion Eng toes, Wird,
H. CATER ${ }^{\text {F. Adareas: }}$

WATER YOUR STOCK
ith a New Improvel Strav Buming
Snow Melter and Feed Cooker


 An サreontion 39.7 amp toz oatazoo
Freeland Steel Tank Co. halbrite, sask
"My Own Gopher Poison"


Phis

Prairie Chemical Co. Can. Ltd. netuy Metatur
$\qquad$
FEED OATS
IN CARLOADS AT RIGHT PRICES; DELIVERED TO YOUR G. T. P. OATS A WRITE
NORTHERN GRAIN CO. Ltd.

February 8 Board of Directors' Report hoard usen to intreat the mentary eircularize all the feleral candidatea is the recest eleetion saking for an er preselen of their attitude on the farm en' political platform. Very encoarat ing statements were vecured in this wny. Usion government in Canads han partions, unulfoth and united setion of the Wert nod ot the frecent the bear belleves the belanee of power in federn matters lies practically in the West. The Eteat support of the West was the de eiling faetor. The worthy and honore
 evot enougt to regrewat alt parties mn to parliament by acelamation to reprt uent Maple Creek constitueney.
District Directer, Andrex Knox, of Priase Albert, after a vigorous bol lighly sucecesfal eontest has alos at tained the eminence of a seat in parlia with the asoociation almoat from it inception and has held office for mor mereemive yrart than any other diree tor. From the MeKensie constitueney there wiss aleo returned to parliamest. on an independent nomination, Jobn $F$ Reild, of Oreadis, one of the forme tered valuable serveres to the sumeto tion ai a member of the executive Coapled with these outatanding eham pions of Grain Growers' Association prineliples should be mentioned the name of Levi Thompson, \& formeef vice president.
Important Constitutional Amendments A very important question which sestion was the board at its November sary conatitutional amendment delegat ing the borrowing powers of the assoe ation to the exeeutive. This question had not been elearly demed by the con desired the necemary provision.
Other constitutions amendmentr r quired are, one in reference to the num bo which shall form a quorum at meet inge of our locals and one empowering the directors of a local or a majority of them, or of the members to call,
meeting of the loeal. Another makin it uneonstitutional for any offieer of a loeal. personally to engage in the business or be employed in the business of selling supplies, to farmbrs Anothe demand is for an amendment making it
unconstitutional for any one holding office in the Central to engage either on his own neeount or by way of employ ment with any person or organization in any line of business in any way com peting with the organization in the purehase or sale of goods:
Great value was set on the advan tageous use of the press in spreading paganda. This board heartily endorse the campaign now under way for 30,900 new members during 1918 and recom mends that our people give their hearty co-operation in the aceomplishment of this very desirable end. The boar no foree and no combination of fored emanating from the Central can ever take the place for effectiveness of per Sonal canvass by members themselves. Never before has the association ren dered a service so great in its immed timate effect.

Demands Are Beling Met
Tangible results aceruing from the activitics and propaganda of the Grain Growers' associations are now evident by the demand for the nationalization
of railways, government control of wheat marketing, zovernment control o profits from the handling of many com modities and the taxing of large busi ness profits. Direct taxation, whie eastern financial men for years called pipe dream of western Grain Grower has become a fixed principle of taxatio for federal revenue.
The Grain Growers been the principal bodysociation ha proposed freight rate increase, while the influence of the association has grow very greatly. The need for organiza tion has also grown. Never have the enemies of co-operation and true democ
racy been more alert or more active
thes sow. OId foundations appesr to be slippling, special privilege to lost entrencher and in posminion of searly ofl the akil sod wapone of warfare is set really tottering Never inos, if time been on eppertinte for ar inst the by erpanived waticultare Vietory rive. to be within reach if the orgasited Orain Growers have the vieigos, the leyaity and the "determination to grasp
S.G.G.A. Executive Report Catheme from he
Trenty-four bassers were estered by various loeale, many of them showit their freparatios. Prisea were awantel us follows tat, Meifort; Find, Dunders Ird, Donnellyville; 4th, Haleyonia; 5ith, Monarch.
An interestivy fiature in conser won second prize and bo a hent whit piece of work, lo the fact that it =3 made entirely' by ene of the tow it way nothers in the asmociation, Mrs, Bel. waget, that time 69 years of age. W. recommend that every local in the so to own.", supply itself with a banner of ***
Tivities of the legal bearen with the se reniered assistance and given ateh had in many and varied ways in advie waye been the poliey of the bureaus to avoid litigation ant britg the tis putasts together in mutual agreemeit.

Patipetic Contributioni
Proceeling, the report statesy "Quite under the Patriotic Aere plan ant ank oatstanding, but during the year there From collected from this toontee $63,770.57$ wero the Patriptic Aere fuad granto Arittos made during the year as follows: Vational Coen Heliel fand, 82,000 ; seas Military Servac.C:A. for Over: "There was also handle. your Central office e hantribled through ous other patriotic funds amounting to
100,227 .

Co-operative Trading Activities "In spite of the ohataclee referred to ancertainty which arose including the templated transfer of s portion of thes activities to the Rosknterierna Co-op erative Elevator Company, the year ment of service, strengthening improve tial position and growth of of finan and net profts.
You will remember that at our last oming the suggestion a resolution wel chewan Co-operative Elevator Company that that body undertake the distriby fion of supplies from loesl waretouser and that you recommended that your with the company with a view to the transfer to it of the trading activitioe of the Central if arrangements contd the arrived at which would guarantee associatioction of the interests of the associations. Fond the many co-operative commendation the exwective out your reber of conferences ective heid a numdirectors of the company Dur board of discussions the very finest sisitit of operation between the two bodies obElevator Company found that if the to undertake thls class of business, it would be possible to co-ordinate the interests and activities of the two of the compall points the management ation for the showed a fine consider tion. In none of the of the associa ever, was it contemplated thas, how Central would go entirely out of these aetivities or take any steps whieh would sever the relationship between which in any way would tend to nake the probiem of local organization more difficult All these Associations wore difficult. All these deliberations of directors, who passed on the finding of your executive. The the findings Elevator Company, for reasons already

THE GRAIN GROWERS GUIDE
 We Make and Temper Our Own Steel ${ }^{-}$



 Moton oyoles MOTO ATTAOHMENTS







## An Alpha Gas Engine

A
Alpha will saw more wood in a day than you can aww by hand a week
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It will pump water all day long without watching
It will rue your cteam separator, churn or washing machine.
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THE DE LAVAL COMPANY, Ltd.
 MONTREAL PETERBORO WINNIPEG VANCOUVER


WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTIBERS PLEASE MENTION THE GUDE
given you, did not fad it expedient to enter spon these aetivities, but it
did lend and is eanatanfly Iendie- it did lend and io eonstantly leading itr very best moral support to the asso-
ciation in its work. At these dietriet ciation in its work. At these distriet
conventions, where the matter was In. conventions, Where the matter was in-
trodaced, and at many ether focal katheriags where representative workers katherings where representative worker!
of the asociation were present, praet! cally sll the delegates declared them selves as frmly eonviaced that organi vation ot the loral polist follargely dependent upen these activities, and
that the locals are permanently engared that the locals are permanently engared
is co-operative trading. It is evident is co-operative trading. It is evident
therefore that the sasopiation is pet. therefore that, the association is pet-
manently engared in co-operative lis manently engaged in co-opetative dis-
tributios of suppties through its locals. and that these setivities are a great
and and that thee metivitica sre a great
assistance to its wopk of apganivatiet and edacation. "The year 1917 shows by for the
largest growth in any year of the bail ness of this department. Durigg this entire year your Central office was is dependent of ito former semelation
with The Grain Growers' (frain ComFioy, and lad a free hand is making it) -own contricts for all supplies. The business of this department fof the year
1916 amounted to 81.058 .000 and thi (ineloded an appiteciable amount whiel) eame to it for The Grain Growers' Grain Cempany, It in doubly gratifying there; fore to be able to report that the total
sales for 1917 amounted to $\$ 1,645,000$, showing an expansion of nearly 60 per ceat, over the previous year. The net
proft, after making allowances for preciation, bad debts, elaims and adjustments, ete., stands at more than double that for 1916, being $925,776.54$ this department had during 1917 by far the most suecesaful year since it was inamgurated.
Reference was then made to the
opening of a branch in Winnipeg opening of a branch in Winnipeg.
Recently your Central has also underRecently your Central has also, under-
taken distribution for gaskatehewan of the rein-drive tractor," the report continued. "In securing this most mbd ers of tractors for our people, we believe that we are rendering a real service to the cause of greater production, We are also supplying gopher poison, put
up under our own formula, with most rigid scientific inspection to guarantee lieve that we are rendering a valuable service to agriculture in this province in that we are assisting our people to in that we are assisting our people to
secure for the destruction of this costly pest a poison which is absolutely de-

Trading Department Exhibit For binder twine supplies for 1918 contracts last summer, and having made careful investigation at the factory Warehonses of a harge quantity of
Equity twine alteady made up under Equity twine already made up under
these contracts, we are able to assure our members that it is of excellent quality. A very interesting exhibit by the grocery braneh, and of other com. being made at Hamilton street, Regina, and all delegates and visitors are cordially invited to visit the same. There is also an educational exhibit of great interest and value, showing the various
fibres from which binder twine is made, fibres from which binder they are drawn
the sources from which the and their various qualities of utility;
Saskatehewan is as helpless for self Saskatehewan is as helpless for self
support in' connection with binder twine supplies as Ontario is for coal. You will be especially which have been and are being carried out for the proWe hope that it may be found possible to produce twine for the farmers
from their own flax straw on a comrom their own flax straw on a
mercial basis.

Strengthened Financial Standing upon the finaneial standing and business red of experienced before. Farly in not been experienced before. Carly in a twine famine, averted later by the
partial failure of the United States winter wheat erop. Your executive was fully aware of conditions and in_order to protect you so far as possible we pur-
chased in April a quantity of twine chased in April a quantity of twine
which had been intended for export to Europea
ocean
secsred. 8pot eash before shipment mu demanded and the ampunt invalve
was in excess of $\$ 100.000$. The strel atles serured this mosey withis fort elght howre entiraly kpon Its own ree ponaibility. With the rapid expanala of the bosiness, the earrying of hestr stoels of supplies, all of them purehase for cash, has been anoveldable at time
That the Awocistion Has That the Assoriation has won the cen
Edeoce of fosacial cirelos is arile sdeoce of hosncial circles is evidest to earry stoeke agerrerating at times. to cery st acke ageterating at times in tios should sil you with confidence nat gratifcation it mast also be recognirel that these unavoidable heavy dtais upon eapital make it denbly imperativt that the Amoel
cash business.
"There has been evident on the par of locals a has bieen evilent on the par eredit and to nse the eapital of th. Central in carrying of their own bout ness at the local peint. Too muel strue cannot be laid upon the necessity af carrying es co-operative business on a cash basis, particularly at the retain end. Nothing but failare can attend co pperative enterprise unless this ban principle of sound economy is ciosel " During the convention there will rates wates and other representalives free ative associations. It is inticipated that various recommendations will com, to the convention as the result
deliberations of this conference.
deliberations of this conference
The eapital debentures now held
the Central amont to to 254 these, interest at the rate of 6 per cest was paid is cash from the 1917 pearning and we have seen fit to make provisio for a patronage dividend of one and a half per cent. to apply upon deferred payments of capital debentures. We
are this year for the first time showing are this year for the first time showing a general statement of assets and liab lities, in previous years only the except in the Trading Department You will be interested to note bow thin department is gradually building up ite own capital from its own surplus earn ings. Beginning less than fotur yeari ago with a capital of one thousand dollars and receiving from time to time a total cash capital invested by your selves of only 84,554 , exclusive of life than $84,000,009$ has been done and total working eapital for this depart ment has now been accumulated amount ing to $\$ 85,000$.
i"We desire in closing to express our hearty appreciation of the support whici you have given us and above all for the kind and friendly treatment ac corded us whenever it has been our

CANADA'S EXPORTABLE WHEAT On the basis of estimates compiled from reliable sources it is estimate eluding the yield in the West and On tario wheat, was about $215,000,00$ ) bushels. On December 15 a careful sur vey was made which showed that, it addition to seed, requirements, the amount of Canadian wheat on this side of the Atlantic was about $112,500,00$ busheis, of which 8,500,00 busheis wer Allies. This estimate ineloded a ver considerable amount of wheat still is the farmers' hands.
Failing definite information as to how effective conservation measures will be in reducing domestie consumption of wheat, it is impossible to state how much of the wheat stil in Canada wil be available for shipment o the Allies If this country, by curtailing domestie consumption has fed to livestock, ean reduce the annual per capita home consumption from 9 bushels to about 5.4 bughels, we will be able to send overseas between $60,000,000$ and $70,000,000$ bushels. This amount is small in comparison to the enormous requirements of the Al lies but it would be of very vital assis
tince. It will only be possible to send ânce. It will onery be possible to send makes it a personal obligation to save makes it a personal obligation tour and wheat in every possible way.-Food Bulletin
ry 20, 1918 ire shipment my moant isvalre
00. The avan ey withis fort on fithis forty rapid expanalie tryisg of heav them parehase oidable at timen ine wos the eden it lisas heves at it has bieen ati nting at times a
ille this inform? ile this informa loo be recognirel heavy drais outhy fimperation tiek elosely to :

Ifent on the part dency to demast
ctapital of thy
Their awn bes
Theo mach strese
re business on at
Iy at the retail iture ean atteal unless this batic intion there will aference of dele linz and co-opert in is and co-oper dations will comp the result of the onference. it te 80,954 hell ate of 6 per cent the 1917 earning to make provision end of one and a dy upon deferrel debentures. We first time showing of assets and liab. years only the ting Department ting Department.
ito note how this lly building up its ily building up its own surplus earn
than fotir yearn of one thonsand from time to time invested by your. exclusive of life business of mote been done and a it for this depart seumulated amount
sing to express out $f$ the support whici and above all for
dreatment ae o at local peen our

RTABLE WHEAT estimates compiled es it is estimated crop last year, in-
the Weat and On the West and Onabout $215,000,000$ ch showed that, is requirements, the wheat on this side 500,000 bushels were es en route to the
te included a vers of wheat still in
formation as to how ic consumption of ible to state still in Canada will ment to the Allies eurtailing domestie
by reducing the d to livestock, can er capita home con:
shels to about 5.4 ble to send overseas and $70,000,000$ buslsmall in comparisos of very vital assis person in to send obligation to save eat in every possible

## Fanning Mill Sieves

In The Guide of Jansary 23 appeared an artiele by Seager Wheeler on Clean ing Eled Grais, is which fansing mill Rove farmers have reqgested further explanation about sleves. The follow ing isformation is bised on a parmphlet lasuet by the Dominion Beed Rranels, covering the subject.
Fanning mill sleves are of two gener. el types, these made of perforated sine and those made of woven wire. Per. forated sine sieving has either round, oblong, or triangular perforations.
There are square and long-mesh woves There are square and long-mesh woves wire sieves.
The tilame
sine sleves is of the perforatlons if zine seves is usually given in sixty. ".g" sleve sually means one with perforations $8-64$ of an inch in diameter.


The mext amaller and larger sites are 9-64 and 9.64 , respectively, althoegh half simes sometimes eecur, A similar vystem is used for the triangular and eblong perforations.
The mesh of woves wire is usually expressed by giving the number of wires to the inch eselh way; thus an
 Wires to the lineh enel way; a i by 10 containe two wiren to the inch one way ling will vary with the diamoter of the wfre uned.
The numbers which manafactarers put on the various sieves supplied with Their mills often have no reference to the size of the perforstion or meah of the woven wire of which the sleve is made. For example, a sleve which a manufacturer desfgnates as No. 12 may bot be a 12.64 perforated zine or a 12
by 12 woven wire. It is not a diffeslt matter, however, to determine the size matter, howover, to determine the size
of the perforations or mesh with a



 long and marrov. es., elies in whest. The


The 8 by 8 square meeh sloce. Woves wire
sieves are generally sued as sersess is elan.




This steve with perforstions 8-64 lisel if dianter will hold the plomp whest and

 si a riddle or spper siers for whes to
separate ests and oither imparities larger thes separste osts and ofther imparities larger thas
whieat.

28 by 28 woven wire stove, a wetal sereen
for remoring small weed seeds, sseet st ehlek. weed, einguefoil, plantaln, shepherd's proks and worm-seed mastard from timothy. When
the timothy is small finer sereen such si
the 30 by ao should be seod. Sometimes the 30 by as shonld bo sesd, Bometimes
sereens mado of long mesh wire ploth are
used for timothy seed.

Zine sieve-perforations $1-22$ inch in dise
meter. When ased as ridde with short, guick shake timothy paskes throggh, leaving Cansds thistle, ehleory and seeds simils in
sixe sbove to be rue off the end. fuecess in making separrations with any sieve depends.
on giving it the proper slope and movement.

 riddle or upper sleve for eleaning rod elover. Ragweed siteks, pleces of strsw snd anything
larger than Red Clover seed will ran over thls largor than Red Clover seed will run over thls
sieve.

 grass. shd the smaller weed seeds pass
through the oblong openings whill the plump
seed reasins above.

The buekwheat sereen is made specially for, the separation of wild brekwhas from gain.
It shoolld be msed with the point of the It should towards the upper and of the
spertare tore fereens of this kind sre nanaly made
screen. Nith perforations $8: 64$ ineh to the sloe bet
larger perforations wonld probabiy be prelarger perforations wonld
forable for many samples.


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The isis U.a.a. eatalok show mort than a handred peses of ferm llon to the aser-s eomplete line of

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-plows, drills, wigons, harness, ges engines, cream saparstors, and othat farm nesds, se weill as bullding and honseliold aspplies, are deseribed is etail sad priced. Write for Cataiog $A$ or ase the cospons.

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Fou are a U.G.G, shareholder, or if you have had any business
with this company, don't write us-your copy will be mailed.

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 Qet Acqualnted with the Users of Garden City Feeders hEAR WHAT THEY have to say, and you will not have to buy a pig in a poke; but will be in a position to make an intelligent choice. We do not ask you to take our word for anything; simply let others tell you their EXPERIENCE; hear what Mr. Lloyd has to say:-$$
\text { Garden City Feeder Co. Mgeanville, Mask, Nov, 23, } 1917 .
$$

Birs:- Regina, Sack.

After having laed your feeder for the season, giving it a fair test, 1 must say, without any hesitation, it if the BFST
 could haraly notiee the least difference in the separatot of engine astake, and that is in the name. It should be "PEER PECTO" with all the lettere in eapitala Had I had it sooner
it would have PAID ME HUNDEEDS OF DOLIAAR. Yours truly,
(8gd.) Robert \&. Lloyd.
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old reliable) In first-lases condition, 30.60 H.P. Also one
8-Furrow New Engine Gang Plow
aenume bargain guarantbed
Engine Gang Shares, all makess
The Canadian Stover Gasoline Engine Co. Ltd. brandon, man.

ALFALPA TOE sERD AND HAY Relme grostly fepresed with the pasture plast, beelthy and nutritioni for sll form stook, be it emlekes. theen. pig. com er horse, 1 woold like to give you my small experience to show the case with which it may be grown. The sammer of 19151 teetled one and quarter acres to alfolfs. The sit mas light, inelined slightly to gravel, with down. It was lo goot state of celtivation, having, been sown the season before to millet and used for piep pas
ture 1 plantad the owed as Jone patting it fin with a garrien *reter, in drils 18 inhes spart. After the plants were above apround 1 stirred the ground ocavionally with the garden col tivator during the summer. On July
27 trat the plot, so there was conalide. able lambequarter in the drills, and mach of the alfolfa wise 20 ineles hish. The following spatisg I ealtivated. couple of times until the growth got too heavy. There were two heavy erope daring the summer, but I am sot pre pared to asy as to the aetual number of loseds of feed.
last season the new growth was
vident when the snow gran evident when the snow disappeared, and continued to grow fast from the from want of moisture, even though the rainfall was light. I eut the erop for seed on Augast 27, at which time the individual plants would average three to four feet in height, and with the mase of hrasches formed a swami of zrowth that completely covered the ground, so that the drills were not dis sll dropied off and formed uime hal covering the ground haif an incl thick After caring If threshed the erop (seven large londs) which yielded 960 lbs. of fairly elean seed. The stork greedily ate the threshed straw to the last bite. two seres of stabble 19151 sleo seeded to alfalfa, with barley ground (elay ioam to alfalifa, with barrey as a nurse erop following seaton was light, though I cut it twice. This last summer, how ever, it seemed to have entirely mastimes. The first time it yielded six loads, second cutting two and a half loads and the last time one load of ideal chicken feed for the winter. might say that 1 treated the seed care C. I. BARAGAR. Man.

THE FARM IGE SUPPLY
Having had a long experience with ice and cold (40 to 4,3 degrees) water having a good deal of experience, offic ally and otherwise, in the building more or less interested in the develop ment of the Saskatehewan dairy indus. try, we emphatically advise every farmer who dabbles with milk to put up few tons of ice every winter. It it easy to keep iee in the West that it almost inconceivable to think that few farmers fail to store it. The only deep wells which will not register high weather.
The best time to cut ice is when is about 16 inches thick. Be sure all angles are right' angles. Blocks should mensions fit nicely into sleigh boxes. The ice should be cleañ, avoid slough water ice Yor storing, taken from a river
or a lake. Be sure the water is pare and clean. If such ice is not a vailable artificial ice is quite easily made from feet out of inch, or thieker lumber, and twelve inches wide. Place the box on a level piece of ground covered with wo or three inches of clean snow. Whe now up the sides and ends, sprinkle th snow with water from a garden water can. When zero weather is in full swing fill in about two inches of water at a time. When frozen, put two more inches and repeat the operation until the box is level full. Knock off the sides and ends and saw into blocks. We have always nsed, in the Weot, clean chaffy straw for packing. If it ca the better If saw-duge can be had

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Friee Llet and Shipping Tage Fher
Sierce. Fur $\mathrm{C} \sigma . . \mathrm{Itd}$


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rralns in a head and has yielded 160 bubhels per acre under dectidediy tavor-
$\qquad$ $\uparrow$ Our new catalog tells how
it was bred and how


HARRIS MCFAYPEN SEED CO,
better stili. Straw packing seeds to be about two feet thiek on the sides and top of the ice-ple and ten- woeliot ander. finches thick on the sides sud top and sis inelies sidersesth. Alwsys provide for a two-foot opes space over the paek, as fee needs overhead ventilation. If is best not to try paching less than five
of six toms. Yortr enhie feet makes of six toss. Yorty euble feet makes a
ton. The ire should, whatever the quas. tity, be parked in a cuble pile, as sear as posaible $A$ pile six feet by six feet square and six feet Hort wilt make about five gons. The lee-honse is renerally looked upon is a formidable
feature of ice storing but it is not. Any featare of lice atoring but it is sot. Any place that will proteet from side drafts, store ice in. A corner is a hars, stahle. store ice in. A corner in a barn, stahle,
woodshed or pertahle granary will do as losg as the ire paek eas be praterted as above sfated. A hoose to protected the above mentloned pack meeds to be 10 feet square and elght feet bigh. Two by foar scantling or squared poplar pele eovered with two thithnessis of buildiag will and two thicknesses of
Do not wae tarred paper. Two layers of half-inch stuff with no paper between warped over the top makes a good roof. Have the doer in one end of the gable and above the tee. It is better on the sliding plas so that it can be left, most of the time, partly or full open.
Packing is a simple and easy performance. House, and ice cut in squares or rectangles, with right angle corners, being ready, put into the house. A layer of poles, brash or anything should be osed to keep the ten inches of straw up from the ground. There
must be ahsolately no water or socksge must be absolutely no water or sockage
of any kind under the fee. Place the of any kind under the ice. Place the left between them. When the bottom layer is complete fill the crevices fall of clean snow or puiverized ice. Then sतt smother linyer untit the pack is eomplote. Mill in the packing a foot at a time, tramping as hard as possible. Pat two feet deep, tramped, over the top of pack. Do not learve the door ajar
or open during snow or rain storms. We furnish by far the greatest amount of cream of any single patron to our local ereamery and have no trouble in having prefectly sweet eream delivered twice a week. If all farmers who produce milk. cream, butter and cheese would store and use ice, the quality of our dairy products would jump up 25 per cent

## Moosomin, Sask

STORTNG ICE IN WELL
Last winter my good wife kept a me to try putting some ice in our old lisearded well, that is nine feet deep, until l, like most good husbands, yielded and did so. lilaose a time when the men in our viliage were havges sheir iee houses, so dee, but was told to help myself to the ice, but was cold to help myself to weighing in all about 1,000 pounds made a platform about eighteen inche higher than I expected the water to come, and placed the ice on it, covering ice to use all summer, besides keepinm our eream cool enough to grade extra

Stenen, Sask.

FROZEN FORMALIN
Q.-Is, formalin rendered useless by
treezing? is there any simple test for freezing? is there any simple test for
formalin? A.-Lowering of the temperature has the same effect on formalin as concentration by evaporation. In either case an insoluble compound known as para formaldehyde is formed. This change, which is characterized by a milky ap pearance, reduces the germicidal value of the formalin. Solution can be ob tained, however, by warming with the addition of water. There is no simple test for the strength of formalinA. J. Galbraith, Professor of Chemis. try, M.A.C

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## the Tractor with the Famous Lever Hitch

 Thi It may have the atrongest motor ir the wornd bot is useles.
There are two ways to obtain trse tion-by weight and by the lever and folerum prineiple.
It was Arehimedes who said, "Give me a fuleram on which to place my lever and with these hands will I lift the world."
This is the priselple of the famous lever hitch. Instead of employing : straikht line drag from the engine to the plow, the drive wheele and then down to the plows. The Nilison Patented Lever Hitel gives the drive wheel grip without exeess weight. It increases traetion when it is most needed, It saves fuel, it prevents slippage. it does not paek the ground.
The lever Mifeh is patented. It is found only in the Nilson-the tractor
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## poultry and moas

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## The Flock

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Yrooesor of Poultry Hoshandry, at the Manitoba Agrieultural College

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POULTRY AND EGGS (Contimed)



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A mettler aftur obtaloing hensuted paient, if Co canset mevurs a pre-emplios, may take a porper orrs. Mat raile als moethe is met ef thrse yous, efltivate so wrme sat erot a hous verth 830000.
Hoblert of setrife may toubt time of emplor. ment ot larin labourers is Cansio during 1917. ae reablebes duties under oertain sopditions.
Whas Dominios Lamle ars sirertient or ported for entry, retursel solliers whe have eerved oversese sad have been honourably dieptarged, tooive one day prionity in applying for satry ai iovel Agent's Offee (but not Bub-Agnery). Dle ohareve papers mast be presented to Agest.

W, W. CORY,
Deputy Minieter of the Interiee.
N.B.-Unsethorised pablleation of this atrer tisement will net her mall tor

## GOOD FISH NETS

 are Scarce and Prices are Rialng onoth WoW and Be hesdy, for the dobimilallamize.

DON'T DELAY PLOWING
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## The HUNgry Gophers Spring Drive

They charge by thousands and thousands; hoping to ravage the tender wheat, and satisty their greed at the expense of the farmer. But, when they meet the Allied defense of grain, poisoned with

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their drive is checked-theif massed attack is shattered-and the whent fields of the west are dotted with their dead.
"Cophercide" is a perfect solution of strychnine, which entirely dissolves in warm water wihout the aid of acids or vinegar; and ss so disguised that gophers amack their lips over it, and it curls them up. Don't take chances this year. Get "Gophercide" right now-soak the wheat in it, and sprinkle the poisoned grain about the holes of the gophers. It will save your wheat crop. Your drugglet or general atore has it, or will get it for yous.

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## Don't Be Caught This Spring Without Having Your Plows Equipped With <br> CHRISTIANSEN ATTACHMENTS <br> 



## Growing Evergreen Trees



## (18)

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## older wettle

## In


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grown ap within the of which have
toenty fyenty or twenty five years. What a eharm and
variety they lend to the prairie outlook. variety they lend to the prairie outlook,
Let us look at this same picture is Winter. We trive nlong over the same
country, but how everything is ehangel. It is the same road, the same farm hopses, and here are the same groves,
but they are leafles and there is an color to brighten up the view. We thought thase farmert hat wintbreakst So they have, but they appear to have
somelow shruaken op and we fail to find that cosy homelike aspect that has lingered in our memory since our sum-
mer visit. But here at last we find a different scene. The contrist is great, and what is the eause of this improvement I Here are some hundreds of evergreen trees disposed in groups around a farm house, which we find on
inquiry to liave been transplanted from inquiry to have been transplanted from
the forcat some ten or a dozen years ago by the proprietors ewn hands, at no great expense, save a few days' work.
With additions of other trees from time Wo time and an ofcasional day of loving
to
eare and attention, we have a green care and attention, we have a green
landscape, a bit of summer in the midlandscape, a bit of summer in the mid it
dle of winter, nothing very fine yet, it is true, but promising much for the future Enoggh to add to the attrge-
tivenesa of the home and enobigh to re. tiveness of the home and enough to re-
piay the planter many times its cost in pay the planter many times its cost in
beauty alone, for a thing of beanty is a joy for ever. This is worth striving
for on every farm. When we take into consideration how easily our mative vatiely of evergreens can be trans-
planted and how fast they grow in almost any kind of soil, we are astonished in travelling the country to see how
very few have availed themselves of very few have availed themselves of furnished in many pharts of our country
and which ean be had for merely the tronble of digging. Any soil that will grow a good erop of wheat will be suitable for evergreens. We have dug up
spruce in the sandhills, conveyed them seventy miles by wagon, transplantel
them in heavy elay loam and had so per eent. grow. The important business and nearly in all cases there will bs success. The soil must be well pre-
pared, deeply plowed and finely pul. verized. It may be the oldest land the farm, but it must be mellow and in
good heart. If possible choose a cloudy is the best time, about the midille of May when the buds are just beginning grown.
We have found June to be the most unfavorable time to plant out ever-
green trees in this country. It is important to bear in mind whife handling all varieties of evergreens that the roots
should never be exposed to the sun and rate suceess. If the roots should once and may as well be thrown away at once. If you wish to make fine trees
in the future you must be content to begin -with small ones, from two to
three feet high. Dig good large holes
$\qquad$
a little deeper than in their original
position. For trees on the lawn which the soil to a depth of three inches at
least, as far out as, the lower limbs ex-
end. This ahould be dose eseh sprise. Is light randy land it is better to male. eish rofted stable or ehip masare. The mileb should sot come in contact with
the stem of the tree. Fxperience las the stem of the tree. Rxperience has
shows that it is a peor plan to mix ever.
 greon trees with the heviduous of broad
lefed varietion, While it is meverary
for liest realto on the ofes praitie to have a good wisilbreak well under way
before any evergteens are plantel, they before any evergreens are planted, they
sheuld be planted by themselves on the sheltered side of the liroad-leafed var-
leties sud at a distasee of at least
 ajart in the rows.
It has always lien our delight to grow evergreens os our farm, and our
ixjerience with some varieties feated, That growth they lave made usder eul tivation, and the most suitable varieties To wae, may be of some value to any who
are desirous of growing anme of this are desirous of growing some of this
flesirahle and hardy elase of trees. We have in all twenty-seven varieties evergrees trees and shrubs growing of our prownds, some of these for some consiflerable time. It is of these w
will give a brief secosnt.

> The Pines

Bcotel Pises-This is without doubt the best, hardiest and fastest grower of The foliage is of a blasish green colot. Our oldest trees were growis from seed sown 36 years ago. Srown from seed trees are now 42 feet in height, with cireumference one foot ahore the ground of four feet six inches. The trees were planted on an average of 14 feet apart each way. They now entirely shade the ground and the lawn grass
that grew between the trees in their that grew between the trees in their
carlier years has been neariy all killed out. Trees of thls bame variely, planted 33 years ago, but on an average of four feet apart each way, these are now 48 feet high and 31 inches in cireumference one foot above the ground. The
trees are straight. The limbs on the trees are straight. The limbs on the
lower part of the trees keep gradually dying off. Jack Pine.-This we consider to be the most reliable of all our native pines. Its great recommendations are that it is abeolutely hardy, is easily trans-
planted, and is a fast grower. You ean planted, and is a fast grower. You can out several whorls of branches the same year on the young wood. No other pine namental. In winter the foliage turnvellowish green. It is a homely tree, in fact the poor relation of the evergreen family, but as a tree for a shelterbelt on the prairie it is one of our best
varieties. It is found urowing in abunvarieties. it is found growing in abun-
dance west of Lake Winnipeg. danee west of Lake Winnipeg Tack Pine with better foliage, found krowing on the Cyprese Hills in Alberta It is quite hardy with us, but more dif. ficult to transplant and not as rapid a grower as the Jack Pine. Pine.-Is our
The Dwarf Mountain Pis年st variety for the lawn. The speci mens are very ornamental and compact On our grounds, planted 17 years, it is eight feet.

The Spruces
Colorado Blue spruce.-This is the rees. It has steely blue colored foliage. As this tree varies in color in
individual specimens, the blue variety olly should be planted for lawn pur is rather a slow grower in its early lanted 17 years and is now 16 feet White Spruce.-This is the best
known and most valuable of our native pruce. It also makes a fine ornamental green for general purposes. Our oldest 35 years ago, are now 43 feet in height. 8 desirable a variety to alt to tell them apart The twigs cult to tell them apart. The twigs of

Lestare and are blser is tint thas the White spruce and later the toses of of the tree whers they the finvile yesers, while those they hasz on for years, while those of the white aprace appeat on the eataide of the trae and asoally drop off the first wister. Iagleman Hprwe-Thospt not a sative of oar province thls vartely makes $\begin{gathered}\text { rompart, of eloser build ase, is more }\end{gathered}$ crowth than the white sirme alower crowth than the white sprace. The retyis of s ofeely hlse, almost eqial to that of the Cotorsto biae.
Norway Epruce-This is well-knows variety and the meat popalar sprye plasted in the east. In the weat, in the early years of its growth, it is lisble to sunsesld, the foltage turning red and tiagy on the sonth-side. This is over. came as the trees grow elder. The trees are rapid zrowers and of graeefel farm The oldeat specimess on our grounds were phanted 33 years ago and now have a leight of 39 feet, with a elrcamference of 32 inches one foot above the ground. The downey liesaded Woet peckers or Sapauckers do considerable injury to the Norway Sprace by gird. lisg parts of the trank fuil of small for this pest. gun is the only remedy for this pest.
Ralsam Vir.
clas as being quite hardy. Whes small class as being quite hardy. When amall
the tree may be a little tender bot it the tree may be a little tender but it
has proved a hardy and quick growisg has proved a hardy and quick growing
tree on out grounds. Planied to years ago, our oldeat specimens are now 47 feet in leight, with a circumference of over five feet, one foot shove the eround. The Dougles and Con-eelor irs are not altogether hardy here, and we would not sadvise planting them. Siberian Arbor-vitab.-This is another good variety, perfectly hardy and asfe to plant. It is of slower growth than the above-mentioned, but is of more upright, eompact, sturdy growth.
Pyramidal Arhor.sitsee-This Pyramidal, Arbor-vitae-This is a
very compact upright grower. Its col very compact upright grower. Its columbar form makes it a very conspicaous object on the lawn.

Minnesota Red Cedar.-This is a variety with foliage resembling the Juni-
fer, it is a elose, sompant arowar. The flispe is light pres. All the Arbar: nsee by elloplag. which is erasily iosen in June. This is especially tree of the last mentiosed variety. Treated is this way it is certainly a thisg of lianty,
This coblpleted the list if bieat ever: freess, wheleh in our experience are Cairly asfe to plant in this constry. There are a number of othars that may pocceed fairly well in favered locations, out meed not be mentioned here.
It is renerally naderstoed that evec. green trees grow only from seed. And Gusises say that this is a partienlar waipess and aloould only be andertaken
by nuruerymen. However, thete ane teme who may wish to Gy to grow theal and to those the follow W ing brief outilint of the work may be of some sesiatance. The sood should be sown in beds four The woide and as long as deairel, faur
that rounded by elght-ineh boarls oet os edge. The soil in beds should be eless and well pulverised and quite level. Bow the seed broedeset in eisily spelsr thes cover to a depth of half so linel with soil sifted through a sieve. All evergreen stedlings have to be shaded the first twe yeark. This is given by esiling ecommon laths to pleces one hy two inches aboot three-quarters of as inch spart. When the seed is sown fater well and cover the bed with the ath erreens. Have these to fit close around the corners as the birds and mice
are fond of evergreen tree seeds. Keep are fond of evergreen tree seeds. Keep are through the ground when less water. ing will be secesary. Leave the plasts in the seeding bed until three years old, then transplant in spring to rows one foot opart and alx inches apart in the row. In three years remove again to the permament location.
In eloning I woeld like again to atrongly adrise the secesaity of having a good shelterbelt of maple, ash, Rus sian poplar and willow well establighed before planting your evergreens. Afterwards there phould be no difficalty in growing on the farm all the varieties

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 ethales seed sats, we hive proviled exims is. OATS-WHEAT-AAPIEY The rasurvet and spental evel disp sol of the evantry, side felf
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## Fanaing Mills-Holiand Wiad Oat Separatore-smut, and Piekting Maetinee-


 bination Threshing Outfts.

## The Deeper Life

The Unchanging Creed of the Christian Church By Rev, S. G. Bland, D.D.

Resuming the diseusion on ereeds, We may repeat that it canmot be seen too elearly, first, that since Chriatianity is essentiaily a religion of freedom, so
ereed, lowever truic. ena ank belief ereed, lowever true, eas ank belief
except so it can show itself intrinsi. exeept as it ean show itself istrissi-
cally believable. The Chriatian salvacally believable. The Christian salvation is not in doing the
right, but in secisg snd lighi, bot in seeing and the right. Aght, seeond,
then that a creed is just s working liypothesis, theory to be accepted
till. if ever, till, if ever, a more satisfactory one is dis-
covered. Christian doecovered. Christian doe-
trise has no resemblance to the petrified forest of Arizons. It is a liv. ing tree putting forth new leaves and branches overy summer. It is also to be as elearly
recognired that there a deep instinct is the
a soul which seeks to an: ehor itself to the abid. ing. Eren the sea birds that are seen sporting amid the foaming bil. lows of the mid-Atlantic, have so Where a nest. If Christianity is the absolute and altimate religion, it must
not only give free play to the ever not only give free play to the ever
growing thought of man, but it must provide a resting place, a home for provide a restigg piace,
that spirit mome for
the all setivity deeply desires rest.
What is the
What is the unchanging element in
the Christian creed, the element withthe Christian creed, the element with.
out Which the ereed and the life out which the ereed and the life would
cease to be Christian f Perhspe the best way to discover this is simply to compare the different creeds of the
coll eompare the different creeds of the
different" Christian sects 'and of the passing Christian centuries and atrike oput everything we do not find in all. If we so strike out everything that is held by Roman Catholics only, by Anglicans only, by Presbyterians, Me-
thodists or Baptists only, perhaps there will be left the real, essential and un changeable Christian ereed, as far at least as nearly nineteen centuries have shown us what Christianity is. We shall find what $8 t$, Vincent of Lerins, in A.D. 434, defined as the creed of the true Church: "What has been every
where, always, and by all believed, Where, alway, and by all belleved, reduce the Christian creed to its simplest elements we shall find, I venture to think, that the one and only abso lutely distinctive and essential and unchanging belief of the Christian Chureh is the lordship of Jesus. That is the one belief that is common to
all Christians, the one belief which we are entitled to regard as an changing in a world of change. This belief is the essential and unchanging element in the Christian ereed, because it is the intellectual expression of the Christian spirit. Where Jesus Christ is acknowledged as lord and master there is Christianity. Where Jesus master the Chriatian spirit does not exist except in those exceptional cases which disregard all law.
That is the only ereed, then, that can be used as a touchstone of char aeter. The Christian churehes would be, I think, justiffed in denying mem-
bership to anyone refusing assent to that creed, They would not be justified in refusing admission to anyone confessing such a creed whose life was not flagrantly at variance with his words, no matter what his other opin 10ns were.
The lordship of Jesus is what may The lordship of Jesus is what may
be called the irreducible minimum of the Christian creed; the one creed ab-
solutely bound up with the Christian life. That belief, accordingly, it would seem to follow, is the only creedal requirement the churches are warranted in maintaining as a condition of membership. On any larger doctrinal refusing some whom their Master would accept, and a church that excludes any
whom Christ recelves ceases therehy to be a ehiurel of Clirist. It sinks inte mare humali soclety or elab
focieties may make such condition of membership as they please. The powers. \&he Clrist possesses so such powno. She must be open to sll dis eiplea as far as diselple. ship ean be diacerned
by men. fifer one ques by men. Her one ques
tion, then, to all seeking tom, then, to all seeking
sdmisaion must be, "De you belleve in Jesue Christ so Lordf This is a belief which will prompt explanation, and explanations will vary Every believer has the
right to make his own explanation and to com explanation and to cont his fellow diseiples. Individual believer, ner any group of believers. however large or impos-
ligg, has the right to fim. pose his or their exphan
ation on ofthers. Ther should be a large plase in the ehureh for teach. There and for discusaion. There should be no phace for dogmatism It gives me pleasure to eite here : poble passage from the mapnum of wi of the late and deeply lamented br
Denay: "What Clrist alaime and is His due is a place is the faith men-is other words it is an attitade of the soul to Mimself as He is pre sented in the gospels-to be true Christians we are thus bound to Him but we are not bound to anything else We are not bound to any man't of any chureh's rendering of what He
is or has done. We are not bound to any Christology or to any doctrine of the work of Christ. No. intellectual con struetion of what Christ's presence and work in the chureh mean is to be im posed beforehand as a law upon faiti or a condition of membership in the Christian, and when the Christiakes tude of the soul to Cirist is found must be free to raise its own problems and to work out its own solutions. This is the point at which "broad" churchism is in the right against an evangelical christianity which has not learned to distinguish between its faiti herited forms of doctrine which in been unreflectingly identified with Nattural as such identification may be, and painful as it may be to separate in thought things which have coalesced in strong and sacred feelings, there is nothing more certain than that the distinction must be recognized if evan gelical Christians are to maintain their gospel in a world which is intellectually free. We are bound to Christ and we would see all men so bound, but w mist leave it to Christ to establish His ascendancy over men in His ow what He power of what He is and secure it beforehand by the imposition of chains of our own forging." (Jesu and the Gospel, pp. 382-3.) Dr. Denny's suggestion as this irreducible minimum of creed is, "I believe in God throagh Jesus Christ, His only creed our the primitiver. But the shorter even than that Jesus imposed as conditions of discipleship impose a man should deny himself, take up his cross and follow Him. Face to face with the distressed and penitent jailer at Philippi, apparently a raw heathen Paul answered, "Believe on the Lor "I believe in the Lord Jage saved." 'I believe in the Lord Jesus Christ' we may well believe will be and ultimate creed, the only authoritative creed of a church that as at the out set, but in a far deeper and richer sense, will be human and universal, in the truest meaning of the venerable term, Catholle.

## Profit From Wheat







THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE, WINNIPEG, MAN.

In 1900 the McDonald-Robertson Seed Grain Competition was organized. The experiments extended over a period of three years and $\$ 10,000$ in prizes wete distributed.
The competitors were requested to make "head selections" from standing grain-to preserve the identity of the grain threshed from these heads and to seed same on special seed plots.
This process was to be repeated in 1901 and 1902. The "head selections" the second and third years being made from the special plots.
450 persons completed the experiments with the following results:

| Year | Average number of erains per hesed. | Average weight srans per head. | Aversge yiel in bushel. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1900 | 42-9 | 142-9 | 25-32 |
| 1901 | 46-9 | 162-6 | $30-$ |
| 1902 | 51- | 188-3 | 35-44 |

In other words by a simple process of type selection the "average yield" of 450 competitors was increased by more than ten bushels per acre.

## Your Profit

The profit from your yearly operations will vary directly according to the yielding ability of your seed grain.
Seager Wheeler is recognized as Canada's "Seed Selection" Expert. His seed grain holds the world's records for quantity and acreage yields.
The Grain Growers' Guide has purchased Seager Wheeler's 1917 crop and is distributing it FREE to farmers throughout the West. By devoting a few hours of your spare time to aiding The Guide in its big campaign to increase the yearly production on the farmis of Western Canada, YOU can secure foundation stock of this heavy-yielding world-prizewinning seed grain free.
The Grain Growers' Guide has published a "Better Seed" Book which gives details of how world-prizewinning seed has been developed and how it can be secured from The Grain Growers' Guide free of cost. You should have foundation stock of the superior seed grain The Guide is distributing, it will add dollars to your annual revenue. You should have a copy of The Guide's "Better, Seed" Book. It will be the source of both pleasure and profit. Clip the coupon. Secure the book and provide for your allotment of this heavy-yielding profit-producing seed-grain-NOW.

THE GUIDE'S "BETTER SEED" BOOK $2 \infty$ THE GRAIN GROWERS GUIDE, WINNIPEG, MAN.
Please send me immediately one copy of your "BETTER SEEC' BOOK, containing a full description of the eed which you will diatribute and the method by which I may eecure a portion of it

Name
Post Office

TOMETAY MEANE

## School Children

are often-blamed for not advancing in their stud-
ies, when the real fault is with their eyes, and is unsuspected by teacher or parent.
fyou have reamon to belleve that your chilitren's eyee need a
ontion, you shonald at onee consult a registered optomet
nnd he, on examining your child's eyes, will advise you
sa to their exaet eositition, and if glases are needed,
to their oxaet
supply them.
In all en

Registered Optometrists in Saskatchewan M. A. Anyotio ortdonn in w. ALLEMAM, Lang, Lenk.


Regivtred Op'ometrists in Manitoba





## Home Builders, Attention!

Houses and Barns cut-to-fit, ready for erection
We eliminate the retail lumberman's profit and you get the benefit.

Our Catalogue of Houses and Barns Sont Free on Application.

## W. G. Scrim Lumber Co. Limited

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If you do not see what you want advertised in this lasue, write and let us know and we will put you in touch with the makers.

## Perhaps You Say

I may take a policy later.
Are you sure that later day will come, and that if it does come you will be in a condition to pass the necessary exam ination and get the Insurance?

A good time to insure would be the day before you die but as that day may come tomorrow you had better mal sure of a policy today.
The Western Empire Life Assurance Co
Head Office: Son essel I Iock, Wiminipeg

## Hardy Alfalfa Seed <br> Grimm Alfalfa Seed Grown in Alberta

 The Hardiest known Alfalfa. Practieally no danger of winter kiling Canada Land and Irrigation Co. Ltd., Suffield, Alta.

## mes. HATOHT'S REPORT

 I have in the past year attendel elght conventios, not to mention sevenal political conventions, asd ose can:sot but hote the increasing interest of not but note the incressing intersest of
women in poblic affain. The first con.


1


## Your Eyes

or iras to inexperiesced people. Whes is seed of lelp eosesht the best sutherlyy you eas. Owr prises are never higher, oftee lest than
vharged eloreliers. Ose is yearse ox. vharget elowwhers. Oar is years' es.
perience is your gasantes of satis. pertinsee
faction.
CROWE ExE
MeKenale Bidg.
EXPERT
Tho Only BRANDON
The examises eyes exclotetroty
OPTOMETRIET and OPTICIAN Eyes Examine, Classes CarrectlyFitted




## -

 annual convention was a great pleasure to me. They are doing splendid work and already showing wonderfut results the lines of public health, better rural schools and moral reform. These three questions seem to be the burning issure of the day among our women in the
I attended twe meetings of the Pro vincial Equal Franchise Board during
the year-the annual convention in the year-the annual convention in
Moose Jaw and the executive meeting in Regina in June. Although our conhas hardly justified my remaining on it, through the united efforts of our organized women we have gained some of the legislation we wanted. We are mothers' pensions, and some advance has been made along public health lines, municipal hospitals, rural nurses, trol of contagious diseases. We are getting some women into judge of the juvenile court. We need women police. The nearest we have is Chief Burton of Regina, and we want at least one woman on each board of police commissioners, New York now right declared a woman deputy absolutely necessary
Altogether this has been a very busy for our work. Through our organiza tions our women can do more efficient work for home and community and
along patriotic lines, where women, co-operation is so much needed.

Resolutions at Regina Convention

## A Multitude of Pesolutions-Minimum Wheat Price-Terif-Grain Marketing-

 Freight Rates-Engliah in Schoole-No Increase in Memberahip Fee
## The aleterb in a lowal japet toving

 bader the other arme was more than familery. It was slimost tras. There were fanmy. It was over 110 resolutioss os the trournmene for conideratios sod at that only fian of them could be hand tagether and thrown apon the exeeutive for consideration. Markatehewn
 ail good resolutions as far towand legis. lation as joesible and report bark to next year's Ronvention just what hap:
pened eerh ose. Sueh lo done in Alberts and if is an excelicent arrangemeni. sef only for retting action bat for tiose were handled at all phases of the convention. When attention on any thimg else lagged, someone always had his jet
meeting. This makes the certainty of maving everything ineluded together having everythimg incladed together in foll, others condensed to sulatanee.

Ask Minimum Wheat Price
That Grain of Growers' 'Sunday be clianged to the third Sunday in June; That the Dominion zoverument be requestel not
only to $f \times \mathrm{x}$ price for the 1918 erop of wheat but to establish a minimume prive for the periol of the war or for ene
year after the close of the war; that the feileral goverament be akol to that The feceral goverument be akked to fur:
nish complete returns of all profts made nish complete returns of all profits made
and by whom made under war profits excess tax and that the members-lect to the federal parliament be arged to get this information; that the governinent be requested to requalate the price
of atl eommelities in fuat propprtion to the price of wheat; that the federal government be asked to negotiate with the Ameriean anthorities for the re-
moval of unnecesary restrietions surh moval of unnecesary restrictions sueh from entry to United States; that the federal government be petitioned to ex.
tend the C. N Railway line weatward tend the C. N Railway line weatward
from the town of Bangough. Mr . from the town of Hangough. Mr.
Hindley, M.L.A. from Assinaboia, said Hindley, M.L.A. from Assinaboia, said
that the laek of this exteasion had in that the lack of this exteasion had in
eight years cost the farmers there at That the provineial and federal gorernments be asked to take immediate
steps to have inexhauatible coal beis. in the southern part of the province of
Saskatehewan developed in the interest of the people of Western Canala; that
the Dominion government be raquested to appoint a commission of experts and an invention board to work out the probems of the standardization of farm
machinery; that paekers be prohifited machinery; that paekers be prohibited
selling bacon for Canadian consumpselling bacon for Canadian consump-
tion for duration of the war; that the tion for duration of the war; that the
convention favors the elosing during the war of all non-essential businesses; that the telephone service of the pro
vince, in the interest of efficient work, be not curtailed; Whereas there is growing desire on Che part of the Canadian peopie
tain a more direet and efficient trot of legislation And whereas under the present plith that tesire; And whereas at the elose of the war it will be neeessary to have the
B.N.A. Aet amended in several resTherefore be it resolved that in the
ginion of this meeting the Dominion Tovernment should be requested to tak;
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ the fullest extent direct legisiation, in.
lading the initative, referendum and That as the governments are asking for greater production and the Exemp,
tion Aet only covers seed grain for 80 tion Aet only covers seed grain for 80
heres, the provineial goverument be re quested to amend the Act so as to enver rom farm tractors under $\$ 1,400$ but be

W

## Suggestions for Baking

 With the exception of the creamier color, which is unimportant in these times, you should be just ar successuil in your baking os with the high patent iour. onr glutinous portions of the wheat berry the four may work in a dighty different manner. Care will have to be exercited at firt, until you get acquainted with the difference. You may have no difficulty at all, but in case youdo, the following suggestions will be of some assistance.
No. 1-Make the dough slightly firmer, using a little more flour to
 establishen, the elevater compasies hav

Whervas the goveramest of the
traited Atates lias taken over if. in Finited Atates has taken over the in
givetion of wheat and cors and have gyevtion of wheat and corn and have
Exed a maximam meisture content of Ther Northertin wheat
Therefere to it readred that \#r
 ratabitioh a maximum moivfare content of not lese than 13,10 jer cent. before unading wheat towgh, and not less than
16.50 per vent. before grading wheat 1630 fer cent, before, grading wheat
Wher
Wherws under the present methot of
 spe reywired for each of three seganste
phawe of the busisess, and whereas phawer of the bosisess, and whereas under this syotem, dealers licensed for
ene hipamrh of the buntmen, mily, oft engaive is other bramelien, sod, whereas lobiling rompanie are not reqposaibl for defaleations ineurred ander these Hingelies not cavered hy licenas3, there fore bee it resolval that the Ganaila tirain Aet should be amended to provile that one license osly shall he requirel
eovering country elevator, treek haying eovering conntry elevator, track bayiag end commiseion busisess. This Wh:
propesed by Mr. Robinson of the Copropesed hy Mr. Robinson of the Ce-
aperative Elevator Co, whe explained operative Elevator Co., whe explained
that oerasionally very heavy losees that oernsionsily very heavy losses
were suffered by farmers est aresuat af companies lirensed to do one beainess engusiag is another for whiel they
lee knew of a 600,000 lese rewaltivg from If ese recammendel to the Meaketele wan Co-eperative Rlevator Co.' that if enter into the milling induatry as soon ins expedient.
Ooverument Insurance for soldiers
Hesolved that Feleral government devise and pot inte of-cration sin insur ane syatern for soblliers as has bees done. hy Frited etnter portrmment.
Hesolved that it is the opialos of this Conventios that the same smount of jensians should be granted the Widows of privates as is manted te
the widowe of officers the wiflows of officers.
Henolved that is view of the fart that the drouth of 1917 so afferted
many wettlers is oar provisce that they many settlers is our province that they
rannot themselves proville ared grais panotiols theive provide seel grois. grais to feet ilheir horses during the seetise and summer fattow wisoms and whereas the rural menieipalitise in many instances are unable or have nea lerted to deat with even the question of weel, this assoplation should and toet recommend that either the proviare er
(edernl goverment fale st pit federal government take atepe to lasure
that every farmer who is and has heen that every farmer who is and has been engegeil in farming with his own outfi
be susiated to tbis extent, that the may produre to the areateat and beet adven. jrodure to the greateat and beet advas
tage, thus doing their duty to our cens try in this time of vital need. This ens propesed by P. I. Craigen whe emphisised the need of thelp in the Continued an Fse 34

# PURITY FLLOUR GOVERNMENT STANDARD 

## Explanation

 E are enclosing this pamphlet in each bag of Purity Flour (Government Standard) going to the housewives of Canada, giving some explanation with reference to this Standard Flour which the Government has ordered all flour mills in Canada to manufacture on and after January 28th, 1918.We are obliged, under these new regulations, to manufacture this Standard grade of flour only, but we expect when the war is over that these regulations will be rescinded, and we can commence again the manufacture of our regular high quality Purity Flour. We might say in connection with this Government Standard Flour, that it is in no sense of the word a War Flour, as it is a pure White flour, being $100 \%$ of the flour that is contained in good sound wheat. The new milling regulation, to put it in simple language, means that millers instead of making several grades of flour as previously, are now compelled to put all of the flour that is contained in good milling wheat into one grade. This still gives a good all-purpose flour, but of a slightly more creamy color as compared with our regular high quality Purity Flour.


## Saggestions for Baking

less liquid to the same amount of flour. 2 Be careful to keep the dough from getting too warm. An overheated dough from this flour will be more serious than in the case of a high patent flour. No. 3-It will not need to stand as long as was formerly necessary; it stand too long in the pans. it stand too long in the pans. No. \& - Tittle more yeast. If setting a sponge over night, make it somewhat stiffer.
No. 5-The system of setting a sponge over night will probably give the best results with this
clase of Aour.

## Western Canada Flour Mills Co. Ltd.

"Millers to the People

Winnipeg Brandon Calgary Vancouver Victoria, Toronto Ottawa Montreal St John

## Royal Purple Poultry Specific <br> Is the big link between fow eggy and a fulf beaket．

## It Increases the Egg Yield

## ，




Solt in lerge and small peckoges．
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W．A．Jenkina Mifg．Co．Lted，London，Canade

## ＂Economy＂Return Flue Stock Feed Cookers <br> An Article Every Farmer or Stock Raiser Needs

 To Satisfactorily and Economically FattenStock，kive your stock lots of warm water Sock，，ive your stock lots of warm water and well co
the results．
Hundreds of Satisfled Customers throughout the West
nmy＂Feed Cookers．
＂Economy＂Flue Feed Cookers are made in three sizes 30 gallon， 40 kallon， 60
sallon－sold with or without Base and galion－sold with or without Base and
Coal Grate．The most satisfactory and economical Cooker made． If your dealer does not carry them， Erite us
Write for our Catalogue and Prices on our＂ECONOMY＂Roller Grain Orushers． ECONOMY FOUNDRY CO．LUd．

PORTAGE LA PRAIRIE，MAN．


## For COYOTES and BRUSH WOLVES


 FOXES，WEASEL，MINK，RATs，also very high．In fact the demand is active

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187 Rupert Ave，and 150－152 Pacific Ave．E． WINNIPEG，MAN．


The YULE－HILL CO．
H：

How to Operate the Incubator ，mamelume
 － $\cdots$
 20： $=2=$
 $2-2=$ $=-20$ $5 x^{2}=$ $-5$
4．Operate the incubator as near 103
degrees，by a contact thermpmeter，an degrees，by a contact thermometer，as
possible，the first week；the seeond lo3！ possible，the first week；the seeond 103
degrtet，and the thind 10s derree In good hatehes there is always a tendenc for the temperature to go ap to 105
degrees the last week．This is a good indication of strong．
life being in the eag．
5．Make sure that the thermometer
is correct before patting in the egras． The way to do it is to take an ordinary thermometer and test it in the winter－
time by taking a dish of snow and time by taking a dieh of snow
filling it with cold water，so all the snow
of the thermometer into this snow，and if it is correet it will register az de－
grees or freexing．If not you should Greea or freexing．is not you should dish of water testing about 100 degrees and put the incubator thermometer with
the teated one inte the water．Be sure to bave looth bulhs the same depth in the water．From torreet the inculistor thermometer is and operate the machine accordingly． 6．After the incubator is up to tem－ ted so that the damper over the heater raises just very slfghtly at 103 degrees． It may require readjusting from time to time during the incubation period．
f．Use the best quality coal oil．This ．Use the best quality eoal oil，This
will prevent an uneven flame，smoky lamp añ soot in the lamp chimne 8．Fill the lamp every evening to in－ sure an even，steady flame all aing the lamp in the morning there will，be a charred wiek，nneven flame
and smoky lamp for the following night and a lower temperature in the inci－
batot．By flling is the evening the flame will be bright，clear，steady and even during the night，when the room
is likelv cooler，and a somewhat duller flame during the day，when the room is warmer．This gives a proper balance of temperature in the incubator．
there is likely to be a smoky lamp it is far better to have it during the day than at night． 9．Trim the lamp when filling it．
Turn wick down very slightly，then run a knife－blade or mateh across the top material．Gradually turn up the wick， and at the same time run knife across a few times again．This eleans the wick．See that the corners are slightly
rounded．Ahout once every three days rounded．About once every three days
eut off a quarter of an inch or so of the eut off a quarter of an inch or so of the
burned part of the wick．Trim and fill the lqmp always after turning the eggs to guard against oit on the lagers Turn the eggs morning and evening．
See that each egg changes location and See that each egg changes The egg tray should be set on top of the ineubator
or an a table large enough to cover the ortom of the tray and prevent too
bothen rapid cooling from underneath．Allow
ing part of the tray to project over the incubator enough cooling for some and toe
give enoug
much for others．See to it that ，they all get the same amount of exposure dozen and a half or so out of the middle of the tray，then，by giving the palm
of the hand a rotary motion，bring in those from the farthest right hand cor
ner，then follow along towards the left of the tray，using the palms of both hands，and giving the same
tray．When this eopletely arousd the be an empty space on tife right hasi side of the tray．In some ineuhaton
there is a front sow whene the on there is a fropt row where the opening ery below．If the inculator has this row of eurs，just put these in the eaply tray and take those first remored and
puot them in this row．The fow and put them in this row．The few odd
ones which may be left can be placed tray．It is not necescary to turn the cery is any machise satil the end of the finat 36 or is hours after putting 11．In cooling，the best plan is to follow the instruetions given by the inculator manufacturer．In general， but little cooling it gntil the tonth to or after the fing toat，which to moualls the ninth day．Cooling once a day（pie ferably in the evening once a day（prer a suiflelent length of time for the egrs to feel
slightly cooler than the tourl are opened gradually，starting on the seend or third day after the eggs hay supposed to be open full width by th is too rapid．
 the bottom will usually help to produce
stronger chicks．The sand should be
kept moist kept moist throughout the period of
incubation．Whether these pans are set above or below the egg tray will
depend on the system of ventilation 16．As soon as the first eggs are chipped，close the ventilators．If the
egg tray has an opening for the chicks to drop down to the nursery below，it should


ジロニ゙
Face，is good practice．The length of time required to get them down to this
will，of course，depend on the tempera－ are of the room． 12．Teat the egre on the ninth day，
and again on the fifteenth day．Re move all infertiles hlood rings，and
13．During the last week of the hateh－ ing period the，ineubator door may be left open in the morning while turning
the eggs，and at night while cooling the eggs，and at night while cooling
them，providing the room is not coldet than 55 degrees．This insures a com－ plete change of nir in the incubistor and will mean a better hateh．If this is done it is very important that the eggs be backed up well with heat at 104 degrees as soon as possible
they get back in the incubator． 14．The ventilators should be opened accerding to instructions given by the
makers．In some makes of ineubator makers．In some makes of ineubators
the ventilators are kept closed until after the first test，and then opened gradually until open full width on the eighteenth day，while in others they
drep dews iate the asmery, where they
17. To met open the incolator door sir rushing in will cleck the hatel. 15. The best lhatelies as a rale are those whieh atart hatebing the twe-tieth same time.
IV thery fow etheto that are unatis to get out of the shell will amount t enythigg, eves if they are helped out. 20, As woon mo nill nre hatrhed the exr tray shonld be takes ost, the ves.
tilstors opened and the incubator door slightly epened to sllow the circula tien of freal air-te "harden off" the
ehieks. shiek.

THINK 15 TOO MANY FOR BETTINO Hisee feed rose in price it seems to as the demand for pare-bred poultry not only from the prodseers" stand peint, but on a larger scale. There is average farm asil if very few farm ers are to trouble to keep their floeks Ip to eveb present standarils antil feed falls again their past expenditure in proving their stoek is wasted, and it
will put many breeders out of business. Will put many brceders out of businesa. was a large margis of profit in raising was a larke margin of profit in raising taken of the extra eare and trouble in: volvel, and with the presept price of feed and labor. I believe in frany eases it would pay better to beef all one's spare cockerels, thoogh anyone hav. ing really good birils woald hate to do so. But advertising costs money, shipping erates are not made for nothing, then one as fo compete with small beginners whe adpossible to produce firnt-plass stock. possible to produce first-lass stock. thoroughly in fall if one alvertises the poorer of the remaining birds at a low figure, say 82.00 of 43.00 affer having wintered them on $\$ 2.00$ wheat, while many purchnsert are thoroughly
satisfled many more do nat even trouble to acknowledge receipt of birds and one they expected to get for plainly show they expected to get for the ludierous sum mentioned a bird which would stand a good chance of the prize at
Winnipeg or Torontot On the other hand we know from
bitter experience when we were beginning, many advertisers ship birds which belong to the soup pot. of last June, re. setting 12 or 15 eggs, We have found out that there is a very
deep rooted superstition against setting an even number of eggs. Thirteen would he all right but a square hox whieb will hold 13 will hold 15 and if one or two chas are not fertile, as may sometimes happen even with the best of care, or
or there are one or two eracked with a setting of 15 there may still be a good hatch. But I maintain it is too many egge for the average hen, espeeand you would be doing a service if you advised farmers to divide those settings for which they have paid a good figure and set under two and thus avoid having "'all their eggs in one

It might help all your poultry ad-
cartisers. consideratly if you would point out that undoubtedly the most satisfactory way to improve the average flock of hens is by buying a good cocktime. The supply is so low this year $t$ is doubtful if it will even be sufficient A pollgizing for troubling you with many matters, Yours truly, . .. Yours truly,
BALMOSSIE EARMS, Ltd.,
Per E. Hamersloy. Be careful not to underfeed. There lone in farm flocks. A wild scramble for the feed when it is thrown down on the floor and the hens falling over each
other in their rush to aet it is an indieation of underfeeding. Feed just so mueh that the Wens will


SOMETHING TO CROW ABOUT! mungs politry fooss Tankwe enabies you to get the wery last dofter out of hoy and poultry rasing.
 P. BURNS de CO. Limited VANCOUYER, CALCARY, EDMONTON
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WHEN WRITNO TO ADVERTIBRBA PLEABE MENTION THE OUTDE

Quick Plowing and Deep Cultivation Mean Bigger Crops for Uncle Sam and More Profits for You


N-more than ever before-you must work quickly and well. Farm and firing line must fight together.
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The Cleveland Tractor will plow $31 / 2$ miles an hour- 8 to 10 acres a day. That equals the work three good 3 -horse teams and 3 men.

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It weighs less than 3200 pounds and has 600 square inches of continuous traction surface.
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It will turn in a 12 -foot circle. And can be houses in less space than it takes for a horse.
Put yourself in a position to produce the record crops called for by Uncle. Sam-and incidentally to make more money for yourself.

Write to us today for complete information on the Cleveland Tractor and the name.of the nearest Cleveland dealer. Address.

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tien about the Clevelend Traeter


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## EVERY FARMER HIS OWN LAWYER

## Partial List of Contents

 Gontracts

 $\underset{\substack{\text { A } \\ \text { Lensess Part } \\ \hline}}{ }$ nerahtipg, Ex: ecuttors, Interest
Coilsections, Re, Colloctions, Ro
celpte Doeds, Mortg ages, Hens, Asign ments, Minors, MarrledWomen, Wills, Animals, Auctioneers, Automobiles, Banking. Dairy Associations, Laws, Homesteads and Pre-emptions, Husband and W:fe, Landlord and Tennant, Livestock Laws, Naturalization and Aliens' Parent and Child Threshers' Employees, Woodmen's Liens, etc., etc.
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of the main reasons why some men never make any money.

## EVERY MAN

Who Owns Property-Who Is In Bustness-Who Does Business-Who Has mbition To Succeed-should have
\$3.50
Western Canada Law

Wetar

## The Growers $\underset{\text { Grain }}{\text { Gide, }}{ }^{\text {Winnipeg, }}$ Man.

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vincial Statutes. Vineial Statutes.
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Easy to Read. Written in plain every
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looking for. Attractiveness Beautt fully
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ers; pages have
red edges, cover prin
gilt.
Its Scope. It is tical, concis


February 20, 1918
Women's Section S.G.G. A.

## The Country Homemakers

Conducted by Mary P. McCallum
womm tor farm labon On this lape there is publisted letter from Mra. M. E. Graham, of A1 Mrs. Oraliam daims to be as authority on women's work on the farm, bavigg performed nearly every kind, of farm laber. She is of the opinion that much of the work is beyond the strength of the average. Cansalian eity giri. she belleves that only by long training and experience ens pirls become oble to take the places of the men on the farms
The more hopefal that women's, labor an be atilised in the feeting and earing of atoek and poultry. But she stipulate that labor-aving machinery would have to be installed. She makes no mention of the training. The writer of this let. ter opens ap a filld of discustion on a of this of special interest to the editor of this page and to mont women in any intercat has bean mantietel to agrieultare as a profestion for women, in wpite of the
faet that women were the world's first perricultur ista. Today maparines and papers are telinin splendid netk womes aro acomplivisina as agricalturists. Thes are the frot ways of new profestion for women (speaking of modern
times) What contribution can women make to the profession of agrieulture? What does the profession hold for woment How ean we, the women of to
day, lay weil the founda dions of that hew profession for the women who and a maltitude of other questions are facing ar today.
But the problem of the moment is, what is to be women's contribution to the world's food supply
in 19181 To women has in 1918 , To women has eonserving food. Con. sorvation is a rather nes. ative service. It is none that. But how mueh more important it might become if as well women were the production campaign Mrs. Graham hapaign. tioned a place that I lave considered one which women could fill and fil
effeiently. That is what I call the "in-between jobes, the feeding stock, earing for the poul. don. Most women are flnaicially handicapped for doing this work under their own proprietorship. But I ean see
no reason why those farms which are equipped for these branches of agriculture cannot enlarge the work and employ women. Mrs. Graham did mention training as necessary
lieve that it is
lieve that it is absolutely so, for the reasons which I gave a couple of weeks
ago. I had hoped that the government. possibly through the agrienternment, possibly through inaugurate some such campaign, advertise it well, make it popular (as popular, say, as the Vietory vast army of women workers in Canada today. Whe have one half of the population of Canada today absolutely overlooked and unorganized for war service not be given a defnite and positive place in the production campaign? As cirs. Graham points out, there is a a de thousands of women making garments and socks and bandages which misht be, made in factories. We have had women for the past three years saying:


> I want the government to set me whether it be belping the farmer's. wif Is the kitehen, of making chirts, of gar long in I sm sumered and hnow that 1 gm doing the thing my country mont needs me to do." We are told over and over that to increase production of food stuffs is the work Canads ean best con tribute to the world. Then 1 say for women that we want to do our full thare in the production and conserva
tion of food suffs for the Allien tion of food staffs for the Allies:
> ter houserork to a minimum and make. ler garden as large as she cas pomikly guamge, nd raise as many hoors ay the ean eare for. stimulate the led positive work of eonservation by en-
tering vigorously and whole-heartedly tering vigorously and whole-heartedly
into the campaign of production. Give into the campaign of production. Oive
the girls of your houselold an equal the girls of your houselold an equal
Tportunity with the boys to de their fif share of national service. Every
are used you have only to walk along former, horses." is the professor flaime to for on muth agriculturist !
 expericace all lises of farm by actual equt driving a tractir, and I asy ea phatieally the eity woman rannot take the plane of the man oe the foom sho would find the plow and a four-horse team requires long trainisg, besides weight and strength. Her trainisg shosld coneare, food, alljusting harnens, collars. fic. to prevent sore shoulders, Sh must know sometsing of soil, seeds fant growthe and weeds, and thoug dieated than the typewriter and the ewing machine, yet she mast know mere about them, as there is no fore nan with the repair shop reand the corner to fall baelf on when diffecultie are wet.

The paeker or hay nake are quite easy to drive when one has
learned to handle horses
Diseing also is light worl Diseing also is light work. In fact, some of these are onuch less tiring than washing, ironing, preserv.
ing. ete. The average ing. ete. The average
woman ean learn to drive the - binder and mower when everything runs sll
right. But the bearing right. But the bearing
will wear, the knives bie will wear, the knives be-
come dull, a nut drop off, or a pin come loose, and
she is in a quandary. Even with years of ex perience 1 eall on a man. What would we do were
we two green eity girls? we two green eity girls!
These are really the light These are really the light
jobs. Where can you find the strength to do stooking, pitching hay or
sheaves all day, or liad ing manure $f$ Though eity women cannot take the place of the men who are do lots of out-door work on the farms. There are
few farmers. who would not put in latror-saving detices and make things
convenient for stock-feed-
ing if they could ret the money to do it with a five and a half per cent. Why should not loans to
keep up production come in the sn
Bonds Then, with everythims convenient, women could feed stock, cattle, horses,
sheep, and enjoy the work sheep, and enjoy the work
and make good wages. Are there women avail ablef There are thousands
girl in the Dominion of Canada, whether he be big or small, wants to serve her ities. Give her the opportunity and help

## FARM LABOR

Now that farmers and farm hands are being taken from the already great frafted into the fighting force, and becoming consumers only, it is up to her rest of us, aiready overworked, not the food supply. This is our problem. Can wef We see acres of uneultivated land. We already have horse and en-
gine power and implements, but I am fraid we cannot work 48 hours a day not even during seeding, production we
One professor of agriculture ported as telling women that, "The sitting on farm implements the whole
years, releasing millisery whe wowh voon become expert in factory work on in the poultry department on the
farm. Regarding our wister saits- there farm. Regarding our wiater saits- thete
are gerferty are perfectly yoed, warm coats without a hole or patel, is every man and
woman's wardrobe in the city; a little old-fashioned perhaps but not eves chahby Roy perhapse but mot eves of a sew suit and release tailors to help in the production. This would aute matiesily relesse designers and pat ters-makers, many of Whom may havt had farm training. Other trades ant professions will follow in lise as the Alta.

PTESIONS FOR MOTHERS

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { The Edmontos Welfare Board } \\
& \text { circulating a draft bill, which, if tiat }
\end{aligned}
$$ circulating a draft bill, whieh, if paseed by the legislature, would provile for the payment of pensions to mothers

from the consolidated revenses of the from the consolidated revenses of the
previnee. The parpese of the propposs! as outlined by The Morning Albertas (Calgary), is to decrease the namber of children sow consigned to orphanages and shelters by providing the funds to enable the mothers to eare for the
children. The Albertan gives general approval to the proposal, but makes very strong and, as it appears, well grounded objections to the provision in the bill which would eatablish a beard of persons in each municipality to deal
with applieants and exereise supervision giver those, who receive the vision
grants.

FOOD CONBERVATION The best food economy we praetice ing of our own whole wheat flour. We ing of our own whole wheat four. We
ave millers' and elevator men's profi ave millers and elevator men's pront
on the wheat, and by saving bran and
shorts as we do we hase the real whole on the wheat, and by saving wran and
sho we have the real, whole wheat flour, healthful and nourishing. In making the bread 1 first sift the flour, and the coarse part is put away
for porridge. It makes a lovely breakfor porridge, It makes a lovely break-
fast cereal, only requiring a little inore fast cereal, only requiring a little more
cooking than ordinary oatmeal. Fine Cooking than ordinary oatmaking your yeast in the usual way and mixing in Whole wheat flour till nearly stiff, then
finishing with white flour. When loaves are formed, wet the surface thoroughly with warm water and lard or butter and your crust will be thin and fine
flavored. Anpther favorite is what we call our war bread. Take one quart whole
wheat flour, half eup sugar-or less if wheat flour, haif eup sugar or teaspoon salt, two table spoons melted lard, two teaspoons baking powder in flour, and milk to make
stiff as eake batter. Bake one hour in a stiff as eake batter. Bake one hour in a
slow oven. This is extra nice if you slow oven. This is extra nice y yoding add one cup raisins or vary
one cup broken walnuts.
One of my neighbors conserves heat and fuel by having two ehimneys. The with a damper in each pipe. One pipe goes through two other rooms, heating them, and thence into the ehimney. The other pipe goes directly into the
chimney above. When a quiek, hot fire chimney above. When a quick, hot needed in the kitehen, the damper shuts off the long pipe and the draught is direct, and when the hot fire is not way, and thus the heat is saved. It will not be many weeks until the mud begins to show up through the snow. The housekeeper knows what that means.
.

+ coming anto the house is made as fal  t t f s


## Farm Women's Clubs

## WOMER'B INETITUTEA CONVEN.

 Conervation of the infont life of Aberts will be the kernote of the conrestion of Women's Inatitutes to beseld in the Maedomid Hotel, Edmon:held in the Maedomid Hotel, Edmos:
tes, on Mareh 6,7 and 8. Beveral of the best women apeskers of the Domin. ios sre being asembled to sodrese the
women on that oecasion. iscluding Dr women on that oecasion, including. $\mathrm{Dr}_{2}$
Tolen Mac Marchy of Torontor Mra Telen MacMrarchy of Toronto; Mrs Muldterw, director, under the Food Con. troller for the Dominion, of Domestic Feonomy: Mies Robertis MoAlams M.P.P., the soldiers' representative is the provinelial partiament; Mra. Arthur Marphy, who will bring greotings from the Crasilan Women's Pres Clow Mrs. Walter Parlby from the U.P.W.A. and Mise Hazel Whater, supervisor of
the New Branswiek Women's Iasti! the New Brunswiek Women! lasti-
tutes. Mrs. R. B. Wells of Edmonton Fill bhing greeting from the Women's Cansdian Club, and Mrs. Towns of Coronation will reply to the address of
welcome. The eonvention will slao be weldressed by lis Hoser Hest Gover. ser Brett; Hon, Chas Btewart, premier of Alberta; His Worahip Mayor Erans Edmonton; and Hon. Duncai Marblath. On the evening of the 6 th a mas meeting will be held, when the speakere will be Hon. Chas. Stowart, Premier of Alberta, Dr. Helen MacMureby and Mrs. MeClung. The Mactonald orehes tra, Mra, Reany and Mr. Roy Royal will eontribate the masieal part of the program. On the evening of the Th 8 eoscert will be given by the facalty
of the Asweisted Maic Stadios, in of the Associated Musie Stad
honor of the visiting delegates.
honor of the visiting delegatest
Owing to the high rate of infant mortality in Alberts, the slogan for the Alberta Women's Inatitates this year is "Help the mothers and save the bsbice..Ways and means of perpetaating tharal problems will sliso be discasser and it is hoped that the convention will have defnite resalts in making the life of the rural woman as satisfying as that of her sister in the city. all members of the institute extended to all members of the institute to attend the convention. A aursery in charge of competent nurses is beng provided, and older children during the mentions Delegates and members attending the Denvention should purebate a froteloen single tieket to Edmonton, and shonld secure a standard certificate from ticket agent at starting point. These will be collected at the conventiga by vineial secretary, and fiekets for re tarn trip will be issued in exchange.
NOTICE TO INSTITUTE MEMBERS The superintendent of women's insti tutes for Alberta sends this note to all institute workers: " During the last week of January there was malled from stitute sectetaries and constituency con venors foll information with reference to the convention to be held in Edmon. ton, March 67 and 8, Registration card and badges for the offical dele gates were also forwarded to all secretaries. If for any reason, sach as the tiees, etc have not reached your institute, will you kindly communieate at onee with the Superintendent,
Women's Inatitutes, Parliament Buildings, Edmonton.

MOVING PICTURE MACHINE The Roseview U.F.W.A. at the annual convention reported a very live organ
ization. The report of the secretary, Mrs. A. M. Hart, reads as follows We have a paid-up membership of 17 have largely attended megtings and eannot boast of much enterprise. On U.F.A. Sunday, we had a good serviee in Carbon, and had a most beautifnl ad dress by Mrs. Parlby. The collection, tary branch. We planned to send a weekly shipment of egge, butter, ete.,
to the Ogden Military hospital, but the first shipment, a 30 -dozen case of eggs, two boxes of rhubarb and a small box of onions, was never ecknowledged, no
egg ease returned. Our seeretary wrote
keply. Wire times about it but got no While was promptly meonomind shipment, wo decided not to yend other thingi aum of 03.00 was later ment to visi this we sent on to the led Crome In thom: pasy with the U.P.A. we have pur. claved a moving pieture machine from the Alberta university, to help in the entertainment and improvemest of our of the Uifys. We are loyal supporters we will do better work inls truat year," do better work this eoming

A LITTLE GHILD BHALL LEAD THEM
After marb observation I am antiafed hat the child is the pirgt oin which we maky ail wille kad for whowe weifure we mivy sajuat ail differences and learn to hom thl mithgener. To kiow you
 fathrien wor feil you of a community The foundation for the mis virdes. an old time apelling matelb gisten echools all belonging to the Boyst an (Girls' Clob, were representel two of the best apelliens from esch whool tak. ing part The conteatants taking their ceats on the atage in a semi- eirele with bright, eager faces, presented a moat pleasing pictare in itself The inspector gave out the words with a jodge on either side to see fair play. As a ehild missed, it drew back its chair and the ppace, closed. The prizes given were, Iot, a silver wrist watel; 2nd, silver nedal; 3rd, book. These were all won patriotic ehorseme, phyienl trills foll patriotie ehoruse, physical drills, folk instrumental selegtions and vocitations Responses to encores were not allowed on secount of lack of time.
The Mayor fresented the prizes and diplomas won by the boys and girls at their Club Fair, alsa the prizes for sports. The prineipal of the collegiate presented the Governor-General's Bronte Medal, won by a country boy attending the Collegiate.
Hon. Dr. Thorntos was present and gave an addrese inspiring alike to young outaide. Dhools foking part han the toli outside mehools. taking part hasd a hoilday, their trastees and tesehers being Hon. Dr. Thoratoo, the new mantal training and domestic seience depart. ments of the Virden sechools. At the evening entertainment the auditorium, Which holds 600 people, was packed from floor to ceiling and chairs had to be brought in. All the trustees of the different sehools, teachers and parents with their families and friends were present. One trustee whas heard to remas tree ever devised" mas tree ever devised
The Library Committee of our Home Economie society was reeponsible and
as a result has over $\$ 100$ towards the as a resuit has over wiol towards the tablish, a good community spirit, but also to ' prepare our young people to better take the places of our splendid boys who will never return to
REBECCA DAYTO

## Virden, Man.

The Stanleyville Homemakers Club knows the value of entertainment. At their work meetings as well as at their study meetiags they have an and songe. ing progratary sends this report. songs. though the mercury was low, a lange though the mereury was low, a lang, and an enjoyable evening passed very guiekly. Letters were received from Give boys in France and England, expressing very tenderly their thanks for our slight remembrancer. As it was feared that the War Charities Aet would prevent the raising of funds for the present, it was collection suatif further Piformation wes received. Ten mita of pyjamas were returned finished, and pyine suits were taken as new work. A short program of two readings, a voeal solo and an instrumental solo was furnished by the program committee. The meeting adjourned to meet at Mra. Byrne's in Februar

## RENNDE'S War GardenSEEDS

> E. VERY ownor of carden apace must holp to mrow foed for his family this year, as a patriolic and persomal foty. It the seede he selects will produce the most vigoresus potsible cpps. In other wordo, he must plant Renniers oeetas inflispot-
tioned pority. Renile's War Garden Seeds are pledeed to help
wia the war.

| For <br> Early <br> Planting <br> W. alne burnitu <br>  <br>  simus. |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |

 CABBACE-copmpacpd MABET




PETUNIAS Mmotre XXX RUME
SWEET PEAS \&POMTS EPNoc:

| LOOX FOR THE STARS |  <br>  <br>  <br>  finsiention. |
| :---: | :---: |

## THF, PRTMTMT WILL, PTM

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KING \& MARKET
TORONTO

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THE ONLY GABOLINE LAMP mANUPAOTURED IN OAMADA


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 yourn aire

THE
Powerlight Co.
an Gertio M., Winaipes


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Why My " 1900 " is the Easiest, Quickest and Best Washer for You
 Gravicy wham ning
 vace it to mopine it wive refo
 gration

 | teme |
| :--- |
| tan run it |


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 ofin hitin teot














N. D. MORRIS, Manager 1900" Washer Company, 357 Yonge St., Toronto

## Edgings in Crochet

Fer trimming anderwear, dres if ased household tle eroelheted edge are as appropriate and attraetive at any ornament that eas be used. It fe not expenalve work
and many women and many womes Who have a little
leisare delight in employing their opare time work ing ent dalnty designs with thresd and eroehet hook. It is not neces-
sary that the patsary that the patto be pretty; in faet some of the slm phat most appiest de thigns are the one: tie taste, but it is importont truly artio the work, even and regular.
Grocheting to be at its best muat be frm, with all the atitehes of an even tession, but it should not be stiff. It mast be plity of tronkers use too large majority of workers wse too large a hoose and characterless, and a very few draw the thread too tightly and have the work so stif that if does not feel like lace, so it is important to ehoose hook of much a size that the thread alipa


over it easily and the stitches come cose and even. A number 8 hook is ton, and a number 10 hook work smoothly with number 30 crochet cot ton. This size can also be used for numbers 40 and 50 cotton.
The material to use for crocheted
edges must be governed entirely by edges must be governed entirely by
the purpose for which the lace is made. the purpose for which the lace is made.
$\mathbf{A}$ fine cotton or linen thread is suitable for trimming infant wear, collars and handkerchiefs; a medium size for underwear, linen suits and fine table linens, while a-much coarser material can be used for curtains, heavy linen,
bedspreads and scarfs of stout fabrics. bedspreads and scarfs of stout fabrics,
Edgings are sometimes crocheted in Edgings are sometimes erocheted in
yarn also for trimming flannel skirts for babies, and any of the designis on this page may be so used.
The first pattern is the simplest and one of the most effective and it san be used in a number of waya. It can
t is a dainty little pattern and one Which is easy to make. It en from hook, chain 5, miss 3, treble in nex (chain 1, miss 1, treble in next) 3 times *Chain 4, turn, treble in treble (chain 1, treble in treble) twice, chain 1 , miss stiteh on five chain, treble in next, in treble and in end ehain. Chain 3, turn, treble in treble, chain 5 , miss 2 treble in next, chain1, miss 1 treble in next chain 1 , treble in next treble) twice. Repeat from No. 3 is pretty for underwear, espec ally on the edges of ruffles and made with fine thread it can readily be
used on ehildren's aprons and broad collars. 10 , in seventh stiteh from hool Chain 10, in seventh stitch from hool put a shell of (treble, chain1, treble, treble thread, over twiee) in las "Chain 4, turn, shell in shell.

Coato 8 tars, mall is mbell, doeste trome is tinn. Crable with st shall hatinull 6 dowblo troble wioble in loop of third previse row, (irn (donble, 2 treble, doenble) over erery 2, eliale makiog Ave tion vallow, chatin i , stall in thell, dooble troblio is end ehale.
Repest from
No. 4 shows another nice little odee which is rather straight in offect and vert eany to make.
Chain $1 \frac{1}{2}$ in wixth stitch from hook pet a shoil of ( 2 treble, 2 ehain, 2 trehle), chain 1 , mise 2, treble is sext, ehain 5 , mise 2, slip stiteh in next stitich.
'Chain 2, turs, 3 trehle over 5 phai. ehain 4, eatel boek in lave trehle for ehain picot, $^{5}$, treble over in last treble for picot, treble, ehais 1, shell is ahell, ehais 1, troble in seeond stitel of ehain.
Chain 4, turn, shell in shell, chain 1, treble in treble after shell, chain 5 , mise 2 treble, slip stiteh is next.

Repent from
No. 5 is the widest patters gives here and yet it is extremely simple and very antiafactory. Being pointed so deeply it can readily be drawn into a curve in ease one wishes to use it on a eqrued edge, and yet it is Juat as sultable for a straight edge. It can be made with
any sife eotion, depending spen the any sise eotton, depending upon the Chain 17, treble in fifth stiteh fro hook (ehain 2 , mise 2 , treble in next) twiee, ehain 2 , mises 3 (2 treble, 2 ehain, 2 treble, forming shell) in next, chain 8, treble in last stiteh.
"Chain S, turn, treble in frat treble of shell, chain 2, shell in shell (chain 2 ,
treble in treble, 3 timas, treble fo treble in treble, 3 times, treble in end Chain.
Chain 3, turn, treble in treble (ehain i, treble in treble) twiee, chain is shell In shell, chain 2 , treble in lant treble of
shell of last row, chain 2, treble in treble, chain 2, treble in third stiteh of 3 ehain.
Chain 5, turn (treble in treble, chaln 2) 3 times, shell, 3 spaces with 2 treble on edge.

Chain, 3 , turn, treble in treble, 3 spaces, shell, ehain 2 , treble in last treble of shell of last row (chaln 2 , treble in trehle) twice, treble in next $\frac{2}{2}$ ehain stitches and next treble, chain Chain 5 , turn, 5 spaces, chain 2, shell, 3 spaces with 2 treble on edge. shell, Chain 3 , treble in treble, 3 . shell, ehain 2, treble in last treble of shell of last row.
Repeat from

Miss Erma Stocking's Report Continued from Page 10
the holding of community fairs and whas a large obtaining speakers. There fairs held thiserease in the number of with the sehool in exhibiting operated work. This is a braneh of chitren's munity work worthy of consideration by all of oar members, even though they take up the matter in only a sunall way
By means of a circular letter I called the attention of the members early in the year to the resolutions of last year's convention. The convention resolutions should all be discussed by every
Women's Section and can form the basis for instructive meetings. By basis for instructive meetings. By
means of a circulat letter to our Women's Sections I also inaugurated a membership campaign in hopes that the organiration work might advance by this method. A few Women's Seetions and locals were very active in this respect. In order to also increase organization by means of publicity, I compiled from the year book leaflets to be sent by the directors to wherever they knew of a Grain Growers' Association without women members or without a Women's Section. She increase in humber of Women's Bections during the first half of the year amounted to 10 , and altogether
about 300 new members. 8plendid paabout 300 new members. Splendid pa-
triotic work was aceomplished, and it was encouraging to note the tendency to keep up the necessary educational Work among several Women's Sections. I received more letters from the members of the board with good suggestions for the work than in the previous years. Their full eo-operation makea the secretarial work much more effec.


## CASH FOR CREAM

 MANITOBA CREAMERY CO. LTD., 509 Willism Are., WINNIPEG


Earn money knitting at home
Many women using AutoKnitters at home can earn $\$ 1$ or $\$ 2$ per day, knitting hosiery. The work is plensant and easily tearned. and gives one steady employment the year round. Write to-day to Auto-Knitter Hosiery (Canada) Co., Ltd., Denk 104 D, 257 College Street, Toronto, and enclose a 3 c stamp for particulars as more workens are needed at once.
WHEN WRITTNG TO ADVERTIBER

## Alteration Sale $\$ 30,000$ "aid PIANOS <br> Must be cleared from our floors by March ist. Extensive alterations, planned to secure

 more adequate facilities for handling the enormous growth of our business, forces us to clear our floors to permit of this work being done. Entire stock consisting of such slandard makes asGerhard-Heintzman. Martin-Orme, SherlockManning, Haines Bros., and Ennis \& Co. reduced to a point where you gain and we lose. Regular $\$ 800.00$ Instruments, with Bench Regular $\$ 850.00$ Instruments, with Bench Rogular $\$ 500.00$ Instruments, with Bench Regular $\$ 475.00$ Instruments, with Bench Regular $\$ 450.00$ Instruments, with Bench Regular $\$ 425.00$ Instruments, with $8 t 00$ I Regular $\$ 400.00$ Instrumente, with stool Regular \$378.00 Instruments, with stool
Planos, ra 9488.00 9488.00
$\mathbf{\$ 4 3 7 . 0 0}$ $\$ 395.00$ $\$ 3807.00$ $\$ 342.00$ $\$ 318.00$ $\$ 300.00$ $\$ 202.00$ Slightly Used and Second Hand Planos, ranging from

$\$ 125.00$ to $\$ 250.00$

## One only, Willams' New soale Playeor-Piano, mathogeny case $\mathbf{5 5 0 . 0 0}$

8ale Opens Tuesday, Feb; 12th.
Terms convenient for purchaser may be arranged, freight paid, to any station in Saskatchewan. Special attention to correspondence.

W. G. F. Scythes \& Co. Ltd. p.o. Mos 2130 Eleventh Ave., Regina, Sask.


Closes Thursday, Feb. 28th.

USE THIS COUPON TO OBTAIN TULL PARTICULARS Mesers. W. a. F. Seythes A O0., Lld
P.O. Box 405 , Hegina, Beek.

Plesse send me full partleulare of your Alteration sele of Planes as advertlosed in The Quide.

Name
Addrase

## BLUE CRORS TUND

This week I have 12 contributors to announce who helped the Blae Cross. Mre Lewis, the Winnipeg tresparer, leaned overy month with what more boys and girts are doing for the Blae Crose she is proad of those who are willing to deny themsekes the pleas are the money might bring to themselves and instesd send it to help the Toundemb Allies who are suffering sid giving their Hives to help win the war. Nett week I thall announce the prise winners in the latest contest. It a going to be a real competition and the one who gets the prize against scores of others has reason to be proud of his or her poetry. Next week there will be a mew content.
This week's eontributors to the Blue Frose Fund are:
Freddy EAmundeon, siton, Sask. oso
June Bdmundoon, Bilton, Aask paith int lottlo Lowe Duval,
Saak Howarth, Glen Adelalide Baak
Helen stewart, Cairns, Alia. ... Hilda Ward, Kristnes P.O, Sask. Muriel Willis, Innisfree, Alta... Joseph Kompan, Naahy ya, sank., Man.
Gladys Bmith, Entwistle, Alts. Catherine Cookey, MaeDonald, Man.
Mivech Monkey
DIXIE PATTON

## TINY CONTRIBUTORE

It am sending you 50 cents from my. self and 25 cents from my little sister June, who is two-and-a-half years old, to help to get bandages for the poor Wounded horses. 1 like the Young Canada Club page very much, especially quarters left for another time pap gilton, Sask:

DAVID AND TURNER
1 have many time wished to write a Iettor is the Young Canala Clab, but correetly. But Int try for the first corree
time.
Once apon a time there lived two boys named David and Turner. They fared alone in the woods with thelr dather. David and Turner went out fahing Tarner didn't rateh any fish, but Darfid han good luek. Turner got angry and took all the fish from him, and then they went home. When their father naw David had no flah at all his father turned him out to find some filh before ho got any dinner. 8o David took, hif night David had his boat full., Darid thought the best thing to do was to sell his fish, so he sold the fish, and that brought him, lots of money. So the next day David sailed home and he gave the money to his father, and they ived happily ever afterwardes, but TurDare feit sorry for what he had done to Davia.
Vanguard, sask.

## HELPS TO READ BTORTES

 Thave read the stories in The Guide and take great interest in reading them. I also like the Doo Dads. Poor fellows, they sure to have some hard times once in a while. I am in Grade III., and stories of the Young Canads Clat the1 am enelosing 25 centa
Crose Fund. I hope it will the Blae food towards helping the poor wounded horwes
Wishing your elab every weena
HILDA WARD Kristnes P.O. Bank.

## PLENTY or TUN

This is my first letter to your elub. Teek to Nook at the Doo Dads overy weok. to sleigh ride very much. We live quite a lot of trees and pretty thick together. The anow has drifted right over the top of them and there is a dandy place to sleigh ride. 1 got a hand sleigh
for Christmas, and I Iike to go dowa the for Christmas, and I like to go down the places at the foot of the bank the nome fo soft and you go right down. I like to stand on the sleigh and go down. In the spring there will be lots of puddles around here as there is lots of snow. Thave a pony and a eutter and a bugey and harnese. 1 like to nice around in the cutter in the winter and in the buggy as it is too eold. I like to go to ROY GRENKIE Landis, Sack.

A OUT HAND
1 am sending my first letter to the Young Canada Club. One day a friend same yp to our place to stay for sup. per. My brother, said he was going

## - THE DOO DADS MAKE A TANK


 Wheel. The tank is certainily doling lots of damage th io tuating over the trese to ntht
 Fonder. They called on Fasoelfet, the Cop, who tried to toto the tank, bit the Doo




boat with his friend. I wasted to with them but they would not let me at frat. They had to stop to open a gato There they got off their horses, then ot on my brould for with them, $\infty$ on When wo got to the lake we would toe ooe the boat. Bot my brother went to the man who owned the boat. The man said that it losked. Bo my brother and his friend went to a houm hat was empty. We asw some plgoons here so wo tried to eateh them bal we eould not. The pigeont went to a the of hern fow awny One of them Thes on the hoose and our friend elimbed op to get it, bot he foll on some glan and eut his hand very badly. I had a Thite overall on. I took that off and vrapped it around his hand. It was suel had ent that the blood dropped all belope it healed.
Freahneth, Alta
TAABEL EYER

KNITS SOLDIERS' BOGKS
I would like to become a member of the Young Canada Olub. I like to reas the interesting stories on your page
There are two Red Cross Soeieties in There are two Red Cross societies in one which is ealled "The Merry Work. cra." Wo have socials and concerts in the winter and pienies and baskel bail in the summer. The funds whici are obtained after paying expenses are rent to the Red Crose We also do as
mint Knitting as we can find time to fou thare thelt several pairs of soeks. for the soldiers and to has my sister. At Christmas time we paeked a larte box which was to be divided among the boys at the front who have ne friend to send them any. I am enelosing 25 cents for the Blue Cross which 1 hope wif. heip to save some poor horse's uccess.
Glen Adelaide, Bask

vanted to zo not let mo at open agate them, 80 on 1 and went too. We could not ther went to of. $80-m y$
of to a my tome plgoons in them but there. The riend elimbed on some glase diy. I had a that of and d. It was such o a long time IEL EYER.

## socks

member of I tike to read on your page. so societies in - Merry Workand concerts ies and basket Wexpenses are We also do as
in find time to pairs of socks has my sister. paeked a large
Ided among the have ne friends $m$ enelosing ${ }^{25}$ Of poor horse's HOWARTH.


February 20, 1918
Saakatchewan Farmers' Parliament
placed in homes that are net suitable placed in homes that are not suitable to thes
lives.
A sperial message requesting the A sperial mesaty tequesting the for the fund to assist in agricultural relief for the farmers in devasted Relciam and Prance wan oent brD r . Jas.
fobertan, werretary of that fund at
Ottawa. The Lator Discusaton
On Wedsesday evening, $F$. Helley Auld, Deputy Minister of Agrienltare for Saskatchewan, addressed the joist convention on labor control and dis-
tribution. Mr. Auld's addreas was ribution. Mr. Auld's address was one the whole four days. He dealt with the presaing need for food in Allied countries, the lomes by submarises, the ne: resity of Ameriea supplying the foed which could not be imporfed from other points. He reviewed the hog produetion campaigm, the remoyal of the traecordiag to the last Dominion census Aukkitctiowain farmer rilsed as much cereals as is farmers west of the Rock. ies or east of the Great Lakes. Goed seed grain was easential this year. The greater production eampaign meant the getting together of the proper proportion of men, machinery and seed so food masurpassed. There wrodaction of tho were endeavoring to break more and than they had the power and equipment to handle.
There were other farmers who had more ares than were being used. Here was a ehance to get the tractor to do-a
ittle more work and get a greater acreage broken. There were diatricta where there were large tracts of uncaltivated land, ahd he would like to see an arrangement whereby the gov-
ernment would break up some of this land for the farmer, and then charge sim up for it, taking a lien upon the and until it whas paid for. This would help wonderfully in bringing about an
increased acreage. nereased acreage
Some farmers had a half section of land and could not erop any more al. power to do so. Here was an opportun-
ty to take some of the lands in the various districts, and use them for eultivation.
There was a chorus of protests at the usage many men had received at the hands of exemption tribusale. The following was a typical case and there were very many: A delegate in the galuniform sitting just in front of him he aid that the soldier farmed 120 acres and had 26 head of stock. "At Aas katoon, where he was examined, he was
put in class A2. When he was brought put in class A2. When he,was brought but they won't let him go. He wants his farm, not to some forestry battalion. He has a letter signed by the deputy minister of justice from Ottawa that ould be donef'" him to immediately ake the case up with Mr. Molloy, commissioner of labor for the province who would fix it. Protests were so numerous that Mr. Molloy was called upon. He
told them of the recent labor conference at Ottawa and the steps now taken to release farmers. Those with special rouble along this line should take the matter up with him by writing or cal.
ling at his office in the Parliament buildings, Regina. The pre-election romises of the Minister of Militia came in for eriticism. A long resolution tabled in view of the particular preparations f .

## Agricultural Refier rind

$\qquad$ V. Robertson, of the great need for agricultural relief for stricken farmers peeeh was very effective and following it this resolution was unanimously Whereas our fellow farmesr, in the waffered almost inealculable loss by the

THE GRAIN GROWERS GUIDE
(391) 51

## $4 \operatorname{lig}_{2}^{2}$ <br> WRITE FOR OUR NEW CATALOGUE


 Gaseds teday.

## 

 estices represest.



ㄲa

## The S. H. Borbridge Co. Winnipeg $m$ Canada

 the Cor the entire Dominion. Moat of Alberts. He intended to coming from Alberta. He intended to see that therequirements of the weat are natiafied frst before the east is supplied from the west.
In reply to questions an to price, Mr
Wilson said that No. $2 \mathrm{C} . \mathrm{W}$, osts eonld be supplied at a price of about it a bushet in the viefnity of Saskatoon, prices at other points varying, with the freight rate. While No. 1 oats were free from weeds No. 2 contained ap to 10 wild oats to the pound, and
the difference in price between the two the difference in price between the twe grades was 10 cents in car load lots. The varieties were mixed except in ases where they bad been able to buy ity, in whichlatter case the varietien were separately binned. Mr. Wilson were separately binned. Mr. Wilson
went on to say that seed and feed ost were being sold at cost to the farmern plus the cost of handling.
With reference to feed oats Mr. Wil son said that the government was pur chasing extra No. 1 feed outs at 83 ents at Moose Jaw, and these could be shipped out to the farmers in any quan ity desired
Several delegates announced that good seed dats could be purchased in The Melville district and also at Cancer, ing these for sale would send is their ing these for sald send s man out and have them inspected with os view to pur chase for distribution.
Declaring that it was impossible to raise hogs on oats alone a delegate wanted to know whether any barley could be secured to which Mr. Wilson replied that barley was availabie
cost of $\$ 1.65$ or $\$ 1.70$ a bushel.
The Hon. Geo. W. Brown explained the regulations under which mills are controlled by license, and the principle of pirices haid down by the food conthat the mills were obliged to sell a these prices, otherwise licenses could be cancelled. He had, however, received a telegram from J. D. MeGregor, the Western representative of the food conrol board announeing that several ear points, and he suggested that those requiring feed should get into touch ither with the provincial department
Winnilueg. Delegate Dane had interviewed the manager of a retail feed store in Bas atmost, impossible to get feed from a almost impossible to get feed from panying order for flour, and that he intended to quit handling these feeds on
bis terrible destruetionses westieve upos for the deliberste purpose of de-
feating our mutasl ends; therefore be reaolved that we heartily endorse the bject of this fund and that a grant of in fromensad the patriatic shereld be main to sasociation. Is pasing fand of this ion the convedation platig the resolo- is anporls f the fund through the varions forale of the provises.
Sollegr, Mtapleford, Prwaident of Megina cork of the cellege. There were the ituitents is altendance at lifegina Col lege he said, of whem ise were rifls Defore the war the number of beys ex. eeded that of the girle. The college in order to gived ahout six years ago farly education boys asd girls whoen of not completed a elasace to eateli Pifference at stadies. It made no
degins Cellege what stage the stadents or intendiag velcome and were sfarted of the place where it seemed to the faculty they Send Oats and Mell Foeds
Considerable valuable information and seores of pertinent questions arose misaioner, and Hon. George Brown answered inquiries on the seed oats and feed situations respectively. In com mencing Mr. Wilson said he had hie ionent position throagh the confirmas any party patronage considderations He sald the supply of good clean seed bats was considerably less than the de he unfroten seed oats were coming from



## Stock Specific

This popular animal regulator and fattener is belag fed to stock in thousands of stables every day during tho winter. It is good for cows, steers, horses, sheep and swine. It tones up the entire aystem by Improving diges-
tion, and purifying the blood. Maximum nourishment is obtained from all food eates when our Stock Specific is fed regularly.

Cows Give More Milk
Dairymen state positively that their cows give from one-guarfer to a half gallon more milk each, daily, when fed Royal Purple Stock Specific, Think how you would anefit by its use if milling only a small her

It rapidly improves the condition of hide-bound five weeks less time than you would otherwise require. Give it a trial.
W. A JonkIns Mfg. Ce. Ltde, London, Canade
aceount of the difficulty in meeuring them. Other delegates offered siming testimony, the name of one large mill iag company being mentioned several times by delegatee from different parts of the provinee
Mat someonn suid that it was quite true that some of the mills were doing their
utmoat to utmort to hinder the farmern from get.
ting mill feels, but atated that 3 colleet ling mill feeds, but stated that $x$ collecel
telegram to the wetern reprementative of the food control board would seet the matter right. The western repreesta tive of the food controller had the power to send out an anditor to ex. amine the books of any milling company aceased of trying to evade the order
and promised that this would be done in the case of any complaint which the affending company refuted to reetify. Ho advised purchasers of foed to pay for their purehises by chegue and they have ample evidence of the price they were required to pay. He did not expeet there would be any more screenings avaihable from Fort William. There were, however, three or four ear loads at the terminal eledeavoring to arrange for having themCeavoring to arrange for haviag them A striking part of the convention was the banner competition. Hanging from the gallery were a score of beau:

February 20， 1918
eturned men going to work on farms asuring the convention that though it Would take some time to get waed to
faris work agais and overcome the losg farm to get awsy to see othar roturng ines，that with pationes the mes monl oon be as good as ever．Many took fill Building，adilress， 201 MeCallam－ making donations
war broke ent 4to flated out that sime （3rowers＇Members Mave hew An Grail the front， 3,200 have bren reperted isted is the Centrsl oflice olich ment at least 5,000 have gone as anly part During the convention 165 new life membershipe were taken out．
Moch of the suecess of the evoning
meetings was due to the excellent en－ neetings was due to the excellent en This was greatly appreciated by the onvention．The Una Grain Growers that invitations were extended to it to play at some other large gathering

To Carry Legal Cases Higher
A very interesting ease arose during the convention when it was decided to carry a legal dispute in regard to an A farmier，C．J．Bchofield，had purehased an engine which was not the horse－ power advertised，was not fitted to do the work and wha altogether too high in price．Mr．Taylor，legal counsel for the Association，explained the case an was a good ehance of wionieved there wheo a good chance of winning it．He of eattle guards on the railway wit cesultant joss of livertock．The pro－e vincial government now had this case in hand and if it is not won it will at least reveal where definite amendmente are necessary in the Raflway Act．
It was moved that a contribution of 85.00 minimum should be contributed by each local to the fighting fund fo carrying on just sueh cases as these．

FIFTY SHORTHORNS COMTNO
1．Bonsfleld \＆Bons，MacGregor，Man ave just completed the purchase o ohead of imported Scotch Shorthorn from the veteran importer．Geo．Isaac， males，specially selected from this im portation，will be offered for sale by Messrs．Bousfield during the Brandon Winter Fair，together with som choicely bred animals of Ontario an Manitoba breeding，including several
young bulls，fifty head，pure bred herds．

GOVERNMENT BUYS TRACTORS Ottawa，Feb．12．－The government
has purchased a thousand Ford tractors at cost．They will be sold to Canadian armers also at cost plus freight．De－ worked out，but it is estimated that the average cost to the farmer，includin average cost to the farmer，includin
freight，will be about $\$ 800$ ．In addi tion，the government has secured op tions on another thousand tractors． The Ford tractor has not so far been
supplied to any private individual．The supplied to any private individual．The Ford factories are now engaged on a
order for some thousands of the new order for some thousands of the new
tractors for the British government tractors for the British government
When that order is completed－proh When that order is completed－pro
were completed for Canad after tests made of the tractor by Hon
C．A．Dunning，of Regina，and J．D．Me Gregor，Winnipeg，representing the min ister of agriculture．Both Mr．Dunnin and Mr ．McGregor express themsolves
as fully satisfied with the work of the as fully satisfied with the work of the tieability． The tractor burns either kerosene or
gasoline．A fuel consumption of $2 \frac{1}{2}$
gallons of kerosene per acre is regarded gallons of kerosene per acre is regarded
as a fair average．It is claimed for the tractor that it can plow an average of eight acres in 10 hours．The plowing speed is given as $2 \frac{z}{\text { miles }}$ per hour． only．The scheme of distribution stil only．The scheme of distribution stil． In all probability，however，orders wil ments of agricultur
sciloots

## MABBEY TRACTOR <br> BA WYize－masbey sctioots

The demand for instraction in tracter engiapering has hees so soprecedented that the Agricultural Colleges have bees unable to meet it．To asest those who
have not been sble to got the desirud have not been able to got the desired taition in hasdling tractors，the Bawyer－ ing echoolsi－Winsipeg．Pebruary is to 23 ；Calpary，March if to 9；Repina， Mareh 11 to 10 ；Baskateon，Mareh is to 23 ；Eotevan，March is to 30.
These schools，as well－as those of all the other companies，are free to farm ers sons．Mr．A．C．Mampbell，recently connected with the Manitoba Agrieul． tural Colleze extension work，is is charge of the bawyer－3nowey sehools Any persoon desireus of attending tractor achool should drop s lime to the varioss tractor companies，since the in－ creasing interest in this problem it year may mean that supplementary
elasses might be lheld．

FREE TRAOTORS AND CATTLE Three deciaions reached by the gov－ ermment，which have already bees given effeet to，are significant as to the con－
sideration whieh is now being given to sideration which is now
the wishes of the weat．
The right of the settler to bring with him vehieles，and implements moved by mechanical power，is granted；the duty
on cattle is suapended，and tractors．sp to the value of $\$ 1,400$ are admitted free of duty．
In each case there is a time limit－ one year in the matter of tractors and cattle，and for the period of the war with respect to settlers＇effects；but，in fact，these remissions of duty are in－ The wording of the orders－in－council provides for a refand of the dectrancil provides for a refund of the duty，but In effect there is to be，in these im． portant respects，a measure of free trade．

## The Latest Order

The order－in－council with respect
settlers＇effects is in these terms：－
＂During the period of the war， until otherwise ordered，vehieles and implements moved by mechanical power， may be imported free of duty by settler，if actually owned abroad by the settler for at least six months before his removal to Canada，and subject to regulations prescribed by the minister of custóms．
＇Provided that the said vehicles of implements entered free as settlers＇
effects may not be so entered unless effects may not be so entered unless
brought by the settler on his first arri－ val，and shall not be sold or otherwise disposed of without payment of duty
until after 12 months＇actual use in until after 12 months＇actual use in

## Canada．

Under the new regulation settlers from the United States would be able their automobiles．

## CURRENT EVRNTA <br> The Ontario government has a net surphas thas for the year amounted to total receipts for the ycar amounted $\$ 18,269,597$ ，and the total ordinary ex－ penditures $\$ 16,518,222$ ．In adition to penditures $\$ 16,518,222$ ．In adition to province＇s history，the net debt of the province has been reduced by 81,216 ， 301 ，and an amount exceeding $\$ 85,000$ ， 000 has been expended on capital ac－ counts in excess of the amount bor－ <br> That Germany and Austria were still at war with Russia was the belief ex－ pressed by Russia was the belief ex derman Foreign Secretary，at the con eluding session of the peace confer－ the Bolsheviki foreign minister，had made his final statement that Russia would be demobilized but that she would desist from signing a formal peace treaty．An offensive，with Petro－ grad as the objective，is rumored to be grad as the objective，is rumored to be

 Sir Ceeil Spring－Rice，former British Ottawa on February 14．He was form erly engaged in farming operations nearPence，Sask．

LIVE POULTRY


 an prices aror fob．Winnpoer snd are


Golden Starfruild Prodvee Co．，Winiper，Man．
tiful banners bearing loeal embleme Worked out in most original designs Theso were judged for originality of
design，suitability of banner to mame， tasto，and harmony and workmanship，
They were judged by President Henderi
 MeCallum of The Guide．The prize 1．Prairie Star Loeal．
3．Dundurn LLecal．
4． 8 ．
5．Orring Creek Loeal．
5．
s．
Groat War Veterans＇Assoclation
 Renton，of the Great War Veterans
A socointion．He briefly outlined the objects of the association and showed
its distinctly construetive eharacter．It Was open to voluntary soldiers or draft
ed men alike，no difference being shown It aimed at securing not only bette conditions in all Canada．A building in Regina was needed and any financia greatly appreciated．He had met man
Grain Growers＇sons at the front．H

FISH FISH FISH Wo prepas an troekt miere


SPECIAL OFFERS
 yunt on 11.00 yunt nim 10.00

The Davis Produce Co Box 203，THE PAS，MAN

## Live Poultry 

THE GRAIN GROWERS GUIDE

## The Farmers' Market

## WINNIPEQ MARKET LETTER


#### Abstract

 Owh   ob:  







## oattle

by the govly beengiven eing given to
to bring witb nte movel by ${ }_{4}$ admittod trop
time limittractora and d of the war
iffects; but, in duty are in: de permanent. the duty, but be coffected. asure of free rder
ith respect to the war, and vehicles and chanical power,
of duty by a of duty by a months before and subject to
iy the minister aid vehieles or ee as settiers in his first arriymment of duty ulation settlers sir tractors, and

## VENTS

ment has a net ear amounted to surplus in the surplus in the
net debt of the
luced by $\$ 1,216$, teeeding $\$ 85,000$ d on capital ac
the amount bor


THE GRAIN GROWERS GUIDE
pert to the Greater Profartion Leas of Snaselag the farrim loons welieme io Maskatehewas, asd is order to provide cheaper money for our farmera.
That the Association believes that the Government should own and opernte all coal mines in the Domiaion of Can the goverament raisien by tarations of fieient meney for alf purposer of the Patriotie fuind; that the Association favars the appointment of returned coldiens to post office of similar service poaitions Where the remuneration is suffieient and the eonditions fenaible
Mr. Malarg stated that this is the poliey of the Union Goverament. At preesent not one in tee of raral pont oflice give sufficient to pay a returned
soldier. The average is about si00 per soldier. The average is about gloc per above.
That ine Amociation favers the amea: ding of the Publie Sehool Aet to make it compulsory for the teacher or some wholly reaponaltle persen to remais at nethoof during noon hour in rurat or
village schools; that a survey should be viliage schools; that as survey should be
taken by the proper authoritios of the taken by the proper authorties of the
boys of high school age within the proboys of high sehool age within the pro-
vinee, with a view to making such arrangements as may be neesary to enable sueh boys to give all the help they
can in seding and harveting the 1915 can in seeding and harvesting the 1918 crop-and that a eopy of this resolu: Agrieulture
This resolution indieated the stand on implement duty: Whereas the Dominion Government is urging the farmers: to produce more grain and meat, and Whepeas they have aleo set the price of A weat ination place itselt on record that they consider it the duty of the government to remove the duty on farmim plements and machinery and set the

Teaching of English in Schools
resolution on the teaching of Eng lish only in the publie sehools of Sas katehewan was expected to, and did,
provoke areat deal of very earneat provoke ${ }^{\text {a }}$, great deal of very earnest was done in an exceedingly fine spirit. The mover, O. J. Hopkins, of Anerly, insisted that this should not be a racial, religious or political question but a
national one. Conditions in the province were lamentable. In far too many places foreign languages were dominant in the schools.
This question affected the unity of
Canada more than any other. Mr. Cairkham mosked if it were true that there were sehools in the province where German is dominant and English no
taught. George Hilton, Melvile, eame taught. George tinton, Meivile, eame
forward to substantiate this statement. He said that Pearl Lake sehool seven miles from Melville, was governed by three trustees who between them had 28 ehildren. They had a teacher,
a foreigner, who did not satisfy the ina foreigner, who did not satisfy the in-
speetor, Mr. Stevenson. He was teachspector, sh. the sehool in German, and he had to ing the sehool in German, and he had
be dismissed, as the inspector insisted on it. The adjoining sehool distriet of Ewimar, also a German community, took on this teacher and he is teaching there today and has been doing so ever
since he was dísmissed by Peart Lake at the demand of the inspector. Ever
since the Pearl Lake sehool has been slosed and the trustees refuse to open it until they ean get a teacher who is able department of education about the mat ducted the survey, of sehool conditions hare. to do anything and that the remedy for such conditions lay with the people
of the province. The Pearl Lake school is still elosed. flag, one country and one language just
as strongly as any man. His childron are the only children of English-spedk ing parents attending their school. They
teach German in that sehool from three till four because the sehool regulations
pernit that. His ehildren sometimes eame home, having had no instruction in English after recess. He wante the regulations of the depation changed to read that foreigh languages cannot be taught until afte 4 o'eloek in the public schools, and
only on days permitted by the trustees,
astend of at prosent avery day from 3
Heary Harris of Humbolde sald if the asocistion wanted to increase its mem. bership to 60,000 it woold seed to get sany of them among the mon- Eagliah
speaking. He counsellel moderation and tolerance thounbe in favor of inatian. and toleranee though is faver of inaiat.
ing on Eagliah. There were many fer igg on Kaglish. There were many Ger-
mans who were anxions to teanh their mans who were anxious to teaer foeir tions, of coarse, bot the average Ger. man is the province wanted his children to learn English so that the child would not be in the same position that its parents were in.
F. Munech, Biekford, of Oerman birth. wid the was German but did not believe
 teme Germass lived in who manted to He wanted English insiotel privieges sehools by strict enforcement of law. Private elhools should be under government control. Children not taught Vinglish has their futare robbed. It was interesting to note the apphasse Given this man after speaking and also bater while speaking on another subyect. Two of the best talk of the eons. Vention were given by this man and K. Fiesterman of Beandinavian arigin.
Finaly the resolution of two year's that this convention is of the opinlon that every child in Raskatehewan should be given a practical knowledge of the Englist language, that all elementary seliools should be browght under government control and inspection and that an effective system of com. A reolution by Mr. Sales, asking that A resolution by Mir. saics, asking that teaching of foreign languages in publie was unanimonily andern

## Want Better Phone Bervice

Other resolutions pledging full support in the campaign for greater-proCamidian and Allied governments in their efforts to make the world safe for demoeracy; that the doty should be re-
moved on all fuel and lubricating oils; moved on all fuel and lubricating oils; aceount of recent bercavent, and to the relatives of the late Thos. Laurence much appreciated; that the Wallace land in the south-west corner of the province be opened for settlement by
returned soldiers under the War Measures Act; that the provineial telephone deparyment be requested to allow neighboring rural teiephone systems to cong neet their centrais, independent of long
distance lines, were passed. The last distance lines, were passed. The last Several delegates fenced in by phone lines were unable to get a phone in
their houses. The main contention, however, was that it should not be necessary where centrals of two lines
eame close together that farmers, per. haps not more than a mile apart, should have to go around 150 or 200 miles to
ket conneetion. Such lines were to get connection. Such ines were ther delays. Where farmers could not get the phone in their homes with lines run-
ning paast it was only necessary to wait for money the next year as money for local phone companies once per year The law will not allow the building of
phones on farmers own initiative. The costs of building had risen tremendouswrite the Department of Telephones
No Increase of Membership Fee tion raising the membership fee to
$\$ 1.50$, though seriously discussed, did not
were a number who wanted the fee put at $\$ 2.00$. John Holmes, Asquith, in a elever speech analyzed the possible
effect of an inerease. He contended that $\$$ more members would be recelved most. portance of securing family member
Ahips. proposal to change the basis of
representation at the annual convention
from one delegate to ten members to one to twenty members was lost. It was attendance at all as more visitors

## February 20, 1948

A proposal to give the executive legielation was stronaly debated and loat on the eostention that this virtestly meant the ereation of a third party. witerred to the executive for consolde ation and actlons executive for consider with better servive for of these dealy pers; eo-eperstive suppert of cold stor bige platas legitatioe requiriag lam atated sperifications: fring of prites to vegetables; railway pases: revielon of provinelal electoral systom; federal government department of secial re esareb; amendment of Fruit Markets und Inspeetion and Bales Aet; unreasonabl ing in foods profits of eomprations sunicipal elections: free mail delisery withdrawing land from leanep, elamis ention of wood; fence laws: wolf hom ties: water supply; protectios of ell mechanies' liens; propertional repre entation; bask aet; munieipal high ehools; parcel posts: bureas of edura
Hon? mifist twitwies it tlon? mituat lmanares, ete, ete. gina, mayor, council asd board of trade to the pross and all who contributed to mously applauded.

## THE LABOR BITUATION

 tary basts the farm tatior on a volun Canada" will bo one of the daties of the newly organized fool control bioard. Under the new organization, the boand becomes a braneh of the department of agrientiture, under Hos. T. A. Crera If will be under the chairmanothip of H. B. Thompeon, the present controlle J. D. MeGregor, Hon. C, A. Dunning and Perey B. Tustin of Winniper wil be prominent in eonnection with thework. Mr. Dansing will devote him self to the problem of production. Mr MeGregor, is director of agriealturai labor.
A statement isued by the Govern
ment regarding labor states that it is unable to accept the view that men alled out under the Military Service Aet but physieally unfit should be con seripted for farm tabor, In addition to the objections so strongly urged by or
ganized labor against induatrial con ecription, compulsory service of individ sal eitizens or individual farmers is Cainda, is, it is stated, impracticable With regard to the possible utilization of alien labor, a problem involved, : so complex and difficult, especially from an international standpoint that it has not as yet been
defnite decision. The repiresentatives of labor directly chalienged the neees sity of importation of eoolie labor. and stated that there is sufficient labor in Canada if properly organized to man all our essential industries The govern
ment recognizes that this habor situa tion should be relieved to some extent by diverting labor from less essentia the more essential industries, and classification of the industries accord ing to their ditue to the courry und the war conditions, is in progress. labor in such a way that the needs the farmer in this particular will b

CLASS TWO MAY BE CALLED There are indications that Class Two
may be called up under the Military Service Act in the near futare. Of the has been ealled, that of single men and
widowers (without ehilaren) less than 34 years of age. It is considered cer tain that there are men in other classen without causing undue hardship on an dependent and without dee reasing
production of essentials. The prima production of essentials. The primaty infored for the army, it is emplasize little delay as possible in putting him into training. The governor-in-coune sub-chasses, in which case the
classes are to be called out in order age, beginning with the youngest. the Act, may yot be called out consel

Vebruary 2
e
e exeeutive lebated and his virtually ird party. lutions were for eonvider there Aralt restoek ship of eold ster quiring lan. arcording to of prleses fop ; revislos of em; federal Markelas. me: darkets and unreasonable esprporations earporations; isael claseff 3; wolf beunetion of elk, tional repre inieipal high eall of eluca b. ete.
e eity of Reoand of trude, on was unani.

ATION
te on a volun$r$ resources of the duties of control board. ion, the beard department of T. A. Crerar. airmanehip of ent eontrolier. Wissipert Till Wion with "the tion with 'the ofluction. Mr. if agricultural
$y$ the Governates that it is lew that men ilitary Service should be conIn addition to urged by or. industrial con. Vice of individaal farmers in ible utilization m involved, is especially from eant that it has ble to reach a repjresentatives nget the necesoolle labor, and fieient labor in nized to man all 1. The governhis habor situato some extent n less essential adustries, and a dustries accorde country under in progress, A ade to distribute rticular will be

## BE CALTED

 that Class Twe ler the Military $t$ future. Of the the Act only one f single men and Adren) less than in other classes into the army hardship on any it decreasing the ls. The primary of necessary reit matr ean be it is emphasized, $e$ in putting him overnor-in-council ide any class into I case the subd out in order the youngest. lasses specified incalled out consec.


## The Thrift Car

A farmer 30 miles from town with an Overland is closer than one 5 miles away who depends entirely upon horses.

Often a repair is suddenly needed when harvesting-with an Overland it is no trick to go to town, get the repair and return to work without losing precious time.

Sixty percent of all the Overland cars sold are bought by farmers. Why?

Because this thrift car combines in a maximum degree all of the five essentials necessary for complete satisfaction.

## Success forMr. Edison

## Life-Like Music At Last!

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