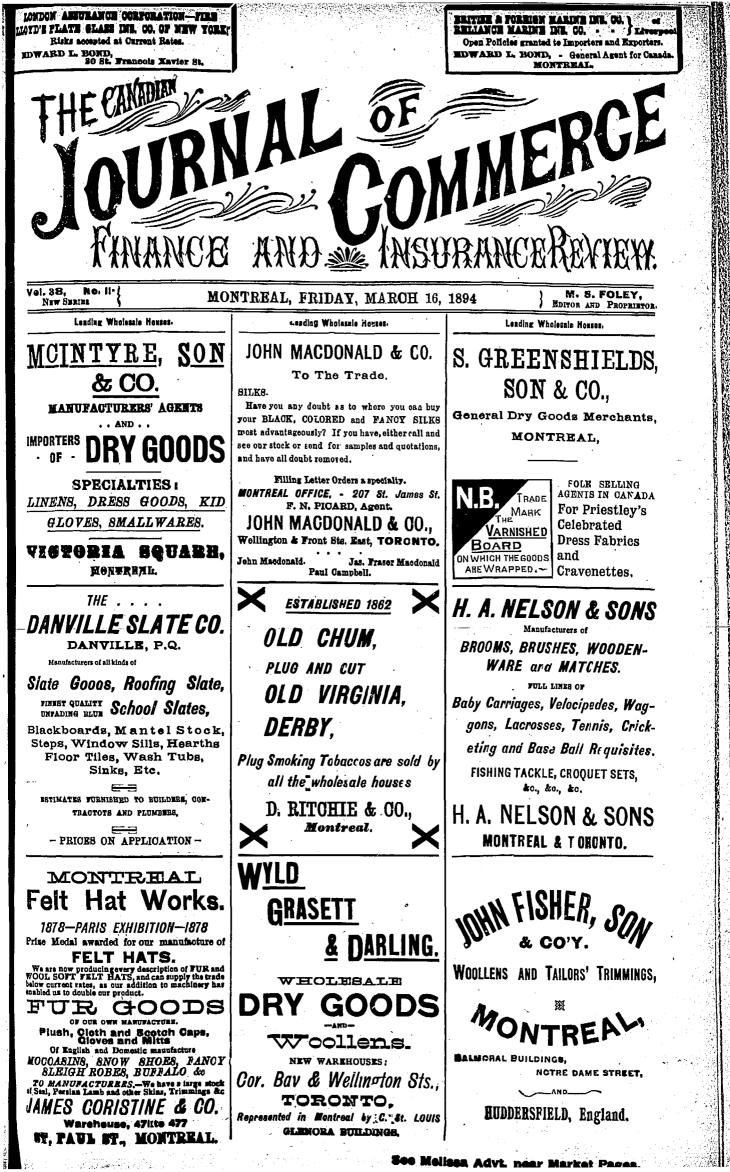
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Portland, Oregon-The Bank of British Columbia, Montreal, Jan. and, 1894	THE MOLSONS BANK
THE BANK OF TORONTO,	Are Hereby Notified that a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT.
GANADA. INCORPORATED 1855. Head Office, - Toronio. Pald-Up Capital \$2.000,000 Reserve Fund, 1,800,000 DIRECTORMI GEORGE GOODERHAM, Esq., Frasident. WM. H. BEATTY, Euq., Vica-President. WM. H. BEATTY, Euq., Vica-President. WM. H. BEATTY, Euq., Vica-President. GEORGE GOODERHAM, Esq., Frasident. WM. H. BEATTY, Euq., Vica-President. GEORGE GOODERHAM, Esq., Frasident. WM. H. BEATTY, Euq., Vica-President. GEORGE GOODERHAM, Esq., Frasident. WM. A. BEATTY, Euq., Vica-President. GEORGE GOODERHAM, Esq., Frasident. WM. Coolson, - General Mgr. HUGH LAACH Assistant General Mgr. JOSEPH HENDERSON, - Inspector. MostrastJ. A. Strathy, " BrockvilleJ. Murray Smith, Manager Barrie	upon the capital stock has been declared for the Ourrent Half Year, and that the same will be payable at the office of the Bank, in Montreal, and at the branches on and after the SECOND DAY OF APRIL NEXT. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to 31st MAROH, both days inclusive. By order of the Board, F. WOLFERSTAN THOMAS, General Manager- Montreal, 23rd Februsry, 1894
London, EngThe City Bank, Limited, New York The National Bank of Commerce.	· ·

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LETTE A. L. DEMARTIGNT,	Notice is hereby given that - distday 1 and
stant Mgr., E. G. St. JEAN, Inspector, Hyacinthe, A. Clomeut, Mgr. Drum- C. Girouard, Mgr. Beauharnois-H.	Capital Stock of the Bank for the current six months, being at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, and that the same will be due and payable on and after
JORL LEDUC. TIGAT, MANAGING Director, TANCREDB stant Mgr., E. G. St. JEAN, Inspector, . Hyacinthe, A. Clomeut, Mgr. Druu- , Girouard, Mgr. Beauharnois-H. Jaurentides, H. H. Ethier, Mgr. Hull, Martiggy, Mgr. St. Simon, D. Denis, ur (Queboc), N. Dion, Mgr. Queboc, G. Leclère, Mgr. Frascruille, J. O. Valueyfield, Ls. de Martiggy, Mgr. , Marckand, Mgr. Plossisville, Che-	Monday, the 2nd Day of April, 1894, at the Office of the Bank. The transfer books will be
G. Leclère, Mgr. Frascrvillo, J. O. Valleyfield, Ls. de Martigny, Mgr. Marchand, Mgr. Plessisville, Che-	closed from the 13th to the 30th of March. Notice is also given that the General Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Bank, for the election of
IonirealSt. Jean-Baptiste, M. Bour- Cunegonde, G. N. Ducharme, Mgr.	Directors and such other business as may legally come before the meeting, will be 'eld at the Head Office o the Bank, on the SECOND WEDNEDAY in April, next

Oshawa, February aist, 1894

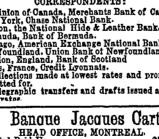
Cashier

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before the meeting, will be 'eid at the riend Onice of the Bank,on the SECOND WEDNESDAY in APRIL next, being the 1sth day of the month, at 20'clock, p. m.

By order of the Board

T. H. MCMILLAN



La Banque Jacques Cartier. HKAD OFFICE, MONTREAL. Capital Paid-Up, 5500,000 Reserve Fund, 215,00° Directers. ALFR. DESJARDINS, Esq., M. P., President, A. S. HAMELIN, Esq., Vice-President, DUNONT LAVIOLETTE A. L. DEMAATIGNT. JOEL LEDUC. A. L. DEMAATIGNT, Managing Director, TANCREDE BIENVENU, Assistant Mgr., E. G. St. JEAN, Inspector. *BYBACKERS*, St. JEAN, Inspector, *BYBACKERS*, J. C. Chever, Mgr. H. H. Ethler, Mgr. Huil, P. Q., J. P. de Martigup, Mgr. F. St. Simon, D. Donis, Mgr. St. Sauvent (Queboc) N. Dion, Mgr. Quebec, Rue St. Sauvent (Queboc) N. Dion, Mgr. Quebec, rue St. Jean, G. Leclère, Mgr. Frascrille, J. O. Leblanc, Mgr. Valleyfield, Ls, de Martigup, Mgr. Victoriaville, A. Marchand, Mgr. Flossisville, Che-vrefils Mgr. *Brauches in Montreal*, St. Jean-Baptiste, M. Bour-Set, Mgr. Ste. Cunegonde, G. N. Ducharme, Mgr. *Trt*; Henri, A. Boyer, Mgr. Rue Ontario, A. Boyer, Manager. *Corresfondents*, London, Eng., Le Crédit Lyonnais, Giya, Mills, Currie & Co. Paris, France, Le Crédit Lyonnais, New York, Nctional Bank of the Republic, Baak of Montreal: Canada, The Merchants Bank. Chicago, Baak of Montreal: Canada, The Merchants Bank of Canades, Bank of Critish North America:

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22 "Parisian	JAS. LAIYOE.
passoners. The saloons and stater oms are in the central part where least motion is felt. Electrici- ty is used for lighting the ships throughout, the lighth being at the command of the passensers at	LEITOE,
ro m on the promonade deck. The saloons and	
statorooms are heated by steam Scoond cabin accommodation is a special feature on these steamers.	A. D. Of
Steamers will'sail from Portland about 1 pm on Thursdave, or as soon as pusible after the arrival of Grand Trunk Railway train, due at Portland about noon, and from Halifax about 1 pm on Satur	Chancery an veyancer, & Hamilton, O
about noon, and from Halifax about 1 pm on Satur- days, or as soon as possible after the arrival of the Intercoloniat Railway due at Halifax at noon.	•
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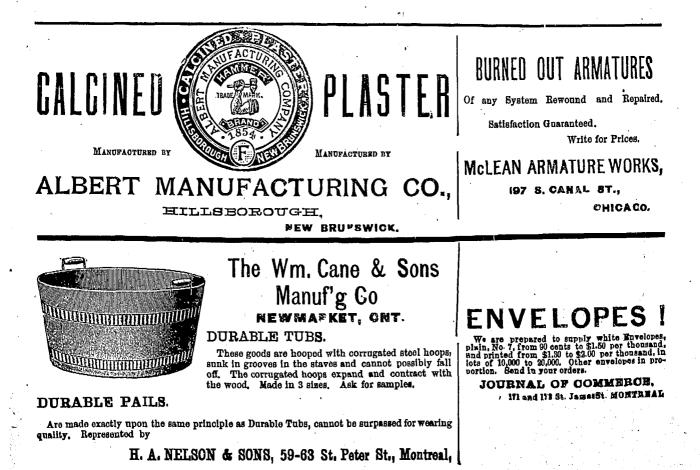
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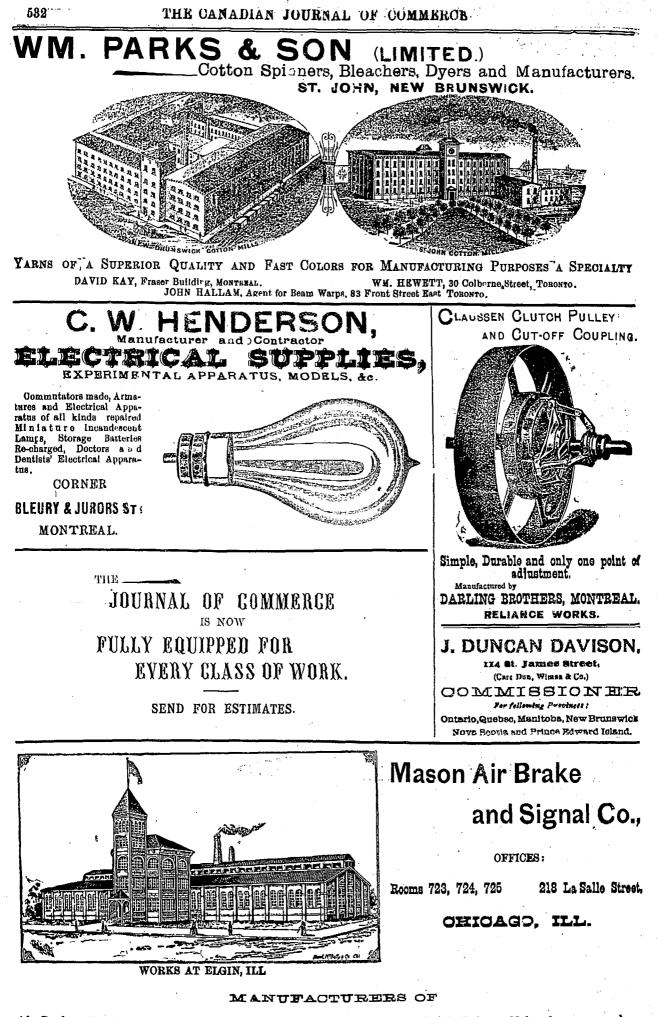
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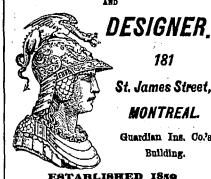
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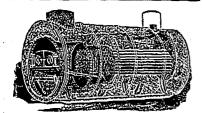
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-The report that Mr. Huddart's proposal to furnish a fast Atlantic service be-



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mortgage loans recorded amounted to \$260,060. Of this sum \$7,000 was at 5 p.c, \$118,475 at 5 1-2 p.c., \$101,475 at 6 p.c., \$19,025 at 7 p.c., and \$14,085 at a hominal rate.

-The Hamilton Retail Grocers' Association have concurred in the petition to Parliament to abolish the present exemption of the salaries of civil service employes from seizure from debt and to put them on the same level with ordinary citizens in the eye of the law.

-Advices from Teheran aunounce that the Persian Government has closed its mints to the coinage of silver and prohibited imports of that metal after the 1st of April. Heretofore the currency of Persia has been principally silver or the notes of the Im-

G. DESOLA. General Commission Merchant, CUSTOMS AND FORWARDING BROKER General agent in Canada for "Filature et Filteries réunies," United Thread Factories) of Alost. Baldium. 3 Sr. SACRAMENT STREET. MONTREAL.

THE COSMO BUTTERMILK SOAP CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

perial banks, which are based on silver re serves.

-The Fire Department of Halifax, N.S., costs for maintenance only \$21,000 per year. Considering that the value of insured property in that city is \$33,000,000. and the uninsured possibly \$20,000,000 more, it looks as if the municipal authities might spend a little more than this on fire protection.

-Robert Work, who forged his brother's mame to a cheque and tried to cash it at the Bank of Hamilton, has been sent to the penitentiary for two years. In passing sentence the judge remarked that the young man's previous record went to show that he possessed an inordinate desire to avoid steady employment.

-The Icelandic settlers near Pilot Mound are finding winter fishing in Lake Manitoba profitable. The fish are caught through the ice in nets set about three miles from shore, and sell at the spot at 2 cents per pound for white fish. Pike and pickerel go for anything offered, as the fishing grounds are forty miles from a railway station.

-The shareholders of the St. Thomas Pipe and Foundry Co. are trying to reorganize on a stronger basis. They propose to take \$10,000 in new stock and put in the building and plant, which cost \$36,420, at \$20,-000, if the citizens will take another \$10,-

ROYAL CARPET CO.. Manufacturers of NOOL AND Noinu CARPETS Art Squares and Carpet Fringe. Dealers in Chenille Curtains, Rings, Poles and Trimmings. amples sent free. GUELPH, ONT

Chicago Glass Bending Works, 185 Dearborn St., Reom 85 Bent, Stained and Boyeled Glass, Estimates Furnished on Application.

CHICAGO, Agents wanted in each of the Provinces of Canada,



are e tickets a writing, out jone nd one for third reta side as a record. Se catalogue and full pa lars: Chicago Autog

000. The new subscribers will be accorded a large representation on the board of directors as an inducement.

-Mr. A. F. Read, chief clerk in the general freight agent's office at Toronto, has been appointed foreign freight agent of the Grand Trunk Railway in this city, to succeed Mr. Norman J. Fraser, who has been made Canadian agent for the Johnston line of steamships. Previous to his departure from Toronto Mr. Read was presented by his confreres with a purse of \$600 in gold.

-The insurance case in which Mrs. Disher brought an action to recover \$1,700 over paid to George T. Claris for his services in securing for her \$27,000 life insurance on her husband, was heard in St. Thomas before Mr. Justice Meredith. The learned judge ordered Claris to refund the whole \$2,000 paid him by Mrs. Disher and also to pay all the costs less the sum of \$300 allowed him for services.

-In our last issue there appeared an item to the effect that the store of a Halifax dealer in clothing and boots and shoes, who had been notified on the Saturday that his policies for \$4,200 would be cancelled on the following Monday, was burned out that very night. The sequel to this is the arrest of the dealer, his son, and another maa on a charge of arson. It is said that one of the prisoners has turned Queen's evidence.

-The story comes from Scaforth that J. A. Clark, a grocer of that town, purchas-

CANNED GOODS. We offer to the trade at very special prices: Lobsters, Sardines, Mackerel, Salmon, Tomatoes, Corn, etc., etc., also every kind of Canned Fruits. BEST KNOWN BRANDS. QUALITY GUARANTEED. LAPORTE, MARTIN & CO.,

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-The council of Whitby Township have decided to resist the claim of the Dominion Bank for \$8,130, the money paid out to their absconded treasurer, John F. Moore, on forged notes, etc. It is underderstood that Moore's whereabouts are known and that his arrest is contemplated. -The Commercial Union Assurance Co. has purchased the business of the West of England Insurance Co. by issuing \$1,500,-000 of 4 per cent. debenture stock to the shareholders of the absorbed company.

-A number of compromises are announced during the past week. H. R. Thompson, general store, Brownsburg, has compromis-

MONTREAL, CAMADA. ed at 60 cents in the dollar, in 8, 6, and 9 months, the two last payments secured, Alphonse Leclare, general store, La Conception, is offering 25 cents in the dollar, cash. L. S. Gervais, general store, Lawrenceville, has settled at 40 cents in the dollar, cash. A. Pellerin, general store, Maddington Falls, is offering 50 cents in the dollar, spread over twelve months and

P. O. Bog 634.

Metallurgists and MPrs,

Montreal, Q.

-The promoters of the Manitoba South Western R.R. are asking a guarantee of 5 per cent for twenty years on \$11,000 per mile from the Provincial Government, which is equal to a bonus of \$1,000 per mile. They offer their land grant of 6,400 acres per mile as sccurity, and will carry freight from the Lake of the Woods at the following rates: Logs, \$3 per thousand feet; lumber, Sc per 100 lbs; posts, fence rails, poles, piles and ties, 4 1-2 per 100 lbs; cordwood, 8c per 100 lbs. Minimum weight of cars, 30,000 lbs. These are about half the present rates.

-At the annual meeting of the Montreal Park and Island Railway Co., Mr. J. S. Bousquet, general manager of the Banque du Peuple, was added to the Board of Directors in the place of Mr. Morris Perrault. The programme for the present year was laid before the board. It is proposed

Reinsurers of



CHICAGO, ILL.

been so cheap and plentiful in Montreal at

this season. The public auction system has

so concentrated the trade that prices are

as reasonable as those ruling in New York

and Boston, 'the Canadian duty being taken

into consideration. More fruit has come

forward to the morthern markets than

would have been thought possible some

years ago. The observance of Lent by the

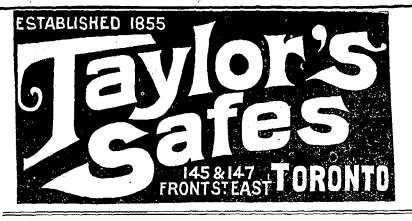
French speaking population has greatly,

-Mr. John Y. Reid has retired from the

lessened the demand at the moment.

LYNN T. LEFT. . Hannes for Gan

PLATE GLASS.



to build a line around Outremont, Cote des Neiges and Notre Dame de Grace, entering the city by way of the St. Catherine and Sherbrooke street lines. Providing the proprietors furnish the right of way, the line to Lachine will be built. The road to Longue Pointe and the extension from Sault au Recollet to St. Vincent de Paul may be commenced this summer.

-Recent failures in Victoria, B.C., include Henry Saunders, a grocer of 20 years! standing, supposed to have been in a good position.

-Attention is directed to full page advertisement (World's Fair Illustrations) pl'sewhere. Here is an opportunity that cannot occur again.

-J. E. P. Racicot, patent medicines, (herbalist) formerly of Montreal, but more

recently of Lowell, Mass., has assigned with liabilities of \$14,000.

-The arbitrators on the amount of damage done to the warehouse of J. F. Bruce & Co., of Hamilton, at the recent fire, have awarded \$10,250 to the firm.

-Mr. H. S. Dunning, manager of the Chatcau Frontenac at Quebec, has formally accepted the post of manager of the Windsor Hotel. He will take charge on the first of mext month.

Jas. Cameron, grocer, Springhill, N.S.,

ST. PIERRE,

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Tailor, Has received all his Spring Novelties, which are well worth seeing. w. st. pierre, 63 Beaver Hall Hill, : MONTREAL



COCOA is Skimmed Milk, CHOCOLATE, Pure Cream. ASK YOUR GROCER FOR If he hasn't it on sale, send his ame and your CHOCOLAT address to C. A. CHOUILLOU, MENIER 12 & 14 St. John Street. Montreal Appual Sales Fxceed 33 Million Pounds. R. C. WILSON, Merchant Tailor 252 St. JAMES St. MORTREAL. BEST SCOTCH AND WEST; OF ENGLAND CLOTHS AND TWEEDS.

541

Error.

Common

Chocolate and Cocoa are by many supposed to be one and the same, only that one is a pow

So with COCOA.

der, (hence more easily c.uke.), and the other is not.

TAK & the Oil from the Olive, What is left?

This is wrong-TAKE the Yolk from the Egg.

CHOCOLAT MENIER A CHOCOLAT MENSER

A Residue.

In comparison,

SUPERIOR WORKMANSHIP.

has failed for \$2,200. He began in the spring of '92 without experience .- Patrick Kelly, trader, North Sydney, N.S., has as-

Wm. Gosnell, grocer, city, who succeeded F. Hamilton in September '93, has assigned. He was formerly connected with Gosnell Bros., who failed in '89. Liabil-

-The Behring Sea fleet of the United States will draw all their coal from Comox, B.C., and the American cities further south are greatly indignant thereat. The contract is worth about \$100,000.

FIRE OR PRESSURE PUMP.

-The Newfoundland seal fishery commenced last Saturday, when fourteen steamers sailed from Greenpond, three from Channel, and four from St. Johns, N.F. Eighteen steamers will hunt along the porthern coast and three in the gulf.

-The spring grain fleet will not leave the lake ports before the 1st of April, although navigation is now open. This is because marine insurance does not go into effect until that date. Even then it will be twenty days earlier than last year.

-V. Brault & Co., general store, St Louis de Gonzague, offered 50c on the dollar at a recent meeting of creditors, but this was not accepted. Liabilities are \$7,000. The business dates from the spring of '91.

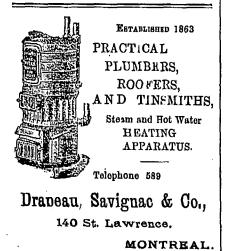
-At the annual meeting of the Canada Paper Co.⁴ Mr. John Macfarlane was elected president, Mr. Andrew Allan vice-president, and Messrs. Hugh McLennan, H. M. Allan, Robt. Anderson and W. D. Gilleam directors.

-Bernard & Goulet, contractors and masons, eity, Rapheal Bernard and Theodore, Goulet, have assigned with liabilities of \$13,000. The creditors are: W. F. Newman, \$4,500; Lalonde & Girard, \$2,000; A. Garleneau, \$700; Paquette & Mayer, \$860; A. Martel, \$1,600; Bousquet & Corpeil, \$372; Oscar Gaudet, \$800, with \$1,-600 in smaller accounts.

-The "mills of the gods grind slowly," and those of a certain paper company not far from Montreal are not unlike them in this respect. But the comparison should step here, that a certain elever daily in Toronto may not be swept clean away. Toronto has a full supply of dailies, and with a little patience the fittest will prove themselves worthy.

-In Manitoba, J. V. Rea, general store, Arrow River, has assigned after a brief trial of some months. He came from Virden, but started in a bad locality. He had plenty of push, but not sufficient capital. -The estate of H. A. Scarth, trader, Griswold, has been granted a composition at 60c va thee dollar.-Holden & Wight, furniture, Melita, have assigned.

-At a meeting of the creditors of James Stevenson, produce merchant, Peterboro, a committee was appointed to investigate and report. The liabilities are about \$300,000. Assets are nominally much in excess, but



Export Credit System Co.

Head Office, NEWARK, N.J., U.S.

Guarantees Against Excess Losses Arising by Reason of Bad Debts, \$100,000.00 Deposited with Dominion Government as Security for Canadian Policy-holders.

G. E. SEYMOUR,

IMPERIAL BUILDING, 107 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL, General Agent for Eastern Ontario and Province of Quebec:

are chiefly in real estate. He recently sustained a heavy loss, details of which are not to hand, but supposed to be caused by endorsations. He is not known to the cheese trade in Montreal

-Louis Blanchet, tailor, city, has assigned. The total liabilities are \$7,000. The principal creditors are James McDougall & Co., \$2,311; Alfred Small & Co., \$1,134; Mills & Galt, \$450; John Calder & Co., Mamilton, \$395; Hutchison, Drymene & Nesbitt, Toronto, \$310; William Greene & Roane, \$250; Kyle, Cheesbrough & Co., \$128; Silzer & Grenier, \$266; Greene Sons & Co., \$282; Chas. Veilleux, \$620.

-A meeting of the creditors of L. A. Choquet & Co., books and stationery, St. Hyacinthe, was held in Montreal a fewf days ago. No arrangement could be effected and a demand of assignment has been served. Direct liabilities are about \$8,200. The business dates back to '80, but L. A. Choquet has been the only partner since April '93. His affairs have been steadily going behind, but he still shows a small mominal surplus.

-Ignace C. St. Armour, hardware, city, has assigned. The principal creditors are McArthur, Corneille & Co., \$226; Caverhill, & Learmont, \$431; J. A. Bulmer & Co., \$357; Jas. Robertson & Co., \$476; Thibaudeau & Bourdon, \$258; Thomas Davidson & Co., \$318; Wm. McNally & Co., \$375; H. R. Ives & Co., \$236; Canada Paint Co., 476; Banque Jacques Cartier, \$1,100; Charles Bethel, \$1,200; A. C. St. Amour, \$1,100. Total liabilities \$8,000.

-J. B. O. Archambault, grain, hay, etc., city, has assigned for \$22,000. He commenced a few years ago as Archambault & Diagnault, which was changed to Archambault & Watier, but latterly he has been doing business alone. The principal cred-

M. ₹ L. Samuel Benjamin & Co.,

26, 28 & 30 Front St. West, TORONTO.

Importors and Dealers in British, American Foreign and Continental

Shelf and Heavy Hardware Metals, Tinplate, Tinware, Tinners', Plumbers', and Steam Fitters' Supplies, Gas Fixtures, Lamos and Lamo Goods.

English House, SAMUEL, SONS & BENJAMIN 164 Fenchurch St., London, E.C.

MONTREAL. | Shi pins Office, 1 Rumford Place. Liverpool, Eng

itors are: Fraser estate, \$3,553; Dame Gelas, Niolo, St. Marc, \$984; A. A. U Normandin, \$723; Pierre Prefontaine, Béloeil, \$300; E. Lacroix, Mirabel, \$1,073; Sinyennes-McNaughton, \$681; Banque Ville Marie, \$5,174; A. M. C. Archambault, \$3, 226; Jacques Cartier Bank, \$2,161, and about forty other accounts.

-Jonas C. Lawrence, clothing, Strathroy, ont., did well earlier in his career, but inattention to his business has caused his downfall. His stock in trade is valued at \$8,853, and he has also an interest in some property.—The troubles of A. C. Akin, dry goods, Cornwall, already alluded to, appear to be due chiefly to the hard times, as he did a careful business. The mills there have been working with few hands and on half time.

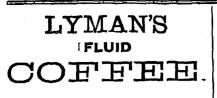
-The statement presented at the meeting of the creditors of the J. E. Bryant Co. at Toronto shows direct liabilities of \$12,749, secured \$4,059, preferred \$2,637, indirect \$250, total \$19,686. The assets consist of plant in printing and binding departments, cash on hand, accounts receivable, bills receivable, book department, publishing department, office furniture and fittings, leaving a surplus of about \$26,500.

-Toronto wholesale houses are largely interested in the matter of James Robertson. dry goods, St. Thomas and Simcoe, Ont., reputed to keep one of the most extensive dry goods establishments in western Ontario. He is now asking an extension of time, which is likely to be granted. He was always supposed to carry a stock in the neighborhood of \$50,000. Mr. Robertson brgan at St. Thomas in the summer of '86 and did well, but probably made a mistake by extending himself and opening a branch at Simcoe. Liabilities are about \$50,000 and assets \$75,000.

Thorold Cement.

Since first manufactured in 1841, over ONE MULLION BARRELS of the Thorold Cement have been used in the important public works constructed by the Canadian Government. In 1891, '92, '93, among other sales were the following:

St. Clair Tunnel Co.	10,000	Barrels.
Kingston Graving Dock	2,000	a
Edison General Electric Co.	2,000	4
Town of Petroles.	2,000	17
Sault Sto. Marie Canal,	13,540	44
ESTATE OF JOHN	BATT	LE
Thorold' Onta	rio.	



It is fragrant, delicious, and can be prepared in a moment.

It is economical because there is no waste as no more need be prepared at a time than is used. 2nd. It requires less sweeten-ing than other coffee, as the bitter part is ex-3rd. tracted during process of One cupful gives more sat anufacture. faction than two of any ordinary coffee.

Bay a bottle from your raggist or grocer, and you will never want a yother.

ITVAN, SONS & CO MONTREAL

WANTED.

Salesmen throughout the Dominion of Canada to take orders for the latest office specialty. The Envelope Mo stener and caler sells at sight. L benal Commissions. ccal \$3.0 for sample and te ms. Address, R M. B. OVNNE & CO. 52 Broadway. Room 83, New York N.Y.

-Many will regret to hear that Robt. C. Wilson, the well known merchant tailor on St. James street, city, has made an assignment, on the requisition of an English creditor. For several years past the comnetition in fine tailoring has been rapidly on the increase, whilst expenses have not grown less. No one in the trade enjoyed a higher reputation. The following is the list of creditors filed at court : A. Gagniero & Co., London, Eng., \$2,628 ; John T. Donnelly & (o., \$1,598; Joseph Fortier, \$965; Gault Bros. & Co., \$518 ; Mark Fisher, Sons & Co., \$377; W. Weir & Sons, \$315; W. Schultze & Co., Galashields, \$297; Union' Bank of Canada, \$488. The leading tailor-shops-in-Montreal-have for . ars past been more or less training s 1001s for ambitious young men anxious to start for themselves in a line already overcrowded. An error into which some of the better houses have fallen consists in buying so much abroad. A bad season finds them overstocked and lacking the indulgence which city wholesale firms of ample capital are able and usually willing to grant to deserving customers. A meeting of creditors of the above house is to be held on the 24th inst.

-"Industrious and enterprising, but gave

This is not Moonshine.



J. B. GOODHUE,

ROCE ISLAND, P. Q.



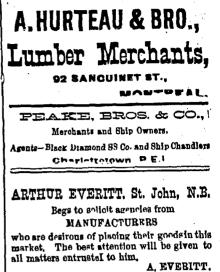
Boilsen in Gonze Strategy W skey.
Bunasher, Trish Whisk on the Green Banks of the Khannon.
Eschencaur & Co., Bordesux, Clarets, Sauternes, ac Joseph Casol, Fils & ., Bordesux, Clarets, Sauternes, au. Nevel, Raphael & Co., St. Hilaire, Samur Saumur Fave & Copie. Macon, Burgundies and White Winee Royal Hungarian Government Wines of Budapest. Hungary. James Watson & Co., Dundee. Scotch and Irish Whiskey. ternes, etc. 2. Raphael & Co., St. Hilaire, Sparkling too much credit is what is said of P. H. Durocher, grocer, Hull, Que., who recently assigned after being 15 or 20 years in business. His assets consist of stock and numerous book debts. Liabilities are \$15,000 to \$18,000. Rival houses commenced to cut prices and he felt compelled to follow suit. His debtors are chiefly small traders who, in their turn, cannot collect, although hopeful of doing so in the summer, when the mills are going. It is said he made arrangements six months ago with La Bauque Nationale for a line of discount to the tune of \$3,000, which he has never fully taken up, and being refused further

assistance and pressed by one of his largest creditors, was forced to assign. Prior to this, La Banque Jacques Cartier closed down on him, claiming he gave too much credit.

-Our exports to Great Britain increased 29 per cent. last month, as compared with February, 1893. During the first two months of the present year our exporte to the mother country are double these of the corresponding period of 1893.

-The much heralded British Canadian Stores Company, Ltd., which was blazoned in the press as being about to open colossal co-operative stores in all the larger Canadian cities, has quietly died a natural death. So few subscriptions were received to the capital stock that those who were sanguine enough to put money into the scheme have had it returned to them.

-In Ontario, Geo. McLaurin, general store, Savanne, has assigned. He has been in business 14 years, but the recent depression has been too much for him .-- D. C. Forbes, shors, Toronto, who has done moderately well for twenty years, has been compelled to confer with his creditors, and now offers 25c on the dollar, cash .- D. & F. McCorquodale, West Zorra, have assigned .- J. King & Son, foundry, Peterboro, have assigned after an experience of some months. Liabilities \$600 ; assets \$400 .- Geo. Reading, shoemaker, Port Hope, has assigned .-- Rooney Bros. general store, Shelburne and Rosemount, already noted, are offering 60c on the dollar .- J.



P. O. Box 96

D. Williamson & Co., dry goods, Guelph, have effected their suggested settlement at 60c on the dollar .- H. W. Allan, broker and general storekeeper, Harrow, previously mentioned, has compromised at 60c on the dollar .-- Wm. Johnston, steamfitter, Ottawa, has assigned. He commenced ninoteen years ago and became involved in the spring of '91 , when he obtained an extension spread over 18 months .- S. A. Rife, who has been running a woolen mill at Walkerton, has assigned. He succeeded McKelvie & Rife in the fall of '92 and did his best to succeed, from all reports. -D. Angus, confectioner, Chatham, formerly of Boyd & Angus, has assigned. He knew little, if anything, of the business and success was doubtful.-Joseph Dilworth, drugs, Toronto, already noted, is offering 25c on the dollar .- C. H. Nix, harness, Uxbridge, offers 50c on the dollar, 2, 3, 4 and 6 months, secured .- Hoffman & Co, dry goods, Senforth, a firm established in '71, but which has had several changes, is once more in trouble. Mrs. W. Hoffman is the only registered partner at present.-G. Wyatt & Son. shoes, London, are asking an extension of S months. They show a surplus of \$3,000 over liabilities of \$5,600. The business was started by the father some years ago and in 'S9 he admitted his sont. They undertook two stores and attempted too much-Wm. Needham, Malahide, has assigned ; no particulars.-R. M. Mowat & Co., hardware, Trenton, are reported to be financially embarrassed and stock is being taken. There are two other stores of the same kind in the place and competition is close, R. M. Mowat was formerly unsuccessful at Kingston. They suffered a loss by fire in the spring of '92 and compromised .- C. G. and G. Southwick, general store, Hawtry, have assigned .--Wm. Burke, trader, Waldemar, has assigned. He has been in business on and off for years. He failed and left, but subsequently returned and re-started in the spring of '91. He is well meaning, but apparently lacking in husiness methods .- A meeting of the creditors of Wm. Johnston, steamfitter, Ottawa, is called for this week. The insolvent's valuation is as follows: Stock and machinery \$1,395; building \$24,000; book debts \$336. There is a secured claim of \$20,200, leaving balance of assets \$5,-531. Liabilities, direct \$3,737; indirect, \$587; total, \$4,324.

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ican merchants and manufacturers have taken advantage of their propinquity and knowledge of our tastes, habits, and requirements to offset the drawbacks of dearer labor and more expensive raw material, and seem to be able now to compete in many lines with the more cheaply produced goods of England. A glance through our advertising columns will reveal this. For some years past they have steadily increas. ed their market in this country, and during the year under review exported to us to the value of \$58,221,976 or an increase of \$5,084,404 over the figures of the fiscal year of 1892. If we deudet from these totals the value of gold coin imported, we find the net figures, representing actual merchandise, are \$52,703,794, or a net growth of \$714,052 in twelve months.

The next question is in what branches of Canadian trade have these increases taken place. And in examining the figures it is gratifying to observe that they occur principally in what may be termed semi-raw material-that is material partially manufactured but intended to be converted into the finished product in Canadian factories. Thus we find that the imports of metal rods for conversion into wire in Canada have increased from \$104,884 to \$273,-627, while the expansion in our textile industries is evidenced in the growth in the value of aniline dyes imported from the United States from \$\$1,933 in 1892 to \$245,538 in 1893. It is the same in many other branches of mannfacture. The imports of steel bowls for cream separators have increased from \$6,627 to \$21,489, of platinum vessels for making sulphurie acid from \$1,943 to \$9,969, of plano parts from \$93,581 to \$103,802, and of wire for making wire rope from \$4,482 to \$10,680. Steel imported for the manufacture of locks, saws and skates advanced in value from \$43,100 to \$72,520 in twelve months; while our imports of tim in bars and sheets from the United States increased by \$53,837.

Engines and boilers were imported last year to the extent of \$113,832, and electrical machinery to the value of \$394,583, as against \$23,950 and \$203-795 for 1892 respectively. We took \$46,000 worth more of copper wire. We increased our importations of rags for papermaking from \$91,116 to \$120-601, and of crude and "recovered" rubber from \$467,589 to \$636,185. (The influence of the change in the sugar duties is shown in the sudden advance in the importation of cane sugars below number 14 Dutch standard from \$2,666 to \$340,833, while wire of all kinds for use in factories jumped from \$114,066, to \$153,911, fish skins for the manufacture of glue rose from \$1,-956 in value to \$16,038, and wool grease from \$743 to \$39,463. Increased activity in carriage building is also evidenced in the larger imports of hickory spokes and felloes, while our broom factories last year added \$30,-000 to their purchases of broom corn across the border.

The greater comfort of the Canadian people is apparent in the increase in the value of the importations of articles of food and wear which cannot be looked upon as absolute necessaries. Thus we imported \$13,000 worth more of melons last year, \$7,000 more of watches, \$13,600 more of pine apples and nearly \$20,000 worth more of electro-plated ware. Canadian farmers bought \$75,136 worth of harvesters and seythes as against \$66,839 in 1892 and our oil producers took \$13,000 worth more of coal oil barrels than in the year before.

The greater use of coal stoves in country districts where wood was formerly the only fuel is shown in the rise in the value of our imports of American anthracite coal from \$5,630,366 to \$6349.819 in twelve months as well as by those of coal stoves from \$26,214 to \$39,818, and the extension of Canadian enterprise into new lines of manufacture is shown by the importation, for the first time from the United States, of \$14,704 worth of rubber thread for the manufacture of elastic webbing, and of genapped yarn for braid making to the extent of \$3,566. The increase in the imports of spectacles from \$18,278 to 827,408 is also a curious point; and one that seems to indicate that the same tendency to weaker cy/sights, in spite of the recent improvements in artificial light, exists in Canada as well as in the United States.

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Altogether, the changes in the tide of commerce during the year under review have been favorable to Canada. She has increased her importations of raw and semi-raw material, thus showing that her industrial activit; avas stimulated rather than retarded by the depression across the line, and she has reduced her importations of finished products now that she can produce them equally well within her own borders and to the profit of her own citizens. The chronicle of the past year's trade with our great neighbor across the line is one of progress and prosperity. Canadian trade shows a steady advance in volume and stability, while the amount of industrial expansion/ indicated is all the more gratifying because it was unexpected.

ANARCHY AND SOCIALISM (2)

We shall now proceed to explain the principles on which the product of Labor is to be discriminated from the product of Ability, and also the way in which those principles are to be applied. The great economic fact of the modern world is that a constant increase is being made in the amount of wealth that results from the exertions

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of the same number of men. Taking England for example, as the busicst country in the world, there is, in proportion to the population, about three times as much produced there now as in the days of our great grandfathers; that is to say two-thirds of the existing national income is due to the action of some force the development of which is quite new meantime. Now this force is not some new development of labor of that muscular force which can always be had for the asking, the force which the society already quoted says, "breeds like rabbits". Muscular force is no more poweful now than it was then, nor is the muscular skill greater. The most exquisite work that manual effort can accomplish has been accomplished long ago, and we cannot surpass it now. The sole cause then of this increase has not been tabor, but the gradual concentration of the moral and intellectual faculties of exceptional men on the problem of directing labor. These faculties thus concentrated constitute Industrial Ability, or to put it more shortly, Ability. It is the increasing operation of ability that has been the sole new factor in production, and therefore it is to ability that the modern increase in wealth is due. In other words, about two-thirds of the present national income in Great Britain is produced, not by Labor, but Abbilty.

The Socialists do not recognise, except in a somewhat intermittent way, that Ability is a productive force of some kind. They use the word "ability" but they gloss over it as lightly as possible. They speak, of course, of Ability as a function "of these scarce brains which are not the least of nature's cappicious gifts." But they only at intervals recognize this truth to, drop it, and to all intents and purposes they leave the idea lying useless and detached on the surface. Labor of whatever degree, skilled or unskilled, is a kind of industrial exertion which begins and ends with the particular task or material on which each worker is engagedwhether it is carrying a sack of flour, fixing a brick in its place, riveting the plates of a ship, or scraping a true surface for the slide-valve of an engine, Some of these forms of labor are skilled, some unskilled. One will bring the man who performs it \$5 a week, another \$10, another \$15 or more; but each has this characteristic in common that it begins and ends with the individual sack carried, the individual surface made true, &c. Ability is a

form of industrial exertion which influences the labor of an indefinite number of men on an indefinite number of tasks, either by supplying each at the same time with a similar assistance in performing his task, or with some given pattern by which he is to work. So far as labor is concerned, the same kind and quality of force is exerted in digging a canal, in digging a railway, and cutting or throwing up an enbankment; but what has transformed the canal-transit and the the railway-transit has been the Ablilty of a few men operating on a vast army of laborers, and entirely transfiguring the result, while the labor has remained unchanged; and what is true thus of the creation of raliways is true of modern progress and modern production generally. The entire growth of wealth in the modern world is an increment which has been added by Ability to the old product of Labor. Now if the reward of Labor is to be considered, the reward of Ability must be so considered likewise.

The question is next forced upon us, what proportion of the national income does Ability produce, or in other words, what does that small number of men produce who, in virtue "of nature's capricious gifts" possess that rare faculty? and the answer is simply this, --the small minority produce only a portion of the national income, which, without the assistance of the "raro gifts" the majority could not produce.

It is impossible to maintain that mere labor, the faculty that "breeds like rabbits", divorced from the control of Ability can produce more than the total, which in the days of our grandfathers and great-grandfathers were produced by Labour and Ability together. We have already shown what the total part of labor in Great Britain is at the present time: Labor produces five-thirteenths less than the existing national income, and Ability eight-thirteenths. The wages of labor however, are about seven-thirteenths of the whole; that is to say, labor receives to-day at least 40 per cent more than it produces.

It may be said that if Ability is to be held to produce all that part of the product, which is over and above what Labor could have produced without its assistance, by the same argument Labor could be shown to have produced the whole of the product, since without its assistance Ability would produce nothing; but this is absurd. When we talk of Labor and Ability, we mean not

abstract facultles, but we mean man possessing them; and though the average laborer, or worker, or operative is not a potential man of ability, the man of ability is a potential laborer. Therefore men of ability could always produce more per head than average laborers even though these last gave them no assistance whatever. But this point is triffing, and requires merely passing notice. Whilst we argue in accordance with the reality of things, when we calculate what labor would do if there were no ability, we are indulging in a supposition which is altogether fanciful. When we consider what would happen when there was no labor, we might as well calculate what would happen if the laborers had wings and were to fly away to the moon.

What Abidity represents and does, clothed with capital and operating phrough capital, is to intervene between man and Nature and transfigure the impersonal taskmaster into a reasomable and personal one, which, at its hardest, imposes conditions no harder than Nature does at her hardest; and therefore it is doubtful whother mankind in general can ever strike, with Nature a better bargain than It does at present. The dark picture which socialists draw of the lot of the so-called working classes, owes most of its darkness to their measuring life by a false standard. They estimate the lot of the workers by the lot of those who employ them, a lot which under certain conditions may be made impossible for anybody, but which under no conditions could be made possible for all; and they attribute the hardness of the general lot to the action of those who enjoy the exceptional lot; but let them remove these last, and what will happen then? The employing, the privileged class, would be swept aside only to reveal the sterner, the more grudging, the more implacable features of Nature, the arch capitalist-who in some regions, no doubt, smiles on some of her slaves, keeping them by her smile in savagery, but who, over far wider portions of the carth's surface sweats them more unmercifully than the most callous of human tyrants. It is only necessary to cite the wages of "thegood old times" and those of the present day, to perceive what great improvement has been made mean time. A weaver in those times, who represented Labor not in bondage to Ability, who worked in his own cottage, as the shoemaker has within the memory of people not yet old-carned about \$2 a

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8,546,559

1,750,714

1,027,525

8,744,001

week; the weaver in the modern cottonmill earns four fold this amount.

But this article has already extended beyond our usual space, and we shall reserve any further arguments for another issue.

TRADE AND NAVIGATION.

The Tables of Trade and Navigation for the fiscal year ended the 30th June, 1893, show that the aggregate trade of the period, on the basis of goods entered for consumption and exported, amounted to \$240,269,382, or an inercase of \$9,327,064 over the aggregate of trade for 1892. These figures are arrived at as follows :--

1893. 1892. Gt. Britain - \$107,228,906 \$106,254,984 Unit. States - 102,144,986 96,125,649 Other c'nt's - 30,895,490 32,561,685

Total - - \$240,269,382 \$230,942,318 These statistics show that the increase of trade has been almost solely with the United States whose interchange with us has gained \$10,019,-337 evenly divided between imports and exports. Great Britain gained but \$973,922 during the year, while our trade with other countries actually fell oif \$1,666,195.

If we divide the values of the goods entered for consumption in this country into their component parts, we find the the proportion furnished by each of our various suppliers compares with the previous year as follows :--

	1893.	1892.
Unit. States -	\$58,221,976	\$53,187,572
Gt. Britain -	48,148,413	41,348,435
West Indies	4,241,669	4,092,287
Germany	8,825,763	5,583,530
France	2,832,117	2,402,634
Chino & Japan	$2,\!425,\!572$	8,016,857
Other c'ntries	7,009,520	7,397,629

Total - - - \$121,705,030 \$116,978,943

This indicates that, although the total increase in the volume of goods imported was \$4,726,087, only four of our suppliers shared in the advance. The United States show an increase of \$5,084,404 in their sales to us, Britain claims \$1,709,978, France \$429,483, and the West Indies \$149,382. On the other hand our imports from Germany fell of \$1,757,767, from Chima and Japan \$591,285, and from the smaller countries \$388,108.

The fluctuations in the exports are equally interesting. Separating all the countries taking more than a million dollars in value of our produce during: the year, they read :--

1893. 1892. Gt. Britain - \$64,080,493 \$64,906,539 Unit. States - 43,928,010 88,988,027.

West Indies -	8,145,708
Newf'di'd	2,594,633
So. America -	1,826,743
Other c'ntries	8,493,765

Tota: - - - \$118,564,852 \$118,963,875 The only countries that increased their purchases of our exports in 1893 were thus the United States who took \$4,-934,983, Newfoundland which took \$\$43, 919, and South America which took \$299,218 more of our goods last year than in 1892; while Great Britain took \$826,056, the West Indies \$400,-851 and our smaller customers \$250-236 less than they did the year before. The aggregate increase in our exports was thus \$4,600,977, which added to the increase of \$4,726,087 in goods entered for consumption makes a grand aggregate increase in our trade for the year of \$9,327,064.

The division of the total trade, inwards and outwards, among the various provinces, is also instructive. Taking it thus the totals read :--

	1898.	1892.
Quebec \$	109,628,996 \$	\$101,006,482
Ontario	81,499,754	77,816,497
Nova Scotia -	19,891,428	20,989,998
Brit. Columbia	10,451,962	12,712,959
N. Brunswick	13,017,495	11,450,991
Manitoba	8,868,565	5,116,782
P. E. Island -	1,717,155	1,678,939
N. W. Territ'ies	199,027	174,670

Total - - - \$240,269,382 \$230,942,318 This shows that five of the provinces added \$13,938,848to the total of their trade during the year, while the other three declined \$4,612,784. Thus Quebec gained \$8,622,514, Ontario \$3,683,257, New Brumswick \$1,566,504, Prince Edward Island \$43,216, and the North West Territories \$24,357 during the year; while British Columbia fell behind \$2,260,997, Manitoba \$1,253,217 and Nova Scotia \$1,098,570,. In the two first provinces the decline was almost evenly divided between imports and exports; but in the case of Nova Scotia it took place almost entirely in the volume of goods entered for consumption which fell in value from \$10,-007, 489 to \$9,256,565, while the exports declined only \$350,000.

There are two conclusions to be drawn from the figures we have just given. The first is that the fiscal year of 1893 showed a steady advance in Canadian trade and hence in the prosperity of the Dominion; and the second is that the bulk of our import trade is gradually changing from Great Britain, to the United States. In 1873 we imported goods to the extent of \$68,522,776 from Great Britain and \$47,735,678 from the United States. In 1883 our imports

from Britain had fallen to \$52,052,465 and those from the United States had risen to \$56,032,333. The same forces have been steading at work ever since, and last year we took goods to the value of only \$13,148,443 from Britain while we imported \$58,-221,976 worth from over the border. In exports the opposite case is apparent. Our exports to the United States are practically the same in value as they were twenty years ago; the exact figures being \$42,072,526 in 1873, \$41,668,723 in 1888, and \$43,-923,010 in 1893; while to Great Britain they were \$38,743,848 in 1898 \$47,145,217 in 1883, and \$64,080,493 last year. This shows that Great Britain is selling us less and buying more from us every year-a point which is capable of futher, elucidation.

THE CANNING TRADE.

Within the last few years overproduction, necessarily followed by excessive competition, has greatly dimmed the prospects of the canning industry. At the outset, the most flattering hopes were entertained, as good prices were realized and wholesale grocers stocked up readily. The fact was lost sight of that there was practically no limit to the production of raw material, that most goods do not improve by keeping over one season, and that the small capital required might induce many communities to start a factory.

The Canadian Packer's Association has come to the conclusion that the trade should be kept more under controi, and that production must be limited to meet the ascertained wants of the population. It has therefore appointed seiling agents in each of the larger trade centres, and will close down several large factories. There is a careful proviso to the effect that the cost of goods to the consumer will not be increased but on the contrary, may, be reduced by systematic management. In this instance, it is not likely that the public would suffer by a contrary course, as several large canners are not in the association, and any attempt to seriously heighten prices would speedily lead, either to an extension of their operations, or to the formation of new com panies all over the country. It should be pointed out, that the number of combines on grocery goods is legion and few will be inclined to favor their extension. With regard to canned goods a strong effort should be made to develop the export trade, especially in meats. Unlimited quantities of fruits

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and vegetables could also be forwarded if prices were favorable.

Last year the tomato pack in the United States and Canada reached the grand total of 4,456,443 cases of 2 dozens each, against 3,366,792 in 1892, and 3,405,365 two years ago. This large output was undoubtedly the result of the sharp advance in prices of canned tomatoes during the first half of 1893, culminating in July, when No. 3 standard sold from \$1.25c to \$1.45,as against \$1c.to \$1.15 in January. Stocks were exhausted in the United States at the beginning of the packing season, and supplies were drawn from both Britain and Canada. The acreage in some western sections was speedly increased nearly 50 per cent, and every kettle within reach was put in operation. On the Atlantic sea-board, Krought damaged the crop, but the general summing up shows a surplus of a unition cases, counting the average consumption in the United States as 3,300,000 cases. American official reports place the Canadian tomato pack at 156,000 cases last year, against f143,627 in 1892. Maryland packed 1,417,626 cases in 1893 compared with 977,742 in 1892; California 451,547, against 230,943; Delaware 271,277 against 175,700; Missouri 122,493 against 64,621 and Arkansas 14,000 against 2,500.

These are the most conspicuous instances of increased output. Connecticut, Utah, Ohlo, Michigan, Massnchusetts, Georgia, and a few other States, had a comparatively small crop. A carefu estimate shows that the excess in the tomato pack of the United States for 1893 over that of last year ls -33 per cent the excess in Canada is 8 per cent. As some factories had not reported, these figures represent the minimum quantity packed. Highest and lowest prices for No. 3 tins in the New York market have 82% c \$1:1891, 80c S5c, 1890, 77%c\$1.

The corn area in Canada is commonly supposed to be comparatively limited but if early sorts were planted most of the country should be able to produce supplies for canning purposes, large quantities of green corn being grown in the Montreal district for table uso. The troubles is, of course, that all foodstuffs are so cheap that it is a question of price and profits rather than of capacity to produce. In 1893, Canada packed 117,000 cases, against 113,889 in the preceding year. The total pack of the United States and Canada was 4,301,451 cases, an increase of 770,372, or 22 per cent over that of last year. This is the largest pack on record, and is liable to reproduce in 1894 the fall in prices that occured in 1889 as a result of the overproduction of corn in 1888. New York easily leads the rest of the United States with a pack of 1,-074,530 cases, against 805,509 in 1892. The highest and lowest prices for New York State for No. 2 corn are herewith given:-1893, 80c \$1.10; 1892, 95c \$1.25; 1891, 95c \$1.20; 1890, 60c \$1.10.

The salmon canning industry of the Columbia river has been a mine of wealth for the past twenty eight years. High water mark was reached in 1884 with 656,179 cases, but last year the pack was 365,700 cases, and in the preceding year 502,800 cases. In 1874, 2,500 cases were put up on the Sacramento river, and in 1882 the figures had increased to 200,300 cases. Since then wholesale destruction has taken place and no figures are wow given. Other American rivers produce a moderate supply. The largest recorded pack in British Columbia was 414,400 cases in 1889. In 1892 the figures were 236,997. The statistics for last year are not to hand, but may exceed the record, if reports of the enormous catch are to be believed. Advices are also not in from Alaska, but this country put up no less than 480,000 cases in 1892 and 779,294 in 1891. So far as known the total pack on the Pacific coast last year was 1,-'635.879 cases against 1,348,797 in 1892. The artificial hatcheries have done much to keep up the supply.

The value of the exports of canned products from the United States is scarcely so large as might be expected. We produce the figures for last year and four years previously :--

		-	•	
			1889.	1893.
Salmon -	-	- :	\$3,864,560	\$2,278,652
Other fish	•	٠	100,023	166,902
Beel	•	-	4,875,213	7,222,824
Fruits	٠	-	915,341	1,187,660
Vegetables	-	.7	811,254	242,284

\$9,066,891 \$11,049,295

THE ROSS WILL CASE.

After the Manitoba Separate School case, this ranks as the most important of the cases upon which the Supreme Court has given judgment at this session.

The courts below have been unanimous throughout in sustaining the validity of the will and the validity of the bequests therein contained, as also the rights of intervention asked for by the parties applying to have their interests protected from the suit between J. T. Ross et al

and Frank Ross, brought to destroy the will, either as a whole or in that part benefiting charities and relatives. The validity of the will is now finally established as is also the validity of the charitable bequests and Frank Ross is appointed simply trustee of this half and compelled to distribute the smae amongst the charities and relatives, who may duly qualify, as well as to pay thespecific bequest of two thousand pounds to Miss Mary Freme, and the aim of all the intervenants to protect their interests is thus established, although as it may appear. in two instances, their formal righte of intervention are not upheld. Deciding, as the judgment does, the disposition of ifve million dollars, it deals with the largest sum ever involved in a Province of Quebec law suit, and establishing the validity of a charitable bequest, it substantiates the claim of the Protestant charities of the City of Quebec to a share in a legacy larger than ny ever recorded in Canada. To the oublic at large, and particularly to those who have money to leave, the judgment must convey a sense of relief, maintaining, as it does, in the face of the undoubtedly able legal talent arrayed to break down the validity of the will and its bequests on technical grounds, the broad and liberal principle that the intention and sense of the will, evident by the common usage of language, must be given full force and effect, and that legal quibbles and tachnicalities, shall not avail to nullify a testator's clear instructions. The great body of the legal fraternity has followed with keenest interest the progress of this case from court to court and the decisions handed down from time to time. To them the questions of law and procedure have been of the greatest importance, involving, as they do, not only matters of British and Canadian jurisprudence, but also the attitude towards the matter contested, of New York jurisprudence, which was well brought out by the evidence of a special commission, authorized to take expert opinions from eminent New York lawyers.

It is to be hoped that after this litigation, running over years, that the charitable institutions of Quebec as also of Carluke, Scotland (the testator's birthplace) and the relatives, wherever resident, will before long obtain the bounty of which they have so long been deprived.

The case affords one more illustration of the great mistake men make in attaching too little importance to their wills, or in grudging the time necessary to carefully and promptly frame them, thus often leaving to other hands a difficult or unwelcome task that might better have been commenced in the testator's lifetime.

-The new special catalogue just issued by the wholesale hardware house of Caverhill, Learmost & Co., is one of the neatest ever published in Montreal. It illustrates scasonable spring and summer goods, such as window screens, screen doors, hinges, etc., etc. But it must be seen to be appreciated.

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.

The banking house of Green, Worlock & Co., at Victoria, B.C., whose suspension and subsequent assignment with liabilities of \$444,900 was chronicled in our last issue, was an old-established bank. It was originally a banking agency of the Wells, Fargo Express Co., and in 1873 first became separated from the express branch under the name of Garesche, Green A year later Mr. Garesche died, & Co and the business was carried on by Mr. A. A. Green, whose death took place about two years ago. During Mr. Green's illness the assistant manager, Mr. F. H. Worlock, was in charge, and after his death the Garesche interest was bought out and the firm became Green, Worlock & Co.

The true cause of the firm's failure is deep-seated. It is simply the impossibility of the old style private banking houses competing successfully with powerful chartered banks able to offer far greater facilities and equipped with much larger and more easily available resources. Naturally the cream of the business went to them, until the firm of Green, Worlock & Co. were left only the smaller and less profitable accounts. Even these began to leave them gradually and when, finally, a persistent withdrawal of deposits set in with which they were unable to cope, their only alternative was a suspension.

The firm's written statement that the chartered banks refused to come to their assistance even when ample security was offered, is given an unqualified denial by Messrs. Gavin H. Burns, local manager of the Bank of British North America, and George Gillespie, manager of the Bank of British Columbia. Both these gentlemen say that they had frequently lent the firm large sums upon adequate security and that they could have secured any further loane they required had the collaterals offered been of a satisfactory nature. In fact there is no occasion to lay any blame upon the chartered banks for the failure of Green, Worlock & Co. The class of customers they carried was weak and required more assistance than they anticipated. They could not realize upon their securities as quickly as was ne-The purchase of the Garesche cessary. interest weakened their resources, and then came the run on the bank to crown all their difficulties. These causes are quite sufficient to account for their collapse.

The failure will have but little effect upon business even in Victoria; but it will involve a good deal of anxiety and worry to the depositors who are mostly, of the class of tradesmen and the saving class of mechanics. Probably the chief sufferers will be the British Columbia Benevolent Society, all of whose funds are locked up in the insolvent bank and whose good work is summarily suspended. It is to be hoped that the firm's promise to pay all depositors in full, if they are not harassed by legal proceedings, will be kept ; for their creditors are of a class that can ill afford to bear a loss, more especially at the present moment.

THE BALDWIN FAILURE.

A curious statement comes from Quebec in connection with the failure of W. A. C. Baldwin. It is to the effect that the amounts due the various creditors are not mentioned in the statement produced in court, because there were no books' kept. This would be a serious omission for the insolvent under English bankruptcy law. The liabilities will probably reach \$120,000 and a considerable amount is said to be due in Montreal, chiefly to ten houses. The failure has had a dampering effect on the grocery trade, already sufficiently depressed. The assets consist of office furniture, some goods stored at Rattray & Sons, debts, etc., to be inventoried. They will probably reach something over \$1,500. With regard to the cheques spoken of for which there were no funds to meet, arrangements have been made by which no action will be taken upon them for the present. The failure promises to be as bad as it was unexpected. Ordinary creditors: Leclerc & Letellier, Drouin, Freres & Cie, A. Laroche, Octave Poitras, A. Toussaint & Cie, N. Rioux & Cie, Quebec ; Hudon, Hebert & Cie, Doyle & Anderson, Tees, Wilson & Co., W. D. Stroud & Sons, Lightbound, Ralston & Co., Sam. Young & Co., John Duncan & Co., Darling & Brady, T. S. Vipond & Son, Laporte, Martin & Co., Montreal; Secton & Mitchell, Halifax; Empire Oil Co., London ; John McDonald, Petrolia ; Boldur & Freres, Joliette; Erie Preserving Co., St. Catharines; Petrolia Oil Co., Petrolia; The Bushnell Co., Hunt, Barnes & Co., Wm. Ewing & Co., Montreal; J. J. Lundy, Peterboro, Ont.; D. Morgan, A. E. Vallerand, C.P.R. Telegraph, Quebec ; N. W. Tausig & Co., New York ; Gewe, Hamsen & Turner, London, Eng.; L. O. Gervais, Joliette. Guaranteed creditors, Kearney Bros., Montreal ; Banque du Peuple, Bank of Montreai ; Geo. Tanguay, Quebec. Direct creditors, Banque Nationale, Banque du Peuple, Montreal Bank. Privileged creditors, J. B. Renaud & Co., Quebec ; city of Quebec.

ANOTHER IMPLEMENT ANXIETY.

The period of late has been a trying one for the manufacturers of agricultural implements in Canada. This, though largely due to the depression in the Northwest, is the result of the prevailing low prices for the principal cereal products all over the Dominion. Farmers and others have been holding grain back in the hope that a turn for the better would arise, and there is no more unreasoning debtor than the man who has the wherewithal to realize all that he owes. The low prices and the withholding of grain from the market have prevented the country storkecepers from obtaining pay for their goods during the last four of five months, and it is needless to say that some of the agricultural implement men, who are not so much in touch with their customers, are in a still worse plight. In a recent issue we referred to the troubles of a large house in Winnipeg, one which created no surprise whatever. The suspension meantime of the old and apparently substantial house of

John Abell, of Toronto, manufacturer of thrashing machines, thrashing engines, boilers, etc., is of another stripe, at least to the many who had no occasion to consider the value of a great part of the negotiable paper, reckoned among his assets for some time past. Mr. Abell has been interviewing time past. Mr. Abell interviewed his creditors in this city some days ago; and has eventually arranged for an extension at 1, 2 and 3 years, nad with the unsecured creditors at 6, 12, 18 months. The amount due the latter is about \$30,000. The chief creditors outside of their bankers (who are interested nearly \$200,000) are Rice, Lewis & Son, Ltd., of Toronto, to; whom they owe about \$27,000. A large portion of the estate consists of what are known as "balloon assets," which in the words of a manufacturer "melt like snow beneath the summer sun, when they come to be liquidated." Mr. Abell was rated in the agency books as worth from \$200,000 to \$300,000, and it is to be hoped with judicious help he may eventually escape any heavy losses, because of this his hour of trial. His bankers, who wisely, perhaps, took time by the forelock, are granting twice as much time as the unsecured ereditors.

JUSTIFIABLE EXPENSES.

The reply of the New York Life to the Russian Minister of Finance, as to the limit of expenditure to which an insurance company may go in obtaining business, points out that these expenditures are nearly all paid out for work done by their agents-that is, they consist of the commisssions paid directly to the agents upon the business they secure ; salaries paid to managers whose occupation is to secure ag nts and to oversee them ; and the various kinds of outlays required in the equipment of the agents for their work. What, then, is the work that the agent accomplishes, in the last analysis ? It is the persuading of the insurable men in the community to perform a duty which they would otherwise neglect, and as the compensation the agent receives, of course comes out of the money paid by the insured, that compensation represents finally what the insured pays the agent for having induced him to per-, form a duty toward his family which he would otherwise have neglected.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The gross earnings of the trunk lines during February indicate very distinctly. the increased importance of industrial activity in enlarging traffic earnings. In the past fluctuations in earnings (apart from the natural growth incident to the development of the country) have been dependent upon the movement of the crops and the relative abundance of the harvest. But the experience of the past few months has shown that the volume of the merchandise and industrial tonnage is now of much more importance to the carrying interests than either the crop outlook or the movements of agricultural produce. Hence the present depression in trade is having a marked effect upon the earnings of the roads and will continue to depress them until confidence is fully restored and trade conditions improve.

, EXALTED AND PULLED DOWN.

S. A. King, g n. ral stor., Walker.on, Ont., has arways injoyed the reputation of being shrewd but honorable in busin, ss. and, to all applalance, was bound to make a success. Elsidis other means he owns reak p.op.rty at Walkerton and in Blant township and an lotel in Pinkerion, but mortgages exist. Two things have been against him, he did not pay sumiling attintion to the coll.c.ion or his accounts, and he placed too much trust in the patrons of indust.y. Hok.p. a store in a small place called Eden Grove until a few years ago, when he moved to his present stand. When the pation movement started in Brace councy, king tell in with it and sold out his Eden Grove business to run the patron store at Walkerton. He was supposed to worth \$5,000 to \$6,000, clear of all liabilitics, and for over a year did an enormous trade, so great, in fact, that he requirec two stores to hold his goods. Then the patrons withdrew their support and left him with a large stock on hand. In effect they lifted him up and pulled him down again. His store was not in the central business part of the town, and the competition became so keen that he soon lost most of his customers. Over a year ago he had a large stock of boots and shoes and started a man in business in a separate store up street, taking a chattel mortgage. On this venture he lost over \$1,000 in twelve months. Five menths since he sold out his general store business to A. Nelpon, a former clerk of his, securing himself by chattel mortgage. ;Nelson appears to have had no capital, so that the mortgage was taken for the full amount of the price of the stock. It has now been assigned to the bank by King. A correspondent , adds that, if all the property owned by King could be sold for what it is worth, there would still be a fair margin, but if he is crowded and an assignment forced, it is hard to say how the estate would turn out.

A NOTE OF WARNING.

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It is a healthy sign when bank managers commence to take an interest in municipal exp.nditure. They are far more able to grasp financial problems than the average aldermen, and they bring to the analysis of civic appropriations that keen acumen and sound common sense which has placed them in the highest ranks of their own profession.

In an open letter to the press, Mr. F. Wolferstan Thomas, general manager of the Molsons Bank, discussis the policy of the civic finance committee from the standpoint of a lus n is man and taxpayer. He points out that the proposed widening of St Lambert street is altoge, her unnecessary and that the new cast end station is wanted neither by the residents nor by the railway company. He holds that the present system of exampting religious, scholastic and charitablee institutions from ordinary taxation is based on a vicious principle, and expresses the hope that public opinion will soon enforce its abolition. After drawing attention to the manner in which money obtained for specific objects is afterwards diverted to other and less worthy ones, he calls upon public spirited citizens to protect the taxpayers against the misapp optiation of the civic funds and to oppose the present factics of our municipal financiers to the utmost of their power.

THE FEDERAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

The directors of the Federal Life Assurance Co. were able to express their gratification at the progress the company had made when they presented their twelfth annual report to the shareholders last: week. During the year applications to the extent of \$2,116,633 were approved, the premium and interest receipts amounted to \$313,256, or an increase of \$45,612 over those of the preceding year, and the assets of the company were increased by \$115,-982. Not only this but the new business written was of a satisfactory character,. the risks being distributed over a large numbeer of lives and at profitable premium rates. In fact the last year has been one of the most prosperous in the whole history of the Federal Life, as it shows at gain over its predecessor of more than 17 per cent in income and over 44 per centi. iu assets, exclusive of guarante capital. At the close of the meeting a hearty vote of thanks was extended to the managing director, Mr. David Dexter, for the splendid showing the company had made.

THE MILLERS AND MANUFACTURERS INSURANCE COMPANY.

The ninth annual statement of the Millers and Manufacturers Insu. ance Company shows that in spite of the increase in the fire waste all over this continent, the company could report a prosperous year, Not only were their losses by fires strictly within the normal limit, but, thanks to the efficiency of the management, the ratio of expense was kept so far below the average that the two ratios combined only amounted to a fraction over 66 per cent of the net cash income. Considering that the average of the combined ratios of losses and expenses to premiums for the past year was 101.9, it can be seen how fortunate the Millers and Manufacturers have been, and what a conservative policy its managers must have followed. The company has now at risk, after deducting reinsurance, the sum of \$1,398,252, and its premium income last year was \$83,215.

A CUSTOMS SEIZURE.

A consignment of cousets belonging to an American firm, Newnham & Co., of New Haven, Conn. cticut, has been seized for undervaluation by Sp.cial Officer Robinson, of the Custom House, at the warehouse of Perrin Freres & Co., in this city. Mr. Newnham dinies that the corsets are undervalucd, and states that he entered them at the correct jobbing price in the United States. On the Sth inst. he went to Ottawa and laid the matter before the Department, who apparently decided that the goods should be seized. As Mr. Newnham refused to deposit the amount of duty claimed, the corsets, which are valued at \$2,000, have been removed to the customs warehouse, pending investigation and argument. This is the seizure we referred to last week.

THE HAND-IN-HAND INSURANCE CO.

The report presented at the twenty-first annual general meeting of the Hand-in-Hand Insurance Co. shows that the number of policies in force at the close of 1893, was 1,063, covering at risk, after deducting re-insurance, the sum of \$1,770,094. The total revenue of the fire branch was \$48,572, and, after deducting all expenses and claims, the management was able to carry forward \$9,961. The receipts of the plate glass branch were \$3,708, and the exp.nditure \$2,995, or about 80 per cent. of the premium income. The fire branch was much more fortunate. The premium income was \$46,591, and the losses and exp. nditures only came to \$21,456. or barely 45 per cent for the year. This is a showing for which the management certainly deserves the congratulations of the shareholders.

BOARD OF TRADE RESTAURANT.

Gordon Melville, the lessee of the Board of Trade restaurant, is not yet out of his financial troubles. He closed the restaurant some time ago, after losing several thousand dollars from lack of patronage. and the Board of Trade, of course, took possession of his assets in the shape of furniture, glass and tableware, etc., at once. They have also a claim against him for a year's rent and taxes amounting to about \$2,200, and he owes another \$2,000 outside. He has submitted an offer of 20 cents in the dollar, cash, which has been accepted by all except the Board of Trade. The offer will come up before the council of that body on Tuesday next, when Melville-will know his fate.

THE QUEBEC LOAN.

The improvement in the credit of the Province of Quebec is clearly indicated by the prompt manner in which the \$600,-000 of Quebec 4 per cent. bonds were subscribed for in London. The minimum price was 971-2; but from this must be deducted the cost of putting the loan on the market and the commission thereon. Probably the Province will net about 94, which will practically make the interest to be met 41-4 per cent. This is a great improvement on Mr. Mercier's famous Paris loan which, while supposed to be at 4 per cent. really cost the Province nearer 6 per cent.

THE RICHELIEU CO.

The promotion of Mr. C. F. Gildersleeve to the general managership of the Richelieu Co. is generally commented on favorably in this city, as he is looked upon as a plactical and experienced steamboat man. Several minor charges have also been made in the staff. H. Foster Chaffee becomes district passenger agent, J. R. Bourdon has been appointed secretary-treasurer, and H. Mr. Boyler, honorary secretary. Several other changes are in contemplation.

MONTREAL CLEARING HOUSE. Total for week ending 15th March, 1894: Clearings \$10,615,981, \$1,822,558; corresponding week of 1898 \$11,858,608 and

\$1,571,721; corresponding week of 1892 \$9,633,282 and \$1,311,513; corresponding week of 1891 \$8,631,115 and \$1,328,165.

-The Legal & Commercial Exchange is going into liquidation and will close its Montreal and Toronto offices on the first of May.

-The offer of 20 cents in the dollar made by Thos. Wilson & Co., wholesale hardware merchants of this city, has been refused and the firm will likely assign.

-Verroneau & Benjamin, dry goods, city. who succeeded J. Labine & Son two years ago, finding themselves close pressed have assigned. Liabilities about \$10,000.

-The creditors of the W. M. Milligan Grocery Company met in Toronto yesterday. The statement of affairs presented showed a deficit of \$20,000 and it is estimated that if the estate be wound up it will not pay 15 cents in the dollar.

-One of the most useful illustrated catalogues ever sent out to the trade is that of Geo H. Hees Son & Co., the manuacfturers of window shades, curtain poles, brase goods, etc. If you haven't received a copy write for one to Toronto.

-In the Speech from the Throne yesterday His Excellency referred to the favorable trade of Canada, the proposed Insolvency Legislation, faster ocean steamships, and to some amendments in the <u>Tariff. The last are not likely to be far</u> reaching.

-Charron & Racicot, general storekeepers of Windsor Mills, have compromised at 75 cents in the dollar, cash. They were burned out in January last, when their loss was \$8,500 against insurance of \$6,000. This is their second compromise as they settled at 50 cents in the dollar just a year ago.

-W. Bowker, of Toronto, is prosecuting a number of American insurance oflices doing business in Canada on the charge of making improper returns to the Dominion Government. He states thatt instead of the official returns being vouched for by the Canadian agents of the companies, as the law requires, they, are certified to by the American officers only.

-In Ontario McMillan & Co., men's furnishings, Toronto, have assigned. Miss Maggie McMillan is the only member of the firm, but probably acted for W. M. McMillan, who was unsuccessful in June, "01.-Chas. Smith & Co., machinists, Toronto, have assigned for a small amount. -Amedee Pellerin, trader, Maddington Falls, has compromised at 50 per cent. on time.-H. D. Chalmers, storekeeper,Smiths Falls, and J. G. Chapman, hotel, Stayuer, have assigned.

-The affairs of Gougeon & Marchand, general traders, Lachine, are now in the hands of their creditors. The liabilities of the firm are \$4,000, and among the creditors

are: S. Greenshields, Sons & Co., §970; Alfred Eaves, \$544; Gault Bros. & Co. \$480; Ontario Bank, \$316; Liddell, L'Esperance & Cie, \$444.—Trefile D. Gougeon, Lachine, has assigned his personal estate, consisting of his stock of jewellery contributed to the firm of Gougeon & Marchand. The total liabilities are \$4,500.

-The principal creditors of Euard & Macdonald, hardware, eity, whose difficulties have been referred to, are : Mrs. J. Euard, sr., \$602; Mrs. W. Euard, \$2,087; D. J. Macdonald, \$15,082; Merchants Bank, \$8,-500; R. H. Stephens, \$514; E. A. Mauny & Co., \$704; W. H. Orive, \$516; J. Anderson & Son, \$2,197; E. Askerward, \$538; Knowles & Nott, Brancord, \$571; T. A. Trenholme, Blue Bonnets, \$1,521; M. L. Caron, \$2,241; F. S. Clarke, \$055; A. Been, \$570; Wm. Mu.phy, \$2,610; C. Jubin, \$522; E. and O. Guancy & Co., \$2,300; Burrow, Steward & Maine, Hamilton, \$1,159. Total liabilities \$60,000.

-Bay of Quinte Notes : The ice was taken advantage of very much during the past six weeks by farmers of the district to draw produce and material to and from Deseronto .- The Rathbun Company have chartered the steamer Antelope for the season of 1894. She will probably be put on the same route as last year-between Gananoone and Brockville,-John Allen, ship builder, has completed for J. C. Lake, Bellevilie, the hull of a new steamer, to take the place of the Annie Gilbert. The new boat is 64 ft. 5 in., over all .- Tha Belleville "Ontario" states that Benson Sills, who lives in the 9th concession of Thurlow, cut an elm tree on his farm recently and drew ten standard logs into Foxboro to the mill of Rigg & Vandervoort, after which he had thirty cords of hardwood left. The logs netted him \$14 and stovewood \$30, making in all \$44 for the tree. It would pay to cultivate more of those giant eims .- The ice on the Bay of Quinte is rapidly succumbing under the steady rays of the sun, and the long continued spell of mild weather. This time last week it was dotted in all directions with teams drawing stuff. Now it is unsafe at all points, and a channel has opened at Deseronto almost to Northport. No one ever saw such a speedy break up of the ice on this bay .- The fame of the Deseronto flour mills is always extending. During the month of February this mill did a large wheat exchange business with the farmers of the Bay district. About seven thousand bushels were exchanged or purchased from farmers, many of them coming even forty miles for this purpose. This is an excellent tribute to the Descronto mill .- There are now more men at work in Deseronto than have ever been at this season of the year heretofore .- The Deseronto Navigation Company expect to have all their boats ready for the opening of navigation, as the work is well advanced. A busy season is expected .- Capt. Black, Belleville, has purchased the steam-yacht Swan from Capt. Craig, of the Passport .- The Ontario Government will spend \$28,080 upon new buildings at Rockwood during 1894-95 .--A number of prominent farmers at Bloomfield will form a company for canning . . .

fruit and vegetables.-One hundred and forty-six different properties in Trenton are advertised for sale on account of arrearages of taxes .- Belleville's imports decreased §892 and exports §28,535 in Febuary as compared with the same month last year .- The residence, general store, stock and household goods of William O'Donnell, of Clayne, were totally destroyed by fire, Feb. 28th. Insurance only \$800.-As a first direct result of the World's Fair at Chicago, J. C. Wilson & Co., of Glenora, lately received an order from Christiana. Norway, for one of their Little Giant water wheels .- The Bridgewater Cheese Company is suing Messis, Murphy, Gordon & Co., bankers, for §1,600, said to have been illegally paid to E. Sexsmith, former president of the chese factory -A telephone service has been put in at Glenora-Kingston's fire department will be reorganized .- Bellevine council favors the assessment of church property .- A. E. Powers, North Fredericksburg, will remove to Alberta.

Meetings, Reports &c,

THE FEDERAL LIFE.

The twelfth annual meeting of the shareholders of the Federal Life Assurance Company was held Tuesday, 6th March, at the head offices of the company, Hamilton, and was well attended, Mr. James H. Beatty, president, in the chair, Mr. David Dexter, managing director, acting as secretary. -Directors' Report.-

Your directors have much pleasure in submitting for your consideration the twenth annual report of our company. The report accompanied by a statement of the receipts and disbursements for the year, and or assets and liabilities at the elose of the year, on December 31 last.

During the year 1,450 applications for insurance were received, amounting in the aggregate to \$2,357,133. Of these applications 1,360 were approved, for \$2,-116,633; the others, for insurance to the amount of \$240,500, were either declined or held over for further information regarding the risks proposed. The new business written is of the most

The new business written is of the most satisfactory character, both as to the distribution of the company's risk over a large number of lives and the amount of prenium income derived therefrom.

The premium and interest receipts for the year amounted to \$318,256.36, an increase of \$45,611.67 over the preceding year, and the assets of the company were iccreased by \$115,981.52.

iccreased by [\$115,981.52. The security to policyholders, including our guarantee cupital, was, at the close of the year, \$998,901.30; and the liabilities for reserves and all outstanding claims, \$294,760.04, showing a surplus of \$704,141.26. Exclusive of uncalled guarantee funds the surplus to policyholders was \$84,388.36.

The death claim for the year amounted to \$103,031, under 47 policies. Endowmente matured during the year to the amount of \$10,258.

A most favorable opportunity having arisen a few months since to purchase a desirable and suitable property in this city. for the head offices of our company, your directors accepted it, and subsequently made improvements which have greatly enhanced the value of the property. Your directors trust and believe that their action in this matter will have your entire approval. In submitting their trust again into

In submitting their trust again into your hands, your directors desire to ex552

press their gratification with the pro-gress made by the company, its present position and future prospects, and their confidence that each year will add to its present solidity and prosperity. The accompanying certificate from the

company's auditors vouches for the correctness of the financial statement sub-mitted herewith, all accounts, securities and vouchers having been carefully examined by them.

JAMES H. BEATTY, President.

DAVID DEXTER,

Managing Director. -Auditors' Report .--

To the President and Directors of the

Federal Life Assurance Company: Gentlemen,-We beg to advise comp completion, of the audit of the books of the company for the year ending December 31 last. The books, vouchers, etc., have been carefully examined, and we have much pleasure in certifying in their aceurney. The accompanying statement in-dicates the financial position of your com-pany as at December 31.

Respectfully submitted.

H. STEPHENS, SHERMAN E. TOWNSEND, Auditors.

Hamilton, March 6th, 1894. -Summary of Financial Statement.-

Receipts-	
Premiums and interest	
Less re-insurance premiums	12,156.03
-	\$301,100.33
Disbursements-	
For death claims, endow- ments, dividends to po-	ı
licyholders and expense -	\$213,988.29
-	\$87,112.04
Assets-	
Mortgages, deb'tures, loans	
on policies, real estate &	
other assets	\$379,098.30
To which add uncalled guar-	
antee fund	619,803.00
Total	\$998,901.30
Liabilities-	\$000,001.00 !
Reserve funds and unad-	
justed claims	294,760.04
Surplus security	\$704,141.26
Amount insured	10.649.855.11

Mr. James N. Beatty, the president, in moving the adoption of the report, said : "It is even with a greater degree of pleasure than on the occasion of our last meeting, one year ago, that we, your di-rectors, now present our report, and render to you an account of the trust you placed in our hands.

"It has been my privilege at previous meetings to call your attention to the marked advances made by our company, as indicated by the reports placed before you from year to year; but on no for-uer occasion have I been able to point you to such a great increase in the in-come and the assets of the company. The report shows w gain over the previous year of more than 17 per cent in income, and over 44 per cent. in assets, exclusive of guarantee capital.

In some previous years a greater gain was made in the amount of our insurance than has been the case in the past year; however, it has been the aim of your directors for the past two or three years. as intimated in my remarks at our last annual meeting, to encourage an increase in our premium income and a distribu-tion of the company's risk over a greater number of lives by substituting invest-ment insurance in smaller amounts for terminating policies.

" In following this course we have add-ed several hundreds to the number of lives insured without increasing the aggregate amount of risk very much, and have largely increased our income. "Regarding the very substantial and

commodious premises we now occupy for our head offices, the purchase of which is mentioned in the directors' report, it is needless for me to say anything, except perhaps, to add that the cost of this property with the improvements made since its purchase is much less than that of an equally desirable property within my knowledge hought or built for a like purpose.'

Mr. Kerns, vice-president, on seconding the motion for its adoption, said: "It affords me much gratification to join in the submission of the report which has been presented. In addition to what has been said by the president, I can assure you that the continued and large growth shown in the resources and solidity of the company enhance the value of its contracts to the insured, whose interests are

"Our first care. "Our agents, who have been energetic and intelligent in the discharge of their duties, will be strengthened in their work in no small degree, and, no doubt, will enable your directors for this year to alford you even more favorable returns. "With a surplus to policyholders of \$84.336.36, a surplus security of \$704,-141.26, and total resources of about \$1,-000.000, the company can offer favorable contracts and promise good results for its patrons."

The report was unanimously adopted. Dr. Woolverton read a carefully pre-pared analysis of the mortality experience of the company for the year, for which the thanks of the shareholders were tendered him.

On motion of Dr. Williams, a vote of thanks was given to Mr. Dexter, the managing director, his assistants, and to the agents of the company, to which the man-aging director, Dr. Woolverton, medical director, and S. M. Kenney, superintend-ent. responded briefly. The retiring directors were all re-elect-

At a subsequent meeting of the died. rectors the officers were all re-elected.

HAND-IN-HAND INSURANCE COMPANY.

The twenty-first general ordinary meeting of the members and shareholders was held at the offices of the company, Queen City Chambers, Church street, Toronto, on Thursday, 22nd day of February, 1894, the vice-president, James Austin, in the chair, and the manager, Hugh Scott, acting secretary, when the following report was submitted:

The directors beg to submit to the members and shareholders the revenue ac-counts for the past year, and the balance sheet showing liabilities and assets on 31st December, 1893.

The number of policies in force at the close of the year was 1,063, covering at risk, after deducting the re-insurance, the sum of \$1,770,094.

The total revenue from the fire branch was \$48,572.24, and after deducting all expenses and claims for fire losses, the balance to carry forward was \$9,961.69. The balance now standing at the credit

of the revenue account of the plate glass

branch is \$10,789.96. In view of the foregoing results the usual two per cent. dividend on the capital of the company, being equal to ten per cent. of the paid up portion therewas declared. of,

The retiring directors this year are : Dr. L. W. Smith and Thos. Flynn.

All of which is respectfully submitted. HUGH SCOTT, JAMES AUSTIN, Mauaging Director. ; Vice-President.

Managing Director. ; Vice-President. Revenue Account, Fire Branch, for Year Ending December 31st, 1893. Dr.-

To premium income, 1893 -\$46,591.67 Interest income

Cr.—

By cancelled rebate - -

16, 1893		1,980.57
		\$48,572.24
policies	and	
	• • '	\$ 1,700.49

18,238.67 Re-insurance directors' fees. Salaries, commissions, advertising, 7,869.78 rent, plant, postage, etc. -Claims-fire losses 14,086.55 Claims appropriations losses under adjustment -2.220.06 Balance to balance sheet -9,961.69 \$48.572.24 Revenue Account, Plate Glass Branch, for Year Ending December 81st, 1898. Dr. To balance carried forward from 1892 -\$10,077.10 Premium income and inter-8,708.49 est, 1898 ---\$18,785.59 Cr.---By commission, charges, stationery, proportion of ad-vertising, rent, directors' 816.25 fees, etc. . Claims paid - - - - Cancelled policies - - Balance to balance sheet 1,766.01 418.87 10,789.96 \$18,785.59 -Balance Sheet, Dec. 81st, 1898 .-Liabilities.-To capital stock (\$20,000 \$100,000.00 paid up) -Scrip issued prior to 1898 15,798.00 Revenue accoun branch, 1893) account (fire 9,961.69 . . Contingent account -20,210.96 Claim appropriation — Losses under adjustment -2,220.06 plate Revenue account, glass, 1898 -10,789.96 \$158,980.67 Assets. By capital liable to call -Undertakings in force Dec. 31st, 1893 -\$80,000.00 10,144.93 First mortgages on real es-tate (valued at \$56,500) Cash on deposit, Ontario 22.686.33 Bank -6,901.09 Bank Stock-

89 shares Dominion Bank, 127 shares Imperial Bank, 20 shares Bank of Commerce -Building & Loan Associa-28,082.50 tion stock. 20 shares - -Sundry debtors, including accrued interest - - -500.00 10,665.82

\$158,980.67

I hereby certify that I have audited the books and examined the vouchers and securities of the company for the year ending 31st December, 1893, and find the same correct, carefully kept, and proper-ly set forth in the above statements.

HENRY WM. EDDIS, F.C.A.,

'Auditor.

Toronto, February, 1894.

The chairman, in moving the adoption of the report, says:

The statements before you are so full and clear there is nothing left for me to explain.

In the face of the steady annual increase In the face of the steady annual increase of the fire waste during the past few years, which on this continent amounted last year, 1893, to the enormous sum of over \$156,000,000. I think we have reason to be satisfied with the results as set forth in the accounts submitted, which have been accomplished by a persistent adherence to sound underwriting princiadherence to sound underwriting principles, aiming at satisfactory results ra-ther than a forced volume of business which has proved disasterous to and obliterated so many companies.

The chairman, in referring to the death of the president, the late W. H. Howland, spoke very feelingly of the deep sense of loss sustained by all who had been brought in contact with him, both personally and as president of the company, which position he occupied from its or-ganization in 1878.

The report was adopted, and at a sub-

A set of the set of the set of the

sequent meeting of the board B. Homer Dixon was elected president, and James Austin, vice-president.

Sharehol'ders. -Sharenorders.-J. Austin, president Dominion Bank; A. H. Campbell, president B.C.L. & I. Co.; L. Coffee & Co., produce merchants, To-ronto; B. Homer Dixon, consul general, Netherlands; estate of late Wm. Elliot; D. Fisher, Esq., Bowmanville; Sir C. S. Gzowski, A.D.C. to Her Majesty; Sir W. P. Howland, president Ontario Bank ; Sir P. Howiand, president Untario Bank; sir D. L. Macpherson, senator, Chestnut park; Hon. Justice Maclennan, Toronto; estate of the late Hon. Wm. McMaster; Prof. Goldwin Smith, the Grange; L.W. Smith, D.C.L., president B, & L. Association; estate of H. A. Smith, London; Sir D. A. Smith, president Bank of Montreal; Jas. Scott, merchant, Toronto; Scott & Scott & Walmsley, underwriters.

MILLERS AND MANUFACTURERS IN-SURANCE COMPANY.

The general annual meeting was held at the company's offices, 28 Church st., Toronto, on Friday, 23rd February, 1894. The president, Mr. James Goldie, occu-pied the chair, the manager, Hugh Scott, acting as secretary. —Report.-

Your directors beg to submit the ninth general statement of the business of the company, comprising Revenue Account and Profit and Loss Account for the past year, and the balance sheet showing the liabilities and assets on 81st December, 1893.

The total number of policies in force at the close of the year was 648, covering at risk, after , deducting re-insur-ance, the sum of \$1,398,252. By referring to the Profit and Loss Ac-

it will be seen that the sum of count. the debt of this account on 31st Decem-ber was 65,901.26, and after placing re-insurance reserve, \$11,938.87 and claim adjusted (since paid), \$4,423.46, the balance remaining to carry forward to the credit of this account was \$49,538.93.

The retiring directors this year are : H. McCulloch, W. H. Howland, J. L. Spink and S. Neelon.

All of which is respectfully submitted. JAS. GOLDIE, President.

HUGH SCOTT,

Managing Director.

December, 1893.	Ending 31st
	000 017 10
10 premium income, 1898 -	
Commission income, 1893	
Interest income, 1893	46083.79
Cr	\$89,775.59
	\$34 026 52
	φο1,020102
	1 248 98
	. 1,0220.00
	4 577 81
	21,102.10
	09 160 19
account	. 20,100.10
	\$89,775.59 1st December,
Dr.—	
To balance carried from	
1892	28,160.13
1	\$65.901.26
Cr.—	
By re-insurance reserve -	\$11,988.87
	4,428.46
Balance surplus over all liabilities -	pr premium income, 1893 - premium income, 1893 - 2,476.62 2,457.81 2,775.59 2,677.59 2
· . –	445 001 00
Dologon (Qlash to Of-t Deep	
Liabilitics	nnet, 7020
To capital stock (paid up \$28.800) -	\$122,500.00

Profit and loss account -Re-insurance reserve Dividend to policyholders (1892 unpaid) -Dividend to sh (1892 unpaid) shareholders Re-insurance undertakings in force -Claims adjusted and unpaid

Assets.-

By capital stock liable to call -\$98,700.00 Undertakings in force -Debentures M. & N. W. Loan Co. -Stocks-93 shares Imperial Bank, 49 shares Dominion Bank 50 shares Tor. Elec. Light Co., 100 shares Western Canada Loan Co. -Mortgage investments Cash on deposit in banks -Debtors' and creditors' balance -Office furniture

\$205.566.55

49.538.93

11,938.87

16,448.73

10.000.00

\$2.040.00

658.85

4,428.46

578.56

I hereby certify that I have audited the books and examined the vouchers and securities of the company for the year ending 31st December, 1893, and find the same correct, carefully kept, and properly set forth in the above statements. WM. A.WILSON,

Auditor.

Toronto, February, 1894. The chairman, in moving the adoption

of the report, said : The statements now before you set forth so fully the financial state of the company, there is very little for me to add

of an explanatory nature. It is especially gratifying to me to be able to state that our fire losses so far have not been abnormal, and that our expense ratio has been very much below the average, as both combined, from the inception of the company in 1885 up to the close of the past year, 1893, amount to only 66 12-100 per cent. of the net cash income.

Such marked results cannot be accepted as other than highly satisfactory. The enormous yearly increase of the

"fire waste" that has been steadily proamounting on this continent to upwards of \$23,000,000 last year, 1893, in excess of 1892, your directors could not over-look, and therefore the bonus dividend was carefully considered at the first board meeting held this year, and after discussing the matter very fully they con-sidered it advisable and in the best interest of the policyholders to defer it for the present and thereby strengthen the cash reserve, which prudent action they felt would meet with the hearly approval of the members of the company. The chairman, in language expressive

of profound regret and a keen sense of Host, referred to the death of the late W. H. Howland, who, with all his varied gifts and many estimable qualities, had filled the position of vice-president since the organization of the company in 1885. The report was adopted, and at a sub-

sequent meeting of the directors James Goldie was elected president, and J. L. Spink vice-president.

Financial

Thursday Evg., March 15, 1894. The recent upward movement in local stocke carried prices up 7 to 10 per cent. The main factors were cheapness of money and manipulation. A re-action was natural, and has been helped by continued bad news from Chicago, where a good



deal of Montreal money has been lost on wheat. A slight tendency by fortunate local speculators to realize on their holdings has taken the spirit out of some stocks for the time being. Bank of Montreal sold to-day at 22914, which is close to the top price of the week, viz.,230. The lowest ppint was 226. Richelieu sold at 80 and has been dull. The new inspecting the manager has been vessels and preparing for an early not be so good as usual, all of which will be reduced and that the statement will not be so good as usual, all of which will be revealed in a short time. During the weel the stock sold as high as 185% and transactions have approached 2,500 shares. Street Railway was placed today at 177 and 176%, the range of the week being 1761/2 to 180. Ontario Bank sold to-day at 115. Merchants, Commerce and other bank stocks steady. Cable closes at 144%, Telegraph at 149 and Royal Electric at 138 bid. Most of the dividends of the large institutions are not payable before June. Money continues easy at 4% per cent., with exceptional loans at 4 per cent. The stock market of late has been becoming less active every day, but with any resumption of activity ; brokers think prices Pacific was weak at would advance. 67% bid, 68% asked, in spite of astreet rumor to the effect that the company was going to get the Government to guarantee a dividend, under similar circumstances to the one that expired last year. In sterling exchange a few transactions took place to day at 914 to 94 and 9% to %; demanded 9% to 10 and . 10 to 14. In New York to-day Western Union opened at 85%, going to 85 and 85%. St. Paul opened at 62% and dropped to 61%. General Electric declined from 43 to 40%. Grangers a little off and Sugar neglected. Trusts were all dull and the general tone was depressed Chicago May wheat opened at 58%, declined 1c and closed at 58%. July opened at 59%, dropped to 59% and closed at

代本が正に行いていた。

59%. Net exports of gold from New York to recent date \$3,414,711. Bar silver in London 27%d per ounce with some Chinese buying. Following is the record of local stocks for the week, as per Chas. Meredith & Co., stock brokers:

BANKS.	Shares,	Highest,	Lowest.	Last Year
Montreal	354	230	226	2333%
Ontario	20	115	113	125
Molsons	10	168	168	1751/
Merchants	105	160	159	161_{4}^{101}
Nationale	4	90	90	$92\frac{3}{2}$
Commerce	44	142	140	14712
MISCELLANEOUS. Cable Telegraph	273	150	144% 149	180 14934
Richelieu	50	80	80	72%
Passenger	905	180	1761/2	$186\frac{1}{2}$
Gas		185%	$181\frac{1}{4}$	225
Bell Telephone	105		1461/2	161
Royal Electric	105	1301/2	137	
Champ. & St. L.				
Bonds\$	22000	-09 <u>%</u>	99%	
Can. Cotton	. 5	57	57	
do Bonds,	400	- 981/2	98½	
Dominion Cot	26	115	115	$135\frac{1}{2}$
Montreal 4 p.c., \$	28300	97%	97%	
		• •		

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS. Thursday Evg., March 15, 1894.

The fine spring weather has imparted a cheerful feeling, and is especially beneficial to the dry goods, clothing and kindred interests. The warm rains have made havoe with the roads in the country and wheeled vehicles have long ago replaced sleighs in the city streets. The ice is so rotten, that an unusually early opening of navigation may be expected. Steamship agents in Montreal are already alive to the season's business and down in Quebee over twenty vessels have already been engaged to load timber and deals. On the first of April rates of freight on the railways will be reduced to the summer level and, in the meantime, there will be no large movement of heavy goods. Parliament is once more in full session and a solution of the tariff question will do much to restore confidence. There again talk of a bridge across the St. Igam tilk of it bridge actors the st. Lawrence at Brockville, and some rumors are alloat that the St. Helen's Island bridge project in the centre of this har-bor will be revived. It is to be hoped the Board of Trade will not be less alive than it was some years ago to the neces-sity of unwroniting downwards intermut sity of preventing daugerous interruptions to taffic.

Ashes.-Receipts are moderate, but yet have been one third over last year, to date. Pots are easy at \$4.15 to \$4.20 or first sort and \$3.70 for seconds.Pearls nominal at \$5.50. The low prices in the States affect this market. Received since 1st January 363 brls. pols, 19 brls.pearls; delivered 345 brls. pols, 34 brls. pearls; in store 15th March at 8 p. m. 65 brls. pots. 25 brls. pearls.

Butter and Cheese.—Choice butter is called for and seconds are not wanted. Western rolls are selling at 19 1-2e to 20c, with occasional lots higher. Now butter will soon be in moderate supply and, in the meantime, the chief dependance is on roll stock. Fancy creamery and Townships dairy are scarce and dear, the formet being worth 25c to 25 1-2e. The quantity of cheese on the market is now extremely small and prices are nominally unchanged in the absence of business.

Dry Goods.—Our city retail trade report a fair week's business, better than usual for so early in the season, and good reports also come from the outlying dis-

This is to be accounted for by tricts. the extraordinary mild, spring-like wea-ther, enjoyed up to the time of our writing. Money, however, continues to come slowly from all directions, but the trade appear to be hopeful that, on the opening navigation, realization on the merchantable commodities of the country, will set money-plenty of which is to be had for legitimate purposes-in motion. Travellers still on their respective routes are sending in a fairish number of orders, are sending in a fairish number of orders, but any speculative purchases will, no doubt, be held over, until the tariff com-motion subsides. Manufacturers whilst not compelled to run their machinery night and day seem quite satisfied with the orders on hand. Faith is expressed that the general interstary will be faily that the general interests will be fairly dealt with by those in power. Some of the English buyers from our own market have already crossed the "briny" and we hear of others about to follow. The European markets appear to be fairly active, but it is too early to know what changes are likely. Liverpool cotton in moderate demand; American middlings 41-d. New York cotton futures, steady; March 7.25c, April 7.34c, May 7.41c, June 7.48c Close, spots stoady; uplands 7.42c, gulf 7 3-4c, intures stoady. March 7.35c, April 7.36c, May 7.44c, June 7.51c, July 7.57c, Aug. 7.62c.

Flour and Grain .-- There was little doing in flour and prices are unchanged. Outmeal unchanged at \$1.95 to \$2 for standard in bugs and at \$2.05 to \$2.10 for granulated. Feed in good demand for granulated. and strong. Bran \$17, shorts \$18 and moullie \$23 to \$25. Wheat is dull on spot, demand being chiefly from millers for No. 1 and No. 2 Manitoba at 70c to 73c. Oats and peas have been well enquired for and sales of car lots are men-tioned. The former have sold at 40 1-4c to 41c and the latter at 66c to 68c. One authority places the available supply of wheat on this continent at 101,590,000 bushels, where it was 110,102,000 last year and the world's stock is reputed to be-190,490,000 bushels. The exports from India to Britain for the week were 22,000 grs., to continent 49,000, from Baltic and sundry ports 300,000, to continent 250,-Sunfry ports 300,000, to continent 230,-000. British cables came dull and lower for wheat. No. 1 standard California at Liverpool 5s 1d, American red west winter 4s 9d, No. 1 Bombay 4s 10 1-2d. Navigation will not open from Chicago until the first of April, vessel men could not yet insurance before then. Last year the grain houst starfad about the 20th the grain boats started about the 20th April. Considerable seeding, both of oats and spring wheat, has been done in central Nebraska. There will be a large corner' in May wheat at San Francis-co is thus referred to by a local paper: "The Australian surplus has started for the home market, the Argentine is busy exporting, Indian shipments will soon be under way, and the Russian doors of ice will be unlocked inside of sixty days. These are now the competitors in the European markets to the California surplus of 1893, the bulk of which should have been afloat long ago. As it stands, with a larger surplus than the year before, exports are about 1,650,000 bushels less, and that too, with the prospect of an-other large crop to add to what other large crop to add to what must now be an excessive carry-over stock next summer." The cast-Tl. a, and of European, Australian, South American shipments wheat the past week were large, amounting to 4,-400,000 bushels, including 2,400,000 bushels for the United Kingdom and 2,000,000 for the continent, against 2,480,000 bush-els for the previous week and 1,920,000 bushels same week last year. The above shipments, combined with those from In-dia, 380,000 bushels, and 2,851,000 bush-els from the United States, both coasts, aggregate 7,631,400 bushels, against the estimated weekly European requirements

of 7,195,000 bushels, or an excess of 446,-400 bushels. According to the late despatches the weather in England has been advanced and the agricultural posi-tion is favorable. In France, Germany and Austria-Hungary likewise the temperature is much higher than usual at the season. French farmers speak well of the condition of the young wheat plant, but they fear that the sudden advent of severe frost now might do much injury, as the plant is very forward. In Germany there was some anxiety last week lest the frost may have injured the un-protected crops. The same was the case in Austria-Hungary. From New Zealand in Austria-Hungary. From New Zealand the latest mail advices state that the wheat crop had been damaged by the grear heat, and it was estimated that the crop would not reach 7,000,000 bushels, against 8,878,217 bushels last year. The Chilian wheat crop recently harv-ested is described as on the whole a fair average one, while the Indian crop, to be reaped next month, is satisfactorily spoken of. The wheat market continues to be disappointing. Although half-way between harvests, sales in the chief mar-kets of the world have been decidedly under those for many years. The trouble is that all the world is competing in the great English grain market, and thus driving prices down. Besides this the supplies in nearly all countries are very Besides this the Argentina has a surplus of nearly large. 60 million bushels for export, Australia about 10 millions and India about 45 millions. Odessa and other Russian ports are choked with grain, waiting for the spring opening to move out. The grain duties, as lately increased in France and Italy, are also having some effect upon the market, having checked purchases in those countries. It is remarkable that the area planted on this side of the water in 1893 had not fallen off more than 7 per cent. from the previous year, and there will be little if any diminution this year. The value of the U.S. crop has fallen 50 to 60 per cent. since 1891.

Green Fruits, Etc.—Several imported articles were scarce and dearer. Florida strawberries were held at 70c per quart, Bostou lettuce at \$1.10 per dozen and celery at 80c per dozen. Horse radish 17c per lb. Florida tomatoes \$3.25 to \$4 per crate. Pine apples 9c to 25c. Spinach \$2.25 to \$2.60 brl. Bananas \$2.75 to \$3.26 bunch. California oranges \$1.75 to \$2.75, as to sizes. Florida oranges, russets, \$2.65 to \$3.25, brights \$3 to \$3.75. Valencias \$3.25 to \$3.75 for 420 size and \$4.75 for 714 size. Messina oranges, 300 size, \$2.50. Lemons \$1.50 to \$3.50, as to quality, and plentiful. English cobnuts 22c per lb. Walnuts 111-2c to 12c. Filberts \$1-2c to 91-2c. Almonds 111-2c to 18c. Pennuts 7c to 9c. Italian chestnuts 10c. Hickory nuts 4c. Polished pecans 9c. Shelled walnuts 16c to 19c. French prunes 41-2c to 51-2c. Apples \$4.50 to \$6 per brl.

Groceries .- The events of the week have been few and unimportant. The movement is confined to small jobbing lots at former prices. Things have now been on a dead level for some months and the trade are hopeful that we shall have an early spring to stir matters up. Some interest is being taken in few Barbadoes molasses to arrive in May. Offerings in 100 punch-con lots are mentioned at 291-2e to 80c. Old on spot is quotable at 30c to 32c as to quantity and quality. The early steamers from the Mediterranean are likely to bring more than the usual quantity of oranges and lemons as crops are large. There will also be assored goods, wines, brandics, etc. Two opposition steamers are expected to be put on this season. The large importations of trashy teas, rejected by the New York inspectors, have been referred to in a sensational manner by the daily press, and there the matter rests. The whole subject was referrd to at length in these columns weeks ago,

These teas have found a large market in Canada for some time, the price probably being the attraction. The powers of the customs officers reach flagrant cases, but a more rigid system of inspection seems called for. Several Montreal houses are heavily interested in the Baldwin failure Quebec, principally for tea supplied at to the insolvent. There is no change in the price of refined sugars this week. In the American contract market for coffee there was some selling both for local and European account prompted by the report that the troubles in Brazil are nearing an The Dutch sale went off at about end. 1-4e above brokers' valuation, market quilet, good ordinary Java 51 8-4c. Sales on call in New York 15.75c. for May, 14.So for August, 14.40c for October, and 14.10c for December. Havre was barely steady at unchanged prices to 3-4 franc decline. Hamburg , was unchanged to 1-4 pfg. higher. London was 3d to 9d lower Stock of Brazil coffee in New York 49,714 bags, in the United States 191,121 bags, with the quantity afloat for that coun-try 265,000 bags, making the American visible supply 456,121 bags, against 499,-756 bags at the same time last year. The demand for raw sugar at New York is inactive, with the feeling iss buoyant at 3 3-16c for centrifugals 96 degrees test 2 13-16 for Muscovado 89 test, and 2 9-16 for niolasses sugars. Refined steady with moderate inquiry. Molasses : The demand was only moderate and chiefly for choice, but domestic is steady at 25c to 36c. Rice: Prices are steadily supported in the States, with buyers showing Domestic ordinary to fair fair interest. 31-Sc to 83-4c, good to prime 4 1-4c to 4 8-4c, choice to fancy 5c to 5 1-2c, head to 6c, Patna 4 5-8c to 4 3-4c, do 51-20 bond 3c to 31-4c, Japan 4 1-4c to 4 1-2c, Java in bond 2 1-4c to 2 3-4c, Java 3 1-2c to 41-4c. Montreal quotations will be found in our table of prices current. A report from Yokohama speaks of a probreport from Yokonama speaks of a proc-able turn over of 750 piculs. Stock, prin-cipally lowest grades, is about 1,200 piculs. Total settlement to date 22,-80J piculs, against 226,900 last year. Steamer-Empress. of China carried 20,-023 lbs. for New York and 12,813 for Carried In Surgement Co. the pice Canada. In Savannah, Ga., the rice market is firm. Board of Trade quotations give 4 1-4c to 5c for Hend; 4 1-2c for prime, 3 1-4c to 3 8-4c for good, 3 1-4c to \$ 1-2c for fair, and 50c to \$1.50 (per bush.) for rough.

Iron and Hardware,-There is a moderate call for shelf goods, also for seasonable stock, field implements, etc. Heavy, hardware is moving slightly better as a whole, but there are complaints of business, not being up to the average. Some houses compare results with last year to the great disadvantage of '94. It is said that Siemens iron can be bought at \$16.75 to \$17. This is much lower than Scotch which cannot be imported for less than \$18 for ordinary, while Summerlee is worth \$19.50 with stock now extremely light. It is evident that local makers are getting into shape to meet the trade and keep out outside brands. Scotch war-rants are cabled at 43s 2d, Middlesboro No. 3 foundry 36s 8d. Soft Spanish lead £9 5. Tin, spot, £68 7s 6d, three months £69 2s 6d. G.M.B. copper, spot, £41 12s 6d and firm. Advices from the United States speak of pig iron as quiet, but not quotably lower.

Leather and Shoes.—The tone of the market is quiet. There has been a pause probably induced by a wish to see how March payments would be met. Travellers for the boot and shoe factories did fairly on the spring trip, but there is no great rush for stock. Fewer travellers than usual will go out for sorting up orders and some houses may not send them at all this season. Consumers do not appear to require much leather at present. but stock chiefly in demand is Dongola and sole. The former has largely taken the place of French kid and is being used for a wide range of goods.

Maple Products.—Sugar sold at 8c to 10 1-2c per lb. The season is unusually early but most of the stock offering was not produced from this year's sap. Syrup 50c to 55c per can. Honey sold at 4c to 5c per lb.

Potatoes and Onions.—Supplies of potatoes were large. Car lots sold at 50c to 60c and jobbing lots at 65c to 75c per bag. Onions scarce and in demand. Business in car lots at \$2.25 to \$2.50 per br1.

Provisions and Eggs.—Pork has been selling slowly, chiefly in lots of single barrels. Canada short cut is worth \$15 to \$16. There is more doing in cured meats. Hams 9c to 11c, bacon 10c to 12c, lard 9 1-2c to 10c for best and 7 1-2c to 8 for common refined.Pork in Chicago declined to \$10.85 March, \$10.95 May, and lard to \$6 March, \$6.50 May. There was a steady liquidation by speculators and receipts of hogs at all points were larget than expected. The local market was not plentifully supplied with strictly fresh eggs and offerings were promptly taken. Bolling stock at commission houses was quoted at 16 1-2c to 17 1-2c and city limed at 8c to 10c. At the farmere' markets new laid eggs were selling at 20c to 22c and case eggs at 12c to 15c.

Raw Furs .- Cable advices from the Hudson Bay sales in London have just been received. Otters, dark, have advanced 21-2 per cent., all others have declined 71-2 per cent. Average decline in otter about 5 per cent. Fisher and silver, cross, white and red fox, unaltered. Martin declined 40 per cent., mink 50 per cent., and blue fox 20 per cent. Bear unaltered. Lynx, firsts and seconds, 35 per cent. decline, thirds 15 per cent. Wolf has dropped 20 per cent., wolverine 40 The per cent., and skunk 20 per cent. comparison is made with the compara-tively high prices of a year ago. At C. M. Lampson & Co.'s sale, Russian stable declined 17 1-2 per cent., and white fox advanced 7 1-2 per cent. No advices have been received on muskrat, but the sales are still going on. A complete list of prices, with corrections, will be furnish-A complete list of So far there ed at a later date. been a general decline on all American and Canadian raw furs, while the greater part of the goods which we import for consumption, remain much the same in All goods shipped from this side price. show a heavy average decline on the prices of a year ago. The European market has been depressed by the large offerings of American and Australian goods, and the unsatisfactory nature of general business. Parties interested in the purchase of raw furs are advised to exercise caution, as low prices on this side seem inevitable. The outlook does not encourage speculation in the present year's collection. The local trade has already re-ceived a scorching and there appear to be one or two weak spots left. Speaking of the New York market the Fur Trade Review says: The raw fur season has been active thus far; local manufacturers have been ready buyers of skunk, opossum and good raccoon; mink, at the re-duced prices, has found favor and muskrat is again being plucked and dyed, owing to moderate cost, for the manufacture of caps. A prominent British Columbia fur dealer shipped 500 bear skins from the middle of October to the middle of January. Probably 1,000 went from the Province in that time.

Wool.-There was a fair assortment at the London sales. Merinos made a small showing, but offerings of cross-breds were better. New South Wales clothing and combing wools were in good demand. Queensland wools went well to continental purchasers, Russia taking a good share. Cross breds were competed for by the home trade. Cape and Natal greasy sold at 5d to 7d.

TORONTO WHOLESALE TRADE. , (Revised by Telegraph.)

Toronto, March 15, 1894.

There has been a moderate trade during the week with few changes in quotations. The feeling is growing more hopeful, and a good spring trade expected. Roads are still in bad condition. Payments fair. Money continues easy at 41-2 to 5 per cent. for call loans, and paper is discounted at 6 to 7 for the best names. Sterling exchange is firm in sympathy with the New York market. The stock market has been less active this week, but the general tone is firm. Dominion at 283, bloa Commerce at 144, Standard at 169, Toronto at 250, Imperial at 185 1-2, and Hamilton at 168. Cable slightly easier at 145, and C.P.R. firmer at 681-4. . Gas sold at 1901-2, Telephone at 146 1-4, Incandescent at 117. Imperial Loan sold at 116 1-2, London and Canadian at 126, Building and Loan at 100, Canada Landed at 125, and Canada Permanent at 180.

Butter, Etc.—The market is firm, with supplies moderate. Choice dairy tub and pound rolls are quoted at 21c to 23c. Large rolls are quoted at 18c to 19c, and creamery tub at 22c to 23c. Eggs are steady, fresh selling at 15c to 16c and limed at 8c to 9c. Cheese unchanged, jobbing at 101-2c to 111-2c, according to quality.

Dressed Hogs.—Offerings are quiet, and the demand inactive. Car lots of medium bacon hogs are quoted at \$5.70 to \$5.85, and heavy at \$5.50.

Flour and Grain.—Trade in flour dull. The best straight roller is quoted at \$2.60 to \$2.65, and Ontario patents at \$2.50 to \$2.90. Manitoba strong bakers \$3.40 to \$8.50, and patents \$3.65 to \$3.75. Whent is quieter, with sales of white and red winter at 57c west, and at 58c to 59c or the Northern. Spring sold at 50c on the Northern and at 60c on Midland No. 1 Manitoba hard is selling at 73c west and 75c east, and No. 2 hard at 71c west and 73c east. Barley quiet, with sales of No. 1 at 42c to 44c and feed at 37c to 35 1-2c. Onts firmer, with sales outside at 33 1-2c and on track at 371-2c. A round lot of peas sold at 50c nortl and west and cars at 55c. Rye is dull at 43c to 44c outside, and corn file outside. Bran \$13.50 to \$14 west and \$15 here. Shorts \$15.50 to \$16. Oatmeal is firmer at \$4.10 to \$4.30.

Groceries.—There is a quiet trade and prices are unchanged. Sugar sells at 4 8-4c for granulated and at 3 3-8c to 4 8-8c for yellows. Coffees at 21c to 22c for Rios. Dried fruits unchanged and canned vegettables steady at 85c. Teas in fair request and firm.

Leather.-Trade quiet and featureless. Hides and Skins.-Cured hides steady at 3,1-2c to 3 5-Sc and green unchanged at 8c for No. 1, and at 2c for No. 2. Caliskins 6c to Sc. Sheepskins 80c.

Live Stock.—Market dull and lower. The best cattle are selling at 3 3-8c to 3 1-2c per car loads, and at 3 5-8c to 3 3-4c for. ١Ľ

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THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.

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PURE VINEGARS. WARRANTED PURE of natural strength, and free from any added acids. Manufactured tolely under the supervision of the Inland Revenue Department. Unequalled for tables und pickling purperses. Put up in wood, all sizes, and in demijor ne.
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 8, 5 and 10 Gallon.

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MICHEL LEFEBVRE & CO., MANUPAC MONTREAL, P.Q Established,1849 Gold, Silver and Bronze Medals, 20 First Prizes.

picked lots. Medium cattle 3c, and rough 2:1-2c to 2 3-4c, Calves \$2.50 to \$7.50 cach, and milch cows \$30 to \$50 each. Sheep sell at \$3.75 to \$4.50 each, and lambs at 8 3-4c to 4c per lb. Hogs lower at 4 3-4c for the lost, at 4 3-Sc to 4 1-2c; for half fats and stores and 4c for rough. Provisions.—Trade quiet. Long clear bacon is jobbing at Sc, breakfast bacon at 11 1-2e to 12e, and rolls 9c. Smoked hams lie to 11 1-2e, mess pork dull at \$14 to \$15, and short cut \$15.50 to \$16. Lard is dull at 9 3-4e to 10 1-2e. Hops steady at 16e to 17e, and beans \$1.25 to \$1.35. Potatoes 45c per bag in car lots. Apples \$3.50 to \$4.50 per barrel, do. dried 6c, and exported 10e to 10 1-2e.

Wool.—Trade quiet. Fleece is quoted at 17e and combing 18c to 19c. Pulled wools 19e to 21c, and extras 21c to 23 1-2c.

ONTARIO WINS.

The Judicial Committee of the Privy Council have given judgment declaring the Ontario Act respecting assignments and preferences by insolvent bankrupts to be valid. This is a victory for the Ontario Government and reverses the judgment of the Supreme Court, which awarded in favor of the Dominion Government's

J.W. MACKEDIE & CO.

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MELISSA RAINPROOF WRAPS,

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contention that such legislation was ultra vires of the Province of Ontario. Their Lordships declared that the provisions at issue-enactments relating to assignments purely voluntary-do not infringe on the exclusive legislative power of the Dominion Government. The merits of the case were heard on December 15, when Hon. Edward Blake appeared for the Province of Ontario and Sir Richard Webster presented the arguments on behalf of the Dominion. The question was whether the jurisdiction of the Dominion Parliament on the subject of bankruptcy and insolvency was so exclusive that, though not exercised, the Provincial Legislatures were powerless to give even partial relief. Canadian judges have differed on . the subject. The Dominion Government was not auxious to maintain the opposite

THE CUT OF LOGS.

view, though as a matter of official duty

it had to contend, and though its counsel

did contend for an exclusive jurisdiction.

The shortage of the annual cut of logs on the timber limits this winter will not, it is asserted by lunmbermen, affect the cut of lumber in the mills at Chaudicre this year, but may possibly affect it more or less seriously in 1895. From twenty to twenty-five per cent. of the cut of logs of last winter in the woods will not come out this season, owing to the unusual depth of snow in the bush, which practically paralysed the drawing. As the lumbermen of the Chaudiere get out between them some 350,000 standards of logs, and each standard furnishes some 235 feet of sawn lumber, it can be readily seen that the reduction of 25 per cent. of the forest winter cut will mean a curtailment in the output of sawn lumber in the mills in 1895, although not this year. Not only has the log cut suffered by the deep snow, but the square timber cut is claimed to be worse, as it is asserted it will be fully forty per cent. less than last year. This is greatly owing to the more unwieldy length of this class of lumber, which is much harder to be handled in deep snow than the comparatively short log. The shortage of square

timber is not looked upon as very serious, however, as the prices last year were small, and a shortage in the supply this year may help to lift up the price for the market of 1896. At the Chaudierc this coming summer, Mr. J.R. Booth will, it is expected, cut one hundred million feet of lumber; Benson & Weston, five million feet; and Buell & Hurdman, forty-five million feet.

REDUCED RICE ACREAGE.

The estimate of the reduction of acreage in the territory tributary to Savannah is 50 per cent. It is estimated that the acreage in rice on the Savannah, Ogeechee, Satilla, Altamaha and New rivers of last year was 15,000 acres. The acreage that will be planted this year is estimated at just half that figure. The reason of this heavy decrease in acreage is not the new tariff bill, which makes a reduction of half a cent a pound in the duty on rice. The planters generally agree that the Wilson bill is favorable to them rather than otherwise. This is because the bill definitely fixes the distinction between cleaned and uncleaned rice. Under the new ruling all rice which has had the inner skin or husk removed, no' matter what its condition otherwise, is declared to be cleaned rice and is taxed as such. The previous ruling of the department was that all rice should be admitted as uncleaned that was mixed with husks or flour. To place this rice in the condition of cleaned rice in the market sense of the term, cost only a fraction of a cent. a pound, and the importers were thus able to keep the market price down almost to the price of foreign rice in spite of the apparently high protective duty. The last two seasons have been very unfortunate ones with the planters. In 1892 a very large crop was made, but on account of the large amount of imported rice in the country the price received for the crop was so small that the planters actually lost money instead of making it. Last year's disaster is well known. The storm of Aug. 26 and 27 almost totally destroyed the rice crop of Georgia and Carolina. On some plantations not a bushel of rice was gathered;

everything was swept away. Not only were the prospective profits lost, but all the money that had been expended for the making of the crop. The August storm was the culmination of a series of misfortunes, and many of the planters have been left burdened with debt and unable to continue operations.

MONTREAL.

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THE CHEMICAL MARKET.

Mail advices from London report a fair home consumption and a moderate export demand for chemicals. The alkalis are brisk. Bleaching powder is moving well, especially in hardwood casks for export; and caustic soda has also a good enquiry at steady prices. Soda ash is unchanged in value, ammonia soda being in rather better demand for present delivery; soda crystals, however, are dull, and bicarbonate of soda has only a small enquiry. Chlorate of potash is firm on spot, but continues to be quoted lower for forward delivery. Benzoles are weak, and there is little business passing. Pitch also is rather neglected at present, and prices are on the easy side. Creosote, though quiet, is steady, as sellers are still behind with deliveries on contracts." Solvent naphtha maintains its value well, but sales latterly have been unimportant. In crude carbolic the position is unaltered; prices are maintained by makers, but little is being sold ; buyers prefer to hold off, as there is little outlet for crystal carbolic at present values. Sulphate of ammonia is dull, the continental demand being small, but expected to improve, and makers are not anxious about selling forward at present figures. Muriate of ammonia is somewhat more plentiful. Carbonate of ammonia has just been advanced. 1-4d per lb. In acctates of lime there is a lull, and prices are a shade casier; advices from America, however, report that considerable sales have been made for delivery over next few months. There is no change in acetates of lead. Acetate of soda is still dull, but there is more disposition to consider about buying, as prices have now reached a very low point. Carbonate and caustic potash are quite firm and in good demand. Prussiate of potash is steady. Sulphate of copper has been ruling quiet, but is now improving somewhat. Green copperas is still too plentiful. Oxalle acid is firm at convention price, but small re-sale lots are obtainable at a discount off makers' figures.

FLOUR MILL WANTED.

The Municipal Council of the town of Collingwood, Ont., desires to make known to the millers of Canada the unusual advariages this town has to offer as a location for the crection and operation of mills for the manufacture of flour, oatmeal, cornmeal, etc. The council is prepared to deal liberally with a practical millman, and to render all assistance possible in regard to assisting to secure a suitable site for the erection of mills. Collingwood has special advantages to conting wood and special advantages to offer to a business of this kind in the matter of both reliway and steamboat shipping facilities, the ensy access to the Ontario and Manitoba wheat markets, and also in the fact that there is no flow : mill at present operating in this vicinity. Collingwood is on Georgian Bay, has a Government harbor of refuge with num-bers of vessels and steamers from Chipers of vessels and steamers from chi-cago, and all ports on Lake Michigan and Superior. It has nine large passenger steamers running direct to Sault Ste. Marie and Ports on Manitoulin Island and north shore of Georgian Bay, with over 100 beats owned there engaged in and north shore of Georgian Bay, with over 100 boats owned there, engaged in fishing, three railways, the largest and finest marine dry doek and ship yard or fresh water, five steam saw mills, two tanneries, four planing, furniture, rase and door factories, three largest rask packing establishments in Ontario, steat; bisenit, confectionery, broom, woolfan, knitting and hosiery factories, extensize foundries and machine shops, fruit pre-serving and exaporting factory, two foundries and machine shops, fruit pre-serving and evaporating factory, two steam printing offices, newspapers, eight large hotels, comfortable boarding houses, three well-equipped liveries, nume and wholesale and retail emporiums, fixo banks, general and marine hospitals, fixod soude hospitals, fixed roads, healthy climate, surrounded on three sides by a fertile country, fine parks and summer resorts, the exhibition grounds and buildings, the large nickel, iron and copper deposits in the would in close proximity and of easy access by water, natural gas in use for lighting fud heating, unlimited quantities of stone, brick, lime, sand and lumber for building purposes on the spot. There is now in course of erection the largest meat curing and canning factory in Canada, which when escapisted will employ 200 men, and create an unlimited demand for all kinds of fat stock and poultry. the mayor for other particulars. Write to



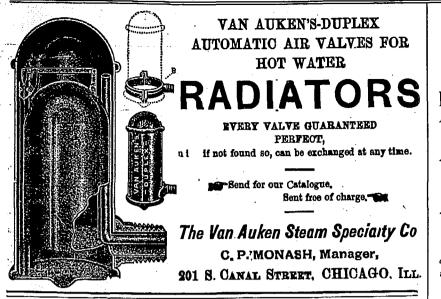
Mines, Tanneries, Vinegar Works, General Water Supplies, and for all other duties.

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BOILER FEED PUMP, Cheapest and best Pump made in Canada. Send for Galaiogue





TENDERS. INDIAN SUPPLIES.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the un-DEALED TENDERS addressed to the un-dersigned and endorsed "Tender for In-dian Supplies," will be received at this office up to noon of MONDAY, 19th March, 1894, for the delivery of Indian Supplies, during the fiscal year ending 80th June, 1895, at various points in Manitoba and the Northwest Territories.

Forms of tender, containing full parti-culars, may be had it applying to the undersigned, or to the Assistant Indian The lowest or Commissioner at Regina. any tender not necessarily accepted. This advertisement is not to be insert-

ed by any newspaper without the au-thority of the Queen's Printer, and no claim-for-payment-by-any-newspaper not having had such authority will be ad-

HAYTER REED,

Deputy of the Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.

Department of Indian Affairs, Ottawa, January, 1894.

CARSLEY & CO. Wholesale Dry Goods. 113 St. Peter Street, MONTREAL, and

8 Bartholomew Close, LONDON, England,

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ALL NATIONS TESTIFY TO ITS INES-TIMABLE VALUE.

Since the close of the World's Fair the Enterprising company in Ohio, who make 63 different styles of the world-famous National Cash Registers, has been constantly receiving gratifying testimonials from representative firms of every nation who used these cash registers at the Columbian Exposition, as to their great as-sistance and fidelity in keeping an accurate record of all sales. Even the foreigners on the Midway successfully used these machines, so simple and perfect are they in their mechanical construction.

NEW PULP MACHINERY.

The Robb Engineering Co., Ltd., of Am-The Robb Engineering Co., Ltd., of Am-herst, Nova Scotia, have recently built three of Hughes Patent Hydraulic Pulp Grinders for the Morgan Falls Pulp Co., at New Germany, N.S. These Pulp Grinders are known as four pocket machines, weigh about five tons each, and have a much greater capacity than the old style of machine. machine. . i.

This space belongs to . . .

A. G. ROSS & CO., St. James Street, - - MONTREAL.

Real Estate and Financial Agents, Loans negotiated for Builders,

ROYAL VISIT TO OLYMPIA. The Daily Telegraph says: Their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales paid a visit to "Constantinople" at Olympia last evening, accompanied by the Princess Victoria and Maud of Wales, the Prince and Princess Louis of Battenberg, Henry Prince of Hohenlohe, Count Albert Measdroff, and the Marquis of Lorne. Tn attendance were Lady Suffield, the Hon. Nora Harbord, Miss Knollys, Lord Suffield, Sir Dighton Probyn, Colonel Clarke, and Colonel A. Collins. The Prince and Princess of Wales were escorted by the Nubian Guard of Honor to the Restaurant Pera, which had been converted into a beautiful banqueting room. At the dinner Deutz & Geldermann's "Gold Lack " Extra Sec, Vintage 1884, was used. Lawrence A.Wilson & Co. are agents for this wine in Montreal.

FINE ENGRAVING.

All are tolerably familiar with the marvelously accurate work of modern engraving, but in order to obtain a thorough understanding of the perfection to which the art has been brought, it is necessary to visit some large and representative establishment devoted to work of this class. In such a place only it is possible to watch all the processes and view the results in all their variety and excellence. Some of the work done in such establishments is beautiful in the highest degree, both as gards design and execution, and the latter is usually of such nature as to defy successful imitation. In establishments of this kind to which we allude, artists of excep-tional value furnish the designs and skilled workmen carry them out; and, besides, costly machinery is used to produce the scroll-work. Large capital and fine abilities are required to conduct one of these vast concerns.

The leading institution of this kind in the United States is the Western Bank Note Company of Chicago, so spaciously located in their new fire-proof building at the



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corner of Madison street and Michigan avenue. This concern was originally incorporated as far back as 1864, and the following well-known gentlemen are its officers, viz. :

Mr. C. C. Cheney, President.

Mr. C. A. Chapman, Vice-President: Mr. C. Herneman, Secretary.

Mr. W. S. Gould, Treasurer.

From its inception the company has been

guided with skill and ability. Every new and meritorious method was adopted and every improvement introduced that long experience and an intimate knowledge of art counseled. An enterprise conducted on such as admirable system could not iail to prove - successful, and the company has gained a solid reputation for producing the very best of work, that cannot possibly be supassed for elegance of design and care-ful execution, besides affording the indis-pensable element of safety against imitation-that is to suy, indispensable in the case of bonds, stocks, bank notes, stamps, commercial and bank stationery, etc.

Among other choice, high-class engrav-ings excuted by the Western Bank Note Company of Chicago is the first issue of bank notes ever printed west of New York. The issue is for the Bank of Hamilton, of Hamilton, Ont., of the denominations of \$5, \$10, \$20, \$50, and \$100. The work is the finest and most perfect in every detail that Linest and most perfect in every detail that has ever been issued by any concern east or west. It is pronounced by competent jud-ges, experts, bankers and bank officials everywhere, to surpass everything of the kind ever before attempted. Each denomination bears a portrait of by John Struct the Breview of the back

Mr. John Stuart, the President of the bank. In connection with this we may say that the securities engraved by this company are accepted for listing on the New York, London and Chicago Stock Exchanges.

Their premises above mentioned are spa-cious and thoroughly equipped for the work and every modern facility is at hand for the prosecution of the work upon the highest scale. A very large force of men are employed and they receive orders from all parts of the world.

Through their output, which is conceded to be unsurpassed for cleanness of outline and general attractive appearance, the Wes-tern Bank Note Company have gained a most famous and truly a National reputation.

The company fully merits the pre-emin-inence it has attained, and its success is not only creditable to its management, but being a native growth of Chicago, it is maturally a source of interest and pride in that city and section.

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THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMBRON

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Goods delivered promptly from stock in Montreal. Description books on application. Price lists to the trade only.

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Lead and Color Works,	-	Frontenao St.
Glass Works,	•	10 to 22 Inspector B

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- MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT-THURSDAY, MARCH 15, 1894

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	1.00	0.00	Morewoods Lion, No. 28 Morewood & Hesthfield Queen's Head, or equal. Common	4 75 0 05	Galvd, No. 7	2 70 0 00 3 25 0 00	Bplits, S. J. B. D. Leather Board, Canada. Enameled Cow, per ft	0 00 0 10
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24	2 00	ŎŎŎ	Coltness	19 00 0 00	30 per cent. Barbea Wire-		Glove Grain B. Calf	0 091 0 18
Casing and box. fooring	z		Calder	19 00 19 50	li 2 & 4 barbs	4 00 0 00 8 75 0 00	ii Brush (Cow) Kid	
Casing and box, flooring shook, and tobacco box	Ē.		Shotts	19 (9 19 50 18 75 19 00	Plain Twist, 2 & 2 wrs	4 50 0 00	Buff	
nails 12d to 80dper 100 lb	9 50	0 00	Gartsherrie	18 25 18 50	Staples	8 75 0 00	Russetts, Heavy	0 26 0 20
9d	1000	0 00 0 00	Erlinton	.117 00 17 00 .118 00 011	Wire Nails-75 & 5 p.c. off list.		Baddlers'	0 20 0 26 8 00 9 00
6d and 7d	0 90	0 00 0 00	.L.J.T.Riv. Charcoal Iro	n 26 50 28 00	hidee and Fellow		Imt. Tr. Calf	0 65 0 75
4d to 5d	1 10	0 00	Ar Iren,-per 100 lbs				Rough	0 88 0 49
80	1100	0.00	II Ord Crown		Montreal Green Hides No. 1 per 100 lb		Musactis, neavy No. 2 Imt. Tr. Calf English Oak Dongola, extra No. 1	0 80 0 89
Finishing nails- 8 inchper 100 lb	8 0 85	0 00	Best Refined	3 25 8 40	No. 8.	0 00 2 50	ordinary	
21 to 21 " ++++	1 00	0 00	Sheet Iron 20 G & heavie	x 2 40 1 50 2 85 2 60	No. 2 No. 8 Tanners pay 50c. mor	0 00 1 50	Il Ugiored Pebblesinssisses	. 10178 A 1e
2 to 2 1 to 1	1 15	6 00 0 00	Swedes Sheet Iron 20 G & heaving 21, 28 G Boiler Plates steel 1 in 8-16 j Boiler Heads, Steel	. 0 10 2 00				
1	1 75	0.00	Rollar Wands Steel	n 000 260		o j	Cod Oil, Newfoundland. Halifar	0 85 0 00
1 , " "	2 20	0 00		. 3 85 0 00	DLOODIKIDJ ++++ +++++++++	10,00 0,70		
Slating nails-			Good Brands	. 2 50 0 00	Lambsking.		II N. K. Pala Saal	10 40 0 55
5d per 100 lb	0 85	0 00	Wro'i fron pipe, 1 to 2		Lambskins, Calfskins uninspected	0 08 0 00	Straw Scal Cod Liver Oil	0 674 7 72
8d	1 25	0.00	Steel, cast per lb		er (City	1 1 15 1 50	Linseed, raw	
2d. Common barrel nails-			Wro' I fron pipe, i to a 62i p.c over 2 in 62i p.c 52i p.c over 2 in 62i p.c over 2 in 62i p.c 52i p.c over 2 in 62i p.c over 2 in 6	. 2 50 0 00	Tailow, renned	. 5 0 5 25	ti " boiled	
1 inchper 100 lh	5 1 50 1 75			. 220 200		2 00 8 10		
if abbretabe fr	1 25	ŎŎŎ	" Machinery		1		[Destributing Prises] Cod Oll, Newfoundland Do Halifax	40 0 42
Olinoh naile-	0.01		Tin Plate :	· ·	Leather.	1	1	. 10 10 0 40
8 inch. po. 00 lk 21 and 23	1 00	i 0 00 0 00		820 88		0 20 0 22	II CI. K. PRIS NESILAMAN	1047 0 #0
21 and 22	1 1 16			•·D	No. 2 " "	HUTI 019	Straw Seal Cod Liver Oil, Nfd Norw gian	0 75 0 80
	2 05	0 00 0	DO "		No. 1, ordinary Sole	- 0 15 0 16	Castor Oil	0 0 00 1 10
1		0 00	DX "	., Bxtras			I LAIGUL MITROOM	. IO 80 0 9n
Sharp and flat press'd n'li a inch. pe-100 lk	9- 18 1 25	0 00	Terne Plate IC, 20 x 28.	7 00 7 25	No. 8 Buffalo Sole, No. 1	014 015	II No. Issues has	. 0.60.050
21 and 21	1 50	000	Russ. Sheet Iron	. 110 60 11 00	No. 2	- 0 00 00	Lingeed, raw	0 63 0 64
2 And 212	1 85	0 00	Lion & Grown, Tintd Shi	7.8	Slanghter, No. 1.		Machinery	118 110
I and the second second	2 60	000	24 FRUKS	. 600 625	Hamas 2	0 17 0 19	Extra, qt., p cas	e 3 00 3 60
Horse Shoes	8 00		Lead : Pig, per 100 lbs	4 00 4 25	Harness. Upper Heavy.		u pts do	1240200 1270188
							Spirits Turpentine	0 52 0 58
			d that above quotations ap;					
	Disco	unts of	n Nails apply only for imm	ediate deliv	ery, and for quantities name	ed of each ki	ind separately.	
within 80 days. Discour	ning,	Boltan	and SHOOK, FIDISDING and : Carriage and Tire. 75 to	80 and 10:	t, Barrel, Clinch and Presse Machine, 70 to 75 per cent. s and spikes four months or	Terms, four	montas note or 5 per cent. months or 5 per cent. off f	of for car
days. Nails and horse sl	1085. t	bree p	er cent. off within 30 days.	Horse nail	s and spikes four months or	5 per cent.	off in 30 days.	
						FTT.	ES AND R.	ASPS
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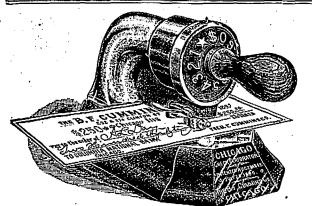
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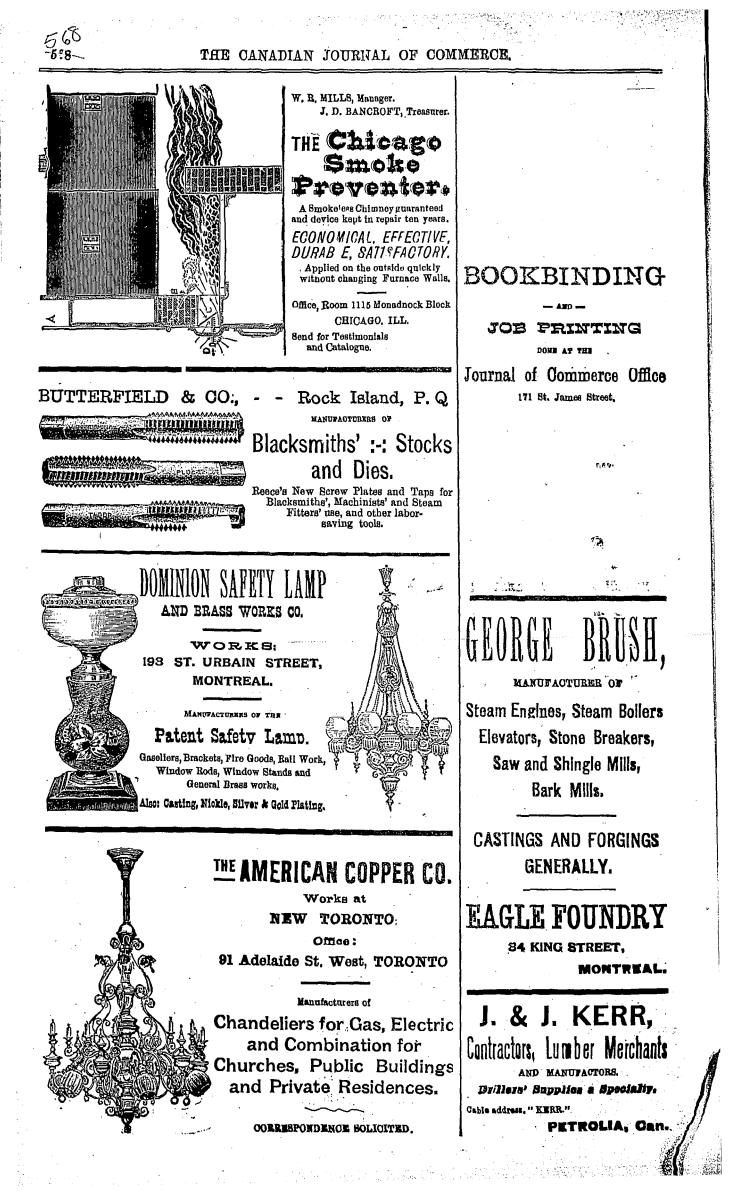
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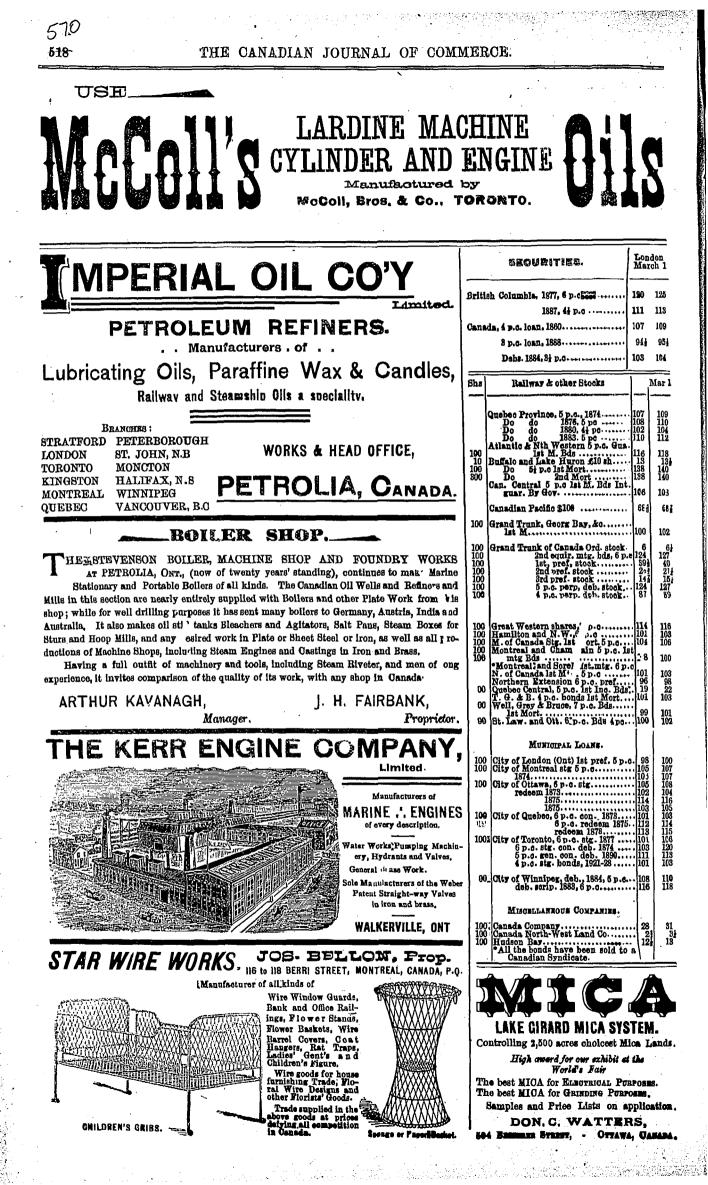


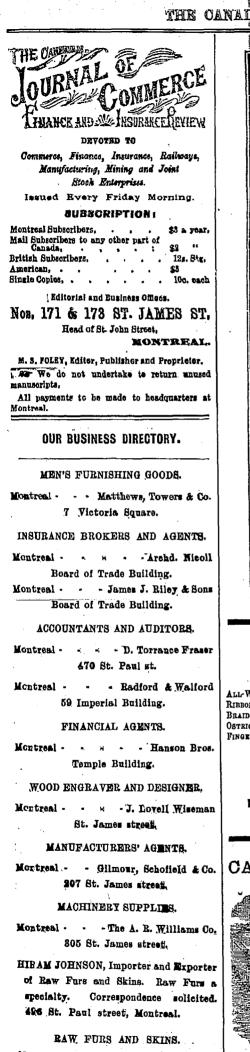




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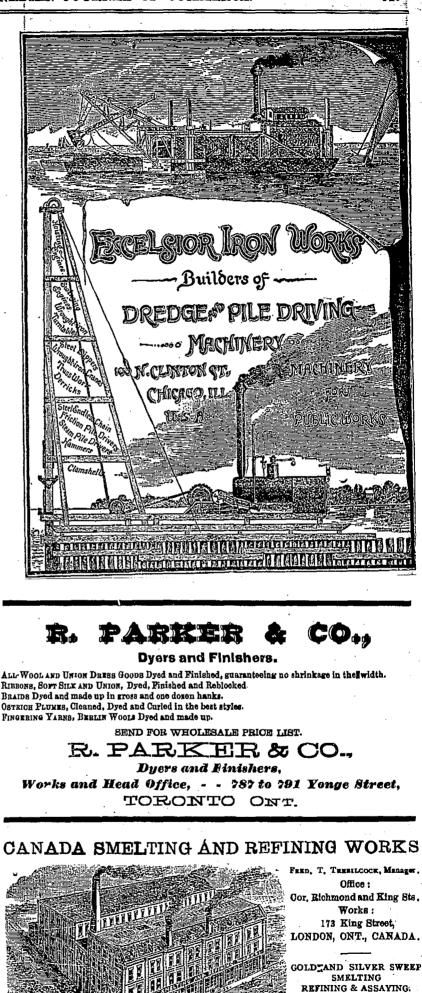
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